

The First Anti-Imperialist  
Week Is Now Over But Every  
Day Should See New Blows  
Against Imperialism.

# THE DAILY WORKER

NEW YORK  
EDITION

Entered as second-class matter September 21, 1923, at the Post Office at Chicago, Illinois under the Act of March 3, 1879.

Vol. II. No. 151

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

In Chicago, by mail, \$8.00 per year.  
Outside Chicago, by mail, \$9.00 per year.

TUESDAY, JULY 7, 1925

Published Daily except Sunday by THE DAILY WORKER  
PUBLISHING CO., 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

Price 3 Cents

## COMMUNIST FRACTIONS IN AMALGAMATED STEEL UNION; PLAN DRIVE

By ARNE SWABECK.  
(Special to The Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 5.—In response to the pressing needs of the thousands of steel workers struggling under almost unbearable conditions for a mere existence, the Communist fraction within the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers has become definitely organized and a concrete program of work outlined. Thru the Communists employed in the unorganized mills and furnaces it has become linked up with the great problems of the unorganized.

Last week at a conference held in Youngstown, Ohio, the details of organization were worked out. About thirty delegates participated representing Workers Party units whose members are employed in the steel mills of Western Pennsylvania and Ohio. Both district organizers from the Cleveland and Pittsburgh districts, Wagenknecht and Swaback, were present together with William F. Dunne, representing the central executive. The central executive committee of the Workers Party.

### AS WE SEE IT.

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY

PROFESSOR WOODHEAD, the British gentleman who essayed to enlighten the students at Chicago University on the situation in China, blamed the Chinese for all their own troubles. This was to be expected. It is quite believable, that had the Chinese workers submitted to the exploitation of the British and Japanese enslavers and took all the indignities heaped upon them without a murmur, John Bull would have let well enough alone.

FOR some reason that the British can never understand, or any other imperialist for that matter, subject peoples never properly appreciate the efforts made by their benefactors to better their condition and lift them up to the pinnacle of civilization occupied by their masters. We have the Hindus, who according to the British are yet in a state of political and cultural infancy, always rebelling against their benevolent rulers.

THE same is true of the Egyptians who the British have so far managed to hold them down by means of guns, etc. An occasional slaughter of Egyptians is entirely in harmony with the ethics of christianity. The Chinese (there are over 400,000,000 of them), managed to get along before the British empire was founded. They increased and multiplied at least, in Rooseveltian fashion. Their god was not up to the scratch in the ways of piracy, like the British god, so the Chinese found themselves sucking opium, forced on them by John Bull, for the greater glory of god. Out of the profits of the opium trade the British were able to hire missionaries and endow churches. Opium was to the Anglican church what the saloons in America were to the Catholic church.

CHINESE misrule is caused by the efforts of the Chinese masses to get rid of foreign rule. In other words there would not be any trouble in China if the masses worked sixteen hours a day, suffered the floggings of the brutal factory bosses in silence, and in general allowed the foreign capitalists to walk over them. Instead of being a great liberator and revolutionist, Dr. Sun Yat Sen was a great scoundrel, according to Mr. Woodhead.

WELL, the Chinese don't think so. Mr. Woodhead, and when the Chinese give the British taxmasters the tip of the boot or better still the point of the sword out of their country, they will owe more gratitude to Sun Yat Sen than to any other single individual in the history of China. That Sun's memory is hated by the British is the best testimony to his character. British propagandists are

### 830 STREET CARMEN STRIKE AGAINST THE OPEN SHOP IN IOWA

(Special to The Daily Worker)

DES MOINES, Ia., July 5.—The 800 employees of the Des Moines street car system are on strike, effecting a complete tie-up of service since Saturday morning. The issue is one of the union to job control and the attempt of the company to force an open shop. The company refused to discharge a conductor whose union card had been revoked. This refusal of the company is a violation of its agreement with the union and telegraphic sanction for the strike was obtained from International.

City officials are trying to break the strike by issuing bus licenses.

## FRANCE SEEKS SECOND MORGAN LOAN BEFORE PAYING DEBT TO U. S.

(Special to The Daily Worker)

PARIS, France, July 5.—The French government will seek a large loan from J. P. Morgan and company before making arrangements to fund its four billion dollar debt to the United States, it was rumored here in official circles.

At a fourth of July celebration, Premier Painleve declared that France would pay her debt to America, "to the extent of her ability."

## BIG STRIKE OF PATTERN MAKERS IS ON

### Hits Jobbing Houses of Chicago

A strike of the Pattern Makers involving all pattern makers in the jobbing industry in Chicago and vicinity was called by the Pattern Makers' Association of Chicago and vicinity on Friday, July 3rd. The strike is 100 per cent effective and was called to enforce the union or closed shop, a minimum wage of \$1.25 an hour, for the 8-hour day and 44-hour week.

The strike was first called in the Noback Shop, located at Van Buren and Clinton streets. The Pattern Makers' Union tried to obtain a conference with the bosses to discuss these demands.

Bosses Refuse to Talk.

The bosses' association called its meeting and flatly turned down a conference with the union. Thereupon the union, the Pattern Makers' Association of Chicago and vicinity retaliated by issuing a call for a strike which will effect the entire jobbing industry.

At the meeting of the union last Tuesday, June 30, there was the largest turnout of members in a year. The local unanimously voted to levy an assessment of \$3.00 per member on those on the job in the manufacturing industry. The spirit of the members of the union and strikers was high. They are out to win the strike in spite of all obstacles and to teach the bosses a lesson.

Come Back Strong.

Four years ago, in 1921, the pattern makers of Chicago struck and lost. Since then they have been repairing the damage and today they are coming back 100 per cent strong and determined to win the strike. Prior to the present strike, attempts at conferences were made by the union but they were unsuccessful. The union therefore girded itself for a determined battle against the attempts of the bosses' association to smash their union and the conditions they have won thru many years of struggle.

Communists On Firing Line.

Among the strikers are a number of members of the Workers (Communist) Party who are taking prominent and leading parts in the strike. The headquarters of the striking pattern makers are at 119 Throop street. The strikers are all on the job picketing and their morale is high.

## Coming Tomorrow!

TOMORROW the DAILY WORKER will publish a great Special Edition, devoted to the struggle between the suspended executives of Locals 2, 9 and 22 of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, and the Sigman-Perlstein-Feinberg machine in the New York City Joint Board and the International.

Documents, critical articles, news articles, stories from the rank and file, and Hyman's eloquent and convincing speech for the defense before the Trial Committee, all will be there—and illustrated with a photo of the membership guarding the headquarters of Local 22.

New York City workers! Members of the I. L. G. W. everywhere! Stand by to distribute the I. L. G. W. Special Edition!

## IMPERIALIST SPEAKER ON CHINA GIVEN AN UNCOMFORTABLE TIME BY QUESTIONS FROM AUDIENCE

(By Student Correspondent.)

H. G. W. Woodhead spoke at the University of Chicago Wednesday afternoon, and thoroughly demonstrated to a crowd of five hundred students the appropriateness of his name. H. G. W. Woodhead bears the honorary title of C. E. B., is editor of the Peking and Tientsin Times, and of the China Year Book, and is advertised as an Englishman of twenty years' experience in China.

He may have been there that long, but he failed to absorb even enough

(Continued on page 2)

## A. C. W. STRIKERS RETURN TO THE FIRING LINES

### Machinist Local Raps Scabby U. G. W.

Members of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers on strike against the International Tailoring company and J. L. Taylor company (owned by the same people), which are fighting the A. C. W. to establish the open shop under the guise of a fake union agreement with the United Garment Workers to furnish scabs, are expected to return from the week-end and holiday vacation with renewed spirit for the second week of militant and mass picketing.

Mass Picketing Wins.

This form of action, the massing of all strikers to face the scabs and their police and private slugger protectors, has won the first week's battle, since no power on earth can break a strike that is fought with such spirit and cohesion.

Every day and all day, morning, noon and night, the streets have swarmed with workers, milling and marching back and forth, with eyes peeled for the elusive scab. The hundreds of police and slugger who have beaten and arrested many pickets only brings a more spirited crowd to the picket line the next day.

No Division Between New York and Chicago.

The shops of the same firm in New York City, was emptied in 15 minutes when a wire arrived from Chicago telling the workers in New York that their Chicago brothers are fighting to prevent the union from destruction. Here there is no question if the workers in New York City have the same interests as those of Chicago and vice versa.

The workers readily see that anything which affects their New York brothers affects them also. There is no chance for the enemies of the workers to drive a division between the workers of Chicago and those of New York.

Class Viewpoint Seen Essential.

Neither can any unionist of Chicago deny that a broad class viewpoint is necessary in the labor movement in addition to the narrow trade issues in one union or industry. The left wing machinists and members of the Trade Union Educational League in Lodge 139, of the International Association of Machinists on Friday night, took up the battle against union scabbiness and the lodge passed a resolution condemning the scabbing of the United Garment Workers fake union on the Amalgamated strikers.

The Chicago Federation of Labor did not hold a meeting yesterday. A number of delegates came to the meeting place, the Musicians' Hall, at Washington and Wells Sts., but none of the officials put in an appearance nor could they be reached over the telephone.

Seven Killed on Fourth.

Seven were killed and ten were seriously injured as a result of Fourth of July explosions and shootings, in Chicago.

## British Inspired Threat of War on Soviet Union Is Stirring All Europe

(Special to The Daily Worker)

LONDON, July 5.—All the diplomats of Europe are stirred by the threat of a war upon Soviet Russia by an alliance of imperialist powers led by Great Britain, which is launching a propaganda thruout the world to provoke a severance of the present relations between England and the Soviet Union.

Poland, the creature of British banking interests, is taking the physical offensive by wanton raids of Polish troops across the Soviet frontier and attacks by arms upon the small Red Army posts at the frontier.

Germany, under Hindenburg, has seized upon the excuse of the sentence to death of three Germans in Soviet Russia for an attempt to assassinate Soviet officials, to ally herself with her former foe, "perfidious Albion," and has sent a peremptory note to Moscow demanding the release of the criminals.

France Discusses Situation.

France, whose imperialist interests are in a crisis, with the Moors slicing fiercely at her African colonies, has under the Painleve cabinet's consideration an offer from England to join hands with Britain, Germany, Poland and Roumania in a war upon Soviet Russia.

It is obvious that the excuse of Soviet "interference" in China is not the entire reason for Britain's acts, as long before the upheaval in China began, Austen Chamberlain, British foreign minister, offered an alliance against the Soviet Union to France under the Herriot government.

Soviet Indignation Is Rising.

Soviet Russia, on behalf of the workers and peasants of the Soviet Union, are indignant that Britain insists upon violation of international law so flagrantly as to try before a foreign mixed court set up in Shanghai, China, a citizen of Soviet Russia.

Soviet Russia long ago gave up the extra-territorial privileges in the old treaties forced out of China at the point of bayonets, and in so doing agreed that Soviet citizens should be tried before Chinese courts and under Chinese laws.

But Soviet Russia did not agree that Soviet citizens should be seized upon by imperialist nations who have occupied coastal regions in China by force of arms and tried before courts where neither the laws nor the judges are Chinese, but are British.

British Labor Watchful.

The labor movement of England, which has lately turned to the left following the sharpening of the industrial crisis from the depression in production of the Dawes Plan, and the widespread enlightenment of British unionists upon conditions in Soviet Russia thru the report of the British Trade Union delegation, is becoming alarmed at the menace of war in the actions of the British cabinet.

Labor unionists are pointing out that the hope of remedy for the increasing unemployment in England is being destroyed by hostile acts towards Soviet Russia which has opened up great commercial and trade possibilities.



## COMMUNISTS IN POLAND EXPOSE BRUTAL MURDER

### Socialists Laugh at Workers' Suffering

(Special to The Daily Worker)

WARSAW, (By Mail).—At one of the last sessions of the Polish Diet the deputy of the Communist faction, Thomas Pristupa, disclosed in a speech the activity of the Polish secret service and emphasized the touching care the Ministry of Interior is taking of the police. We shall quote the most interesting part of his speech:

"77 per cent of the whole budget the Ministry of Interior is assigning to the police. Not only has the percentage of expenses consumed by the police increased, but the number of this body also increased. In the year 1924 the internal police-force consisted of 36,953 men, and the frontier force 10,604 men. That made up a total of 47,557 men. In March 1925 the number of police increased to 61,903 men, not counting whole gangs of spies, secret agents and paid plotters, the number of which, according to the statement of the officer Russinek, can not be fixed."

Socialists Hide With Killers.

When Pristupa disclosed details of the base assassination of the workers Gaichik and Pilarchik, who were choked by poisonous gases and pointed out at the murdering of Baginsky and Vecherskovitch and others, the Polish Socialists interrupted his speech with mockery exclamations: "Please tell us how many anti-government meetings did you organize," or "what do you care about the assassinations of workers?"

### Calles Demonstrates His Loyalty to the Mexican Landowners

MEXICO CITY, July 5.—The landowners of the state of Durango have declared their support of the Calles government, after President Calles promised them to "limit lands taken to those absolutely necessary for uplifting the peasants."

Calles said most of the lands the peasants hold are held illegally, only about five per cent of the lands granted having received his signature.



## RIFF ATTACK IN LEBEN VALLEY IS SUCCESSFUL

### Workers Refuse to Go to War; Recruit Poles

(Special to The Daily Worker)

PARIS, France, July 5.—The French positions in the upper Leben valley in Morocco have been pushed back by the severe bayonet attack of the Riffian troops, a dispatch from Fez states. The fighting near M'Lisa is violent.

The statement of Premier Painleve to the French senate that the French losses in the entire Moroccan campaign have been only four hundred killed is believed by no one who is well informed of the Moroccan situation. It is well known that the losses have been many times greater.

