

# START COMMUNIST COAST DRIVE

## SEEING THINGS



Poor Fellow Who Has Seen Better Days.  
Drawn Especially for the Daily Worker by K. A. Savanto

## AMALGAMATION VOTED DOWN BY I. A. M. CONFAB

### One-Third of Delegates for Unity Proposal

(Special to The Daily Worker)  
DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 18.—One-third of the delegation to the convention of the International Association of Machinists rose in favor of a substitute amalgamation resolution proposed by the militant left wing representatives in the name of their local unions.

On a vote of "Aye" and "No," seventy delegates voted in favor of the substitute and 140 voted against it. The roll call, which was fought bitterly by Johnston, president of the International, was finally taken and showed a vote of 136 for the resolution and 350 against.

### Bloc Vote Defeats Unity

The roll call vote was different from the first count because of the "gang" votes cast by the reactionary, grand-lodge-controlled delegates. New York, which was represented by only one delegate, cast a bloc vote of 25 against amalgamation. San Francisco, also represented by one delegate, cast 13 votes against the proposition. The small locals, which had suffered greatly in fighting against the capitalist class for better conditions of work, were for uniting the forces of the metal trades workers. The large locals, run by the pay-roll gang, were solidly against.

## HAVE YOU DONE YOUR DUTY?

The comrades of local Chicago and the rest of the district were stirred with enthusiasm yesterday at the announcement that the Workers Party ticket would be on the ballot in the state of Illinois.

But that is not, of course, all; we must have every one of our congressional candidates on the ballot so as to give those workers who have been giving such excellent support to Foster in the straw votes being taken in Chicago an opportunity to show where they stand.

In these last few days, all efforts, every bit of energy must be concentrated to get signatures on the Workers Party petitions for members of the congress. Every branch and election district should follow the example set by district 6 campaign manager, comrade Rose Karsner. She has called a meeting of the members of every single branch under her jurisdiction, to assemble the coming Sunday, Sept. 21, at 3322 Douglas Boulevard, where final plans will be made to go over the top. All members are specifically instructed to be present and get ready to push hard.

With the new names coming in, and the state and national ticket already on the ballot, the number of signatures already obtained stand as follows:

District	Candidate	Signatures obtained	Signatures necessary
No. 1	Gordon Owens	961	1200
No. 4	Joseph Podkulski	1079	1300
No. 5	Harry Epstein	501	1000
No. 6	Frank Pellegrino	1396	3500
No. 7	Sam Hammersmark	2063	4000
No. 8	George Maurer	598	800
No. 9	Jack W. Johnstone	960	1200

## FOSTER OPENS WESTERN TOUR IN FARGO, N. D.

### Communist Candidate on Drive to Coast

By JOSEPH MANLEY  
(Campaign Manager, Workers Party.)

William Z. Foster, candidate of the Workers Party for president, will open his Western Campaign Tour tonight at Fargo, North Dakota. This tour extends clear thru to the Pacific coast and back. That North Dakota, which is a typical American agricultural state, where the population is eighty-five per cent farmers, should be the first to officially recognize the Workers Party on the ballot and that in this state Foster should open up his Western tour is indeed significant.

It is indicative of the growth of the influence of the Workers Party thruout the wheat growing states. It indicates the disease, the economic decay that is gnawing at the vitals of American capitalism.

When the basic economic causes are taken into consideration, is it not specially significant that the American farmers in the midst of harvest, farmers who formerly were the bulwark of American conservatism, will flock by the hundreds to sign petitions to enable a Communist Party and its candidates to go on the ballot in their state?

The population of North Dakota is over half a million. Eighty per cent of this population are farmers. These farmers are indebted to the state to the extent of close to half a billion dollars. Capitalism's financial system, typified by Wall Street, has North Dakota in a strangle hold. There are a total of 865 state and national banks in this state. Over two hundred banks have closed their doors thru bankruptcy. The people of the state actually owe between fifty and sixty million dollars, the net value to the farmers of all the crops they raised last year, is not sufficient to pay the back taxes. The farmers of the state owe back interest on all their debts, of at least one hundred million dollars. These are some of the facts which lie at the root of the farmers' (and especially the wheat growers') discontent.

It is probably true that the present increase in the price of wheat and other farm products may tend to lessen the sharpness of discontent. It is also, no doubt, true that the candidacy of Robert M. LaFollette will tend to confuse and mislead this discontent. It can be seen, nevertheless, that the foregoing facts of the causes back of this discontent are manifestation of the inevitable proletarianization of the American wheat growing and farmer elements.

The Communist candidates and the Communist program will receive many votes in North Dakota. The non-partisan league, which was the cause of the word BOLSHEVIK being introduced into the vocabulary of North Dakota, is dead. It is dead because it was not Bolshevik. Its failure can be attributed to its petty reform program which did not get close enough to fundamentals to inspire the lasting

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## FOSTER, DAVIS NECK AND NECK IN YARDS' POLL

### Chicago Straw Vote Is Making Progress

Fifty-one workers in the stockyards of Chicago stopped long enough yesterday during the meager half-hour which the company grants for lunch, to cast ballots for William Z. Foster in the straw vote which the DAILY WORKER is carrying on among the representative industries.

Robert M. LaFollette got a total of 118 votes. "Not that it will do any good," was the comment of most of these "third-party" adherents.

Negroes and Irish Vote.

A large number of Negroes, most of whom could neither read nor write, asked other workers to mark their votes for the candidate of the republican party, sending the arch-faker's total to 136. A group of Irish drovers—"You could almost see them cross themselves," said one of the party canvassers—obedient to priestly admonition, gave Davis 57 votes.

"I'll sell my vote for \$5.00 to anyone," were the words found written on two ballots.

A large majority of the workers in the stock yards remain inside the plant for lunch, and could therefore not be reached by the party canvassers. A great many more sat about in the open yards just beyond the gates, which the iron rules of the slaughter-house forbid strangers to enter.

Those who passed by the gates without casting their ballots expressed themselves as "disgusted with politics as it's played today. The gang in Washington won't do anything for us, anyway," was the remark most frequently heard.

Martin Abern, secretary of Local Chicago of the Workers Party, expressed complete satisfaction with the way in which the straw ballot is going.

"The straw vote not only gives an idea of how the sentiment among the working masses is running; it also leads the workers to think things over and discuss the question among themselves. One has only to notice how the workers, after casting their ballots, gather into groups to talk of the merits of the various candidates to realize this fact.

"In many ways a straw vote, if it is thorough, gives a much better expression of sentiment than does the regular election vote. In the straw vote not only citizens, but also the foreign elements among the working class, and the thousands who are disqualified for some petty technical reason, are permitted to register an opinion.

"The results of the straw vote show that if every Workers Party member would get out and put a shoulder to the wheel we could get a party member on the ballot from every congressional district."

## MICHIGAN CASE BRIEF ARGUES FOR REVERSAL

### Hits Attempt to Punish Ideas With Jail

Attorneys for C. E. Ruthenberg, convicted of criminal syndicalism in connection with the Communist convention at Bridgeman, Mich., in 1922, have completed the brief to be filed with the supreme court of Michigan in the appeal for reversal of the decision of the trial court.

The brief was filed in the name of Frank P. Walsh and Humphrey S. Gray, attorneys for Ruthenberg, with I. E. Ferguson as counsel. For the prosecution the names of Andrew B. Dougherty, attorney-general; O. L. Smith, assistant attorney-general; Chas. W. Gore, prosecuting attorney for the county of Berrien; Max F. Burger, special assistant prosecuting attorney, and George H. Bookwalter, assistant prosecuting attorney, appear on the brief, which makes quite an array of legal counsel in this case.

Call Law Unconstitutional.

The main argument of the brief is that the Michigan Criminal Syndicalist Law is unconstitutional under the free speech provision of the United States constitution and the State of Michigan because it seeks to punish the mere advocacy of certain ideas irrespective of whether the advocacy of these ideas may lead to some overt act or any overt act at all being committed.

Dealing with the character of the case, the Michigan supreme court is called upon to pass on, the brief declares "In no instance in American jurisprudence has it been held with

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## PLAN MONSTER MASS MEETING FOR GITLOW IN DETROIT ON SEPT. 28

(Special to The Daily Worker)  
DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 18.—The Detroit Campaign Committee of the Workers Party calls attention to the Gitlow meeting which will take place Sunday, Sept. 28th at 2:00 P. M. in Arena Gardens, Woodward and Hendrie Avenues.

The Campaign Committee, recognizing its duty to bring the message of Communism to the greatest number of workers, has engaged the huge Auditorium of the Arena Gardens for the meeting of our vice-presidential candidate, Comrade Ben Gitlow. The capacity of the hall is about 5000, and the committee has no doubt that it can be filled to capacity if every comrade and sympathizer will do his duty. Talk to your shop-mates, fellow trade unionists and every other worker you meet about the meeting, and urge them to attend.

Detroit has shown on many occasions that a great portion of its working class is eager to listen to the message of revolution. On the occasion of the Lenin Memorial meeting the same hall was filled to capacity. The first appearance of the Communist Party in the election campaign will undoubtedly bring thousands of workers to hear the message of communism provided they are informed of the meeting.

## SOVIET RUSSIA'S AMBASSADOR TO CHINA DELIVERS ADDRESS TO UNIONIZED CHINESE TEACHERS

(By Rosta.)  
PEKING, China, Aug. 24.—At the reception given by the Teachers' Union of the eight government schools in honor of Mr. Karakhan, ambassador of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Professor Ma Shu-lun delivered a speech of welcome, in which he pointed out, inter alia, that the policy of the Soviet government opened a new era in the Far East and that from now on the Republic of China and the Soviet Union could go hand in hand, treading the new path and having in view the interests of all the east and the peace of the world.

Referring to the Russian funds of the Boxer Indemnity, the speaker declared emphatically that those on behalf of whom he was speaking wished that those sums should be apportioned for educational purposes entirely. He concluded by an expression of heartfelt welcome and warm sympathy for Mr. Karakhan, who had himself signed the Declarations of 1919 and 1920 and who would now, in his capacity of first Soviet Ambassador in this country, carry into life the fraternal policy of the Soviet Republics.

### China Most Oppressed.

Replying, Mr. Karakhan expressed his gratitude to the representatives of the Teachers' Union for the welcome extended him. He declared that he never doubted that in the circles of the school of high learning Soviet Russia had her best friends; indeed, he can add nothing, states Mr. Karakhan, to the characterization Professor Shu-lun gave of the Soviet policies in the Far East and the world at large and agrees entirely with the preceding speaker's words.

"We have been attacked by the imperialists of the world"—says Mr. Karakhan—"and have conquered in this fight. The struggle, however, is not yet over; it is still going on, while its forms alone have changed.

"We know of the struggle which you, the people of China, are carrying on, you who are one of the oppressed peoples—the greatest people in regard to population, ancient culture and future great historic role. You are suffering under greater op-

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## TREASURY BOOZE SECRETARY FACES COUZENS IN QUIZ

### 2 Millionaires in Mock Warfare

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Secretary of the Treasury Mellon and Senator James Couzens of Michigan, whose epistolary argument over tax reduction enlightened the revision of the revenue laws by the late congress, met face to face today before the senate committee investigating the bureau of internal revenue.

Mellon was called before the committee to give his advice with respect to the scope of the inquiry and to be questioned concerning the operation of the bureau and charges that the administration of the revenue laws resulted in wholesale graft.

### Mellon Feels Easy.

Upon leaving the treasury department for the capitol, where two committees are engaged in investigating his official activities, Mellon said that he felt "no uneasiness" over the Couzens' inquiry and expressed the hope that the work of the committee would result in the formulation of recommendations for the improvement of the government's methods of collecting and adjusting federal taxes.

### Other Investigations.

In additions to the internal revenue probe, directed largely at Mellon, the house banking and currency committee is investigating alleged duplication of government bonds by the bureau of engraving and printing, a branch of the treasury. Mellon is involved because of his denials that duplications have occurred, in the face of repeated assertions by Charles B. Brewer, a special investigator, that he had duplicated and "fraudulent" bonds in his possession.

### NEW YORK SPECIAL NOTICE.

All New York readers are urged to follow closely the story printed in today's issue on Page 5, the fourth column. It is of the utmost importance for the Communist Campaign in the Empire State.

## TWO MORE BODIES ARE RECOVERED IN CROSBY, MINN., MINE DISASTER

CROSBY, Minn., Sept. 18.—Two more dead bodies were dug out of the Milford mine here yesterday, bringing the total of known miners who were killed by the coal barons in an avoidable accident, to forty-one on February 5. The skeletons of Henry Maki, 33, who is survived by his widow and five children, and Alex Jyhla, who leaves a widow and one child, were dug out of the 165-foot level here today. It is believed there are other bodies still in the mine which have not yet been unearthed, altho mining is going on as usual and the Milford company is doing a prosperous business.

## AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

IN yesterday's issue of the DAILY WORKER, the ravings of B. C. Forbes, Hearst writer, was commented on. He is one of the most vicious anti-labor scribblers in the United States, yet his master poses as a friend of labor. And he gets away with it, except in places like Seattle where he comes out openly and attempts to break the union. But to get back to his hiring-forbes. The latter has just returned from a trip to Europe and what he saw there almost broke his bourgeois heart.

HOW those capitalist journalists can afford to take ocean trips and traverse the country writing pleasantly of things they observe! Mr. Forbes does not waste must time observing natural scenery. He is concerned with his master's business all the time. And he is not narrow minded. He sees beyond the interests of William Randolph Hearst and thinks of the system as a whole. Therefore, when he saw that the British workers were getting a swelled head because they thought they had come into their own, it grieved him. He should not feel so bad about the British Labor Party, but he has reason to fear the growing militancy among the British workers. If their day has not come yet, it is on the way.

FORMERLY, says Forbes, drink was the great cause of inefficiency among the British workers. Today the drinking evil is considerably reduced, but the desire of the workers to produce surplus values for their masters has not increased in inverse ratio. This is tough, suggests Mr. Forbes. The war also had its effect. If Hearst gets to thinking that another war might induce the workers to kick over the capitalist system, perhaps he might call off a few of his scribblers.

BUT the worst is yet to come. Formerly the British farmers were the most industrious workers anywhere. Give them a look at the king once a year and they were willing to die in peace. Let the nearest Duke's daughter but smile on them and they were willing to bend their backs in

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## IOWA GOES OVER TOP!

THE Communist ticket will be on the ballot in Iowa. The workers and exploited farmers of that state who have been robbed and lied to by the capitalist parties and who are again being deceived by the blandishments of the bourgeois politician LaFollette will have the opportunity of casting a ballot for a Communist program represented by William Z. Foster, candidate for president and Benjamin Gitlow, candidate for vice-president on the Workers Party ticket, in the coming elections.

