low workers, "Hold the Fort for

We Are Coming."
Friends and neighbors in the textile

district were in the two divisions that

now became one. After the first group

had swung into line the torrent of

workers, men and women and many

children under fourteen, came along

without hesitation. grasping each

other by the hand, women falling into

at once in the joy that they had

chosen to make the cause of the

strikers their own cause and unite in

this, the greatest of all conflicts that

Bosses to Close Plants.

The Forstmann-Huffmann mill em-

for partly-completed jobs. They will

The officials of the firm stated that

rounds so that a gang of scabs not

more than twenty-five or fifty show

were beaten and knocked down. This

Strikers Pack Halls.

Yesterday at the strike meetings

organizer Weisbord had announced

(Continued on page 6)

1,400 GIRL MILL

WORKERS STRIKE FOR \$3 RAISE

Return to Work

SCRANTON, Pa., Feb. 24.—(FP)-

Over 1,400 girl workers in the anthra-

their fathers and brothers go back in-

to the mines after their five and a

half months' fight. The girls protest

against the miserable wages they

Last June the girls struck demand-

ing \$3 increases over their average

weekly wage of \$12. They were then

poorly organized and the impending

anthracite strike sent them back to

the mills after a hard fight which did

not bring them all they wanted. The

maximum wage since their summer

strike has been \$15 with girls aver-

aging \$8.50 as the season slowed. The

girls striking at Century Throwing

Co., owned by a Paterson, N. J., silk

third to a half more pay than the an-

Most of the girls are strikers from

Leon-Ferenbach Silk Co. They com-

cuts their earnings in proportion to

thracite region workers.

working full time.

have been paid.

Join the Growing Ranks of Worker Correspondents of The DAILY WORKER!

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BIG MILL AT PASSAIC JOINS THE TEXTILE STRIKE AS 10,000 PACK EVERY AVAILABLE HALL IN CITY

By J. O. BENTALL. (Special to The Daily Worker)

PASSAIC, N. J., Feb. 24.—The Forstmann-Huffmann mill, mightiest of the remaining plants, came out this morning 3,000 strong as the picket line of 3,000 marched to the plant at 6:30 cheering and singing "Solidarity Forever."

As the long line of workers came to work the pickets called on them to turn away from the gates and join in the fight for justice in the textile industry. It was a dramatic moment when the first crowd stopped and hesitated, looked around at their fellows in the struggle, waited a moment, talked among themselves, and then making for the picket line joined in the songs, singing as they neared their fel-

AUSTRO-GERMAN UNION AGITATES **EUROPEAN HEADS**

Economic Forces Seek to each other's arms singing and sobbing Erase Barriers

(Special to The Daily Worker) VIENNA, Feb. 24.—The violent conhas ever taken place in the industrial troversy over South Tyrol is pushing life of the state. the question of the political union of Austria and Germany again into the foreground. Economic reasons, particularly on the part of Austria, require ployes 3,800 and all went out except such a solution of the difficult situa- some finishers who wanted to wind up tion in which that country has been their work in order to get their pay

placed by the peace treaty. The breakup of the old Austro-Hun- all come out tomorrow. garian empire has reduced Austria to the position of a city state, deprived of its natural markets and raw resources. It is surrounded by the suc- It is so difficult to get scabs and they cession republics which are trying to utilize every opportunity to build this case. The leadership has so themselves up at the expense of

To Join the Zollverein.

The breakdown of the tariff barriers which Germany has erected would bring a tremendous improvement, industrialists believe. This would be accomplished by Austria becoming a member of the Zollverein, the customs union which includes the other German states. Under the proposed plan, Austria would take her place among the federal states of the German republic, with the same autonomy as Bavaria, for example. Fifty deputies strikers. Hence the announcement that it will shut down entirely. tag, half of whom would be christian party in Germany. It is neither chris- lords that ordered the local police to organize the field. tian, however, nor socialist, but is to make the attack on the Ackerman really the political appendage of the Ave bridge where dozens of workers vatican.

In Germany only those who are stirred the strikers to greater deterworking for the restoration of the mination and from that day to this it Hohenzollerns are opposed, as that was decided that the Forstmann-Huffdynasty is Lutheran. The followers of mann would be pulled down. It is the catholic Hapsburgs of Austria down and the strikers are happy and fight the union because it will destroy the new recruits are more happy. their chances of a restoration. Sanction for the union must be obtained from the great powers, as the present status of Austria was established by the treaty of St. Germain. France is opposed naturally. Premier Mussolini has violently condemned the proposal but the Austrians believe he is merely trying to bargain for his approval. Czecho-Slovakia is strongly opposed to the project fearing that Austria would become a powerful industrial

Rely on Chamberlain. Both Austrians and Germans are pinning their hopes to England's anticipated sanction. Austen Chamberlain is conducting an extremely complicated game of international diplomacy, all looking to the strengthening of that country's position in Asia and as against the Soviet Union.

Wages Have Increased 23 Pct. in Soviet Union; Unemployment Lower

VLADIVOSTOCK, U. S. S. R., Feb. 24.-The territorial congress of the trade unions has established, that since last year wages have increased 23%, making the average wage 42 roubles a month, against 32 roubles

With the rising of wages, the production has also increased.

Unemployment has considerably defirm, were given a \$2 wage cut, altho creased, leaving practically no skilled the Paterson workers organized in workers among the unemployed. the Associated Silk Workers get a

Passport Rules Bar Communist Travelers plain that speeding up of machines

CAIRO, Feb. 24.—The directors of the product. The United Textile Public Security for Palestine, Syria, workers have been organizing the introduced in parliament to authorize "anything that might happen to them" and Egypt at a meeting here have girls. There are several thousand silk local authorities to expend money on at the party before the debauchery drafted passport regulations which workers in these anthracite valleys, the preparation of birth control infor- started. will bar Communists from those coun- 5,000 employed at Shamokin by C. K. mation and its dissemination. Memtries. The regulations have been sub- Eagle & Co. alone when busy. During bers of all three parties, labor, liberal,

governments.

Japanese Engineer Lauds Managament of Soviet Railroads

(Special to The Dally Worker) TIFLIS, U. S. S. R., Feb. 24.-The Japanese engineer Kanaki, the chief manager of the Japanese railways who took part in the international railway conference, was in Tiflis

M. Kanaki declared that altogether wrong opinions were current in Japan concerning the Russian railways. He had found the Russian railways better managed than was supposed in

TROOPS READY TO SUPPRESS **UNION MINERS**

Operators Want Re- legal holiday the streets were jamturn to 1917 Scale

BULLETIN

(Special to The Daily Worker) EVANSVILLE, Ind., Feb. 24 --Three companies of national guard troops are held in readiness in the armory here to aid the coal operators in preventing the picketing of non-union mines by union miners. Two airplanes from the 113th air squadron at Kokomo are patroling the mine fields watching for further marches of the union miners.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Feb. 24-Work has been resumed at the non-union they would close the plant as the Botany and the Gera bosses have done. mines in Vanderburgh, Warrick and Gibson counties with the aid of scabs cost so much that it does not pay in under protection of some companies of the Indiana national guard which thoroly educated the strikers that no arrived here yesterday. Six mines matter how many scabs appear to are hoisting coal, the first that has.. enter a mill the strikers understand been produced since the union miners that these go in at the front gate and picketed the mines to unionize the scabs. then leave at a side door, making the

The operators have been putting the mines in this district on a 1917 wage off as if there were several hundred scale basis and declaring for the open workers going back. This bubble of were able to get to work at the 1917 the bosses has been pricked by the scale was dragged out of the mines by speakers so often that the workers are fully aware of the trick. It was pickets of union miners who marched for that reason the Botany had to shut from the strongly unionized districts down and the latest mill to be struck to spread the union to the non-union is not even attempting to fool the fields.

The bringing in of the national guard is part of the operators' scheme to drive the union out of the field socialists. This party holds the same Forstmann Bosses Ordered Attack. It is reported that the union miners. principles as the center, or catholic It was the Forstmann-Huffmann have not abandoned their campaign

'He Had a Still, But Did He Use It?' Stirs Washington's Solemnity

(Special to The Daily Worker)

ince of Washington's birthday here was marked by tumult and shouting by hubbub and furore, and by the hurl ing of verbal brickbats over prohibition. The peace and sedate solemnity the Master of Mount Vernon.

Still There's the Still. In the turmoil, the policies for which Washington stood appeared to cite region silk mills are striking, while ist." the drys. "He discharged a division K. Thaw, "That's too raw!" commander in the continental army whipped for drunkenness."

Russian Engineers Go to Japan to Study Factory Construction

VLADIVOSTOCK, U. S. S. R., Feb. 24.—A group of Russian engineers has left from Vladivostock for an excursion to Japan, where they will inspect Japanese factories and port constructions. From Japan the members of the excursion intend to proceed to

They All Want Birth

(Special to The Daily Worker)

its passage.

ASSAULT HEAD OF FURRIERS'

studying the methods of management on the Soviet railways. Police Beat Up Strike Leaders

By A. L. SUSKIN. (Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK, Feb. 24 - While housands of fur workers turned out in the first mass picketing demonstration Monday morning to show their solidarity for a determined fight to win their demands, Benjamin Gold, who is the chairman of the present strike committee, and Jack Skolnick, chairman of Manhattan Lyceum, leading the workers in the demonstration, were struck on the face and body with fists and clubs by the police, who afterward arrested Skolnick on a charge of disorderly conduct.

Despite the fact that Monday was a med with pickets, workers who are ready to sacrifice their lives if necessary to win their demands for better living conditions, for a higher standard. After picketing about 3 hours the workers formed into line and marched thru the fur district with Benjamin Gold and Aaron Gross at the head of a line that reached from 6th to 7th Ave. Despite the fact that the police tried to break up the marching line with violence and force the workers crossed in solid ranks, and marched down to the halls.

Workers' Demands: The workers have submitted the following demands:

1. Equal division of work and no

2. 40-hour week;

Unemployment insurance fund to be paid by the manufacturers. The bosses feel that the workers

mean business and are determined to fight for the demands they have submitted. Driving Out Scabbery.

It is only one week since the workers went out on strike against the fur manufacturers, demanding better rking conditions in an industry where they are subject to all kinds of diseases from the cheap dyes and dust of the pelts. They have shown their ability to smash 75 scab nests and within a week or so will drive the rest of the scabs out of business.

The workers are full of enthusiasm as no strikers have been before. They are hopeful of winning the strike in record-breaking time.

SOCIETY MORONS VIEW NAKED GIRL BATHE IN WINE

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.— Observ- Blase Broadway Jolted by Debauchery

(Special to The Daily Worker) NEW YORK, Feb. 24.-Broadway, that for 127 years have marked the which has been treated to many sights capital's observence of the day was by the depraved morons that infest

opponents of the eighteenth amend- Carroll, theater magnate, held a parment went to the mat over the per- ty at his playhouse in which over 300 bathing in a bath-tub filled with costly wines and champagne. "That's Too Raw!"

The men were told to line-up and They Strike as Fathers have been lost in the question as to as they passed the tub, chuckling with whether or not the father of his counglee, the naked chorus dancer ladled try kept a sill. He made and drank out some of the wine to them. Harry his own living," declared the wets. K. Thaw and Countess Vera Cathcart "He was a believer in personal lib- were among the guests at this affair. erty, and he was not a prohibition- Irwin S. Cobb, newspaper writer who the French a virtual cancellation of "Even tho he kept a still, he was among those that viewed the their \$4,000,000,000 obligation. Reed did believe in prohibition," retorded nude chorus girl, remarked to Harry

Two jazz orchestras played thrufor drinking, and he had soldiers out the night while the guests pranced around the floor.

Height of Debauchery. This party has thrown into the shade the historic Seeley dinner at Sherry's in 1896 when "Little Egypt" danced upon the tables of the assembled morons in a costume of nothing at all.

Thaw's presence at the party re called the Garden of Eden party given by Stanford White, whom Thaw later shot and killed. At the White party a girl stepped from a huge pie dressed as Eve.

The party dimmed all previous "wild parties" in the white or red light dis-Besides the girl-in-the-bathtub feature, there was a Charleston contest, informal speeches and much Control Information drinking at an old-fashioned bar set up on the stage.

The guests had to sign away their LONDON, Feb. 24.—A bill has been rights for any claims for damages for chairman declared dolefully that the progress of the Indians.

> Get your tickets now for the Inter-Sat., March 13, at 8th St. Theater.

British Government Under Fire for Failure to Aid Countess Vera

LONDON. Feb. 24 - The British government was subjected to heavy fire in the house of commons tais afternoon, for its failure to act in the banning of Vera Countess of Cathcart from the United States.

Sir Austin Chamberlain, foreign minister, declared Great Britain will not intervene in the case, will not attempt reprisals and will not ask the United States to enter an agreement for reciprocal action whereby the granting of a visa by a consul will be tentamount to a guarantee that the holder of the visa will be granted admittance at the port of entry.

UNDER FIRE ON SENATE FLOOR

Demand Prosecution of Mellon's Trust

(Special to The Daily Worker) WASHINGTON, Feb. 24. - Two members of President Coolidge's cabinet were under fire in the senate when debate was resumed on the Seditious speech under the auspices of Walsh report, criticizing the department of justice for failing to prosecute the Mellon-owned Aluminum company of America on a charge of violating the anti-trust laws.

While a coalition of democrats and progressives drove their attack ostensibly at Attorney General John S. Sargent, their real objective was also Secretary of the Treasury Andrew W.

tration forces into a fighting group. It

Instead of merely advocating a senatorial investigation of the Aluminum company, as recommended by a majority of the senate judiciary committee, the democrats rallied around court before the Bimba case Arkansas, the minority leader, that a Other cases were continued. resolution should be adopted directing ings against the Mellon concern.

owa, charged this would be tantamount to removing the attorney gen-

Sen. Borah Enters Fight on Italian

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24 -(FP)-Sen. Borah, chairman of the senate foreign relations committee, has come into the open as a foe of the Italian utterly shattered as proponents and its lights, was given a jolt when Earl debt settlement negotiated by Mellon, Kellogg, Hoover and Smoot. He has even gone into a conference on the sonal habits and private practices of men and women viewed a naked girl subject with a dozen democratic senators, including Walsh and Reed. They frankly declared their intention to defeat the ratification of the pact if they

Borah returns to his earlier position, that no settlement ought to be made on terms more favorable than those granted to Great Britain, unless the United States desires to offer to will emphasize America's responsibility alike to refrain from giving financial encouragement to the Mussolini despotism, and to give equal justice to all creditors.

Resolutions. letters and telegrams opposing the settlement are reaching scores of senators from all sections of the country.

