

THE MILITANT

PUBLISHED WEEKLY IN THE INTERESTS OF THE WORKING PEOPLE

Vol. XVII - No. 22

NEW YORK, N. Y., MONDAY, JUNE 1, 1953

PRICE: 10 CENTS

A PROGRAM TO FIGHT McCARTHYISM

(See Page 2)

48 Miners Face Murder Frameup In Widen Strike

By Art Preis

Forty-eight union coal miners in the company town of Widen, West Virginia, face murder charges as the outgrowth of an armed clash between strikers and company thugs. The arrested men were released on the huge bond of \$118,000 after a preliminary hearing on May 7. On May 22 after two weeks recess from picketing, strikers resumed their eight-month vigil on the highway bordering the Elk River Coal & Lumber Company's non-union citadel in Clay County.

These are the bare major facts

General Motors Agrees to Wage Revision in Pact

General Motors Corporation has agreed to the demand of the CIO United Automobile Workers to incorporate cost-of-living wage increases gained under the escalator clause into the permanent basic wages.

The demand was granted despite the fact that the five-year contract signed in 1950 had two more years to run. Since the changes in the wage contract will cost the company a mere \$15 million a year more in wages, compared to net profits running to nearly a half-billion yearly, it did not insist on a strict adherence to the long-term contract.

By agreeing to UAW President Walter Reuther's formula that a long-term contract must be a "living document" subject to change in the event of sudden drastic shifts in economic conditions, the company has obtained the assurance of the UAW top leaders that they will continue the policy of making such agreements. The five-year contracts have previously raised much resentment in the auto union's ranks.

The contract as originally drafted is still in force with respect to shop conditions, production quotas and all matters not relating to wages. This important part of the long-term contract has

(Continued on page 2)

of one of the most heroic labor struggles this country has known in years — a battle in which a group of isolated coal miners, subjected all their lives to company domination, have stood up month after month against the combined forces of the company strikebreakers and gangsters, county deputies and state police. The frame-up move against 48 of them has climaxed the reign of terror unleashed by the company and its minions to break the fighting spirit of the strikers and drive them back to the degradation of company unionism.

The capitalist newspapers have deliberately buried the facts about this bitter labor battle. What little news they printed about the arrest of the 48 concealed both the background of the struggle leading to the death of a company strikebreaker and the fact that he was part of a vigilante gang which had made a deliberate armed assault on the strikers, who were forced to fight back in self-defense.

But Labor's Daily, the only daily labor newspaper in America, sponsored by the International Typographical Union, has penetrated the news iron curtain and the armed company guards around Widen. Thanks to the courage of one of its unnamed staff correspondents, who uncovered the facts on the spot, we are now learning for the first time some of the stirring events that have marked this amazing fight for unionism put up by the Widen miners.

COMPANY TOWN

To know what these workers have been up against, you have to know where they live and whom they work for. Widen is one of the last company towns in West Virginia — still run just about like the company towns you used to read of 30 years ago before the upsurge of the miners that built the United Mine Workers into the powerful union it is to-

(Continued on Page 2)

Petrovski Case Seen Blow to Stalin Myth

By John G. Wright

Early in May, the Moscow press announced the award of the Red Banner of Labor to G. I. Petrovski, in connection with his 75th birthday and for his "services to the state." Such matters are as a rule routine. Not so in the case of Petrovski, an Old Bolshevik and one-time Ukrainian figurehead in the Stalinist hierarchy.

This celebration came several months late for him, inasmuch as his 75th birthday fell on Feb. 4. But it did happen that toward the end of May 1938 Petrovski was purged, along with most of the other prominent party and government functionaries in the Ukraine, then headed by S. V. Kosior, first secretary of the Ukrainian Communist Party and member of the Political Bureau of the Russian CP. So that Petrovski's sudden rehabilitation may be said to coincide not so much with his birthday (when Stalin was still alive) as with the 15th anniversary of his fall from favor with Stalin.

The individual who carried out the purge of Petrovski (and other Ukrainian leaders at the time) was none other than Nikita Khrushchev, present General Secretary of the Russian CP, whom Stalin appointed first secretary for the Ukraine and purger-in-chief in January 1938. Stalin later awarded Khrushchev the Order of the Red Banner for these "services to the state" — in the Ukraine.

Petrovski's rehabilitation, the timing plus the choice of the award, are not mere coincidences. They place importance on such things in the Kremlin. What is indicated here, among other items, is a slap at Stalin which is at the same time a slap at

Khrushchev. More important, Petrovski's rehabilitation is connected with the post-Stalin regime's domestic problems, in this instance, the Ukraine in particular.

The last time Pravda celebrated Petrovski's birthday was 15 years ago, when he reached the age of 60 on Feb. 4, 1933. It was made a sort of holiday for the whole party. The Central Committee, headed by Stalin, wished him many happy returns; so did the Council of People's Commissars; so did the Presidium of the Supreme Council. Petrovski was feted and photographed in Stalin's company into May of that year. He was at the time the official head of the Ukrainian government, having served as Chairman of the Ukrainian Executive Committee since 1919. Since 1924 he had been one of the Chairmen of the Executive Committee of the USSR. As a matter of fact, he together with Khrushchev (out of a total of seven) who survived the mass purges of 1936-37 (the other five were shot as "enemies of the people"). This shows what a 100% Stalinist Petrovski really was.

His lifetime record is not without interest. Together with Molotov, Petrovski was elected to the party's Central Committee, in Lenin's lifetime, at the Ninth Congress in 1920; and became a full member at the Tenth Congress in 1921. After Lenin died, Petrovski became in 1925 a candidate to the Political Bureau, a post he

(Continued on page 3)

Witch Hunters Push Doomed Couple Toward Death Chair

Gagged



CEDRIC BELFRAGE, British-born editor of weekly National Guardian, was arrested and taken to Ellis Island for possible deportation after McCarthy's Senate Investigating Subcommittee and House Un-American Committee demanded his expulsion for criticizing their witch hunt activities.

Legless Vet's Appeal to Get New Hearing

NEWARK, May 27 — James Kutcher, legless veteran, today reported that the Loyalty Review Board of the Civil Service Commission has agreed to hear his appeal for reinstatement to the Veterans Administration clerical job from which he was purged in 1948. The hearing will be held in Washington on June 4.

Kutcher was fired under Truman's "loyalty" order because of his admitted membership in the Socialist Workers Party and because the SWP was arbitrarily placed on the Attorney General's "subversive" list without a hearing or an opportunity to defend itself against the false designation.

Last October the U.S. Court of Appeals in Washington ruled that mere membership in the SWP was insufficient cause for his discharge. But instead of reinstating him, the court returned him to a suspended status, pending a new decision by Carl Gray, VA Administrator. When Gray discharged the veteran for a second time last month, Kutcher announced that he would appeal to the Loyalty Review Board. His latest appeal is the tenth he has made in the protracted run-around he has received from administrative agencies and the courts.

NEW PROCEDURE

Today is also the effective date of Eisenhower's recent "security" order, which revoked Truman's "loyalty" program but replaced it with an even more repressive system for government employees.

One feature of Eisenhower's order is the abolition of the Loyalty Review Board, which has a period of 120 days in which to clean up pending business.

Even if the Loyalty Review Board should rule in Kutcher's favor, he would still not be sure of regaining his job. The Eisenhower program provides that everyone cleared under the Truman procedure will have to start all over again and be cleared under the much more rigorous requirements of the new procedure.

Kutcher's attorney at the June 4 hearing will be Joseph L. Rauh, Jr., former chairman of the national executive board of Americans for Democratic Action, and a noted civil liberties lawyer in Washington.

Fairless Declares Strikes Outmoded

American capitalism is on its way to solving its "knottiest problem" — the conflict between labor and management. Benjamin F. Fairless, Chairman of United States Steel Corp., predicted May 21.

"I believe that we can, that we shall and that we must find the way to industrial peace," said the industrial magnate. He derided the idea that labor and management are natural and eternal enemies and that collective bargaining calls for labor and management to try to take something away from each other.

Two observations can be made about this prediction: (1) It has been made thousands of times over since strikes first began, yet the class struggle continues. (2) When a captain of industry begins talking about "peace" it can be taken as a certain indication labor had better begin preparing for a bitter conflict.

Fairless concluded his remarks with an angry denunciation of "strikes, slow-downs and feather-bedding rules."

Eisenhower Backer Victim of Witch Hunt

By George Breitman

The witch hunt, spreading like a plague into every corner of American life, is aimed at everyone to the left of Senator McCarthy. No one is safe from attack and smear — not even Eisenhower Republicans, not even rabidly "anti-communist" labor leaders of the Walter Reuther stripes. This was shown in the case of Mrs. Mildred McAfee Horton and John Edelman.

