

BANNITS GET \$900,000 IN CHINESE RAID

Peking, Dec. 22.—An imperial convoy was attacked by brigands near Kirin today and looted of \$900,000 in bullion. The territory surrounding Kirin is being overrun with outlaws and the authorities are unable to protect travelers.

DID BORDWELL TRAP M'NAMARA

Washington, Dec. 23.—The significance of the single question asked the McNamara brothers by Judge Bordwell of Los Angeles, when the dynamiters stood up to receive sentence, was made apparent today when the new regulations for 1912 for the shipment of explosives were made public by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Judge Bordwell asked: "Are you sure the dynamite used in the Times building was not more than 80 per cent dynamite?" and the reply was: "No, it was 80 per cent."

Regulations forbid entirely the transportation of interstate commerce of any dynamite containing more than 60 per cent nitro-glycerine.

Wanted in Record

Judge Bordwell's question is now said to have been asked for the express purpose of getting this statement in the record for future use. The McNamaras refused to testify before the federal grand jury, yet, caught off their guard, they actually did give what the government expects to be important evidence in the case.

Federal secret service operatives, it is learned today, are investigating the report that records of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers were secretly taken from Indianapolis immediately following the arrest of John J. McNamara in the alleged dynamiting conspiracy.

Federal Judge A. B. Anderson, in whose court the dynamiting investigation is being conducted, left today for New York to spend the holidays. The federal grand jury probing the alleged conspiracy will not meet again until January 1.

SHUSTER STICKS TO PERSIAN JOB

St. Petersburg, Dec. 23.—News from Teheran today is that W. Morgan Shuster is still clinging to his office, despite the official announcement of yesterday that the Persian cabinet had accepted the demands of Russia calling for the dismissal of the American and the subsequent official announcement that Shuster had resigned.

It is now reported that Shuster declares he has received no "valid orders" to discontinue his work and will stay by the office until he is formally discharged. So far as it is known here the Persian parliament has not yet ratified the cabinet's acceptance of the Russian demands. Shuster has a three-year contract with the government which he would forfeit if he resigned, but upon which he can collect a salary for his unexpired time if he awaits a formal dismissal by parliament.

TWELVE DROWN IN BRITISH MINE

Wigan, Eng., Dec. 23.—Seventy-five miners were miraculously saved from death today after water from a reservoir had broken through the walls of the Cross Telly mine, near here, almost completely flooding the workings. Eighty-seven men were at work at the time and twelve of these are still missing. It is believed they were drowned. The miners who were saved succeeded in clambering to the highest ledges of the shaft, where they held on until rescuers reached them.

PRESIDENT TAFT HANDS OUT CHRISTMAS GIFTS

Washington, Dec. 23.—President Taft's Christmas presents to the White House attaches were distributed today at the executive offices. To each of the police officers who guard the White House, the President gave a big turkey.

A little later the President himself presented each of the secret service men who constantly guard the person of the executive with handsome gold and jeweled stickpins. Each of the employees of the executive offices and of the executive mansion were given a \$5 gold piece.

It was learned today that the turkey which will adorn the presidential board on Christmas day came from a friend in Tuscaloosa, Ala., and not from Rhode Island, heretofore the usual breeding ground for all Thanksgiving turkeys which go on the President's table.

TRIED TO STEAL FOR CHILDREN'S CHRISTMAS

New Haven, Conn., Dec. 23.—"I wanted to give my children something from Santa Claus, as I have always done, but I didn't have any money, judge, so I had to steal," explained Mrs. Catherine Coleman, 35, mother of seven children, when arraigned today for shoplifting. Her trial was continued until next week.

Santa Claus Judge's Gifts Prison Terms

Santa Claus, in the person of Judge Walker, gave out strange presents today in the Harrison street station. The gifts distributed were in the form of sentences to the bridewell, asked for by two prisoners, a blind man and a woman.

James Riley, who said he was born in Chicago, and who has been afflicted since birth, was arrested on State street for begging. When brought before Judge Walker the man pleaded to be sent to the bridewell for Christmas.

Only Dinner He'd Get "That's the only dinner I would get, your honor," said Riley. "I've been trying to get work at something, but nobody wants a blind man. I only want to stay there until it gets warmer." The judge imposed a fine of \$5 and costs and it will require twenty-two days in the bridewell for the blind man to work out the fine.

REV. SHELDON IN LECTURE FIELD FOR SOCIALISM

Topeka, Kan., Dec. 23.—The Rev. Charles M. Sheldon, famous as the author of "In His Steps," "The Crucifixion of Philip Strong" and other books purporting to show what would happen if Christ were to return to earth, has announced his resignation from the Central Congregational church. He will devote himself to lecturing on Christian Socialism.

The clergyman also gained fame some years ago by editing a Topeka paper for a week "as Christ would have edited it."

WILL BIG STATE STREET STORES BREAK LAWS?

State Factory Inspector Edgar T. Davies does not deny today that he will close his eyes this evening to violations of the ten-hour law for women, as reported in a previous paper.

The article states that the department stores and other mercantile establishments may violate the ten-hour law for women today for the benefit of shoppers who have put off their Christmas shopping till the last minute and to give employees a chance to spend their weekly wages in the department stores after they quit their day, without prosecution on the part of the state factory inspector, whose duty it is to enforce the law at all times.

To Work Overtime

It is reported that the department stores today intend to work their employees overtime in violation of the law. This is due to a scarcity of help as there are many who would be glad of the opportunity to work and can not.

The fact is that there are hundreds of violations of the law for women every day in Chicago, either intentional or otherwise. Hundreds of complaints come into the inspectors' office. The trouble is that with the amount of work to be done and the appropriation allowed for the enforcement of the law, the factory inspector is obliged to trust to the "good intentions" of the employers rather than to his own ability to ferret out and verify the deliberate violations.

Many Complaints

Complaints have come into the factory inspector's office against nearly every department store in the loop that employees are being worked more than ten hours a day, but because the employees are not inclined to risk their jobs they will not testify that they are worked in violation of the law. At the Fair, where young girls are employed until 8:30 and 9 o'clock at night, they all claim to be 16 years of age, although many of them look to be no more than fourteen. Some of these cases have been taken, and will be traced to the school records for verification.

TEARFULLY PROTESTS SHE IS NOT VIOLET BUEHLER

St. Louis, Dec. 23.—Tearfully protesting that she was "not Violet Buehler and wasn't any heiress," a girl who registered at a local hotel as Beulah Duke, and is thought by the local authorities to be Violet Buehler, the missing Chicago heiress, was today held awaiting identification. Police arrested the girl, who answered the description of the missing heiress, at the La Salle hotel, early today. Austin Graham, an actor in a local stock company, said to be her fiancé, accompanied her to headquarters, where she declared her name was Beulah Baker, Duke being her "nom de theater." She also declared she was 23 years old, not 15, and she said she had been on the stage for a long time.

GOVERNOR WILL TAKE UP CONFESSIONED BAD MAN'S CASE

Denver, Colo., Dec. 23.—Governor Shafroth announced today that he would make a personal investigation of the claims of Sherman W. Shercliffe, confessed "bad man," that he was "railroaded" to prison here on a murder charge because of the enmity of political powers in Omaha, Neb.

Shercliffe's case was before the pardon board this week and the governor announced today that instead of calling a special meeting of the board to further investigate this case he would defer action until the next regular meeting in the meanwhile conducting an investigation of his own. Shercliffe names Tom Dennison, Republican boss of Omaha, as his New-

INDIAN PRINCESS, WHO IS TO WED IN ANCIENT STYLE



To Be Married With Ceremony 5,000 Years Old

Baroda, India, Dec. 23.—The Princess Indira, daughter of the gajekwar of Baroda, is to be married soon to the Maharajah of Gwalior. She recently returned from England and attended the durbar at Delhi. The marriage ceremony will be according to the ancient Indian rites, which date back to 3000 B. C. The religious ceremony will take place in the open, and men and women guests will be separated. After the wedding the bride and groom will depart on their wedding journey, riding on an elephant with gaudy trappings and followed by a procession of other elephants. The couple will return the next day to attend a reception. It is understood that the wedding will take place Feb. 29, which is the princess' birthday.

TOWN BANISHES SANTA CLAUSES

Bellefontaine, Ohio, Dec. 23.—A great tragedy has descended upon Bellefontaine. Santa Claus has been forbidden to enter this city, and if he comes to the children in any of the homes he must come by stealth and with the bells of his reindeer muffled. Many of the church leaders believe great harm has been done in teaching the children that there is a Santa Claus. Others, it is said, particularly the school authorities, wished to avoid the trouble of the Christmas tree and entertainments. So there is not to be a Christmas tree or a Christmas entertainment at which Santa Claus will appear in all Bellefontaine.

Say Myth Does Harm

Just why Santa has been barred from Bellefontaine is uncertain. But the church and school leaders banded together and passed a resolution. Some church leaders believe great harm has been done in teaching the children that there is a Santa Claus. Others, it is said, particularly the school authorities, wished to avoid the trouble of the Christmas tree and entertainments. So there is not to be a Christmas tree or a Christmas entertainment at which Santa Claus will appear in all Bellefontaine.

YOUNG MAN KILLED BY THE NORTHWESTERN

The mangled body of J. Geangard, 20 years old, was found this morning along the tracks of the Northwestern Elevated Railroad just south of the Dempster street station in Evanston. The case mystified the Evanston police. Suicide is the theory generally accepted. The young man was evidently intelligent and no evidence of intoxication could be discovered. It is believed that in a fit of despondency the boy climbed onto the tracks of the elevated railroad and allowed himself to be struck by the train and killed. He was employed as a steam-fitter with W. V. Rake, 1226 Central street, Evanston.

Cardinal Talks With Pope About Catholic Progress

Rome, Dec. 23.—Cardinal Farley was again granted an audience with Pope Pius today and was instructed by the Holy Father to cable a greeting from him to the Catholics in America. The pontiff chatted with Cardinal Farley for more than an hour and expressed his gratification over the bright outlook for the church in the new world. Thirty other cardinals were granted Christmas audiences by the Pope. The pontiff did not seem to be the least fatigued and was in fine spirits.

MANY ARE INJURED IN DERAILMENT OF TRAIN

Decatur, Ill., Dec. 23.—Several train employees and passengers were injured in a derailment of passenger train No. 12 early today at Knights Station, near here.

Express Messenger C. J. Kepp was seriously injured. It is believed the wreck was due to a defective switch. All the cars in the train were derailed and the express car turned upside down.

\$500,000,000 Xmas Party for McLean Baby; Poor Beg to Do Washing

Washington Contrast Is Greatest in Christendom; Rich Are Indifferent to Suffering.

By United Press. Washington, Dec. 23.—Never since the wise men came out of the east was contrast in the varied meanings of Christmas more sharply drawn than today in the capital of the greatest republic in Christendom—the seat of government of the most enlightened of the nations.

Santa Claus has been sorely put to it to stretch his elastic personality to extend from the marble palace of 3-year-old Vinson Walsh McLean, the "hundred-million-dollar baby," to the shack in which shines the expectant face of little Percy Scott.

While Santa Claus was being pressed into service at the McLean celebration he was handed a crumpled, badly written note, reading: "Dear Santa—Do you or your wife need any plane washing. My mother's poor but she don't want no charity and I kin help her. We are reel good at plane washing and if you could put some work in our way please do so as we need the money bad. Yours, Percy Scott, 334 G. Street, N. W."

No Aid From Rich This letter went through Santa Claus agencies and arrived at the desk of Miss Julia Murdock, his chief representative here.

"It's almost beyond belief," said Miss Murdock, today, "but it is actually true. We have scores of such cases. It is a fact that we receive no aid from the rich. Only the poor and fairly comfortable people know the real meaning of Christmas. Our only offer of aid from the rich was from a debutante, who offered her auto, and then telephoned that it was raining and she didn't want it to get muddy."

Paris, Dec. 23.—Police today are searching for a ghoul who broke into the vault containing the body of Mme. Lucie Lantelme last night and attempted to carry away the \$50,000 in jewelry which had been buried with the famous comedienne. The vault was lily ventilated and the ghoul was evidently overcome by gases when he pried the coffin lid.

A trail of blood leading from the window, by which the ghoul entered, shows that he was injured, probably by the gas he used to break into the coffin. It is the theory of the police that the man, feeling himself being overcome by the gases, made a hasty exit through the window. The jewelry was found on the floor of the vault today, indicating that the thief had dropped it in his wild flight to escape asphyxiation.