Iowa is the eighth state to insure that the Communist ticket will be on the ballot. Next state?

# O'CONNELL HITS HIS PIPE AND STRIKES FADE

## Nothing to Do But Draw His Salary

(Special to The Daily Worker)

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 18.—Mr. James O'Connell, former president of the International Association of Machinists, and now president of the Metal Trades Department of the American Federation of Labor, amused the machinists' convention here by telling the delegates about his present occupation.

He stated: "I am now practically a pensioner. I go to conventions like this, make a talk that the men like. Then I go home, smoke my pipe and draw my salary."

Delegates Oppose LaFollette.

After this introduction of himself, he went into the political situation to prepare the ground for the endorsement of LaFollette by stating that by polling a large vote for him in this campaign, it would scare the powers to be, even though he didn't believe LaFollette would be elected and it might not be possible to throw the election into the house of representatives.

"The days of strikes are over. Labor organizations are becoming great financial institutions and corporations. Labor leaders who lead strikes have passed and today they must be men who understand finance and banking."

After this voice from the grave had been heard the resolution on endorsement of LaFollette and Wheeler submitted by the General Executive Board was adopted by the convention, but it was far from being unanimous. Probably not less than 50 delegates voted against the resolution.

Emme Replies to O'Connell.

Delegate Emme, from St. Paul, in his argument against the resolution stated: "I recognize that what I have to say on this matter will not change the vote of this convention, but I warn the delegates against placing their hope on LaFollette and then be disappointed when he fails and may not even be able to throw the election into the House as our past president said."

"Mr. O'Connell pleads the bankruptcy of industrial organization. I refuse to accept his declaration of bankruptcy," Emme stated. "I know that our industrial organizations can be built up again. I don't want the workers to build faith in LaFollette, so that when this bubble bursts they will find themselves in the same predicament politically."

"Nearly every measure that LaFollette stands for has been passed in the state of Wisconsin, and yet do any of you delegates look to Wisconsin for a mecca of organized labor?"

"The working class of the state of Wisconsin is just as much exploited as that of any other state, if not worse."

Emme called the attention of the delegates to the fact that nearly all speakers were mentioning the class struggle and the sooner we would base the labor movement on that principle, the better off we would be.

Demonstration Doesn't Come. The delegates were listening attentively while Emme spoke and the demonstration expected for LaFollette by some delegates did not materialize.

Delegate Otis, from Pittsburgh, the industrial hell of the United States, stated that the reason his local voted down LaFollette was that he did not represent the working class, that he was not a labor candidate and that what he stood for did not mean anything to the working class, and furthermore, on his national committee only two bona fide labor representatives were put on.

Delegate Garner, from Hammond, Ind., called the attention to the fact that on the committee were men like Rudolph Spreckles, with an outstanding record against labor and pleaded for a real working class political party.

Labor Party "Postponed." When the resolution committee

# "Amalgamated" T. U. E. L. Members! Notice!

A meeting of all the members of the Trade Union Educational League belonging to the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' Union in Chicago will be held on Saturday, Sept. 20, at 2:30 p. m., at 3322 Douglas Blvd. All T. U. E. L. members are urged to be present and participate in discussing the plans for militant activity in the Amalgamated.

# CAPTURE OF POLITICAL POWER URGED BY LONG AT I. A. M. CONVENTION

(Special to The Daily Worker)

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 18.—Delegate William Long, Montreal, today called into the resolution on insurance presented here to the convention of the International Association of Machinists. He urged the necessity of capturing political power as against insurance, while Delegate Tate, Akron, Ohio, insisted on the union becoming an economic force capable of wresting economic power from the capitalists.

Fry, a Chicago delegate, pointed out that the international had gone into all kinds of business, banking, insurance, machine shops and overalls, and still it had lost four-fifths of its membership since the Rochester convention. Discussion will continue on this question during the afternoon session. A. S. Brownlie, president of the Amalgamated Society of Engineers, (machinists) in Great Britain, will address the convention and speak at an open meeting here tonight.

recommended non-concurrence on the Labor Party resolution, President Johnston pulled the usual bunk about how these Communists destroyed the socialist party, and those resolutions come from the same factory. However, he was careful not to go into a long denunciation.

He stated that the next gathering of the Conference for Progressive Political Action would no doubt form a labor party, and therefore was successful in having the resolution defeated, but the vote was very close. Delegate Slaven's Local 119, Rhode Island, led the fight for its adoption and he very ably pictured labor's experience with so-called friends from the time of the Ludlow massacre and up to the present. He warned the delegates not to be too overenthusiastic on LaFollette.

He concluded his speech by stating that labor must look forward and fight not only for higher wages, but for the complete control of the means of production. His remarks were greeted by tremendous applause.

Amalgamation Comes Next.

The question of amalgamation will no doubt create a spirited debate. The majority of the railroad delegates will no doubt vote in favor of this important resolution. A small meeting of some delegates supposed to represent railroad men was announced by President Johnston.

Delegates Bernard Cortez, from Chicago, and Lester, from Montreal, informed the delegates that it did not represent the rank and file. A meeting was then arranged for after the adjournment for all railroad delegates.

New York Comrades, Take Notice.

The Harlem section of the Workers Party, Local New York, will hold a general membership meeting of all the branches of the section on Saturday afternoon, Sept. 20, at 2 p. m., at the headquarters, 143 East 103rd St. Every member must attend. The membership meeting will take up very urgent matters in connection with the election campaign.

# DAUGHERTY BOYS ARE TWO SHARP TACKS ON SILENT CAL'S CHAIR

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Steps will be taken to advance before the United States Supreme Court the case of M. S. Daugherty, banker of Washington Court House, Ohio, who is charged with contempt of the senate in refusing permission for a senatorial committee to examine the books of his bank. Attorney general Stone announced today. The committee sought Daugherty's books in connection with the department of justice inquiry, directed chiefly at the investigation of Daugherty's brother, the former attorney general.

# 38 DEAD IN MINE BLAST IN WYOMING

## Only 12 Escape Tomb with Their Lives

(Special to The Daily Worker)

KEMMERER, Wyo., Sept. 18.—The death toll in the terrific mine blast that wrecked mine No. 5 of the Kemmerer Coal company at Sublet, near here, today was definitely placed at 38 by P. J. Quealy, president of the company.

A close check-up showed that fifty men were in the working when the explosion occurred.

Bring Bodies To Surface. Of these, 12 made their way to safety alive. Twenty-seven bodies, the majority showing signs of having been burned by the fire that broke out following the explosion, have been brought to the surface. Seven others have been located.

No arrangements had been made for an inquest into the explosion.

Many Bodies In Morgue. Twenty-two bodies of victims lay in Kemmerer morgues tonight, while other bodies taken out of the mine property still were at Sublet. Some funerals will be held tomorrow.

Much time was spent today by the rescue workers in cleaning out the main entryways, which were clogged with thousands of tons of rock after the explosion. The work was slow.

The coal company has not made public a list of names of the men who were in the mine at the time of the explosion.

Dr. F. Flinn, in charge of the United States bureau of mines rescue car here declared that rescue work was going forward as rapidly as possible.

Many reports are in circulation as to the cause of the explosion. One is that it was caused when a spark flashed as a tool scraped against the side of a coal car.

Death Came Instantaneously.

Rescue workers said the only means of identification of most of the bodies recovered was by the numbers on the electric lamps carried by the miners.

A number of the victims were found sitting in cars, where they were about to ride to the surface for dinner. Some were on their hands and knees, many with their hands over their eyes. Death was believed to have been instantaneous in most cases.

# WOMEN WILL NOT EVEN LEAVE THE PREACHERS ALONE

"This case ought to be a lesson to the church vamps of America to let their pastor alone."

The speaker was Mrs. Leslie Anderson, wife of the pastor of the Evangelical church of St. Joseph, Mich., whose plan was to end his life because of a church scandal yesterday, ended when he was struck down by an automobile here. Mrs. Anderson arrived at the bedside of her husband late yesterday. Today she pledged renewed faith in him and had assured only for "those women in every church who develop a strange love for the preachers."

"For the last two years, Leslie never knew a moment's peace," Mrs. Anderson said today. "This woman followed him everywhere. She declared her love for him. She was so shameless that she threw her arms about his neck in public. And this woman thought my husband loved her. It is such women in churches all over the country who are forever causing dissension and church scandal."

Scandal Could be Hushed.

BENTON HARBOR, Mich., Sept. 18.—"We back our pastor, Rev. L. R. Anderson, with our unqualified moral and material support and should he wish to return to his pastorate here, we invite him warmly and cordially to do so."

Secret Covenant.

This statement of the board of trustees of the Evangelical Church whose pastor, Rev. Anderson, lies injured in a Chicago hospital following his attempt to commit suicide as a result of a church scandal, was made public today. It was drawn up at a secret meeting last night with presiding Elder C. B. Stroh of this district.

The statement "regrets the unfortunate publicity" which has attended the affair and suggests that had the pastor consulted with the board the "scandal" could have been satisfactorily adjusted.

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# FEDERAL JUDGE DEFERS ISSUE OF WARRANTS

## Four I. W. W. Members Face Deportation

(Special to The Daily Worker)

Issuance of the deportation warrant against four members of the Industrial Workers of the World, who have had deportation hanging over them for four years, was postponed by Federal Court Judge Adam Cliffe in the Post Office Building yesterday, after the plea of the attorney for the Industrial Workers of the World, that time was needed to prepare for deportation.

The four defendants, William Moran, Pietro Nigra, Joseph Oates, and Herbert Mahler, are all prominent members of the I. W. W. who served terms in Leavenworth after Judge K. M. Landis sentenced them during the war hysteria.

The case was taken to the United States Supreme Court by the defense, on the grounds that the warrant issued by the immigration bureau of the U. S. Department of Labor failed to show cause why the men should be deported.

Warrant Defective.

The United States Supreme Court has ruled against the Industrial Workers of the World, according to John O. Ryan, one of the defense lawyers, admitting that the warrant was technically faulty but declaring the immigration authorities had a right to amend the warrant of deportation. A new warrant was issued declaring the I. W. W. organizers must be deported as "Undesirable aliens," who were not working in accord with American principles.

Thomas Doyle, of the Doyle-Fisher group of the I. W. W., against whom an injunction has been issued by the Rowan-Griffith-Bowerman faction, told the DAILY WORKER reporter that the injunction brought into the capitalist courts has seriously hampered the defense of the four I. W. W. members. "They have shown not the slightest disposition to co-operate," he declared. "It might have been a very serious matter. Because of the injunction proceedings we could not get hold of the receipts for the bonds of the four defendants. Under this continuance, the four wobbly organizers might have had to go to jail for sixty days, because we could not get the bond receipts in order to make the bond transfer."

Time Necessary.

The defense lawyer, in pleading for the continuance, declared that the I. W. W. defendants needed at least sixty days in order to get their affairs in order. He emphasized the case of Pietro Nigra, who has been a resident of the United States for 21 years. "All of the defendants have resided in the United States eight years or more," Cunnea said.

William F. Bigelow, one of the lawyers for the Rowan-Bowerman-Griffith faction of the I. W. W., refused to make a statement other than to deny that his clients are intending to drop the injunction case, which has been landed in the court of the worst labor-hating judge in the city, Superior Court Judge Dennis F. Sullivan.

"I have not heard of any move to drop the injunction against Doyle and Fisher," Bigelow told the DAILY WORKER. "And it would be mighty funny if there was a move for a truce and I had not heard of it." He characterized as "untruthful" statements that his clients intend to drop the injunction charges.

Four Active Workers.

The four I. W. W. organizers, sentenced by Judge Landis, were also sentenced to deportation at the expiration of their terms in Leavenworth which they have served.

Doyle told the DAILY WORKER that the four defendants are among the most active organizers in the I. W. W. movement, and he looks upon the move to deport them as a drive of the employers to disrupt the organization.

Imitates Fire-Eater.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 18.—An inquest was to be held today in the death of Frances Murray, 3, who died from burns received when she and her 5-year old brother tried to imitate a "fire-eater" they had seen at the Illinois State Fair. The little girl's dress caught fire. The boy was not injured.

# BRITISH PLOTTERS IN AFGHANISTAN ARE SEVERELY DEFEATED

(Special to The Daily Worker)

LONDON, Sept. 18.—Afghanistans rebels financed by British government have been defeated in battle by government troops, losing 1300 men, according to a Central News Dispatch from Allahabad this afternoon quoting the Pioneer.

# 'Cause Unknown!' Report Comes from Scene of the Latest Mine Disaster

By J. LOUIS ENGD AHL.

TODAY, the usual report, "Cause Unknown!" that always follows in the wake of every mine horror, comes from the scene of the latest disaster, at Sublet, Wyoming.

"Disasters At Mines Alarm U. S. Bureau!" declare the newspaper headlines. But the alarm lasts for a day only.

The capitalist editor shoves the follow-up story, of 38 dead miners' bodies being dragged to the surface and stretched out in a morgue for identification, on a back page, while the first page display goes to the story under the headline, "Find 'Girl in Gray' in Thill Death."

That is capitalist civilization. The death of a rich business man, trying to steal some one else's wife, outweighs the wanton murder of nearly two score workers, wealth producers, not parasites.

They were slaughtered on the job, while turning out profits for the mine owners. Some were found dead sitting in cars, ready to be hauled to the surface for dinner. Death won by seconds. In another moment they would have reached safety. Now the charred corpses can only be identified by the numbers on their electric lamps.

In no country in Europe is the death rate of coal miners as high as it is in the United States.

Last year, every time a million tons of coal came to the surface in this country, four coal miners gave up their lives. The death list of coal miners, last year, contained the names of 2,452 workers. Two hundred thousand were injured.

The coal mining industry is no exception. Out in the State of Washington, industrial accidents claim a life every day; 20 being killed in one month in the logging and lumbering industry alone.

One writer has put it this way:

"One out of every five of the American soldiers mobilized for the world war was a casualty—wounded, or gassed, or injured somehow."

"One out of every 12 of the wage earners of New York State was physically injured in the last fiscal year."

"One out of every 24 American soldiers in the World War lost his life."

"One out of every 3,000 wage-earners in New York State was killed in the last fiscal year, while at work, or died from injury or disease suffered or contracted at his work."

Even the big employer, Arthur Williams, of the New York Edison Co., confesses that, "More than two out of every three industrial accidents might have been or can be prevented."

