

POLICE ARREST THREE SOCIALIST SPEAKERS

Polish Party Members Are Put in Patrol and Hustled to Police Station

Three police officers of the peace marched 'bravely' upon a Socialist street meeting at Dixon and Division streets, and arrested three Socialist speakers.

The speakers are A. Jasinski, manager of the Polish daily, 'Dziennik Ludowy'; H. Hinkelman, a machinist, 1170 Milwaukee avenue, and J. Kapusianski, a machinist, 959 Milwaukee avenue. They were unceremoniously packed into a patrol wagon and taken to the West Chicago avenue police station, where they were booked for disorderly conduct.

The meeting was one of a series of street meetings that the Polish branch has arranged for the streets on the northwest side. Jasinski was the first speaker. He spoke in Polish. Before he had gone through half the speech he had planned for the occasion, there was a crowd around him large enough to fill the biggest hall.

But the policeman would hear no argument and hustled him off to the patrol box. Hinkelman was the second speaker for the evening. When his colleague was taken off the soap box he mounted it, only to be arrested like the first speaker. Kapusianski, who was not on the program, mounted the soap box simply because he thought it was right for the Socialists to speak.

Chief of Police Steward referred the matter to his assistant chief, Schuetler. 'Go down to Mr. Schuetler,' he told a reporter for the Chicago Daily Socialist, 'and have him investigate the case. If there is any misunderstanding it will be straightened out.'

JUDGE BARNES RAPS NORTHPUP

One of the most angry rebukes administered to an aid of State's Attorney Wayman since he took the office was thundered from the bench by Judge Albert C. Barnes, when he chastened Assistant State's Attorney John E. Northrup.

'Sit down,' shouted Judge Barnes, when Mr. Northrup tried to make an objection during the hearing of the shale rock case, and when Mr. Northrup half rose in his chair, still protesting, Judge Barnes, his face red with anger, pointed his finger menacingly at the assistant state's attorney and cried loudly: 'Sit down, sit down.'

This interruption of what had been somewhat monotonous court proceedings, occurred while Prof. C. W. Rolfe, teacher of geology at the University of Illinois, was testifying for the state as an expert. Prof. Rolfe had described the location of Chicago's geological formations, and under cross examination Attorney James Brady sought to show that while the professor was familiar with geological conditions south and west of the city he was not an authority concerning the northern territory.

PRESS LAW CASE AGAINST SOCIALIST PAPER IS SETTLED

New Castle, Pa., July 9.—Five hundred dollars of the fine against the six members of the committee publishing The Free Press, who were convicted on the charge of violating the state publishing laws, were remitted. The committee paid a fine and costs of \$188.41 instead of \$68.41, and the defendants were released from a prison sentence.

STENOGRAPHERS' UNION DISCOVERS CHAMPION SPELLER

Miss Louise Boedeker was declared the champion speller of words in the English language of the Stenographers and Typists' association as a result of the spelling bee held by the union at its meeting. The spelling bee was the big attraction of a social evening planned by the organization. Miss Margalen Dallas, who had hitherto failed to become acquainted with the exhilarating game known as golf, won an indoor golf tournament with ease.

STATE MAY END STRIKE

New York Labor Department Expected to Cause Arbitration of Cloak Walkout

(By United Press Associations.)

New York, July 9.—Following a conference of the leaders of the striking cloak makers this morning, a big mass meeting, planned for Union Square this afternoon, was called off shortly after noon. It was decided that the mere assembling of 35,000 to 50,000 strikers in the one spot would be an incentive to the disorderly element to cause trouble to avoid.

There has been no disorder of any kind since the strike began and the police reserves, who have been held in readiness to prevent trouble since the workers walked out, were permitted to go to their homes today. Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor, who is in this city trying to settle the strike was expected to confer with the leaders this afternoon and try to arrange a plan of arbitration.

If this fails the New York state department of labor will on Monday try to arbitrate the trouble.

DYING MAN FLAYS SCAB

Newark, O., July 9.—'I want to warn all young fellows not to try to make a living the way I have done—by strike-breaking and taking jobs like this. I had better have worked and I wouldn't be here now.'

This was part of the dying statement of Carl Etherington, professional strikebreaker and anti-union detective, who was lynched here, after having fatally shot William Howard, former chief of police and proprietor of the 'Last Chance' restaurant.

Etherington, who was 22 years old, had been serving as a strikebreaker since he was released from the marine service three months ago.

The fact that Etherington had been in Newark recently as a strikebreaker in the Baltimore and Ohio strike further inflamed the mob against him.

A strikebreaker encountered by the rioters on their way to the jail was pursued several blocks. He escaped by jumping through the window of a laundry.

WHEAT \$1.06 1-2 A BUSHEL; CROP LOSS BOOMS PRICE

Wheat prices started skyward with a rush at the opening of the market Saturday as a result of the government report, showing that the spring crop will be alarmingly short.

July wheat opened at \$1.05 1/2, which is 3/4 cents above yesterday's close. September opened at \$1.05, 3/4 cents above the close, and December advanced 5/8 cent, opening at \$1.05.

The government crop report on the situation July 1, places the wheat loss at 109,000,000 bushels. The long draws out drought throughout the northwest, has caused a considerable falling off in the entire crop, although wheat has suffered most heavily. The corn crop promises a return, with an increase of 5,977,000 acres in the area devoted to the crop. With this added acreage, however, there is a drop of 1/8 cent per cent in the average condition.

The crop report has had a bullish effect on the market and exciting speculations are expected in the wheat pit. Prices advanced over two cents over the close of the regular market last night. It is expected, however, that the wheat crop from the southwest which is reporting a heavy yield, will do much to counter the

POOR TEDDY



NEW WEEKLY FOR CAMPAIGN

'Political Action' Enters Field as Fall Elections Call for Literature

One of the factors in the fall campaign of the Socialist party will be 'Political Action,' a new weekly Socialist paper, 'published every week for the purpose of disseminating Socialist news, propaganda and educational literature,' as is stated in a preliminary circular.