Edward Shepherd, engineer on Erie train, crushed and injured internally; may die. Harry Tutthill, Huntington, Ind., fireman on Erie train, ribs broken; back crushed; internally injured. L. DeCraw, Kouts, Ind., dairy agent; leg crushed; internally injured; condition serious. Frank Knoll, Kouts, Ind., dairy agent, internally hurt. Henry Barnas, Kouts, Ind., dairy agent, arm fractured; bruised about head and body. William Hollett, passenger, burned.

MILITARISTS IN NEW ARMY PLAN

Washington, D. C., Dec. 23.—A vigorous campaign is now going on before congress to get a law passed which would put the militia of the several states on a basis more serviceable to the powers that be.

The scheme is to get the federal government to pay regular salaries to all persons belonging to the state militia. Senator Dixon and Representative Pepper have introduced a similar bill in each house of congress, which, in part, reads as follows:

"That under such regulations as the secretary of war and the national militia board shall prescribe, each enlisted man in the organized militia of each state, territory and the District of Columbia shall receive in compensation for his services, other than at annual encampments or in case of riot, insurrection, invasion or imminent danger thereof, or of war, 25 per centum of the rate of pay for enlisted men of like grade in the army of the United States."

This bill also provides for different percentage rates for various grades of officers of the organized militia. There are now nearly 200,000 persons belonging to militia of the several states. And should this bill pass the rank and file militarist would then realize his fondest dreams.

Needless to add, the members of the militia themselves are the greatest boosters of this proposed law. A vote of 25 per cent sounds good to them.

GIRL ARRESTED FOR THE MURDER OF HER CHILD

Miss Ellen Gustafson, a maid employed in the residence of C. W. Burdick, 444 Sheridan road, Evanston, was arrested by policemen of the Evanston station this morning for the alleged murder of her 7-month-old child.

The child was left at the Jordan undertaking parlors on Davis street, December 18, for burial. The body was in such a condition that the undertaker at once suspected that something was wrong, and an investigation was begun which resulted in the arrest of the girl today.

\$100,000,000 BABY, WHO WAS GIVEN COSTLY XMAS PARTY



VINCENT WALSH McLEAN

Vinson Walsh McLean is heir to the millions of Thomas F. Walsh and John R. McLean.

This millionaire baby was born last night at a Christmas tree celebration to child guests whose fortunes will probably aggregate \$500,000,000.

"Gifts worth thousands of dollars were distributed from a mammoth pine tree brought from Maine, which filled a large room in the mansion of Mr. and Mrs. Edward B. McLean. Skilled decorators wrought miracles with the tree in tinsel splendor.

A spectacular feature of the Christmas feast following the tree celebration was a miniature Santa Claus, with reindeer galloping over the table, propelled by hidden electrical devices.

Police followed the trail of blood to the entrance of the cemetery and for a considerable distance along the street. There are no other clues to the robber's identity.

Mme. Lantelme, who was the daughter of a Parisian janitor, had a meteoric career as an actress. Only a few years after she went off the stage she was known as one of the greatest comedienne of France. Her beauty won the admiration of Alfred Charles Edwards, millionaire proprietor and editor of the Matin, who married her a few years ago.

Last summer Mme. Lantelme consulted Mme. De Thebes, the famous witch of the Etoile quarter, and was warned to "beware of the water." The actress went yachting with her husband July 24, fell overboard and was drowned.

LEWIS TO TALK ON HAPPINESS

Tomorrow afternoon at the Garrick at 2:30 o'clock Arthur M. Lewis will deliver one of the most important lectures of the sociology series. He will present the scientific foundations of the following train of reasoning by Lester F. Ward: "Happiness is the ultimate goal of all social activity. Happiness is the child of progress. Progress is the consequence of action. Action is the child of opinion. Opinion is the result of knowledge. Knowledge is born of education."

The Garrick doors will be opened at 2 o'clock, and Miss Kaplan will sing at 2:30.

THOROUGH HOUSECLEANING PROMISED LA CROSSE, WIS.

La Crosse, Wis., Dec. 23.—A thorough housecleaning of city affairs by the city is expected to follow the delivery of a grand jury drawn this afternoon to investigate alleged graft.

That municipal officers are interested in sixty contracts and have diverted the city's funds are among the charges to be proved.

200,000 LONDON POOR SLEEP ON IRON BENCHES XMAS NIGHT

Wealthy Residences Closed, Unfortunates Cannot Even Beg as Usual.

BOWL OF SOUP ALL THEY ASK

London, Dec. 23.—A melancholy Christmas is in store for London. Santa Claus will have to spread out his stock of presents so very thin.

Two hundred thousand homeless wanderers will spend the night before Christmas sleeping on the iron benches in the parks or under bridges—places which Santa Claus and his reindeer never go. London is the richest city in the world, but half a million of her male residents are without work and, with their families, fear eviction.

The majority of the very wealthy residents have left London for the holidays. Most of the fashionable residences in the west end, before which poverty-stricken children are accustomed to assemble on Christmas morning and till their carols, are closed. So there will be no liveried servants sent out with small coins for the shivering singers.

Charity Efforts Futile

The Salvation Army and the Church Army will each feed 60,000 on Christmas Day. Two hundred thousand gifts will be distributed by friends of the poor. The presents are marvelous in their variety. One dentist has contributed a dozen sets of false teeth. A landlord has offered a small farm. A man in Wales donates a mountain—one that is full of stone worth quarrying and which will afford work for 100 men, he says.

The newspapers are helping. The London Daily Graphic will give practical relief to 22,700 persons. The Evening News has bought 40,000 dolls, which its readers have dressed.

But only a small portion of London's poor can be reached. Thousands of others will be glad if Santa Claus only remembers them with a ticket good for a bowl of soup.

RUSSIAN PRESS SAYS RICH JEWS CONTROL TAFT

St. Petersburg, Dec. 23.—It is estimated today that two-thirds of the Duma are in favor of a prohibitive tariff bill, aimed at American exporters, which was introduced yesterday by ex-President Grew.

The Contemporary Review, a semi-official organ, bitterly attacks Taft as the instigator of the abrogation of the treaty of 1892. The Review claims that Taft's action was due to pressure by the Guggenheim brothers and Kuznetz, Loel & Co., who notified him that they would not contribute to his campaign fund until the treaty was abrogated.

SOCIALISTS OF OTTUMWA, ILL., ARE ACTIVE, SAYS WARREN

The Socialist in Ottumwa, Iowa, will poll not less than 1,500 votes next fall, is the estimate made by H. A. Warren, financial secretary of the local, who is in Chicago for the holidays.

The 1912 campaign will be opened in earnest next month when Eugene V. Debs will address a mass meeting in the largest hall in Ottumwa, he says. "Preparations are being made to accommodate as many people as can get into the hall. One of the most striking political meetings ever held there is expected."

The date for the Debs speech has not yet been set, but it is generally known when Debs can reach Ottumwa. However, he will be there the last week in January and the Socialists are getting ready for a roaring rally meeting.

It is expected that Walter Minnie, secretary of the carpenters union, will be the candidate for member of the school board for the spring election. More than 250 applications have been made for membership in the party here. Reckoning ten votes to every member, the average ratio throughout the United States, the Ottumwa Socialists would poll 2,500 votes, but the ratio here is much less, probably about five votes to every member of the party.

MOLLOY RETURNS FROM CONFERENCE AT ST. LOUIS

By United Press. Central Michigan of the striking Illinois Central machinists returned today from St. Louis, where he had been attending the conference of Harrison system officials.

WORK, WORK! AND THEN SOME IS GAYNOR'S VIEW

By United Press. New York, Dec. 23.—"We are teaching too much in the public schools to be able to make good citizens, citizens who will think sufficiently to vote and at the same time willing to work with their hands."

This is Mayor W. G. Gaynor's criticism of the public school systems throughout the United States and particularly of the New York public schools.

Fears for House Work "Boys are getting too much in their heads to want to work with their hands," the mayor holds, "and girls know too many other things to want to do housework."

Mayor Gaynor is an advocate of teaching "reading, writing 'n' arithmetic" in the public schools along with a few other essentials and letting languages, for instance, wait for those who have more time for learning than those who end their schooling with the grades.

In giving his opinions of what the public schools in this country should do, Mayor Gaynor said:

"The public school should train our boys and girls to work; work with their hands as well as their heads. Schools, especially in the larger cities all over the country, are turning out boys and girls who think they are a little too good to do ordinary work. This is bad for the country."

"We are bringing boys and girls out of the common schools who, unless they can get jobs where they can sit on high stools or at a typewriter, won't work. They have been taught too much and think because they have been educated they should use their heads alone and let others work with their hands."

Bad for Country, He Says "This condition is bad for the country, and I have a notion it is all caused because those in charge of the schools are trying to do too much. Children in the common schools are taught so much they can learn little well."

SOCIALISTS TO TAKE MUSCATINE

Special Correspondence. Muscatine, Iowa, Dec. 23.—"Muscatine for Socialism" is the slogan of the button workers who have found out only too well during the last few months what a capitalist mayor, council and police official mean during a strike.

While the bosses thought their slugs from Chicago and other big cities were clubbing the strikers into submission, they are really clubbing Socialism into them.

When a couple of thousand workers are treated as brutally and tyrannically as the button workers have been since the strike began, it does not take long for them to realize that something is wrong.

The bosses are beginning to quake with fear. They see what a victory of the Socialists next spring would mean. With their benches kicked out of the city hall and with a set of officials in sympathy with the strikers, they see that the end of their rule would come.

The Socialists already have two men in the city council who are doing excellent service in exposing the schemes of the button manufacturers and their lackeys in the city hall.

One of the button manufacturers signed up an agreement with the union, but the other manufacturers are fighting just as bitterly as ever against the union men and women. The button workers are without money to carry on the strike, which is the only thing that stands between them and victory.

SHUSTER TO GET ALL THAT HE'S GOT COMING

By United Press. Washington, Dec. 23.—Following the ousting by the Persian parliament of its American treasurer, W. Morgan Shuster, it was said today at the state department that Shuster will receive every cent of salary under his three-year contract with Persia. A clause in the contract provides for a continuance of salary in case of dismissal for any cause.

Russia can not gobble up any part of Persia even though successful in having Shuster discharged, it is said. The United States has always regarded Persia as a sovereign state, and its sovereignty will be continued by joint action of Great Britain and Russia, it is believed here.

No protest will be made by the state department against Shuster's loss of his position. Neither will the state department object to an American being appointed as his successor.

Amusements GRAND; Returns to Chicago of Gertrude Elliott

IN JOSEPH MEDILL PATTERSON'S NOTABLE PLAY ABOUT DIVORCE "REBELLION"

LYRIC NIGHTLY INCL. SUNDAY \$1.50 MAT. WED. JOHN MASON In Another Wonderful Play AS A MAN THINKS GARRICK SEATS \$1.50 GARRICK SEATS \$1.50 GARRICK SEATS \$1.50 GARRICK SEATS \$1.50

PRINCESS SHERKIN BY VALESKA SURATT IN THE RED ROSE

A SALLE-14th Week LOUISIANA ONE IMPORTANT MUSICAL COMEDY

CHRISTMAS DAY, 1911

By WILLIAM FRANCIS BARNARD

Behold Mankind's "Golgotha": The hill of human care; The mount of labor's sorrow; The peak of Man's despair! Its sides are strewn with horror; Its path is paved with woe; The sun of power glares o'er it, Toil's desert lies below.

Bowed down 'neath cross of anguish. And scourged with sneers and jeers, Man mounts to crucifixion, All blinded with his tears. His hands are tied with terrors; His feet are bound with pain; And the stony path behind him Is stained with torture's stain.

The high priests urge him onward; The warrior, statesman, king, The fool, the rich man taunt him With whips of wrath that sting. They spurn upon him struggling; They spit upon his head; And goad him till he stumbles And would that he were dead.

He falls! They lift him, scoffing; They crown him with sharp thorns. With nails of hate they nail him Upon a cross of scorn. They pierce his heart with laughter; They mock his pleading cries; And jest upon the madness That shudders in his eyes.

They part his all among them; And while his pain they scan, They raise the superscription, "Behold the Son of Man!" And lo! the children carol, As round the cross they play, "Good will to all men living; For this is Christmas Day."

BIG FIGHT FOR THIS TURKEY; WHO GETS IT? DENOUNCES SPEEDING UP OF CONVICTS CONDITIONS BAD IN MEAT PLANTS

Perched on top of the piano in the Young People's Socialist League headquarters is a large, live turkey, weighing fully twenty-five pounds. This is the first prize to be played to a finish tonight. Much speculation is on as to who will carry home the prize.