This employer has also been forced to make the confession that the increase in the killing of workers on the job "has been partly due to the speeding up of production in shop and factory."

Yet the whole capitalist system demands of the worker, "Greater speed! More work!" As the army of the unemployed grows, it is used to batter down working standards. The work-day is lengthened. To the tired worker at the end of the long shift the boss hands out the warning "safety first."

That is a poor stimulant for weary muscles, unable to guard against every pitfall that follows in the wake of the bosses' "economy methods."

"Half of the accidents and deaths occurring in the coal mines of the country annually could probably be eliminated by more adequate safety supervision by operating companies and the exercise of greater care by the mine employes," declares W. W. Adams, statistician of the Department of Labor.

What a ghastly joke to add, "and the exercise of greater care by the mine employes," as if the workers willingly went to their graves. But this lackey of a Coolidge administration at Washington must practically charge the workers with committing suicide on the job, before he can get over even the mildest criticism of the employers.

In one year's record, one of every ten men employed in the railway mail service sustained injuries while at work. The casualty list showed, for one year, 1,537 killed, and 113,511 injured.

The deaths in industry are the plagues of the 20th Century torturing mankind. It is estimated that over 60,000,000 of the inhabitants of Europe died from small pox in the 18th Century. It doesn't pay capitalism, in Europe, or in the United States, to permit this disease to decimate the population as it did two hundred years ago. Therefore a successful fight is urged against small pox, to save the workers for the equally murderous industrial machine.

Capitalism didn't worry much about diseases in the mosquito-breeding swamps of Central America until it wanted to dig a canal across the Isthmus of Panama.

The lives of workers in industry are cheap. When one worker, dead upon a stretcher is carried from the factory entrance, or is raised to the surface from the mine pit, there are always a host of live, strong workers to take his place. The factory or mine owner need not worry about the death of workers, and he saves money thru failure to install safety appliances and maintain the proper workday.

Not far from Sublet, Wyoming, is Teapot Dome, the scene of the robbery of the nation's resources by the oil magnate, Sinclair, with the aid of a secretary of the navy, Denby.

In this same State of Wyoming, at Elk Basin, for instance, John D. Rockefeller's Standard Oil Trust works its oil slaves seven days per week and 12 hours per day.

In this same state, at Rock Springs, for instance, it is estimated that there are 42 nationalities. Workers are brought here from every corner of the world. Chinese and Japs, as well as Italians and Slavs, to dig coal and profits for the mine owners.

The thirty-eight coal miners dead, at Sublet, cry out against the greed of the coal barons, just as Teapot Dome and Elk Basin have told the world, in thunder tones, the crimes of the oil profiteers.

Let workers everywhere hear this cry of the dead. Let labor wipe out this 20th Century industrial scourge, almost as deadly as the scourge of war itself. This can only be done by abolishing the social system that breeds this scourge—the capitalist social system with its rapacious ruling class that worries not about the blood of the workers upon its gold.

At least when capitalism falls the report will not go out, "Cause unknown!"

# LEGION'S ENTRY INTO POLITICS RAISES FLURRY

## Military Clique Union Danger to Workers

(Special to The Daily Worker)

ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 18.—Does the speech of labor-hating Judge Kenesaw Mountain Landis at the American Legion convention here today foreshadow the entrance of the organization into politics with a bang?

That is the question that is being discussed not only in St. Paul, which thinks "legion" today, but by political leaders in all parts of the country.

Politicians On Watch Duty.

A number of nationally known political wisecracks and leaders are present at the convention and are displaying a keen and unprecedented interest in the proceedings, especially those that go on behind the scenes. The Landis speech has stirred up quite a flurry.

"You men of the legion are always being told to do things," said the old jingo, "I don't think you need to be told how to act in time of peace. You certainly know how to act in time of war. Nevertheless anyone who does a bit of good is always being called upon again. Get the vote out. It's one of your duties as Americans."

The temper of the reaction to this speech and the undercurrent of the entire convention, was expressed unofficially by one high in the councils of the legion. "The legion can swing elections and it is my genuine belief that the legion will swing elections. It may not happen this year, but it is coming just as sure as tomorrow's sun, and when it comes—well, look out for the ex-service men. They'll run the country."

Is Danger To Workers.

While this is quite an exaggeration there is not a bit of doubt that the legion's entry into politics as a veterans' unit would contribute greatly to the strength of stark reaction in America. A militarist clique, controlled completely by officers with capitalist affiliations, which will enter politics as a whole, has had a reactionary effect on the workers' struggle for better conditions in various European countries and the same is a possible condition in this country. While the danger is not so great at present, a growing movement of the workers here would bring this force into active play.

The election of national commander here will hinge largely on the decision of the convention on the political question.

# FRENCH PREMIER RUNS FOUL OF ANGRY WORKERS

(Special to The Daily Worker)

PARIS, Sept. 18.—Apparently everybody in France does not assume that a man who uses his feet instead of an automobile is above suspicion. Premier Herriot came to this conclusion last night after a large number of workers carrying banners demanding the release of political prisoners met him as he walked thru the city of Marseilles after landing from a torpedo boat.

Did Not Thrash Him.

The workers were led by young Communists. No violence was offered the premier, though the capitalist papers made it appear that the workers would have beaten him but for police interference.

Amnesty for political prisoners was one of the issues on which Herriot ran for election. Like all bourgeois politicians he has conveniently forgotten his promises since he assumed office. The Communists are holding him to his promise.

When the premier landed from the torpedo boat, he insisted on walking instead of riding in his automobile, claiming that it was more "democratic" to walk than to ride. It turned out to be much more disagreeable than he expected.

# Fog Hits Chicago; "L" Trains Collide; Taxicabs Get Scary

A near-panic resulted here today when an express elevated train, jammed with passengers en route to work, crashed into the rear end of a local, hidden by a dense fog which enveloped the city in a blanket of darkness. Windows in both trains were shattered and passengers fought each other for exits until guards were able to restore order. No one was injured.

So dense was the fog that taxi cab companies ordered all service except in the downtown district suspended. All traffic was hampered and "slow" orders were issued on all railroads entering the city.

# RESULTS OF THREE DAY'S VOTING IN DAILY WORKER STRAW VOTE

SEPTEMBER 16th:				
	Foster	Coolidge	LaFollette	Davis
Hart, Schaffner & Marx....	67	158	206	31
Kuppenheimer .....	52	94	200	19
Royal Tailors .....	32	37	90	8
Total vote cast, 994.				
SEPTEMBER 17th:				
Western Electric Co.....	171	407	408	70
Total vote cast, 1056.				
SEPTEMBER 18th:				
Stockyards .....	37	136	118	57
Total vote cast, 348.				
Grand total for three days .....	359	832	1022	185
Total vote cast in three days, 2398.				

# RHODE ISLAND MAY SEE BIG COTTON STRIKE

## Textile Union Organizer Flays Boss' Greed

(By The Federated Press)

WOONSOCKET, R. I., Sept. 18.—Organizers for the United Textile Workers have been speaking at the gates of cotton mills in Pawtucket and Manville near here. President Thomas F. McMahon of the international union, visiting the field, says the union is prepared to support the workers in a movement against the wage cutting that is beginning. A strike as fierce as that in 1922 may develop.

The union will act when the workers reach a decision, he said.

"I shall not hesitate," Mr. McMahon continued, "to name the time and place when the workers decide. We did not starve in 1922 and we will not starve in 1924."

**Assail Boss Greed.**

Declaring that organization work will be pressed vigorously, the U. T. W. president took occasion to assail the greed of the wage-cutting bosses.

"I claim that the cut in wages by the Manville-Jenckes company is absolutely unnecessary. This company, as well as others, have already cut wages by speeding up machinery, reducing the price list to piece workers, and by adding more looms to the weaver, and more spindles to the spinner."

## Amalgamation Voted Down at Machinists' Convention in Detroit

(Continued from Page 1.)

to Johnston, brought in its own resolution on the proposition. It called for a re-affirmation of the convention resolution in 1912 for amalgamation, but stated that nothing could be done until the other unions in the industry were willing to come along. This spineless motion was passed under the pressure of the pay roll gang.

The left wing resolution called for the election of a committee from the floor of the convention to work together with the grand lodge for the purpose of negotiating unity in the metal trades industry and carrying on the fight for solidarity in all conventions of the American Federation of Labor, the Railway Employees' Department and the Metal Trades' Department. It pointed out the havoc wrought by the employers in their anti-labor drives which had signally hurt the trades unions because of their craft basis of organization.

But logic made no impression on the hard shells and the committee resolution was adopted instead.

**B. & O. Plan Coming.**

The B. & O. plan is yet to come up before the convention, and it is universally admitted that it will be the crux of the fight at the convention between reaction and progress. No matter what the result will be, it will be the biggest struggle and the element that wins will win only by a close majority. There is an even greater sentiment against this insidious menace among the membership and the delegates than there was for the amalgamation proposition. The prevailing feeling is one of distrust for the "co-operation plan" on the grounds that it will completely eliminate the last vestige of militancy in the union, and turn it over as an efficient appendage for the increase of the profits of the employers.

The fakery, who are not willing to organize the unorganized on the basis of a fight against the bosses, and feel their meal ticket dwindling, are anxious to see the Johnston plan go thru, hoping that it will mean a bigger dues-paying membership to comfort them in their sliding years. The fact that it will no longer be a trade union doesn't seem to interest them for a moment.

Vote Communist This Time!

## First International Anniversary Number

ANOTHER DAILY WORKER SPECIAL!  
Saturday, September 27

1. Marx's Inaugural Address.
2. The Founding of the First International.....By Harrison George
3. Make It a Party of Leninism.....By Earl R. Browder
4. Marx—Engels—Lenin.....By T. J. O'Flaherty
5. The Proletarian Will to Power.....By Max Shachtman
6. How to Build Shop Nuclei.....By Martin Abern
7. From the First International to the Third.....By J. Louis Engdahl
8. Carrying the Banner of Social Revolt.....By Alexander Bittelman

PICTURES OF THE FOUNDERS OF THE FIRST INTERNATIONAL  
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## THE DAILY WORKER

1113 W. Washington Blvd. Chicago, Ill.

# Send in the Collections for the Campaign Fund

**TO ALL PARTY BRANCHES:**

Funds for the carrying on of the Workers Party campaign are raised thru sale of campaign fund stamps by the Party Branches. These stamps were sent to the district offices early in August and have been in the hands of the Party branches since the middle of August. So far, however, very few of these branches have sent remittances to the local and district offices to which they pay the funds collected.

The campaign work of the Party has been lagging because of lack of response by the branches to the appeal for the selling of the campaign fund stamps. The National Organization had printed hundreds of thousands of leaflets, has issued three pamphlets, routed speakers and getting out stickers. The printers, the Daily Worker Publishing Co. which does the printing for the Party is not in a position to extend long time credit to the Party for the work which it does and if the Party is to continue and intensify the campaign work thru new literature, and more meetings, the funds must be made available by the Party branches. Every Party branch is urged to at once take up the question of the sale of the campaign fund stamps. The members of the branches must intensify their efforts to sell these stamps. Each branch should make it a matter of pride to sell all the stamps it has received by the first of October. The money is to help intensify and carry on a more aggressive campaign, and we must have the funds by that time.

The second action necessary by the branches is that the money already collected be remitted to the district or local organization from which the stamps have been received. The local and district organizations will in turn transmit the money—the local to the district and the district the share which goes to the national organization to the national headquarters.

Comrades, we have the opportunity before us of increasing the strength of our Party and of mobilizing hundreds of thousands of workers behind our Party by expressing their approval of our Party candidates on Election Day. We must make the most of this opportunity. The campaign fund will furnish the means to carry on the work that is necessary. We must get results in the collection of the campaign fund within the next two weeks' time. Mobilize your forces for this work and do your part to make the campaign a success.

Fraternally yours,

C. E. RUTHENBERG,  
Executive Secretary  
Workers Party of America

## AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

(Continued from Page 1.)

toil for the next twelve months, a happy and contented lot. But a devil has gotten into them, says Forbes. We do not know if Moscow has sent over a flock of germs, or a swarm or however they come, but they are bitten by something, which is not good for the landowners. They actually insist on indulging in pleasures which once, and not so very long ago, were the exclusive monopoly of the rich. Odds Bodkins and Gadszooks!

**WEEKLY** half holidays were unknown in pre-war days on the farm, and most farm laborers rarely went pleasure seeking, except on Saturday evenings. All that is now changed." This is terrible. The way the working class are acting in England ought to send cold shivers running up and down the royal spine. Of course, His Majesty can depend on Ramsay MacDonald for another while to prevent the British workers from taking a week off and cleaning out the parasites their class has been working for so many centuries. They will do that little thing one of those days.

**WHO** would have thought in the year 1914, when the war broke out that the mighty czar of Russia would today be lying at the bottom of a deep well and that his children, legitimate and otherwise, would be scouring the earth looking for a place where they could live without working? That person would be considered an optimist if not worse. In fact, people have been taken to psychopathic hospitals for less offensive predictions. Who knows but that the British working class, long considered the most servile worshippers of royalty in the world, will in a short time, send their intellectual nonentity to accompany the czar or perhaps his royal cousin, the Kaiser? It is up to them to give him a fitting sentence. Far be it from me to suggest anything unseemly. I might be accused of prejudice.

**TALKING** of kings. Some time ago this column predicted that the financiers and capitalists who are entertaining the Prince of Wales on Long Island, New York, would give His Royal Highness a friendly market trip, which would enable that aristocratic person, to pay his bootlegger's bill while in this country. The writer assumed that the prince having a taking way with the society ladies, who were tired of playing with their poodles and second-hand Swedish. Bulgarian and Greek princes, would insist that their meal tickets, alias husbands, should put the prince

wise to a stock killing. It has happened.

**YESTERDAY'S** papers carried the news that Mr. Julius Fleischmann, owner of the yeast business that made him rich and famous, favored the prince with the information that his yeast stock was going to rise. The prince rose to the occasion, invested a large sum of money in Fleischmann stock and unloaded it when the stock reached its peak. The prince and Fleischmann and the insiders were money in the pocket, but the prince has somebody else's dough. There were suckers as well as winners. This proves that thrift pays and the only way to get rich is to work ten hours a day for your master and never look at the clock. The prince burns the midnight oil. So he makes money. Oh, oh, oh, Mr. Prince!

Contributed Paragraphs.

**PATROLMAN** Lee O'Neill was suspended from the Chicago police force when he was unable to explain away the presence in his garage of a still, several gallons of mash, some moonshine, bogus revenue stamps and plenty of bottles. The copper should take lessons from his superiors. If it had been Charley Hughes, he would have blamed it on the Bolsheviks.

