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AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY

GENTLE hints appear in the news dispatches from China on the advisability of capitalist intervention to save that country from the warring generals whose armies number in the aggregate approximately 2,000,000. What the scribes of the bourgeoisie mean is, that the tremendous unexploited wealth of China must be saved for the plunderbund whose itching fingers have hitherto been unable to close on the richest masses because of the opposition of Sun Yat Sen, now dead.

UNFORTUNATELY for the capitalist powers, the history of their relations with China in the past is not conducive to breeding confidence in their future dealings. The death of Sun Yat Sen is a heavy loss to the Chinese masses but the Koumingtang party still remains and the power of the workers and peasants of Russia is behind the exploited masses who stood with Sun thru the many years of his conflict with the greedy capitalists.

THE catholic church which is such a bulwark of "law and order" is proving in France and in Mexico that when its interests are threatened, it throws its pacifist pretensions to the winds and fights vigorously for its privileges even against the existing governments. In Alsace, school children were called on strike against the secularization of the schools and the bishops issued a statement denouncing the government teachers for perverting the wills of the children with rationalist ideas. The extreme conservatives are lined up with the bishops against Herriot. The cardinals declare that politics must be subordinate to religion, which means that the government must be subordinate to the church.

IN Mexico the slumbering hostility to the church which has existed since the Carranza revolt, broke out afresh last week in Mexico City resulting in loss of life. A section of the clergy and the least superstitious of the catholic population have decided to sever relations with Rome. It appears that the Calles government turned over one of the richest catholic churches to the separatists. The orthodox bishops do not relish the idea of losing their property, so they fight or get others to fight for them.

"GENERAL" DAWES intends to carry his fight against the senate rules to the country during the summer in a series of speeches. We are also informed that he has presented refractory senators with specimens of his famous underslung pipe. Perhaps it is the pipe of peace, or it may be possible that the wily goddess nicotine is capable of sending the enemies of the vice-president into deep slumber thru the ministrations of the pipe. "Beware of Greeks bearing gifts" should be the slogan of the senators whom Dawes wishes to placate with his briars.

THE British tory government is going ahead with its project to build the Singapore naval base. This is looked upon as a threat against Japan. Ramsay MacDonald in the house of commons warned the government that Soviet Russia was gaining increasing influence in the Far East and that the building of this base would tend to throw the people of the Orient still closer to the Communist government. This he suggested rather than said. This was one of the greatest dangers liable to spring from the tory decision to rebuild the Singapore base. MacDonald is a socialist of the Victor Berger-Morris Hillquit type.

THE German campaign for the presidency of the republic has opened. The Communist candidate is Thaelmann. Dr. Jarres, the candidate of the right bloc, insists that he is loyal to the republic but insists also that he must have the right to express his admiration for the old imperial colors and his contempt for the November revolution which sent the kaiser into exile. There is no doubt but in the event of the victory of the right bloc at the polls, that steps will be taken (Continued on page 6)

SOLIDARITY WITH FILIPINOS UNDER MURDEROUS MILITARIST RULE OF U. S. EXPRESSED BY COMMUNISTS

On the receipt of the news of the massacre of Filipino rice field workers, who were making demands upon the landlords of Nueva Ecija, by Philippine constabulary and government troops ordered to the scene by Governor-General Leonard Wood, the central executive committee of the Workers (Communist) Party of America has sent the following statement to the workers' and peasants' organization of the Philippines:

TO THE PHILIPPINE WORKERS AND PEASANTS:

The murder of Macabula, leader of the poor peasants of the Nueva Ecija rice fields, proves once again that American imperialism is your deadly enemy, determined to crush all resistance and to bend you to its maddening (Continued on page 4)

POSTERS ROLL GOVERNOR SMITH

Relief Committee Leads St. Patrick's Parade

(Special to The Daily Worker.)
NEW YORK, March 23.—The famine in the west of Ireland was dramatically brought to the attention of Governor Al Smith and Mayor Hylan, yesterday, by members of the Workers Party and representatives of the Irish Workers' and Peasants' Famine Relief Committee when, banners describing the distress of 750,000 workers and peasants were carried in front of the automobile in which the mayor and governor were seated, as they led the annual St. Patrick's Day parade up Fifth Avenue.

Several Irish comrades broke thru the masses on the sidewalks and stepped in front of the governor's automobile. Smith called the adjutant to remove them, but the demonstrators were not daunted by the military display. (Continued on page 6.)

MacDONALD, BRITISH SOCIALIST LEADER, PAYS TRIBUTE TO LATE LORD CURZON

LONDON, March 23.—Fulsome eulogies of the late Lord Curzon were delivered in the house of commons today by Premier Stanley Baldwin and former Premiers MacDonald and Lloyd George. The house of lords adjourned today in respect to the memory of the notorious reactionary representative of the British ruling class.

It is quite likely that MacDonald's tribute to one of labor's greatest foes will result in more trouble for the beneficiary of Sir Alexander Grant's biscuit factories.

RETAIL CLERKS WINNING STRIKE IN BROOKLYN, N. Y.

Militants Lead Fight Against Slavery

By Gilward Schwartz.
(Special to The Daily Worker.)

BROOKLYN, N. Y., March 23.—The retail grocery and dairy clerks of Brooklyn are out on a general strike. On last Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock 500 clerks discarded their badges of servility—the white coat and apron, and donned the union badge of struggle, consisting of strike picket signs on their chests and backs. Police Fail to Cow Them.

These signs declared that they would work no more for 12 to 15 hours a day, but only nine hours, and that \$15 to \$25 a week will not be accepted as a wage, but their demand for a \$35 minimum to enable them to eke out an existence must be granted by the proprietors.

The interference of police and gangsters did not affect their militant spirit in the slightest. They declare they will tie up Brooklyn in their fight to unionize around these demands every store in Brooklyn.

Many Settlements Made.

The first day of the strike brought 100 settlements with individual and small chain store proprietors. The organizer of the union, David Vacker, says he cannot satisfy the demand for settlements fast enough.

The strikers meet daily at the office of the union, 204 East Broadway, New York City, and are being addressed by the leading members and officers of the union, the largest percentage of whom are members of the Workers (Communist) Party or the Trade Union Educational League.

The Ukraine Goes to Lyons.

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R.—The Ukrainian economic organizations are actively preparing for participation in the Lyons fair. It is expected that not less than three million rubles worth of various Ukrainian goods will be disposed of at the fair. The main items are bristle, horse hair, feathers, tobacco and medicinal herbs

MINERS, HOUSED IN TENTS, FACE JOBLESS PERIOD

Factories and Tipples Lost in Storm

MURPHYSBORO, Ill., March 23.—With more than 175 of her dead laid to rest in the St. Andrews and Tower Grove cemeteries, Murphysboro turned toward its relief work and rehabilitation today.

Fifty one of the more seriously injured were taken by special train to St. Louis hospitals. Funeral services were held from dawn to dusk Sunday with religious services over each body. Tents have been received for all the homeless and those who have been forced to sleep in store rooms, railroad stations and public buildings are equipped only temporarily with living quarters, food and clothing.

Industries here must be reconstructed. A force of workmen is employed rebuilding the Brown factory, the Mobile and Ohio railroad shops, and roundhouse.

The M. & O. R. R. shops, division offices and railway station were demolished.

HARRY JENSEN IMPLICATED IN BALLOT FRAUD

Vote of Local Switched, Delegates Charge

Local No. 1786, of the Carpenters' Union, voted against the proposed agreement submitted to the inside or millmen locals of the United Brotherhood in Chicago. This agreement called for the acceptance of the old scale of \$1.15 an hour while the rank and file wanted the higher wage scale secured by the painters and other sections of the building trades.

When the officials of the district council announced the tabulation of votes at last Friday night's meeting, the delegates from Local 1786 were amazed to hear that the secretary of their local had reported that the local had voted for the \$1.15 scale recommended by Harry Jensen, president of the district council.

Voted Against Low Scale.

The delegates promptly informed Jensen that their local had voted against the low wage scale as they demanded an agreement giving the millmen as high a scale as other sections of the building trades. Jensen gruffly told them, that he had the report of the secretary and would not accept the statements of the delegates as authoritative. The secretary of Local 1786 was in town, and it was a quite easy task to get in touch with him in order to set matters right. Jensen refused to consider any attempt at verification of the alleged report of the secretary, but declared the low wage scale was carried.

They Are Suspicious.

The members of Local 1786 are wondering what kind of a private agreement Harry Jensen has with the contractors. They cannot imagine that he would be so insistent on recommending a low wage scale and aiding in a conspiracy to switch votes in order to put over that agreement unless there was something in it for him.

It is possible of course, that Jensen may be working for the contractors from a honest belief that what is good for the bosses is good for the workers and that the less the carpenters get for their labor, the more the employers will have to spend on their luxuries for themselves and their numerous parasites. Perhaps—but not one carpenter in a thousand believes that Jensen's insistence on a lower scale for the carpenters than the painters are getting is done from any other motive than one of self interest. In other words they believe he is making his hay at their expense.

Militarist Gets the Job.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—General John J. Pershing, commander in chief of the American forces in the world war, today was named by President Coolidge as president of the plebiscitary commission which will supervise the holding of a plebiscite to decide the sovereignty of the disputed provinces of Tacna and Arica, between Chile and Peru.

Pay for a PROPAGANDA SUB out of your own pocket to convince your shop-mate.

CAPITALIST COURTS SHOW DETERMINATION 'TO GET' COMMUNISTS

NEW YORK, March 23.—More Communists are on trial. The capitalist court is determined to get the three young Communists who were arrested on Friday, March 13, for rehearsing for the Paris Commune Pageant which was such a tremendous success at Madison Square Garden. The "Communists must be shown their places."

The Michigan cases are still before the capitalist courts—and more of the comrades will be brought to trial in a short time. The cases of Lassen and Viltauer, Communist editors, are still pending. These three new cases must be defended with all energy. These young comrades face deportation. "Such people ought to be shipped out of the country," said the judge.

THEY SHALL NOT BE DEPORTED—and they will not be deported, if the class-conscious workers come to their defense. Funds are required—thousands of dollars will be needed. Send your contributions to the Labor Defense Council, New York division, 108 East 14th St. Collect in the shops, trade unions and fraternal organizations. Let the workers know how the capitalist government treats the workers of this country. Agitate—mobilize the workers to the defense of the revolutionary workers.

He Must Not Die!



STANISLAW LANZUTSKY
Polish Communist deputy now facing death at the hands of the white terror.

LABOR DEFENSE ASKS FUNDS FOR STRICKEN LABOR

Miners of the Storm Area Need Aid

The condition of the thousands of coal miners and other workers in the storm devastated district of southern Illinois, was taken up at the last regular meeting of the Chicago Council for Labor Defense and Relief, and the several score of delegates from local unions and working class fraternal and political organizations responded with enthusiasm.

The local secretary, Wm. F. Kruse, pointed out that such catastrophes were exploited by capitalist relief agencies for anti-labor purposes, citing the raid on the Japanese unions under cover of the earthquake, and similar instances. This storm-swept area embraced also some of the most militant of the miners' union locals, and the International Workers' Aid was duty bound to see to it that these militants were not made to suffer by capitalist discrimination. Working class relief for working class needs has been practiced extensively in Europe, and recently the Dortmund mine disaster was made an inspiring demonstration of international solidarity.

Aid For Miners.

The storm that has just visited inexpressible suffering on a large section of the union coal-miners and other workers in southern Illinois and the adjacent fields, is likely to be seized by the capitalist class to further beat down the workers' resistance and destroy their union organization. This danger is particularly present in a district such as this, which has been at the forefront of militant struggle against both the bosses and the labor bureaucrats.

The Chicago Council for Labor Defense and Relief therefore calls on the organized workers throughout the state and nation to be on guard against attempts to use the capitalist charitable agencies to discriminate against the more militant workers, and calls for a working class relief fund from the labor movement thru the International Workers' Aid.

Start Collections Immediately.

Plans were outlined immediately to take collections at dances given by the Workers Party branches in Cicero and on the south side, as well as on Sunday gatherings of Russian, Jewish, and Italian workers.

Coal miners from the stricken area will report on the needs of their districts and will canvass local unions and other organizations to raise this fund. All contributions should go to the I. W. A., 19 S. Lincoln St., Chicago.

Talk it up—your shopmate will subscribe!

TO PROBE MINE BLAST AS ALL 34 BODIES ARE TAKEN FROM W. VA. PIT

(Special to The Daily Worker.)
BARRACKSVILLE, W. Va., March 23.—Up to 1 o'clock this afternoon thirty bodies had been removed from mine 41 here, wrecked by an explosion last Tuesday night.

The other three bodies have been found and will be removed to the surface late this afternoon, rescue leaders said, following which an "official investigation" will be started by Governor Gore and other officials to determine the cause of the disaster.

COKE REGION STRIKERS, 45,000 STRONG, SCORN LEWIS MACHINE AND CHEER COMMUNIST LEADERS

(Special to The Daily Worker)

UNIONTOWN, Pa., March 23.—The situation of the coke miners' walkout remains unchanged. All the operators have cut wages from 35 to 50 per cent. The miners have not accepted this infamous wage cut, and have abandoned work about 95 per cent being out on an unorganized strike. There are approximately 45,000 miners in the coke region.

T. U. E. L. Committee Leads Strike.
Meetings are being held everywhere by the aid and initiative of the Progressive Miners' Committee, members who were formerly expelled from the United Mine Workers of America by John L. Lewis and his machine. They are welcomed enthusiastically by the strikers and cheered at every speech.

Yesterday Chiccolini talked to 500 miners at Allison. He explained the necessity of unity with all other rank and file miners if they want victory. Chiccolini is well-known about the coke region and the miners know him from the 1922 strike when he fought the Lewis machine.

A Victim of Lewis.

At the last international convention at Indianapolis, Lewis denied Chiccolini a seat, although he had a regular credential from the local of which he is president.

The miners do not trust the Lewis machine any more, and rely only in the leadership of the Progressive Miners' Committee who they know will not betray them as Lewis did in 1922. Resolved to Fight Under Progressives.

Once, at least, the workers are opening their eyes and beginning to realize that only under the leadership of the Progressive Miners' Committee of the Trade Union Educational League and with the guidance of the Workers (Communist) Party, can they have victory.

Forty-five thousand miners are resolved not to allow the bosses to impose this dastardly wage cut!

PEASANT LEADERS OF PHILIPPINES HELD BY WOOD'S COSSACKS

MANILA, P. I., March 23.—One hundred leaders of the Katipunan Macabula Macabulage, the peasants' organization here which has been fighting for contracts with the large landowners which would assure a decent living, have been arrested, charged with sedition. The arrests were made by constabulary sent out by General Leonard Wood, who has been aiding the landowners, many of whom are American capitalists.