#### Socialists For Bankers.

The senate gave Painleve a vote of confidence in his Moroccan policy of continued attack on the Riffians, the socialists again lining up with the imperialists.

The French foreign office announced that the Franco-Spanish conference at Madrid is drafting peace terms to present to Abd-el-Krim.

#### Workers Refuse to Fight.

WARSAW, Poland, July 5.—An interpolation in the Polish Sejm (parliament) by the Communist fraction, with regard to the French invasion of Morocco disclosed that the French government is recruiting Polish immigrants in France to go to the Moroccan front because the French workers are refusing to fight the Moroccans.

There are 750,000 Polish workers and peasants in France. The Polish white terror government sent them in order to get rid of a large unemployed army, and to be free of political opponents.

#### Would Use Poles.

The Polish immigrants were first used to lower the wages of the French workers and to act as non-union help to break up the French unions. They did not succeed because the Communists established two Polish language papers in Paris and informed the Polish workers of the situation.

Now the French government is using the same tactics to try to use the Poles to help win Morocco for the bankers.

#### Workers Party Acts.

The Polish section of the Workers (Communist) Party of America is calling on the Polish workers to protest against the use of Poles in the interests of bloody French imperialism.

#### Communists Call General Strike.

PARIS, France, July 5.—The Communist Party of Paris has decided to call a general twenty-four hour strike of protest against the Moroccan invasion.

In Saint Pierre des Corps, near Tours, the mayor has been arrested charged with "anti-militaristic propaganda," and the municipal council held a meeting and declared their approval of the mayor's stand against the Moroccan war.

Searches and arrests of workers' homes by the Painleve government continue throughout France. Meetings are being held in all the other industrial centers, which expose the imperialist aims of the French bankers who are promoting the Moroccan war.

#### Situation "Critical."

Premier Painleve has hinted that army classes will soon be mobilized to be sent to North Africa.

The Riffian attack on Taza is pushing back the French, and premier Painleve has called the cabinet together, admitting to them that the Moroccan situation, from the viewpoint of the French imperialists, is "serious." The war will cost at the least \$250,000,000, even if ended very soon, it was estimated by experts here.

The Journal des Debats declares the situation in Morocco is "critical." The Moroccan natives in the region of Taza, where the Riffians have battered their way to within a few miles of the town, have deserted the French and gone to the Riffians with their arms. Taza is on the main line of the Rabat-Fez railroad.

#### Demonstrations in Tangier

TANGIER, Morocco, July 5.—The workers have stormed the shops here and forced them to close in compliance with their organized demonstration against the statutes of the Tangier international government, of France, Spain and England. They have refused to pay taxes called for in the statutes, and have ordered all shops to close in protest.

The Spanish directory has asked Britain and France to send troops, declaring that "the neighboring tribes no longer intend to observe the neutrality of Tangier."

#### Cal Takes Jobs From 25,000.

NEW YORK, July 5.—Twenty-five thousand disabled war veterans, now in charge of the rehabilitation department of the U. S. veterans' bureau, will be jobless when the department is abandoned next June by the Coolidge administration.

## BRITISH INSPIRED THREAT OF WAR ON SOVIET UNION IS STIRRING ALL EUROPE

(Continued from page 1)

sibilities that would relieve the unemployed to a great degree. Moreover, it is pointed out that a rupture in relations and a breaking of the trade agreement would, as Chicherin claims, set England upon the road to war which would involve the whole world.

#### Soviet Union Seeks Peace.

That Soviet Russia is seeking peace, and not war, is pointed out from the report of M. W. Frunze, War Commissar at the third congress of the Soviet Union. Frunze pointed out that in four years the Red Army has been reduced from 5,500,000 to 562,000.

The ring of imperialist nations and their puppet governments have, Frunze reported, been doing the exact opposite. They have been preparing for war—and openly—with Soviet Russia. Frunze said: "The Helsingfors Conference of the Baltic governments, the General Staff Conference at Riga, the Bucharest Conference of the Little Entente and the fierce agitation which is being carried on in the bourgeois press of the world against the Soviet Union, compels us to most seriously concern ourselves."

#### Roumania Increases Army.

Roumania has recently increased her army by 25 per cent and bought 40,000 rifles and 62,000,000 rounds of ammunition for them. Poland has ordered three torpedo boats and six submarines from France. Great Britain has just loaned White Guard Estonia \$5,000,000 to arm her troops and provide for increased forces. Frunze, in referring to these developments added:

"You will have read that the Estonian government is ceding the islands of Oesel and Dagoe to Great Britain. If this report be confirmed, if the English flag is indeed to fly over the islands of Oesel and Dagoe, it would mean that the English dreadnoughts could appear before the walls of Kronstadt and Leningrad within 24 hours and that the English air-fleet could cruise over the factories of Leningrad within an hour and a half. You will understand that this is by no means a matter of indifference to us. We must regard such a transaction as a direct challenge to our worker and peasant state.

#### Good Precedent for Sympathy.

"You know that the ex-Prime Minister Lloyd George and the present French Prime Minister Painleve, assured the Ukrainian deputy Wassinskich, who had been sentenced to penal servitude by a Polish court, of their sympathy. Now if Painleve and Lloyd George consider it possible to do this, who can forbid the workers and peasants of our Union to call to our oppressed brothers: 'We know your griefs, your sufferings, we are with you, heart and soul, we send you our warmest fraternal greetings.'

"In spite of all this, I declare most emphatically that we have no desire for war and that, in spite of the assertions of the foreign bourgeois press, we are not preparing for an attack against either Poland or Roumania.

#### Numerical Strength.

"I will pass over the numerical strength of our Red air fleet. I will only say that it is unfortunately not much stronger than our nearest western neighboring countries together, Poland, Roumania and the Baltics.

"The strength of the Red Army without the navy amounts to only 529,000 men. That is 183,000 less than in France and 17,000 less than our nearest western neighboring countries together, Poland, Roumania and the Baltics.

"These figures show with convincing force that it is nonsense to speak of a 'Red imperialism.' Absolutely as well as relatively, we spend much less on armaments than all other, the largest bourgeois states, and relatively even much less than the smallest bourgeois states. At the disarmament conference at Moscow, it was precisely Poland which frustrated our proposals for giving up the argument of arms."

#### British There With Cold Water

LONDON, July 2.—Great Britain today threw cold water on Secretary of State Kellogg's proposal for a new conference of the powers to iron out Chinese troubles that have resulted in the present widespread disorders in that country.

"China must put her house in order before there can be any conference to discuss matters of extra-territoriality," said the usual hypocritical statement from the foreign office.

#### Officials Show Surprise

British officials were manifestly surprised at Kellogg's move, for no communication had been received from Washington, they asserted. In the absence of such official communication, foreign office officials said they believed the United States would continue to cooperate with the other powers interested in China and deal with the issue of extra-territoriality "only after China herself has cleared up the present situation and showed herself able to protect foreign lives and property."

Foreign Minister Austen Chamberlain has already stated that Britain sees no reason for considering the question of the extra-territorial rights now held by foreign powers in China.

In fact, the British charge d'Affaires at Peking has been instructed to tell the Chinese authorities flatly that

Great Britain is opposed to consideration of this question.

British Seek Trade Protection  
The British policy is based primarily upon British trade and the need for its protection in China.

The Daily Express spoke frankly on this angle today and showed clearly what is in the back of British minds.

"Twenty-five per cent of the inhabitants of the world live in China," said the Express. "Its more than 400,000,000 people make the country a vast potential market for British manufacturers—and their rivals."

#### Fear Stirring of Rivalries

Continuing, the editorial pointed out, that China already has signed trade agreements with Japan and with Soviet Russia. This incident was mentioned as showing the need for the careful nursing of British trade prospects in the Far East.

"Deep rivalries may be stirred up by President Coolidge's peace move," concluded the Express.

## ALBERTA MINERS STRIKE AGAINST WAGE CUT DRIVE

### Treason of Leaders Is Unavailing

(By Worker Correspondent.)

TORONTO, July 5.—The whole of the Drumheller Valley in Alberta, Canada, is tied up by the rank and file strike against a terrific wage cut, which the operators and the district officers of the U. M. W. of A. are trying to put across.

The cut was suggested to the operators by Sherman, the president of the district, sacrificing all kinds of conditions and concessions now thru years of struggle, and leaving practically nothing but the check-off to show that it is an organized field.

#### A Non-Union Agreement.

There was no discussion, no vote, no explanation. The first word received by members, was thru the capitalist press to the effect that the agreement was signed. What kind of agreement, may be judged from the fact that it is considerably worse than those offered by various operators during the past few months, in the attempt to get men to break away from the United Mine Workers.

Some classes of work are cut nearly thirty per cent. The men were given no choice, and in the only mine where any attempt was made to operate with scabs, the men working (29 the first day, about 11 the second AND LAST day), actually did not know how much they were going to get.

#### Men Strike.

The men took a Sub-District ballot and decided by an overwhelming majority to reject the agreement. Sherman and the operators did their best to bound them back with mounted police and a barrage of newspaper vilification, but so far the rank and file are solid.

#### Miner Shot By Cossack.

There have been numerous arrests, one young miner has been shot by a Mountie, and tear bombs are being used freely. But the miners have decided that this shall be the last time Sherman sells them out, and unless the operators listen to reason, there is every prospect of a long fight.

## Kenosha Communists Have Fine Picnic and Hope for Shop Nuclei

By ALEX TISHON.

KENOSHA, Wis., July 5.—A most successful Anti-Imperialist demonstration and picnic was held yesterday by the Kenosha local of the Workers Party. Several hundred workers attended and cheered Morris Chlofsky, who spoke on "Imperialism Today."

A resolution was adopted by unanimous vote of the assembled workers demanding that American imperialism keep its "Hands off China."

Kenosha is a busy industrial city and the membership of the Workers Party has many opportunities before it, once it gets organized on the real Communist basis of shop nuclei, as most of the membership is located in a few large plants. Heretofore this opportunity seems never to have been that of, but now Kenosha live wires are expecting to see a change as soon as the party is reorganized.

## Score of Bodies Recovered from Ruins of Building

BOSTON, Mass., July 5.—A score of bodies have been recovered from the ruins of the Pickwick club building, and from twenty to fifty are reported missing. The building collapsed during a July 4 hail.

Getting a DAILY WORKER sub or two will make a better Communist of you.

## GERMANY NOT TO BREAK RAPOLLO, SOVIET TREATY

### Security Pact Must Also Revise Versailles

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL.

BERLIN, Germany, July 5.—Foreign Minister Stresemann will lay down among the conditions for Germany's entrance into a "security" pact with the allies that the Rapallo treaty with the Soviet Union must not be broken, according to a resolution passed today by the German peoples' party, which he leads. It is understood the conditions embodied in the resolution would govern his future policy.

Condition of Entering League  
Stresemann will also lay down rigid conditions for Germany's required entrance into the league of nations, the resolution shows.

"Entrance to the League of Nations is out of the question unless the Ruhr sanction territories and the first rhineland zone are evacuated," the resolution set forth.

"Our entering the league must first be preceded by the conclusion of a security pact. Germany must be exempted from giving military assistance to the league. If we enter the league any military control of Germany, exceeding the terms of the Versailles treaty, shall automatically be abolished.

#### Must Leave Germany Free Hand

"The security pact must not exclude the possibility of revising the Versailles treaty insofar as it deals with Germany's eastern borders, but it must exclude any further sanctions and provide for submission to arbitration of all controversies regarding the demilitarization of the Rhineland.

"The security pact must leave Germany a free hand to conclude similar pacts with her eastern neighbors and not allow France the privilege of arbitration of violation of such pacts.

"It must not interfere with the Rapallo treaty." (With the Soviet Union).

## ELECTRIC TRUST REPRESENTATIVE MAY RESIGN JOB

### Secretary of War to Re-tire, Is Report

BOSTON, Mass., July 5.—Altho Secretary of War Weeks has issued a denial from his residence at West Gloucester that he intends to resign, his Washington house is sold, and it is thought that President Coolidge is looking for his successor.

Secretary Weeks represents the Morgan electric trust in the government. When it was thought Coolidge would pay his political debt to Henry Ford by leasing him Muscle Shoals, it was Weeks who brought in counter-bids from the subsidiaries of the Morgan General Electric company.

Weeks also looked after the interests of Wall Street in Panama, attempting to lease concessions to New York firms.

## Charge New Mexican Revolt Being Cooked Up in Wall Street

MEXICO CITY, July 5.—Former Minister of Foreign Relations, Gen. Candido Aguilar, according to the evening Grafico, declares a new revolution is being prepared from the American side of the border against Mexico and states he was invited by agents of Wall Street and other heavy financial interests to participate.

According to the Grafico, the reported revolution has unlimited funds and aims at securing for American financiers concessions denied by the present Mexican laws.

#### Cal Indorses English-German Scheme.

BERLIN, Germany, July 5.—President Coolidge's approval of mutual covenants among European nations, was hailed by German capitalists here as an indorsement of their "security pact" offer.

The German capitalists are endeavoring to form an alliance with the English government against France, and thru the pact negotiations extend Germany's eastern frontier at Poland's expense.

#### Prisons Terribly Overcrowded.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 5.—The federal government is completing a canvass of available space in penal institutions at which federal prisoners can be contracted out, as all available space in federal prisons is taken. A frightfully overcrowded condition exists.

#### Lay Looting to Americans.

ROME, Italy, July 5.—The looting of St. Peter's, the greatest Roman catholic edifice, is attributed to crooks with American training by fascist police.

Another new Sub—Makes another Communist.

