

SEIDEL ENTERS OFFICE AMONG SIMPLE CEREMONY; THOUSANDS CHEER MAYOR

Council Chamber Is Packed Tight as People Are Turned Away

Milwaukee, Wis., April 19.—Despite the cold this is a gala day here. Men going to the shops held their heads high. From the surrounding towns and cities and from Chicago, crowds came to be present at the inauguration of the first Socialist mayor of a big American city. Train loads of people arrived all morning, so that shortly before 2 o'clock, when the expectant throngs stood round the city hall waiting for admission, it was apparent that many thousands must be disappointed. The gloomy weather conditions of the early morning gave place before noon to bright sunlight. The change was remarked on by thousands as typifying the change in administrations.

Throng Arrive
By 3 o'clock, the hour set for the ceremony, the council chamber was packed to its full capacity. The old council met in adjourned session, at 2 o'clock, and after doing perfunctory work adjourned. It was the end of the rule of Dave Rose and graft. At 3 o'clock outgoing City Clerk Hinkel read the roll of the city council, with its twenty-one Socialist aldermen. Alderman Edwin T. Melms was then elected president of the council. He announced that the next business was the nomination of a city clerk. Carl D. Thompson was nominated by the Socialists and received the full Socialist vote. He was thus elected. A motion was then made to appoint a committee to inform the mayor that the council was ready for his message. This committee was appointed and the mayor escorted to the rostrum and read his inaugural speech, printed in full in another column. The applause lasted for many minutes. Even before the reading began the cheers fairly shook the building. It was over fifteen minutes before Seidel could commence the reading.

'GOLDEN RULE' MAYORS BLOCK SOCIALIST PARTY

Toledo Toolers Misled By Reformers Who Are Called "Near-Socialists"

**WHAT SOCIALISTS DO
IN THE UNITED STATES**
In addition to the articles telling about the Socialist movement in the various states of the nation, the Daily Socialist will also tell about the important work that the Socialists are doing in the big cities of the land. Milwaukee has been captured. Socialists in other cities are taking heart and planning victories in their municipalities. The second of these articles tells what is being done in Toledo. O. Others will follow.—The Editor.

BY JOSEPHINE BATES
(Socialist Party Secretary for Toledo)
Toledo, O., April 19.—The Socialists of Toledo have about the most trying situation with which to cope of any city in the United States.
"Golden Rule City"
Toledo is called the "Golden Rule City" and has had two "Golden Rule" mayors. Brand Whitlock, the present mayor, and the other leaders of the independent party are called "most Socialists" and "near Socialists," and it requires a great deal of hammering on the part of the "real Socialists" to show a small per cent of the working class that the rifles, galling guns and policemen's clubs employed by reform officials in time of strike are just as deadly as those employed by democratic and republican officials.
Mayor Whitlock says that he would become a party member if it were not for the fact that he would be compelled to subject himself to the discipline of the Socialist party.

Toolers Follow Reformers
Through their organ, the News-Rec, the independents indulge lavishly in the phrase "special privilege," and the workers of Toledo, squinting and blinking through the political dust thrown into their eyes by these reformers, grope for the ballot box, holding the belief that all that is necessary to the solution of their problem is to set the independent machine going in the state and the nation.
All the time, however, the Socialists are "hard at it" trying to show them that at the root of "special privilege" is the private ownership of the machinery of production, and that their crying need is to get into the party of their class, the Socialist party, con-

"SIDELIGHTS" ON MILWAUKEE

Old Charter, Special Laws, Silly Bankers Can't Hold Back City

Milwaukee, Wis., April 19.—The city of Milwaukee besides being under the obsolete charter granted in 1837, for the past several years, since the Socialist vote grew to the point at which it predicted the result of the last election, has been subject to special acts passed with a view to tying the hands of a possible Socialist administration. If unsuccessful in preventing its coming.
The act creating the twelve aldermen-at-large was only one measure by which it was sought to nullify the strength of the Socialist vote. Today there are six Socialist aldermen-at-large entering the city council, who go to make up the twenty-one Socialists in that body. The police force, one of the most essential things to have under the city administration, is controlled by a board of four commissioners, who serve six years. Only one of these men will go out of office during the first term of Mayor Seidel. Seidel will appoint his successor. The new administration can enact a building code, which will be done with the policy of improved homes as its basis. The tenement problem is to be tackled in the new code.

