

## COMMUNIST PROGRAM ISSUED ALDERMANIC ELECTIONS; WORKERS SIGNING PETITIONS

All Sunday the members of the Workers (Communist) Party were busy circulating aldermanic petitions among workers in those wards where the party has placed candidates in the field. Thousands of signatures were secured and the outlook is good for placing the whole list of Communist candidates nominated on the ballot for the elections February 24.

### AS WE SEE IT By T. J. O'FLAHEARTY.

CHARLES EVANS HUGHES will not direct the course of the United States' foreign policy after next March 4, the date on which the Massachusetts mill king, Butler, takes over the White House for Wall Street, thru the compliant little man, Calvin Coolidge. Hughes' letter of resignation leaves nothing to be desired in the way of diplomatic refinement, but capitalist statesmen are not accustomed to telling the truth even when no good purpose can be served by lying.

WHY did Hughes quit the cabinet? This question will be asked and answered for many months to come. We are not interested in superficial reasons. This much we do know about capitalist governments and the individual members of those governments, that on the whole they are the executive committees of the capitalists and individually, the representatives of powerful groups of capitalists. When the representatives of one group is not getting its share of the spoils it is customary to spring a resignation on the administration and frighten it a bit. But there is more to this case than the usual resignations.

HUGHES is a capitalist statesman in the Wilson sense. He considers his foreign policy from the viewpoint of the interests of capitalism as a whole. His extremely hostile attitude towards Soviet Russia; his willingness to surrender points to England in order to save that country's dignity, in the interests of a united front for the exploitation of the world by the big robber powers; his desire for peace with Japan as proved by his unfortunate suggestion to a previous Japanese ambassador on the immigration question; his persistent attempts to find some substitute for the league of nations that could be put over in the United States; all these policies indicate that Hughes had the aim of bringing about an international alliance among the big capitalist powers for the common exploitation of the world. In this grand scheme the destruction of the power of the workers and peasants of Russia figured prominently.

PERHAPS the question of Soviet recognition is at the bottom of the Hughes' act. The rise of Senator Borah—an advocate of Soviet recognition—to power in the present government and the death of Samuel Gompers, a bitter foe of Russia, makes the position of Hughes very difficult. There is no doubt but the question of Soviet recognition will come up, unofficially at least, after March 4. Obviously Hughes prefers to be somewhere else than digging into the mass of evidence collected by his stoolpigeons during the last four years, designed to prove that Russia is interfering with the internal affairs of the United States. Hughes is a good riddance anyhow. His successor Kellogg is just as reactionary but less intelligent, which is not our lookout. The reasons for Hughes' retirement will become evident as time goes on. We cannot miss the luxury of guessing however.

UNLESS the German socialists re-member at least a little of their socialism the Communists will win back what they lost in the recent election, warns the London Daily Herald. The trouble with the Communists, continues this paper, is that they have their faces turned to the past, in other words to Marx. Nevertheless unless

### THE WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

is what its name implies—a party of and for WORKERS. We do not repeat the ridiculous pretensions of the other parties, that we have a program which will suit all classes. We state frankly that our program will bring no comfort to the banking kings, marchant princes, traction lords and real estate sharks who now hold Chicago in their covetous grasp. But to all workers, and working class organizations struggling for the advancement of the workers, we pledge our loyal support in any and all conflicts, at any and all times.

Now, when great numbers of workers are suffering from unemployment, when police and injunctions are called in by the bosses to break all strikes when the working class standard of living is being steadily forced down, when gigantic municipal traction steals are being engineered, when working class children are suffering from inadequate and improper schooling—it is necessary to come forward with a program which exposes the real issues in the aldermanic elections to be held on Feb. 24—a program which faces the issues frankly, and which rallies the working men and women of Chicago for struggle against the capitalists on the basis of the immediate interests of the workers.

The Workers (Communist) Party and the candidates it endorses stand for the following immediate program; if elected, the candidates will make use of their position to mobilize the masses toward putting it into effect:

#### PUBLIC UTILITIES

The Workers (Communist) Party demands immediate removal of public utilities from the ownership and control of private capitalists. Confiscation of all franchises. Operation to be for public service and not for private profit—under direct public management, vested in committees chosen by the workers engaged in the various branches of service.

2. Traction. The voters of Chicago have repeatedly gone on record for a single, unified, municipally owned traction system of surface lines, "L" and subway. In place of this, Mayor Dever is dickering with the traction magnates to turn over to them what amounts to a perpetual franchise on Chicago transportation. The Workers (Communist) Party demands that the city immediately take over the existing lines in the form outlined below:

#### UNEMPLOYMENT

Work or compensation for all unemployed, not as a matter of "charity" but as a direct municipal responsibility. The city to bear the cost, and compensation wages to be paid thru working class bodies selected by labor unions in conjunction with unemployed workers.

2. No evictions for non-payment of rent.  
3. City government must assume responsibility for comfortable housing of unemployed workers free of charge while they are unemployed, and rooms in the houses of wealthy residents must be requisitioned for this purpose.  
4. Immediate inauguration of a

## Germans Want to Collect in Munitions Made by the British

(Special to The Daily Worker)  
LONDON, Eng., Jan. 11.—A claim filed by the German armaments firm, against Vickers Limited, English munitions makers, reveals that an agreement existed between the German and English firms. The agreement called for the payment to Krupp of royalties on all shell fuses made by Vickers. The agreement was to expire on Sept. 30, 1917, but at the outbreak of the war, in 1914, Vickers stopped meeting their obligations. Krupp claim royalties on millions of shell fuses made for the British army during the war.

## BUTLER TRIES NEW WAGE CUT AT NEW BEDFORD

### United Textile Fights at Fall River

(Special to The Daily Worker)  
NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Jan. 11.—Wages in all of the cotton mills of New Bedford, which normally employ 41,000 workers, will be reduced 10 per cent Jan. 19, it has been announced at a meeting of the New Bedford Cotton Manufacturers' association. William Morgan Butler, Coolidge's campaign manager, has long controlled the New Bedford Cotton Manufacturers' Association, and is the president of the National Association of Textile Manufacturers which is announcing a wage cut at the same time it is asking for higher tariffs.

The action follows a similar wage cut in the cotton mills of Fall River and reductions approximating 10 per cent announced recently in other New England textile centers. Beginning next Monday the seven member unions of the New Bedford Textile Council will vote on acceptance of the reduction. Are Butler's Stools at it Again? A few months ago the DAILY WORKER exposed Butler as having hired a swarm of Sherman detectives to worm themselves into the New Bedford textile unions, actually controlling the Textile Council with a squad of wily stoolpigeons who knew how to pretend to be with the workers, but were all the time getting paid by Butler for sidetracking the workers' militancy and persuading them to accept reductions of wages.

