## CONVENTION OF NEWS & LETTERS, Sept. 5, 1970

PERSPECTIVES REPORT TO THE

# WHAT IS THEORY?

or

"HISTORY AND ITS PROCESS"

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by Raya Dunayevskaya

- I The Dualities in the Myriad Crises
- II Recession, especially Unemployment, especially among Black Youth
- III What is Theory? -- "History and its process"
- IV Once again, "History and its Process": The Forces of Revolution and the Dialectic of Fraxis

#### AND

- @ Excerpts from the Convention Discussion
- O Discussion on the Motto

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## Raya Dunayevskara

WHEIT IS THEORY?

## Philosophy and devolution vs. Totality of Crisis and the Bankruptcy of Thought

## 1. The Jualities in the Myriad Grises

That lord of plaques, 4. P. Agnow, has returned from the dixonordered S. E. Isia tour where he assured the most reactionary militaristic overnments, US imperialism's favorite puppets, that withdrawal of US troops notwithstanding, Nixon-Agnew will continue with the Vietnam war and its extension into Cambodia, to which the Nixon-Agnew jackals have, against the express desires and struggles of the American people, just committed the US to plush and many-bombed support.

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As if Ion Nol uns/a despicable enough ally, Agnew dared also invite that open admirer of Adolf Hitler, the S. Agnew counterpart, VP Ky, to view American civilization as if that weren't already on trial. If the KY invitation is put into effect — and already there is a neofascistic organization — wasn't it that demagogue Huey P. Long who said that when fascism comes to America it will be called "anti-fascism"? — who has offered to arrange a "rally" — I repeat if that "rally" is held, we

And as if that waren't enough plaques, Agnew at once addressed a Letion convention and called for more police truncheons against "anarchism". He must mean that of the trigger-happy cops added to the National Guards and "regular" military, including the retired provocateurs: "hich "anarchists" added to their long list of murders of blacks the "hich "anarchists" added to their long list of murders of blacks the manner of SS troops in Nazi Bermany and shot in cold blood? And which anarchists just chalked up Ruben Salazar assassination while this respected Mexican American Journalist was not even marching in that massive, at a bar gathering a story? And compounded this "anarchist" murder by Fas" bomb?

These "upholders of the law" against alloged anarchists Agnew is encouraging to use their truncheons more wildly still.

Men suburbis as affluent as loyal Oak and Birmingham, Michiman, likewise break out in bloody confrontations with the cops it should be clear even to such fluent and affluent snobs as Agnow that imerican "civilization" is not just "on trial" but adjudged guilty by a whole new generation of Americans.

**Sll** these manifestations, we must bear in mind are but the phenomena of the totality of the crisis, whether it is the economy or the politics of American capitalism wo're locking at. The "drue culture", too, is but appearance of the insanities to which US imperialism's drive for world mastery is driving the nation, especially its youth.

Unfortunately, what appears as alternative to this drive for world disorder, as if it were only is driving for world mastery, as if the world

..2-

Wasn't divided into two nuclear titans -- Russia as well as the US--Mao's China helps further to divert eyes from labor exploitation, to socalled cultural revolution; in truth China, on the one hand, and Japan, on the other hand, are looking for "their place in the sun"!

WHO, INDEED, WILL BE AROUND TO PICK UP THE PIECHS, if any pieces there will remain, after a nuclear confrontation? Who is madman enough to think there will be a civilization left?

As if there weren't sufficiently burdensome dualities, we also have the jokers -- those who <u>play</u> with revolution and do, through mindless threats, where not actual bombings, endanger the genuine revolutionary forces.

The latest nonsense,"Dial-a-Revolutionary"- dial it and you will hear Bernadine Dorhn or Abbie noffman telling high school kids to get their gunsi

This love of the gun, as if those who get their power out of the barrol of a gun -- the imperialists -- are any one to emulate!

The truth is that this arrogant and empty rhetoric not only diverts from both the objective situation and mass forces of revolution but also shows, when it comes to bankruptcy of thought, they are brothers under the rhetoric.

What the objective world situation shows is that there has been no peace since the end of World War II. The chief markers set up in Europe between East and West Gormany, are there to point to the next war. At first they were followed by the Cold War between the erstwhile "Allies", Russia and the United States. The Barlin Blockade hardly ended when a hot war in Korea broke out. After three blocky years of wars, we had new markers set up - this time between North and South Korea. Next came the first Indochina war which ended with the defeat of French imperialism. Russia and China then collaborated with the US and the West to force Vietnam to accept its division between North and South. This war is, by new once again so heated, so degenerate, so everthelming that, clearly, US imperialism simply never intends to end it, as that lord of plagues, Agnew, has once again made clear. So once again, even the loss benighted rulers talk out of both sides of their mouths -- talk "peace" and propare for war.

At first sight (or perhaps I should say at stratospheric sight of capitalist diplomacy) reality would appear to have gotten off the procipice of war and moved toward peace.

The three areas of "dotente" that have been pointed to are: First, the two world super-powers' engagement in talks about strategic arms limitations. Though these are only talks and not contracts, and though Nixon used it only as a means to get the Senate to approve still one more AEM site, the SALT talks have been played up as a step "in the right direction."

Secondly, and a little more tangible, is the non-aggression pact between Moscow and Bonn. It is being played up, however, as nothing short of a "Turning Foint for the whole of Europe." (<u>Labiontle</u>)

No doubt, if your point of departure is the Khrushchov ara that and a so abruptly, not only because of the conflict with China and the home economic crisis, but also for just "thinking" about flirting about just such a possible trade agreement with West Germany, then this may, indeed, look like a new ball game. Moreover, wasn't Czechoslovakia's flirtation with West Germany given as the excuse for Jussia's invasion

Clearly, Ulbricht also hasn't been over joycd with it. After all, he wants no opening to Nest Gormany where Brandt may be once again sowing illusions about "rounification of Germany", and to keep labor confined he must keep strengthening that WALL.

But economic crises -- like all rulers fearful that that may become their downfall--he does understand; and dussia is in a deep economic crisis. The stagnation of the economy more than parallels that in the US. Furthermore, it is beset by a low productivity of labor; and state-capitalists calling themselves Communist do know, though they never admit it, that low labor productivity is <u>not</u> a sign of "backwardness" but shows the exact degree of workers' resistance to state plans.

Its "reformers" are trying to coll history so far back that they are now asking that one of the few labor laws protecting labor still on the dussian books --- the 1928 law that makes it obligatory for factory managers to find new employment for workers laid off --- be repealed. It is doubtful that Brezhnew would openly make so backward a step, but to try to raise productivity he has been importing whole plants to shore up the accommy. From Mest Germany he expects to import plants of everything from chemicals to Volkswagens. (And the other day, Secretary of Defense laird said that, though the Ford truck deal was not approved, it "ay be, in the future! Nothing like a fat contract to warm the cockles...)

