

CONGRESS OF YOUNG COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL REPORTS WORLD MEMBERSHIP OF OVER A MILLION

(Special to The Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, July 18.—(By Mail.)—Declaring to the Fourth Congress of the Young Communist International that the world movement of the Communist youth now numbered more than 1,000,000 members, Richard Schueller, secretary of the international, gave his report on the activities of the executive committee, following a report by Comrade Manuiski on the world economic situation and the significance of the recently adjourned fifth congress of the Communist International.

The right wing has no basis for existence in the Young Communist International, reported Schueller. At all times, the youth organization has taken a position in line with that of the Comintern in the Russian party discussions, after the defeats in Bulgaria and Germany, following the advent of a British labor government and in the dissensions within the Scandinavian movement.

Shop Nuclei Justified.

The decisions of the Third World Congress on the reorganization of the leagues on the basis of shop nuclei has been more than justified. The work in the Ruhr, during the occupation by the French troops, was also of great value to the movement. The first steps towards a mass organization have already been taken and the tasks of the Congress are to find ways and means to realize fully the aim of a mass movement.

In the discussion which followed on both reports the delegates voiced practically unanimous approval. The American delegates requested that more attention be paid to the Anglo-Saxon countries. Lothar (Germany) pointed out the necessity of working more intensely for a mass organization, since of the million members reported by Schueller, eighty per cent belonged to the Soviet union. Doriot (France) spoke on the sharpening of the world situation and the danger of war. Other delegates reported on conditions and activities of their leagues.

Greater Solidarity.

Scheller closed the discussion for the executive, indicating that the smaller leagues had not been neglected, but that, on the contrary, greater international harmony of action had been achieved. Gyptner, author of the famous pamphlet on the reorganization of the movement on the basis of shop nuclei, "From Isolation to the Masses," reported on the growth of the reorganization work, the greatest gains being those of the French, German and Checko-Slovakian leagues. "The slogan for the approaching period is: 'Development of mass organization thru the reorganizations of the leagues,'" said Gyptner.

FINLAND ENDS DISPUTE WITH SOVIET RUSSIA

Arose Over Murder of Soviet Officials

(Rosta News)

MOSCOW, Aug. 7.—The final settlement is officially announced of the Russo-Finnish conflict over the murder in September, 1923, by bandits coming over the border from Finland, of Lavroff and Lejneff, members of the Soviet Frontier Commission.

The Soviet Government had demanded, in a Note sent last October, that the Finnish Government should take energetic measures for finding the murders meting punishment on them. The negotiations on this subject were carried on till May of this year, when it was at last ascertained that the murder was a Karelian refugee Lipkin, the Soviet Government then pointed out to the Finnish Government that the murderer must be arrested and handed over to the judicial authorities of the U. S. S. R.

The Finnish Government has now notified the Soviet Government of its acceptance of both these conditions, as well as the adoption of measures with a view to establishing sounder mutual relations at the frontier.

Accordingly, the People's Commissariat of Foreign Affairs has again submitted for ratification to the Central Executive Committee the Russo-Finnish agreement on the navigation of Finnish vessels on the Niva, as, in November, 1923, the Central Executive Committee had declined to ratify this agreement pending satisfaction of the Soviet Government's demands in reference to the murder.

Chinese-Russian Control of Eastern To Aid Vladivostok

MOSCOW, (By mail).—Mr. Nikol'sky, commissioner of the People's Commissariat of Ways of Communication for the Far East, stated, on his arrival here that an increasing number of prominent White Guards, who had been at the head of the Chinese East-