Can Have Coal Yard
After the anthracite coal strike in 1902, the city secured the right to have a municipal coal yard and it has the power to have an electric light and power plant. But the best joke of the day is the one which the Socialists played by being elected to office. The joke being on the capitalists, was the arrangement for floating the bond issue. The bonds are for public improvements, to the total sum of \$1,500,000.

Turned the Trick
So the Socialists bestirred themselves and James Uihlein, manager of the Schlitz Brewery, was procured for the post of commissioner of public debt, which insures the float of the bonds. That is the joke, but it has still a better side as pointed out by Victor L. Berger.
"Halsey and company," said Berger, "were willing enough to float bond issues when most of the city officials were under indictment. That's funny, how an honest administration, scared a banker."
The capitalists of the city had boasted that the Socialists could not get a man with business experience to take the post which has been taken by the brewery manager.

Legal Restrictions
The restrictions placed on the Socialist city administration can be clearly seen by the following:
The police department is controlled by a commission of four members, each serving for a term of six years. Only one of these men will be appointed by Seidel. The mayor may suspend the chief of police for thirty days, but it requires a vote of three of the four members of the board to remove the chief from office.
The Socialists have a majority on the board of county supervisors, but the almshouse, the insane asylum, the hospital and the outdoor relief, are governed by commissions appointed by the county board for a specified term of years. The members of the commissions are not subject to removal, by succeeding county boards till their term of office has expired.

What the Start Will Be
The city will install, as a beginning, a municipal coal yard, and start an electric lighting plant. The money from the \$1,500,000 bond issue will be expended for the following purposes:
The Bradford street bridge, the outer harbor, the historical museum, the Onida street bridge, the west side station, the fire department, the Buffalo street bridge, and the interurban railway station.
The board of county supervisors is composed, since the recent election, of three Republicans, two Democrats and eleven Socialists. In the city council, after today the Socialists have twenty-one members; the Republicans have four and the Democrats ten.

TEXAS SHOWS HER GOOD WILL
Local at Dallas Sends Congratulations on the Milwaukee Victory
Dallas, Tex., April 19.—The Socialist local passed the following resolutions:
"Whereas, The Social-Democrats of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, have, after years of untiring and intelligent effort, achieved the most signal, practical victory in the history of Socialism in America, and
"Whereas, Socialists in all parts of the world are more intimately acquainted than any other party, with the stupendous task of educating the voting public along the lines of individual re-

STEAMER MINNEHAHA CALLED A TOTAL WRECK BY EXPERTS

London, April 19.—Expert wreckers today made a careful examination of the Atlantic Transport liner Minneha, stranded on Bishop's Rock, and said there was little chance of the vessel being refloated. Her hold is almost entirely filled with water and she seems hard and fast on the rocks.
The passengers who were taken ashore in the early hours of Monday morning, reached London today from Penzance, at which port they were landed by the mail steamer Lyonesse.

LABOR CITY'S GREATEST ASSET, SAYS EMIL SEIDEL

SOCIALIST MAYOR



EMIL SEIDEL, PATTERN MAKER

Government by Experts Is Promised in Message by First Mayor of Big United States City

POLICE POWER WILL KEEP TRACTION CARS CLEAN

Union Conditions of Work and Pay on Municipal Jobs Assured by the New Mayor

BY EMIL SEIDEL
(Socialist Mayor of Milwaukee)
To the Honorable the Common Council:
Gentlemen—The eyes of thousands of stricken cities are today directed toward our Milwaukee and millions of "Good Wishes" and "God Bless You" are carried on the four winds to the western shore of Lake Michigan. I cannot too strongly impress upon you the sacredness of the trust placed upon you. All your efforts must be bent toward the execution of the task before you. Many obstacles will be placed in your way. Disappointments and heartaches will not be spared you. Your successes may very often not follow your first attempts. But resolute pluck and determined perseverance must in the end conquer the difficulties that face you.
It has been your good fortune to be placed in a dominant position and you should follow your purpose with an unflinching will. At all times, the heads of the various city departments should be vigilant, and every worker should understand that in doing his work to the utmost of his ability, he is contributing to the efficiency of the city government.

LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE
In your policy, the promises contained in our platform should have a prominent part. Such measures as can be carried out under the provisions of our present charter should be taken up at once. Where the charter interferes, proper bills should at once be drafted to be presented to the next legislature.
Before all things, home rule, the right of self-government, should be secured for the city of Milwaukee.
A strong legislative committee should be appointed to argue these bills before committees of the legislature. It might be wise to re-enforce this committee by a delegation of public-minded citizens whenever better results can thereby be achieved.

LABOR
THE WORKERS OF OUR CITY ARE ITS MOST VALUABLE ASSET. Your attention should be directed to the passage of such measures as will promote the well-being of this class of citizens, safeguard health, check any tendency to encroach upon such few rights as the workers still enjoy, and wherever possible extend for them the opportunities of life.

In this direction a number of steps can be taken. The administration should constantly watch over the conditions prevailing in factories, workshops and places of employment with regard to sanitation. There should at all times be a full and hearty co-operation with state factory inspectors in the enforcement of measures providing for industrial hygiene.

Contracts to be let by the city are awarded to the lowest bidder. This does not preclude the right of the city as a corporation to demand compliance with certain specifications. Thus, the quality and treatment of materials may be specified to insure economy; it is the height of absurdity to contend that this should not hold good with regard to labor. The contention that the city cannot as an economic precaution specify the treatment of labor is a violation of the right of free contract, a right enjoyed by corporations and individual employers. Therefore, in contracts to be let by the city, the specifications should provide for hours of labor that are not exhausting, that leave a margin of time for rest and development. Such specifications should also provide for sufficiency of light and ventilation; they should prohibit child labor and properly protect woman labor, and prevent the imposition upon workers of degrading conditions.
The city has police powers enabling it to enforce the ordinance which makes the carrying of concealed weapons unlawful. This ordinance should be strictly enforced. Our population is law-abiding and well able to handle its own affairs. The practice of bringing armed hirelings into the city of Milwaukee to mingle with a population that is peace-loving, has cost loss of life and should be stopped. Our difficulties should be settled by appeals to reason.

SOUND ECONOMICS
Proper action looking toward the establishment of a bureau of municipal research should immediately be taken. An expert should be called in to advise with you on this subject. The first object of this bureau should be to make a municipal survey, to furnish accurate and adequate knowledge of social, industrial and economic conditions leading to specific and practicable plans for city betterment.
Thus a complete cost keeping system for every municipal department should be established, distinct from an accounting system. Such a system would enable anyone to discover leakages and losses, whenever such existed.
The survey should extend to other subjects, your action being directed to such as are of immediate importance, and calling for first attention. This will enable you in a short time to place the finances of our city on a sound and sane basis, fix a more nearly equitable basis of taxation and arrive at basic cost units that will be of great service.

BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS
Your attention is called to the incompetency, apparent even to a casual observer, with which public work has been done. The notorious and glaring deficiencies in this respect result from many varied causes. But the chief cause is the lack of technical knowledge on the part of the past heads of the Board of Public Works. Your attention is called to Chapter 5 of the Milwaukee City Charter Supplement of 1908. I recommend that this law be approved by the Common Council as provided in Section 20 of said act. This will enable the administration to take up the task of reorganizing this department on the basis of efficiency and competency.

STREET CARS
The street car systems of the city of Milwaukee, though controlled by private individuals, are yet quasi-public corporations. While we realize that if the city owned its own street railway that we could at once proceed to the making of the many radical changes essential to perfect service, yet we also realize that in the fact of the street railways constituting a public service corporation, it is subject to certain police regulation.
It is a known fact that very often the power plant breaks down, and reliable information is at hand that these breakdowns are due in part to the fact that the MEN AT THE POWER HOUSE ARE OVERWORKED. These men work in twelve hour shifts and their exhaustion is frequently directly concerned with breakdowns that block traffic an hour or more at a time. Reliable information is also at hand indicating that many street car accidents are caused, not only by incompetent men, because through lack of proper pay the best men cannot be retained, but also because street car men are overworked, exhausted, and not in condition to give the effort asked of them. The convenience of the public and the lives of our citizens must take precedence.
I would suggest that an ordinance be passed compelling the vestibules of all cars in which motormen are stationed, while at work to be closed and protected from storm, wind, and inclemency of weather during the winter months of the year.
I would also suggest that rigid enforcement of cleansing of street cars be made to prevent the spread of contagious disease, known to be connected with street car filth, dust, and sputum.
I would also recommend that the city attorney of Milwaukee make claim for