The contents of the weekly will consist of short articles explaining capitalism and showing what the Socialists aim to do, and why Socialism is inevitable, if the workers and the producing class are not to be reduced to abject slavery and want in the midst of superabundance and an unlimited capacity to produce untold quantities of all the necessities and reasonable luxuries.

Washington, D. C., July 9.—Anybody who walks through the corridors of the House Office Building these days does not need any further reminder of the fact that this is campaign year.

Washington, D. C., July 9.—It has been decided by Secretary of Agriculture Wilson that oysters caught in salt water and then placed in fresh water to mature, must be labeled 'Floated Oysters,' or they will be considered adulterated under the Pure Food and Drugs Act.

Washington, D. C., July 9.—The body of Herman Lilien, late president of the Hod-Carriers and Building Laborers' Union, was removed from the vault at Mount Hope cemetery, in which it was placed at the time of the funeral and at 3 o'clock Saturday was taken to a plot which the union had purchased and where a monument will be erected to honor the former union leader.

Washington, D. C., July 9.—The Progressive Cigar Makers' union has won the two strikes that it has been carrying on at the factories of the Congress Cigar company, 232 Randolph street, and the Kerr & Paly Co., 112 Michigan street.

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NEAT SUBURB PREY OF FOUL RENDERING PLANT

Schermerville, Workers' Retreat, Is Periled by Maker of 'Country Lard'

Picture a community of workmen who have fled the noise and dirt and smells of the city in order to enjoy the unpolluted country air, to eat vegetables from their own gardens and drink real cow's milk; who have toiled and saved to acquire homes of their own; who have drained marshes and planted shade trees and built cement walks and organized an improvement association; who after years of effort and sacrifice have established an attractive suburb, filled with pleasant homes. Then imagine the state of mind of those same workmen when a stench factory, just such as they left the city to escape, is set up in their midst.

Just now the brook is dry and a putrid mass of animal matter, covered with millions of maggots, and rivaling the Bubbly Creek in strength and quality of odor, has collected at the mouth of the ditch within a few hundred feet of half a dozen comfortable homes. The next heavy rain will sweep this mass of germ laden filth through several dairy pastures and on into the town itself. To polluted air and polluted milk will then be added polluted water, since many of the villagers get their supply from surface wells.

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COAL BARONS FEED THEIR MULES, SAYS DUNCAN M'DONALD

Those Who Will Hurt Union Strikers Are Cared for, Asserts Miner

WOMEN MEET TO DEMAND A VOTE

Socialist Meeting Was Held Saturday Night at Walton Place

The first open air meeting arranged by the Socialist women of Cook county Saturday took place as scheduled at Walton place, in front of the Newberry library.

The speakers at the meeting were: Mrs. Ellen Megow and Mrs. May Wood-Simons, who spoke on the relations of suffrage and Socialism, and the identity of their aims.

Means Aid to Woman 'Woman's suffrage,' said Mrs. Megow, 'means the elevation of the most submerged class. Until woman frees herself, man cannot be free. The slave loves his chains, because he is ignorant of what freedom means and, therefore, dreads new responsibilities.'

This is hoped to be a campaign of education. An education which may kill fear—fear of responsibility, fear of conventionalities, fear of being out of place—and establish hope—hope of a good home, hope of a healthy country, hope of a peaceful world.'

COURT STOPS FISHER'S PAY

Walter L. Fisher, special traction counsel for the city, was enjoined by Judge Pettit from drawing any more money from the city.

He held that inasmuch as the city had accepted the services of the attorney that it would have to pay him for his past efforts, but his action practically cuts the traction expert from the salary pay roll from today on.

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A large delegation from the union and from other building trades organizations attended the services which marked the removal of the body and the respect which the union men paid to Lilien's remains.

Washington, Wis., July 9.—Maxine Carey, Daisy Williams, Minnie Clark, Irene Stein, Hazel Ray, Cecil Hayes, Stella Wheeler, Josephine LaMott, River street resort keepers, Allie Howard and Caroline Derley, Biddle street, and Caroline Crill, Wells street, arrested on complaint of William Gaurke, police chauffeur, on a charge of selling liquor without a license, were fined \$50 and costs each, the minimum sentence, in the District Court on Friday.

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BY DUNCAN M'DONALD (Secretary-Treasurer of United Mine Workers of America.)

The conference of coal operators and miners, held in Chicago, July 5 and 6, resulted in no agreement, and the strike is still on and will go on until the miners' demands are conceded.

Demands Are Right No other position could be taken for many reasons. First, because the miners' demands are right. Second, because the miners in convention instructed their officers to stand for these demands, and third, because we have ninety-seven local unions at work at the advanced rate and more will sign up in a few days.

The meeting in Chicago developed one thing, and that was, the desperation of certain coal companies, as most of their statements were a tirade of abuse, and one would scarcely expect such statements from the educated, refined gentlemen, who draw their dividends, or salaries, from the sweat and blood of the miners. But it shows to what extent they will go when their profits are interfered with.

They called the operators who had signed the miner's scale 'scabs,' 'traitors,' and other names not listed in Webster's, and said that some of them ought to be hanged or thrown in the Mississippi river, and judging from their actions they would be willing to put their statements into effect. These were the sugar-coated individuals who 'holter' loud and long if some scab gets hit with a brick.

'A Distinguished Gentleman' One of these distinguished gentlemen, Mr. Lukens, who, through his brutality to the miners at Virden where a number were shot down like dogs in the effort to force them into starvation, has been promoted to the position of general superintendent of the O'Gara Coal company, called President Walker a day or two later.

In their official (yellow) journal called 'Fuel,' of July 5, the poor, mentally half-starved editor laments about the actions of the officials in calling off the engineers and others working about the mines and letting the mules starve, but never a word about the operator attempting to starve the miner into submission. Imagine the depraved state of mind of a trucking tool of a coal operators' association who, for a miserable pittance, would sacrifice his manhood (if he had any) and do the dirty work. In order to be able to eat, and when he loses his job is thrown out to compete with the balance of the broken down scabs and seek another job among the wage workers.

Pity the Poor Mules However, his wall demonstrates one thing, and that is that one company mule is suffering and that is the one editing the yellow journal. Fortunately, this scab publication is not read except by the coal operators and coal dealers, and no doubt it is a balm to their wounds when many of them are facing bankruptcy.

