

CHINESE DEMAND THAT THEIR GOVERNMENT WAR ON BRITAIN AS GREAT STRIKE APPROACHES

SHANGHAI, China, June 19.—The general strike which was to take place Monday last but was postponed until the 25th of June is being endorsed by workers' and students' organizations everywhere. All activities on that day, governmental, commercial, industrial and education will be stopped from 6 a. m. until noon; amusements of all kinds suspended, flags flown from half-mast and demonstrations to take place in every Chinese city.

The signs of bourgeois divergence from the aims of the national liberation movement showed up today in the vote of the Shanghai Chinese Chamber of Commerce to re-open the shops and banks in the foreign settlement on Saturday or Monday.

The chief labor union, representing 200,000 workers, announced at once that the general strike would continue regardless of the action of the shopkeepers.

AS WE SEE IT.

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY

THE second international is having as hard a job to hold its secretary as the socialist party of America is having to revive. Tom Shaw, secretary of the socialist international has resigned, as did Frederick Adler, recently. Shaw took up his old position as secretary of the international textile workers. This is a better paying proposition undoubtedly. Since the British trade union movement decided to join the Russian unions, in a move for world labor unity, feeling for the second international has grown decidedly cold in Britain. This changed attitude was undoubtedly reflected in a financial way, a fact which contributed to Shaw's decision to return to his former labors.

TOOLPIGEON SPOLANSKY is at it again peddling lies to the newspapers in return for cash. His latest venture in the field of prevarication is an alleged exposure of the espionage system of the Workers Party. The wise Mr. Spolansky got his information in the following manner, which shows that "Jake" is not nearly as big a fool as the wealthy newspaper proprietor who is paying good money for what he could gather at the expense of a regular subscription to the international Press Correspondence.

THE international Press Correspondence publishes news of the activities of Communist Parties in the various countries, articles by prominent Communists and information concerning the doings of the Communist international. At the Enlarged Executive of the C. I. held recently in Moscow among the reports made, was one by the director of the information department. This report was published in the I. N. P., a copy of which came to Spolansky, probably by means of a subscription. Out of this report the federal fink wrote an "exposure" of Communist espionage and sold it to the Chicago Daily News.

HE next turned his attention to China and shows that the Communists are responsible for everything that has happened there, including, we presume, the sixteen-hour day that the slaves of the Japanese textile mills were supposed to work. Perhaps Victor Lawson who pays for Spolansky's bunk is not such a fool after all. He knows his readers and evidently they find the mental food served up to them, palatable and digestible. A country that can produce William Jennings Bryan and a Calvin Coolidge can stomach most anything.

MAKERS are very much the same all the world over. There is a specimen in New South Wales, Australia, by the name of Lang, who appears to be a decided improvement of James Ramsay MacDonald. Lang is the (Continued on page 3)

ARMENIAN BRANCH PICNIC POSTPONED UNTIL JULY 19TH

The Armenian Branch picnic which was to be held this Sunday has been postponed. It will be held July 19th at Reese Park, 6400 W. Grand Ave.

DIFFERENCE BETWEEN FAKE AND REAL PROGRESSIVES IN LOCAL 39, EXPOSED BY A. C. W. MEMBER

Reading in the DAILY WORKER of June 13 the Trade Union Educational League statement dealing with the Schneid group in Local 39 of the A. C. W., has moved me to write this article.

I agree with everything that the short statement says, but for the sake of clarity, it requires some explanation in addition to that contained in the statement.

Many honest progressive members of Local 39, and other locals, look upon Schneid as a leader of the left wing. Add when they listen to Schneid (Continued on Page 4)

RETAIL FOOD COSTS SHOW NEW INCREASE FOR MAY IN 35 CITIES

WASHINGTON, June 19.—The retail cost of food continues to advance, rising one-half of one per cent in May as compared with April, while for the year period ending May 15, the increase in all articles of food combined was 7.5 per cent, the department of labor announced today. For the 12-year period the increase amounted to 57 per cent.

The average family expenditure for food increased in 35 cities during May as follows: Salt Lake City, 3 per cent; Baltimore, Cleveland, Denver, Philadelphia, and Portland, Ore., 2 per cent; Boston, Butte, Cincinnati, Detroit, Fall River, Indianapolis, Los Angeles, Louisville, Manchester, Minneapolis, Newark, Omaha, Pittsburgh, St. Paul, San Francisco, Seattle, and Washington, 1 per cent.

New Belgian Cabinet

BRUSSELS, June 19.—After being without a cabinet for ten weeks, Belgium at last has a duly constituted ministry, headed by Viscount Pouillet. The general council of the socialist party has voted approval of this cabinet.

Distribute a bundle everyday during Week?

"MAKE NO AGREEMENTS WITH PRESENT JOINT BOARD" EMPLOYERS TOLD

NEW YORK, June 19.—Louis Hyman, suspended manager of Local Union No. 9 of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, today served notice on the employers and upon the governor's commission that "Any agreements signed with the joint board as it is at present constituted will be nothing but a scrap of paper."

GARY, Ind., June 19.—One was dead and three seriously injured today as a result of an automobile accident here late yesterday.

I. L. G. W. MEMBERS BATTLE THE SLUGGERS AND POLICE CALLED BY OFFICIALS; TRIAL POSTPONED

NEW YORK CITY, June 19.—Trial of the seventy-seven local executives of the three suspended locals of the I. L. G. W. are postponed until Tuesday, following the appearance of two officers, Kraviz and Reiser of Local 2, together with legal representatives of the local before the so-called "trial committee."

The Joint Committee of Action of the three locals issued an appeal today to all the locals in the International asking for support and stating the issues involved. The May 1st meetings were like all others, and Sigman was invited as well as Scott Nearing. The charge that Local 22 endorsed a loan made by the Amalgamated bank to a workers' co-operative enterprise is ridiculed as an excuse. The appeal states the reasons behind these faked charges.

The committee of action gives, among other issues, the professional "organization committees." The absence of \$500,000 which the joint board does not account for, but chiefly the cheating out of representation of the 30,000 members of the three large locals who have only fifteen delegates on the joint board. These three locals embrace 60 per cent of the membership, but the other 40 per cent of small locals have 55 delegates on the joint board. This is arranged only to insure the Sigman machine the control.

The committee of action demands an end of this discrimination. The membership of Locals 2 and 3, are refusing to recognize agents of joint board sent to shops. These agents are being thrown out of the shops by angry workers and grievance handled thru shop chairmen and shop committees.

The yellow socialist "Daily Forward" today carries a front page article hysterically denouncing the Communist and, none the less, asserting that "everything is normal and everybody happy since the left wing is expelled."

Accusers Are Also the Judges

NEW YORK CITY, June 19.—There seems little chance for a "fair and impartial" trial of the seventy-seven suspended members of the executive boards of Locals 2, 9 and 22 of the International Ladies' Garment Workers. Their accusers are also their judges, and the yellow socialist administration of the International and the Joint Board, are determined to give the alleged "Communists" only the merest formality of a trial.

"Not a Chance," Says Goldstein.

"They have found us guilty in advance of a set of ridiculous charges and I don't know whether we want to go thru the formality of having a trial after the verdict of guilty has been pronounced," said Abe Goldstein, president of Local 9.

"They forcibly broke in and seized our books and papers at 47 Lexington Avenue, and today they set up an agency there for collecting dues and tried to operate the union. They invited the members of the union to come in, but after they had been there for a few hours they called in the police to turn them out. We have not taken legal proceedings because we are resting our case with the rank and file of the workers. The vast majority of them disapprove of the proceedings of Joint Board."

Evidently the members who were "invited in" were invited out again when Feinberg-Sigman and company were told by swarms of workers who crowded in to the agency just what the union membership thinks of the yellow socialist crew.

Sigman, when interviewed by capitalist reporters, gushed patriotism and anti-Communism like a geyser. He had nothing to say, however, in answer to the charge of union corruption (known in New York as "Brindellism") and autocracy made by the suspended local executives. "It would be," spaketh the wise Sigman, "a waste of time and effort to answer such charges."

Sigman Attacks T. U. E. L. Then he launched into long details, wasting much time and effort, incidentally, concerning the "Moscow agents" of the Needle Trades Section of the Trade Union Educational League. This he declared was "wholly alien to the organization and in turn directed by the Communist International in Moscow."

The joint board and the international, he concluded, are "firmly rooted in American soil." Thus he "wasted no time and effort" to explain what became of the \$500,000 the joint board got its fingers on without an accounting.