Nevertheless, the fact that Russia, on the one hand, is in an economic crisis, and that Brandt, on the other hand, assured "the West" that the Pact would not take him out of NATO for it was entered into "free of illusions" is proof enough that it is little more than a glorified commercial treaty, hardly more serious than China's deal with Canada some years back, though that was for wheat instead of steel.

The third reason for the hallelujas about "peace" is, of course, the Middle Fast. There the guns that were blazing across the Suez Canal are silent. There the Arab governments directly involved (if not the Palostinian commandes) are talking about negotiations, if not directly with Israel, at least via the UN.

But this, too, needs further examination. There is no doubt that Russia which has been adamant on opening the Suez Canal even if it meant still another war and the crushing of Israel is now singing a different twie. But is that fact . proof of a fundamental change, either in its designs on Suez or its anti-Semitism?

If the opening of the Suez Canal is possible to achieve without a war, it would be cheaper, and for that, what was needed most was to convince US that Russia would not give up a single iota of its new Middle East sphere of influence, SMI'S 2 and 3 on the Suez Canal included.

All we can be sure of at the moment is that the US has, for the time being, decided that rather than face a confrontation with Russia at a time chosen by Israel, it profers to give in to cussia. After all, it is not the US, but Israel, who will have to pay the piper. And the US can change its position every time its imperialist interests temporarily change.

Like Khrushchev who had to tell Mao, in 1959, that this was not the time for all-out war, so Brezhnov had to tell Masser. The response to Russia from its ally this time was affirmative. After all, it is Masser's Egypt that is undergoing the bombing by Israel.

Nasser's Egypt that is undergoing the bombing by Israel. Nasser decided therefore to disregard both the Iraqui government (which had been talking loud, but had done no fighting whatever in the 1967 war) and the Palestinian commandees who are engaged only in harassing tactics. (Let's not forget that China is much warmer than 'ussia, not only to El Fatah but to the more extreme Palestinian "Popular Front".)

For its part, the US has laid down its nuclearly-backed nonnegotiable condition for "supporting" Israel with well paid for jets. You must be at the negotiating table.

What we have here is some moves on the chess board of "hochpolitik" that did seem unlikely a while back (and may only have been made to establish alibis for the next confrontation).

But what is of the essence is that these moves were made, not because there have been a lessening of crises, but so great a heightening of them, and not only in the Niddle East, but at the home bases of the two <u>super-powers</u> -- that they were compelled to try for a breather in their conflicts abread.

To sou the direction of the crises, what we have to do is look at those home bases, thereby confronting the real opposition: the class struggles in each country. We look, briefly, at Russia's. The more important for us as American revolutionaries is the US.

II. Recossion, ospecially Unemployment, especially among the Black.

The Draft Thesis, in analyzing the present recession, pointed to three crucial factors.

One, the stagnation of the economy. For example, as against the annual rate of accumulation in 1969 of \$10 billion, the increase this year was down to near zero.

Two, the <u>planned</u> unemployment -- and it is <u>chronic</u> by now --- was accompanied by unplanned inflation, which was a real "first".

Nixon, who loves to beast of all his "firsts", does not want this "pure recession." (when inflation continues though economic activity is down, this is called "pure recession")attributed to his administration. It's not supposed to have happened, but it did. Because the United States is a world economic giant, it affects all other countries. It isn't that capitalism, private and state, aren't all characterized by inflation and

wasto-dostruction=production. It doesn't, however, become catastrophic except during war-time when they come up with still newer tricks, like wage and price controls, to keep the inflation in "manageable" proportions. For the country that losses the war, it's always unmanageable. Then the US comes in to save capital from revolution. But new they are in trouble, in deep trouble.

-5-

The soriousness of the present inflation is that even those people who do not have an ongoing war like Vietnam.(as in Japan which is experiencing the highest rate of growth in the world and is paying the workers some of the lowest wages in industrialized nations) likewise suffer from inflation.

In a word, so decropit is world capitalism, so impossible has it become for it to have any prolonged peace, that inflation has become, as the OECD openly puts it, " ... the most pronounced and most general since the Korean war. There are almost no areas of stability and this marks a major change for the worse."

As always, the depth of the crisis manifests itself in the conditions of the workers, especially black workers. And this time it hits especially hard on the youth who can't even get jobs.

The BIS has just released statistics regarding jobs for toonagers. Among other things, they illuminate the sharp cleavage between what the average rate of unemployment is and what it is for toonagers. Thus, the average rate presently is 5.7%. For toonagers it is 15.7%. For black teonagers it jumps to 20%. This is about what the Draft Thesis estimated the averages of unemployment to be in the inner cities. New, however, it turns out to be an understatement when what is under consideration is not the average, even when the average is limited to the inner cities.

For, when it comes to black toonagers — and we must not forget that these are not merely grammar school kids, who will be going back to compulsory school when fall comes; these are the age group of 16 to 21 it jumps to no loss than a shocking 30.2%. Even that does not end the block picture. In individual cases, such as Wichita, Kansas, the overwhelming majority of all black toonagers are unemployed; the procise figure is no loss than 75%.

The stark truth is that capitalism is so decrepit by new that unemployment is a permanent feature of our most affluent times, that in the recession we are experiencing new, the unemployment situation among blacks is so chronic and massive that here the recession is a full scale depression.

Yot, the capitalists keep acting surprised that little known places like New Budford, Massachusetts, suddenly jump on to the front page of the newspapers as they explode in ghotte uprisings.

Insofar as capitalists are concurred, however, what towers above all is the decline in the <u>rate</u> of profit.

The mass of profits are lush enough -- the extraction of unpaid hours of labor continues in an unbridled way in both private and

state capitalism. There is no way for capitalism to overcome the insoluable contradiction between the motive force of production, which can come only from living labor, and the mothod of production, which requires more and more machines.

What is now this time is that the capitalists who have been able to attenuate this built-in contradiction with a whole bag of market manipulations — mass production, state orders for blocked armaments, industrial holetry on the part of the US against its best West European allies, as well as against the underdeveloped lands — find that it just no longer works to stop the decline in the rate of prefit. This is surely the first time that even an engoing war, costing 30 billion dellars a year, couldn't do it!

Whoroupon the capitalist is trying to get it out of the hide of the workers. The beginning and end of all problems of capitalism, private or state or "mixed", in its imperialist expansion and otherwise, is extracting it from the workers.