The constabulary have been trying to crush the peasants' resistance to conditions which verge on actual slavery. Macabula, leader of the rice growers, has been killed, and seven other leaders were slaughtered by Wood's American constabulary. The peasants organization numbers more than 12,000 tenants.

POLISH POLICE KILL WORKERS WITH POISON GAS DURING FIGHT

MOSCOW, March 23.—In February in the mining district Dombrova (Poland), the agent provocateur Kamienski, who had insinuated himself into the Communist Party, met his fate. The police made an attempt to arrest the workers Vaitshik and Piarski, whom they suspected of the murder of Kamienski.

The two men blocked up the entrance, offered resistance. The police opened fire, which lasted for several hours, but failed to get at the workmen, although they had the assistance of a military detachment. Finally they employed poison gas, by which means they succeeded in killing the two workmen, who had already been wounded. This is the first time that poison gas was used in the class war.

REACTION IN UNION AND CHURCH RESTRAINS TEXTILE WORKERS FROM 'DISTURBING THE BOSS'

By WILLIAM SIMONS.
(Special to The Daily Worker)

WILLIMANTIC, Conn., March 23.—As soon as the writer appeared in Willimantic at the beginning of the strike, he immediately noted that there was no working machinery for giving out news. He suggested to several members of the strike committee that a daily bulletin be sent out from Willimantic to all labor papers. It was soon apparent that all the capitalist papers of Hartford, New Haven and other cities were maintaining a conspiracy of silence.

The suggestion was repeated to Miss Amy Hooker, chairman of the grievance committee (not called a strike committee), and to Miss Kelleher, organizer for the United Textile Workers of America, from Scranton, Pa. The latter replied that it would be taken up with President McMahon, when he arrived.

Red Tape Excuse for Doing Nothing.

This was not done, and the next day, Thursday, I had a meeting with the press committee, where I laid the plans for a press bulletin before them, offering my services to institute it. The press committee did not feel authorized to act, and referred it to the grievance committee that afternoon. The understanding in the morning was that I would be given an opportunity.

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POLISH WORKER MUST NOT DIE, LABOR'S SLOGAN

New York Meeting to Protest Hanging

NEW YORK, March 23.—The workers of this city will stage a mighty protest against the threatened execution of the Communist deputy Lanzutsky of Poland, in a monster mass meeting which will be held in the Central Opera House, Wednesday evening, March 25, under the auspices of the Workers Party, Young Workers League and the International Workers' Aid.

In a statement issued by the arrangements committee the Polish government is warned that the workers of the world are watching its actions closely and the death of Comrade Lanzutsky will not be without serious consequences to the fascist government of Poland.

"Lanzutsky, Communist deputy in the Polish parliament is sentenced to death, by the white guard government because he exposed the brutal action of the Polish bourgeoisie against the workers and peasants," reads the statement, and "fighting for the workers is a crime in Poland and also in Spain where Maurin-leader of the Spanish workers is in jail awaiting execution."

Mossalye Olgin, editor of Novy Mir, Israel Amter, Joseph Manely, Ludwig Lore, Jack Stachel and William Weinstein will be the speakers.

Delay Judge's Hearing.

EAST ST. LOUIS, Ill., March 23.—With one witness mysteriously missing and another dead—killed at Murphysboro in the tornado there—the congression sub-committee probing the official conduct of Federal Judge George W. English, adjourned until tomorrow.

\$15,000.00 Blast Shakes Up Chicago Stockyards District

The stock yards here were thrown into a panic today when a terrific explosion lifted the roof from the building housing the Live Stock Press, Inc., shattering scores of windows in adjoining buildings and caused damage estimated at \$15,000. Two employees in the press building escaped uninjured. Gas which accumulated from a leaking pipe, is believed to have caused the blast.

BOSTON STORE AND COPS FAIL TO DEPORT REDS

Released After Two Days in Jail

The three members of the Young Workers' League arrested Saturday evening for distributing leaflets in front of the Boston Store, were finally released at 1:30 p. m. yesterday on bonds of \$100.00 apiece after the Boston store, with the active co-operation of the police officials of the central district, had unsuccessfully attempted to hold the Communists for deportation.

Valerie Meltz, Joseph Plotkin and Benjamin Fogel, all members of the Young Workers' League, were booked on charges of "disorderly conduct," after Edward Quinn, in charge of the police who made the arrests, refused for two days to book them, declaring they were "held for the government." The comrades were ordered to appear in night court last night.

Altho the lieutenant at the LaSalle St. police station had told the DAILY WORKER reporter on Sunday, that the three Communists would be released on bonds at nine o'clock yesterday morning Quinn did not put in an appearance until ten o'clock.

Seeks Deportation.

Quinn refused to book the Reds on any charge until he had talked to the department of justice agents at the federal building. Accompanied by the DAILY WORKER reporter and George Maurer, secretary of the Labor Defense Council, Quinn took the "evidence" against the three Communists, consisting of the bulletins which exposed the long hours, small pay, speed up system and fines inflicted on the employees of the Boston store, and a few personal letters taken from them, to the bureau of investigation of the department of justice in Room 578 of the federal building.

The federal detectives, however, could find nothing in the letters or leaflets which advocated "violent overthrow of the government," and refused to hold the comrades on a federal charge.

Still Quinn was reluctant to sign the complaint against the Communists. "I don't want to be holding the bag," he told the DAILY WORKER reporter. "I'll make the Boston store sign the complaint. They're the ones who insisted on the arrests."

Boston Store Behind Arrests.

Quinn then made his way to the Boston Store, Madison and State St., and while the DAILY WORKER reporter waited, urged the managers of the Boston store to sign the complaint. This they refused to do, insisting, however, that the comrades be booked. "They don't want to sign the complaint," Quinn said, "because they don't want to get mixed up in lawsuits. They're pretty sore about those leaflets."

Quinn then returned to the LaSalle St. station, 180 N. LaSalle St. and agreed to book the Communists. They were charged however, not with distributing leaflets, but "disorderly conduct."

The Young Workers' League members were ordered to appear in night court last night, room 1128, city hall. The desk lieutenant of the central district said they would not doubt be dismissed. "We have to ask hall and book them in order to keep our record clear," he admitted. "You know we kept them such a long time they have to be booked."

Put Six in Cell.

Comrades Plotkin and Fogel were at first put in a cell with a man who had delirium tremens. Sunday night they were six in a cell, and had no room to lie down thru the night. The bread, Comrade Plotkin said, was sour flour mixed with water and hardened. The food consisted of a smelly bologna sandwich.

During a part of Sunday night the two Young Workers' League members had as their cell mate, Julius Weisberg, who had killed the bootlegger Morris Goldman, in front of the Palace Theater. Weisberg admitted the killing, but declared he shot in self defense.

Valerie Meltz was taken to the police station at Harrison and Clark Sts.

Wall Street Sends Pershing to Subdue The South Americans

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 23.—Gen. Pershing, who with General Leonard Wood is the chief military tool of American imperialism, has been asked by President Coolidge to head the Tacna-Arica plebiscite commission.

Pershing is expected to enforce a military dictatorship upon the workers of Chile and Peru just as Wood is subjecting the Philippines to the dictatorship of U. S. capitalists.

Coolidge recently ruled that such a commission should be formed. While Peru and Chile are quarreling over Tacna-Arica, Pershing is to step in and secure the property for Wall St.

Join the Workers Party!

SOVIET OFFICIALS REPORTED KILLED IN AIRPLANE CRASH

PARIS, March 23.—M. Niasnikoff, president of the Soviet war council, and four other persons were killed today when their airplane fell in flames near Soukourn, according to a dispatch from Moscow today.

The other victims were M. Noglewski, president of the Transcaucasian commission, M. Atarhkoff, representative of the Transcaucasian union and two pilots of the plane.

TEXTILE WORKERS STILL UNDER CAPITALISM HEAR HOW WORKERS LIVE IN SOVIET RUSSIAN MILLS

The textile workers of America, hundreds of thousands of them, are being driven deeper and deeper into misery, low wages, and extreme exploitation by their capitalist masters in combination with the powers of the capitalist government.

In this moment, when their eyes and hearts are filled with tears of both suffering and anger, a letter comes to them, which the DAILY WORKER publishes below, telling them how the textile workers of the cotton mills of Soviet Russia live, and how they control their own lives thru their own workers' Soviet government which they won by revolution. The letter follows:

"Dear Foreign Comrades: As I know that your bourgeois press is not only giving you a wrong idea of the life of Russian workers, but is even distorting facts, I who am myself a worker will endeavor to describe in this letter our factory life to help to give you a right idea of it.

"Our factory is in the center of the textile industry, in the Ivanovo-Voznesensk district. It is a cotton mill which employs eleven and a half thousand men and women. After the October revolution our workers took the factory into their own hands and kept it going. The workers chose from amongst themselves capable people from the bench, and these elected persons became the head of the management. Our workers were not long in realizing that they themselves were the true masters of this gigantic enterprise.

"Once workers have assumed power, they begin to improve the conditions under which they have to work and live, and they improve production at the same time. They formed a protection of labor department which looks after the needs of the workers: provides them with suitable clothes and footwear, fats (if necessary for the kind of work they perform), etc. We have special rest homes where those whose health has suffered can spend from a fortnight to one month with full pay. Workers who are tubercular are sent to sanatoria, and health resorts for longer periods, and they also receive their full pay. In 1924, over 600 of our workers spent some time in rest homes, sanatoria, and health resorts.

"Working women—the mothers—are also well looked after, and perhaps their privileges are greater than those of the men. For instance, during pregnancy they are given two months' leave of absence and two months after the birth of the child. During these four months they receive full pay and their places are kept open for them. During the nine months when she is nursing the child, a working woman works only six hours instead of eight while receiving full pay. During this period she receives a special monthly grant.

"We have children's homes and creches where mothers can leave their children and can be certain that they are better looked after there than at home. All this is provided free of charge. Our working women have been given equal rights with men and are drawn everywhere into social work. In our factory there is not a single organization without its quota of women. They are on the factory committee, in the club, in the co-operative, etc. There are women who occupy responsible posts such as chairman of factory committees, factory managers, etc. In our factory engineers are only employed as experts. Relations between them and the workers have undergone a complete change.

"Our workers have no longer to submit to rough treatment by the engineers, as the latter are aware that they will be dismissed for such behavior. And the time is not far distant when we shall have our own engineers, technicians, chemists, mechanics, etc., who have sprung from the working class.

"For young workers there is in our factory an apprenticeship school where they get a thoro training and from where they can enter higher educational establishments. Their labor is also protected.

"The factory has a club where the workers can increase their knowledge. It has a well-stocked library and a reading room, and all sorts of circles and sections are organized by the workers themselves. The former masters would not have given all this to the workers, and neither will yours.

"For the adult men and women there is a higher grade school. The attendance there is not very numerous—about 300 people a day. On leaving this school they will go to higher educational establishments, as the doors of universities and technical colleges are opened wide to our workers.

"The adult and young workers of our factory publish wall newspapers. Thru this press many shortcomings are remedied, production is improved and old customs and habits are combated—the achievements of these wall newspapers are very great indeed. Production is growing from month to month.

"Our workers are anxious in all their doings to carry out the injunc-

NO "ST. PETERSBURG" IN UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS

BERLIN, March 23.—Letters addressed to "St. Petersburg, Russia" were returned to the German postal authorities in Berlin with the notation "Country and city unknown." Soviet postal authorities have sent the following instructions to Berlin: "St. Petersburg" is now Leningrad. All letters addressed to Russia must be addressed to the "Union of Soviet Socialist Republics."

tions of the leader of the world proletariat, Comrade Lenin.

"Dear foreign comrades, should this letter be reprinted in your press, I will write you regularly every month in more detail and will describe the life of our peasantry.

"My comrades and I await your reply, and shall be particularly glad to receive a letter from the textile workers in your country.

"With Comradely Greetings, "Malyshev, Workers' Correspondent of the Wall Newspaper, Rodnikovsky Rabotchy."

Defies Virgin Island Council's Demand for Police Force Change

NEW YORK, March 23.—Governor Philip Williams of the Virgin Islands, a U. S. naval appointee, is playing the part of a most hard boiled colonial governor.

Replying to the Colonial Council's three resolutions calling for investigation of the police force, for a new form of government to replace the naval administration, and for a new franchise law extending the popular vote, Governor Williams says coldly:

"After mature consideration of the matter contained in these resolutions, I cannot help feeling that the interest of the people of these islands would be better served in some other way. I cannot help but feel that any step of the colonial council which might lead to political agitation at the present time would be unwise."

The governor also failed to give the council satisfaction for a statement recently made by his police chief Nolan that "these niggers down here don't want law and order."

Metal Manufacturers Grow.

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R.—Leningrad reports show that the Northwestern engineering works trust has produced over six million rubles' worth of various metal manufactured articles during the first quarter of the current working year (October-December, 1925), as compared with only four million rubles' worth produced during the same period of the year 1923-24.

Hold Up Drill Masters' Pay.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—President Coolidge has directed the war department not to spend the \$1,332,000 appropriated by congress for pay of members of the national guard in a number of states for armory drills, pending further consideration of the advisability of spending the money, it was announced today.

Traction Crash Killed Seven

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 23.—With the death Sunday night of Mrs. J. W. Clear, wife of Girard, Ill., garage proprietor, the death toll in the interurban crash south of Carlinville on March 20, today stood at seven. Mrs. Clear died in St. John's Hospital here, from a broken back and internal injuries.

Prepare New Blows at Workers.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—The United States supreme court recessed today until April 12. Many decisions will be prepared during the recess.

Spanish Air Pilot Killed.

MELILLA, Morocco, March 23.—Lieut. Lopez Hildalgo died here today of injuries, suffered in an airplane crash.

Zaghul Pasha Chosen Speaker.

CAIRO, March 23.—Zaghul Pasha was elected speaker of the Egyptian chamber of deputies today.

GET A SUB AND GIVE ONE! 15,000 NEW SUBS BY JUNE 1st!

ITALIAN STRIKERS' VICTORY INSPIRES OTHER WORKERS

Fascist Union Strike Upsets the Bosses

(Special to The Daily Worker)

ROME, March 23.—The labor situation is almost normal again today, work having been resumed almost everywhere. It is stated that the strike will cease today in the few places where the men are still out.

Resumption of work is complete in Turin, except at the plant of the Fiat Motor company, which declared it would end its lockout on Monday. At Trieste and Montfalcone an agreement has been reached between the masters and the men which will become effective next week.

