

THE DAILY WORKER  
RAISES THE STANDARD  
FOR A WORKERS AND  
FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

# THE DAILY WORKER

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Communist Candidates

For President:  
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER.

For Vice-President:  
BENJAMIN GITLOW.

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290

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# LEN SMALL IS MUM ABOUT KLAN

## AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

THE PRINCE OF WALES danced to jazz music until 6 o'clock in the morning, while weary-eyed reporters wandered over Long Island, New York trying to locate him. Nervous night city editors waited with watch in hand hoping that a good prince story would come in before the deadline. But alas! The American public was not able to read a detailed story of the prince's jazzy gyrations! For once he escaped the press. We warn His Royal Highness however, that it is not good politics to disappoint his followers too often. If he does, the guns on American warships may be elevated so they can shoot farther than the guns on His Royal Highness's warships.

WHILE H. R. H. is in the United States indulging in the terpsichorean and other fine arts, America is returning the compliment. We learn that the American season in Scotland will not be in full swing until the King and Queen and the American ambassador take up their residence in the Highlands.

MR. and Mrs. J. Pierpont Morgan are at Aganoochoy lodge. It is a very pretty place, so they say. There is good shooting and fine fishing. Morgan is tired after his work on the Dawes' Plan. He needs a rest. He can afford to take a vacation. Already the German workers are turning the Dawes' Plan into dollars for him.

THE COUNTESS OF ANCASTER, formerly Eloise Bresse of New York, is holding successful shooting parties at Drummond. The report does not say what the shooting was about, but we hope no birds got hurt. Bullets cost money but the countess' American wage slaves have lots of energy and more patience and they work like little 100 per centers in the mills, mines and factories operated by the Countess' ducats for the profit and pleasure of the Countess. Most of her slaves will vote for Coolidge, Davis and LaFollette in the coming election. When they begin to vote the Communist ticket in great numbers the Countess had better sell out and go somewhere else if there will be any place to go by then, except some place where naughty Countesses are compelled to work or fight.

THIS may seem silly, but there is no better propaganda than keeping the workers informed of the activities of those they toil eight, ten or twelve hours a day for. When a worker is bending over a machine or swinging a pick down in the bowels of the earth or repairing tracks out in the blazing sun, or stoking a ship's furnace in the broiling heat, what a revolution would be created in his brain if he only could see the parasites in whose behalf he is sweating his life away, trying to kill time at some pleasure resort? The society columns of the capitalist press contain good propaganda for Communist agitators.

(Continued on page 3)

## CLARA SMITH HAMON WIFE OF HARDING'S BACKER KICKS TRACES

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 3.—Clara Smith Hamon, who shot and killed Jake Hamon, Oklahoma oil magnate and politician, is plaintiff against John W. Gorman, motion picture producer, in a suit for divorce on file here today. Extreme cruelty is charged.

Mrs. Gorman was acquitted of Hamon's killing and came here a few months later, marrying Gorman after a whirlwind courtship in August, 1921.

## Special New York Issue

THE special New York-Gitlow-Campaign issue of the DAILY WORKER will be dated September 4th and will be on hand Friday morning, September 5th, in the Jimmie Higgins Book Shop, 127 University Place.

Every reader of the DAILY WORKER should call at the book shop for a bundle at 2c a copy, to help boost the New York campaign and particularly the meeting of Comrade Gitlow, our vice-presidential candidate. The entire front page of this issue will consist of special New York matter.

## Boston Store Is Goose-Step Aid

### BUSINESS MEN, MILITARISTS IN 'DEFENSE' MOVE

#### Day Is Compared to War Time Call

That the big business interests are the ones who are really behind the drive for Mobilization Day on September 12, is evidenced by a circular, posted in the Boston Store, one of the biggest of the State Street Department Stores, which has just reached the DAILY WORKER.

The Boston Store circular, posted in all parts of the big establishment, reads:

"In the year 1916 you were called to Arms for a Preparedness Day. In 1917, you were called to Arms for War. On both occasions the employees of this store responded in number, demonstrating their patriotic spirit."

The circular continues: "ON SEPTEMBER 12th, 1924, YOU WILL BE CALLED TO ARMS FOR A DEFENSE DAY DETAIL."

#### Free Lunch For Patriots

The employees of the store will form on Dearborn Street at 11:30 a. m. on the morning of September 12 and will march to Grant Park, where a luncheon will be served free of charge. (Who is paying for these free lunches?)

That this is not an isolated instance of Big Business backing this mobilization maneuver can be seen in the preparations being made for "Der Tag" in Woodlawn. The Woodlawn Business Men's Association is running the patriotic show there, fireworks and all.

At the state convention of the Illinois American Legion unit, at Champaign, Defense Day was also endorsed after Gen. Charles N. Martin, assistant Chief of Staff of the United States Army denied that the day was in any way a militarist move.

#### Hale Gives it Away

Unfortunately for the soundness of this statement, Maj. Gen. Harry C. Hale, commanding officer of the sixth army corps area, in an address before a luncheon held by the Rotary Club at the Sherman hotel here, spilled the beans by saying: "Let America show its patriotism on September 12. Let's give the world the word of how we stand."

Defense Day is intended to show "the world"—that is, the imperialists of other nations,—that the United States is ready at a moment's notice to defend the profits and investments of its capitalists in any country, on any sea, in any island.

#### Oregon to Speak

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 2.—The Mexican Congress convened today to hear a message from President Obregon before it goes into session as an electoral college to proclaim the next president of the republic, Calles.

## YOUNG WORKERS LEAGUE TO HAVE CELEBRATIONS ON INTERNATIONAL YOUTH DAY IN ALL LARGE CITIES

On September 7th, International Youth Day, the young workers of all lands will hold mass demonstrations. In America every city and town will have its meetings and demonstrations under the auspices of the Young Workers League of America together with the co-operation of the Workers Party. A few of the meetings and speakers are as follows:

Chicago, Northwest Hall—Speakers, J. Williamson, Earl Browder and

J. Louis Engdahl.

New York City—Speakers, J. Stachel, S. Darcy and William W. Weinstein.

Detroit, Mich.—Speaker, John Edwards.

Springfield, Ill.—Speaker, Oliver Carlson.

Milwaukee, Wis.—Speaker, John Williamson (afternoon at 3 o'clock).

Boston, Mass.—Speaker, Max Salzman.

Dillonvale, Ohio—Speaker, Max Shachtman.

St. Louis, Mo.—Speakers, Barney Mass and T. J. O'Flaherty.

South Bend, Ind.—Speaker, Peter Herd.

Editor's Note.—The International Youth Day Proclamation appears today on page six

## SEYMOUR G. PARKER WILL BE MORGAN'S BILL COLLECTOR IN EUROPE

PARIS, Sept. 3.—Seymour Parker Gilbert of Washington, D. C., has accepted the post of reparation agent general in Germany under the Dawes plan, and will succeed Owen Young, who is occupying the office temporarily.

## ILLINOIS MINE, EMPLOYING 190, NOW CLOSED UP

### Other Industries Also Increase Jobless

(Special to The Daily Worker)

MURPHYSBORO, Ill., Sept. 3.—

The Mine No. 9 of the Consolidated Coal company, employing 190 men, shut down yesterday, adding further to the acute industrial depression in this town. The No. 9 Mine has been threatening to suspend for some days, the Murphysboro paper vainly trying to keep the people fooled into thinking the mine was going to continue operation thru the winter. Just three days ago this business men's paper came out with a front page headline, "Mine No. 9 may be working all winter." However this is small comfort for the workers now that the mine has actually closed down for the winter at least.

#### Bad Conditions Everywhere.

The Mobile and Ohio railroad car shops have been laying off men in Murphysboro, 138 being laid off a few weeks ago. The other industry of the town, the Brown shoe company, while it is working part of its force, hires only young girls, paying them \$9.00 per week.

Business conditions are bad. The only mines working are the Blair No. 3 mine, employing ten men, the Utility mine, employing sixty men, which works three days, and the No. 10 mine of the Consolidated, employing 70 men which works three days per week.

#### Insurance Companies Relieved.

GIJON, Sept. 3.—Fire broke out today on the Spanish cruiser Victoire Eugene, but was controlled after a struggle.

## SERIOUS CHARGE IS PREFERRED AGAINST U. S. ARMY PRIVATE

MANILA, Sept. 3.—Frank Cola, a private of the 31st Infantry, of Polish-Mexican descent, was arrested by military authorities this afternoon and charged with the attempted sale of a confidential map of a United States army fortification. Authorities say that Cola wanted \$500,000 for the map.

#### Walk Off With Church Bell.

LOGANSPORT, Ind., Sept. 3.—A hundred-dollar reward was offered for the capture of the thieves who made off with the 300-pound bell from the steeple of the Eel River chapel, near here.

#### Auto Wreck Injures Twelve.

DAVENPORT, Ia., Sept. 3.—Twelve persons were recovering from injuries sustained when the auto truck in which they were riding skidded and overturned four miles north of here.

## PROGRESSIVE MINERS PICK STATE TICKET

### Hindmarsh Will Oppose Farrington

(Special to The Daily Worker)

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 3.—Following directly upon the heels of Frank Farrington's announcement that he would run for re-election as president of District 12, of the United Mine Workers of America, comes the news of an opposition slate by the progressive element within the union.

Hindmarsh vs. Farrington.

Running against Farrington for the presidency of the district is his opponent in the last election, John Hindmarsh, of Riverton, Illinois, one of the most outstanding progressive figures in the state.

Discontent with the Farrington-Fishwick regime has been rising high over since the open alliance against all progressive measures that was made between the district president and the international president, John L. Lewis. The rank and file of the miners in District 12 are aroused over Farrington's growing concern over the welfare of the miners but of the coal operators; his bitter fight against the Farmer-Labor Party movement; his failure to do anything to fight against the terrible scourge of unemployment, and his general reactionary record.

#### PROGRESSIVE DISTRICT TICKET.

The slate of the progressive miners for the entire district ticket is as follows:

For president, John Hindmarsh, Local 754, Riverton, Ill.

For vice president, E. B. Hewlett, Local 303, Orient, Ill.

For secretary, Louis Contaurianx, Local 303, rient, Ill.

For auditor, Jack Gartshore, Local Virden, Ill.

For auditor, Dick Swift, Local 3613, Valier, Ill.

For auditor, Andy Young, Local 705, O'Fallon, Ill.

For special accountant, Joe Angelo, Local 413, Springfield, Ill.

For legislative committees, Tony Shrage, Local 3192, Johnston City, Ill., and Bert Gerger, Local 413, Springfield, Ill.

For international board member, T. C. Mason, Local 303, Orient, Ill.

#### SUB-DISTRICT TICKET.

Besides the district slate, the West Frankfort sub-district of the Illinois miners' union, will also have a slate of the progressive element. It is as follows:

For president, Henry Corbishley, Local 992, Ziegler, Ill.

For vice president, Ross White, Local 3160, Sesser, Ill.

For secretary, Frank Johnson, Local 2376, Christopher, Ill.

For legal adviser, Charles R. Slade, Local 3160, Sesser, Ill.

For sub-district board members: Tom Connors, Local 303, Orient, Ill.; Stanley Miller, Local 303, Orient, Ill.

James McCollum, Local 959, West Frankfort, Ill.

Adrien Delforge, Local 959, West Frankfort, Ill.

Emil Handgand, Local 959, West Frankfort, Ill.

For auditors: Mike Benco, Local 3613, Valier, Ill.; Joe Hardy, Local 303, Orient, Ill.; Matt Cernovich, Local 992, Ziegler, Illinois.

"This is really the fight of Margaret Haley, business agent for the Teachers' Federation, and the Federation of Labor to take the administration of the schools away from the superintendent and the board of education," said Mr. Moderwell.

The platoon system has been branded by organized labor bodies as meaning "a revival of the ancient caste system, the sidetracking of children of men and women with small incomes to the factory door, the brand of inferiority upon productive workers, a false economy, harmful to the entire nation and other detrimental results." The platoon and the junior high school systems, it is charged, are designed to facilitate classification of pupils into standard groups.

The overcrowding and under-equipment of school buildings, which Superintendent McAndrew reveals in his report, is due to nothing but the illegal tax evasion practiced by the rich, which is robbing children of the poor of their rightful educational opportunities, Chicago labor bodies claim.

## Dawes Still Silent

NOT only the DAILY WORKER, but all Chicago daily newspapers, have been trying for days to get a statement from Charles Gates Dawes, the republican candidate for vice-president, on the outbreak of the Ku Klux Klan at Herrin, Illinois. But he refuses to talk.

Yesterday the DAILY WORKER again got the Dawes' residence in Evanston, on the phone, but again the reply came:

"Mr. Dawes will not talk to any newspapers. He doesn't want to talk to the newspapers. He won't discuss the Herrin matter."

No direct quotation of Dawes' views on the murderous outbreak of the Ku Klux Klan in Williamson County has yet appeared.

One week before the outbreak at Herrin, Dawes endorsed the activities of the Williamson County Ku Klux Klan.

Now he is silent.

It is a confession that he feels himself a guilty partner to the blood-spilling, the first victim of which was a union coal miner, member of the United Mine Workers of America.

## OPPOSITION TO JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOLS GROWS

### Parents in Injunction Writ Plea

In spite of bitter opposition on the part of parents whose children are to be transferred to other and crowded schools so that the Harper school, 6520 S. Wood St., may be transformed into a Junior High school—an opposition which has the backing of the organized labor bodies of Chicago—officials of the Board of Education, with the help of police, yesterday organized the classes of the Harper school on the basis of the Junior high school system.

Hearing on the writ of injunction obtained by parents to prevent the transfer of their children was postponed until Friday morning.

Charles M. Moderwell, president of the board of education, yesterday opened fire on the Chicago Teachers' Federation, which he opposes both for its attempts to unionize Chicago teachers and for the consistent fight which it has waged against the introduction of the platoon and junior high school systems. At the same time Superintendent McAndrew, in his annual report, fired a few skirmish shots into the camp of the organized teachers, whom he characterized as a "disloyal and undisciplined minority."

With the disturbance attending the opening of the schools, the long-continued fight of the Chicago Teachers' Federation and of other organized labor bodies, against the introduction of the platoon system into the schools of Chicago is expected to come to a head.

"This is really the fight of Margaret Haley, business agent for the Teachers' Federation, and the Federation of Labor to take the administration of the schools away from the superintendent and the board of education," said Mr. Moderwell.

