

# 8 POLISH WRITERS QUIT PARTY PAPER

## Move Regarded as Protest Against Focusing Attacks on Reds' 'Liberal Left'

By SYDNEY GRUSON

Special to The New York Times.

WARSAW, March 1 — Eight leading writers and editors on Poland's main Communist newspaper, Trybuna Ludu, resigned today.

Among them is the secretary of the party organization on the paper.

The developments were part of what seemed to be a spreading protest against the effects of the new line taken by the United Workers (Communist) party.

The resignations followed by two days dismissal of Wladyslaw Matwin as editor-in-chief. At that time, the entire editorial board was dressed down by the Politburo for lagging behind in the fight against "revisionism."

Theoretically the new line is to fight both "revisionists," meaning the liberal left, and "conservatives," meaning the Stalinists. As carried out so far, the fight has resulted in the silencing of the liberals and the "rehabilitation" of some of the leading Stalinists.

### Nowak Aide to Get Post

Zenon Nowak, political leader of the Stalinist faction, was retained as Deputy Premier in the new Government formed this week. Wiktor Klosiewicz, one of M. Nowak's chief lieutenants, is to be appointed Deputy Minister of Labor and Social Welfare, according to the present plan.

M. Klosiewicz was a leading member of the pro-Soviet faction of the party leadership overturned by Wladyslaw Gomulka's restoration to power as First Secretary last October.

Shortly after the October events, M. Klosiewicz was dismissed as chairman of the Central Council of Trade Unions and from the Council of State, which serves as the Presidency in Poland. He was severely censured by the party, and he was to have been dismissed from the party's Central Committee.

But the tides of political fortune are shifting so rapidly here that his dismissal from the committee now seems out of the question.

The Trybuna Ludu staff members who submitted their resignations to Leon Kasman, the new chief editor, are Ignacy Waniewicz, secretary of the party organization on the paper; Stanislaw Brodzki, Zofia Artymowska, Jerzy Rawicz, Krystov Wolicki, Syzmon Jakubowicz, Wilhelmina Skulska and Felicia Rappaport.

### Three Key Articles Cited

M. Brodzki's has been the most powerful pen wielded by this group. He wrote a series of three articles recently that were believed to have played a prominent part in a decision by M. Gomulka that the paper not only had failed to follow the new party line but also was taking up the cudgels for the "revisionists."

The new editor has made clear to the paper's staff that, as the main party organ, it will be expected to reflect the party leadership's views without deviation.

The Brodzki articles argued for adaptation of Marxism to "reality." For M. Brodzki, this reality included conceding that Communists and potential Communists were a minority and that they had to compromise with other groups among the population.

These articles might have been acceptable had the paper under M. Matwin also published attacks on liberals such as the one that appeared this week in the first issue of the new paper Politika. Jerzy Putrament, author and Central Committee member, in effect attributed to the liberals most of the blame for Poland's present troubles.

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