Slave Driver Says British Contractors Pay Coolies Too Much

SINGAPORE, (By Mail.)—Sir Ivor Phillips, K. C. B., chairman of the tribal council last July, wherein Burke Co., Ltd., complained at the stock- their money for water and implements holders meeting that as a result of and for improving their sheep breeds, the British contractors in charge of but saying that of course congress had the construction of the huge naval final power over the use of their base here paying above the current funds. Yet he knew that Secretary wage for native labor in order to hur- Work, his chief, had persuaded the ry the work, coolies on the corpora- house to pass the bridge bill, claiming tion's plantations are quitting. The that the bridge was important to the company would sooner or later have to meet the scale thus established.

The stockholders adopted a resolution unanimously demanding a reducrun about 17½ per cent.

OLD LAW ASSAILED AS 'BLASPHEMY' CASE OPENS; FIRST WITNESS GETS CAUGHT TELLING LIE IN COURT

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL.

(Special to The Daily Worker) COURT HOUSE, BROCKTON, Mass., Feb. 24.-The thin thread by which the so-called commonwealth of Massachusetts is trying to hang charges of blasphemy and sedition on Anthony Bimba, editor of the Laisve, Lithuanian Communist daily of Brooklyn, New York, was revealed in the attack against the testimony of the state's star witness, Anthony W. Eudaco, a shoe worker in the plant of the Douglas Shoe Company that has contributed money in support of the prosecution.

Under cross-examination by Bimba's attorney, Harry Hoffman, Eudaco, who professed to be shocked at Bimba's statements about the non-existence of god, admitted that he did not

now belong to any church. "When did you last go to church?" asked Attorney Hoffman. But the presiding justice, C. C. King, came to his assistance, stating he need not answer the

After denying that he had ever belonged to any radical organization, Eudaco was forced to admit that he had acted as treasurer one evening at a meeting to raise funds for the defense of William Z. Foster in the Michigan case. It was very apparent that he is now more interested in a lawsuit he has started against the Lithuanian National Hall, where the American Lithuanian Workers'

setts against alleged seditious utter-Case Is Flimsy.

Educational and Literary Society,

than he is in protecting Massachu-

Judge King, in rendering his decision the coal operators of that county. The on the motions of Attorney Hoffman case began in May, 1921, with his ar-Mellon. By revealing Sargent's al- to drop both charges, made excellent rest on a charge of shooting Squire leged weakness as a prosecutor, the arguments why the case should be coalition hoped to pave the way for thrown out of court. Judge King, 1921 strike, and it closed here in the employment of special govern- however, decided to go on with the ment counsel to hale the Mellon con- case, trying both charges at once and overruling Attorney Hoffman's de-The movement turned the adminis- mand that the charges be dismissed.

Following an enthusiastic mass was the administration viewpoint that meeting last night in the Labor Lyspecial prosecutions and senatorial in- ceum, the court house was crowded vestigations must be stopped once and this morning with eager spectators for all, or the executive departments awaiting the opening of the trial will be forever forced to step aside Only a few could be admitted to the when their actions displease con-small courtroom in addition to the score of newspapermen and many

witnesses. David E. Noonan, a dejected looking human being, led a procession of half a dozen drunks, haled before the the proposal of Senator Robinson, of called. Noonan received a \$5 fine.

Bimba arrived early, lingering for President Coolidge to name two spe- a time at the entrance to the courtcial prosecutors to initiate proceed- house, meeting many of his comrades. On entering the court room he was Senator Cummin, republican, of immediately directed by court attend- he rasped out the usual openshop cant ants to the prisoners' dock, sitting apart from his lawyers.

Assails Ancient Law. Attorney Hoffman, arguing for the

(Continued on page 2.)

Debt Settlement PLAN STEAL OF \$100,000 FROM INDIAN FUNDS

Govt. Official Demands Looting of Navajos

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24 — (FP) Whether the senate and house conferees on the urgent deficiency appropriation bill will grant or reject the demand of Commissioner Burke of the Indian Office that \$100,000 of the tribal funds of the Navajo Indians in Arizona be taken, for a bridge which the Indians will never use, is to be decided within a few days. The item voted by the house and rejected by the senate is one providing that the \$100,000 be taken from the tribal funds to pay half the cost of a bridge over the Colorado River near Lee's Ferry. This point is some 50 miles from any considerable settlement of the Indians, and in the opposite direction from their lines of travel to market.

John Collier, executive secretary of the Indian Defense Association, has issued a circular telling the story of this attempted steal. He quotes a letter written by Burke to the Navajo Singapore United Rubber Plantations told the Indians they ought to use

Collier shows that \$90,000,000 of Indian funds are now at the disposal of congress, and that if the Indian bureau is able to cheat the Navajo tion of wages on the government tribe of this \$100,000 there will be no mitted for approval to the various the winter the silk mills were not and tory, will support it and speak for national concert of the T. U. E. L., work. The Plantations Co. dividends safety for any of the other trust

AFTER 5-YEAR INTENSE FIGHT

Union Coaldigger Gains His Liberty

By ART SHIELDS. Federated Press.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., Feb. 24.-J. C. McCoy, Mingo county miner, is free again, and home with his wife and seven children, at the close of a five-In fact the case is so flimsy that year conspiracy against his liberty by Harry Staten of Sprigg during the Huntington when the fourth jury that has tried him for murder freed him af-

ter two minutes of deliberation. Twice McCoy was convicted in the operator-controlled courts in Williamson. At the time of the first trial. September, 1921, the county was under martial law and the courtroom full armed men Twice he went to the penitentiary at Moundsville to serve 99 years and twice came out again on writs of error. The third trial took place in Huntington on a change of venue and brought a hung jurynine to three for acquittal. The fourth

has just closed. It was a class conspiracy thruout. John S. Marcum, 74-year old attorney for the Mingo coal operators, served as special prosecutor at the fourth trial as he did at the first. His shaven, wrinkled head bobbed aggressively as

about lawless unionism.

But the coal operators were unfortunate in their witnesses. Some testified that McCoy had been firing from a railroad switch-stand; others as positively declared that it was nearly a hundreds yards away by a store. And defense attorneys proved conclusively that it would have been impossible to see the victim from the place named. There was further proof by the defense that McCoy had not done any firing and that the only overt act he had committed was to loyally aid the strike and relief program of his union.

Bratiano Will Soon Have an Opposition

LONDON, Feb. 24 - Prince Carol's sudden departure for Paris from Milan is causing belief that the prince had left to consult with leaders of the opposition party in Roumania regarding his return to Bucharest.

COMRADE GRISCHUK

Comrade Joseph Grischuk, former member of the Russian district committee of Chicago, died in Los Angeles, Cal., Feb. 21, according to a telegram received from comrades of los Angeles.

Comrade Grischuk came to' the United States in 1913 from the open wide plains of Volynia

A son of the fields and forests, he was suffocating in the shops and factories. He became a victim of the white plague-tuberculosis. Altho sick he continued actively to work in the

labor movement. When the party was driven underground he remained at his post, coninuing to work under the name of

He was a capable speaker and used to go out to the branches in the district to speak.

For the last two years he was too sick to work and went to a sanitarium in Los Angeles where he remained un-

il his death on Feb. 21. The Russian section of the Workers Party of Chicago wired some

money to the comrades in Los Angeles to help cover the funeral expenses.

WORLD COURT COHORTS FEAR BORAH ATTACK

to Chicago March 9

(Special to The Daily Worker) WASHINGTON, Feb. 24 - Senatorial "courtesy" appeared strained to the breaking point here today as a in the last few days by Senator Borah,

democrat of Missouri, attacking the world court. Senator Wm. B. McKinley, who

voters in a primary in April, declared today that: "The thinking people of Illinois resent the invasion of Senator Borah

and Senator Reed into their domestic affairs." Steps were being taken today, how-

and Reed speeches, and to give Sen. his intra-party fight for renomination. It was announced that Secretary of Commerce Hoover would speak in

Chicago on March 9. Plans are being laid for other administration spokesmen to follow him.

COMMUNISTS OF GERMANY SHOW UP SOCIALISTS

Social Democratic Leaders Expel Freiberger

(Special to The Daily Worker) BERLIN, Feb. 24-German reformof the social-democratic party are latter are trying to form joint committees for united action in the trade unions and the shop councils. The campaign for the expropriation of the properties belonging to the former Hohenzollerns and the various noble by the socialist executives. The executive committees of both the socialdemocratic party and the Federation of Labor have warned their members against any co-operation with the Communists, even in the way of demonstrations, public meetings, etc.

The national executive committee of the socialists have, indeed, gone so izations can be amalgamated or reach far as to expel Freiberger, chairman of the central committee of shop coun- against the trusts and in order to mincils in Munich and leader of the first imize and if possible to avoid jurisdicdelegation of German workers to visit tional friction arising out of the or-Russia, because he had addressed ganizational activities of both organmeetings of the International Workers izations, the following arrangement Relief. The socialist soreheads term should prevail: this organization the "Communist Red would be a crime against the Rus- tion from both sides to take up all sians and the international proletariat matters of jurisdiction and organizato introduce the western type of de- tion of unorganized and other matters mocracy in the Soviet Union.

Raid the Neue Zeit in Bavaria. authorities have raided the offices of ganizations on the following basis: the Neue Zeit, a Communist paper, and banned Communist meetings thruout Bavaria. Stutzel, the minister of taken jointly by both organizations. police, stated in reply to an interpel- The territory to be organized to be lation in the diet, that all Communist agreed upon previous to the campaign gatherings would be prohibited until and each side to concentrate upon the the party erased the demand for the specified territory agreed for each overthrow of the present state from side and whatever shops are organtheir program. Even Communist ized by either side to be affiliated to deputies would be kept strictly within the legal limits, he declared.

Bavaria. The present government is paign, after the campaign each side to a combination of social democrats and organize wherever it finds it necescatholics (Centrists). The Bavarian socialists have a very strong left wing. however, which makes life miserable for the party's right leadership in such conditions as these.

Soviet Union Opens Trade Exhibition in Japanese City

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Feb. 24,-A Soviet trade exhibition has been higher wage scale now prevalent in organized at Osaka, Japan. Nearly some of the International Brotherall the commercial organizations of hood and Confectionery Worker shops. the Far East are taking part in the

Flax Exports Increase.

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., (Tass) Feb. 24-During the first 9 months of 1925, the Union of Socialist Soviet Russia exported to England 3,283 tons of flax as compared with 1.100 tons in 1924. imports of flax against 4 per cent in 1924

For the same period, the Soviet Union has imported to Germany 3,216 hood and Confectionery Worker shops. tons of flax, or 30 per cent of the total German imports of flax, against 3 union; the United Bakery Workers per cent in 1924.

eighty metro-tons have been imported ate this union as a menace or factor to France for the first 9 months of from the field. 1925, against 1,520 metro-tons in 1924,

CHAIRMAN HANDS DOWN DECISION IN DISPUTE BETWEEN FOOD WORKERS AND A. F. OF L. BAKERY WORKERS' UNION

(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK, Feb. 24—Both locals, the Amalgamated Food Workers' Local 164 and the International Brotherhood of Bakery and Confectionery Workers Local 169, to the controversy arising out of the organization of three shops, Hynchez, Tragna and Moscowitz having agreed that the impartial chairman is to decide the issue. The joint committee of action of the Bakers' united Coolidge Sends Hoover is to decide the issue. The joint committee of action of the Bakers' united front in agreement with the representatives of both locals agreed that Joseph Zack, member of Local 38 International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, act as impartial chairman in this controversy. The impartial chairman having heard and considered the arguments of both sides came to the vision of territory on small bakeries.

following conclusion: In view of the fact that a mere decision on the three shops would not result of the speeches made in Illinois solve the problem, it is necessary to to not only decide on the three shops, republican of Idaho, and Senator Reed, but also to agree on a policy to be followed by both organizations in the future so that similar difficulties should not again occur. Therefore, the imvoted for the court, and who faces the partial chairman recommends as a policy for both sides to fight for and carry into effect the following:

Recommendations.

1. That all locals and groups in agreement with this in the baking industry should work towards the amalever, to combat the effect of the Borah gamation of both organizations into one union affiliated to the American McKinley administration backing in Federation of Labor on the following basis:

> (a) Both sides, the International Brotherhood and Confectionery Workers and the Amalgamated Food Workers are to agree that in order to organize the biggest factor now prevailing in the industry, the baking trust, both sides must take into their organizations all workers skilled, semi-skilled and unskilled. Such workers as cannot be directly organized into the bakers' union on account of jurisdictional claims by unions opthe teamsters, both sides are to agree workers in these three shops to re- thruout the year. that an agreement must be reached ceive the higher wage scale of Local with the unions involved for an alli- 169 International Brotherhood and schools be built in the neighborhood ance and joint action in whatever con- Confectionery Workers. However, troversy may occur with the employ- since the awarding of these three

chief effort must be concentrated to siders the main question the policy in trade union leaders and the heads ward organizing the tremendous mass and machinery above outlined as the of unorganized workers especially in concise and practical solution of the angry at the Communists because the the trustified concerns and modern problem. We are fully aware that

bakeries: hood and Confectonery Workers will non-enforcement of the present union refuse to agree to the proposition of conditions in the shops is due considtaking in the various categories of erably to the weakness of the union in help working in trust bakeries then the face of the rapidly growing power Hohenzollerns and the various noble families had been agreed on by all those in agreement with this proof the trust, the continued growth of three covernizations in edvence after gressive policy are to support full which threatens to arruph alternation. three organizations in advance, after gressive policy are to support full- which threatens to crush altogether terrific mass pressure had been felt heartedly the Amalgamated Food the small shops which are organized Workers in their efforts to organize and with it the union if the union does the trust bakeries so as to lessen or not reorientate itself to effectively if possible to eliminate altogether the face this menace and to unify the almenace these openshop centers rep- together weak forces of the workers resent to the organized workers as a

United Action.

Until such a time as the two organan understanding for their activities

A joint organization committee Freiberger had declared it is to be created of equal representaaffecting the interests of both organizations in such a manner as to present a united front to the bosses and to MUNICH, Feb. 24—The Bavarian settle all disputes inside the two or-

(a) Organization campaigns to organize the unorganized to be underthose organizing same. This territorial division to remain in effect This presents a peculiar situation in only during the organization camsary to do so.

(b) In the territory to be organized or in any new shops both organizations are to agree upon a joint wage scale and working conditions so as not to allow the boss a favorable basis to discriminate one in favor of the other on account of differences in written into the capital's etiquette

Maintain High Wages.

(c) Both organizations are to cooperate in the maintenance of the (d) All shops organized outside of major organizational campaigns are to be affiliated with whichever side

organizes them. (e) It is understood that both sides mands upon the employers, wages, would attend anyway. Finding that hours, working conditions jointly and Mrs. Wm. M. Jardine, wife of the The exports from the Soviet Union by mutual agreement and that the amount to 15 per cent of the English | wage scale of the Amalgamated Food Workers' bakery locals is to reach as soon as possible the higher scale pre-

on both sides are to agree upon prac-Fourteen thousand six hundred and tical measures to combat and elimin-

(g) As soon as a joint agreement went on to the dinner. Returning, the 1925, against 1,520 metro-tons in 1924, (g) As soon as a joint agreement went on to the dinner. Returning, the barum, U. S. S. R., red. 24—The Robotnicza, Pravda, and Honor and to lend his support in terminating the Soviet Union occupying the first can be reached on the question of limousine deposited Cal at the man-first higher school in Adparistan is beplace, as compared with other countrust bakeries same arrangement shall sion and then took Mrs. Jardine ing opened at Batum, conisting of an Truth, can be secured from Frank the majority of the socially decisive ward Tyrol was sent today following tries in the export of flax to France, prevail as in the organization and di- home.