The strike resulted in only a brief interruption of work, there is no doubt that the fascist stirred up a dangerous hornets' nest by calling the strike in Lombardy. The spell which the fascists have cast over the workers in the last two years was broken and there is difficulty in restraining the workers from making demands for increasing their wages a hundredfold.

Other categories of workers, especially the textile workers, are now in agitation declaring that the soaring living costs render their present wages insufficient. Restiveness of the laboring masses is everywhere apparent.

Besides, by stirring up rivalry between the fascist and the socialist trade unions for favor, the masses are inclined in each organization to make excessive demands upon the industrialists, lest one group be forestalled by another.

In addition, the recent labor agitation fostered by the fascists has alienated the support of many industrialists, who have hitherto backed fascism, even contributing party funds, considering the gift a kind of insurance policy against the possibility of strikes.

Plan New Outlet for Non-Union Kentucky Coal

WASHINGTON, March 23.—The Owensboro Rockport and Chicago Railway company filed a brief with the interstate commerce commission today asking authority to construct a line between Elmore, Ind., and Owensboro, Ky., crossing the Ohio river at a point midway between Rockport and Owensboro on a bridge to be built as part of the railway.

The company asserts the proposed road will provide a connecting link between the transportation systems of the north and south, provide another crossing point on the Ohio river, give transportation to large coal fields in Southern Indiana, now without such facilities, give an outlet to the northern markets for Kentucky coal and prove of advantage to farming interests of Southern Indiana and a portion of Kentucky.

Miners Rush to Do Storm Relief Work

Harrisburg, Ill., March 23.—The mines in Gallatin, Mercer and Hamilton counties, today found barely enough men at work to start operations. The miners have rushed to the storm-stricken areas to do relief work.

Hundreds more will leave tomorrow. Many miners have refused pointblank to work at their daily tasks and threatened to quit if such action was necessary to expedite their journey to the stricken districts.

Flood Follows Storm at Griffin.

GRIFFIN, Ind., March 23.—Flood waters closed in on what once was Griffin from three sides today, washing away wreckage and driving relief workers to safety.

But there was little left for the flood to destroy. Only one house was left standing that the tornado passed, and all survivors of the storm have fled.

Authorities in charge of the situation have forbidden the sale of railroad tickets to Griffin except to those having Red Cross permits.

Five Burn to Death in Firetrap Blaze

NEW YORK, March 23.—Five persons, including two women and two children, were burned to death in an East 47th St. firetrap here. Four persons were badly burned when the old 11-family tenement was destroyed.

Including those killed were Mrs. Katherine Walsh and her 17 months old baby son, Joseph; Mrs. Margaret Otto and her six year old daughter, Blanche, and Thomas Carey.

Spanish Dictator Totters

MADRID, Spain, March 23.—Primo de Rivera, military dictator of Spain, has not put into force any reforms which he promised the workers of Spain. Rivera decried reorganization of the municipal government a year ago but made no move to put it into effect. The general rules Spain by virtue of the support of part of the army. He has no parliament.

Feast and Party for Fascisti Show United Front of the Capitalists

By J. LOUIS ENGAHL

TODAY, it is easy to study the unity of the whole capitalist class thru two such events in New York City as William Randolph Hearst's "Gypsy Ball," in honor of the American ambassador to Spain, Alexander P. Moore, and the luncheon given the new Italian ambassador to the United States, Giacomo de Martino.

Many bankers, industrialists and their intellectual hirelings were present at both affairs, crawling on their bellies in homage to two of the bloodiest dictatorships in the world today—Spain and Italy. But the great capitalists are expected to associate in such company. It is the fact that Hearst's money, taken from millions who believe that his papers fight in their interests against the capitalists, paid for one of these affairs, that should interest the workers, while so-called "insurgent" politicians, like Royal S. Copeland, U. S. senator from New York, a Tammany Hall man, associate of New York's labor officialdom, graced the occasion, along with a melange of "grand dukes" and "grand duchesses" from Russia, of the vintage antedating Nov. 7, 1917.

Judge Elbert H. Gary, head of the U. S. Steel corporation, an ardent admirer of Mussolini, must have choked a little as Thomas W. Lamont, of J. P. Morgan & Co., expressed faith in the economic future of Italian fascist rule, while the news was still fresh of the strike of 100,000 metal workers. The fascist spell over masses of Italian workers is broken, and Gary knows that that means. It is significant that at this luncheon to Mussolini's representative, in addition to Gary, Lamont and a host of others like them, there were present chancellors, presidents and professors from the New York University, Cornell University, the College of the City of New York, and other "Goose-Step Colleges," headed by Dr. James R. Angell, president of Yale University. Their presence showed how much they are being depended on to help put the fascist idea over in this country. They are to help cement the American alliance with Italian "white terror" rule over labor.

The Hearst affair at the alien Ritz-Carlton fell under the censor's blue pencil insofar as the Hearst press is concerned. It is not good for the common reader of the Hearst sheets to know the company that the multi-millionaire publisher keeps. Some of his bunk might not then rest so easily upon their stomachs.

Moore is a Pittsburgh editor; co-worker with Hearst in chloroforming workers into believing that capitalism is good for them. Moore worked the Pittsburgh steel district, and the fact that Gary and the steel trust are still in power is testimony to his success.

This man Moore, Hearst's guest, applauds the rule of King Alfonso in Spain, that not only sent the educator, Francisco Ferrer, to death not so many years ago, but today imprisons and murders workers wholesale to maintain capitalism in power.

The Hearsts did their best to entertain their fascist crowd. The Crystal Room of the hotel was turned into a woodland glen thru the aid of 400 pines cut in Maine and shipped to the party. The jazz orchestras of Lopez and Whiteman were there. Mrs. Hearst was herself attired as a gypsy bride, in white satin heavily embroidered in gold, and wearing pearls. All night long the festivities continued until at dawn breakfast was served, and then Moore went on his way across the Atlantic to speak for American capitalism at the royal court in Madrid.

From Morgan, Lamont and Gary to Tammany Hall, with its Senator Copeland and his official labor allies, isn't so great a stretch.

It was J. Ramsay MacDonald, the labor-socialist premier of Great Britain, who heard the voices of Poincare and Mussolini, instead of those of the workers and peasants of Soviet Russia, when he came into power.

The united front against the interests of the working class extends far. That is something that the workers must learn. The Hearst party to Moore should reveal to them the nature of some more of the feathers to be found in the left wing of American fascism. It might be well to remember the old adage that goes something like this,—"He who is not with us is against us."

SERVICES FOR DR. SUN YAT SEN DRAW FIFTY THOUSAND WORKERS

CANTON, March 23.—Fifty thousand workers here attended a memorial service for Dr. Sun Yat Sen, dead leader of the Chinese against foreign imperialism. Seventy foreign guilds were represented at the services.

Governor Hu Han-min of Kwantung province, and Wu Chao-chu, secretary for foreign affairs of the provincial government, were among the speakers. Dr. Sun's testamentary address was read to the workers in the Cantonese dialect.

O'Flaherty Speaks Tonight at North West Branch W. P.

Comrade Tom O'Flaherty will be the speaker at the educational meeting of the North West Branch, Workers Party, tonight, at 8 p. m. The meeting will be held in Workers' Lyceum, 2733 Hirsch Blvd. Comrade O'Flaherty's subject will be: The Paris Commune. Branch members are urged to attend this lecture and bring their shopmates.

I. T. U. Takes Hold in New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, March 23.—The strike situation in New Orleans as regards the newspapers, which have been out of the union fold for the past nine years, has been taken out of the hands of the local printers' organization by Pres. Lynch of the International Typographical Union.

Coolidge's Trade Commission Shields Electrical Trust

WASHINGTON, March 23.—What was called a sinister consequence has followed the placing of William Humphrey of Seattle on the federal trade commission, thereby making the majority of that body a reactionary one. The commission has announced a change in its rules. Henceforth it will investigate complaints of unfair methods of competition in business only if there exists, in its opinion, "public interest" in such inquiry.

Moreover, the commission has notified the senate that while it will investigate the tobacco monopoly's attempt to crush the associations of tobacco producers, it will not carry out the request of the senate—contained in the same resolution—to investigate the electric power trust and the propaganda for and against public ownership of power.

President Coolidge has thus succeeded in killing the federal trade commission insofar as it has been a non-partisan body for investigation of the misuse of power by private monopolies.

Mrs. Gompers Withdraws Suit.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 23.—Mrs. Samuel Gompers has withdrawn her suit contesting the will of her husband, when alive, president of the American Federation of Labor, it is announced here. Mrs. Gompers had contested the will because Gompers left her the minimum allowed by the District of Columbia law, one-third of his estate. The rest was left to Gompers' sons and grandsons.

LENIN SCHOOL A LANDMARK IN OUR PARTY

Forty Students with Serious Purpose

By MORRIS CHELOVSKY.

The Communists are a part of the working class, its most resolute, most most sacrificing and farseeing section, which due to its historical view of the march of history is able to lead all other sections of the proletariat.

To make the above more concrete and to prove its truth, our party has made a beginning. The Lenin School in Chicago will be a historical landmark in the history of our party and the Communist movement in the United States.

A short time ago we would have considered it a dream, but now it is an accomplished fact. More than forty students, every one taking this work seriously, have left the mine, the factory or shop and set himself to study, not study for the sake of study, but in order to better serve the interests of our party and the proletariat.

No matter what is being studied, whether the history of the party, the labor movement, or economics, they are all being studied with a purpose.

Unlike the students of the bourgeoisie who study to attain a higher and more dominating post in capitalist society and perpetuate that society our proletarian students are studying how best to destroy this society.

Our school is not separated from the struggle, but combines the two, theory and practice. The students in Chicago actively participated in the work of the party, branch meetings, city central and the distribution of leaflets as well as the Abramovich demonstrations.

The Lenin School is a great step in the Bolshevization of our party. The result will be paid to the party a hundred fold when the members of the class disband, go back to their various localities with a better and clearer understanding of the class struggle, and like real Communists will set themselves the task of proving the value of the school by a more determined struggle against our oppressors.

Workers Join in Protest Against Child Slavery

Many workers young and old interested attended the child labor mass meeting held in Chicago by the Young Workers' League.

William F. Dunne, editor of the DAILY WORKER, explained what the child labor menace meant to the working class of America, telling of conditions of child workers in the textile mills and telling of some of the extremes to which the capitalist class went in order to defeat the child labor movement. Barney Mass, acting secretary of the Young Workers' League spoke, showing how child labor was increasing in America and telling of the work of the Young Workers' League in its child labor campaign and in organizing the young workers against child labor. John Edwards, member of the national executive committee of the Young Workers' League also spoke.

This meeting was arranged by the Chicago league in connection with the anti-child labor campaign of the Y. W. L., which is trying to intensify the fight against child labor in view of the great increase of child slaves in America at the present time. The Young Workers' League is calling upon the young workers to join in a united front fight to abolish child labor in America, under the leadership of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers' League.

Coolidge to Give Tool of Railroads Recess Appointment

WASHINGTON, March 23.—When President Coolidge re-nominated Thos. Woodlock, former editor of the Wall Street Journal, to be a member of the interstate commerce commission, on the day senate was to adjourn, the members who had defeated Warren for attorney general were angry enuf to reject him too. However, they decided on a simple refusal to call together the committee on interstate commerce to consider his name. They knew that Coolidge would then give him a recess appointment but they would deal with him again next December.

At the same hour came the news that the St. Paul railway had been thrown into a receiver's hands. Woodlock is looked upon as a mastery in flatter and water of railroad corporation values. It will be his task to induce the rest of the commission to grant higher freight rates instead of lower rates, thereby restoring public confidence in the claim that the rail properties are worth between twenty and thirty billion dollars.

Earthquake Shakes Houses

QUEBEC, March 23.—An earthquake occurred here which made buildings tremble and frighten the population. It lasted only a few seconds. Telephone service was disrupted, but no one was injured.

SECTION OF THE TRADE UNION EDUCATIONAL LEAGUE

'INVESTIGATION' BY HUTCHESON IS A HOWLING FARCE

Article 5 Answering Secretary Duffy

By J. W. JOHNSTONE

In Secretary Duffy's circular letter to local unions and district councils, "explaining" the expulsion policy of Hutcheson, he naturally did not mention what immediate expulsions were contemplated or that the process of expelling political opponents was to continue. Hutcheson's expulsion cyclone has swept quite a large territory and does not seem to have spent itself. Los Angeles, Chicago, Detroit, Philadelphia, and now it has reached New York.

Lapidus Victimized

The newest prospective victims are the officers of Local 376 and Joseph Lapidus, campaign manager of Morris Rosen who was the left wing candidate for general president in the recent carpenters' election.

Mr. Duffy notified these members to appear before a special investigation committee of the G. E. B. on March 18th, to answer the charge of circulating "scandalous, scurrilous, and defamatory literature." (At this writing no word has been received as to the results of this investigation.)

This is the same old chestnut that Brindell (Hutcheson's crony) used when expelling his opponents before he went to the penitentiary, and is also in general use by John L. Lewis, Frank Farrington, and other labor fakery.

The Reason Behind It

The real reason back of this action, however, is seen in the vote cast in Local 376 in the general election—Hutcheson received 8 votes, Brown 4, and Morris Rosen 222, for general president. And it would not do to allow this sentiment to develop in such a large center as New York without at least trying to smash it.

Section 55 of the general constitution could not serve Hutcheson's purpose in a local where he could only get 8 votes, so, as in the other expulsion cases, it is placed in cold storage. The skids have been greased and a fake "investigation committee" selected by Hutcheson to give a legal atmosphere to a verdict that has already been reached.

"A Fair Trial"?

Just consider for a moment the farce that is being enacted. The G. E. B., or rather Hutcheson, because he is the G. E. B., have charged these men with having committed a so-called crime; then they select a committee from amongst themselves to investigate and prove their charges true (although they are supposed to have investigated the foundation for such charges before making them).

Next comes the pronouncement of sentence and punishment by the same group of men, who also enforce them. After which this same man, or body of men, pass upon the appeal of the expelled and sustain the first decision. Hutcheson is a staunch republican, a 100 per center, a lover of American "democracy." He favors the Ku Klux Klan. And it therefore goes without saying that he is opposed to the dictatorship of the proletariat.

Hutch a Capitalist Among Capitalists

And, why not? Like his friend and co-partner, John L. Lewis, he is a wealthy man, a raiser of blooded stock, and the carpenters' union is the means by which he increased his wealth and personal advancement. So anyone who stands in his way must be crushed, no matter by what means.