I talked with a prominent banker in this city several days ago and he said that he had many requests for financial assistance from coal companies, but they could offer no assistance, as they already were carrying all that the properties would bear.

Miners Are Firm And so the fight goes on. The miners are standing solidly together; many have secured employment in the mines elsewhere, which makes the burden lighter for those left; the operators are becoming desperate, and as a result more injunctions are being issued, more detectives employed, but all to no avail. The injunction has no terror for the miners. Their detectives are the laughing stock of the towns they visit and the literature is consigned to the waste basket.

The man who braves the danger of the mines, regards these other matters as cheap lineery, and will fight this industrial battle until success crowns their efforts.

'TEDDY'S' SON GOES ABOARD TO MAKE UP LOST SCHOOLING (By United Press Associations.) Hoboken, N. J., July 9.—Kermit Roosevelt, second son of the colonel, who accompanied his father on his famous African hunting trip, sailed on the steamer Amerika today for Europe, where he expects to continue education, and make up for the time lost in Africa. He plans up the studies in which he is behind so that he can return in the fall and re-enter Harvard with his own class. Incidentally he will fortify himself in the French language. Asked if he intended any hunting while abroad he replied: 'Well, I haven't made any arrangements in that direction, but I suppose if a deer were to come across my path I would take a shot at it. I will be back in the fall to re-enter Harvard, and while abroad I hope to visit Switzerland.'

GLASS WORKERS HAVE \$129,000 IN TREASURY Toledo, O., July 9.—The report of the national committee of the American Film Glass Workers' association, in session here, shows the organization to be in a most flourishing condition with a balance of \$129,000 in the treasury.

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# NEW CLUB FOR TAX DODGERS

## Ruling of Supreme Court Forces Reluctant Officials to Act at Last

Its hand forced by the Illinois Supreme Court which held that the Cook County Board of Review must follow the law and assess a penalty of 50 per cent on all persons and corporations failing to file a schedule of personal property, the Cook County Board of Review this year at its sessions which have just opened, will call from 17,000 to 20,000 persons and firms who have failed to file schedules.

**Labor Sweater First**  
The first one to feel the result of the new order of things was that labor sweating corporation known as Montgomery Ward & Co., which had failed to file a schedule, thinking itself above the law, and which had in addition to the \$2,000,000 of its assessment received a penalty of \$1,000,000 from the assessors. An agent of Vice President Thorne of the company called at the board of review and seemed surprised to learn that things stand as follows:

**Present Conditions**  
State revenue law provides that for every failure to file a personal property schedule a penalty of 50 per cent of the value of the unlisted property shall be assessed.

Board of review, since its creation some nine years ago, has never enforced the law on penalties.

The board of assessors entered suit against the board of review to compel it to levy penalties, as required by law. The Supreme Court of Illinois held that the board of review must exact penalties, that while that board has the power to "review" either increasing or decreasing the assessors' figures, it must still add 50 per cent of the revised figures as a penalty.

Because of these conditions, the case having been decided since the last session of the board of review, the tax dodging corporations and individuals have new things to learn in order to escape payment of tribute to the county authorities. Just what tactics will be pursued by Armour and other tax evaders is not yet clear. Such corporations have, however, usually filed schedules which were not truthful or have relied on technical points of law to allow them to escape just taxation.

The personnel of the Cook County Board of Review, ever since it was created, is interesting. Fred W. Upham, president of the City Fuel company, the \$15,000,000 coal trust which has debauched the city administration; Roy O. West, lawyer, Republican boss of the Seventh ward, close friend of Governor Deneen, attorney for the Com-

monwealth Edison company, the International Harvester company and others; Florian D. Meacham, of Meacham and Wright, cement contractors. These are the three men who, as the board of review, dominate the tax situation in Cook County, the richest in the United States, next to King's County in which New York is situated.

### WOMAN AVIATOR EXPECTED TO RECOVER FROM INJURIES

Rheims, July 9.—Chances for the recovery of Baroness De La Roche, terribly injured yesterday in the fall of her aeroplane, were declared to be favorable today by Dr. Roussel. The baroness, whose legs and arms were broken and who suffered internal injuries, rested well during the night and was much stronger today. The improvement in her condition cheered the small army of aviators who are daily breaking records over Bethany Plain.

## ROUMANIANS IN NATIONAL MEET

### Question of Affiliating With Socialist Party Goes to Referendum

Cleveland, O., July 9.—Delegates representing three thousand Roumanian Socialists gathered in Cleveland to perfect a national organization and devise plans for carrying on systematic work to organize all Roumanians in the United States. The congress was attended by forty-two delegates and about two hundred visitors, many of whom came long distances to attend the meetings.

**Optimistic Spirit**  
The spirit of optimism predominated the two days' session. Favorable reports were received from all sides. Delegates from Eckman, W. Va., reported that the local there, only recently organized, had forty members, and the Cleveland organization reported over one hundred members. The Roumanian organization has been in existence for only eight months, and during that short time three thousand members have been enrolled.

The most important question taken up by the congress was in regard to affiliating with the Socialist party of the United States. This question was referred to the membership for referendum vote, and will be decided within the next thirty days.

**Organize Locals**  
A national secretary, treasurer and executive committee were elected. Headquarters will be located in Cleveland, from which place the work of organizing Roumanian locals in all parts of the United States will be carried on.

## SUFFRAGE CAUSE IS PROGRESSING

### Encouraging Reports Received; Socialist Sunday School Committee Named

Encouraging reports were brought in from the various branches of the Socialist Women's Agitation committee at the meeting, at which the attendance was remarkably increased.

Mrs. Nelson of the Twelfth ward distributed fifty Daily Socialists on the Sunday after the picnic. She aroused the interest of two girls, who accompanied her to the picnic, it being the first time that they had attended a Socialist gathering of any kind.

Mrs. Madsen of the Thirty-fifth ward distributed several thousand of the Naikiel leaflets, "Why You Should Be a Socialist," and secured forty-eight subscribers for the "Progressive Woman."