**PACIFISTS** may breathe easier, there will be no war with France just yet. The loan of a hundred million dollars which fell due Sept. 12, has been renewed by J. P. Morgan & Co. "upon conditions similar to the preceding credit." Which means that the French wage workers, like their German brothers, will go right on slaving for our money tsar. And "Comrade" Herriot will collect the bill.

**LOT** of fool workers got excited when the Japanese Ambassador's protest against the Asiatic Exclusion Law contained a reference to "grave consequences." In the hocus-pocus of diplomacy these words generally mean "fight." Congress and the kept press soon took up the tune: "These Japs can't scare us, we'll show 'em." Right after the big earthquake it was not merely politic, it was safe. It develops, tho, according to a speech by Bishop Charles F. Reilnsider, before the Tokio Rotary Club, that the strong tone of Hanihara's note was directly due to the insistence of our own Secretary of State, Charles E. Hughes, who wanted a note "with teeth." Who knows how many other war scares have been negotiated by "gentlemen's agreement?"

Vote Communist This Time!

# GOOSE-STEP DAY PROVED BIG FIZZLE

## Silent Cal, Wise "Pol," Muzzles Wilbur

By LAURENCE TODD  
(Federated Press Staff Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Defense Day mobilization has failed to accomplish for the army and navy the revival of public interest in the war game which was hoped for it. While the war department chiefs announced that 16,000,000 persons "took part" in the celebration, President Coolidge has given tangible evidence that this claim was a bluff.

He has sent an urgent summons to his secretary of the navy, Wilbur, to hurry back from the Pacific Coast by airplane in order to quell the big navy shouters in the navy department. Cal is afraid that the voters will hold him responsible, in November, for the fire alarm attitude of the swivel chair admirals who are now telling the public that the navy budget must be increased by \$50,000,000 at least.

Wilbur, who was picked for the cabinet by Coolidge on the advice of Sen. Sam Shorridge, sponsor of the anti-Japanese clause in the immigration law, has been out in the golden west, lambasting the Japanese and suggesting that "There is nothing so cooling to a hot temper as a piece of cold steel."

Boost For Business.

This contribution to international peace was hailed by the big navy boys as a great boost for business. It looked as the Defense Day would earn fine dividends in increased salaries and more promotions, which in turn would bring fatter retirement pensions and allowances.

They looked around and discovered that the budget bureau had reduced by \$50,000,000 the amount of the inflated estimates made by naval bureau chiefs for the service for next year. Among the items reduced was the one for naval aircraft. On this they rushed to the star-spangled Hearst press, and raised the cry that national defense was being betrayed.

Coolidge waited a few days, observed that nobody got excited about it, and concluded that it was better politics—until after election—to stand by the budget bureau. So he called Wilbur in for instructions.

Officers' Connections.

Meanwhile, the employes in the navy yards have become alarmed as to their immediate future. They see that the naval officers, who are socially if not financially connected with the owners of private yards and munitions plants, are blocking every chance the government have had on competitive contracts.

This program on the part of the naval officers is based, apparently, on their desire to use the industrial displacement of the navy yard employes as a threat which will induce congress to maintain a big navy regardless of world conditions. Every effort to get contracts for articles needed by other departments of the government, and which can be produced cheaply in the machine shops owned by the navy meets with disaster. Some of the men suspect that the navy yards' bids are shown secretly to favored private bidders, who then underbid the navy just enough to get the contracts.

Private Companies.

Millions of dollars' worth of ship repairs, of metal work for the endless activities of Uncle Sam, are turned over month by month to private companies, whose officers are social chums of high officers in the public service, and who join the naval officers in their demand for more costly armament.

Thus far, the organized shopmen employed by the war and navy departments have failed to present to congress a detailed and comprehensive plan for turning these government shops to productive peace-time uses. But now the word is going around that something must be done, by common agreement, or the disarmament wave will leave 100,000 workers in the yards and arsenals high and dry.

## This Should Make Bobby Tune in and Listen Attentively

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 18.—Officers were elected by the Indiana Telephone Association today and the fifth annual two-day session came to a close with a banquet at the Claypool Hotel.

Addressing the 250 delegates, Henry A. Barnhart of Rochester, president of the association, declared small telephone companies must increase their rates in the immediate future or go out of business.

He pointed out that independent companies operating in rural districts had not provided for a depreciation fund with the result that repairs are badly needed now and there is no money with which to make them.

Vote Communist This Time!

# WELL, TIMES ARE GETTING WORSE BUT THE WORKERS' WAGES REMAIN AT AVERAGE OF \$1,000 PER YEAR

By LELAND OLDS  
(Federated Press Industrial Editor)

The almost hopeless struggle of the average wage earner in American industry to keep his family afloat even in a year of full employment is reflected in Bulletin 357, U. S. department of labor, which summarizes the study of workers' family budgets during the war. The report shows thousands of families with annual deficits while other thousands produce scanty surpluses only as the result of other income derived from the labor of wives and children or from gifts and roomers. Such a report makes Secretary of Labor Davis' talk about a "saving wage" sound like twaddle.

The original investigation of the department covered 12,096 families representing proportionally the wage earners, low salary and medium salary workers in 92 industrial centers scattered over 42 states. The results in the case of families with incomes ranging between \$900 and \$1,800 are shown in the table, the figures being as of 1918:

Average income from	INCOME GROUP		
	\$900 to \$1,200	\$1,200 to \$1,500	\$1,500 to \$1,800
Husband	\$1,014	\$1,252	\$1,488
Wife	11	14	15
Children	12	26	62
Roomers	2	4	6
Garden, Poultry, etc.	8	11	14
Gifts	21	24	29
Rents or investments	2	6	9
Other	5	7	9
All sources	\$1,075	\$1,344	\$1,632
Average expenditures for			
Food	456	516	572
Clothing	156	207	275
Rent	150	180	207
Fuel and light	64	73	79
Furniture etc.	48	62	84
Miscellaneous	202	263	338
Total exp.	\$1,076	\$1,301	\$1,537

## THE VIEWS OF OUR READERS ON LIFE, LABOR, INDUSTRY, POLITICS

THE FALLACY OF GARVEYISM  
By GORDON W. OWENS

THE Illinois Courier, a Ku Klux Klan paper, print a report of a speech delivered by Marcus Garvey to the convention of the Universal Negro Improvement Association in New York City.

Mr. Garvey makes a plea for Negro nationalism and warns his hearers that Negroes have nothing to hope for in the countries dominated by the white race.

I agree that Negroes should be proud of the achievements of their race, and should consider themselves as good as and the equals of all other races. But Negroes must remember that they are part of the great human race and that their destiny is intertwined with it.

**Capitalists Exploit White and Negro**

The white race in general does not dominate any country. A comparatively small portion of the white race, namely the ruling and capitalist class dominates and exploits the great mass of white workers in the countries inhabited by whites. This same white capitalist class dominates and exploits Negro workers who reside in Africa, the West Indies and other countries inhabited mostly by Negroes.

Of course exploited white workers become soldiers and aid their white capitalists and masters to dominate and exploit the Negro and other darker races. This is due to the mis-education, ignorance and stupidity of the white workers.

The Negro ruling class of Haiti, the Negro republic, exploits and dominates the Negro workers of Haiti despite the fact that mostly Negroes live in Haiti.

The Negro ruling class of Liberia, the African republic, likewise unmercifully exploits the great mass of native Negro workers of Liberia.

**Negroes No Better Off.**

Therefore, Negroes will not fare any better by living in a country ruled and dominated by Negro capitalists and exploiters, than by living where the color of their exploiters is white.

Negro workers must learn that the capitalist system under which they live is the cause of their misery and woe. They must unite with the class conscious and revolutionary white workers to overthrow and do away with the present capitalist order, which keeps the Negro problem in existence, and establish the rule of the workers and farmers or the communist system.

Communists the world over know but one race, the human race and but two classes, the working class and the non-working or capitalist class.

Negroes in the United States and elsewhere in order to secure their emancipation from the ills under which they now suffer must destroy the cause of these evils which is the present iniquitous, soulless and oppressive system of wage slavery under which they, along with the white workers, exist.

Those Yellow (S) Cabs.

**To THE DAILY WORKER:** In waiting for the employment office of a certain cab company to open, I have heard several interesting stories about the Yellow Cab Company.

Each one of the applicants who have previously worked for the Yellow have their story to tell. One fellow

said "I have worked for the Yellow over three years, but am quitting now, and trying to get a job here. They beat me out of my attendance bonus." "How much was it?" I asked. "Six dollars," he answered, "and I worked four months for it and never missed a day." "How did they beat you out of it?" I asked. "Well, I had a Sunday off, but worked just the same, as I needed the money, and took the next Sunday off instead, and because of this they kept the six dollars." "And this isn't all," he continued, "they kept a dollar and forty cents out of my pay last week, because an old lady kept me waiting after she reached her destination, and then refused to pay me."

Another Yellow Cab driver had a roommate who was looking for a job, and finally got one, but with a union concern. One morning soon afterward, the Yellow Cab driver was called into the manager's office.

"Do you know this man?" the manager asked, naming the roommate.

"Why yes," the driver answered, "he is my roommate."

"Well, you'll have to move out of there, you can't room with a union man." The driver told him to "go to hell," and quit right there.

Another one was "laid off temporarily," so they told him, although they were constantly hiring new men. When he tried to get back on again, they always told him that there was no opening. After five weeks of this he found out that his uncle, his father's brother, who lived a few doors from his own home, had joined the machinists' union just a few days before he (the driver) had been laid off by the Yellow Cab Company.

I wish you would publish this letter, so that the workers, at least some of them, can learn a little about the Yellow (S) Cab Company.—ELMER S. WATSON, a reader of your paper, Chicago, Ill.

Vote Communist This Time!

# CARPENTERS UP AGAINST DROP IN BUILDING

## Puncturing of Boom Is Convention Problem

(Special to THE DAILY WORKER)

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 18.—The convention of the International Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners convenes here next Monday, Sept. 22, faced with the slackening of the building boom and widespread unemployment, together with an open shop drive of the employers.

The Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, with almost 400,000 members, claiming jurisdiction over nearly a million workers, is the largest union in the building industry and next to the United Mine Workers is the most powerful union numerically in the United States.

Resolutions have been introduced by the left wing element which aim to curb the autocratic powers of the reactionary officials of the union, organize the unorganized workers, recognize Soviet Russia, and amalgamate the building trades into one union.

A resolution introduced by Local Union No. 27, Toronto, calls for a new policy in the unions, whereby the carpenters and joiners may support a farmers' and workers' political party. This resolution declares: "Amend the constitution by striking out the words 'But party politics must be excluded' and substitute the following: 'Any local union or local unions and district councils may cooperate with a recognized labor party and render such financial support to such party as the membership in their respective locals or districts may decide'."

## Foster Opens His Western Tour at Fargo, No. Dak.

(Continued from Page 1.)

and continuous self-sacrifice which only goes with movements of a fundamental nature. Those whom the league has supported before, and its present candidates, all stand for the capitalist system that is responsible for the economic ruin of thousands of North Dakota farmers.

Thousands of the farmers, and the workers of North Dakota, it is no longer sufficient to say that the candidate is a "dirt" farmer and "slaps his own hogs." The fundamental nature of the national agrarian crisis is rapidly becoming apparent. North Dakota farmers, because their product is on the world market, are beginning to realize that the question is not alone national, but is also international.

The message of Communism carried by Foster in his first speech in this state will bring home these facts. It will explode the republican fallacy that the Dawes' plan will be a relief to American agriculture. Foster will expose this imperialist plan. He will show that back of it lies the struggle for world markets, which will surely precipitate another world conflict—a conflict in which the North Dakota farmers and their sons will be asked again to cross the ocean to help collect European debts and conquer the markets of the world for Wall Street and the American imperialists.

In North Dakota from now on, Communism is a force to be reckoned with.

**Profiteers Snicker at This.**

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—A complete reorganization of the war transaction section of the Department of Justice to speed up the more than 700 war frauds cases now pending was announced today by Attorney General Stone.

REMEMBER! THIS SUNDAY SEPTEMBER 21ST.

THE first Communist children's affair ever given in Chicago, will take place this Sunday, Sept. 21, at 3 p. m., at Workers' Lyceum, 2733 Hirsch Blvd. The kids are promising a surprise to everybody. The Vanguard Group of the Junior Y. W. L., who are running the affair, have prepared something new in entertainment. They expect the loyal support of the W. P. members and the Y. W. L.

Are you coming?  
Don't disappoint them!  
Bring the children!

## FOSTER ON THE RUSSIAN REVOLUTION

"THE Russian revolution is one of the very greatest events in all human history. What has happened is that the oppressed masses of Russian workers and peasants have risen against their masters, overthrown them, and destroyed the whole political and industrial structure of the old regime. They have taken control of the land, the industries and the state, and are operating them in their own interests, paying no tribute to exploiters of any sort. The world has never seen such a profound social upheaval."

Vote Communist This Time!

# ANTI-FASCISTI IN NEW HAVEN HOLD BIG MEET

## Squelch Black-Shirters Riot Attempts

(Special to The Daily Worker)  
**NEW HAVEN, Sept. 18.**—Despite the attempts of Fascisti to break up the meeting, over 500 workers in Music Hall, yelled their condemnation of the Fascist regime in Italy. Long before the meeting, the papers predicted trouble, based on past experiences here. What infuriated the small Fascist group was the bright red tunic worn by John Govenesi, of New York, a white-haired, white-bearded veteran of the Italian War of Independence in 1860.

Only the determined attitude of William Simons, district organizer of the Workers Party, saved the day. From then on, there was little interruption. The Fascists mumbled to themselves that their plan to disrupt the meeting was a failure.

**Speakers in Italian.**  
 The speakers in Italian were Mario Baldini, Pietro Allegra, and Carlo Trecca of New York, and Pasquale Cobianche, of New Haven. Baldini was eloquent in delineating the heights the Italian workers could attain in art and science, if they were in control of their destinies. Cobianche's passionate denunciation of the brutalities committed by the Fascisti drew heated protests from those creatures that may once have been men, but are now nothing but Fascists. Pietro Allegra lived up to his name, with his witty thrusts at the enemy. Carlo Trecca, the veteran of the Lawrence 1912 strike, analyzed the reasons for the Fascist movement, excoriating the renegade socialist, Mussolini.