In reference to the three shops incostly struggle to change the settlement, the shops with the exception of

present settlement.

ery Workers' shops.

In conclusion I wish to say that trust upon the market and the fact years ago.

Unity or Extinction.

The problem therefore, is not prishops either way would not solve the (b) Both sides are to agree that the problem. The impartial chairman conthese arrangements may lead to a (c) If the International Brother- modification of the wage scale but the Lack of unity under these circumstances means not only a practical worsening of conditions but complete extinction. As to the present disgraceful situation of injunctions and picketing with label signs in front of the three shops both sides are a ense of the workers. The continued spirit if continued, is bound to work been going on in this province. both sides.

> Hoping that the workers of both or to natives in his employ. ganizations will realize that an agreement on the basis of this policy paves the way toward unity and a more definite settlement of the jurisdictional war, I recommend this for their adop-

Impartial Chairman, Joseph Zack. Unanimously agreed upon and counersigned by both delegations.

For the International Brotherhood and Confectionery Workers' Local 169, Abe Fleisher, Chas Dreman, Dave Ross, Nijinsky, and H. Wendmw. For Amalgamated Food Workers' Local 164, N. Rosenberger, A. Forders, J. Frohlig, Gospfort and Bushi.

White House Social **Mentors Solve Some**

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.-A precedent in white house social custom was books today.

It might be phrased thus: does not call for a lady nor conduct as he received insufficient food. her home."

For the first time in many years, a last night unaccompanied by the mis-General John G. Sargent.

attorney general, Cal decided he to the extent of 24 shillings. secretary of agriculture, had no engagement, he invited her to accom- nothing else sufficient food for a famipany him to the dinner.

The social mentors of the white for his dinner companion?

The answer was finally, "No." The white house limousine was sent for Mrs. Jardine and she came to the white house, joined the president and

SCHOOL BOARD NOT THERE TO **MEET MOTHERS**

Employ Boss Tactics to Kill Strike

Once more the mothers of the children of the Lowell school were disappointed by the board of education. This time the board did not meet at all altho they dragged these mothers to a promised meeting at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon and had them volved it is decided that in order not hanging around the building in hopes to play any further into the hands of that the matter would be taken up. these bosses and perhaps engage in This time they were stalled off with the promise of a meeting next week. The slick business men of the Hynches' shop which should be turned school board use the same tactics to over to Local 169, International Broth- break the backbone of this strike that erhood and Confectionery Workers, they use in strikes by workers, stalls. these shops are to remain under the This is not the first disappointment they have given the mothers.

Many meetings were held by the this decision is based upon the pol- parents with the board trustees. Last icy of unity between the organized Tuesday over sixty mothers appeared workers in the baking industry and before a committee of the board. takes into consideration the practical This committee demanded that the aspects of joint work until such unity board act at once to return their is achieved. The principal problem in children to the Lowell school and the industry being the growing power proceed with the building of the anand strong pressure of the baking nex to the school promised them two

that the Amalgamated Food Worker For four weeks the parents have shops have generally a lower wage been fed promises by the board. Mr. scale and are therefore favored by the Kandel, who had appointed himself employers who thus take advantage leader of the parents' committee of of crushing or eliminating the Inter-ten, has entirely discredited himself national Brotherhood and Confection- with the parents. As a result a large part of this committee split away from the Kandel leadership and is now organized into the Parents' League of the Northwest Section. This organmarily one of these three shops. It ization is a permanent one and will erating in other industries, such as would be to the best interest of the fight for the welfare of the children

The parents demand that new for these very young children whereas the board of education's scheme is to fill up the distant and less crowded schools with children from the more congested districts, thus necessitating that the children travel long distances and eat their lunches away from their home. Some of the schools, like the Stone, are fully a mile from their homes, passing many carlines, the most dangerous of which is North Avenue.

Court Hearings Exposes Terror

(Special to The Daily Worker) CAPE TOWN, South Africa .- (By great deal responsible as both sides mail.)-Since the recent revolts police acted without consulting with each oppression of the natives has been inother or trying to come to a mutual creasing. The trouble has been acagreement before the bosses had a centuated also by the passage of the chance to enjoy themselves at the ex- bill for the color bar by the parliament of the union. bitterness, hatred and extermination which follow, are typical of what has

to the disadvantage of the workers of At Eshowe a European sugar planter was charged on 23 counts of cruelty

The most terrible stories of beatings, kickings, imprisonment, and starvation were told. According to evidence the overseers were armed with sjamboks (rhinocerous-hide whips) and kerries (knobbed sticks.) On completion of their daily tasks the natives were locked up in cells for the night. All were dressed in uni-

forms of sackcloth. Court Strewn With Weapons.

The court room was strewn with the instruments used by the employer, including chains, padlocks, sjamboks, kerries, handcuffs and lashes,

A verdict of guilty on all 23 counts was found, and the magistrate, remarking that it was a very bad case. imposed a series of fines. As it was found that no wages had been paid "Weighty" Problems to the natives, the employer that dered to pay £240 as wages due. to the natives, the employer was or-

Diet of Mealies.

In a case at Somerset East, a na-

president attended a formal function and his family of five dependents was class show us that the colored work-Mrs. Coolidge suffering from a cold but not the tripe or head. In addiwas unable to attend. Because of tion, he received a wage of 8 shillings must strive to arrange their activities the close personal friendship with the a month. He was in debt to his master

"Never Complained."

"Do you consider 3 lbs. of mealies and ly of five?" questioned the magistrate. "Well, he never complained," the vailing in the International Brother house scratched their heads and pon- farmer replied. The native was orderdered over the serious problem of ed to return to the farm and work (f) On the question of the new boss whether Cal should or should not call off his debt, and the master was advised to give him a more adequate allowance of food.

First Higher School in Adparistan.

BATUM, U. S. S. R., Feb. 24-The Industarial Technicum

700,000 Teachers of 20 BLASPHEMY TRIAL OPENS; CASE IS VERY WEAK Belong in Labor's Ranks

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL.

NONEY talks. John L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers of America, who sent the anthracite coal miners back to work without an increase in wages, demands that federal judges be given increased salaries. He claims that that will make the judges "fearless and independent." He argues that increased salaries will turn the decisions of the courts more toward the side of labor.

William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, has also petitioned congress to increase salaries of federal judges. He echoed the arguments advanced by Lewis. The stand of both was applauded by the employers'

Money talks. But an increased quantity does not tell judges to be considerate of the working class. It is a more powerful urge that they increase their loyalty, if this is necessary, to the class that has given them a place of power.

The New York Times "spills the beans," to use a slang expression, when it makes a terrific plea for increased wages for school teachers. It forgets how it interpreted money's talks to federal judges. It sounds a different note in explaining how money talks to school teachers.

The teachers should have higher wages, says The Times. Low wages are dangerous. The teachers now receive a starvation pittance. Teachers in rural schools get wages ranging from \$755 to \$1,114, which startles the Times to worry for the future of the country.

The Times argues that the teachers must be paid higher wages so that they will be more loyal to the capitalist government that employs them, not more considerate of the rights of the masses of the workers whose children they

The Times applauds the declaration credited to Rene Viviani, the renegade socialist war premier of France, that the army of school children constituted the "scholastic front" during the war, following everywhere the line of the trenches. Poorly paid school teachers, struggling to provide themselves with the barest necessities of life, do not make good jingo shouters. They must have more pay.

Teachers must be bribed to poison with the virus of paytriotism the minds of the young. That is why the school superintendents, now meeting in Washington, D. C., are getting a big ovation. They are the "Superior Officers of the Army of Future Defense." They have under their control 700,000 school teachers directing 20,000,000 children. In 100,000 school houses these millions of children are being trained to serve the American capitalistic republic.

The teachers are getting wages now that represent the purchasing power of \$441 before the war, while the lowest salary of a commissioned officer, who drills the soldiers in the army, was \$1,700, with heat, light and quarters. The Times declares the army officers do not get too much. It feels that the "Army of Future Defense" isn't safe if the school teachers are discontented with the wages they get.

The wages of the school teachers cannot be too high. But it is noticeable that everywhere the teachers get an increase they are compelled to wage a bitter struggle before it is given them. When teachers therefore get a small increase, even at the suggestion of The Times, that worries about Wall Street's source of cannon fodder for the next imperialist war, they should take it and fight for more as part of the whole working class struggle for a little more than a bare existence under the robber capitalist system.

Money talks. Judges are specially picked because they know how to listen attentively and understandingly to its siren song. The workers know that, even if Green and Lewis do not.

Money talks. But the teachers will learn to understand its language as they take the bribe-fattened pay envelope, without acknowledging the bribe, or succumbing to it. The public school teachers belong to the working class.

GERMAN WEEKLY

Evening

(Special to The Daily Worker)

a social evening to be held Saturday

evening, Feb. 27, at Labor Temple, 84

is only fifty cents. All comrades

should be present to support the effort

to make a success of such an import-

Would Validate Citizenship Steps.

WASHINGTON, - (FP) - Repres-

entative Sabath of Chicago has intro-

duced in the house a bill and a joint

Under existing law, such declara-

tions, if made within 30 days before

special or primary election days, are

invalid. Great numbers of aliens,

ignorant of this trick in the law, have

made their first steps toward citizen-

ship, only to discover years later that

they must start all over again.

election, shall be legalized.

A. N. L. C. Meetings Met PLAN CAMPAIGN with Enthusiastic Response in Buffalo FOR COMMUNIST

By G. I., Worker Correspondent.

BUFFALO, Feb. 24. - Lovett Fort-Whiteman, well-known Negro labor organizer, spoke at two meetings in the Labor Lyceum here. Whiteman's Club Will Hold a Social meetings attracted quite a number of interested Negro workers, who listened eagerly to his able analysis of the problems which face the colored workers in this country, and in the whole world. A Negro member of the Bricklayers' Union, B. Taylor, acted as chairman.

Whiteman pointed out that the only manner in which the Negro workers can hope to better their conditions is by exerting their organized strength as workers, together with organized tive was charged with desertion (i. e., labor of all races. He showed that leaving the farmer for whom he racial hatred is an instrument used worked). The native admitted his by the bosses to divide the strength "The president of the United States guilt, but declared he had no option, of the working class and make their common exploitation easier. "The col-The magistrate elicited from the onial wars in Morocco and Syria, and farmer that the rations of the native the looting of the Chinese working three pounds of mealies a day, and ers are exploited on an international tress of the white house. The occa- once a week, when slaughtering took scale. We must organize the tre- ant event as the publication of a Gersion was a dinner given by Attorney place, he was given the pluck and mendous forces of colored workers man Communist paper in America. trotters of the slaughtered animal, and become an aid in freeing the whole working class.

Fort-Whiteman urged that the workers present join the American Negro Labor congress to fight against Jimcrowism, discrimination, and obstacles to Negroes wishing to join trade unions.

A sizeable group of the American legro Labor congress was formed in Buffalo. The prospects are that many more Negro workers will soon join this organization.

FREE LITERATURE SUPPLIED.

MILWAUKEE, Wis. - Free copies of the YOUNG WORKER, Tribuna milder, 821 Clylesurn St., Milwaukee, part of the projetariat."-C. I. Thesis, a Tyrolean protest meeting.

OPENS; CASE IS VERY WEAK (Continued from page 1).

dismissal of the charges, pointed out that when the blasphemy law was passed, church and state in Massahusetts had not yet been separated, hat at that time nearly the whole population was of the congregationalst faith, while now there is a cosmopolitan population with many religous differences. He declared that anyone had the right to believe or disbelieve in a god, and ought to be guarded in that right.

Cannot Improve the Thing. The prosecuting attorney, I. Manuel Rubin, declared Bimba was not on trial for heresy. He argued, however, that the people must be protected in their belief in god, and that the crime consists in utterances designed and calculated to destroy and disrupt the veneration that men may have in god. He said the law under which Bimba is being held was re-enacted by the state legislature in 1921. He declared that there can be no mprovement upon this law, that it must stand for all time. He said it was upon the veneration for religion that the government is founded, and that Bimba in seeking to destroy the government, was first seeking to destroy that veneration and the belief n god. In urging the court to go thead with the sedition charges the rosecutor cited the case against Ben litlow in New York and William Bross Lloyd in Illinois.

Judge King announced that he wanted to get thru the trial as quicky as possible. He said he would be glad to grant both motions to dismiss. He had heard, he said, of the dissentions among the Lithuanians in the northeastern section of the city for the past six years. He said that the 1,838 blasphemy decisions had been made by a divided court and he was inclined to believe with the minority. But he said he would still have to abide by the decision made nearly a century ago. He didn't think that Bimba's speech was a "decent, orderly confession of faith or unfaith, and that it was possibly out of place at the time and occasion." So he wanted to go on with the case.

Question Sedition Charge.

In regard to the sedition charge he pointed out that it was passed in 1919 while war sentiment was still rife in the land. "Possibly at this time," he said, "there is no occasion for an enforcement of this statute."

"The language used," he continued, is not the ordinary language of incitement. It is more the language of rophecy.'

Nevertheless, he overruled both motions and the trial got under way with the swearing in of 15 governnent witnesses.

First Witness Caught in Lie. Eucado told how he had attended the mass meeting at which Bimba made his speech. The gathering had been advertised as a protest against the white terror in Lithuania. The defense brot out that Bimba's declarations about god had been made in onnection with his description of the tortures visited on imprisoned Communists in Lithuania. He had asked how there could be a god when a clerical government (Catholic) in Lithuania murders and tortures its

The witness tried to bring in the isual oratorical trick about the existence of the soul. He declared that Bimba had said that he didn't have a soul, that he had soles on his shoes. but the witness. Eucado, was forced to admit that the speech was in Lithuanian in which language the word for soul is "dushe" and that for sole of a shoe is "padas" so that it was impossible to make this play upon words in Lithuanian as one can in English.

It was very evident that Eudaco had been carefully coached in an interpretation of Bimba's speech that the prosecution is seeking to get NEW YORK CITY, Feb. 24 - To across to the court. He conveniently raise funds for the publication of a forgot everything else. He couldn't German Communist weekly newspa- remember what Bimba had said in his per, the German Nightworkers' Club, speech immediately prior to or after consisting of members of Locals 1, the alleged damaging statements, and 164 of the Amalgamated Food- thus failing to give any general trend workers of America, have arranged of Bimba's utterances.