Mrs. Brown reported that the Evanston branch held an outdoor suffrage meeting on the Lake Shore. Mrs. Me-gow spoke and lively discussions followed. The meeting was very well attended and very enthusiastic.

Next regular meeting will be held July 24, when plans for the winter work will be taken up.

In the Seventh ward Mrs. May Walden reports that the branch meetings were well attended by women, all of whom are dues paying party members. Miss Leviner in the Twenty-sixth ward distributed literature especially appealing to women in connection with the regular ward distribution. A picnic meeting was held which was well attended and very enthusiastic.

Miss Standley, of the Sixth ward, brought an invitation from that branch to the committee to attend a picnic to be held at Washington Park, July 23.

In the regular business of the agitation committee, a committee was appointed to arrange for afternoon socials with speakers speaking in the evening at Jackson Park, Saturday, July 20.

Another committee was appointed to formulate plans for Socialist Sunday schools.

### CHINESE "RAT TAMERS" FEAR DEATH AS DIRE PUNISHMENT

Use of Dead Celestials' Hair for American Pompadour Deemed Desecration—Comet Does Best  
(By United Press Association.)  
New York, July 9.—There has been enough punk and joss sticks burned in the joss houses in Mott street today to drive away all the mosquitoes in New Jersey. The quarter still reeks with incense, for when the British freight

steamer Inveric arrived from Hong Kong her crew of coolies came ashore like rats and made for the joss houses to give thanks for having escaped from the "fery monster."  
The English officers of the ship say the "fery monster" was only Halley's comet, but that the Chinese thought it was the wrath of the gods sent to destroy them because the hole of the vessel was loaded with several hundred thousand coolies of their dead brethren, being brought to America to be made into "rats" for American women.

## LEAGUE TALKS PARTY WORK

General Socialist propaganda work, was one of the things which came up for a lively discussion at the business meeting of the Young People's Socialist League last night. It was decided by a unanimous vote to hold open air meetings in different parts of the city, and also to get out special literature that would appeal to young people in particular, and get them interested in Socialism.

Heretofore the league has not taken up any work along this line, with the exception of its educational programs in the fall and winter. At the present time, however, there are a few soap boxes in its membership, and with the aid of its quartette and orchestra, there is no reason why it should not hold regular open air meetings during the summer months, and be of great assistance in the fall campaign.

The Twelfth ward branch has been quick to recognize the great value of such work and is making arrangements to secure them in their territory. In order to make the most of the opportunity, the Twelfth ward comrades are preparing to build a speakers' platform on a vacant corner, which will hold the orchestra and the speakers. This they will be only too glad to offer the league to use, and will give them whatever assistance they desire.

This work of the league will be taken care of by an organization committee, which will also work to build up the membership of the league in the city. This committee, elected last night, consists of the following members: A. Hahn, E. McClain, G. P. Doherty, Ernest Gross, and W. O. Kennedy.

### TAFT PLAYS MORE GOLF

Beverly, Mass., July 9.—"To the golf links," said President Taft today as he climbed into the tonneau of his big machine at Burgess Point and whirled away for the golf course at Hamilton. This is part of the rest program for the president and he has played golf every morning at Myopia since coming to Beverly. Today he played with Judge Patrick Grant of Boston, a well known Myopia man, who played with the president last year.

Mrs. Taft, with her house guests, Mrs. Charles Rea of Washington and Mrs. George McCliffock, motored along the shore today. Charlie Taft went up to the Monserrat Golf Club and played a round of the course and Miss Helen came to Beverly in an electric motor car.

## MASS CAUCUS IN THE EIGHTH

Socialists in the Eighth Congressional district will hold a mass caucus, Tuesday evening, July 12, at 633 Noble street, northeast corner of West Erie street, for the selection of a candidate for the fall campaign.

This congressional district includes the Sixteenth, Seventeenth, Eighteenth and Nineteenth wards, and the Twenty-sixth to the Thirty-fourth precincts, inclusive, of the Fifteenth ward.

All the Socialists living in this district have a vote in the caucus, including the members of foreign-speaking branches.

### AVIATOR FALLS INTO RIVER AFTER A SUCCESSFUL FLIGHT

Machine Turns Turtle When Wind Strikes It

(By United Press Association.)  
Newburyport, Mass., July 9.—Following a spectacular three-mile flight across Plum Meadows early this morning, A. L. Pfitzner, the New York aviator, while flying at a height of 75 feet, in a Burgess biplane, was hurled into the Plum Island river when the machine which he was operating was capized by a cross-current of air.

Pfitzner swam ashore and went to the aviation shed, where an examination disclosed a badly brushed head. It is feared also that he is injured internally.

### ROOSEVELT FIXES DATE FOR MILWAUKEE SPEECH

Milwaukee, Wis., July 9.—Theodore Roosevelt has fixed Sept. 7 as the day when he will be the guest of the Milwaukee Press club.

Oliver E. Remy, chairman of the entertainment committee of the club, re-

ceived a telegram from Col. Roosevelt last night, confirming a tentative promise given to Mr. Remy two weeks ago at Oyster Bay to come to Milwaukee on that day to participate in the celebration of the Press club's silver anniversary.

There will be a special meeting of the members of the Press club to consider plans for Col. Roosevelt's entertainment. The committee, of which Mr. Remy is chairman, will make a preliminary report at this meeting.

## SEES A BOOM FOR ESPERANTO

Washington, D. C., July 9.—That the International Esperanto Congress, to be held in Washington August 14 to 20, inclusive, will result in the study of Esperanto being taken up rapidly in the principal colleges and universities throughout the United States, is the belief of John Barrett, director of the Bureau of American Republics.

In an interview Barrett expressed his conviction that the widespread demand for the study of Esperanto in this country following the congress will be pronounced that the language will take its place side by side with that of other tongues taught in the principal educational institutions.

"With the completion of the Panama canal," said Barrett, "the bringing together of the nations in closer trade relations, the constantly increasing tendency on the part of Americans to visit abroad, the useful ends which Esperanto, as an auxiliary language, can be made to serve will become more and more apparent in this country."

Director Barrett is president of the Esperanto Association of North America. He probably will preside over the international congress during its sessions in Washington.