**Socialist Fails to Appear.**  
 The only speaker in English was Comrade Simons. I. Pelsky, was advertised to speak for the socialist party and for the LaFollette club. But he must have recognized the impropriety of a supporter of a capitalist candidate attempting to condemn a capitalist movement like Fascism. He was said to be out of town, campaigning for LaFollette, instead of being at a working class gathering to protest against cruelties inflicted upon the

# NEW YORK COMMUNISTS!

The Communist International Calls Upon Us to Intensify Our Industrial Work.  
 The First Step in This Direction is the Industrial Registration of Our Party Membership

Comrades, have you responded to this call? Have you already registered in the industrial registration as instructed by the Party?

Branch officials, have you already sent in the registration slips to the respective Party offices? If you have not already done so, then you must get every member in your branch registered in this industrial registration. Use every means possible to get this work done.

Branches should make the industrial registration an order of business at their next branch meeting for the purpose of completing the registration of every member in the branch. All members must be registered.

This is a Communist duty which must be fulfilled by every member of the Party.

This registration should have been completed by Sept. 15. Up to date only 35 out of 125 branches reported. The following branches have filed their registration reports either in full or in part:

- | Name of Branch.                             |
|---|
| Armenian, N. Y. C., partial.                |
| Czecho-slovak, Union Hill, complete report. |
| English, Yorkville, complete report.        |
| English, Bronx, No. 1, part report.         |
| English, Bronx, No. 2, part report.         |
| English, Bronx, No. 3, complete report.     |
| English, North Hudson, part report.         |
| English, Linden, N. J., complete report.    |
| Finnish, Jersey City, complete report.      |
| German, Night Workers, part report.         |
| German, Jersey City, part report.           |

working class. He was right in staying away. He should never have been invited. He would have been out of place.

**A Communist Speech.**  
 Simons called the Fascist question an international one. He laid the Fascist movement to the base surrender of the social democratic leaders of the Italian metal factories seized in Sept. 1920, and to their failure to enlist the sympathy of the peasants. The middle class was enlisted by Mussolini to serve big capital in rebuilding Italian industry at the expense of the working class. He stressed the united front nature of the meeting, where he represented the Communist Workers Party, and other speakers were syndicalists and anarchists. "But," he declared amid stormy applause, "when the working

German, Passaic, N. J., part report.  
 Greek, N. Y. C., part report.  
 Hungarian, Yorkville, part report.  
 Italian, West Side, part report.  
 Italian, West Side, Corona, complete report.

Jewish, Harlem, part report.  
 Jewish, Bronx No. 1, part report.  
 Jewish, Brownsville, part report.  
 Jewish, Bath Beach, part report.  
 Jewish, Elizabeth, complete.  
 Polish, Elizabeth, complete.  
 Polish, Paterson, complete report.  
 Russian, Bronx, part report.  
 Russian, S. Brooklyn, complete report.

Russian, Passaic, complete report.  
 Russian, Cliffs, complete report.  
 Russian, Manville, complete report.  
 Scandian, Harlem, partial report.  
 S. Slovak, N. Y. C., partial report.  
 Spanish, N. Y. C., complete report.  
 Ukrainian, Hickville, complete report.  
 Ukrainian, Elizabeth, complete report.  
 Ukrainian, Bayonne, complete report.  
 Ukrainian, Manville, complete report.

If your branch name does not appear on this list, then your branch is delinquent in filing its report. If you have part of the members registered, send same in to the respective Party offices and go ahead until completion of the registration in your branch.

**Whipping Boss Film Draws Well.**  
**VINCENNES, Ind., Sept. 18.**—The Whipping Boss, a film depicting the horrors of the Martin Tabert case, showing how the workers are imprisoned and sold to private corporations, then worked beyond endurance and whipped to the point of death, drew vigorous applause from Vincennes movie patrons.

class is threatened, then the Communists enter into joint demonstrations to battle for the true interests of the proletariat." He condemned the United States government for recognizing a capitalist dictatorship; and Gary, Daves and other 100 per centers, for praising and shaking the bloody paw of Mussolini. He urged the workers present to be internationalists, and no matter what their individual differences might be, to fight shoulder to shoulder, when the working class is in danger.

A telegram was unanimously ordered sent to the widow of Matteotti, the slain deputy; and one against the damnable Fascist regime to the working class of Italy.

The Italian branch of the Workers party was active in arranging the meeting.

# OBSTACLES FAIL TO STOP A FINE OPEN AIR MEET

## Cicero Cops, Fireman and Lassies Foiled

All the powers of the state in almost comic-opera form, tried unsuccessfully to stop a Workers Party street meeting in Cicero Tuesday night. The "Black Hundred," the church, the police, and even the social-democracy in its historic role, contributed to the entertainment of a crowd of 200 who braved the chilly night to hear speeches delivered by Wm. F. Kruse and a prominent Lithuanian comrade.

The meeting was well under way with no more opposition than the usual auto horns and small boys' smartness, when an ancient flivver, light blazing and cut-out roaring, drove down the wrong side of the street, right into the crowd, and up to within a few inches of the stand. One of the crowd protested that his child had been hit and the burly driver, at least 250 pounds of him, rolled out of the machine, took hold of his slightly-built critic, and almost carried him across the street. The speaker told the crowd to stay where it was, jumped off the platform, and separated the two.

"What's the idea of driving into a crowd of people that way?" he asked. "Ain't I got a right to park over there? I wanna go inter that ice cream store?"

**Not For Ice Cream.**  
 He didn't look like an ice cream customer and later events proved his lack of interest in that store.

"Well, you're driving on the wrong side of the street, beat it or you'll get pinched."

The big man's jaw fell in amazement. "Pinched? Me? Me pinched?" He was so stunned he forgot that he came to fight. The speaker got back on the stand, the driver backed out his machine and drove up the main street, and the meeting proceeded in fine spirit.

The crowd identified the interrupter as "The Fire Department," but it developed that he was only one member. Someone said he was the chief but this was also denied, he was just the biggest man on the department and his chief mission in life was to keep the police from winning the annual tug-of-war. With "Dan" as the anchor, the cops might as well try to pull the "Western" off its foundations.

**Back Again.**  
 A roaring like a machine-gun right in back of the stand. "Daredevil Dan" was back again, he had driven around the block. Some of the crowd had to jump for their lives. One woman started to tell him where he got off.

From the stand: "Let him alone, he wants an ice cream." The horse-laugh got the fireman so sore that without any warning he started the flivver forward, just missed the stand, and was gone for the day.

Soon after a Salvation Army organ started up around the corner. A few of the more curious left and came right back again. The music stopped.

**An Ex-Socialist Cop.**  
 Automobiles and police were hovering around. Finally a uniformed cop, Charley Opolski, former secretary of the Lithuanian branch of the socialist party, came over with the word that we would have to move off the business street, these here business men were complaining, and they paid taxes so we would have to go down a block into the unlighted residential streets.

The personal representative of the Second International was told that the issue of our right to hold meetings on that corner had been fought out once before in the Cicero courts, and that we were ready to do it again; the only way to stop our speakers was to lock them up.

**Some Friend.**  
 A plain clothes sergeant then took up the plea: "I know you," he said to the speaker, "we had trouble with you years ago, better beat it, the cop's yer fren." He got the same answer with a little kidding thrown in.

Another policeman came to the rescue and saved the others' face. He told the speaker the meeting could go on provided it was orderly, and the crowd promised to remain that way even if "Daredevil Dan" brought out the whole fire department.

A substantial collection was taken up and a large number of tickets to the Foster-Gitlow Mass Meeting at Ashland Auditorium, Oct. 12 were sold.

Crowds assemble on this corner, 49th Ave. and 14th St., every Tuesday night long before the meeting starts and they stay right thru to the end.

**Vote Communist This Time!**

# THE POWER COLUMN

Twice every week—this column uncovers to your view the motive power behind the DAILY WORKER. Here for the interest and inspiration of every reader—and especially the DAILY WORKER agents and committees—are tried and proven suggestions and accomplishments to drive the DAILY WORKER to further conquests.  
 Here is POWER—the power of brain and effort of men and women of the working class who not only believe—but ACT!

## The New York Edition

THE DAILY WORKER has already announced the "500 New Subscribers" Campaign initiated in New York. The systematic and continued effort of the New York comrades led by Comrade L. E. Katterfeld, DAILY WORKER agent for that city, forces further recognition.

It is not simply a subscription campaign. As Comrade Katterfeld explains, with it goes "The building up of larger and larger bundle orders from week to week, the campaign for the distribution of at least 50,000 copies of the Foster number, which the Campaign Committee has now definitely ordered, publicity in foreign language papers, circularization of sympathizers, etc."

Right now they are in the midst of this campaign which they began in a systematic and ORGANIZED method.

To start with Comrade Katterfeld announces that "within the next two weeks some energetic comrade will visit every branch that has not as yet an agent and to see to it that one is elected." (What a celebration there would be in this office if every city did it!) But let this communication to the New York Workers Party membership signed by Comrades Katterfeld and Rebecca Grecht, the Secretary of the Executive Committee, tell the story:

**Comrades!—YOU WANT THE DAILY WORKER TO BE SOLD ON THE NEWS STANDS IN NEW YORK CITY—**

**HERE'S HOW TO DO IT:** Secure 500 additional subscribers for the DAILY WORKER by the time of the Foster meeting in October, and the DAILY WORKER will go on the news stands.

This will benefit EVERY party member, whatever language he speaks. It will be a great convenience for thousands of workers. It will mean thousands of new readers for the DAILY WORKER—more votes for our Communist candidates—more new members—more successful meetings—more success for EVERY activity of the WORKERS PARTY in this city.

Realizing this, the City Executive Committee decided to launch a campaign AT ONCE for the 500 subscribers necessary before placing the DAILY WORKER on the news stands of New York. This campaign has now begun.

To create some friendly rivalry among the comrades of the various branches and as a reward of merit, the branch that makes the best record will receive a

## Red Silk Banner

with Bolshevik emblem, Hammer, Sickle, Star and suitable inscription embroidered on it.

This will be officially presented by Comrade Foster, our presidential candidate, at his meeting in New York, at which the comrades of the winning branch, together with comrades with the best individual records from other branches, will have seats of honor.

The contest is on. START NOW to get subscriptions for the DAILY WORKER. Bring or send them to the DAILY WORKER AGENT, 108 East 12th Street.

This and other plans of the New York comrades have proved successful can be seen by a few facts:

Local New York has distributed an edition of 14,000 copies for the Gitlow campaign meeting. A special edition will be had for the Cannon meeting and an edition of 50,000 has been ordered for the Foster campaign meeting. Comrade Irving Potash, of the Williamsburg English branch, alone secured an order of 300 copies from his branch members—10 per member. Circle 12 of the Young Workers League ordered a bundle of 750 copies.

Subscriptions from New York are pouring in daily in increasing numbers and the POWER COLUMN will surely be forced to further cheers for this local.

To other locals and branches we simply must get somewhat religious in our suggestion: GO THOU AND DO LIKEWISE.

# ST. LOUIS PARTY HOLDS EXCELLENT STREET MEETING

## May Form Negro Branch in Near Future

By HARRY STOLZ.  
 (Special to The Daily Worker)  
**ST. LOUIS, Sept. 18.**—Police intimidation failed to frighten the speakers of the Workers Party in the most successful street meeting held in this city for a long time.

The meeting, held at the corner of 22nd and Chestnut Sts., was being addressed by John Brown, candidate of the Communists for congress, Elmer McMillan, candidate for lieutenant-governor of the state, and by Ed. Latterdale, a Negro who has just joined the party, with Harry Stolz as chairman.

**Applaud Communists.**  
 A large crowd, mostly Negroes, had gathered and interrupted the Communist speakers with frequent applause, especially when Brown and Latterdale spoke on the Negro question and McMillan on Defense Day.

In the midst of Brown's talk, a big burly cop came over, and despite Brown's insistence on his constitutional rights of free speech, the stand was finally moved to another corner, the majority of the crowd following. The cop didn't mind the talking except that he thought that speeches "agin' the government" should not be tolerated on that corner. It might be all right on the next one, though.

Literature to the extent of 48 DAILY WORKERS, five Labor Herald, 17 programs of the party, three Communist Internationals, and one Bankruptcy of the American Labor Movement was sold. Names of 19 Negro workers were secured and there is a good possibility of forming a branch in the heart of the Negro district here.

# N. Y. WORKERS PARTY MEMBERS MEET FRIDAY ON IMPORTANT PLANS

On Friday evening, Sept. 19, at 8 p. m. sharp, Local Greater New York of the Workers Party will hold a membership meeting at Stuyvesant Casino at 142 Second Ave. The order of business for this membership meeting will be the coming election campaign of the party and every comrade should make it his and her business to be present at this most important meeting without fail. Every branch meeting should be called off on that night and every member of the party interested in the growth and the development of the party should be present at this meeting.

The date is Friday evening, September 19, at 8 p. m. sharp. The place is Stuyvesant Casino, 142 Second Ave.

# The Workers Party in Action

INCREASING activities and systematic attempts to reach the largest possible number of workers with the Communist message are marking the campaign for the Workers Party candidates by the membership of District No. 8. Thirty-seven cities are being covered with campaign mass meetings thru Comrade "Mother" Bloor's complete tour of the District. Street and factory meetings are being held regularly in Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Louis, in Chicago an average of 25 a week, some of them showing an attendance as high as 700 or 800. Other speakers, including the presidential candidates are carrying our Party program to the workers in the main cities.

The printed propaganda, however, is one of the most effective mediums during the campaign, and special editions of the DAILY WORKER are being prepared. Ten thousand copies for Chicago to appear about October 10, 20,000 copies for the State of Wisconsin to appear a few days later and 12,000 copies for the State of Indiana to appear October 20. These editions will particularly take up the local issues with a comparison of the measures proposed by our Party for which material is being prepared by the comrades. The cost of these special editions are being covered thru advertisements and they will be one additional means of rallying the working class for the fight against the capitalist system and its institutions.

in which our Party is taking the leadership.

The Chicago special editions will be distributed at the same factories where the straw vote for the presidential candidates is now being taken. Systematically the workers in the factories will thus be brot face to face with the campaign issues presented from a working class point of view. Over 75,000 printed Party platforms have been distributed in the district.

More than three times the amount of signatures required to put our candidates on the ballot in the State of Illinois have been secured, while the numbers for the congressional candidates in Chicago are mounting daily with assurance that most of them will go over. In Wisconsin the amount required has been secured and the comrades are forging ahead to get a good margin to be sure. Reports from Indiana show that more than half the number have been obtained with until October the 15th to go. Also the comrades in Missouri have obtained only a little more than half the amount of signatures needed, they assure us that the last few weeks will see some speed.