PLANKS WHICH "MILWAUKEE" STANDS ON NOW

Program of the Socialists Shows What the People Wanted

The Socialists were elected to control Milwaukee on the following program of constructive municipal government:

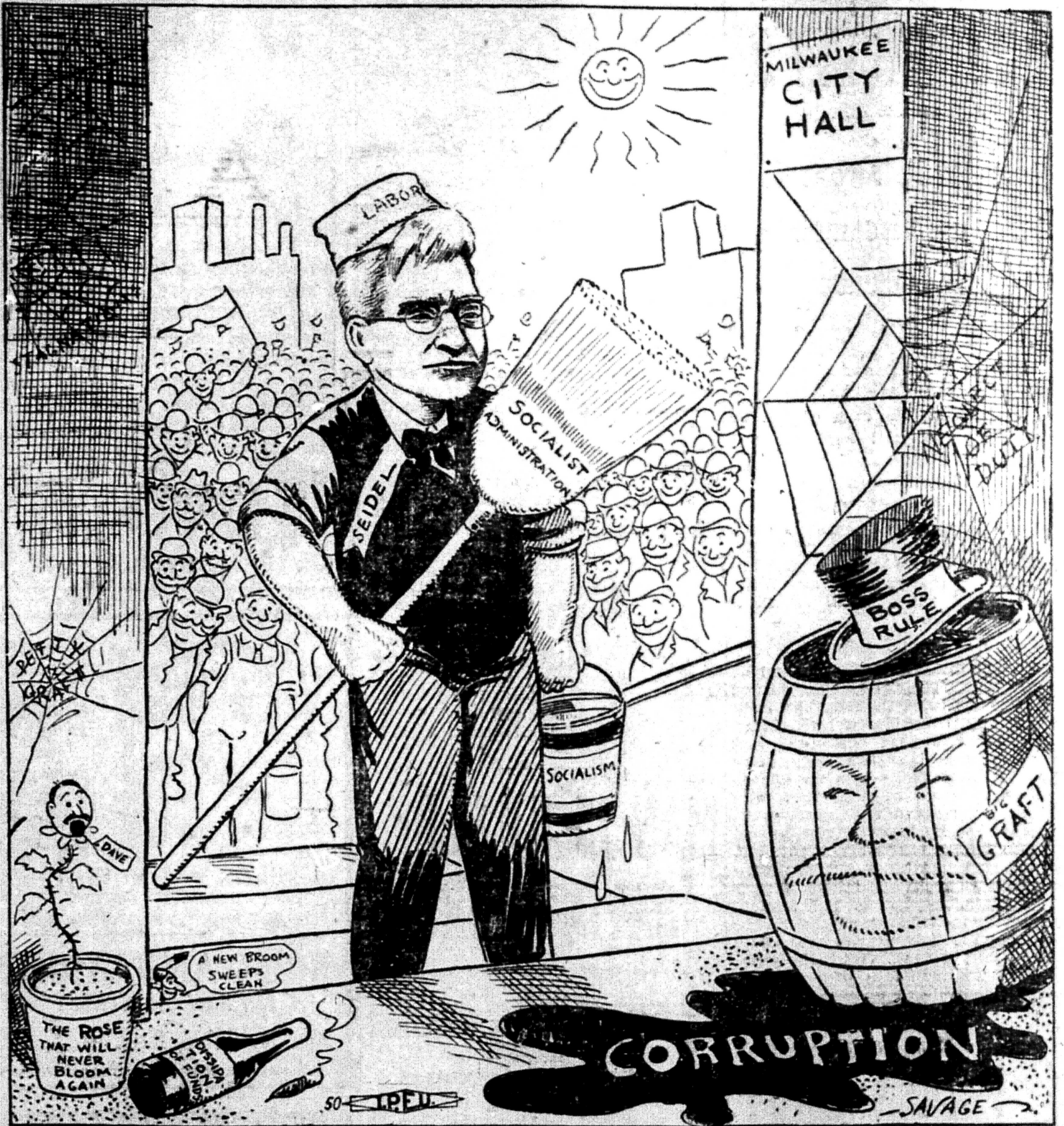
- Home Rule**
1. We demand that a new charter be formulated and that the city shall be empowered to control its own affairs and meet the needs of its own life. We ask for complete home rule in municipal matters, and for the initiative, the referendum and the right of recall under proper restrictions.
 2. The city shall secure the ownership and management of all public service enterprise as far as and as fast as the state laws will allow. We demand that the city be given the power to take over and manage such public industries as are now in private hands, by getting permission to raise the bond limit and by issuing bonds secured on the properties which thus will shortly more than pay for themselves. We also want the city to inaugurate such new enterprises as the citizens by a majority referendum vote may approve. Furthermore, as far as the present laws will permit, we pledge ourselves to the following:
Municipal Terminal
2. The city shall establish and maintain ownership of land on Jones Island for the purpose of constructing and maintaining municipal docks, wharves, and for municipal railway terminal, trackage and belt line.
 3. The city shall establish and maintain ownership of land on Jones Island for the purpose of constructing and maintaining municipal docks, wharves, and for municipal railway terminal, trackage and belt line.
 4. The common council shall take steps necessary to make the big corporations pay their rightful share of municipal taxes, so that the money