Mrs. Horton served as wartime head of the Waves and as president of Wellesley College. Last year she was one of the early backers of Eisenhower for the Republican nomination.

This spring she was invited by the State Department to serve as U.S. delegate to the UN Economic and Social Commission session to be held May 4-20. Mrs. Horton accepted and made the necessary arrangements, including cancellation of lecture appointments.

"A CURIOUS WAY"

But something happened, and she did not get the appointment. As is customary, now for any government appointment, the FBI made an investigation and sent it to the State Department in

April. The State Department delayed action, and her name never reached the Senate for confirmation.

Mrs. Horton thought it was "a curious way to do business," but did not do anything about it until the press leaked the story of her "unreliability." Then she determined to find out "what it is all about."

She learned from Bertha Adkins, assistant to the chairman of the Republican National Committee, "that it was too bad about the delay, but I apparently had joined a great many organizations."

That was truly the rub. Mrs. Horton had committed the "crime" of joining organizations which McCarthy doesn't like and of freely expressing her opinions. One of these opinions that made her "unfit" was her denunciation in 1949 of the House Un-American Activities Committee's demand to examine Wellesley's social science textbooks.

WHAT MADE HER "UNFIT"

One of the organizations she joined was the National Council of the Churches of Christ, in which she is now vice-president.

Signed, Sealed and Delivered



SECRET DIPLOMACY KEEPS PEOPLE IN DARK ON LIFE-AND-DEATH MOVES

By Joseph Keller

The immediate fate of hundreds of millions may hinge on the secret U.S. truce proposals on Korea. Our fate too — life or death for you and me and our loved ones — is being haggled over in Panmunjon behind closed doors. And we are not permitted to have a say about it; we are not even allowed to know what is going on.

At the same time, the warlords of the U.S., Britain and France, disguised in the garb of diplomacy, are preparing to confer next month in Bermuda — in total secrecy, of course — on the best means to carry out the designs of Wall Street and its allies to make the whole world safe for the capitalist profiteers, exploiters and imperialists.

All along, we have been permitted to know only what the White House, State Department and Pentagon have wanted us to know about the Korea negotiations. Now an iron curtain has been dropped over even the terms demanded. And this profound concealment, according to

Eisenhower's press statement of May 26, is at the direct behest of the U.S. command.

Sir Winston Churchill, who recently intimated that truce talks could be successfully concluded if the U.S. would cease stalling, is himself a party to this secret diplomacy, in which he is a past master. The British Prime Minister announced he is in "complete support" of the U.S. terms and also "said that secret as the proposals must remain for the present all interested parties had been consulted." (N. Y. Times, May 27.)

WHY THE SECRECY?

Why and for whom must these proposals remain secret? And who are "all interested parties" who have been consulted? The Chinese and North Koreans certainly know what the terms are. The top officials of all the governments in the United Nations have been informed. Nehru of India has revealed that he has seen and approved the terms. Dictator-President Syngman Rhee of South Korea and his agents

have seen the terms. In fact, according to the May 26 N. Y. Times, "a source close to President Rhee leaked the details of the secret proposal to a Korean reporter for a United States news agency." So the capitalist press knows it too. And so do all leading members of Congress of both parties.

Everybody is in on the secret except the most "interested parties" of all — the people. The Korean people, first of all, who have been slaughtered by the millions, principally by U.S. napalm and explosives, are being kept in the dark. The American people, who have already sacrificed more than 130,000 youth to this most unpopular war in our history, are refused the right to know what is going on, let alone have some say about it.

AFRAID OF "CONTROVERSY"

This secrecy is designed to hide what is going on only from the masses. The Republican N. Y. Herald-Tribune on May 26, speaking editorially on "Secrecy at

(Continued on page 4)

High Court Brushes Off Third Plea

By Murry Weiss

"Turn stool pigeon or die!" This is the meaning of the Supreme Court decision of May 25 refusing a new hearing to the Rosenbergs. The Court decision was timed to coincide with reports of Department of Justice offers of clemency to the Rosenbergs, if they turn stool pigeon for the FBI.

The brutally obvious intent of this double-barreled move is to attempt to create the impression that the Rosenbergs can save their own lives. All they have to do is become the pliant tools of the witch hunters, finger all their friends and associates and anyone the FBI marks for victimization and they might save themselves from the electric chair. Then the new victims would be put to the same torture rack with the same choice.

In making its infamous decision, the Supreme court ignored for the third time the most imposing and overwhelming considerations for a new hearing. In an atmosphere free from lynch incitement a new hearing would be granted as a matter of course.

First, there is new evidence which demands careful judicial examination. Second, there is additional evidence which in an honest court of appeal puts the stigma of perjury on the testimony of prosecution witnesses. And third, there is the wide protest, including the most prominent representatives of world public opinion who have voiced the horror and revulsion of millions of people at the unprecedented peace-time death sentence in an atmosphere incompatible with either a fair trial or a just sentence.

WHY THE HASTE?

Why then was a new hearing refused? Why this obscene haste to get on with the lynching? Why the criminal torture of the couple — who have sat in the death house for two years — with these offers of clemency in return for becoming creatures of the FBI witch hunt?

The real decision for the government course in the Rosenberg case comes from the highest ruling circles of American imperialism. Through the mechanism of a McCarthyized judicial apparatus these top capitalist rulers wish to advance the witch hunt to a higher stage at one master stroke.

Death for the Rosenbergs, they hope, will terrorize and silence the critics of their project to embroil the whole world in a war on the model of "Operation Killer" in Korea. They hope it will intimidate and scatter the movement of opposition to the witch hunt itself. They want to serve notice that henceforth it is not merely a job that can be lost by running afoul of McCarthy but your very life.

WORLD PROTEST

The most eloquent proof that this is the real issue involved in the Rosenberg case is the tremendous movement of protest and indignation that has come from every section of the population, every political and religious current, and from thousands of scientists, religious leaders and educators who cannot be accused (even by the McCarthyites) of the slightest sympathy for the Stalinists or the Soviet Union.

It is clear that widespread apprehension exists that the issue of life or death for the Rosenbergs is the issue of life or death for the democratic rights of all the American people.

UNION OFFICIALS SILENT

There remains one glaring, shameful and inexcusable absentee from the assemblage of voices of protest — the officials

(Continued on page 4)

"GRASS IN THE STREETS OF NEW YORK"

By Duncan Conway

A rather startling headline in one of the New York newspapers caught my attention a couple of weeks ago. "Grass in the Streets of New York in 25 Years" was how it read. My first thought was a natural one in these days when the U.S. government and army are trying out their new and more devastating atomic bombs every week or so out in Nevada. I thought that here was another of those fearful prophecies of what New York would look like after a few bombs had been dropped.

But it turned out not to be that kind of story at all. "Grass in the Streets of New York" was simply the prediction of a gentle-looking old man of 84 years, an architect by the name of Frank Lloyd Wright, who doesn't like the character of New York as a city, who wants to see it "decentralized," with "grass growing where least expected and flowers blooming in the concrete."

Well, Mr. Wright has a point here. Most people who live and work in New York, with all its grimness and bleakness, its dirt and noise and crowdedness and mad rush, would agree with Mr. Wright in wanting a little more clean air and quiet and "greenery."

Particularly the millions who have no choice but to live in the filthy slums of Harlem and the lower East Side and other slum areas, in fire-trap tenements over-run with rats and vermin, and on streets filled with garbage and refuse. Yes, they too would like to see grass instead of refuse-strewn concrete. They too would prefer to smell flowers instead of stinking garbage. They would entirely agree with Mr. Wright on that.

But the reason Frank Lloyd Wright's predictions rated a page-one headline is not that they were particularly realistic or far-seeing, or that he offered any plan as to how they could be accomplished. It was simply because he is now a world-famous architect. And it is ironic that Wright, who for years in the earlier part of his career was given virtually no recognition whatever in this country, now finds, at the end of his life, that even his off-the-cuff pronouncements have become newsworthy.

I don't mean by that to detract for a moment from the genuine achievements of Frank Lloyd Wright or his tremendously important contributions to the field of modern architecture. In his long and honorable career, Wright has been a truly revolutionary architect. He rejected all the sterile, academic concepts which saw architecture as nothing more than a slightly modified imitation of styles out of the past. And he tried to make architecture once more an honest and creative art, using the new materials and new techniques of the twentieth century to create an imaginative new style.

So, because I happen to be acquainted with some of Frank Lloyd Wright's architectural contributions and have a great respect for them, I read through the interview to see what else he might have to say. It occurred to me that Wright's home is in Wisconsin, which happens to be Senator McCarthy's state; and I wondered if just possibly he might have a few words to say on a subject which right now touches us all a little more closely than flowers on the sidewalks of New York in 25 years.