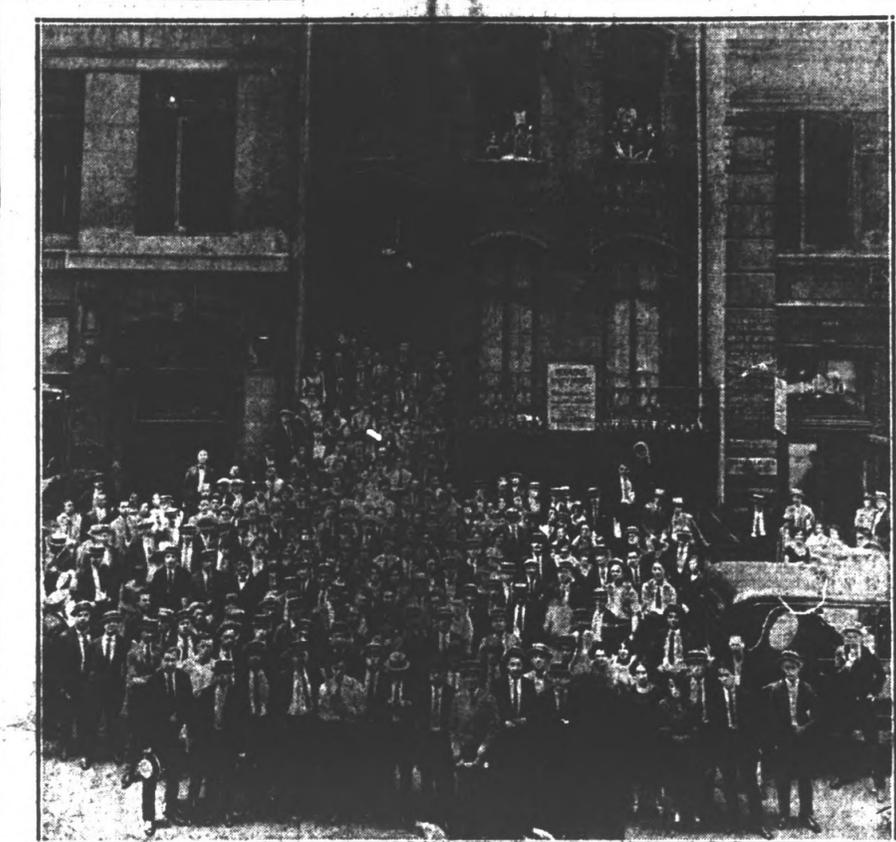
Trials Postponed The trials, however, were postponed when only two members of the seventy-seven appeared.

The trial was to be held at the Hotel Cadillac in West 53rd street. David Kraviz and Bernard Reiser, officials of Local No. 2, appeared, bringing with them Attorneys Louis B. Boudin and Leo J. Rosett, whom they announced would serve as counsel. Manager Feinberg refused to permit the entrance of the lawyers, however, saying they were not members of the union in good standing.

Kratz and Reiser objected, having their own stenographers note the objections when Feinberg refused to allow the discussion to go into the records of the trial. The accused men were then allowed five days in which to procure counsel who are members of the union, and the trial was postponed until next Tuesday.

In the meantime, the strong guard was continued both inside and outside the offices of Local No. 22 at No. 16 West 21st street, where a raid by the I. L. G. W. (Continued on page 2)

Rank and File Fights the Sigman Gang



Rank and File Committees Guarding the Office of Local 22, at 16 West 21st Street, New York, to prevent seizure of office by the Sigman gang. These committees are on guard night and day and have already repulsed two attacks of the gangsters.

PAINLEVE USES SPIES TO HOUND THE COMMUNISTS

To Be Punished for Defending Workers

PARIS, France, June 19.—Premier Painleve has held a conference with M. Chiapp, director of the French secret service, and ordered him to use the entire governmental spy system against the Communists. The order came directly after Painleve had told the cabinet that "the Communists are lending moral aid to Abd-el-Krim, leader of the Riflians," and secured the cabinet's approval of the drive against the Communists.

The Communist deputies in parliament vigorously denounced their exclusion from the joint meetings of the military, naval, foreign affairs, and financial committees of the chamber, at which Painleve gave details of his Moroccan trip.

The Communists had refused to keep secret the truth of the situation in Morocco, and Painleve, fearing the effect on the French workers if the truth were known, had the Communists forcibly excluded from the committee.

The Communists declare that French workers are being sent off to be slaughtered in a foreign land, in an invasion of the Riflians native soil. They demand that the extent of the heavy casualties and the severe French defeat be made public, that the invasion cease, and that the Moroccans be left in peace to rule their own country. The Communists charge that the Moroccan invasion is an attempt of the French imperialists to exploit the natural resources and the labor power of the Moroccans, and to build up a reservoir of colonial troops to fight in the French army.

The Franco-Spanish negotiations have agreed on a limited naval cooperation, Painleve told the chamber. The French warships are allowed to patrol the Moroccan coast in Spanish waters, and the Spanish ships are allowed to enter French waters. That is the sole result of the extended negotiations thus far.

CANTON QUIET BUT UNPLEASANT FOR ALL FOREIGN IMPERIALISM

CANTON, China, June 19.—Consul General Jenkins yesterday reported to Washington that "order" is restored but not the kind of order he exactly approves of. He adds: "The situation at Canton seems to be dominated by the Whampoa military school cadets, to whom the complete destruction of the Yunnan army is due."

"It appears that Ng Bong Ping and other conservatively inclined Cantonese leaders will have a share in the new government."

Consul General Jenkins is continuing his policy of urging Americans, especially women and children, to leave for Hong Kong and other safe places.

Communists Oppose Slaughter PARIS, France, June 19.—Another vote of confidence was accorded the Painleve cabinet on the implied question of the Moroccan invasion. The vote was 525 to 32. The Communists and three other deputies opposed the imperialistic policy of the French government.

The socialists again supported the invasion incited by the French capitalists.

School Board Moves Closer to Its Boss

LOS ANGELES, Cal., June 19.—Although it was always known that the Board of Education was controlled by reactionary politicians and businessmen and that they have always indignantly denied that they were the tools of the ruling class, they now let the cat out of the bag by moving into the headquarters of Business, the building of the Chamber of Commerce. The Board of Education can now easily be reached by their employers. In this we have another example of American Capitalist efficiency.

UNEMPLOYMENT IN ENGLAND IS NEARING CRISIS

Over One Million Are Now Without Jobs

LONDON, June 19.—The unemployment figures for Britain are mounting, while high society is spending hundreds of thousands of pounds on the race tracks and flaunting its wealth in the faces of the ever increasing hungry multitudes of workers who cannot find a job in the land which Lloyd George boasted was a "country fit for heroes to live in."

But in this land of heroes there are now over 1,290,000 jobless men and the number is on the increase. A few weeks ago George Lansbury wrote that medals awarded to those heroes for gallantry on the battlefield in defense of the empire's business can now be secured in pawnshops for the unheroic sum of twelve cents. The heroes haven't got the price of a doughnut.

There are 263,000 more unemployed at the present time than at the end of June 1924. The workers who voted the Tories into office with the hope that big business could find jobs for them and bring them prosperity are now nursing hungry stomachs and scratching foolish heads.

There are 43,000 more unemployed (Continued on page 2)

RAILROAD WORKERS' STRIKE TIES UP EAST CUBAN TRAINS

HAVANA, Cuba, June 19.—All rail traffic to the eastern provinces has been tied up by the strike of the employees of the Consolidated Railway company. The railroad workers have been struggling for better conditions for the past four months.

TEAPOT DOME STEAL LEGAL, JUDGE RULES

Sinclair, Fall and Co. Stainless

CHEYENNE, Wyo., June 19.—The government today lost its suit to declare invalid the Teapot Dome naval oil reserve lease granted to Harry F. Sinclair by former Secretary of the Interior A. D. Fall.

This means a victory for the Coolidge administration and a defeat for the progressives who were responsible for instituting the famous Teapot Dome investigation which shook the republican machine to its base.

Judge Kennedy gave Fall and Sinclair a clean bill of health. It is significant that Rear Admiral Robinson, the naval officer who transferred the oil reserves from the navy department to the interior was only a few days ago elevated to the position of high commanding officer of the United States fleet. This would indicate that Secretary of the Navy Wilbur had knowledge that the decision of Judge Kennedy would be favorable to Sinclair.

Discussing the passage of \$230,000 in liberty bonds from Sinclair to Fall thru the Continental Trading company of Canada, the court said no connection between Sinclair and Fall had been established in this regard.

IRON WORKERS STRIKE DELAWARE BRIDGE JOB FOR WAGE INCREASE

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., June 19.—Four hundred structural iron workers are on strike at the big construction job of the Delaware River bridge, for a wage raise of from \$1.10 to \$1.25 an hour. This is a non-union job. Altogether there are 500 men working there. The carpenters, stone masons, laborers, and engineers are still working, altho the strike of the iron workers practically ties up the job.

ST. LOUIS COPS ARREST PICKETS AT CURLEE SHOP But One Comes Back Stronger Than Ever

BULLETIN.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 19.—Eighty-four persons, most of them young girls, were arrested today when police swooped down on striking employees of the Curlee Clothing Manufacturing Co., which has been in the grip of a walkout for more than a month.

Union officials denied rumors that a caravan of strikeworkers was en route here from Chicago. Charges of disturbing the peace were lodged against the arrested strikers.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 19.—The slogan of the Curlee Clothing Co. strikers is "We are out to win." If there was any doubt about the sincerity of the above slogan in the minds of the Curlee bosses and the few scabs in the plant, that doubt was removed Wednesday evening.

When the few remaining scabs in the Curlee plant started to leave for home they faced a solid line of pickets at the entrances of the two Curlee shops.

Dicks to the Rescue. Some of them became so frightened that they ran back into the plant. Finally several auto loads of St. Louis dicks arrived to escort the scabs home.

The pickets are not even permitted to talk to the scabs. Two women strikers who attempted to talk to some of the scabs were immediately arrested and brutally handled by the police. Charges of "disturbing the peace" were placed against both of the women, Mrs. Lena Bono and Mrs. Marie Penning.

Marie A Fine Scrapper. In spite of the arrest Mrs. Marie Penning returned to the picket line next morning and was again arrested. After being released on bail she addressed the regular morning meeting of the strikers which is held every day at the Fraternal Building, Eleventh and Franklin streets.

She told of her experience with the police and urged the strikers to get out on the picket line. That is the only way to win this strike, she declared. She was received with tremendous applause by the other strikers.