The married men seem to be the most anxious. Hustler Editor William Cheney is dreaming of going home Christmas eve to his bride and saying, "Here, Hazel, cook this turkey, we will have something to eat this week, anyhow." James P. Larsen is another married man who thinks he ought to win just because he's married and needs the eat. Against these and running strong are the unmarried men: Charles Schuler, Ed. Rodriguez and William Reichard.

A big crowd will be down to witness the final game, as the league will give a Christmas dance and entertainment tonight. The winner will receive an ovation, and, let us hope, it's a married man, for, poor fellows, they need all the sympathy and good cheer we can give them.

\$4,000 IN 250 GOLD PIECES ONLY HALF FILLS QUART JAR

By United Press. St. Louis, Dec. 23.—The fact that George A. Kimmel, supposed to be the missing Arkansas City, Kan., banker, was registered at the Southern hotel in this city July 21, 1908, was brought forward today by the state attorney, John B. Swinney, in the story of a "bad man" who says he killed J. A. Johnson after the latter had murdered Kimmel in Oregon.

Swinney declared that he saw Kimmel in Arkansas City July 21, 1908, and later was in Oregon with him on treasure hunt.

The fact that Swinney says the \$4,000 found by himself and two companions in Oregon was in 250 gold pieces which "half filled two-quart jars" will also be used to militate against his testimony, it being shown that 200 \$20 gold pieces will only half fill one jar of the kind Swinney says was used.

MUCH FOREIGN MAIL NEVER CROSSED OCEAN

By United Press. Washington, Dec. 23.—The Santa Claus agent who makes a regular annual trip to Europe was forced to leave behind him at the dead letter office this and 3,800 Christmas letters and postcards.

The wrapped-up presents were un-mailable in the international parcels post either because they did not have enough stamps on them or because the senders forgot to affix the customs' declarations which are furnished free at every postoffice.

The letters and postcards could not go because they bore Christmas stamps and labels forbidden by foreign post-offices.

TO CLIMB MT. McKinley

New York, Dec. 23.—Prof. H. Parker, of Columbia University, announced today that he will leave January 10 for Alaska to make his third attempt to scale Mount McKinley, which Dr. Frederick Cook claimed to have climbed and which claim was denied by Cook's guides.

NORTHWEST SIDE SOCIALISTS

Plans are now under way to make the present lectures which are being given at the Crystal Theater, North and Fairfield avenues, permanent. All party members and sympathizers living on the Northwest side are requested to push them.

William E. Clark will lecture Sunday morning, at 10 o'clock, on the "Birth of Worlds." This lecture will be illustrated with stereopticon pictures. Admission 10 cents.

POOR RANGERS' STORY BRINGS XMAS PRESENTS

Denver, Colo., Dec. 23.—Indicted by the federal grand jury, two ranchmen of Kit Carson county, who live in the utmost poverty, today found a Santa Claus in the person of the very man who is prosecuting them.

The ranchmen, Harry Corey and Francis McMulkin, are accused of having compelled a supposedly dying rancher to sign a deed giving his homestead to them. They were wretchedly clad when brought into court and reflected Deputy United States Marshal Jeffrey's description of their desert home:

"Russian shingles were the only food for a solitary cow, which, in turn fed the two families, inhabitants of a dug-out."

When Jeffrey repeated his description to United States District Attorney Tom Ward, the latter disappeared and quickly returned with his arms, and those of a deputy loaded with Christmas candy and toys.

"How many children have you, Corey?" he demanded. "Three, and the oldest four years," replied the accused man.

"Four pounds of candy for you and these," said Ward, and he proceeded to fill the man's arms with Christmas things.

The remainder of the candy and toys he gave to McMulkin, who has five small children.

"I'm going to send you men to the penitentiary because it's my duty," Ward told them, "but I want your wives and children to have a happy Christmas with you at home. The Lord never meant folks to be as lonely as your families would be Monday without you two."

The district attorney then hurried the prisoners to the federal building, where bonds of \$1,000 were mysteriously furnished for each. The two men have no friends here. Ward smilingly says it has nothing to do with the story. Any way, they have been released until the day of their trial; but how, only Tom Ward knows. And he won't tell.

CONDITIONS BAD IN MEAT PLANTS

Special Correspondence. Buffalo, N. Y., Dec. 23.—A special investigator before the state factory investigation commission, in session here, told of appalling conditions he had found in the local meat packing plant.

"About 1,000 people are employed," he said. "There is no distinction between male and female. One of the buildings is old and ramshackle and has been condemned. In three of the rooms that I examined the men and women were forced to work in water standing half an inch deep on the floor."

"Those were the sausage, the pickling and the pork trimming rooms. In the latter were seventy-five employees, twenty-three being women. The floors are so wet and slimy that the women have to wear rubber boots or stand on barrel tops. They work at cutting up the hogs."

"The men frequently lose fingers in the machinery and the women wore many bandages on their hands. The work is very disagreeable and dirty and the rooms are in a filthy condition."

PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARIES IN CALIFORNIA SOON

By United Press. Sacramento, Cal., Dec. 23.—The bill providing for holding presidential primaries in California before the next presidential election will become a law as soon as Governor Johnson affixes his signature. It passed the state Senate this afternoon, having already passed the assembly.

The act provides that delegates to all national conventions shall be chosen and instructed by a state-wide vote.

WOMEN TO WORK IN NEW STEEL PLANT AT GARY

The new plant of the Gary Bolt and Screw Company, constructed at a cost of \$1,000,000, has just been completed and will start operating March 1.

President H. S. Norton, of the Gary Commercial Club, has been asked to supply the company with 1,000 employees by the middle of February.

Women will be employed in some departments and about 3,000 men and women in all will be employed in the plant.

SOCIALISM CONDENSED AND COMPACT

If a man came to a group of Socialists and said: "I want to know everything possible about Socialism, but my time and money are limited. I cannot undertake to read all the standard works on Socialism, even if I could afford to buy them; so I want you to tell me what ONE BOOK tells the most in the fewest words about Socialism, its origin, its growth, its aims, its methods, its meaning, its philosophy, and its proposed accomplishments through the Socialist Party;" it is probable that the replies would not all be alike, but it is fairly certain that the best informed and most widely read of the group would make the unanimous response: "The book you are looking for is Karl Kautsky's

"The Class Struggle"

Nor would this answer be far wrong. The man who reads this book and digests it thoroughly will have a solid and sound knowledge of Socialism, and the past, present and possible future of the Socialist Party as well as Kautsky's "Class Struggle" contains the program of Socialism adopted by the Congress of the German Social Democracy at Erfurt in 1891. So thorough and so complete is this work, yet so simply and yet scientifically expressed, that, though the Erfurt program is now twenty years old, it is still the standard for the International Socialist Movement.

No person who would understand what the 10,000,000 Socialists of the world are driving at, what they mean to do and how they expect to do it, can afford not to read this book. Neatly and substantially bound and well printed on good paper, it can be obtained at our office or will be mailed, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents in cloth binding; 25 cents in paper cover.

Charles H. Kerr & Company, 118 West Kinzie Street, Chicago.

SEE NEW I. C. STEAL IN LAKE FRONT PROJECT

That the Illinois Central Railroad Company succeeded in rillroad-ing an ordinance through the city council whereby the city would gain nothing that it does not already rightfully possess and the railroad company would be given a quiet title to lands which it positively stole from the people of Chicago, developed yesterday when First Assistant Corporation Counsel Macley Hoynes appeared before the council committee on harbors, wharves and bridges and declared that the rights of the city have been overlooked in the contract recently drawn up between the Illinois Central and the South Park board.

Drawn in Eleventh Hour The contract, which was drawn up at the eleventh hour and passed on to the city council for ratification, was drafted by an attorney for the South Park board and another attorney for the railroad company without even the participation of any representative of the city's law department.

Mr. Hoynes, who appeared before the committee, declared that the contract has a number of serious defects and that it does not make clear just what the city, through the South Park board, is obtaining in return for the grant of valuable property rights to the railroad company.

"I never saw this ordinance until a few hours ago," said Mr. Hoynes. "It was drafted without the co-operation or even the knowledge of Corporation Counsel Sexton, myself or other legal representative of the city. Yet it has been heralded abroad that the ordinance was ready and would be reported for passage at the next meeting of the city council."

"I can say that, under the terminology of the ordinance and the contract, the railroad company seeks to obtain confirmation of title to many miles of made land for which the city now has ouster suits against the company in the courts."

State Gets Made Land "Whether the city has the right to confirm title to made lands, which the courts say belong to the state, is a serious consideration. The use in the contract of the phrase 'lands penetrating the lake water' to describe submerged or made lands is also objectionable. Attorney Biewett Lee, who represented the railroad company in the work of drafting the ordinance, told me that the 'penetrating water' phrase was used only in one section of the contract. I find that it is used in five or six sections."

Fort Fraser lots can now be bought for as low as from \$150 to \$200, if taken at once. Easy terms are offered of 10 per cent down and 5 per cent per month, with no interest or taxes, either until lots are fully paid for. The British Columbia Government itself stands behind your investment by guaranteeing the titles. Write to Spence, Jordan & Co., Department B, 312 Marquette Bldg., Chicago, the official representatives of the Town Site, who will give you a free plan and accurate information about money-making conditions in Fort Fraser.—Adv.

THE NEW YEAR IN CANADA

How in 1912 the Great Northwest Will Celebrate by Big Advances in Values of Property.

1912 is bound to be a banner year in Canada. Political differences have been settled, the prospects for big crops were never better and, what is even more important still, there is to be a tremendous activity in railroad circles.

Canada would be a wilderness without its railroads, but with them it is one of the most thriving, prosperous regions in the world. The locomotive has a power of causing development which seems almost magical to one not acquainted with conditions in the Northwest.

Calgary, Edmonton, Prince Rupert and a long list of other places have successively been vitalized into bonanza boom towns as the railroad reached them. Gains in value of 100 to 500 per cent are so common as to excite no notice, while 1,000 to 1,500 per cent on investments is not unusual. Calgary, for instance, started selling lots for \$500 to \$600, and some of them are now worth as high as \$30,000 to \$40,000.

The reason 1912 is to be such a wonder year in Canada is that the Great New Grand Trunk Pacific is about to open up its new line from coast to coast. This is the biggest enterprise yet ventured in the Dominion. It is backed by a government guaranty and is an assured success because it will pass through thousands of miles of a region already teeming with prosperity.

Directly on the main line of the registered right of way of this new road is Fort Fraser, B. C., which has for a hundred years been an important trading post by both land and water. In the opinion of conservative men, acquainted with the history of Canada, Fort Fraser is a place of golden opportunity. It is so fortunately situated that all it needs is the railroad to make it start the same money-making boom as happened in Calgary. A few dollars put here in lots before the tracks are connected up will mean big profits in the course of a comparatively few months.

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An Important Notice

THIS Store will be open Sunday till 1 o'clock for the accommodation of the thousands of late shoppers on the Northwest Side. All merchandise purchased up to closing time Saturday night will be delivered before Christmas.

All goods pertaining to Xmas will be closed out regardless of value or former prices.

A MERRY AND HAPPY CHRISTMAS TO ALL

Help the Socialist Press

and the Socialist Movement

by Attending the 5th Annual Ball of the JEWISH LABOR WORLD

Christmas Eve., Sunday, Dec. 24th 2nd Regiment Armory Washington and Curtis Sts.

TICKETS, 25c

ITALIANS SHOW STRENGTH; MANY ARE SOCIALISTS

Foreign Delegates to Have Program for the National Convention.

Delegates to the national convention of the Socialist party at Oklahoma City in May, representing the foreign speaking organizations, will have a definite program to present to the convention dealing with the work of the foreign language organizations within the party.

Will Hold Meeting
This program will be drawn up at a meeting of these delegates just previous to the opening of the national Socialist convention.

The foreign delegates held a meeting similar to the one contemplated previous to the national Socialist congress in May, 1910, and laid the foundation for the successful work that was done at that meeting.

"Such a meeting is imperative in order that the foreign speaking organizations may be able to decide upon and agree among themselves to support a definite policy before the convention," said Joseph Corti, national translator secretary of the Italian section of the Socialist party.

Disagrees With Gluski
Corti disagrees with Polish Translator Secretary Hipolit Gluski on the question of whether the dues are to be bought direct from the English local organizations or from the translator secretaries.

