The working class-may they always be right, but the working class

# AMERICAN

With the American Labor Union Journal the interests of the toilers are the first consideration.

preachers is shoving lumber to build

a house in Missouri; the other to get

a grub-stake for the road. Regarding

their own period of slavery as short,

they have no sympathy with those

who are condemned to life servitude;

they lack capacity for putting them-

selves in another's place. The preach-

er folks declare that the mills be-

long to God; that if their wages are

low it is because God ordained it

should be so, and the six men take

their word for it. A Scotchman's

keenness for theological debate is

proverbial. It was exemplified in

this instance by the Bible being

brought out and examined from Gen-

esis to Revelations, in support of the

claim that there was nothing in the

Holy Word in opposition to the teach-

ings of unionism, and nowhere in it

was there warrant or justification for

scabbing, but all to no purpose. The

blessed eight are working for God-

according to their notion; the hun-

gry lumber merchant is merely the

agent. God is the paymaster, of

course, but it is noticed that the

sanctimonious bunch seem to prefer

U. S. banknotes to warrants on the

Celestial treasury, The Springston

people by dint of infinite effort suc-

ceeded in getting out a car of lum-

ber and having it loaded. Some ur-

regenerate son of Baloil, ignorant of

the emnipresent ownership, turned a

couple of 27-foot planks on edge on

either side of the car and marked

thereon, with paint so flery red that

it made the eyes bat at a distance

of a mile and an eighth, the words:

"Scab lumber from Springston." The

unfeeling car, oblivious of the pre-

cious character of its freight, as cer-

tified by the scab preachers, was so

heartless as to get out of order. As a

consequence it has been shunted off

on almost every side track between

Harrison and Spokane. Its signs

have done duty as an example of the

battle of Manila Bay by day and the

Aurora Borealis by night. The

Springston folks are doing wide ad-

vertising through this, but it is poor

business, for the costs are eating up

the profits.

# LABOR UNION JOURNAL

**OUR MONSTER EDITION** 

VOL. I.

FIFTY CENTS PER YEAR

BUTTE, MONTANA, THURSDAY, AUGUST 27, 1903.

FIFTY CENTS PER YEAR

No. 47

## OWERS TO PEABODY

Judge Scores Governor--Says He Restored Order in Clear Creek District in Two Days, While Executive Was Vacillating--Citizens' League Accused of Upholding Violence.

Judge Frank W. Owers of the district court, who presided at the preliminary hearing of the Idaho Springs citizens accused of expelling members of the Miners' union of that city from the district, issues the following open letter:

"To his Excellency, Hon. James H. Peabody, Governor of Colorado:

"Dear Sir-In the News of Saturday, the 15th inst., you are reported as having in an interview on the labor troubles at Cripple Creek, spoken as follows:

'I anticipate no trouble, however, neither here nor at Cripple Creek. The miners are beginning to understand that they can not violate the law. They can not assassinate men, neither can they destroy property. Not even if they do have the protection of District Judge Owers. For that reason I do not think we will have to order the militia out any place. But they must all understand that order must be preserved if they do not want the state to take a

"When I casually read the interview I dismissed it from my mind as an error, on the theory that no man occupying the position of governor of this state could be so lacking in all sense of deceney and justice as to make such a statement about a member of the judiciary. It occurred to me that you, as a gentleman, would naturally seize the first opportunity to correct the error in the evening papers and thus attempt to acquire some portion of the public esteem.

"This you have not done, and I now realize that you are not entitled to the benefit of the doubt and that even had you done so, your effort would have been futile, as the mafter could then have resolved itself into a question of veracity between yourself and a reporter.

"In your interview you give the miners credit for 'beginning to understand that they can not violate the law.' Do you fix the intelligence of the Idaho Springs rioters at so low a stendard that you were unable to state that, THEY, too, are beginning to understand, and if so, when will you inform THEM in the words used to the miners that THEY also must all understand that 'order must be preserved, if they do not want the state to take a hand?"

"In the interview you directly charge the miners of the state, as a body, with violations of the law, assassination and destruction of prope, as a district judge, with protecting them in the commission of each and all of these crimes.

"The law presumes all innocent until proven guilty.

"I have not been, and I have not heard that any miner has yet been even tried, let alone convicted, of any crime connected with recent labor troubles in this state. I have not heard that any miners, either as in dividuals or as a union or otherwise, have openly boasted of the commission of any crime or misdemeanor or openly avowed responsibility for and approval of the same in any manner, let alone by adopting and publishing resolutions approving thereof, and offering to aid and abet the same.

"On the other hand, it is a matter of common knowledge that in Denver; Idaho Springs and elsewhere throughout the state an organization exists known by some such name as 'The Citizens' League,' or 'Union,' which has openly assumed the responsibility and boasted of its pride in the recent mob violence and outrage at Idaho Springs, and concerning which you have not so far raised your voice in condemnation or pro-

"I regret that, lacking the advantages of blood, breeding and education which are yours in so eminent a degree, I am not gifted with that delicate sense of discrimination which enables you to distinguish so nicely between a mob led by a banker and a dance hall proprietor, and one led by a miner, and which makes it possible for you to regard an actual trespass upon human rights with equanimity, while you look upon even a threatened invasion of property rights as, by comparison, an unpardonable sin.

"When the expelled men from Idaho Springs appealed to you to be restored to their homes you were prompt with a denial of help, based on a technical interpretation of your duty. You advised them with many platitudes to appeal to the courts for redress. They asked for bread; you gave them a stone, yet they followed your advice, and when the court appealed to restore them to their homes and families, doing in two days what you dared not attempt in two weeks. you hasten with characteristic vacillation to serve your masters by expressing your chagrin and disapproval of the action of the court by publicly insulting the judge who pre sided and who had the courage to perform the duty you recognized, but shirked.

"I fear that had fate been so unkind to Colorado as to have made me to disregard the frantic appeals of

(Continued on Page Four)

The Special Monster Edition of the Journal will contain articles from the pens of some of the foremost workers in the couse of New Trades Unionism. Among those who have been asked to contribute

Eugene V. Debs,
Max S. Hays,
Edward Boyce,
Wm. D. Haywood,
D. C. Coates,
H. L. Hughes,
John O'Neill.

There will also appear the preamble and proposed constitution of the American Labor Union and a complete directory of local and af-fillated bodies, and also cuts of the lew officers and others who are helping to push the car of progress forward. Send in your orders early and avoid the rush. Twelve pages of the best kind of material for organization and propaganda work Next issue.

## MILLS REPLIES TO N. B. T. RESO-**LUTION---SAYS IT IS A SLANDER**

gust 1st at 1548 California street, Denver, and gave full answer to the accusations that had been made against him of acting in bad faith and abusing the hospitality of the National Building Trades convention. He branded the charge as false and malicious, and otherwise paid his respects to them for the action resolved against him. "I deny most emphatically that I

violated the rules of hospitality," said he. "Not a word was said to me by the convention committee that invited me to speak as to what I should or should not say. I was invited to make my own, and not some one else's speech, and the men who invited me knew the kind of speech I would make.

"I characterize as wilfully, wickedly and viciously false the statement that I grossly abused and insulted the

Walter Thomas Mills spoke on Au- ! hospitality of the organization whose guest I was.'

Mr. Mills said that on the evening tt question he followed a speaker who was nauseatingly fulsome in his preise of W. R. Hearst. And evidently those in charge expected that be would follow and by his silence give tacit endorsement to this address. On the contrary, he said, he had not heard that any dispatches had been sent out saying that Mills, the Socialist, had indorsed Hearst. "Here and now," said the speaker,

"I challenge the Building Trades Council and the whole Hearst contingent to meet me on the platform of Coliseum hall, to be furnished at my expense, on any night they may name, and discuss the proposition whether W. R. Hearst and his policy represent or does not represent the true interests of the workingmen of

## AID THE LOCKED-OUT GIRLS OF THE NEVINS CANDY COMPANY

The lockout of members of the Denver Confectioners' union by the Nevins Candy company is still in force and has been since April 9. This company shut its employes out for no other reason than membership in a union. There is no secret about this. It was admitted by Nevins himself at the time his action was taken. There is boycott on the goods of this firm. It has been endorsed by the Denver Trades assembly and the A. L. U. Local unions everywhere should take this matter up, appoint committees to see these goods. The locked-out girls are | cerns us all.

dependent on their own efforts for upport. No assessment has yet been ordered for their support. One should not be required. Every union that can afford it should send what it can to help them out in this struggle. We are generous to eastern strikers who come before us for aid. We should be equally so toward our own people. Contributions should be sent to Lydia Jones, Box 259, Denver, Colo. Remember, no demand was made for any change in hours or wages. It is a straight out fight against unionism, and therefore one that vitally con-

# SCABS AT

Paso mine at Crippie Creek on the drainage tunnel under the direction of the Mine Owners' association. The property is surrounded with armed guards and no one is allowed to pass. All over Beacon hill Winchesters glisten in the sun and on a high rocky point a look-out is stationed, and with binoculars they sweep the surrounding country, commanding every approach to the mine. Approach without discovery is impos-

The armed force is largely increased at night. Some of the guards have been appointed deputy sheriffs, but many of them are not, Sheriff Robertson refusing to make as many appointments as the mine magnates

The Denver Post of recent date

"Last night the El Paso mine was apparently as dead as any other mine in the district. None but those on the inside of the mine owners' plans were aware of what would occur before daylight. Shortly after midnight things began to move.

Men swarmed into the grounds like an army, reaching a camping place.

A string of wagons followed loaded with supplies. Cots, blankets, folding chairs, tables, groceries, meats and everything needed to quarter and feed a big force of men, were taken in.

Marriage a Ldxury.
Secretary Walpole of the Austra-lian Employers' Federation stated at Lilydale, when speaking there against the Australian factories act, that marriage was a luxury for the workers, as were also theaters, etc.

Work has been resumed on the El 1 A kitchen and dining room were As the first streaks of dawn showed over Beacon hill everything needed had been brought in and at 8 o'clock breakfast was served.

The men, numbering more than 160, it is claimed, were put to work on the two gel and in the El Paso mine.

bey will eat and sleep at the mines, and as they will not be obliged to go on side the guard lines, they cannot be interferred with by the strikers. The El Paso is now an armed garri-

on, prepared for a slege. The great tanks are full of water, having an amount sufficient for steam and do-mestic purposes to last thirty days, even if the supply should be cut off. It is fully provisioned and supplied

with arms and ammunition.

I has the men to work under ground and the men to fight for their pre soon, if necessary.

A pt likely that an attempt will

e na. . to reopen any other properties in the El Paso conflict is de-te cains aleas it be the C. K. & N., with a less the El Paso, and one set of gua could cover both proper-ties. The K & N. shaft house is on a short distance down the hill n the buildings at the El Paso. Denver today n Denver today, and it. over today, and it is understood and attempt to reopen within's day or

and that it was not fair to compel employers to pay for such things. There you have it, workingmen. You are no better thought of than mules, even in Australia, that much-landed country of compulsory arbi-tration.—U. B. of R. E. Journal.

## TIED UP NICELY

The Mills at Harrison Which Refuse to Pay the Scale Almost at a Standstill--Big Plants Have Yielded to Demands and God Is Blamed Again.

Dan McDonald returned to head- | 6 men and two preachers. One of the quarters on Saturday from Harrison, Idaho, where he has been conducting the lumber strike. He is well pleased with conditions there and predicts the complete victory of the union.

The Springston, the St. Joe and the Russell are the only ones who are out at present. Grant's and Grays, after declaring they would allow the mills to rot, decided it was more profitable to make lumber. The president had a merry time in his character of mediator. A studied avoidance of him was the policy at first. His approach to any of the offices of the companies was a signal for a backdoor stunt on the part of responsible heads. Those whom he came upon in the yards suddenly discovered an engagement at the end of a boom of slippery logs about 14 blocks out in the river. Fortunately one does not need to be an expert to walk a boom, and an occasional interview was had in the river. Finding the men determined on the increase one of the companies wrote a letter to each employe, granting him the scale as an individual and instructing him to report for work on date fixed under penalty of discharge. This brilliant idea failed to accomplish, and making as much of a virtue as possible out of necessity the mills came to time. One of the Grant firm found relief for overcharged feelings by telling McDonald that while the latter came of a very good clan, still matters would have been much simplified and the white winged dove of peace would have retained more of its feathers if the companies had thrown him in the lake when he first came to town, as his "meddling" had caused the men to hold out. When a member of the Grant clan uses such language to a member of the clan of the illustrious Flora it is shocking to think on what they would have said had McDonald been an Irishman, for instance.

The Springston mill is the only one which has been able to retain any of its men. Their force ordinarily numbers 36; now it consists of 8 men, or, to speak more properly, of

HIS LIFE IN DANGER.

NEW GRAND CHIEF

#### Thos. A. Edison May Die from the Effects of His Experiments With X-Rays Six Years Ago.

Orange, N. J., Aug. 18.-Thomas Edison may die from injuries received whilst experimenting with Xrays six years ago at his laboratory in Orange. Lumps formed in his stomach may develop into tumors, as his physicians can not remove them.

W. E. Stone of Eldon, Ia., division No. 181, has been elected to fill the unexpired term of the late Chief Ar-thur as grand chief engineer of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers. Aftert he election the executive com-mittee of the Brotherhood said that no fear need be felt of any radical hood, for the new grand chief would carry out the conservative principles advocated by the late Chief Arthur.

# UNIONS HIT HARD

President Instructs Heads of Departments That His Ruling in Miller Case Applies to All Branches of Public Service--Letter Carriers May Fight.

Immediately after the Miller case had developed in the government printing office and had been settled by the president reinstating Miller, who had been discharged because of expulsion from his union, Mr. Roosevelt directed Secretary Cortelyou to begin an investigation into labor conditions in other departments of the government. A conference was held which was attended by Secretaries Root, Moody, Cortelyou and Postmaster General Payne. Other cabinet officers were advised of the plan of inquiry and co-operated more or less in the work, each in his department.

The results of these inquiries have been coming in from all over the country. It has been ascertained that in many cases only union men were employed, subordinate officials laboring under the belief that this was the policy of the government.

President Roosevelt has given strict orders that there should be no discrimination between union and nonunion men in navy yards, soldiers' homes, river and harbor works, or chewhere in the war or many departments. This order is regarded as of sweeping importance, since labor troubles in yards building government vessels might logically lead to interference by the government to protect non-union workingmen.

The cabinet officials are carrying out the investigation with great circumspection, and the result of their work is withheld from the public wherever possible.

It is said the Letter Carriers' association intends to bring the matter up at its coming convention to determine whether to attempt a fight against the proposition to give non-union men equal rights in the postal service.

Labor leaders of national reputation called on Secretary Cortelyou and pointed out that if the president's order were enforced it would be impossible for union men to work for the government under the constitutions of their organizations.

"Then you would better amend your constitutions," replied Secreta-ry Cortelyou. "You certainly don't want your constitutions to be in con-flict with the laws of the land."

# A STATE ORGANIZATION

California Unions Are Getting Together--Call Issued for Sept. 7th-Clarence Smith Sends Notification to A. L. U. Locals -U. B. of R. E. and W. F. M. to Act in Conjunction.

Butte, Mont., Aug. 17, 1903. To Local Unions of the American La-bor Union and the Western Federation of Miners in the State of

Greeting-Before this time your union has doubtless received a call isned by San Francisco Federal Labor Union No. 347 for a State Convention of all unions chartered by the American Labor Union, the Western Federation of Miners and the United Brotherhood of Railway Employes, to be held in San Francisco September 7th, for the purpose of forming a state organization of all unions connected, either directly or indirectly, with the American Labor Union.

To all close students of the labor roblem, particularly in the west, the for such an organization is parent. Our experience has taught that the unions connected with the serican Federation of Labor, with headquarters in the east, are of ab-solutely no benefit to the general la-bor movement; and that in times of extreme emergencies where substan-

Shaffer's brother is keeping comany with Gomper's son, Sargent, owderly and Clark in helding down

tial and immediate assistance is required, the only union people who can be depended upon are those con-nected, either directly or indirectly, with the American Labor Union, or through national or international charters, such as the Western Federation of Miners and the United Brotherhood of Railway Employes. It is just as necessary for all of

those unions in a state or nation to band themselves together for their own protection as it would be for any number of people to organize compactly for any purpose. sonally, I urge each and every

one of the locals of the American Labor Union and the Western Federa tion of Miners to respond to this call for a state convention by sending a full representation of delegates. Hoping for a successful state meet-ing, and for the organization of a compact and aggressive state union,

I am, Fraternally yours,
CLARENCE SMITH,
Secretary-Treasurer A. L. U.

a government job. Mitchell should send in his application. He, too, has "claims" on the administration.

# Directory of the American Labor Union and Affiliated Bodies

Edward Boyce, Wallace, Idaho.
John Riordan, Box 58, Phoenix, B. C.
Fred W. Walton, Box 265, Wallace Idaho.
F. W. Ott Laramie, Wyoming,
M. E. White, 201 Spruce street, Leadville, Colo.
John W. Dale, Anaconda, Montana.
Rees Davis, Helena, Montana.

#### General Organizations.

UNITED ASSOCIATION OF HOTEL AND RESTAURANT EMPLOYES, Denver, Colo. President, H. B. Waters, 504 Exchange Bld., Denver, Colo.; Secretary-Treasurer, R. E. Croskey, Box 13, Cripple Creek, Colo. pie Creek, Colo.
UNITED BROTHERHGOD OF RAILWAY EMPLOYES, San Francisco, Calif. President, Geo.
Estes, 219 Parrott Bidg.; General Auditor, F. J.
Haiton, 226-227 Parrott Bidg.; General Auditor, Calif.
WENTERIN FEDERATION OF MINERS, Devenyer, Colo. President, Chas. Moyer, 625 Mining Exchange Bidg.; Socretary-Tressurer, Wm. D. Haywood, 625 Mining Exchange Bidg., Denver, Colo.

#### State Organizations.

MONTANA STATE TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL, President, Wm. M. Erler, Butte, Mont.; Secretary, Oscar M. Partelow, 419 N. Main street, Butte, Mont.

Gent. Nic Tally: Secretary, A. E. Anderson, 1345 Broadway, Denver, Colo. CRIPPLE CREEK DISTRICT TRADES AND LABOR ASSEMBLY, Cripple Creek and Victor, Colo. Secretary, R. E. Croskey, Box 15, Cripple Creek, Colo. HELENA TRADES AND LABOR ASSEMBLY, Helena, Mont. President, H. O. Smith: secretary

HELENA TRADES AND LABOR ASSEMBLY, Helsna, Mont. President, H. O. Smith; secretary, W. W. Hillis, Box 482, Helena, Mont.
WESTERN SLOPE DISTRICT TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL, Leadville, Colo. President, C. R. Burr, Box 122; Secretary, H. E. Williamson, 116 W. Third street, Leadville, Colo.
CROW'S NEST VALLEY TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL, Fernie, B. C. Secretary, Thos. B. Gruse, Box 295, Fernie, B. C. Secretary, Thos. B. Gruse, Box 295, Fernie, B. C. Secretary, Thos. B. Gruse, Box 295, Fernie, B. C. Secretary, Thos. B. Gruse, Box 897, Fark City Utah, President, James Byrne, Box 897, Secretary, J. E. Carroll, Box 897, Park City, Utah, District Union No. 19, Greater New York, N. Y. Secretary, Patrick Mulcahy, LT W. Sixtieth street, New York, N. Y.

### LOCAL UNIONS.

Globe Labor Union, No. 298, Globe, Ariz. President, W. T. Hubbell; Recording Secretary, John Mitchell; Financial Secretary, Kenneth Clayton, Box 182.

#### California

California

Sodie Labor Union, No. 29. Bodie, Calif. Meets ery Monday evening 7:39. Miners' hall. President, F. Wood; Recording Secretary, T. R. Conway; nancial Secretary, W. H. Osborne. Sequola Union, No. 274. Tuolumne, Calif. Meets ery Friday evening 7:39. Public hall. President, hn J. Birner; Recording Secretary, Daniel Austr. Financial Secretary, H. S. Levis. Crascent City Federal Labor Union, No. 315, rescent City, Calif. Meets every Saturday eveng 8 o'clock, Workmen's hall. President, J. R. Ordon; Recording and Financial Secretary, J. C. ebster.

Son; Recording and Financial Secretary, Calif. tring Labor Union, No. 34, Corning, Calif. its second Thursday of each month, 8 p. m. sident, P. J. Jordan; Recording Secretary, M. son; Financial Secretary, R. Gale. in Francisco Federal Labor Union, No. 37, Francisco, Calif. Meets second and fourth idays of each month Assembly hall, Room 67 rott Bidg. Fresident, B. A. Meyer; Recording Financial Secretary, S. M. Palmer, 21 Parrott

nta Barbara Federal Labor Union No. 349, a Barbara, Calif. President, H. A. Smith; riding Secretary, E. H. McLaughlin, 821 Bond it; Financial Secretary, Milo Ruiz, thers and Shingiers' Union, No. 82, Santa Bar, Calif. Meets first and third Wednesday even-of each month, Union hall, 8 o'clock. Presi, Mark Harrison, 34 West Yanonali Street; Reing and Financial Secretary, W. C. Lehman, Jarden street.

g and Financial Secretary, W. C. Lenman, irden street. hurg Federal Labor Union, No. 379, Crescent Calif. Meets every second Sunday at New-President, Charles Tryon; Recording Secre-Fred H. Nevens; Financial Secretary, Thos.

th River Labor Union, No. 20, Smith River, Meets second and fourth Saturday evenings the month, 8 o'clock. President, J. B. Mor-Recording Secretary, J. T. & froy; Financial tary, Wm. L. Plaisted on Labor Union, No. 402, Sisson, Calif., Meets On Labor Union, No. 402, Sisson, Calif., Meets Sunday afterneon Odd Fellows' hall, 2:30 & President, Chas. H. Summers; Recording tary, Wm. Ruger, Box 36; Financial Secre-W. E. Bradstreet.

Sunday afternoon Odd Fellows' hall, 2.33 k. President, Chas. H. Summers; Recording tary, Wm. Ruger. Box 36; Financial SecreW. E. Bradstreet. ta Barbara Clerks' Union, No. 306, Santa Barcalif. President, J. J. Ryder. 406 Chapala; Recording Secretary, Chas. H. McCaleb, nta Barbara street; Financial Secretary, Wm. p. 129 East Ortega street. ks and Waiters' Union, No. 408, Tuolumne, Meets every Thursday evening. Secretary, W. Scott, Hox II6. ta Barbara Lemon Packers and Graders's, No. 428, Santa Barbara, Calif. Secretary, Arena, E7 E. Carillo street. ora Federal Union, No. 439, Sonora, Califerevery Thursday evening, Sociock, Washinghall. Fresident, Herbert C. Haslam; Recorderedary, B. W. White; Financial Secretary, Damin.

## Alberta, N. W. T., Canada.

Calgary General Laborers' Union, No. 205, Calgary, Alfa., N. W. T. Meets first and third Tuesday evenings of each month at Co-Operative hall, 8 o'clock. President, James Worsiery: Recording Secretary, A. R. Smart; Pinancial Secretary, John Webster.

Calgary Dressmakers' Union, No. 467, Calgary, Alfa., N. W. T. Secretary, Sadie Stovel.

cording and Financial Secretary, Alphonse Kobloth.