The Trade Union Educational League has issued a ringing call to all textile workers to force their scattered and impotent craft unions to unite in action and fight with a solid front against the wage cuts. United Textile Fights Fall River Cut. At Fall River, Massachusetts, the executive committee of four unions of the United Textile Workers of America, at a special meeting last night, voted unanimously to oppose the reduction of 10 per cent in wages which the Fall River Cotton Manufacturers' Association recently announced would become effective in Fall River on Monday.

Six Unions Surrender. Six unions thru their central organization, the Fall River Textile Council, have accepted the wage reduction, although two of the member unions favored strike action. The rank and file of the textile operatives are indignant at the surrender of the union officials without a fight, and without even calling a strike vote in the locals. Protests are voiced in the textile council even, but in the locals acid comment is heard, asking if Butler's stoolpigeons have got control of Fall River as well as New Bedford.

The reduction affects all Fall River cotton mills and involves between 20,000 and 30,000 workers.

### Results of Membership Meetings

YONKERS, N. Y.—General membership meeting voted 18 for majority, 2 for minority. Speakers: Manley for majority, Stachel for minority.  
HUDSON COUNTY, N. J.—General membership meeting voted 23 for majority, 2 for minority. Speakers: Grecht for majority, Lifshitz for minority.

## FASCISM'S RISE SEEN IN GERMAN CABINET MIX-UP

### Moderates Giving Way to Monarchists

(Special to The Daily Worker)  
BERLIN, Jan. 11.—The efforts of Finance Minister Hans Luther to form a right wing cabinet in Germany have not met with the dismal failure of Chancellor Marx, who gave up attempts to form a moderate coalition cabinet after five unsuccessful trials. The monarchists have claimed four portfolios in the reactionary cabinet Luther is trying to form, and are certain to be given three. The failure of the moderate parties demonstrates the fast drift of the German government toward the right wing, and points to the probable rise of a fascist government in the near future, in order to prevent possibility of a coalition in which the moderates take part.

Chancellor Marx, leader of the Catholic party, and Foreign Minister Stresemann, head of the people's party, are now bitter enemies, having failed to work together after months of effort. Stresemann is accused by the Catholic party of deserting their "republican ideas" and of stabbing their leaders in the back by allying himself with the monarchists. The Catholic party refuses to participate in the Luther cabinet, which if formed will be dominated by the monarchists, the fascist elements and the extreme right wing.

Jan. 10, the day when France was to evacuate Cologne, according to the Versailles treaty, passed with Cologne still in possession of the French, who declare they will not depart.

The financial scandal, comparable to America's Teapot Dome oil scandal, is leaking out in all its corrupt details. Former Chancellor Wirth, one of the latest to be implicated in the scandal, is charged with having accepted large grants of credit from Minister of Postoffice Hoesche. Hoesche has been dismissed from the cabinet by Ebert, and more cabinet members are expected to resign shortly. Hoesche has been found to have shown favoritism to friends in granting millions of dollars in credits from post-office funds to his associates when German business was at a standstill on account of lack of credits. Others implicated in the government graft are former chancellor Fehrenbach, deputy Lange-Hagermann and Dr. Ludwig Haas. President Ebert's name has also been linked in the credit scandal.

## ENGLISH MINERS AND BELGIANS GO TO RUSSIA

LONDON.—Herbert Smith, president of the British miners and who will be remembered in America as the fraternal delegate from the British trades unions congress to the American Federation of Labor in 1922, has recommended that the British miners send a strong delegation to Russia with a view to establishing permanent relations with the Russian miners. The Belgium miners have accepted the invitation but the German miners have refused to go along.

The International Federation of Trade Unions will meet next week in Brussels to consider the British unions' plans for bringing in the Russian unions. Stormy sessions are expected as there is a strong group of capitalist lackeys and class traitors in the I. F. of T. U., the Amsterdam International, which is hostile to everything that helps the workers unite, and therefore hostile to unity with Russian workers.

## Capitalist Imperialism Makes Shrewd Moves in Coolidge's Cabinet

### REACTION IN TRADES AND LABOR ASSEMBLY OF MINNEAPOLIS SHUTS OUT TWO LOCAL UNION DELEGATES

(Special to The Daily Worker)  
MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Jan. 11.—At the last session of the Trades and Labor Assembly here, two of the most progressive leaders of the working class movement were denied seats as delegates to the central body on the grounds that they hold membership in the Workers (Communist) Party of America.

William Mauseth, Machinists' Local 91, and Dan Stevens, Painters' Union 186, were the two men who faced the onslaught of the reactionaries. Under the rules the accused must appear before a committee appointed to hear the charges. The chairman of the local assembly, himself a staunch reactionary, took extreme care in naming the committee to see that only conservatives served on same. Fullerton of the Pressmen, famous for his "red baiting" activities, Nelson of the Carpenters, and Manley of the Retail Clerks, compose the committee.

The advocates of the open shop in Minneapolis have reason for their great joy and emitted chuckles. Four years ago the citizens' alliance succeeded in having Dan W. Stevens incarcerated behind prison walls because of his undying loyalty to the slaves of industry. Every worker in the city hated and despised the alliance then, but now their offices are visited by conservatives in the local labor movement.

True it is, that they carefully cover their footsteps and ask that their name be not divulged, even to the stenographers employed by the Citizens' alliance, but they hold confidential chats with O. P. Briggs, nevertheless.

They are given beautifully bound books written by W. A. Appleton, the Gompers of the British labor movement, and asked to read them. But even O. P. Briggs doubts the intelligence of these reactionary stools, for he says that he does not believe that the books were read.

And so, last night, Dan W. Stevens faced the bitter tirade of those for whom he went to jail. Service and loyalty mean nothing to the wreckers; however, and in spite of the fact that for over nineteen years Stevens has been a member of the trade union movement of this city, the greater part of which has been served as an official of the local assembly, he must go. There is no room, seemingly, for those who work for progress.

The refusal to reseat Wm. Mauseth of the Machinists, follows closely upon the heels of the action of the Trades and Labor Assembly in unseating C. A. Hathaway, also of this same local, whose case is to be appealed to the executive committee of the A. F. of L.

When Mauseth stepped forward to be obligated, a reactionary arose in the rear of the hall and shouted, "Mauseth, there is the man who once sent a message to Bill Haywood while he was in jail. He is now a member of the Communists. I object to his being seated as a delegate here in this assembly."

Mauseth has been a member of organized labor for several years and is well known throughout the city as one of the most progressive workers in the movement.

W. P. Bennett, business agent of Painters' Local 186, demanded that he be given the floor in defense of his co-delegate, Stevens.

Bennett said in part, "If you object to one of our delegates you must object to them all. This is a brazen attempt to dictate as to whom we shall name as our representatives to this body. I believe our international will stand with us in this fight. It is Stevens' sacred right to believe politically as he sees fit."