## There Is No Escape for the Imperialist Bandits Who Plunder the World

TODAY, the spokesmen of the imperialist bandits are awakening to a realization of the fact that "Moscow" is not to blame for the growing discontent in Asia, India, Persia, Northern Africa, Mexico and other restless spots over the globe. The New York Times, for instance, displays a little intelligence, when it grudgingly admits:

"Chinese radicalism is not primarily the creation of Soviet or Communist international activity. Wherever political and social unrest manifests itself on a larger scale, the tendency is to call it Bolshevism. The late Sun Yat Sen may have been inspired, in part, by the Moscow example, but Bolshevism at Canton and elsewhere in Southern China has arisen from native conditions and under native leadership. It is the same in Morocco..."

The Times then goes on to argue that the "Soviet government is the leader of the opposition in the family of nations," and that all discontented nations, therefore, seek its support, until its period of discontent has passed, when they are again supposed to go anti-Soviet.

It is urged that all that is necessary is to appease the nations that have taken to the warpath. It is pointed out that there are many ways to placate China, Morocco, Mexico and other lands into joining the capitalist fold, with Mustapha Kemal Pasha, leader of the successful Turkish revolution pointed out as a brilliant example for them all to follow.

In other words the imperialists would find international nostrums for satisfying the aches of subject peoples and oppressed nations, much after the fashion in which they offer old age pensions, welfare plans and class-collaboration schemes to ease the pains of wage slavery at home. But all these "good intentions," set forth in beautiful words, go by the board as imperialist oppression continues in action against its victims.

The American armada tours the Pacific and Hawaii is to be made an "impregnable" fortress, certainly not to ease the burden of U. S. imperialism upon the Chinese. But rather to make the American position in the Orient preeminent among those of other imperialisms. That means, to become the most successful plunderer of the Chinese.

No intelligent student of conditions in the United States will contend that the class war here is less bitter now than in the past. The growing strength of the Workers (Communist) Party testifies glowingly to the growing class consciousness of American labor. Capitalism will not surrender its position of exploiter of labor. No more will the workers capitulate in their fight to achieve the final overthrow of the capitalist class.

The victory of the workers and farmers of the Soviet Republics stands as an inspiration to American labor, as it does to oppressed toil in all other lands. But the victory of the American Soviet Republic grows out of American capitalist conditions, that today seek to hold wage labor in endless slavery. The New York Times is one of the best champions of that slavery.

For more than a century developing imperialism has sought to improve its stranglehold on China, and other fields of exploitation. Chinese resistance in the past has been beaten down. But the power of the Chinese to fight their own battles is today greater than ever. That is the biggest fact that troubles the imperialist diplomats, as they ply their games of secret diplomacy in Washington, London, Paris and Tokio.

Calles, the "socialist," in Mexico, and Mustapha Kemal Pasha, in Turkey, as two examples, may seek to make peace with the imperialist oppressors, may make war upon the Communists in their own countries. But the farmers demand the land, the workers demand the industries, in spite of such betrayals. They continue the fight to the final victory.

The imperialists, according to the Times, are trying to find the magic formula "for reconciling Chinese nationalist aspirations." They have hunted long, like the alchemists who have tried down the ages to transmute baser metals into gold. There is, of course, no such formula. Imperialism stands before an international defeat, of which China offers but one front. Imperialism faces complete destruction before unshrinking Communism. There is no escape for it.

## KLAN EMPLOYER GOES ON TRIAL TODAY FOR ATTACK AND MURDER

NOBLESVILLE, Indiana, July 5. D. C. Stephenson, formerly grand dragon of the Ku Klux Klan, and a factory owner, and leading Indiana politician, will go on trial here Monday for the rape and murder of Madge Oberholzer, 28.

Stephenson, according to a death-bed confession of the girl, kept her prisoner in a hotel room over night, attacked her, and refused her medical aid after she took poison.

## Rosenbaum's Bogus Cooperative Brot Big Stock Crash

The Dean, Onativia and Co. brokerage concern failed with liabilities of over \$35,000,000 because the company bought stock of the Grain Marketing corporation.

The firm was organized with capital furnished by the Rosenbaum brothers, who also control the Rosenbaum Grain corporation. The Rosenbaum grain corporation formed, with the Armour Co., and other large concerns, a bogus "co-operative," the Grain Marketing Co., and tried to sell the farmers stock in this concern.

The farmers did not buy, however, and the Rosenbaums were forced to buy back 45,000 shares which had been put on the market, thru the brokerage house. The capital of the brokerage firm was used in buying this stock, and the crash followed.

## Working Class Youth Rushes to Enroll in Vacation High Schools

NEW YORK, July 5.—The Board of Education here was taken by surprise by an overwhelming number of pupils who made applications for entry into the four vacation high schools opened for the summer months. Hundreds had to be turned away. Recommendations will be made to the next meeting of the board that more schools be opened.

The tremendous number who have applied, shows that boys and girls of the working class cannot afford vacations. As one of the students put it: "After a long winter term of study the youths of the wealthy go off to resorts for vacations but we have to hustle around for a job. Jobs during vacations are at best very poorly paid because of the competition of an army of students who are eager to take anything to help them thru their period of study. Summer schools offer an opportunity to complete our course sooner."

## COMMUNIST ELECTED TO PARLIAMENT IN HOLLAND CONTEST

(Special to The Daily Worker)

THE HAGUE, July 5.—One Communist, Deviser, was elected to parliament, defeating the socialist candidate, in the Dutch elections. The government lost five seats but the present catholic premier is expected to remain in power.

## SPEAKERS FLAY IMPERIALISM AT WORKERS' PICNIC

### International Protest Against Exploitation

The Anti-Imperialist demonstration at the fourth annual Communist picnic, held at Beyer's Grove, California and Irving Blvd., July 4, was a real international affair, with a Chinese, an American Negro, a West African, and American Communists speaking. The speakers were James P. Cannon, Ella Reeve Bloor, C. T. Chi, H. V. Phillips, and a West African worker.

James P. Cannon, member of the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, assured the representatives of the oppressed peoples who were present that the Workers Party fully supported their fight for freedom from foreign imperialism.

#### Communists Support Chinese.

The Communists, Cannon said, realize that world imperialism will never be destroyed until not only the colonial countries drive out their foreign oppressors, but until the workers of those countries seize power and set up workers' and farmers' governments.

In the fight of the Chinese workers to drive out the American capitalists, the American Communists are wholeheartedly with the Chinese workers and against American capitalism, Cannon said. The Soviet government and the Communists of the entire world fully indorse the fight of the oppressed races and nationalities against imperialism.

#### Chinese Speaker.

C. T. Chi, of the Chinese Students' Alliance, who received an ovation, as did the other anti-imperialist speakers, related the history of the present fight of the Chinese workers to take possession of their own country and drive out the foreign troops, who are slaughtering Chinese for the foreign capitalists.

"This fight of the Chinese workers is different from the Boxer war, or any other Chinese movement," Chi said. "In this movement, the Chinese have intelligent leadership, they know what they want and they will fight on until they are victorious."

#### An International Struggle.

"We Chinese are not only against imperialism in China, but we realize that the fight against imperialism is an international one," Chi said. "We support the fight of the workers of India, Morocco, and all other oppressed peoples against imperialism."

Ella Reeve Bloor, who has just arrived in Chicago from California, enroute on a coast to coast hitch-hiking tour for the DAILY WORKER, told of the widespread unemployment which prevails thruout the country. She told of the campaign of the Workers Party in Los Angeles which secured 26,000 votes, in the recent municipal campaign.

#### Unemployment.

"In the western industrial cities," said Comrade Bloor, "the open shop bosses deliberately created an unemployment menace as part of their union smashing drive. They threw thousands out of work and then they said, 'These men, if they wanted to work could go out on the farms and get jobs.'"

"But when I got to Kansas, I found the roads choked with workers who couldn't get jobs on the farms because there were too many of them, and because the Kansas harvest this year is a failure. The crops are very poor and thousands of farmers are penniless."

Comrade Bloor told of the Chinese workers she met in Denver and in San Francisco, who are supporting the fight against imperialism and who are friendly to the Soviet Union because they realize that Russia is the only nation friendly to the oppressed peoples.

#### Negroes Fight Bosses.

H. V. Phillips, representative of the American Negro Labor Congress, spoke on behalf of the seventeen million Negroes in the United States. "I can assure you," he said, that altho the Negroes are oppressed more than any other race, they are taking an active part in the fight against imperialism."

The race problem in America is fundamentally a class problem, Phillips said, and the Negroes are taking their places along side the white workers in the struggle against capitalist exploitation.

#### Africa Uniting.

A worker from West Africa spoke, describing conditions in Africa, and declaring that all Africa is uniting against imperialism, and is watching the struggle of the Riffians against the French bankers with great sympathy. Several thousand people attended. There was dancing, games, sports and refreshments.

#### Advocates Militarization.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 5.—In a speech here, Rear Admiral Bradley Fiske declared that there will be another war, and advocated increased military preparation.



# Imperialism Is Determined to Rule Thru Persecution and Murder

"THE rapacious imperialists of America, England, Japan and France, the capitalist powers that are holding China in their grip, refuse to accede to the rightful demands of the Chinese people. Foreign imperialism is determined to hold onto China by sheer force, by jailing, persecution and wholesale murder."—From the Joint Manifesto of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League, the Workers (Communist) Party and the Trade Union Educational League.

## WORKERS MUST FORCE EUROPE'S IMPERIALISTS OUT OF AFRICA, TO PREVENT WORLD CONFLAGRATION

MOSCOW.—(By Inprecorr Cable).—The Oriental Bureau of the Communist International has issued the following proclamation to the workers and peasants, calling upon them to resist the imperialist war in Morocco which, supported by the socialists, is leading to a world conflagration. The statement follows:

THE Painleve-Briand-Caillaux government has started the Moroccan war which for months had been prepared by Herriot in conjunction with General Lyautey. The imperialist Left Bloc which emits so much symbolic peace talk, is just as dangerous as the Nationalist Bloc. It is the old unbridled race for markets and for the acquisition of riches which benefit the capitalists only, and for which the workers and peasants have to pay.

The negotiation proposals made by Abd-el-Krim were systematically rejected by Lyautey and Herriot, who organized the blockade of the Rif by swarming the neutral zone with block houses and then alluring Abd-el-Krim into the ambush on the Ouergha.

### Leads to New World War

The Moroccan events between 1907 and 1911 and the Agadir episode were the fore runners of the great slaughter from 1914 to 1918. The plundering expedition now undertaken by France against the Rif contains the elements which may lead to severe international complications. Not only France and Spain, but also England and Italy are interested in the plundering of Morocco.

France waited for the defeat of Spain in order to acquire the Rif territory at Spain's costs. Just as in 1914, so today we hear of the "attack on France's prestige." Today also we are told that it was the inhabitants of the Rif who first attacked peaceful France. England and Italy are waiting for a favorable chance to demand in the name of their international prestige their share of the spoils.

In this manner French imperialism once more lets the Moroccan fire flare up which may lead to heavy international conflicts. This is an imperialist war directed against an oppressed people; it is the war of French, British, Italian and Spanish imperialism against the independence of the oppressed peoples. By defending themselves the Rif inhabitants are only defending their independence in the

with Spain who is also opposed to the French penetration into the Rif.

In the meantime Italian imperialism is taking advantage of this situation by demanding Tunis. It points to France's intentions in order to hush up its own plans in Tripoli. Because of the international complications, the government of the left bloc tries to assure the world that it will confine itself to driving Abd-el-Krim out of the protectorate and to the defense of the borders.

In reality, however, the war will be carried on in the form of a blockade whose goal it is to force the Rif inhabitants into submission and thus to get hold of their land.

### Workers to Pay.

Such is the policy of peace which is supported by the democrats and social-democrats of the left bloc. Their colonial policy differs in no way from that of the bloc national. They have prepared the war, and they will carry the Moroccan war to a finish. This war may lead to another war yet more frightful than that of 1914-1918—a war that will cause rivers of blood to flow, and will require thousands of corpses and unparalleled destruction and devastation.

French workers and peasants! The horrors of the last war will be as nothing in comparison with those which the murderous imperialists and militarists will let loose upon the world. The next war will require not only countless victims, but also millions upon millions of money that will go into the pockets of the war mongers and war profiteers. Heavy burdens of taxation are your inevitable fate.

Workers and peasants of Spain! French imperialism has sent its agent to Spain in order to drag your country into the bloody war in Morocco. Spanish soldiers were already fraternizing with the Rif, and they will continue to do so. It is your duty to join all your efforts with those of the French workers and peasants in the struggle for peace and for the evacuation of Morocco.

### Down With Imperialism!

Workers and peasants of Italy! The French proletariat will do its utmost to rouse the resistance of the masses against the pirate war of their government. It is your duty to prevent the further spread of the conflagration. Your government, the fascist government of Mussolini is inclined to freshen its crumpled laurels thru new conquests, united with the French proletariat, you will prevent your government from committing these new crimes.

Comrades, workers and peasants! The Communist International warns you against the impending danger. Only you can prevent the new mass slaughter. Close your ranks, organize and raise such a mighty protest that your government may be struck with terror and lose no time in making peace with the Rif inhabitants. Workers and peasants! Arise, all of you, against the war!

Long live the fraternity of the French soldiers with the Rifis for the purpose of effecting a rapid peace. Long live the complete independence of the colonial peoples!

Down with the imperialist war in Morocco! The Oriental Bureau of the Communist International.

Semard, Katayama, Nin, Kolaroff.

Write the story about your shop—Order a bundle to distribute there.

## Make It Hot for Imperialist Speaker

(Continued from page 1)

of Oriental diplomacy to put across his reactionary arguments on the middle class students of Rockefeller's university.