"Aren't you more interested in fight. ing the people who brot Bimba here St., (between Second and Third Ave.) than you are in fighting the princi-An attractive program has been arples for which Bimba stands?" asks Attractive program has been ar-Attorney Hoffman.

ranged, including the Communist Eudaco refused to admit this, how-Mass Chorus, The Uthmann Singing Society and other features. Admission

Revolutionary Song Composed by Soldiers.

LENINGRAD, U. S. S. R., Feb. 24.worker of the Pushkin Home of the Academy of Sciences at Leningrad has discovered by chance a small manuscript containing the poems of a noted contemporary of Pushkin, A. I. Poleshayev. Among the poems was found a folk-song on the Decembrist resolution proposing that declarations revolt, which had been composed by of intention to become citizens, made soldiers immediately after the revolt, by aliens within 30 days preceding the and recorded by Polezhayev under the day of a special election or primary title, "Soldier Song on December 14th, 1825." The song ends in threats at the address of Nicholas I.

Ask Borah Support Against Mussolini

INNSBRUCK, Austria, Feb. 24 -A message appealing to Senator Borah to lend his support in terminating

BRITISH SCHEME TO BAR OUT U.S. MOTION FILMS

Will Require Registration to Produce Pictures

(Special to The Daily Worker) LONDON, Feb. 24.—The trade war between Great Britain and the United | parties and the vicissitudes of the rep-States is getting hotter. British industry is fighting on its national soil for self-preservation. This is the significance of the agreement by which the very powerful federation of British industries will back for passage in parliament a bill for the protection from foreign competition of the motion picture business in all its various angles.

All films will have to be registered before a body appointed for that pur-No foreign film may be displayed by licensed distributors. For the year October 1, 1926, to September 30, 1927, 7 feet of foreign film may be shown to 1 foot of British. For the following year the proportion is 6 feet of foreign to 2 feet of British. From October 1, 1928, there will be at least 3 feet of British to 5 feet of foreign

Scenario Writers Must Be British. The bill also provides for the scenario writers and all the principal artists and the staff employed in the production to be British. As the native industry has to go thru a distinct building up stage it is stipulated that for the first two years a certain proportion of foreign technical assistants may be allowed. The rigid enforcement of the bill is sure to hit the American motion picture business very heavily. American pictures are extremely popular here and the vast majority of all films shown come from United States studios.

A Difficult Problem. Protection in this case involves. however, certain factors absent in the usual manufacturing industry. These difficulties center chiefly about the drawing value of "stars." The British will either have to spend huge sums to advertise stars of their own, whose attraction must then be equal to the world-known Americans, or they must be able to arouse sufficient patriotic feeling to get the ordinary worker and middleclass patron to accept an English attraction of inferior merit as his national duty.

Get your tickets now for the International concert of the T. U. E. L. Sat., March 13, at 8th St. Theater.

COOLIDGE OFFSPRING INDULGES IN 'HIGHER L'EARNING' AT AMHERST

(Special to The Daily Worker) AMHERST, Mass., Feb. 24 .- "Introducing John Coolidge, son of the president, in this corner, and Matthew Silverman, of Brooklyn, N. Y. Both students at Amherst college and in the 135 pound class."

The roped ring of the local college 'gym'' was the scene and the two collegiate boxers opened up. The battling was fast and furious

for three rounds and then young Silverman was declared the winner on points.

It was the first public appearance of the president's son in the role of

New Zealand Election Shows False Face of Capitalist Democracy

AUCKLAND, New Zealand, (By Mail.)-The complete returns on the New Zealand elections which were held the end of December, show that while the labor party gained nearly 40,000 votes on their poll in 1922, they secured six less seats in the legisla-

The losses were due to the virtual coalition of the reform and national resentative system. Tho the reform candidates got less than twice as many votes as the labor candidates, there were five times as many of them elected.

MOSCOW MUSEUM SHOWS HISTORY OF REVOLUTION

Counter - Revolutionary Documents Displayed

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Feb. 24-At the Moscow Archives of the October Revolution an exhibit has been opened of documents relating to the revolutionary movement in Russia. The exhibition contains the following sec-

1. The Pugatchev period: the manifesto of Gugatchev, the leader of the peasants' revolt in the reign of Catherine II; reports by provincial gov-

ernors, Catherine's letters, and so on 2. The Decembrists: correspondence of the Decembrists, official documents relating to their prosecution,

3. 1881: the assassination of Alexander II; photographs of the revolutionary conspirators; manuscripts and diaries.

4. 1905: Official documents bearing on the agrarian movement, on the mutiny in the navy, on the insurrection at Moscow, and so on.

5. 1917: the last days of czarism; notes by Rasputin; the czar's diaries and letters; reports from military headquarters; the interrogation of the Imperialist Tools czar's ministers after the February revolution, and so on. In this section is shown also the brief period of the provisional government of Kerensky; the records of the sessions of the provisonal government! the Kornilov affair, and so on. There is also shown an interesting collection of speeches delivered by Lenin prior to the October Revolution; records of the meetings of the Petrograd Soviet, and other authentic documents of paramount importance to students of the history of the great Russian revolu-

6. The Civil War: documents on the various counter-revolutionary organizations (Kolchak, Denikin, etc.); the partisan movement in the rear of counter-revolutionary armies the interrogation of Kolchak; materials on the foreign intervention; the fight against banditism, and so on.

In addition to archive documents are shown also copies of newspapers and other publications which appeared at different periods in the course of the revolution.

Watch the Saturday Magazine Section for new features every week. This is a good issue to give to your fellow worker.

KNOCKING THE TOP OFF LOCARNO



The Fascist Braggart Praises Spectre of War.

Prepare Attack on Chinese Nationalists

SHANGHAI, Feb. 24.—Chinese generals were preparing the stage today for a civil war of large dimensions. General Wu Pei-fu was preparing to invade Honan province. Marshal Chang Tso-lin was supporting him in another quarter with his Shantung

CHICAGO I. L. D. TO **GREET TRUMBULL ON** MARCH 4TH AND 5TH

Chicago workers should reserve Thursday evening, March 4 to greet Walter Trumbull, recently released from Alcatraz after serving a sen-Hawaii, at the railroad station and Friday evening, March 5 to greet Side Turner Hall. There will be other speakers on the program. Robert Morse Lovett, Ralph Chaplin and Max Shachtman are among those on the list of speakers.

LAWLER FARMERS ATTACK FASCIST

Urges Formation of Anti-Fascist Bloc

LAWLER, Minn., Feb. 24. - The Lawler Farmers' Co-Operative Association at its annual membership meeting joined the many American

The Lawler co-operative also places of Labor Unions, the Amsterdam Inworking class and farmers' organiza- ian language. tions.

workers' power."-Losovsky.

Bibesco Is Recalled by Roumanian Boyars

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24 - Prince RAIDS ON CO-OPS Antoine Bibesco, Roumanian ambassador, presented his letters of recall to President Coolidge and prepared to Antoine Bibesco, Roumanian ambassador, presented his letters of recall eturn to Bucharest.

Bibesco is said to have had differences with members of the Rouma nian debt commission here last fall, which resulted in complaints being odged with his home government.

Training of National Teachers. LENINGRAD, U. S. S. R., Feb. 24.-Fifteen thousand roubles have been co-operatives in their protest of the granted for the purpose of organizing action of the Italian fascisti in raid- linguistic departments for the training ing, destroying and selzing of work- of teachers and educators in the laners' and farmers' co-operatives in guages of the national minorities. Such departments are to be opened at the Moscow University for the Jewish itself in favor of an international al- language, at Kazan University for the liance between the Red International Tchuvash and Tartar languages, at Kuban University for the Ukrainian ternational Federation of Trade Unions language, at Leningrad University for and the International Co-Operative the Esthonian language and at Smoland hear Trumbull at the North Alliance to combat fascist raids on ensk University for the White-Russ-

you go to your union meeting. es will be easily obtained.

(Special to The Daily Worker) MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Feb. 24.-Film producers in the Soviet Union are engaged on a number of new pictures. Among these are two pictures connected with the history of the October revolution, entitled "Kolchak's End," and "Wrangel." Both pictures will be based upon authentic historical facts, and actual participators of the events have been invited to take part in the production. There is also to be produced a series of films based on the works of classical and modern Russian writers. A large picture is to be produced, dealing with the sanguinary events in connection with the workers' strike at the Lena Goldfields in 1912. Another picture will deal with the suppression of peasant riots by czarist troops.

AMERICANS PLAN NEW SCHEME TO **ENSLAVEGERMANS**

Get Blank Mortgage Upon Municipalities

(Special to The Daily Worker) BERLIN, Feb. 24 - A syndicate of American bankers, of which the New York firm of Harris. Forbes & Co. are managers, has purchased a \$15 .-000,000 bond issue jointly covering a large number of small cities and towns of Germany. The arrangements for this financing are quite unlike any other loan deals and are important because most future financing is expected to follow the same lines Negotiations have been pending for this loan for over a year.

The German Savings Bank and Clearing Association is used as the medium for embodying the credit facilities of the villages and towns desiring a loan. This association, formed in 1924, has over 3,000 savings banks affiliated which in turn have over 5,000 branches. The association tricts, with a total population of ap- season. Be there. proximately 90 per cent of the country's entire population. The membership includes such important centers as Berlin, Bremen, Frankfort, Dresden, Munich, Essen and Cologne.

Revenue Purposes Only.

By a decree of the federal government the proceeds of the loan may be used only for the construction or improvement of gas manufacturing and electric generating plants, water works, and other revenue-producing institutions. The bonds have ample security, being guaranteed by the Clearing Association and by the various municipalities and savings banks.

Aid American Imperialism.

into the hands of individual American tries. investors the required popular support for the United States government in its maneuvers to secure wider op-"The unions are the pillars of the WORKER in your pocket when the great international banking hous-

SOVIET UNION IS MAKING FILM DEPICTING FALL OF COUNTER-REVOLUTIONISTS (Special to The Daily Worker) NOTED ARTISTS DESIGN COSTUMES FOR THE RED REVEL

Many Groups Compete for Prizes

Among others, Fred Ellis, the noted cartoonist, will soon leap into fame as a designer,

especially after the creaions he has designed are worn at the Red Revel by young ladies who are not at all painful to look at under ordinary circumstances. With their

beauty enhanced by original and daring ideas of an artist they alone will be worth the price of admission. But that is not all; many funny

costumes, as well as symbolic ones will add to the colorful chop suey of dancers, clowns, Pioneers having the ime of their lives, and worried committeemen. And speaking of chop suey reminds us that a group representing the awakening of China is one of the chief bidders for the valuable group prizes. It is hinted that the prize-winning DAILY WORKER group of last year is out after the honors and competition will be keen.

Much whispering among certain members of the fairer sex, talented dancers, would lead one to expect to see nimble legs and pink toes in a joyous dance, but of course such a thing is emphatically denied, so be sure to watch for it.

The technical details of the affair have been well taken care of. Temple Hall, one of the finest in the city, has been obtained, and a popular jazz orchestra will make even the most reluctant feet itch to dance. The necessary refreshments will be in evidence, of course.

All in all, it will be a great affair, and the unfortunate person who misses it will have a long wait till Feb. 27, 1927, rolls around. Reserve has in addition a membership now of Saturday, Feb. 27, 1926, as the night 3,000 cities, towns, and municipal dis- on which to have the best time of the

Tickets are on sale at The DAILY WORKER office, 1113 W. Washington Blvd; at the local party office, 19 So. Lincoln St.; at the Vilnis office, 3116 S. Halsted St.; at the Radnik Book Store, 1806 S. Racine Ave., and at the Union Press, 2003 N. California Ave.

Chinese Paper in Moscow.

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Feb. 24-The irst number of a Chinese newspaper published in Moscow has just appeared. The newspaper is published under the title "Tsan-Ding-Bao" (Forward), its purpose being to foster political enlightenment among the Chinese residents in the Soviet Union, and to keep them informed on Chinese The new arrangement will enable a life at home and in other parts of the very rapid spread of such loans all world. The circulation of the newsover the nation. Thru the distribu- paper is calculated not only for the tion of the bonds in small amounts Soviet Union but also for other coun-

> You do the job twice as well-The DAILY WORKER with your story in it.

Maslov's Stand in Court Repudiated by German Delegation in Moscow attitude of Maslov and hands the responsibility of the Berlin district adse (Russian Communist Party) was

teenth Congress of the Russian Com- himself worthily or unworthily, the munist Party, the secretary of the question was a purely political one." presidium read a letter of Ruth Fischer to the party congress in which member of the central committee of she declared that despite the fact that the Communist Party of Germany. she was present in Moscow it had been made impossible for her to be present at the congress and that therefore she was compelled to deal with the utterances of Manilsky and Leminadse in relation to the personal at-

tacks upon Maslov, only later. After Ruth Fischer had informed the party congress that the party conference of the German Communist Party in October had made no final and definite decision in the matter but had transferred it to the executive committee of the Communist International for decision, she declared further that the utterances of Manuilsky make any declaration whatever in the and Leminadse upon the Maslov case before the decision of the Comintern, brot the matter into the open. Two years of Maslov's sentence are to be wiped out. (The sentence was one of four years).

Ruth Fischer then declared: "I am firmly convinced that the attitude of not merely irreproachable, but an exare caused by political motives with sonally." Ruth Fischer then mentioned a few facts which were allegedly unknown to the party in general and to the party conference of the tional party conference declares that German Communist Party, among the attitude of Maslov before the others, the fact that Maslov had supreme court was unworthy of a handed in a written disposition upon leader of a revolutionary party, of the his process and that Comrades Communist party of Germany. The Schlecht and Grilevitz were in agree- revolutionary aims of the German ment with all the statements of Mas- Communist Party were never so incorlov during the process. Ruth Fischer rectly presented in any other process particular, the fact that he denied the lack of responsibility. closed with the declaration that "at against German revolutionaries as connection of the responsible comthe trial of Maslov there was no question that "at against German revolutionaries as connection of the responsible comthe trial of Maslov there was no question that "at against German revolutionaries as connection of the responsible comthe trial of Maslov there was no question that "at against German revolutionaries as connection of the responsible comthe trial of Maslov there was no question that "at against German revolutionaries as connection of the responsible comthe trial of Maslov there was no question that "at against German revolutionaries as connection of the responsible comthe trial of Maslov there was no question that "at against German revolutionaries as connection of the responsible com-

The letter is signed: Ruth Fischer,

Fischer Stand Repudiated.

After the letter of Ruth Fischer had been read, a declaration of Otto Kuehnes and Hein Neumann in the name of the representative of the central committee of the German Communist Party in the executive committee of the Communist International was made known.

This declaration was to the effect

"Ruth Fischer had no mandate as a member of the central committee of the German Communist Party to case of Maslov.

2. Her letter stood in the crass est contradiction to the opinion of the central committee and to the decisions of the party conference of the German Communist Party.

3. As Ruth Fischer as a member of the German central committee now broke for the first time the silence Maslov before the bourgeois court was upon the resolution in the Maslov case, decided upon by the party concellent representation of the Commun-ference, the signatories consider themist idea and the Communist Party. In selves in duty bound to convey to the my opinion the attacks upon Maslov fourteenth party congress the main contents of the resolution in question the intention of discrediting him per in answer to the false representations of Ruth Fischer.