## Men In Union There is Strength, which, like the steel stranded cable, becomes a mighty factor in the universe.



DR. I. W. HODGENS.

### Your Force Depends Upon Harmonious Unity.

for with veins filled with rich, pure blood nourishing the body, properly working organs furnishing nutrition and carrying off waste, a clear head and nerves stored with energy, your power will be manifest in all of life's activities.

**Be Loyal to Yourself**  
and attain this end. My mission establishes harmonious action of all organs of the body, promoting sound, vigorous health, through the successful treatment of Blood Poison, Nervousness, Melancholia, Weakness, Loss of Vital Force, Kidney and Bladder Disorders, Rheumatic Troubles, and Uric Acid conditions.

Let us talk the matter over in my offices where I can prove these facts and through My Diplomas, Licenses, Society and Registration-Certificates Permanently satisfy Your Mind Why I Am the Most Reliable Modern, Best Established Specialist in Chicago—who Sees and Treats Patients Personally—whose Consultation is Free, and Methods No Cure, No Pay.

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AMUSEMENTS FOR THE WEEK

BY S. J. SAMELOW.

"Steel" the one act play by Peyton Beavell, goes to Sans Souci next week, where it will be presented under the direction of William Morris.

Based on a novel industrial problem, the little play takes the audience a trip to the office of the chief physician of a hospital in the steel mills.

The story tells of a mill employe who, after being mangled by a machine, is chloroformed by the physician to save expenses for the firm and pain for the patient.

The cast playing "Steel" consists of Charles Taft, who plays the part of Dr. Richards; Neomah Patten, who is Miss Richards; Neomah Patten, who is Miss Richards; Neomah Patten, who is Miss Richards.

AT THE WHITNEY "My Cinderella Girl" will remain at the Whitney Opera House until Sept. 3, when a tour of the principal cities of the west including Milwaukee, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Denver, Omaha, Kansas City, St. Louis, and Indianapolis will be made.

At the Majestic The Majestic theater announces a satisfying bill of vaudeville for the week beginning Monday, July 11. The feature of the bill is the Russell brothers, who satirize and impersonate the Irish servant girls.

At the Colonial The date of departure for "Madame Sherry" has been set for September 3, when elaborate Ziegfeld "Follies for 1910" will be placed here. The management announces several alluring attractions for the fall season.

At the Olympic "The Fortune Hunter" booked at the Olympic as a summer attraction, has passed the 25th performance this week. It continues to entertain large audiences every night, and the cast, headed by Thomas W. Ross, has become a favorite of theater goers.

At the Princess The center of attraction at the Princess theater is "Baby Mine," with Otto Harlan and Marguerite Clark in the chief roles.

Sans Souci Wagner night is one of the musical features at the Sans Souci Park next week. This will be Friday when there will be rendered the "Tannhauser" march, prelude to "Lehngren," "Albinus," "Entrance of the Gods into Valhalla," prelude from "Parsifal," "Prize Song from De Meistersinger," and the "Tannhauser" overture.

White City The Lombard musicians remain at the White City for the following week. The opera performances of the company as well as the orchestra have proven a source of great amusement for the warm nights.

Forest Park The "Moxious Bull Fight" and the "Ringing of the Home-Ship" remain at Forest Park.

The Prussian Franchise and German Socialist Demonstrations

BY MARTHA A. BIEGLER. II.

Upon the effects of the German chancellor's speech on the franchise Current Literature says:

"Many more generalizations adverse to democracy in government and to universal suffrage found their place in the course of the imperial German chancellor's remarks to the Prussian diet.

"The effect upon the Socialists proved provocative to an extent that threatened breaches of the peace in Berlin. A proclamation from the official head of the police force did little to assuage their feelings. The streets are solely for the purpose of traffic, ran his manifesto.

"While Unter der Lint was armed to the teeth, the Socialists were doing the forbidden things elsewhere. The party leaders kept their plans to themselves, and until the forty or fifty meetings held in Berlin and its suburbs assembled at noon only the chairman knew what was in contemplation.

"At the close of each gathering those present were bidden to form in the prohibited processions. They all followed an appointed leader. The English journalist watched one of these processions.

"There must have been from ten to fifteen thousand men, with a sprinkling of women. They were almost without exception decently clad in their Sunday clothes and their demeanor was faultless.

"Thus were half a dozen illegal assemblages organized in defiance of the police. About a hundred and fifty thousand manifestants participated without disorder.

"Very different were the developments in the great Prussian town of Frankfurt-on-the-Main, where the principal streets were filled on the appointed day with masses of proletarians, all clamoring for the right to vote.

"Shots rang out on every side. Again and again the cordons of police charged down upon the enemy, hewing and hacking with their drawn swords. As they did so, showers of stones, bottles and other missiles fell upon their heads, some being thrown from the windows of the houses. Thus runs the press dispatch to the Telegraph.

"Prussian organs seem to have been the subject of a rather severe censorship, since they give comparatively meager reports of these things.

"There was many a fierce conflict with knives between individual policemen and workmen. All the ambulance stations were crowded with wounded.

"The words of the Frankfurter Zeitung are bolder than those of even the Socialist dailies, for this democratic sheet says the conduct of the Frankfurt police toward the persons who were quietly returning from the meetings was an act of brutal violence and a grave infringement on civil rights.

"Nothing seems to have been gained for universal suffrage in Prussia by the events both inside and outside the diet. The new bill for the reform of the elections entirely fails, says the Frankfurter Zeitung, to satisfy the demands of the progressive element.

"The government has firmly rejected the demands of the Liberals and Radicals in combination with the Socialists. The new bill merely abolishes indirect elections.

"Aside from this single modification, the franchise in Prussia is evidently to remain unchanged. The government refused the plea for a secret ballot upon the ground that the absence of publicity facilitates seditious electoral agitation on the part of the Socialists.

"It is the opinion of the German Tageblatt, popular in its sympathies, that the provisions of the new franchise bill will eliminate the seven Socialists who, in the face of every difficulty, have managed to procure their election to the Prussian diet. Thus is to be treated the party which is numerically the strongest in Germany and by far the strongest in Prussia.