To prove that the reactionaries can not be trusted, the following incident is related: A letter from the labor intelligence bureau of Canada was read at the meeting, asking data on the activities of the "reds and radicals" in Minneapolis. A capitalistic ally inclined reactionary immediately moved that the request be complied with.

When you buy, get an "Ad" for the DAILY WORKER.

## HUGHES IS OUT, KELLOGG PICKED; WARREN FOR D. J.

### Sugar and Steel Trusts Are Beneficiaries

(Special to The Daily Worker)  
WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Capitalist imperialism made three shrewd moves yesterday in the cabinet of the strike-breaker, Cal Coolidge.

Charles Evans Hughes stepped out of the secretaryship of the state department; Frank B. Kellogg, ambassador to Britain, now acting United States plenipotentiary in the allied financial conference at Paris was named as Hughes' successor, and Charles Beecher Warren was appointed as the new attorney-general. The sugar trust owns the department of justice, the steel trust owns the state department, and the credit trust of Wall street banks owns the whole administration.

Borah's Policies Favored. Rumors are rife that the resignation of Hughes may mark a new policy in the state department, particularly as Coolidge is known to be favoring the policies of Borah, now chairman of the senate foreign relations committee, who sees the present advantage of recognition of Russia to American export trade upon which must be based the comparative "prosperity" the republican party must use as talking point in the next election. If, incidentally, Borah hopes to get the nomination.

If such recognition should come, it will be from no love of the Soviets, but from the rivalry of America with England, and a smooth trick by American capital against the tory government. The fact that Coolidge did not ask Hughes to stay after March 4, as he asked other cabinet officers, and his favoring Borah's friend, Kellogg is rumored to mean a new orientation in American foreign affairs, toward a policy more aggressively independent toward England and France as well.

Helps Dawes Plan Grab. Kellogg's advancement comes, moreover, at an opportune moment in the negotiations at Paris, where England's tory leader, Churchill, is fighting American claims to reparations under the Dawes plan and fencing for advantage against America in the matter of war debts. Kellogg's sudden magnification of power may impress the allied diplomats with the necessity of being courteous if not yielding to the new secretary of state.

Kellogg has shown great promise as an imperialist diplomat, winning his greatest glory in his handling of the delicate matter of forcing the London conference to accept the Dawes plan, the charter of American dominion over Europe. He has served the United States Steel corporation as its general counsel, and has been the attorney

(Continued on page 3)

## SORLIE DODGES POOR FARMERS' BURNING ISSUES

### Nonpartisan Leaguers for "Harmony"

(Special to The Daily Worker)

BISMARCK, N. D., Jan. 11.—The officialdom of the nonpartisan league of North Dakota is not fighting the battles of the struggling farmers.

Contact with the working masses of the state and nation is completely lost sight of. This is clearly shown by Governor Sorlie's message to the legislature.

Exploiters Safe. The message declares that "for the time being" there should be no further experimentation in a state ownership. This statement can only mean that the league is more and more giving up the idea of fighting against the private business interests that are robbing the farmers. Instead of rousing the farmers as a class against the banking and grain capitalists, the policy is to go easy and not to meddle "too much" with things as they are. In other words, the aim is to get something for the farmer and the worker without fight, without struggle, which, of course, is impossible.

Fighting Program. The farmers and the workers want something done. The 1924 crop has not at all put the farmers on easy street as most of the money realized from this crop went to bankers and business men. All talk about a terminal market for wheat at Grand Forks, zoning of hail insurance, new grain grading law, economy all along the line, etc., is not going to bring the farmer very far along in his struggle against the system that oppresses him. The least that should be attempted is to provide for compulsory state hail insurance, taxing equally all tillable land; ratification of child labor amendment and conscript high incomes to pay for the education of the children of workers and poor farmers; all public funds to be deposited in the bank of North Dakota and the establishment of state-owned branch banks, one in each county within the state; all tax titles to revert to the state; resolution for the recognition of Soviet Russia. The majority of the farmers and the workers in the state will stand back of this program.

Harmony, Harmony. Sorlie's message closes with a plea for harmony. Harmony with whom? With the capitalists? Yes, the farmers and the workers should quietly, without protest, permit themselves to be exploited by their enemies! Every farmer in North Dakota should immediately write to his representative in the legislature, protesting against the violations of his fundamental rights contained in the governor's message.

15 Workers Injured. CINCINNATI, Oio, Jan. 11.—Fifteen laborers were injured here in an explosion at the east end plant of the Union Gas and Electric company. Unsafe working conditions caused the explosion, workmen say.

## TOMORROW! One Year Old!

Tomorrow's edition will celebrate the first anniversary of the DAILY WORKER. You will want a bundle of this issue to help start "The Second Year." Telegraph in your orders, or send them in over the phone. Orders will be received up to six o'clock tonight. Rate: \$2 per 100. Address: THE DAILY WORKER, 1113 West Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill. Phone Monroe 4712.

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Music—Dancing—Games—Surprises  
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# COMMUNISTS OF FRANCE URGE LABOR UNITY

## Big Demonstration Held in Paris

By CARL BRANNIN.  
(Federated Press Staff Correspondent.)

PARIS, Jan. 11.—Voicing their demand for a unification of the two most important federations of labor in France and their opposition to the efforts of the reactionary press to encourage fascism, 20,000 working men and women gathered just outside Paris and listened for hours to Communist and trade union speakers.

In spite of the gloomy raw December day and the mud underfoot, people came from all parts of the Parisian district, by autobus, subway, street car and on foot to line up in four great sections behind their red trade union banners for the parade to the place of speaking. So far as could be observed no participant came in a private automobile, not even a Ford.

End of Red Week.  
This demonstration was the climax of a week of meetings in various centers under the auspices of the Communist Party urging amalgamation of the Confederation General du Travail (Reformist) and the Confederation General du Travail Unitaire (Communist) into one body capable of opposing the attacks of the employing interests.

Three different speakers stands with addresses going on simultaneously were needed to carry the message to listeners. Marcel Cachin, Valant-Couturier, Doriot, members of the chamber of deputies, and others spoke for the Communists.

Growing Bourgeois Fear.  
Referring to the recent campaign of abuse heaped upon the Communists by the Paris press and the expulsion of Communists originally from Italy, and other countries, Cachin declared that it indicated the fear of the bourgeoisie of the growing strength of the Communists.

"However," said he, "we must not turn from our path but must continue to build up a strong organization of the proletariat to oppose the enemy. We are not so foolish as to make a premature gesture which would play into the hands of the government and lead the proletariat to a catastrophe. We do not prepare a riot but the revolution. We trust aside all provocations no matter where they come from."

Need For Unity.  
Monmousseau, and others not members of the party, spoke on behalf of the C. G. T. U., stressing the need for unity of all French workers for revolution. Communist youth circulated among the crowd selling literature and emblems.