The platoon system has been branded by organized labor bodies as meaning "a revival of the ancient caste system, the sidetracking of children of men and women with small incomes to the factory door, the brand of inferiority upon productive workers, a false economy, harmful to the entire nation and other detrimental results." The platoon and the junior high school systems, it is charged, are designed to facilitate classification of pupils into standard groups.

The overcrowding and under-equipment of school buildings, which Superintendent McAndrew reveals in his report, is due to nothing but the illegal tax evasion practiced by the rich, which is robbing children of the poor of their rightful educational opportunities, Chicago labor bodies claim.

## KANSAS CITY FOSTER MEET BIG SUCCESS

### LaFollette Man Joins Workers Party

(Special to The Daily Worker.)

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 3.—William Z. Foster addressed a packed hall filled with enthusiastic workers on Labor Day. In spite of the sabotage of the fakers and the widely advertised radio speech of Bluffing Bob, the Communists filled to capacity the same hall that the LaFollette committee had been unable to half fill for their national speakers.

Comrade Foster was in fine fettle. He was welcomed by a cyclone of applause that made the two seedy finks jump and look round in bewilderment. He dismissed Cal and Morgan's slay briefly, then shed his coat and went after Bob.

#### Bob Is Squashed.

He analyzed without mercy his record and his program and contrasted both at every point with that of the Workers Party. He spoke at length and was followed attentively by the crowd. Not a single worker left the hall; indeed, they were reluctant to leave at the end and stayed to get petition blanks to put the Communist ticket on the ballot. Foster gravely warned his audience that he was not sure of his election this year, but invited them to work for that fast-neering day when the Communists will rule America.

#### Bob's Man Joins Party.

Among the applicants to join the Workers Party was a member of the LaFollette State Committee. This brother was disgusted by the hard-boiled attitude of Nelson, LaFollette's boss, who ordered the State Committee to purge itself of its trade union elements and "represent all classes." We welcome him to the fight against open enemies and treacherous allies.

#### The Klan Inquest.

HERRIN, Ill., Sept. 3.—In a court room where two squads of state militiamen were standing guard with bayonets fixed, Coroner McGowan today open the inquest into the deaths of six persons in the rioting here Saturday.

#### When the inquest opened, quiet, which seemed almost ominous, prevailed.

Less than 20 persons were in the court room. Sheriff Galligan and his deputies had failed to appear.

The absence of Galligan was explained by Capt. Bigelow, commanding the militia detail here, who said he would remain at Marion in the hope of averting trouble.

The inquest, which had been heralded as a probable producer not only of an armed clash, but of sensational testimony, passed without special incident. The Klan and its sympathizers were left in unopposed command and they gave their various versions of Saturday's disorders. These showed wide discrepancies, due, it is believed, to the fact that an accurate version of the entire affair is probably unknown.

#### Interest is growing in the membership meeting of the Young Workers League of Chicago, at which decisions of the last congress of the Young Communist International will be reported upon by Oliver Carlson, for two years a member of the executive committee of the youth international.

The meeting will be held tonight, Thursday, at 722 Blue Island Ave., 8 p. m., and admission will be by Y. W. L. membership card only. Party members are invited, but they also must present their red cards.

All other meetings of the branches of the league have been called off for tonight, and the membership has been notified to attend.

## DELOS DUTY SLIPS KLAN HOOD ON LEN

### Len Seems to Think Headgear Fits Him

Governor Len Small has not yet deigned to make a reply to the charge of States Attorney Delos Duty, of Williamson County, that Mr. Small is in his opinion a member of the Ku Klux Klan.

Small was in this city two days ago conferring with William Hale Thompson, former mayor of Chicago, who is now at loggerheads with Small because the latter has picked Fred Lundin as his representative in Cook County.

#### Governor Fears Thompson.

The governor is afraid that Thompson's hostility may cost him thousands of votes in Cook county. He also knows that if he chooses Thompson the Lundin gang will give him the absent treatment on election.

Such is the dilemma in which the crooked politician finds himself. Small has not yet made it clear whether he is a klanman or not. But State's Attorney Delos Duty of Williamson county declares that to the best of his belief Small is a Kluxer. Duty ought to know what he is talking about. He is a capitalist politician. It is an old saying that "when thieves fall out honest men get their due." Whether they do or not, they get a lot of good information.

#### Has LaFollette Aid.

Small is supported by the LaFollette crowd for governor. LaFollette attacked the Klan in order to gather in the anti-Klan vote, knowing that the hooded ballots would be cast in all probability for Coolidge. Small does not want to lose the Klan vote by denouncing the white-robed night prowlers. And he does not want to lose the anti-Klan vote by making public knowledge of his Klan affiliations.

This is the position the double-faced capitalist politician, Len Small, is in. This is the man who is supported for the governorship by Robert Marion LaFollette, the man who proposes to clean out the Augean stables in Washington.

What a collection of fakers and political false alarms!

The atrocities perpetrated on the workers of Illinois by the hooded order acting under the orders of the coal operators and other capitalists do not bother Mr. Small. Neither do they trouble the sleep of Frank Farrington, president of the United Mine Workers of Illinois.

Small's only concern is getting elected to office, so that he can have his fingers on the spools.

#### Wouldn't Be Surprising.

The workers of Illinois who know Small would not be surprised to learn that he is a member of the Ku Klux Klan. The miners of Williamson County who are the targets for the bullets of the Ku Klux Klan are particularly interested. And until Small proves that Delos Duty's charge is baseless the workers will have no option but to come to the conclusion that Len Small, the so-called "friend of labor," is a member of the hooded order.

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## YOUNG WORKERS LEAGUE MEMBERS! ATTEND YOUR MEETING HERE TONIGHT

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# SMALL HIRING UNION MINERS AT SCAB WAGES

## Jobless Diggers Forced Into Convict Labor

By KARL REEVE. (Staff Writer, Daily Worker) CHRISTOPHER, Ill., Sept. 3.—Thousands of miners in this part of the state are forced to work like convicts, making cement roads at the scab wages of from 35 to 45 cents an hour, for Governor Small, who is busy trying to make good his name as the "Good Roads Governor."

At the same time Small, who has been endorsed by Frank Farrington, president of the Illinois Miners' Union, is also making good his name as a labor hater by putting the miners to work at convict wages. He exploits the road-making here because he can draw a cheap labor supply from the idle miners.

Miners Cursing Small. Everywhere I go I find the miners cursing Len Small for the paltry non-union wages he hands out, and cursing Frank Farrington for endorsing Len Small for governor in the coming November elections.

Governor Small, in a recent visit to Palsu, Macoupin County, Illinois, where he was electioneering for reelection, outlined his policies at a fish fry. The anti-union governor's address, like all his campaign speeches, was devoted largely to the subject of road improvement. "It will be my aim, if re-elected, to continue the building of hard roads until all towns in the state are connected by cement roads," said Small.

We do not know what arrangement Small has with the cement manufacturers, or with the hard-road contractors, but we do know that Small's road-building is no benefactor to the miners of Southern Illinois.

Miner Finds Work Terrible. "I worked for a few days on state road construction at Albion," Ralph Lawler, a miner, told me. "And I almost died working in the hot sun in the cement. I received for my pay two dollars a day and board. This is convict wages for convict work. I had to quit in a few days. I am used to the hardest work in the mines, but if I can't get a union wage, I guess I'll stay out of a job until the mines open up again." Albion is in Edwards County, northeast of here, and Lawler worked on the hard road being built from Albion to Grayville. He worked in a crew which worked from Carmel towards Grayville.

John Carrigan, of Carriers Mills, is another unemployed miner who took work on the hard road which has just been built running from Harrisburg to Marion. "This road," Carrigan said, "is being built under Len Small's guidance. It is a state road. They build them as cheaply as possible. A good cement road is supposed to last around 15 years, but if this one lasts five, it will be surprising. There is a high proportion of gravel mixed with the cement. Gravel, you know, is cheaper than cement."

Miners Forced by Unemployment. "The work is killing. It is extremely hot in the summer in this part of the state, so hot that gardens and corn crops dry up. But there we were, several hundred miners who had not been able to get a job for months, forced to starve or work like convicts for forty cents an hour."

When I was in Diyonon, Tom Parry told me "The only work available around here now is on the state road at the edge of the town. This is hard work for the miners, who are not used to the sun. Besides that, they are forced to do non-union work which they detest, and are forced to work hard for ten or more hours a day at the paltry wage of 40 cents an hour. Some of the men work only a few days or a week and quit. Others, whose plight is more desperate, stick it out rather than starve."

Endorsed by Farrington Anyway. "I cannot see how any miner can possibly sanction Farrington's endorsement of Len Small for re-election when Small has been classed as unfair to organized labor by his home town, and when he is paying the miners such poor wages for the hard work of road building."

Farrington gives the excuse that some mysterious promises have been made by Small relative to some obscure and indefinite legislation in Springfield. Meanwhile, Small is making a poor start for the labor vote by his non-union road building. And Frank Farrington is treading on dangerous ground when he endorses the employer of scab labor.

Fare Thee Well, Luis. WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—The labor department has ordered action looking to the deportation of Luis Firpo, Argentine fist fighter.

Panama Can Now Get Sick. PANAMA CITY, Sept. 3.—The San to Tomas hospital, biggest in Central America, was inaugurated today by President Porras.

# LEOPOLD TO SEARCH ANSWER TO RIDDLES IN THE HEREAFTER

It appears that the prospect of death isn't phazing Nathan Leopold for one minute, if the interviews he is handing out to the capitalist papers can be taken as a basis. If he is to wear the rope necktie, he proposes that he will carry out his search for knowledge in the hereafter.

Of course, the slight detail about there not being any hereafter doesn't concern Leopold, but close observers maintain that it is the slight details that have always got Nate into devilish holes. For example, there was the detail of leaving his specs behind him. Unfortunately, that a detail nevertheless.

Leopold intends to find out what the experiences of the human being are after death and whether or not the intellectual or the spiritual is the dominant note in the sweet by and by. Among the other amusing things he intends to do is to find out what happiness is. Every one is wishing him the best of luck.

# CHICAGO KOSHER BUTCHER STRIKE REPORTS GAINS

## Third Day of Strike Brings Settlements

On the third day of the strike of the kosher butchers of Chicago, the strikers report progress. Sixteen stores have settled with the union. One hundred stores are still out.

The men are out on strike for an increase of \$5 a week in their wages and for a reduction of one-half hour each day in their hours of work. At present the kosher butchers receive \$35, and they work from 60 to 70 hours a week.

Work Long Hours. The men work from seven in the morning until five in the evening, except on Thursdays, Saturdays and Sundays. On Thursday they work until 11 p. m., and on Saturday, their day off, they do not have a full holiday. They must report to work at six in the evening and work until 11 and 12 o'clock that night. On Sunday they work a half day.

The gentle butchers have regular hours of work every day; on Saturdays they work until 9 p. m., and there's no work on Sunday at all. The kosher butchers realize that they have to contend with a condition in their shops which makes it necessary for the stores to keep open late on Thursday and Saturday nights, but they know they can meet this situation by coming in a half hour later in the morning without any loss in trade whatever.

There are about 400 kosher meat shops in the city of Chicago. Out of that number from 125 to 150 employ help. Most of those stores only employ one man, a very small percentage two at the very most.

Organize Picket Line. Today will be their second day on the picket line. Yesterday some of the bosses made an attempt to get strikebreakers, but without success.

When asked his opinion on the outlook of the strike, Martin Sabin of the Butchers' Union, Local 596, told the DAILY WORKER reporter that he felt confident that the strike would soon be won.

The Kosher Butchers' Union of Chicago, Local 596, is affiliated with the Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen of North America.

So He Announces. MADRID, Sept. 3.—The military situation in the stern part of the Moroccan battle front, where the Spaniards have been meeting with reverses, is much improved, General Primo de Rivera announced today.

Six Swim Safely Shoreward. HONOLULU, Sept. 3.—Governor Wallace Farrington said five companions swam to safety here after a narrow escape from drowning when the motorboat Sea Scout, in which they were fishing, hit an offshore shoal of rocks and went to pieces.

Endorsed by Farrington Anyway. "I cannot see how any miner can possibly sanction Farrington's endorsement of Len Small for re-election when Small has been classed as unfair to organized labor by his home town, and when he is paying the miners such poor wages for the hard work of road building."

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# RUM DIBKS KEEP MITTS OFF THE PRINCE'S PARTY

## Bootlegger's Army Is Good Bodyguard

By Ye Society Editors. LONG ISLAND, New York, Sept. 3.—(In the Prince of Wales' Entourage.)—The prince rose late today. Small wonder. If you were as drunk as the prince was last night you would not wake up this side of the day of judgment.

Whatever else may be said for the prince he can take his liquor. This accounts for much of his popularity in Scotland tho it does not account for his unpopularity in Ireland. When he visits Scotland the prince takes along a movable distillery. He never visits the Emerald Isle, but if he ever decides to kiss the Blarney stone we suggest an armored car or an airplane capable of staying above the clouds.

Opens One Eye. But to get along with the story. It was ten minutes to twelve when the prince opened one of his lids. When the announcement was made to a waiting army of females that His Royal Highness was about to resume operations, there was a rush for perfume bottles. You never saw such a variety of perfumes in your life. There is everything from Old Crow to Jamaica Ginger.

One advantage of traveling with the prince is that it guarantees immunity from raids by prohibition agents. So formidable is the army of bootleggers that hangs around the prince's quarters that it would take the Ku Klux Klan to make them drop their bottles. When informed that Ramsay MacDonald was on his way to Geneva, the prince said, "Mac is a good scout, but he doesn't dance."

"But he is a confounded Bolshevik," remarked a capitalist reporter. Has Jolly Time. The prince smiled. "If he is, so is your Morgan," was the reply. "We are having a jolly time in Old England. But we are afraid of the Communists. However, let us drink and dance and be happy while we may."

This made quite a hit with the crowd. The prince danced last night until 2 o'clock at the home of Henry R. Winthrop. It being rather early for the prince to retire, he went over to the Astor home and danced until the sun's rays made the brilliant artificial light look almost as sick as the prince.

It is felt by everybody that the worst is yet to come. A good time is being had by the prince. The Workers' Party is now in the midst of a great political election struggle. Proofs of this can be seen in the enthusiastic and successful meetings now being addressed by its vice-presidential candidate, Benjamin Gitlow, in his first Eastern tour.