I wasn't unrewarded. Toward the end of his rambling comments, Wright finally got around to it. "My home state," he said, "has sunk below par, educationally, politically and, I fear, morally." Senator McCarthy, he said, is "the chief mobocrat of the state. . . the only consolation is that McCarthy ran 40,000 votes behind the Republican national ticket in the last national election."

Wright went on to bemoan the Republican support of McCarthy's candidacy and said: "That was a case where politics made not only strange bedfellows, but was an arrant case of prostitution."

The tendency of artists and writers, intellectuals and liberals, is to remain silent in face of McCarthyism. Or if they don't cringe in silence, they open their mouths only to announce their shameful surrender, to ignominiously confess their "sins" and turn stool-pigeon on others.

It is probably true that one of the reasons why Frank Lloyd Wright speaks out against McCarthyism is that he knows instinctively what would happen if McCarthy ever happened to see one of his buildings, with its revolutionary architectural style. McCarthy would promptly label it "subversive," "degenerate architecture" — just as Hitler labeled "degenerate," and banned, the work of every progressive and forward-looking artist in Germany. So Wright naturally has a personal stake in the matter.

But it is to his credit that he understands he does have a personal stake. That is more than can be said of the sniveling array — the "intellectuals" and writers and Hollywood "names" — who have paraded before the Congressional committees and obediently made their "confessions."

Frank Lloyd Wright is to be commended for speaking out, even if he does it in his confused and not very clear-cut way. It is good to know that there is a little courage left in the world of the artists and intellectuals.

A Program to Fight McCarthyism

By George Breitman

Everybody is beginning to take McCarthyism seriously now, and expressions of fear and concern can be heard in conservative as well as liberal circles.

The Horton case (see Page 1) drew cries of indignation and anguish from even pro-Eisenhower papers like the N. Y. Times and N. Y. Herald-Tribune. The latter also printed on its editorial page May 20 excerpts from an attack on the McCarthyite spirit by George F. Kennan, former ambassador to the Soviet Union, in an address at the University of Notre Dame. Kennan called for resistance to the forces of conformity because: "They claim the right to define a certain area of our national life and cultural output as beyond the bounds of righteous approval. This definition is never effected by law or by constituted authority; it is effected by vague insinuation and suggestion. And the circle, as I say, tends to grow constantly narrower. One has the impression that if uncountered, these people would eventually narrow the area of political and cultural respectability to a point where it included only themselves, the excited accusers, and excluded everything and everybody not embraced in the profession of denunciation."

"I recall reading recently, twice in one day, the words of individuals who proclaimed that if certain other people did not get up and join actively in the denunciation of Communists or Communism, they would thereby themselves be suspect. What sort of arrogance is this? "I have lived more than ten years of my life in totalitarian countries. I know where this sort of thing leads. . ."

DOUGLAS STATEMENT
On the same day Supreme Court Justice William O. Douglas, one of the few remaining outspoken liberals, urged the American Law Institute to start a crusade to put an end in administrative government and in the courts to "practices and procedures that impinge heavily upon the liberties of the citizens" and "deprive men of jobs and destroy their reputations."

Douglas singled out for special criticism prosecutors who use the courtroom "as a place to unleash the fury of public passion" and the press, which "has pumped into the jury room hearsay, confessions, theories and influences which if done in the courtroom would result in mistrials." He denounced the creation in this

EISENHOWER'S ROLE
The trouble with this superstrategy (aside from the fact that Long's power kept growing until the day of his death) is that Eisenhower shows no desire to fight McCarthy. The White House may become irritated from time to time when McCarthy steps on the administration's toes, and the possibility of a future conflict between the two cannot be ruled out of the question altogether. But everything that has hap-

pened since Eisenhower took office shows conclusively that for the present he is deliberately avoiding a fight with McCarthy, and going out of his way to make concessions to the Wisconsin demagogue. There are reasons for this, and they do not include Eisenhower's ignorance about how to fight McCarthy.

The reasons are two: Eisenhower feels he needs McCarthy's aid in the 1954 elections, in which the Republicans might lose control of one or both houses of Congress. And even more important, Eisenhower sees eye to eye with McCarthy on the objective of using the witch hunt to stamp out any American opposition to the preparations for World War III.

Schlesinger seems to assume that a fight between Eisenhower and McCarthy would necessarily mean a halt or at least a slowing down of the witch hunt. But recent political experience showed that the result could be just the opposite. Truman fought McCarthy too, it must be recalled. But he fought him by COMPETITING with him for the honor of being the most effective enemy of "communism." The result of that fight was to intensify and broaden the witch hunt. The same

ADA ALARMED
The ADA held its sixth national convention in Washington last week. Its alarm over the witch hunt and its opposition to McCarthyism were unmistakable. But its failure to supply an effective answer was also unmistakable. This was illustrated in the remarks made by Arthur M. Schlesinger, Jr., ADA vice chairman, at a pre-convention press conference.

Schlesinger, who was red-baited by McCarthy during the last election campaign, seemed to think that the most important thing was to show Eisenhower how to wage a fight against McCarthy. He suggested that Eisenhower "might well study the tactics used by the late President Franklin D. Roosevelt in reducing the political power of Senator Huey P. Long, Democrat of Louisiana, who later was assassinated."

"He said President Roosevelt had Administration Senators counter-attack Senator Long on the Senate floor, and also caused an investigation to be made of Senator Long's income tax returns. All this helped 'isolate' Senator Long and render him impotent politically," he declared. (N. Y. Times, May 23.)

MINERS REVOLT
Last September the Widen miners revolted against company domination of their whole lives. They struck against Bradley's company union, the League of Widen Miners. The United Mine Workers union, hearing of the walkout, sent in its representative. It has fed and supported the strikers, who have indicated their desire to belong to this genuine union. They have held their lines since Sept. 21, 1952.

The company and its armed agents have been trying to drive the pickets from their station on top of Widen Hill. On April 21, the Clay Messenger, a paper run by company stooges, published a letter addressed to Clay County Circuit Judge Charles A. Duffield, demanding that he issue an order to clear out the pickets or "the Clay Citizens League for Law and Order fears that within the near future the citizens will take action to clear out such mobs by force. . ."

Two weeks later, the "Clay Citizens League" — the company's vigilantes — made good their threat. First, on May 5 they used a bull-dozer to clear off the picketing area on Widen Hill. Then, the next night, about nine p.m., a big gang of strikebreakers and company guards gathered in force against a handful of pickets and drove them from their picketing station with rocks, rotten eggs and clubs. State police stood by and did not lift a finger to stop the violence against the legally picketing strikers. The head of Bradley's own guards was formerly state police boss. Several of the pickets were beaten and injured.

VIGILANT ATTACK
The following night, a number of the pickets met near Dille, in Clay County, in a cook-shack headquarters. They had been warned that the vigilantes would attack them again, but they were on private property belonging to a striker and had a perfect right to defend themselves. At four a.m. carloads of armed company men drove up in the dark. Firing broke out from the company men, according to the accounts given Labor's Daily. The strikers defended themselves. When the shooting ended one company man, wearing a gun holster, lay dead; three were wounded. One striker was shot in the arm.

After daylight came, state police, "special deputies" and company thugs, all armed to the teeth, rode around the county

LOS ANGELES Friday Night Forum
presents
A Series of Four Lectures
Stalinism and the USSR
Lecture 2:
"Future of Soviet Union and Stalinism"
Speaker:
Milton Alvin
Fri., June 5, 8 P.M.
FORUM HALL
1702 E. 4th St. Tel. AN 9-4953
Questions — Discussion Refreshments

WANTED
Soviet youth periodicals, especially those of Leningrad and Moscow, for the years 1928-1929.
Write John G. Wright, care of The Militant.

thing could result from an Eisenhower-McCarthy fight.

NEED FIGHTING PROGRAM
The liberals had better quit kidding themselves. This witch hunt is not going to be stopped primarily by a split in the Republican leadership, although such a split might provide propaganda to enlist new recruits in the fight against McCarthyism. What is needed is a mass movement uniting all the labor and liberal forces around the three-point program offered by The Militant last week:

1. Carry on a militant and consistent campaign to educate the American people to the pro-war, pro-police state, pro-profiteering aims of the "anti-communist crusade."
2. Defend and protect all the victims of the witch hunt, including the Stalinists, on the ground that each successful victimization strengthens McCarthyism.
3. Begin political resistance to the witch hunt by building an independent Labor Party that can defeat both capitalist parties responsible for McCarthyism.

Nothing else will prevent the U.S. from being turned into a police state.