"They claim now to be thirty millions out of the forty millions of the Prussian subjects. The huge body of the Prussian people is stated by the Socialist Vorwaerts to be in the most 'absurd' position.

"In the empire they possess the same electoral rights as all other Germans. They are represented strongly in the reichstag, although, owing to the antiquated distribution of seats, they are not represented in anything like proportion to their numbers. But in their own native Prussia they are practically not represented at all.

"The franchise dates back to the constitution which the Hohenzollern dynasty 'presented' to the nation after the great revolution of 1848. It is the most fanciful of all fanciful franchises and is elaborately framed not so as to insure, but so as to prevent, the true representation of the people.

"It does not seem to the newspapers of Europe generally that anything practical for the cause of popular government in Germany has been achieved by the demonstrations in Prussia. In one respect, however, the Socialists are inferred to have scored heavily. They have made manifest their determination to avoid violence.

"London dailies, like Paris dailies, give them full credit for that. The chancellor declares, says the London Times, 'that political parties in Germany have no need to engage in street agitations. Is it possible to maintain this assertion in regard to Prussian Socialists? What legitimate means does the largest party in Germany possess to make their voice heard in the affairs of the kingdom? They have few seats, and cannot hope under the present franchise to gain more.' Now can they hope to have their grievances redressed in the reichstag. When the Socialists try to ventilate their wrongs in that body, Prussia takes refuge in the provisions of the federal constitution and refuses to listen to representations from a body in which Socialism boasts increasing strength. The situation is plainly intolerable, and none but the most benighted reactionaries in Prussia can believe that it will permanently endure.' Thus the London Times.

"But to the London Spectator another inference suggests itself. The Prussian franchise is not, it remarks, a Prussian question alone. It affects all Germany, because Prussia has always been, and is becoming to an even greater extent the predominant influence in federal affairs. The minister-president of Prussia is always chancellor of the German empire. A reactionary Prussia means a reactionary Germany, and a reactionary Germany, insists the London Weekly, is responsible for the swelling German navy, the Hohenzollern world politics and the insignificance of the reichstag.

"Since the above was printed two more chapters have been added to Socialist politics in Germany. Contrary to the expectations of the newspapers throughout Europe generally, the demonstrations in Prussia had the effect of causing the defeat of the franchise reform bill in the lower house of the Prussian landtag. Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg and the government have suffered the worst defeat they have sustained in years, and the chancellor is down and out. On May 23 we read of this great victory for the Socialists: 'It is an advance toward the death struggle that must come, and must result in the extinction of the weaker force, the Prussian-bureaucracy.'

"On June 29 the Socialist Daily writes another chapter consequent upon the Socialist demonstrations in Prussia. It said in substance: 'The result of the recent elections to the reichstag shows such an increase in the Socialist vote that it is predicted that in 1911, the next general election, 100 Socialist members will be elected to the reichstag, and nearly 40 per cent of the entire electorate will vote the Socialist ticket. From 40 per cent of the electorate to a majority is only a short step, at the rate Socialists are gaining, and the prediction is heard every day that within ten years the Socialists will control the empire.'

Meanwhile, let us thank Current Literature for advertising Socialism in such a fair manner.

FARMING THE FARMER

BY OTTO McFEELY

There is wealth in the newly irrigated farms, but hard labor will be required to dig this wealth out and make it use to man.

But we see in Chicago and other large centers, east of the Rocky mountains, scores and hundreds, and perhaps thousands, of men reaping crops from lands that never have been plowed or planted.

In Chicago the great office buildings are occupied by these men who are living fat and amassing wealth in bonds and mortgages from lands yet unplowed and as dry as the desert. This kind of farming appears to pay.

Scores of newspapers and other periodical publishers are making money from lands yet to be irrigated.

This miracle is caused by the absurd system of finance and of industry by which hundreds of white-handed, soft, sybaritic fellows are necessary to get the real farm farmer on the land he needs.

has his profit before any work has been done on the lands.

Who do you think this debt ultimately will fall upon. Of course the man who finally builds a home and does the labor on the new lands must pay for this \$30,000 house.

This bond dealer is a good man. He gives largely to charity and to the Y. M. C. A. I say nothing against his good intentions, but I can see only folly in a system that permits him to ride on the backs of the men who will really work the farms in the west.

My broker acquaintance is only one of hundreds who are getting rich on the irrigated lands, even before the water flows.

They handle the bonds and make a profit. Under the Carey act and by other manipulations, schemers reap harvests that are mortgages on the industry of real men.

The real engineers and laborers who build the dams and dig the ditches and do other work to prepare the desert for other working men and women, get but a bare living out of their work. They also suffer exploitation. They get no \$30,000 mansions.

The irrigated lands offer a striking and colossal example of the folly of man. The schemers and plotters are not so much to blame. It is the workers themselves who, having power to own the earth, permit it to remain in the hands of the few and assume a mortgage of great magnitude which will keep them down and burden them through life.

The earth is willing and able to give us all a living and a beautiful life. Do not despair. The schemers and profit takers have but a few more days. They will be brushed off the backs of the workers and that before very long. But they will not suffer. They will be part of a better society than ever this is for them.

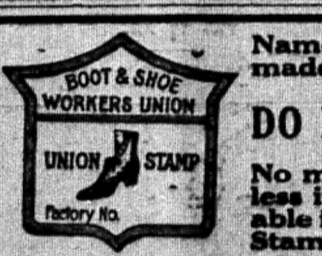
TIME HUNG HEAVILY ON HIS HANDS A chinese laundryman in Oakland, Cal., recently had his troubles with a watch that habitually lost time. So he took the timepiece to the nearest watchmaker.

"Watche no good to Charlie Lee," said he, briefly, pushing it across the counter. "You fixe him, eh?"

"Certainly," said the watchmaker. "What seems to be the trouble with it?"

"Oh, him too much by 'n'-by," said Charlie Lee.—Harper's Weekly.

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THE CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST

Entered as second-class matter, Dec. 22, 1904, at P. O. Chicago, Ill., under act of March 3, 1879.

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Notice—The expiration date opposite your name on the yellow label indicates the time of the expiration of your subscription.

The publication of a signed article does not mean endorsement by the Daily Socialist of opinions expressed therein.