Corti wants the foreign locals to get their dues stamps from the translator secretaries, while Gluski is in favor of the foreign locals getting them from the English county or state organizations.

The matter, it seems, will finally center about a struggle for state autonomy, which is now recognized by the national Socialist party organization. Corti claims that it is a simple matter for the translator secretary to make a report to the state or county organization on the dues stamps that have been bought from them by the foreign language locals, while Gluski, for the Poles, says he is satisfied with the foreign language locals reporting on the number of stamps they have bought from the English locals, and that the national English Socialist party organization could keep in touch with the situation equally well under this plan.

Illinois Passes Referendum
In Illinois a referendum has just been passed providing that the foreign locals be compelled to pay 25 cents to the county and the same amount to the English state organizations, thus putting them on an equal footing with the English locals while saving a quota with which to support their own national organization.

"This reduction in dues to the foreign locals amounts to but very little," declares J. O. Bentall, state secretary for Illinois, but it is admitted that the foreign organization, which has been for some time a little amount turned over to each of the foreign national organizations to carry on an agitation among their own peoples.

It is expected that under this plan all the foreign locals in Illinois will get their dues stamps direct from the English county and state organizations, which seems to be the most workable proposition.

Exists in Other States
The Illinois referendum goes into effect with the new year, creating a condition for the foreign language locals that already exists in Massachusetts, Vermont and Connecticut.

In spite of the handicaps that confront it, the Italian section of the national Socialist party, like the Polish section, is another revelation of the progress that can be brought about once an organized attempt has been made to bring the foreign speaking people into the Socialist movement.

The Italian Socialist movement started in this country in 1900, with the establishment of *Il Proletario*, an Italian publication in New York, with Joseph Bertelli as its editor.

In 1903 there was organized a federation of Italian Socialist branches affiliated with the Socialist Labor party. In the following year this federation withdrew from the Socialist Labor party and held a neutral position in its relations toward the Socialist and Socialist Labor parties.

This condition continued up to the Boston convention in December, 1906, when the organization contained about 54 branches and with about 2,000 members.

The Socialist party sent a delegate to the Boston convention to take up the matter of affiliation with it, but the federation still seemed to be split in its ideas, and nothing resulted.

Bertelli Comes to Chicago
In 1907 Bertelli resigned the editorship of *Il Proletario* in New York and came to Chicago, where he started the *La Parola del Socialista*, the Italian Socialist weekly of this city. During 1908 Bertelli made a tour of the United States, many branches springing up as a result, these being organized like those of the Finnish and Polish organizations.

The federation of Italian Socialist branches in the Socialist party was finally organized in December of 1910 as a result of the national Socialist congress of May in that year taking action and providing for national translator secretaries for foreign speaking organizations.

The work of organization was done by referendum, twelve branches coming to be told, some of these being West Hoboken, N. J.; Paterson, N. J.; New York, branches Nos. 1 and 2; Chicago, 12th and 22d wards; Yber City, Fla.; Boston, Mass.; Rochester and Buffalo, N. Y.

Victor Lisci was chosen as the first translator secretary for the Italians, being succeeded on Sept. 12 of this year by Joseph Corti.

It is now estimated that there are fifty branches directly affiliated with the Italian section, with a membership of over 1,000. In addition there are fifty more Italian branches that buy their dues stamps directly from the national office, fearing to join the Italian section because of the uncertainty that surrounds the action taken by the 1910

Five of the Name of Smith in the United States Senate



Five senators named Smith will have seats in the United States Senate within a few months, in view of the certainty that Marcus A. Smith, Democrat, former delegate from Arizona, as a result of the recent elections there, will be one of the new senators from the state of Arizona. The four senators named

Smith in the Senate at present are William Alden Smith of Michigan, John Walker Smith of Maryland, Ellison Durrant Smith of South Carolina and Hoke Smith of Georgia. At one time three members of Congress named Smith occupied seats in the House of Representatives, and they were all from Michigan.

congress in relation to the foreign organizations.

Gradually Overcome
This is being overcome gradually and it is believed that if action at all favorable is taken at Oklahoma City next May all the Italians saying dues into the Socialist party, numbering over 100 branches, with a membership of over 2,000, will be unified in the Italian national section.

During the last few years there has been a general exodus of branches from the Italian Socialist federation, so that this organization now has only about twenty-five branches, with about 700 members.

The Italian Socialist federation has adopted syndicalist tendencies, rejecting political action, even to an extent where it has been unable to repudiate its ideas with the Socialist Labor party.

This has been largely due to the influence of M. Giovanitti, an ex-Episcopalian minister, who is the editor of *Il Proletario*. His influence seems to be waning, however, and with the progress of organization of Italians within the Socialist party it is believed that the membership of the Italian Socialist federation, which seems to believe in political action, will soon be in the Socialist party.

One Significant Fact
It is significant that the Socialist Labor party has not been able to organize a single Italian branch. The problem of organization is brought forth in a startling manner by the action of the branches at Tuloca and Granville, Ill., and Washington, D. C.

These branches, as a result of the confusion existing in this country, joined the Italian Socialist party in the mother country, this action being against all the dictums of the International Socialist bureau.

This condition is being remedied, however, the Tuloca branch already having affiliated itself with the Italian section in this country, while the Granville branch will join the Socialist movement in this land as soon as its membership expires in the fall. The Washington, D. C., local has disbanded for the time being.

Press Shows Growth
The Italian Socialist press shows a steady growth. In addition to the *La Parola del Socialista* in Chicago the Italian Socialists also have *La Fiaccola*, *The Torch*, the weekly organ of the Italian Socialist branch in Buffalo, N. Y.

There are also a number of privately owned Italian publications that show Socialist tendencies to a greater or less degree. Among them are *Il Lavoratore*, *The Workman* of Kansas City, Mo.; *La Fiamma*, *The Flame* of Camden, N. J.; *Le Operaie Italiane*, *The Italian Workingman* of Altoona, Pa.; *Le Avenir*, *The Future*, of Pittsburgh, Pa.

The Italian Socialists of New York are planning to start *Le Avanti*, Forward, with the opening of the new year. The Chicago Socialists are also planning to improve their weekly. It is planned to issue it very soon in the form in which *The Coming Nation* now appears and to contain sixteen pages.

Italian Women Backward
There has been but very little agitation and education among the Italian women. There is an Italian Socialist branch of Socialist women in the 12th ward of Chicago, the only one in the country. The women's movement is also backward in the mother country.

This can be accounted for to a great extent owing to the fact that only one-third of the people of Italy are able to read or write, while religious prejudice holds the people, especially the women, in its grasp.

Big plans for agitation among the Italian workers of the land, both men and women, are now under consideration by the Italian section of the Socialist party.

It is planned to get out a monthly leaflet from now on until the presidential election next year. An organizer, Antonio Carvello, is now touring Kansas and Oklahoma. He is on a four

months' tour, only three weeks of which have been completed. Leone Mucci starts a tour of the eastern states Jan. 12.

Don't Come to Stay
It is estimated that there are 3,000-4,000 Italians in the United States. Only about half of the Italians coming to this country intend to stay, most of them intending to return as soon as possible.

As a result of this most of them do not trouble themselves about being naturalized and become difficult material to handle for a political organization. Translator Secretary Corti believes that with the annexation of Tripoli by Italy, as a result of the present war between Italy and Turkey, the tide of Italian immigration will be turned toward Africa, resulting in a stemming of the flow toward this country.

This will be due to the fact, he says, that most of the Italians now coming to this country are Sicilians, from the island of Sicily, which is near the African coast.

YOUNG "REDS" TO CAPTURE THAT BIG MASK BALL

Young Socialists, according to the reports coming in, are going to capture that big Socialist mask ball to be given next Saturday, December 30.

The Y. P. S. L. promises to spring some big surprises, as usual. The boys of the league, although refusing to give out any information, threaten to take the crowd by storm, with the biggest group that was ever seen at any mask ball.

Girls There, Too
Difficult as it is to have any light thrown on the boys' group of the Y. P. S. L., it is practically impossible to get an inkling of information about the girls, though they give some assurance that they will be there to outdo themselves.

When asked if they would say anything at all about their proposed costumes, they cut it short. No, not the costume. At least we hope not.

They assured *The Daily Socialist* scribe that there would be at least as much attire as last year. Just what the young ladies are plotting this time is a puzzle. Many are wanting to find out "God knows"—but He won't tell.

The next week will be a busy one for Chicago Socialists. Schools being closed for the holiday week, the younger folks will have a chance to prepare themselves for this great annual Socialist event.

Many persons will have a vacation, and will make good use of it by getting everything ready for the one big glorious good time that they still can have in 1911.

Rush for Tickets
This next week will be a busy one also as far as ticket sales are concerned. Although all ward branches were well supplied, there is a rush on the county office for tickets just before the holidays.

Many expect to see a number of their friends during the next week and will take advantage of the opportunity to give them an invitation to the ball. There is a great advantage in urging your friends to buy tickets in advance.

At the door the price of admission will be 50 cents, but if tickets are purchased beforehand they can be had for 25 cents.

All readers of *The Daily Socialist* are requested to urge their friends to watch the paper for further announcements and particulars of the ball.

NEW 6TH WARD BRANCH GETS INTO THE FIGHT

A rousing meeting of the members of the Sixth and Seventh wards who live in the new Sixth ward was held last night at 5432 Ingleside avenue.

It was the largest and most enthusiastic meeting ever held in the ward and the business was transacted with dispatch.

The following officers were elected: Chairman, William Van Bodegraven; secretary, Mary Walden; organizer-treasurer, Mrs. A. F. Bevans; delegates to county committee, D. J. Bentall and Kattie Van Bodegraven.

A committee to push The Chicago Daily Socialist was also elected.

After the regular business the meeting took up the question of work in the ward. A flying squadron will have charge of literature and a speaker's committee will arrange for lectures at frequent intervals.

The sixth includes the University of Chicago and parts of the silk stocking and stovepipe hat territory of Hyde Park. The spirit of the new organization is running high in its endeavor to capture the Sixth ward for Socialism in the near future.

The next meeting will be held Friday, December 29, at 8 p. m. sharp, at 5432 Ingleside avenue.

LECTURES GREAT SUCCESS--BAKER

"The National Socialist Lyceum Bureau will prove the biggest success ever undertaken by the Socialists in this country if present indications count for anything," said Arthur Brooks Baker, who returned to Chicago today after delivering the first twenty lectures of the Lyceum course in the central circuit in Michigan and Ohio.

"I delivered twenty lectures," said Baker, "and met good sized crowds everywhere and very large audiences in some places. But two towns out of the twenty have not made the course a big financial success, and even these will come out ahead."

The reception given Socialist speakers today has greatly changed from that of a few years ago. Most capitalist papers are eager to get news of the Socialist movement and reporters would spend an hour in securing an interview. Many papers gave a column and a half to the lectures and few did not give a good sized article.

"Several of the lectures were given in courthouses to big audiences, where a few years ago instead of giving you the courthouse they would give you the jail."

"If the locals and papers throughout the country could have seen what this Lyceum bureau would mean in the beginning, if they could have foreseen what Katterfeld did when he conceived it, the lectures would have proved probably twice as successful as they will now, though they will be a big success."

Baker will help Katterfeld with the Lyceum work in the national office for a week, when he will again resume his work as lecturer.

STATUTORY CHARGES IN LANGEVIN SUIT DROPPED
Paris, Dec. 22.—Upon the request of Mme. Langevin, the statutory charges which she brought against her husband, Prof. Paul Langevin, and Mme. Curie, the famous scientists, were dismissed today. None of the principals was in court.

The action was forecast a few days ago when Mme. Langevin was granted a divorce and alim--

COOK COUNTY SOCIALIST NEWS

NOTICE—For information about the Socialist party, how to join, etc., address the County Secretary, James F. Larsen, 202 West Washington street, Phone Franklin 1829; or to the County Executive, Frank Frankel, 1829, Telephone 1519. All communications should properly be addressed. Ward secretaries are requested to send notices of meetings and all matters of interest pertaining to party affairs.

MEETINGS TONIGHT
5th ward—Union headquarters, 823 1/2 street and Erie avenue.
Building committee of the 35d ward—321 East 115th street, 7 p. m.
35d ward campaign committee—321 East 115th street, 8 p. m.
Bohemian central committee—Vodak's hall, corner Loomis street and 18th place.
Hungarian branch No. 2—521 East 115th street (private hall).
Socialist Slavic branch—1830 South Center avenue.