Comrade Gitlow, starting from New York, has held meetings in Trenton, N. J., Richmond, Va., Washington, D. C., Reading, Pa., Scranton, Pa., Birmingham, N. Y., Buffalo, N. Y., and Rochester, N. Y. Rochester Meet Successful. At the Rochester meeting just held, a large and extremely interested audience was present, in spite of the fact that the meeting took place on a Saturday night. The large audience loudly applauded the bitter arraignment by Gitlow of the old party candidates and LaFollette. When Gitlow denounced the candidates of the republican and democratic parties as anti-labor, he was applauded. When he included LaFollette as being anti-labor, the audience cheered.

Many former socialists were present, and by their applause indicated that they stand solidly behind the Communist candidates and program. They, especially, were loud applauders of the denunciation of LaFollette. Gitlow's exposure of the Dawes plan and his arraignment of the fake pacifist democratic Bryan brought forth hearty and prolonged applause. It was generally conceded that the Gitlow meeting was one of the most successful ever held in Rochester and will have an extremely beneficial effect upon the Workers Party in the future. New members were taken in, finances were raised and the influence of the party was extended.

Miners Greet Gitlow. On the following day Gitlow spoke at Daisytown, Pa., on an open air picnic, held under the auspices of the Finnish branch of the Workers Party. Hundreds of miners and their families from surrounding localities were there. They gave an enthusiastic reception to our Communist candidate and the party program.

Comrade Gitlow, on this tour, is experiencing all the trials and tribulations of a working class political campaigner. To make many of these meetings, he has to resort to various methods of conveyance, not having at his disposal a private Pullman as have the candidates of the old parties. Comrade Gitlow states that he is well compensated for all the drawbacks by the results of seeing our party participate in this great struggle.

As a result of Gitlow's present Eastern tour, the entire party in that section will be drawn more and more into the struggle to a degree that would not otherwise be possible. At other points on his itinerary great preparations are being made, especially at Cleveland, Ohio. On Sunday evening, September 7, at Bricklayers Hall, East 21st Street and Prospect Ave., Cleveland, a large audience is expected and tremendous efforts are being put forth to make this the most successful meeting in a long time. Thousands of leaflets, throwaways and tickets have been printed and widely distributed, so as to make the Cleveland meeting a fitting answer to the recent convention of the C. P. P. A. and the present attempts of the so-called labor "leaders" who would mislead the workers and trade unionists of Cleveland into the camp of LaFollette.

New Oil Investigation. WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—A new oil investigation, the exact nature of which was not disclosed, was started today by the federal grand jury, under the direction of Atlee Pomerene and Owen J. Roberts, the government's special oil counsel.

To Celebrate Pushkin Anniversary. The first session of the newly elected Executive Committee of the Russian children's schools was held last Sunday. It was decided to arrange a literary evening in honor of the 125th anniversary of the birth of the famous Russian poet Alexander Pushkin. All schools participate in the affair.

Caught at Last. DUBUQUE, Ia., Sept. 3.—With Merrill Hammond, 20, in jail today, police believe that they have the person who committed a series of robberies here in the last six weeks. Hammond, it is said, confessed to breaking into two business houses.

# PAXTON HIBBEN NOW IN HERESY INQUIRY FOR SOVIET AMITY

(Special to The Daily Worker) NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—Captain Paxton Hibben, noted liberal, and officer in the U. S. Reserve Corps, is now the subject of an inquiry by the United States Army because of his alleged "bolshhevik" views.

Hibben is well known for his friendliness to the Russian Soviet Republic and for his activities on behalf of relief during the famine a short time ago. His frequent statements on behalf of the workers' republic, are the basis of the charges against him.

Altho Brig. Gen. William Barclay Parsons, president of the Board of Inquiry, has invited Capt. Hibben to take the stand and talk over his beliefs and connections with the board members. Hibben has refused, demanding that the derogatory evidence be presented first.

The only evidence yet given has been that of a reporter on a New Jersey paper who told of Hibben's assailing America's imperialist policies in Central America and its war preparations on Defense Day.

# GITLOW MEETING WITH SUCCESSES IN EASTERN TOUR

## Speaks in Cleveland on September 7th

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# Morgan Hunts More U. S. Suckers to Buy the Bonds of Belgium

By J. LOUIS ENGBAHL. TODAY, the House of Morgan puts upon the market, for sale, \$30,000,000 in gold bonds of the Kingdom of Belgium.

Belgium, like all the other European contenders in the recent war, needs money. It needs it badly. So it calls on the favorite financial agent of bankrupt Western European capitalism, Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan, and all his financial connections, to come to its aid.

The DAILY WORKER carries no financial department. It does not offer investment advice to investors. But in this instance we would advise that workers, if there are any so blind as to plan buying any of the Belgian bonds, DON'T DO IT! Not a cent for the bonds of Morgan. Not a cent for preparation for the next Morgan war that will be fought, like the last, to protect Morgan's bonds in Europe.

The House of Morgan makes its Belgian offer a very attractive one to the small investor. Evidently Mr. Morgan doesn't expect workers to bite on his offer; the bonds are in denomination of \$1,000 and 500.

But the King of Belgium is in a bad way financially. He is only asking 94 cents on the dollar, and he is offering 7 per cent interest. It is promised that there will be no taxes against these bonds, now or in the future. Morgan is very loose with his promises of what is going to happen in the future.

It is not planned to use the returns from this loan to build for anything that will better the life of the Belgian masses. This loan is being floated by Morgan to aid Belgian capitalism pay off two other loans, about \$27,000,000 in gold and treasury notes due on January 1, 1925. Since the new loan is being floated at 94 cents on the dollar, it will take the \$30,000,000 to pay off the \$27,000,000. In other words, Belgium, under the guidance of Mr. Morgan slips still further into debt.

In big advertisements, Mr. Morgan tells American investors that the workers in Belgium are faithfully on the job again, that "the output of the metallurgical, textile and glass industries, Belgium's chief industries, has attained or surpassed the pre-war level."

Incidentally the publicity also points out that Belgium's external debt at the present time totals the enormous sum, for such a small country, of \$451,000,000, which does not include the \$171,780,000 "advanced" (Mr. Morgan does not say "loaned") by the United States government before the armistice, and on which no interest has yet been paid.

Mr. Morgan no doubt thinks that as long as he can prevent his office boys at Washington, Coolidge, Mellon and Hughes, demanding payment on Belgium's war debt to the United States, and as long as the Belgian workers stick on the job working for Belgian capitalism, just so long will it be possible for him to keep on floating new loans for the "Kingdom of Belgium" in this country, to the usual army of suckers always to be found among small investors.

But the Communist movement is growing in strength in Belgium; just as it is growing thruout all Western Europe. There will come a time when the Belgian workers will refuse longer to pay interest on debts owing to or floated by the House of Morgan. Those workers, won for Communism, will refuse to force the German workers, under the Dawes plan, to furnish reparations gold to the Belgian capitalist government, in order that it may pay its debts to Morgan.

And there will be an echo of this growing Communist strength in Western Europe, in an increasingly rapid drift to Communism in the United States also. The cry will go up, over the nations, "Repudiate all debts to Morgan!"

And one of the backers of Morgan's new loan to Belgium is the Central Trust Company of Illinois, the head of which is none other than Charles Gates Dawes, the republican vice presidential candidate. Dawes, with Coolidge, expects to head another Morgan government at Washington after the next elections.

The workers of the United States, in this campaign, therefore, can best show their solidarity with awakening labor in Belgium, Germany and the other Western European nations, by raising the additional slogan of "Down with Morgan's Government!" "Down with the Fascisti Rule of Coolidge and Dawes."

Labor must work instead to advance the interests and build the strength of the Communist Campaign. It must rally with greater determination than ever in support of the Workers Party candidates: William Z. Foster, for president, and Benjamin Gitlow, for vice president.

Morgan's bonds tighten the chains of wage slavery more securely upon the limbs of American labor. Break those chains by strengthening the American section of the worldwide Communist movement.

# MIKADO REPLIES TO THREAT IN U. S. "DEFENSE" TEST

(Special to The Daily Worker) TOKYO, Sept. 3.—Japan will have its "Mobilization Day" during the first week in November, two months after the United States government has its "Mobilization Day."

The Japanese, however, are only going to mobilize 80,000 picked troops, whereas the United States intends to mobilize the entire nation. "Defense" is the excuse in both cases.

The Prince Regent of Japan will superintend military maneuvers in which 80,000 troops will participate, with all the latest type of armament and equipment. Airplanes and anti-airplanes as a means of defense will be emphasized.

The present situation in China is causing considerable uneasiness in Japan. It is feared that the great

# DAILY WORKER CAMPAIGN ISSUE WENT OVER TOP

## Next One Coming with Three League Boots

The special Communist campaign edition of the DAILY WORKER went over big. The success of our first campaign issue has enthused the party's active workers as nothing else has done since the daily was established.

Prominent party leaders were loud in their praise of it. Comrade Foster wired his congratulations from Kansas City. "The Special Campaign Issue is a splendid production," said Foster. "It contains a mass of material that will be invaluable during the campaign and afterwards. The success of our first special campaign issue should inspire our members to make the next one a still greater success."

What the Workers Think. Joseph Manley, Workers Party campaign manager, who spoke in Ziegler, Ill., on Labor Day to a great open air meeting, declared: "Of course, I think the DAILY WORKER special campaign edition was great, but I was interested in getting the views of the Ziegler miners on it. They were positively enthused over it. They asked me when would the next special come out, and promised to double their order."

Benjamin Gitlow wired that he is having rousing meetings and that the DAILY WORKER special contains enough political dynamite to blow Davis, Coolidge and LaFollette into "relativity." "After the tumult and the shouting" incidental to a campaign in which the capitalists are able to spend millions to create confusion dies away, the results of the propaganda now spread by the DAILY WORKER can be properly measured, said Gitlow.

Best Yet to Come. Last Saturday's special campaign issue of the DAILY WORKER is only the first of a series to be issued until the ballots are counted in November. A constant flood of Communist propaganda will counteract the flood of capitalist propaganda that pours from the gushers of the master class.

Now is the time to get ready for the next special issue. This is a campaign and every member of the party must be on his toes until the battle is over. During this fight we should be able to add thousands of members to the ranks of the party and bring in thousands of subscribers. The special issues will help toward this end.

While the socialists have allowed themselves to be swallowed in the LaFollette quagmire, the Workers (Communist) Party is going ahead laying the basis for a powerful mass revolutionary party.

Get ready for the Second Communist Campaign Edition of the DAILY WORKER!

# BERGER LICKED BY LA FOLLETTE IN G. O. P. PRIMARY

(Special to the DAILY WORKER)

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Sept. 3.—Victor Berger, leader of the Wisconsin socialists, received a severe drubbing at the hands of his friend, Robert Marion LaFollette, which may prove a warning to Victor to keep his hands and his tongue off the republican primaries in the future.

The situation is a complicated one, and Victor's "revolving" head was revolting worse than usual, when he decided to enter the republican primaries to take a wallop at Governor Blaine, who had the backing of "Fightin' Bob."

Blaine Gets the Votes. The result of the unequal contest between the republican-socialist and the social-democratic socialist is that Blaine has romped home with the bacon, while Berger is left with a taste of garlic in his mouth.

Blaine won out in the primaries, and Lieutenant Governor Comings, the socialist favorite, made such a poor showing that he may join the socialist party for consolation.

Bore, Berger, Bore! His political backers are now blaming Berger for going into the republican primaries. But Berger retorts that the socialists have already joined the republican party in Wisconsin, and why should they not assume their political responsibilities? LaFollette is boring from within the G. O. P., so why should not Berger try to bore LaFollette?

Still Looking for Yacht. A hydroplane today had been added to the variety of craft searching Lake Michigan for a trace of the Gem, 42-foot yacht, with its owner, H. D. Moreland, wealthy local contractor, and his two sons aboard, which has been missing since Monday.

Livy Rediscovered. NAPLES, Sept. 3.—Father Bellucci, an authority on antiquarian affairs, today announced literary discoveries of Livy, Latin poet, in Castle Dell'ovo Santa Lucia, now a military barracks, but formerly a convent.

# FEELING AGAINST INJUNCTIONITES GROWS IN I. W. W.

## Rank and File Committee Lines Up

Indications of how the I. W. W. membership is reacting or may react to the splitting tactics of the Rowan-Bowerman "injunctionites" are shown by the action of a "Joint Investigating Committee" representing I. W. W. branches from several industrial unions, some from Portland, Ore., others from Butte, Mont., and some from Chicago.

These workers whose earnest desire for the unity of the I. W. W. had, some of them at least, arrived in Chicago strongly prejudiced in favor of the Rowan-Bowerman-Raddock faction.

Tendency in Northwest. Those from the northwest, where the heavier membership inclines the revolutionary thought of the I. W. W. to be proportionately watered with job unionist tendencies, showed distinct leanings to the injunctionites.

However, when their desire for unity prompted them to approach both sides with suggestions that if leaders of both factions would resign, agreement for unity could be had by calling in alternates for all resigning on both sides, their faith in the Rowan-Bowerman faction suffered a severe shock.

While the Doyle-Fisher administration agreed to this plan for unity, when Rowan, Griffith, McMurphy, Bowerman and the rest were approached, the peace makers received only non-committal, evasive answers and were given to understand that they were unwelcome. Bowerman even went so far as to say, according to reports: "I am going thru with this injunction even if it breaks up the I. W. W." Neutral and even friendly delegates from branches in the northwest were practically shown the door at splitters' headquarters, 2418 West Madison street.

Delegates Meet in Committee. Following this cool reception, a dozen delegates met as a "Joint Investigating Committee" and, while having no more standing than representatives of branches of part of the industrial unions, their decisions and votes are indicative of the tendencies within the general confusion. There was one delegate from the Agricultural Workers, three from the General Construction Workers, one from the Lumber Workers' Industrial Union, four from the Metal Miners, one from the Building Construction Workers and two from the Finnish Workers' Club, a rather political appendage to the "strictly industrial" I. W. W.

After considerable discussion and a somewhat infantile decision that they "go in a body and withdraw the injunction," a record vote was called for on the following motion: "That if Griffith, Rowan, Ryan, Bowerman, Trotter and Anderson do not withdraw the injunction, there shall be charges filed by this body against them as disrupters or the I. W. W."