The text of the resolution says amongst other things: "The first naRUTH FISCHER



the methods of defense used by Mas- tude towards the central committee lov were absolutely impermissable. In to defend himself and to establish his

"In the opinion of the conference, | mittee and used his oppositional atti-

whole material over to the Interna- leadership by disavowing the central heard: tional control commission for a de- committee. This was done in a declatailed examination and a final decis- ration that the Berlin district leader-

The declaration of Kuehne and Neumann says further that the contention of Ruth Fischer that the attacks upon Maslov were "caused by political motives with the intention of discrediting him personally," represents an unheard of attack upon the highest organs of the German Communist Party and of the comintern. Maslov utilized his differences with the had not conducted his defence in accordance with the disposition handed in by him, in particular he made the revelations upon his stay in Moscow without the knowledge of the central committee.

As a commentary upon the contention of Ruth Fischer that the attitude of Maslov before the bourgeois court was not merely irreproachable, but an excellent representation of the Communist idea and the Communist Party, the following passages were quoted Schumacher. from the protocol of the Maslov process: Maslov had declared that the slogan of the workers' and peasants' government was "not even a good propaganda slogan." (Protocol, Page 53.) He had declared in this connection: "We in Berlin were not in agreement with this, we felt ourselves bound by party discipline." Before the bourgeois court Maslov appealed to his pessimism about the revolutionary development.

Maslov practically denounced the participants of the executive session in January 1923 who were later accused, by the words: "A whole number of people visited the session of am the only one accused." The public and Heinz Neumann. prosecutor answered immediately that "others would be also accused." (Pro- of the German Communist Party re- must be astonished that a revolutiontocol, Page 64 and 65).

Attempts to Shift Responsibility Maslov also attempted to shift the the following declaration of Lemin many.

ship and the central committee were opposed to each other as enemies. (Protocol, Page 71).

committee by laying the responsibility for a leaflet which was declared as high treason, at the doors of the central committee. (Protocol, Page 8). Further passages show that Maslov executive committee of the Communist International in order to clear him- all not with his position as ideological self and that he declared that he had been "held back" in Moscow.

In contradiction to the printed instructions of the party for political prisoners, Maslov recognized the proocols and letters which were presented to him by the police and by the authorities, without question as genuine, altho they were declared to be false even by the non-partyman

At the end of this declaration it is said that upon the basis of those facts, the fourteenth party congress of the Russian Communist Party and the whole Comintern can judge that the attitude of Maslov before the supreme court was correctly characterized by the resolution of the German party conference and by the decision of the international control commission as being unworthy of the leader of a revolutionary party. (Repeated shouts of the delegates: Shame!)

This declaration is signed in the name of the representation of the central committee of the Communist the executive. It is peculiar that I Party of Germany by Otto Kuehne

> presentation in the executive commitary can make such statements about tee of the Communist International, the unbearable prison regime in Ger-

"The text of the following decision of the international control commission proves how unworthy the attitude of Maslov before the supreme court was. The decision was passed upon He directly denounced the central November 22, 1925: After seeing the stenogram of the speech of Maslov before the court, the international control commission is of the opinion that his attitude was unworthy of a leader. It considers further that his attitude is not reconcilable with his attitude as party member and above leader of the party and as member of the central committee. The examination of the future party position of Masloy can only be decided when the international control commission has had an opportunity of hearing Maslov

Leminadse quoted also the following fact as characteristic of the attitude of Maslov: in reply to a Communist motion in the Saxon Landtag (Parliament for Saxony) for alterations in the prison regime, and for an amnesty for political prisoners, the Saxon minister for justice read the following extract from a latter of Maslov written in prison: "The prison work goes punctually and smoothly, and the prison officials are polite, correct and obliging. This without exception. I am amusing myself here as well as it is possible under the existing opportunities, and I always am astonished at the discoveries made by our good friends in the press afterwards."

But this letter Maslov has damaged the struggle of the German workers for an amnesty and for a lightening After the reading of the declaration of the hard labor prison regime, One Organization Meetings

Workers (Communist) Party

The Unions Belong to the Workers

TT seems strange to repeat in 1926, a hundred years after the origin of unions in the United States, that the unions belong to the workers. But in face of the action and ideology of those now in control of the unions. it is necessary to repeat that sentence | capitalist class in America, and of the over and over again, until it perme- rise of unions amidst the birthpangs ates the working class, until it reaches of the working class in struggle. The the most backward worker in the entire labor movement has been built The labor bureaucracy asserts that

it is the defender of the union traditions against the left wing. As long as they can get away with it, the bureaucrats boast of their majority control, stealing elections to prove it; and they use it to drive out revolutionary and progressive elements. But when their claim to a majority becomes a laughing stock, they throw away the fig leaf of democracy and majestically proclaim themselves union defenders against the devilish left wing, which has seduced the innocent union membership. Johnston (machinists) and Hetrick (painters) have issued ex-communication edicts against Communists and sympathizers. Hutcheson (carpenters) pleads for a capitalist injunction, under the pretext of knowing better than the Detroit membership, what they want,

Sigman of the I. L. G. W. U. tried at the Philadelphia convention to violate the peace pact he himself signed. He also usurped the presidency of the Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, after boasting of his intention to re- 1917, when the socialist leaders allied tire, like Cincinnatus of old. to his farm in Ohio. And how does Sigman justify his defiance of the union membership? Not merely by his packed convention, but by his "historic role"

Reports on Number

The trade union compilation for the

Buffalo party district shows 84 mem-

bers organized into labor unions.

chiefly among the carpenters, tailors,

clothing workers and machinists, and

the rest scattered among plumbers,

printers, laborers, cooks, food workers,

electrical workers, granite cutters.

barbers, auto workers, cap makers,

railway firemen, firemen and oilers,

This membership is distributed

chiefly in Buffalo and Rochester with

scattered members in Albany, Schen-

ectady, Utica, Syracuse, Niagara

Falls and Erie. There are nine mem-

bers in the various central labor

Many more members are eligible to

join unions, and the Buffalo district

reports that they are intensifying

their work for trade union member-

ship, in line with the campaign of the

C. E. C. Buffalo is one of the smaller

TEMPLE HALL

textile and brewery workers.

bodies.

party districts.

of Trade Unionists

Buffalo District

to save the union from the disrupters. | ment to denounce the Communists and | still to learn. A new idea this, that the union lead- progressives. They join hands with ers are justified in holding the union the bosses. The machinists' union was control, against the will of the major- the first to inaugurate the Baltimore ity of members.

But What of History?

But labor history tells a story of oppression of the workers by the rising on struggle for better conditions, on resistance to the masters' encroachments, on enthusiastic and heroic strikes and organization campaigns. The struggle for the 8-hour day, Homestead, McKeesport, Lawrence the imperialists, the left wing of the as living examples of working class and Colorado are milestones on capitalist class inside of the trade devotion and leastership? That is the the path of unionism. Despite betray- unions, in a period of imperialism. als, the energy and spirit of the American working class have forged organizations that can be of service in the class struggle.

The International Association of Machinists grew in influence thru a policy of class struggle, influenced by radical sentiment. The needle trade unions formed the left wing of the labor movement. Strikes and organization campaigns drove the I. L. G. W. U. onward, building up favorable shop conditions. The outlook of the union was not confined to a fair day's wage for a fair day's work. The union advocated a new system of society, with workers' control. But this was before the world war, when the socialists betrayed the working class thru support of the war; this was before the Russian revolution of Nov. themselves with the bourgeoisie.

In the Imperialist Epoch have become conservative. They use tics. The workers are not saying their knowledge of the radical move- enuf about these matters; they have fraction.

German Branch Meets Thursday.

1665 Bissell street, Thursday night,

Feb. 25, at 8 o'clock. Alex Reid will

speak on the "International Strug-

gle of the Miners and Their Perse-

Russian Branch Meets Thursday.

Thursday, Feb. 25, at 8 p. m., at the

Workers' House, 1902 W. Division

Greek Meeting.

The Greek branch will meet at the Hull House, 800 S. Halsted St.,

on Saturday night, Feb. 27, at eight

Northside Ukrainian.

Saturday night, Feb. 27, at 1532 W.

Chicago Ave., at 8 o'clock. J. Ko-

Pullman Holds Concert.

ternational Labor Defense will hold

The Pullman branches of the in-

walski will speak at this meeting.

The Ukrainian branch will meet

The Russian branch will meet

The German branch will meet at

I. L. D. CHICAGO MEETINGS

ficials surrendered to the governor's capitalist Nash. The surrender to the workers' standard of living, by the control over shop conditions, and

What Say the Workers? The immediate answer of the workers to this surrender by the labor periods of revolution. bureaucrats must be intensification of capitalists have adopted more modern political channels? Who will stiffen methods; in addition to the uncivilized the resistance of the workers, supunions, used for the past century, they the Communists. buying up the labor leaders and the party fractions. Past experience has leading stratum of workers, the first shown us that where we had fracwith power and position; the second table, with a higher wage than the mass of workers. The workers generally must be made to understand (1) the historic role of the union as an organ of the workers in the class struggle; (2) the morganatic marriage of the labor leaders with finance cap-But now the pseudo-radical leaders ital; and (3) correct strategy and tac-

a concert and dance at Stancik's

Hall, 205 East 115th St. "Mother"

Bloor and Victor Zokaitis will be

Joint Northside Meeting.

There will be a joint meeting of

the North Side English and Fin-

nish branches at Imperial Hall, 2409

North Halsted St., Sunday after-

noon, 3 o'clock. There will be a num-

ber of speakers at this meeting.

All members must be present and

as many sympathizers as possible

Women's Day Celebration

in Chicago

SATURDAY EVE., MARCH 6

NORTHWEST HALL

Cor. North and Western Aves.

(3rd floor.)

All friendly organizations are

requested not to arrange other

MARSHFIELD

VAN BUREN STREET

should be brot along.

affairs on that day.

the speakers at this meeting.

The Task of the Revolutionist. The Communist, whom the bureaucrats are trying to oust from the unand Ohio plan; the I. L. G. W. U. of- ions, must be in the unions. There where the fight is thickest, there must commission; and now Red Hillman be- he be. To remain outside of the union comes the apostle of the yellow gold- displays an underestimation of the en rule, wearing a crown given by role of unions in the class struggle. The fight against the imperialists imbosses furthers the lowering of the plies a fight against their labor lieutenants. The unions must be taken speed-up system, diminishing of union out of the hands of labor's enemies. Who will teach the mass of work-

historic role of the Communists. These comparatively peaceful periods have their tasks no less renowned than for our industry. Unless we yield be-Who will transform the vague, inthe struggle for change in policy and coherent protest of the workers into Papers talk as though it were in my administration. The unions have been definite revolutionary forms? Who hand to decide the issue. But suppose perverted into organs of class collabo- will give it guidance in the struggle I should yield to the demands of the ration, of workers' subjection. The against bureaucrats, directing it into

have added the civilized means of Our immediate task is to build the tions, there we were able to accomproper functioning of these fractions. There where our fractions functioned. we were able to influence progressive

other party members in the party

Benjamin Will Tour District 4 to Inform

BUFFALO, N. Y., Feb. 24 - In accordance with the decision of the Benjamin, the district organizer, has scale. arranged the following tour for the purpose of completing the reorganization and to acquaint the membership with the objects and tactics of the present campaigns of the party. Party members must attend the meetings as arranged and it is the duty of the respective section committees, nuclei and language fraction organizers to secure the attendance of their entire memberships.

The itinerary follows: (all meetings are at 8 p. m. unless otherwise stated.) Erie, Pa., Wednesday 24; Jamesdustrial fraction; Syracuse, Wednes- and despoiling the natives.

March 11. Section committees are instructed curse to the Fijians. to make the necessary arrangements for these meetings to secure halls and coolie indenture led to its repeal. But notify nuclei organizers of the hall. denied the indenture of Hindu coolies, are invited to the meetings. Nuclei organizers will be held respon- the sugar combines are recruiting sible for the attendance of every one Fijians at \$10 per head. The poor of their members. Language fraction recruited simpletons, bribed by a organizers must visit all members who to attend.

Where it is possible, section committees may arrange mass meetings or the district organizer will be return- tract. The contract wage of this ing from his tour. These meetings are slavery is \$100 a year. not to conflict with the general membership meetings and must be armust notify this office at office.

PARIS COMMUNE CELEBRATION

All working class organizations are asked not to arrange any conflicting meeting on March 19 as the International Labor Defense, Chicago local, is arranging a Paris Commune pageant and drama. Moving pictures of labor defense in the United States and in Europe will be shown. Bishop William Montgomery Brown is to be one of the

WHITEMAN WILL SPEAK IN NEW YORK CITY ON MONDAY EVE., MARCH 1

NEW YORK, Feb. 23-Lovett Fort-Whiteman, who has come to New York for broanization work. will address a meeting at the Public Library, 136th St. and Lenox avenue on Monday evening, March 1, at 8 o'clock.

The meeting is part of the campaign of the American Negro Labor Congress to bring Negro workers into the fold of the American Negro Labor Congress which was organized last October.

Social Affairs Resolutions OLD CANNOT GET JOBS IN BRITAIN

LONDON-(FP) - Thousands of British lads of 18 and 19 years have never held a job in their lives simply says Secy. A. J. Cook of the Miners should make the motions, speak, etc. Federation of Great Britain.

wage reduction. The labor leaders ers the role of the union? Who will capitalist papers keep urging us to should be settled at the next fraction in tying the noose around the work- drive home to them the lessons of forget it. They write of optimism. meeting and not on the floor of the ers' necks, are the labor agents of their shop experiences? Who will act How can we be optimistic! In my own trade there are 300,000 men out of work. Some of them have not been employed in years.

"Mayday, 1926, will be a fateful day fore that time we shall be forced to take a cut in wages or to make a fight. employers. The miners of Wales would be after me with guns. Papers Mutual representation at the meetings the industry, Young Workers, etc. It tell you every day in discussing these of both fractions is imperative. Some- must never fail to recruit for the method of attempting to stifle the plying the bands of steel? None but matters that I am only one person. But I speak for more than a million members of a single organization. That is our highwater mark. Our membership has never been so large as it is today and the men have come with crumbs from the imperialist plish more in proportion to the back since the 1921 crisis because they realize that unionism is the only possible road to victory

Cook produces figures showing that elements. If we wish to strengthen the miners in many coalfields, such the T. U. E. L., if we wish to broaden as Northumberland, are now receivthe left wing, then every party mem- ing an average of about 10 shillings ber must get into the unions, and a day. (1 shilling, about 25c). The Lake Boat Boy Pinched take his place side by side with the scale advocated by the employers would cut the men to about 6 shillings, wage far below the cost of sub-

"They talk about a Locarno for labor," Cook said. "What does that mean? It means forcing Belgian and Membership on Policies or starve, and then using the low continental wage scales to beat down the standards of British miners.