The workers! resistance to the speed-up, the forced overtime and forced under time, stiffens both on the job and off the job. (It may surprise some of the New Left youth whose isolation from the proletariat makes them think the workers are "part of the system" that at this very moment the biggest point management in auto is making is that the workers just don't seem "to care" any more, that absonteeism is so provalent, that production lines can barely get going Mondays and Fridays.)

In all cases, the capitalist then tries for still one more machine in place of what he considers "the intractable hand of laber". Just as at the end of World War II, when the restlessness of workers led to a drop in laber productivity relative to the profits the capitalists wanted to extract and expand, and President Truman kept calling conferences on laber productivity which led to the speedy introduction of Automation ; so, this time Nixon had but one answer to the general cry against inflation and the specific cry of capitalists about laber productivity, and this is to appoint still one other Commission of Study. Will they new come up with the fully automatic factory? It won't help. It won't "eliminate" the laberers. Their problems will first have begun --if they live that long i

The crisis is now. I have limited myself to the economic aspoets only because, one, this is the basis for the crisis in labor contracts, and in the relations, it should be added, between the reactionary labor bureaucracy -- Wixon's men there, not morely the hardhats, but Meany himself -- and in the rank and file. Not only is the gulf between them unbridgeable in general, but it is even more true in relationship to the blacks. Like the whole country, there is no doubt that racism enters the labor movement. But, as we saw, at critical points, whether it was the defeat of Goldwater, or new daily conditions of labor, labor solidarity/from the teamsters to the women-does show itself. As 30b, in New York, expressed it:

At the place where I work, there wasn't a black or Puerto Rican there three years ago. The white workers are always muttering about this and even the college students who work over the summer make remarks about how easy it used to be to get work. But when it comes to on-the-job actions,

4437

-6--

I'vo nover heard a white not back a black against the boss. So beyond the question of race, the key thing is gotting N&L views around; not because we're a "vanguard", but bucauso of the experiences we've encapsulated, we see the forces of revolt not only as muscle, but as creative forces, too.

Two: The political crisis, Nixon's wars abroad and at homo, are all too obvious. The Draft Thoses and the special 12page N&L dealt with these in one respect. The point here is:

Who are the forces who will bring down capitalism? And how will they do it? Why has capitalism, which has long since cutlived its usefulness, had the proverbial 9 lives of a cat? Isn't it because revolutionary noments were too often lost. It becomes crucial to look at not only desires for revolution, but at that which Marx called "history and its process"; at the underlying theories which either succord in proparing revolutionaries to most the objective and spontaneous challenges of the time or help them lose these moments.

#### III. What is Theory? "History and its process"

Theories galore are being offered by rootless intellectuals to the youth so actively visible, not only on the anti-Vietnam war front, but also in more organic ways to reshape the world they did not make and which is rotting.

Unfortunatoly, this being the age of state-capitalism, mapalm importalist wars and ovorwholming might, those who reject the proletariat as revolutionary force are looking for shortcuts to revolution. The most perverted forms of all, we must repeat, are mindless terrorism and bombings.

The obverse side of this, but arganic to the rejection of the proletariat, the embrace of shortcuts to revolution, as well as the headlong plunge<sup>Q</sup> instant theory" are both for these who keep looking at the world as if it consisted of countryside, whereas, in fact, as Latin America shows, the most spectacular events happened in cities not only in Wostown Europe (Paris, 1968) but in the Third World itself.

If theory were a more question of reading books or being world travollors, invited world travollors, it should be added, by existing state powers, "progressive" though they be, then, of course, there would be no need to follow the movement from below, from practice. The last thing our solf-styled theoreticians think about is listening to workers, to the masses. And, though they talk much about Marx, they have not the slightest conception, or even feeling for what Marx meant by "history and its process", or how praxis, not books, los to the dialoctic working out of a philosophy of revolution.

Take so simple a question as the Machine. (The other question we will be discussing is the concept of revolution. But let us begin with the machine here, not only because that is where Herbert Marcuse's departure from Marxism begins. It is also where our modern age began, and so did Marxism. It is still whore the capitalist crisis, on the

one hand, and the impasse of the New Left, on the other hand, are at,

The Machine. Marx wrote a magnificent analysis of the Machine in <u>Grundrisse</u>: Boing a dialectician as well as a revolutionary, the subject of machinery was never dealt with apart from its opposite, the laborer.

The strife between workman and machine is there, but, as worked out in this first draft, the concentration was on the logic of technology's development from a complex tool to a full automaten, at which point the worker might stand <u>outside</u> of the production process. The year was 1858, Marx decided not to publish this section. Then in 1859 he published <u>Critique of Political Economy</u>, i.e. 2 chapters of the

This is not the place to go into the whole of the <u>Grundrisse</u>. (It will be dealt with in full in the new book, <u>Philosophy and Revolution</u>) Here we must limit curselves only to what Herbert Marcuse quotes about being "outside of" production process. Not only does it not mean anything that Herbert Marcuse attributes to it, but what is of the essence is that Marx's decision not to publish was not because it was "wrong". It was not concrete enough. The changes he introduced reveal the dialectic method in full; that is not only as concerns technology but as it develops out of "history and its process", so it is a question of theory, Marx's most original contribution since it is

idea of theory, his philosophy of liberation as a philosophy of human

Warx states that if one studied the history of inventions, he would be able to see how inseparable from it is the revolt of the workers. The worker resists the mindless substitute for every move of his hand -- the machine.

To counter the workers' resistance to the new forms of exploitation, the capitalist, or rather his scientist, keeps inventing every new way of getting rid of the laborers' "intractable hand".

This strife between price and machine, worker and capital, Marx, as I showed, called "<u>history and its process.</u>" The key word is process. That is to say, the concrete process of this strife discloses what the workers are <u>doing</u>, the multitude ways they are fighting capitalism <u>at</u> the point of production, and the questions they are posing on every facet from the length of the working day, the kind of labor men should do, the relationship of labor to life.

Marx, in duciding to rewrite, begins posing questions to Engels who was inside the factory even though not as a worker: what is it that the workers did who were displaced by machinery? Not as unemployed, but what new jobs do they get? What is labor like? What is the new machine? He decided to take a course in Machinery himself, but, most of all, to keep his eyes glued on the relationship of machine and labor, these inseparables, the contradictions, the revolts, their <u>spontaneity</u>.

No one can over predict when and how revolutions will break out But how does one prepare himself to be there? (theoretically) -9-

The gonius of Marx starts now (in <u>Capital</u>) tulling the historic narrative and out of it emerges historic reason. Because, to begin with. it was immanont in the actions of mun, in workers' solf activity.