### Questions Overcome British Propagandist.

His speech denouncing the Bolsheviks and defending foreign rule in China, especially British and Japanese rule, stirred up a storm of questions that shocked, worried, and practically routed the speaker.

One awakening scholar in the audience wanted to know why, inasmuch as the Communists had brought Russia from chaos to order and happiness in a few years, it wouldn't be a good thing to invite them into China, in order to restore peace there. This question the lecturer waved aside—"I shan't answer that," he said.

But there were others he couldn't answer. "What about the unjust treaties, depriving China of natural resources and controlling her finances?" was one.

### Yes—It Depends

"Depends what you call unjust," replied Woodhead, and he went on to make clear that mere abuse and long hours of hard labor in the foreign capitalist's factories somehow were not unjust to a Chinaman.

"Why do the foreign powers support centralized autocratic rule in China?" came from some person who had read of diplomatic intrigue to restore the monarchy.

"But whom would our diplomats have to deal with unless there was some one powerful autocrat in charge of China," responded Woodhead, and then demonstrated that such an autocrat must of course be willing to listen to reason—financial reasons, if he got any foreign support.

### All For "Profitable Business"

"Why extra-territoriality?" several students asked. "Because it is absolutely necessary to our people if they are to have profitable business in China," unflinchingly answered Woodhead.

There were literally dozens of questions, all hostile not one friendly leading question in the lot. The speaker was simply flabbergasted, his voice grew weaker and weaker, finally he pleaded weariness, and the chairman came kindly to his rescue.

The questions were the best part of it, but the speech itself was sufficiently amazing. After being introduced by Prof. Tutts, vice-president of the university, and acting president, Woodhead proceeded to give one of the frankest pro-capitalist imperialist versions of the Chinese situation ever heard.

### Slanders Sun Yat Sen

Sun Yat Sen he slandered with the statement that "his mercenaries supported themselves in Canton on the opium, gambling and brothel graft," and Woodhead's interpretation of the defeat of the "tiger troops" or Fascists of Canton was that "Sun Yat Sen incited the proletariat against the merchants and massacred them."

Evidently all this might have been forgiven Sun if he had not "become closely allied with the Soviet." This was his great sin. In horror stricken accents Woodhead referred to Sun and Joffe, the representative of Soviet Russia, as "this precious pair," and "the noisiest trouble-makers in China."

### Evidence, But No Proof

The whole difficulty in China, according to Woodhead, is that the Chinese are inefficient, and dumb generally, and that they are being misled by the Russian Bolsheviks. "There is no absolute proof," said Woodhead, "that the Kuo Min Tang is subsidized

by Russian gold, but there is very strong evidence."

One of the incidents he related as evidence was the case of a Chinese soldier who just would go up on a certain wall in the fortifications of the city. No Chinaman had ever been allowed on that wall since the whites came to China. Naturally the whites were not going to begin now to allow Chinese soldiers to mount the fortifications of their own cities, such a thing would indeed set a bad precedent.

### How Shocking!

So the Chinese soldier was chased off once or twice, and then put where he will never bother any of the "superior" race any more. "And would you believe it, Karakhan, the Soviet ambassador, issued a statement justifying the soldier, and all sorts of Russian Bolshevik unions and what not sent messages of consolation and sympathy to the soldier's family." Such a ridiculous thing, in Mr. Woodhead's opinion.

According to the lecturer, the Chinese are so stupid, really, you know, they cannot see that the foreign capitalists are trying to civilize the country, and that foreign mills are much better places to work in than any Chinese workshops.

They are so stupid that they cannot tell one kind of white man from another, and go on strike against British capitalists just like all the rest. Of course they can tell the Bolsheviks.

### Bad Bolsheviks Are Contagious

There is something inherently bad in a Bolshevik that calls out similar badness in the Chinese coolie; wickedness responds to wickedness, and they treat each other as comrades. Woodhead read excerpts from speeches of both Chinese and Russian leaders to prove this point.

Woodhead has the Bolshevik horrors all night. So much so that he entirely overlooked the evident sarcasm in one of the questions he tried to answer, which was, "The very real economic interests of England and other powers in China are well known, but what do the Russian Communists expect to gain by their activity?"

### Why Indeed!

Poor Woodhead contented himself with naively wondering aloud, "Why indeed should the Bolsheviks want to come into China? If they would only stay out!" Previously to this he had stated that red theories were making no headway whatever among the business men in China.

Woodhead's speech was part of a series on Far Eastern Affairs, given under the Norman Watt Harris foundation. He talks on July 8 on "Extra-territoriality," and on July 16 on "China's Foreign Relations." Speeches at 4:30 in Leon Mandell Hall, University of Chicago, and public is invited. Count Soyeshima of Japan talks July 9, on "Japan's Policy in the Far East."

### PITTSBURGH, PA.

To those who work hard for their money, I will save 50 per cent on all their dental work.

### DR. RASNICK

DENTIST.

645 Smithfield Street.

## OCCUPATION OF CANTON BY THE KUO MIN TANG ARMY WAS BIG DEFEAT FOR THE IMPERIALISTS

MOSCOW, June 16.—(By Mail).—The occupation of Canton by the Kuo Min Tang army, which is to be regarded as an important victory for the national revolutionary movement, took place under the following circumstances:

Canton, where for some days the armies of the generals of the provinces of Yunnan and Kwang-Si had risen against the government of the Kuo Min Tang Party, was occupied by revolutionary Kuo Min Tang troops. The latter have completely defeated the counter-revolutionary army and have made 4,000 prisoners. The commander of the first Yunnan division, Tschao Tschin Lian was murdered by his own soldiers.

Documents were found in the possession of the general staff of the Yunnanese troops which reveal the existence of a conspiracy for the formation of a counter-revolutionary government with the support of the foreign imperialist powers. The coming publication of the documents will prove sensational.

The population greeted the Kuo Min Tang troops as a besieged town greets its rescuers. Workers of Canton marched as the first into the town. The counter-revolutionary insurrection took place under the slogan of freeing of Kwangtung from the Bolsheviks. The Kuo Min Tang issued in opposition to this the slogan of freeing the country from the militarist and imperialist yoke.

The insurrectionaries had enormous sums of money at their disposal for the purpose of corrupting the Kuo Min Tang troops. They were, however, unsuccessful. The Kuo Min Tang troops were supported by the workers, peasants students and smaller business men and by all groups of the national revolutionary movement including the Communist Party.

By a decision of the Kuo Min Tang Party a new government has been formed in Canton of nine members. The Kuo Min Tang Party has issued an appeal in which it calls for a realization of the will of the dead leader and founder of the Party, Sun Ya Sen. In Canton there is a great revolutionary impetus and powerful anti-imperialist demonstrations have taken place.

The movement in China is spreading. The Shanghai strike continues unweakened. The Shanghai chamber of commerce which has previously adopted a conciliatory attitude to the strike has now decided to support the strikers with considerable sums of money.

On the 13th of June hundreds of thousands of people took part in a demonstration in Shanghai in which the decision was passed that should the demands be rejected and satisfaction not be made by the foreign powers, the whole of China is to be called for a general strike.

Indignation Grows. The growing indignation of the people expresses itself in all kinds of collisions in various parts. Yesterday in Tsching-Kiang (Province Kiang-Su) crowds forced their way into the English concession, the Japanese "Formosa" and the English consulate being set alight.

British and Japanese soldiers who were landed, forced the masses back. The Japanese naval authorities in China have demanded the dispatch of four further Japanese cruisers. In the already reported collisions in Hankow, seven dead and 40 wounded have already been recorded. After the bloodshed the foreign quarter of Hankow was surrounded by 5,000 foreign soldiers, and defended with barbed wire, machine guns and field guns.

In Hankow, 30,000 Chinese have commenced a strike of protest against the shootings. The Chinese foreign minister has handed a protest note to the British ambassador in connection with the shootings.

THE DAILY WORKER.

Dr. S. ZIMMERMAN  
DENTIST  
2232 N. CALIFORNIA AVE. Phone ARMITAGE 2466

### MY NEW LOCATION

Special Prices to Workers  
X-Ray  
Gas Given

ESTABLISHED 12 YEARS  
My Examination Is Free  
My Prices Are Reasonable  
My Work Is Guaranteed  
Extracting Specialist  
DELAY MEANS DECAY

## BOOKS FOR PROPAGANDA PURPOSES In Special July Offers

### NUMBER 1

10 PAMPHLETS FOR 25 CENTS  
100 for \$2.00 — 1,000 for \$15.00

1. UNEMPLOYMENT .....by Earl Browder .05 Cents
2. AMERICAN FOREIGN BORN WORKERS by Clarissa Ware .05 "
3. WM. F. DUNNE'S SPEECH AT THE PORTLAND CONVENTION ..... .05 "
4. STRUGGLE AGAINST FASCISM ..... by Andreas Nin .15 "
5. WHITE TERRORISTS ASK FOR MERCY. by Max Bedacht .05 "
6. SHOULD COMMUNISTS PARTICIPATE IN REACTIONARY TRADE UNIONS .....by V. I. Ulianov (Lenin) .05 "
7. STRATEGY OF THE COMMUNISTS ..... .05 "
8. RUSSIAN TRADE UNIONS ..... .05 "
9. MARRIAGE LAWS OF SOVIET RUSSIA ..... .05 "
10. CONSTITUTION OF SOVIET RUSSIA ..... .05 "

Regular Price ..... .60 Cents

ALL TEN COPIES 25 CENTS

## All Single Orders accepted at regular Catalogue prices only!

### NUMBER 2

FOUR BOOKS FOR \$1.00

1. THE GREAT STEEL STRIKE  
by Wm. Z. Foster (Paper) .50 Cents
2. LENINISM vs. TROTSKYISM  
by G. Zinoviev, I. Stalin, L. Kamenev .20 "
3. LENIN THE GREAT STRATEGIST  
by A. Losovsky (Paper) .15 "
4. INDUSTRIAL REVIVAL IN SOVIET RUSSIA  
by A. A. Heller (Cloth) \$2.00

Regular Price..... \$2.85

ALL FOUR BOOKS FOR \$1.00  
BOOKS AND PAMPHLETS FOR OPEN AIR MEETINGS  
ALL ORDERS SUBJECT TO STOCK ON HAND—RUSH!  
ORDER BY OFFER NUMBER.

## CASH

These offers are made only on strictly cash terms. No credit orders accepted.

### NUMBER 3

THREE BOOKS FOR \$2.00

1. ROMANCE OF NEW RUSSIA  
by Magdaleine Marx (Cloth) \$2.00
2. INDUSTRIAL REVIVAL IN SOVIET RUSSIA  
by A. A. Heller (Cloth) \$2.00
3. THE GOVERNMENT STRIKE-BREAKER  
by Jay Lovestone (Paper) .60

Regular Price ..... \$4.60

ALL THREE BOOKS FOR \$2.00  
SPECIAL BOOKS FOR SUMMER READING—  
A GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO ADD TO YOUR LIBRARY

This Offer Holds Good Only Until August 1

THE DAILY WORKER PUBLISHING CO  
1113 W. Washington Blvd. Chicago, Ill



## NEGRO EXPOSES STEEL TRUST'S SPYING SYSTEM

### Workers Are Fired for Talking Union

(By A Negro Steel Worker.)

EAST YOUNGSTOWN, O., July 5.—The employees at the East Youngstown plant of the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company, one of the largest plants in the Youngstown steel district, work under what the company calls the "Employee's Representation Plan" or a company union.

No member of a labor union is eligible to act as a representative. Membership in the Workers Party, Industrial Workers of the World, or any other revolutionary organization, subjects any employee to immediate dismissal.

The rules provide that any employee who feels that an injustice has been done him can appeal to the president of the company and finally to the secretary of the U. S. department of labor.

#### Davis Co.'s Supreme Court.

According to this the secretary of labor is the "supreme court" for the company union. Unionism of all kinds is prohibited by the rules and regulations subscribed to by the workers at this plant and even the chances of appealing to the open shop supreme court of the department of labor are indeed remote when the appealing party happens to be a militant worker in rebellion against the iron heel of capitalism.

Five South Slav steel workers who have been employed by this company for many years were recently dismissed without any reason given. Two are members of the Workers Party of America while the other three are sympathizers. They were simply told by their boss to GO HOME and STAY THERE.

#### Bribery System.

In their cases the company union refused to operate because their plant representatives in the company union are immediately promoted when elected to represent the workers so they will get out of the way of the workers. Straw bosses and foremen use the bribery system and one dismissed steel worker told how a straw boss on No. 6 threading floor wanted to "borrow" \$300.00 from him just because he was discharged.

The "borrowing" habit is a fixed part of the daily life of the steel workers and in most cases the steel slave must either "loan" his boss the money or face dismissal. These are but a few of the evils resulting from this wonderful employees' representation plan or company union. The only time the workers in my department hear from their representatives is around election time which takes place once each year.

#### Fired For Complaining.

Not over 5 per cent of the workers vote for their representatives and when they are elected they usually get a better job. We never have seen any of the minutes of their meetings and their spy system is so well organized that once we complain we are immediately discharged for some reason or another. All of my fellow workers want to be organized into a real union and this we hope to do in the near future.

#### Negros Demand Union.

They feed us a monthly bulletin with much soap about this and that, worker along with talks by the management but once we, as our S. Slav comrades did, tried to use our heads we were discharged upon the spot and the company union STANDS BACK OF IT.

It is but a weapon in the hands of the company to club down the workers and the slaves are fast waking up and demanding REAL unionism. We negro steel workers are ready at any time to organize with our white brothers and we hope that the movement started at Gary will come our way.