SIGNIFICANT HAPPENINGS IN MILWAUKEE

By Carl D. Thompson

- On April 5, 1910, the Social Democrats swept the city by an overwhelming plurality.
Within the next ten days several very significant things happened:
1. The street car monopoly raised the wages of their employes from \$3 to \$4 per month and allowed a \$10 increase to apprentices.
2. The International Harvester trust, which has one of its largest concerns located here in Milwaukee, announced that hereafter it would grant its employes definite and specified compensation for industrial accidents. Hereafter it will not set up the plea of "contributory negligence," "assumed risk," etc., but will grant compensation without proceedings.
3. The strike of the molders in the Brand Stove works has been settled with advantage to the men.
4. The auditorium board having control of the great convention hall recently built has yielded to the trades union demands and the building is now "fair."
5. The police force has been relieved from the duty of attending the standard theaters.
6. The health commission and the building commission have ordered a "clean up" of insanitary conditions in the Ghetto.
7. The painters, carpenters and other workmen about the city have been joining their respective trade unions so rapidly that the departments are practically unionized already.
Of course all this has nothing to do with the Socialist victory. Oh No! But isn't it strikingly significant that all these things should happen in such rapid succession and follow so closely upon the heels of the great victory?
And just to think, Comrade Seidel hasn't even been inaugurated yet!
If this much happens in ten days, what will happen in two years and ten days?
necessary to carry out the proposed measures can be raised. We demand the fair and equitable taxation of acreage property within the city limits and also that buildings owned by banks and trust companies shall be taxed like the property of other citizens. The attempt of some capitalist politicians to make an issue of the question of taxation is simply hypocritical pretense. There are millions of dollars worth of property in the city that escapes taxation year after year and nothing has been done about it by the parties in power. A reasonable and scientific system of municipal finance will also increase the income from other sources.
Public Slaughter Houses
5. The city shall erect, maintain and manage a public slaughter house. Furthermore, at least four public markets in the various parts of the city, and four municipal storage houses—to enlarge the function of the municipality and to lower trust prices as far as that can be done locally.
6. The city shall establish and maintain a public works department which shall directly perform the necessary work of the city—its building, plumbing, grading, paving, etc., at an eight-hour workday and at a fair union wage. It shall abolish the contract system as far as possible in all public works and encourage the organization of labor in every respect.
Municipal Stone Quarry
7. The city shall provide for its unemployed citizens. Besides the improvement of the streets, the city should

"CLEANING TIME"



DAILY SOCIALIST MAGAZINE PAGE

THE HERITAGE

BY E. JEROME BEYER (Adapted from the French of Emile Gullaium.)

The Breshkovsky-Tchaikovsky Case

The popular fable tells us that when the Stork having saved the Wolf from being choked by pulling out the bone from his throat, asked for his reward, the astonished brute replied: "What, having had your head in the jaws of a Wolf and got it out safely, you still want a reward?"