There was singing of the International and the Red Flag. All speakers were applauded vigorously. A small contingent of police was on the outskirts but took no part in the proceedings. A few anarchists endeavoring to sell their Liberteaire came in for much good-humored joshing.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 11.—The Missouri tax commission in its fourth biennial report shows a loss of \$18,000,000 in St. Louis city taxes because of tax-dodging. The biggest property owners are the worst offenders.

# THE KING'S SOCIAL DEMOCRATS REGULARLY BETRAY THE WORKERS— "SOMETHING ROTTEN IN DENMARK"

By ANDREW OVERGAARD.

The entire trade union press announced to the world a year ago that a "labor" government had been formed in Denmark; the socialist press cried victory for socialism and all was to be rosy for the workers.

Now the workers are beginning to find out that the social-democratic government is being used as a last bulwark against them and further to enslave them.

The social-democrats promised the workers cheap bread, cheap milk, cheap beer and what not, and since the worthy Stauning cabinet has been in power the conditions have grown steadily worse for the working class.

Instead of cheap bread and cheap milk, etc., the prices of food have practically doubled, and besides the workers are to have a "criminal syndicalist" law as good as the one we are enjoying in the good old U. S. A. Like "Section Six, Article Two."

The social-democratic minister of justice has submitted proposals for a law for the protection of the capitalist state. This proposal is, without doubt, directed against the Communists, and our own state of Michigan could do no better.

The law calls for drastic action against anybody who threatens the safety of the state and proposes a 12-year term in prison for persons who may participate in any attack upon this state. It even calls for prison terms for those who happen to know that the safety of the state is in danger and do not inform the state authorities.

Socialists Arm White Guard.  
Another wonderful social-democratic service to the working class is that of disarmament. They propose, instead of the army, to have a standing militia which shall be selected by the king and his loyal servants. In other words they are proposing a white guard for the protection of the capitalist class against the workers, whom they of course will have disarmed, as the conscript army was composed of mostly workers.

These workers are not exactly safe when they carry guns, they may turn them against their masters at times they may refuse to shoot their fellow workers, as for instance during the general strike, when the government ordered a whole regiment of soldiers from Copenhagen and instead called in a new regiment composed of stand recruits that could be trusted to stand by his majesty, "Long Christian."

Some of the soldiers at that time openly talked about joining the strike in their garrisons, and now the social traitors have discovered a new way to keep the king of Denmark on his horse. The capitalists can very easily support such a proposal as it offers them more safety than before. In reality it means to arm the bosses and disarm the workers.

There is no proposal for the control of the workers' organizations over this militia. That will be done by his majesty, the king, who, I believe will soon make his application to join the social-democratic party. All indications point in that direction.

At a recent banquet in one of the most exclusive cafes in Copenhagen one of the leading social-democratic women pleaded the petty bourgeois audience by her exclamation "Long live the king." I do not know whether the old lady had too much "three-star" cognac, but the conservative organ wrote a long article about the pleasant and painless way the social-democrats are introducing socialism.

"Painless" Socialism.  
It is indeed a painless operation for the capitalist class of Denmark, but the workers are suffering under the increasing unemployment, unable to buy the necessities of life, still fighting against the attempts to lower their standards of living and still fighting to keep the 8-hour day.

They are watching the social-democratic leaders and trade union bureaucrats become better defenders of capitalism than the capitalists themselves. The workers are gradually turning away from these social traitors and turning toward the Communist Party for leadership in their daily struggles, and for the overthrow of capitalism and establishment of a Soviet government.

## In Memoriam—Lenin

On the 21st of January the workers the world over will hold memorial meetings for Nicolai Lenin, the leader and fighter for the liberation of the laboring masses. In connection with these memorial meetings, on Thursday, Jan. 15, a moving picture, "In Memoriam—Lenin," will be shown in the Gartner's Independent Theatre, 3725 Roosevelt Road. Two other pictures will also be shown: "Polikushka," and "Soldier Ivan's Miracle."

Admission will be 50c. Tickets are for sale now at Russian Technical School, 1902 W. Division St., Russian Co-operative Restaurants, 1734 W. Division St. and 760 Milwaukee Ave., at 166 W. Washington St., Room 307, at the DAILY WORKER, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., and by all members of the Technical Aid Society, U. S. S. R.

# SHOOT, TORTURE AND THEN HANG YOUNG NEGRO

## Left in Snow Shot Thru Stomach

(By The Federated Press)

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—The sensational true story of the lynching of 15-year-old Sammie Smith, a Negro boy, in Nashville, Tenn., is being told by Walter F. White, assistant secretary of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People.

White's report is the result of his own investigation of the lynching in Nashville, Sammie was dragged from the Nashville general hospital where he was chained to bed mortally wounded. The masked mob took him to the country, hung him to an oak tree and fired 40 or 50 rounds of buckshot into his abdomen.

Supported Large Family.  
White saw the body's body lying in its coffin in the Fifth Avenue Baptist church, Nashville and tells the story given him by Nashville colored people: Until last May, Sammie worked for a white man named Preston Lee at Smyrna, Tenn., 8 or 10 miles from Nashville. One day in that month Lee beat Sammie Smith. Sammie quit and went to Nashville where he got a job with the Atlantic Ice company. All summer he worked there turning over his wages to his mother to help provide for the mother and nine children. Cold weather came and Sammie was discharged. He lived alternately with his uncle, Eugene Smith, and grandmother at Arrington.

Sammie and his uncle went to Nashville in the uncle's Ford on Dec. 12. Coming back the machine went into a ditch and turned. The man and boy righted it, but found a part broken. The uncle went back to a garage. Sammie started later to find Eugene and met him coming towards the car with a white man holding a gun to his back. The garage man had caught Eugene stealing the needed part. When the man found that Sammie was with Eugene, he shouted to the boy:

Shot Thru Stomach.  
"Then come along with me—I'm going to put you in jail too." Sammie took out his gun and fired. The white man returned fire and shot Sammie thru the stomach. Sammie lay in the field unconscious all night and was taken to the Nashville general hospital in the morning and chained to bed, although his wound was fatal. A band of masked men entered the hospital after midnight Monday, covered the custodian with guns, searched for Sammie, sawed thru his chain, and lynched him.

White declares that Nashville colored people have been subjected to innumerable insults and cruelties, especially immediately before the lynching. Colored women are struck on street cars. A colored man was murdered by a white divekeeper who goes unpunished. A pullman porter was shot by Lem Motlow, distillery owner of Kentucky, who was acquitted of the murder charge.

Klan Lynched Him.  
The Ku Klux Klan is strong near Nolensville, scene of the lynching. White reports. Asked why the 15-year-old victim carried a gun, people in every instance used the same words to White: "The klan . . . White gave the names of four white men who called on Sammie in the hospital and told him he would never live even if his wound was not fatal to Governor Peay, Mayor Howse, Sheriff Briley, Chief of Police Smith and the Nashville chamber of commerce. "No clues" are found by authorities, in spite of large awards offered.

