ACTIVITIES GROW IN HARLEM RED ELECTION DRIVE

Hundreds of Signatures Collected

The Red Election Campaign is ad-

vancing by leaps and bounds in Harlem. One member of the Harlem Section of the Workers (Communist) Party, Comrade Joe Kiss, himself, obtained three hundred and sixty signatures. Another Harlem Campaigner, Harold Williams, obtained two hundred signatures, thus giving to Harlem the distinction of containing the two highest scores made

thruout the city.

In the drive recently made by Albert Moreau, Harlem Campaign Director, for the participation of every member of Section 4 in the signature drive, one member, Harry Pollack, excused his absence in the drive by his working overtime, and donated to the Red Election Fund the \$13.40 earned by his overtime work. "If I am not working for our campaign in one way, I am in another," wrote Pollack in sending the money.

At a Harlem Campaign Conferend held recently at 143 East 103rd Street, at which twenty-one Harlem functionaries were present, a general tightening up of the signature drive, literature sales, and general propaganda work was discussed. It was resolved at the conference to double the number of open-air meetings held in Negro Harlem. With the end of the summer vacations at hand, the number of Red Campaigners active in Harlem will be considerably increased and the results of the campaign are expected to show a much greater number of signatures in the next three weeks.

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The outstanding achievement to the credit of the Harlem Campaign Committee, is the Negro Election Bulletin published by Section 4, called "The Challenge". Under the symbol of a firm handclasp by one colored and one white hand, the first issue of "The Challenge" is "dedicated to the interests of the workers of Harlem, white and colored."

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The make-up of "The Challenge" is pleasing, and it is enlivened by cartoons showing the discrimination against colored workers. The bulletin, or perhaps it should be called a miniature magazine, it containing twelve pages, goes right to the heart of the problems met daily by Negro workers and cites the platform of the Workers (Communist) Party which is meeting these problems squarely, urging all Negro workers to support the candidates and platform of the Workers (Communist) Party in the 1928 elections.