**Longest Big District Picked for Big Junior High School Project**

A new junior high school will be constructed on an 8 acre site now occupied by the Jewish Peoples' Institute, south of and adjoining Miller Park. The site is bounded by Taylor, Lytle and Sibley streets, and Gilpin place. It was chosen by the board of education for the location of a junior high because it is a district very thickly populated by working class families for whose children trade education is advocated by the big business interests of Chicago.

#### Air Joy Ride.

LAKEHURST, N. J., July 5.—The naval dirigible Shenandoah left its mooring mast on the naval air station field at 9:15 this morning for Harbor, Maine, where a group of state governors will be taken for a sight tomorrow. It is all chalked up government expense.

## The Workers Party in Action

### BUILD LABOR DEFENSE TO AID ALL CLASS WAR PRISONERS IS LEADING RESOLVE OF CHICAGO COMMUNISTS

Complete participation of every party member to aid in building a mass membership organization of the International Labor Defense organization on a broadest possible basis was stressed at the C. C. C. meeting of Workers (Communist) Party, Local Chicago, by Thurber Lewis, in making the report on the successful National Defense Conference on June 28.

Every party member should be on the job in his local union and fraternal organizations to get those bodies to co-operate with and join this Labor Defense organization which will defend all class war prisoners, I. W. W., A. F. of L. workers, Communists and any other workers caught by the capitalist tyrannies in this country and internationally.

Locally, some twenty-five unions and fraternal organizations sent delegates to the Defense Conference, a good showing for the short period of necessary work.

The mass meeting in the evening of the 28th was given full support and resulted in a most enthusiastic mass demonstration and gave a fine send-off to the newly organized International Labor Defense organization.

#### Chicago Industrial Organizers Meet.

At the last industrial organizers' meeting 20 party and Y. W. L. units were present and the matter of tactics, resolutions and work in the trade unions was closely discussed and plans of work laid out. Every branch is instructed to make industrial and trade union work a special order of business at each meeting in order to stimulate interest and activity on the part of every member of organizations in this work.

Some local elections have taken place in the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union and a number of left wing candidates have been elected to the local union executives and to the joint boards. The machine has contested a few on the usual fake reasons. It was reported that leaflets explaining the situation in Locals 2, 9 and 22, had been distributed in the "Market."

The strike of Amalgamated Clothing Workers in Chicago at the International Tailoring company and the role of the United Garment Workers as scabs was reported upon. Party members were urged to give complete support to the Amalgamated strike and to expose and fight the scabbing tactics of the United Garment Workers in the midst of this struggle.

The progressive painters' program for the coming convention was outlined, among the points being 100 per cent organization, direct election of general officers, against expulsions of painters and other delegates from central labor bodies, for a labor party, for amalgamation, etc.

In the machinists' local, preparations are going on for a complete turn out to the national conference of the left wing in the near future.

#### Trade Union Committee Formed for Negro Work.

It is necessary that additional support be given to the work among the Negro workers, especially to the trade union committee working in that field for the American Negro Labor Congress to be held on October 25.

#### Hands Off China Meeting.

A successful Hands Off China protest meeting on Wednesday, June 24, was reported on, despite a continual rainfall. The hall was filled, a number of Chinese workers and students present. Three Chinese speakers and a number of contacts gotten with them.

On July 4, will take place the Anti-Imperialist Week at Beyer's Grove, end of California Ave. car line. The fourth annual Communist picnic is also held in conjunction with the Hands Off China, Mexico, Haiti, etc., protest demonstration.

The following new members were secured into the party:

Douglas Park English.....	4
Irving Park English.....	4
Douglas Park Jewish.....	3
South Side English.....	2
Northwest Jewish.....	2
South Slav.....	4
Polish North Side.....	2
Polish South Side.....	3
Cicero English.....	1
German.....	2
Russian.....	1

The following resolution was adopted by the city central committee: "The C. C. C. having considered the resolution on the South Slav Federation, adopted by the central executive committee, declares:

"It is in thorough harmony with and endorses the C. E. C. resolution. The C. E. C. is correct in calling attention

#### Cleveland Comrades and Fellow-Workers

Comrade Emanuel Vajtauer, editor of the Bohemian Workers Party weekly Obrana, in New York, was denounced by social-democratic spies and held four months for deportation at Ellis Island and is now released on \$2,000 bail.

He is one of the most able speakers of the Third International and until the supreme court decide if he will remain with us or not, he is on a lecture tour.

He will speak in Cleveland, Ohio Saturday July 11, 1925 at 8 p. m. at the Bohemian Sokol Hall (Garden) 4314 Clark Ave.

All comrades who understand Bohemian or Slovak are urged to attend.

## DAILY WORKER SUBS TO KANSAS COAL MINERS

### Collection Taked at Communist Picnic

(Special to The Daily Worker.)

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 5.—At the DAILY WORKER picnic here, which was addressed by Mother Ella Reeve Bloor, who is on a hitch-hiking coast to coast trip for the paper, and C. E. Ruthenberg, Workers Party executive secretary, a collection was taken to give DAILY WORKER subs to the members of the Workers (Communist) Party, coal miners' shop nuclei of the state. These coal miners are very poor from their long seige of unemployment and hardships brought on by the betrayal of the Lewis machine and the "open shop" drive of the coal operators.

The collection went for DAILY WORKER subscriptions to these miners. Thirteen were donated, and the miners filled them out. A large number of miners from the Kansas coal fields were present at the picnic.

Comrade Bloor spoke at the Kansas City Workers Party membership meeting on shop nuclei.

### Cleveland Y.W.L. Gets Behind the Labor Defense Campaign

CLEVELAND, O., June 30.—The Young Workers League of Cleveland at its regular meeting unanimously passed the following resolution condemning the incarceration of our Comrade Benjamin Gitlow and pledging its support to the International Labor Defense.

#### The Resolution.

Whereas, the United States supreme court, the buttress of capitalism, has decided that Comrade Benjamin Gitlow must serve, the remainder of his ten year sentence for uttering the famous "Left Wing Manifesto" of 1919, and

Whereas, Com. Gitlow has during the past six years held aloft the red banner of Communism in America, devoting himself unflinchingly to the cause of the Communist International, therefore, be it

Resolved, that the East Side English branch of the Young Workers League, Local Cleveland, congratulates Comrade Gitlow for his determined stand for the exploited masses, and pledge our support and unremitting work for Comrade Gitlow's freedom so that he may continue his splendid activities in the Communist movement; and be it

Further Resolved that we call upon every member of the party and the league and every member of the working class to co-operate with the Communist movement of this country in the fight for the freedom of Comrade Gitlow.

#### AND FURTHER,

Whereas, the oppression of workers by the courts, as in the Gitlow case, has now become an established practice by the capitalist class which must be expected to become more severe with the development of greater intensity in the class struggle, and

Whereas we must prepare for the oppression of many valiant fighters of the working class by the capitalist state, and

Whereas the workers need a strong defense organization to fight against these oppressive measures, therefore be it

Resolved that we are in full harmony with the plans of the Labor Defense Conference held in Chicago on June 28 for the reorganization and revitalization of the Labor Defense Council by making it a workers' defense organization based upon the support and participation of the broad masses of workers, and that we renew our energies to work thru this revitalized defense movement for the defense of all workers who are victimized by the capitalist state in the class war.

Comrade Simons was chairman of the meeting.

### Arrest Is Made in Collecting for the Irish Famine Victims

NEW YORK, July 5.—David Brown member of the Young Workers League, and voluntary collector for the Irish famine sufferers, was arrested on Saturday, June 27, and committed to jail without bail. On Tuesday night, he was sentenced to 15 days in the workhouse.

An Irish society, interested in keeping information about the famine of the Irish workers and peasants from the United States, prosecuted the case. The young comrade was arrested in the streets, before he had collected any amount of money. But the friends of suppressing the idea of solidarity between the American workers and their Irish brothers was too strong in the breasts of some of the Irish elements of this city. The young comrade is a Communist and the authorities are determined to connect his activities in behalf of the starving Irish workers with his political concepts.

The court went even further. It has ordered an investigation of the Irish Workers and Peasants Famine Relief Committee, contending that it is not a bonafide organization and is "conducting a bunco game." The Irish Workers and Peasants Famine Relief Committee welcomes this investigation, since it will be proven that this committee is the only one that has made any attempt in the United States to get help to the starving Irish workers and peasants.

The Irish Workers and Peasants Famine Relief Committee intends to fight the case.

Rush that Sub-Campaign ends July 11

## AMERICAN ENVOY DID GOOD JOB FOR OIL TRUST

### Congratulate for Work in Roumania

(Special to The Daily Worker.)

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Peter Jay, American minister to Roumania, returned to Washington to prepare for his new post as ambassador to Argentina, has been a complete failure as a debt-collector for the American government, but he has scored a brilliant success on behalf of Standard Oil and the Baldwin Locomotive Works. A. C. Bedford of Standard Oil has written Secretary Kellogg a letter eulogizing Jay in golden terms.

Roumania owes the American treasury \$45,000,000, on loans made during and after the war, with accrued interest. A long series of strong notes demanding payment has failed, thus far, to bring the slightest sign of intention, from Premier Bratiano or the much-advertised royal family, that they will pay a nickel. A large part of this debt is due to "relief" loans made in the period after the armistice, when the Roumanians threatened to set up a Soviet government.

#### Oil Trust "Interpretation."

Britain and France and some other countries made smaller loans, and the Bucharest government secretly agreed with them to begin payment. But the American help, which had been more necessary, prompt and extensive was not to be refunded.

However, Roumania also enacted a confiscatory law aimed at the Standard Oil Co., and other foreign firms in the oil business in Roumania. Jay persuaded the minister of commerce to "interpret" this law, and to grant a long series of "exceptions," that saved many millions of dollars to Standard Oil. Bedford was delighted. In the same persuasive way, Jay got the slippery Roumanian cabinet to pay the Baldwin firm some millions due for locomotives delivered after the war.

#### Doesn't Know of Workers.

Jay is one of those happy, rich young diplomats, equipped with inherited privilege and polo ponies, who knows nothing of the workers in any country where he serves the state department. He believes that there is no political party in opposition to the reactionary Bratiano ministry in Roumania, that the Communists are not jailed or intimidated, and that freedom of speech and of the press is greater there than in America.

## OPPOSES GRAFT, JUDGE DENIES CITIZENSHIP

### Calif. Worker Told to Be More "Diplomatic"

(Special to The Daily Worker.)

LOS ANGELES, July 5.—In a local paper is a letter from one S. Garborg, in which he tells about some of his experiences trying to obtain citizenship papers in a local court.

From his letter it appears there is a naturalization class with C. C. Kelso at its head. Garborg attended this class and on being invited to ask questions asked the following: "Can I be naturalized if I affirm loyalty to a government of, by, and for the people as opposed to a government of, by, and for the profiteers and grafters of the country?" Kelso answered, "No."

After class Kelso told Garborg he had noticed he was given to "theorizing" and advised him to be more diplomatic. The letter goes on: "On May 1st, I appeared before Judge McCormick. On my petition for citizenship I had asked if the U. S. constitution guaranteed freedom of speech, and, if so, why such questions (as are asked on these petitions) are asked there."

At the court I was required to tell why I had asked that question, whether I was an anarchist, whether I sympathized with radical organizations, and whether I thought the present government was of, by, and for the people. Not being an anarchist, I said so. I said I strongly sympathized with radical organizations and that I had my doubts as to the government. Judge McCormick then refused to naturalize me."

This speaks for itself. Incidentally the judge spoken of is the one who ruled against the Doherty oil interests.

## LABOR DEFENSE

The Labor Defense Council has been merged with the INTERNATIONAL LABOR DEFENSE.

All remittances should henceforth be to the I. L. D., 23 South Lincoln St., Chicago, Ill. Address correspondence to James P. Cannon, Executive Secretary.

All organizations, branches, and individuals that received Defense Coupons are asked to push their sale, and remit quickly.

## WORKERS OF BELGIUM DEMAND TRADE UNION UNITY-ISSUE PROTEST

BRUSSELS (By Mail).—An important group of the Belgian left-wing trade unionists have issued an appeal to the Belgian proletariat, calling for unity of the international trades union movement and protesting against the non-admittance of Communists into the movement.

The authors of the manifesto declare their solidarity with the newly-formed Anglo-Soviet committee of unity of the trade union movement and call upon the working masses to prevent all interference with the internal affairs of the Union of Soviet Republics.

## OPERATORS IN VIOLATION OF THE AGREEMENT

### Force Wage Reduction with Unemployment

By LEONARD  
(Worker Correspondent)

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 5.—The threat of wage cut in the well-known Monongahela branch of the western Pennsylvania coal mining district has now gone into effect. As usual the district officials are doing nothing to stop it.

In the important branch of no less than fourteen mines only two are working. One of them is working three days a week, and the other one only two. This can give the reader an idea of the extent of unemployment with due suffering of the miners and their families in this region.

Besides, the miners often have to return from the mines and lose even these few days, because the company prefers to have "dead work" done by special day men, whose wages it is easier to reduce, than to have it done by the loaders at regular day rate.

#### Operators Violate Agreement.

At Stockton, for instance, miners have lately been compelled to do such work as dismantling mines, tearing down tipples, moving props and machines, etc., for as low wages as 40c per hour. For inside work they were allowed \$5.00 a day tho the agreement calls for \$7.50 a day. Outside work calls for at least \$6.10 a day.

Walter Astle, one of the militant miners in Stockdale, was recently offered this inside work for \$5.00. Altho hard up and badly in need of work, he indignantly refused this as being against his principles as a union man. He reported the incident to the district office of the union, where he was told by the high officials, that they cannot do anything, that the union "has no power," etc.