Indications of Test Vote. The votes stood nine in favor, one against and two not voting. And here in this simple test vote, is shown the uncertainty of a permanent revolu-

# CLARA HAN HAS THE GOODS ON TWO MORE IN RONDOUT HOLDUP

Evidence obtained by the government officers against Wm. J. Fahy, postal inspector arrested as a conspirator in the \$2,000,000 Rondout mail train robbery, involved at least two other persons whose arrests will take place shortly.

This is the statement made last night by Chief Postal Inspector C. H. Claraham, of New York City, who directed the investigation which resulted in Fahy's arrest.

Fahy has been removed to Woodstock for fear that he would communicate with Ernest Fontana, one of the men charged with active participation in the train hold up and who occupied a cell at the Geneva jail.

tionary direction for the I. W. W. even though the most active element is largely though vaguely devoted to revolutionary ideas. In spite of all that had been experienced by these delegates, in spite of the fact that all were undoubtedly honest workers gravely concerned for the interest of the organization as a whole, in spite of the fact that they were more advantageously placed by reason of their being on the scene than are the great bulk of members, and in spite of the fact that the overwhelming majority approved the motion, the indecision and opposition of the minority is significant of a tendency throughout the whole I. W. W.

The delegation from the Metal Miners split, two in favor of the motion, one not voting and one not accounted for. Indecision showed in the non-voting of the one delegate from the Lumber Workers, the largest union of the I. W. W. The General Construction Workers' delegation also split, two in favor and one opposed to the motion.

When one calculates the fact that the delegates are drawn from the more active and more revolutionarily inclined members, this opposition and indecision represent a far wider proportion of non-revolutionary workers. Even tho a later meeting wiped out this resistance, still the mass of membership which is remote from the experience of these delegates, have not been turned into revolutionists any more than have their delegates by this single decision.

# WALES USES HIS FEET; HIS HEAD IS OUT OF WORK

SYOSSETT, N. Y., Sept. 3.—Edward Albert, Great Britain's jazz-loving prince, danced all night at the home of Devereaux Milburn, well-known polo player, at Wheatley Hills and returned to the James A. Burden estate, where he is living on Long Island, at six o'clock this morning, tired but serenely happy.

Eagle eyed newspaper men were mystified early today when they discovered that the prince had returned to the Burden home at six o'clock and numerous rumors of where and how he had spent the night were broadcast but not one knew just where he had been until members of his party, in explaining why he was sleeping so late, related that he fox-trotted until the wee sma' hours.

Subscribe for "Your Daily," the DAILY WORKER.

# CALL MEETING TO RATIFY WORKERS PARTY NOMINEES

## Hold Conclave Sunday, September 13

To all Workers Party Branches, Local Unions, Workmen's Circle Branches and other Fraternal and Workers' Organizations.

Dear Comrades—During the coming few years the workers of this country will be faced with enormous problems and difficulties, which will prove of decisive importance to the working class movement. Already, in spite of every effort of the ruling class, we see an enormous spread of unemployment throughout the country. In our own state of New York the total number of unemployed has been steadily increasing until it now numbers 200,000 more than a year ago. This condition is reflecting thruout the rest of the country. And this in spite of every attempt of the bosses to maintain "good times" until after the election.

With unemployment figures amounting into the millions, we can expect the united capitalists of the country to renew their open shop campaign, with the object of wiping out all semblance of organized labor in this country. The only force capable of avoiding such a situation is a government definitely committed to the interests of the working class as against the capitalists.

It is by this time a matter of fact known to all of the working class that both the democratic and republican parties are wholly controlled by the great financial and industrial interests of the country. The strikebreaker Coolidge, the open shopper Dawes, and the attorney of the House of Morgan, Davis, can no longer fool the workers with their planks, designed to catch the labor vote. They are incapable of defending the interests of the workers, for it is their job to at all times protect the interests of the bosses and bankers.

Large masses of workers look to the LaFollette "socialist" outfit, backed by the sugar king, Spreckels, and the former president of the National City Bank, Vanderlip, as a movement on the road to take over the government for the interests of the exploited masses. A study of the LaFollette record and the story of the betrayal of the Farmer-Labor Party by the socialists at the behest of LaFollette, who is the political leader of the small business men and rich farmers, will convince any workers that this outfit is opposed to the interests of the workers.

The only political party in this campaign representing the interests of the workers is the Workers Party. The Workers Party took the lead in the fight for a Farmer-Labor Party. Now that the LaFollette "socialist" outfit have betrayed the Farmer-Labor Party, the Workers Party will continue in the campaign for the formation of such a party.

The Workers Party calls upon the workers of this country to rally around the banner of the Workers Party, whose candidates are William Z. Foster for president and Ben Gitlow for vice president, both tried leaders of the oppressed masses of the country.

The Workers Party issues this call to all labor unions, fraternal organizations and all sympathetic organizations to attend the ratification meeting of our candidates which will be held on Sunday afternoon, Sept. 14, 1924, at 1 p. m. sharp, at Stuyvesant Casino, 142 Second Ave., New York, N. Y.

Fraternally yours,  
CHAS. KRUMBEIN,  
District Organizer, District No. 2,  
Workers Party.

# Our Candidates

- FOSTER'S DATES**
- Springfield, Ill.—Carpenter Hall, Adams and Seventh Sts., Thursday, September 4th, 8 p. m.
  - Elizabeth, N. J.—Turn Hall, 725 High St., Wednesday, September 10, 8 p. m.
  - Newark, N. J.—Labor Lyceum, 704 So. 14th St., Thursday, September 11, 8 p. m.
  - Philadelphia, Pa.—Musical Fund Hall, 8th and Locust Streets, Friday, September 12, 8 p. m.
  - Paterson, N. J.—Halvittia Hall, 56 Van Houton Street, Saturday, September 13, 8 p. m.

- GITLOW'S DATES**
- Comrade Gitlow, candidate for vice-president, will address meetings at the following places:
  - Warren, Ohio—Hippodrome Hall, High Street, Thursday, September 4, at 7:30 p. m.
  - Canton, Ohio—Canton Music Hall, 810 Tuscarawas St., E., Friday, September 5th, 8 p. m.
  - Akron, Ohio—Perkins School Auditorium, Exchange and Bowers Sts., Saturday, September 6th, 8 p. m.
  - Cleveland, Ohio—Bricklayer's Hall, E. 21st St. and Prospect Ave., Sunday, September 7th at 7:30 p. m.
  - New York City—Central Opera House, Tuesday, Sept. 9, at 8 p. m.
  - West New York, N. J.—Floral Park, 11th and Polk Streets, Wednesday, September 10, at 8 p. m.

# ONLY 13 DAYS MORE! HURRY UP!

Signatures to Place Communist Candidates on Ballot in Illinois Beginning to Come In.

## WATCH THE FIGURES GROW!

THE comrades in Chicago are putting in strong licks these days to make sure of placing the Workers Party candidates on the ballot Nationally, in the state of Illinois and on the various Congressional Districts in Chicago.

Below we give the names of the Congressional District candidates in Chicago, the number of signatures obtained by the comrades thus far in the respective territories and the number that are yet required. Also the number of signatures gotten to place the Presidential electors (Foster-Gitlow electors) and the state ticket on the ballot are given.

No. 1	Gordon Owens	200	1200
No. 4	Joseph Podkulski	249	1300
No. 5	Harry Epstein	22	1000
No. 6	Frank Pellegrino	125	3500
No. 7	Sam Hammersmark	277	4000
No. 8	George Maurer	50	800
No. 9	Jack W. Johnstone	125	1200

Presidential Electors (Foster-Gitlow electors) and state signatures.

Signatures obtained ..... 575  
Signatures required ..... 2000

## Send in Your Petitions Filled Out Daily.

There are only 13 days more in which the comrades of Chicago are expected to gather the signatures needed. As can be seen from the above figures, many Congressional Districts have barely started, and have got to hustle every day from now on. The job can be done in every Congressional District with work from every party and Young Workers' League members.

There are many comrades who have filled-out petitions which they have not yet sent in. We ask these comrades to send them in at once to the local office, M. Abern, 166 W. Wash-

# AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

(Continued from page 1)

**SIR JOHN AND LADY WARD**, who is the daughter of Mrs. White-lay Reid, owner of the New York Tribune, are going north to Perthshire for shooting. They will drink bottles of champagne, Scotch whisky, wine and Guinness's XXX porter. This is a democratic country and if our best people can make lots of money, they have a perfect right to spend it where they please. At least that is what the Chicago Tribune tells us. Capitalism creates incentive. But for the capitalists there would be no work we are told. Perhaps not for the capitalists, because they are so accustomed to loafing that death would be preferable to work for most of them.

**THERE** are others. Lady Leith of Fyvie, formerly Lady January of St. Louis, is giving a shooting party at Fyvie Castle. Mrs. Archibald of Edmonstone, formerly Miss Gwendolyn Marshall Field, is entertaining at Stirlingshire. This happy condition exists in a country presided over by a socialist premier. We hasten to add, for fear our readers might get a heart attack that Mr. MacDonald is not a wicked Communist who would insist on sending these parasites to work after turning over their estates to the landless peasants of England and Scotland. Oh, no! Mr. MacDonald is a Christian socialist, not exactly like Morris Hillquit, who is a Talmudic socialist, nor like LaFollette who is reputed to be an agnostic socialist, but like Jesus of Nazareth who was not a socialist at all. The capitalists will never nail Ramsay to a cross as the Romans nailed his prophet.

**WHEN** the devil was sick, the devil a saint would be; when the devil was well the devil a saint was he." It is the other way around with the capitalist candidates for president. When they were holding their conventions, and the crowds cheered and workers were conspicuous by their absence, labor votes were not that of. But when the cheering died down and the candidates went into the cold world they began to realize that there were more workers than capitalists in the United States. Therefore all the capitalist aspirants for the presidency got their windpipes ready for Labor Day.

**MR. DAVIS**, Morgan's lawyer, was an honest-to-goodness friend of labor. He was against the injunction in labor disputes. He was against the Esch-Cummins law. He was for the anti-child labor amendment. In fact he was for everything that the workers favor. His boss, Morgan, being over in Scotland, and campaign speeches, being what they are, Davis did not care what he was for or against so long as he got the votes.

**COOLIDGE** also made a speech on Labor Day. He spoke to a group of labor fakers. Calvin, the man who broke the Boston Policemen's strike wished labor well. But it was labor of the sort that follows T. V. O'Connor, president of the shipping board, John L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers of America and other super labor fakers. That the capitalist candidates are willing to govel in the dust for the labor vote, proves what a power labor could be if it only got together in its own political party and stood on its own feet. As it is, outside of the Workers Party, there is no other party in the field that offers the working-class a solution of their problems. The capitalist parties, LaFollette's included, treat the workers like voting cattle. The Workers Party urges them to stand on their

**VICTOR BERGER** was not particularly crazy about Woodrow Wilson, while the great prophet of democracy was alive, "but now that he is dead" Victor wants to revive his fourteen points, or bring the treaty of Versailles into harmony with it. Berger also wants to create a "revolving fund" so that German industry can secure credit in America. He introduced bills in Congress incorporating the above suggestions. Berger's head

# CHRISTIAN FILIPINO EATEN FOR LUNCH BY NEGROTTIE CANNIBALS

MANILA, Sept. 3.—Word was brought here today from the Zaxbales Mountain District of the killing of a Christian Filipino by cannibalistic negroites, who inhabit the mountain fastness.

According to the report, which is being investigated, the Filipino was tortured for several days, then killed and his heart, liver and other organs eaten by the negroites at the instigation of a negroite priest.

own feet and fight for their emancipation.

**CONSPICUOUS** among the progressive labor weeklies that have fallen before the LaFollette typhoon, is the Mid-West News, formerly the Mid-West Labor News. It is edited by J. A. Lochray. So that his name and fame may ring down the winding corridors of time, it is meet that we present his surrender to LaFollette, Spreckles and Gompers in his own judiciously camouflaged words. As all leaders are liable to be misunderstood, their motives questioned and even their pocketbooks sometimes left without a tenant, so was Mr. Lochray.

**HE** was once a radical and everybody except a few Communists jumped on him. It is true, he had the Rev. Beebe and William Green, but those who count had no use for him. The labor fakers walloped him right and left. But you cannot keep a good man down. He got the best of the labor fakers by surrendering to them. The Mid-West is now a receptacle for as much of the Gompers weekly conglomeration of garbage as its pages can contain. And better still, the Labor Day issue contains plenty of advertisements, which bears profitable if mute testimony to the truth that a life of evil does not pay. It pays to reform.

**BEING** with the minority means hard sledding, so the Mid-West News joined the throng. After asserting that it will continue to fight for the workers, the News says editorially: "... it will continue to fight their battles, adjusting itself to the policies and program most acceptable to the great majority in both economic and political affairs." On other words it will go with the crowd.

**Klansmen** Disrobed. CHAMPAIGN, Ill., Sept. 3.—An undecurrent of tension evident in low-voiced conversations of small groups gathered close together in various parts of the auditorium and corridors, seethed thru the American Legion state convention here today when it reconvened for its second day's sessions, following an open clash with the Ku Klux Klan on the streets here last night, when the robes of two Klansmen were torn off as they were returning from a Klan initiation on an interurban car which had stopped in front of the Inman Hotel, convention headquarters.

The Philadelphia "Public Ledger" of August 23 says the "KUZBAS" has reduced the selling price of coal in Siberia from \$9.78 per ton to \$8.50 and has reduced the price of coke by one third. "KUZBAS" is coking 400,000 poods (7,000 tons) of coke per month which smelts iron-ore in the Ural steel mills, thereby displacing expensive charcoal. "KUZBAS" produces benzol, ammonia, gas, tar, etc. "KUZBAS" has a 33,000 acre farm of which half is plowed, and also a dairy with 130 cows.

# KUZBAS

IS successful and growing. It will take over new mines and a steel-mill next year.

# KUZBAS needs at once

- 25 pick miners
- 3 machine runners for "Jeffrey Shortwall"
- 3 pump attendants
- 3 Hoisting engineers
- 3 first class outside electric linesmen
- 1 switchboard attendant used to "Curtis" turbines
- 1 woodworking machinery operator
- 3 first class plasterers
- 3 first class bricklayers
- Etc., Etc.

Other workers will be accepted in first class men.

Application forms sent on request. Each worker needs \$200 for fares and passport.

Term of agreement two years.