LYNN SHOE WORKERS' UNIONS, LACKING FIGHTING LEADERS, SURRENDERING TO FAKE UNION

By TOM BELL (Special to The Daily Worker)

LYNN, Mass., June 19.—A meeting of Stitches' Local of the Amalgamated Shoe Workers' Union (Independent) was held here at the Auditorium Theater. About 900 members of the local attended. The meeting was held to hear the report of the committee which went to the officialdom of the Boot and Shoe Union at Boston to find out the terms of admission to the Boot and Shoe.

The report was made by Mrs. Morgan, business agent of the local. She read the list of questions presented to the Boot and Shoe officialdom and their answers. These clearly pointed out that the Boot and Shoe made only one offer to the stitchers—unconditional surrender.

Must Fight As Worker. The officials of the stitchers urged the members not to surrender to the Boot and Shoe and recalled the struggles of the past against the Boot and Shoe which the bosses wished to force upon them. The appeals of the officials were emotional, and at times hysterical. No plan of action was presented to the membership to fight the Boot and Shoe and the bosses.

The officials (all women) blamed the men in the other locals for deserting the struggle, which is true but does not leave room for a male and female struggle as the whole question is on of fighting the Boot and Shoe and the bosses as workers.

Militants Who Failed in Time of Need. The two most militant members of the committee (Harry Ross and Mary McGee) had a splendid opportunity to present a definite program of action to the members, but did not take advantage of it. Instead they adopted a hopeless attitude, and told the members present that they were unable to fight, and that the Boot and Shoe was the proper medicine for them.

Naturally, when the militants thus abdicated all semblance of leadership in the struggle there was nothing else to do but take the question of joining the Boot and Shoe to a referendum vote.

Fighting Leadership Not There. The hysterical opposition of the stitchers' officials to the Boot and Shoe, and the absence of any program or leadership on the part of the militants in the local will not prevent the members voting for the Boot and Shoe. The workers have been deluged for months with Boot and Shoe propaganda in the local yellow press.

All the ills afflicting the workers have been blamed on the Amalgamated. They were promised steady work if they joined the Boot and Shoe, and the so-called militants kept on repeating: "What's the use? The Boot and Shoe is coming in anyway so we may as well accept it and be forced into it."

Wage Cuts On The Way. Therefore it will be surprising if the stitchers do not vote for the Boot and Shoe. With the collapse of the stitch-

ers the Boot and Shoe will have a complete victory, and the bosses will be able to put the wage reductions into effect knowing that the workers are tied hand and foot by Baine and his gang of labor fakers. The Boot and Shoe is a weapon in the hands of the shoe manufacturers of Lynn to force wage cuts on the workers.

The triumph of the Boot and Shoe in Lynn will be a victory for the bosses. The chamber of commerce and the newspapers have won their campaign for the Boot and Shoe. The militants among the shoe workers gave up the struggle, and actually advocated the entry of the workers into the Boot and Shoe.

Abandoning T. U. E. L. is Leaving The Fight. They abandoned the practical program of the Trade Union Educational League calling for the amalgamation of the independent shoe unions as the first step toward amalgamation with the Boot and Shoe on condition that the Boot and Shoe become a real labor union fighting the battles of the workers, instead of a company union used by the bosses to enforce wage cuts.

AID THE NOVA SCOTIA MINERS! PROGRESSIVE COMMITTEE ISSUES CALL TO AMERICA'S WORKERS

By ALEX REID (Secretary, Progressive Miners International Committee of the United Mine Workers of America.)

The weapons of the capitalist state, the army and the courts, ever true to their class character, are again being turned on the coal miners. From Nova Scotia to West Virginia, from Pennsylvania to Oklahoma, the forces of capital are law-book and bayonet, machine guns and mummies of capitalist courts, attempting to crush the aspirations and further reduce the wages and working conditions of the slaves of the pick.

The miners of Nova Scotia, driven to desperation in their struggle for mere existence by the British Empire Steel Corporation, have now to face the military arm of the capitalist state, while the day's news tells us that 175 of these miners are arrested on the charge that they violated the capitalist law when they took food to feed their starving wives and children.

Capitalist Law in Action. Troops have been rushed into the coal towns to subdue these miners. Although self-preservation is the first law of nature, the capitalist courts have issued warrants to imprison these miners who refuse to stand meek and passive while their wives and children starve and white-collared scabs are working to enforce upon them still greater privation.

Peaceful picketing, found to be a failure, gave way to more effective methods, strengthened the battle line, but arousing the fury of the Beast of Besco and the Canadian capitalist class as a whole. The forces of the capitalist state are unleashed to destroy the miners' union of Nova Scotia.

Capitalism Enforces "Order." The starving of women and children must go on. So argues the capitalist with the voice of thousands of prostituted newspapers. To the capitalist there is no "violence," no "disorder," no "crime" in driving 12,000 miners into the pits at the end of bayonets. To the capitalist it is "law and order" to compel 12,000 miners and their families who ask only their portion of the world's wealth for their hard and perilous labor in the pits, to starve and go in rags. To capitalists it is no crime for gunmen to have shot down William Davies and wound to death Gilbert Watson.

What are our "labor leaders" doing in this crisis? Nothing of any consequence for these workers. Absolutely nothing. The orgy of violence, murder, martial law, starvation, lock-out and wage cuts are crimes of capitalism. And these are Christ-like compared to the treason of the labor bureaucracy of the Lewis machine.

A Quick and Certain Remedy. If the labor fakers had one atom of manhood or loyalty to the interests of the miners and the working class as a whole, they would call a strike in this country from coast to coast that would once and for all put an end to the arrogant persecution of labor and the reign of terror against the miners of North America.

We have a right to expect something besides treason from our labor leaders. We have paid them well. No labor leaders in the world are better paid than those of America. Yet no labor leaders have betrayed the interests of the workers more than they. They completely desert the class struggle for class collaboration. As generals of labor's mighty army, they surrender without a struggle. They even attack the courageous progressiveness among the rank and file troops of labor's army for urging fight without their permission and for pointing out their treachery.

An Appeal to the Working Class. The Progressive Miners' International Committee, leader of the rank and file struggle among the coal miners, calls upon all workers to rally to the call for aid from our starving and persecuted brothers and their families of District 26, the Nova Scotia miners. Between 12,000 miners of District 26, with their hungry and ragged wives and children about them, and the victory which will bring food and clothing, stands the lines of bayonets of the capitalist state. Capitalist law reaches out and seizes their leaders, 175 of them, dragging them away from wife and children to the living death of prison.

Workers! Arise to their need! Give until it hurts. Give to the miners of District 26, the fighting miners of Nova Scotia! Give that they may be able to fight on and triumph over our enemies!

Send all donations direct to the District 26 office. Address all funds to Alex A. McKay, Secretary-Treasurer, District 26, United Mine Workers of America, Glace Bay, Nova Scotia, Canada.

Mrs. Morgan Gets Fresh Blood. GLEN COVE, N. Y., June 19.—A second blood transfusion has been performed on Mrs. J. Pierpont Morgan, wife of the financier, it was learned today.

CHINESE IN BELGIUM ASSERT SOLIDARITY WITH CHINA STRIKE

(Special to The Daily Worker)

CHARLEROI, Belgium, June 19.—An association representing Chinese students here issued a manifesto today assuring the Belgian public that the present uprisings in China were in no wise aimed against all foreigners.

The movement, it was stated, was only against "the Anglo-Saxons and the Japanese, because they impose inacceptable and inhuman working conditions on the Chinese workmen."

Lexington Ave., between 25th and 26th streets, to confiscate books and other property. Some 300 members of the union were loitering on the street in front of their head quarters and they resented the approach of the officials.

The latter were attacked as they emerged from the local headquarters with the books, and reserves from the East 22nd St. station were called out. The arrival of the officers and of detectives McFarlane, Cronin, Jern, Smith and Barry called forth another of the milling 300, and they challenged outburst of resentment on the part the police to arrest them.

Have Eight Members Pined. Eight arrests were made, all members of the outlawed Local No. 2, and when they were arraigned in Yorkville court this morning they were released on \$500 bail each for examination next week on the charge of disorderly conduct.

Accusers Are Also the Judges

(Continued from page 1)

board representatives is expected momentarily.

Fakers Hire Private Dicks. Throughout the day members of Locals 2 and 9 stood outside their respective headquarters hotly discussing the charges of "Communism" brought against their officers by Felner.

DUNLAP POLICE BILL FINALLY DIES IN HOUSE

Deny Firemen's Widows Higher Pensions

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., June 19.—By a vote of 80 to 48 the Illinois house has killed the Dunlap state police bill, which would have provided a force of constabulary available to break strikes.

The Barr bill, a similar bill sponsored by Governor Small, has not been finally disposed of.

A bill to increase the monthly pension payments to firemen's widows from \$45 to \$50 was defeated by the senate by a vote of 21 to 14.

Governor Small's Thon bill, which takes the power over circuit and superior court judges of Cook county from the Cook county democrats and the Barrett-Crowe republican organization by providing for nomination of these judges by direct popular vote, was passed by the senate. It had already been passed in the house. Gov. Small himself rounded up the votes to push thru his measure.

Small's Choice Defeated. The senate refused to confirm Gov. Small's appointment of William H. Malone of Cook County, as a member of the tax commission. The vote was 24 to 12.

LA FOLLETTE TO BE BURIED AT MADISON MONDAY

MADISON, Wis., June 19.—Funeral services for Senator Robert M. La Follette, of Wisconsin, who died in Washington of heart disease, will be held here Monday.

Chicago Schools to Be Made Model Sweat Shop

This afternoon superintendent of schools William McAndrew and John E. Byrnes, business manager, together with other school bosses held a conference to discuss recommendation by the school board accountants for revising the rules governing teachers' absences.