The progressive carpenters ran their candidate for general president on a program of action. The candidate, Morris Rosen, was unknown. It was the program that the rank and file were asked to consider and not the individual. The local unions were circularized with copies of the program asking the endorsement of their candidate by the local unions on the basis of the program. Following is a skeleton outline of the program:

1. "Affiliation to the building trades department of the American Federation of Labor.
2. "Abolition of the national board of jurisdictional awards.
3. "Job control.
4. "Five days—forty-hour week.
5. "Uniform agreements to expire at the same time.
6. "All agreements to be ratified by the rank and file.
7. "A joint drive with other trades to organize the industry 100 per cent.
8. "Old age pensions.
9. "Reinstatement of the Los Angeles expelled members. (These were the first of the present series of expulsions.)
10. "The right of minority to freedom of expression within the union.
11. "The right of the general president to suspend members without trial, to be abolished.
12. "National convention to be held biennially.
13. "Committee on rules to govern convention, to be elected by the delegates assembled.
14. "Organizers to be elected by

Smith of Minneapolis, Seeking New Pastures, Picks on Great Falls

By LEFTIST.

GREAT FALLS, Mont.—Brothers: Just a few lines to let you know that Bill Green, Gompers' successor, has landed in this burg with the honorable Mr. Smith of Minneapolis "fame." Undoubtedly the reason for their visit is to help Brother Ely to subdue the militants and to try and fasten his class collaboration policy on the labor movement of Great Falls.

Smith spoke before the Labor Assembly last Friday. He immediately launched into a bitter attack on the left wing, and the left wing immediately came back and let him know that he would have a fight on his hands if he came here for the same purpose that he went to Minneapolis.

Brother Green will no doubt tell us, before he leaves, that the conference table is more to his liking than the field of struggle, and that we must show the boss that it is to his interest to please allow us to organize.

This probably will be followed up by Smith's demanding the expulsion of all those who do not accept his policy, but who demand that the fight between capital and labor be carried out on the basis of the class struggle.

I expect Smith to appear before the carpenters' union at its next meeting. If he does, he will find out that they are not all dead ones.

referendum in the districts they represent.

15. "Amalgamation of the building trades upon a departmental basis, along lines laid down by the 1913 convention of the building trades department."

16. "International affiliation with the international building trades secretariat, to include the Russian building trades."

17. "Independent working class political action."

18. "Recognition of, and trade relations with, Soviet Russia."

In all of these 18 points, and in the letter that went to the local unions with the program, Hutcheson or the administration is neither mentioned or criticized. So we get the full meaning of what is meant by "scandalous, scurrilous, and defamatory literature," at least according to the perverted minds of the Hutcheson administration.

If you advocate any measure that is not endorsed by Hutcheson, or use any words not in his vocabulary, then it is "scandalous, scurrilous and defamatory," Section 55 of the constitution, notwithstanding. That section simply does not apply, but it requires the superior brains of a G. E. B. special investigation committee, and the punishment is expulsion.

Works for Scabs and With Police

Of course Hutcheson is very sensitive to clauses, 6, 10 and 11 of the progressive carpenters' program, as it reminds him of his usurpation of power, his signing of the Chicago scab agreement without the consent of the membership, his expulsion of the 16 members of the Los Angeles locals by telegram on evidence submitted by the police.

In spite of the open rebellion of the rank and file against his ruinous and disruptive tactics in expelling those who voted for Willis K. Brown and are lining up with the left wing and are jointly against the corrupt Hutcheson administration. This combined force cast 45,000 votes (official count) in the last election against Hutcheson. It is a force to be reckoned with and one that cannot be defeated by the expulsion of a few of their leaders.

Hundreds of locals are on record against the expulsion of these militants and are demanding their reinstatement. Passing resolutions is good, but not sufficient. The entire membership must be informed of the situation and mass membership meetings should be called, so that this ruinous policy may be stopped. This has already been done in Chicago and Detroit.

Committees should be elected to visit local unions and acquaint them with what is going on in their organization. While Hutcheson is waging a war on the militants, he is in close collaboration with the enemies of labor,—as witness his surrendering of the carpenters of Chicago to the Landis award. He was, and still is, a close associate of Robert P. Brindell, of New York.

In my next article I will deal with Hutcheson's relations with the crook, Brindell, from 1916 until Brindell went to the penitentiary.

Spanish Fascist Need Money.

MADRID, March 23—Bachelors over 25 years of age and childless widowers are taxed from 20 to 60 per cent under the provision of a statute passed here today.

GREEN, IN ATTACK ON REDS SAYS UNIONS MUSTN'T STRIKE, BUT COLLABORATE WITH BOSSES

BOSTON, March 23.—In a plea for class collaboration, naked and unashamed, delivered before the Harvard Union, Harvard University, the night of March 20, William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, disavowed the class struggle and the idea that capitalism will be destroyed by a proletarian revolution.

Social Pacifism.

He stated his view of the situation in this way: "The trade union movement has been passing through that period when physical controversies and the tactics of force were most effective; it is now in a period when its leaders must seek the conference room, and there, by exposition and demonstration, convince conferees of the justice and wisdom of labor's position. In such service labor is finding a special need for trained representatives and effective information."

He described with warm approval the "B. & O. plan" of "co-operation" in shop responsibility between the B. & O. railroad company and its federated shop unions. Success in collective bargaining, he declared, is based upon unreserved recognition of the union on the one hand, and a willing concession by the workers, on the other hand, of "the right of employers to control, direct and manage industry to receive a fair return upon invested capital."

Green Against Proletarian Rule.

Referring to the anti-union employers and to "so-called members of the proletariat" who take sharp issue with this conception of trade union rights and duties, Green said the workers in this group are opposed to collective bargaining because "they assert it means wage slavery."

"They do not believe in wage contracts or wage scale regulations," he continued. "They preach class war and class struggle. They are opposed to the existing social order, to what they term 'capitalism,' and pretend to look forward to the time when capitalism will be destroyed and the rule of the proletariat will be substituted in its place."

This is a Lie—Bill Green.

"They believe that any improvement in wages and working conditions which comes to the workers thru the medium of trade unionism and collective bargaining prevents the final triumph of the proletariat and the early realization of their predicted millennium. The enjoyment of high wages and humane conditions of employment by the workers is regarded by this second group as an obstacle in the way of progress while poverty and suffering are looked upon as stepping stones to success."

Green could not offer any proof that his ideas of no strikes and class collaboration would bring the workers the desired "high wages and humane conditions." His lie that revolutionists are not in favor of improvement in wages and conditions likewise was lacking proof. And he failed to mention that the criticism levelled at him and his kind by revolutionists, is precisely that their theory and practice of class collaboration and pacifism in the class struggle totally prevents high wages and humane conditions.

"Obviously modern trade unionism is opposed to these two extremes and of necessity is forced to contend against the vigorous opposition which emanates from these groups. Confronted by hostile employers and the workers' revolutionary group, trade unionism is pursuing its own policy, fighting for public acceptance of its creed and philosophy."

"Dreams" Come True in Soviet Russia

In conclusion, Green remarked that "Many wage earners have had dreams of ownership in industry, but even so we all know that whatever the ownership—private, governmental or employe—the vital problem for us is the terms and relations we have with management. To deal with this problem, labor must always have its voluntary organizations directed and managed by itself."

"Working men and women are no longer mere fixtures in industry but instead are intelligent, understanding human beings with a concept of life which emphasizes the cultural and spiritual rather than the material. We want to make it possible for the workers to acquire more of culture, refinement and education."

Pittsburgh Carpenters Drive Another Nail in Popular Coffin

PITTSBURGH, Pa., March 23.—Dear Comrade: This is to notify you that Carpenters' Locals 142 and 333 have endorsed the resolution sent out by Local 2140 of Detroit, Michigan against the expulsion policy of President Hutcheson and the G. E. B.

Local 142 is the largest one in this city. Please publish this in the T. U. E. L. section, so the carpenters will know that even conservative Pittsburgh is against the expulsion policy.

Rochester A. C. W. Helps Prisoners

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—The joint board of the A. C. W. of this city united the front set up by the Workers (Communist) Party and the T. U. E. L. for the release of class war prisoners and gave the hall free of charge for the Sacco-Vanzetti conference.

Philadelphia A. C. W. Joint Board Voting Is One Steady Job

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—According to the constitution of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, only one election is necessary for the election of officers. But according to the joint board of this city, if those elected are left wingers, before they can be installed they must have been elected twice.

Two weeks ago Local 140 had their election and the right wing was badly defeated, so they appealed for a new election, which was conveniently granted them, and a special joint board committee elected to take charge.

We have always had open elections, but this time, at the request of the right wing, the joint board decided to have a secret ballot. Despite all maneuvering, however, it was a complete victory for the left wing. The T. U. E. L. candidates were elected by an overwhelming majority.

The chairman, vice-chairman, secretary, treasurer, six out of seven delegates to the joint board, six out of seven local executive board members, of the T. U. E. L. slate were elected. It is hardly expected after this crushing defeat that the right wing will demand still another election.

LOZOVSKY WRITES UPON ANARCHO-SYNDICALISM

Its Theory of Union, Party and State

By A. LOSOVSKY.

(General Secretary of the Red International of Labor Unions.)

In the last article I wrote of the "trade unionism" which, prior to the war, was limited to economic views and held no conception of the new society to be won by a working class revolution, a movement which accepted capitalism as permanent.

The second kind of pre-war labor movement, which represents the opposite side of trade union movement is known by the name of "ancho-syndicalism." If trade unionism is connected with Anglo-Saxon countries, ancho-syndicalism is connected with the Latin. The birthplace of ancho-syndicalism is France, there it had its greatest development and there also was created the theory which united numbers of workers of the Latin countries.

A Healthy Reaction.

What are the main characteristics of ancho-syndicalism? Trade unionism as we said, is devoted to the interests of one craft. Ancho-syndicalism—and this is surely the progressive side of it—is devoted to the interests of the working class. It was a healthy reaction of a certain part of the proletariat against the opportunism and reformism which had existed in labor organization, trade union as well as political. The first characteristic of ancho-syndicalism which differentiates it is that it puts first the general class interests and struggles—not for betterment within capitalism, but for the overthrow of the system.

The Syndicalist Fallacy.

The second characteristic of the ancho-syndicalist movement within the international labor movement is its anti-political character. Ancho-syndicalists consider the union as the primary organ for the class struggle. They believe there are no other organizations except the trade unions which can conquer capitalism. All political parties—say the ancho-syndicalists—beginning with the bourgeois and ending with the socialist, and at the present time with the Communists, are, from the social point of view, mixed organizations; while the trade unions represent a purely labor organization.

A party is a union of citizens. A trade union unites the producers. In the party there are may be workers and also people from other classes. In a trade union—only workers. This is why the ancho-syndicalists place the union ahead of the party. This is why the trade union happens to be the main weapon of the social revolution in their view.

Besides that, in the opinion of the theoreticians and active workers of ancho-syndicalism (of whom we may name Sorel, LaGuardie, Griffuel) the characterization which differentiates the trade unions is that they not only are the basic stronghold of the working class in its struggle to overthrow capitalism, but also organizations around which the new society will be built. According to the belief of the ancho-syndicalists the trade unions will not only make the revolution but will also create the new society. The trade unions will organize production, regulate production within the industry, will govern the public economy. This is the social philosophy of ancho-syndicalism. But this is not all.

Anti-State and Non-State.

There is one more characterization of ancho-syndicalism which is, in full, inherited from the anarchist theory concerning the state: The state, independently of its form or contents, is an enemy. The structure of the state in itself—the anarchists always write the state with a capital "S"—is an organ of exploitation, of one part of the people by the others, and that exploitation is always used against the workers. Therefore, before the war, the question of the dictatorship of the proletariat was a very vague and theoretical one.

The ancho-syndicalists were always outspoken against the dictatorship of the proletariat, for from their theory, the latter will mean the continuation of exploitation. They are

anti-state, claiming that the state should be destroyed. They thought of the new society which will arise from the social revolution as one in which the trade union will play the leading role. They imagined it as a non-state society, which would be regulated only by the trade unions and which would be occupied only by the problems of production, distribution, etc.

Individualism Versus the Masses

However, this is only in the future; but what differentiates the ancho-syndicalists from the other trade unionists? Ancho-syndicalism in its direct struggle uses some methods which differentiate it from other movements. First of all, it believed in the initiative of the minority, and according to its ideas that minority with initiative could in many cases take the place of the mass. The ancho-syndicalists in general shared the anarchist distrust of the masses. The individual plays the more important role. This minority with initiative can not only start something, drag the masses along, but also build for the masses, instead of them.

This role of the "militant minority" is one of the main characteristics of the ancho-syndicalist point of view. And, from this angle, they brot into the everyday struggle things that we do not see in other movements. They brot into the struggle an element of adventure which could always be seen in their custom of exaggeration of the role of the strike. Organizing strikes as often as possible, they even created a special terminology—"revolutionary exercises," figuring that every strike is a good thing. They claim that a strike is always for the benefit of the working class and it drags in a certain amount of workers into the movement and sharpens the social relations and the struggle between the classes.

Utopian and Romantic Theory.

A careful and long preparation, the study of the objective conditions of strikes, the realistic calculation of the relation of forces and the calculation of the role of the masses and the relation between the masses and the militant minority, all this has been entirely ignored by the ancho-syndicalists and considered as of no importance at all.

They imagined the social revolution as beginning suddenly, without the necessary organizational, political and other historical surroundings. At last they present the idea of sabotage, or what we call the "economic terror," as a means of compulsion against employers. They have been out-spoken against large, strong trade union treasuries, looking at it from the point of view that the trade unions are, as a matter of fact, like plain people, the one that has much money is not very active in the struggle; and therefore, the trade union that has much money in its treasury, will be afraid of losing it and will not be as militant and ready for strikes as necessary.

This is, in short, the characterization of ancho-syndicalism within the trade union movement of the world, and which is especially characteristic of the Latin countries, France, Spain, Portugal, Argentina, Mexico, etc. In Italy, notwithstanding the fact that it is a Latin country, the trade union movement took another form.

The above article is an excerpt from Losovsky's valuable book, "The World's Trade Union Movement," obtainable from the T. U. E. L., 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill., for 50 cents. No worker should be without it.

Drums Up Wars Spirit

NEW YORK, March 23.—Rear Admiral Fiske, in a public address here, glorified war, and spoke for a larger navy and army. He said that "force is necessary for the United States to take part in foreign trade." Fiske's speech was a plea for aid to the financiers in their imperialistic projects.

WHAT THE MINERS' INTERNATIONAL IS AND OUGHT TO BE

Dawes Plan is Slave Plan For World

By ALEX REID.