One thing is needed, he insisted, district executive committee, Herbert unity-both at home and on a world

BUY FIJIANS

By W. FRANCIS AHERN.

SUVA, Fiji Islands-(FP)- When Thakombau, king of the Fiji Islands, town, Thursday, Feb. 25; Buffalo secceded the islands to Britain 50 years a little above zero. Mork was tion two, Friday, Feb. 26; Buffalo seclago, it was stipulated that the rights pulled into court, where the tion one, Saturday, Feb. 27; Rochester, of the Fijians to lands, foods, etc., kindly capitalist judge suspend-Monday, March 1, general member were to be guarded from the capital ed sentence, and left him to his ship; Rochester, Tuesday, March 2, in ists then prowling about the group hunger.

day, March 3; Utica, Thursday, March How this British obligation has 4; Van Etten, Friday, March 5; Ithaca, been dishonored is now a matter of aturday, March 6, either or both daily experience. The best of the Fiji fact that Mork was marooned afternoon and evening; Endicott, Sun- lands have been given to others. The here whe nhis lake-boat job was day, March 7, at 2:30 p. m.; Bing- sugar barons finding the natives not taken from him. hampton, Sunday, March 7; Glovers- amenable to their appeals for labor, ville, Monday, March 8; Troy, Tues- induced the British government to munist) League raillies the and the Young Workers League will day, March 9; Albany, Wednesday, permit coolies from India. This sys-Workers of Buffalo to a fight hold a dance Saturday, March 6, at March 10; Schenectady, Thursday, tem operated for years, and proved a against these rotten conditions 7 p. m. on Vernon Ave. between 9th March 10; Schenectady, Thursday, tem operated for years, and proved a curse to the Hindus and a greater

The outrages perpetrated under promise of \$15 value in native drink, have not registered and induce them to attend what they are doing. Before a European magistrate they touch the end of a pen, and the enlistment is made conferences for the protection of the If recalcitrant later, they are fined foreign-born, for about the time when and imprisoned for breach of con-

Thus the Fijian natives are being enslaved in their own country, and ranged for after the 11th. If you pro- on their own lands to foreign Christ- ter Trumbull, class war prisoner who popse to arrange such meetings, you ian capitalists despite the British was released from Alcatraz military guarantee of immunity from exploit- discipline barracks, will speak at the ation. The village gardens are ne- Musicians' Hall, 1017 Washington St.. glected, the communal life is being Tuesday evening, March 2 at 8 p. m. destroyed, the men are taking to drink, and their women folk are now, and hear this fighter tell his story. in the absence of their own men, co- The meeting is held under the aushabiting with the Hindus.

International Sanitary Convention.

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Feb. 24.—The conference of the health commissariats of the allied republics, held at Moscow, resolved to convene an international conference for the purpose of concluding a sanitary convention with the eastern countries: Persia, Turkey, Afghanistan, Mongolia and

Trade Union Educational League International Concert SATURDAY, MARCH 13, 8 P. M.

Eighth Street Theatre. Best Musical and Vocal Talent. lickets for sale at T. U. E. L. office, 156 W. Washington St.; DAILY WORKER, 1113 W. Washington Blvd.; Worker's House, 1902 W. Division St. and by all members

of the T. U. E. L. Get Your Tickets Now!



Cook, Miners' Leader, HOW A TRADE UNION FRACTION WORKS

NUMBER 1-ORGANIZATION.

1. The fraction must meet before every meeting of the union local, disbecause there was none to be had, cuss the line of action to be followed and decide in greatest detail as to who

2. The fraction should choose a steering committee of about three of the "We are facing a crisis. Why should most experienced fighters who should have absolute authority in case of we blink it," demands Cook, "The emergency. If there are any differences with the steering committee they

> 3. The fraction must work in closest co-operation with the industrial department of the district. If there are any exceptionally important matters to be taken up at the union. the district industrial organizer should be present at the fraction meeting be-

4. The league fraction is entirely separate from the party fraction but must work very closely with it. times this gives our comrades too league. many meetings but this is imperative very important.

strive to get the non-Communist young without the closest direction of the workers to attend the union meetings district industrial department. Atso as to rally greater strength for the tempts should always be made to get

youth program.

7. Broad left wing youth fractions because our trade union work is so should be build upon special youth issues. Great care must be taken in 5. The fraction should in addition this work and no steps completed connections with other fractions in 6. The fraction must at all times the same industry in other cities thru distribute leaflets, shop bulletins of the national office of the league.

for Begging After Losing Job

(By Young Worker Correspondent) BUFFALO, N. Y.—The wonderful lot of the young workers under capitalism and Coolidge's prosperity, is shown by the case of Edwin Mork, eighteen year old worker who was arrested for begging on Main St.

This young worker came to the front page of the local capitalist Buffalo from Nebraska and sheet (until now I only looked at the worked on the lake boats until want ads). In a big headline it told navigation was closed by the that our President Coolidge said that December ice. From that time one he has had to exist by doing whatever odd jobs he could pick we are, but I couldn't find it no matter how hard I looked for it. Hundreds AT \$15 EACH whatever odd jobs ne could pick up. Last Saturday he was faced by the necessity of begging or are young boys and girls just out of are young boys and girls just out of going without food. His plight school, are also looking vainly for the can be appreciated when one wave of "prosperity," and they have knows that the temperature was no jobs yet.

The high wages paid to the young workers is shown by the

The Young Workers (Com- Glassport International Labor Defense against these rotten conditions. The League meets every Monday evening at Finnish Hall, 159 Grider St. All young workers

In brief the important things to remeber are to write the bulletins in popular fashion, to draw in other young workers in putting it out, and not to ge caught distrib uting the mif there is any chance of losing your job as a result of it.

Trumbull Will Speak in Kansas City in March

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 24-Wal-

Workers are urged to come and meet pices of the Local International Labor Defense.

COOLIDGE'S PROSPERITY,

ST. PAUL, Minn.-I got up early in the morning to look for work. For the last two weeks since I finished high school I have done the same thing -looking for work. At school, where I was supposed to have studied to increase my earning ability, the teachers constantly told me that if I really wanted something hard enough, I always could get it. But two weeks have already passed and no job of any kind is yet in sight.

Returning from my vain job-hunting this morning, I happened to glance at

And the capitalist newspaper still writes "prosperity."

Papcun to Speak at I. L. D. Dance in Glassport, March 6

GLASSPORT, Pa., Feb. 24 - The and 10th St.

The Croatian orchestra Tamburica cun who is out on bail will speak. He will speak on the "Persecution of the workers in the United States."

FOURTH ANNUAL RED REVEL AT TEMPLE HALL ON SATURDAY NIGHT

The Fourth Annual Red Revel given by the Chicago Workers (Communist) Party will be held at Temple Hall, Van Buren and Marshfield Avenues Saturday night, Feb. 27, 1926

Tickets for the Red Revel can be bought at The DAILY WORKER. Vilnis, Radnik Book Store, Ny Tid, at the local office, 19 South Lincoln St. and from party members. Buy your tickets early. Shop and street nuclei secretaries are asked to settle for their tickets at the earliest possible opportunity.



The biggest stink of the capitalist disarmament conference is the pacific illusions dished out to the proletariat.

REDREVEL

SATURDAY

50c in Advance

75c at Door

THE STATE STATE SHOWING THE STATE OF THE STA

NATIONAL LEAD **COMPANY FEARS UNION AGITATION**

Speed Up Workers with **Bonus System**

By a Worker Correspondent After standing in line for a number of hours at the National Lead company, 18th and Peoria Sts., manufacturers of paints and lead, the boss came out and hired a number of workers among which were myself and my partner. When the boss came out and eyed us over, one would think that he was buying a horse or a cow.

The company doctor gave us a "medical" examination. He asked us if we had good appetites, tapped our stomachs, looked at our teeth and declared we were ready to do anything in the plant.

We were then placed to work lugging around barrels of lead weighing from 150 to 200 lbs. For doing this for ten hours a day the company paid received employment and the job is us 471/2 cents an hour.

One of the workers, who was work-

somewhere else. The workers do not All the hospitals are free to workers. stay long at this plant. Workers are hired in the morning and many quit before the day is over.

When I had worked there for six hours or so I went to the boss and of initiation fee, because all the of- to them. They live in the best houses, will go back to a local meeting that told him that the work was too heavy for a ten hour day and that the pay was too small. The boss declared that if I did not want to work for that pay or those hours to get out and stav out.

The next day my partner was fired. The reason the boss gave was that his partner had "objected to working ten hours a day at 47½c an hour and room for social contact. may eat is strictly adhered to. we don't want any damned agitators

plant. Thru this system the workers are forever speeded-up and the moment that one of them who does not care for the bonus system refuses to lug a double load around on a truck or to rush around as tho he was mad one of the company lickspittles shout "hurry up shake a leg."

The timekeeper in the plant acts as the company spy. He goes from one department to another checking up to see who is at work, who he is and does all he can to find out if the new worker belonged or belongs to a

understand this and their system of+

Laws Under Boss Rule.

ably more money. But any law pass-

ed for workers eventually serves the

masters under capitalism. We receive

the same wages by the hours, the

eight hours that we formerly did in

OUT OF WORK?

You want to know

what causes it-

READ

Unemployment

By Earl R. Browder 5 cents

How to stop it?

You may be?

THE BOSSES AND IGNORANCE ARE

ARCH ENEMIES OF WORKERS IN SAW

By a Worker Correspondent.

worked ten hours and made consider- and continue slaving in the mills.

same amount of work must be done in Capitalists know this better than we

VICTORIA, B. C., Feb. 24.—Hundreds of thousands of workers in Can-

MILLS ON WEST COAST OF CANADA

This Week's Prizes!

First Prize-A valuable fountain pen. Second Prize-Karl Marx's "Capital," Vol. No. 1. Third Prize-Lenin on Organization.

Be sure to send your name and address with the story. We cannot forward prizes if we do not know how to reach you.

AMERICAN CARPENTER GIVES HIS IMPRESSIONS OF SOVIET RUSSIA

The following article comes from an American worker, member of Local 376, United Brotherhood of Carpenters, who is at present living in Soviet Russia. What he has to say about the workers' republic will be of interest to all workers.-Ed. Note.

> * * * * By a Worker Correspondent.

KHARKOV, U. S. S. R. (By Mail.)-I arrived in Soviet Russia the 2nd day of October, 1925, and I saw things that kept me wondering and marvelling at the achievements of the workers' republic.

I am a carpenter. I did not need to search thru columns of want ads or would be, I merely walked into the nearest government employment sta- There are also halls for meetings. tion where I made my application and

mine as long as I want it. If a worker takes sick he is paid ing on the vat where the lead is full wages until he gets well, and if he melted, dropped at his work and was is not able to go back to work he is brought up to the doctor by two men. paid a pension for the rest of his life. Another worker who had been in If he needs a doctor he just calls one the place three years complains that to his home, then takes the prescriphis health is bad and that he intends tion to the nearest drug store and reto leave as soon as things get better ceives the medicine, without charge. Joins the Union.

At the first meeting of the factory made an application to join the union tionery and postage.

We have no union or organization

thru which to fight. If the greediest

U. S. Capitalists Pay Less.

States our work is paid much better.

The time is ripe for the workers in

our industry to organize. If we would

get together and consider these condi-

tions the bosses would not be able

to keep us so enslaved. Most of the

workers grumble, but go no further.

They should read The DAILY WORK-

ER and learn about their class and

the way to its emancipation. They

should learn to know that the bosses

and our ignorance are our arch ene-

wages 10 and 25 per cent.

The rumor is that in the United

stand in line at private employment agencies wondering what the charges

How Workers Play Over There.

In the city there are large club rooms where workers find recreation and companionship. There is always a good program going on in those larger clubs. They contain a gymnasium and there is dancing regularly. A nursery is attached to each one of those club rooms where workers leave their babies until they are ready to small beds for the babies and a train-

The ruling class of Soviet Russia and was taken in without one cent is the workers. The factories belong trict. To show his real character we ficers, including the president and When they build new homes they are was held by Local 2278 Bentleyville, secretary, are workers at the bench for workers. They can take in a mov- Pa., and an interview of a number of handed out leaflets, calling on the and the work they do in their union ing picture show or a good play ab- progressive miners, that took place miners to fight against the 1917 scale is without pay. The dues are five solutely without charge. At the opera in the Pittsburgh district office and a and against the rotten officials that kopeks a month which is used for sta- a worker pays half price. His fare mass meeting that was held against on street cars is three kopeks while the 1917 scale drive of the operators militant fight. As soon as Fagan read In the factory there is a club room all others pay ten kopeks. And the which contains a library and writing rule that everyone must work that he

ed nurse takes care of them.

round." A bonus system is maintained in the PERSECUTION OF HIS RACE AT THE JONES AND LAUGHLIN STEEL COMPANY TOLD BY NEGRO WORKER

By a Worker Correspondent.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Feb. 24.—The working conditions at the by-product coke ovens of the Jones & Laughlin Steel Corporation are very bad. The workers slave 11 hours a day, 7 days a week and are subjected to the most severe exploitation.

At lunch time 150 men are squeezed into a little hut which would not comfortably accommodate fifteen men. They heat up this place by means of the progressive, B. Guiler, was given old kettles placed in each end of the room. Into these they pour coal and the floor. He pointed out that the coke which keeps the place full of smoke and gas. This method is used to district officials were neglecting their

keep the workers from remaining there any longer than is absolutely necessary. The toilets which are also in this hut are all dirty with water constantly dripping from tanks over-

boss compels him to do all the heav- and wait until his turn came to speak. ada get their daily bread by sawing, piling, plaining and cutting lumber. Able bodied young men are paid from 31 to 37½ cents an hour, a few cents more the Negro must work out in the rain test until a motion was passed that in the shingle mills as the cedar dust kills them in a very short time. Con- and snow while the other workers are if he did not behave he would be turnsidering the cost of living, \$70 and \$80 a month do not cover bare necessities, in the shed. Negro workers are sub- ed out of the hall. Yet we live constantly in fear of losing even this "paradise." The bosses jected to mistreatment by the plant police whose job seems to be to find declared it was the men's own fault slave driving can hardly be improved been given a reduction of \$15 a month. scious, out which among them are class con-

The straw boss, Patrick Duffy, be-Before the eight hour act passed in of the bosses cut our wages we order ing a willing tool of the owners, never the house of British Columbia we a pint of milk less for our children misses an opportunity to spread as much national hatred as possible. Not only that, but the company has stool pigeons to spread hatred between the workers of the same racial group, upon religious, social and cultural

do and they bring their plants to us in ten, and as a compensation we have Canada. New saw mills, under Ame-1,500 New Schools in Uzbekistan. MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Feb. 24.-In rican management, spring up like 1926 there will be opened in Uzbekismushrooms, but their pay is even less than at native mills. This has influ- tan (Central Asia) 1,1500 new schools enced Canadian manufacturers to cut for illiterate adults.