Maybe They Will Set Time Clocks. The new rules include the keeping of a checking up system in the schools which will give the superintendent's office a record of individual daily attendance. Rules will also be formulated governing the absence of teachers which will take effect with the beginning of the fall term, Sept. 8.

Charge Aldermen With Bribery. Charges have been made in the city council that some of the members of the council buildings committee, which has just recommended that the ban on hollow tile for building be maintained, have been retained by the tile and brick interests to represent them.

Bus Drivers Strike in Paris. PARIS, France, June 19.—The Paris bus drivers are striking for better wages and better working conditions by running their busses at the rate of three miles an hour. Traffic is frightfully congested.

Don't you be a campaign shiker—get subscriptions for the DAILY WORKER!

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT SEEKS TO IMPRISON 175 STRIKING MINERS

(Special to The Daily Worker)

SYDNEY, Nova Scotia, June 19.—Warrants were issued yesterday for the arrest of 175 striking miners of District 26, United Mine Workers of America, on charges of "rioting and looting" in connection with the recent clashes at Sydney, New Waterford and other mining towns between the private army of the British Empire Steel Corporation and the miners who were striking against a wage cut and were denied credit at company stores. One arrest was made at once, others are being sought.

Miners' Journal Ignores Fight. While one of the greatest labor struggles ever staged in North America is being fought to a bloody conclusion in the mine fields of Nova Scotia, under the jurisdiction of Dist. 26 of the United Mine Workers of America, the current issue of the United Mine Workers Journal, issued under the supervision of John L. Lewis, international president of the miners' union, has not even one word on the strike of the miners of Nova Scotia against the brutal oppression of bloody Besco.

On the front page of this yellow journal, which is edited by the stool-pigeon Ellis Searles, a flunkey who bears a striking resemblance to the British duke sketched by George McManus in his comic strip: "Bringing up Father" there is a cartoon, depicting the non-union operator as a fox inviting the union coal miner in the guise of a rooster to come down off a board fence, while in the rear of the fox and rushing towards him is a bull dog labelled public opinion. It is very clear that the officialdom of the miners' union, have turned their backs on the strike weapon and now place their reliance on "public opinion."

Lewis Is Jesting. While the guns of the British Empire Steel company are shooting down

the miners in Glace Bay, Lewis's personal organ, devotes much space to the swell-headed egotist's speeches and to those of his flunkies, Kennedy and Murray. Lewis is reported as saying to the Hocking Valley miners in Ohio, that he will not accept a wage reduction under any conditions. But the miners are accepting wage reductions and the operators are breaking the Jacksonville pact at will and Lewis is not doing a thing about it.

The operators are opening scab mines in the south and they have practically succeeded in making the whole state of West Virginia open shop. Lewis may gloat over the notorious Don Chaffin of Logan county going to jail on a bootlegging charge but the operators don't need Don Chaffin any more. The union is wrecked by the Lewis tactics and the miners are at the mercy of the bosses.

Lewis tells the miners that if they want a reduction in wages they must call a special convention and elect a new president. The faker knows that if a special convention was allowed the miners would elect a new president. That is why he has planned to postpone the next convention until 1927. The miners want to settle with Lewis.

Thirty Mexicans Executed. MEXICO CITY, June 19.—Thirty followers of Adolfo de la Huerta have been executed within the last fortnight in the state of Vera Cruz, a report to the war department from Gen. Juan Andrew Almazan.

RED WEEK—June 15 to 21.

Mellon Interests Lead in Open Shop War on the Coal Miners' Union

By J. LOUIS ENODAH.

TODAY, new facts bring to light the information that "Andy" Mellon, the multi-millionaire banker of Pittsburgh, secretary of the treasury in Cal Coolidge's cabinet, is at the head of the drive to wipe out the Jacksonville wage agreement between the mine workers and the mine owners.

This again shows that the "open shop" interests are established in the very heart of the government at Washington. Coolidge had his way of breaking the strike of the policemen in Boston. Mellon has his way of beating down the miners' wage scale.

The Mellon interests dominate the Pittsburgh Coal Company, capitalized at \$78,000,000, and the dominating power in the soft coal fields of western Pennsylvania. This coal corporation, like others in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and other unionized states insist that they cannot make satisfactory profits under the Jacksonville agreement. It has opened war on the miners' union by closing down its 54 mines in the Pittsburgh territory, from which its workers brought forth 8,300,000 tons of coal last year.

Now these mines are closed. Sixteen have been stripped of equipment and the mines allowed to fill. These abandoned pits are in Cannonsburg, Fayette City, Bridgeville, Monongahela City, Finleyville, Webster, Bishop, Westland, Imperial, Shaner, Belle Vernon, West Elizabeth and Buena Vista. In their war on the miner's union, the coal barons proceed to lay waste this territory, forcing the workers to seek jobs in distant steel mills and in building smooth roads for the rich to travel with their high-priced automobiles.

That the whole community is dependent on the workers is shown by the fact that even Chambers of Commerce, the organization of little business in the coal camps, protest to the great coal barons. But the profit hunt of great capital doesn't take into consideration even the agonies of the little capitalist. Merchants go into bankruptcy, banks close their doors, and the general business stagnation forces new middle class elements into the ranks of the proletariat. In fact, these petty bourgeois are much worse off than the workers, since they cannot easily adjust themselves to the new conditions, and find a work place in industry.

The propaganda of the coal barons all harps continually on the fact that the mine owners are losing money. Yet these Mellon interests, dominating the Pittsburgh Coal Company, admit earning \$500,000 on a railroad subsidiary, tell of profits taken out of the non-union fields in Kentucky, and of huge winnings on 3,000,000 tons of coal bought from non-union mines in West Virginia and sold in the Great Lakes territory. It is in this West Virginia field that the whole force of the capitalist dictatorship, from hired gunmen to bought judges, is being used to crush every effort of the miners to build their union.

In closing the mines, theirs under the capitalist system of private ownership, the coal barons use one of the declarations made by John L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers' Union, published in the April 1st issue of the Mine Workers' Journal, declaring that, "coal operators should sell their coal at a profit or they should not sell it at all." Lewis believes in capitalism—the profit system. He is helping the mine owners maintain it. The mine owners, of course, go where they can make the most profits, using the non-union fields, where Lewis has failed to establish the miners' union, against the organized fields.

In their fight for an existence the coal miners will gradually come to the conclusion that they must not always provide profits for their exploiters; that this will end with the capitalist system. They are finding greater and greater unity among the rank and file in the struggle against both the mine owners and their henchmen within the miners' union, the reactionary officialdom.

Taking the profits out of coal is but part of the struggle for the overthrow of the whole capitalist system. Secretary of the Treasury Mellon, and his Pittsburgh Coal Co., may think that West Virginia and Kentucky offer an escape from the union fields of Western Pennsylvania. But "the Mellon interests" will meet up with the Pennsylvania coal miners again, on a battle field where the workers have advanced another notch in revolutionary working class consciousness. Then they will be compelled to stand and fight. And they will lose.

No Encouragement For Strikers

Lewis's personal organ has not one word of encouragement for the miners of Nova Scotia, but it carries an editorial denouncing those who violate the law and insinuating that those miners are responsible for injunctions secured by the operators against the miners.

The Miners' Journal devotes several columns to advising the operators how to run their mines. It boxes the suggestion in bold type: "Coal companies should sell their coal at a profit or they should not sell it at all." It carries an attack on A. J. Cook of the British Miners' Federation and features a long article by Frank Hodges, ex civil lord of the admiralty in the Ramsay MacDonald government.

Operators Expect Trouble. Prominent members of the National Coal Association, meeting at the Edgewater Beach Hotel, expect a crisis in the coal industry next fall, when certain contracts expire. Non-union mines are producing at full capacity in Kentucky and West Virginia, while the union mines in Western Pa., Illinois and Ohio shut down.

A big merger of 19 coal companies in Kansas involving a capital of over \$10,000,000 was announced. Operators claimed they would be better able to resist the union when the small fellows are eliminated and the business concentrated into fewer hands.

Thirty Mexicans Executed. MEXICO CITY, June 19.—Thirty followers of Adolfo de la Huerta have been executed within the last fortnight in the state of Vera Cruz, a report to the war department from Gen. Juan Andrew Almazan.

RED WEEK—June 15 to 21.

TELL MILWAUKEE LABOR CHINA'S BATTLE WORTHY

Unite Against World Imperialism, Red Says

(Special to The Daily Worker)

MILWAUKEE, Wis., June 19.—At the last meeting of the Milwaukee Central Labor Council delegate Gustave Sklar, member of the Workers' (Communist) Party made a special protesting against the use of American troops against the workers of China. Comrade Sklar declared that the students and workers of China have awakened and are fighting world imperialism.

He pointed out the necessity of the American workers understanding the fight of the Chinese against foreign imperialism, and the need of solidarity of the American workers with the Chinese workers.

Comrade Sklar urged the organizers of America to support the struggle of the Chinese masses to throw off the yoke of foreign capitalism which has been endeavoring to exploit them.

The executive board reported "progress" in investigating the resolutions for world trade union unity. They have come to no conclusion so far, it was reported. Some of the delegates declared that the socialists who dominate the council will ask the national officials of the American Federation of Labor what stand to take of this vital question.

The rest of the meeting was devoted to routine matters.

HOW ABOUT YOU?

"You going?"
"Going where?"
"Why, to the hike!"
"What hike?"
"The hike that Branch No. 4 of the Young Workers' League of Chicago is holding this Sunday in Milwaukee woods."
"When you going?"
"Well, I don't know. I might leave with the bunch at nine o'clock from 3118 W. Roosevelt Road, or again, might meet the whole gang at the end of the Milwaukee car line at ten o'clock sharp."
"Any thing special?"
"Why, I should say! Lots of it! Races, leapfrog, pie eating contest, Eats! And a million and one other things galore. And damn it, fellow, it won't cost a cent. Not a copper penny to go to one of the best times ever held. What say?"
"You Bet!"