Culinary Employes' Union of West Knotenay, No. 141, Nelson, B. & Meets first and third Thursday evenings of each month at Miners' Union hall. President, Louis Mondue; Recording and Financial Secretary, A. B. Sloan.

Phoenix Federal Labor Union, No. 155, Phoenix B. C. Meets every Thursday evenings at Miners' Union hall, \$ o'clock. President, Narcisse Lemieux, Recording and Financial Secretary, John Riordan, Box 58.

Grand Forks Federal Labor Union, No. 231, Grund Forks, B. C. Meets every Wednesday evening at Federal Union hall, \$ o'clock. President, James A. Harris; Recording Secretary, George Nye: Financial Secretary, John T. Lawrence, Box 31.

Bocky, Mountain Bartenders', Union, No. 26, Rec.

Ner: Financial Secretary, John T. Lawrence, Box Sl.

Hocky Mountain Bartenders' Union, No. 237, Pernie, B. C. Meets every Sunday afternoon, Lumbermen's hall, 3:39 o'clock. President. Wm. Mills; Recording Secretary, C. L. Whalen; Financial Secretary, C. E. Laderoute, Box 329.

Crow's Nest Valley Lumbermen's Union, No. 204, Pernie, B. C. Meets every Saturday evening at Douglas hall, 8 o'clock. President James B. Rogers; Financial Secretary, W. E. Tustian.

Pernie Federal Labor Union, No. 319, Pernie, B. C. Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock President. William Scott; Recording Secretary, W. S. Fairfield, Financial Secretary, Maurice L. Chase.

President, Willam Scott; Recording Secretary, W. S. Fairnied, Financial Secretary, Maurice L. Chase.
Steam Engineers and Electrical Workers' Union, No. 31, Nelson, B. C. Meets accord and fourth Thursday evenings, Miners Union hall, President, A. W. McFee; Recording Secretary, J. A. McLean, Pinancial Secretary, T. A. Weeks.

Moyle Labor Union, No. 35, Moyle, B. C. Meets every Saturday evening I. D. O. F. hall, 8 o'clock President, Robert A. Smith; Recording Secretary, Joseph Savaria; Financial Secretary, P. F. Johnston, M. M. M. Weeks, J. A. McLean, M. M. M. Weeks, J. M. M. M. W. M. M. M. W. M

Mill Workers' Union. No. 372, Vancous Meets first and third Friday evening at \$ o'clock. President, M. S. Williams, 625 Alexander street; Recording Secretary, H. Harper, Cedar Cover, Financial Secretary, Rich Cawker, 25 Sixth avenue, Financial Secretary, Rich Cawker, Rich Cawker,

Recording Secretary, H. Harper, Cedar Cove; Financial Secretary, Rich Cawker, 25 Sixth avenue, East.

Lakeside Union, No. 273, Jaffray, B. C. Meets every Saturday evening at 8 o'clock, President, Frank Vanne, Recording Sacretary, John McIvor; Financial Secretary, N. M. McCrank.

Wardner Labor Union, No. 275, Wardner, B. C. Meets every Saturday, Wardner Labor Union Hall at 8 o'clock, President, Wm. Robertson; Recording and Financial Secretary, J. M. Richardson, Wood Workers' Union, No. 282, New Westminster, B. C. Meets every Wednesday, Armstrong hall at 8 o'clock, President, Levi Graham; Recording Secretary, F. Bucknall; Financial Secretary, F. Hund, Elk Union, No. 285, Elkmouth, B. C. Meets every Saturday evening at 8 o'clock, President, John Johnston, Recording Secretary, Lawrence Carry, Revelstoke, Federal Union, No. 33, Revelstoke, B. C. Fresident, R. S. Wilson; Recording Secretary, Lawrence Carry, R. W. Mitchell.

The Loop Lumbermen's Union, No. 230, Michael, B. C. President, W. H. Shira, Loop, B. C.; Recording Secretary, Jas McElligate, Loop, B. C.; Flennedia Secretary, Robert Blondin, Crows Nest, B. C. Factory Workers' Union, No. 281, Vancouver, R. Factory Workers' Union, No. 281, Vancouver, R.

B. C. Factory Workers Union, No. 591, Vancouver, B. C. Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. President, J. Barclay Williams: Recording Secretary, May Vivian, 515 Kichard street; Financial Secretary, Maggie Leos, 1207 Albert street.

Bartenders Union, No. 338, Vancouver, B. C. President, Eric B. Johnson; Recording and Pinancial Secretary, J. A. Robertson, care Geo, L. Wood, Mint saloon.

Colorado.

Denver Horseshoes' Union, No. 29, Denver, Colo. President, W. R. Weish; Recording Secretary, John F. Weish, 1410 Market street; Financial Secretary, William Flitzell, 1546 Cleveland Place.

Beer Drivers', Stable and Firemens' Union, No. 76, Denver, Colo. Meets first and third Monday, Neff's hall. President, Daniel Franco, 2346 Tenth street; Recording Secretary, Jacob Labonte, 1357 Tenth street; Financial Secretary, William Koch, 1831 Siout stret.

Brewers, Malsters' and Coopers' Union, No. 76, Denver, Colo. Meets first and third Saturday evenings, Gettysburg Blig., at 8 o'clock. President, William Younghaene, 2511 Front View, Crestent, Recording Secretary, Jos. Meelzgen, 2347 Eighth street; Financial Secretary, Julius Wolfe, 224 West Eighteenth avenue,

Telluride Federal Labor Union, No. 184, Telluride, Colo. Meets first and third Monday evenings every month, and second and fourth Sonday evenings every month.

ride, Colo. Meets first and third Monday evenings every month, and second and fourth Sunday evenings every month. President, W. A. Jackson, Box 183; Recording Secretary, A. J. Houck; Financial Secretary, M. J. Sullivan, Box 188.

Silverton Federal Labor Union, No. 112, Silverton, Colo. Meets every Thursday evening, Helmbolt's hall at 750 o'clock. President, Chas Scheer; Recording and Financial Secretary, William Palmquest, Box 849.

Leadville, Colo. Meets every Monday evening (Club Building), H2 East Third street, at 8:30 o'clock. President, Fred Volkert, 216 East Sixth street; Recording Secretary, Clarence L. Simmons, 418 Harrison avenue; Financial Secretary, Charles Dice, 196 East Fourth street.

Firemen and Engineer Helpers' Union, No. 158,

nue; Financial Secretary, no.
its street.
Leadville Bartenders Protective Association, No.
186, Leadville, Colo. Meets second and fourth Sunday evenings, Whitehouse hall, at 8 o'clock, President, F. B. McGrew, 134 West Second street; Recording and Financial Secretary, P. Kleinschmidt,

Alberta, N. W. T., Canada,
Calgary General Laborers' Union, No. 285, Calgary, Alta, N. W. T. Meets first and third Tuesday evenings of each month at Co-Operative hall, so ociock, President, James Worsley; Recording Secretary, Zade Edelen, Elyria, Colo, Meets every Sunday morning, Club Bertary, A. R. Smart; Financial Secretary, John Webster,
Calgary Dressmakers' Union, No. 467, Calgary, Alta, N. W. T. Secretary, Sadie Stovel.

British Columbia.

White Cooks and Waiters' Union, No. 124, Phoenix, B. C. Meets first and third Monday evenings, Old Ironsides hall, President, Daniel Dean; Recording and Financial Secretary, Carl Stoll, Box 427.

Calinary Employes' Union of West Kootenay, No. 141, Nelson, B. C. Meets first and third Thursday evenings of each month at Miners' Union hall, So Clock, President, No. 125, Phoenix Federal Labor Union, No. 125, Phoenix Federal Labor Union, No. 125, Phoenix Federal Labor Union, No. 126, Phoenix Fede

nue.

Carriage and Hackdrivers' Union, No. 206, Denver, Colo. Meets every Thursday evening, Club Bidg., room 26, at 8:20 o'clock, President, Willard F. Bunbury, 339 Anaphoe street; Recording and Financial Secretary, F. M. Peery, 1250 South Tenth

Financial Secretary, F. M. Peery, 1550 South Tenth street.

Denver Mattress and Bedding Makers' Union, No. 208, Denver, Colo. Meets second and fourth Thursday evenings each month, 1739 Champa street, at 8 o clock. Fresident, A. A. Baner; Recording Secretary, Goo. M. Bearman, 1839 Champa street; Financial Secretary, Frank Ludwig, 381 Argo street.

Bartenders' Protective Association, No. 215, Crippia Creek, Colo. Meets first and fourth Monday evenings at Crippie Creek, Colo. and second and third Monday evenings at Victor, Colo. President, P. C. Johnson, Box 125, Victor, Colo. President, P. C. Johnson, Box 125, Victor, Colo. President, P. C. Johnson, Box 125, Victor, Colo. President, One of the Creek, Colo. Meets' Union No. 225, Denver, Colo. President, Adam Patter; Recording and Financial Secretary, Micholas Norrbom, 1841 South Evans street.

treet.

Durango Building Trades' Union, No. 255, Du-nango, Colo. Meets every Monday evening at 7:30 Celock. President. George Weaver: Recording lecretary, Joseph E. Jackson, 137 Thirteenth trade.

Secretary, Joseph E. Jackson, No. 258, Grand Street. Mesa County Musicians Union, No. 258, Grand Junction, Colo. Meeta first Thursday in each month, at City hall, 8 octock p. m. President, Fra Grounds; Recording and Financial Secretary,

month, at City hall, s o'clock p. m. President, Ira Grounds; Recording and Financial Secretary, John Brainard.
Cripple Creek District Laundry Workers' Union. No. 28, Cripple Creek. Colo. Meets first Friday in each month, 140 East Masonic avenue, at 8 o'clock p. m. President, J. H. Lee, 140 Masonic avenue; Recording and Financial Secretary, A. B. Wader, 140 East Masonic avenue; Recording and Financial Secretary, A. Grand Junction Federal Labor Union, No. 287, Grand Junction, Colo. Meets every alternate Wednesday evening at Court house, 8 o'clock. President, C. F. Fuchs; Recording Secretary, Jas. Harris; Financial Secretary, James A. Johnson. Grand Junction Barbers' Protective Association, No. 28, Grand Junction, Colo. Meets third Monday evening in each month, 468 Main street, President, N. Hards; Recording and Financial Secretary, W. M. Sheldon.
Ouray Federal Labor Union, No. 27, Ouray, Colo. Meets eveny Thursday evening, Miners hall, at 8:15 o'clock. President, James Lowery; Recording Secretary, J. E. Cummins; Financial Secretary, R. C. Ballon.
Denver Engineer's Brotherhoood, No. 280, Denver, Colo. Meets every Thursday evening, Club Bidg, at 8 o'clock. President, James Lowery; Recording Secretary, J. E. Cummins; Financial Secretary, R. C. Ballon.
Denver Engineer's Brotherhoood, No. 280, Denver, Colo. Meets every Thursday evening, Club Bidg, at 8 o'clock. President, Chas. B. Hogland, care Smith-Brooks Printing company; Recording Secretary, Chas. H. McGuire, H22 South Tremont street; Financial Secretary, E. R. Mays, 76 South Water street.

Pueblo Mattress and Bedding Workers' Union, Parker Labor Labor

Street; Financial Secretary, E. Water street.
Water street.
Pueblo Mattress and Bedding Workers' Union,
Pueblo Colo, Meets Last Tuesday even-

vland; Recording and Financial Secretary, Chas. Walton, Box 35.

Walton, Box 35.

sgosa Labor Union, No. 23!, Pagosa Springs, o. Meets every Thursday evening, O. K. hall, is o'clock, President, C. W. Cochran; Recording retary, T. J. Russell Financial Secretary, T. Dunnavant.

rewery Workers and Drivers' Union, No. 299, bilo, Colo, Meets second and fourth Mondays, des' Assembly hall, at 8 o'clock, President, rigg Suffocol, care Zang's brewery; Recording retary, A. Olson, 29 South Mechanic street; ancial Secretary, L. Monical, care Lemp's Wery.

nancial Secretary, L. Monical, care Leinyewery,
Federal Labor Union, No. 300, Pueblo, Colo.
este every Sunday afternoon, Trades' Assembly
ill, at 2:30 o'clock. President, G. M. Sanders,
S. East Second street; Recording Secretary, A.
Boyer, care Pueblo broom factory; Pinancial
scretals, H. F. Miller, care "Pueblo Courier,"
Pueblo Retail Cleries' Union, No. 301, Pueblo,
olo. Meets every Thesday evening, Eagle hall,
t S. o'clock. President, Arnold Rosenthal; Reording Secretary, Dorothy Hibbard, care Box O;
inancial Secretary, J. W. Shively, 309 Granite
reet.

dent, W. J. Fitspatrick, MIL East, According Secretary, H. H. Popel, care Kendall's grocery; Financial Secretary, C. A. Carpenter, 110 Hoult avenue.

Greeley: Federal Labor Union, No. 307, Greeley, Colo, Meets every-Tuesday evening at Clayton hall, at 7:45 o'clock, President, F. G. Brink, 104 Twelfth street; Recording Secretary, W. J. Abrend, Box 121, Financial Secretary, Ira Hathaway.

Montrose Federal Union, No. 353, Montrose, Colo, Meets every Wednesday evening I. O. O. F. hall, at 8 oclock, President, Wm. Howe, Colo, Meets every Wednesday evening I. O. O. F. hall, at 8 oclock, President, Wm. Howe, Secretary, James Kelley, Junior Federal Labor Union, No. 338, Pueblo, Colo, President, Geo, Ragan, 379 West Fifteenth street; Recording and Financial Secretary, R. D. Baunders, 121 Weet B street.

Confectioners' Association, No. 374, Denver, Colo, Meets every Wednesday evening, Club Bldg., room 35, at 8 o'clock, President, Minnie Krebs, 144 Platte street; Recording Secretary, Lydin Jones, 219 West Earty-fourth avenue; Financial Secretary, Lily Bradbury, 428 South Water street.

Freight House Employees Union, No. 387, Pueblo, Colo, Meets every Wednesday evening. Trades Assomithy hall, at 8 oclock, President, P. A. Peterson, 52 East Sixth street; Recording Secretary, B. H. Martin, 417 North Fourth street; Financial Secretary, E. H. Goodman, alls West Beventh Street.

street.

Federal Labor Union, No. 229, Windsor, Colo.

Federal Labor Union, No. 239, Windsor, Colo.

President, B. K. McLain; Recording Secretary,
John Hart; Financial Secretary, Carl Nelson.

Delta Federal Labor Union, No. 412, Delta, Colo.

Meets every Wednesday evening at Court House,
7:30 o'clock. President, J. M. Blair; Recording

Secretary, James W. Stacy; Financial Secretary,
J. H. Stone.

Federal Labor Union, No. 418, Assan, Colo. Sec. J. H. Stone, Federal Labor Union, No. 418, Aspen, Colo. Sec-retary, Frank Kuntz.

Murray Labor Union, No. 44, Murray, Idaho, Meets every Saturday evening, Prichard hall, at 7:30 o'clock. President, Martin Breidenbach; Recording Secretary, Ed Smith; Financial Secretary, T. J. Simpson.
Mullan Labor Union, No. 62, Mullan, Idaho, Meets every Friday evrning at Heney's hall, 8 o'clock. President Charles Shields; Recording and Financial Secretary, B. F. Tolbert, Lewiston Labor Union, No. 83, Lewiston, Idaho, Meets every Wednesday evening, Modern Woodmen hall, at 7:35 o'clock, President, W. L. Parker; Recording Secretary, H. H. Shong; Financial Secretary, A. Lewis, Wallace Labor Union, No. 159, Wallace, Idaho, Meets every Monday evening, Tribune hall, at 7:39 o'clock, President, Fred W. Walton; Recording Secretary, W. A. Dunn; Financial Secretary, John H. Wourms.

Secretary, W. A. Dunn; Financial Secretary, June H. Wourms.
Pocatello Federation of Labor, No. 217, Pocatello, Idaho, Meets every Thursday evening, Eagle hall at 8 o'clock, President, J. B. Morgan; Recording Secretary, C. O. Brozon; Financial Secretary, J. W. Brinson, Box 29.

Kootenat Union, No. 28, Coeur d'Alene, Idaho, Meets every Friday evening in Saunders' hall, at 7.20 o'clock, President, T. C. Hahn; Recording Secretary, James L. Buczyurky, Box 25; Financial Secretary, James L. Buczyurky, Box 25; Financial Secretary, Samuel Curtice, Box 35.

Salmon, Federal Union, No. 230, Salmon, Idaho.

o'clock, President, Robert B. Hughes; Recording and Financial Secretary, J. P. Clough. Sand Point Federal Labor Union, No. 23, Sand Point, Idaho. Meets first and third Monday even-ings, every month, K. P. hall. President, C. E. Mullen; Recording Secretary, Lee Miller; Finan-cial Secretary, Roy Bonaway. Lee Miller; Finan-cial Secretary, Roy Bonaway. Hope Labor Union, No. 23, Hope, Idaho. Pres-dent, O. C. Smith; Recording Secretary, Albert Peterson; Financial Secretary, James Black, Box 123.

Peterson; Financial Secretary, James Black, Box 122

Harrison Pederal Labor Union. No. 233, Harrison, Idaho. Meets every Monday evening. K. O. T. M. hall, at 7:20 sclock, President, F. W. Kirk; Recording Secretary, B. P. Rice; Financial Secretary, W. C. Fuller.

Granite Lumbermen's Union, No. 313, Granite, Idaho. Meets every Friday evening, White Pine lumber camp, at 7:30 oclock, President, Ed. Hishop; Recording and Financial Secretary, John Rean.

Priest River Union, No. 316, Priest River, Idaho. Meets thist and third Saturday evenings. Gowan-Meets thirst and third Saturday evenings.

Rgan.

Priest River Union, No. 315, Priest River, Idaho.

Mests first and third Saturday evenings, Gowanlock hall, at 8 o'clock. President, Samuel Byars;
Recording Secretary, James Bryant; Financial
Secretary, John Chappell.

Princeton Federal Union, No. 315, Princeton,
Idaho. Recording and Financial Secretary, Fred
Leahard.

Links Falls, Park

Idaho. Recording and Financial Secretary, Fred Lenhard.
Idaho Falls Federal Labor Union, No. 30, Idaho Falls, Idaho. Meets every Thursday evening, I. O. O. F. hall, at 8 o'clock. Fresident, James H. Wierman; Recording Secretary, H. R. Clark, box 37; Financial Secretary, W. A. Bradbury. Montpelier Federal Labor Union, No. 33, Montpelier, Idaho. President, Mac. B. Thomson; Recording and Financial Secretary, Matt Thomson, Caldwell, Idaho. President, Al. Butts; Recording Secretary, O. A. Cox; Financial Secretary, Harry H. Compton.

United Tailors' Union of America, No. 418, Chicago, Ill. Meets first and third Monday evenings. Puariks' hail, 19, corner Center avenue, at 8 o'clock, President, Vaciny Rillik, 571 Lafin street; Recording Secretary, Frank Manak, 53 Aliport street; Financial Secretary, Lew Tresnak, 57 West Nineteenth atreet.

Street Inhancial Secretary, Lew Tresnak, 57 West Nineteenth atreet.

Street Laborers and Excavators' Protective Union, No. 432, Chicago, Ill. Meets Bricklayers' hail, President, Timothy S. Mahoney, Ill. West, Maddson street; Recording Secretary, L. H. Brady, 28 East Illinois street; Financial Secretary, M. M. Mahoney, Ill. South Peorial street.

Quarrymen and Lime Burners' Union, No. 432, Chicago, Ill. Secretary, John Benger, 52 South Halsted street, room 22.

Massachusetts.

Massachusetts.

Grain Counter Workers' Union, No. 22. Lynn, Mass. Meets 181 Market street, 3 o'clock. President, A. Poster; Recording Secretary, Adolph G. Langlois, Box 22; Financial Secretary, George Sprague.

Counter Workers' Union, No. 22. Haverhill, Mass. Meets every Wednesday evening, Gliman Place hall, at 5 o'clock. President, Jno. 7. Cotter, 28, John street, Recording Secretary, Pat Murphy, 25 Winter street; Financial Secretary, John Curtin, 48 Bellevue avenue.

Heel Workers' Union, No. 253, Lynn, Mass. Meets every Wednesday evening, 25 Central avenue, at 8 o'clock. President, Fred Hemeon, Box 167; Recording Secretary, Richard R. Wyman, Box 167; Financial Secretary, Chas. E. Legro, Box 167. Financial Secretary, Chas. E. Legro, Box 167. Heel Workers' Union of Rowley and Ipswich, No. 252, Rowley, Mass. Meets every Friday evening, Henderson's hall, 8 o'clock. President, Charles Kneeland; Secretary, Alfred Bradstreet, Box 177. Heel Workers' Union, No. 401, Stoneham, Mass. Meets first and last Friday evenings, Whiter hall, at 7:39 o'clock. President, Wm. H. Hogan, 25 Pine street; Recording Secretary, W. E. Duddley, Francial Secretary, William Delano, 25 1-2 Warren street.

Shoe Supply Workers' Union, No. 404, Salem, Mass. Recording and Financial Secretary, Thomas Conway, El Boston street.

#### Montana.

Montana.

Hotel and Restaurant Employes Union, No. 2,
Butte, Mont. Meets every Monday evening, Miners' union hall, 8:30 o'clock. President, Wm E.
Palmer; Recording Secretary, Al Cooper, Box
902; Financial Secretary, Fred Wilson.
Cooks and Waiters' Union, No. 3, Anaconda,
Mont. Meets second and fourth Monday evenings,
Dewey hall, at 8:30 o'clock. President, J. F. Gallagher, Box 174; Recording Secretary, Jack Conley, Box 174; Financial Secretary, V. C. Sutherland.

lagher, Box 174; Financial Secretary, Jack Conley, Box 174; Financial Secretary, V. C. Sutherland.

Latundry Workers' Union, No. 4, Butte, Mont. Meets second and fourth Tuesday evenings, Pioneer hall. President, Wm. Hallett, care C. O. I. laundry; Recording Secretary, Harry Meyers, Box 923; Financial Secretary, Mrs. E. M. Patterson, care Troy laundry.

Butte Workingmen's Union, No. 5, Butte, Mont. Meets Bartenders' hall, at 7:20 o'clock from September to April, and at 8 o'clock from April to September to April, and at 8 o'clock from April to September. President, Chas. W. Dempster, 711 Utah avenue; Recording Secretary, George H. Charlesworth, 76 South Main street; Financial Secretary, Mrs. M. G. Howell, 36 Colorado street. Bakers' Union, No. 7, Butte, Mont. Meets first and third Saturday evenings, Pioneer hall, at 5 o'clock. President, James Haas 665 Utah avenue; Recording Secretary, J. W. Lamberton, 16 North Montana street; Financial Secretary, Chas. Herrick, 719 1-2 South Wyoming street.

Butte Clerks' Protective Union, No. 12, Butte, Mont. Meets every Monday evening, Knights of Pythias hall, at 7:26 o'clock. President. Elmer Shavely; Recording Secretary, Harry Lambrecht, Box 78; Financial Secretary, Jos. Cahill.