Next Party Leaves October 1st

**KUZBAS,**  
Room 402 799 Broadway,  
New York City.

**EDUCATE YOURSELF FOR THE STRUGGLE**  
Class in English (for foreign-born workers) begins September 10; tuition fee \$2.00.  
Class in Trade Union Tactics begins September 11; tuition fee \$1.00.  
Enroll Now at Local Chicago Office, 166 W. Washington St. (Phone State 7985)

# News for the Worker

Everyday

of everything concerning Labor in this country—and the world over.

**ARTICLES**  
On every phase of working class activity.

**STORIES**  
Of people who work for a living.

**CARTOONS**  
By Labor's leading artists.

Workers Correspondence, Poems, Stories and Comics for the children—all go to make up

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# Take a Vote in Your Shop

**HOW** do the workers in your shop stand in this presidential election campaign? How many of your shop mates are still so backward that they accept the leadership of Coolidge and Davis? How many of your fellow workers have been fooled by the specious pleas of LaFollette and adopt this middle-class saviour? And, above all, how many workers are there in your shop who understand that the working class must have its own party, its own policy, and its own candidate—and who therefore stand for William Z. Foster for president? Take a vote in your shop. Send it in to the DAILY WORKER. We will compile it along with all the other shop votes and give you a picture of how the workers are thinking about the election issues and candidates.

# WORKERS' STRAW VOTE

THE DAILY WORKER,  
1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

The workers employed in the shop of.....

..... have taken a straw vote on the presidential candidates, and the vote was as follows:

WM. Z. FOSTER ..... votes; LaFOLLETTE ..... votes;  
Workers Party No Party

DAVIS ..... votes; COOLIDGE ..... votes.  
Democratic Party Republican Party

I certify that this report is correct:

Name: .....

Address: .....

# PATERSON KEPT PRESS FAIL TO DISCREDIT RED

## Communists Continue Strike Activity

(Special to The Daily Worker)

PATERSON, N. J., Sept. 3.—

Following a scorching denunciation of the so-called "arbitrator" of the U. S. department of labor, John A. Moffit, as a tool of the capitalists controlling the government, H. W. Wicks, who has been addressing the silk strikers here daily, was subjected to a steady stream of abuse by the local press.

Hits Moffit.

"Moffit is an appointee of John W. Davis, who is in turn an appointee of the late President Harding," declared Comrade Wicks. He went on to recall the recent oil scandal. "Mr. Moffit had rather talk about teapot domes than kerosene lamps."

The Paterson Evening News and the Paterson Press-Guardian, both the kept sheets of the textile bosses here, have used up columns of space in an attempt to discredit the Communist speakers in the eyes of the striking mill workers, but to no avail. The Communist speakers are received with great enthusiasm at every strike meeting.

Especially vicious in its denunciations has been the Paterson Evening News.

In a bitter tirade it referred to H. M. Wicks, of New York, who has been addressing mass meetings at Turn Hall as an undesirable agitator and demanded that Chief Tracey suppress him.

The Chief of Police called Wicks into his office for an interview as a result of this publicity, but has taken no action to stop the meetings as yet.

T. U. E. L. Active.

Both the Trade Union Educational League and the Workers Party are active in this strike. A number of Communists are on the strike committee, some of them taking leading parts, while the mass of workers are decidedly responsive to the militant way in which the Communists carry on their part of the fight. The end of the strike will see the Communists emerge with tremendous influence among the workers in this vicinity.

A number of prominent speakers are due to address the strike meetings in the near future. Benjamin Gitlow, Workers Party Candidate for Vice-President of the United States, and Arturo Giovanitti are among those who will be here soon.

Juliet Stuart Poyntz, of New York, has addressed the strikers on two occasions and Benjamin Lifshitz, of New York, addressed a large meeting of Jewish strikers, both of them receiving enthusiastic ovations from workers.

There is also a demand for the DAILY WORKER and all that can be brought here can be handled to good advantage.

Izvestia Prohibited in Bulgaria.

MOSCOW.—The office of the official Soviet government publication, Izvestia, received notification from the Bulgarian postoffice that the circulation of the paper is prohibited in Bulgaria, "according to paragraph 12 of the law in defense of the fatherland." For two years the paper has been circulated in that country without the interference of the government. The new Cankoff government is taking measures "to defend the fatherland."

Police Attack Pioneers in Harbin.

HARBIN, China.—The Harbin Pioneers, with the permission of the Chinese authorities, have arranged an athletic celebration in which over 500 children participated. In the middle of the affair the police raided the park and began to tear off the red neckties, red banners, etc. Many of the children have been beaten up by the police and arrested.

Subscribe for "Your Daily," the DAILY WORKER.

# SUBSTANCE OF TREATIES BETWEEN GREAT BRITAIN AND SOVIET RUSSIA

(Special to The Daily Worker)

LONDON, Sept. 3.—When is a treaty not a treaty? When some big capitalist power finds it necessary to sign on the dotted line with Soviet Russia.

The Associated Press flooded the American papers with dispatches calculated to prove that the document signed by Ramsay MacDonald and Mr. Arthur Ponsoby for the British government and by Comrades Rakovskiy and Ioffe for the Soviet government, did not mean a thing in the world. The capitalist governments that have not yet recognized Soviet Russia immediately began to sneer at the treaty.

Another important agreement that did not receive much publicity was arrived at between Comrade Yaskoff, the chief of the Russian delegation and Mr. King, the Canadian premier, by which full trading liberty is granted to the Soviet.

The substance of the treaties are hereby given so that the readers of the DAILY WORKER may see for themselves whether there is anything to the treaty or not: The two treaties between Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics are described as a "General Treaty" and a "Treaty of Commerce and Navigation."

The former treaty is regarded as the general treaty contemplated in the Trade Agreement, and, with the commercial treaty, replaces that agreement.

It enumerates in the first place the treaties with the Tsarist and Provisional Governments, which are regarded as annulled, or confirmed, or reversed for amendment.

Article 5 deals with the question of fisheries. Exclusive fishing rights are reserved to the Russians for three miles out from the Soviet seaboard. Thirty-three provisions for the avoidance of disputes or conflicts between fishing boats are annexed.

British Bond Holders.

Upon the question of claims and loans, the Soviet Government "declares that by way of exception to the decree of January 28, 1918 (concerning the annulment of debts of the former Imperial and Provisional Governments), it will satisfy, in the conditions prescribed in the present Treaty, the claims of British holders of loans issued or taken over or guaranteed by the former Imperial Russian Government, or by the municipalities of towns in the territory now included in the Union, payable in foreign (non-Russian) currency.

"The Government of His Britannic Majesty recognizes that the financial and economic position of the Union renders impracticable the full satisfaction of the claims referred to in the preceding paragraph of this Article."

After negotiations between the Soviet and the bondholders, the agreement that they reach will be contained in an Anglo-Soviet Treaty, provided that the holders of not less than half the bonds are satisfied.

Claims Reserved.

The following claims between the two Governments are reserved:

(a) War loans advanced by the Government of His Britannic Majesty to the former Russian Imperial or Provisional Governments;

(b) Gold belonging to the former Russian Imperial or Provisional Governments, and handed over to the Government of His Britannic Majesty by either of those Governments;

(c) Russian gold handed over to Germany under the Supplementary Agreement to the Treaty of Brest-Litovsk;

(d) Sums owed by the former Russian Imperial or Provisional Governments to British Governmental Departments, or vice versa;

(e) The claims advanced by the Government of the Union on the ground of intervention between November 7, 1917, and March 16, 1921.

Other claims, not otherwise covered in the Treaty, will be settled by a lump payment from the Soviet to the British Government for distribution by the latter. A committee of three from each side will examine all claims under this head and establish the sum to be paid.

A further commission of six will examine and ascertain the amount of all British claims for nationalized businesses and land in Russia.

A second Treaty is to be concluded containing conditions accepted with regard to the bondholders, the amount and method of payments for nationalized properties and "an agreed settle-

# AUSTRALIAN NAVY TURNS CATHOLICS INTO METHODISTS

## Religion a la Mode Is the Slogan

By Federated Press.

WELLINGTON, New Zealand, Sept. 3.—How religion is made in the navy to suit the peculiar tastes of some folk is instanced by the following burlesque which took place recently on a British battleship lying in New Zealand waters.

An invitation was received on the warship to send 50 men to the Methodist church service. Navy politeness demanded an acceptance. So the crew paraded the day before, and the officer in charge of the muster ordered the Methodists to step to the front. Only three responded.

Every Even Number

The lieutenant was by no means dismayed. Fifty Methodists were wanted, and 50 would be found. So he reclosed the ranks, and gave the order, "Number off the left; every even number a Methodist." In that way he got the required number of sturdy fellows, who, if not prepared to argue in detail all that John Westley stood for, were at least ready to behave themselves.

All but one. This bluejacket ventured, with regulation diffidence, on a remonstrance. "Please, I'm a Roman Catholic." "No, my man," replied the officer, "you may have been a Catholic yesterday, and today, but tomorrow you are going to be a Methodist, and a damn good Methodist, too." In this case there was no such thing as that good old British law—freedom of conscience.

## Party Activities Of Local Chicago

BRANCH MEETINGS, LOCAL CHICAGO

Thursday, Sept. 4.

Finnish—2409 N. Halsted St. 11th Ward Italian—2439 S. Oakley Blvd. 31st Ward Italian—511 N. Sangamon Street. Community Center, 3201 S. Wabash Avenue, S. Side English. (Look up if meets there.) Russian No. 1—1902 W. Division St. Scandinavian Karl Marx.

Friday, September 5.

Ukrainian No. 2—10701 Ardenwood Ave. Polish, North Side—1902 W. Division St. Lithuanian No. 41—4138 Archer Ave. Volkanist Bldg. Greek Branch—722 Blue Island Ave.

STREET MEETINGS IN CHICAGO.

Thursday, Sept. 4.

62nd and Halsted Sts.—Auspices, Englewood W. P. and Y. W. L. Speakers, Earley, Shachtman and others. 47th, Ashland and Gross—Gomez and Polish speaker.

Friday, Sept. 5.

North Ave. and Rockwell St.—Auspices, North West branch and Maplewood Y. W. L. Speakers, O'Flaherty and Wm. F. Kruse. Lawrence and Sawyer—Auspices, Irving Park W. P. and Y. W. L. branches. Speakers, D. E. Earley and Peter Herd. Roosevelt Road and Central Park —Auspices, Rykov and West Side Y. W. L. branch. Speakers, Hammersmark and Harvey.

Saturday, Sept. 6.

23rd and Oakley —Auspices, Italian branches, 4th District. Speakers, English and Italian comrades. Dickson and Division, near Milwaukee —Auspices, Polish branch. Speakers, Hammersmark and Polish comrade. 114th Pl. and Michigan—Auspices, Pullman branches. Speakers, D. E. Earley, K. Harris. Halsted and Seabor Sts.—Auspices, Greek branch. Speakers, F. Buckley and Greek comrade. Division and Washington—Auspices, North West Jewish branch and Hersch Leokert. Speakers Louis Engdahl, Sidney Borgeson.

North Ave. and Orchard St.—Auspices, German and Hungarian branches. Speakers, H. Ganes. 30th and State Sts.—Auspices, South Side branch W. P. Speakers, Gordon Owens, C. Miller.

Sunday, Sept. 7.

Washington Park —"Open Forum," Workers Party. Speakers, D. E. Earley.

CHICAGO SPEEDING INDUSTRIAL REGISTRATION.

HAVE YOU REGISTERED YET?

Let us know where you work. Local Chicago, Workers Party, is driving for a swift Industrial Registration of its membership in order that it may more quickly begin to reorganize the party on the basis of shop nuclei and also to intensify the industrial work. Thus far nine branches in Chicago have already sent in their industrial registration. They are: Ukrainian Branch No. 2 (Burnside). Ukrainian Branch No. 5 (Bridgeport). Lithuanian No. 2. Russian (East Chicago) Branch. South Slavic No. 2 (South Chicago). South Side English. Douglas Park English. Englewood English. North Side English.

Other branches have reported that they are going ahead with the industrial registration and expect to complete it in a few days.

Chicago expects to lead the country in going over the top 100 per cent with its industrial registration and is striving to complete the registration before the allotted time, Sept. 15.

Branches which have not sufficient cards or books should write in at once for their needs to Room 303, 166 W. Washington St.

Reports of progress will be printed regularly in the DAILY WORKER. Let us have a race among the Chicago branches to get in their registration quickly.

Aid White Guard Victim. At a meeting of the Chicago group of the Novy Mir correspondents after a report was given about the murder of a Communist village correspondent in Ukraine, a resolution was adopted and \$14.50 was collected to aid the family of the murdered comrade. A detailed story about this revolting murder of Comrade Malinovsky appeared in the DAILY WORKER.

Subscribe for "Your Daily," the DAILY WORKER.

# The Workers Party in Action

## Not a Cent, Not a Vote for LaFollette!

Comrades and Fellow Workers of the Needle Trades:

In the near future you will be asked to give up your hard-earned dollars in support of the campaign of the middle-class politician, LaFollette. You, the workers of the needle trades, whose organization has for twenty years been the proud standard bearer and the champion of true working-class political action. For years you have fought vigorously the capitalist candidates, running either as Republicans and Democrats or masking as "reformers" and "progressives" like Bryan, Roosevelt, Hearst and LA FOLLETTE. Comrades and fellow workers! Your leaders have pledged your support without your consent. Refuse to betray the revolutionary traditions of your organization. Refuse to support a capitalist candidate. Refuse to support LaFollette.

Who is LaFollette? For what does he stand? LaFollette, the undisputed boss of the Republican Party of Wisconsin, stands for capitalism. LaFollette stands for the system of wage slavery. LaFollette supported the imperialist Spanish-American War. LaFollette supported the raising of millions of dollars in war bonds which were used to send the workers to the trenches in the World War. Not a

word does LaFollette say in his platform, about the recognition of Soviet Russia, when even the blackest reactionary governments of Europe have been forced to recognize her.

Who is for LaFollette? Rudolf Spreckles, the millionaire Sugar King. Frank Vanderlip, millionaire banker and capitalist. W. T. Rawleigh millionaire drug manufacturer. The small bankers, manufacturers and middle-class business men. Sam Gompers, the arch-reactionary, who favored the restriction of immigration and our entrance into the terrible World War. Morris Hillquit, Abe Cahan, the yellow Socialists; and finally the bureaucratic trade union officials who are seeking political advancement and fame. Let LaFollette go to them for support. You, class-conscious workers, have nothing in common with these enemies of the working class.