Send in that sub!

DON'T LEAVE OUT YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS WHEN SENDING IN YOUR ARTICLE

Due to the volume of Worker correspondence that comes to our office every day and the necessity often to ask for more detailed information and send suggestions and instructions, we make the following request from our Worker Correspondents: At the top of each page of your manuscript, in the right hand corner, write in plain hand, if you do not use typewriter, your name, address and date. At the end of your manuscript add a note stating whether you wish your name to be used and any other instructions regarding the signing of your article.



THE JANITOR IS GUILTY!



By William Gropper.

When there is no heat—the janitor is guilty. When the coal smokes up the house—then the janitor is surely guilty. The landlord is NEVER guilty.

Should We Tolerate Such **Union Leadership?**

By a Worker Correspondent

BENTLEYVILLE, Pa., Feb. 24 go home. The nursery is provided with Patrick T. Fagen is advertised as a great labor leader in District Five, United Mine Workers of America. He tion for breaking their agreement happens to be president of this disin Marianna, Pa.

> to find ways and means to help the imprisoned miners in Moundsville the person distributing these leaflets. penitentiary. To this meeting the miners invited the progressive miners' leaders Brother W. Guiler and J Dates and also the district president. They all arrived. The hall was packed with about 400 men all interested in their fellow workers in the penitentiary, but to every one's surprise this district president did not come alone, but had a half dozen of his well fed gang along. Every one of them weighed over 200 pounds.

District Officers Neglect Duty. As the meeting was called to order,

positions by not giving the right kind of protection to these imprisoned

As soon as this statement was made

temper. He called the progressive the "great" labor "leader." speaker a liar and called him out on Miners, the sooner you find out abroad. But the exploitation of the white the street for a fight. The miners in what your present leaders are the worker is mild compared to the per- the hall protested against this out- better for you and your union. secution of the Negro worker. The break and made the president behave

When his turn came to speak, he they were in the penitentiary. He also attacked the Progressive Miner claiming that it was paid for by Moscow and the operators to destroy the union.

Now for the interview with this great labor leader. The operators closed over half of their mines in this district to starve the men into submission and to make them except the 1917 scale. At the few mines that were still working, the miners lost union conditions, one after another and the boss put two to four men in one place and refused to pay for dead work.

No relief was given the locked-out miners. They had to go into nonunion mines to make a living. The whole district went to the dogs and nothing was done by the officials to

Profits or Lives? About eight of the leading progres-

sive miners went to the district officials' office with a few proposals and solutions to the situation. These miners asked the officials first if they had any way or means how to get rid of this situation and that they were willing to help along as much as they ing that there was nothing to be done out profit. The spokesman of these eight

miners asked the president what clared labor members. The charity came first, profits or the lives of the

The president laughed this off and said, "would you run a mine without profit." Again this miner asked what about the men that were out of a job. The president said "let them hunt a job in some other industry, I can't

They argued this way for an hour without reaching any agreement. At last the miners handed him a program of action and asked the presicommittee meeting. He promised to do this but nobody has ever heard anything about it since. No action was taken. Mine after mine is opening under the 1917 scale.

Now for the mass meeting at Mari-

anna, which was called to protest against the Bethlehem Steel corporawith the United Mine Workers of America and for opening their mines under the 1917 scale. Before the meeting started some progressive miners are holding them back from a real it he became as mad as a bull when The meeting of Local 2278 was held he sees red. He gathered his gang of sluggers and went out hunting for They found a man distributing leaflets and viciously attacked him, and accused the man of being paid by the company. If it wasn't for the crowd of men that gathered around they would have killed him.

When they investigated the leaflets stolen from this man they had beaten. they found that it wasn't what they were after, because the leaflets were: "Hands off China, Stand by Soviet Russia." In their mad fury they open ed the meeting and forgot they went there to speak against Chas. Schwab. When the district president took the floor he wanted to show the miners that Foster, Ruthenberg and the progressives were paid by the company to break the union. The miners knew better. They called him a liar and made him change the subject of his katerinoslav. The association proposthe "honored" president lost his speech, which was mighty hard for es to establish contact with art or-

STARVE AS TALK FEST GOES ON

Laborites Tell of Durham Workers' Distress

LONDON, Feb. 24.-Labor members of parliament have brot before that body the terrible plight of 10,000 coal miners locked out in the Durham area by their bosses, nine months ago. Three government officials were charged with the responsibility for conditions there. These were the minister of labor for withholding unemployment benefit, the minister of health for refusing poor law relief, and the minister of mines for making no effort to settle the dispute. The authorities were hiding behind an illegal decision of the umpire ruling against the payment of out-of-work benefits, the labor representatives contended.

The debate brot out the fact that of the two coal companies concerned the Consett company had the richest coal seams in England, while the Harton company had repaid the investments could. Fagen cut them short in say- of their shareholders four times over in the last twenty years. The corbecause nobody can run mines with- porations preferred to starve their employes into submission rather than make the slightest improvements, deinstitutions of that section are filled with poverty-stricken miners and yet there are thousands who cannot get in, they stated.

Tory Displays His Ignorance.

Smallpox had broken out and was endangering the entire community. This roused the Tory minister of health enough to remark that the disease was due to the lack of prior vaccination and insufficient hospital accomodations. Even Tories laughed at dent to put it before the executive his ignorance. Premier Austen Chamberlain ended the debate with the observation that he expected a report shortly on the status of affairs in Durham. Thereupon the polite laborites withdrew from the fray.

WHITE PREACHERS Your Union Meeting BAR NEGRO FROM

CHURCH PULPITS

Race Relations Day

Means Little

Despite widespread publicity for the supposedly "great success" that

has met this year's exchange of ministers for one day between white and

Negro churches on race relations, day

arranged by the Interracial church

federation to promote the sham of better race relations under the cloak

of christianity, the Jim-crow attitude

of the white churches and the com-

mittee has been severely criticized by

Brands Move as Hokum.

to such bumkum as the fact that they

believe "that the solution of the race

problem must come thru christians and their churches," severely castigates the Interracial church federa-

tion for their statements that this

year's exchange of ministers proved

the "greatest progress in the history

of Chicago in the development of ami-

cable race relationships between the

white and Negro races" and branded

this and other statements as just

Local ministers of the largest Negro

churches who allowed their pulpits to

white preachers for this day, were sent to small white churches on the

outskirts of the city-one as far as

Janesville, Wis .- ninety miles from

Chicago. A reporter sent to cover the

sermon of a Negro preacher in a white

church, told of it being so far away

that he "rode a street car as far as i

went, then he rode a bus as far as it

went and finally walked as far as he

could go—and was then almost to the

Send Negro Preachers to Sticks.

Negro ministers having friends

among white ministers and arrang-

ing for the exchange of their pulpits

between themselves were not allowed

to act on their agreements but had to

take pulpits assigned to them out "in

the bushes." where God was evidently

less particular. Another minister was

sent to a German Lutheran church

The Jim-Crow attitude of the white

churches proves the Negro worker

can expect no social nor economic im

provement from the white church in

this or in any other world, nor can he

expect it from the Negro church that

co-operates with the church of the

whites. Quite obviously he will have

to depend on his own power and

strength, together with white work-

ers thru political and economic or-

New Art Society in Ukraine.

KHARKOV, U. S. S. R., Feb. 24.-

ed in the Ukraine under the name of

Ukrainian Revolutionary Art Associa-

tion, with headquarters at Kiev and

branches at Kharkov, Odessa and Ye-

ganizations in the U.S.S.R. and

new art society has been establish-

where he refused to go.

A local Negro paper which admits

the Negro press.

plain "hokum."

hurch.

ganization.

Fourth Thursday, Feb. 25, 1926.

Fourth Thursday, Feb. 25, 1926.

Name of Local and Place
of Meeting.

Amalgamated Clothing Workers,
Joint Board, Chicage, 409 S.
Halated St.

Barbers, 180 W. Washington St.,
8:45 p. m.
576 Barbers, 3010 E. 92nd St.
342 Brewery Workers, 180 W. Washington St.
454 Boiler Makers, 75th and Drexel.
480 Boiler Makers, 18th and Ashland
344 Brewery Workers, 180 W. Washington St., 2 p. m.
Ave.
121 Brewery Workers, 1700 E. 21st St.
6 Brick and Clay, Leavitt and Barry.
203 Brick and Clay, Chicago Heights.
214 Brick and Clay, Maretens, III.
63 Bridge and S. I., 180 W. Washington St.
13 Carpenters, 113 S. Ashland Blvd.
62 Carpenters, 6416 S. Halsted St.
341 Carpenters, 1440 Emma St.
434 Carpenters, 180 W. Washington
578 Carpenters, 180 W. Washington St.
15136 Commission Merchant Helpers, 126
W. Randolph St.
15136 Commission Merchant Helpers, 126
W. Randolph St.
793 Electrical, R. R., 5436 S. Wentworth Ave.
794 Electrical, M., 71st and Cottage
Grove.
155 Engineers, 180 M. Mashington Ave.

Grove.

17010 Gas House Workers, 180 W. Wash-

17010 Gas House Veorkers, 160 VV. Visualington St.
33 Garment Workers, 311 S. Ashland
Ave., 5 p. m.
76a Hod Carriers, 814 W. Harrison St.
18 Ladies' Garment Workers, 328 W.
Van Buren St.
473 Maintenance of Way, 318 W. 63rd
Street.
253 Machinists, Roseland,, 11405 Michigan. 1528 Machinists, R. R., 113 S. Ashland

12755 Office Employes Assn., 166 W.
Washinuton St., 6:30 p. m.
Painters' District Council, 1446 W.
Adams St.
371 Painters, Dutt's Hall, Chicago
Heights.

Heights.
Plasterers, 2045 W. North Ave.
Plumbers, 20 W. Randolph St.
Plumbers, 417 S. Halsted St., 307 Printing Pressmen (Paper Box Wkrd.), 180 W. Washington St. Railway Clerks, 549 W. Washington St.

576 Railway Clerks, 57 E. Van Buren 668 Railway Carmen, 5445 S. Ashland

Ave.

Railway Clerks, 19 W. Adams St.

Railway Clerks, C. M. & St. P. R.

R., 2703 W. North Ave.

Railroad Trainmen, 127 N. Francisco Ave.

Sheet Metal, Ogden and Taylor.

Switchmen, Ogden and Taylor Sts.

Switchmen, 9202 S. Chicago Ave.

Tean.sters, Ashland and Van Buren

742
Teamsters, 9206 Houston Ave.
Upholsterers, Ogden and Taylor.
15793 Watchmen (Mun.), 113 S. Ashland
17616 Warehouse Employes, 166 W.
Wood Turners' Union, Liberty Hall,
3420 W. Roosevelt Rd.
Washington St.

(Note-Unless otherwise stated all meetings are at 8 p. m.)

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By TOM BELL.

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The Chicago Deportation Orgy

Gangsterism, wholesale beer-running and organized murder be-cial interests of the Yankees have tween competing bootleggers is rampant in Chicago because of the made her almost exclusively a land intimate connection between politicians, police and the so-called "underworld." Whole colonies of foreign-born workers are terrorized by these maurading bandit gangs preceding elections so voters can wealth, has ceased to be cultivated be herded to the polls in the interest of various political machines. since the "independence" of Cuba and In case this fails of the desired result the gangs cruise from precinct the annexation of Porto Rico. to precinct repeating their votes; and as a last resort ballot boxes are stuffed and stolen in order that some eminently respectable republican or democrat politician may get into office.

Between elections campaigns these hooligans run wild, plying elected by direct suffrage but subord their trade with an astonishing degree of impunity because the inact to the president. Every provpoliticians they have elevated to office and the police controlled by these politicians dare not assail them for fear of exposure. This is unknown. The president has in fact north committed an assault upon the beyond doubt the real cause of the so-called organized "crime waves" almost dictorial powers, is really a constitution of the new "republic" in in Chicago.

Another municipal campaign approaches and the forces of criminality are again active trying to terrorize the foreign-born onstrated in practice by the history of demanded and secured the island's population into support of various camps.

Recently a hue and cry has been raised to deport the Sicilian last named being the present reaction put thru the celebrated "reciprocity gangsters. This appears as a drive against crime on the part of professional uplifters, the forces of sweetness and light. The depraved old prostitute, the Tribune, in its customary hysterical hag- posed to enjoy was acquired after the of the United States. The aforemengish manner, urges on the orgy. While posing as the defender of Spanish-American war of 1898. In tioned "agreements" and amendments cent does not cover the cost of colono "decency, the home, and civilization," it stands up to its neck in the that year the Yankees intervened in to Cuban independence, anulled that slime of crooked politics. Itself the agency that drove William country, following upon the myster- no guarantee whatsoever against the Hale Thompson from office by proving that he obtained his principal ious blowing-up of the battleship aggressions of the United States; the for no other recompense than their support from the vice lords of the city, it now embraces him by acting Maine. Thus ended Spanish rule on right to intervene is sanctioned by the meals; soon there will not be even can only be exchanged for merchan- having been on the picket line and as defender of and spokesman for the Crowe-Barrett-Thompson polit- the island, giving place to the dom- constitution itself, the fundamental that. Only the government appears dise at the company stores, where in not having made as swift a dash

Opposed to this outfit is the Deneen-Small-Lundin machine. Lundin, the "big Swede" who was the political wet-nurse of Thomp- veiled monopoly in Cuba and the gered. son, still maintains the support of such luminaries of the Italian United States was determined to supsection as "Diamond Joe" Esposito, formerly a resort proprietor plant her. The Cuban war of indeand now alderman and boss of the 25th ward.

The city administration is controlled by the Brennan democratic machine with Mayor William E. Dever as the figurehead. No sooner had Cuba been declared in United States. This famous treaty If the colonos were wise the present Hence the democratic city administration and the republican Crowe-Barrett-Thompson gang in control of the county law enforcement machinery unite in an assault upon the political playmates of "Diamond Joe." In the first raid his place was hit hard by the wrecking crew. Out of 121 taken in that foray, all but 30 were released. They are held for investigation by the immigration authorities of the federal government.