So, as he tolls the story of Machinery in 1867, as against 1858. narrative and reason become one, and as historical materialist he launches into an attack not only on capitalists but on those he calls "abstract maturialists", the scientists, before whom our age bows so, and not only for not "knowing" the economic laws of capitalism, but for having missed ontirely "history and its process."

Now then 100 years pass. The automaton Harx predicted has come to life, even the word is hardly different from the one he used. The new and Revolution, but by 1960 is overcome by the new technology bucause he is so isolated from the modern prolotariat, that he now docides that the proper characterization of our age is one-dimensional society and so he names his worker, One Dimensional Man.

As against Marx, who never looked at machines without looking at the absolute opposite, the mon who operate and fight them. Herbert Marcuse sees not contradiction, but "integration", thereby killing at one and the same time, the Hegelian dialectic and the Marxist concept of class strugglus.

One Dimension Man does succeed in proving one thing -- the onedimensionality of Herbert Marcuse's thought. It can't get out of its confines during the four years between its publication, 1964, and Paris, 1968, although the anti-Vietnam war movement so intensified the US after Johnson's wanton bombing of North Viotnam that a voritable new generation of revolutionarios were developed, and, by 1968, the student alliance with workers, 10 million of them on strike, nearly topples DoGaullo.

Instead, -- though he is given credit for that with which he had nothing to do -- he moves, increably, from departing from Marx's analysis of machinery, to throwing overboard nothing short of Marx's concept of revolution itself: "the Marxian concept of a revolution (that phrase is rovolution itsolf: "Ine Marxian concept of a rovolution (that phrase is underlined by him, rd) carried by the majority of the exploited masses, culminating in the 'seizure of power' and in the setting up of a proletarian dictatorship which initiated socialization, is 'overtaken' by the historical development....." (and that last phrase is likewise underlined by Herbert Marcuse. New Loft Review, 356, 7-8, 1969).

And, though he once again says this is not a revision of Marxism but an Aufhobung (transcondunce) of a historical condition, he cannot resist hitting out against Marx's concept: "one aspect, however, seems to be incompatible with this interpretation. There is, in Marx, a strain that may be called a rationalistic, even positivistic projulice ... (about) highost stage of human dovelopment "

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There is no point here to go into Marcuse's intellectualistic, vangua rdist disposal of the proletariat as any revolutionary force, his "objective" alternative -- the hybrid of the Third world revolutionaries headed by Cuba and China, who will co-exist "more or loss poacefully." with Russia. One can see its egotistic subjectivism better when we look at what alternative Marcuse proposes insofar as the task of revolutionary intellectuals is concerned. This reduces itself to a return to cultural onlightenment -- "Radical Enlightenment."

Or, as the more original and talented turner of phrases, Jean-Paul Sartre puts it in these days of continued enthusiasm for "Cultural" Revolutions: "Culture is the 'Practice' which elucidates itself in defining what it is doing."

Culture is hardly the "practice" (with or without quotation marks) which was the stuff out of which Marx created Historical Materialism.

Where the "historicist" Marcuse threw overboard Marx's concept of revolution.Sartre tells the youth to reject history: "What benefit can you get" (writes Sartre despite his proclaimed conversion to Marxism which was supposed to have led his "acceptance" of history and his writing of the Critique de la Raison Dialectic) "from learning something about the Punic Wars or the Crusades?"

Woll, I'm not sure that I'm an export on either the Punic Wars or the Crusades, but I know Sartre has an awful let to learn from the history of Maeism, a philosophy that he has criticized even as he had proviously criticized Russian Communism. And as he "follow-travelled" with the Russian Communists throughout the post-war period, so now he follows Mae, or at least holds up Mae's Cultural Revolution, including the manner in which it manifests itself in France where he is presently "acting editor" of their paper.

It isn't that Sartro doesn't know that history any more than he hadn't known the history of Russian Communism at the time <u>Existent-</u> <u>inlism</u> follow-travelled with it, Moscow Frame-up Trials and forced labor camps, notwithstanding.

It is that knowledge boroft of "History and its Process", i.e., the class struggles, hardly helps one grasp reality.

It soums impossible for patty bourgoois intellect<sup>ual</sup>Sven when they are revolutionaries, to <u>hear</u> the silent voices fighting for freedom, though the slightest <u>sound</u> of empty rhotoric of the Leader they casily hear, and stand ready to whitewash outright <u>counter</u>-

Every one here, including those who have read the <u>Human</u> <u>Manifesto which we have published in abbreviated form, should get</u> <u>Poking and the New Left: At Home and Abread</u>. Disregard its author, <u>Klaus Menhert who has the characteristic intellectual arrogance toward</u> the proletariat. The point is he reproduces the Human Manifesto in full, and you can also see the Maeists who have been denying there is such a <u>movement of opposition to Mae in China itself</u> "answering" the attacks on them. By new they have moved as you have all read in the

Sum

Pross (See ospecially New York Times Magazine, 8/22/70, "Mao makes the Trials run on Time" by Richard Hughos) and so you know that the attacks aron't just "ideological" or even dunce caps, or beatings as during the height of the misnamed Cultural Revolution, but outright public ox ocutions.

-11--

O.K., oven if not to the voices from below, shouldn't theoroticians at least know how to listen to the theory of the Cultural Rovolution, the boautiful sounding one of "Uninterrupted Rovolution". That has never been separated, in Mao's mind, from "protracted war", a favorito of his. And now he has extended it, not only to gaining peace from capitalism, but to extend it till after the establishment of socallod "socialism."

The excuse is that, as Mae phrases it "In the realm of politics and ideology a very long period of time is needed to decide who will win in the struggle between socialism and capitalism.

If any one, however, thinks that either that is only "ideological", or has onded now that "Mao's Thought" is the only dominant thought in China, and is backed up by execution, then please liston to the very latest reprint of that revolutionary-sounding rhotoric, Uninterrupted Revolution, as interpreted by Chao Yang, who, we are informed, is "of a unity of the Poople's Liberation Army, Logistic Department." The Theoretical article is entitled: "Conscientiously Study Chairman Mao's Theory of Continuing the Revolution under the Dictatorship of the Proletariat." (Poking Review, 1/30/70)

This is aimed to prove "the genius of Mao", not merely as against the "Russian Rovisionists" and "the monster Liu Shao-chi" or the "so-called Loft" but in comparison to none other than Karl Marx and Vladimir Ilyich Lonin.