#### Why the Weakness?

The question is, then, what is the cause of this weakness of the union? The policy of the officials has always been carried out, in spite of opposition. The main part of this policy, as often expressed by Pat Fagan, president of the district, is to peacefully co-operate with the coal operators to produce cheap coal.

A little study in cause and effect!

## NEW MASS TRIALS OF WORKERS IN BULGARIA FILL JAILS OF ZANKOV

SOFIA, Bulgaria.—(By Mail).—On May 30 the court-martial of Rusuk passed a verdict over the Plevny Communists Genko, Tachev and Theodor Kolev (Gotkat), tailors who are accused of concealing arms and parts of machine guns. The first of the above mentioned is sentenced to 4 years strict prison confinement and to pay 150,000 lev fine; the second, to 6 months prison confinement.

#### New Trials.

It is reported from Plevny that the investigation in connection with disclosed Communist cells in the city and country is being finished. Thirty-two comrades are accused in this trial; the majority of the accused persons are students of the Plevny High-School (gymnazia) commercial employees and a few teachers of rural schools.

Frank Tomov—a worker in a printing shop is considered to be the main leader of these cells; according to articles 2 and 16 of the Government Defense law he is threatened with being hanged on a public place or with life-long prison confinement.

#### Trial of C. E. C.

It is confirmed that investigation of the case in connection with the Central Executive Committee of the Communist Party has been finished long ago and that the hearing of the case will take place soon. According to indictment the members of the Central Executive Committee are charged with preparing and bringing about the September insurrection. Many evidences and witnesses have been brought forth and the prosecuting attorney will make use of the same in order to prove that the Central Executive Committee was working exclusively with the aim in view of causing a revolution in the country and also to show that the uprising of September 22 was organized by the same Committee.

The Bulgarian newspapers state that this trial will be of great historical importance.

## FASCIST PAPER WOULD MAINTAIN SOVIET ACCORD

### Seeks More Business from the Union

ROME (By Mail).—The Epoca, a Fascist organ, deprecates the attitude taken by a part of the Italian press towards the U. S. S. R. and the newly appointed Soviet ambassador at Rome. The paper scores the critics, of whom some profess to believe the Soviet government and the "Comintern" (Communist International) were one and the same thing, while others assert that trade with the Union does not yield Italy adequate profits.

On its own part, the Epoca emphasizes the fact that neither Yureneff, the departing ambassador, nor the new ambassador, Kerjentez, has proved himself disloyal vis-a-vis the Italian government.

#### Italian Bosses Lack Pep.

As for commercial intercourse between the two countries, the Fascist organ considers that Italian capitalists themselves have been lacking adequate initiative, as not many of them have been engaged in business with the U. S. S. R. or have applied for concessions.

#### Want More Trade.

"What we do want," the author goes on to say, "is that the Soviet government should make larger purchases in Italy and should not neglect the Italian market. . . . We ought, however, to bear in mind that Italy mostly exports manufactured articles, while she imports raw materials—which means that should our trade balance prove to be unfavorable, we can always straighten matters by increasing Italian exports to other countries."

"Besides, we must never forget that not only does our commercial flag rank first in the Black Sea, but thru the medium of the Union of Soviet Republics, Italy gains access to the markets of the Near East."

The Epoca articles concludes by stating that the development and improvement of Italo-Soviet relations is desirable and necessary in the interests not only of the U. S. S. R., but Italy, too.

#### White Collar Dubs Easy Prey

No police were needed to end the white-collar strike of Chicago's city engineer and his 573 associates who walked out June 30 for an announced 3-day layoff. The strikers demanded an immediate and long overdue wage raise. Mayor Dever applied a liberal dose of sympathy and persuaded them to go back to work on the second day. Aldermen added a heartfelt expression of the justice of the demands and sent the ordinance for a raise to slumber in committee, presumably until the 1926 appropriations are considered.

#### Soviets Beat Turks at Football.

MOSCOW (By Mail).—The Soviet Union association football team has defeated the Angora-Smyrna team at Angora by 6 goals to 1. Among the numerous public attending the international match were members of the Turkish government, the medjlis (parliament), the diplomatic corps, and others.

## CARPENTERS WIN WAGE INCREASE IN WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON, July 5.—A wage increase of 50 cents a day for all members of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters & Joiners in the District of Columbia will take effect July 6 and continue until May, 1926. This raise was granted after negotiations which were ignored by the anti-union Operative Builders' organization. It follows the defeat of the anti-union forces in the strike of the Painters' union membership and the signing up of the bosses for increased wages for the Plumbers and Steamfitters.

The carpenters' wage now becomes \$9.50. The union agreement provided that the carpenters should get \$9 until next May unless a raise were meanwhile granted to other building crafts. The carpenters benefited by the painters' victory.

## RAISE FOLLOWS STRIKE OF THE PAINTERS

### Raise Follows Strike of the Painters

WASHINGTON, July 5.—A wage increase of 50 cents a day for all members of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters & Joiners in the District of Columbia will take effect July 6 and continue until May, 1926. This raise was granted after negotiations which were ignored by the anti-union Operative Builders' organization. It follows the defeat of the anti-union forces in the strike of the Painters' union membership and the signing up of the bosses for increased wages for the Plumbers and Steamfitters.

The carpenters' wage now becomes \$9.50. The union agreement provided that the carpenters should get \$9 until next May unless a raise were meanwhile granted to other building crafts. The carpenters benefited by the painters' victory.

Poland Host to Baldwinites.  
MOSCOW (By Mail).—London papers report that eight M. P.'s, representatives of British industries, are leaving for Poland for an inspection tour in the Galicia oilfields. During their stay in Poland, the British industrialists will be guests of the Polish government.



## SILK WEAVER TELLS OF WORK CONDITIONS

### Rhode Island Mills Sap Vitality of Workers

By ALBERT WEISSBORD  
(Worker Correspondent)

PAUTUCKET, R. I., July 5.—I am a weaver in a silk mill in Pautucket, Rhode Island. The textile workers have been pretty hard hit. We are speeded up, our wages cut and then starved by unemployment. I work nights, 7 p. m. to 5 a. m., Saturdays 5:30 a. m. The work is piece-work and each one works as fast as he can. I am all in when morning comes. The watchman in our place, an old man, near 70 years, who used to be a weaver till he got too old and was thrown on the scrap heap, works 91 hours a week for \$19. He works 13 hours a day, 7 days or nights a week, never a day off.

#### Women Work All Night.

Here in Rhode Island women are allowed to work nights and there are young girls who work with me till five o'clock in the morning. Then there are mothers with children who work such hours too. Many of the workers are women.

Our work is very hard on the eyes, especially at night with the bad light given us. Many weavers lose their eyesight or must give up their work on account of bad eyes. In silk work sometimes there are as many as 18,000 threads covering only 45 to 60 inches on a single machine. Each one of these threads must be watched and fixed when necessary and so you can see how fine the work is.

The noise in this mill is not so great as in a cotton mill where I worked last. One could not speak because of the noise. Everything was done by signs. Many of us weavers go deaf in time. In the cotton mill, in spite of humidifiers, cotton fills the air and our lungs. Thousands of textile workers suffer from lung troubles, consumption and tuberculosis.

Pay is wretched. Good weavers working full time seldom make over \$32 weekly anywhere. Many make as low as \$14. The average would be between \$20 and \$25.

#### "Gun Toting" Law in Effect.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 5.—The so-called "gun toting bill" which repeals the present deadly weapon act and provides for drastic regulations for the sale and carrying of fire arms, became a law without the signature of Gov. Len Small today at the expiration of the time limit allowed for action on it by the chief executive.

#### Polish-Soviet Trade Mounts.

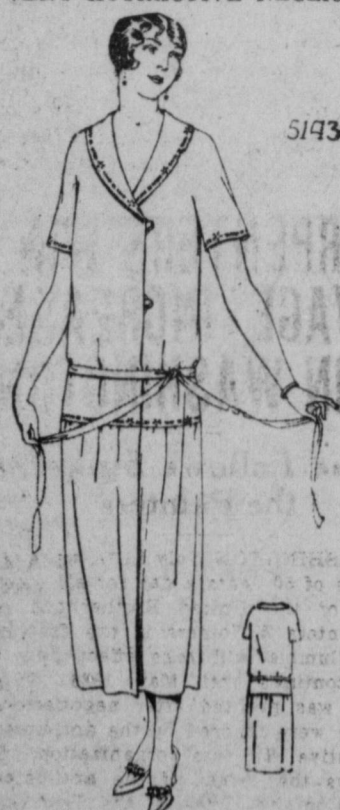
MOSCOW (By Mail).—The export and import activities of the Soviet trade mission in Poland in 1925 have so far increased 500 per cent as compared with the same period last year. The trade mission is actually assailed with offers from various Polish firms, of which most offer goods on six months' credit terms.

Rush that Sub-Campaign ends July 1!

## OUR DAILY PATTERNS

A VERY ATTRACTIVE NEGLIGEE.

A POULAR APRON MODEL.



5143. Comfortable and with new features, this popular garment will develop attractively in silk, crepe, flannel or blanket cloth.

The pattern is cut in four sizes: Small, 34-46; medium, 38-40; large, 42-44; extra large, 46-48 inches bust measure. A medium size will require 4 1/2 yards of 32-inch material.

Pattern mailed to any address on receipt of 12c in silver or stamps.

#### FASHION BOOK NOTICE

Send 12c in silver or stamps for our up-to-date Spring and Summer 1925 Book of Fashions, showing color plates and containing 500 designs of ladies', misses', and children's patterns, a concise and comprehensive article on dress-making, also some points for the needle (illustrating 30 of the various simple stitches), all valuable hints to the home dressmaker.

## STEEL TRUST USES LEGISLATURE TO SLASH WAGES AND REDUCE ITS TAXES, IN HIBBING, IRON TOWN

(By Worker Correspondent)

HIBBING, Minn., July 5.—Hibbing, the largest city on the Mesaba iron range of northern Minnesota is known as the "World's Richest Village."

It has been given this title because of the large amount of tax money the village can raise due to the fact that the village is underlaid with a rich deposit of iron ore, which makes the assessed valuation over 100 million dollars and this enables the village officials to raise large sums to be spent by them.

This large amount of tax money coming into the coffers of the village also has an effect on labor conditions. No Work in Winter.

The principal industry is open-pit mining and the season usually lasts from about May 1 to December 1 and during the winter many workers are unable to secure employment in the mines.

In the past the village has used a large part of its tax money to keep these mine workers employed during the winter months. Of course this plan has been fought by the U. S. Steel Corporation which pays the largest share of this tax money into the village treasury, but they appealed in vain to the local politicians to stop this practice. For the village election came in March and they knew that they must keep these men at work to get their votes. Of course jobs were plentiful just preceding an election.

#### Steel Trust Limits Taxes.

Being unable to stop what it called the "extravagant expenditure" of village funds the steel corporation managed to put a law thru the legislature limiting the tax levy to \$100 per capita which cut the amount that could be raised by taxation to about half of what it formerly was.

But even this did not bring about the results that the steel trust wanted as the politicians still used the funds to get votes and cut down on the amount spent for permanent improvements.

#### Steel Trust Wins.

Again the steel corporation went to the legislature and secured a law changing the election to December instead of March, thinking that as the workers would be employed in the mines during the summer and fall months it would not be necessary for the office seekers to use the village funds to keep the miners at work to get their votes as they did when the election came in the spring.

#### Hundreds Seek Jobs.

That the steel corporation got what they wanted was evidenced last winter when hundreds of men stood the village employment office looking for work and only a few secured work on half time and the "World's Richest Village" undoubtedly had a greater percentage of unemployment than any city in the country!

#### Wages Slashed.

After a winter of hardships and suffering the workers were ready to accept whatever wages the steel corporation wished to pay in the spring and conditions are the worst in the history of the community.

#### Two Labor Haters Run.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—(AP) Everett Sanders, former Indiana congressman, enemy of railroad labor and now private secretary to President Coolidge, is reported to be a candidate for the senate against Senator Jim Watson, who is just as much of a labor hater, who must face the voters next year.

## COOLIDGE'S DRIVE FOR DEBT PAYMENTS BRINGS IN NO MONEY

WASHINGTON, July 5.—The government's new debt-collecting drive, started in April under the direction of President Coolidge, has not brought any money into the treasury to date from European nations.

It has brought only assurances that virtually all the \$12,000,000,000 owed the United States on account of war loans will be paid.

## FRENCH CABINET WILL SEND DEBT DELEGATES HERE

PARIS, July 5.—The French cabinet today decided to send a debt commission to the United States "as soon as possible" to conduct negotiations by which the French war debt of more than \$4,000,000,000 may be adjusted.

Announcement of the government's decision was made by Foreign Minister Briand at the close of a cabinet meeting devoted to consideration of France's fiscal affairs.

It was understood the mission would be sent to the United States early in the autumn.

#### Decide "In Principle"

After the cabinet meeting, Foreign Minister Briand announced to the press: "We have decided in principle that we will send a debt mission to Washington."

## WORKERS WAGES CUT IN HALF IN U. S. BEDDING CO.

By VICTOR VOLKMAN.

ST. PAUL, Minn., July 5.—The majority of the workers in the U. S. Bedding Co. of St. Paul, are young men. Wages range from 25 to 40 cents an hour, except for a few sample heads who receive more. Many family-men work for 32 1/2 cents an hour; that is, they get no more. At present the men work ten hours a day. Two years ago the spring makers received one dollar for every spring they made; now they get fifty cents. Two wage cuts occurred in the mattress department during the last six months.

Sanitary conditions are terrible. The dirty water from the toilet on the second floor drops on the heads of the workers on the first floor. The place is cleaned only the day before the inspector comes. There is no steam heat in the factory, except when it is impossible to work even with your overcoat on.