Unemployment in Great Britain Is Nearing Big Crisis

(Continued from page 1)

this week than last. This increase is unprecedented and brings about a condition approaching crisis. The left wing of the labor party and the Communists are demanding that the labor party take advantage of this situation. But the right wingers led by MacDonald and Snowden are averse to fighting with the capitalists. They prefer to work with them to an extent compatible with the career Mrs. Ethel Snowden, socialist wife of Philip, is busily engaged advising housewives to patronize imperial products and thus help to solidify the empire.

Squandering Riches.

Even the capitalist press is forced to display stories of suffering through unemployment, but side by side with these stories appear accounts of feasts and festivities of the British ruling class, led by the royal family. The Daily Herald says: "While the official unemployment figures calm published by the government reveal increasing and unparalleled suffering society is playing by the thousands a game of Ascat and flaunting its unearned wealth." Perhaps the conservative editor of the Herald would feel better if society spent its wealth in secret, but it makes little difference to the workers whether the bandit that rob them spend it in the cellar or on the house tops.

LARGE PROPORTION OF PRISONERS PARDONED IN THE SOVIET UNION

(Special to The Daily Worker)

Moscow, (By Mail).—In 1924 the Presidium of the All-Russian Central Executive Committee investigated 39,635 private petitions for reprieve in connection with 28,373 criminal cases (all minor offences). 44.7 per cent of the petitions for reprieve were acceded to. 15.3 per cent of the petitions were acceded to at the recommendation of public organizations and institutions, and of the private petitions 23.9 per cent were acceded to.

According to the social position of the pardoned people, reprieve was granted as follows: workers—59.1 per cent; peasants 46.5 per cent; Red Army men 52.6 per cent; Red officers 32.9 per cent; employes 56.6 per cent; private business people 12.3 per cent; others 17.8 per cent of all petitions for reprieve.

ORIENT WORRIES FOR IMPERIALISM IN THE ORIENT

Senator in Attempt to Bring Peace in China

By LAWRENCE TODD.
(Federated Press.)

WASHINGTON (FP)—Chairman Borah of the senate foreign relations committee has made a preliminary gesture toward a serious attempt to bring peace in China before some outbreak of anti-foreign fury shall be provoked.

He believes that if the Washington government will lead the way, and the British, Japanese and other governments will follow without loss of time, the Chinese people will settle down to a pacific negotiation and adjustment of their quarrels with foreigners.

Certain Americans in China—whether commercial or missionary he does not disclose—cabled Borah, urging that there is immediate need of sending American forces to protect American interests in that country.

Respect Chinese Integrity. "I see no reason," Borah cabled back, "why the United States should be drawn into any controversy or conflict with Chinese authorities or the Chinese people. Doubtless the situation, as you say, is serious, but not serious by reason of any acts or policies of the United States, and it is not to be presumed that we will be drawn into controversies of other powers."

"I venture to believe the American people as a whole would like to see the national rights and interests of China fully respected. Personally, I would favor the withdrawal of extraterritorial rights in China as speedily as practicable, and a policy adopted by all which would respect the territorial integrity and national rights of a great people."

State Department Gets the News. When Borah sent this message back to the American group in China, the state department was receiving news of increasing bitterness in the anti-foreign demonstrations in cities from Canton to Peking.

Triumph of the working class soldiers of Canton against the Yunnan troops that had betrayed the government of Dr. Sun Yat Sen at the instance of the late fascist "tiger" middle-class element, had stirred the masses in a great part of southern China.

These Cantonese had adopted resolutions, some months ago, declaring for a sympathetic understanding with the Soviet Union. They have been sharply hostile to foreign imperialism in China. Outside their ranks are tens of millions of Chinese who know only that Chinese students have been shot down by British-led police, and they want revenge.

Tries to Forget Mexico. In making this gesture toward a peaceful settlement, Borah is taking a lesson from his disastrous experience last week in endorsing the Kellogg attack on the Calles' government of Mexico, which was an exercise of dictation and insult quite in harmony with the misuse of extra-territorial power in China.

Borah was used by Kellogg in a conference, from which he emerged before the real decisions were agreed upon, and he endorsed the statement for Kellogg without knowing that a propagandist "background" statement had confidentially been made to the press beforehand. Now he asks justice to China he denied to Mexico because Kellogg was too adroit for him.

Foreign Exchange. NEW YORK, June 19.—Great Britain, pound sterling, demand 4.85%; cables 4.86. France, franc demand 4.71%; cable 4.72. Belgium, franc, demand 4.67%; cable 4.68. Italy, lira, demand 2.69%; cables 2.70. Sweden, krona demand 26.73; cables 26.76. Norway, krone demand 16.96; cables 16.98. Denmark, krone demand 19.08; cables 19.10. Germany, mark not quoted. Shanghai, tael demand 77.12%; cables 78.00.

Distribute a bundle every day during Red Week of June 15 to 21.

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EFFORTS TO ORGANIZE WHITE COLLAR WORKERS PREVENTED BY BOSSES AND SOCIALISTS

By WORKER CORRESPONDENT

NEW YORK, June 19.—There are 400,000 office workers in New York City and only about 800 belong to the Bookkeepers' Union. Out of these 800 members about 70 per cent are employed in different local union offices, liberal or radical magazines and newspapers and few charitable societies. Only 25 per cent and even less than that are employed in the "business" offices of New York.

Altho the president of the union and the business representative tried, as they claim, their best to organize the banks on Wall St., the offices on Broadway, they succeeded very little because they took the wrong attitude.

Queer Way to Organize. They believe that only then can they organize any bank or office if the head of that concern will consent to it. It is of no use to try to organize if the bosses oppose!

It is understood that no president of bank, no manager of an office will like to have the union rule him and none of them ever agreed to have his office organized.

Lately a small group of active workers namely Primoff, Chernow, and others decided to organize many offices and banks whether the heads of those concerns would like or not. The group became very active in the union. An organizational committee was organized, which started to work energetically. The most active of them proved to be Primoff.

Socialists Prevent Organization. The socialists became afraid that Primoff might capture the union, because the members supported him in his attempt to organize the workers. They tried to hamper his work, to discourage him, but all in vain.

Then one of the "active" socialists brought up charges against Primoff that he is a member of the Workers Party of America and therefore should be expelled from the Bookkeepers' Union.

The union is controlled by socialists, well-known Communist haters and Primoff has very little chance to remain in the union. Comrade Bimba was expelled on similar charges last year.

But that will not help the socialists and bosses any. The Communists in the union and without, will keep on the organizational work of the union.

KIN OF SLAIN GIRL TELLS OF KLUXER'S RAPE

Battle to Secure Bail Continues

NOBLESVILLE, Ind., June 19.—At the hearing on a motion to admit to bail D. C. Stephenson, Earl Klincek and Earl Gentry, charged with the murder of Madge Oberholzer, additional testimony was expected to be sought by the defense to prove its point that conviction is only a remote possibility and that the prisoners therefore should be released from jail on bond.

The two days already consumed in the hearing have been crammed with verbal tilts between opposing counsel and another large crowd filled the courtroom when the proceedings were resumed this morning.

Marshal Oberholzer, brother of the dead girl was the final witness on the stand late yesterday and his story dealt with statements made, he said, by his sister while she lay on her death bed.

The bail hearing of D. C. Stephenson, Earl Klincek and Earl Gentry, all accused of murdering Madge Oberholzer, were closed this afternoon.

Arguments on the motion to admit the trio to bail will be heard by Judge Fred Hines tomorrow following which a decision will be handed down by the court.

Twenty-Eight Die in Tornado Which Sweeps Black Sea

(Special to The Daily Worker)
MOSCOW, June 19.—Twenty-eight persons were killed and hundreds injured in a tornado which wiped out two villages in the province of Altai, according to advices received here today.

Shipping in the Black Sea also was hampered by the storm, which swept from the Southern Siberian province along the coast.

Snow covered Northern Russia for the first time in a century in June as an aftermath of the southern storm.

Soviet Communal Kitchens. MOSCOW, U. S. S. R.—(By Mail)—The development of the communal kitchen institutions the special importance of which consists in the fact that they set working women free from household drudgery, is making great strides forward. According to statistics compiled by the Metal Workers' Union, there are communal kitchens in factories in 13 districts where the number of workers is 195,000. In March 1925 there were 109 kitchens in the Ukraine which supplied over a million dinners. 10 per cent of Ukrainian workers get served by communal kitchens.

By the autumn 400 more kitchens for 300 to 350 thousands people are to be opened in the Soviet Union.

BRITISH PLUTES USED SHEFFIELD IN MEXICO CITY

Country Is Aroused Against Foreigners

MEXICO CITY, June 19.—Charges were made here that American Ambassador Sheffield caused the antagonism of the Calles government to the Washington state department by his activity on behalf of the British capitalists who have interests in Mexico.

Former president of Mexico, Obregon, one of those who disapproves the return of Sheffield to Mexico, stated "The Americans are apparently trying to pull the British chestnuts out of the fire. Behind Secretary Kellogg's note I have been unable to find a shadow of the American people, but another quite different."

Calles and Obregon, and the other Mexican politicians who have in the past, betrayed the workers of Mexico, selling them out to Wall Street, are unable to check the sentiment against American imperialism, of the Mexican peasants and workers, and are making such statements as a concession to this feeling.