Butte Teamsters' Union, No. 15, Butte, Mont. Meets every Saturday evenings, Glaude's hall, at 8 o'clock. President, F. W. Frice; Recording Secretary, Mack Hendricks, Box 1114.

Huson Labor Union, No, 16, Huson, Mont. Meets first and third Sunday evenings, Glaude's hall, at 8 o'clock. President, E. W. Frice; Recording Secretary, Mack Hendricks, Box 1114.

Huson Labor Union, No, 16, Huson, Mont. Meets first and third Sunday evenings, Glaude's hall, at 8 o'clock. President, E. W. Frice; Recording Secretary, Mack Hendricks, Box 1114.

Huson Labor Union, No, 16, Huson, Mont. Meets first and third Sunday evenings, Glaude's hall, at 8 o'clock. President, E. W. Frice; Recording Secretary, William and Financial Secretary, Mack Hendricks, Box 1114.

Huson Labor Union, No, 16, Huson, Mont. Meets Pioneer hall,

W. A. Parker, Box 22; Recording Secretary, Jos. Riegger, Box 22; Financial Secretary, William Dee.
Federal Labor Union, No. 18, Great Falls, Mont. Meets every Saturday evening, A. O. U. W. hall, at 8 o'clock. President, Daniel Dawson; Recording Secretary, U. S. G. Pettycrew, Box 634; Financial Secretary, U. S. G. Pettycrew, Box 634; Financial Secretary, U. S. G. Pettycrew, Box 634; Financial Secretary, U. J. Jorgenssen.
Butto Barbers' Protective Union, No. 21, Butte, Mont. Meets every Monday evening, Old Masonic hall, at 8:29 o'clock. President, Deckster Smith, 47 North Main street; Recording Secretary, G. H. Ellis, Box 124; Financial Secretary, Hiey Bonestell, Box 124.
Anaconda Butchers' Union, No. 22, Anaconda, Mont. Meets second and fourth Wednesday evenings, Mattie hall, at 8 o'clock. President, W. P. Haddick, 410 Maple street; Recording Secretary, Frank Fahl, Box 67; Financial Secretary, W. H. Hebard, Box 67.
Anaconda Barbers' Protective Union, No. 23, Anaconda, Mont. Meets first and third Friday evenings, Mattie block, at 8 o'clock. President, W. H. History, Main street; Recording Secretary, W. J. Hicks, 418 West Fourth street; Financial Secretary, Harry Walburn, 22 North Main street. Shoemakers' Union, No. 24, Anaconda, Mont. Meets first and third Thursday evenings at 110 East Commercial street. President, M. Nelson; Recording Secretary, H. S. King; Financial Secretary, J. O'Rourke, Box 1507; Financial Secretary, T. O'Rourke, Box 1507; Financial Secretary, A. Ament.

Brickmakers' Union, No. 23, Anaconda, Mont. Meets every Wednesday evening Union hall, at

navian church hall, at \$30 o clock. President, A. Puerner, 34 East Park street; Recording Secrearry, T. O'Rourke, Box 1937; Financial Secretarry, A. Ament.

Brickmakers' Union No. Z. Anaconda, Mont. Meets every Wednesday evening Union hall, at 8 o'clock. President, I. E. Deuerling, 612 1-2 Elm street; Recording Secretary, U. M. Squires, Box 157; Financial Secretary, Walter Perry, general delivery.

Anaconda Clerk's Union, No. Z. Anaconda, Mont. Meets first and third Friday evenings, A. O. H. hall, at 7:30 o'clock, President, R. D. Jones, care Thomas & Sons; Recording Secretary, P. J. Parker, care C. C. Co.; Financial Secretary, William J. Fausch, general delivery.

Butte Street Carmen's Union, No. 35, Butte, Mont. Meets second and fourth Wednesday evenings, Old Masonic Temple, at 7:30 o'clock, President, William Hosking, 710 Maryland avenue; Recording and Financial Secretary, Harry Snell, 1121 California avenue.

Nine Mile Union, No. 41, Stark, Mont. Meets first and third Sunday evenings at Stark, Mont. Second and fourth Sunday evenings at Nine Mile. Mont. President, John Sennan; Recording and Financial Secretary, Franz F, Proebstel.

Missoula Federal Labor Union, No. 43, Missoula, Federal Labor Union, No. 43, Missoula, Federal Labor Union, No. 47, Bonner, Mont. Meets every Wednesday evening. Benner Masonic hall, President, Thos A. Martin; Recording Secretary, Edwin Swanson, Box 42; Financial Secretary, Edwin Swanson, Box 42; Financial Secretary, B. C. Chaffey, Clinton Federal Labor Union, No. 48, Clinton, Meets every Wednesday evening. Bonner Masonic hall, President, Edw. Olson; Recording Secretary, Calwin Swanson, Box 42; Financial Secretary, B. G. Chaffey, Clinton Federal Labor Union, No. 50, St. Regis, Mont. Meets every Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock. President, J. C. McCaig; Recording and Financial Secretary, Le. Arwood.

Superior Labor Union, No. 60, St. Regis, Mont. Meets every Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock. President, Edwin Swanson, Box 42; Financial Secretary, Chaffey.

St. Regis Lumbermen's Union, No.

Billings Barbers' Protective Union, Mc, 137, Rillings, Mont. Meets first and third Wednesday evenings, O. K. harber shop, at 2.30 o'clock. President, Winnfield Boott: Recording and Financial Secretary, P. G. Lehman.
Anaconda Bakers' Union, No. 145, Anaconda, Mont. Meets second and fourth Saturday afternoons, 518 Cherry sirvest, at a Uclock. President, Geo. Engler, 618 Sprace sirvest; Recording and Planancial Secretary, Louis Monghton, St. Communications of the Communication of the Commun

President, Louis Fritz; Recording Secretary, J. C. Moebus, 8il Front street; Financial Secretary, M. Rowe.

Blacksmiths and Helpers' Union, No. 144, Anaconda, Mont. Meets first and third Saturday evenings, St. Jean Bldg., at 8 o'clock. President, P. Lodge, 214 East Fourth street; Recording and Financial Secretary, J. J. Keig. 504 East Commercial avenue.

Columbus Federal Labor Union, No. 145, Columbus, Mont. Meets second and fourth Monday evenings, Woodman hall at 8 o'clock. President, J. H. Thompson; Recording Secretary, West Yaughan; Financial Secretary, V. J. T. Penman. Women's Protective Union, No. 148, Butte, Mont. Meets every Thursday, Engineer hall, at 8 o'clock. President, Bridget Walsh, Eox 1963; Recording Secretary, Frances Calvin, Box 1963; Financial Secretary, Expenses Calvin, Box 1963; Financial Secretary, Expenses Calvin, Box 1963; Financial Secretary, Expenses Calvin, Box 1963; Phancial Secretary, Expenses Calvin, Box 1964, Law 1964, Law 1965, Law

retary. N. Beswick; Financial Secretary, David Clements.

Helena Barbers' Union, No. 170, Helena, Mont. Meets first and third Tuesday evenings, Turner hall, 8:39 o clock. President, C. C. Morton, care Helena Hotel barber shop; Recording Secretary, William Laurimore, 33 1-2 South Main street; Financial Secretary, J. Mitchke, 23 North Main street.

Beer Drivers and Bottlers' Union, No. 171, Butte, Mont. Meets second and fourth Wednesday evenings above Eagle pharmacy, President, John Janke, care Centennial brewery; Recording Secretary, Herman Meyers, Box 128; Financial Secretary, Mike Walsh, 612 South Montana street, Livingston Workingmen's Union, No. 172, Livingston Workingmen's Union, No. 173, Livingston

Moohi; Financial Secretary, Charles Ehlafelid, 107 Main street.

Kalispell Federal Labor Union, No. 175, Kalispell, Mont. Meets every Thursday evening, Elkeshall, at 8 o'clock, President, W. Jay Brown; Rescording Secretary, Anna Linholm; Financial Secretary, A. H. Beckendorf,
Teamsters and Drivers'U nion, No. 177, Helena, Mont. Meets every Friday evening, Turner hall, at 8 o'clock, President, M. J. Lovely, 29 Aita street; Recording Secretary, E. F. Turley, Box 1319; Financial Secretary, Samuel M. Stewart, 2005 Jerome street, Lenox.

Great Falls Barbers' Protective Union, No. 179, Great Falls, Mont. Meets first and third Monday evenings. President, Mike Peterson; Recording and Financial Secretary, W. S. Reeder, 220 1-1 First avenue south.

ville; Financial Secretary, Fred Manuel, 1006 West Copper street.

Butte Hackmen's Protective Union, No. 185, Butte, Mont. Meets second and fourth Mondays Pioneer hall, at 8:20 o'clock, President, F. D. Smith, Box 122; Recording and Financial Secretary, John Burry, Box 122

Teamsters and Stablemen's Union, No. 190, Anaconda, Mont. Meets second and fourth Tuesdays, Union hall, at 8 o'clock. President, Richard Flanigan, 1114 East Fourth street; Recording Secretary, William Cruser, Box 283; Financial Secretary, William Cruser, Box 283; Financial Secretary, J. K. Crawford, 212 East Third street, Women's Protective Union, No. 182, Anaconda, Mont. Meets first and third Wednesdays at 8:20 p. m. Freeident, Lena Gilbertson; Recording Secretary, Pearl Duncan, Cedar street, corner First and Park; Financial Secretary, Amy Nesbitt, care Burnett's Restaurant.

Helena Federal Labor Union, No. 189, Meienna, Mont. Meets every Monday evening, Turner haft, at 8 o'clock. President, Rees Davis, 1009 Firth avenue; Recording Secretary F. A. Kleese, Br. 1966; Financial Secretary, William Lorry, Jr. 1966; Financial Secretary, William Lorry, Jr. Butto Theatrical Ushers' Union, No. 202, Butte, Mont. Meets first and third Sundays, President, Dan Sullivan, 312 North Main street; Recording Secretary, Fred Vanesse, 219 West Galena sireet; Financial Secretary, Ed. Chamberlain, 115 North

Mont. Moeis every Sunday afternoon at Union hall; 2 o'clock. President, Chas. A. Larson; Report of the Control of the Control

Secretary, O. M. Matthews,
Alta Piacer Minery Union, No. 312, Alta Mont.
Mesia evry two weeks, Tom Knating Bunk House,
at 8 o'clock. President, Daniel Pennett; Recording and Passacial Secretary, J. E. Wilson,
Telephone Operators' Union, No. 327, Butts,
Mont. President, Armie Brooks, 115 West Gold
street; Recording and Financial Socretary, Kate
O'Mears, 715 North Montana etreet.

# Directory of the American Labor Union and Affiliated Bodies

The House Cleaners' Union, No. 222 Butte, Mont. President George E. Shale 209 West Porphyry Street, Recording Secretary, E. M. Walker, 10 South Washington street, Financial Secretary, E. Kennedy, 208 West Silver street. Helena Biscoit and Candy Makers' Union, No. 23, Helena Mont. Meets every Monday evening, K. P. hall, at 8 o'clock. President, Miss Nellie Roberts: Recording Secretary, Incz Moggey, 1812 Billings avenue; Financial Secretary, Jack Schroeder, 1802 Chestnut street.

Stevensville Farmers' Union, No. 236, Stevensville, Mont. Meets first and third Saturday afternoon, hall over Bitter Root block, at 2 o'clock President, O. M. Baldwin; Recording Secretary, T. S. Hames; Financial Secretary, E. E. Crueger, Butte Elevator and Bell Hoys' Union, No. 339, Butte, Mont. Meets, room 161 Pennsylvania Bidg, President, Richard Ayers, Montana Hotel; Recording Secretary, E. E. Steiner, 49 East Park street; Financial Secretary, Phillip Gamer, 1100 Maryland avenue.

Great Falls Butchers' Union, No. 340, Great Falls,

street: Financial Secretary, Philip Maryland avenue, Great Falls Butchers' Union, No. 240, Great Falls, Great Falls Butchers' Union, No. 240, Great Falls, Mont. Meets every other Wednesday evening, Laundry Workers' hall, President, R. Richter; Recording and Financial Secretary, Paul Auer-bert Paul Laundry (1988), 2015, Anna-

aundry Workers hall. President, R. Richter, tecording and Frinancial Secretary, Paul Auerach, Box 112.

Anaconda Workingmen's Unisn, No. 345, Anaonda, Mont. Meets every Tuesday evening, Carenter's hall, at 8 o'clock. President, P. H. Loin, 419 Ash street; Recording Secretary, J. H. Chwend, 511 Washington street; Financial Secretary, R. G. Schmidt, Halperg', Union, No. 346.

o'clock. President, F. H. Losin, 480 Ash street; Recording Secretary, J. H.
Schwend, 511 Washington street; Financial Secretary, A. G. Schmidt.
Confectioners and Helpers' Union, No. 364.
Butte, Mont. Meets every Tuesday evening,
Pennsylvania Bidg., room 22 at 8 o'clock. Meeder
Ville: Recording Secretary, Hattle Storebeck, 61
Nevada avenue; Financial Secretary, Sadie Ryan
Lis West Daly street. Walkerville.
Messenger and Pin Boys' Union, No. 38, Butte,
Mont. Meets every other Thursday evening, Owsley of the State of t

C. W. Dolf. Recording and Financial Secretary. West Vaughan.
Great Falls Expressmen's Union, No. 403, Great Falls. Mont. Meets first and third Tuesday evenigns, at 8 o'clock. President, A. Shanahan, Recording and Financial Secretary, C. H. Crawford, 204 Third avenue south.
Eight Mile Union, No. 414, Florence, Mont. President, Wm. M. Ellis; Recording and Financial Secretary, W. C. Sherris, Pyretes, Mont. Bozeman Labor Union, No. 418, Bozeman, Mont. President, Matt Biever, Recording and Financial Secretary, W. Pepworth, Box 822.
Great Falls, Laundry Workers Union, No. 421, Great Falls, Mont. Meets first and third Wednesday evenings o each month, 18 Second street, north, at 8 o'clock. President, Frank L. Shepherd; Recording Secretary, W. H. Meadows, 509 Eighth avenue, south; Financial Secretary, Mrs. Vaughn.

Chadron Retail Clerks' Labor Union, No. 393, Chadron, Neb. Meets first and third Wednesday evening each month, W. C. T. U. rooms, at 8 o'clock, President, Frank Benecke; Recording and Financial Secretary, Agnes O'Connell,

ond and fourth Saturday evenings, 229 East Fortyseventh street, at 8 o'clock. President, Patrick
Mulcahey, 137 West Shatleth street; Recording
Secretary, Michael Roynolds, 256 Eathstate aven
Re. Financial Secretary John McCartihy, 332 East.
Sixty-third street.
Excentric Engineers' Union, No. 308, Greater
New York, N. Y. Mects first and third Thursday ovenings at Liberty hail, 8 o'clock, President,
Patrick Rock, 614 East Hard street; Recording Secretary, George Morris, 35, 9th avenue.
United Biscuit Workmen's Union, No. 328, New
York City, N. Y. Meets every second and fourth
Saturday evenings, 35 East Twenty-first street,
at 8 o'clock. President, Wm Clark, 47 West Sxteenth street; Recording Secretary, John Spence,
146 Greeniwich street; Financial Secretary, John
J. Lovett, 512 West Twenty-first street.
German Engineers' Union, No. 334, New York,
N. Y. Meets second and fourth Tuesday evenings, 218 Second avenue, at 8 o'clock, President,
Otto Gray, 242 East Thirty-Eighth street; Recording Secretary, Gerhard Reimer, 157 East One
Hundred and Third street: Financial Secretary,
Charles Schadewitz, 401 East Ninty-first street.

#### North Carolina.

Charlotte Labor Union, No. 430, Charlotte N. C. scretary, C. E. A. Byers, Piedmont Bldg.

#### Ohio.

Cincinnati Union of Steam Engineers, No. 276, Cincinnati, Ohio, Meets e ery Monday evening at Southwest corner Twelfth and Vine streets, at 8 o'clock, President, Wm. P. White, 308 Plum street; Recording Secretary, August Oster, 1025 Wade street; Pinancial Secretary, Jos. Ahlers, 520 Enright avenue.

#### Oklahoma Territory.

Pederal Labor Union, No. 194, Guthrie, Ok Meets every Saturday evening, Odd Fellows' ha at 8 o'clock. President, Monroe Felton; Recordi and Financial Secretary, Charles C. Hodges, East Okiahoma avenue.

Grant's Pass Federal Labor Union, No. 235 frant's Pass, Ore. President, G. P. Jester; Re-ording and Financial Secretary, Marcus W. Rob-

cording and Financial Secretary, Marcus W. Robbins.
Roseburg Federal Labor Union, No. 334, Roseburg, Ore, President, D. P. Fisher; Recording Secretary, J. N. Ryan, Jr.; Financial Secretary, G. W. Sioper, Engene Federal Labor Union, No. 381, Eugene, Ore, Meets every Tuesday evening, corner Eighth and Olive streets, at 7:30 o'clock, Tresident, G. H. Dyer; Recording Secretary, P. L. Miller; Financial Secretary, A. S. Kaufman, Ashland, Federal Labor, Union, No. 413, Ashland, Ore, Recording and Financial Secretary, W. H. Phelps.

#### South Dakota.

Lead Barber's Union No. 102, Lead, S. D. Meets second Thursday each month at \$130 o'clock, President, Justus Schmell, Recording and Financial Secretary, Carl Titze,
Sturgis Labor Union, No. 147, Sturgis, S. D. Meets first and third Tuesday evenings each month, President, Geo. F. Payne, Recording Secretary, Elmore Weish, Financial Secretary, Pred Harlow, Deadwood, Federal Labor Union, No. 28, Deadwood, S. D. Meets every Wednesday evening, Society hall, at \$130 o'dlock, President, H. D. Blickok, Box \$22, Recording Secretary, Chas, A. Meore; Financial Secretary, Cliff Hart, Box 55.

Garment Workers of El Paso, No. 427, El Paso,

Utah.

Park City Retail Clerks' Union No. 355. Park City, Utah. Meets every Friday evening Clerks' Union hall, at 8 o'clock President, C. B. Marshall; Recording and Financial Secretary, Theodore Fullmen, Box 311.

Carpenters' Union, No. 360. Park City, Utah. Meets every Wednesday evening at 8:38 o'clock. President, C. A. Ormiston; Recording and Financial Secretary, C. E. Addison, Box 249.

Barbers' Protective Union, No. 355. Park City, Utah. Meets first and third Wednesday evenings, Bryan's barber shop. President, A. N. Martin, Gen. Delivery; Recording and Financial Secretary, W. F. McLaughlin, Box 222.

Bartenders' Protective Union, No. 377, Park City, Utah. President, James Burns; Recording and Financial Secretary, D. C. Harrington.

Park City Teamsters' Union, No. 378, Park City, Utah. Meets second Saturday of each month, Union Hall, at 8 o'clock President, Andrew Peterson; Recording and Financial Secretary, Isalah Sutherland.

Park City Federal Union, No. 355, Park City, Utah. Meets every Thursday evening, basement Park City Water Co., at 7:39 o'clock. President, O. T. Johnson; Recording and Financial Secretary, James G. Watson, Box 226.

Musicians' Protective Union, No. 388, Park City, Utah. President, Wat. H. Miller, Box 20; Secretary James G. Watson, Box 256.

Musicians' Protective Union, No. 388, Park City, Utah. President, C. S. Sindai; Recording Secretary, Guy Simpson; Financial Secretary, J. G. Hocking

Washington.

Spokane Brewers' Union, No. 56. Meets first and third Saturday evenings at Central Labor hall, at 7.39 o'clock. President, John Blickenstuper'. He-cording Secretary, Thos. Keelhofer. Eureka Labor Union, No. 28. Republic, Wash. Meets second and fourth Wednesday evenigs in Montana hall. President, Albert Kettel; Recording and Financial Secretary, C. B. Trumbull, Newport, Wash. Spokane Stablemen's Union, No. 32. Newport, Wash. President, Henry B. Lul, Penrith. Wash.; Freedent, Henry B. Lul, Penrith. Wash.; Financial Secretary, C. B. Trumbull, Newport, Wash. Spokane Stablemen's Union, No. 32. Newport, Wash. President, Henry B. Lul, Penrith. Wash.; Financial Secretary, Wm. G. Kellogg. Spokane Stablemen's Union, No. 32. Newport, Wash. President, Henry B. Lul, Penrith. Wash.; Financial Secretary, Wm. G. Kellogg. Spokane Stablemen's Union, No. 32. Newport, Wash. President, Henry B. Lul, Penrith. Wash.; Financial Secretary, Wm. G. Kellogg. Spokane Stablemen's Union, No. 32. Newport, Wash. President, Henry B. Lul, Penrith. Wash.; Financial Secretary, Wm. G. Kellogg. Spokane Stablemen's Union, No. 32. Newport, Wash. President, Henry B. Lul, Penrith. Wash.; Financial Secretary, Wm. G. Kellogg. Spokane Stablemen's Union, No. 32. Newport, Wash. President, Henry B. Lul, Penrith. Wash.; Financial Secretary, Wm. G. Kellogg. Spokane Stablemen's Union, No. 32. Newport, Wash. President, Henry B. Lul, Penrith. Wash.; Financial Secretary, Wm. G. Kellogg. Spokane Stablemen's Union, No. 32. Newport, Wash. President, Henry B. Lul, Penrith. Wash. Presid

Barrett.
Teamsters and Team Owners' Union, No. 161, Spokarie, Wash. Meets hall of Teamsters, corner Post and First streets. President, E. E. Heathe, 1800 East. Sprague; Recording Secretary, Wm. V. Arnold, 2017 Fourteenth street; Financial Secretary, Walter Bowers.

1800 East Sprague; Recording Secretary, Wm. V. Arnold, 2017 Fourteenth Street; Financial Secretary, Walter Bowers.

Beer Drivers and Bottling Works Drivers No. 220, Spokane, Wash, Meets every Thursday evening Labor hall, at 7:30 o'clock, President, Otto Bloome, 1406 Wilson avenue; Recording Secretary, Claude Bewley, 728 Nora avenue. Spokane Federal Labor Union, No. 222, Spokane, Wash, Meets every Saturday evening Washington hall, at 8 o'clock, President, J. J. Daley, E08, Sharp avenue; Recording Secretary, A. C. Burrows, 1528 Sharp avenue, Spokane Dwirneymen Butchers and Orivers Union, No. 227, Spokane, Wash, Meets Wednesday exnings, Oliver hall, at 8 o'clock, President, George Garner; Recording Secretary George H. Coonce 415 South Mill street; Financial Secretary, Barth Bohn.

and the control of th 1. I. White, care City Carriage Co., Recording Secretary, C. W. Sargent, care Spokane Cab. Co.; Financial Secretary, R. Green, care Spokane Cab. Co. Wyo, Meets every Tuesday evning, 115 Second Retail Clerks' Union, No. 254. Spokane, Wash, Meets Second and fourth Monday evanings, Cen-Meets Second and fourth Monday evanings, Cen-Meets Second and fourth Monday evanings, Cen-ter Carriage Co.; Recording Secretary, Louis Marquardt; Financial Secretary, Louis Marquardt; Financial

tral Labor hall, at 7:30 o'clock. President, M. H. Law; Recording Secretary; Hanna McDonald. Bos 1001; Financiai Secretary, H. W. Stabler. Box 1001. Spokane Gas Makers and Yardmen's Union, No. 253. Spokane, Wash. Meets every Saturday evening. 515 West Second avenue. at 7:30 o'clock. President, L. H. Combs. 515 South Helena street: Recording Secretary, S. M. Gillette, 102½ East Third avenue.