Three Accidents in One Week. Many accidents happen right along. Three accidents occurred last week—the men lost parts of their fingers. They promise the workers golden treasurers when they start, but once they ask for a raise, out they go. As a result, the workers are unorganized. The boss himself is an Israelite and he boasts of liking Jewish workers. The reason for it is simple, he gets the least protected workers and pays them the lowest wages.

A national hatred is set up in the shop between the American and Jewish workers; consequently, the workers forget their vital interests.

The workers are fooled with picnics and other such affairs. The workers cover the expenses, but the boss gets the advertisement.

Spies roam about the factory and the workers are not aware of it.

## Bittner Asks Bosses' Government to Please Make 'Em Stop Fight

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Owing to the absence of Secretary of Labor Davis from the city the department of labor has as yet taken no action on the request of Van A. Bittner, of the United Mine Workers, that the government intervene in the contest between miners and operators in West Virginia over the continuance of the present wage agreements.

Officials said the dispute had been in progress for about 90 days and that the department, thru its conciliation service, had made a number of ineffectual attempts to "bring the warring parties into some sort of agreement."

Bittner's appeal for government intervention was in the form of a telegram.

Write the story about your shop—Order a bundle to distribute there.

## BREACH WIDENS BETWEEN JAPAN, GREAT BRITAIN

### Nippon Offers to Frame War Alliance

(Special to The Daily Worker)

PARIS, July 5.—To secure a Japanese naval base at Saigon, opposite the British base of Singapore, the Japanese have, thru Viscount Ishii, offered France an offensive and defensive alliance against Great Britain it is rumored here, on good authority.

To pave the way the Japanese government has just placed an order for \$14,000,000-worth of railway rolling stock with Schneider and other French firms, and also has given orders for airplanes and armaments to France.

The Tokyo government had asked for bids for railway material from English firms, but suddenly transferred the business to France last month to aid the political negotiations. The French bids were no lower than the English, and Krupp's offered lower prices than either.

#### Want to Isolate Hongkong.

The outstanding Japanese objective is said to be to get the use of the harbor of Saigon, in French Indo-China, which is just opposite Singapore and which has a tremendous strategic value.

The establishment of a powerful Japanese naval base at Saigon, which has an excellent harbor, would be a counter balance against the new British base at Singapore and would prevent the British fleet from passing thru the China sea en route to Hongkong and Japan.

Viscount Ishii also is said to have proposed a sort of supplementary commercial alliance between the two countries, under which Japan could get unlimited food supplies from Indo-China, could send Japanese laborers to Indo-China and dump large amounts of goods in France and the French colonies under extremely low tariffs.

#### Japan Bargains.

In return it is stated that Japan offers to attack Russia in case Russia supports a German attack against France, offers to buy all its war and industrial material in France, pledges its diplomatic support and promises low tariffs on French goods.

The same proposal was made to M. Poincare and later to M. Herriot, but the French refused to discuss it for fear of American objections and because of a fear that Japan would flood France with cheap goods and Indo-China with Japanese emigrants.

## Your Union Meeting

Second Meeting, June 6, 1925.

- | No.   | Name of Local and Meeting Place  |
|-------|--|
| 625   | Bolter Makers, 5324 S. Halsted St.   |
| 14    | Boat makers, Workers' Joint Council, 4339 Milwaukee Ave.   |
| 301   | Brewery Workers' Joint Ex. Board, 1700 W. 21st St.   |
| 1     | Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, 910 W. Monroe St.  |
| 593   | Butchers, 4325 W. 43rd W. Roosevelt Road.  |
| 70    | Cap Makers, 4003 Roosevelt Road.   |
| 419   | Carpenters, 2705 W. 28th St.   |
| 80    | Carpenters, 4039 W. Madison St.  |
| 181   | Carpenters, 2040 W. North Ave.   |
| 199   | Carpenters, S. C., 9139 Commercial Ave.  |
| 416   | Carpenters, 505 S. State St.   |
| 415   | Carpenters, 1451 W. North Ave.   |
| 448   | Carpenters, 222 N. W. St., Waukegan.   |
| 1267  | Carpenters, 2040 W. North Ave.   |
| 2506  | Carpenters, 6854 S. Halsted St.  |
| 14    | Cigar Makers' Ex. Bd., 166 W. Washington St., 7:30 p. m.   |
| 265   | Coopers' Joint Ex. Bd., 2525 S. Halsted St.  |
| 4     | Engineers (Marine), 601 Capitol Bldg.  |
| 400   | Engineers, 4643 S. Halsted St.   |
| 401   | Engineers, 311 S. Ashland Ave.   |
| 569   | Engineers, 1380 W. Washington St.  |
| 629   | Engineers, 180 W. Washington St.   |
| 645   | Engineers, (R. R.), 2433 W. Roosevelt Road.  |
| 790   | Engineers (Loc.), 3900 W. North Ave., 7 p. m.  |
| 50    | Firemen and Enginemen, 5058 Wentworth Ave.   |
| 7     | Firemen and Oilers, 175 W. Wash. Hall, Hinesdale, Ill.   |
| 7144  | Gardeners and Florists, Neldog's Hotel and Restaurant, Emp'l's Joint Ex. Bd., 160 W. Washington, 3 p. m. |
| 59    | Ladies' Garment, 328 W. Van Buren  |
| 74    | Lathers, 725 S. Western Ave.   |
| 444   | Longshoremen, 355 N. Clark St.   |
| 44    | Machinists Dis. Council, 113 S. Ashland.   |
| 101   | Molders Conf. Bd., 119 S. Throop   |
| 147   | Painters, 9314 W. North Ave.   |
| 194   | Painters, Madison and 5th Ave.   |
| 265   | Painters, 111th and Michigan Ave.  |
| 273   | Painters, 2432 S. Kedzie Ave.  |
| 830   | Painters, 20 W. Randolph St.   |
| 227   | Railway Carmen, Clevelo and Superior.  |
| 453   | Railway Carmen, 5262 S. Ashland.   |
| 1062  | Railway Carmen, 88th and Commercial.   |
| 1162  | Railway Carmen, 92d and Baltimore.   |
| 276   | Railway Clerks' Dis. Council, 165 W. Madison St.   |
| 342   | Railway Clerks, 549 W. Washington St.  |
| 549   | Railway Clerks, Madison and Sacramento.  |
| 695   | Railway Clerks, 75th and Drexel.   |
| 781   | Railway Clerks, 549 W. Washington Blvd.  |
| 877   | Railway Trainmen, 2900 W. North Ave., 9:30 a. m.   |
| 195   | Retail Clerks, Van Buren and Ashland.  |
| 355   | Sailors Union of Great Lakes, 355 N. Clark St.   |
| 16956 | Scientific Laboratory Workers, City Hall, Room 713.  |
| 143   | Signalmen, 2100 W. 51st St.  |
| 8     | Switchmen, 323 Collins St., Joliet, Ill.   |
| 706   | Teamsters, 220 S. Ashland Blvd.  |
| 350   | Typographical, 180 W. Washington (Note: Union otherwise stated all meetings are at 8 p. m.)              |

#### Lawyer Heads Swaraj.

NEW YORK, July 5.—J. M. Sen Gupta, chosen leader of the Bengal Swaraj party to succeed C. R. Das who died, becomes also the leader of the Bengal trade union organization, S. N. Ghose of the Friends of Freedom for India states. Gupta is a lawyer.



## BUILDERS AT WORK

THE CONTEST IS ON IN FULL SWING!

### Prize Winner Soon to Be Announced

The first WORKER CORRESPONDENTS CONTEST ended Saturday, June 27. The best story sent in by a worker correspondent will soon be announced by the judges and a prize of the choice of \$5.00 worth of books from the catalogue of the Daily Worker Publishing Co. will be awarded.

The second contest began June 29 and ends on July 11. The third contest begins on Monday, July 13 and ends two weeks later and every two weeks a winner will be chosen from among the best proletarian writers.

Get in on this contest. Write a story—there's no better way to better the DAILY WORKER.

### The Daily Needs Your Help!

Workers will need no urging to subscribe to the DAILY WORKER if "Our Daily" is ever reflecting the life of the worker, his fights and his aspirations.

You can help the DAILY WORKER become such a mirror in which everyday can be seen the stories that tell of wages, living conditions, trade union activities, etc.

You are the ONLY one who can do it. Send in a story on how you work and live—and order a bundle to distribute among other workers who also live and work that way.

### The Daily Worker Will Help You to Help!

Special worker correspondent paper has been prepared on which you can write your story. On the back of each sheet are helpful hints that will tell you how to polish up your story so that it will be a real picture of the life of a worker. These hints have been prepared by the editors of the DAILY WORKER and will be sent to anyone WITHOUT CHARGE. Simply drop a line saying you want some sheets of the special worker correspondent paper—and you'll get it by return mail.

## TOOL OF BLOODY IMPERIALISTS TALKS OF 'PEACE'

### Coolidge Speech Amid Military Setting

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., July 5.—Amid a military setting, and following the parade of infantry and cavalry troops President Coolidge, who has sent United States soldiers to China, Nicaragua, Haiti, the Philippines and other oppressed countries and colonies, praised of "peace" and "morals."

Coolidge was speaking at the 150th anniversary of the taking command of the revolutionary army by Gen. Washington. He declared America will not make "political commitments where it does not have political interests," but will give such covenants "moral support."

#### Soviets Erect Wireless.

MOSCOW (By Mail).—It is reported from Teheran that a powerful wireless station, constructed with Soviet assistance, is being completed there, and another one will be erected at Kermanshah by mid-June.

## PAY OF BOSTON OFFICE WORKERS EXTREMELY LOW

Many Get Less Than \$15.00 Per Week

BOSTON, July 5.—(FP)—Massachusetts office workers are not so well paid as many people think, the state department of labor's division of statistics shows in a survey of white collar workers of the bay state. More than half of the 9,897 office workers listed in the canvass earn less than \$25 a week. The 9,897 includes 1,798 administrators and supervisors of various sorts who probably call their wages "salaries." The 9,897 also does not include the poorest paid group, messengers and office boys.

The workers are employed in 281 establishments, banks, public utility offices, stores, insurance companies and various manufacturing concerns. Added to the 18 per cent in administrative or supervisory jobs are 13 per cent operating usual office appliances; 68 per cent are general office workers, stenographers, typists, bookkeepers, filing, mailing and order clerks and workers whose jobs are not clearly defined.

Those who get less than \$14 a week are 3.4 per cent of the total; \$14 to \$16, 8.7 per cent; \$16 to \$18, 8.5 per cent; \$18 to \$20, 10.3 per cent; \$20 to \$22, 21.9 per cent; \$22 to \$30, 19 per cent; \$30 to \$35, 11 per cent; \$35 to \$50, 11 per cent; \$50 or over, six per cent.

Most of the typists make between \$14 and \$25; stenographer-typists, \$20 to \$30; senior stenographers, \$20 to \$30; secretarial stenographers, \$25 to \$35. Mailing clerks mostly make less than \$16; filing clerks, \$14 to \$25; general office workers, \$20 to \$30; senior clerks, \$35 up to \$50; chief clerks, \$35 to \$50 or more; office managers, \$50 up.

## WHITE GUARDS DISMISSED FROM C. E. RAILROAD

HARBIN (By Mail).—According to reliable information, it is estimated that there were less than three hundred employees left in all the services of the Chinese Eastern railway by June 1, who were not registered as either Soviet or Chinese citizens—most of them being former white officers who possess no special qualifications for their posts and are but a dead weight for the railway. Their going, therefore far from unfavorably affecting the normal working of the enterprise, is expected to yield useful results from the business and the financial viewpoints.

The dismissal of such employees was begun on June 1, all the necessary preliminary arrangements having been gone thru.

#### Norwegian Trade With Soviet.

MOSCOW (By Mail).—Leningrad reports that representatives of Norwegian firms are negotiating big orders from Norwegian heavy industries.

## Take Advantage of These SPECIAL SUMMER SUB RATES to THE DAILY WORKER

GOOD ONLY DURING JULY! BOTH OFFERS EXPIRE ON AUGUST FIRST!

#### WAKE UP!

**\$1.00 OFFER**  
A 2-month subscription to the Daily Worker for one dollar.  
This should make it easy for your shop-mate to subscribe!



**\$2.00 OFFER**  
Two books—  
1—The State and Revolution, by Lenin  
2—Theory and Practice of Leninism, by Stalin  
AND  
a 3-month subscription to the DAILY WORKER for two dollars.

Mark your choice—clip the coupon and mail it to

THE DAILY WORKER

1113 W. Washington Blvd.,  
Chicago, Ill.

Enclosed find remittance for the \$..... offer. Send to:

NAME: .....

STREET: .....

CITY: ..... STATE: .....



# THE DAILY WORKER

Published by the DAILY WORKER PUBLISHING CO., 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill. Phone, Monroe 4712

**SUBSCRIPTION RATES**  
By mail (in Chicago only):  
\$8.00 per year \$4.50 six months \$2.50 three months  
By mail (outside of Chicago):  
\$6.00 per year \$3.50 six months \$2.00 three months

Address all mail and make out checks to  
THE DAILY WORKER, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Illinois

J. LOUIS ENGDAHL  
WILLIAM F. DUNNE } Editors  
MORITZ J. LOEB } Business Manager

Entered as second-class mail September 21, 1923, at the post-office at Chicago, Ill., under the act of March 3, 1879.

290 Advertising rates on application.

## In the Anthracite Fields

The convention of anthracite miners, members of the United Mine Workers of America, held in Scranton, has been valuable in that it brot the left wing program before the representatives of 150,000 coal diggers and showed as well that these miners have not lost the fighting spirit that made the anthracite district the cradle of the modern American labor movement.