The Negro workers are showing considerable interest in the Workers Party election campaign. In Gary, Indiana a Negro preacher has told his congregation that the Workers Party ticket is the only ticket worthy of consideration by the colored workers, while in congressional District No. 1,

Chicago, which is mainly a colored district about enough signatures have been obtained for our candidate, Comrade Gordon Owens, a colored worker.

To obtain the utmost possible advantage for the strengthening of the revolutionary movement the District Committee has decided to place Comrade John Mihelic of Kansas City as field organizer in Southern Illinois and St. Louis. It has also decided to immediately begin the reorganization of all our branches in the Illinois coal field upon a shop nuclei basis. This industry is particularly suited for such reorganization and the comrades in that territory have repeatedly pointed to the necessity of such step, realizing the immense superiority of such form of organization where the basis of operation of all forms of activity will be the place of work.

Although the heavy unemployment among the Illinois coal miners has compelled many to leave to seek employment elsewhere, and thus considerably weakened a number of our branches, still they have everywhere taken the leadership in proposing real measures of relief and are being wholeheartedly supported in these efforts by the progressive elements. They are now demanding that their unions take action and make it one of its main immediate problems to solve. They are preparing the workers to take steps to gain relief thru their own organized efforts, thru the organization of Unemployment Councils.

The fact that the Ku Klux Klan, which has particularly shown its vicious character in the Illinois coal field, is now decidedly on the decline, is due in a great measure to the fight made upon this hooded fascist outfit by our units supported by the progressive elements. An organized fight has cleaned these little Mussolinis out of the local unions where they had seized control in violation of all union rules.

While the members are being organized for the fights and Party campaigns, the necessary educational activities are not being neglected in District 8. The District Educational Circuit is this year organized in the cities of Milwaukee, Kenosha, Chicago, Gary and Springfield. In addition Chicago is springing on classes in elementary and advanced economics, public speaking, history of the U. S. Communist movement, trade union conduct and elementary English.

# WORKERS' STRAW VOTE

THE DAILY WORKER, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

The workers employed in the shop of..... have taken a straw vote on the presidential candidates, and the vote was as follows:

WM. Z. FOSTER .....	votes;	LaFOLLETTE .....	votes;
Workers Party		No Party	
DAVIS .....	votes;	COOLIDGE .....	votes.
Democratic Party		Republican Party	

I certify that this report is correct:

Name: .....

Address: .....

# THE WORKERS PARTY

"THE Workers Party is the party of the workers. The Workers Party has no interests separate and apart from those of the masses that by their sweat and toil produce the wealth of this country. The Workers Party stands for the unity of the workers and exploited farmers on the political field in a genuine Farmer-Labor Party. "The Workers Party stands for the rule of the workers against the rule of the Wall Street plunder bund. Against Teapot Dome government the Workers Party raises the slogan of a workers' and farmers' government thru Soviets."—Benjamin Gitlow.

READ THE NEXT ISSUE  
**The DAILY WORKER Magazine Section**  
 SATURDAY, SEPT. 20th

1. The "Pacifist" Imperialism of the United States.....By L. Trotsky
2. A Modern Version of the Innocents Abroad.....By T. J. O'Flaherty
3. Wheeler's Labor Party.....By Alexander Bittelman
4. Unity in the International Trade Union Movement.....By A. Losovsky
5. What Shop Nuclei Can Do.....By Martin Abern
6. The Negro Worker and the Next War.....By Pasquale Russo

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**THE DAILY WORKER**  
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# Stir the Shops!

The very best place to carry on a working class campaign is in the shops and factories where the workers gather to earn their living. It is there that minds are open to the measures, parties and candidates that stand for concrete solutions of the problems of bread and butter facing the working class. It is in the shops that the workers will see most clearly, for example, the difference between Foster, the union organizer and fighter for the workers, and LaFollette, the lawyer and fighter for the middle class. (Editorial Daily Worker.)

THE ABOVE "HITS THE NAIL" on the head. Nothing could be added to that. It's up to you reader, to do everything physically possible to place

## THESE PAMPHLETS

In the hands of the workers you work together with in shops and factories. Sell them everywhere. Now is the time.

**The LaFollette Illusion**—As revealed in an Analysis of the Political Role of Senator LaFollette, by Jay Lovestone. Single copy.....15c

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In lots of 5 or more at 35 per cent discount. Place your orders at once.

**LITERATURE DEPARTMENT**  
**Workers Party of America**  
 1113 Washington Blvd.      Chicago, Ill.

# The World of Labor • Industry & Agriculture

## BREAK BOSSES' INJUNCTION, IS FOSTER'S PLEA

### Paterson Workers Jam Hall in Rally

(Special to the Daily Worker.)

PATERSON, Sept. 18.—The biggest political rally of workers ever held in Paterson took place Saturday night, Sept. 13, at Halvatia Hall, when William Z. Foster reached this city on his campaign tour. The hall was filled early and over 1000 workers jammed every corner of the hall, enthusiastically greeted and applauded the Communist candidate for President.

Foster vigorously attacked the Defense Day of the capitalists as a preparation for new wars. His speech was in the main, an aggressive expose of the entire system of wage slavery. He pilloried Coolidge, Davis and LaFollette as staunch supporters of private property and the wage system unworthy of the support of the workers. "He who supports Coolidge, Davis and LaFollette," declared Foster, "scabs on the workers' cause."

Reference to Soviet Russia and the DAILY WORKER were roundly applauded by the audience.

Injunction Made to Be Broken. Foster gave special attention to the issue of the injunction which the Paterson silk strikers now face. He unequivocally declared that the workers must defeat this effort of the bosses to destroy their strike. "Such laws and injunctions which deny the civil rights of the workers are made to be broken."

William W. Weinstone, as chairman of the meeting and first speaker, made a strong appeal for the DAILY WORKER as the only organ fighting for labor, secured 29 new subscribers and also made a collection of \$104.00. Considering that the workers are on strike in Paterson, this is a splendid response to the appeal of the Workers party. An appeal for signing up petitions to put the candidates on the ticket brought out a string of citizens who gladly signed up for the Workers Party candidates. Comrades and workers who have long been associated with the socialist movement here say that this meeting was one of the most memorable held in Paterson.

EARN YOUR COMMUNIST MERIT STAMP BY GETTING A NEW MEMBER FOR THE PARTY AND ANOTHER READER AND SUBSCRIBER TO THE DAILY WORKER.

## SEEK REVERSAL IN MICHIGAN CASE

(Continued from Page 1.)

in the due process of law, to punish as a felony the mere act of assembling with an organization.

"The startling novelty of this case ought to count heavily against the constitutional validity of the section. It might be said a new problem gives occasion for a new exercise of public power. The preaching of doctrines of a syndicalist character is not a new problem. The doctrines of the Communist Party, for instance, have been universally advocated in practically their present form for three-quarters of a century."

What Was Ruthenberg's Crime? Further along the brief describes the "crime" with which Ruthenberg is charged as follows:

"There is no charge that the Communist Party with the connivance of the respondent advocated criminal syndicalism in this state or planned to advocate criminal syndicalism in this state and it is not charged that the Communist Party, with the aid of the respondent, was formed in this state."

"The criminal act is, to use the vernacular, on the wing. Today, the Communist Party is a stranger to the state of Michigan. Tomorrow the Communist Party, by certain representatives, comes inside the state boundaries. It does not make the least effort to teach criminal syndicalism to anyone in Michigan. No plan is made to teach criminal syndicalism in Michigan in the future. The next day the Communist Party becomes again a stranger to this sovereignty. That is the charge of felony upon which the respondent Ruthenberg faces the drastic penalties of the criminal syndicalism statute."

Arguing that the trial court should have directed an acquittal, the brief has this to say:

"No crime was committed at Bridgeman—unless the criminal syndicalism statute is to be read in utter disregard of plain constitutional mandates and elementary principles of our criminal law. To no persons, property or governmental body was there any hurt or threat of hurt—as the criminal law takes account of threats—by the gathering at Bridgeman."

The Communists and Force. Dealing with the Communist views that the class struggle in the future will develop into a struggle in which force will be used and into civil war the brief has this to say:

"The Communists say: 'We desire a change in our government to the soviet form, and from our reading of the history of social changes of such a drastic character, involving fundamental conflict of interests between opposed social classes, we believe that the change in government which we desire cannot eventually be consummated without a collision between the social classes involving civil war. In spite of our realization of such an inevitable conflict of force between the social classes, we still insist that the change in government is desirable.' In answer to this the prosecution says: 'For the purposes of this prosecution we accept all that you say. We agree that

your analysis of history is correct. We agree that a change to a soviet form of government and to a dictatorship of the proletariat must involve force, violence and bloodshed. And we say, therefore, that since you desire this change in government, with the realization of what is involved in bringing it about, you now desire and advocate the force, violence and bloodshed which must accompany such change! The court thereupon invites the jury to follow this same line of reasoning.

"But this is not a debate. It is a criminal trial for felony, involving the drastic penalties of the statute. Whether the Communists are right or wrong in their forecast of what is going to happen in the future is entirely beside the point. The question under the statute is as to what is happening now. Is any person or any society now advocating acts which the jury can say are acts of sabotage, acts of violence, or acts of terrorism? All of the bloodshed which any one may foresee in the future cannot take the place of what is plainly called for by the statute: present advocacy of criminal acts. It was highly prejudicial error for the court to substitute an exercise of deductive logic for the plain test provided by the statute."

Argument in October. Oral argument before the Michigan Supreme Court in the Ruthenberg case will take place some time during the month of October and it is expected that the Court will render a decision in November or December.

### Show Workers Elect.

HAVERHILL, Mass., Sept. 18.—With Philadelphia and St. Louis yet to be heard from, returns received here today indicate that Austin E. Gill of this city, has been elected general president, and William J. Ryah also of Haverhill has been chosen as general secretary and treasurer, of the newly organized Shoe Workers' Protective Union of America.

### Black Shirts Demonstrate.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—A Central news dispatch today from Rome reports that following the funeral of the murdered Fascist deputy Casali, the 30,000 members of the Fascisti who attended engaged in an all night demonstration. The military was extremely active in preventing disorders.

### Open Shoppers Initiate Foreman.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 18.—Foreman and minor supervisors are learning union-busting from the American Plan Assn. at the meeting in this city beginning Sept. 15. This plan is being promoted by Col. William Frew Long, an American army officer, who is head of the open shop association, and believes that army discipline should be enforced in all factories.

### Fight Baku Oil Fire.

MOSCOW, Sept. 18.—The entire male population of Baku, in Trans-Caucasia has been mobilized to fight immense oil fires. Thirty-seven wells already have caught fire, together with many reservoirs for the storing of oil.

### France Is More Pleasant.

CHERBOURG, France, Sept. 18.—William Gibbs McAdoo, with his wife and children, sailed on the liner Leviathan today for New York. The McAdoos have been touring Europe since the democratic national convention closed.

### Douglas, Shoe Man, Dead.

BOSTON, Sept. 18.—Wm. L. Douglas, former governor of Massachusetts and owner of the W. L. Douglas Shoe company, anti-union concern, died at a hospital here today, following an operation. He was 81 years of age.

### Picks Up Crew.

VALENCIA, Spain, Sept. 18.—The British destroyer, Sea Wolf, reported by wireless today she had picked up the crew of the wrecked British steamship, Aslan.

### Mohammedans On March.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—Hahabi (Mohammedan) Arabs are advancing upon Mecca, "the holy city," driving before them the troops of King Hussein, of the Hedjaz, according to advices to the foreign office this afternoon.

Subscribe for "Your Daily," the DAILY WORKER.

## NEW YORK PARTY TO HOLD SPECIAL DAYS FOR DRIVE

### Saturday and Sunday Set Aside for Work

By HARRY M. WINITSKY.

Workers Party Campaign Manager. NEW YORK, Sept. 18.—The Workers Party has decided that every effort must be made, and all energy of the party exerted to place the candidates on the ballot this year. In addition to our candidates for president and vice-president, we also have a full state ticket, seven candidates for congress, four candidates for senator and 15 for the assembly. In order to get them all on the ballot in this state we must file with the Board of Elections and with the secretary of state at least 50,000 signatures. The gathering of these signatures is a tremendous task and in order to accomplish this job we must have every member of the party participate in this work whole heartedly. The party has 3,000 members in New York City and if each and every member procured 20 signatures a piece we would then have 60,000 in all.

### Two Days.

The district Executive Committee and the campaign committee have set aside Saturday Sept. 20 and Sunday, Sept. 21, as Party Mobilization Days and it is the duty of each and every member of the party to put everything else aside on these two days and go out and collect signatures. The Executive Committee has further decided to excuse all comrades from all other work on these two days so that they can devote their full time to this work exclusively.

Comrades on the Job! Report to the following headquarters on these mobilization days for your petitions and instructions. They will be open every evening, and all day on Saturday and Sunday for this mobilization.

The branch organizers and campaign managers have been instructed to keep a record of each member who falls to show up on mobilization day and these comrades will be disciplined at the next branch meetings. Comrades to the task. Do your Communist duty and answer the call for Party Mobilization. Go to the headquarters on these two days, get your petitions and territories in which you are to work and get your allotted number of signatures.

### Where to Report to for Mobilization Days.

- 208 East 12th Street, N. Y. C.
143 East 103rd Street, N. Y. C.
433 St. Ann's Ave., Bronx, care of Louis Baum.
1844 Pitkin Ave., Brooklyn.
105 Eldridge Street, N. Y. C.
1347 Boston Road, Bronx.
61 Graham Ave., Brooklyn.
764—40th Street, Brooklyn.

### Mexican Workers' Confab.

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 18.—The Federation of Workers and Peasants of the City of Orizaba in the state of Puebla is calling its second convention to meet in Orizaba on October 1. All delegates are to have voice and vote. Intellectuals are invited to help guide the congress who will be given voice but no vote.

### Naughty, Naughty Opposition.

NAPLES, Sept. 18.—In a speech delivered here today, Premier Benito Mussolini declared he recognized the existence of a party in opposition to the Fascist, but that he was unable to support their "calumnies" against the latter organization, of which he is the head.

### Oh No, of Course Not!

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Secretary of the Navy, Wilbur, has been recalled to Washington from the Pacific coast to consult with President Coolidge on naval problems and not because of any public statements he has made on international relations or politics, it was announced officially at the White House today.

### Jury Verdict Is Suicide.

A verdict of suicide with no motive assigned was returned by a coroner's jury today in the case of Edwin L. Cheney, Decatur, Ill., who killed himself in his room.