The proof of this is stated in the climactic final paragraph:

"Owing to the limitations of his time, however, Karl Marx only showed the direction (of the permanent revolution, rd) only showed the direction

V.I. Lunin saw the danger of capitalist restoration, but he died soon afterwards ... under the new historic tradition, Chairman Nao for the first time developed the theory and practice of the international Communist movement."

to And what doos all this theory and practice add up? The truth is that despite the revolutionary-sounding rhotoric of uninterrupted revolution, retrogressionism cozes from its every pore, military "protract-ed war"; regarding the prolotariat, "glorious production teams"; regard-ing thought, though guided by the Thought of "the One", the helmsman of State, "Mao Tso-tung", the ideological warfare will not be wen seen.

"Decades won't do it. A contury or several conturios are need-

od."

Me have tarried so long on Herbert Marcuse and Jean-Paul Sartre,

not because they morit it, but because, as philosophers experienced in

manipulating the dialectic, (not Marx's and not even their own but Mao's or whatever is the latest craze), they do carry a thought through to the end. Thereby they cast an illumination on all petty-bourgeois revolutionary thinking. Acknowledged or atherwise, it is there where much of the New Left is entrapped. It is to them we turn.

### IV. Once again "History and its Process" - The Forces of Revolution, and the Dialectic of Praxis.

We must take a second look at the new forces of revolution. This time in strict relationship to the actual, objective situation.

As Marxist-Humanists, we participate in all mass activities, but we must also <u>project the philosophy</u>, Marxism, which is itself a power precisely because it is a philosophy of human activity, emerges out of it, reunites with it, moves toward actual proletarian, <u>social</u> revolutions that operate not just on the surface, cultural or otherwise, but at the production roots.

First, then, let us look at the history of such revolutions. I do not mean to go as far back as the greatest proletariam revolution, the Russian Revolution, 1917, which sourced nevertheless, or start with the CIO, as it emerged to transform the industrial face of the US only in order to end up/the reactionary hardhat, Meany, or even the outright Spanish Revolution in 1937. These did occur in the 20th century and do prove how inane are all the intellectual pretensions about "19th Century Marxism" needing to be brought up to 20th century.

I will, nevertheless, limit myself only to the 1950's, in a word the not too distant history even though the new generation of revolutionaries did not come on the historic scene until 1960. They must not, however, forget that the youth then were called the "beat" generation, something we never accepted. Instead, we designated it as a revolutionary force, insisting that the objective pull, as well as the idealism of youth, would coalesce to reshape a world they did not make.

The point I'm trying to make is that the 1950's were not just what the capitalists and the intellectuals record -- the Korean War, McCarthyism, the mis-named Congress of Cultural Freedom, culminating in the "theory", that passed under the title of "The End of Ideology."

No, the 1950's for the proletariat, and it is they who did not capitulate as the intellectuals did to McCarthyism, established nothing short of a new epoch in struggle and in thought.

In the United States, the epoch began with the general miners' strike which defied first the state and then their own trade union leadership, and finally, raised basic philosophic questions about the <u>kind</u> of labor people must perform, questions that were far above not only the Hocks, Bells, and the Congress of Cultural Freedom, but also the independent Marxists, the Trotskyists, who, though they "supported" the miners, were totally incapable of hearing these new voices; they had, in Stalinist fashion, rejected Marx's Humanist Essays.

#### By the time Automation reached the auto industry, the workers

wildcatted against both management and the trade union bureaucracy. In Europe, specifically East Germany, at the very moment the Western intellectuals were saying that East European workers were brainwashed, and, in any case, it was impossible to revolt from under Communist totalitarianism, the East German revolt occurred on June 17, 1953. The Robelliers in East Europe continued despite the Russian might until it reached a climax in an actual revolution in Hungary, 1956.

13-

Nor did Marx's Humanism, in its historic prosent, remain only in Eastern Europe. It became a banner also for the African Revolutions which were to reshape the whole continent and give rise to a whole new world. The Third World was against both Capitalism and Communism; even Castro first called himself a Humanist. All these happened in the 1950's and these great movements from practice; as everyone here knews, were precisely the foundations for <u>Marxism and Freeklom</u>. We daned the intellectuals to meet the challenge from practice and thus end the theoretic void that has pervaded the Marxist movement since Lemin's death. But only the workers heard us.

Now then, though the world had started before 1960, let us look at the generation of new revolutionaries. First of all, even as revolutionaries, they weren't bern "out of thought", out of phenomenological categories that allogedly correctly grasped reality.

No, the reality they grabbed was Black, and it is the Elack <u>Movement</u> that both brought them into the civil rights movement and became the catalyst for activity on their own behalf when they returned North. In a word, the first period of development, 1960-1964 was from Mississippi to Berkeley, from civil rights to the Free Speech Movement, from doing something "for others" to the recognition that they themselves were alignated, imprised in "knowledge factories", the educational institutions that are supposed to train them to be "Leaders" and meanwhile makes handsome money in working hand in glove with the state, the military establishment. The shock of recognition was via reality and Marx's theory of alignaticn, and its correlative, the philosophy of Humanism.

The second turning point in the development of this generation came in 1965 when Johnson behadd North Vietnam, thereby giving birth to the opposite -- the teach-ins against the Vietnam war and with it, the birth of an anti-Vietnam war movement.

There was a negative aspect, however, insofar as the focal point of the <u>American</u> devolution is concerned. The white students failed to deepen their relationship to the blacks. They began to look at the latter as a subordinate force in the American devolution. It was then that the gap between talk of revolution and narrowness of relations with the Black devolutionaries widened to such an extent that the new black leadership, a la Stokely Carmichael, included them in the designation of "whitey" (especially when they were addressing white audiences) when the blacks had to fight.

Another, and more primary, diversion from the movement uns

supplied by the Sino-Soviet conflict, which for its own importalist, chauvinist purposes comented the division between blacks and whites.

Nothing, however, could stop the black mass movement from developing its momentum. The racism which has characterized this country from its birth, allows no respite. The ghette uprising in 1967, were completely spontaneous, completely leaderless, overwhelmingly potent. It is this which brought back all the elitist leaders, white and black, each trying to take credit for what the masses had done entirely on their own. Hence more so than the latest creation, the Black Panthers. They, in turn, wen back the whites, making them ecstatic about eating crew and bowing to the vanguardism of the Black Panthers.

-14-

As you soo, abstract as the title may have sounded, it was related concretely, both to the objective situation and the forces of revolution. Now those must be further concretized in their direct relationship to our Perspectives for 1970-1971. These related, not only to youth, but most of all to <u>Prolotarianization</u>, inseparable from black <u>masses</u>. And we must not forget a still newer revolutionary force -<u>Womon</u>.

I doliborately left the fourth force of revolution -- Women's Liberation -- for the last. First, you're all going to have a special session on it and I will be a most rapt listener. I would like, howover, to make one contribution in the field where you; like the SDS before you, are facing a new diversion, only this time more from Trotskyism than from Maeism.