Great Britain withdraw her ambassador when Mrs. Rosalie Evans, a ranch owner, was murdered. Sheffield following the cutting of British relations, did the dirty work for the English capitalists.

Latin-American Union Statement.

BUENOS AIRES, Argentina, June 19.—The Latin-American union over the signature of its president, Alfredo Palacios, declares that Kellogg's statement on Mexico shows "that want of respect for the sovereignty of our peoples which is characteristic of the white house."

"The Argentine people cannot remain indifferent to the outrage inflicted upon a brother country," the statement of the Latin-American union continues. "In energetically defending the outraged sovereignty of his country he at the same time defends the independence of Latin-America, now threatened by Wall Street imperialism."

ITALIAN LIRA SKIDS DESPITE MORGAN LOAN

Mussolini's Promise Breaks Brokers

ROME, June 19.—The Italian Lira is going down like a plummet despite the use of the \$50,000,000 Morgan loan that was thrown into the exchange mill, to stop its downward flight. Economists point out that the use of this money will not be able to bolster up the sickly currency; that its debility can be traced to the unhealthy situation of the country and to the defeated hope that the fascist regime would "double the value of the lira within a year," as Mussolini promised.

It must be admitted that the undertaking business has prospered since Mussolini's advent to power and that the manufacturers of daggers and castor oil have no kick coming, but those who purchased lira with the intention of selling on a rising market, are much in the same position as those who purchased German marks before their final disappearance.

One senator said that unless the lira is stabilized at twenty to the dollar, Italy cannot pay America or any other country.

AS WE SEE IT -:- By T. J. O'Flaherty

(Continued from Page 1)

leader of the labor party of New South Wales and claims to be a socialist. But he insists that his socialism is the kind that any good capitalist could coddle up to. In fact, he showed that a leader of one of the opposition parties, who is also a big capitalist is the most advanced socialist in New South Wales, because he is a leading factor in a trustified industry.

OF course, the Australian Communists pillory this faker, which makes Mr. Lang use his tongue sharply on the Communists. It seems that the reactionaries in all countries use the same arguments when they are trying to evade the Communist criticism. Lang accused the Communists of playing into the hands of the nationalist party the principal bourgeois party in Australia, because they insist on preaching the class struggle and exposing the labor party leaders as traitors. The Communists fight for the racial equality in Australia while the labor fakers stand for what they call a "white Australia." This is a modified ku klux klan program.

THE New York Times tells us that the company union plan is working but nicely on the Pennsylvania railroad system among th shop craftsmen. This system is in effect what William H. Johnston accomplished on the Baltimore and Ohio, thru his infamous B. & O. plan. Johnston is satisfied to turn the International As-



The Sub Campaign Will End July First This Is the Way It Will Be Done!

RED WEEK will end Sunday, June 21. To allow time for the results to be finally collected and to give ample credit to contending locals, the Second Annual Sub Campaign has been extended until July first as was previously announced.

That means that all new subscriptions sent in up to (and not including) July first, will be counted in on the quotas set for each local.

The winners, and the Communist locals deserving special mention for their efforts of Communist building, will be announced in the issue of July 4—a fitting answer to capitalism in this country on its day of mobilization.

Until that day, to those individuals, branches and locals who still wish it, the DAILY WORKER will continue to supply WITHOUT CHARGE—bundles of free copies for distribution in order to secure subscriptions.

The Summer Is Here!

Open air meetings are a great way to bring the DAILY WORKER to the attention of the workers. With the DAILY WORKER we can bring the message of Communism thru the medium of the day to day news and events in the world of labor. For this use, NOW IS THE TIME to place your bundle orders.

Order a bundle for your local union meetings—and make a drive and distribution at factory gates.

WITH THE DAILY WORKER WE CAN BETTER BUILD THE COMMUNIST MOVEMENT.

In the Second Annual Sub Campaign

These news subs were received on Thursday, June 18:
TOLEDO, O.—A. W. Harvit (3); Buehler.
DETROIT, MICH.—N. Stoyanoff (3).
NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y.—Saimi Simonen.
ERIE, PA.—H. Perkon.
VALIER, ILL.—James Parliac.
FRANKFORT HEIGHTS, ILL.—Wm. Schroeder.
MONESSEN, PA.—Leo Kaupila (3).
PITTSBURGH, PA.—F. H. Merrick.
ST. LOUIS, MO.—H. Stoltz.
LOS ANGELES, CALIF.—Paul Reisa.
NEW YORK, N. Y.—J. Abelevsky (7).
PHILADELPHIA, PA.—Israel Minkoff (3).
BINGHAMPTON, N. Y.—Geo. Beg . . .

MOTHER BLOOR NEARS DENVER ON HIKE TRIP

To Speak at the Daily Worker Picnic There

CHEYENNE, Wyo., June 19.—Ella Reeve Bloor, on her hitch-hiking trip across country speaking at mass meetings on behalf of the DAILY WORKER, passed thru here on her way to Denver, the next stop on her trip. "Mother Bloor will speak at the DAILY WORKER picnic to be held at Denver on June 21.

"Crossed Summit over 8,800 feet high" wears Mother Bloor from here, "will leave at five o'clock in the morning for Denver, have been promised a ride one hundred and seventy five miles."

Polish War Minister Boasts of Perfection of Military Machine

WARSAW, June 19.—During a debate on the budget, General Sikorski, Polish minister of war, declared that the firing strength of the army had been increased by the addition of machine gun sections to the infantry and that Poland was now in a position to defend herself against outside forces even in the event of an unfavorable turn in French policy taking place.

Poland has built factories for the manufacture of munitions of all kinds. Sikorski hinted that Poland's preparations were directed primarily against Soviet Russia, tho the contingency of a scrap with Germany was not overlooked.

Too Hot for Hussein.

LONDON, England, June 19.—The British government has offered "to convey ex-King Hussein of the Hedjaz from Abaka to a more comfortable place of residence." The transfer was made necessary because the forces of Iben Saud, the sultan of Nejd, who recently captured Mecca, are nearing Abaka, which is now too hot to hold the defeated British puppet king. Hussein gladly accepted England's offer.

World Court Considers Patriarch.

AMSTERDAM, Holland, June 19.—The Hague, at its session just opened, will give advice regarding the expulsion of Constantinos, Greek church patriarch, as a result of clauses in the Lausanne treaty dealing with the exchange of Greek and Turkish populations.

Get a sub—make another Communist!

AMUNDSEN MAY TRY FOR POLE IN DIRIGIBLE

Return of Fliers to Their Base Dramatic

LONDON, June 19.—Lieut. Lincoln Ellsworth, the Ohio aviator who accompanied Roald Amundsen in his attempt to fly to the North Pole, rescued two members of the expedition from drowning while Amundsen's plane was ice bound, Commander Christian Prestrud, naval attaché in London of the Norwegian government, declared here. Prestrud was with Amundsen when he discovered the South Pole.

"I feel sure Ellsworth will work with Amundsen to start a new expedition, but probably the new expedition will be with an airship because, it seems to me, Amundsen has demonstrated the impracticability of aeroplanes flying to the Pole," Prestrud said.

Abandoned Their Equipment. "An Airship could not land at the Pole, but it could fly over it and make map observations, and possibly anchor over the Pole.

"It was a remarkable feat," continued Prestrud in commenting the hardships of the expedition. "For six men to extricate an aeroplane weighing a ton and a half from packed ice."

"It must have been a dramatic moment when the six men climbed in one plane uncertain whether it would 'take off,' because, after four weeks, they could not be sure it would operate. They burned their bridges behind them because they had abandoned most of their equipment. If they had been forced down a hundred miles from Spitzbergen they would have had a hard fight to reach civilization. With little food and equipment they made a bold gamble and won."

MacMillan Sails Saturday

WISCASSET, Me., June 19.—"We are all too happy for words to learn that Amundsen and his party have returned safely and we send to our fellow explorers our great congratulations and good wishes."

Commander Donald Baxter MacMillan, who is to leave here for his ninth exploration of the Arctic on Saturday said.

"I always felt Amundsen would win out. I did not think there was any cause for anxiety until his food gave out.

"We can now go back to our original plans for scientific exploration of the vast unknown continent in the Polar region.

Now we will revert to our plan to establish a base at Cape Thomas Hubbard at the northern end of Axel Heberg Island which is but a two hour flight from the largest unexplored area in the north.

We shall proceed to Etah at the northern tip of Greenland. From the ship's base the three naval amphibian planes, will be flown 250 miles to an advance base for food and oil. Two planes will be left there, one at all times and another to be used as a shuttle with the planes at our advanced exploration point to carry supplies.

Studies of Eskimo flappers in color photography, of "red" snow, Arctic poppies and roses and a new animal, bird and fish life in the frozen north will be some of the many features of invasion of the far north.

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Entered as second-class mail September 21, 1925, at the post-office at Chicago, Ill., under the act of March 3, 1879.

Advertising rates on application.

Robert M. LaFollette—Middle Class Champion

By the death of Senator Robert Marion LaFollette the American middle class loses its greatest spokesman and fighter. The life and activities of LaFollette cannot be understood without knowledge of the forces at work within American capitalist society.

In a period when the working classes in other capitalist countries are openly challenging the right of capitalism to exist and capitalists to rule, when one-sixth of the total area of the globe, the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics governed by workers and peasants, opposes the new order to the old, LaFollette is hailed as a liberator of the masses in America because he stands on a platform that the parties of the middle class in European capitalist countries have been advocating for half a century.

In Germany, France or England, LaFollette would have been only one of dozens of leaders in any of the dozen of middle class and agrarian parties. In the United States he brought down on his head the wrath of politicians of both capitalist parties and that of many influential trade union officials.