President, L. H. Combs, 518 South Heiena street; Recording Secretary, S. M. Gillette, 1022, East Third avenue.

Mount Carleton Union, No. 202, Elk, Wash. Recording and Financial Secretary, A. V. Smith. Spokane Express and Truckmen's Union, No. 308, Spokane, Wash. Meets Central Union Labor, hall. President, D. H. Baker, 1611 East Fifth street; Recording Secretary, William R. McKenzie, 1512 East Third street; Financial Secretary, D. Kirby, 2424 East Riverside.

Milan Federal Union, No. 311, Milan, Wash. Meets every Sunday afternoon, Congleton's hall, at 3 o'clock, President, George C. Near; Recording Secretary, Richard E. Hogarth; Financial Secretary, James A. Brown.

United Steam Fitters, Helpers, Plumbers, Laborers and Shopmen's Union, No. 321, Spokane, Wash, Meets first and fourth Wednesday evenings basement Albion block, 168 South Howard street, at 8 o'clock, President, A. B. Reesman, 1739 East Celeste avenue; Recording Secretary, Charles Montague, 1023 West Second avenue; Financial Secretary, H. Nelson, 317 South Division street,

Spokane Shlingle Weavers' Union, No. 324, Spo-

sion streets Schingle Weavers' Union, No. 224, Spo-kane, Wazh, President, E. S. Bennett, 74 Eagle block; Recording and Financial Secretary, Angus McLennon, 435 McBoroom street. Freeman Federal Union; No. 125, Freeman, Wash, President, Ed. Moore; Recording Secre-tary, Lloyd Frazure, Box 66; Financial Secretary, Leonard Shively.

tary, Lloyd Frazure, Box 66; Financial Secretary, Leonard Shively. Clayton Federal Union, No. 227, Clayton, Wash, Recording and Financial Secretary, Mary W.

Recording Secretary, C. B. Wash.; Financial Secretary, Wm. G. Keilogg, Newport, Wash.

Springdale Lumbermen's Union, No. 337, Springdale, Wash. Meets first and third Sunday afterdale, Wash. Meets first and third Sunday afterdale, Wash. Meets first and third Sunday afterdale, Wash. Meets every Friday evening, Central Labor hall, corner Post and First avenue, at 8 o'clock, President, Frank Fields; Recording Secretary, John Ulrich; Financial Secretary, John Haag, 1514 Water avenue.

Clarkston Workingmen's Union, No. 350, Clarkston, Wash. President, C. C. Gugg; Recording Secretary, L. S. Lahm; Financial Secretary, H. J. Huseby.

ston, Wash. President. C. C. Gugg; Recording Secretary, L. S. Lahm; Financial Secretary, H. J. Husselbarbers' Union, No. 41, Everett, Wash. Recording and Financial Secretary, J. B. Raiston, Gen. Delivery.
Blacksmiths and Helpers' Union, No. 417, South Taczma, Wash. Meets second and last Friday, G. A. R. hail, at 8 o'clock. President, J. W. Wilson; Recording Secretary, Otto Nejely; Financial Secretary, John Kell, Frazer hotel.
Palouse Federal Union, No. 42, Palouse, Wash. Meets every Thursday evning at Red Men's hall. President, M. L. Sinnett; Recording and Financial Secretary, Arthur M. Beach.

#### Wyoming.

# Proposed Constitution of the American Labor Union &

Adopted at Salt Lake City, Utah, May 10-16, 1898; revised and amended at annual conventions held at Salt Lake City, Utah, May 8-15, 1899; Denver, Colo., May 14-21, 1900; Denver, Colo., May 27-June 4, 1901; Denver, Colo., May 26-June 7, 1902; Denver, Colo., May 25-June 13, 1903.

ARTICLE 1.

#### ARTICLE I. Name.

Section 1. This organization shall be known as the American Labor Un-

Jurisdiction. Sec. 2. The jurisdiction of the American Labor Union shall extend over North America.

over North America.

Formation.

Sec. 3. The American Labor Union shall consist of (a) national and international unions; (b) state, territorial and provincial unions; (c) district and city unions; (d) local and federal unions; (e) individual members.

National and international Unions.

Sec. 4. National and international unions, chartered by the American Labor Union, shall be formed on the industrial union plan and shall admit to membership all eligible persons engaged in one industry, irrespective of gaged in one industry, irrespective of the number of trades or crafts re-quired in the operation of such in-dustry.

State, Territorial and Provincial Un-

Sec. 5. State, territorial and pro-vincial unions shall comprise central bodies composed of local unions and city and district unions within the state, territory or province. state, territory or province, united with such state, territorial or provincial unions

District and City Unions.

Sec. 6: District and city unions shall comprise central bodies composed of local unions within the jurisdiction of said district or city unions united therewith.

risdiction of said district or city unions united therewith.

Local, Federal and Junior Unions. Sec. 7. Local unions of the American Labor Union shall comprise (a) local industrial unions, admitting to membership all eligible persons engaged in a particular industry in a locality, provided, no national or international union, having jurisdiction over that particular industry, is chartered by the American Labor Union;

(b) Local federal unions, admitting to membership all eligible persons in a locality irrespective of industry or industries in which employed, not united with a national or international union, having jurisdiction, or a focal industrial union in that locality;

(c) Junior unions, composed of boys not under eight nor more than sixteen years of age.

Individual Members.

Sec. 8. Individual members of the American Labor Union may become and remain such, provided they are not eligible to membership in a national or international union, chartered by the American Labor Union, and do not reside within the jurisdiction of a local or federal union of the American Labor Union.

## ARTICLE II.

Referendum Vote.

Oction 1. The supreme authority the American Labor Union shall be ed in its collective membership shall be expressed through the rendum vote thereof.

adum vote thereof.

is, Enactments and Amendments.

2. A majority of all members
may, at any time, repeal or
any or all laws adopted by the
can Labor Union, and may enny law placed before the memby thereof, through national, inlocal or local unions, and may
or dismiss any general officer
f; provided, such referendum

Method of Repealing, Amending or

Enacting Laws.
Sec. 3. Any law may be repealed, amended or enacted in the following manner: A national or international union, or local unions representing not less than six per cent. of the mem-bership of the American Labor Union, embraced in local unions there-of, may submit the law to be repealed, amended or enacted, to the referen-dum vote of the American Labor Union through the General Secretary-Treasurer thereof, who shall transmit copies thereof to all general officers and to all national, international and and to all national, international and local unions, and shall publish the same in four successive issues of the American Labor Union Journal, together with all communications received from all general officers or members bearing thereon; provided, that communications from members have the sent of and by transmitted. bear the seal of, and be transmitted through the national or international or local union wherein their member-

ship is held.

Returns—How Made.
Sec. 4. Returns must be made and certified to by the chief executive of-ficers of national and international neers of national and international unions, and by the president and recording secretary of local unions, with seal affixed, and mailed to the General Secretary-Treasurer of the American Labor Union in time to reach the general office thereof not later than sixty days from date of the General Secretary-Treasurer's communication, submitting the proposition to cation submitting the proposition to the referendum vote.

### Vote Shall Be Published.

Sec. 5. The General Secretary. Sec. 5. The General Secretary-Treasurer shall place the returns in the hands of the General Executive Board, who shall canvass the vote immediately, and shall publish it in the American Labbr Union Journal, with the date on which the changes, if any, shall become effective, which shall in no case be later than ninety days after the date of the General Secretary-Treasurer's original communication submitting the proposition for referendum vote.

Apportionment to National and Inter-

don for referendum vote.

Apportionment to National and International Unions.

Sec. 6. Referendum votes of national or international unions, chartered by the American Labor Union, shall be apportioned in proportion to per capita tax paid into the American Labor Union by said national or international unions as required in this constitution.

ARTICLE III.

General Convention—Formation Of.

Section 1. The General Convention shall be composed of (a) all members of the General Executive Board; (b), the General President; (c) General Vice President; (d) General Sectoratary. Treasurer; (e) one delegate from each national or international union for the first four thousand members or less, and one additional delegate for each additional four thousand members or major fraction thereof; provided, that no national or international union shall be chartered with a membership of less than three thousand members; (f) one delegate from each state, district or city union, chartered by the American Labor Union; (g) one delegate from each local union for the first one hundred members or less, and one additional delegate from each additional members or major fraction thereof.

Sec. 2. Desegates to the general convention shall be elected as follows (a) by the national, international or state unices in such manner as they may direct; (b) by deciree.

days prior to the meeting of the gen-eral convention and their duplicate credentials shall be in the hands of the General Secretary-Treasurer 20 days prior to the date on which the General Convention shall convene.

Sec. 3. No person is eligible as a delegate who has not been a member of his union in continuous good standing at least six months; provided, such union has been organized that length of time and the credentials must so certify.

Presentation of Credentials. Sec. 4. Delegates shall present their original credentials at the Gen-eral Convention before being admit-ted to seats therein.

Proxy Votes Not Allowed.
Sec. 5. No union, chartered by the
American Labor Union, shall be represented in General Convention by

Date and Place of Meeting.

Sec. 6. The General Convention shall convene at 10 o'clock a. m. on the second Monday in June biennially and shall remain in session from day to day until final adjournment has been reached. been reached.

Sec. 7. The General Convention

shall have the power:

(a) To prepare and submit to referendum vote of the American Labor Union such, laws or amendments as it may decide upon by a majority vote;
(b) To nominate candidates for general offices in the American Labor Un-

in the General Executive Board; (b) Representatives of the member-ship embraced in local unions and inthe following manner: Any duly accredited delegate in the general concredited delegate in the general control of the state o vention shall have the right to nomi-nate one candidate for each general office except members of the General Executive Board:

(c) To appropriate funds for the payment of salaries not specified in this constitution and for all other pur-poses determined by the General Con-(d) To transact all business and ex-

ercise the full authority and power of the American Labor Union except as otherwise provided; (e) To hear grievances and appeals

(e) To hear grievances and appeals from decisions of general officers and the General Executive Board and to impeach any general officer of the American Labor Union, but impeachments can only be effected by a two-thirds majority vote of the General Convention assembled in regular or special session.

# ARTICLE IV.

ARTICLE IV.

General Executive Board—How
Formed.

Section 1. The General Executive
Board shall be composed of
(a) General President.
(b) General Vice-President.
(c) General Secretary-Treasurer.
(d) One member from each national or international union, chartered by the American Labor Union, to be elected in such manner as the national or international union represented may determine.

(e) One member for every four

al or international union represented may determine.

(e) One member for every four thousand members or major fraction thereof embraced in local unions and individual membership of the American Labor Union, such member to be nominated only by the representatives of local unions in the general convention or by local unions directly resolution properly passed through local unions, and to be elected by referendum rote of the membership in local unions only.

The intent of this article is to condition the descript resident description of the satisfaction of the intention of the satisfaction of the satis

tional or international unions, local unions, individual membership or oth-erwise; to constitute the members of the General Executive Board from the national or international unions representatives purely of the section of membership embraced in such nation. al or international unions; and to consitinte the members of the General Executive Board from local unions representatives purely of the member. embraced in such local unions and the individual membership.)

Geographical Distribution. Sec. 2. Not more than one member of the General Executive Board representing local unions and individual membership purely shall be selected from the same state, territory or prov-

Officers of the General Executive

Sec. 3. The General President, Gen. eral Vice President and General Sec-retary-Treasurer of the American La-bor Union shall constitute the Presideut, Vice-President and Se the General Executive Board.

### Vacancies-How Filled.

Sec. 4. Vacancies in the General Executive Board shall be filled in the

following manner:
(a) Representatives from national
or international unions shall be certified to the General Executive Board by the national or international unions represented whenever a va-cancy occurs in the representation of such national or international unions in the General Executive Board; (b) Representatives of the member-

ed, whenever a vacancy occurs, by a majority vote of that portion of the General Executive Board comprising the General President, General Vice-President, General Secretary-Treas-urer and all members of the General Executive Board representing loca unions and individual membership.

Sec. 5. The General Executive Board may be convened at any time and place by the General President, and shall be convened at any time or place by the General President or General Vice-President at the request of a majority of its members. Powers Of.

Sec. 6. The General Executive
Board shall have full power

(a) To administer the affairs of the

(a) To administer the affairs of the American Labor Union between sessions of the General Convention;
(b) To fill vacancies in the General Executive Board in the manner provided in this section;
(c) To discipline or revoke the charter of any national, international, state, district, city or local union, or to discipline any general officer, local officer or member of the American Labor Union;
(d) To suspend, dismiss or expel

Labor Union;

(d) To suspend, dismiss or expel for cause by two-thirds vote any member of the General Executive Board, except the General President, but the opportunity for hearing and defense shall always be allowed individuals suspended, dismissed or expelled:

(e) To suspend, dismiss or expel for cause by two-thirds vote any general officer, except the General President, and any local officer or member of the American Labor Union;

(f) Whenever the available cash in the defense fund has been exhausted, the General Executive Booard shull have power to levy a special tax on all members of the American Labor Union for the purpose of conducting any strike that may have been legally ordered or sanctioned by the General Executive Board;

ly ordered or sanctione eral Executive Board; (g) The General Executive Board shall have power to approve or sanction a strike of any national or international union, local union or number of local unions, when the same has been ordered by a two-thirds vote of all members voting on secret ballot, which shall in case of national or

accordance with their own constitulocal union or unions shall be conoccided at a regular meeting if notice has been given in advance that a strike will be considered or at a special meeting called for that purpose, of all resident members of such local union or unions, in good standing, provided, that at least fifteen days' extile has been given the General provided, that at least fifteen days' rotice has been given the General Executive Board by the national, international or local union or unions affected, together with full information of the grievances or proposed request, demands or changes in the hours of service, rates of pay, rules or conditions of employment, service or promotion, or of other causes leading up to the strike.

Unlawful Strikes.

Unlawful Strikes.
Sec. 7. All strikes, otherwise entered upon, shall be unlawful and no payment shall be made from the defense fund in support thereof, provided, that the General Executive vided, that the General Executive Board may, in its judgment, by two-thirds vote, temporarily annul the provision for fifteen days' notice in this article in cases of partial or gen-eral lock-outs or intimidations, trans-fers, suspensions or discharges of members for serving on grievance committees or boards of adjustment or becoming or remaining members of the American Labor Union or any national, international or local union national, international or local union

## To Order Strikes.

Sec. 8. The General Executive Board shall have power by two-thirds vote to initiate and order local or general strikes of any and all members of the American Labor Union, or any national, international or local union or unions thereof, at any time or place, whenever, in the judgment of the General Executive Board, such action is necessary for the welfare of the American Labor

(Continued on Page Six.)



WEAK, NERVOUS, DISEASED, DISCOURAGED

MEN who are just realizing the responsibilities of manhood and who find themselves handicapped in life's battle by reason of the errors and dissipation of early youth unfitting them for the station in life that is the goal of every able-bodied man, should not hesitate a day, but call or write for the advice of our physicians. WE UNDERSTAND YOUR AFFLICTION and can restore you to strength and vigor.

MEN Who find themselves growing old before their time, who find the fire of youth burning low, the aches and pains of the aged slowly creeping upon them—with that pain across the small of the back and grows worse instead of better; that IRRITABLE, NERVOUS, DESPONDENT FEELING that WILL NOT be shaken off. It means you need our treatment. Consult our physicians, avail yourself of our FREE CONSULTATION and rid yourself of your allments before it is too late.

MEN Who realize that they are not as strong as they used to be, and those who are suffering from Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Impaired Digestive Organs, Constipation, Faulty Circulation and the Kindred Diseases THAT COME WITH YEARS, can obtain relief quickly and surely by consulting us. Remember, there is no charge for consultation, either at our office or by mail.

We Also Cure Lost Vigor, Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Rupture, Tumora, Variconey Diseases, Bladder Diseases, Spine Diseases, Heart Diseases, Blood Diseases, Skin Diseases, Stomach Diseases,
Rectal Diseases,

Write Permanent cures are obtained by the home treatment. For examination (free) by mail, write for symptom blank.

## X-RAY EXAMINATION FREE

ALWAYS FIRST CONSULT the Eminent Doctors and Specialists at the Yellek Medical Institute, Interporated under the laws of the State of Montana and acknowledged to be the leading Medical Institute for the cure of diseases of the men in the west.

Yellek Medical Institute N. E. Corner W. Broadway and Montana Streets BUTTE, MONTANA.

Published Weekly by the American Labor Union.

OFFICERS President—Daniel McDonald, Box 1067, Butte, Mont. Vice-President—David C. Coates, Denver, Colo. Secretary-Treasurer—Clarence Smith, Box 1067, Butte, Mont.

Edward Boyce, Denver, Colo
John W. Dule, Butte, Mont,
F. W. Ott, Laramie, Wyo.
F. W. Walton, Box 202, Wallace, Idaho.
M. E. White, 301 Spruce street, Leadville, Colo.
Rees Davis, Helena, Mont.
John Riordan, Phoenix, B. C.

Fifty Cents Per Year, in Advance.

Office, 174 Pennsylvania Building, Butte, Mont. P. O. Box 1967.

Entered at the Butte, Montapa, Postoffice as Second-class matter.



Address all communications, remittances, etc., to Clarence Smith, Manager, Box 1067, Butte, Montana.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 27.

#### CO-OPERATIVE ENTERPRISES.

The Journal office is in receipt of a letter from Great Falls friends, dealing with the question of co-operative enterprises, which reads, in part, as follows:

"Editor American Labor Union Journal:

"The question has come up for discussion in the Great Falls local as to whether or not it would be wise for the working class to invest money in a co-operative store, supposed to be located here. As there was a division of opinion in our local we decided to pass same up to the A. L. U. Journal. Such a store to be established on this plan: Ten dollars to be one share, and no individual to have more than 50 shares, and in no case can anyone vote more than once. Please answer this in your next issue if possible."

The Montana law governing co-operative associations (See Title VII, Article II, Secs. 870 to 880, Civil Code), which was introduced by John Huseby of Helena, provides that "no person shall be permitted to subscribe for or control or own, more nor less than one share of the capital stock of such association" (See Sec. 871); also that "the share of each member shall be exempt from seizure on attachment, or sale under execution" (Sec. 878). The provision governing the price of shares fixes the minimum price at \$10.00, and the maximum at \$500, while the least number of stockholders is placed at 10.

That co-operative associations are right in theory is beyond dispute. That they can be made a business success is shown by the results in Belgium, England, Scotland and also in the United States, notably in Michigan.

The Belgian co operators own a fishing fleet, bakeries, two breweries, butcher shops and other enterprises. The butcher shops are a recent venture. The price of meats had reached a prohibitive figure so far as the worker was concerned. The co-operatives have reduced the retail price of South American beef to one franc per kilogram-cheaper than we have it in Montana, where the cattle grow.

The co-operative enterprises of that country are the backbone of the progressive movement. The Glasgow enterprise embraces a large number of stores, in spite of an organized effort on the part of monopolies to stamp them out. They own several ocean liners and maintain a buyer in every industrial center in America, and they will be glad to assist co-operative enterprises in this country.

The success of a movement of this kind depends on the number and character of its stockholders. Being a business matter it must be handled in a business way. Unless there are subscribers enough to maintain it by their patronage, it stands no better chance for success than a private enter-

Where the number of stockholders is large, success is assured if the membership is of the right timber. Placing an incompetent man in charge because he happens to be needy, or is a jolly good fellow, or can use his mouth, or discharging competent, trustworthy men because of personal dislike, is a splendid way of taking the toboggan route to ruin.

There are a dozen arguments for co-operation to one against it. It is not a cure-all for industrial ills, but it is a splendid thing for the co-operators themselves, and the western worker will shortly be forced to take it up in self-defense as did the Western Federation of Miners at Cipple Creek, where three stores were opened on account of local merchants refusing to credit the strikers.

In every labor difficulty the small dealer who lives absolutely on the working class is the first to swing the axe as a rule. Leadville might be cited as an instance. Citizens of Great Falls remember the B. M. P. A., which embraced every merchant, according to report, except Thisted & Brosnan, and P. H. Regan, on the South Side; also, how the Northwestern bank attempted to coerce the first-named firm without success. Had this association the power it would have crushed every union in the city. During the A. R. U. strike of '93, many old-timers will remember that Paris Gibson locked the doors of the Chamber of Commerce to keep Tim Brosnan from introducing a resolution in favor of the strike. It will also be remembered that Senator Gibson declared that Great Falls would never be a city until it adopted the Minneapolis wage scale.

Let it be remembered that your merchant does not produce a dollar's worth of wealth. His customers pay his taxes, his light bill, his rent, his clerk hire. The more or less costly furnishings of his home and his dinners, parties, routs, pink teas, etc., are all paid for by the public, of which the working class number, easily 65 per cent, and as a reward your little mer chant is among the first to join in an attempt to down the worker. It is rumored that a Citizens' Alliance has recently been formed in the city of wind and future. It will be as useful to its promoters as a pocket is to a toad, but it shows the spirit. If all the working people of Great Falls will take up the question of co-operation in a serious, business-like way, put. ting men in charge who understand affairs, bonding their officers in a proper manner, they can save themselves at least 35 per cont on their purchases, and solve all of the minor difficulties that unions have to contend with.

There is no longer any danger of confounding co-operative associations with Socialism, and the success or failure of an attempt of this kind does not affect the Socialist movement in any way. Almost every intelligent worker nowadays knows that Socialism stands for the abolition of the wage system, while a co-operative association can only give to its members the profits which now enable a puffed-up dealer to look on the worker with contempt, while shaving him "three days under the skin," both in the quality of the goods sold and the prices asked. In another issue the Journal will attempt to treat this subject more fully, giving statistics, etc., based on experience in the old countries.

Eastern labor "leadership" is fast becoming the stepping stone to federal appointments, or, to put it more correctly, federal appointment is the reward for hindering the masses from taking action in their own interest. Gompers, when finally turned down and discredited, will probably succeed Cortelyou.

A favorite dodge of plutocracy in its campaign against Socialism is to attempt to make the worker believe that he is a capitalist, and that since Socialism is antagonistic to capitalism he should fight it in his own in-

The capitalistic press has accused the Socialist movement of many things, but even they have not yet mustered courage enough to charge it with unfriendliness to the working

Three general supply stores will be established at once by the Miners' union at Victor, Goldfield and Cripple Creek for the benefit of the strikers. Goods will be sold at cost and credit given until such time as men are able to pay. Money has been furnished by the Western Federation. This more was forced by action of the merchants, who discontinued all

In selecting material to carry out their purposes the capitalist class do not enquire into the pedigree to the tool. A man may be of the working class and yet be a most servile creature in the interest of capitalism.

Emperor Billy says: "Our future Another Socialist lies on the sea." Another Socialist victory and the kaiser will make haste to embrace his future.

# American Labor Union Journal THE PROPOSED CONSTITUTION REVIEWED CLARENCE SMITH

August 13 commenced a series of weekly contributions by the secretary-treasurer, reviewing the newly proposed constitution, which will be voted upon by referendum of the membership of the American Labor Union in December, 1903.