EIGHTH WARD
Elaborate preparations are being made for the grand rally to be given Saturday night by the Eighth ward branch of the Socialist party at Union Labor headquarters hall, Erie avenue and Ninety-second street, South Chicago.

The Socialists of South Chicago recognize that much effective work must be done between now and the spring automobile campaign. The membership of the Eighth ward is increasing, but it is believed that more workers can be brought into the local. This especially refers to the steel workers in the Illinois Steel Company's plant.

At the meeting Saturday night several women Socialists of the Seventh ward local, Sixty-third street and Ellis avenue, will attend, with a view toward organizing the women of South Chicago. Seymour Stedman will speak at the meeting.

MONDAY MEETINGS
Scandinavian agitation committee—County headquarters, 8 v. m.
Lake View German branch—Social Turner hall, corner Belmont avenue and Paulina street.

2D WARD MEMBERS, NOTICE
There will be no meeting of the Second ward, Monday (Christmas day). Same has been postponed to Wednesday, December 27, at Forester's hall, 3101 State street, top floor.

19TH AND 20TH WARDS (OLD 9TH)
All party members residing in the Nineteenth and Twentieth wards (old Ninth ward) are requested to attend a special meeting which will be held at Mount Zion hall, 1125 Blue Island avenue, on Tuesday, December 26, 8 p. m. The consolidation of the work of the above organizations, the nominations

of a candidate for alderman and election of officers will take place. Don't fail to attend this meeting.

MASQUERADE BALL
One week from tonight the twelfth annual mask ball and carnival will take place at the Seventh Regiment Armory, Thirty-fifth street and Wentworth avenue. All comrades intending to attend this mask ball should secure their tickets in advance, as the admission at the door is 50 cents. Tickets are selling very fast and only a limited number of advance tickets are left on sale. Description of the prizes will be given in a later issue of *The Chicago Daily Socialist*, providing same is permissible under the postoffice rules. All arrangements have been completed and every one is assured of having a good time. All those intending to buy masks and New Year's supply for noise making can be supplied at the hall by the committee in charge of masks and supplies. The music to be used for the ball is furnished by Prof. John Quinn, who is one of the oldest members of the Federation of Musicians, who will have twenty of his best men on the job. Tickets can be secured by telephoning Franklin 1829 or by calling at the office of *The Chicago Daily Socialist* and the county headquarters of the Socialist party, 205 West Washington street, third floor.

TUESDAY MEETINGS
6th ward—At the home of W. J. Standley, 425 Langley avenue.
7th ward—6505 Ellis avenue.
12th ward—Joe White's hall, 2360 W. 22d street.
21st ward—Southwest corner Chicago avenue and Clark street.
25th ward—911 Belmont avenue.
29th ward—4630 Gross avenue.
Scandinavian Karl Marx Club—Jacobson's hall, Wabasha and Washington avenues.

Use This Wonderful Help Next Wash Day. WASHEASY
THE MAGIC WASHING TABLET
Washes clothes snow white without rubbing and makes them last longer. Saves time and money. Only 15 cents a package, at your grocer's or by mail, postpaid from Washesay Co., 25 Geiger Bldg., Chicago, Ill. Money back if not as represented. Order now.

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25th ward—911 Belmont avenue.
29th ward—4630 Gross avenue.
Scandinavian Karl Marx Club—Jacobson's hall, Wabasha and Washington avenues.

Use This Wonderful Help Next Wash Day. WASHEASY
THE MAGIC WASHING TABLET
Washes clothes snow white without rubbing and makes them last longer. Saves time and money. Only 15 cents a package, at your grocer's or by mail, postpaid from Washesay Co., 25 Geiger Bldg., Chicago, Ill. Money back if not as represented. Order now.

19TH AND 20TH WARDS (OLD 9TH)
All party members residing in the Nineteenth and Twentieth wards (old Ninth ward) are requested to attend a special meeting which will be held at Mount Zion hall, 1125 Blue Island avenue, on Tuesday, December 26, 8 p. m. The consolidation of the work of the above organizations, the nominations

of a candidate for alderman and election of officers will take place. Don't fail to attend this meeting.

MASQUERADE BALL
One week from tonight the twelfth annual mask ball and carnival will take place at the Seventh Regiment Armory, Thirty-fifth street and Wentworth avenue. All comrades intending to attend this mask ball should secure their tickets in advance, as the admission at the door is 50 cents. Tickets are selling very fast and only a limited number of advance tickets are left on sale. Description of the prizes will be given in a later issue of *The Chicago Daily Socialist*, providing same is permissible under the postoffice rules. All arrangements have been completed and every one is assured of having a good time. All those intending to buy masks and New Year's supply for noise making can be supplied at the hall by the committee in charge of masks and supplies. The music to be used for the ball is furnished by Prof. John Quinn, who is one of the oldest members of the Federation of Musicians, who will have twenty of his best men on the job. Tickets can be secured by telephoning Franklin 1829 or by calling at the office of *The Chicago Daily Socialist* and the county headquarters of the Socialist party, 205 West Washington street, third floor.

TUESDAY MEETINGS
6th ward—At the home of W. J. Standley, 425 Langley avenue.
7th ward—6505 Ellis avenue.
12th ward—Joe White's hall, 2360 W. 22d street.
21st ward—Southwest corner Chicago avenue and Clark street.
25th ward—911 Belmont avenue.
29th ward—4630 Gross avenue.
Scandinavian Karl Marx Club—Jacobson's hall, Wabasha and Washington avenues.

Cheery Christmas Greetings over the Long Distance Telephone

Though far from home and loved-ones, let your voice, cheerful and hearty, carry its gladdening message to wife or mother at Christmas-tide. A moment's conversation, the sound of your voice, will brighten the day for the whole family.

Telephone for a Telephone

CHICAGO TELEPHONE COMPANY
Commercial Department
Main 294 230 W. Washington Street

THROUGH the medium of this newspaper, we send Christmas Greetings to everyone—also we desire to express our appreciation to loyal thousands for a large and entirely satisfactory Holiday business.

E. IVERSON & CO.

STORE OPEN Tomorrow, Sunday, Until 6:30 P. M.

Good Care Taken of the Late Shopper

Thousands and thousands of people—for one reason or another—have delayed their Christmas shopping until the last moment—to those it is welcome news to know that

Our Store Will Be Open Tomorrow, Sunday, Until 6:30 P. M.

We Do Not Carry Over Holiday Goods of Any Kind

Special Bargain Tables are arranged throughout the store in every section. You'll have a chance to save ONE-HALF, and in some instances even more on your Xmas Gifts.

SPECIAL
In Candy department a basket full of Kisses, everywhere 10c, tomorrow whole 5c
1000 lot, at 5c
Chocolate Creams 10c per pound, 10c

E. IVERSON & CO.
1336-50 MILWAUKEE AVE.
Store Closed Monday---Christmas

History of the Supreme Court of the United States

By Gustavus Myers

Author of "The History of the Great American Fortunes," Etc.
(Copyright, 1911, by Gustavus Myers.)

(Continued From Thursday.)

The Further Course of the Supreme Court Under Marshall

From the time of the Fairfax decision to that of Marshall's decease, covering a period of a score of years, four important lines of action were determined by the decisions of the Supreme Court of the United States. These were:

1. The infringement of the doctrine that a grant or allowance of privilege to a corporation was an irrevocable vested and perpetual right of property.
2. The extension of the principle of a widening of national authority, and further concentration of power in the national government.
3. The perpetuation of negro slavery.
4. The validation of vast fraudulent private land claims comprehending millions of acres of land in Florida and in the Louisiana Purchase.

The Meaning of Successive Decisions

The common belief that the first of these was originally settled by the noted Dartmouth College decision is incorrect. We have seen in detail how, in the case of Fletcher vs. Peck (the contract case for the validation of the act which voided the Georgia legislative act making a grant of 35,000,000 acres), Marshall decided that a legislative act was a contract incapable of annulment by subsequent legislation. That decision was the first precedent.

The case of New Jersey vs. Wilson, decided two years later, was the second. This case, admittedly bearing unflinching signs of collusion, was decided likewise by Marshall. He held that in passing a certain act the legislature had forever contracted with the right to certain private lands. The legislative act, so he decided, was a "contract," and as such came within the scope of that clause in the Constitution prohibiting the impairment of the obligation of contracts (1).

Thus a legislative grant or franchise was construed into being the same as a contract between private individuals. In Marbury vs. Madison we have seen Marshall, in the very act of annulling an act passed by Congress, ostentatiously announcing that the republic was forever contracted with the right to certain private lands. The legislative act, so he decided, was a "contract," and as such came within the scope of that clause in the Constitution prohibiting the impairment of the obligation of contracts (1).

It mattered not how much certitude of fraud, and bribery in particular, and turpitude in general, lay originally behind the legislative acts. The moment those laws became officially engraved and recognized as formally adopted they were invested with the full sanctity of perpetual law. The essence was nothing; the form was everything. That laws proved to be the engines of fraud and spoliation for the benefit of the favored few, and causes of oppression to the mass, was beside the point in the majestic eye of the law.

What if, supposing special acts to have been honestly enacted, they were self-evidently the archaic survivals of bygone times, utterly lacking adaptation to the conditions of the mass of newer generations? These considerations were of no effect; law, which is merely the register of the will of the group or class having the power to enact it, outlasts its creators; long after its authors have mouldered in their tombs, and their very names have often become lost in the phantasmagoria of Time, their laws still stand, fresh, awful and commanding.

On examination there will be found beneath this apparently senseless course, not only acute sense, but a definite policy of self-preservation and development. Overlooking the special personal interests of the judges and appraising the vitals of their decisions, as applied to the broader question of class interests and conflicts, it will be perceived that those decisions were harmoniously consonant with the varying necessities of the dominant class.

A number of aggressive, acquisitive, prodigious individuals in one generation seize property, or corruptly get grants and laws awarding them with immense property and mighty privileges. They become founders of a propertied aristocracy. By further laws and predatory schemes, their descendants enlarge their hereditary possessions, extend themselves as capitalists in multifarious ways, and by reason of their wealth aggrandize themselves as the rulers of the land. They either hold the important political and judicial offices themselves, or they carefully select able instruments upon whom they can unreservedly depend.

The basis of their wealth and power is law, and the advantage taken of each changing condition by law. Their interests obviously require that those laws be held sacred and perpetual, unless that same self-interest, keeping pace with altering economic conditions, demands the supplanting of certain old by newer laws, which, in turn, are to be enthroned as sacred and perpetual.

The ruling class can afford to take no chances with the vicissitudes of legislation in a country where theoretically the popular will is sovereign. Not can they tolerate the prospect of being under constant alarm from the ever-present fear of legislation threatening the ancient foundations of their power.

In America a theoretical popular representation conflicts in principle, although not in practice, with capitalist aims. From the beginning, virtually all special plundering laws have been secured by fraud or bribery or both. That reason thus furnishes sufficiently conclusive ground for the annulment of those laws by a legislature determined to be revocable. Hence to declare that a legislative act is a contract, and that a legislature, therefore, has the constitutional power of voiding a contract, is to insure to the capitalist class the permanency of possessions corruptly gotten.

To this fabric one final finishing touch

was needed; this was supplied by the Dartmouth College decision.

The Dartmouth College Case

Concisely stated, the Dartmouth College case grew out of these circumstances: Dartmouth College, in New Hampshire, had been founded in the year 1769 by a charter granted by Governor Wentworth, in the name of the Crown. The presidency of the college developed to be a sort of dynasty, the first president, Eleazer Wheelock, having, before his death in 1779, appointed his son, John Wheelock, to succeed him. In about the year 1797 opposition to Wheelock manifested itself on the part of members of the Board of Trustees. A long factional struggle, part religious and part political, then set in to get control of the institution. Wheelock was a Presbyterian, his enemies Congregationalists; they were Federalists, and he was driven by force of circumstances into the opposite political camp. As Congregationalism was practically the established State church in New Hampshire, and as the legislature was Federalist, Wheelock's enemies were able to muster large strength. In 1802 they captured control of the Board of Trustees, and in 1815 summarily removed him from office.

But in 1816 the anti-Federalists elected William Plummer as governor of New Hampshire, and a legislature of the same political cast. Acts were thereupon passed amending the charter of Dartmouth College. The number of trustees was increased from twelve to twenty-one and a board of overseers was created for the purpose of exercising a veto power on certain acts of the trustees. The outcome of these legislative acts was the restoration of Wheelock to office and the placing of his adherents in virtual control. The college was reorganized and called a university.