Comrades and Fellow Workers: Do not be fooled by "progressive" phrases and promises. You are asked to support LaFollette in the hope that this will lead to the formation of a genuine labor party. LaFollette is and always has been opposed to a labor party. Even now he supports capitalist candidates of the Republican and Democratic Parties. Gompers is opposed to a labor party. So are the middle-class merchants and bankers. Instead

they may form a third capitalist party which will be another and more dangerous weapon against the working class.

In this political crisis, the revolutionary and militant workers of the needle trades, can honestly support but one party, which stands out as the only true representative of the interests of the working-class. That party is THE WORKERS PARTY OF AMERICA, whose candidates are WILLIAM Z. FOSTER for President and BEN GITLOW for Vice-President. Foster is a railroad worker, a member of the Carmen's Union and was the organizer of the oppressed steel and packing-house workers. Gitlow is a needle trade worker, a member of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union.

Support FOSTER AND GITLOW who have always fought tirelessly and fearlessly for the interests of the workers.

Support FOSTER and GITLOW who stand for the abolition of capitalism and militarism and the establishment of a workers' government.

Support FOSTER and GITLOW who stand for a labor party.

INDORSE FOSTER and GITLOW in your UNION.

CONTRIBUTE TO THEIR CAMPAIGN FUND.

WORKERS PARTY OF AMERICA. Needle Trades Campaign Committee.

## GITLOW, COMMUNIST CANDIDATE FOR VICE-PRESIDENT, STRIKING CONTRAST TO CAPITALIST TICKET

Ben Gitlow, candidate for Vice-President on the Workers Party ticket, offers a striking contrast to the candidates of the capitalist parties, Dawes, Bryan and Wheeler. Gitlow is from start to finish a working class candidate as proven by his record. Active in Socialist Party.

He was born in Elizabeth, N. J., thirty-three years ago. At the age of eighteen he joined the socialist party, immediately became active as a speaker and organizer and was a delegate to the New York state convention of the party at the age of nineteen. Altho he began to study law and later tried his

## SOCIALIST PARTY DELEGATE QUILTS; JOINS WITH W. P.

hand at business, he very soon became convinced that neither calling was in harmony with his social philosophy, but that his place was in the ranks of the workers. And there he has remained ever since.

A Leader in the Labor Movement. He worked for three years in Bloomingdale's department store and took a leading part in organizing the Retail Clerks' Union, of which he was president for two years. Because of his union activities, he was discharged from the Bloomingdale concern, blacklisted by the Merchants' Association and trailed by their spies from one job to another. In 1914, Gitlow created a profound impression before the Industrial Relations Commission of which Frank P. Walsh was chairman, by his testimony on the inner workings of department store management.

Then he became a clothing cutter and joined the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' Union, Cutters' Local No. 4, of which he is still a member.

Prominent in the Left Wing. He was elected to the New York State Assembly on the Socialist ticket in 1917 and renominated in 1918. Feeling that the Socialist Party was fast losing its revolutionary character, he became an active member of the Left Wing and later was instrumental in organizing the Communist Labor Party.

C. E. Ruthenberg, Executive Secretary, Chicago, Ill.

Dear Comrade: Find enclosed copy of your former letter. The literature has not been received.

There are quite a number of revolvers here from the Cleveland union convention. They agree with me that capitalism makes Socialists and that such deals as we got at Cleveland makes Communists. There is nothing left for us but the Workers Party.

Send me that literature. We are anxious to get busy.

E. D. LADD.

Similar expressions of disgust at the betrayal of working class movement by the Socialist Party at Cleveland are reaching the National Office from other sources. The Workers Party is ready to welcome to its ranks every class conscious worker who is ready to carry on a class struggle for the establishment of a Workers and Farmers Government and the abolition of the capitalist system. It invites those members of the Socialist Party who cannot accept the latest betrayal of the working class movement by that organization to join the Workers Party.

Imprisoned for His Ideas. He was business manager of the "Revolutionary Age," a Left Wing publication that attained a wide circulation. Out of the publication of the Left Wing Manifesto and Program in this, grew his indictment during the war for "criminal anarchy." Later he became associated with the "Voice of Labor," edited by the late John Reed. When Reed left for Soviet Russia, the editing and management of the paper developed upon Gitlow. Gitlow was the first Communist sent to prison in America. He served for three years and is still under indictment.

Ben Gitlow is today a member of the Executive Committee of the Workers Party of America and its candidate for the Vice-Presidency. His record of consistent service to the interests of the working class, even at the sacrifice of his health and freedom, insures him the wholehearted support of every truly class-conscious worker in the United States.

Join the Workers Party!

Youth Day at Dillonville, Ohio. DILLONVILLE, Ohio, Sept. 3.—The entertainment prepared for the celebration of International Youth Day on Sept 12 by the Young Workers League of Dillonville, Ohio, includes a one-act play, "From an Office to a Millionaire," a melodrama of capitalist success. This promises to provide a hearty laugh and much fun. There will also be recitations, orchestra music and refreshments. Max Schachtman and Rebecca Sacharow will address the gathering. Come early, so you won't miss anything on the program. Doors open at 7:30 p. m.

Vote Communist This Time!

## ELECTION DRIVE IN NEW YORK IS IN FULL SWING

### Working Committees Now Functioning

By HARRY M. WINITSKY. Campaign Manager.

The campaign in the state and city of New York has already started and is now in full swing throught the entire district. The campaign committee is laying out all the plans for a successful Communist campaign and intends rolling up a big vote throught the entire city for the Communist ticket.

Form General Campaign Committee. Candidates have been named in all the important districts and the party members are hard at work collecting signatures for the petitions. In order that the campaign committee carry out its work in a systematic and efficient manner, the committee has sub-divided itself into various smaller committees. The general campaign committee of the district is composed of the following comrades: Lindgren, Krumbain, Franklin, Grecht, Maki, Brahdry, London, Lipshitz, Ortland, Castell, Stachel, Weinstein, Sazar, Nesin, Trachtenberg, Poyntz, Lore, Gund, Brodsky and Winitsky, the campaign manager.

The sub-committees are as follows: Finance and Outside organizations: Jampolsky, Obermier, Sazar, Ortland, Castell, Maki, Markoff, Schoen, Heller, and Lipshitz, chairman.

Up-state and New Jersey: Perlman, of New Jersey; Proctor of Yonkers, Lindgren, chairman, and Winitsky, secretary.

Speakers' Committee. Speakers: Franklin, Grecht, Gund, Stachel, Brodsky, the six section campaign managers and the chairman Brady.

Legal: Klein, Brodsky, and Trachtenberg, chairman.

Publicity and Research Committee: Trachtenberg, Lore, Poyntz, Grecht, Lowell, Bimba, Felshin and Weinstein, chairman, and Miller, secretary.

Organization: Which is also to function as the special small campaign for emergencies: Lindgren, Lipshitz, Trachtenberg, Lore, Weinstein, Brahdry, Krumbain and Winitsky, secretary.

Both the local as well as the state petitions are ready and are being circulated throught the entire city by all the branch and section campaign managers. All comrades and sympathizers are called to report to the various sections to go out with petitions for signatures.

Petitions can be gotten in the following headquarters: 208 East 12th Street, 105 Eldridge Street, 143 East 103rd Street, 1347 Boston Road, Bronx, 61 Graham Ave., Brooklyn, 1844 Pitkin Ave., Brooklyn.

The tremendous task now before us is to get sufficient signatures for our petitions so that our state and local ticket will go in the ballot. All comrades should get down to the job and see that this work is completed in time. The signatures must be completed and returned to the district office no later than the 23rd of September.

EARN YOUR COMMUNIST MERIT STAMP BY GETTING A NEW MEMBER FOR THE PARTY AND ANOTHER READER AND SUBSCRIBER TO THE DAILY WORKER.

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SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1924

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4. Nations and Colonies.....By P. Manuilsky
5. At Last in Moscow.....By Anna Porter
6. Maxim Gorky's Latest Thrill—A Communication.....By Robin E. Dunbar
7. Is Organization a Problem?.....By Alexander Bittelmann

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# The World of Labor • Industry & Agriculture

## 170,000 WORKERS HUNTING JOBS IN MASSACHUSETTS

### Only 28 Pct. of Plants Working Full Time

BOSTON, Sept. 3.—More than 170,000 wage earners employed in Massachusetts factories at the peak of the 1923 boom are out of a job today, according to the employment report of the state department of labor for July. The report shows that employment has fallen 25.6 per cent in 16 months.

#### Down It Goes.

The decrease in employment in the single month June to July amounted to 4.3 per cent, following a decline of 2.9 per cent between May and June. Average weekly earnings, however, showed a slight gain, rising from \$22.80 in June to \$22.88 in July.

In July, as compared with June, there were decreases in 22 of the 36 industries covered by the report while compared with July, 1923, every one of the 9 major groups of industries showed a material reduction in force. Decreases by industries were: cotton goods 37 per cent, boots and shoes 25 per cent, woolen and worsted goods 15 1/2 per cent, foundries and machine shops 28 per cent, rubber products 24 per cent, dyeing and finishing textiles 21 per cent, electrical apparatus 31 per cent, printing and publishing 5 per cent and paper manufacture 16 per cent.

#### 28 per cent Operate Full Time.

Of the 854 establishments reporting to the department only 28 per cent were operating full time and full capacity. A total of 37 establishments were reported idle, 11 of which were in the cotton industry and 6 in the boot and shoe industry. In the boot and shoe industry 17 out of 121 plants were operating full time and full capacity, in cotton goods 7 out of 48, in men's clothing 8 out of 30, in women's clothing 4 out of 21, in foundry work 5 out of 27, in machine shops 11 out of 37, and in woolen mills 6 out of 38.

The report shows the average earnings of male workers as \$27.21 a week and of female employees at \$15.33.

## SAN FRANCISCO TYPOS RECEIVE 5 DOLLAR RAISE

### Double Time Pay is Provided For

(By Federated Press.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 3.—Effective August 1, 1924, San Francisco members of Typographical union No. 21 have been receiving an increase of \$5 a week over the old job scale.

Sitting as impartial chairman of an arbitration board, Judge Frank R. Devlin increased the basic wage scale for compositors in the commercial shops from \$46 to \$51 a week. This brings the pay of the San Francisco compositor to practically the level of the Chicago wage scale, and \$2 less than New York.

#### 47 Weeks of Work.

Among the points stressed in the opinion was the fact that because of holidays, vacations, unemployment and sickness, 47 weeks pay represents a fair estimate of the average earning capacity of a printer in job shops. The facts presented before the board of arbitration showed excessive overtime in some of the shops, and it was therefore ordered that after three hours of overtime, double time be paid, instead of time and a half as hitherto.

H. P. Melnikow, director of the Labor Bureau, Inc., presented the case for the San Francisco union.

### Vote Communist This Time!

## New Hampshire Soil Tillers Make \$293 A Year for Toiling

(By Federated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—Fifty-seven farmers in New Hampshire kept an accurate account of their expenses and income in the year ending April 1, 1922, for the State College, and they averaged an income of \$700 on an investment of \$8,140, after paying expenses. Deducting interest on the investment at 5 per cent, they received \$293 each that year for their labor. Their average taxes, deducted as expense, were \$150, or 34 per cent of the labor income and taxes combined.

Compare this with the federal tax on other incomes, or with the Massachusetts tax of 6 per cent on income from intangible property.

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## LOW WAGES AND LONG HOURS IN SOUTHERN TEXTILE PLANTS ARE MENACE TO WORKERS IN NORTH

By LELAND OLDS. (Federated Press Industrial Editor)

The bitter cry of exploited women wage earners in the south rises from the pages of a report on Women in Alabama industries made by the Women's bureau of the U. S. department of labor. The report shows that the employing class when unchecked by the power of organized labor will grind profits out of the health and strength of women to the limit of endurance.

More than half the women covered by the investigation were working 10 hours or more a day, while only a scant one-twelfth worked a regular day of eight hours or less. More than 60 percent of these women were scheduled to work 55 hours or more a week with 13.2 percent working in excess of 60 hours. On the other hand only one-eighth worked 48 hours or less per week.

**\$8.80 a Week**  
The typical weekly wage was \$8.80. This represents the price at which Alabama employers value wage earning women in the state, the price for which they expect to purchase all the energy that a woman can put into 55 hours or more of work. It means in the neighborhood of 16c an hour.

This situation appears to be typical of the textile industry in the south for by far the largest group of women studied were employed either in cotton mills, yarn factories or in the manufacture of knit goods. In these 3 industries the women received respectively \$3.70, \$7.60 and \$6.85 a week. These wages represent the situation in Dec., 1922, when the last industrial boom was getting under way and are fairly representative of the present situation.

#### No Hours Limit

The report emphasizes the lack of legislative protection which makes this exploitation of women possible as follows: "Alabama is one of 5 states in which there is no limit to the hours which women may work either in one day or in a week; it is one of 32 states in which there is no regulation of night work; there is no provision for setting a minimum amount below which wages for a full week's work may not fall; there are practically no regulations in regard to plant working conditions, and it is one of 6 states in which there is no law providing for the pensioning of mothers."

These legislative provisions for the protection of women have been secured only where organized labor has been powerful enough to exert pressure. Legislatures completely dominated by the employing class do not provide any such restrictions on the right of the boss to the last ounce of the wage earner's strength. And today in the textile industry there is great danger that the conditions won by organized labor in the north will be undermined by the competition of the south. The cotton mill interests appear to be moving their productive equipment from New England to states where they can work women long hours for low wages, leaving workers in the north without employment. It is just another phase of the open shop drive which aims at creating a class of submissive industrial serfs of the industrial barons.

## Movie Operators of New York Win Demand For 5 Pct. Increase

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—Five percent increase in wages and the two-shift day have been won by the Moving Picture Operators' Union, Local 306, on the eve of their threatened strike. A two-year agreement was signed with the Vaudeville Managers' Association, which controls many of the big movie houses, providing for another five percent increase Sept. 1, 1925. The two shifts between 11 a. m. and 11 p. m. are six hours each, lessening considerably the danger to operators from continued confinement in small projection rooms where gas, particularly the deadly carbon monoxide, is generated.