Feeding the Mules Again

Our suspicion that the mine owners were feeding their own mules during the strike is very much strengthened by the appearance of the latest copy of "Fuel," the official organ of the Illinois Coal Operators' Association.

BIRDS OF A FEATHER.

To those who know McDonald, Lawrence, Germer and Walker, it is no surprise that they should fly to the Chicago Daily Socialist to give vent to their wrath.

Why don't they explain that to allow a coal mine to flood by stopping the pumps is equivalent to applying a torch to the buildings of a factory.

Enforce the Ten-Hour Law

A law for the protection of labor will never enforce itself. The first joker which was put into labor legislation was to pass almost any sort of law and then fail to make any provision for its enforcement.

The ten-hour law has been placed upon the statute books of Illinois only after a very hard fight. The Daily Socialist dealt some blows in that fight that will be remembered.

How to Abolish the Sweatshop

For more than a generation reformers have been bewailing the existence of the sweatshops. Every sensational writer on poverty in great cities makes his story climax with a sweatshop scene.

STORIES OF AN AGITATOR

BY RALPH KORNGOLD THE GODDESS OF LIBERTY.

Nathan would have rushed to his friend's assistance, but a dozen policemen intervened. He was pushed, jostled, beaten, driven away. Again and again he tried to return to the scene of the fight only to meet with the same fate.

"TO LABOR"

By Charlotte Perkins Gilman

Shall you complain who feed the world, Who clothe the world, who house the world?

As from this hour you use your pow'r The world must follow you!

The world's life hangs on your right hand, Your strong right hand, your skilled right hand,

Or dark or light, or wrong or right, The world is made by you!

Then rise as you ne'er rose before, Nor hoped before, nor dared before,

Stand all as one till right is done! Believe and dare and do!

Stand all as one till right is done! Believe and dare and do!

SOCIALISM IN BRITISH COLUMBIA

BY R. P. PETTIPiece Vancouver, B. C. PLATFORM—SOCIALIST PARTY OF CANADA.

We, the Socialist party of Canada, in convention assembled, affirm our allegiance to and support of the principles and program of the revolutionary working class.

As long as the capitalist class remains in possession of the reins of government all the powers of the state will be used to protect and defend their property rights in the means of wealth production and their control of the product of labor.

The capitalist system gives to the capitalist an ever-swelling stream of profits, and to the worker an ever-increasing measure of misery and degradation.

The interest of the working class lies in the direction of settling itself free from capitalist exploitation by the abolition of the wage system, under which is cloaked the robbery of the working class at the point of production.

The Socialist party, when in office, shall always and everywhere until the present system is abolished, make the answer to this question its primary rule of conduct.

The reproduction of the platform of the Socialist party of Canada may appear to the average Socialist as a sort of catechism.

So far as we in western Canada are concerned, it is not a matter of "immediate demands"; that has really no bearing on the main question, but simply that our position may be briefly defined, and our objects made clear.

We found the movement big enough and strong enough to allow each to work in their own peculiar sphere and manner.

Fight? Yes. Sometimes we get into the hottest mix-ups imaginable, but we who live in a territory of smelters and rednecks understand what this process means.

There is no further waste of time as to platforms in western Canada. When an election campaign comes round, the locals in their respective constituencies call a nominating convention.

As to methods, tactics, etc., I can only add that every Socialist who works at it is a committee of one to camp on the trail of any person or movement that seeks to draw a herring across the real issue—the capture of the reins of government and the overthrow of the rule of capital.

And, after all, what else is there worth fighting for, once we have learned of the history and mission of our class?

Socialist Propaganda

BY AXEL GUSTAFSON, PH. D.

No matter what the character of Socialist propaganda they are essentially different from all other political methods and means employed to secure public office.

Socialism aims at race emancipation from capitalism, all other political parties and organizations what ever be their profession, exist through and for the perpetuation of capitalism.

Therefore, the identical, same reforms advocated by Socialists and other parties present totally different steps of progress.

There can, therefore, be no "stealing" of issues, planks or platforms between the Socialists and other political parties.

If other political parties take up Socialist issues they will to that extent advance Socialism. And if Socialists take up other party issues, they immediately become anti-capitalistic in their character and tendency.

It is the purpose of the instrument, not its form, that decides its use.

Of course, we Socialists must use our best intelligence to make our propaganda most effective. But keeping ever in view our goal the total destruction of capitalism through the co-operative social commonwealth, we should select and use whatever good means that are likely to advance this object.

We have to take the world as we find it. We must offer people our assistance to get for them what they want, not what we think would be best for them.

When the consensus of opinion among us in local, state and national matters has become agreed that those general urgent issues have been found, then we should give the most patient and painstaking attention to formulating them in such manner as will be most clear, impressive, attractive and convincing to those whose support and surface we are seeking to enlist.

And when this has been accomplished to our general satisfaction, then all our work, written and oral, through leaflets, press and platform work of every description should center public attention on those issues from every possible point of view.

Of course, issues germane to and closely interwoven with the dominant issues might profitably be taken into consideration, but only in a secondary manner.

If we confuse our propaganda from time to time at elections to three or four great, general, urgent issues (local, state and national) and present them persistently in a clear convincing manner, we are likely to make a more general and powerful impression on the public than if we appeal to them with a multiplicity of issues.

A little reflection will prove the soundness of that contention. The great mass of the workers, to whom our appeals for support are directed, are wage slaves—they deeply realize their bondage and long to be free.

The closer, simpler and more directly touching their general condition that the relief promised is presented, the more likely are they to take hope and join us in our work for their deliverance.

A few simple propositions such as for instance legislative protection from childhood exploitation, police tyranny and court despotism, are more likely to win their interest and support than a long string of reforms—good, needed and pressing and yet not so directly and generally touching their lives.

AT THE BEACH

Mother—Why did you become so alarmed when you were in bathing today, Johnnie?

Five-year-old Johnnie—Why, mamma, I got out where the bottom of the water was too far from the top.

THE FREE LOVERS

BY ROBERT HUNTER

It came into my mind the other day to write a little tract for the Individual and Social Justice League of America.