(The following was prepared by E. Jerome Beyer, shortly before his death, and sent to the Modern Magazine. When that magazine was merged with the Progressive Journal of Education the manuscript was sent to the Daily Socialist, on which he worked for some time.)

Old man Gouvalt, knowing that he was going to die, called his children about him. Old man Gouvalt's children, in a way, were first class representatives of the social system. They were always trying to get ahead of each other and were never so happy as when one of their blood kin fell into misfortune from one cause or another.

should be easily filled. Ah, what a thing that would be. I would rejoice in my grave, my children, to know that you were making an equitable division of the contents of that great wine-tonne. A light smile flowered upon the thin lips like the sickness had discolored and accentuated the sharpness of the features of the dying man.

accompanied the covetous—the covetous, who had been made so not by their own natures but by force of circumstances, who had been made jealous of each other and forced to hurt each other by those very circumstances.

A Forest Stream

(From Sidney Lanier's "Song of the Chattahoochee.")

For Home Dressmakers



No. 8493. Linen, pique, gingham, gaiter and serge may all be used in the making of this simple little garment, suitable for either girl or boy. It is in double breasted style, closing at the side. The pattern is cut in three sizes—for 2, 4, and 6 years. The four-year size will require 2 1/2 yards of 24-inch material.

WOMEN M. P.'S IN FINLAND

The practical Englishman usually says: "The proof of the pudding is in the eating." But when he is told that in Australia, New Zealand, and other countries where women have been granted the parliamentary vote, the most beneficial results have been obtained, the reply is that England is on a different footing and that the English "pudding" must not be tested in such a practical manner.

THE LAY OF THE ANCIENT EGG

I am the Egg. I was laid. I'm the Hen that Laid the Egg. I got a Place to Roost and Part of my Board. I'm the Farmer who Owned The Hen that Laid the Egg. I got Twenty Cents a Dozen.

CREATING SOCIALISTS

The election of a real, avowed Socialist as mayor of Milwaukee, the largest and most prosperous city in Wisconsin, is a live topic of discussion just now in the press throughout the United States.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

Rates under this heading: Three lines daily for one year only \$3.00 per month. Each additional line \$1.00. Tell your merchant about the Daily Socialist Purchasers' League. Invite him to advertise.

South Side

PRINTING: H. G. ADAMS, Commercial Printing and Stationery. PUBLICATIONS: Dropaganda Printing Co. STATIONERS: If It Is Used in an Office We Sell It. COAL AND WOOD: HOWES BROS. CO. WHERE TO EAT: MAC FADDE'S PHYSICAL CULTURE RESTAURANTS. ETCHING AND ENGRAVING: BEST GRADE ENGRAVING. PUBLIC STENOGRAPHER: Max Baum. M.D. & CREAM: Union Dairy.

West Side

TAILORS: SAVE 25 PER CENT. BOOTS AND SHOES: M. BOYSEN, 356 North 48th St. W. WILKEN, 358 North 48th St. AMUSEMENTS: National Printing & Pub. Co. THE S. B. STORE. REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE: N. P. NELSON, 815 N. 52D AV.

Northwest Side

BOOTS AND SHOES: NELSON SHOES. GARPENTER WORK: CARPENTER REPAIR WORK. ADVERTISING: THE CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST'S LARGE CIRCULATION MAKES IT A FAYING ADVERTISING MEDIUM.

North Side

MOVING AND COAL: Anderson Bros. Ex. & Storage Co. AMUSEMENTS: Workingman's Theater—The Ideal.

Out of Town

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS: APPENDICITIS AND CANCER CURED WITHOUT THE KNIFE. DR. J. S. BROMBER, DENTIST: 222 Division St.

Milwaukee, Wis.

SOCIALIST HEADQUARTERS: AD. HEUMER—International Headquarters for Socialists. Co-Operative Bulk Buyers Agency Specials: Choice Teas in 5 lb. lots—Eng. Breakfast, Gumpowder, Ceylon, Oolong, regu. 25c.