"I talked with one of the most prominent colored men of Nashville," says White. "They might as easily have offered a million," he said cynically. "They know they'll never have to pay any of it."

Rhode Island Textile Mills Cut Pay.  
PROVIDENCE, R. I.—The Blackstone Manufacturing Co. cottonmill at North Smithfield has cut wages 10 per cent. Practically all cottonmills of Rhode Island are on the 10 per cent reduced scale.

## FROM \$3,000,000 TO \$40,000,000 INCREASE THAT HOOVER ADMITS

(By The Federated Press)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—American exports to Russia during the 11 months ending Nov. 30, 1924, were worth \$40,170,981, as compared with \$3,430,006 for the same period in 1923, according to the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce, U. S. department of commerce. Total American exports to Europe in the first 11 months of 1924 were valued at \$2,171,130,182, while total American exports to all countries for that period were \$4,145,823,645.

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At a recent banquet in one of the most exclusive cafes in Copenhagen one of the leading social-democratic women pleaded the petty bourgeois audience by her exclamation "Long live the king." I do not know whether the old lady had too much "three-star" cognac, but the conservative organ wrote a long article about the pleasant and painless way the social-democrats are introducing socialism.

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"Painless" Socialism.  
It is indeed a painless operation for the capitalist class of Denmark, but the workers are suffering under the increasing unemployment, unable to buy the necessities of life, still fighting against the attempts to lower their standards of living and still fighting to keep the 8-hour day.

They are watching the social-democratic leaders and trade union bureaucrats become better defenders of capitalism than the capitalists themselves. The workers are gradually turning away from these social traitors and turning toward the Communist Party for leadership in their daily struggles, and for the overthrow of capitalism and establishment of a Soviet government.

## Labor in Building Trades Gets Wage Raise in Some Spots

Bricklayers in Brockton, Mass., have been granted an increase of 12½c an hour effective April 1, 1925. This raises their wage for an eight-hour day from \$9 to \$10.

Carpenters in Birmingham, Ala., have an increase of 10c per hour making the rate 75c.

Structural iron workers in New Orleans secured an increase of 12½c per hour bringing the rate up to \$1.12½.

Pile drivers in St. Louis have been granted a 25c increase establishing the rate at \$1.50 per hour.

A surplus of unemployed common labor has reduced the rate for this class in Dallas and Seattle. According to the Engineering News Record, the rate in Dallas is 30c to 50c compared with a previous range of 40c to 75c. The rate in Seattle has fallen from 62½c to 50c per hour.

Plumbers' President Says He Expects More Work and More Money

(By Federated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—John Coe-field, president of the Plumbers' International Union, attending the special meeting of the executive council of the building trades department, American Federation of Labor, in Washington on Jan. 5, announced that the members of his organization expect to bring their minimum wage up to \$10 a day in the United States this year. At present their average wage is \$9.30, while in many cities it is \$10, in some \$12 and in East St. Louis it is \$14 a day. Prospects for employment in 1925 in the building industry are good, particularly in the larger cities, where office structures and big hotels are to be the leading types of construction. Housing was the chief item in 1924.

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## HINTS AT AUSTRALIAN TERROR

(Special to The Daily Worker)

SYDNEY, Australia, Jan. 11.—A veiled threat to introduce a fascist dictatorship in Australia is made by the anti-labor prime minister of Australia, S. M. Bruce, who says:

"The idea of a dictatorship of the six best brains in the land has occurred to me. Their task would be to evolve the lines on which the country could be developed to the best interests of the peop."

The capitalist press heartily supports a dictatorship, while the proposal is roundly condemned by the labor press, the Australian party and the mass of the people. It is not likely that the Australian people will tolerate any such dictatorship.

# Commercializing Radio Proves Big Problem for the Rule of the Dollar

By J. LOUIS ENGDahl.

TODAY, the radio offers a tremendous problem for profit rule. Hungry profiteers feel that the possessors of radios are getting something for nothing.

There was a great storm recently when John McCormack and other opera stars sang to millions. It came for the most part from theater owners, who felt that their houses were being emptied. Brady, the producer, declared that the theater stood before a crisis. Theater employes of all kinds were also in a panic.

It is declared that the problem is to commercialize broadcasting. This is hardly true. Broadcasting has already been commercialized. The big broadcasters are those who use the radio to advertise and those who broadcast to promote the sales of receiving sets and supplies. But the money makers feel that this profit grip is not sufficient. They want every listener in on the radio to pay for everything that he gets. Not even the froth from the air waves broadcasted must be without its golden profit tingle.

The American Telephone & Telegraph Company denies that it has perfected a device making it possible to control the reception of broadcast programs. Perhaps the phone trust hasn't got its scheme down to the nickel in the slot basis as yet. But its officials show that they are studying the proposition. And human ingenuity in the pay of the dollar usually finds a way.

The eagerness with which the millions have seized upon the radio is proof of the desire of the multitudes to enjoy even the smallest luxuries brought within their meager means. The complete commercialization of broadcasting will only cut off many from enjoying this advance in science; just as profit rule, establishing its high prices, bars the many from the enjoyments of the theater, the opera and even the movies.

Yet any plan to completely divorce broadcasting, the theater and other forms of amusement for the masses from exploitation by private interests, would no doubt be hailed immediately as a step toward Bolshevism. It would be denounced as Communism in disguise. Every effort would be made to repel such an insidious attack on "the rights of private property."

It is reported that the First Workers' Republic is now building a powerful broadcasting station at Moscow. This station can easily reach all of Europe, and no doubt much of the remainder of the world. Soviet Russia will set an example in the complete liberation of broadcasting from all profit. "Another Bolshevik horror" for capitalism. But for the masses striving for a little sunlight in their sodden lives it will be like the new day. Commercializing the radio is a big problem for profit rule. But the handling of this problem by Russia's Soviet Rule will make it much bigger.

# Against British Capitalism in Egypt

The far eastern bureau of the Comintern calls upon workers and farmers of all countries to protest against the British government's ultimatum to Egypt. The following is the appeal issued by the bureau:

Fellow Workers:—The conservative government of Great Britain renewed its activity by a murderous attack against Egypt. Using the assassination of General Lee Stack as a pretext, the British conservative government has taken a decisive step towards the destruction of even that pseudo "independence" which Egypt was presumed to have. As compensation for the assassination of the general, the British government imposed on Egypt a fine of £500,000 and demanded the severe punishment of those guilty of the assassination.

The British government has compelled the government of Egypt to withdraw the Egyptian troops from the Sudan.

Still Boss of Egypt.

Taking advantage of this assassination the conservative government managed to get its own way, namely to leave the management of the internal and economic life of Egypt, as before in the hands of the British financial and legal advisers. Thus the British imperialists will continue to control the internal and economic life of Egypt, and will establish its rule of violence in that oppressed land.