The old trustees opposed to Wheelock brought suit in the New Hampshire courts to set aside the legislative acts on these grounds: That those acts were opposed to the general principles of the State Constitution; and that they violated the particular clause of the Federal Constitution forbidding legislation impairing the obligation of a contract. The highest New Hampshire court decided against the old trustees on every point (2). The case was then carried on appeal to the Supreme Court of the United States, but the only point involved in that appeal was that relating to the contract clause in the Constitution of the United States (3).

Daniel Webster, himself a graduate of Dartmouth College, argued the case for the old trustees before the Supreme Court of the United States. Webster, as we have noted, married, after the death of his first wife, a daughter of Herman LeRoy, whose acquisition, together with William Bayard and others of large estates that they themselves acknowledged to have been originally secured by fraud, has been described in Chapter I.

For many years Webster was the regular attorney for the Bank of the United States, the flagrant corruptions of which are related in this chapter. He became the attorney for the immense fraudulent-Mitchell-land claim, which was later validated by the Supreme Court of the United States, and the details of which are also narrated in this present chapter. As a corporation lawyer, he was one of the most noted of his day; he was counsel for a large number of miscellaneous corporations.

Did the Supreme Court Become Emotional?

In his biographical work on Webster Senator Henry Cabot Lodge says that, first of all, Webster adroitly appealed to the partisan prejudices of the Supreme Court. Mr. Lodge tells us that—"In the midst of all the legal and

constitutional arguments, relevant and irrelevant, even in the pathetic appeal which he used on behalf of his alma mater, Mr. Webster boldly and yet skillfully introduced the political view of the case. So delicately did he do it that an attentive listener did not realize that he was straying from the field of "mere reason" into that of political passion. Here no man could equal him or help him, for here his eloquence had full scope and on this he relied to arouse Marshall, whom he thoroughly understood. In occasional sentences he pictured his beloved college under the wise rule of Federalists and the church. He depicted the party assault that was made upon her. He showed the citadel of learning threatened with unholy invasion and falling helplessly into the hands of jacobins and free thinkers" (4).

Professor Goodrich, a spectator of the scene, wrote (according to Mr. Lodge's quotation) that Webster, in the course of his argument, predicted great disaster for all colleges and for the private rights of individuals, if the legislative acts of New Hampshire should be upheld. Goodrich tells how "in broken words of tenderness," Webster spoke pathetically of his attachment to the college, and how Marshall and other justices were moved to tears.

If these accounts are correct they throw a singular light upon the Supreme Court of the United States.

Professing to live and move in an exalted atmosphere far above vulgar political currents and emotional considerations; asserting, reasserting and reiterating that sentiment never entered into their deliberations and judgment, here some of them were being swayed by partisan prejudices and upset by emotional appeals. They who assumed the high proud role of being austere expounders of the law, unaffected by political passions or sentimental impressions, allowed themselves to be moved like an audience by an actor's skillful pathos.

Where, then, was their boast that their only concern was with the cold business of applying law? Cases had been before them revealing that thousands of families had been perceptibly driven from their homes and reduced to destitution by the claims and exactions of land jobbers. But far from causing a moist eye on the indurated Supreme Court bench, those fraudulent claims had been justified and validated. The hard conditions burdening hundreds of thousands of laborers had never caused the flutter of an eyelid.

The horrors of the slave traffic—abominations which would seem incredible were it not that so many reports attest them—instead of causing anguish when the facts were frequently before the Supreme Court, were justified and condoned. The prospect of an obscure endowed college, declining into disruption and adversity, so deeply excited their commiseration that they, forsooth, were "moved to tears!"

Those touching accounts, however, have a large element of fiction. The members of the Supreme Court were too old and too well seasoned not to penetrate acting when they saw it. As an orator, Webster was enormously rhetorical; and, as was the custom of the day, he artistically, like Pitt, combined elocution with effective dramatic display.

1 Cranch's Reports, Supreme Court of the United States, Vol. VII, p. 164.
(2) New Hampshire Reports, Vol. I, p. 111. The full report of the case, containing the arguments, is reprinted in 65 New Hampshire Reports, p. 473.
(3) Case of Trustees of Dartmouth College vs. Woodward, IV Wheaton, p. 513.
(4) "Life of Webster" (American Statesman Series), p. 87.

(To Be Continued.)

17 REASONS VS. SOCIALISM FIND MANY ANSWERS

McDonald, of the Miners, Replies to Views of Peter W. Collins.

Duncan McDonald, secretary-treasurer of the Illinois Mine Workers, answers some of the attacks that Peter W. Collins, anti-Socialist and secretary of the Electrical Workers' Brotherhood, is making against Socialism and the Socialist party.

BY DUNCAN McDONALD Secretary-Treasurer of the Illinois Mine Workers

P. W. Collins, secretary of the Electrical Workers' Brotherhood, gives seventeen reasons why Catholics cannot be Socialists, these reasons being compiled from a series of articles written by him on the subject for Catholic and other papers.

As a result of his investigations Mr. Collins finds that Socialism and Catholics are opposed to the Catholic church, the family, marriage and the home, because the doctrines of Socialism are:

1. Its philosophy as laid down in the bible of Socialism (Karl Marx's Kapital) is based on materialistic conception of history, which is nothing less than atheism.
2. Because the founder of that doctrine, Karl Marx, was an avowed atheist and bitterly opposed to the teachings of Christ and His church.
3. Because, not alone Marx, but his co-workers Engels (joint author with him of the "Manifesto") was an avowed atheist and antagonist of the teachings of Christ.
4. Because, with hardly a single exception, all the advocates of Socialism, past and present, were and are anti-Catholic in their writing and atheistic in their belief.
5. Because Socialism ridicules the teachings of Christianity, maligns and slanders its clergy and vilifies the followers of that faith.
6. Because Socialism would destroy the sanctity of the family and the home, for which the Catholic church has always stood.
7. Because Socialism would destroy the sacred sacrament of marriage, which was established by Christ.
8. Because the philosophy of Socialism teaches disloyalty to authority, disloyalty to God and to country.
9. Because Socialism takes the religious beliefs away from men and gives in return a hatred of God and His commandments.
10. Because Socialism teaches and advocates strife and conflict against men by class hatred.
11. Because Socialism would take the woman from her place in the home and throw her into the marts of the world.
12. Because Socialism stands for free love and detests marriage, calling it a capitalist institution and a toll for exploitation.

Class Against Class

13. Because Socialism arrays class against class.
14. Because Socialism teaches there is no God.
15. Because Socialism justifies abortion, child murder, regulation of reproduction, prevention of conception and its advocates proclaim it.
16. Because Socialists hate the Catholic church and condemn it as an enemy of the workers, whose friend it has been through the ages.
17. Because Socialism teaches the young the doctrines of disloyalty to God and country.

Something More Appropriate

If the above, taken from the Columbiad, were entitled "Seventeen reasons why the man who makes the statement should occupy a padded cell in a lunatic asylum" it would be more appropriate.

Any man or men that try to confuse the issues by seeking to combine a religious question with one of an economic nature, is untrue to the church, as well as untrue to the great cause of humanity, Socialism.

The position taken by Collins is in line with the rest of his work. Discredited by the major portion of the organized electrical workers, who are disgusted with his tactics and are rapidly leaving the branch with which Collins is connected and are joining the Reed-Sullivan-Murphy organization, Collins continues to parade himself as a trade-unionist.

Any labor leader who has brains enough to know straight up knows that trades unionism or Socialism are not religious questions and should be kept separate and apart from a man's views on spiritual matters.

No man can be a trade unionist and fight for his class on the economic field and oppose their efforts on the political field without placing himself in a ridiculous light.

No man can be a true trade unionist and scab on his class on election day by voting for labor's enemies.

Like Attacks on Columbus Collins's views on Socialism are in line with the views of those who opposed Columbus when he declared that the world was round and ridiculed the idea as being that of a fanatic, and quoted scripture to sustain their position.

His ideas are in accord with those who opposed the establishing of the public school and every other step that has ever been taken in the direction of progress and then to use the church to shield himself and hide behind.

Surely the church is not opposed to the demands of the workers as outlined in the Socialist platform.

Let the church dignitaries read it and decide for themselves.

for less than sufficient to clothe and shelter themselves and their families? If Socialism is wrong, and you are opposed to its teachings, then you must be a direct-actionist, or you are opposed to any relief whatever.

There is something radically wrong, and the workers demand relief, and if the Socialists are wrong in advocating a change by the intelligent use of the ballot, what are they to do? Nothing left but direct action, and the Socialists are opposed to that.

Offers Only Way Socialism offers the only way out and those who oppose it should be held to account for opposing the only intelligent, practical solution of labor's difficulties.

The worker without hope is a dangerous man, and those opposed to Socialism have no hope to offer, and by their false teachings are driving men to commit crime such as the McNamara's are guilty of.

The workers everywhere are demanding an answer, and men or institutions that stand in the way of their getting relief must either wake up and get in line with the onward march of time or be relegated to the junk heap of oblivion, and that's where Collins and his gang belong.

MAYNARD'S VIEW OF LOS ANGELES

R. A. Maynard of Denver, Colo., who was one of the most active speakers in the recent campaign to elect the Socialist ticket in Los Angeles and who is booked by the National Socialist Lyceum Bureau to lecture on its western circuit, is enthusiastic in his views about the growth and prestige of the Socialist party in Los Angeles and the state of California.

Maynard, who is in the city today, gave much credit for the large Socialist vote in Los Angeles to the attitude of the Los Angeles Record toward the Socialist party and its candidates. The Record was the only daily paper which came out into the open in its support and endorsement of the Socialist ticket.

The Record is one of a string of newspapers known as the Scripps-Colfax papers and is controlled by Colonel Scripps of San Diego, Cal. The Record has the largest circulation of any daily newspaper in Los Angeles.

"The McNamara confession probably affected the Socialist vote to the extent of 8,000 or 10,000," said Maynard, in commenting on the vote. "The Record lined up with the men along strictly class lines. The working women voted with the workingmen and the 'Good-Goods,' or Good Government reformers when it came to a show down voted with their class."

"The political lines were drawn as they have never been in the United States before. At the last moment the whole Good Government crowd merged with the 'Old Guard,' and today it is the 'Old Guard,' under the direction of Harrison Gray Otis and the Southern Pacific that is in control of Los Angeles."

He told how the Socialist vote would have the same effect upon the city government as the big vote polled for J. Stitt Wilson for governor had on the enactment of state legislation.

"The eight-hour law for women, employers' liability, woman's suffrage and the initiative, referendum and recall were all the result of the 53,000 Socialist votes cast at the last State election," said Maynard. "We will now use the 53,000 votes cast in the city election to force legislation, which we could not possibly have acquired without such a showing."

"A municipally owned and circulated newspaper has already been voted, in which any party can maintain a department without a censor, and this paper will go into every home in Los Angeles."

He predicted that California will elect several Socialist legislators next year, a congressman in 1912, and the probability of a Socialist governor in 1914.

Is Marriage Sacred? Is Divorce Ever Justified?

Should those divorced feel free to marry again? These problems are laid bare in the startling novel, "Rebellion"

BY JOSEPH MEDILL PATTERSON
Read the book and see the play.
For sale for \$1.25
THE Chicago Daily Socialist
255 West Washington St.

Men Who Want Work
Write to us for details of our latest offer describing our newly inaugurated CREDIT PLAN by which you can become a salesman for the International Socialist Review without outlay on your part. You can earn good wages selling the fighting working class magazine, the only one of its kind in the world. It goes fast. Our selling program is growing bigger every month. Join it and help the cause as well as yourself.
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Eggs Too High? Cook Without 'Em

Here Are Some Recipes That Do Not Call for Them.

A GELATIN HELP Gelatin fully takes the place of whites of eggs in recipes where whites only are called for.
One tablespoonful of dry gelatin equals three eggs. Soak gelatin in cold water a short time, after which add boiling water, in all making up one teacupful. When cold, whip up with an egg beater until light.

CHOCOLATE PUDDING
2 cups of milk.
1 heaping tablespoon of sugar.
2 tablespoons of corn starch.
1 tablespoon of cocoa.
Flavor with a little vanilla or cinnamon. Heat milk to boiling point. After mixing sugar, cocoa and cornstarch add slowly to boiling milk. When thick as custard pour in wet molasses. Serve very cold with sugar and cream. Fruit or other flavors, instead of chocolate, are very nice.