Schlesinger seems to assume that a fight between Eisenhower and McCarthy would necessarily mean a halt or at least a slowing down of the witch hunt. But recent political experience showed that the result could be just the opposite. Truman fought McCarthy too, it must be recalled. But he fought him by COMPETITING with him for the honor of being the most effective enemy of "communism." The result of that fight was to intensify and broaden the witch hunt. The same

Favor Huge War Spending



Gen. Omar N. Bradley (L), retiring chairman of Joint Chiefs of Staff, with Defense Secretary Charles E. Wilson, former General Motors president. Bradley spoke against any cuts in war spending and claimed American people must shell out at least \$36 billion a year for war purposes "far into the future."

Witch Hunters Victimize Backer Of Eisenhower

(Continued from Page 1)
In this country to purge the CIO of "communists" and "communist-led" unions, and he is one of the chief figures responsible for the labor movement's shameful failure to mobilize the American people for an all-out fight against McCarthyism. But gratitude is not among the characteristics of the witch hunters. They are now out to get Reuther too.

The signal was given in the May issue of American Mercury, which was recently completely reorganized and taken over by professional McCarthyites. The lead article is an unrestrained hatchet job on Reuther by Ralph de Toledano. Its purpose is to show that Reuther cannot be trusted because although he is anti-communist today, this was not always the case.

And so Reuther's past in the Socialist Party (highly colored) is brought in again; he is credited with "borrowing" from the "Communists" the "Leninist theory of the strategic minority" in organizing auto workers and with employing organizational means during the sit-down strikes that "cannot be justified except in terms of totalitarian logic"; he is charged with seeking to "bring the dictatorship of a corporate state to America"; his youthful trip to the Soviet Union is "documented" with a letter that Reuther insists is doctored; and so on.

PEOPLE HELP
The entire amount was posted by citizens of Clay County. One of the defendants said that "we were lying around in jail wondering how we could raise that much bond" but before they knew what was happening "people were streaming in from everywhere wanting to post it for us."

The latest word from Widen is that the workers are grimly determined to fight on. They deserve the immediate support of every decent union man and woman in the country. It would be a fine thing if your union would write at once to Labor's Daily, 720 Crescent Rd., Charleston, W. Va., and inquire in what way you can help these brave men.

Tito Takes Loyalty Oath to Imperialist Western Powers
Uneasy over the implication that improved diplomatic relations with Romania indicated the return of Yugoslavia to the Soviet bloc, Tito pledged unwavering loyalty to the Anglo-American powers in a speech May 21.

He praised the U.S., France and Britain, calling them peace-loving countries. He raised their role not only in World War II but even in World War I, both of which were imperialist conflicts fought over colonies, spheres of influence and division of the world market.

FUEL FOR FASCISM
This is an article that will be widely hailed and used — by employers resisting unionization by the CIO, and by Reuther's conservative opponents in the UAW and CIO. It serves notice that the witch hunters have grown so powerful and arrogant that they now feel they can dispense with the objective assistance they got from the Reuthers and intend to use the Reuthers themselves as fuel for the fires of fascism.

Time is running short. Either the labor movement will stir itself into action and crush the monster of McCarthyism before it grows bigger, or it will run the risk of being undermined, divided and reduced to impotence by witch hunters who are anti-labor to the marrow of their bones.

The American Way of Life

'No Nostalgia Here'

Not all is silence on the campuses in the face of the witch-hunt. Not by a long shot!

The Congressional Committees, the professional stool-pigeons, the Big Business-controlled University administrations, are getting their way for the time being to be sure. But they are not getting their way without loud boos and articulate protests from some students, and I find this very heartening. For the protests today pave the way for the struggles of tomorrow.

One such student protesting against thought-control on the campuses is Erwin Knoll, editor of the Evening News, student publication of New York University's evening school.

The May 11 issue of the Evening News is devoted to an expose of the witchhunters and a defense of its NYU victims. The issue also contains Knoll's farewell letter as editor, which he entitles "No Nostalgia Here."

Knoll will not "fill columns of good white space with nostalgic reminiscences and paeans of praise for the Dear Old School." He sees nothing to praise; for this, he says "is an NYU which fires professors for their political views, regardless of their teaching ability. This is an NYU which tears down liberal arts buildings to put up armories. This is an NYU which suspends student editors because they don't approve of tearing down liberal arts buildings to put up armories. In short this is an NYU in which a sickening atmosphere of fear has replaced the spirit of free inquiry which is so essential to education."

"I'm damn glad to get out of NYU," he adds. "And I'm tempted to add, 'while the getting is good.'"

Knoll's is not the only voice lifted in protest. There is Sandra Memser, who writes a column "Reigning Violets" in the Square Bulletin — another NYU student publication. She, too, is taking her parting shot, and undertakes to expose the new reign of fear on the campus and to protest against it.

"Many of you reading this column are on file in the FBI," she begins. "What you say, what you do, what you write is recorded either by teachers, fellow classmates with their own scrapbooks, or by secret service men enrolled as students. . . The great mass of students are being intellectually strangled by a rope of fear."

She relates that there is confusion among the college population caused by "the problem of academic freedom and its relationship with world struggles." But there is no question in her mind. She stands up for freedom of speech.

These students who today defy the McCarrans, the FBI and the school administrations are behaving in the finest tradition of the American campuses where throughout the Thirties the students organized mass demonstrations in defense of academic freedom and against the encroachments of militarism.

By the same token they pass on these traditions to new layers of students who will break through the confusion described by Sandra Memser and, with the help of the labor movement, untie "the rope of fear."

— Dan Roberts

GM Agree to UAW Demand For Wage Revision in Pact

(Continued from page 1)
many obvious features which permit the company to speed up the workers and squeeze more production out of them. It is this feature of the contract which the workers are most anxious to change, but which the long-term clause binds them to accept for two more years.

According to a statement issued on May 22 by Reuther and UAW Vice-President John W. Livingston, Director of the Union's General Motors Department, the amendments to the current contract on wages include:

- "1. The annual improvement factor shall be 5 cents an hour, instead of 4 cents an hour as previously provided.
- "2. Nineteen cents of the present 24 cents an hour cost of living allowance will be added to the base wage rates as of June 1, 1953. This means that the amount of wages subject to downward adjustment from present levels is now limited to 5 cents an hour, no matter how much the cost of living goes down.
- "3. The union and the company agreed to a transition from the 'old' to the 'new' BLS Consumers Price Index to govern the

operation of the 'cost of living' escalator clause. This agreement provides for the adjustment of wages above present levels at the rate of 1 cent for each 0.6 points in the new index. This means that it will require less upward movement of the index than formerly to bring about increases in the cost of living allowance. Adjustments below present wage levels will be at the rate of 1 cent for each .68 points in the index. In the 'new' index 0.68 is the equivalent of 1.14 in the 'old' index. Under the previous formula wages were adjusted 1 cent for 1.14 movement, upward or downward, in the 'old' index."

The contract revision also provides for a 10-cent hourly increase in the wage of skilled trades workers. GM's willingness to abdicate its original position of insistence on the letter of the five-year contract may have been influenced by the signs of growing dissatisfaction among GM workers. In the recent period there have been a considerable number of so-called "wild-cat" strikes in various GM plants. As many as 135,000 other auto workers have been affected by strikes, particularly in parts plants.

STALIN'S FRAME-UP SYSTEM AND THE MOSCOW TRIALS
By LEON TROTSKY
The full text of Trotsky's masterful analysis of the Moscow Trials in his summation speech before the John Dewey Commission of Inquiry which investigated Stalin's frame-up charges. An introduction by Joseph Hansen which brings the record of Stalin's frame-up system up-to-date and includes an analysis of recent trials in Eastern Europe. Must reading for a fuller understanding of the background to the new frame-up in Moscow and Stalin's purge of the Jewish people in the Soviet Union and satellite countries.

168 pages
116 University Place
PIONEER PUBLISHERS
New York 3, N. Y.

Your First Issue?

If this is the first time you have ever read The Militant, you now have an idea of the kind of newspaper we publish. It is a weekly that pulls no punches in fighting for socialism.

If you want to have an analysis of the current developments and problems in the American and world labor struggles, you ought to read The Militant regularly. The most convenient way is by subscribing.

Clip the coupon below and mail it in today. Send only \$1.50 for a 6 month subscription or \$3 for a full year to The Militant, 116 University Pl., New York 3, N. Y.

Name
Street
City
State Zone

Subscriptions: \$3 per year: \$1.50 for 6 months. Foreign: \$4.50 per year; \$2.25 for 6 months. Canadian: \$3.50 per year; \$1.75 for 6 months. Single Copies: 5 or more copies 6c each in U.S., 7c each in foreign countries.