### Vote Communist This Time!

## New Ambassador to Mexico Will be a Good Papa to Oil

(By The Federated Press)

NEW YORK, September 3.—James R. Sheffield, rich corporation lawyer, just appointed ambassador to Mexico says, in effect, that he will regard himself there as special agent for the big American oil concerns. He does not say this in so many words. He merely announces that he will continue the policies of former ambassador Warren, Sheffield will not sever his connections with the law firm of Betts, Bentley, Sheffield and Betts, while he is in Mexico but will get a "leave of absence."

Vote Communist This Time!

## CANADIAN STEEL WORKERS MOVING AGAINST 'BESCO'

### Toilers on Verge of Starvation

SYDNEY, Nova Scotia, Sept. 3.—The steelworkers of Sydney are again stirring with rebellion against Besco, The British Empire Steel Corporation. A year ago this corporation bitterly fought the Sydney steel workers when they made an effort to raise their living standards by going on strike.

#### Lewis Betrayed Workers.

Besco broke the steel workers' strike by violence, bringing in troops and provincial police, inflaming them with rum and anti-red propaganda, and sending them out to ride down and bludgeon unarmed men and helpless women and children. It was then the coal miners of this province came to the aid of the steel workers, calling out the miners, who are also employees of Besco. Then John L. Lewis, president United Mine Workers of America, ordered the miners back to work, deposed their district officers, and established a temporary organization of District 26 of the U. M. W. of A.

After the miners went back the steel workers' struggle was hopeless and those who stayed out until it was seen that the strike was broken were brutally blacklisted and hounded, hundreds of the most active being forced to leave the country.

#### Held Together.

The intimidation practiced against those who remained was terrible but in spite of it a few held together their union organization. Last winter these workers seceded from the American Federation of Labor and held together as an independent organization.

Now Besco has itself struck. The corporation has shut down the steel plant for three months and left the Sydney workers to starve, as the steel plant is practically the only industry in this city, Sydney is already in the first stage of starvation.

The little business people who last year sided with Besco against the strikers are feeling the pinch that comes when those workers have no wages to spend.

#### Scabs Repent.

The workers who slunk back into the plant while the strike was on last year are now repenting of their folly and the town has been stirred with more agitation than it has known since the strike time a year ago.

Besco is giving evidence of being much worried by the revival of organization in Sydney and the two corporations controlled daily papers here are fuming in their attacks. It is being charged that the steel plant lockout is only part of a conspiracy to cut the wages of the Nova Scotia coal miners and altho the miners are handicapped by the control of their district organization by the provisional officers of John L. Lewis there are signs of an awakening among them.

## Steel Trust in Australia Same as in America

(By Federated Press.)

SYDNEY, New South Wales, Sept. 3.—The steel trust is trying to introduce the 12-hour shift system in their mills at Newcastle, New South Wales. The unionists refuse to work the longer shifts and a big industrial fight is pending.

The Labor Council of New South Wales, at Sydney, and the Industrial Council at Newcastle have entered the fight, supporting the unionists and calling upon all workers at the mills to fight the 12-hour shift principle and stand fast for the 8-hour day.

#### Lithuanian Workers Buy Home.

CHICAGO, Sept. 2.—The Lithuanian Workers' Educational society is remodeling a \$20,000 Chicago home for its activities. The home will house Vilnius, the Lithuanian workers' semi-weekly published in Chicago, with a job printing plant, a reading room and library, a workers' education enterprise and the other labor activities of the society.

#### Ex-Labor Head Dies.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 29.—John O. Walsh, past president San Francisco Molders' union, and for the last few months head of the labor bureau, Federal Board for Vocational Training, died suddenly of heart disease, at the age of 68. Walsh was at one time president of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors, and had been active in labor circles for many years.

#### ARE YOU OBTAINING YOUR BUNDLE OF THE DAILY WORKER AND CAMPAIGN LEAFLETS TO distribute when you are out getting signatures to petitions?

Order campaign leaflets from the Campaign Manager thru your branch.

## SENATOR FLETCHER OF FLORIDA USED TO BE A LIBERAL ONCE; NOW RIDES THE BIG MONEY TIDE

By LAURENCE TODD. (Federated Press Staff Correspondent)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—How perfect is the defensive harmony existing between Coolidge and Davis reactionaries, in this presidential campaign year, whenever the economic nerve is involved, is illustrated by Senator Fletcher, of Florida, formerly a liberal democrat but recently conspicuous for his bitter fight against the child labor amendment.

Fletcher issued from his office, "for immediate release" to the press on Aug. 22, a statement rejoicing in the fact that the North Carolina legislature had, in its senate, refused to ratify the child labor proposal.

He called attention to the fact that the North Carolina legislature had then amended the state law "so that it will be hereafter impossible for anyone under 14 years of age to engage in gainful occupation." He asserted that this showed "the determination of the state to free itself from all accusations regarding the exploitation of child labor."

#### Denies Child Labor.

Then he proceeds to quote the author of this state law as saying that only 66 boys under 14 years are now working, under certificates, in the cotton mills in North Carolina, and he states that this new law "makes possession by the employe of a working certificate from the state commission prima facie evidence of compliance with the law on the part of the employer." He denies that any large number of children under 14 years are employed in the cotton mills of the south, and he quotes as his chief authority Sen. Wadsworth of New York, who is the northern champion of reaction on this issue.

Fletcher used to be friendly to labor legislation in Congress. Then Miami and Palm Beach and St. Petersburg and Orlando and a few other Florida towns were discovered by millionaires from the north. Money began to pour into his poverty-stricken state. It came faster and faster. The winter sun became Florida's fortune. Fletcher discovered the millionaires and they discovered him. Fletcher became conservative. Business must be safeguarded against radical proposals.

#### Recall Tabert Murder.

When the barbarous murder of a North Dakota war veteran by a county convict whipping boss in Florida aroused a storm all over the country, last year, the impression was given that Florida would take this occasion to prove herself willing to enforce constitutional rights. Here was a boy arrested on a fake charge, virtually kidnapped and sold into slavery in a Florida camp, and flogged until he died. The whipping boss was convicted of second-degree murder, but now the state supreme court has given him a new trial. Nobody expects to see him again for a long sentence, even if he is again convicted. And not a word from Fletcher or Sen. Trammell or any Florida congressman who has fought the child labor amendment in the name of state rights.

So with this North Carolina legislation, to which the Florida senator points with so much pride. He knows that it is fake legislation, since it does not make the employer responsible, once the child gets a working certificate by any means. He knows the state official machinery will not enforce this law, because the mill interests that control the state government do not want it enforced. He knows that federal inspectors, operating under a federal law, would get enforcement. And he knows that his figures on the number of child workers in cotton mills in North Carolina is utterly out of keeping with federal reports on that subject.

#### Fletcher On New Tide.

But Fletcher is riding the new political tide of Big Money in Florida. He thinks it good politics to be as pitiless as Jim Wadsworth, on child labor. Later on, he will assail other "extreme" measures put forward by the progressives in the senate, and will find the support of the Florida winter colony more and more congenial.

#### Applaud Attacks on Klan.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Sept. 3.—Speeches attacking the Ku Klux Klan drew unrestrained applause from the delegates to the New York State Federation of Labor convention.

## USE IMMIGRANTS TO SLICE WAGES OF CANADA LABOR

### Bosses in Dastardly Scheme

By SYDNEY WARREN (Staff Correspondent of The Fed. Press)

VANCOUVER, B. C., Sept. 3.—The wholesale dumping of immigrants from all quarters of Europe, but more especially the British Isles, is seriously undermining the labor movement of western Canada and trades unionists and others are trying to prevent the cheap immigration schemes now being promoted by the big business interests of Canada. Letters and newspaper articles setting forth the truth about Canadian working conditions and the chances of an immigrant without capital making good on the land are being sent to English newspapers.

#### Three Men—One Job.

Due to the shortage of the wheat crop on the prairies this year, very few harvesters will be required, yet the employment offices of eastern Canada and the Pacific coast are calling for thousands of men to go to the prairies to work the harvest. These men are required to pay their own fare and often when arriving at the harvest find that there are three men for one job and as a result they are left stranded to shift for themselves as best they are able.

Many of these men finally drift back to the coast for the winter and their presence in numbers is used to further reduce wages in the unskilled industries of the province such as mill and construction work. Last winter the stranded British immigrants were the means of breaking the strike of the longshoremen, who held out for some eight weeks and finally were forced to disband their organization and be hired thru the shipping bosses' employment bureau.

#### Fooing Immigrants.

At the present time the Canadian Pacific railway has immigration agents throughout Europe trying to induce immigrants to spend their savings with the steamships and railways of the company in the hope of seeking their fortunes in Canada.

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## "Open Shop" Campaign in the Schools

Teachers in the public schools of Chicago returned to work yesterday. At the same moment they were made to realize that a real "boss" has been put in charge of them, in the person of Superintendent William A. McAndrew, who let it be known in the public press that the teachers are a poor lot of incompetents who do not earn the tremendous salaries paid them by the philanthropic capitalists of the city. It must have been uncopyrighting to the teachers to begin a year's work with such greetings from the man placed in power above them—at least if capitalistic ideas of management of industries, which means slave-driving, holds good in the schools also.

Especially are the teachers' councils anathema to this factory foreman, who has been transformed into head of the educational system of the second largest city in America. To him the schools are a "business" institution to be run on exactly the same lines of Henry Ford's business, or the business of Judge Gary. Organization of the teachers to protect their interests and promote their work, is branded by this educational "open shopper" as organized disloyalty.

Thus does the operation of the capitalist system disillusion continually wider sections of the middle classes, as well as the workers. Especially are the intellectual workers coming to find that the capitalist system places continually more limitations, humiliations, and obstructions to all really creative intellectual work. When they see the most promising development in the educational field, the teachers' councils, so viciously assailed, the teachers—if they have any self-respect and pride in their work, not to speak of any class feeling—will cling to and fight for the retention and development of these councils with redoubled energy.

## An Anarchist Joins Wall Street

Clarence Darrow, much in the public eye as the defender of young millionaire slayers, has long been known for his professions of philosophical anarchism. His philosophy, which includes the view that life is not worth living, has never prevented him from demanding and receiving quite fat fees for his court room eloquence. Nor does it detract one whit from the passion of his appeal to save lives that, under the best of circumstances, are not, according to his philosophy, worth living. And now we see that philosophical anarchism is no bar to becoming a prominent political supporter to the Morgan lawyer who is running for president of the United States.

Not only does Clarence Darrow find it quite easy to support Davis for president, but Davis, in turn, displays alacrity in welcoming the prominent anarchist into the fold of democracy. The pleasure in the relations thus set up seems to be quite mutual. Which is as it should be: If Darrow can overlook the long established payroll connections of Davis with Morgan, surely Davis can pardon any little philosophical aberrations of Mr. Darrow.

## How Ambassadors Are Made

When Edgar Allen Bancroft, an obscure Chicago lawyer, was appointed ambassador to Japan a few days ago, all the claims to fame that could be dug up for the gentleman by an army of diligent reporters was the fact that he had written a book many years ago, denouncing the Pullman strike of 1893-94. Since that time he has plodded upon his rounds from court to court, earning his more or less honest fees by the recognized methods of the profession, without being able to demand any headlines in the papers. That Coolidge should suddenly dig him up from obscurity to represent American capitalism in Japan must, therefore, have some connection with Bancroft's only recorded public act, the book denouncing the Pullman strike.

This conviction will surely be strengthened by a reading of Mr. Bancroft's book. It is one long denunciation of the principle of the solidarity of labor. Very stupidly written, it is true, yet the book displays such an intense hatred of united action by the workers that, without question, it was this which awoke a feeling of fellowship in the breast of Strikebreaker Coolidge and brought the appointment as ambassador to Japan.

A strong hatred of labor unions is quite a fitting quality for an American ambassador to have, especially in Japan, where one of the principal ways American capitalism may bring the Oriental ruling classes under their influence, is to show them how to fight their own rising subject classes. Mr. Bancroft will be given opportunity, no doubt, to lecture before the young lawyers of Japan upon the immorality of force when exercised by the working class to remedy its grievances, and the glorious beneficence of force when the capitalist class uses it to suppress the workers.

## What Do You Mean, Wheeler?

Senator Wheeler is quoted as saying in his Portland speech: "We are trying to save the country, take it from Wall Street and replace it in the hands of the common people, the workers and farmers, to which it belongs."

What do you mean, Senator? Were you thinking of the workers and farmers when you waited for millionaire Vanderlip to draft you for the campaign? And you must have some responsibility for what the LaFollette-Wheeler organization is doing in the various states: Is it consideration for the workers and farmers that caused your campaign to be taken out of the hands of the Farmer-Labor Party in Minnesota and placed in the hands of banker Sinclair? It is the interests of the workers and farmers that caused your manager, J. Nelson, to go into Missouri and demand that workers and farmers give way to business and professional men on your committees? Is it consideration for workers and farmers that makes your organization function everywhere as the destroyers of the beginnings of class political organization in the budding Farmer-Labor parties?

No, Senator Wheeler, your record and that of LaFollette shows that you want the workers and farmers in just the same way that Coolidge and Davis want them—that is, not to control your organization, but to deliver votes. In the meantime you proceed to sabotage every vital demand of the workers and farmers, to hand your organization over to bankers, lawyers, merchants, and doctors, and to depend in your campaign entirely upon demagogic denunciations of the old parties for the very crimes against the workers and farmers which you, yourself, commit with your running mate, LaFollette. Your concession to workers and farmers by giving them mention in your speech is a gesture; it means nothing while they are frozen out of all control and direction of the campaign. There is only one organization in this campaign in which the workers and farmers have a voice, and that is the Workers Party.

## A Disgraceful Fraternalization

The "Labor Day" celebration under the direction of the Central Trades and Labor Council of Greater New York was an illustration of the corruption that is eating the heart out of the American labor movement. Supposedly a demonstration of the strength of labor, it was turned into a militaristic demonstration and practically handed over to the officers of the army to conduct. Held at Fort Hamilton, this "labor" demonstration included a sham battle, a polo game (the sport of millionaires and kings), and speeches by republican and democratic politicians.

And what were the speeches about? Secretary of Labor Davis spoke, demanding that the workers produce more each day, and warning against the "visionary" demand for nationalization of industries. Major-General Bullard called for co-operation between the officers of the army and the officers of the labor unions. Sam Gompers sent a special carrier pigeon with a message to bless the union of the capitalist army with the labor officials. The whole was capped by the sham battle, which demonstrated how well fitted the army is to suppress any labor union that refuses to "co-operate."