EGGLESS PUMPKIN PIE
1 1/2 cups of strained pumpkin.
1 cup of milk.
3/4 cup of sugar.
A little salt, ginger, allspice to taste.
1 tablespoonful of molasses.
Roll 1 1/2 soda crackers; add to mixture. Your pie will be light and rich.

SPICE CAKE WITHOUT EGGS
1 cup of sugar.
1 tablespoonful of butter, creamed.
1 teaspoon cinnamon.
1 teaspoon allspice.
1 small teaspoon of salt.
1 cup of sour milk, 1 small teaspoon of soda dissolved in it.
1 cup of chopped raisins.
2 cups of flour.
Bake in small cakes or loaf. Keep like fruit cake.

LEMON SAUCE
Put 1 tablespoonful of corn starch into a bowl, with a tablespoonful of butter and half a cupful of sugar; beat well; pour a large cup of boiling water over it and stir over the fire until thick. Take up; add the juice and rind of a lemon.

CURRENT DUMPLINGS
4 cups of flour.
1 cup of beef suet.
1 cup of currants.
1/2 teaspoonful of salt.
1/2 cup of water.
Mix suet fine; mix with flour, salt and currants; mix into dough, with 1 cup of water. Steam one and one-half hours. Serve with lemon sauce.

MEN WEAK, NERVOUS, DISCOURAGED. CURED BY MY DIRECT METHOD

Dr. I. W. Hodgson
CURED BY MY DIRECT METHOD
Not One Dollar Need Be Paid Until Cured

Do you lack Energy and Ambition for Business Pursuits? Have you lost the Health and Strength you once had? Are you tired in the morning as at night? Are you nervous and irritable or excited? Do you have aching limbs? Do you have aching back? Do you have aching head? Do you have aching eyes? Do you have aching ears? Do you have aching throat? Do you have aching stomach? Do you have aching bowels? Do you have aching bladder? Do you have aching kidneys? Do you have aching joints? Do you have aching muscles? Do you have aching nerves? Do you have aching sinews? Do you have aching tendons? Do you have aching ligaments? Do you have aching cartilages? Do you have aching bones? Do you have aching marrow? Do you have aching blood? Do you have aching lymph? Do you have aching plasma? Do you have aching serum? Do you have aching mucus? Do you have aching sweat? Do you have aching tears? Do you have aching saliva? Do you have aching sputum? Do you have aching urine? Do you have aching feces? Do you have aching sweat? Do you have aching tears? Do you have aching saliva? Do you have aching sputum? Do you have aching urine? Do you have aching feces?

CATARH OF THE BLADDER

SANTAL MIDY CAPSULES
RELIEVED IN 24 HOURS

PERSONAL
Have very important news for Mr. Jacob Klapp. Information as to his whereabouts will be appreciated.
W. C. HARBOUR,
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Dollar Treatment Free to Men

Proves the Cure--BUT COSTS YOU NOTHING

We want to prove to your own perfect satisfaction—that you can be cured—not simply fixed up a bit or made to feel a little better—but cured—restored in vim and vigor. This proof of cure—one full dollar's worth—we will gladly give you free—free of cost, charge or obligation to you of any kind whatsoever.

If you suffer with any man-weakening ailment, such as lack of power, nervous debility, or any kidney, bladder, stomach or liver complaint, or any form of blood poison, constitutional or organic disease, write us today, telling us in a few words what ails you, and at once, free of charge, we will send you one full dollar's worth of a specially prescribed and personally prepared remedy for your particular ailment, which will prove to you—without costing you one penny—that you can be cured—quickly and completely. When you write just fill in the space below—that is all—and at the same time we will send you a book on men's ailments which gives instruction on how men are successfully cured at home. Write now—but send no money.

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F. B. 208 N. Fifth Avenue, Chicago.
Gentlemen: I am troubled with..... (Name Your Ailment.)

Please send me, absolutely free, your full dollar treatment for same, and also your book which tells how men can treat themselves successfully at home. Name..... Address..... State.....

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A GOOD HOUSEWORK APRON Ladies' One-Piece Apron (With Pockets) Arranged for High or "V" Neck Finish

9104. It is much easier to slip on an apron when busy at home than to take out spots on one's skirts and waists. A very practical, easily made and comfortable to wear apron is here shown. It is closed at the center-back and seams together at the shoulders. The work of sewing on this design does not require much skill or time and the result is pleasing and most satisfactory. The apron may be finished with high neck edge or low "V" opening, as illustrated. The pattern is cut in three sizes—Small, medium and large. It requires 2 1/2 yards of 36-inch material for the medium size. A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.

To this fabric use final finishing touch

THE CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST

Published as second-class matter, Dec. 26, 1896, at P. O. Chicago, under act March 3, 1879.

By carrier in city of Chicago... Outside Chicago: One year, \$1.00...

Christmas Greetings

At this time of merrymaking and joy for those who are members of the small minority...

The following news items of the past few days have been picked out of papers from all parts of the country:

"Four miles long—shoulder to shoulder—stretches the sad-eyed line of the little children of Chicago's poor."

"Stretched out they would extend from the public library as far as Twelfth street—waif after waif in the shivering string."

"Twenty thousand girls and boys, with dirty hands outstretched thin little bodies bending before the lake breeze, feet colder than the frosted pavement beneath their patched and broken shoes..."

"Scattered through the slums are these cold, half-starved and unhappy youngsters. Their meager knowledge of Christmas is gained only through charity, and sometimes even charity fails."

"There are 20,000 homeless men in Chicago today living on the fringes of poverty, the narrow margin of existence. These men are staying at cheap rooming places and are dropping out—many a day—to live at the lodging houses of the city."

"Two hundred men, desperate from hunger, fought for work, as there was only four jobs to be filled. After three of the jobs had been taken the men became so clamorous that the agent of the employment agency threw the ticket for the fourth job in the air and the men in the crowd fought desperately to obtain possession of the remaining ticket."

"Robert P. Valley, 35 years old, a steamfitter out of work, penniless and hungry, broke a window in a store in an effort to break into jail. When the police arrived he said, 'I want to go to jail, where I can get something to eat and have a warm place to sleep. I have tramped the streets of Chicago for two weeks looking for work of any kind and have failed to find any. I haven't had a meal for forty-eight hours and am starving. Take me to the station and give me something to eat.'"

The possibility of a Merry and Happy Christmas for every man, woman and child should be not alone the desire of all, but the demand of all, and until this condition is an actuality paens of joy and gorgeous ceremonies are as cruelly brutal as the pagan festivals of ancient Rome.

Taft and the Wool

President Taft has decided to champion the tariff reduction—for political reasons. Oh, inconsistency, thou art a brick!

If we remember rightly, it was only a short time ago when William "Le Gros," was denouncing everybody for even hinting of such a thing, to say nothing of forcing it through Congress.

But we understand that Victor Berger, from Milwaukee, made a speech on the wool tariff and that a crowd of Socialists sent it all over the country, showing up the tariff and the politicians in their true colors, and that the people who got wise started to vote the Socialist ticket in droves.

We understand that this same Taft who vetoed this same tariff reduction then made a swing around the country and was given to understand that the people were wise to the political game, so Taft decided that maybe he could fool the people by becoming their champion.

Well, "you can fool some of the people all of the time, all of the people some of the time, but you can't fool all of the people all of the time."

Roosevelt fooled them all, Taft fooled some of them, but they're not going to fool 'em any more. The Socialists have put them wise.

The Ten-Hour Law

That the ten-hour law for women is being violated there is no doubt on the part of those who are interested in its enforcement, but it is another matter to make a case against the violators that will stand the court test.

What is needed to enforce the law is not a simple complaint, but employes who are willing to risk their positions, if necessary, to testify to the facts. One case of violation proved is enough to convict. One case of conviction will go a long way towards enforcing the law.

The great majority of the employers today respect the ten-hour law. Prosecutions should not tend to make the law seem ridiculous. If you are working over ten hours a day for your employer say so and give the facts, with your name and address, otherwise it is impossible to make out a case.

But, after all, what's the use of trying to make a capitalist be good? He is looking for profit and not for the interests of his employes. If by violating the ten-hour law he can increase his profits, then he is going to violate it. And so long as he owns the jobs it will be hard to get the employes to tell.

The Socialist Lion

Out of the destruction of the political circus of last November, where the Republican elephant and the Democratic jackass were the usual drawing attractions in the cartoonist's fields, emerged a magnificently striking creature which is today, not only in the United States but throughout the entire world, the first dignified symbolical creature that ever originated in the minds of either court artists or democratic scribes.

This symbolical creature is the "Red" Lion, which majestically entered the political arena of America.

There is a peculiar significance in the artist's selection for which the Socialists are duly thankful.

The massive but timid beast of burden, the "Elephant," very aptly typifies the Republican party of today. The braying, obstinate "Jackass," meek and lowly, is a fitting expression of the dying Democratic party, while the majestic stalking "Red Lion" aptly typifies the advancing and threatening power of the Socialist hosts, which will assert itself as the king of beasts, the lord of the political jungle.

The signs of the times are portentous. Beware the Lion's roar.

The civil service commission has made formal report to the mayor. It was made for the benefit of the public only, because the mayor has met with Commissioner Campbell, "Andy" Lawrence, Judge Owens, "Brother" Preston and a few persons of minor importance over at Vogelsgang's every evening since the investigation started. So the mayor knew what happened, even before it happened.

The report does just two things. It admits that the police department is "rotten," which everybody knows. Then it advises a reorganization along military lines.

Now the police department has been reorganized every time there was a change of administration. But the administration, to maintain itself in power, must control the police, so "Andy," the wise campaign manager, advised a rigorous reorganization.

That's what is happening to the police force now.

Bringing Home the Socialist "Pumpkin"

By JOSEPH E. COHEN

It should be no cause for wonder that the Socialists of Milwaukee are having the fight of their lives. When they first won they were described as well-meaning reformers who would find that things work out differently in practice than they seem in theory, and that the Socialists could be depended upon to prove the futility of their own philosophy.

And, of course, that this capitalist world is the best possible of all possible worlds.

But the Socialists went ahead. And after it was seen that they really knew what they were after, and that what they were after, in particular, was the material betterment of the lot of the working people, then the fur began to fly.

And so it can be said to all extremists among the Socialists: Do not waste your ammunition in firing into our own camp.

The real aim of the Socialist party can never be concealed, however mistaken candidate for office on the Socialist ticket may be.

The opposition press will be sure to tell the voters that Socialism means all the terrible things ever claimed for it.

That Socialism means revolution. As indeed it does.

And a revolution so tremendous that it may well be asked if its most tireless opponents really understand what

a tremendous revolution it means. No bloodshed and carnage and destruction of life and property. That is exciting sometimes, but only incidental to a revolution, to say the best word for it.

And the Socialist revolution is such a big thing that it would shame itself to indulge in any such ancient, worn-out reactionary method as that.

The Socialist revolution means that for the first time in recorded history there will be no ruling class living upon the labor and sweat, and blood of the workers; that, in short, all will be workers and equally free.

Such an idea is utterly incomprehensible to those who have the notion of caste occupying any portion of their brain, and it may require a surgical operation to remove it.

But that revolution will come just the same.

It is on the way right now.

The victories in many cities in America, for example, are the first beams of the rising sun of Socialism.

When Socialists win in the cities they do not proceed to bring in Socialism, in the sense of taking over the industries in those cities.

They do not, because Socialism is not a local affair. But they do many things which are very important, if not so important as taking over the industries.

The people will never get Socialism until they are ready for it. Socialist propaganda aims to get them ready for it, to want it and take it. But the people are not all Socialists yet.

And in the meantime Socialism is based upon a philosophy which says that material environment has a great deal to do with people's ideas, and that if you change the environment for the better people will change for the better.

And even while they cannot take over the industries, Socialist officials in the cities can in a measure change the environment; they can change the way people look at things; they can help to give them the Socialist point of view.

And that is preparing them to bring home the Socialist pumpkin.

That is why the opposition knows that Socialists in office are far more than good government reformers in office. And that is why they fight Socialists every inch of the way.

And the opposition of the non-Socialists will bring together the Socialists, will force them into shooting into their own camp, will make them see that the Socialist revolution is on the way.

And through almost endless struggle and eternal vigilance and broadening solidarity will the Socialist pumpkin be brought home.

Hey, diddle diddle! Taft's on a soft griddle; He'd like to jump over the moon! Roosevelt laughs And sees such sport, And hopes he will do it right soon.

The Elgin butter board is trying to "smear the grease" and hold its advantages over the boards in eastern cities. While the Elgin butter board is undoubtedly very "smooth," it is unwise to "spread itself" so.