As a miner who is following the pick, when the boss permits, which is becoming more seldom, and noticing that the condition of the miners thruout the world is becoming more deplorable, the same situation prevailing everywhere, it might not be amiss at this time to inquire into the cause from well-informed sources.

The cause of the bad situation in Europe, which is reflected in America, is neither more nor less than the monumental disgrace—the prostitute child of the international chamber of commerce, better known as the despicable and infamous "Dawes' plan."

The effect of this plan is seen in the German mining industry, which has speeded up to a terrifying degree. Approximately 20 per cent of the miners have been discharged from the industry since 1922, and yet production has been increased approximately 18 per cent. Wages have been decreased until the miners receive barely enough to subsist upon.

The average wage of the German miners is \$1.25 per day, and their work day has been extended from seven, to 10 and 12 hours per day. The cost of living has increased to the point where wages cannot touch the bare necessities, which is reducing the miners to abject slaves exerting themselves to the limit of endurance, as is seen in the enormous increase in accidents.

On top of this, the threat is made to cut further into their wages, and the importation of men from the surrounding countries is steadily going on for use as scabs if necessary.

Similar conditions prevail in Poland and other countries in Europe. In Great Britain, France, Holland, and Belgium, the miners are practically starving. Hundreds of thousands of miners are unemployed. Wages are being cut on every hand. The hours of labor are lengthening, and conditions, the result of years of struggle, are being lost with every break.

The conditions forced upon German labor and the workers in like countries of Europe, thru the Dawes' plan, is the standard being set for the whole world. French, Belgian, and British miners are unemployed because cheap German reparations coal has taken their market. British and American coal is being undersold in Spain and Italy at \$1.25 per ton. Competition is the slogan—and the mine owners are stressing every means to break the miners' union so that no organized opposition may prevail against them.

On this side of the ditch, the Dawes' plan is getting in its work just as it is in Germany and the rest of Europe. The mining districts of West Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee and Alabama are mostly "open shop," and the conditions of the miners there are horrible, working 10 hours per day on starvation wages, with no provisions for safeguarding the life and health of the miners.

The companies owning the mines there, also own the stores, so if a miner chances to make anything at the mine he is relieved of it at the store. The houses the miners live in, mostly like barns, are also owned by the companies, as likewise the town, the doctor, the judge, the police thugs—literally everything in and around the mines.

Hundreds of miners with their families are living on the hillsides, in tents, all thru the long hard winter, with scarcely anything to eat—the little children without shoes or proper clothing, and no school to go to. The miners in this pitiful condition are being threatened with further wage cuts and longer hours.

And the coal coming from these districts in competition with that from the organized fields, has resulted in unemployment and starvation thruout Illinois and the union-produced coal all over America.

Nova Scotia is on strike against another reduction, and conditions there are heartrending. The beasts of BESCO, the mine owners of the province, are organized for a crushing onslaught against the miners, and the miners have met them by stripping the mines completely. The miners have withdrawn even the engineers and pumpmen, in this fight which promises to be a fight to the finish and one of the hardest in their history.

Wherever international capitalism rules today, we have a similar condition. Standing out prominently in contrast to such conditions in capitalist countries, however, is that of the miners in Soviet Russia, the only country which has not been affected by the Dawes' plan, and the only country in the world where the miners' conditions of employment are steadily growing better.

Keep in mind the conditions we have just reviewed of the miners in

all capitalist countries of the world today, and then take a look at the condition of the Russian miners as shown by the following conditions cited:

They have the six-hour shift; steady employment the year round; a voice in the management of the mines and in the determination of wages; extra pay for production above an established average, closest inspection and enforcement of all safety regulations; two weeks' vacation on pay, or a month if the work is particularly dangerous or unhealthy; splendidly equipped rest homes which were formerly the palaces of the Russian nobility; free medical service; etc.

The Russian workers, thru their government of workers and peasants, own their jobs. Why not ours?

The Dawes' plan for international slavery must be met with militant opposition. And that leads me to ask what intelligent action our present labor leaders' propose. Well—here it is:

First, the A. F. of L. proposes to continue to support our "friends" on the enemy ticket and defeat our enemies on their own ticket. It is "Heads, I win; tails, you lose."

Frank Farrington, president of Dist. 12, U. M. W. of A., has a pet remedy, something like this, for the unemployed and starving miners: Load clean coal, co-operate with the boss, don't antagonize the boss, and thus reduce the cost of production.

John L. Lewis, to show his love for the miners and to do his bit to meet the encroachments upon labor, joins hands with and becomes a member of the campaign committee for the election of "Cal" Coolidge, the Boston strikebreaker, the choice of Morgan, Wall Street, the international bankers, and Dawes—all of whom are enslaving the workers of the world.

And then he resorts to expelling progressive and forward looking members of the U. M. W. of A. to further the aims of our enemies. Also, he says there are 200,000 too many miners in the industry who must be forced out before these bad conditions can be remedied.

What a travesty on "leadership"! The American labor movement stands bereft of intelligent leadership.

International capitalism must be met by international trade union unity, the welding into one organization of the world's workers with their incomparable economic and political power. To achieve the realization of its historic mission, the overthrow of capitalism, and substitute therefor a system of collective ownership of the things collectively produced and used, with workers' control of the same can only be done thru the establishment of a workers' and farmers' government.

STRIKERS WIN A RAISE AND UNION THRU THE T. U. E. L.

League Brings Union to Auto Workers

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—Thirty automobile workers employed by the Wolflington's Sons, Inc., have won an increase in wages after a two hour strike. The workers put in a demand for a 10 per cent increase in wages at noon and were notified that the company would go bankrupt if the increase was given. Several of the militant workers who have heard such stories before convinced the 30 workers in the buss department to give the company a chance to think it over and left the shop in a body.

Two hours later a messenger brought the news that the company was willing to settle by granting a 5 per cent increase and again pointed out that a 10 per cent raise would force them into bankruptcy. The men accepted the 5 per cent increase and went back to work the next day.

Immediately after deciding to go back to work a date was set for a meeting to organize a union in the automobile industry in Philadelphia.

These workers fully realize the other and permanent gains can only be made when they organize all the departments in their shop into a militant industrial union that will include all the workers in the trade. Several of the men who participated in this strike are members of the Automobile Workers' Union organized here several weeks ago. The strike is a splendid example of what a little bit of militancy and organization can do for the workers in the automobile industry and will be a good argument for the building of a strong organization in Philadelphia.

The first mass meeting of the automobile workers is called for Thursday March 26 at the Carpenters' Hall 1803 Spring Garden street at 8 p. m. All auto workers in Philadelphia are invited to attend. Good speakers from the Trade Union Educational League will address the meeting.

GET A SUB AND GIVE ONE

BULLETS MEET LABOR PROTEST AND STRUGGLES

Workers Must Oppose This Growing Terror

NEW YORK, March 23.—A few days ago, the press reported that in Halle, Germany, 10 Communists were killed and 40 wounded by the white guardist. When a protest meeting took place in Berlin, another revolutionist was killed and several others seriously wounded.

The situation in Halle became so serious, since the workers were aroused and were preparing for action, that the government, to save its face, had to dismiss the chief of police, who had engineered the blood-bath.

Urge Bigger Bulgarian Army.

The Bulgarian Zankov hangman government has requested the league of nations for permission to add 4,000 more soldiers to the army that keeps the fascist government in power. In Macedonia, the murder of prominent leaders of the peasants takes place every day. In Greece, the strikers, led by revolutionary Communists, had to face the police and government troops. White terror is destroying the best fighters of the Spanish workers. In spite of the power of Mussolini, the workers of Turin and Milan are out on strike—and are challenging the government.

In China a strike of the railwaymen is answered by British imperialism. In Sweden and Denmark big strikes are taking place, in which the police are very active. In Rumania the workers are hounded from place to place. The revolutionary workers and peasants have to face the pendarmerie every day. In Palestine, the "holy land," the imperialists are shooting down and imprisoning the workers. In Turkey, which recently fought a gallant fight against the league of nations and had the support of Soviet Russia, the new capitalist rulers of the country are making every effort to crush the workers and poor peasants.

Answer This Wednesday Night

Capitalist bullets against the protest and struggles of the workers!

At the same time, new attacks are being made on Soviet Russia, because the workers' and peasants' government has imprisoned active counter-revolutionaries, who have conspired and organized to destroy the Soviet government. In this dirty work they have been aided by the imperialist governments.

The answer of the workers of New York to these vile facts will be given next Wednesday night, March 25, at 8:30 p. m., at the Central Opera House, 205 E. 67th St. The Workers Party, Young Workers League and the International Workers' Aid have arranged a demonstration and all the class-conscious workers of New York must be there. Tell the workers in your shop and bring them to the meeting.

Carlson Lectures.

A series of six lectures on "Imperialism" will be given by Comrade Oliver Carlson at 521 York avenue, Workers Party headquarters, Philadelphia, beginning April 2. All party and league members or sympathizers who wish to register for the class should get in touch with R. Baker, city secretary, or Comrade Herman, of educational committee. Both can be located at 521 York avenue.

Does your friend subscribe to the DAILY WORKER? Ask him!

"Help Working Class Victims of Storm," Says International Workers' Aid



Relief workers satisfying the needs of the storm stricken. Food and clothes are needed.



Even the graveyards were swept by the storm. Trees and tombstones alike were uprooted.

Letters From Our Readers

The Land Tilters.

To the DAILY WORKER: This letter is from the fruit growing district of the Northwest. You city workers and miners are no worse off under United States big business than the farmers and fruit growers. You are hired to run the machines for the trusts.

The only difference is that we are forced to buy our own machinery and materials and pay exorbitant prices. On top of that we pay taxes every year for the plow, harrow, mower, sprayer, horse, cow, calf, chickens, pig and piglet and anything like furniture. We must pay it promptly too, or we are auctioned off to the highest bidder.

We could endure being skinned when we buy, but our selling-part is unendurable. Last year this Columbia Valley fruit was killed by spring frost. In 1923 we shipped a full crop to you city folks. It sounds unbelievable, but it is true that in 1923 I shipped 1,886 boxes of apples to a New York firm, furnishing my own boxes and lost money on the shipment.

At the rate you are paying for apples in Chicago and New York I should get about \$2,000 for my apples. But I receive a bill that I owe the New York firm \$600.00.

Now then, it costs me about 90 cents to raise a box of apples, including high irrigation taxes. So at that rate I am paying over a thousand dollars on top of what I paid to raise my apples.

Still, many are wondering why farmers leave everything and run away from the land to the cities. I am not the only one losing money. The case I have cited is the case of thousands of other land tillers, in one form or another.

And why are we in this predicament. It is more the fault of the United States capitalist owned newspapers and journals. They are keeping the tillers in a lethargic sleep so that they can be more easily robbed.

Once in a while in later years I have seen a farmer here and there awakening, and rubbing his eyes, when he gets a severe jolt in the place where his pocket book is supposed to be.

The DAILY WORKER is an eye-opener, but it is the hardest job to in-

roduce the paper to our bourgeois-minded farmers. They still hope to succeed under the present system.

All signs point to the fact that they won't, and if they do, it will be temporary prosperity only. So brother farmer may as well jump off his lame donkey or crippled old elephant, and join the ranks of real fighters for real freedom.

"Farmer and Fruit Grower," Kennewick, Wash.

From Non-Union Town.

To the DAILY WORKER:—I am writing this from a non-union town so to speak, altho there are two organizations in this town and either one are real unions, viz.: the A. F. of L. and the American Federation of Fallway Workers.

Neither of these organizations are doing anything to amount to anything. In this burg the capitalists and manu-

facturers can exploit the workers to the limit, because of the fact that a great deal of religious hatred exists among the exploited masses.

The Slavs in this burg have been so misled by Jim Maurer and Co., the renegade socialists, that it is very hard to get the slaves to join any kind of a revolutionary organization.

The manufacturers of this burg can easily exploit the slaves of this back woods town by simply playing the socialist party and Catholics against the slaves.

There are very few DAILY WORKERS coming in here as you can see by your sub list, due to the easy manner in which the plutes can use their organs of propaganda.

Hoping you will give this burg a write up in your paper in order to help to wake up the slaves.—George Mussen, Reading, Pa.

PARIS COMMUNE CELEBRATION IN DETROIT, MICH., SUNDAY

DETROIT, Mich., March 23.—Sunday, March 29, at 2:30 p. m., a mass demonstration will be held in the House of the Masses, 2646 St. Aubin, to commemorate the Paris Commune. The demonstration will be for the benefit of the Labor Defense, which has charge of the Michigan cases, and for Irish famine relief. There will be an appropriate musical program. Admission will be free.

AMERICAN COMMUNISTS CALL FOR LABOR SOLIDARITY WITH FILIPINOS

(Continued from Page 1)

purposes, just as it strives to do with the working class in this country.

Macabula was killed by agents of American imperialism. The poor peasants' organization, which he led, was fired on by the so-called Philippine constabulary reinforced by government riflemen in motor cars, with the tacit if not open approval of Governor General Wood. You do not need to be informed why. The Nueva Ecija movement that General Wood seeks to drown in blood is aimed at the very roots of the system of privilege on which General Wood's masters in Wall Street, New York, live and grow fat.

Despite the lies which are spread to glorify American imperialism, almost feudal conditions reign in the rice fields. Thousands of acres of rice lands are owned by single individuals and corporations enjoying fantastic profits, while the Filipino peasants who plant, grow and pick the rice are obliged to live under the most abominable conditions, in practical subjection to the owners of the estates. Large sums of American capital have penetrated into the Philippine rice-growing industry in recent years; in fact, American capital completely dominates the situation. The native landowners are mere servants of the big rice merchants, export firms and bankers. They are, of course, bitter enemies of the exploited peasants. But American imperialism cannot shirk responsibility for the conditions that prevail in the rice fields.

You can well be proud of the heroic struggle which your brothers in Nueva Ecija have been carrying on against overwhelming odds. That this struggle has borne fruit can be seen in the revision of tenantry contracts to which the landlords were forced to agree. That it has alarmed the privileged classes throughout the Philippine Islands is evident from the extreme measures which were called up against it, of a scope and brutality unprecedented since the early years of the American occupation.

We know that the Nueva Ecija massacre was not the result of "excess of religious mysticism," as some American newspapers pretend, but was visited upon the organized peasants to prevent them from gaining possession of the rice lands. As one correspondent admits, the whole struggle in Nueva Ecija "was purely an arraying of the lower peasant class

LOWER BRONX HOLDS GET TOGETHER DANCE SATURDAY, MARCH 28

NEW YORK, March 23.—A Get-together dance will be held Saturday evening, March 28, at the Workers' House, 535 East 146th St., near St. Ann's Ave., Bronx, under the auspices of the Workers (Communist) Party, lower Bronx section. Admission will be twenty-five cents.

politically against the owners of the property . . .