The endorsement of a labor party based upon the trade unions and including working class political parties is especially encouraging in view of the capitalist politics to which the officialdom has been committing the organization.

The demand for the repeal of all criminal syndicalism laws is a fine precedent for the whole labor movement.

Substantial increases in the present wage scale and improvements in the working conditions were demanded by the convention which was remarkably free from the attacks on the left wing and the Communists that, under the leadership of the Lewis machine, have featured similar gatherings.

The activity of the left wing in the grievance strikes, against the traitorous activities of Cappellini, their fighting program and the pressure from the operators, have made many changes since 1922 when Lewis was able with the aid of his "wrecking crew" to have militants thrown out of the Scranton convention.

The miners are facing a great struggle. Within the next year will come either a gradual decrease of the strength of the union, if it allows the operators to cut it to pieces with a shutdown policy, or a great influx of miners now unorganized if it adopts a fighting policy.

The anthracite miners are assured of steadier employment than their fellow-workers in the bituminous industry and it is probably the thot of officialdom that they will continue to work and finance the strike in the bituminous fields if one is called.

This is a mistaken policy. The left wing must set its face like flint against this plan, amounting as it does to division of the miners' forces. The United Mine Workers must, when they strike to save their union, be prepared to deal all the misery possible to the bosses and their supporters without any sentimental regard for the anthracite-using "public" which does nothing for them or any other working group.

The anthracite miners must fight any attempt on the part of officials to separate them from the soft coal workers. Only disaster for both sections of the union can come from such a policy.

This, as we see it, is the big issue for the anthracite district and the program of the left wing in this regard is clear and plain—all together for a powerful union, all together for the organization of the nonunion fields, all together against the coal capitalists.

## Japan and France

Japan has proposed, according to Paris dispatches, an alliance with France. The proposals do not mention Great Britain, it is understood, nevertheless one of the terms proposed by Japan is the right to establish a naval base at Saigon opposite Britain's new Singapore base and drydock.

A glance at the map of this part of the world will show Singapore far to the south with Saigon so located as to threaten effectively the British route to Hongkong thru the China sea. Hongkong is a British port on the southern China coast—the only Chinese port of any importance that Japan does not dominate either by actual hold on contiguous territory or by possession of islands a little way off the coast.

The possession of Saigon would close the Japanese line of naval and military bases along the coast of China from Sakhalien island to the China sea and give her full control of the trade routes.

The alliance proposal is doubly interesting as confirming the conclusions drawn by us from recent events in China—where Japan has not only allowed Chinese sentiment to be directed against Great Britain but has actually encouraged such sentiment against the European nation which was her ally in 1914-18 when Japan seized the German leaseholds and military base in Shangtung.

In return for the Saigon naval base and other concessions Japan is understood to have proposed to give France a monopoly of her heavy industry market and assistance in case Germany makes war on France with Russian aid. The latter stipulation evidently is for diplomatic bargaining only as Japan has no desire under present circumstances to directly antagonize Russia; in addition, by the time that Germany is able to think of entering another major war the map of the world will have undergone such striking changes that such an agreement would be either meaningless or unnecessary.

That France looks favorably upon an alliance with Japan can scarcely be doubted. Under present conditions her Indo-Chinese possessions are at the mercy of Great Britain in event of war and the aid of a powerful naval power would be welcome. But France has to consider her relations with the United States. The franc is at the mercy of the House of Morgan. Unless American imperialism is willing to overlook the immediate strengthening of Japan in return for the potential weakening of Great Britain, its other powerful rival in the Far East, France will have to forego the advantageous arrangement proposed by Japan.

It is evident that diplomatic relations are in a state of flux at present and that the hard and fast alliances within the framework of the two great imperialisms—Great Britain and America—have not yet been formed.

The task would be easier for the capitalist nations if there was no Soviet Russia forcing consideration.

Imperialist wars are fights between big robbers to see who is going to get the biggest share of the wealth the workers and farmers produce.

Why should we fight for one gang of these robbers simply because they call themselves Americans?

Ask the worker next to you what he has in common with the boss. If he says "nothing," ask him what he is doing about it to make the boss understand it.

Every day get "sub" for the DAILY WORKER and a member for the Workers Party

## CROUCH DUE AT ALCATRAZ ARMY PRISON TODAY

### Communist Soldiers to Be Confined There

ALCATRAZ, Cal., July 5. — Paul Crouch and Walter Trumbull, United States soldiers who were sentenced at Schofield Barracks, near Honolulu, Hawaii, for organizing a Communist League, are due to arrive here. Crouch and Trumbull, who were at first sentenced to forty and 26 years in prison were scheduled to leave Hawaii on June 26, for the United States disciplinary barracks here, where they will be confined. Following a universal protest, the army authorities reduced the sentences to three years and one year.

Paul Crouch tells the DAILY WORKER, "While in Alcatraz, we will study and prepare ourselves in every possible way for more efficient service to the cause of the working class after our release."

Speaking of an article in the Winston-Salem N. C. Journal, entitled: "Mercy For Young Crouch," Comrade Crouch said just before he sailed, "I do not have a sufficient command of words to describe those who propose 'mercy' for one who desires no favors from the capitalist class."

"When the worker demands his rights, the ownership of the instruments of production and the wealth he has produced, he gets 'charity.' When he asks for justice, he gets 'mercy.'"

Crouch and Trumbull were court martialled and sentenced on the sole evidence of an army spy, whose testimony was proven false by the defense. The verdict was brot in after less than half an hour's deliberation, and the records of the trial were altered by the army authorities.

### May Hold Scopes Trial on Friday in Spite of Colby

DAYTON, Tenn., July 5. — The Scopes trial will probably begin next Friday after all, as the defense lawyers are considering the plea of Dayton residents that they have spent fifty thousand dollars getting ready for the trial.

It was announced that an injunction would be sought in the federal court to restrain the Rhea county authorities from prosecuting Scopes on the ground that the anti-evolution law under which he was arrested is unconstitutional.

John R. Neal, chief counsel for the defense, is using his influence against Bainbridge Colby's attempt to end the Dayton trial before it starts by getting an injunction.

### No Interest Shown by Workers in U. S. Military Muster

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 5. — Less than half the number of persons participated in this year's mobilization day than last year, the war department announced. Eight million took part this year, most of them being forced by their employers to listen to speeches, and many being regular troops that were ordered to mobilize. Seventeen million took part last year.

### Many Women Over Age of 44 Years Employed

Of the eight and a half million women in the United States who work for a living, three-quarters of them are over 24 years of age and two-fifths of these, or nearly one-third of the total number are more than 44 years old. Of the two million married women at work, three-fifths are between 25 and 44 years of age, while another fifth are over 44 years. These facts concerning working women can be found in the latest pamphlet issued by the Women's Bureau of the U. S. Department of Labor, Washington, D. C.

In regard to women's wages for any of the states investigated by the Women's Bureau the highest median was the mere pittance of \$16.85. The medians ranged from that sum down to as low as \$8.80 a week. The investigation showed that where the wages were higher the hours of work were less and where wages were the lowest, hours of labor were longest.

## Builders at Work in New York

**A**MONG the many Comrades in New York that did good work during the national subscription drive that has just closed the following are some of those that deserve special mention:

Comrade Ger Szepal, who is responsible for the activity in the Hungarian Yorkville Branch, which resulted in securing sixty-five subscriptions. The Comrades were instrumental in getting one of the Hungarian Fraternal Societies to order 25 subscriptions for their directors.

Comrade M. S. Schneider, who personally secured fourteen subs, and who will keep up the good work even now that the "campaign" is over.

Comrade Leon Litvin, who, altho not Daily Worker Agent in his Branch, the Jewish Branch No. 1, Bronx, nevertheless encouraged forty MEMBERS TO PLEDGE THEMSELVES TO GET AT LEAST ONE SUBSCRIBER EACH.

## Blazing the Trail



### Chopping Away at Imperialist Militarism.

## Build Party Strength in Steel Union

(Continued from page 1)

tion that because the party may not know all the technical details of the requirements of the industry therefore the union work should be separated from Party affairs and party policies.

### Bad Results Either Way.

The results are generally the same. Party members fail to become the connecting link between the masses with in the unions and the party. They fail completely to put forward Communist policies and, instead of advancing a concrete, militant program, they become simply an appendix to whatever opposition movement may exist to the rule of the reactionary clique in control, or they become the tools of reaction itself.

On the other hand, where the Communist fractions are rigidly maintained and Communist policies applied in practice, healthy growing left wing movements have already obtained important victories and promise good for the future.

### Communist Tactics Not Applied Previously.

It was acknowledged that, due to lack of application of Communist policies and definite organization of the Communist fraction in the past within the steel workers' union, the struggle for the present progressive group, altho it had given battle to the reactionary corrupt leadership of the Mike Tighe administration, had become confined to purely trade issues and had failed to bring forward in concrete terms the great needs of the union and of the workers in the industry.

Altho being subject to vicious attacks by the Mike Tighe administration and ready to fight back, the progressive group has succeeded in rising no higher than to demand constitutional changes on dues payments and improvements of the existing wage scales.

### Must Live Up to Name.

Important as these may be, the Amalgamated Association has no power to enforce any scale because of the unorganized state of the industry. And any group laying claim to the name "progressive" must not fail to bring forward a practical program of organization of the unorganized in the industry, of real industrial unionism and of the organization of shop committees. It must not fail to take a stand on the political issues facing the workers in the industry.

The Communist steel workers' fraction, organized at the Youngstown meeting, will consider it a first duty to bring those issues to the fore. It will have its connections thruout the country with a specific form of organization under the direction of a national committee representative of the various steel districts but subject to the regular party jurisdictions.

### Begin Work on Union Basis.

Taking the union as the starting point to reach the hundreds of thousands of unorganized workers, the fraction will endeavor to crystallize the progressive movement into a definite left wing group struggling militantly for the building of a real union capable of defending the interests of

the workers against the rapacious steel trust.

The following points will be proposed to the progressive elements as basis for a united front program:

### A Fighting Program.

1. Demanding the launching of a national organization drive covering the whole industry to take into the union all workers employed in or about the steel mills, regardless of craft or skill, race or color.
2. The establishment of an organization department with full power to conduct drive, establishment of district committees in each important steel district, each to conduct the drive in the district.
3. National organizers to be elected at the annual conventions, district organizers to be elected by the district membership.
4. A uniform initiation fee of \$1.00 to be established.
5. Measures to provide necessary finance for the drive to be worked out by the executive board.
6. A period of intensive propaganda to precede the actual organization and to cover the whole industry. The propaganda to be based on the live slogans of the needs of the workers in the industry.

### Slogans for Drive.

The following are some suggested slogans:

- The complete establishment of the eight-hour day with abolition of double shifts.
- No further wage reductions, but increase of present wages.
- Abolition of the speed-up system.
- Standard scale of wages for all steel workers to expire at the same time.
- One day rest in seven.
- Abolition of company unions.
- Abolition of black list, physical examination and finger print system.

The industry to support its unemployed.

7. The establishment of an industrial form of organization in the full sense of the word as adopted by the conventions of 1923 and 1924 to be properly departmentalized according to the requirements of the industry.
- Shop Committees.

The establishment of shop committees composed of both organized and unorganized representing all workers thruout the mills and furnaces, the shop committees to be used as the basis of the organization drive and of the union and to be combined with in each district on the same basis as the local unions.

9. The international trade union unity and support of joint Russian-English trade union unity committee.
10. For a Labor Party based on trade unions.
11. Demand for recognition of and establishment of trade relations with Soviet Russia.

## AS WE SEE IT

(Continued from page 1)

no longer able to fool the people of the world about the Chinese situation.

IT is reported that Abd-el-Krim broke his leg falling off a mule. Perhaps he has but his brain has not suffered any material injury. Krim may have broken his leg, but the French are liable to break their necks. By the way, it is pretty well established now that Britain is financing the Rifians against France. And is also well established that France was financing the Rifians against Spain. Watching the capitalists cutting each others' throats is a sweet occupation. Good luck to them.

WHAT a whole souled patriot Mr. Edward L. Doheny is. We suspected this right along, but here comes Edward himself and proves it. He would never dream of going to the trouble of bribing Albert Fall with \$100,000, but for the fact that Japan was preparing for war with the United States and in order to save fair California and Arthur Brisbane's real estate from the yellow peril, Ed went ahead and risked his honor for his country. Unfortunately the exigencies of politics know no honor and Edward was pitched to the wolves. His millions rendered the wolves toothless however, and he lives to tell the tale. (A poor burglar got from ten years to life last week for getting caught in the act of stealing \$20.)

IT is hard to say what will happen to Doheny, but we expect that if he is involuntarily confined on this side of his voyage across the dark ocean, it will be in a hospital, due to illness. To put a man like Doheny in jail would be to sap the foundations of this republic. I am willing to bet that when the war with Japan comes along, Doheny will be one of our greatest heroes and those who have opposed his deals will run the risk of being boiled in oil as horrible examples.

NOW it can be told! Not that it makes the slightest difference, but the information might be useful when the next war comes around. The current issue of Current History, contains a verbatim report of a speech delivered by Lloyd George to the British war cabinet and a special mission from the United States, sent to England by the president for the purpose of co-ordinating the war efforts of the two countries. George admitted that the Germans were on the point of winning the war when the United States butted in. But one could never guess at such a possibility from reading the glowing reports of allied victories in the newspapers.

### "Modernists" Win.

SEATTLE, Wash., July 5. — The modernists won two victories in the fight with the fundamentalists at the Baptist church here. By a vote of 742 to 574 they defeated a resolution of the fundamentalists, outlining a strict set of beliefs deemed essential to the Baptist orthodoxy, and also had seated the Fosdick delegates from New York.