Fraternalization with the army on the part of the workers is a good thing—if it is a fraternalization of the rank and file with the rank and file, the establishment of the mutual interests of the workers in and out of the army as against the interests of the capitalists, officers, and "labor leaders" that join hands in a conspiracy at the top to suppress and corrupt the labor movement. This New York demonstration was the opposite. It was a fraternalization of the misleaders of the labor movement with the class enemies of the workers. It was the preparation for future treachery, when both army and labor leaders will deliver the workers, bound and helpless, over the exploiters who direct and control the army and all the other instruments of coercion in America today.

## United States Takes Charge

News dispatches report that Owen D. Young, head of the General Electric Company, has gone to Berlin to take charge of affairs in Germany, while the German government has made the first payment, according to the schedule of the Dawes plan.

Thus has the United States, without a single official action of its "legal" governing machinery, been placed in the center of the European chaos. The capitalist "underground" party, the group of financiers headed by Morgan, spoke their will and it was done. The "labor" and "socialist" governments jumped, like the capitalist puppets that they are, when Morgan pulled the string. Officially the Dawes plan is "put across."

But the actual operations of the Dawes enslaving machinery will not be so simple. It will act like a blazing sun upon the seeds of revolution with which the capitalist world is sown. And to operate the Dawes plan will require the suppression of the proletarian revolution in Germany and Central Europe generally. That is the task assumed for the United States by J. P. Morgan and his agents. That is the meaning of the act of Owen D. Young taking charge of the reparations machinery. The next conscription act in the United States may be for the purpose of sending young workers to Germany to destroy the German Soviets.

With so many "deals" in progress for supporting candidates on the republican and democratic tickets, it is little to be wondered at that the LaFollette camp is full of dissension and strife. Each man wants to cash in for his particular gang.

# Rally To International Youth Day

**R**ALLY to International Youth Day. It is the call now being heard all over the country in the ranks of the revolutionary young workers. Under the direction of Young Workers League of America, American section of the Young Communist International, demonstrations have been arranged for in every large city in the country. Thousands of young workers will flock to the standards of Communism on this Tenth Anniversary of International Youth Day.

On the anniversary, the Young Workers League of America has issued the following call:

To the Young Workers of America, Comrades, Fellow Workers: The young workers of this country are facing many problems which they must meet.

Already unemployment has gripped the workers of this country, young and old, and millions are walking the street without the hope of getting a job.

The curse of the working class of this country, child labor, is as great a menace to the welfare of labor as ever.

Preparing For War. Everywhere preparations are being made to draw the youth of America into the net of capitalist militarism to train them for the slaughter of the next war which is being worked out in the chambers of the capitalists of this country. Instead of the last world war

having brought a change for the better in the life of the workers of America; instead of the various capitalist presidents and congresses having accomplished anything that would aid the workers of this country, the conditions of labor have become worse and worse every day. Exploitation becomes sharper and more bitter in the greed of the boss that is produced the nearer does the worker get to joblessness. With the coming of unemployment the capitalist seeks a market for his capital and his surplus product and comes in conflict with other capitalists with the result that another war hovers and descends over the nation.

These dangers of unemployment, poverty and war are daily becoming greater.

While the bosses pile up millions of dollars in profits out of the toil of the workers, two million toilers find themselves without a means of life.

While the returned soldiers are not yet recovered from the horrors of the last war, preparations are being made for the next.

**Fight Wage Cuts.** With the coming of unemployment, the bosses are engaging in a huge campaign to cut the wages of the workers. In this drive they always use the young workers to scab on the adults in the event of a strike. This must be resisted by every honest young toiler. Instead of being a traitor to the working class, we must line up with the adult workers, unemployed and employed in an organization of the unemployed in order that the bosses may find us united solidly against wage reductions and in-

creases in the working day. Instead of the cuts in wages, we demand work or maintenance by the government and industry, the young workers to be trained under the supervision of the trades unions during the period of unemployment.

**Down With Mobilization Day.** As a step in the direction of the militarization of the youth of this country for the purpose of having cannon fodder for the next war of profits, the imperialists of this country have laid plans for a nationwide demonstration on September 12, called Mobilization Day. The United States, as well as the capitalist powers elsewhere, is preparing for the coming war in which the young workers will again be sacrificed. The United States government, heeding the instructions of its masters, the financiers and capitalists, is pushing ahead the Dawes plan for the enslavement of the workers of the world in the interest of American capitalism. It is arousing the war-bringing antagonisms between itself and Japan, merely because American capitalists want to control the Pacific for the purpose of exploiting Asia and maintaining supreme rights over the Philippines.

**Support Communist Ticket.** At home, the workers are in the midst of a presidential campaign, in which they are confronted with the Morgan candidates, Coolidge and Davis, with LaFollette, the betrayer of the workers, and with the Communist candidate, William Z. Foster. Only the Communists stand for the primary needs and ultimate goal of the proletariat and the young workers must rally to the support of their candidates, Foster and Gitlow.

International Youth Day is the day of the revolutionary young workers. It is the day when the class conscious youth unites to demonstrate its opposition to capitalism and its firm stand for the proletarian revolution!

Rally this year to the standards of the Young Workers' League! Join in the fight for the program of the young Communists of America!

Unite for: The six-hour day and five-day week for young workers. A four weeks' vacation with pay each year.

The abolition of night and piece work, and the speed-up system for the young workers.

The abolition of child labor. Join the struggle against: Capitalist wars! Mobilization days! Unemployment and wage cuts!

Join the Young Workers League in the revolutionary struggle against capitalism.

Support the Communist candidates, Foster and Gitlow! Rally to International Youth Day against Mobilization Day!

Long live the Soviet Russian Republic and the international proletarian revolution against capitalism!

Long live the Communist and Young Communist International!

National Executive Committee, Young Workers League of America, Martin Abern, Executive Secretary.

# Unemployment Changes

By J. T. Murphy

**O**NE of the most interesting reports yet issued by the Minister of Labor has appeared this week on the changes in unemployment. It serves to shatter a lot of illusions as to who are the unemployed and enables to make a much more satisfactory explanation of some of the fluctuations in the organizations of the unemployed. Time and time again the enemy press and spouters have denounced the unemployed as a mob who don't want work, who are bleeding the exchequer white and living in the lap of chosen idleness. From all the terrible statements made concerning the unemployed it would be easy for us to conceive of the unemployed as the great mob who had read, marked and learned Lafargue's "Right to be Lazy" and had made up their minds that the best way to apply his philosophy was to fall out of work and draw the "dole."

**What'll They Say Now?** What these prize politicians will say now, we don't know. This report so completely knocks the bottom out of the argument that it must leave them guessing. Instead of the unemployed being a more or less permanent section of the working class who can't get work, this report makes it perfectly clear that the personal of the unemployed is continually changing and that any charges that are to be made against them must be leveled against the whole working class. It is shown that 14 per cent of the personnel of the unemployed is changed every week. Further, that instead of the working class being divided into a section that is nearly permanently employed and a section that is almost permanently unemployed, that in any one year one in every three of insured workers claim unemployed benefit during the year. Out of 11,000 workers of the country, during the insurance year of November, 1922, to October, 1923, there were 3,707,000 claims for benefit.

The report goes still further and enables us to estimate the number and proportion of the workers in each of the main industries who in the course of the 11½ months of the insurance year presented themselves at the unemployment exchanges to claim unemployed benefit. They range from 82 per cent in the shipbuilding industry to 9.8 per cent of the workers in local government service.

The following table will show how this turnover of unemployed is spread over the various industries.

Industry	Percentage of insured workers who claimed benefit	Average rate of unemployment June-Dec. 1923
Shipbuilding	82	43.5
Shipping	66.1	19.1
Iron and Steel Mfg.	59.7	20.6
Engineering	59.4	20.4
Cotton	53.2	15.8
Building	48.6	12.4
Canal, River and Dock workers	46.0	24.4
Amongst women and girls	91.4	19.1

Another striking fact is that 52.8 per cent are under 35 years of age among the men and of these at least half are between 18 and 24 years when they are passing out of apprenticeship and begin to lay claim to full tradesmen's wages.

**Short Term Dole.** The average length of time on unemployed benefit is shown to be 75

days. The proportion of persons drawing benefit for not more than 4 weeks was 22.7, the proposition showing for 8 weeks is 33.6 per cent, for 12 weeks 47.2 per cent and for 24 weeks 69.4 per cent. In the shipping industry 16.1 per cent drew benefit for the whole 44 weeks.

This continual change over of the personnel of unemployed accounts for the many ups and downs of the unemployed movement and the immense difficulties that have to be overcome to establish and maintain anything like durable organization amongst the unemployed. How often, just as we have secured a capable organizer to tackle the job of organization in some particular district have we seen the organization spring up only to fall to pieces in a few weeks because the organizer had found a job. The number of unemployed may not be less but the new unemployed may have some slight resources which makes him a little indifferent to organization for a few weeks and there may not be amongst them the capable leaders for dealing with the question.

How often have we seen some district right in the forefront of the agitation only to find it all evaporated again in a few weeks. And here is the explanation. The unemployed are not a class of their own. They represent a continually recurring condition of the whole working class. To measure the strength of the unemployed by their organization, their dues paying membership would therefore be a mistake. It can be shown that there were less number of the unemployed actually paying to the Unemployed Workers Committee at the time of the Great Hunger March when unemployment became the burning question of the day, than there are today when it is difficult to get an agitation going on the question.

**The "Gap."** A variety of factors have operated—to take the sting out of the unemployed agitation not the least of which has been the abolition of the "gap" in unemployed pay. This gap was the interval between the periods of payment introduced by the Lloyd

George crowd for the purpose of urging the unemployed to look more intently for work. This report shows how futile and atrocious was this imposition. But now the "gap" has vanished it means the periodic drive of the masses to the local boards of guardians for poor law relief has also vanished and the agitation thus caused has been eliminated.

Still there are more than a million on the unemployed register and so long as this state of affairs obtains an organization based upon unemployment has great scope. And indeed there are more workers subscribing to the National Unemployed Workers Committee than at any time since its inception. Its close association with the General Council of the Trades Union Congress along with the demonstration that unemployment hits the majority of the workers should insure the unemployed organization becoming the natural center of activity for the trades unionists especially who become unemployed. That is the tendency becoming more marked the longer the unemployed crisis exists.

## The Communist Candidates—Look Them Over!

**G**ORDON W. OWENS (colored), Workers Party candidate for Congress from the First Congressional District, Chicago. Twenty-eight years of age, born in Chicago. Has grade school education. Began slaving in 1911 as A. D. T. messenger boy. Later became stockyards worker. Joined I. W. W. in 1914. Kicked out of Swift's Packing concern for urging unionism to fellow-workers. Commenced speaking publicly for a social revolution in 1919. Joined Communist Party in 1920. Member of Workers Party since beginning. Is working today as general worker in printing house.

**J**OSEPH PODKULSKI, Workers Party candidate for Congress from the Fourth Congressional District, Chicago. Born in Austrian Poland, 1889; 35 years of age. Is a needle trades worker and has been working at that trade since age of 14 years, in Poland and the United States. Joined International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union in 1919. He has been a member of the Executive and Joint Board of the I. L. G. W. U. In 1923 he was recording secretary of Local 104, I. L. G. W. U. Today is member Executive Board of local. Is a delegate to the Chicago Federation of Labor. Former member socialist party both in Poland and America. Joined Workers Party at its formation. Is Assistant Secretary, Polish Federation, Workers Party.

**H**YMAN EPSTEIN, Workers Party candidate for Congress from the Fifth Congressional District, Chicago. Started working when 12 years of age. Joined trade union movement in 1901. Has been steady member of union since 1910. Was member of United Garment Workers, Local 21. Now member of Amalgamated Clothing Workers, Local 61, since 1917. Like other workers, has been blacklisted often in labor's struggle for freedom from exploitation. Has put efforts into Amalgamated to make it a truly class conscious and revolutionary union. Aided in attempt to organize electrical workers in clothing industry in 1919. A. C. W. sent him to conduct strike of clothing workers in Detroit in 1922. Strike lasted 14 weeks. Joined socialist party in 1904. Left S. P. in 1921 and joined the Workers Party when organized.

Comrades out gathering signatures to place Workers Party candidates on the ballot are often asked by workers they visit to tell something about the candidates. That is right. Above we are giving a synopsis of the lives of our Communist candidates. Histories of the other candidates will be printed in coming issues of the DAILY WORKER. Clip these items and use them in your work of gathering signatures. They will help you considerably. Get acquainted with the Workers Party candidates and then help acquaint other workers with them.

## The Dictatorship of the Proletariat

**T**HERE is only one way in which the exploitation of the workers and farmers of this country can be ended. That is thru the workers organizing their mass power, ending the capitalist dictatorship and establishing the Workers' and Farmers' Government. "In place of the capitalist dictatorship there must be established the rule of the workers. The governmental power must be used in the interest of the workers and farmers as it is now used by the capitalist dictatorship in the interest of the capitalist class."—From the election program of the Workers Party of America.

# INTERNATIONAL YOUTH DAY MEET HERE ON SUNDAY

## Young Workers League in Demonstration

**M**OBILIZATION DAY, Sept. 12, has accentuated the importance of International Youth Day, which is to be held on Sept. 7, at 8 p. m., in the Northwest Hall, under the auspices of the Young Workers League, to such an extent that the youth movement of this country is planning to put all its organizational strength into a stirring campaign against imperialism.

Youth Day will be celebrated all over the country this year on the basis of specific demands and especially as a protest against the imperialist wars. The speakers for the Chicago meeting are John Edwards, recently returned from the Fifth Congress of the Communist and Fourth Congress of the Young Communist International; Earl Browder of the Trade Union Educational League and J. Louis Engdahl of the DAILY WORKER.

Youth Day is the most important celebration of the Young Communist International and in Russia is a legal holiday. It is celebrated with fervor in Germany, France, Sweden and other European countries. In the United States, Youth Day is growing in importance, especially since the Young Workers League of America is the only working class youth organization fighting for immediate and ultimate demands of the Young Workers in this country as well as in the interest of the child laborers.

There is no doubt that the campaign against mobilization carried on by the Young Workers League will develop into a militant Communist struggle against militarist wars. The Young Workers League on Youth Day are striving to bring out the class nature of capitalist wars as something which is being hidden under a maze of words by the present pacifist activity.

Because of its importance, Youth Day celebration in Chicago is expected to be without question the best attended gathering of young workers, party members and sympathizers that has yet been staged in this city.