American imperialism fights these movements not only because of the capital directly involved. General Wood, pro-consul of Wall Street, irconcilable foe of Philippine independence, fears the movements of the workers and poor peasants also because he sees that they are inextricably bound up with the movement for national liberation. He knows that emancipation for the toiling millions of the Philippine Islands is impossible without the overthrow of American rule and he allies himself with all the forces of privilege in the islands.

On with the struggle! The Workers (Communist) Party of America, organ of the class conscious workers in the United States, extends its fraternal greetings to you and assures you that it will fight side by side with you for the overthrow of American imperialism. Our battle is your battle.

Down with the profit-hungry money kings of Wall Street!

Down with American capitalist exploitation and imperialism!

The land to the peasants and the factories to the workers!

Unconditional independence for the Philippines!

Solidarity among workers and poor peasants throughout the world!

Under the banner of the Communist International!

Workers (Communist) Party of America, Central Executive Committee, Earl R. Browder, Acting Secretary.

Give your shopmate this copy of the DAILY WORKER—but be sure to see him the next day to get his subscription.

Steel Town Owned By Charles Schwab Celebrates Commune

BETHLEHEM, Pa., March 23.—The Bethlehem city central committee celebrated the Paris Commune with all branches represented, including Hungarians, Ukrainians and Jugo-Slovaks. Of course the population of Bethlehem is about 50,000 people, who are not interested in the condition of their workers.

Chas. Schwab has got his iron hand on the people of this city. He won't let anyone go anywhere or read anything, that would be of benefit to the working class. He doesn't care if the people read jokes, novels or any kind of capitalistic publications which poison the minds of the people.

Bar DAILY WORKER

I remember the time, when there was a stand, which had a few copies of the DAILY WORKER; but that, too, was stopped by Charles Schwab's agents. If the standholder had wanted to keep this paper on his stand, he would have lost his license, and most likely be driven from the city.

This shows that nobody but Charles Schwab and his friends rule this city. We have a mayor and other officials, who are elected by the people; but all these officials are bought by the gold coins, that Charles Schwab shows them. That is why Charles Schwab has the power in this city, over all the people and officials.

The American constitution gives freedom of speech, and freedom to organize or belong to any organization, to every one. That is only written on paper and not carried out in true facts. The American constitution was made by these capitalist rulers for their own benefit.

Steel Enslaves Town

Charles Schwab keeps all the working masses of this city enslaved, as the Russian czar did before the revolution. Soviet Russia gives freedom to all working masses—women as well as men—which they didn't get before. America gives nothing to the working masses, instead, she enslaves them.

We, the workers of Bethlehem, women and men, appeal to all the workers to help us get a freedom of speech, and a right to start and continue any movements for the benefit of the working masses.

By A. B.—A Ukrainian Junior member.

"BEAUTY AND BOLSHIEV' AT THE WICKER PARK THEATER IN CHICAGO

The famous movie "The Beauty and the Bolshhevik" which has drawn a gathering of 7,000 people when it was shown in Chicago sometime ago, is coming back to town for one evening only. It will be shown on the Northwest side, at Wicker Park Theater, 1139 Milwaukee Ave., on Wednesday, April 15, from 6:30 to 11 p. m. continually. The proceeds will go to the International Workers' Aid, the Russian Communist daily Novy Mir, and the Polish Communist paper Tribuna Robotnicza.

All friendly organization are requested not to make other affairs or meetings on that date.

May Day Committee Meets Today

A meeting of the May Day Committee will be held Tuesday, March 24, at 180 W. Washington St. All branch delegates must attend.—MARTIN ABERN, Secretary, Workers Party, Local Chicago.

WITH THE YOUNG WORKERS

CONDUCTED BY THE YOUNG WORKERS LEAGUE

Activities of Local Cleveland

A meeting of the building trades group of the Young Workers League will be held on March 24, at 5927 Euclid avenue, Room 13, at 8:00 p. m.

A meeting of the group of clothing workers of the Young Workers League will be held on April 1, at 5927 Euclid Ave., Room 13, at 8 p. m.

A meeting of the group of miscellaneous workers of the Young Workers League will be held on April 2, at 5927 Euclid Ave., Room 13, at 8 p. m.

Comrade Papoun will be present at these meetings to explain the necessity of joining the unions, and the necessity of organizing youth fractions, and the necessity of working with the W. P. and T. U. E. L.

A meeting of the students of the league will be held at 5927 Euclid Ave., Room 13, on April 7 at 8 p. m. Comrade Carl Weisberg will explain the necessity of the work among the students.

A meeting of Junior leaders and members of the Young Workers League and Workers Party interested in the work will be held on March 31, at 5927 Euclid Ave., at 8:00 p. m. This matter is very urgent and must be given serious attention.

Juniors' Work in Cleveland

CLEVELAND, O., March 23.—On Tuesday, March 31, at 8 p. m., a meeting will be held at the local headquarters, 5927 Euclid Ave., Room 13, on "Junior work" under the auspices of the Young Workers League.

At this meeting representatives of the Young Workers League and the party will explain the work of the Junior Section and the reasons why all Communists must support this work and counteract the effect of the capitalist propaganda in the schools, movies and press.

Plans will be presented at this meeting to promote the work of the Junior section in Cleveland and make it function more effectively. This will require the assistance of all the members of the party and Young Workers' League.

The capitalists do not overlook the possibilities of corrupting the minds of the children. We must, thru our Junior section, carry on our Communist education among the children.

All party members, their children, Y. W. L. members and all workers interested in this work should be present at this meeting. Your branch should do its utmost to make the meeting a success.

Yours for a strong Communist children's movement. Workers Party, Local Cleveland, Young Workers' League.

J. A. Hamilton, Secretary, Geo. Papoun, Secretary.

RED REVEL of the FOSTER JUNIOR GROUP of Brooklyn, N. Y.—March 28, 8 P. M. at COLUMBIA HALL Stone & Blake Aves., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"UNITY!"



an English publication of the National Minority Movement that is now sweeping all England, is

THE LATEST PAMPHLET WE HAVE RECEIVED.

Besides statements by A. J. COOK, TOM MANN, GEORGE HICKS, EDO FIMMEN, TOMSKY and others, this pamphlet of 40 pages includes

14 PHOTOGRAPHS

of the authors and the British trade union delegation in Russia.

15 CENTS EACH.

We have received only a limited number—requests will be filled in order arriving in the office.

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Workers Party of America, District No. 2
108 East 14th Street, New York City

Spring Term Begins April 1

PARTY TRAINING COURSE

Principles of Communism, Thursday, 8-10 p. m. William Weinstone
Marxism, Friday, 8-10 p. m. Jacob Mindel
International Communist Movement, Tuesday, 8-10 p. m. Oliver Carlson
American Economic Social History, Monday, 8-10 p. m. Alex. Trachtenberg

TRADE UNION TRAINING COURSE

History of American Trade Unionism, Wednesday, 8-10 p. m. Solon DeLeon
Fundamentals of Communism, Friday, 8-10 p. m. Oliver Carlson
Premiers of Trade Union Organization, Saturday, 2-4 p. m. Carl Brodsky

GENERAL COURSES

The Russian Revolution, Tuesday, 8-10 p. m. Moisey J. Olin
Current Events, Friday, 8-10 p. m. Ludwig Lore
Public Speaking, Tuesday, 8-10 p. m. Carl Brodsky
English, Advanced, Monday, 8-10 p. m. E. S. Jacobson
English, Elementary, Monday, 8-10 p. m. Simon Felshin
Elements of Communism, Thursday, 8-10 p. m. J. C. Oblans

Educate Yourself for the Struggle Against Capitalism!

REGISTER EARLY!

Information and registration at office of Workers School, Workers Educational Centers, and thru party branches.

GRAND BAZAAR

given by the Czech-Slovak Section of the Workers Party for the benefit of "DELNIK," at the BOHEMIAN-AMERICAN HALL, 1438 W. 18th Street

MARCH 26, 27 & 28, 1925

Admission on Thursday and Friday 15c Saturday Night 50c

Good Music—Doors Open at 7:30 P. M.

Contest for a \$400 Radio Saturday Afternoon Children's Day

GOMPERS' CHIEF LIAR IS CANNED BY 'BILL' GREEN

No Doubt Some Other Ananias Wants Job

WASHINGTON, March 23.—President William Green of the American Federation of Labor celebrates St. Patrick's day by opening the door of Chester's Wright's office and inviting Chester outside. When Chester tried to get back he found the door locked and the key missing.

Wright was the chief of Sam Gompers' labor information and publicity bureau, which office he held for six years. A former socialist, and editor of the New York Call, he proved invaluable to Gompers in his constant attacks on the radicals in the labor movement.

The major part of the publicity sent out by Wright consisted of lies against Soviet Russia and the Communists. The brain waves of Gompers and Matthew Woll, the disappointed crown prince were given the widest publicity by Wright. He was on intimate terms with the department of justice and exchanged information with William J. Burns, when that gentleman was chief of the investigation department of the department of justice.

The reason given for Wright's forced resignation is the necessity for reducing expenses in the publicity service. Wright is the first of Gompers' personal staff to be given the gate.

As a sort of apology for his loss of a very important office Wright issued a statement to the Washington correspondents, announcing that he had originally intended to quit his office on April 1st but confessed that "circumstances" made an earlier departure necessary.

He will continue to hold several offices he declared, including the editorship of International Labor News Service, a scandal sheet issued to bankrupt "labor" sheets.

Lies of Chamber of Commerce on Power Exposed by Senator

WASHINGTON, March 23.—In the closing hours of the special session of the senate, a spirited denunciation of the trick turned for the electric power trust by the Smithsonian Institution, in circulating a lying report on the financial condition of the publicly owned Ontario hydro-electric commission enterprises, was delivered by Senator Norris. He pointed out the falsehoods with which this report bristled, showed that it is being sent broadcast by the U. S. chamber of commerce, and proved by the sworn testimony of the Niagara Falls chamber of commerce delegates before the senate finance committee that Ontario power is sold to factories at one-half the rate paid to American companies by American factories just south of the border.

GET A SUB AND GIVE ONE!

FOREIGN IMPERIALISTS USE CHRISTIAN CHURCH AS TOOL TO ENSLAVE CHINESE WORKERS

PEKING, China, March 23.—Since the beginning of December 1924 there have been many rumors and signs of a fast growing anti-christian movement which centers in the various student bodies and groups of intellectual Chinese all over the country.

It seems as if the Chinese are beginning to realize that the missionary's purpose is not only to tell them of the glory of God and the pleasure of the other world but is also and mainly to break paths in the wilderness so that foreign imperialism can secure China in its bloody grasp.

It is needless to say that in every case of imperialist domination said domination has been secured by first sending missionaries to preach the gospel, whether catholic or protestant.

Against Foreign Imperialism. Only now are the newspapers beginning to consider the anti-christian movement as a serious and perhaps menacing problem. One of the local papers, North China Daily News, in its issue of January 7, 1925, prints an article (which savors a great deal of Rodney Gilbert) dealing with the menace and causes of the present anti-christian movement. The gist of the article is that the anti-christian movement is becoming very closely interlinked with a growing anti-foreign movement.

Reading the article we see that a student strike in Yale College in Changsha has "turned into bitter anti-christian movement and anti-foreign imperialism propaganda, handbills are sent to all the provinces and telegrams to all christian schools. Some of the printed matter is a bitter attack on all christian education as imperialistic and urges that all christian schools ought to be closed."

The article goes on to find out the cause or causes of these sudden movements, and discovers what seems to it the three possible causes. Priests Defend Capitalism.

They are as follows: 1. That the old mandarins are backing the movement. (This is absolutely ridiculous after reading the statements made by the participants in the movement. Such phrases are impossible to have been made by such a conservative group as the mandarins who are fast being entirely obliterated.)

2. "So-called imperialism." (The author of the newspaper article looks at imperialism as if it were an ethereal thing existing in the minds of a very small group.) He quotes a letter from a prominent Chinese christian advocating the earnest endeavor on the part of the missionaries "to prove to the people by their actions that christianity and the spreading of its ideals has nothing to do with imperialism and its expansion."

3. "Bolshevik poison" is at the bottom of it all. It puzzles me that, after seven years of continual verbal dysentery directed against the first workers' and peasants' republic, the newspapers are not exhausted and the source of the dysentery is seemingly endless.

Claws of Foreign Capital. The second reason which the naive writer calls "so-called imperialism" doubtless is the only one of the three that may be or rather is the main cause of the movement. But

no. The main reason, the prime cause of the new-born movement is the desire to decisively stop the inroads of foreign imperialism which if allowed to continue as in the past will in time have accomplished its aim in regard to China.

Then, the present anti-christian movement can be accepted as a move which the student class of China had at last begun, to destroy: "The teeth and claws of foreign aggression, the christian church in China."

Whether the movement will succeed and attain its object is a matter of time but it is the start. The ball has been rolled into the sea the students and people of China should strive with all their force, with all the power they have at their command. They should strive until they drive the whole crew of foreign imperialists including the band of missionaries whose purpose, may I repeat, is to squeeze from China the best that she has, into the deep blue sea.

The Business of Christianity. One year ago Robert Dollar, one of the foremost capitalists of China and of the Pacific coast on the American side in a speech delivered in Shanghai gave as the reason for the contribution of money by the christian businessmen in China to the missions in China, that without the christian missionary the christian business man would never have been able to secure any foothold in China. This from a representative of foreign imperialism in China should be enuf to dispel any doubts that may have arisen in the minds of some of the readers of these articles that perhaps I was wrong in making some of the above statements.

Steel Trust Calls For Strangling of China by Foreigners

PEKING, China, March 23.—Competition among American, British and French capitalists for control of China is growing keener. The large American corporations, with billions of dollars invested in China, are calling for stronger foreign intervention. Each nation is backing a different war lord, and thus further weakening China.

The United States Steel Products company, and the Pressed Steel Car company, branches of the steel trust, the American Locomotive company, and the General American Car company, are among the firms calling for intervention, while at the same time they endeavor to suppress the growing sentiment here against any foreign intervention.

Czecho-Slovakia Workers Hit. The effects of the Dawes reparation plan are being felt in Czecho-Slovakia. In the Ostrauer district furnaces are closing down and hundreds of workers are left without employment. In the iron and steel industry workers who demanded higher wages to meet the rapidly increasing costs of living are laughed at, discharged or forced to accept reductions.

PITTSBURGH, PA. To those who work hard for their money, I will save 50 per cent on all their dental work.