## HOW ABOUT NATIONALIZATION OF MINES AND ABOLITION OF COSSACKS?

(By The Federated Press)

WILKESBARE, Pa., Jan. 11.—Executive boards of Districts 1, 7 and 9, the three anthracite field districts of the United Mine Workers' Union, meeting here endorsed the following proposed legislation, which they will seek to have adopted, in co-operation with the Pennsylvania Federation of Labor.

A bill requiring attendants to be constantly in duty at mine ventilating fans;

A bill for elimination of the use of electricity in gaseous mines;

Adequate funds for old age pensions if law is found constitutional and if law is not constitutional to urge the passage of a constitutional measure with adequate money to supply pensions;

Increased funds for the mothers' pension act;

Increased and adequate funds for state hospitals in anthracite regions;

Bill opposing state taxes on anthracite coal and opposing the present state tax;

The legislative committees will be empowered to act on any other legislation which may come up while at Harrisburg and which will be presented to the legislature later.

# MORGAN FORMS COAL COMBINE IN W. VIRGINIA

## Discrimination Against Union Coaldiggers

A 26,000,000 Morgan coal combine has just been completed in the non-union fields of West Virginia. The new corporation controls 155,000 acres of coal lands in the Logan and Kanawha fields and in the northern part of the state. The 42 mines already working have a normal output of 7,000,000 ton a year. The corporations merged are the West Virginia Coal & Coke Co., the Main Island Creek Coal Co., the Logan Mining Co., the Rich Creek Coal Co., the Empire Coal Co., and the Glen Phares mines of the Oakland Co.

Morgan's First National Bank of New York co-operating with the (Rockefeller) National City Co., put over the deal and as usual saddled the new corporation with a \$10,000,000 bonded debt which probably represents all the real money put in by the owners. But in addition the miners will be expected to earn dividends on 65,000 shares of preferred stock and 185,000 shares of no-par common stock.

## Non-Union Mines Get Tonnage.

Discrimination against union coal diggers continues to show in the weekly reports of the U. S. bureau of mines. According to the bureau the percent of normal operation in leading union fields in the week ended Dec. 13, 1924 was: Illinois 48.5 per cent, Indiana, 47.2 per cent, Pittsburgh 32.7 per cent, central Pennsylvania, 58.6 per cent, Fairmont 38.7 per cent and western Kentucky 40.2 per cent. Operations in the leading non-union fields were: Westmoreland, 74.4 per cent, Winding Gulf, 65.4 per cent, New River, 64.6 per cent, Pocahontas, 80.6 per cent, Tug River, 69.8 per cent, Logan, 71.5 per cent, Kanawha, 58.1 per cent, Kenova-Thacker, 62.8 per cent, Harlan, 63.1 per cent, Hazard, 71.3 per cent and Virginia, 77 per cent.

## British Miners Make \$2.59 a Day.

The average wage paid British miners in November was 10 shillings 11 pence per day which means approximately \$2.59 at present rate of exchange. This represents an increase of about 65 per cent over 1913, while the cost of living in England has been steadily advancing to 80 per cent above the pre-war level.

The wage cost of South Wales coal is reckoned at approximately \$3.18 and the total cost at about \$4.77 a ton.

In spite of these traitors the revolutionary national movement will grow and become stronger until the chains of imperialist oppression are completely broken.

## BRITISH WORKERS!

Ward off the criminal hand of your aristocrats from Egypt! Rectify the terrible crime committed against the Egyptian people by the government of Ramsay MacDonald. Confound the piratical plans of the Baldwin-Curzon and Chamberlain government. Compel your leaders to come out actively in defense for the independence of Egypt. Fight against the predatory ultimatum! Form a united front with the Egyptian workers and peasants!

## WORKERS AND PEASANTS OF EGYPT!

Do not despair. Keep a brave heart. The advanced workers of all countries are coming to your aid. Expose the shameful conduct of the Egyptian government. UNITE AROUND YOUR COMMUNIST PARTY. Demand the release of the imprisoned Communists. Demand a determined and irreconcilable struggle against British imperialism for the complete and real independence of Egypt.

## WORKERS AND PEASANTS OF ALL COUNTRIES.

Raise your voices in protest against the British government's ultimatum. Compel the colonial pirates to restrain their appetite. Demonstrate your solidarity with the oppressed peoples of the east.

Down with the colonial pirates! Long live the fight for the independence of Egypt!

Long live the fighting unity of the toilers of the world!

For Eastern Bureau of Comintern, Pollit, Marranay, Sen Katayama, Roy.

**Be There Tonight!**

Put your best clothes on, get 50 cents out of the sugar bowl, bring the cake your wife baked and come to

**The First DAILY WORKER BIRTHDAY PARTY**

at **IMPERIAL HALL, 2409 N. Halsted St.**

Every comrade, over 3 months and under 300 years of age will be there; the Daily Worker staff will be there; the girls will be there (they're lovely!); the boys will be there (oh! girls!) and you better make sure that you will be there.

**Music, Dancing, and a lot of surprises you will surely enjoy**

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## Hughes Makes His Exit

One of the worst enemies of Soviet Russia in the Coolidge administration at Washington is getting out. Charles Evans Hughes, secretary of state, has handed his resignation to the president. Sam Gompers, the late head of the American Federation of Labor, ally of Hughes against the First Workers' Republic, was removed by death. Hughes betrays to make money as a corporation lawyer. The outlook for the recognition of Soviet Russia grows brighter.

Coolidge has picked another corporation lawyer, Frank B. Kellogg, to succeed Hughes. Kellogg and Hughes are two lawyers of the same stripe. They both won political prominence thru fooling the voters.

Hughes attacked the big insurance companies and became governor of New York state. But later he was considered "safe" enough to go on the United States supreme court, and in 1916 he was the republican candidate for president. Altho Hughes was defeated, Harding, four years later, made him secretary of state; perhaps the best agent American imperialism has ever had. He was better known as the "secretary of oil."

Kellogg also carried on a fake attack against big business. He was a "trust buster" under Roosevelt. The popularity he won as a would-be smasher of big business combines sent him to the U. S. senate. But the workers and farmers in Minnesota woke up sufficiently to retire him and elect a farmer-laborite in his stead. Big capitalism takes care of its servants, however. Kellogg was sent as American ambassador to London, and now he is to be secretary of state.

Kellogg will be a good secretary of state for American imperialism. If Kellogg is told to continue the Hughes' policies against Soviet Russia he will do so, like any good office boy of the big business interests. If Wall Street feels that it is losing out to western Europe in capturing the trade of the First Workers' Republic, then Kellogg will be ordered to get in closer touch, than Hughes ever did, with Senator Borah, head of the foreign relations committee, who has been an ardent advocate of the recognition of and the opening of trade relations with Soviet Russia.

Borah has his own ideas about what the foreign relations of the United States should be. Big business isn't worried that Borah has an opportunity to give voice to these ideas on the floor of the senate. It has the secretary of state's office, which carries policies into effect, in its own grip.