THE MILITANT Published Weekly in the Interests of the Working People THE MILITANT PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION 116 University Pl., N. Y. 3, N. Y. Phone: AL 6-7408

Signed articles by contributors do not necessarily represent The Militant's policies. These are expressed in its editorials. Entered as second class matter March 7, 1944 at the Post Office at New York, N.Y. under the act of March 3, 1879.

Vol. XVII - No. 22 Monday, June 1, 1953

A Timely Political Lesson

Labor's Daily, which deserves commendation for uncovering the true facts about the heroic Widen miners (see story, Page 1), uses the Widen struggle to illustrate some important and timely political lessons.

In its "Labor Today" column, the labor newspaper observes how the political machinery in Clay County, where Widen is located, and in the state of West Virginia is really controlled by the coal companies and other capitalist interests. The 48 Widen miners who have been falsely charged with murder are now "faced with a prosecuting attorney who is friendly toward the Elk River Coal and Lumber Company. He must therefore be an enemy of the strikers."

The column observes further that Charles W. Ray, the head of the company's guards, is the former head of the state police. This is "one minor end-result of the political weakness of Labor in West Virginia" where a man like the former state police head "is performing a function for J. G. Bradley (company president) not greatly different from his customary strike-time function while employed by the Department of Public Safety."

These political factors in the Widen battle demonstrate that "in order to win economic benefits Labor must organize politically. That is fundamental," says Labor's Daily. "The workingman must see that his men are nominated for public office — and that goes for every important office in the United States."

Of course, that's very good advice. But

Labor's Daily goes one decisive step further. It gives a clear intimation of what kind of labor political action is necessary for the future:

"In previous columns we have stated our belief that in the future Labor must realize the close relationship of the political and economic struggle. And not only realize it, but do something about it, even to the extent of Labor forming its own Labor Party."

Here, something new and vital is added to the old idea that labor must get into politics. It must get into its own kind of politics, class politics, based on the unions and with its own party and program. If a union man were sheriff down in Clay County and a Labor Party man were county prosecutor, there would never have been a frame-up murder charge against 48 strikers. There would never have been a strikebreaking attack by "special deputies" on the pickets in the first place.

What applies to Clay County also applies, as Labor's Daily correctly says, to the whole country. If the tremendous army of 17,000,000 union men and women were mobilized politically in their own party, with their allies among the Negro people and poor farmers, they could sweep a Workers and Farmers government to power in Washington. They would not have to be fighting a holding action against a Taft-Hartley law and begging capitalist politicians not to club them so hard. They'd be in position to determine the laws themselves and could put into action any program the people want.

And Now a Federal Sales Tax

Eisenhower, who hypocritically promised tax relief in the 1952 presidential campaign, is preparing to soak the poor harder than they've yet been soaked. He has publicly attacked "the wide variety" of existing excise taxes. That means he wants something more "uniform." Excise taxes now bring in roughly one dollar out of every five in federal receipts. Eisenhower with his high-deficit budget obviously expects more from this source. Secretary of the Treasury Humphrey said as much when he admitted that a federal sales tax is now "being considered." The big push for it is on.

For years the National Association of Manufacturers has been pressing for such a tax, which hits hardest those least able to pay. They want it to yield as much as \$20 billion a year. They are sure they will get this "bold, constructive new solution" from Eisenhower. And they will, unless American labor leads the struggle against it. Workers do not fully understand how much they already pay out in taxes. By 1952 not less than 38 cents out of every wage dollar went for direct and indirect taxes, federal, state and local. To illustrate this pyramiding tax structure, there are 201 direct and hidden taxes on a gallon of gasoline; 139 taxes on a suit of clothes; 154 on a bar of soap; 53 on a loaf of bread, and so on.

In many states the bulk of tax revenues comes from sales and excise taxes. For example, more than three-quarters of all

Ohio tax revenues come from this source. Corporations do not really pay excise taxes but shift them to consumers. Don't take our word for it. An authoritative mouthpiece of the financiers, long ago declared editorially that corporate "tax will be passed on to the public, perhaps not in all cases immediately but certainly sooner or later" (Wall Street Journal, Jan. 17, 1951). They do it "sooner" rather than "later."

Now on top of these intolerable taxes, Big Business proposes and Eisenhower aims to impose the heaviest indirect tax of all — a national sales tax. This will go a long way toward Europeanizing the price and tax structure in this country. In Europe the mass of the people have little hope of prices coming down because taxes constitute so large and permanent a part of the price of necessities.

A national sales tax will be in effect a wage cut, especially for the millions of unorganized workers. It will feed inflation. It is not enough for organized labor merely to protest the imposition of such a "bold" load on the poor. An effective counter-program is needed. We endorse the tax program of the Socialist Workers Party which advocates the following:

- No taxes on incomes below \$7,500. Taxes to be included in determining the cost of living index to which escalator clauses in union contracts are tied. 100% tax on profits of all war industries. Soak the rich, not the poor.

A Reminder

It is refreshing to read in an official union paper some good honest words about the contributions of the pioneer Socialists in founding the American labor movement.

The May 14 issue of The Brewery Worker pays high tribute to these early Marxists in an article telling about the historical background of the forthcoming annual Summer Institute of the International Brewery Workers Union at the School of Workers, University of Wisconsin.

First crediting the labor movement for the "persistence with which the means for education of the working class was sought," The Brewery Worker declares that the "early socialist trend in the philosophy of the Wisconsin Federation of Labor explains, at least in part, the emphasis upon workers' education."

This "Socialist trend" had its roots in the European working class. The Wisconsin labor movement, particularly in Milwaukee, was shaped by German immigrants who came in two waves. "The first wave," says The Brewery Worker, "... was the result of the debacle of the mid-nineteenth century revolutionary movements of Central Europe. A second wave was the one beginning in the seventies, the result partly of the impetus given by the first wave and partly of the Bismarkian policy of persecution of the Social Democrats which drove many Germans into political exile."

We might add that we are to-day wit-

nessing a "Bismarkian policy of persecution" on American soil.

"These exiles and the liberal revolutionaries of the first wave of immigrants," continues The Brewery Worker, constituted a sizeable nucleus around which there eventually developed in Milwaukee a healthy socialist movement. . . The State's organized labor movement came to include a sizeable block of rank-and-file old German liberals, predominantly Socialist. . . This rank-and-file adherence to socialist principles must have been of considerable strength." It voted "into the preamble to its constitution government ownership of public utilities" and each year placed "into high office a leadership frankly espousing socialist principles. . ."

Such was the early history of the American labor movement not only in Wisconsin but in most parts of the country. It is a timely reminder. The Socialist impress has left its mark not only in old preambles to union constitutions. It still lives, even if dormant for the present, in the minds and hearts of many descendants of the early worker Socialists. Its militant spirit and tradition has been revived by new generations of Marxists in every big crisis the country has experienced.

In the approaching final crisis of capitalism, the American labor movement will again turn to Socialism for inspiration and guidance. But the fusion of Marxist thought and mass power will occur this time on a higher and richer level than the world has ever seen.

Maryland Civil Liberties Group Fight Ober Law

Repeal of Maryland's Ober police-state law and the prevention of police brutalities are the "two major problems" of civil liberties facing the people of the state, it was announced on May 25 at a meeting of the Maryland Civil Liberties Committee, an affiliate of the American Civil Liberties Union.

The Ober law is the model for similar repressive laws passed by state legislatures throughout the country to deny political rights to "Communists" or "subversives." Ralph E. Edwards, chairman of the committee, said the Ober law is "a blind attack" upon "the spirit of freedom and tolerance itself."

Commenting on police brutality, Mr. Edwards said: "The Maryland Civil Liberties Committee calls on the citizens of this State to protect the personal rights of those who are the victims of police brutality, and to see that this vicious practice is ended."

Other organizations represented at the meeting were invited to a special meeting on June 3 "to discuss a program of working for repeal" of the Ober law.

BOAS HONORED

The committee presented its 1953 Civil Liberties Award to Dr. George Boas, Johns Hopkins University professor of the history of philosophy, who started the Owen Lattimore Defense Fund. In accepting the award, Dr. Boas said:

"My own conviction is that the majority is sick and disgusted with the un-American activities of self-styled defenders of Americanism. . . If they have not received the publicity which the other side has received, it is because what they stand for is tradition, not innovation. . . They have only to speak up to find that they are far from being solitary voices singing ineffectual solos. They form a chorus singing in unison from sea to sea. . . They are, of course, vilified and ridiculed by the patrioters. But if my own experience proves anything, it is that the embarrassment comes not from the abuse one receives but from the praise one discovers to one's surprise that the best way to be a hero these days is to support the Constitution and the Bill of Rights."