I am confident that precisely because you arose from the Loft, and were able to spot male chauvinism, not only as a class phenomenon, but as elitism within the mevement. Protskyism will not succeed in fragmenting you. It was, after all, the Women's Liberation, alone, that dared challeng  $\alpha$  the Black Panthers offrontory and opportunism in forming a united front with the Communist Party and Letting Aptheker take away from the women the time allotted to them.

Trotskyism has shown often enough its Left Stalinist nature, both with its worship of the state plan, and the vanguard party to lead, as well as its rejection of the Humanism of Marxism. Tragic, indeed, would it be if a force for liberation such as yours would consider the substitution of state property for private property, as if it equalled "the new society."

It is on the woman question itself that they show where elitism and opportunism loads to. For here they are, not only white-washing the Arab countries in general, as if they were all revolutionaries, as against Israel, but above all, in doing nothing whatever to expose the status of women in lands where they still are covered with veils, and in the heme, the man remains "lord and master."

Naturally, here, they have more subtle ways by which to hide their specific elitism. It is simply not creating a form which will release the innate talents of women. The "stiflirg" of voices that will not follow "the line" is one way. The marrowing of vision is the more persuasive way.

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## May I thon ask you to discuss at your sossion why there is a

distance on your part from Marx's Humanism, the philosophy so essential not only to women's liberation, but to the movement as a whole which has suffered a full half century of theoretic void. In one respect, Hegel has shown, in the <u>Phenomenology</u>, how that is true of any <u>new</u> theory since it fours losing its uniqueness, its <u>individualism</u>, by any direct confrontation in the battle of ideas with that which is stooped in "facts".

Marx, on the other hand, shows that individualism is attained only <u>through</u> history. The first was the communal form and when it was lost, it was not as vulgar Marxists try to portray it as the loss of paradise. (Mother or not there over was a matriarchal society, one thing was clear to Marx --that even in the communal state, the elements of slavery were there. This is seen in the labor of women and children, and the domination over that labor that is so much the mark of class society that he related primitive communism, tribalism, to so-called "Oriental despetism,"

Through this, however, comes the development of the individual. You learned to be an individual through this struggle. You found your talents, your self-development. It was not first you were an individual, then the state took something away. First, you were a collective man and weman, for you could not otherwise fight the natural elements. Then you became an individual. It's all a question of becoming -- and it is this which you need not fear. Far from losing your talents, you will develop them. All of philosophy is nothing but the elicitation, the making explicit what is implicit, inherent, natural, but not yet fully conscious.

You, too, therefore, have something to learn from a reconsideration of the disintegration of the SDS.

Prociscly because they didn't comprehend the <u>objective</u> base for <u>black masses</u> as vanguard, indeed, didn't bether to ask the black masses whether they accepted the Black Panthers as their vanguard, the farcical situation was created whereby at the last SDS Convention, all, Black Panthers included, Progressive Labor Maeists and "independent" Maeists kept waving the little red book.

This is the incorable result of slothful intellectuals' desire for "instant theory". There is nothing instant about theory. It takes labor, hard labor, what Hegol described as "the s oriousness, the labor, patience, the suffering of the negative."

As with capitalism, where the soal of bankruptcy on its civilization is the bankruptcy of its thought, so is it with our rootless intellectuals tained by as pervasive an administrative mentality as that of the capitalist managers and labor bureacrats. This is the mark of our state-capitalist age. They dare to cite revolution as reason for vitiating the philosophy of freedom.

One of the irenies of history is that the memont of disintegration came just when it had reached its highest point of development, both as the first mass movement of youth and when it had become a world phenomenon.

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The period of the Columbia University Strike, Spring, 1968, was the period when on a world scale the highest point was reached in Paris, a totally new form of functioning -- student-worker alliance which helped bring about a general strike of 10 million that nearly toppled DeGaulte.

The pressing reason for having gone over this history was to try to find why the "independent" part of the old Left, having had the vicarious great experience of a near revolution, are, as we have shown, back at their old tricks of trying to disorient still another generation of re-

The tragedy is that all this seems very nearly unbeknown to the youth again, as with Jean-Paul Sartre's rejection of history, not because they don't know the "facts", the personalities, the ideologies, but because they themselves are so isolated from the preletariat, from that movement from practice, that theory has the look of words, and praxis the look, not of mass solf-activity, but mindless terror.

Remember then Marx's original insight into the dialoctic of praxis, of living men as makers of history, did away with both the abstractions and obfuscation, both of the old philosophic and historic "categoriez." That is to say, he saw not only that it is the <u>docds</u> of men, common men and wemen, laboring human beings, robelling <u>against</u> what <u>is</u> that shapes history, but that philosophy, Reason itself, comes out of these activities. Or, as Mericau Ponty expressed it, "Marx' discovered the historic rationality immanent in the life of man." Philosophy is <u>in</u> history, <u>in</u> the activity of men and wemen, in praxis. That is what history is. That is how theory originates. It is then unity and only unity that can establish truly new beginnings for humanity's self-development.

## That is the foundation for our Porspectives this year.

Hence Prolotarianization as the contral point. (You will discuss that during Organizational report, not here, nevertheless it should be stated that the concretization we have made of it is to assign Mike to full-time work in that field, while both prolotarianization and black, woman and youth, will be ovident in the suggestion to Detroit for new co-organizors of Anne and Ray.)

(American Civilization on Trial) Hence reissuance of ACOT, not mercally as history--though there is no such true history of black as vanguard in America as this which was first issued on the 100th Anniversary of so-called Emanicipation Proclamation -- but as foundation for our work this year.

Honco, Women's Liburation pamphlet, which is but the barest beginning of a new force of revolution, thus must still develop, grow.

Hone o <u>High School Pricon Notes</u>: 8:3 - not because we are turning away from college youth; they still are the backbone of the important anti-Vietnam war movement; they hold, we openings to ground-breaking theoretical work such as we are attempting with <u>Philosophy and Revolution</u> which we will have two chances this year to project

to philosophic conformers. No, it is bucause, the revolution is so deep that it does start at this young age. -17-

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The work will be hard for we face a violent, degenerate energy out to turn the clock of history back. And to do it with neo-fascistic methods, be it My IAi or Jackson, Mississippi, be it Cambodia or Kent, Ohio, be it the set"spheres of influence" in the Middle Fast or in

Barlin. Machor war broaks out in Southoast Asia or in the Middle East or some new place (let's not forget that Nixon's emissary in Latin America, Rockefeller had, likewise, returned with a new passion for the militarist, reactionary regimes there") the point is that the real superpower confrontation between the US and Russia is in the offing. And, as against the New Left's protonsions about a "fhird World" instead of a prolotarian revolution, this confrontation of the nuclear powers cannot occur IF we at home recognize that this is the decisive front and do not let it break out. The energy is at home but the confrontation does not begin and end on the campus, but in production, in the black ghottees, with the youth, provided they are not hankering for short cuts but look for new ways of relations with the prolotariat.