The working class of other countries looks at the United States and marvels. Here was a man who brought forward nothing new—whose support even of such well-established measures as government ownership of railroads—an accepted fact in Europe—was hesitating when it was apparent at all, who stood for the small businessman and banker, whose whole public career showed him to be simply a vestigial remain of the early period of free competition, yet who was denounced by the capitalist press as an enemy of society.

LaFollette's opposition to the war was on purely constitutional grounds, but he was reviled, persecuted and boycotted after his St. Paul speech as a pacifist and pro-German. His advocacy of the cause of the workers was confined to such elementary things as freedom from injunction processes and in his hatred of Communists he went just as far as any of his big capitalist enemies.

That LaFollette had courage, ability and the capacity for hard work his worst enemies will not deny. In a country of the blind the one-eyed man is king and in a nation whose politicians are notoriously servile, ignorant and dishonest it was inevitable that the LaFollette virtues would secure leadership for him.

He and his chief supporter, Warren Stone, have passed from the American scene. Their personalities can no longer influence the masses and their program is not something on which can be built anything but a confused and ineffective organization. Together with the two capitalist parties they worked to destroy the infant labor party movement and lead the workers and farmers into the camp of the middle class.

British Railway Clerks Against War

Contrast the recent action of the convention of the British Railway Clerks' Association in condemning the government scheme for militarizing the transport industry as part of the war scheme of the imperialists with the action of the convention of the American Federation of Labor in endorsing the mobilization and training camp plans of the war department and asking representation on all directive agencies.

The British Railway Clerks' Union pledged its members to resist all attempts to recruit them into the war service in any form—the American trade union officialdom of which Fitzgerald, head of the Railway Clerks' Union, is a part, wholeheartedly endorsed the war plans of American imperialism with a fervor far in excess of that of the Garys, Morgans and Rockefellers.

It is any wonder that to the leadership which curses the American labor movement the visit of Purcell, the militant president of the International Federation of Trade Unions, as fraternal delegate is anathema? But his visit will help to break the grip of the bosses on the American trade unions.

More Persecution in Hawaii

The supreme court of Hawaii territory has upheld the conviction of Pablo Manlapit, leader of the striking sugar workers—because the appeal was filed one day too late.

This is an obvious attempt to evade the real issue which is the right of colonial workers to demand and enforce the same privileges accorded the working class in the imperialist nations. Manlapit's sentence is from two to ten years at hard labor and he is already on the point of collapse from nervous strain and previous hardship.

His crime was to organize and lead the Filipino workers of the island in a struggle for better wages and living conditions. His persecutors are the sugar barons and back of them is the full might of American imperialism.

Just as the American workers rallied to the aid of Crouch and Trumbull, victims of the same murderous system, so must they come to aid of this militant leader of the colonial workers and force his release.

Warrants for the arrest of 175 Nova Scotia strikers have been issued. Troops are on the scene in full war array. No mine owners are under arrest for their conspiracy to starve the miners and their families into submission.

The Canadian government instead marshals all its forces to aid the British Empire Steel corporation against the men on strike.

Worker Shows Difference Between Fake and Real Progressive

(Continued from page 1) talk in the local union they accept his words' criticism of the administration and his words' condemnation of the agreement which was lately signed, as being a fight in the interest of the membership and against the reactionaries. So we have to make clear what the T. U. E. L. means by carrying on the struggle for a progressive program and against the reactionaries who oppose progressive measures.

First we must point out very clearly to the progressive element who still accept Schneid as their leader, that when the left wing group in the A. C. W. proposed a progressive election program as against the administration with the bosses, it was Schneid and his group who signed a statement prepared by Levin which condemned this group and their program of action.

Again, at this time, when the Hillman-Levin administration has joined the reactionary Forward group of red baiters and is now carrying on a savage attack upon members of the T. U. E. L. and the left wing generally by the expulsion of Local 5 from the N. Y. joint board, the taking down of the job and expelling from the union eight leading left wingers of Local 39—this is the time that Schneid chooses to organize a so-called left wing in opposition to the T. U. E. L. This so-called "progressive" group in reality is a center group. The leaders of this group are either supporters of the Hillman machine or lean very strongly in that direction.

Schneid and the other leaders of this center group were expelled from the Workers (Communist) Party because they betrayed the left wing by the signing of the Levin statement,

which action in essence meant the betrayal of the rank and file. And now they have gone so far to the right that they say openly that they do not want the support of the Workers Party or of the T. U. E. L. They echo the statements of Hillman and Levin, that they "do not want outside interference." This is also what Perlestein said in his expulsion policy against the left wing in the Ladies' Garment Workers.

The natural outcome of this attitude was the attempt to shoot Wm. Z. Foster during the Ashland Auditorium protest meeting. This was also what Levin said, and under this excuse expelled the militants from Local 39. Further, he persuaded or compelled Schneid and his followers to sign a statement repudiating the left wing within the A. C. W.

This means that Levin and his circle of officials consider it "outside interference" when the rank and file tries to combat their autocratic rule, and oppose their class collaboration policy. In other words, Schneid and his followers inside Local 39 dare not issue a printed program of class conscious action because they would be interfering with the inside ring of the administration.

You can see, therefore, why Schneid and his group are opposed to the issuing of programs that call upon the rank and file to strike if necessary for their demands.

Those progressives who think Schneid fights for progressive measures and against the administration, should study his method of struggle against the present agreement. In Local 39 Schneid proved conclusively that the new agreement was just as rotten if not worse than the old agreement. Yet what did he do when it came to acting against the agreement?

He told the membership that they could do nothing else but accept it. In other words, he urged them not to vote against it.

The only difference between this and the Hillman-Levin attitude is that Hillman and Levin tried to prove that it was a good agreement and the members should accept it, while Schneid said it was a bad agreement, but the members must accept it.

It is an elemental principle, surely known to Schneid, that only by strike or threat of strike can any union get or even keep good conditions. Yet Schneid advised against a course of action that would lead to strike. In good times strikes get better conditions, in bad trade times it protects against "readjustments." This is simple. This is known to everyone—even Schneid. Yet Schneid advises "no strikes." So does Hillman. Where is the difference in practice?

The policy of Hillman and Levin is class collaboration under the slogan of "industrial peace," "no strikes for the next 10 years."

Schneid and his group frankly state that it would be folly to attempt to get the members of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers to strike for their demands. And to ask them to vote against the agreement would mean to ask them to strike against it. This is just another method of advocating "industrial peace" and "no strikes." What sort of a "progressive" is it which strikes policy cannot be distinguished from Hillman's?

Schneid has, as his slogan, "revive the old fighting spirit of the Amalgamated," and yet in the next breath he says it would be folly to expect the members of the Amalgamated to strike. How can anyone lead the militants in the Amalgamated if they

are opposed to struggle against the employers and at the first threat from the administration desert the left wing and betray the rank and file as Schneid and his group did? Talk is cheap. Only actions count. The agreement prevents strikes and permits wage cuts. Hillman fought for it, Schneid did not fight against it.

Schneid and his group say that the Hillman-Levin machine has the membership terrorized, and because of this terrorism they will not accept the advice or the leadership of those members of the A. C. W. who accept the program and are adherents of the T. U. E. L. He gives this as one of the reasons why this new group has been organized.

But the real reason why he organized the group is because the left wing called for a militant struggle against the reactionary bureaucrats of the A. C. W. on the basis of progressive trade demands. While Schneid and his group, who have always been close sympathizers if not actual supporters of Hillman, cannot accept this policy.

So they have organized themselves into a center group to befuddle, confuse, and demoralize the left wing. They will fight the Hillman-Levin machine in words, but with the tongue in their cheek, and when it comes to action, such as advising the membership to vote against the agreement, they will not do it.

Hillman at one time led the left wing victoriously against the reactionary Rickert, and for a period of time believed in struggle against instead of collaboration with the employers. But in the course of the development of the A. C. W., Hillman became the leader of a center group, attempting to follow a middle road between the reactionary right wing represented by

the yellow Forward socialists, and left wing represented by the T. U. E. L., until in the struggle he had to take his choice between the left wing and the reactionaries, and he waded and baggage over to the Forward gang.

For over a year there has been two groups within the Amalgamated Clothing Workers, the left wing, represented by the T. U. E. L. and Communists, and the right reactionaries, represented by the Hillman-Levin-Forward reactionary group.

This situation called for a militant struggle by the left wing against the Hillman administration. And we too within the ranks of the left wing both T. U. E. L. and Communist, individuals now represented in Schneid's group who could not accept this policy of struggle.

Hence we have a new group taking the center position which has been given up by Hillman and the history of this group will be the history of all center groups—the honest, militant progressives who now follow Schneid will come over to the left wing, while the leaders will either be driven by force of circumstances into the camp of Hillman completely, or will acknowledge their mistake and come back and join the forces of the left wing, the T. U. E. L.

As one who has watched the development of the Schneid group for over two years, I want to urge the progressive elements to repudiate him as his fake fight against the Hillman administration and rally to the fighting program of the T. U. E. L. group, the A. C. W. and help to solidify strong and genuine left wing that will sweep away the class collaboration policy and make of the Amalgamated a powerful union, a fighting organ of the class struggle.

A Rank and Filer.

The Workers Party in Action

CHICAGO C. C. C. PLEDGES AID AT COMING CONFERENCE FOR GITLOW, ALL CLASS WAR FIGHTERS

Detailed reports and outlines of immediate work were outlined at the city central committee meeting of the Workers (Communist) Party, Local Chicago, at its meeting, Wednesday, June 17.