We are grateful for any aid this association of Catholic, Protestant and Jewish clergy men can give us in purifying our cause.

I suppose these gentlemen of the cloth will appreciate a full confession on the part of any high-minded Socialist.

Wherever, therefore, the Socialists find any evidence of free love, of anti-marriage and of atheism in their propaganda let them openly confess it.

So far, at any rate, as I am concerned, I shall be perfectly frank and open my heart to these father confessors.

They ought not to make ridiculous charges and, therefore, they should be grateful for such actual facts as I can give them of the vices of Socialists.

As evidence in this matter let us take first the report of the Wisconsin State Federation of Labor.

Now, that report shows what the Socialists have tried to do in the Wisconsin Legislature.

A Socialist, named Brockhausen, for instance, introduced in the Assembly a bill to legalize certain acts in furtherance of disputes between employers and employes.

First, for the purpose of peacefully obtaining or communicating information.

Second, for the purpose of peacefully persuading a person to work or abstain from work.

Third, to legalize combined action in furtherance of a trade dispute.

Fourth, to prevent damage suits against trade union organizations for acts of its individual members.

Another Socialist, named Weber, introduced a bill to prevent private detectives from harassing citizens in the course of a trade dispute.

He introduced another bill to give poor persons right of action in the courts of the state without payment of cost.

He also introduced a resolution to regulate the issuing of injunctions.

We also introduced a resolution advocating the government ownership and control of railroad, express, telegraph and telephone companies.

Indeed, this Weber went so far in another resolution as to try to cut the claws of the Sherman anti-trust act relative to organized labor.

Another Socialist named Gaylord introduced a great many bills into the Senate.

One of those bills favored the initiative and referendum on acts of municipal councils and boards of supervisors.

Another bill provided that all land, mineral rights, water powers and other natural resources within the state which are now or may hereafter become the property of the state shall remain forever the property of the state.

He also introduced a bill providing for the nationalization of trusts and monopolies.

And then this Senator, throwing aside all decency, introduced a resolution providing for the abolition of the United States Senate, another resolution providing immediate relief by the government for the unemployed, and still another resolution demanding the resignation of all state officers known to have received moneys during the state political campaign to promote the interests of any candidate.

Now, there are perhaps those who will claim that this astonishing evidence of immorality applies only to a small group of Socialists in one western state.

But look at what another Socialist, named Charles H. Morrill, attempted to do in the last Massachusetts Legislature.

He introduced a bill giving the cities the right to use the initiative and referendum.

A bill to raise the age at which children may be employed.

A bill to permit cities or towns to own and operate street railways.

A bill memorializing Congress to establish national ownership of railroads.

Of course, these bills were defeated, but this dangerous demagogue introduced another bill which was passed!

And this bill provided that every employer advertising for men shall state in the advertisement whether or not a strike is taking place in his establishment.

So we see there is method in this madness and that what the Socialists are trying to do in Wisconsin they are also trying to do in Massachusetts.

And when one reads in cold type of the actual habits of these men the immorality of it is positively sickening.

In the heart of every true lover of individual and social justice there arises revolt against these attempted inequities.

But there may be some stupid, unenlightened, ignorant workman who will not understand the relation of these bills to free love, anti-marriage and atheism.

But, LOOK BEHIND THE BILLS and you immediately see the real purpose actuating these dangerous men.

In the first place, these acts, every one of them, show that the Socialists advocate free love.

Today the old parties are paid to grant legislation, but the Socialists want to give it free, especially to those who have no money.

That is FREE love for the working class.

Could there be better evidence of how Socialists try to inculcate their views on this dreadful subject?

These bills also show that Socialists believe in the abolition of marriage. They advocate divorce and are trying to break up the home.

Study the above bills and see what they mean, they are deliberately trying TO DESTROY a happy home wherein political crooks and financial plutons now live together in perfect happiness.

Can you not see, dear brother, in the above legislation an under-handed, vicious and unprincipled attack upon that happy family?

In every line of the above legislation there is also evidence of the grossest atheism.

Has it not been said that the American God is gold?

Well, can you imagine any bitterer or fiercer attack upon that God than those Socialist bills?

Why, they would tear him out of the halls of our legislatures.

They would throw him out of our municipal councils and even our temples and leave him a vagrant in the streets.

For him there is every evidence of undying hatred. They bear him no respect, neither bow before him nor reverence him.

So, you see, their atheism is also rampant and unshamed.

The bills themselves look innocent enough. But don't be carried away, dear brothers, by appearances. LOOK BEHIND those bills!

No respectable politician or Wall Street Senator was ever guilty of such revolting vices.

an his breast, he allowed himself to be led away like a child.

They went to the undertaker's and saw Raphael's body stretched on a steel slab.

The face was so terribly mutilated that it could hardly be recognized. Nathan looked at it with unseeing eyes.

It was if something had snapped in his brain, and he was not seeing things, but only the pale images of things.

Nathan at that time hardly realized how terrible the end of his friend had been.

Raphael had been thrown into a cell; his wounds were unattended to. Then a crude bandage was put around his head.

Late in the evening four policemen, sitting idly in the room behind the office and discussing the happenings of that day, thought they would for diversion go and beat up the "sheeny" who had dared to hit an officer.

So they went to Raphael's cell, roused him from the cot upon which he had been dozing, exhausted by the loss of blood, and began to pummel him.

They stationed themselves in the four corners of the cell and "played ball" with him, sending him with kicks and blows from one corner into the other. When a terrific kick would lift him completely off the floor they would laugh in fiendish glee.

Even when he had become quite unconscious and his body limp as a rag, they for awhile went on with the game.

At last they threw him in a heap on the floor, and in order to resuscitate him "roused" him with several buckets of cold water.

Then they went back to the room behind the office and played a game of cards.

It mattered little to Raphael that night that the cell was cold and the water was freezing him. It mattered little that his jaw was fractured and two of his ribs were broken and that he received no medical help. He lay in a heap on the floor, and when the night passed and the gray of the day filtered in the policeman's "Get up, there!" now his kick could rouse him from his posture.

He had left the land of tyranny and had come to the land of liberty to find death at the hands and the boots of its servants.

(To Be Continued.)