ARTICLE THREE.

The third article of the proposed constitution treats of the general conventions, regulating the formation of, manner of electing delegates, eligi bility of delegates, form of credentials and time and manner of presentation, law prohibiting proxy votes, date and place of meeting and powers of the conventions.

Section one treats of what the general conventions shall be composed, and reads as follows:

"General Convention-Formation Of.

"Section 1. The general convention shall be composed of (a) all members of the General Executive Board; (b) the General President; (c) General Vice President; (d) General Secretary-Treasurer; (e) one delegate from each national or international union for the first four thousand members or less, and one additional delegate for each additional four thousand members or major fraction thereof; provided that no national or international union shall be chartered with a membership of less than three thousand members; (f) one delegate from each state, district or city union, chartered by the American Labor Union; (g) one delegate from each local union for the first one hundred members or less, and one additional delegate for each additional one hundred members or major fraction thereof."-

The above section follows the old constitution exactly, except in the provision regarding the minimum membership at which international unions may be chartered. The old constitution set the number at 5,000, while the above section would reduce the minimum to 3,000. It was the judgment of the committee on constitution, and of the convention, that the minimum of 5,000 was practically prohibitive, except as to internationals already or ganized that will come to the American Labor Union. Three thousand, even, was considered too high by many, although a majority agreed that any international with a membership of less than 3,000 would be unable to properly protect itself and organize the industry, and that the members of such industry would receive better protection and support as chartered locals of the American Labor Union, until the membership reached at least 3,000.

Section two is only a detail as to how delegates shall be elected, While important as a form to be followed in the election of delegates. yet there is no principle involved to warrant a discussion here. The section reads:

"Delegates to General Convention-How Elected.

"Sec. 2. Delegates to the general convention shall be elected as follows (a) by the national, international or state unions in such manner as they may direct; (b) by district, city or local unions at least thirty days prior to the meeting of the general convention and their duplicate credentials shall be in the hands of the General Secretary Treasurer twenty days prior to the date on which the General Convention shall convene."

Section three provides that no member is eligible as a delegate unless he has been a member of his local union at least six months; provided the local union has been organized that length of time. This is a wise provision, as no one who has not been a member of his local at least six months can be considered to know the interests of his union or to be able to represent them. Following is the exact wording of the section:

Who Are Eligible. "Sec. 3. No person is eligible as a delegate who has not been a member of his union in continuous good standing at least six months; provided, such union has been organized that length of time, and the credentials

Section four requires delegates to present original credentials to the General Convention before being scated. The section reads:

Presentation of Credentials. "Sec. 4. Delegates shall present their credentials at the General Con-

vention before being admitted to seats therein." In providing that no delegate shall vote proxies for any other delegate, section five becomes one of the best parts of the organic law. This prevents a one man power in conventions that might otherwise assert itself frequently, and disastrously for the organization. This is the section:

Proxy Votes Not Allowed. "Sec. 5. No union, chartered by the American Labor Union, shall be represented in General Convention by proxy."

Section six regulates the dates of General Conventions. It reads: "Date and Place of Meeting.

"Sec. 6. The General Convention shall convene at 10 o'clock a. m. on the second Monday in June biennially and shall remain in session from day to day until final adjournment has been reached."

The above section changes the holding of General Conventions from once a year to every second year. Unless a special convention is found necessary, the next General Convention will therefore convene at 10 a. m. the second Monday in June, 1905.

Since the referendum system has become the law of the American Labor Union in both the making of laws and the election of officers, the necessity for conventions is not so great. The initiative and referendum and the right to recall and dismiss by referendum allows for the widest hearing and most perfect justice in the settlement of any question that might receive the attention of a convention. There are few who take into account the actual cost of a General Convention, but those who take the trouble to estimate the expense, will become convinced of the fact that the holding of conventions biennially instead of annually, means a tremendous saving to the American Labor Union,

Section seven states the power of the General Convention. The section is a lengthy one, and as it deserves considerable discussion, it will be printed in full, and then segregated and discussed separately. The section fol-Powers Of. lows:

"Sec. 7. The General Convention shall have the power: (a) To prepare and submit to referendum vote of the American Labor

Union such laws or amendments as it may decide upon by a majority vote; "(b) To nominate candidates for general offices in the American Labor Union, such nominations to be submitted to referendum vote and to be made in the following manner: Any duly accredited delegate in the General Convention shall have the right to nominate one candidate for each general of-

fice except members of the General Executive Board; "(c) To appropriate funds for the payment of salaries not specified in this constitution and for all other purposes determined by the General Convention:

"(d) To transact all business and exercise the full authority and power of the American Labor Union as otherwise provided;

"(e) To hear grievances and appeals from decisions of general officers and the General Executive Board and to impeach any general officer of the American Labor Union, but impeachments can only be effected by a twothirds majority vote of the General Convention assembled in regular or special session.

The first power of the convention is to prepare and submit to referendum vote laws or amendments to the constitution and by-laws. Elsewhere in this constitution this power is conferred also upon a percentage of the membership, and also, in cases of extreme emergency, on the executive board. In all cases, however, the entire collective membership must vote upon the amendments or laws so prepared and submitted before they shall be adopted or rejected.

The next power of the convention is to nominate candidates for general officers, which power is also conferred upon each and all of the local unions, whether represented in convention or not.

The power to appropriate funds of the American Labor Union for any purpose is conferred upon the convention.

Next, the convention is given power to transact any and all business of the organization, except as otherwisse provided in the constitution and by-

The convention will hear grievances and render decisions on appeals from the general officers or general executive board.

Here the convention is given absolute power, by two-thirds vote to impeach any officer or member of the executive b

This ends article three.

Article four treats of the general executive board—how composed, powers of, etc. This article provides for several radical and important departures from the fundamental principles of old-time trades unionism. The writer believes this article will help to make the American Labor Union a really affective fighting force for the working class. Article four, in our next issue, ought to be read carefully and studied well.

Clarence Fruit

NOW WHAT D'YE THINK OF THAT?"

The Coast Seamen's Journal of recent date contains the following:

"The Portland Labor Press, referring to the recent visit to that city of President McDonald, of the American Labor Union, says:

"We believe it would be unwise to entertain the American Labor Union policy in this community at this time, and cause continuous dissension. What errors have been made by organized labor in this city would be made just as well under another name. The fiber in a stick makes it either sound or weak. To change the name will not change the fiber.'

Our contemporary is on absolutely safe ground. The sole basis of the American Labor Union is the untenable one that the best way to remedy the defects of an organization is to destroy it and create a new one in its place. The fact, polated out by the Portland Labor Press, that the new organization is composed of the same material as the old one, is the strongest possible argument against the theory of the American Labor Union. The latter organization stands for the principle (?) of division, partly on sectional and partly on political lines. It is fighting a lost cause. Trade-unionists everywhere will do well to be guided by the experience of the labor movement in Colorado and wherever the policy of change for changes' sake has been tried."

There are two divisions of the human family that are credited with jumping at conclusions. They are the ladies, God bless 'em, who are privileged to do anything which pleases them, and the fools. We leave the editor of the Coast Seaman's Judging Journal to classify himself. the future course of the A. L. U. by the past acts of the A. F. of L., Brother Macarthur might be justified in believing that the mission of every labor organization was to destroy what it cannot control. Perhaps his ears are still ringing with Gompers' threat, made over a year ago, that if the A. L. U. did not affiliate with him he would destroy it in six months. Sammy has not been able to keep his word, but it was not for want of try-

Both of the papers quoted above premise that because the A. F. of L. plan of organization is rotten it is the fault of the membership, and that they would be equally rotten under any other name. Leaving aside the compliment which they here pay to the rank and file of their own organizations, it can be justly said that their conclusions are as faulty as their views are narrow. It is not the membership who are bad; it is the plan of organlzation and the intelligent minority who are either coming bodily over to the A. L. U. or are trying to model the A. F. of L. on the same lines are not strong enough to change the plan when opposed by labor politician officials who have had twenty years of training, an unlimited opportunity for bestowing favors and winning per-sonal friends and, in addition, have the backing of corporations in continuing the old useless scheme of "pure and simple" go it alone, trades unionism. It is not a question of the suc-cess of the A. L. U. It is a question of the adoption of a plan of action which promises something to the worker. So too, it is not a question of the demolition of the A. F. of L., but of the abandonment of that plan of organization which has proven defective; which has gained nothing for the worker and never will; which has made the labor union the plaything of capitalism; which gives the union, in return for its per capita tax not a single return, unless the knowledge that Mr. Gompers is living well could be construed as a return. When an A. F. of L. union engages in a strike it must depend on its own craft to win it or go under. Now if each division of industry is able to win it has no need for affiliation with anything. If it is not able to win without the support of its fellows, it should get into an organization where this sun. port can be had-the A. L. U. remind our A. F. of L. brother, of the Crescent city strike. Within six hours after the walk-out, Secretary-Treasurer Clarence Smith had telegraphed \$250 to bring in supplies. Within a week President McDonald was on the ground with \$1,000 more. A special assessment had been levied and money was pouring into headquarters in the strikers' defense. Within twelve days from its inception the strike was won, and it has stayed won. On the other hand an A. F. of L. local in the same state had dragged out a fight for ten months with no support from the main organization worth talking about and for aught we know they are fighting single-handed still—unless they have lost. As in the beginning, we say to Brother Macarthur, "Now what d'ye think of that?"

Carnegie is devoting his time to the perpetuation of his name through free libraries; Schwab is down and out, and yet the production of steel continues just as of yore. Depew and Jim Hill may take a trip to the wilds of Barneo, Morgan, Rockefeller and the rest of the brood of famous exthe rest of the brood of famous ex-ploiters lose themselves in the depths of polar snow, and still the wheels of industry would go round so long as the working class remained. Give the working class a lay-off and the wheels of commerce stop. How many capitalists like to admit this frankly?

## OWERS TO PEABODY

(Continued from Page One)

hysterical sheriffs for militia whenever the destruction of a chicken house should be threatened, and I might even insist that the power of a county should be used before disgracing the state by ordering militia at enormous expense to climb a hill and then climb down again. I might even, through lack of moral sense, were I governor, if appealed to by men claiming to have been expelled from their homes by a mob. feel it my duty, in defiance of precedent, to use the militia to restore them to their wives and children, and enforce the rights guaranteed my fellow beings by the constitution and law. I might even, in such event, be impolitic enough to disregard the fact that the expelling mob was composed of 'our best and most prominent citizens.'

"Not having passed my life in the arduous toil of calculating interest at 2 per cent per month, I naturally have not that fellow feeling which, judging from your conduct, exists among bankers as a class, and I might, therefore, if I were governor, do as I am doing, enforce the law without fear or favor, treat a riot as a riot, call a mob a mob, whether led by banker or pauper, and order the militia to restore men to their homes, and instead of writing platitudes and insultling courts and judges I should endeavor to prove that through the courts sure and swift punishment will be visited on offenders of both high and low degree, and thus, in the only way possible, as I believe, stop mob violence and the appeal to that 'higher law,' which is but another name for an-

"Permit me to thank you for the compliment you pay me, by your disapproval of my attempts to enforce the law.

"In conclusion, may I venture to hope for a reply to this letter through the public press, as soon as you can get someone to write an answer for you, and will you kindly therein particularize your grounds of complaint

## H. L. HUGHES' LECTURE DATES.

Coeur d'Alene City, Idaho-Monday, August 24.

Harrison, Idaho-Tuesday, August Lane, Idaho-Wednesday, August

26 JOURNAL Silver King, Idaho-Thursday, Au-

gust 27. Burke, Idaho-Friday, August 28. Mullan, Idaho-Saturday, August

De Borgia, Montana-Sunday, August 30.

St. Regis, Montana-Monday, August 31. Lothrop, Montana-Tuesday, September 1.

Hamilton, Montana - Thursday, September 3

Missoula, Montana-Friday, September 4. Bonner, Montana-Saturday, Sep-

tember 5. Anaconda, Montana-Labor Day September 7.

Members of A. L. U. and Socialist locals are requested to arrange for halls and meetings.

The comrades who label themselves "clear-cut, class-conscious, uncompromising, revolutionary, scientific, proletarian Socialists may get lots of satisfaction out of it, but it does not ples by men whose chances in life have been so small that they have to get a half Nelson on words of two syllables to keep from being thrown. Besides, the string can be learned as parrots learn, and does not indicate any particular knowledge of Socialism. If said slowly and with proper emphasis it impressed the uninformed, but it also discourages them.

Owing to hard times, the "smart set" at Newport were only able to raise \$30,000 for a subscription ball. The disadvantages of poverty, it is hoped, will not seriously interfere with the enjoyment of their ball by these drones. Their only aim in life is pleasure and it would be too bad to deprive even a member of the "smart set" of his or her sole aim in

WANTED—Live agents to seil Dr. White's Electric Combs, patented Jan. 1, '99. Cure dandruff, hair falling out, sick and nervous headaches, yet cost no more than an ordinary comb. Seils on sight. Agents are wild with success. Send 50c for sample (half price). Write guick. The Dr. White Electric Comb Co., Decatur, Ill.

COME AND EAT Open Day and Night

FOX'S CAFE

Have Your Printing Done in Butte -A8-

Fine Printing

McKee Printing Co.

128 West Granite Street

Designing Engraving Copper and Steel Plate Embossing

Lithographic Reproductions Bank and Commercial Printing

"Silver Spray" case beer, pints and

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

High Class Work at Moderate Figures—

Union Canada On Every

Mail Orders Receive Prompt Attention..

OATES & ROBERTS

Printers and Publishers

Phone 887-A - 114 E. Broadway BUTTE - - MONTANA

By-Laws, Resolutions Letter-Heads, Envelopes

We furnish engraved cards in any desired style at the following prices, the price including the plate and 100 cards:

> Any Style in Seript, \$1.50 Roman . . . \$3.00 Old English . . . \$4.00

Later orders from same plates \$1.00 per hundred.

Samples sent on application.

Hight & Fairfield Co.

**Butte**, Montana

## A Store With a Good Record

We have been doing business in this town for 14 years. In that time the town has more than dou-bled in population. During the same time our business has IN-CREASED FIVE FOLD. In other CREASED FIVE FOLD. In other words, our business has made a great deal more rapid increase than the town has. There are dozens of reasons for this, all of which you will perceive if you begin buying drug store goods of us.

In the first place we had a thor-ough training for pharmacy.

In the second place we had exceptional opportunities for learning the practical side of pharmacy in a successful drug store of the highest standing.

In the third place we have kept our eyes open and attended to business until we know the de-mands of the people in this town.

Ask anybody or everybody in this town what they think of our drug store and we venture the assertion that seven out of 10 will tell you that they get better ser-vice and far better satisfaction at our drug store than anywhere else

We would like very much to have your trade and will do every-thing in our power to make you en-joy doing all of your drug store trading with us.

Telephone 74 Anything Delivered Free

PAXSON & ROCKEFELLER **Red Cross Drug Store** 24 West Park St.

Butte.

Phone 74.

Montana

### THE STATE NURSERY CO. **FLORISTS**

Plants and Flowers Autumn Leaf TELEPHONE 227

A. Y. ELLISON, Manager 47 W. Broadway

Key West Temptation Cigara. Union made.

BLY, SELL, PACK, SHIP, STOR-AGE, EXCHANGE, FUR-NITURE AT

Butte Exchange Furniture Co. Largest House in the West, J. CHAUVIN Manager. 20 WEST BROADWAY, BUTTE.

LARGEY LUMBER CO. All kinds of rough and dressed

TELEPHONE 547 - Office and Tards from Street East of Arizona St., Butte.

STROMBERG-MULLINS CO. WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

Agents for Lemp's St. Louis Beer, Wankesh Arcadian Mineral Water and Ginger Ale, C. H. Evans & Sons' Celebrated Ale and Stout. Shaws' Pure Malt, Dry Climate Cigars, Man Bel Lopes & Co. Clear Havana Cigara

EVANS' BOOK STORE

BLANK BOOKS

of the Trust Question, the Relation of the Trust Question to the Unemployed Problem, Emigration.

The afternoon session was devoted to a discussion of the protection of foreign labor, the question arising from the continual interchange of STATIONERY And all Kinds of Reading Matter

A PROSPEROUS UNION.

Freeman, Washington, Federal Com-

ing to the Front.

Some time since the Journal an-

nounced that the Washington Brick

and Lime Company did not take kind-

ly to ial ... unions; that membership

in one was sufficient ground, for dis-

charge. We are plen d to announce a change of front in this regard thanks to the efforts of Freeman

Pederal union. This progressive union

is coming to the front in fine shape.

The record made has surprised the

men themselves. O. C. Smith, of Hope,

Idaho, spent an evening with them

recently. At the next meeting 30

new members were taken in and

Lloyd Frazure, the secretary, is en-

thusiastic for the future of the union,

and delighted with the work of

Brother Smith, who will assist them

in work connected with their wage

The growth of membership in this

union would indicate a true spirit of

brotherhood gaining ground among

the workers of that region, and also

the reliable character of those who

first undertook the work of organi-

A continuance of this devotion to

purpose on the part of those now in

control of affairs will keep Freeman

Federal where it now is -- in the front

rank-from the standpoint of earn-

estness, if not members. To discour-

age the workers, certain company of-

ficials attempted to belittle the union

by saying that the A. L. U. was only

experimenting" with the union. The

others are coming in steadily.

scale.

A. L. U. does not do business in that

way. Every union that holds an A.

I. U. charter is backed by the entire

body made of union men, who are

union in fact as well as in name, and

every one of this membership will

stay to the last breath with each and

every local, regardless of its age or

size, in a just fight to better the con-

dian of its membership. The A. L.

U. is not a close corporation run in

the intere of a few. It is a demo-

ratically managed body and the au-

thority is always vested in the rank

and file, who have never shown the

white feather. Again, it is a constant-

ly growing body, and within the next

year there will be something doing in

the big internationals of the east.

Freeman Federal is not being "ex-

The Garment Workers' union of El

Paso has been organized under a

charter of the A. L. U. The U. B. of

R. E. officials at that point are ren-

dering every assistance to make the

GROWING FAST.

Big Springs, Texas, Aug. 10, 1903.

Ed. American Labor Union Journal:

the world, Mr. W. F. Morrison, of the

U. B. of R. E., while here made two

talks to good audiences, and the

cause was greatly advanced thereby.

We expect to organize soon. Anyway,

we let no grass grow under our feet.

Socialism is growing in this part of

perimented" with.

union a success.

Fraternally,

RESOLUTION.

Grand Junction, Colo., Aug. 13, 1903. Federal Labor union passed the following resolutions at their meeting August 12, 1903:

"Whereas, The city of Idaho Springs, Colo., has been startled by the dynamiting which destroyed a part of the property of the Sun and Moon Mining company.

such lawlessness; and therefore be it "Resolved. That we denounce such dynamiting and hope for the speedy

"Whereas, immediately following said explosion members of the Citizens' Protective League of Idaho Springs, aided by the peace officers of the place, did, without warrant of law or evidence of guilt, arrest and place in jall members of the Miners' union, and in the evening take them therefrom and march them out of the city and warn them not to return on pain of personal violence;

lawlessness of the members of the Citizens' Protective League and officers of Idaho Springs as anarchistic in the extreme."

The International Musicians' union convention, which has just finished its labors, placed the matter of affiliation with the A. L. U. in the hands of its executive board. During the convention the delegates took up the fight against the scab restaurants in a most energetic manner.

Butte stenographers have changed the name of the organization to Butte Office Employes' union, and all office employes will be taken into membership. A business agent has been appointed and an aggressive campaign for membership will be nistituted at once. The newly elected business agent is Vincent Doody, former clerk to the chief of police under the Davey administration. - He is a Montanian by birth, and well and favor-"Whereas, We are opposed to all ably known. The organization should

and,

A movement is on foot at Fernie, B. C., to organize a district union and put in effect a uniform scale of wages for the lumbermen, and also abolish the time check system, which is contrary to British Columbia law.

have a bright future. R. C. Smith

has been elected president to succeed

Edward Jeffords, resigned.

Butte Stablemen's union has suffered a loss of \$70 owing to the defalcation of Lewis. The bonding company will make good the loss. Lewis is in Missoula and will be arrested.

#### EXPULSION.

Fernie, B. C., Aug. 14, 1903. Ed. American Labor Union Journal: Brother J. Stancik and J. Sorkee have been expelled from the Rocky Mountain Bartenders' union No. 297 of the A. L. U. for conduct unbecoming a union man. We wish the same to be published in your next issue of the Journal. Fraternally yours,

C. E. LADEROUTE, Sec. WM. MILLER, Pres.

punishment; of the guilty parties;

therefore be it

"Resolved, That we denounce the

## Lessons in Social Economy for Local Classes WALTER THOMAS MILLS \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

W. ROPER.

· Lesson No. 4-The Story. You know your father and mother

very well. You know your grandparents and maybe your great-grandparents. But these great-grandparents were once asking about their great-grandparents in just the same way that you are now asking about them

And then back of them and back of them, until it was so long ago that we can not fell how many years, and still they are our parents. We know that they did not have the telephones nor the railway, nor sharp axes, nor warm clothes, nor books of any sort. We know that they lived in caves and in the tops of trees and that the little scattering of hair which grows all over our bodies once covered their bodies with thick, warm, shaggy

The arguments for thinking so are many and to most students are unanswerable. The record of the rocks shows a continuous improvement in the forms of life shown by the fossils in them. Only the simplest forms

Report of Gaylord Wilshire as Rep-

resentative of the Socialist Bureau

which meets semi-annually in Brus-

sels is as yet more of a promise than

a present power. It has been in ex-

istence now some three years. It is

composed of two delegates from each

nation sent by the respective Social-

ist parties. In the absence of the

regular delegates from the United

States, George D. Herron and Walter

Thomas Mills, I had the honor of

being the official representative of

the Socialist party of America, having

been appointed by the national ex-

ecutive committee at its meeting held

The meeting was held on July 29

in one of the committee rooms of the

Maison du Peuple, the great build

ing especially constructed for and owned by the Socialist party of Brus-

sels. The following is a list of dele-

gates present at the meeting: V.

Serwy, the secretary of the bureau

Anseele and Vandervelde, of Bei

gium; Vaillant, France; Pischer and

Tros stra, Holland; Knudsen, Den-

mark; I odnan and Hunter Watts,

England; Wuls and Caesrine Wei-

a; Patronie, Arg. tine Republic,

The Socialist parties of Austria a 1

The morning session was occupied

with routine business and the re-

ports of autional secretaries. It was

roted that the following subjects

should be taken up for discussion at

the International Congress of Socialists to be held at Amsterdam in

1904: General Strikes, General Rules

Political Socialism, Trades Union-m and Politics, Cotonial Politics, In-cantional Arbitration, the Relation

Italy sent excuses for not lang rep-

na ka, Poland; Cuizbourg,

Van Kol and

on the 5th of July.

Pfankuch, Germany;

London, July 24, 1903.

are found in the oldest rocks. The cent form. more advanced forms are found only in the latest of the rock formations.

There are numerous remains of organs found in the human body which have no use now, but could have been of service in a simpler form of life. They are believed to be survivals of that simpler form of life. The muscles for using the ears in a way they are no longer used is an instance.