ORGANIZATION NEEDED

Dr. Boas is, of course, quite right when he speaks of the many people all over the country who detest the witch hunters and red-baiters and would like to oppose them effectively. However, wide-scale organization and action of all labor and liberal forces are needed.

An example of the form such organization might take is the Michigan Citizens Committee Against the Trucks Law, a body of more than 200 prominent citizens from labor, religious, educational and civic groups, who are undertaking to mobilize a united movement for repeal of the Trucks Law, Michigan's imitation of the Ober Act.

Preparing for A-Bomb War



U.S. troops are shown silhouetted against a Nevada sky as the mushroom from an atomic bomb blast looms high above. This explosion was the eighth in the current series by the Atomic Energy Commission. Army command is trying to prepare soldiers for atomic war. In these tests, the GIs are kept well out of range and protected. In real warfare, they won't face such ideal conditions.

REHABILITATION OF PURGE VICTIM SEEN SLAP AIMED AT STALIN MYTH

(Continued from page 1) retained until his fall from grace 13 years later.

AN OLD BOLSHEVIK

Petrovski owed his eminence to the fact that he was an Old Bolshevik, of whom only 42 remained any prominent party or Soviet posts by early 1938, and among whom he was undeniably a prominent survivor. A turner by trade, he joined the revolutionary Ukrainian movement in 1899; was arrested several times and exiled. In 1912 he was elected a deputy to the Fourth State Duma, where he served as chairman of the Bolshevik fraction of five, under Kamenev's direction. Lenin at one time thought highly of Petrovski. In a Jan. 1913 letter to the famous Russian writer Gorki, Lenin estimated Petrovski as one of those "fine lads" with whom "it is possible to build a workers' party, in the face of inordinate difficulties."

MET STALIN IN 1912

Petrovski came to know Stalin personally in 1912 in connection with the legal Petersburg newspaper Pravda. During this same period, the foremost Bolshevik organizer Sverdlov was arrested in Petrovski's apartment. With the outbreak of World War I Petrovski was exiled to Turukhansk, near the Arctic Circle. There is a rare photograph showing a group of Siberian exiles, with Petrovski standing between Stalin and Sverdlov. Petrovski was thus intimately acquainted with that pre-October period in Stalin's life which all of Stalin's official biographies skip over in haste.

The February 1917 Revolution found Petrovski alongside of Yaroslavsky, the notorious falsifier of Bolshevik Party history, publishing jointly with the Mensheviks at Yakutsk a paper called the Social Democrat "in which," as Leon Trotsky correctly said, "he expounded the most vulgar and provincial sort of opportunism."

Petrovski played no notable role either in the 1917 Revolution or in the Civil War. For a while, after October, he headed the secret police in RSFSR (Russia proper). In short, he had the best credentials of a Stalinist dignitary. After Lenin's death, as the record shows, Petrovski remained in Stalin's favor, surviving purge after purge, particularly the 1933 purge of "bourgeois nationalists" in the Ukrainian

party and government apparatus, which drove another Old Bolshevik, Skypnik, to suicide at the time.

BUKHARIN-RYKOV TRIAL

Petrovski's downfall came only with last of the Moscow frame-ups, the Bukharin-Rykov trial in March 1938. This trial, climaxing the multi-millioned blood purges, was aimed particularly at the Ukraine.

The first two witnesses at this frameup were prominent Ukrainians, Grinko, former Soviet Commissar of Finance, confessed to "the anti-Soviet activities of the Ukrainian national-fascist organization of which he (Grinko) was one of the leaders. . ." The next witness Chernov, a former Menshevik who became Commissar of Trade for the Ukraine and later Soviet Commissar of Agriculture, made a similar confession. Throughout the year 1937, the Ukraine was singled out in the Moscow press as a breeding place of "bourgeois nationalists," Trotskyist "cuckoos" and their alleged "patrons and protectors."

What settled the fate of S. V. Kosior, then Ukrainian dictator, was his membership in the Bukharin-led "Left-Communist" group during the Brest-Litovsk days. Kosior was purged in January 1938. But Petrovski remained immune for almost two months after the Bukharin-Rykov trial. Why then did he, too, finally fall victim?

VICTIM OF STALIN

It could only be because Petrovski sought to shield some of his closest kin, friends or henchmen from Khrushchev whose task it was to clean out the local "executives" from top to bottom. Such an "opposition" was intolerable for Stalin's regime. Stalin was all the more agreeable to the elimination of Petrovski, because this Old Bolshevik knew the real history of Lenin's party, of the Russian October, and of Stalin's obscure and secondary role in both, and Stalin's subsequent falsifications and crimes.

The 1938 purge in the Ukraine coincided, as did the one in 1933, with a calamitous drought and a decline in the Donbass coal production, for which the local "executives" were, of course, blamed. The difficulties confronting the post-Stalin regime in the Ukraine in 1953 are not of the same nature as in the pre-war days under Stalin. Today's problems revolve not around food and fuel short-

ages as in the past, but rather around mechanizing and raising the productivity of the mines, farms, ranges, etc. In this connection the Moscow papers have, again, been noting "shortcomings" in the Ukraine, as in the other national Soviet Republics.

DISCONTENT, OPPOSITION

The hue and cry about "bourgeois nationalists" (read: peasant discontent) coupled with the snarls against "anti-Leninist dogs" (read: working class opposition) while muffled is nevertheless likewise quite apparent in the official press.

How are these "shortcomings" resolved? How is the Ukrainian working class discontent and that of the peasants being met? The Malenkov regime has promised concessions. Petrovski's rehabilitation is undoubtedly one such "concession." But the favorite method in the past has been — the purge. Have purges been dispensed with, or, on the contrary, are Ukrainian local "executives" again being made scapegoats for the consequences of the Kremlin's own policies and method of administration?

In our judgment Petrovski's rehabilitation could readily serve as a cover for such a purge. It is the rehabilitation not of a former oppositionist, but simply of a case-hardened dignitary who overstepped his place and prerogatives. This is the same pattern as in the rehabilitation of the Kremlin physicians which was accompanied by a purge of the former Ministry of State Security. Beria's "rehabilitation" in Georgia was likewise accompanied by a large-scale overhauling of the party and government apparatus there. In addition it is reported that purges have been taking place in many of the national Soviet Republics, as well as in the various provinces and districts.

The Ukraine, in our opinion, has either been or is about to be added to this growing list.

RARE PAMPHLET by Leon Trotsky THE KIROV ASSASSINATION \$1.50 incl. postage 32 pages PIONEER PUBLISHERS 116 University Pl., N. Y. C.

ANTI-IMPERIALIST PUBLIC OPINION PLAYS BIG ROLE IN EGYPT

By Charles Hanley

The Naguib government in Egypt is not rejecting the possibility of entering into a military alliance with the political representatives of American Big Business as part of the preparations for World War III. But it has to take into account the hopes it aroused among the people when it came into power after chasing away King Farouk. General Naguib's popularity is based on two main promises: (1) measures of reform, (2) liberation of the Suez Canal Zone and the Sudan.

Egypt's capitalist class knows that the only way to prevent complete loss of its prestige and the disintegration of state power, which Farouk's corrupt regime had done much to prepare, are concessions to the masses, especially the peasants whom Naguib would like to play against the workers.

Public opinion has developed into an important factor in Egypt's political life. The masses of the Nile valley are finally awake after their centuries-long slumber. The government cannot afford to ignore their aspirations. Naguib realizes that he will not be able to sign a pact with the U.S. unless he proves to the people his anti-imperialist zeal by ending British occupation of the Suez Canal Zone. Consequently a new campaign to drive out the British has started. During the past two months repeated attacks on British soldiers have been reported.

FEARS OF DULLES Secretary of State John Foster Dulles does not support Egypt in this move. He knows that a new anti-British upsurge in Egypt is bound to set in motion forces that can pass beyond control and become a mortal danger to imperialist interests in Egypt and even any form of native bourgeois rule.

He therefore opposes Naguib's tactics. On his visit to Cairo he advocated an understanding with Britain. The State Department's line appears to envisage joint British-American-Egyptian con-

rol of the Suez Canal Zone without previous departure of the British, and some concessions to Egyptian nationalism. Britain is making an effort to keep the Suez-Port Said position by a diplomatic offensive coupled with military preparations. The Foreign Office sent Robert Hankey, a diplomatic troubleshooter and Middle-East specialist, to Cairo to replace Ambassador Sir Ralph Stevenson who is returning to Britain on sick leave. Prime Minister Churchill requested German Chancellor Adenauer, during his recent London visit, to ask German military advisers (headed by Gen. Fahrnbacher) and armament technicians (headed by Dr. Wilhelm Voss) to immediately return from Egypt. Adenauer declared that German laws did not empower him to do this but promised to use diplomatic channels to discourage Naguib's German staff of advisers and Army instructors from actively helping Egypt to fight the British at a time when a new German Army is being built in alliance with Britain and the U.S.