## ILLINOIS BUSINESS MEN HAVING FINE TIME WHILE MINERS STARVE

By ANDREW YOUNG. (Special to The Daily Worker)

O'FALLON, Ill., Sept. 18.—The business men's association held a successful meeting here, that is, very successful for them. A big banquet was served and some speeches were made. The robbers enjoyed their banquet with glee, filling their greedy stomachs with the profits wrenched from the blood of the workers.

If they looked out of their banquet room they could have seen the shacks where some of the coal miners and their children live—or rather, stay—without a bite to eat while the bankers, doctors, lawyers and business men, cramming the very food down their selfish throats, produced by us, while our own children starve.

### Outlook Dark For Workers.

The miners here owe five months' house rent and large store accounts with winter coming on and the merchants are beginning to squeal saying that they will have to close their doors in a very short time. The outlook is not very bright for a working man with a family of five or six young children to feed.

Of course, we don't expect anything from our present officials at the head of the organization, like Lewis, Farrington, Walker and Olander. They are our worst enemies. They have not a word to relief for the unemp.

### Hurricane Hits Georgia.

MACON, Ga., Sept. 18.—Two persons are dead, a village is almost completely destroyed, and crops have suffered heavy damage as a result of the hurricane which swept across this part of Georgia following one of the most terrific rain storms on record.

## Factories Open, Business Booms, Look For Joker

(Special to The Daily Worker)

SOUTH BEND, Ind., Sept. 18.—No stone is being left unturned to fool the workers into voting for strikebreakers, Calvin Coolidge and Charles G. Dawes, by big business here. Even the factories that have been shut for months are opening up and some of them are already going full force. The Oliver Plow works that have been working with a much reduced staff for many months is taking on men. The Studebaker plant is running full force now and I really have a job to start Sunday night there.

In the past, presidential election year brought a slowing down of business and laying off of men because business interests were sitting tight until they know who would run the show.

But different conditions, different tactics. A ballot in the hands of workers out of work for months, some for years, is a dangerous weapon against capitalism, especially around election day. Something must be done quick. So cooked up prosperity buzzes around!

## HUNGER AND NO CHANCE TO WORK, FACING MINERS

### Thousands Have No Jobs at Duquoin, Ill.

(Special to The Daily Worker)

DUQUOINE, Ill., Sept. 18.—Over one thousand coal miners are out of work in this town, with the best working mine in the vicinity running only three days a week. The Old Jewell mine, employing 100 men, has been shut down for several months. The New Jewell mine, employing 200 men, is practically shut down, running only one day or two every two weeks.

The Victory mine No. 5, employing 50 men is running on "split shifts," only a few of the men being allowed to work each week. The White Ash mine, employing 400 men, runs at the most, three days a week, and the Majestic mine runs at the most, two days per week with a force of 600 men. The Paradise mine, employing normally 500 men, is also running one and two days per week.

### Hungry, And No Way Out.

Dennis Bradley, a former miner who had been out of work for many months stopped the DAILY WORKER reporter on the street. "I am starving to death," Bradley told the DAILY WORKER. "I am almost 70 years old, and know nothing but the life in the mines. As a last resort, I established myself on a little farm on the edge of town. The ground is poor and I am running steadily in debt.

"I have a pretty good mare, she's 14 years old, but she can still carry a ton of coal. I must sell her, as my credit is exhausted. She's yours for ten dollars, with the wagon thrown in."

### The Worst Yet.

Another man met by the DAILY WORKER, idling about the streets of Duquoin, was the well-known character in Southern Illinois, "Curley" Cameron, noted for his independent spirit.

In former years, Cameron, altho he despised cow-towing to the bosses and was fired and quit many times for his independence, was never long out of work. Cameron is an expert motor runner and trip-driver. He is experienced in all phases of mining.

But for the first time in many years Cameron is out of a job and cannot secure another one. He declares this depression, "The worst period of unemployment that ever struck Southern Illinois."

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## OUR DAILY PATTERNS

AN ATTRACTIVE ONE PIECE DRESS



4870. Crepe and figured silk are here combined. This model is also attractive in linen, silk alpaca or ratine.

The pattern is cut in 3 sizes: 16, 18 and 20 years. An 18-year size requires 4 yards of one material 40 inches wide. The width at the foot is 1 1/2 yard. If made as illustrated, it will require 3/4-yard of figured material and 3 1/4 yards of plain material 40 inches wide.

Pattern mailed to any address on receipt of 12c in silver or stamps. Send 12c in silver or stamps for our UP-TO-DATE FALL AND WINTER 1924-1925 BOOK OF FASHIONS.

A SMART CAPE STYLE



4819. Velours, Teddy bear cloth, polo cloth, chevot and other cloakings may be used for this model. The collar is a new and popular feature.

The pattern is cut in 5 sizes: 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12 years. A 6-year size requires 1 1/2 yard of 40-inch material.

Pattern mailed to any address on receipt of 12c in silver or stamps. Send 12c in silver or stamps for our UP-TO-DATE FALL AND WINTER 1924-1925 BOOK OF FASHIONS.

Address: THE DAILY WORKER, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill. NOTICE TO PATTERN BUYERS—The patterns being sold thru the DAILY WORKER pattern department are furnished by a New York firm of pattern manufacturers. Orders are forwarded by the DAILY WORKER every day as received, and they are mailed by the manufacturer direct to the customer. The DAILY WORKER does not keep a stock of patterns on hand. Delivery of patterns ordinarily will take at least 10 days from the date of mailing the order. Do not become impatient if your pattern is delayed.

Vote Communist This Time!

### France Is More Pleasant.

CHERBOURG, France, Sept. 18.—William Gibbs McAdoo, with his wife and children, sailed on the liner Leviathan today for New York. The McAdoos have been touring Europe since the democratic national convention closed.

### Douglas, Shoe Man, Dead.

BOSTON, Sept. 18.—Wm. L. Douglas, former governor of Massachusetts and owner of the W. L. Douglas Shoe company, anti-union concern, died at a hospital here today, following an operation. He was 81 years of age.

### Picks Up Crew.

VALENCIA, Spain, Sept. 18.—The British destroyer, Sea Wolf, reported by wireless today she had picked up the crew of the wrecked British steamship, Aslan.

### Mohammedans On March.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—Hahabi (Mohammedan) Arabs are advancing upon Mecca, "the holy city," driving before them the troops of King Hussein, of the Hedjaz, according to advices to the foreign office this afternoon.

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## A LAUGH FOR THE CHILDREN

THE DAILY WORKER

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J. LOUIS ENGBAHL, WILLIAM F. DUNNE, MORITZ J. LOEB - Editors Business Manager

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Olander Dodges Klan Issue

Victor A. Olander, secretary of the Illinois Federation of Labor, was accused by two delegates to the Peoria convention, in a statement to The DAILY WORKER, with having, in conjunction with Frank Farrington, president of the Illinois Miners' Union, attempted to induce the two delegates, Eli Lucas and Robert Speedie of Dowell, to withdraw the resolution they had introduced denouncing the Ku Klux Klan by name.

The DAILY WORKER reporter learned that Farrington received a letter signed with the initials of the Klan, warning him that unless this resolution was withdrawn he would lose thousands of votes in his candidacy for president of the Miners' Union. Fearing loss of Klan votes, Farrington prevailed on Olander to assist him in trying to induce the Dowell delegates to withdraw the resolution. They flatly refused to accede to the request.

The publicity given to the story aroused much anger among those exposed in this shady proceeding, but no denial was made during the Peoria convention of the truth of the story as published in The DAILY WORKER.

In order to give Mr. Olander an opportunity to confirm or deny the truth of the matter, a DAILY WORKER reporter called on him at his office. After considerable beating around the bush, Mr. Olander finally decided to issue a statement that had no more to do with the question of the Klan resolution than it had with the fourth dimension. But he did not deny the charge that he tried to have the Klan resolution withdrawn. The statement follows:

I have been requested by a reporter from the DAILY WORKER to express my views with reference to certain reportorial opinions, published under the guise of news in the Chicago Tribune and the DAILY WORKER, regarding the actions of the convention of the Illinois State Federation of Labor, the views expressed by the delegates and the opinions of the officers of the convention. In reply I have stated that I shall gladly give to either newspaper statements showing exactly what the convention did, but that I will not assist either of these publications or any other publication antagonistic to the trade union movement by discussing with them the unfair and untruthful articles relating to the officers of the federation, the delegates and the convention itself which have appeared in both papers.

It is my duty as an officer of the Illinois State Federation of Labor to uphold the policies determined by the federation thru its conventions, the organization itself and its affiliated unions against those who, for purposes of their own, seek to create dissension among the organized working people. That is all I care to say on the matter either to the Chicago Tribune or the DAILY WORKER.—Victor A. Olander, Secretary.

The Olander strategy, to link The DAILY WORKER with the Chicago Tribune is as clumsy as it is crooked. It is on par with his puny effort to connect the name of William Z. Foster with "Hell an' Maria" Dawes. The labor fakery, fast losing the confidence of the class conscious workers because of their open alliance with the capitalists, their secret and clandestine love for such strike-breaking organizations as the Ku Klux Klan and their frank endorsement of the Fascist American Legion, are obliged to dissemble and in lieu of a genuine defense resort to the time-worn trick of the shady lawyer, that is when in difficulty abuse the opposing counsel.

There are none so blind as cannot see thru the smoke screen raised by the ossified labor lieutenant of capitalism, Victor A. Olander.

It should also be noted that he did not deny his truckling to the Klan when given the opportunity.

Every day get a "sub" for the DAILY WORKER and a member for the Workers Party.

Strikes and Politics

Strike murmers are audible thruout the entire textile industry. The workers are chafing under the conditions that the textile barons have been imposing on them. Part time employment, low pay, and degrading working conditions have been the lot of the great majority of the millhands and loom workers.

The drift towards a general strike in the textile industry has, in recent weeks, become so pronounced that the federal administration is beginning to feel very uneasy. Strikes on the eve of a national election are never conducive to the success of the employing class tools who happen to be incumbents in office at the time of unrest. Besides there are special reasons demanding that the Coolidge clique do everything in its power to delay a widespread textile strike until after the election contest is over.

Mr. William M. Butler, chairman of the Republican National Committee, which is in the extraordinary good graces of the textile manufacturers, is himself heavily interested in such operations.

Then, a textile strike would in all likelihood be waged most fiercely in the president's own state of Massachusetts and in his stronghold, the New England tier of states. This close financial identification and political alliance on the part of the republican administration with the textile barons, accounts for the energetic efforts now being made by the reactionary interests to delay the revolt of the textile workers until such time as when there will be a greater likelihood of administering the latter a crushing blow.

We have great hopes and firm cause to believe that the textile workers will strike at their enemy when they themselves see fit and think best. Since 1920 the New England cotton and woolen mill workers have suffered a decrease of about 25% in their wages. This reduction has been made more oppressive by an increase in part time employment. At the same time textile magnates have waxed fat on fabulous dividends. Last year, for instance, the American Woolen Company reported net profits of more than nine million dollars, or an increase of about fifty per cent compared with the preceding year.

The time at hand is obviously propitious for the working man in the cotton and woolen mills of New England and elsewhere to lock horns with their exploiters. The present political situation can and must be utilized by the workers for their own advantages.

America and the League

To date the entry of the United States into the League of Nations has been only a secondary issue in the campaign. This was expected by many observers who were convinced that pressing domestic issues would supercede the fundamentally formal foreign questions.

But while Davis, Coolidge and LaFollette vie with each other in a contest of silence in reference to the European policy of the United States, the dynamic, ruling forces behind the scenes are working overtime clearing the paths for the next step in the open political participation by America in European affairs. We are told that the League of Nations' Committee working on a peace plan is planning to back an "American idea." That indomitable lackey of Yankee gold, M. Benes, titular head of Czecho-Slovakia, is the loudest proponent of this move.

Of course, it was to be expected that the acceptance of the Dawes plan would be a prelude to more open American participation in the European imbroglio. The whole trend of the Washington government's imperialist policy in Europe has been first, to sink the oil shafts, to lay the pipe lines, to seize the railways, to take over the collieries, to dominate the industry, and then to get "proper" legal sanction. The League of Nations, in its present form and structure, will, under the pressure of the American bankers, certainly be rechristened, revitalized, and reorganized to suit the needs and purposes of our financial oligarchs.

This accounts for the little noise that is being made now by the capitalists' presidential candidates over the "burning question" of 1920. This accounts for the decision of the directors of the National Association of Credit Men to demand that the United States enter the Permanent Court of International Justice.

There is a pointed lesson in the development of America's European policy for every working man and poor farmer. The whole trend of the Yankee imperialist encroachments in Europe indicates rather painfully the stranglehold that the employing class has on the lives and destinies of the working masses. The League of Nations, under any other name, can be only a League of Loot, a league of capitalist plunderers and pirates, seeking to despoil the resources and wealth that belong to the great masses of the population of every country.

Hence, camouflaged as the next American step towards Europe may be, it is only a step in the direction of a new world catastrophe.

Real Communist Work

In canvassing the industries located in this city in order to test the sentiment of the workers toward the leading candidates on the three capitalist and one Communist tickets, Local Chicago of the Workers Party has set an example that other locals thruout the country would do well to follow. This is real Communist work.

Aside from the news value which such a campaign has for the DAILY WORKER, the canvass sharpens the interest of the workers in the election struggle and brings the issues on which each candidate stands under discussion. The Communists stand to gain by such a discussion.

The result of the straw vote taken in the plants covered as these lines are written is very encouraging. It shows that large numbers of the workers, despite the desertion of the socialists and the so-called progressives to the bourgeois LaFollette, can see thru the LaFollette illusion and signify their preference for the Communist candidate, William Z. Foster. Bringing the issue of Communism versus Capitalism into the shops where the exploitation of the workers takes place in this manner is a forward step for the Workers Party and the enthusiasm with which the workers participated in the straw ballot gave the Communist militants a sense of doing effective propaganda work among the masses.

To the Workers Party taking a straw vote, means something more than testing the political pulse of the masses. Its propaganda value is the important feature and our comrades in the large cities should not let Local Chicago have a monopoly on this form of Communist campaigning.

Join the Workers Party and subscribe to the DAILY WORKER!

Outlines of Empire

By Earl R. Browder

THE American Empire, under the rulership of J. Pierpont Morgan, and protected by the armed forces of the United States government, is just now rounding out in form as a world-embracing organization. Perhaps the most comprehensive outline of its far reaches, in brief as well as a classic expression of its spirit, is to be found in an editorial in the Chicago Tribune of September 14. Under the title of "White Unity on the Pacific," a picture is drawn that must make the Kaiser green with envy and King George fear for his future.