Oh, my! Oh, dear! Inspector Revolt, Now what will you do for a living? You might, if you must, Join the vice trust, And take your own turn at bribe giving!

Now that physicians are telling us in the public prints that we all eat most poison every day of our lives, it is time to look for the cause of their activity and to determine how much they receive to oppose Wiley in his food investigations. The right to poison the public cannot be given up without a murmur, for that would be wanton, thoughtless waste. Also the doctors want work.

The beef trusts says, "I didn't do it." As we expected. We all knew it! A bad boy always tries to lie. When he's parental wrath is nigh! Then, when his father grabs him quick, And introduces a big stick, He yells and begs him, "Please, Dad, stop!"

And does a regular three-step hop. But one hour after that big splash He tells his pals, "Hurt? No; not much!"

"Our" troops in the Philippines are preparing to massacre 600 Moros who have entrenched themselves in an extinct volcano near Manila. Not so long ago 600 other natives were killed in the same spot. Now, if those natives could only have our own George Washington to lead them, perhaps—But why go back into the forgotten pages of history?

"Carter Harrison will reform The Democratic party." An imitation thunderstorm: We know the old game, Smarty!

Roosevelt has found a catnap and will not be held responsible for the Harmon contribution to his campaign fund of several years ago. His friend, Sheldon, has come forward and says, "You didn't do it." Now all that the colonel will have to do is to explain away about 20,000 other shady acts, and then the American people will allow him to become a Sunday school superintendent, or something like that.

The Civil Service Board Undoubtedly has scored In showing what police conditions are; But if it thinks to stop The grunting of the cop It must make it profitable; and there you are!

Senator Borah says that the McNamara case and the trust cases furnish absolute proof that there is one law for the rich and another for the poor. Senator, what are you going to do about it now? Make a great speech about the American Eagle, and try to forget it!

While the old fool Supreme Court, As a mean thing's last resort, Takes away our factory preserves, We who know it work so well, Must confess and plainly tell That at last the thing is getting on our nerves.

If you would have a good reputation never do anything that is good for anything. The greatest crimes consist in trying to change things.

Rich Daughter—Papa, why are there poor people? Papa—Well—ah—You know that Christ said, "The poor ye have always with you." And what are we that we should try to change the word of the Lord and make it false?

THE LINCOLN PENNY The face of "Honest Abe" is on a cent; One of those plain, very common things. Could they raise for him a fitter monument, To whose memory a common people cling?

We are spilling peace and good will all over the face of the earth just now; but in a few days we shall have it all bottled up and tightly corked for another whole year. Of course that is because there is so little of it available.

WHITE SLAVERY. Put chains upon her body and soul, And drag her down to grovel in the dust; Then see yourself, while counting hellish toll, Lower than she, though dead in the eyes of just!

LABOR IGNORED To the Editor: The extra session of the sixty-second congress failed to pass the following labor measures:

A bill to regulate injunctions in labor disputes.

A bill to exempt labor unions from the federal anti-trust laws.

A bill to pension veterans of labor.

A bill to prohibit enlisted men from competing with toilers.

A bill to prevent the employment of child labor by the federal government.

A bill to prevent kidnaping.

A Republican senate and a Democratic house—labor ignored.

PERKY ENGLE

There is absolutely nothing in the Socialist movement that we need to conceal; nor do we employ any tactical methods that require secrecy; neither is there anything in the Socialist philosophy of which we are ashamed. On the contrary, it is one of our cardinal principles that everything affecting the welfare of the people should be freely, fairly and thoroughly discussed before it is adopted as a guide to our conduct.

In this way and this way only can the majority of the people arrive at a definite conclusion regarding the desirability of any proposed measure and they can then adopt or reject as their judgment may dictate after they have had

SOCIALIST NEWS



from EVERYWHERE

HOW TO STOP SOCIALISM IS PROBLEM FOR WISEST MEN

Denver, Colo.—"The international Socialist movement," said Prof. Charles Zeublin, the well-known author and lecturer here, "is without exception the most pregnant movement of modern times. It is the creation, not of one man or any set of men, but of the Titanic forces of social evolution. It is becoming a mighty force in all civilized countries. It numbers among its advocates many of the foremost thinkers of the old world and the new. It is gaining control of the labor unions, is infecting the military and is beginning to make its voice heard in numerous legislative halls."

In discussing the question of Socialism, the Denver Post points to the great number of Socialists now in office, saying: "It has been estimated that there are now some 900 Socialist municipal officers scattered over this continent. Milwaukee has been under their domination for more than a year. Victor Berger, the noted Socialist, has been elected to the United States Congress. Several states have Socialist contingents in their legislatures and the Socialist vote is increasing by leaps and bounds."

"Is it not quite plain, from these figures, that society is confronted with a working class political movement of the first magnitude? If Socialism keeps on spreading at this rate, it will be the dominant power within the next decade or two."

"What can be done to sweep back this great tidal wave of organized discontent? That is the question the wisest men in the nation will find difficult to answer."

POLITICIANS NOW SEEK NON-PARTISAN ELECTIONS

Minneapolis, Minn.—How to defeat the Socialists at the next municipal election is a problem that is worrying the old party politicians at present.

They have suddenly come out with a demand for a better and more pure form of government through the adoption of non-partisan elections. Incidentally, of course, it will give the old parties a chance to unite upon one candidate in opposition to the Socialists.

The people of the city are soon to vote upon a new city charter. The Socialists, who polled 10,000 votes for Van Lear last year, will solidly oppose it if it provides for non-partisan elections, and it is the general opinion that it will be defeated.

LOS ANGELES ELECTION WAS SOCIALIST TRIUMPH

The Public, a weekly magazine, of Chicago, publishes the following editorial under the heading "The Socialist Triumph in Los Angeles":

"We mean precisely that—a Socialist triumph. Socialists think of it as a triumph, and they are right. With 52,000 votes for their ticket, they may well smile at all the nervous outcries which call the election an anti-Socialist 'landslide.' Those outcries sound very much like whistling up the wind."

"That the Socialists—with a record of only 11,000 votes at the previous election, less than 10 per cent of the total; in the face of the most confusing McNamara episode; with all the business interests and 'respectable' organizations fused against them, including every political group but their own; with no money themselves, but plenty on the other side; with all the newspapers but one opposing them—that this party under these circumstances should poll 52,000 votes, over 38 per cent of the entire vote cast, is no laughing matter for the side that 'won' by getting into office once more."

DAYTON WORKERS FIGHT FRAUDS GRABBERS

Dayton, Ohio.—The Socialists of this city will demand that all franchisees granted private companies in the future shall contain a clause giving the city the right to purchase the company any time it so desires and a referendum vote on every franchise before it is granted.

At present the Socialists are circulating a petition demanding that a franchise, which the city council has given to a local street railway company be put to a referendum vote. It is the first petition circulated since the new Ohio referendum law was passed.

The next city council will have four Socialist aldermen and this means the end of the work of the corporations in railroad franchises through the city council.

NEW CASTLE MAYOR WANTS CITY TO DO OWN WORK

New Castle, Pa.—Frank M. Hartman, editor of the Free Press, the Socialist weekly of this city, has been elected city clerk under the Socialist administration.

Walter V. Tyler, the new Socialist mayor, in his message to the council requested that no contracts for paving or other city work be let to private contractors, but that the city do the work, giving work to the city's unemployed, instead of bringing cheap labor from other cities to do it.

SOCIALISTS SEND FIVE CENTS TO EIGHTY OF OLD PARTIES

Wilkes Barre, Pa.—That the Socialists got more for their money than the Democrats or Republicans was shown in the reports of expenditures made by the different parties in the recent county elections.

The Socialists had the enormous campaign fund of \$108.16, compared to \$23,423 spent by the Democrats and \$15,611 spent by the Republicans. The average cost of each Socialist vote amounted to less than 5 cents, while the cost to the Democrats and Republicans averaged about 21 cents.

POLICE OF TAMPA SLUG YOUNG SOCIALIST EDITOR

Tampa, Fla.—The actions of the police of this city in obeying the orders of the capitalists in slugging Socialist and union men are some of the most disgraceful in the country. Instead of being upholders of the law they are the worst violators and should occupy the cells where they are trying to send others for crime, which could not be compared to those of the police.

Frank Sullivan, editor of the Tampa Bescon, was beaten over the head with a revolver by the police a short time ago because he took a white slave from a resort protected by them.

Dr. Clark, an enthusiastic young Socialist, joined Sullivan on the paper. The police immediately prepared to put him out of the way and were overheard threatening to murder him.

The night following the threat Clark was slugged by the police and left lying in the street, thinking him dead. So far nothing has been done to put any of these men off the force.

START WORK TO PUT MATE TO BERGER IN CONGRESS

Girard, Kan.—Socialists of the Third Kansas congressional district recently held an enthusiastic conference for the purpose of organizing the congressional campaign.

A \$2,000 campaign fund is being raised to carry the district for Socialism next year. Over \$1,400 has been subscribed to date, and the entire fund, it seems assured, D. C. Flint of Girard was elected district secretary and he has opened headquarters in Girard. L. F. Fuller was made organizer and he is now in the field dated up to Jan. 1.

The district has sixty locals, twenty-four of which are in Crawford county. The Italian national organizer is now in the district organizing the 8,000 Italian coal miners. The local Socialists will make a determined effort to land a mate for Berger in Washington.

PLUTE GRAPERS TURN PEOPLE TO SOCIALISM

There is a Socialist boom in Harrison county, West Virginia. A gigantic steal by former Republican sheriffs was exposed by the Clarkburg Socialists, Republican and Democratic persons united in the defense of the grafters. This forced great numbers to turn to the Socialist fold looking for relief.

Well! Well! Well!

By DR. EDWIN F. BOWERS

Man moves in a mysterious way his blunders to perform. The news is broken to us, inch by inch at a time, that the poor, struggling express companies are going to still further impoverish themselves by cutting the rates almost 50 per cent.

This sounds like a tale out of Swift or Baron Munchausen. "If you don't believe I visited the moon I'll show you the rope I climbed." It has a very ancient and flimsy smell.

However, there are two adequate reasons why this generous and munificent charity will be extended. The first is that the express companies know that the people realize now that they are buccaneers razing the Jolly Roger, engaged in a business prohibited by law.

It is a law, which has never been repealed, that no company may engage in the business of carrying "packages" in competition with the United States post-office. This was enforced until a complacent judge, full of wise saws and ancient maxims and belly with good coplin lined, decided that a "packet" was not a "package" only when it was a "packet" of letters.

Can you beat it? Figure it out in this way. Let A represent the judge. Then Y x Z will be the mental process by which he arrived at this Jackass and jackal decision, which has fastened the barbed shaft of highway robbery and iniquitous extortion deep under the tough hide of "the people."

But "Vox Populi, Vox Dei," or words to that effect.

The Lilliputian arrows of the great American press and the special complimentary (?) articles of the powerful magazines are penetrating the army of arrogance and don't-give-a-damned (so long considered impregnable), and now, what we can't take by storm we propose to take by siege.

The white flag of truce is advanced by the express companies for a parley. The "parcel post" from "being a member of such a vital movement that to be loved needs but to be seen," now appears to be the man who pays the bills as a proposition distinctly worthy of adoption. The wily expressmen are casting an anchor or two to windward, attempting to placate and conciliate a long-suffering and outraged public. Nothing doing!

We refuse to tolerate a form of exploitation which forces us to pay tribute to this monopoly. We are slowly but surely awakening to the realization of the fact that in the final analysis, the voice of the people, the collective demands of the majority, will prevail; and that even though it may entail the possibility of Mr. Morgan and the express interests ultimately finding their way to the bread line, we are bound to have the entire kit and kaboodle of them on the rope and some beneficent eleemosynary institution, while we Americans enjoy the service rendered to all other civilized races of the world; the self-supporting, money-making, self-clearing, service-rendering parcels post. When that day comes (and it will not now long be delayed) express companies' stocks and bonds will slide in the soup with a low, shuddering "glub," and there will be a weeping and wailing and gnashing of teeth in the halls of the genial, self-sacrificing, altruistic express barons. So mote it be!

HUMANITY IS ONE

Humanity is one; no weakest brother Can fail or falter, sin or suffer wrong. But that the suffering reacheth every other.

And all the world with him doth fainter grow.

Humanity is one; who thinks to conquer By crushing down a weaker in the way. Knows not that in his own unreasoning cancer He beeth down the steps that led to day.

—Machinery Monthly Journal.