DR. RASNICK DENTIST 645 Smithfield Street.

G. BERNARD SHAW SUFFERS IN TILT WITH G. ZINOVIEV

English Anarchist Uses the Scrub Brush

The Commune, a little anti-Emma-Goldman anarchist sheet published in England helps to rub some of the tinsel off George Bernard Shaw, the intellectual tin god of British Fabianism, and the manner in which the job is done is neat and effective, and worthy of reproduction.

A STORM IN A TEACUP By D. PATERSON.

"And the cause of the war was... that one side broke their eggs at the large end... and the other side broke theirs at the small end."—Gulliver's Travels.

There has been a great deal of discussion among socialists up and down the country about the recent quarrel between George Bernard Shaw and the Soviet Republic of Russia, via Zinoviev. This is to be deplored in so far as it indicates a still lingering belief in Shaw as the intellectual leader of socialism. Some people still persist in regarding him as a sort of social Napoleon who is to tell us when and how we are to accomplish our emancipation.

The cause of all the trouble seems to be that the Russian people have had a revolution and have endeavored to infuse into it the philosophy of one, Karl Marx, instead of consulting G. B. S. on the matter. Now, to anyone who knows his Shaw, this is an unpardonable offence. In fact, one could imagine George setting up in business, in his own modest way, with a signboard like this:

GEORGE B. SHAW, Limitless, Consulting Engineer for Modern Revolutions.

None Genuine Without this Brand. Evidently the Russian people should have written to Shaw stating their complaints, and he would have diagnosed their case, sending them several tons of his "Revolutionists' Handbook," with a new preface specially written for them. Then acting on his advice, they would not have planted that stout old oak, socialism, but instead, would have gone in for some of the carefully tended hothouse plants of the Fabian nursery, such as municipalisation, nationalization, etc.

Shaw in His Regalia. Now that Shaw has definitely donned the cap and bells, serious students

of social affairs should pay as much attention to him as they do to Cornelius Chips, who, every week, produces wierd and wonderful concoctions of alleged humor in the "Lot o' Fun," "Funny Wonder," etc. We must disregard all these dialectical thunderbolts of Shaw's, as they have only one end in view, and that is, not socialism, but placing George in a perpetual limelight.

Communism is the only hope of the world! All else is illusion! Under the latter title comes Shaw. So let us go ahead with our Communist propaganda and leave George to bask in the sunshine of some fair duchess' smile.

Shaw, trading on whatever scraps of reputation he still has as a socialist is commanding the ear of many alleged socialists in these isles and leading them into a blind alley.

In the past he may have written to make people think, but now he most certainly writes to make them laugh. This is much safer and more profitable as the master class do not mind anyone criticizing modern society so long as it is only a joke. Whenever anyone attacks it seriously and shows that the only hope is Communism, ushered in by a proletarian revolution, then, sooner or later he is rewarded with a prison cell.

A DAILY WORKER sub means another Communist.



BUILDERS AT WORK

FIRST WEEK OF CAMPAIGN SUCCESSFUL.

Look for Two Bricks.

THE first week of the Second Annual Sub Campaign carries a bright promise for the future. About 70 NEW subs were added to our list besides over two thousand short-term new subs which were a hang-over from various local sub campaigns held during February and March and which we do not count among the regular new subs in the present campaign. This week proved also one of the best on our records in securing about two hundred renewals on expiring subscriptions.

The second week of the campaign is going to at least double the results, if Monday morning's mail is any indication. In addition, ten thousand special folders are now going into the mail to reach every reader of the DAILY WORKER and every branch of the Workers (Communist) Party in this country. These are sure to bring a response that is going to make "our daily" much bigger, much stronger, better able to build the Communist movement in this country.

By the end of the week the campaign should be gathering increasing speed. Readers of "our daily" will be advised of what is expected of them and branches will set in motion the campaign to "Build the DAILY WORKER"—"to make another Communist."

The gathering momentum of the campaign needs the help of every single reader and every single member of our party. The task set is a simple one for the individual determined Communist, "Get a Sub and Give a Sub"—is a task of securing two NEW subs by June 15, a task so simple in itself but so great in results that means the DAILY WORKER by June 15 will be well on the way to reaching twice its present strength and by the end of the year it can proudly lay claim to ranking among the great Communist dailies of the world.

If this task is accomplished, you will proudly be laying claim to belonging to a greater American Communist Party—because you can't "Build the DAILY WORKER" without building the Communist movement.

When it can be done so easily by getting two NEW subs—what is your Communist answer? The blanks for the purpose are in this issue—look for two "bricks."

PACKING HOUSE PENSION SCHEME IS TOTAL LOSS

400 Workers Taste Capitalist Law

After a two-year legal battle four hundred pensioners of Morris & Co., with more than 1,000 dependents, lost their fight to force the meat company to continue its pension fund, discontinued in 1923 when the firm was absorbed by the Armour interests.

In 1909 Morris & Co. established a pension fund, directing that the employees who were to benefit were to contribute 3 per cent of their wages, that Morris & Co. were to contribute \$25,000 to the fund annually until a total of \$500,000 had been reached, and that an employee who had been in the service twenty years and who was 55 years old, was entitled to a life pension with certain provisions for his widow and children after his death.

Yesterday Judge Ryner held that the pensioners, who had filed a bill for an accounting in which they asked that the company be forced to re-establish the fund, were in court "without equity." Briefly, his opinion was that Morris & Co. was not bound by any implied or expressed covenant or contract to continue supporting it.

In 1914 the fund reached \$500,000, the sum set in the contract. The fund totaled \$1,000,000 in 1923 when the Armour interest bought out Morris & Co.

Get a sub—make another Communist!

Crisis in Brazilian Industry, Employers Attack Wage Scales

RIO DE JANEIRO, Brazil, Mar. 23.—The Brazilian industrial crisis is becoming more serious. The Sao Paulo factories, which normally produce goods to the value of about \$115,000,000 in a year, have been cut to eighteen hours a week, one-third normal capacity.

The firms are making an effort to avoid heavy losses by the employment of all possible means to generate power in the individual plants, including the installation of engines and tractors.

The employees are being forced to continue on a limited basis of working hours, receiving greatly reduced wages.

The Arsenal of a Communist

This patent-clasp, leather binder, reproduced in actual size (adjoining) is of grained leather, gold-lettered and with a pocket for receipts. The clasp allows all sheets to be detachable.

Due to the prohibitive cost of the binder no commission can be allowed on subs sent in for which a binder is to be sent.

The binder will be sent without charge to every worker sending in a year's sub to the DAILY WORKER—or two 6 month subs, or four 3 month subs or a total of \$6.00 worth of subs, (\$8.00 worth in Chicago) AT ONE TIME.

The Binder Will Include

A full descriptive catalogue of all literature, information and prices of all Communist publications in all languages, advertising and printing, and note paper for your use.

Here Is a Full Communist Arsenal

to help the busy worker in the labor movement to fight for his class and to guide him to a full study of every phase of the principles and practice of Communism. This will also serve you as your proof of service rendered to the labor movement when you "Build the DAILY WORKER."

GET A LEATHER BINDER

and build the DAILY WORKER with these sub bricks sent to:

THE DAILY WORKER

1113 W. Washington Blvd. Chicago, Ill.

RATES

\$6.00 a year \$3.50-6 months \$2.00 3 months
 1% CHICAGO—\$2.00 a year \$1.50 6 months \$1.25 3 months

THE NEW SUBSCRIPTION TO BUILD THE DAILY WORKER

NAME _____
 STREET _____
 CITY _____ STATE _____

RATES

\$6.00 a year \$3.50-6 months \$2.00 3 months
 1% CHICAGO—\$2.00 a year \$1.50 6 months \$1.25 3 months

Send this PROPAGANDA SUB to a worker to "Make Another Communist"

NAME _____
 STREET _____
 CITY _____ STATE _____

THE DAILY WORKER

Published by the DAILY WORKER PUBLISHING CO. 1118 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill. (Phone: Monroe 4712)

SUBSCRIPTION RATES By mail: \$6.00 per year \$3.50...6 months \$2.00...3 months

Address all mail and make out checks to THE DAILY WORKER 1118 W. Washington Blvd. Chicago, Illinois

J. LOUIS ENGAHL / WILLIAM F. DUNNE / MORITZ J. LOEB Editors Business Manager

Entered as second-class mail Sept. 21, 1923, at the Post-Office at Chicago, Ill., under the act of March 3, 1879.

Advertising rates on application

The Party of Action

The Workers (Communist) Party is probably engaged in the most intensive activity in its history.

On the domestic front it is leading the great struggle of the left wing in the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America against the Hillman machine—a struggle in which whole sections of the union have joined—with Local 5 of New York playing a prominent role.

In the United Mine Workers of America it has organized around its program serried thousands of coal diggers; it leads in the fight for unemployment relief, against the open shop drive, against expulsions, for nationalization of the mines.

In the strike of the Willimantic textile workers the party and its press are a powerful influence.

In the Machinists' Union the party supports the center slate of Anderson against Johnston, the shameless tool of the capitalists. It leads the fight against the B. and O. plan and the struggle for amalgamation.

In the Carpenters' Union the left wing, organized around the Communists, have checked the offensive against the militants in Detroit and Chicago. The Hutcheson machine has been defeated temporarily.

In the strike of the miners in the Connelssville, Pa., region, the party program against wage cuts has rallied the strikers to it. The party press alone carried the news of this struggle written by workers for workers.

In Minnesota the party rallies the workers and farmers to save the farmer-labor federation from the middle-class politicians, and the Communist program is the program of the whole left wing in the labor movement of that state.

In Seattle the party has drawn many workers to it by its fight in the Central Labor Council and its general activity.

In New York the party's school is equipping the comrades with the knowledge needed for the party work.

In Chicago the district Intensive Training School lasting for two weeks is pointing out the lessons of the struggles the party is carrying on and training the party comrades from all over the district for their tasks.

On the international front, the party has defeated the counter-revolutionary socialists, in their attempt to arouse sentiment against Soviet Russia and world trade union unity, in a decisive manner. The name of Abramovich is a hissing and a byword to the workers of his nationality in this country as a result of the party's activity.

The party is organizing nationwide demonstrations before the Polish consulates to protest against the railroading of Stanislaw Lanzutsky, Polish Communist, to the gallows for his loyalty to the working class.

Demonstrations before the Japanese consulates and embassy in protest against the suppression of the Japanese working class by the sedition law recently passed, are also being arranged.

All over the United States the party is carrying on the organization of relief for the famine-stricken workers and peasants of Ireland in the face of the sabotage of the suffering Irish masses by the capitalists and middle class.

The Workers (Communist) Party of America claims to be a party of action. It is.

Completing the Chain

The New York Times, that staunch friend of American capitalism, has come out for the B. and O. plan.

This makes the chain complete. On one end is William Johnston, president of the International Association of Machinists and the entire officialdom of the American Federation of Labor. In between are the yellow socialists—the Milwaukee Leader has endorsed the scheme—and the liberal intellectuals. At the other end is the New York Times, the most outspoken foe of the working class and their organizations.

The chain is now around the necks of the workers and willing hands are drawing it tighter.

Beginning on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, this company union scheme, disguised as "co-operation" and sponsored by Johnston, has spread to the Canadian National railways, the Chicago and Northwestern and the Chesapeake and Ohio railroads. All the railway shop unions are included in the plan wherever it is installed.

The comment of the New York Times on this mass betrayal of the workers, is interesting and illuminating:

"The very existence of a strong and well organized union is evidence of a fund of creative and executive capacity among workmen which has not been drawn on by their jobs. The program in question is designed to tap this for the good of industry as a whole, instead of damming it up by resistance and repression."

The Times is a little verbose, but its meaning is clear. The B. and O. plan, says the Times, is designed to tap a reserve fund of energy possessed

by the workers. Unlettered petty bosses are accustomed to describing this process of more intensive exploitation as "taking it out of their hides."

Unions as combat organizations of the workers are inimical to the interests of the bosses, but unions that organize for production are welcome as the flowers in May. The B. and O. plan therefore kills two birds with one stone—it increases production and it makes the union part of the profit-making machinery of the capitalists.

No wonder William Johnston is hailed as a "constructive labor leader" by the plute press.

But the militant workers already, and the mass of the organized workers soon will understand that the Johnstonites are essentially destructionists. They destroy the unions in conjunction with the bosses.

It is no accident that the New York Times praises the B. and O. plan in its editorial columns just as an election campaign in the Machinists' Union is in progress, an election campaign in which William Johnston and the B. and O. plan are on trial before the membership.

Haiti and the Monroe Doctrine

The French government, irritated by the pressure of American bankers, demands that the American occupation of Haiti be referred to the league of nations.

With the suppression of the native population of Haiti by American marines our readers are familiar. Since 1915 the government of the United States has maintained an armed force on that island and conservative estimates of the number of Haitians slaughtered in the process of bringing them to a realization of the superior character of American democracy place the figure at 3,000.

The Haitians are Negroes, French is the language of the people and they have revolutionary traditions dating back to the overthrow of the French forces of occupation and the establishment of a Negro republic.

In the western hemisphere the American government has never tolerated interference by European powers. It has assumed the right of determining unhampered its attitude toward the other governments and peoples of Mexico, Central and South America and the Caribbean islands. The basis of this attitude is the Monroe doctrine, originally drafted to set forth the position of the United States government in these matters, but now a charter under which American imperialism enjoys the privilege of overthrowing and setting up governments at its pleasure in the nations to the south.

In addition to the desire to make a little trouble for its creditors the French government has another ax to grind. If the Haitian question comes before the council of the league a precedent is established for the discussion of other areas of occupation and the appeal of Egypt against British occupation could be heard.

The American finance-capitalists have little to fear from this project even tho the league acts on it. The French will be made to keep their mouths shut by a gesture of calling the millions of dollars of short term notes held by the House of Morgan, Great Britain will oppose the setting of any such precedent and the Haitians will continue to be murdered by marines.

The incident is of interest only as showing that the Monroe doctrine is a guarantee of non-interference by European powers in the territorial arrangements of the western hemisphere only as long as America did not meddle in European politics.

In world affairs American imperialism now holds the center of the stage. European governments know that American government policy drives toward placing them in the same position as the government of Haiti—under American financial and military control.

Miners' Strike in Pennsylvania

Our news from Uniontown, Pennsylvania, tells of the strike of coal miners in this stronghold of the steel trust.

The wages of the workers have been cut from 35 to 50 per cent and a great protest movement, at present embracing about 65 per cent of the miners, is in progress.