Again, the embryo of a child form ing in its mother's womb assumes all the forms of the more simple preceding forms of life before reaching the form of man. It is believed that this is so because the race has passed through all these forms before reaching the form of man.

And yet we are told that our parents were monkeys, or if not monkeys that they were very helpless when they were only three feet high and had no tools and lived in trees.

THE LESSON.

1. The law of cause and effect rules in the process by which man, as well as the earth, was brought to his pres-

2. If the law of cause and effect ruled in making man by processes of improvement on lower forms of life, the same law may be depended upon in making further improvements both in individuals and in social institu-

3. If we wish the good to survive and to improve as it survives, we must look for causes to make it survive and improve as it survives.

4. If we come from little shaggy people of so long ago by the changes which they made, we ought still to be making changes for the better.

5. If the little shaggy people could do so many things when they had no tools to begin with and knew so little, how much more we ought to do with the wonderful tools we have and knowing so much more than they.

QUESTIONS.

1. Can you tell who your greatgreat-great-great grandfather was?

2. Do you know how large he was

3. Are you sure that you ever had great-great-great grandfather?

Principal of the International School of Social Economy

4. When we go back far enough, how small were our parents?

What kind of coats did they 5. wear?

6. Where did they live? What tools did they have? 7. Do you know who invented the

telephone? Do you know who invented the axe, the hammer, the building of houses and the making of clothes? 8. How did the people we know

parents of so long ago were such little people? Who made the change? 9. Can we still make changes? Are people getting larger and stronger now or are they getting small and

weak again? 10. Do you think a boy or girl has any right to do anything which will make him weak or sickly?

11. Do you think that shops and mines ought to be run so that the people who work there will get stiff and crooked and weak, and small?

# C. B. HOSKINS

Key West Temptation Cigars.



OSCAR STENBERG Sign Painter and Decorator 59 W. Park St. (in the rear), Butte.

Temptation Cigars. A free amoke.

Scott's Santal-Pepsin Capsules A POSITIVE CURE Generator of her long stand-ing. Absolutely harmies. Sold by drugglets. Price 81.00, or by mill, portuals, 81.00, of home; \$2.75. THE BANTAL-PEPSH GO.

For sale by Newbro Drug Co. State Agent New Contury and New Model

B. E. Calkins

STATIONER AND PAPER DEALER PICTURES AND FRAMES

21 to 27 North Main Street, Butte, Mont

.....West Side.....

Electric Carpet Cleaning Co. F. JEFFREY, MANAGER,

Telephone 8767-A. 130 W. Broadway. Butte, Montana

DISEASES OF MEAT NO CLIS DR. F. 34 Wash AVE SO

AND SURGEON WREATHEN BY MAIL

# THE INTERNATIONAL REPORT

tion raised by the Belgian delegation should be referred to the Amsterdam ongress, inasmuch as that congre was to deal specifically with the matters of emigration and immigration and this question would fall directly under these heads. Furthermore, the delegates placed

ists in Bulgaria protesting against the recent outrages and acts of vandalism committed by the Turks in Macedo In view of the fact that the letter had no documents attached specifying the nature of the outrages, and that many delegates regretfully conferent delegates regretfully confessed igno-rance of the exact situation in Bulga-ria, the matter was laid on the table. The next meeting of the bureau will

Singer and Bebel were expected from Germany, but they were so worn out by their labors in the recent elections that they were unable to come,

Professor Enrico Ferri also disappointed us, Italy being unrepresented. However, his request that the bureau endorse the proposed histole demonstration to be made by the Italian Socialist party on the occasion of the expected visit of the Czar of Russia to the king of Italy kept the Italians well in the mind of the bureau, notwithstanding the absence of any Ital-

The bureau decided to endorse the Italians upon the general ground that Socialists are always and at all times and places bound to dissent from Czarism, and especially inasmuch as the Russians themselves have no opportunity of expressing themselves on the subject, being denied the ballot, and a hostile street demonstration resulting inevitably in capital punishment to the participants. The histolity the Italians will show the Czar is simply an expression to him of sen-timents the Russian people themselves would like to express, but do not dare.

A discussion somewhat similar to this came up outside the bureau a few and purposes as free and demo

the thing that Socialists were fighting was capitalism, the competitive sys tem, and that so long as they, the Italians, had the ballot on equal terms with the French, it was their own fault if they continued under capital. ism, and that the mere fact that their having a king instead of a president was of practically no economic importance. The ardor of the French Socialists subsided at this reply, and they decided to allow the Italian king

applies to the Czar, for he is not a constitutional monarch, and the Rusthemselves from year to year at the ballot box as to whether they prefer

ow to pretect its labor from the com-On my motion the bureau resolved

tional congress of Socialists to be held

GAYLORD WILSHIRE.

Numerous locals in the west h een soliciting the services of Carl D. Thompson in the work of agita-tion. He has practically decided that if a sufficient number of dates can be arranged for a continuous tour he will make the trip.

foreign labor between France Belgium, the workers being now engaged in one country and again in the other. Wages being so much lower in Belgium, when workers from that country go to France they come into disastrous competition with French workers. In Germany and Austria the influx of Italian labor has also worked serious reduction in the wages of the workers of those two countries. Watts of England declared that it was difficult for the international bureau to determine a ques tion of this nature which concerned but two or three special countries Vandervelde of Belgium beld that the question should be held for discussion by the Amsterdam congress in 1904, when the matter could be treated in its entirety, but in the meantime that the international bureau should recognize the situation officially and take such immediate steps as was doomed best.

It was smally voted that the ques

Furthermore, the transfer opposer themselves on record as being opposer themselves on record as being opposer employment of foreign labor, and that the delegates from the countries immediately interested in the matter viz: the French, Italian and Belgian, should settle it among themselves and put it in shape to submit to the Am-

A letter was read from the Social.

take place in Amsterdam on the first Sunday in February, 1904.

and sent substitutes.

ian delegate.

months previous upon the occasion of the visit of the king of Italy to the ident of France. Some of the French Socialists proposed a hostile demonstration, but the Italians very wisely requested them to abandon the project. The Italians argued in the first place that Italy was to all intents a country under its constitutional monarch as was France under her capitalist president; that they, the Italians, had plenty of rights and opagainst their king, by their ballots and otherwise, and that they therefore did

voice their views; and, finally, that

to visit France in pe Of course, none of this argument sians have no chance to freely express autocracy or democracy.

We Americans have a chance to say whether we prefer being under a plutocratic government or not, whether we prefer owning our own country or having it owned by Morgan, Rockefeller & Co., and we regularly vote for King Morgan just us the German and Italian people vote for their Emperor Williams and King Victors.

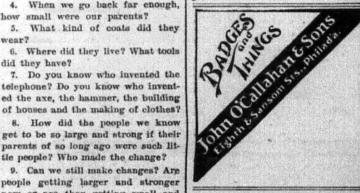
The afternoon session of the bureau was taken up with rather a futile discussion of the immigration problem. Nearly every country in Western Europe is bothered with the question of petition of the foreign immigrant There is of course no method; more chance of protection than there is of preventing a smallpox patient part of the disease of capitalism.

to have the relation of the unem ployed question to the trust question discussed fully at the next interns next year in Amsterdam.

not require the help of the French to



Refurnished and under new management. Finest music in Butte. Competent teachers. Strictly respectable. Lessons every night. Socials every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings. Special arrangements made for private parties and grandballs. For rental of hall, Wm. E. Stelaff, Prop. Come Have a Good Time. "Silver Spray" aids appetite and di-



# 124 W. PARK STREET TELEPHONE 308

### ALL MY TIME

Is devoted to optical work. I guarantee perfect-fitting glasses. Frames and lenses complete, \$2.00 to \$10.00. Artificial eyes, \$4.50. I have the most complete optical parlors in the West. My eye remedies-Rosches' Opthal-

mic Drops for inflamed eyes, granulated lids, etc .- are the best.

EXAMINATION FREE.

Dr. Daniel Rosche 48 W. Park St., Butte

Orton brothers, planos and organs,

# ATTENTION, UNION MEN

Price makes all our suits, and places in each garment the registered union label.

Suits to order, \$15.03 and up. "Who's Allen?" 17 W. Park.

#### Diamond Drill Contracting Co. SPOKANE, WASH.

We Make a Specialty of Contract Prospecting With a Diamond Drill Correspondence Solicited.

Key West Temptation Cigars. Latest out.

## SPORTING GOODS EXCLUSIVELY

CARL ENGEL Write for Price

Drink "Silver Spray," Brewing Co., Gt. Falls.

# DR. HENDERSON 101-103 W. 9th St., Kansas City, Mo. A Regular Graduate in Medicine: Over 30 Years' Practice. The Oldest in Age and Longest Located.

Cures guaranteed or money refunded. All medicines furnished ready for use-no mercury or injurious medicines used. No detention from business. Patients at a distance treated by mail and express. Medicires seat everywhere, free from gaze or breakage. No medicines sent C. O. D., only by agreement. Charges low. Over 40.00 cases cured. Age and experience are important. State your case and send for terms. Consultation free and confidential, personally or by letter.

Seminal Weakness The results of and Sexual Debility and excesses. I stop night losses, restore sexual power, need and strengthen weak parts; make you fit for marriage. Send for book, Stricture. Radically supports.

Stricturo Radically cured with a new and And Glost infallible Home Treatment. No And Glost instruments, no pain, no detention from business. Cure guaranted. Book and list of questions free-scaled.

Syphilis Blood poisoning and all private discusses permanently cured.

Varicocele, Hydrocele and Phimosis fermanently cared in a few days without pain or danger. BOOK for both sexes—% pages, 27 pictures with full description of above dis-cases, the effects and cure set's scaled

Journal subscription cards, 50c each. Buy some now.

# Dr. W. H. Saunders & Co.



Cure the worst cases of Nervous, Blood, Skin, Urinary and Sexual Diseases of both men and women, no matter how lingering, dangerous or severe. No experiments. 26 years' experience.

VARICOCELE, PILES and KNOTTED /EINS of the legs, etc., cured at once VARICOCELE, PILES and KNOTTED VEINS of the legs, etc., cured at once without operation. 500 for failure.

MIDDLE-AGED MEN, there are thousands of you who have committed offenses against the laws of your nature and are now paying for it. Those week, aching backs, Loss of Sexual Power, Falling or Lost Vitality, Frequent or Painful Evacuations of the Bladder, accompanied by more or less smarting and the escape of particles of albumen in the urine with ropy sediment, all point to the decline of your manhood. There are hundreds who die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause. The doctors will guarantee a perfect cure in all auch cases and healthy restoration of the Genie Urinary Organs.

"A WARNING VOICE."

Is the title of our book which describes those troubles. Write for it, enclosing ac stamp for postage and receive question list for perfect system of home treatment. Thousands cured at home by correspondence. Consultation free. Our honest opinion always given, and good, honest, careful treatment given to every patient. Address.

### A Delightful Summer Trip

If you are going East this summer, why not see Salt Lake City and Denver and the elegant scenery through Colorado along the lines of the Rio Grande system?

You can't beat it for excellent service and good accommodations. Only one change between Butte and Chicago and Saint Louis. Write for rates and a copy of "With Nature in Colorado."

G. W. FITZGERALD, Butte, Mont. General Ages

# Proposed Constitution of American Labor Union

Union; but such action to be legal shall require that the representative on the General Executive Board for the national or international union or unions, if any are involved in the strike, shall vote affirmatively; but the General Executive Board has the right to appeal from a refusal to vote or a negative vote of such represen-tative to the Executive Board or Board of Directors of the national or international union represented by him, and should such appeal result in an affirmative vote then the vote of such national or international union shall be considered as being affirmative and the strike ordered

To Declare Strikes Off.

Fo Declare Strikes Off.

Sec. 9. The General Executive
Board by two-thirds vote shall have
power to declare any strike off which
may have been sanctioned or ordered
by it when, in its judgment, the best
interests of the American Labor
Union will be served by so doing.

Payments from Defense Fund.

Sec. 19. Whenever a strike has
been duly and legally entered upon,
in accordance with the provisions of

been duly and legally entered upon, in accordance with the provisions of this constitution, the general executive board shall have power to order payments from the defense fund for the purpose of conducting the strike and supporting the strikers until such strike has been duly and legally declared off by the General Executive Board, but no payments whatever shall ever be made from the defense fund as donations or contributions or fund as donations or contributions or for any other purpose whatsoever ex-cept to conduct strikes and pay strike benefits in cases where strikes have been duly and legally approved by the General Executive Board.

Strike Pay-Rates of. Sec. 11. Strike pay shall not be allowed to strikers until they have in each separate case been out on legal strike a period exceeding seven consecutive days, and the strike allowance after seven consecutive days shall not exceed \$5 per week for strikers with families dependent upon them, and \$3 per week for other strikers, and shall be paid only to those who are actually working when the strike began and who were actually and legally called out on strike, provided, that the General Executive Board may extend the provisions of this section to individual cases of non-union men and those who were each separate case been out on legal non-union men and those who were not working when the strike began; but this authority may be used to a very limited extent only

Definition of Strikes.

Sec. 12. A "strike," within the meaning of this constitution and by-laws, is a peaceful cessation of labor or refusal to work upon the part of a member or members of a national international as local union of the al, international or local union of the American Labor Union on account of the refusal of the employer or em-ployers of its members to redress a grievance either of the American La-bor Union as a whole or a part there-of, or of a member or members thereof, or of a member or members thereof. No other meaning or intent is
ever to be given, understood or implied from the word "strike" within
the meaning of this constitution and
hy-laws and of the other laws, regulations and act or acts of the American Labor Union; nor is any strike,
other than as herein defined, to be
lawfully entered upon by the American Labor Union, or any authority
under it, nor shall the American Labor Union, or any member or membor Union, or any member or mem-bers thereof, he by the American La-bor Union or by any authority exer-cised thereunder directed to engage or be engaged in any unlawful com-tination, confederation or conspiracy so declared under the laws of the governments under which the American Labor Union may operate; nor having for its purpose, object or design the retarding, hindrance, stoppage or interference with the transmission of the mails of the governments under which the American Labor Union was operate or of interbor Union may operate, or of inter-national, interstate, territorial or provincial commerce, or of commerce be tween nations, states, territories or provinces; nor having for its purpose, object or design the commission of any offense or offenses against any any offense or offenses against any government or against any authority to be exercised under any governments or any states, territories or provinces therein; and every strike that may be lawfully ordered or instituted by the American Labor Union, or under its authority, shall be limited to the peaceful and lawful cessation of labor and declination to perform further service, and withperform further service, and without engaging in any violence or un-lawful act or acts in connection there-

Disbursement from Defense Fund. Sec. 13. Disbursements from the defense fund can only be made by the General Executive Board and in ac-General Executive Board and in accordance with the provisions of this constitution, and then only for the purpose of conducting strikes which have been duly and legally approved by the General Executive Board.

Defense Fund—How Cared For.
Sec. 14. The General Executive Board has power to invest the defense fund in United States government bonds.

Power to Declare Unfair.
Sec. 15. The General Executive
Board shall have power to declare
any article, individual, firm, company. any article, individual, 3rm, company, corporation, trust, railway, or other person, institution or thing, fuir or unfair to organized labor, and all national, international or local unitons or individual members of the American Labor Union shall absolutely respect and comply with these declarations.

tions.

To Interpret the Constitution.
Sec. 16. The General Executive
Board shall have power to interpret
the constitution and all laws, rules
and regulations enacted by the
American Labor Union, and may, in
its judgment, prepare and submit any
law, enacting any law and repealing
and amending any existing law affecting this constitution to referendum vote as provided herein.

To Call Special Session of General
Convention.

To Call Special Session of General Convention.

Sec. 17. The General Executive Board shall have power by two-thirds vote to call a special session of the General Convention when, in its judgment, such action is necessary to the welfare of the American Labor Union, and shall call a special session of the General Convention upon petition of local unions representing not less than ten per cent. of the membership.

Grievances and Appeals.
Sec. 18. The General Executive
Board shall have power to hear and

decide upon all grievances and appeals properly presented to it, from decisions of national, international or local unions or general officers, but cases in which appeals are based shall be presented to and passed upon by the proper authority having jurisdici, if any, before such appeals may taken to the General Executive

To Determine Jurisdiction.

Sec. 19. 'The General Executive Board shall have power to determine the jurisdiction of all national, international or local unions of the American Labor Union when not otherwise revisided in this constitution. provided in this constitution.

Compensation of Members. Sec. 20. Compensation of members of the General Executive Board shall

as follows.

(a) General President, General

General Secretary-Vice-President, General

Vice-President, General Secretary-Trensurer as provided elsewhere in this constitution;

(b) Members representing national or international unions in the Gen-eral Executive Board shall be com-pensated by their respective unions, except when personally attending meetings of or transacting business for the General Executive Board in which the national or international which the national or international union they represent is not specially interested, in which ease such members shall receive from the American Labor Union the same compensation they would have received from their respective unions:

(c) Other members of the General Executive Board shall receive five dollars per day for time consumed in traveling and serving on the General Executive Board and actual transportation expenses when away from Fome under orders of the General Executive Board, but allowances for transportation expenses may only be inade upon expense account rendered in proper form with recepts for all expenditures attached thereto, and must be audited and approved by the General President before being paid. one expense account may submitted in any one month.

ARTICLE V.

General President-Position Defined. Section 1. The General President is the executive head of the American Labor Union and its chief executive

How Nominated and Elected. Sec. 2. He shall be nominated and elected as provided in this constitution, and shall hold office for two years and until his successor is duly qualified and installed.

Sec. 3. He shall preside at all sessions of the General Convention and shall exercise such authority while the General Convention is in session as appertains to the presiding officer of that body.

To Appel Committee

To Appoint Committees.
Sec. 4. At the opening of each reg-ular sesion of each General Conven-tion, immediately after the calling of tion, immediately after the calling of the temporary roll of officers and members thereof, he shall appoint the following committees to consilit of not les than five how more than fifteen members each, the members of said committees to be selected pro-portionately from national, interna-tional and local unions: Credentials.

Rules—special and general, (After report of the committee on creden-tials has been received and adopted, he shall immediately appoint the fol-lowing additional committees, to con-sist of not less than five nor more than fifteen members each, selected proportionately from national, international and local unions):

Constitution and by-laws, Ritual and secret work, General officers' reports, Finance and salaries Grievances and appeals,

Printing.
Labor and labor statistics, Resolutions, petitions and greet-

American Labor Union Journal, Minutes,

Press,
And all special committees, not otherwise provided for.

To Appoint Convention Officers.
Sec. 5. He shall appoint a conductor and doorkeeper to serve during each sesion of the General Convention only.

To Decide Questions of Order.
Sec. 6. He shall decide all questions of order arising during the de-liberations of the General Convention, subject to appeal to the Gen-eral Convention by any member

To Approve Claims.

Sec. 7. He shall approve all orders, bills, claims and vouchers of every character against the general treasury or any department thereof before payment of funds may be made therefrom.

To Disseminate Secret Work.
Sec. 8. He shall provide for the distribution and dissemination of all signs, passwords, grips and signals which may be prescribed by the General Convention.

To Convene Local Unions.

Sec. 9. He-may convene any local union at any time, preside therein, inspect its work, correct its errors, examine its books, and require conformity with the constitution, by-laws, rules and regulations of the American Labor Union, and may, in his judgment, authorize any general officer, member of the General Executive Board or general organizer to exercise the authority granted in this section.

Sec. 10. He may grant charters for state, district and city unions in ac-cordance with the terms of this con-stitution.

rordance with the terms of this constitution.

To Grant Charters to National or International Unions.

Sec. 11. He may grant charters to national or international unions seeking admitisance to the American Labor Union, provided they conform to the requirements of this constitution and a charter has not already been granted to a national or international union having jurisdiction over the same industry.

To Grant Charters to Local Unions.

Sec. 12. He may grant charters to local unions in accordance with the terms of this constitution.

To Suspend Officers.

Sec. 13. He may suspend for cause from official function any general of-

of any state, district, city or local union united with the American Labor Union, pending investigation and decision by the General Executive Board, but such suspension shall not

deprive the individual suspended of his standing in his union."

To Appoint Chief Clerk.
Sec. 14. He has power to appoint a chief clerk in personal charge of the General President's office, for whose conduct he shall be held enwhose conduct he shall be held entirely responsible, and whose com-pensation shall be one hundred and wenty-five dollars per month, pay-

twenty-five dollars per month, payable monthly.

To Appoint Organizers.

Sec. 15. He has power to commission, appoint and dismiss general and local organizers; compensation of general organizers to be one hundred dollars per month and reasonable transportation and living expenses when absent from their headquarters; payable only upon submission

ters; payable only upon submission of the regular expense account form adopted by the American Labor Union; compensation of local organizers to be either by commission or salary as may be determined by the General President.

Shall Give Bonds. Sec. 16. He shall give a bond in a

reliable surety company to be selected by the General Executive Board in the sum of ten thousand dollars; said bond to be retained by the Gen-eral Executive Board.

Shall Submit Report.

Sec. 17. He shall submit to each regular session of the General Convention a report setting forth all his official acts and shall recommend such legislation as he deems for the est interests of the American Labor

Compensation Of.
Sec. 18. He shall devote his entire
time to the interests of the American Labor Union and shall receive as compensation for his services one hundred and seventy-five dollars per month, payable monthly, and when absent from the general headquarters in the interests of the American Labor Union, he shall receive reasonable transfer. able traveling and living expenses, payable only upon submission of the regular expense account form adopted by the American Labor Union.

ARTICLE VI. General Vice-President-How Nomi-

nated and Elected. Section 1. The General Vice-President shall be nominated and elected as provided in this constitution and shall hold office for two years and un-til his successor is duly qualified and installed.

Duties Of.
Sec. 2. He shall assist the General
President in the discharge of his duties as presiding officer at all sessions of the General Convention, and

during the temporary absence of the General President he shall be presiding officer of the General Convention.

Sec. 3. When required by the General Executive Board, he shall devote his entire time under the instruction of the General President to the interests of the American Labor Union terests of the American Labor Union and shall perform such duties as the General President may direct. Shall Succeed to Presidency. Sec. 4. In case of the death, resig-

nation or removal of the General President, he shall discharge the du-

ties and assume the responsibilities of the office of General President until his successor is duly installed.

Compensation Of.

Sec. 5. When devoting his entire time to the interests of the American Labor Union, he shall receive as compensation for his services one compensation for his services one lundred and twenty-five dollars per month, payable monthly, and when absent from his headquarters in the interests of the American Labor I'nion, he shall receive reasonable traveling and living expenses, pay-able only upon the submission of the regular expense account form adopted by the American Labor Union.

ARTICLE VII. General Secretary-Treasurer-Position

Defined.

Section 1. The General Secretary-Treasurer is the official head of the accounting and treasury departments.

How Nominated and Elected.

Sec. 2. He shall be nominated and elected as provided in this constitution and shall hold office for two years and until his successor is duly qualified and installed.

qualified and installed.

Ex-Officio Secretary of General Convention.

Sec. 3. When the General Convention.

sec. 3. when the General Conven-tion is in session he is its secretary and recording officer, and it shall be his duty to keep a true record of the proceedings of the General Conven-tion proper to be written, and to lay all appeals before it.

Shall Keep Records.