The British government considers the present Egyptian situation serious enough to advise British families to leave that country if they have no pressing business there. And it remains to be seen whether Dulles' warnings influence Naguib's course.

Under the Group Areas Act passed by Malan's dictatorial government, at least 100,000 persons will be forced to move in Johannesburg alone. Most of them are Africans. If Malan succeeds, all South Africa's cities will be divided into three racial zones, one for Africans, one for Asians and another for whites.

World Events

By Charles Hanley

THE PURGE is continuing among East German Stalinists. Hans Lauter, member of the Central Committee, was accused May 20 of conspiring with Franz Dahlem, one of the most influential figures of the party, who was reported under arrest two weeks ago as an accomplice of Rudolf Slansky, Czechoslovakian purge victim.

RICHARD SLANSKY, brother of the executed Rudolf Slansky, was given a life sentence May 26 for alleged espionage, according to the Prague radio. Eduard Goldstuecker, former Minister to Israel, also received a life sentence. Dr. Paul Kavan, former member of the Czechoslovak legation in London, and Karel Dufek, former Czechoslovak Ambassador to Turkey, each received sentences of 25 years. Goldstuecker was referred to in last year's trial of Rudolf Slansky as a "Jewish bourgeois nationalist." Dufek was pictured as a "Trotskyist who became a Czechoslovak envoy in Turkey." All four were reported to have "confessed."

NICHOLAS ZACHARIADES, Secretary General of the Greek Communist Party, is said to have been purged from his post on orders from the Kremlin. A May 21 dispatch from Athens to the N. Y. Times says he was "too much identified with Stalin" and the "new Moscow regime wished a new Communist set-up in Greece." His successor is reported to be one of his lieutenants, Petros Rousos.

LI LI-SAN, Minister of Labor in the Mao government, has been "quietly dropped" from the Presidium of the All-China Federation of Trade Unions, according to the May 22 Christian Science Monitor. He may still hold his portfolio but "appears to have fallen from favor." An old leader of the Chinese Communist Party, he was expelled after a clash with Mao and went to Russia in 1930. He returned in 1945 and was generally considered to be Moscow's representative in the leadership of the Chinese CP. Other prominent figures who have not been seen in public recently are Kang Shen, Chen Yu, Chag Yu-yi and Chen Shao-yu (also known as Wang Ming). Chen Shao-yu was a member of the Presidium of the Comintern in Moscow from 1932 to 1937.

SOVIET STORES have made another concession in prices. Out-moded goods remaining on the shelves will be sold during the next week at an average mark-down of 25%. The Ministry of Internal and Foreign Trade announced May 22.

THE GREEK SECTION of the Fourth International, world party of socialist revolution founded by Leon Trotsky, has doubled its membership since its last convention two years ago. According to Quatrieme Internationale, 63% of the members are workers, 25% intellectuals and 12% poor artisans. In the recent dock strikes at Piraeus, Trotskyist militants played a leading role. They were also in the leadership of strikes of shoe workers and telephone employees. In a Macedonian town, a Trotskyist was elected City Councilor by 7,000 votes.

MRS. ELEANOR ROOSEVELT was the target May 25 of Japanese women in Tokyo demonstrating against war. They shouted, "Go home! We women who have gone through a war don't want another war!"

MALAN'S VICTORY was due to South Africa's reactionary electoral law, for the opposition obtained about 125,000 more votes than Malan's racist-minded Nationalists, reports the New York weekly Aufbau of May 15. 39 MAU-MAUS were hanged in Kenya, a government spokesman said May 22. Almost 400 others face the death penalty for alleged terrorist activities. HALF of the world's population is illiterate, according to a UNESCO report published in London. In Uganda 70% can neither read nor write; in Mozambique 99%. In Mozambique there is only one teacher to every 115 children; in Spanish Guinea, one to 85; in French Equatorial Africa, one to 73; in the Dominican Republic, one to 86; in Yugoslavia, one to 59. Great Britain is the biggest producer of books, followed by the U.S. and France. Britain also has the biggest circulation of periodicals — 600 for every 1,000 inhabitants while in the U.S. the figure is 356 for every 1,000 and in Afghanistan, one for every 1,000. As for radio receivers, Africa has only 1% of the world's sets, Asia 6%, the Soviet Union 7%, Europe 27%, the U.S. 62%.

Recommended Reading

By Fred Hart

Civil Rights in the United States in 1952, the fifth annual report published jointly by the American Jewish Congress and the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People...

Although it leaves much unsaid, it draws attention to some important facts in the foreword signed by NAACP executive secretary Walter White and A.J.C. executive director David W. Petegorsky...

Noting that Negro voting has increased considerably in the South and Jim-Crow segregation has been reduced in the armed forces, White and Petegorsky continue: "There have been important areas of our national life, however, that have remained untouched and that are still disfigured by the blight of segregation and inequality..."

TV and Comic Books?

By Joyce Cowley

During the first six months of 1952 more serious crimes were committed by boys and girls 18 years old than by persons of any other age bracket!

I found this startling information in a new pamphlet issued by the Children Bureau, Some Facts on Juvenile Delinquency. 1,000,000 boys and girls under eighteen years of age are arrested every year...

When it comes to analyzing the cause of this extraordinary increase in juvenile crime, the explanation of the experts sounds strangely inadequate. Dr. Frederic Wertham, psychiatrist and leading consultant on crimes of violence, was called in on a recent murder case...

I don't have a particularly high opinion of television or comic books — either as entertainment or education — but it does seem extreme to condemn them as the cause of juvenile crime.

patterns in housing have hardly been touched. Many discriminatory practices in employment, education and other areas have been abolished. There have been enough changes to show what can be done...

"Progress was seriously thwarted, and in many cases prevented, by die-hard racists, hypocritical politicians and others who have used archaic legislative rules, discredited judicial precedents and similar weapons with great skill and effectiveness..."

"Above all, the continued abuse of the powers of Congressional investigation and the excesses committed in the name of security and loyalty have had a pervasive and intimidating effect. To a considerable degree, these abuses have succeeded in identifying dissatisfaction with the status quo..."

Our enemies are using more subtle methods to prevent equality; the basic patterns of living are unchanged; the gains have not been substantial; violence still threatens those who demand their rights; and the witch hunt has been used to discourage people from joining the fight for progress...

Eight N.Y. Police Face Trial for Brutalities

By David Stevens

With a million dollars in civil suits filed against them, eight New York policemen will stand departmental trials this week on charges of brutality. This is the first time that such action has been taken in New York before civil suits against police have been settled.

Praised by the press as "a sudden change in department policy" and hailed by Police Commissioner Monaghan as a step "for the protection of the public," these trials are a concession forced by widespread and growing protest and exposure.

For years the wanton beatings and killings of innocent workers and poor people, especially among the Negro and Puerto Rican people, by members of "New York's finest" has been taken for granted by Police Department and city officials...

In the past three years, no less than ten people have been murdered by trigger-happy cops in New York City. The Legal Aid Society reported that of the 3,800 defendants it represented in Felony court last year over 2,700 showed signs of physical injuries ranging from scratches to broken jaws.

Bruce Smith, Acting Director of Public Administration, declared that his staff had numerous cases of unprovoked police assaults on citizens. 51 cases alone involved firearm assaults by intoxicated police...

COLLUSION SCANDAL This terror against helpless victims came to the sharp attention of the public two months ago when a sordid deal was exposed involving collusion between the U.S. Department of Justice and top local police brass...

Thousands of outraged Harlem residents in mass meetings demanded a complete overhauling and clean-up of the Police Department including the ouster of Police Commissioner Monaghan.

TARNISHED REPUTATION The unprecedented move placing eight police on trial can be understood only against this background. The New York Police Department makes this current gesture only because it feels in need of polishing up its tarnished reputation as a protector of the people...

In addition, 19,000 cops are to be given a quickie course "to learn to get along better with people, especially members of minority groups."

When You Get Old with Your Pockets Empty

A 78-year-old man who said he was ill of cancer and broke was jailed in Memphis on May 25 for the holdup of a liquor store and attempted robbery of a grocery at gun-point.

Police said the toothless, gray-haired Mobley admitted a \$140 liquor-store holdup.

If there were an adequate national health insurance program and a comprehensive old-age pension system with full coverage for all in need, we would not have such tragedies of the aged in this richest country on earth.