America's "huge destiny" in the East, in "the Pacific basin as the critical area of human progress in the next hundred years," is an expression of the absolute necessity of capitalism to conquer the last available section of the earth, rich in natural resources, undeveloped in industrial technique, vast and heavily populated, in order to have that field for expansion that is the breath of life to imperialism, the modern stage of capitalism.

The Pacific Empire. The Pacific basin means for American imperialism above all China, Mongolia, Siberia. But it means more than that. It cuts into the heart of rising Japanese imperialism, backed by an ambitious young bourgeoisie that holds 200,000,000 people at its command, that has mastered the modern art of war. It does more: it carries with it the beginnings of dissolution of the British Empire, hitherto the "mistress of the seas"—until the Washington naval agreement established the 5-5-3 ratio and cancelled the British alliance with Japan. The Tribune points out, in the editorial

mentioned, that Australia and New Zealand not only belong, by logic of Morgan's billions, in the framework of American Empire, but—more significant—that the bourgeoisie of these British colonies are conscious of this and already feel more closely tied to the United States than to Great Britain. That Canada and Ireland already have their separate ministers in Washington is pointed out quite cynically by the Tribune as a "source of what must be enduring friendship" with the British Empire. What logically follows—"On pain of war to the death between these rival imperialist forces in the struggle for possession of the world"—is left unsaid by the Tribune.

Empire in Latin America. But America has also, the Tribune reminds us, other "huge destinies" besides the Pacific. "America has the Caribbean and the Atlantic, the south and the east, to tie with the Pacific into one huge conception of world statesmanship." That is, Central and South America, the West Indies, and—last but not least—Europe itself which is to bow its head to Morgan under the yoke of the Dawes plan, which is designed to place in Morgan's hands the regulation of every phase of production, the market, and government.

One World System. The Philippines, the Aleutian Islands, Hawaii, Alaska, are some of the fingers on the hand of Morgan that reaches into the Pacific. Eleven republics in the Caribbean, either directly under the rule of American armed forces or under the dictatorship of armed native agents of American capital, testify to the continued subjugation of the continent to the south. Canada, to the north, is openly severing the leading strings from No. 10

Downing Street, replacing them with bonds of gold from Wall Street. The Dawes plan, subjugating Europe, places the final seal upon the system as the most gigantic world empire in the making that was ever conceived in the mind of man.

That this "huge destiny" of Morgan's billions involves the certainty of gigantic world wars is an accepted commonplace. Only those who deliberately shut their eyes are unconscious of this fact. "Defense Day" was but one of the first, "psychological" mobilizations of the American millions, for their own "huge destiny" of fighting and dying for the glory and profit of Morgan's world Empire.

"Staking Out" the World. The recent around-the-world flight of American aviators was principally a grandiloquent political gesture to the world, an announcement of Morgan's world rule, to the other nations of the earth. It was a sort of preliminary survey of the possessions, present and prospective, of the Morgan Empire. It was a dramatization of what the Tribune calls the "huge conception of world statesmanship" that animates the American capitalist class today.

Imperialist wars with Japan and with Great Britain lie heavy within the womb of this "huge conception." The present civil war in China is but a stirring, a preliminary clashing, of the terrific forces that are gathering to drench the earth again with working class blood. The Washington agreement on the Pacific was but one maneuver for position, on the part of all the powers, in preparation for what all consider the "inevitable conflict." Announcements from time to time in the papers, always immediately hushed up, of discoveries of new

death-dealing rays and deadly gases, indicate how feverishly the chemical laboratories of war are preparing. Feverish races in construction of airplanes and submarines are on in the carefully guarded yards and factories of each great imperialist power.

The Rising Nationalities. But not alone between the rival imperialists are the seeds of war taking root and growing mightily. Thruout the Far East the great masses are rising in revolt against the imperialist exploitation of Western capitalism. In India, in China, even in "our own" Philippines, great nationalist mass movements, fundamental and primitive protests against imperialism, are growing and swelling. A part of the "huge destiny" of American imperialism will be to drown these nationalist aspirations of the Eastern peoples in their own blood and the blood of the American workers.

There is but one power in the world that can halt this insane march of Morgan over the bodies of humanity. It is the power of the awakening proletariat of the imperialist nations, in alliance with the awakening nationalist masses of the subject lands of the East. This alliance, under the leadership and inspiration of the Communist International, is the one great remaining obstacle to the ambitious greed of J. Pierpont Morgan and the class of exploiters at whose head he stands. And by the same token the Communist International is the one rallying point for the world's working class, in its struggle against war, and against the damnable system of wage slavery and exploitation in every land except Soviet Russia, which is the source and inspiration of all imperialist wars.

representatives upon the Commission. Not Old But New Education. "I would also point out, in this connection, that no illusions should be cherished as to the Boxer Indemnity sums being in any sense intended to replace the budget of the Ministry of Education or alleviate the budget of that department. Anyhow, I am strongly against it. The Boxer funds must be used for educational purposes unprovided for in the actual departmental estimates, in other words—for purposes of either enlarging the existing educational schemes or creating new ones.

Soviet Ambassador Addresses Chinese Teachers

(Continued from page 1)

for the education of the Chinese people. True, there have lately appeared reports in the papers, purporting to convey that some militant generals would rather see the Boxer sums expended for other purposes. Of course, I do not know how much truth there is in such reports, nor am I aware whether the news is true of some inter-departmental conferences meeting to discuss the question of how to use best the Russian share of the Boxer Indemnity. However I don't attach importance to such talk, and so did not react to any of this news.

Apportioned for Education. "According to the Agreement of May 31, it is perfectly clear that the Boxer funds have been apportioned for educational purposes, so that under such conditions what have the fancies of one general or the other to do with the matter? Naturally, we cannot prevent generals from finding good ends to get possession of the Boxer funds. But I may assure you that for us it has no significance: none shall deceive us, nor do I believe anyone would be bold to raise the question with us of modification of the May Agreement.

"I am sorry to say"—continues Mr. Karakhan—"that the Chinese government has not yet appointed delegates to the Commission, and that two months have already been lost which might otherwise have been spent in preparation for the use of the Boxer Indemnity funds. I do hope, however, that the Chinese government will very shortly appoint its delegates upon this Commission and that these delegates will be named in full accord with yourselves, gentlemen, and also that they will be prepared to co-operate in a friendly manner with the Soviet

Soviet Gets Sympathy from Oppressed. "In fact, it is not a question of speeches or would-be propaganda and agitation of the Soviet government. If you like, I am ready to admit that the latter is rather inconvenient for the Imperialistic Powers, but this is so only because the policy of the Soviet government differs from that of other Powers. It is a policy which attracts to the Soviet government the sympathies of all oppressed peoples and stimulated them to the struggle against imperialism. Now, that cannot be helped: it cannot be changed, as neither can the Soviet Union be overthrown.

"Indeed, there are but two ways of thwarting this so-called Soviet menace. One is to overthrow the Union. However, as you well know, such attempts were made in the past, but they were all fruitless, and I really do not believe there would be anyone now willing to try again. The other way is to change one's own policy and make it as full of respect for the sovereign rights of the oppressed peoples and based on principles of equality and reciprocity as the Soviet government had done. There is no third way.

"Naturally, everyone follows his own path. For our part, we do the policy that follows from our principles and interests, while the other powers do the one that follows from their principles and interests. One of these two policies—namely ours—is more successful, for it is more up-to-date, while the other is based on the past and quite naturally is liable to err.

Discusses Boxer Indemnity. "Now, I should think you are more interested in the question put by Professor Ma Shu-lun, and so I will pass to it. In this matter of the Boxer Indemnity there is a misunderstanding which it is necessary to clear forthwith. Professor Ma believes the question is to be discussed at the Conference. I must assure you categorically that the matter of the Boxer Indemnity has been definitely settled in the Agreement signed on May 31, and that this question, which is one of the few finally solved, will not be taken up at the Conference.

"As a matter of fact, the purposes for which the Boxer funds have been apportioned are precisely defined in the corresponding Declaration, signed on May 31: those are purposes

of life of the peasants in China are well known?

More Attention to Farming Question. "The sciences that have been applied to study China have left these basic classes out of their scope. Neither do the foreigners, who make a very careful study of China and the economics of this country, pay attention to the farmers, for they study China from quite a peculiar angle: they are interested in the external trade, the natural resources of the country, in other words—in all they can profit by in their own selfish ends. It is but natural, then, that they are not interested in the life of the Chinese peasants, either in their welfare or their sickness, or in what could make their conditions better. It is up to the Chinese people themselves to do it. For my part, I believe that a part of the Boxer Indemnity should be apportioned for the study of life of the Chinese peasants and workers. Some special institutions or organizations ought to be established, whose aim should be the work of scientific investigation of the existing social and economic conditions in China, and, in particular, the study and investigation of the economic situation of Chinese peasants and workers. I would very much request you, gentlemen, to consider this all-important scientific and educational problem.

"I address myself to all those present"—concluded the Ambassador amidst loud applause—"with a request to help me, for it is only if this is done that it will be possible to find an effective use for the available Boxer Indemnity sums, and—which is paramount—to save each cent from falling into the wrong hands."

geols life are moments of peace with Cynthia, the girl who didn't have any money. During the intermission newsboys distribute to the audience a small newspaper which gives all the news of the murder. This contains, balled down, all the rot that one finds in capitalist newspapers from coast to coast. It makes very amusing reading.

The scene of the murder trial is rich with humor, and to describe it in detail would be an injustice to the original. Our young musician is condemned to become a successful song writer and is put in a cell in an art factory to grind out popular songs. Finally Cynthia and his doctor friend come to bring him the peace of death, and he wakes up.

We now meet our friend, the Saturday Evening Post, again when the rich young lady comes in to break off the engagement, and Cynthia and Nell go off the scene trailing talk about a little cottage and a little red hen and a little dun cow.

COMPENSATION FOR LACK OF EXPERIENCE. By JAY ENGEL.

In "Back to Methuselah" George Bernard Shaw deplores the fact that man does not live long enuf to really benefit by the experience gained in the seventy years allotted him. No doubt this is true. There is, however,

Woven in with this horror of bour-

representatives upon the Commission.

Not Old But New Education.

"I would also point out, in this connection, that no illusions should be cherished as to the Boxer Indemnity sums being in any sense intended to replace the budget of the Ministry of Education or alleviate the budget of that department. Anyhow, I am strongly against it. The Boxer funds must be used for educational purposes unprovided for in the actual departmental estimates, in other words—for purposes of either enlarging the existing educational schemes or creating new ones.

"I may further be permitted to say a few words about one of the most important scientific and educational tasks that are facing China and one for which a part of the Boxer funds should be used. It must be said that the present social and economic conditions of life in China, and, in particular, the life of the peasants—the fundamental class of people of China—and of the laborers, are not studied at all, are, so to speak, outside of the scope of research of economists and politicians.

"I recently wished to study the agrarian problem of China, but I must confess that I could not procure any reliable or exhaustive information. And yet, the Chinese farmers constitute 60 per cent of the population, they are the foundation of the country, its fundamental class, on whose shoulders China could live till this day as one sole nation with all her culture and her national peculiarities. This peasant class supplies live material to all the spheres of Chinese life; soldiers to the army, workers to the mills and factories. . . . And yet, who of you, gentlemen, can say in truth that the conditions

of life of the peasants in China are well known?

More Attention to Farming Question. "The sciences that have been applied to study China have left these basic classes out of their scope. Neither do the foreigners, who make a very careful study of China and the economics of this country, pay attention to the farmers, for they study China from quite a peculiar angle: they are interested in the external trade, the natural resources of the country, in other words—in all they can profit by in their own selfish ends. It is but natural, then, that they are not interested in the life of the Chinese peasants, either in their welfare or their sickness, or in what could make their conditions better. It is up to the Chinese people themselves to do it. For my part, I believe that a part of the Boxer Indemnity should be apportioned for the study of life of the Chinese peasants and workers. Some special institutions or organizations ought to be established, whose aim should be the work of scientific investigation of the existing social and economic conditions in China, and, in particular, the study and investigation of the economic situation of Chinese peasants and workers. I would very much request you, gentlemen, to consider this all-important scientific and educational problem.

"I address myself to all those present"—concluded the Ambassador amidst loud applause—"with a request to help me, for it is only if this is done that it will be possible to find an effective use for the available Boxer Indemnity sums, and—which is paramount—to save each cent from falling into the wrong hands."

MUSIC - LITERATURE - DRAMA

AMERICA LAUGHS AT HERSELF By IDA DAILES.

At the Adelphi Theater here in Chicago a curious performance goes on before the eyes of the dwellers in the city of smoke and stockyards. Capitalist society is held up to ridicule, and we find an inordinate pleasure in laughter. "The Beggar on Horseback" was written by George Kaufman and Mark Connelly, with incidental music by Deems Taylor.

The writers have taken a Saturday Evening Post story, the tale of a poor artist who loves a working girl and finds that art and love do not mix. He engages himself to the daughter of a rich manufacturer and falls asleep in his chair. He dreams a nightmare of his future life as the husband of the monied young lady. And here we bid an revoir for a while to the Saturday Evening Post.

The mother-in-law knits, rocks and sings hymns. The father-in-law plays golf and talks success and "giving them what they want." The brother-in-law is sickly, takes powders and is a radio bug. And worst of all, his wife drags him around to teas, receptions, cafes and dances. When he wishes to finish his symphony she tears the manuscript and tries to haul him off to a new cafe. In despair he kills the whole damned family with a paper knife, and for a moment a look of bliss comes over his face.

Woven in with this horror of bour-

a compensating feature which we must not overlook: Life must renew itself if we are to go forward to higher and better things, materially and spiritually. Experience may teach, but it also at the same time inculcates prejudices that fossilize and militate against change.

Supposing the Scheidemanns and Kautskys lived to be three hundred and thru all those years carried with them the now discredited idea of bourgeois democracy and the conquest of political power thru parliamentarism. Or, supposing that nearer to home the Gompers, Hillquits and Spargos lived hundreds of years and perpetuated their antiquated ideas, how much the worse for society. What holds good for individuals is even truer of organized movements.

The hope of the German Communist Movement is that only a fraction of its youth will go thru the outworn school of Social Democracy, and will therefore avoid unlearning its bourgeois prejudices. The same is true of America; the revolutionary youth is joining the Workers' Party and not the Socialist Party which died ingloriously with LaFollette as the undertaker.

Seventy years even for the Boudins, Watons and Kerachers is quite enuf. A new society is dawning and it belongs to the coming generation, a generation without experience, but also without prejudices.