Sec. 4. He shall keep a complete record of all national, international, state, district, city or local unions united with the American Labor Union, and his books shall at all times show the financial standing of every such union with the General Pressury and every department. Treasury and every department

Shall Issue Monthly Reports.
Sec. 5. He shall prepare and report to the General Executive Board, and to all national, international and local unions, monthly the condition of the general treasury in its several de-partments; the numerical strength of all national, international and local all national, international and local unions separately and as a whole, together with the increase and decrease of membership of such minons and in the American Labor Union as a whole, and has power to require all minons of every character united with the American Labor Union to render monthly reports to his office promptly after the close of each month in criter that he may comply with this section; and every such union falling to comply with this section; and every such union falling to comply with this section shall be disciplined in such manner as may be determined by the General Executive Board.

Shall Countersign Charters.

Board.

Shall Countersign Charters.

See 6. He shall countersign all charters granted by the General President and shall affix the great seal of the American Labor Union thereto.

Has Charge of Records.

Sec 7. He sall preserve the records and shall have charge of the books, papers and great seal of the American Labor Union and all property belonging to the General Convention.

(Continued on Pres Saver)

# OSTEOPATHY



CURES where all others fail. If you are SUFFERING from any chronic disease and

have failed to get relief try OSTEOPATHIC treatment. Stomach, Liver, Bowel, Kidney, Lung and Nervous

Diseases successfully treated. DISEASES of WOMEN

a specialty.

DON'T delay but consult at

DR. KENNEDY

The Butte Osteopath

Office, Cor. Montana and Granite

## American Brewing & Malting Co.

Brewers and Bottlers of Extra Quality Lager Beer "OLD FASHION" --- Our Special Brew

OFFICE, 109 CENTRAL AVENUE GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

RIPON KNITTING WORKS RIPON, WISCONSIN

Manufacturers of Leather Gloves and Mittens Comrie Patent Thumb

Woolen Hosiery sold by Lead-ing Merchants in Montana, Colorado and Idaho.





IT MAKES Light Sweet Wholesome Bread Royal Milling C. GREAT FALLS

# The Railway Employees' Journal

Is now in its third year and has more news of interest to railroad men every week than any other publication.

IT OCCUPIES A NEWSPAPER FIELD TO ITSELF.

It also advocates the cause of Industrial Unionism for Railroad and Express men, and is the organ of the
UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF RAILWAY EMPLOYES
Affiliated International Organization of the American Labor Union, and of the Express Auxiliary U. B. R. E., an industrial union of Railway Expressmen

A postal will bring you a sample copy of the Journal, or we send it to ou every week for \$1 a year; 50 cents for six months. Three months' Trial Subscription for 25 cents.

RAILWAY EMPLOYEES' JOURNAL.

211 Parrott Bldg. The way to subscribe is to subscribe.

San Francisco, Cal.

Julte Busines College Owsley Block, Butte, Mentana

Where Will You Attend School This Fall? a decide to go elsewhere you should investigate the advantages offered by our school.

You will make no mistake in deciding to attend a first-class business college, for the

RICE & FULTON, Props.

Underhill (Union Made)

SHIRTS, PANTS, OVER- Working Garments

UNDERHILL MANUFACTURING CO. Chas. Bayly, President and Manager, DENVER, COLO.

insched it.
It begins usually
with a little blister
or sore, then awailing in the groins, a
red cruption breaks
out on the body, sores
in the mouth, the tire
ated, the hair, eye broout and, as the blood b
taminated, copper color
metalize gruptions and rost, pimples, copper-colored spots on any parts of the body, hair or we falling out, it is this secondary poison we guarantee to cure. We A, as the case of the case of the case of the case of the body, and case of the body, and case of the case of the

this leathers forms. It is a perfect as in the worst forms. It is a perfect as cole for the powerful virus that pollu-ties blood, and peacetaics to all parts the worst. Disease you get this poison— of your blood it will ruin you and be of your blood it will ruin you and be

he most eminent physicians. For y years we have made a specialty or ting this disease with our MAGIO RE, and we have \$500,000 capital behind

ok and learn all shout contagious bleed asses. If you want medical cherice give a history of your case, and bur physical will furnish all the information you are not any charge wheever.

Cook Remedy Co., 1141

## Your Banking

No matter how small, no matter how DALY BANK & TRUST CO.

CAPITAL, \$100,000.00

Will give it careful attention. We try, by courtesy and fairness, to meet the needs of all.

John R. Toole......President M. B. Greenwood....Vice President Louis V. Bennett.....Cashier F. C. Norbeck.....Assistant Cashier



BUTTE, MONT. Capital, \$100,000.00 Under state supervision. Five per cent interest, payable quarterly, paid on deposits.

Money to Loan on Real Estate

F. AUG. HEINZE. . . . . President A. N. Clements . . . . . Cashier.

Charles R. Leonard, Pres.; T. R. Hinds, V. Pres.; Payette Harrington, Cashier. Capital \$100,000.00.

The Silver Bow National Bank

of Butte City.

This bank solicits accounts, offers prompt the careful attention to business of customers. Collections promptly attended to.

Transacts a general banking business. Pays niterest on time deposits.

Directors—Charles R. Leonard, F. Aug. Heinze, S. Marchessem, A. Balmforth, R. A. onis, C. W. Newton, T. R. Hinds, John Maclimiss, Fayette Harrington.

Cor. Park and Main Streets. BUTTE, MONTANA.

A general banking business transacted. Interest paid on

DIRECTORS:
John A. Creighton, Simeon V.
Kemper, George W. Stapelton,
Anthony H. Barrett, Thomas M.
Hodgens, Erasmus D. Leavitt,
James O. Hodgens, Morris S. Lar-

"Silver Spray" for invalids. Mon-

## 1,000,000 **Workers Need** The New Force

PRICE 25c; (stamps taken). It is educating the worker to demand his rights and shows him how he can prove to others that all who uphold the present wage slavery are

10c IN STAMPS will bring you either Socialism, New Thought or Suggestion.

SPECIAL OFFER:—To INTRODUCE OUR PUBLICATIONS WE WIll send you Humanity's Redemption & Health Rules, worth bc, for 4c in stamps.

Suggestive New Thought Publishing Company

Pythian Temple, - - - Cleveland, 0.

## APPEU A WEAK MAN "VIENNA" DISCOVERY SENT FREE

e sample of the season of the season Marriage, etc., sent free. Re-Ahuse, Drains, Lost Manhood, Weak developed Organs cured by this won-scovery where drugs alone fail. Don't cek. Enjoy the pleasure of life; we Write today-at once. All correspondence con-fidential. Marriage Guide and other books sent FREE.

W. D. ALBERT, Dept. 273

A Booklet of Essays

MARCUS W. ROBBINS

15c. POSTPAID

SEXUAL

Greatest Discovery of the Age
Permanently cures the wast case of prematerity or quickness in 8 to as days. A positive
cure guaranteed or money returned. Tago.
All orders must be made payable to M. Bennett, Manager.

The Bennett-Cutier Remedy Co. Lock Box 545 Onkland, Californ Please mention this paper.

EXCURSION TO IDAHO.

September 1 and 15 the Oregon Short Line will sell round trip tickets, Butte to all stations, Shoshone, Idaho, to Huntington, Oregon, including Boise, at one fare for the round trip, good returning fifteen days from date of sale; stop-overs in both directions. Here is an opportunity to visit the beautiful valley of the Snake River, the fruit and agricultural district of Idaho.

Proposed Constitution & American Labor Union

Shall Provide Stationery.
Sec. 8. He shall devise and provide forms of charters, membership cards, transfer cards, withdrawal cards, traveling cards, official receipts, credentials, seals, books, report blanks, stationery and supplies of the same with constitutions and by-laws, rituals and other matter ordered by the General Convention or General Executive Board, to be printed and kept cutive Board, to be printed and kept in stock, and shall be the custodian thereof and shall furnish the same to the General Convention, General Exe-cutive Board, general officers and unions upon requisition.

Account of Supplies.
Sec. 9. He shall keep accounts with unions showing charges for stationery and supplies.

Bonds.
Sec. 10. He shall require every general officer, organizer, local officer, agent, representative or employe of the American Labor Union, or any state, district, city or local union or department thereof to execute a surety bond in the sum to be desig-nated by the General Secretaryreasurer; and he shall endorse the word "approved" and sign his name thereunder on all bonds of general and other officers required to give bonds (except the General President and General Secretary-Treasurer) and of all treasurers and other officers and General Secretary-Treasurer, and of all treasurers and other officers of local unions who may be required to furnish bonds when such bonds are, in his judgment, satisfactory to the American Labor Union, and shall retain the same in his custody and will be held strictly accountable for the satisfactory execution and character of such bonds and for the amounts named therein and for the amounts named therein and for their production when required. The official bonds of the general and local officers of the American Labor Union, saving those of General Presi-dent, General Secretary-Treasurer and officers of national and international unions, shall be made payable to the General Secretary-Treasurer of the American Labor Union and to his eccessors in office and shall be by him held and enforced for, in the interests and behalf of the American Labor Union. The General Secretarry-Treasurer, or his successors in office, may in his own name sue upon and enforced the collection of the and enforce the collection of the penal sum of any such bond, and may as trustee of the American Labor Unas trustee of the American Labor Union sue in his own name (with like authority to his successors in office) and obtain judgment for any damages sustained by either the American Labor Union or by any department, district ro union, or by any of the members thereof, by reason of the failure or refusal of the officers named in any bond to comply with the obligation thereof, and he, or his successors in office, may further perform any acts, or take any action or proceeding by him or by any such proceeding by him or by any such successor deemed necessary to re-cover upon any bond, made payable to said General Secretary-Treasurer or successors in office, and the Amer-ican Labor nion and the members thereof may be joined as parties plaintiff therein and said General Secretary-Treasurer and successors in office may employ counsel to repre-sent him and them and the receipt, acquittance or discharge, compro-mise or settlement of any such pro-ceeding on the part of the General

Secretary-Treasurer or his successors in office, shall be the fully authorized act of the American Labor Union and its members, and upon them binding in any such proceeding, and if made to that effect in bar of all further proceedings upon the cause compromised or settled. Any sum or sums recovered by the General Secretary-Treasurer or his successors in office

Treasurer or his successors in office upon any such bonds or by reason of such action or proceeding, by him or them instituted thereon, shall be received and held by him or them in trust for the American Labor Union, paid into the general treasury and accounted for in the same manner in which other funds coming into the General Secretary-Treasurer's hands areto bep aid in and accounted for, such payment and accounting to be made immediately upon the receipt thereof. Bonds of General President and Gen-eral Secretary-Treasurer. Sec. 11. The official bonds of the

General President and General Secre-tary-Treasurer shall be made payable to a member of the General Execu-tive Board and to his successors in tive Board and to his successors in office, such member to be designated by the General Executive Board, and shall be by him held and enforced for, in the interest and on behalf of the American Labor Union in the same manner and under the same conditions and restrictions and with the same power and authority in all respects that is vested within the General Secretary-Treasurer as aforesaid in the case of the bonds of officers other than the General President and General Secretary-Treasurer.

Additional Duties.

Sec. 12. He shall perform such other duties as may be required by the constitution and by-laws or any law or regulation hereafter adopted by the General Convention, and by all decisions affecting the accounting and treasury departments made in writing by the General Executive Reard.

Power to Provide Books.
Sec. 13. He has power to provide himself with all books, stationery and supplies necessary to conduct the business of his department and shall render vouchers for all supplies purchased by him.

Shall Protect Funds.

render vouchers for all supplies purchased by him.

Shall Protect Funds.

Sec. 14. He shall carefully guard and protect the funds in the several departments of the general treasury, and it is his particular function to prevent transfers or applications of the funds to purposes or accounts for which they have not been legally appropriated, either by the constitution and by-laws, or by enactments of the General Convention, and he shall preserve and exhibit proper receipts for all disbursements from the several departments of the general treasury, made on vouchers, orders, bills or claims bearing the approval of the General President; and it shall be unlawful for any payment for any purpose whatsoever to be made from any of the several departments of the general treasury without the General President's approval in writing.

May Employ Staff.
Sec. 15. He has power to employ a chief clerk, accountants, bookkeepers, clerks, stenographers and other assistants of his office, and shall fix their compensation, but they shall invariably be members of the American Labor Union and the compensation or salaries thus nominated by him are subject to review and change by the General Executive Board should it appear to them that the compensa-tion fixed by the General Secretary-Treasurer is in excess of require-

Jurisdiction. Sec. 16. His jurisdiction as Genera Secretary-Treasurer extends to all books, reports, statements and a counts of the American Labor Unio in all of its departments and all mions, and he is empowered to prescribe the form and method of monthly and other reports as in his judgment may best serve the interests of the American Labor Union to be made by all mions to his office.

to be made by all unions to his office He is held personally responsible on his bond for the accounting and gen-eral treasury departments of the American Labor Union. Monthly Membership Card System. Sec. 17. He shall establish the

Sec. 17. He shall establish the monthly membership card system in all local unions of the American Labor Union; such cards to be furnished to all local unions by the General Secretary-Treasurer only, and be charged to the accounts of the several local unions, cards to be colseveral local unions, cards to be colored red, be of uniform make, de-sign and lettering, to be specially printed with name, location and number of each local union to which fur-nished, to be numbered in separate series for each local union; such numerical series to be consecutive and run from one upward perpetually; provide for indication by punch mark to show month and year for which issued and for attendance at meet-ings, and bear the emblem of the American Labor Union and the fac-liable signature of the General Press. simile signature of the General Presi

Shall Give Bond. Sec. 18. He shall give bond in some reliable surety company to be select-ed by the General Executive Board in a sum not less than twenty-five thou sand \$25,000) dollars, to be increased at their discretion and to be held in

trust as specified in this article for the American Labor Union.

Shall Submit Report.
Sec. 19. He shall submit to the General Convention, at the begin-ning of each regular session thereof, a statement setting forth all the a statement setting forth all the transactions of his department for the preceding term.

Sec. 20. He shall devote his entire time to the interests of the Ameri-can Labor Union, and shall receive as compensation for his services one hundred and fifty \$150.00) dollars per month, payable monthly, and when absent from his headquarters, in the union, he shall receive reasonable traveling and living expenses, payable only upon submission of the regular expense account form adopted by the American Labor Union.

American Labor Union Journal.
Section 1. The American Labor
Union Journal shall be the official
publication of the American Labor
Union.

When Published. Sec. 2. It shall be published Subscription Price.

Sec. 3. The subscription price shall

Sec. 3. The subscription price shall be fifty cents per annum.

Departments Of.

Sec. 4. There shall be established in the American Labor Union Journal such departments of an editorial, literary and technical character as will make it readable and instructive.

General Secretary Transurer's De-General Secretary-Treasurer's De-partment. Sec. 5. There shall be established

Sec. 5. There shall be established a General Secretary-Treasurer's department in the American Labor Union Journal, in which will be published notices of assessments, reports and other documents emanuating from the General Secretary-Treasurer's office, and the publication of such notices in the said department shall be legal and sufficient service of such notice upon all national, international, state, district, city or local unions al, state, district, city or local unions al, state, district, city or local unions and general and local officers and members of the American Labor

Revenues Of.

Sec. 5. All proceeds derived from the publication of the American Labor Union Journal, such as Subscription fees, advertising rates and revenues from other sources, shall be turned into the general fund of the American Labor Union.

Expenses Of.

American Labor Union.

Expenses Of.

Sec. 7. All disbursements or expenses connected with the prepuration, printing and publication of the American Labor Union Journal shall be paid out of the general fund.

Shall Be the Only Official Journal.
Sec. 8. No general officer of the American Labor Union (except the General Executive Board and executive officers of national or international unions) local officer or member thereof or any union united therewith, shall issue any local paper, representing the American Labor Union or any of its departments of unions.

Sec. 9. The American Labor Union Journal shall be managed and edited by the editor thereof, who shall be selected by the General Executive Board and shall serve at their pleasure. His compensation shall be fixed by the General Executive Board. He shall exercise full control over the American Labor Union Journal, shall make it conform in policy to the principles of the American Labor Union Journal, shall make it conform in policy to the principles of the American Labor Union and decisions of the General Executive Board, and shall have power to appoint and employ staff, assistants, clerks and such help as may be necessary to conduct the Journal and shall fix their compensation, subject to the approval of the General Executive Board.

ARTICLE IX.

Revenues From National and International Unions.

Section 1. All national or international unions, united with the American Labor Union, shall pay into the general tressury of the American Labor Union five and one-third cents.

gated and applied as follows:

One-third of a cent per member per month to be turned into the general fund for use in conducting administration and for the conducting administration. tration and five cents per member per month to be turned into the defens fund and used only for the purpose of conducting strikes and paying strike benefits when such strikes have been duly and legally approved by the General Executive Board. Revenues from Local and Federal

Revenues from Loca Unions. Sec. 2. Local and federal unions, united with the American Labor Union, shall pay into the treasury of the American Labor Union 20 cents per member per month to be segre-gated and applied as follows:

Eleven cents per member per month to be turned into the general fund and used in conducting administration; four cents per member per month to be turned into the general fund and used in conducting the American Labor Union Journal, and five cents per member per month to be turned into the defense fund and used only for the purpose of con-ducting strikes and paying benefits when such strikes have been duly and legally approved by the General Exe-

cutive Board.

Revenues From Junior Unions.
Sec. 3.—Junior unions, united with
the American Labor Union, shall pay the American Labor Union, shall pay into the general treasury of the American Labor Union five cents per member per month, which shall be turned into the general fund and used in conducting administration, and such unions shall be entitled to all the benefits accruing to any union united with the American Labor Union except strike benefits, and the members of Junior unions shall not receive the American Labor Union except the American Labor Union receive the American Labor Union Journal unless paid for separately at the regular subscription price.

Individual Members.

Sec. 4. Individual members of the American Labor Union, not attached to any national, international or local union united therewith, shall pay into the general treasury of the American Labor Union an initiation fee of \$2.50 and monthly dues at the rate of fifty cents per month, payable quar-terly in advance, to be applied as fol-

Forty-one cents per member per month to be turned into the general fund and unsed in conducting administration; four cents per member per month to be turned into the general fund and used in conducting the American Labor Union Journal; five cents per member per month to be turned into the defense fund and used only for the purpose for which that fund has been created. All of the initiation fee of individual members to be turned into the general

Charter Fees-Local Unions. Charter Fees—Local Unions.
Sec. 6. Twenty dollars shall be remitted to the General Treasury and placed to the credit of supply account for every charter issued, to form a local union, and for the supplies connocted therewith. There shall be furnished to newly organized unions by the General Secretary-Treasurer for the charter fee:

1 Charter,
2 Ritrals,
1 Financial ledger,
1 Minute book.

Minute book, Cash book, Roll book,

Blank official receipt book, Treasurer's receipt book, Warrant book,

1 Seal,
25 Constitutions,
100 Applications for membership,
100 Delinquent notices
25 Traveling cards,
25 Transfer cards,
26 Withdrawal cards

25 Withdrawal cards,

100 Membership cards, specially 1 Punch.

1 Punch.
Charter Fees—Central Bodies.
Sec. 6. Five dollars shall be remitted to the General Treasury for every charter issued to national, international, state, district or city unions.

Dues of Central Bodies.
Sec. 7. The dues of state, district or city unions shall be three dollars per quarter, payable quarterly in advance.

Unions When Suspended. Sec. 8. All national and interna-tional unions that are in arrears for

sixty days, and all state, district, city and local unions and individual mem-bers amited with the American La-bor Union, that are in arrears for ber Union, that are in arrears for thirty days, counting from the last day of the month for which reports and remittances are delinquent, including all monthly reports required by the General Secretary-Treasurer and monthly and other remittances for per capita tax, including the general fund and defense fund and payments for supplies, assessments and special taxes, shall stand suspended from the American Labor Union and all departments thereof, including the defense fund, and shall not be entitled to any of the benefits or payments therein provided, for such union or for any member thereof from the defense fund, or from other funds of the American Labor Union.

See 9 National international

Unions Not Entitled to Representation.

Sec. 9. National, international, state, district, city and local unions, suspended as provided in the preceding section, because of bring in arrears to the American Labor Union or to any department thereof, or for any assessment or per capita tax duly and regularly levied by the General Executive Board thereof, or any other duly constituted authority therein, shall not be entitled to representation in the General Executive Board, the General Convention or any other deliberative body, executive committee or central union of or chartered by the American Labor Union.

Chartered by the American Labor Union.

Reinstatements of Unions.

Sec. 10. Any national, international, state, district, eity or local union, suspended in accordance with the proceding sections, may be reinstated within six months in the American Labor Union upon the rendering to the General Secretary-Treasurer of all monthly and other reports required by him, and the payment of all arrearages and per capits and other tax, dues fines, assessments, bills of supplies and other charges that may have secrued against such union, but any such union thus reinstated shall not be entitled to any (Continued on Page Eight.)

# SPECIAL BARGAINS

A few of the many really good things that are inviting attention to the closing days of our great \$75,000 clearance sale

# EXTRA SPEGIALS SIDEBOARDS

Mirror mounted, full length cutlery drawer, double door locker, brass trimmings, rich golden oak finish, strong construction; just right for a small dining room; \$22.50, reduced to .....

Oak, golden finish, nicely carved side shelves on fancy brackets, nicely fitted with drawers and lockers, bevel mirror in top cast brass trimmings; a grand \$27.00 value, reduced to.....

MAIL US YOUR ORDERS II WE PAY THE PREIGHT

BROWNFIELD-GANTY GARPET GO.,

48 - 54 West Park, 41 - 43 West Galena St., Butte.

Nos. 26 and 28 West Park St., Pennsylvania Building

The largest Hardware Store in the Northwest. Carry a full line of Mining and Milling Machinery, Bollers, Engines, Etc. A full assortment of Shelf Hardware, Mechanics' Tools, Monitor Steel Ranges and Heaters, Crockery, Granite and Tinware. Correspondence and orders

MONTANA HARDWARE CO., Butte, Mont. 

# Keep the Head Cool

By Drinking a Glass of BUTTE BREWING CO.'S

FAMOUS PILSENER BEER

'PHONE 252

\*

PATRONIZE HOME INDUSTRY

# Anaconda Brewing Co.

Brewers of the Celebrated Anaconda Beer

Telephone No. 44

Anaconda, Montana

### HAVE YOU READ IT? NOI

Well, you have missed something and you had better make inquiries about it.

It contains articles in each issue that no person who desires to be abreast of the times can afford to miss.

It reviews the economic situation, and the subject matter is handled by those who are fully able to do so.

The book reviews are written by an able literary critic with broad views.

The serial story by Jack London now being run is a masterly story of life in the East Side Siums of London.

You may doubt what we are saying here: well. if

that is the case, the only manner in which it can be proven is for you to read yourself.

Now you are asking yourself to what all this has reference, and of course it is right you should know. It is a monthly publication

Progressive, Lively and Interesting

## WILSHIRE'S MAGAZINE

The subscription price is one dollar per year.

To prove what is said in this advertisement we will send a sample copy to those who will send a card to MILSHIRE'S MAGAZINE,

125 East 23d St., New York, N. Y.

# What We Treat and Cure

RUPTURE—By our method you need not submit to dangerous operations, no detention from business; paintiff to the control of th

DISEASES OF THE RECTUM-Pistula, piles, itching, etc., positively cured without the knile.