There is but one way to counter both capitalism and a mindless Left terrorism, and that is to make sure that the activity never be separated from the thought for only in the unity of philosophy and revolution can we finally uproot the old, root and branch, and sot the new, not on the course to being source, but having it emerge, here and new, as that new way of human relations which Marx called "absolute movement of becoming": "the full development of human control over the forces of nature ... the absolute elaboration of his (individual's) creative dispositions without any preconditions other than antecedent historical evolution... where he

does not suck to remain something formed by the past but is in the absolute movement of becoming." (Pre-Capitalist Sconemic Formations, pp. 85-86)

It is in this "becoming" that the forces of revolution, the praxis of revolution, and its philosophy coalesce to uproot, once and for all, the cld and create the new as Humanism, beginning from itself, from the human relationship. The time to start is new.

> \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* Raya Dunayovokaya

Dotroit, Michigan Soptombor 5, 1970

## "/ PERSON IS & PERSON BECAUSE OF OTHERS"

#### - Eric

Today thenced for a total philosophy has never been greater. That need is reflected not only in what Harold Cruse called, "the crisis of the Negro intellectual". It is a crisis of American society which has become total, total in the sense that all classes in society feel the intensity of the crisis, feel the need for a new beginning, feel the need to unfurl a new banner of Humanism. My experiences in the student movements revealed that need, to overcome alienation, the opposition that first posed itself in myself. I had to establish for myself that students don't have a monopoly on ideas. I had accepted the gospel from my working parents that they graduated from the college of hard knocks. And I had listened patiently to my economics teachers and other professors who gave me a song and dance number about how relevant capitalism was to the working man. But none of that preaching hit home the way the article by a black hospital worker in the Women's Liberation pamphlet did. Then I realized that "thinking and doing" was not an abstract cliche, but the concrete means of working for freedom. I realized that the black proletariat understands the struggle of objective and subjective forces in society better than do all the petit bourgeois.

At a time when blacks are trying, according to the lyrics of a contemporary jazz song, to "Make it real compared to what" or "tell it like it is," at a time when the orisis of humanity is showing profoundly, the fragmentation of society has rarely been greater. Look at the New Left, and the blacks. They came up to us and said: "Hey, brother, you've come along at the right time. Give us your help in fighting (for or against) the war, and we'll see that you get help afterwards." And we said: "Hey, we kinda disagree." And as a rebuttal, we pointed out to them the contrast between Kent State and Jackson State. We referred them to the Forties, when the American blacks tore up their Communist Party cards rather than abandon their fight for democracy <u>until fascism was defeated</u>. We pointed out to them Nixon's Moynihan Report and his alter-ego Agnew, which have attempted to set a <u>timetable for freedom</u>. We pointed out that racism, recognized by DuBcis 70 years ago as the problem of the Twontieth Century, is still a fact of life in the auto shops, the businesses, and the campuses of America. We're trying to mike it real compared to what. We're trying to show that freedom does not come by separating your thinking and doing by a timetable or international globetrotting.

Despite the wealth of literature ranging from Nkrumeh to Castro, the poverty or depth of their theoretic gap stil remains. If the vanguard role of oppressed people has put white labor to the test, then black revolutionaries have also made revolutionaries out of whites. For all their enthusiasm for the Black Panthers and their new rage for black culture, the inability of the New Left to <u>listen to</u> the voices of the black masses, has made them miss the boat. All of them except Marxist-Humanists have cought substitutes or shortcuts to revolution vie clitism of Mao or Stalin or wheever,

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To accept that kind of vanguardism would be to deny the very vitality of our day and time which flows from the continuity of freedom fighting through 400 years. For us, our Fan-African heritage or exchange of ideas is very real. That heritage has always been a dual movement. Though Afro-Americans did not make the African revolutions, it is important to note that just when the Africans decided that they weren't going to be black Europeans, the Afro-Americans decided that they weren't going to be Negro-American anymore. After the excitement had died down, after most of black Africa had become independent, after a few years of Afro culture, it has become apparent that we are not satisfied with black culture or African philosophy; we are looking for a total philosophy. The need for such a philos-ophy in the black community was recently expressed by the black counterpart to Life magazino, Ebony, which devoted its entire August issue to a discussion of the question, Which Way Now, Black Americs? Though addicated to dialogue on particular alternatives and tactics for freedom, the issue demonstrated once again the urgency of the historic struggle to re-establish human relations from the grass roots up. On the African side of the coin, the Africans are finding it necessary to link up their past with their time. One of the more dramatic episodes in academic thought is being written by African scholars who are bringing to light a literature and philosophy of . humanism that astonishes this Western ethnocentric world of ours.

The Bantu people of South Africa believe that the worthiness of a person can only come in harmonicus unity with other persons. They say: <u>Motho ke motho ka batho</u>, which means literally: a person is a person because of others. It is amazing to see how this African proverb unitos and concretizes <u>Marxist-Humanist</u> principles of <u>social</u> relationships, <u>his tory</u> and <u>universalism</u> in the simplest terms possible, and <u>long before</u> the dialectical principles were established by Hegel, humanized by Marx, and related to the revolutions of today. Every time we travel down a different road of human thought or experience, we find the same spontaneous growth and urge to <u>reach out</u>, a growth blossoming in our time and signaling the approach of a new world.

#### ON ECONOMIC REALITIES

4 4

#### —John

I would like to expand a bit on the field of economic categories since I feel that the impetus of the economic causation of political events is cometimes lost on the youth today, who see only the concrete effects of the economic crisis, unemployment, racism, war, discrimination and oppression, and fight against the symptoms without clearly understanding the common underlying economic causation of these events.

Nixon stated even before his election that his goal would be to "cool off the economy" even though it meant a rising rate of unemployment. He bagan quite consciously by decreasing the amount of money in circulation until he had driven the prime interost rates up to 8%. With money hard to find, plant expansion was cut back, orders for new equipment cancelled, payrolls cut 5 to 10%, and the stock market took a nosedive. Over \$500 billion has been lost in the market during the past year. Hundreds of companies, who pledged stock as a basis for loans to buy smaller companies, found their deflated stock insufficient collateral for their loans and are being forced to sell their assets to meet their loans. Every conglomerate in the country is in deep trouble. The Penn Cantral is bankrupt.

Nixon cooled it off, cut down the demand for goods and increased the unemployment to almost 10% (9.1% in Detroit).