All of which shows what a cleverly arranged organization the American capitalist state really is. Hughes is defeated for president. But for four years he has been one of the most powerful figures in the capitalist state. Kellogg was overwhelmingly repudiated by the workers and farmers of his own state. But now he rises to a position, third in line for the presidency. If President Coolidge and Vice-President Dawes should die, or become incapacitated, Kellogg would become president. Another similar instance is that of William Howard Taft, chief justice of the United States supreme court. Taft suffered a crushing defeat for the presidency in 1912, carrying only two states. But he was raised to a position where he now has a veto power over the acts of congress itself.

With these changes made in the president's cabinet, the exploited workers and poor farmers everywhere must intensify their agitation for full recognition of Soviet Russia; for the opening of trade relations with the First Workers' Republic. But this struggle should also teach all labor that complete victory finally comes only thru the abolition of the capitalist state, and the creation of Soviet rule in its stead. In place of the Wall Street rule of Coolidge, Hughes and Kellogg, the liberating rule of the whole working class.

President John L. Lewis can read the handwriting on the wall in the figures showing the results of the elections in various miners' unions over the country. Reaction is getting some stiff jolts. If the progressive miners keep up their excellent work, reaction will soon be hanging on the ropes. It ought to be a real knockout.

Harry M. Daugherty, ousted attorney general, is back in Washington attending receptions at the White House. And then he kept press wonders of the crime wave is rising higher and higher. Just as if the little fellows weren't entitled to their petty plunder as well as the big thieves with their rich hauls.

Tomorrow the DAILY WORKER starts making history for its "second year." Get behind your Daily and help.

Every day get a "sub" for the DAILY WORKER and a member for the Workers Party.

## Child Labor

The Mansfield News (Ohio) is against the proposed child labor amendment. It calls it the "compulsory idleness amendment." Our contemporary has learned that the DAILY WORKER favors the amendment and quotes the following from the Workers Party statement on the question, unapologetically:

"To compel the legislatures to immediately ratify the child labor amendment to the constitution. Compel the state and federal legislatures to pass a law providing for full government maintenance of all school children of workers and poor farmers, without which, the Workers Party declares, a child labor law would be useless."

What angers the plute sheet is the Workers Party demand that the money to provide for the maintenance of poor school children should come out of the pockets of the rich thru a tax on high incomes. This is considered pernicious and a step "in the direction of the Communist organization of the nation."

The capitalists do not want any government interference with the business, of turning the flesh and blood of little children into dollars. They do not object to government aid, however, when soldiers and police are needed to break strikes. When the government is urged to depart from its mission of looking after the interests of the capitalists solely, even for such a small reform as the child labor amendment, the money barons roar with anger and declare that the home and the family and all the workers are endangered because they may not be allowed to exploit the labor of youth to their heart's content.

There will be child labor so long as capitalism exists. Only the establishment of a Communist society will bring an end to the exploitation of human beings, old and young.

The last day of the first year of the DAILY WORKER. Tomorrow we start the second year. Let all readers of the DAILY WORKER pledge themselves to help make it a big year.

## The Klan and Kansas

The supreme court of the state of Kansas has delivered a decision which makes it rather difficult for the ku klux klan to function in that part of the United States of America.

The court issued an order ousting the klan from the state, but curiously enough, the decision was not based on the crimes committed by the klan but on the highly technical provision in the state law prohibiting purchase of lodge paraphernalia and supplies without a charter in Kansas.

Scores of lodges have been functioning in Kansas for years in violation of this law, but it was not invoked until now.

The klan seems to be out of luck in Kansas. It does not fit somehow. Down in Herrin, Illinois, it got in right with the coal operators and the bankers and the governor. No danger of the kluxers of southern Illinois getting bounced because they happen to overlook such a little thing as a law.

We fear that the imperial wizard in Atlanta was too drunk or too busy running his bawdy ventures to pay enough attention to his incompetent klegles in Kansas. Perhaps the lads were not properly initiated in the art of tarring and feathering strikers, raiding the homes of workers and in general making themselves agreeable to the capitalists.

Of one thing we are certain. The capitalists in Kansas do not find its kluxers an asset.

The British are not willing to give General Dawes credit for concocting the Dawes plan. The point is that Dawes got the credit and cashed in on it in the last election.

## Now We Can Eat Sardines Again

A great part of the publicity which arose over the work of our brother party in France, strangely took the form of a "red menace" in the form of a strike of fisherfolk and cannery workers in the sardine industry at the village of Douarnenez which lasted six weeks and was led by a Communist mayor.

The Communist mayor led the pickets and even after arrest by provincial police, managed to get back into the fight, was wounded seriously by banderms and made an issue in the French parliament of himself, the strike, and the cost of living which caused it.

Communist agitation aroused all France over the strike of the sardine workers of Douarnenez. In the village itself everything was in turmoil—the eyes of the bourgeoisie, the mayor declared that strikers would pay no rent, stopped evictions, confiscated food from merchants, and generally upset all the sacred traditions of capitalism.

Now, we are glad to say, the dignified ministry of labor at Paris has announced that the sardine workers won the strike. They get an increase of 25 centimes an hour. It was not a revolutionary demand, but the struggle was conducted in a revolutionary way. The workers of all the world heard about it. Now that Communist tactics won the strike, we can eat sardines again.

It is reported in Berlin that Henry Ford is financing the Grand Duke Cyril's aspirations to the throne of the Romanoffs. Perhaps Henry will put wings on his flippers and give the duke "that thrill that comes once in a lifetime." It will be his last thrill if he ever runs foul of the giving end of a Russian rifle.

Get a member for the Workers Party and a new subscription for the DAILY WORKER.

# The Bloody History of the Esthonian White Terror

(Special to The Daily Worker)  
REVAL, Esthonia. (By Mail)—Seven years' "independence" of the Esthonian shopkeepers and profiteers, seven years of dastardly crimes, shooting and persecution of the revolutionary workers of Esthonia. This is the record of those seven years.

As soon as they got into power, the capitalist rulers of Esthonia celebrated the triumph of their "independent fatherland" by a series of outrageous murders. In the autumn of 1919, the police and secret service men raided the first congress of the Esthonian trade unions, arresting 102 delegates of the congress, representatives of the different trade unions, 76 of them were driven to the Russo-Esthonian border and put in the very front of the battle line and compelled to run forward, towards the Red Army posts. At the same time, firing was started by artillery in the direction of the Russian border in order to provoke the Red Army detachments to shoot, and it was only a happy chance that the Esthonian comrades managed to reach the Red Army fore posts in safety. The remaining 26 were arrested labor leaders were brought at night to Izborsk where they were brutally murdered by the Esthonian marauders.

In view of the growing revolutionary consciousness among the working masses, the pseudo-democratic government suppressed a number of trade union organizations, and at Reval, Dorpat and other places, hundreds of labor leaders were thrown into jail.