KIDNEYS—Inflammation, Bright's Disease, diabetes, urcamis, gravel, treated successfully by our combined electro-medical treatment.

BLADDER—Inflammation, cystitis, cyserrhea, catarrh of bladder, all of these diseases

cashilly by our combined electro-medical treatment.

BLADDER—Inflammation, crystila, eyserrhea, catarrh of bladder, all of these diseases invariably yield to our system.

DISEASES OF WOMEN—We take special pride in the success of our offorts in treatment of diseases of women. Permanent cures in all ailments produced by abnormal or unnatural conditions by our treatment, which includes static, feradic and galvanic electricity superior to any other,

WEAK, RERVOUS MEN—Lost vigor, shaftered nerves caused by overwork, expenses and self-abuse, resulting in weakness, night emissions, losses in urine, dizriness, failing memory, lack of confidence and unbition, pains in the back, loins and kidneys and other distressing symptoms, unfitting one for business or pleasure. My system will cure, restore physical and sexual health and make you a man among men.

STOMACH—Caterth ulcarelion and dyspepsia, indigestions, weakness, pain and full-mess siter eating, hearthura, etc.

CORRESI ONDENCE—A personal visit preferred, but if you cannot call, write your symptoms fully. Our home treatment by correspondence always successful, providing there is no need for surgical treatment, when it would be necessary to visit our office.

St. Luke Medical & Surgical Institute DR. J. C. HUNTER, Physician and Manager

We are Permanently Located in the Tod Suliding, Great Falls, Mont., Rooms 5, 9, 7 and 8 Hours: 9:00 a. m. to 9:00 p. m.



BUTTE SCHEDULE	Arrive	Depart
WESTBOUND No. 1, North Coast Limited No. 2, Burlington Ex- press No. 7, Bitter Root Lo- cal	7:00 p.m. f:50 p.m.	
No. 13, Twin City Ex- press EASTBOUND. No. 2, North Coast Limited Sleeper for this train open for	II:05 a.m.	
reception of passen gers at 030 p.m No. 6. Burlington Ex- press No. 8. Bitter Root Lo- cal <sup>2</sup> No. 14. Twin City Ex- press		12:50 a.m. 11:35 p.m. 12:30 p.m.
*Dally except Sunday.		

And Eastern points to the Pacific Ceast.
No. a. North Coast Limited, from the Pacific Coast at Limited, from the Pacific Coast to St. Paul, Duluth and principal
No. 8 Resilients.

Eastern points.

No. 5, Burlington Express, drom Kansas City and all B. & M. R. R. points and all N. P. points west of Billings to Scattle and Taoma. No. 6, Burlington Express, from Seattle and acoma to Billings and all B. & M. R. R. 7. Bitter Root Local, starts from Butte Missoula, Hamilton and all intermediate

o. S. Bitter Root Local, from Hamilton Philipsburg. and Philipsburg.

No. 13. Local connection from Twin City Express from St. Paul and all Eastern points.

No. 14. Local connection with Twin City Express for St. Paul and all points East.

Passengers for Twin Bridges, Sheridan, Alder, Norris and Pony branches leave Butte on No. 14. and arrive in Butte from those points on No. 5. Trains on these branches do not run on Sundays.

Office, Corner Park and Main Street. W. H. MERRIMAN, G. A.

## **Great Northern** Railway SHORT ROUTE---FAST TIME

To Minneapolis and St. Paul Connecting with All Railways for New York, Chicago and All Points East and South

## OREGON SHORT LINE R.R. Fast Time

#### PULLMAN DINING and LIBRARY CAR ROUTE -TO-

SALT LAKE DENVER OMAHA KANSAS CITY, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS And All Points East

-SHORT LINE TO-COLORADO, ARIZONA AND MEXICO. SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES PORTLAND OCEAN OR RAIL, COAST POINTS

No. 9 arrives at 6:40 p. m. No. 7 arrives 2:45 a. m. No. 8 leaves 4:45 p. m. No. 10 leaves 2:05 a. m.

Ticket Office, 105 North Main Street, H. O. WILSON, General Agent.

## "The Train for Gomfort"

is the famous

## North-Western Limited

every night in the year be-tween Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago via



The short line between these three great cities.

Before starting on a trip—no matter where—write for inter-esting information about com-

E. A. GRAY, General Agent, Helena W. M. ENRIGHT, Traveling Agent, Helena, Mo T. W. TEASDALE, General Pass. Agt.

# Carlsbad Dyspepsia Specific

'ill absolutely cure any form of

# DYSPEPSIA

Sent prepaid to any address on re-Eagle Pharmacy

Sole Agents 15 South Main St., Butte, Mont.

# Proposed Constitution of American Labor Union

of the benefits of the defense fund as hereinafter provided for a period of three months from date of such reinstatement, during which period such union must remain in continu-out good standing.

Payments From Defense Fund. Payments From Defense Fund.
Sec. 11. No payments of any character whatsoever shall be made from the defense fund for the aid or assistance of any national, international or local union united with the American Labor Union until such union has contributed to the defense fund in accordance with the provisions in this constitution for a period of six consecutive months, during which period said moton must have remained in good standing with respect to all in good standing with respect to all other departments, per capita tax, assessments, or any payments of any kind whatsoever required by the American Labor Union.

Disposition of Funds.
Sec. 12. All funds in the several departments of the American Labor Union shall be deposited by the General Secretary-Trensurer in a reliable bank or financial institution, to be designated by the General Executive Pourd, and no funds of the American Labor Union, or any department thereof, shall be paid out of the des-ignated depository except on checks or drafts drawn and signed by the General Secretary Treasurer and General Secretary Treasurer and countersigned by the General Presi-dent; said checks or drafts shall be numbered consecutively and shall be in a form and of a safety pattern ap-proved and adopted by the General Executive Board, and shall not again be changed in form or design except by order of the General Exceutive

ARTICLE X.

Salaried Officers Shall Serve Ameri-can Labor Union Only. Section 1. The General President, General Vice-President, General Secretary-Treasurer, regularly salaried members of the General Executive members of the General Executive Board and regularly salaried general officers and organizers of the Ameri-can Labor Union shall not accept or retain any other office in the Ameri-can Labor Union, or any national, in-ternational, state, district, city or lo-cal union united with the American Labor Union, or any other labor or-ganization, or any political city, coun-ty, state or federal office or position under any government, municipal, ly, state or federal office or position under any government, municipal, state or federal, and shall not represent any political party in any convention, and shall not accept any elective or appointive office of any character from any political party, or perform service for compensation for any other person or institution whatsoever. Members of the General Executive Board, who are not regularly salaried by the American Labor Union, shall not represent any political party in convention, and shall not accept any appointive or elective office of any character from any political party.

General Officers Forfeit Positions.

any political party,

General Officers Forfeit Positions.

Sec. 2. Should any general officer
become delinquent in fees, dues, per
become delinquent in to the capita tax or assessment to the American Labor Union, or any na-fional or local union in the American Labor Union with which he is united, he shall immediately for leit his of-

National and International Unions-

When Chartered.

Sec. 3. National, international, state, district, city or local unions shall not be chartered by the American Labor Union unless they conform in construction and methods to the principles of the American Labor Union as defined in this constitution.

the principles of the American Labor Union as defined in this constitution. National or international unions or local unions, chartered by the Ameri-can Labor Union, shall be formed on the industrial union plan, and char-ters shall not be granted to any na-tional or international union claim-ing jurisdiction over any industry for which a charter has already been issued.

Jurisdiction of National and Interna-

tional Unions.
Sec. 4. The jurisdiction of na-tional or international unions, formed on the industrial union plan and chartered by the American Labor Union, is hereby defined as follows: All employes of any character whatsoever, irrespective of trade.

All employes of any character whatsoever, irrespective of trade, craft, occupation or calling, title or compensation, employed in one industry shall be eligible to membership in and under the jurisdiction of a national or international chartered union having jarisdiction over that industry, provided that local unions on the federal union plan shall not be required to surrender the membership acquired by them over any trade, craft, occupation, calling or industry when the number of members embraced in such federal union and engaged in such industry does not exceed twenty-five, and provided further that the members of one trade or industry embraced in a federal union when in excess of twenty-five shall not withdraw from such federal union and form a local union, chartered either by the American Labor Union direct or by a national or international union, united therewith unless two-thirds or more of the members of such trade or industry petition in favor thereof.

ARTICLE XI.

ARTICLE XI.

Nominations and Elections.

Section 1. Any member, except honorary members, of any national, international or local union, which has been united with the American Labor Union for two years or more, and any individual member of the American Labor Union, shall be eligible to any general office or to the General Executive Board, as specified in this constitution, provided he has been a member in continuous good standing of a national, international or local union, or of the American Labor Union for a period of two years or more, and is in good standing at the time of nomination and election. Continuous good standing, for \*the purposes of this section, is defined to mean that the member shall at no time during the two years' period have been in arrears for more than three consecutive months.

Sec. 2. Local unions may certify and file certificates with the General Secretary-Treasurer as to eligibility and acceptance of members of such local unions as candidates for nomination for any general office or

member of the General Executive I there shall have been an equal num-

cates with the General Secretary-Treasurer shall begin not earlier than ninety days and be closed not than finety days preceding the later than forty days preceding the date on which the General Conven-tion shall convene, and certificates received subsequently thereto shall

not be considered.

Sec. 4. Complete list of all mem bers thus certified to shall be published in the American Labor Union Journal for four issues following the last date on which such certificates may be received by the General Secretary-Treasurer. Sec. 5. Any local union may by

sec. 5. Any local union may by resolution nominate one candidate for the office of General President, one for General Vice-President, one for General Secretary-Treasurer and candidates for members of the General Executive Board, as provided in this constitution, from the list thus published, forwarding such resolu-tions to the General Secretary-Treasorer prior to the convening of the General Convention, and such nominations shall be read by the General Secretary-Treasurer before the General Convention, and all candidates who have received three or more reministrations in this manage shall be nominations in this manner shall be registered with other nominees made in the General Convention as regularly nominated candidates for the of-

fices specified.
Sec. 6. All nominations made in this manner must be in the bands of the General Secretary-Treasurer in time to be read in the General Convention before final adjournment or

Sec. 7. Nominations may also be made by delegates in the General Convention, but may not be made by delegates from local unions when such local unions have already made annivations for the same office by nominations for the same office by resolution. All nominations made in the General Convention require a second before being registered.

Sec. 8. Within ten days after the close of the General Convention the

General Secretary Treasurer shall notify all eligible nominees of their rominations and all candidates shall file with the General Secretary Treasurer within thicty days of the receipt of said notice letters of acceptance of such nominations, and in such letters shall give their views of the principles and methods of American Labor Union.

American Labor Union.
Sec. 9. The General Secretary-Treasurer shall publish in the American Labor Union Journal a full list of nominees for all general offices with names and numbers of unions of which they are members, together with letters of acceptance, and shall forward to all unions, on or before August 5, 1005, and biennially thereafter, a sufficient quantity of official ballots showing the names, offices, loafter, a sufficient quantity of officients ballots showing the names, offices, location and union of all, candidates properly nominated. The ballots shall be so constructed that voters can with ease designate their choice by making a cross opposite the names of those for whom they desire in vote.

sote.

Sec. 10. Elections by referendum yote of the General President, General Vice-President, General Secretary-Treasurer and members of the General Executive Board, representing local unions, shall be held on September 1, 1905, and biennially thereafter.

Sec. 11. No ballot shall be used at such elections except those issued by the General Secretary-Treasurer. Sec. 12. No member shall be enti-tled to vote at general elections who is not in good standing and so report-ed in the monthly report preceding the election.

the election. Sec. 13. The President and Record-

Sec. 13. The President and Recording Secretary of each local union are hereby required, within forty-eight hours after closing the polls, to transmit to the General Secretary-Treasurer a statement showing the number of votes cast for each and every candidate. They shall also transmit to the General Secretary-Treasurer in the same manner the votes cast, securely scaled. These returns shall securely sealed. These returns shall be carefully filed by said official and delivered to the Board of Canvassers.

See. 14. Preceding an election for general officers, the General Secretary-Treasurer shall send each member of the General Executive Board a list of unions within a radius of three kundred miles of headquarters. The members of the General Executive the General Executive Board shall then vote for five unions. The five unions receiving a majority vote of the General Executive Board shall each of them elect one member

shall each of them elect one member of the Canvassing Board.

Sec. 15. The members elected as the Canvassing Board shall meet at headquarters at 10 o'clock on the morning of September 15th, succeeding the general election. They shall then formally and in the presence of each other open envelopes or boxes containing votes, records of results, etc., and ascertain and verify results of the election. Upon conclusion of their labors, they shall prepare a detailed report of the result of the election and sign and certify to the same. This report shall be published in the issue of the Official Journal immediately after the result is ascermediately after the result is ascer-tained. The Canvassing Board shall place all the ballots, etc., together with a copy of its report, in a box to be closed and sealed by them, and this box shall not be opened until the next General Convention is held, when it shall be disposed of.

it shall be disposed of.
Sec. 16. Any member of the Canvassing Board who shall aid or abet
in falsely declaring the result of an
election for general officers shall be
expelled from the organization and
not be permitted to a readmittance
for a term of five years from the date

of such expulsion, and upon read-mission said person shall pay a fine of first dollars, and shall forever be deprived from holding any office in this union, and his name and offense shall be published in the Official Journal for three consecutive issues. Sec. 17. With the exception of the offices of General President and General Secretary-Treasurer, those nominees receiving the highest num-ber of votes on the first ballot shall be declared elected to the position for which they were candidates. In the case of the above mentioned officers a majority vote shall be necessary to elect, and if, on the first ballot, no candidate for General President or General Secretary-Treasurer receives a majority of all votes cast, or if

ber of votes for the two highest can didates for any other office, the Caneral Secretary-Treasurer to issue bal-lots containing the names of the two candidates who receive the greatest number of votes (or those who may have been tied) and unions shall hold an election within forty days of such date. The election and certification of results to be in all possible re-spects similar to those which had obtained in conducting the initial elec-

18. Any member sec. 18. Any member prover; guilty of misrepresenting returns, altering, mutilating or destroying deposited ballots, or voting wrongfully or illegally, shall be punished as the local union shall determine but in no case shall the penalty be less than a fine of ten dollars. It is further provided that for the provided that the prov yided that for the purpose of preserv-ing the integrity of this law, the General Executive Board, all other laws, or parts of laws, to the countra-ry notwithstanding, is empowered to proceed against the alleged offender and mete out such punishment as in the opinion of the said General Exe-cutive Board is just and equitable. See, 19. Any union refusing or Sec. 19. Any union refusing or reglecting to hold an election, as re-quired by this law, shall be discifined as the General Executive

Pourd may determine.

Sec. 20. All general officers and members of the General Executive Board, outgoing and incoming, shall meet jointly on the first Monday in October, and shall duly install all general officers-elect in their respective offices using due care to check all accounts and cash and provide for the legal and binding transfer of all books, accounts, property and funds to the general officers-elect.

ARTICLE XII.

Interchangeable Cards.
Section 1. Transfer cards issued
by national, international or local
unions united with the American Labor Union will be accepted by all na-tional, international or local unions united with the American Labor Union, subject to the rules and quali-fications governing membership in such unions. In accepting such transfer cards, the member transferring shall pay the difference in initiation between that of the union from which he comes and that of the union to which he transfers; except in cases where the transferring member has formerly belonged to a union requir-ing an equal or higher initiation fee, when he will be accepted as transferring directly from one union to another. This fact shall be established by communication between the two unions concerned.

ARTICLE XIII.

Section 1. Roberts' Rules of Order shall govern the deliberations of the General Convention and of all local unions of the American Labor Union.

Section 1. This Constitution and By Laws shall become effective on and after February 1, 1901. P. W. CRONIN, R. G. MOSER, C. M. O'BRIEN, GEO. ESTES.

GEO. ESTES, H. N. BANKS, M. L. SALTER, J. C. BARNES, R ANDREWS, FRANK H. L. HUGHES, EDWARD BOYCE, R. E. CROSKEY, ALEX. FAIRGRIEVE., DANIEL M'DONALD, CLARENCE SMITH, Committee on Constitution.

LACK OF SUPPORT.

A. F. of L. Pursues Its Usual Course Toward a Struggling Union and Large Defections result.

About 24,000 textile trade operatives who had been on strike since June 1, have returned to work. They include cloth weakers, loom fixers, beamers and twisters. Their principal demand was for a 55-hour week, with 60 hours' pay. No concessions were granted by the manufacturers. Secretary Gilliard of the executive board of the Central Textile Workers' union, stated that the large defection was due to lack of support. He said also that there were still about 35,000 operatives on strike, including ingrain carpet weakers, uphoistery weavers and dyers.

NEGRO IMMIGRANTS.

Using Black Man to Break up Labor Unions of the East.

Through an organized movement by Rev. J. H. Henry Duckery of Cambridge, Mass., 500,000 negroes have emigrated from the south to points between Troy, Boston and Providence within three years. The work of arranging for the migration has been carried on secretly by the Northeast-ern and Western Immigration society, of which Duckery is president. The money is said to have been subscribed by wealthy men and women.

PORTO RICANS WANT A UNION.

Native Carpenters and Joiners File Petition for a Charter. The National Brotherhood of Car

penters and Joiners, have received ap-plications for charters from three unions of the Brotherhood in Porto Rico. The climatic conditions of the island, with a view of estimating the death rate, will be studied before the charters are granted.

In Denmark the Socialists won in 1901 14 seats. They are fighting the administration of Shested. On June administration of Shested. On June 16, on straight Socialist issues they gained three more, making 17 in all. In 1872 the total vote was 268, in 1963 the total was 55,478. A very important consequence of this gain was the fall of the minister of finance, who was replaced by a workingman. The future looks axissually bright.

H. L. MAURY Attorney at Law Suite 120, Pennsylvania Bldg., Butte.

M. DONLAN

Attorney at Law #31 Pennsylvania Building, Butte.

J. G. LANGFORD, Attorney-at-Law, Rooms 401-402 Hennessy Building.

ARTISTIC BOOKBINDING AND BLANK BOOKS.

CHAS. BESSETTE, 116 E. Broadway, Butte. 'Phone 651F.

WATCH REPAIRING Watches Repaired in the Best Man-ner Possible at Low Prices by D. Gir-

son, 24 E. Park St., Butte.

JOE RICHARDS The Butte Undertaker 140 W. Park Street. 'Phone 307.

Dr. Elmer W. Trainer Physician and Surgeon Office, 241 Penn. Blk. Phone 997-M.

GEO. H. WELLS Physician and Surgeon Pennsylvania Building (Second Floor) West Park Street, Butte.

Dr. German, Dentist, 11432 N Main St., Butte

MEIER & WENRICH SUCCESSORS TO J. R. BAPTY Assayer and Chemists, 117 Hamilton St. P. O. Box 1264 BUTTE, MONT.

J. CALDER, D. D. S., DENTIST. Office, New Owsley Building, Rooms 39 & 40, Third Floor, (Take Elevator).

Temptation Cigars. Hand made.

Hardware. Storage. Stove Repairs. GEORGE OECHSLI.

New and Second-Hand Goods. Telephone 923-B.

Butte, Mont. 42 W. Broadway.

"Silver Spray" feeds strained

## **Have You Seen** The Ohio Socialist?

The latest and best out. All the news from the Central States. To see it is to want it. 50e per year. 25c for 6 months

Ohio Socialist Publishing Co. Dayton, Ohio

Wilshire's Magazine. For sale at A. L. U. headquarters. EXCURSION, SALT LAKE AND OGDEN. Sept. 12 and 13.

\$15.00-Round Trip-\$15.00.

Positively last Utah excursion of the season will leave Butte via Oregon Short Line above dates, tickets limited for return September 23. Special attraction the National Irrigation Congress, which meets Ogden, September 15-18, and the famous resorts of the Mormon capital. Reserve herts now Oregon Short Line Ticket Office, 105 North Main street, Butte, Mont. H. O. WILSON,

General Agent.

# Export BOHEMIAN Beer

CENTENNIAL BREWING COMPANY Equal in quality to such famous

Budweiser, and sold at \$4.00 per case of 24 quart bottles. Each bottle bears a label guar-anteeing that nothing but the choicest imported Bohemian hops and best Wisconsin six-rowed malt is used in its manufacture, such as is used in the most select beers brewed in the renowned breweries of this country at a con-siderably increased cost over the ordinary bottle beers. May be or-dered at 112 Hamilton street. 'Phone 430

OR OF YOUR GROCER

"Silver Spray" beer, Montana Brew-ing Co., Great Falls.

# Your Money Back



If you are not satis-fied. We will ship in plain box four in plain box four full quarts of 8-year-old Black Raven Whiskey to any point on the railroad in Montana or Idaho, express prepaid, for \$3.40. This whiskey is shipped to us direct from the distillery in carload lots. We

whiskey is shipped to us direct from the distillery in carload lots. We bottle and guarantee it. Unless other-wise specified when ordering we will ship all Black Raven Whiskey. You may have for the careful from the careful for the careful from may have, for the same price, one bottle Black Raven Whiskey, one quart London Dock Jamaica Rum, one quart London Dock Jamaica Rum, one quart ten-year-old California Port or Sherry Wine and one quart Holland Gin, or mixed to suit. If you are not eatisfied with the goods send them back at our expense and your \$3.40 will be returned to you by next mail.

> NEWBRO DRUG CO. BUTTE, MONTANA

The Largest Drug House in the State

## Harness SADDLES

AND TENTS

AWNINGS

ALEXANDER MACAULAY

112 South Main

"Silver Spray" beer made from Montana barley. W. N. HOLDEN

Stand 11 and 13 West Park St. Moves Furniture, Planos, Freight and Baggage
Tel. 660-A Residence 649 S. Wyomi

"Socialism the Hope of the World."

MONTANA TRUCK & TRANSFER CO. General Transfer Line, Furniture Van and Storage.

Dealers in Hay, Grain, Coal and Wood. Office, 15 West Broadway. Telephone 23. W. J. Christie, Mgr.

#### DR. T. G. HEINE SPECIALIST

Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Diseases of men and women.
Office 194 and 195 Pennsylvania block W. Park street. Office tel., 1894.
Residence 218 S. Moniana Street.
'Phone 721M.

EUGENE. V. DEBS is contributing a SERIES OF SIGNED ARTICLES on Live Topics to the SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC HERALD

OF WHICH HE IS THE FOUNDER

There is a similar contribution each week by VICTOR L. BERGER, and a full first page of current comment setting forth the Socialist phicosphy by the editor of the paper, FREDERICK HEATH, besides special contributions from a brilliant array of the leading Social Democrats of

Don't miss the livest paper of all, but send a dime or five 2-cent stamps for a 10-week trial subscription. Keep yourself posted on the Socialist and trade union movement by taking The Herald. A year's sub-

Scription costs 50 cents.

SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC HERALD,614 State-St., Milwankee, Wis., U. S. A. SPECIAL EXTRAORDINARY OFFER! For only two yearly subscriptions we will send you one of the cloth bound books in the Standard Socialist Series published by Kerr & Co., your own selection il you prefer, without extra cost. For a limited time only. This is making you a present of 50 cents in value. Don't miss the chance while it lasts, but hustle.