Behind all these unpleasant facts lies the proletariat, the American working class. It is they who produce all the wealth of the nation. With 10% fewer workers on the job, 10% less goods are produced, and perhaps 15% less profit. Kenneth Galbraith has a tendency to blame Nixon's inept economists. But Galbraith's economics are as bad as Nixon's. Inflation begins when the capitalists raise the price of their goods to make greater profits, and the workers do not receive raises to compensate for the increased prices they have to pay for goods.

Karl Marx has very carefully outlined the process of the accumulation of capital through the exploitation of labor. Those who ignore it, do so at their own peril.

The so-called "Loft" today, be they Macists, Trotekyists or "New Loft", ignore the role of labor as the essential ingrediant of the class struggle. Recently I read an article by the Trotskyist Roberts in the Militant, obstensibly supporting the idea that autos should be made in the U.S. and not in foreign countries. Every American capitalist automaker could sign the article and agree with its sentiments. The present line of the U.A.W. in its contract talks reflects the same sentiments. What in the world does such a line have to do with conducting a class struggle within the U.S. and expressing international solidarity with workers abroad suffering

## under problems of even greater exploitation?

Unfortunately, the basic understanding of Marxist economics seems to have become lost in the morass of the broad general field of immediate "action issues."

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The failure of the so-called "New Left" to involve labor in their struggle is based on the idea that workers have become more conservative. The truth is that the New Leftists have ignored the real grievances of labor and gone off on their own "revolutionary programs" without the support of rank and file workers.

Unless the revolutionary youth establish a solid working agreement with the factory workers who control production in the U.S., then we are talking about two separate groups working to different ends.

Our aim is quite different from the Maoists, Trotakyists and "New Left." We seek to work with, orystalize and expound the ideas of the working class as the motive force of history. We can do so only by being sensitive to their innermost thoughts and feelings, helping them to express them in N & L, and by becoming the force to support <u>their efforts</u> to build a new society, not seeking means of getting them to support the latest crackpot demands of Mao Tse-tung.

### ON CUR MOTTO

#### "...DEVELOPMENT OF HUMAN POWER, WHICH IS ITS

#### OWN END, THE TRUE REAIM OF FREEDOM .... "

#### Sept. 30, 1970

#### Dear Friends:

Above you have the quotation from Larx which I propose be the specifically Marxist-Humanist masthcad of NEWS & LETTERS. First, because it is Marx's own words. Secondly, because it is from Marx's <u>Capital</u>, Vol. III, p. 954, and therefore can, under no circumstances, be disregarded as belonging "only" to the "young Marx." Thirdly, of equal if not greater importance, it brings it up to our day's concern with "power", but most uniquely makes it "human power."

Everyone should read the above quotation now in the complete sentence, which is: "Beyond it <u>/</u>realm of necessity begins that development of human power, which is its own end, the true realm of freedom, which, however, can flourish only upon that realm of necessity as its basis. The shortening of the working day is its fundamental premise." We, however, could have it either as above, or even shorter as "development of human power, which is its own end."

The crucial point is that Marx, having finally worked out his greatest theoretical work and come toward its end, was summarizing what it is that he had been writing for some 2,000 pages which would show the reader the movement of humanity from primitive times, "Just as the cavage must wrestle with nature, in order to satisfy his wants, in order to maintain his life and reproduce it, so civilized man has to do it, and he must do it in all forms of society and under all possible modes of production." This then is followed with expansion of what it is that still comprises "the realm of necessity" so long as we are in class society: "it always remains a realm of necessity." Thereupon follows what would be the realm of freedom, which is what NEWS & LETTERS would stand for, has been founded upon, will strive to realize.

Thic is what I was tryin; to say when I hinted that, though "The leap to freedom is from necessity" is great and we once ran it as masthead, it wan't Marx's own words, not exactly; for in that little word, "is," that worker (C.D.) added to make clear what we are talking about, and want, the clarification happened to disregard decades of debates on whether it "will", of necessity, "automatically", by "party structure" or what not, really be it. I'm sorry I'm so late with producing what Marx himself suid, but when I was presented with the urgency to change the mathead I was working out the Perspectives, and simply had no chance to look up the full sentence which I prefer both because it is Marx speaking for himsel? and because it is most relevant for our day. This happens to be the very first day I had a few free moments. I dare say I'm not late, since there are a few other proposals made at the convention that are still to be run before the entire membership votes.

Yours, Raya

#### MORE OF THE MOTTO ....

4 5 3

#### Dear Raya:

...I like the masthead selection because it transcends what is. But really I'm not sure it makes sense extracted as it is. The realm of necessity has to be contrasted to it. I'm beginning to think I don't like sloganizing unless there's an asterisk with an explaining paragraph.

My VolumeIII, Foreign Languages Publishing House, Moscow 1957, ends at page 886. Is page 954 the Kerr edition? So I have not as yet found the relevant pages...

John, New York (Oct. 4, 1970)

#### Dear Johns

... The Moscow translation of <u>Capital</u> that you have is, hard to believe though that may be, even worse than the standard underconsumptionist variety that the Kerr edition has been. Thus, the quotation I suggested for masthead has "power" translated as "energy" on the supposed ground that so long as both are "human" it is the same? In any case, the quotation from Kerr edition, p.954 appears in Moscow edition on p. 820. If, however, the whole page (the chapter is the one entitled "The Trinitarian Formula" in the final part of Vol. III) is read, there is no mistaking the meaning, the pivotal difference between realm of necessity and that of freedom.

It happens to involve more than half a century of debate, beginning with the Second International (Plekhanov-Kautsky type of neo-Kantian philosophy parading as Hegelian) claiming that it is sufficient to "recognize" necessity "to arrive at" freedom. Then there are revolutionaries insisting there must be a "leap" from necessity to freedom, but not specifying who or how the revolutionary leap will be achieved. After which the return both to Hegel and to genuine Marxism with post-1924 Lenin gives us the emphasis back to <u>human</u> power as in the new universal "to a man."

Interestingly enough, Lucio Colletti, who has broken with the Communist Party in Italy, and does not find he can agree with the Maoism of those who broke with him, and thus belongs nowhere (I, unfortunately, do not know enough Italian to have gathered whether he is anywhere near our position, but we will carry out correspondence on that later) -- in his paper at the Telos Conference brought in the question as characteristic of the Second Diternational's "recognition" of necessity as freedom instead of revolution toward it.

You may remember many years back when I tried to explain the complexities of the question, and Denby "resolved" it all by proposing we simply use "is", as in the mathead we just produced. I, however, feel we must let Marx speak for himself.

Raya (Oct. 15, 1970)