This coal field is largely unorganized. During the strike of 1922 the miners joined the United Mine Workers of America, but were betrayed by the Lewis administration and its local henchmen. The Uniontown territory was left out of the Cleveland agreement signed after the strike and the miners and their families left to starve or go back to work on the bosses' terms.

The miners continued the strike for many weeks with relief being furnished by the Progressive Miners' Committee and the Workers (Communist) Party.

Now they are on strike again. Unorganized, they have refused to accept the coolie conditions offered them by the coal and steel capitalists. They have, in this challenge to the coal barons, set an example that the organized coal miners would do well to follow before it is too late.

In the organized fields the Lewis administration and the coal operators' association jointly break down working conditions; jointly they try to drive the unemployed miners out of the industry; jointly they make war on the Communists and the left wing.

But the union is something else than officials. It is the fighting organization of the coal miners and the officials must not be allowed to destroy its effectiveness.

The Workers (Communist) Party will do and is doing all it can to aid the Pennsylvania strikers in their fight. But the miners should organize and demand admission as a body to the United Mine Workers of America. As members of the union their splendid fighting spirit and their numbers will add strength to the already large and determined left wing section.

JOHNSTON TALKS TO JOHNSTON AT ENGINEERS' HALL

Empty Seats Greet "B. & O." Bill

(Continued from Page 1)

auditorium of the locomotive engineers. Everything connected with the C. P. P. A. seems chilled to the bone.

In the hall William Schatz, one of Cleveland's lonely socialists was nervously walking up and down an aisle. He probably had not yet heard that he had been disconnected from the C. P. P. A. outfit by his national office. The next thing that came to notice was a rush into the street by one of the audience, who there purchased two copies of the Workers Monthly, returned, gave one to a friend, and both then hid their noses in them. We mention these things because time was passing, an audience was not coming and this seemed all that was occurring.

Then, going on nine p. m., Albert Coyle, chairman of the meeting, told the few present that the audience was small, but select. If an absence of workers makes an audience select, then that one was, one hundred per cent. He introduced Peter Witt, the nationally known humorist of the Cuyahoga valley. Witt scolded Coyle for calling a political meeting at this time of year. The argument was that the reason the audience was small was because the meeting was being held upon the wrong day of the wrong week in the wrong month.

Peter is Long-Minded

Peter spoke a long time. He exposed the city council of which he is a member. He told the eighty staunch and true present, that the council was owned by the New York Central railroad and the Union Trust company. He is surely right. But a couple of minutes later he entered into a long defense of the city charter and the Cleveland proportional system of representation. This "people's" charter must be preserved, he said. And yet, it was upon the basis of this charter and its proportional system of election of councilmen that 20 New York Central councilmen out of a total of 25 were elected at the last municipal election.

He closed with a sigh for cleanliness in government. Then Coyle arose to introduce "B. & O." Johnston. At this point another noteworthy occurrence took place, Peter Witt, in full view of the audience, stuck his nose into a red-covered Workers Monthly, and read for some time, oblivious to his surroundings. Workers Party literature seems to interest and bother these gentry some.

Hard Time Starting

Johnstone was introduced as one who believes in things that are right, just and decent; one who brought many groups together into a tremendous political movement. Nothing was said as to who drove these groups apart again.

"B. & O." Johnston had a very hard time getting started. His speech was like the sputtering of a Ford with two spark plugs fouled. He looked every bit the defeated politician and the first half of his speech was filled with references to the probability that many there may be who were disappointed and discouraged because of the small vote LaFollette got. This did not cheer the codfish aristocrats that composed the audience one whit.

Righteous William

Finally he said that he thought the people did not want a labor party, a class party. The republican and democratic parties were class parties and that was proof enough that all class parties were no good. In England there were classes, but here there were so many justice loving people who had to be counted in on any progressive movement. He admitted that there was a big job ahead to set the world right side up but said there was no need of a revolution except in an orderly way. Our form of government gave us all means to get back our government, to place it into the hands of the righteous, he counselled.

Praying For Help

Then came the peroration. All thru the meeting Johnston had been speaking much of the time with his eyes closed and his arms outstretched. Was he at one time a salvation army lassie? During his peroration he indulged in this mannerism more than ever and talked much about the Almighty, the creator and this world that he gave to all the people. Johnston must have two dozen stock perorations. The one he ended his speech with was a hash of all of them. Fact is, he never found himself during all his speech, never really got started, which means that he is as broken as is his C. P. P. A.

Did you ever spit in the ocean? Well, that's the Johnston meeting in Cleveland. He's another of the coterie of labor leaders who prefer the conference table to the strike. He also believes that between capital and labor there is an interdependence so fixed and irrevocable as to make complete success attainable only thru understanding and co-operation. The Workers Party will yet get the goat of these lame ducks that quack, quack in the employers' barnyard looking for pick-ups in the dung heap.

RAIL WORKERS' WAGES THREATENED AS CROOKED FINANCING THROWS ST. PAUL ROAD INTO BANKRUPTCY

By LELAND OLDS (Federated Press Industrial Editor)

Threat to the wages of thousands of railroad workers comes as the natural result of the dishonest financing which led the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad into receivership March 18. According to a 1914 report by the interstate commerce commission the company has been deliberately misleading its stockholders and falsifying returns to the extent of at least \$100,000,000.

The experts' report which preceded the receivership should be dismissed as a frame-up to provide the bankers with a pretext to take possession. Talk about Panama canal competition, farm depression, etc., will distract attention from the essential fact that railroad magnates financed a long time speculation of their own by an unwarranted increase in the St. Paul's funded debt, used the excessive interest charges to create the appearance of bankruptcy and so created a situation in which they can take possession at a fraction of the real value of the properties.

The road is not really bankrupt. It has shown a net income every year for the past decade, the total being \$197,261,000, a fairly decent amount. Total net income for the last five years has amounted to \$90,203,000 and for the last two years the yearly average has been over \$21,000,000. But the swollen bonded debt of \$435,000,000, overshadowing the \$230,000,000 capital stock, absorbs about \$21,000,000 in interest charges alone, making it possible to engineer the receivership.

Deception in Financing.

This excessive debt was saddled on a prosperous road to build the Puget Sound extension to the coast. For purposes of high financing this extension was separately incorporated. As a speculative adventure it should have been financed by sale of new stock to the interested financiers.

The deception connected with this financing, as exposed by the interstate commerce commission includes: (1) Inflation of the cost of construction of the Puget Sound extension and also of the early profits of the extension by charging operating expenses into construction expense.

Reaction Restrains Textile Workers

(Continued from page 1)

tunity to appear before the strike committee.

But when I sent in word that I was there, the reply was from Miss Kelleher that she would take it up, and let me know. Foreseeing this, I had prepared a letter on it from the district executive committee of the Workers Party. The letter was then sent in, read, and tabled for a week.

This in the face of diminishing and disappearing space in the capitalist press, and labor papers getting second-hand reports from the head office of the United Textile Workers. Such a suggestion of practical benefit to the cause of the strikers was rejected, because it came from the Workers (Communist) Party.

THE DAILY WORKER.

For several days, the DAILY WORKER had been sold in the Gem Theater, before and after the morning meeting. But today, the chairman of the grievance committee told me in the hall, that many of the girls were opposed to the sale of the DAILY WORKER in the theater. I asked if this was an official action of the grievance committee, to which she replied that it was the opinion of many of the girls. I complied and am sending a letter to the grievance committee, asking if that is the official action of the committee. If it is, a protest will be made by the Workers Party, for discrimination against a working class paper.

The religious prejudice of many strikers is affecting the sale of the DAILY WORKER. One young chap, who had bought it before, refused to buy it further, because one article he said called the pope a bloodsucker. He refused to buy a paper which was showing up the profits of the American Thread Co. and calling upon the workers thruout the country to come to their aid. That young chap said: "How can I believe your news about the labor movement, when you tell lies about the pope?" However, many strikers get the DAILY WORKER regularly.

Miss Kelleher, in answer to another letter forwarded by the Workers Party, stated that the DAILY WORKER did more harm than good to the strikers' cause, and that it should not be sold in the city. I replied that the Workers Party would not give up the right to tell the truth to the working class, or to sell its papers where workers could be reached.

I pointed out that capitalist papers were sold in the city, supporters of corporations like the American Thread company, and that the strikers had sold a capitalist sheet which for business reasons came into Willimantic for the first time when the strike began, and played up the strike; now, having the paper on the stands, little is written about the strike.

The Strike a Secondary Consideration

A strike meeting on the 17th of March, after the parade, had to be adjourned, in order that the vast majority of the strikers might attend services. About 80 per cent of the women attend services regularly at St. Mary's church. During Lent, they march to church every Wednesday and Friday night; and to high mass at seven Sunday morning, the usual hour for going to the mill during the week. No rest for the wicked.

Last night, as I watched the church goers return on foot, the priest was riding by in his comfortable auto, alone in a large car.

The Church Influence.

Church influence is turning many of the strikers from the only working class paper that militantly defends their interests. It teaches them to respect the capitalists, the overseers and foremen, a policy concurred in by the union leaders. They take pride in the "fine quality of help" in this town of 13,000 which merely makes the company more ruthless. The aim is to have "gentlemen and gentlemen." They are told by the church and union leaders to be "perfectly quiet" all the time.

Heavy Pall.

The sombre pall laid on the workers is evident now. One has a feeling of being weighed down, when he enters a mill town, whether it be New Bedford, Lawrence, Mass.; or Dover, Concord, New Hampshire; or Paterson, New Jersey (visited frequently by the writer).

The long, monotonous stretch of massive structures of grey stone, or red brick, with row after row of prison windows, whose framework reminds one of iron bars, oppresses one, a constant reminder that human beings are merely grist in this mill. And near by, the company houses, all one color, that uniformly which the capitalists warn against, as the future lot of the workers under Communism.

The March of the Dead.

At the beginning of the strike, there were regular gatherings at the mill gates, and parades into town in the morning at seven, and one at noon. But the businessmen and automobile gentry complained that the march interfered with traffic. So the grievance committee, fearing to alienate the businessmen, eliminate the afternoon parade.

The morning march continues, at seven each morning, to the hall. Strict orders come from the grievance committee that the march must be a quiet one. President McMahon in his speech on Wednesday, praised the strikers for their quiet on the march.

Don't Disturb His Majesty, the Boss!

One feels as he marches along, the same as in a prison mess hall, where talking is forbidden by menacing guards, and still carried on by the prisoners thru the corners of the mouth. Men, women, boys and girls, talk while they march, some of them, but there is a hush, a damper on all.

One must not disturb the city. The respectable businessmen, and chamber of commerce members must not be argued from their quiet slumber, after nightly debauchery. The bourgeoisie must sleep restfully on, unmindful of the bitter industrial struggle in which 2,500 textile slaves find themselves.

Anti-nationalistic!

Every time the Bronx English Branch of the Workers Party runs an affair, all those present always ask "When will your next affair be?" This one was so enjoyable. The branch has it as its policy to keep these anxious comrades and friends in suspense for at least six months. Now it may be answered: "Our next affair is the Anti-Nationalist's Concert and Ball on Saturday, April 11, at 1347 Boston Road, Bronx, New York City. Admission fifty cents. Now that you know—you must come!"

AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

(Continued from Page 1)

to make Kaiser Wilhelm a welcome guest in Germany, even if the monarchists dare not take a chance on restoring the Hohenzollerns to the throne. This is the result of more than six years of a social democratic government in Germany!

THE IRISH FREE STATE government has announced that it will redeem, in 1927, the Irish republican bonds issued during the sharp fight against England, since 1916. Approximately \$15,000,000 was raised in this manner in the United States. The subscribers will be requested to invest the proceeds in various Irish enterprises. The Irish Free State has no money to redeem those bonds. But it will secure a loan from Threadneedle Street or Wall Street, and the bankers will own the industries that will be established from the proceeds of the bond redemption. The Free State is a business government.

HOW many millions has William Randolph Hearst invested in airplane factories? This question will not down, in the minds of those who know the kind of patriot Hearst is, Hearst and his good man Brisbane devote columns of space daily to howling for the biggest fleet of war aircraft in the world. They now demand that Coolidge repudiate his secretary of war, John W. Weeks, who seems to be closely connected with the battleship builders.

Irish Famine Posters in New York Parade Roil Governor Smith

(Continued from Page 1)

play and kept on marching. They were greeted by cheers from the ranks of Irish workers who lined the sidewalk.

What the Banners Said

The banners carried the following inscriptions: "750,000 Irish workers and peasants are starving."

"The Irish workers and peasants call on their American comrades for aid."

"The DAILY WORKER helps the destitute workers and peasants while the capitalist press is silent."

"The Free State government is putting thru a hanging bill while the workers and peasants are starving." "Connolly and Pearce died to free Ireland; The Irish Free State lives to enslave it!"

"Support the Irish Workers' and Peasants' Relief Committee."

Comrade Gralton, Byrne, McKiernan and Mrs. Keog broke into the parade much to the chagrin of the Irish American politicians who hate nothing more than an "Abramovich" episode at their respectable St. Patrick's Day parade: their annual contribution to the cause of Irish freedom.

Irish Revolution Veterans

But Comrade Gralton shouldered a Thompson machine gun against the Black and Tans in Ireland, and he and his comrades were not concerned with maintaining the dignity of the murderous Irish Free State government. They wanted to bring the agony of the starving women and children on the west coast of Ireland to the attention of the working masses of New York, particularly those of Irish birth and descent.

Despite the efforts of the adjutant, the banners were carried in front of the governor's auto within fifty yards of the reviewing stand when the police forced the unwelcome paraders out. But thousands along the avenue saw the banners and the friends of a real Irish workers republic sent up hearty cheers.

Leaflets Distributed

Thousands of leaflets telling of the Irish famine were distributed along the line of march and also at several halls thruout the city where dances and other entertainments under the auspices of Irish societies were being held. Communists carried the famine posters in the grand march at one of the biggest Irish dances in the city and were cordially greeted.

The Irish Workers' and Peasants' Relief Committee besides securing valuable publicity for the famine situation in Ireland also did a good job in exposing the hypocrisy of the capitalist politicians who were cashing in on their alleged sympathies for Ireland.

Police Bill Hearing Soon

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 23.—The Dunlap police bill, which the bankers and manufacturers are trying to pass the legislature against the protest of the labor unions, is expected to come up in the senate military affairs committee Wednesday for a public hearing. The bill aims to provide a force of armed cossacks to break strikes.

Senator Raps Coolidge.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Iowa, March 23.—"Might as well appoint the king of the bootleggers to enforce the Volstead law," Senator James A. Reed of Missouri said here, while on a visit to his brother, commenting on Coolidge's appointment of Charles Warren as attorney general. Reed objected to Warren because of his interest in the sugar trust.

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