THE CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST

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A Red-Letter Day

Today may well be marked upon the calendar of American history with letters of red. On this day the first large city in the English-speaking world passes into the control of the working class. This is a strange thing. It is strange that while labor has made all kings and emperors and rulers of every sort, it has never taken the rulership for itself. This is as strange as that other fact that while labor has produced all the wealth of the world—all the necessities and the luxuries of life—it contents itself with a bare existence.

The workers of other countries have long been moving toward another policy. So far have they moved that many of the largest cities in the world are now to a large extent under Socialist control. This is true of Paris, Berlin, Copenhagen, Hamburg, Cologne and a long list of smaller places. In some of these the power of the municipal government is so hedged about by national governments that the Socialists are able to do little directly. Yet their influence has been powerful for the defense of working-class interests. Nearly all the features of municipal government in these cities that are so much approved by American travelers are due to Socialist influence.

Choose Whom Ye Will Serve

The action of the Chicago Federation of Labor in relation to working-class politics is but one of a whole bundle of straws that point the direction of the prevailing wind in the world of labor. The trade unionists of America are close to the parting of the ways. They have served the old political bosses long and faithfully. They have yielded up their sovereign power at the polls for miserable messes of pottage on each recurring election day. They have listened and heeded as one and then the other of the political harlots of capitalism has flouted their charms.

The Socialist knows where he is going. He knows there is only one political road that labor can travel. Sooner or later it will take that road, if it is ever to escape from the wilderness of economic slavery.

"Self Criticism"

A telegram just received from Robert Hunter enables us to assure the readers of the Daily Socialist, a literal host of whom have written in protest against his decision to refrain from further writing for the Socialist press, that he will take up his regular correspondence again on next Monday.

Public Bathing Beaches

With a magnificent stretch of water along its entire length, the population of Chicago must pay for a chance to enter that water. From Indiana to Wisconsin there is scarcely a foot where a public bathing beach might not bring health and comfort and length of life to the millions that stew through the summer months within a few miles of the shore line.

TO THE MILWAUKEE COMRADES, APRIL 19, 1910

You will crowd the flower-decked hall today. Some of you will take the oath of office, many of you will stand by to see and hear. Other thousands in your city, will be with you in thought, as they go on with their daily task, knowing that at last they have achieved a first great goal. Your hearts beat quick and strong. The tears are not far from the surface; perhaps they overflow.

HOW TO MAKE A SECOND MILWAUKEE

After the Milwaukee victory, among the flood of warm congratulations with which we Milwaukee Socialists were deluged, there were many letters of inquiry. How did we do it? What methods did we use? How can other cities win a Socialist victory? These were the things the comrades all over the country wanted to know.

SQUIBS ABOUT AGITATORS

In the early days of the movement Thomas Hicky, the Texas soap boxer, or piano boxer, as he prefers to be called, often used to make his way from one town to another on the "side door Pullman," or "gondola," the party's finances not always being in a condition to allow railroad fare to the agitator.

PARAGRAPHS FOR PEOPLE

That warlike, tired, old "patriotic" gag is still being used by the daily press on both sides of the tariff line. An American labor paper observes: "U. S. Bulletin of Labor No. 454 shows that only twenty-three men out of 100 employed in the Minnesota iron ranges (the largest in the world) are Americans. The capitalists love the Americans. Sometimes the American worker may vote himself into a job. He is quite stupid but he will learn."

SOCIALISTIC MILWAUKEE

The important consideration of the moment, however, is not so much the future political fortunes, locally or nationally, of the Socialist party in consequence of its Milwaukee victory. The most important consideration is the present fact that this party is actually in control of one of the great American municipalities.

From the Diary of a Striking Waist Maker

December 6th. I remember once at the circus I was wondering how a bird, which one of the men on the stage held tightly in his hands disappeared suddenly, even as we were watching him hold it. I marveled where the bird had gone to and now I seem to be performing a similar trick. I had a wonderful bird hid away deep in my heart and now it's going to be before I'll know it, it will be gone, never to come back.

OPEN FORUM

Let Us Adopt the Milwaukee Tactics. I have been a member of the party for a good many years. We have held hundreds of meetings and distributed thousands of pieces of literature at the factories. We have never had a thorough house distribution. I have come to the conclusion that the comrades in Milwaukee have used the best means of education. If the comrades come together and decide on a plan of distributing literature from house to house Sunday morning, I believe that a great many of the workers will read it.