The central committee has laid out an anti-imperialist campaign for the week ending July 4. This campaign will connect itself up with the demand for Hands Off China, Release of Crouch and Trumbull, Opposition to Coolidge's July 4th Mobilization Day, Opposition to the Infamous Dawes Plan, Unconditional Independence for the Philippines, Hawaii, Porto Rico, etc.

A special manifesto dealing with the concrete phases of imperialism will be distributed. On July 4th in Chicago at Beyer's Grove, the Workers Party annual picnic will be turned into an anti-imperialist Hands-off China demonstration with English, colored and oriental speakers if they can be obtained.

The party, it was reported, was negotiating with the local Kuo Min Tang to arrange a protest meeting. If the Kuo Min Tang is not ready to go into such a meeting, the Workers Party, together with other organizations will hold a united front protest demonstration on the Chinese situation next Wednesday, June 24, at Northwest Hall, North and Western Aves. Among the speakers will be William F. Dunne, H. V. Phillips, Negro speaker and oriental speakers, if possible, and others.

Great Britain's Trade Unionists; Work for Trade Union's Unity. The visit of Purcell, chairman of the British Trade Union delegation among others, is of world wide significance and demands more than ever an intensified campaign on the part of militant trade unionists for unity in the world trade union movement and with particular emphasis on the American labor movement. Also the campaign for recognition of Soviet Russia assumes increasing importance thru the report of the British trade union delegation to Russia and Purcell's visit to the United States.

The party and the militants organized in the Trade Union Educational League will now increase their activities both for Russian recognition and for unity in the trade union movement.

Build a Labor Party. The city central committee also heard the instructions for the labor party campaign adopted by the central executive committee and is proceeding to take steps to take the question of a labor party before the workers. The campaign for a labor party is to be based not on the abstract slogan for such a party, but is to be linked up with the concrete issues, agitating the workers and on the various united front campaigns of the party, such as the struggle against wage cuts, against class collaboration, for the release of Crouch and Trumbull, Hands Off China campaign, etc.

Industrial Organizers to Take Up Party United Front Campaigns. All of the above reports and campaigns mentioned must be pushed strongly by the party organization in the trade unions, fraternal organizations, etc. The particular situation in each organization trade union or district council, central labor body, etc., will determine the tactics of the campaign and the introduction of resolutions on the various issues of criminal syndicalism, hands off China, anti-imperialism, for a labor party, for world trade union unity, etc. In order to co-ordinate these important campaigns and to lay out the work particularly and especially for each situation the meeting of the industrial organizers of the party has been called for Saturday, June 27, 2 p. m., at

ALLENTOWN, EASTON, AND BETHLEHEM, PA., COMRADES TAKE NOTICE

(Special to The Daily Worker)

ALLENTOWN, Pa., June 19.—A general membership meeting of the Lehigh Valley section will be held on Wednesday, June 24th—8:00 P. M. at 1161 Mechanic street. All members of Allentown, Easton and Bethlehem must be present.—A. Newberger, Secretary C. C. C.

19 S. Lincoln St. Every party branch industrial organizer must be present without fail, if there is to be a militant campaign for the various programs of action laid out.

Anti-Police and Injunction Bills. In addition to the above, reports were given on the passage of the Bar State Police bill and the Anti-Injunction bill in the Illinois legislature. The passage of these bills revealed clearly the results of the non-partisan method employed by fakers. These methods brought them, nor the workers, anything. Injunctions, in the last analysis, are solved by mass violation of them. Effective struggle against state constabulary bills in one form or another will be offset only by organized action on the industrial or political fields of workers as a class.

Negro Trade Union Committee on Job. A special report was rendered on work among the Negroes. The organ of the American Negro Labor Congress, The Champion, is now out and sales are rapid. Many unions have responded to the call for the Congress scheduled for October 25. Negro speakers are covering party branches and various trade union bodies. The Negro Trade Union committee has been making decided headway.

The Book Store campaign is meeting with success. Literature sales in the form of books and pamphlets are going well. The campaign for The DAILY WORKER, however, must be pushed more strongly by the branches which must pledge themselves for a certain quota of subscriptions for The DAILY WORKER. In this immediate campaign free speech fight forms the attracting base at present of the street meetings.

30 New Members Join Communists. Applications for membership were accepted from the following branches: Ukrainian.....2 South Slav No. 1.....1 North Side English.....2 Douglas Park English.....3 Nucleus No. 4.....1 Douglas Park Jewish.....4 Finnish.....2 Lake View Scand.....1 Cz.-Sl. T. of L.....2 Greek.....6 Lethish.....1 North West Jewish.....7

Next meeting of the C. C. C. on Wednesday, July 1, 1925, 8 p. m., at 722 Blue Island Ave.

Fraternally yours, Workers (Communist) Party, Local Chicago. Martin Abern Secretary.

CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE ON THE CLEVELAND SITUATION

The investigation of the secretariat of the C. E. C. dealing with the party controversy in Cleveland discloses and establishes the following facts:

1. The minority group, led by Comrades Benjamin and Boich, planned and carried thru an organized raid upon the regular meeting of the C. C. C. of Cleveland, held June 8.

2. The purpose of this raid was to seize the leadership of the local organization at all costs and without regard to the principles of Communist organization and constitution of the party, and to overrule decisions of the C. C. C., D. E. C. and C. E. C.

3. The roll call votes taken at the C. C. C. meeting on June 8, prior to its adjournment by the chairman and by the D. O. show an equal number of uncontested votes cast for each side, end. In waging this factional struggle i. e., 19 votes for the majority.

4. In the face of a deadlock, general turmoil and the impossibility of proceeding with the meeting, the chairman and the D. O. declared the meeting adjourned. This was the correct thing to do under the circumstances.

5. Upon the legal adjournment of the meeting, the minority group, led by Benjamin, Boich and Bartov (the latter acting as chairman) proceeded to hold a rump meeting, declared themselves the regular C. C. C., rescinded and overturned action by the C. E. C. by reinstating Benjamin, the nine suspended delegates, and the suspended Jewish branch, and elected a new local executive committee, thus creating a dual, competing body to the regular local party organization.

6. This dual local executive committee, elected at the illegal, rump meeting, contains Esther Schwartz, who was regularly expelled from the party.

7. Following this action by the minority group on June 8th, the secretary of the suspended Jewish branch Duchan, proceeded to call a meeting of the regularly suspended Jewish branch in competition and opposition to the recognized Jewish branch of the party in Cleveland.

These facts, which were definitely established by the investigation of the secretariat, demonstrate an open and flagrant violation of the fundamentals of party discipline by the minority group led by Benjamin and Boich. These and other facts disclosed by the investigation prove furthermore that the Benjamin group is carrying on a systematic campaign of opposition calculated to undermine not only the present leadership of the party, but to destroy the Communist conception of leadership in general.

Benjamin and Boich have been shown guilty in spreading and cultivating a non-Communist conception of Communist organization and discipline. Even in their statements before the secretariat on June 12th, both took the position that decisions of governing bodies of the party have no validity for the membership of the respective party units. The essence of this position is, that party decisions of C. C. C. and C. E. C. have no force unless formally approved by the membership of the branch or city. These non-Communist conceptions are not only being spread but actively acted upon by the Benjamin-Boich group in disregard of the rulings and decisions of the local, district, and national organization of the party. The root and main cause of the present difficulties in Cleveland is their anarcho-menshevik conception of party organization advocated and practiced by the minority comrades led by Benjamin and Boich.

This situation is further aggravated by the fact that the minority group is waging a desperate struggle to gain control of the Cleveland organization and in numerous cases has resorted to unpermissible means to achieve this

the minority group in Cleveland has overstepped the bounds of party constitution and general Communist practice and discipline as laid down by the Communist International.

In view of these facts, the secretariat finds it necessary to condemn and repudiate the action of the minority group in the rump meeting of June 8th. The secretariat draws the attention of the party membership in Cleveland to the fact that these anarcho-menshevik conception of organization constitute a real menace to the development, integrity and unity of our party. The secretariat calls upon the party membership in Cleveland to combat such non-Communist behavior and to repudiate the action of the Benjamin group at the rump meeting of June 8th.

Therefore the secretariat decides upon the following measures:

1. To declare illegal the holding of the rump C. C. C. meeting on June 8th.

2. To declare illegal and therefore void all proceedings, decisions, and actions of that meeting.

3. To cancel the membership meeting called for June 16th called by the rump C. C. C. meeting. The question of membership meetings in Cleveland and other cities in the pre-convention period will be settled by the party commission in the near future.

4. Comrades Boich and Bartov are herewith suspended from the party for a period of three (3) months without voice and vote. The secretariat approves the action of the local executive committee and the district committee in suspending Comrade Benjamin from the party for six months without voice and vote.

FREE SPEECH FIGHT CONTINUES TONIGHT AT NORTH AND ORCHARD

The free speech fight conducted by the Workers (Communist) Party of the corner of North and Orchard street is being continued. Tonight the meeting will be addressed by comrades Karl Revo and Barney Mass. Eighteen members of the Workers Party were arrested last Saturday when they conducted an open air meeting on this corner.

They are charged with violating city ordinance, declared unconstitutional by the Illinois supreme court, requiring a permit from the chief of police to hold open air meetings. The cases will be fought in the courts.

The speakers at Workers Party street meetings Saturday night are: North and Orchard—Barney Mass and Karl Revo. North and Washtenaw—Manuel Gomez and Al Shaap. Division and Washtenaw—I. Davidson and J. Louis Engdahl. Kedzie and 22nd—Sam Hammermark and William F. Kruse. 12th and St. Louis—Comrade Early