Witch Hunters Push Rosenbergs Toward Death

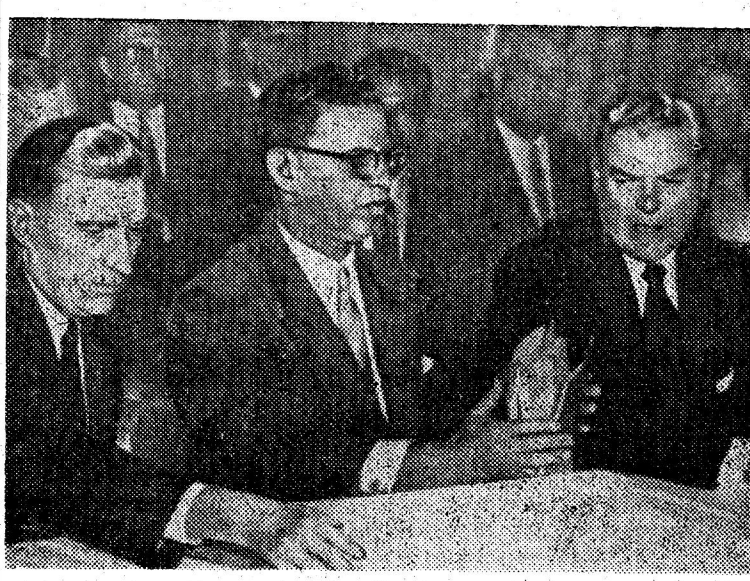
(Continued from page 1) of the American trade-union movement. The cowardly silence of the labor officials is all the more reprehensible because it is precisely the trade unions that are the target of the mounting hunt.

At the same time it is the labor movement that can strike the most powerful blow at the witch hunt by coming out with a vigorous policy of protest and struggle against the judicial murder of the Rosenbergs.

It is not too late to save the Rosenbergs — everything must be done to stop the hand of the electrocutioner.

The life expectancy of a Navajo Indian child is only 17 years as compared with 64 years for a white child, Roger Davis, Navajo official, stated at the recent convention of the National Tuberculosis Association.

Steel Wage Talks Open



Leaders of the CIO United Steelworkers in Pittsburgh to open talks with the U.S. Steel Corporation for wage increases under the contract reopener.

PEOPLE KEPT IN DARK BY SECRET DIPLOMACY

(Continued from page 1) Panmunjom," claims there is ample justification for all these precautions, among them, "to prevent public controversy" and if the discussions break down to make "abundantly clear that the division is on a genuine question of principle."

Henry S. Hayward, the chief Far Eastern correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor, explains that "the reasoning behind the secret sessions is that the UN will state its position in the conference room bluntly and honestly to the enemy, but will not attempt to elaborate or explain its position outside."

Do these terms include political conditions that would make any truce short-lived, a mere breathing-spell in preparation for a bigger Asian war? We have not been told.

TROOPS TO STAY

What we do know is that even if a truce is effected, it will not mean peace, but only an interlude in military operations. Eisenhower said weeks ago that no matter what the outcome of the cease-fire parleys, the American troops will be kept in Korea for "quite a while."

Humanity's fate is being sealed behind locked doors. We must break them down. We must demand an end to all secret diplomacy.

N.Y. Dockers Need a Union Hiring Hall

By R. Bell

The New York waterfront has been a stinking cesspool for many years. Corruption, racketeering and crime have flourished under a system in which a gangster-ridden union officials and crooked politicians combined with shipowners and stevedoring companies to maintain "peace" on the waterfront.

These conditions were a matter of public record. Throughout the years, social workers and reformers had published numerous reports and studies deploring the victimization, at the hands of a host of racketeers and parasites, of the New York dock workers.

Most of the dock workers are forced to go through this humiliating experience over and over again. They are at the mercy of the hiring boss. This abominable system gives rise to favoritism and petty racketeering at the expense of the majority of the men.

"CRUSADE" OPENED As a result of these developments the hue and cry against crime on the waterfront took on the character of a crusade. Government agencies, state and federal, held open hearings exposing more extensively and thoroughly what had been exposed so many times before.

arm men and racketeers, many of whom became union officials and carved out their own little waterfront empires.

EMPLOYERS FAVORED IT

So long as the system was able to maintain "discipline" and prevent strikes the employers were glad to pay a certain price in the form of bribes, "gifts" and other concessions to Ryan and his henchmen.

At the same time, a number of the gangster elements began to manifest signs of independence to the point of challenging the power and authority of Ryan. As recent investigations disclosed, some of these elements had been extorting large sums from the employers for "services" rendered in connection with actual or threatened labor disputes.

As a result of these developments the hue and cry against crime on the waterfront took on the character of a crusade. Government agencies, state and federal, held open hearings exposing more extensively and thoroughly what had been exposed so many times before.

As a result of these developments the hue and cry against crime on the waterfront took on the character of a crusade.

was set forth. The vote was rigged. Several newspaper reporters seeking to test the authenticity of the referendum announced they had voted without being challenged. The result was a foregone conclusion.

As the deadline approached for Ryan's reply to the AFL executive council, the ILA top committee made another switch and again instructed its New York Locals to abolish the shape up, while ignoring the other parts of the AFL order.

The AFL ordered Ryan and Company to: (1) abolish the shape up; (2) assist all union officials who had taken gifts or bribes from the employers, or who had appointed ex-convicts to union positions; (3) oust all union representatives with criminal records; (4) establish democratic practices within the ILA so that "true and capable" leaders could be elected.

In the meantime, while the ILA and AFL are jockeying back and forth, N. Y. Republican governor Dewey's crime commission published its recommendations for the "solution" of the waterfront scandal.

The real solution to their problem lies in the road taken by the longshoremen of the Pacific Coast in 1934, who ran Ryan off the coast, fought the shipowners and the government to a standstill and established their own union hiring halls under a rotary system of hiring which guarantees every union member a square deal in the equal distribution of jobs.

A NEW Important Pamphlet Egypt "A People Rising" By Abu Hashim 42 pages 25 cents Pioneer Publishers 116 University Place New York 3, N.Y.

Notes from the News

SALUTES MASTERS. At a luncheon of the United Negro College Fund given in honor of the Rockefeller family for its charitable interest in Negro education, Gen. Eisenhower declared: "I join with you in bringing my own deep sense of obligation to the Rockefeller family — a family that has seen this type of need and has done something within the terms of private enterprise, private initiative and co-operative spontaneous co-operation and did not wait on some kind of law to get done a thing they saw needed to be done."

A DEPRESSION is being courted by the Eisenhower administration, says Alex Rose, President of the AFL Hatters Union. Addressing the AFL Ladies Garment Workers Convention May 21, Rose charged: "We are faced with the threat of government-planned deflation — playing with human welfare to create a depression in the face of the greatest productivity the world has ever known — to create a cheap labor market and beat back the unions."

THE WORLD'S RICHEST UNION is the AFL International Ladies Garment Workers. Officials of the union reported May 24 that its assets in general and welfare funds now stand at \$166,100,140, an increase of some \$56,000,000 since the last convention three years ago. This powerful organization by-passed proposals of delegates at its convention to organize a Labor Party and even rejected a proposal to establish a daily labor newspaper.

LABOR'S LEAGUE for Political Education. Among the recipients of the union's slush fund was the Social-Democratic weekly New Leader which was given \$40,000. David Dubinsky, union president, reported that the organization lost about \$10,000,000 because of the decrease in value of government bonds in which its funds are invested.

VIOLENCE in the seven-week-old strike of the CIO Electrical Workers at Syracuse, N. Y., was incited by General Electric Corporation May 25 when company officials called on white-collar workers to crash through picket lines and return to work. The scabs in closed cars rammed into pickets parading before the gates, injuring at least four.

MERGER of the CIO Retail, Wholesale & Department Store Union and the unaffiliated Distributive, Processing & Office Workers (DPO) has been approved by Walter Reuther, President of the CIO. At its May 8 meeting the DPO National Executive Board, formerly Stalinist-dominated, repudiated the Communist Party. Reuther noted that "a major change in the union's structure and ideology has been developing" for the past two years and that, no longer supporting the Communist Party line, it is sufficiently purged to enter the CIO.

A QUAKER CLERIC, 63-year-old Stuart Denton Morris, former honorary canon of Birmingham Cathedral, who arrived in the U.S. May 15 for an eight-week nationwide speaking tour, was detained by immigration authorities on Ellis Island. The reasons were not disclosed. But the clergyman is General Secretary of Great Britain's Peace Pledge Union and his visit was sponsored by the War Resisters League all of which associates him so much with the desire for peace that he is naturally suspect as a "subversive" in the eyes of the war-mongering Eisenhower administration.