Other revolutionary workers were arrested by the secret police, and in the summer of the same year 115 workers belonging to revolutionary, trade union, co-operative, sport and other labor organizations were put on trial. The majority of the accused were sentenced by the military district court to eight, ten and twenty years' penal servitude.

New sacrifices were exacted from the working class of Esthonia. In 1922, the working class thruout the world was shocked by the news of the murder of the leader of the Esthonian revolutionary movement, Comrade Kingisepp, who was shot within 24 hours of his arrest.

In connection with the murder of Comrade Kingisepp, there were wholesale raids and domiciliary searches and about 80 new victims were thrown into the dungeons for long terms of detention. In 1923, another victim fell in the person of Comrade Kreuks, a member of the E. C. of the party and a prominent organizer of the masses. He was captured and murdered in the street by an Esthonian secret police agent, who shot him down on the spot. The bourgeois press tried to hush up the murder, pretending that it was "purely accidental," that Comrade Kreuks had resisted the police when being arrested in the street, and so on.

The current year was started by the Esthonian executioners with a number of new crimes. The economic and political position of the Esthonian bourgeoisie which loses ground day by day, the total economic collapse, the sharp antagonism among the ruling cliques on the one hand, and unemployment, high cost of living and growing discontent among the masses on the other hand, drive the Esthonian shopkeepers and profiteers to new persecutions directed against the labor movement. Only a couple of months ago, a young student was sentenced to penal servitude for life just because a bundle of Communist literature had been found on him. Only a week ago two workers were executed for the mere attempt to aid political prisoners in their escape from the Reval jail.

The Accused in the Trial of 149. They consist of the best and most devoted leaders of the labor movement in Esthonia. Along with a score of active rank and file workers we find in the list of the accused in the Esthonian trial the names of prominent leaders of the labor organizations:

1. Janson, Alexander—Member of the Board of the Esthonian Trade Union Council.
2. Kangur, Vladimir—Organizer of the young workers.
3. Allik, Hendrick—Editor of labor paper and secretary of Agricultural Laborer's Union.
4. Keerdo, Paul—Secretary of the Esthonian Trade Union Council.
5. Tomp, Jan—Chairman of the Esthonian Trade Union Council.
- The above five comrades were members of the National Assembly.
6. Hanesen, August—Chairman of the Agricultural Laborer's Union.
7. Kask, Nadis—Trade Union organizer.
8. Leyman, John—Vice chairman of the Reval Trades Council.
9. Jalakas, Anton—Responsible Secretary of the Railway Workers' Union.
10. Rizev, Alexander—Secretary of Metal Workers' Union, organizer of the youth.
11. Kuppar, John—Chairman of the Reval Trade Union Council.
12. Tension, Julius—Secretary of the Reval Trade Union Council.
13. Reinson, Alexandra—Chairman of the Esthonian Printers' Union.
14. Prulian, Rudolf—Chairman of Factory Council.
15. Weltson, Rose—Secretary of the

in fact subordinate the factory committees and the trade unions to the Communist Party, and thus create a mass organ of the workers which would embrace all the organizations of the proletarian struggle."

On page 14, the summary of the accusation we read: "The program of the 'united front' (unification of the trade unions of Esthonia) advanced the following 12 demands:

- "1. Minimum wage securing to workers a decent existence.
- "2. Workers' insurance at the expense of the state in the event of unemployment, invalidity, mutilation, old age, and in the case of working women—during pregnancy and childbirth.
- "3. Housing accommodation for evicted workers.
- "4. No compensation whatever to landowners for the confiscated land and property.
- "5. Taxation of large incomes and inherited property.
- "6. General peace, especially with Soviet Russia.
- "7. Abolition of the secret police, the money hitherto expended on its keep of armed forces and on the intelligence department to be used for the improvement of workers' conditions and for public instruction.
- "8. Abrogation of martial law. The same freedom of opinion, press, association and meetings for workers as enjoyed now by the manufacturers, traders, houseowners and kulkas.
- "All these principles," we read further down, "have also been recognized by the second national congress of the land and forest workers' union, held on March 20-22, in Reval."

But the worst is still to come: "The second national congress of the land and forest workers' unions after a discussion of the question of international unity, resolved to affiliate to the Red Proletariat.

"If this is to, it is clear that they (the unions) co-operate with the illegal Communist Party for the purpose of overthrowing by violent methods the existing form of government in Esthonia and of establishing the dictatorship of the proletariat."

In the next line we read: "In presenting the report of the Central Committee (congress of the Communist Party of Esthonia, June 16-18, 1923), Hansen said that the Central Committee taking its stand on the revolutionary class struggle is endeavoring to establish its influence in the trade unions."

If the "Zinoviev letter" had been mentioned, the picture would have been complete. But to make up for this omission, we read in paragraph 25: "The Second International Trade Union Congress sends hearty greetings to its companions in arms—the Esthonian Central Trade Union Council—under the oppressive rule of the newly formed bourgeoisie and of the barons, who have to work under extremely difficult conditions, your path, is a thorny path, it leads thru prisons and death sentences, but you have behind you the working class of the world."

The picture is made complete by the number of "substantial" proofs mentioned—pamphlets and trade union literature containing the statement that: "The whole history of mankind is the history of the class struggle." Even during the illiterate czarist days, indictments were presented in a more finished form.

CRIMINALS OF THE YOUTH AND SPORT ORGANIZATIONS.—On page 41, we find extracts from speeches made at the conference of the working class youth, held on August 5, 1923.

"The conference was opened by a representative of the Central Trade Union Council. . . . Allik said that the workers' youth movement was part and parcel of the labor movement as a whole, and that therefore the working class youth must be part of the general united front of the workers. The special task before the working class youth is struggle against militarism and against the peril of war for the working class youth is the first to be sent to the trenches in the event of war and is being kept away from its work and has to live in barracks during peace times."

Workers' Sports Terrorizers Them. In connection with sports organizations, we read on page 43 (from the report of the above mentioned congress in 1923): "Working class sports has nothing in common with the bourgeois sports movement. It must identify itself with the class struggle. . . . All working class sports leagues, affiliated to the National Spartacus Association, for the purpose of converting the sports movement into a powerful working class movement."

In order to make everything "clear," the indictment adds the following statement: "The Sports Association 'Spartacus' was founded in June, 1923, and took the place of the 'Heracles,' which by order in council had

## REACH AGREEMENT IN RUSSO-JAP PARLEYS BEING HELD IN TOKYO

(Special to THE DAILY WORKER)  
TOKYO, Jan. 11.—Government circles were confident this afternoon that a virtual agreement had been reached in the Russo-Japanese parley now in progress in Peking.

Japan agrees to evacuate her troops from Russian soil as soon as physical conditions permit. Questions of debts and claims are to be left to future conferences.