The thoroly rotten. Mellon-Coolidge administration steps into the picture for motives of its own. While it is mildly concerned over the Chicago elections it takes a hand in the raids from the forces are now numerically equal). viewpoint of the national policy of assailing the working class by The German trade unions, just as in first striking at the foreign-born population. So while the city, pre-war days, are now commencing to prochement with the revolutionary against the states unwilling to submit county and federal governments co-operate in the wholesale terror play an important role in the internaagainst the Italians, there are different motives involved. Within the tional, but this role is of a different city it is a phase of local politics, bordering on guerilla warfare. The ahead of other trade unions and in Coolidge government participates in the wholesale raids and de- fact the British trade unions lagged congresses bears witness to the fact "This would make Germany a conportations against those accused of being gunmen in order to set very far behind. Now things have that revolutionary ideas have penedictant menace to Soviet Russia and at precedents that will enable the employers of labor and the federal changed to a considerable extent. The agents everywhere to hold the foreign-born workers in a constant end of the European trade union movelated at the tail- izations are becoming "infected." jected attack upon the Soviet Republications are becoming "infected." jected attack upon the Soviet Republications are becoming "infected." jected attack upon the Soviet Republications are becoming "infected." jected attack upon the Soviet Republications are becoming "infected." jected attack upon the Soviet Republications are becoming "infected." jected attack upon the Soviet Republications are becoming "infected." jected attack upon the Soviet Republications are becoming "infected." jected attack upon the Soviet Republications are becoming "infected." jected attack upon the Soviet Republications are becoming "infected." jected attack upon the Soviet Republications are becoming "infected." jected attack upon the Soviet Republications are becoming the state of terror. The government, in striving to put thru its policy ment, while the British trade unions These congresses have brilliantly conof registering and finger-printing the foreign-born workers, is meet- occupy a position which provoked sav- firmed the correctness of the Comining with stubborn resistance because many sections of the labor age attacks on the part of all the conmovement are building up councils for the protection of the foreignborn. It strives, thru the raids against Chicago's alleged gunmen, to detract the attention of the labor movement from the funda- Breslau and Scarborough and the even the bitterest enemies of unity mental issues involved by raising the bogey of crime.

against these Sicilians and other Italians now victimized and will that the British trade union move- by means of all kinds of underhand Russian trade union movements in or-Intelligent workers will refrain from joining in the clamor keep in mind the main reason for these deportation orgies, which framework of economism, is tearing us in the least. is anti-labor and nothing else. The Italian workers are not criminal, asunder the old conservative trade any more than are the 100% American workers, despite the efforts union traditions and is setting itself the propaganda and agitational stage class unity, and to help them to bring of the Tribune to besmirch the whole nationality.

Locally, the way to eliminate organized crime is to drive from office all the capitalist political machines-Brennan and Dever; ing deeper and deeper into the mire congress, the commencement of work Growe and Barrett and the lame duck, Mr. Thompson; and Mr. of the class truce and is donning the of this committee signify the practical Small with Senator Deneen and the "Big Swede."

Illinois politics is today a flagrant example of the fraud of Whereas the Britishers are deciding agreement between the British and capitalist class democracy and the crime situation is an inseperable part of the system.

Pastimes of the Bourgeoisie

The British nabob and elegant lady, the Countess Vera Cathcart; the American millionaire, Harry K. Thaw, and assorted ladies struggle against reaction—the Ger- slightest doubt as to this, the declaraand gentlemen participated in a debauch staged by the theatrical man trade unions are busy with tion of the joint advisory council degenerate, Earl Carroll, whereat they tried to satisfy their jaded workers' banks, are idolizing building should disperse these doubts. Indeed tastes by drinking champaign out of a bath tub in which reposed guilds, jabbering about economic dea naked chorus girl. Postal regulations against the sending of obscene literature thru the mails prohibit further description of obscene literature thru the mails prohibit further description of sistently persuading it to adopt the this affair.

Lady Cathcart, who is in the United States, after a legal tangle The British trade union movement has with the immigration authorities, is to have a play produced by Mr. Carroll, purporting to depict the story of her life. We wonder if it ition, while the German trade union will include such refined pleasanteries as this recent one.

There is no moral whatsoever to be drawn from this. Such performances are not uncommon for the bourgeoisie who spend most of their time as Marx and Engels said, "seducing each others wives."

This case simply came to light by accident. We relate it here in order to explode the ideas of respect some unsophisticated workers still hold for the sadists, Lesbians, desciples of Oscar Wilde and any longer? The most optimistic ary and obstructive to working class movement. In the reformist unions other perverts of the ruling class whom the newspapers, novelists, chautauqua orators, preachers and priests would have us believe are The conflict between the British trade are obtaining more and more power mans, i. e., for or against unity. The superior people who rule by divine right.

Profound political and sociological query: If the Cook county ough is growing to considerable di-nearer and more evident. . . state's attorney, Robert E. Crowe, and the Chicago police were to arrest all the gunmen, yeggmen and other crooks in Chicago who the Amsterdam International, altho Syria, while the Chinese workers and desire and now they will receive their would they get to steal and stuff ballot boxes on election day? they still remain there organizational peasants, revolting against exploitadeserts.

Cuba Under United States Imperialism

Entire Country at Mercy of U. S. Sugar Barons

U. S. IMPERIALISM By ALFONSO BERNAL DEL RIESGO Member Central Executive Commit-TRIED TO PUT HIM tee, Communist Party of Cuba) NUBA is an island, the largest of the TO DEATH IN CUBA Antilles, situated at the very en-



JULIO ANTONIO MELLA. Secretary of the Communist Party

such a thing as municipal home rule is dependent than the capitalists of the veiled monarch—within the narrow order to assure themselves a legal limits left to him by imperial over- basis for their outrages. They imlordship, that is. This has been dem- posed on Cuba the Platt amendment, the tyrants Menocal and Machado, the two best ports as naval stations and ary dictator of the country, having treaty."

Cuba freed herself from the tute-The independence that Cuba is sup- lage of Spain only to become a vassal law of the land.

The right to revolution is denied;

The Swndle Treaty.

By the reciprocity treaty Cuba was pendence presented to North Ameri-obliged to let U. S. merchandise enter can imperialism, then in its swaddling free of duty, receiving in turn the the world, are those receiving the clothes, one of its first opportunities. right to ship goods freely into the most careful "attention" at this time.

is known in history as the Swindle | crop would never have been grown. Treaty, for while the United States exports to Cuba every kind of article of consumption, Cuba is able to export to the United States nothing more than she produces, which means taxes and loans. On the last crop sugar. But that was only the beginproducts of Cuba": sugar.

out of the world market.

These customs fences and the con-United States. Lords of our comperity, the Yankees pull the strings at the caprice of Wall Street, Cuban its attitude is particularly odius. sugar rises or falls, and as sugar is the sole product, the entire economy

of the nation rises or falls in unison Under these conditions it is impossible for the most intelligent bour geoisie to develop its finances. Bourgeois production is anarchic; imper ialist production is chaos squared and cubed. At the present time Cuba is in economic decline; perhaps she will not succeed in finding her feet again. This depends on the national resistance, on the small proprietors, the colonos of the sugar-cane fields.

At present the sugar workers are being gradually reduced to the posi-The price of one the civil war that was raging in the independence completely. Cuba has entire country is in bankruptcy. Al- terial conditions of labor are of the not decided what they want to do with ready workers are toiling in the fields ing imposed the most onerous burdens Spain maintained a more or less U. S. property must not be endan-upon the population, it now spends its about the same way as the animals.

The Communists, as in all parts of

there was a surplus of more than half ning. An American senator, Mr. Ford- a million tons, out of a total crop of ney, was of the opinion that the swin- 5,000,000 tons. And now Cuba, withdle was not complete enuf and pro- out having opened up new markets. posed a special tariff for "one of the without having established a minimum price. without any security, At the present time sugar pays an without her own refineries—launches import duty 13 per cent above the out, on the word of the president of Nevertheless, the republic, upon another crop. This five more mills would come out. the U. S. differential in favor of Cuba year, in order that next year's crisis Cheers swept the halls at which the as against others keeps Cuban sugar may be still worse, the yield will be 10,000 strikers had gathered to celeupwards of 6,000,000 tons. ditions of maritime traffic make it im- dition of oppression, of exploitation. made, for this mill holds a strategic possible for Cuba to think of trading Moreover, there has been no such position in the local conflict. Every with any other country than the thing as political responsibility. All available hall in the city was taken,

Nothing has been achieved in the

lace of the perennial voyage of pov-

erty to Cuba, always coincident with

new purchases of land and with new

geoisie is the same the world over, ton's birthday. of Cuban economic life at their will; but in the Latin-American countries

The regime of exploitation out of which these things arise is not difficult to understand. It is necessary to wring from the colony the greatest possible amount of surplus value, and in the most advantageous form. To accomplish this, the colonos are beunions of workers and peasants is brutally repressed. In truth organization of the peasants has not been nossible to effect in Cuba; it has sprung up momentarily in periods of extreme oppression but the government, faithful watchdog of its imperialist masters, has drowned it in blood and deportations.

Workers Paid in Script.

to be in a flourishing condition. Hav- fantastic prices are charged. Socially, for the cemetery as the police fancy the workers in the fields are treated in they should when ordered to move on. He must be submissive and exaggerworkers who protest against this state atedly respectful in the face of all the abuses of the bosses who are pleased to humiliate him.

In treatment of the workers the central" has not changed in 50 years. In place of the old mill turned by horses there is now a magnificent ma chine; instead of ten bags of sugar a day, a 1,000. Only the worker remains s before. Formerly he was called him continues on the same level of

"Yankee methods" of exploitation have been extended to all the cen-

While sugar is the one big indusry on which Cuban prosperity depends, it is not the only one on which the American capitalists have gotten in the city of Banes—"yellow Banes," be given until the strike is settled. as it is now called-the company has a field of its own. Trespassing is not permitted without permission of the special police maintained to "keep order" in the American possessions. All products going into the old city of are contributed by Mary Heaton Vorse Havana enter by way of the Yankeeowned Banes railroad. Cuba will soon be an enormous city of Banes.

Wherever they go the Yankee captalists leave their trail. They believe, our coffee, nor our delicious rice, nor native if he produces for them. Their Jupiter. The father Jupiter of the tobacco interests?

Cubans is called Crowder. One must

Dare Not Offend Crowder.

excellency, the ambassador of the most despicable and stupid-its repre-United States . . . Aside from the ones mentioned, peddlers who sell out the wealth of

that after a conference with the spinners in the Forstmann-Huffman mill they had unanimously decided to join the strike. He predicted then that all the workers in the factory would follow the example of the weavers and brate the fourth week of their strug-Unsupportable has become the con- gle when this announcement was that count are money and good rela- the strikers deeming this an appromerce, masters of the national prostions with Uncle Sam. The bour-priate way to commemorate Washing-

Officials Responsible, Weisbord Charges.

PASSAIC, N. J., Feb. 24 - The threat of the textile bosses that they would get the police to close the halls to the strikers has been toned down considerably by the visit of organizer Weisbord and Attorney Unger to the fooled and the developing radical mayor and commissioner of public safety. These officials were informed that no violence would occur unless provoked by themselves. The delegation stated that the police had been to blame for the trouble thus far. The police, however, they added, have only acted because of orders from their superiors.

PASSAIC, N. J., Feb. 24 - The case of the six strikers who have been ar-Life in the sugar "centrals" or mills rested from day to day still drags or factories is insufferable. The ma- along. It is evident the bosses have worst. There is no money wage, them. They are charged with disords workers are being paid in script that erly conduct, their crime consisting in

Relief Work Well Organized.

PASSAIC. N. J., Feb. 24 - Coffee booths have been established in the halls where the pickets go after they have done their trick in the line. Hot coffee and good sandwiches taste mighty fine after a march of several miles around the mills in the cold of the morning, and the relief committee realizes that many of the pickets are not too well fed at home, nor have slave, not Juan or Pedro, but life for they clothing that keeps them any

The relief store where needy families may secure food and groceries has opened and is now serving all who are destitute. No striker need go without the proper food and clothing.

Money is coming in from different unions and from many other sources. One church in Passaic took up a coltheir hands. The United Fruit com- lection of over \$10 and handed it to pany dominates a great part of the the strike committee with the assurexport of pineapples and other fruits. ance that all possible assistance would

Strike Bulletin Out.

The first issue of the Textile Strike many of the stories and fine articles and organizer Albert Weisbord. It will appear as often as the committee deems necessary, possibly twice a week.

as in China, that it is sufficient for the most of our various fruits. Tobacco is on the down grade and is already rights are the only ones respected and being displaced. What is the cause respectable, their agents are the only of this disdain for the fine Havana ciones that may not be removed, and gar? Can it be the workmanship the their desires must be fulfilled to the eminently careful, personal, Cuban raising of an eyebrow, like Father touch? Or is it perhaps the Virginia

The general situation of Cuba has be "persona grata" to Crowder. Woe been and is that of a colonial counto the government official, party or in- try. The Cuban bourgeoisie, almost dividual who raises the wrath of his entirely a hereditary class, is of the sentatives (the government) chean Cuba's products develop very slowly, the land to the highest bidder. And if they develop at all. We have no the Yankees pay best and back up markets. The Americans do not want their money with force, with force...

A Keview

hree Trade Union Congresses ly. This does not prevent Oudegeest, tion and usurpation, are held down by

By A. LOSOVSKY

(Continued from yesterday)

the trip in forty minutes.

tions. Her territory is divided into

ince is divided into municipalities but

acted in that capacity since last May.

ination of the United States.

six provinces, each with a governor

The British and German trade unions include approximately 75 per cent of the Amsterdam International (their nature. Before the war they forged movement. the world labor movement.

inited front with the trade unions. faced around towards the U. S. S. R. in most of the countries, has become -for Scarborough, for the declaration and taken up a firm anti-militarist pos- worse since the beginning of this year. of the Anglo-Russian committee. anti-Soviet and anti-Communist posi- attacks of the employing class on the mean that we are already on the eve

Amsterdam Divided

What is the position of Amsterdam count on the British trade unions had become more and more reaction- sprout thrucut the entire world labor mensions. Morally speaking, the Brit-

its would-be numerous legions. Scar- made by capitalist statesmen. borough signifies an ideological en-

German trade unions are at the tail- ternational that entire national organservative and reactionary elements in question of international trade union tional has, therefore, become more unity. There is no more popular idea necessary than ever. If we compare the congresses of and slogan than unity. That is why trade union and socialist press of have been compelled to struggle to their organizations and leaders, to Germany and of Great Britain, we see against us, not with open visors, but join their efforts with the British and ment is emerging from the narrow backbiting. But this does not worry der to secure the removal of all ob-

The united front has passed from national and international working general class tasks. On the other hand and entered the organizational stage. we see that the German social-demo- The ratification of the Anglo-Soviet wide federation of trade unions." cratic trade union movement is sink- unity committee by the Scarborough old cast-off trade union garments, realization of the united front. The questions as to factory and workshop Soviet trade unions refutes everycommittees and are seeking forms thing the Second and Amsterdam Inand methods for increasing the fight- ternationals have written and spoken ing power of the trade unions, are concerning the united front and unity. organizing themselves for the coming The united front and unity have been struggle and are discussing in the so- realized—such is the conclusion that cialist press the problem as to wheth- millions of workers will arrive at afer the workers should arm for the ter Scarborough. If there were the

Anglo-Russian Platform

ish trade unions are no longer within in Morocco and upon the Arabs in trade union movement. It was their tive query which finally expresses it- audience the question: "Yes, what the

and the rest beating the drum and armed force. This is making clear to shouting about unheard of successes all workers of the world the insincerof the Amsterdam International and ity of the lofty professions of peace "The guarantee pact places upon

strangement from the Amsterdam In- Germany the duty of using sanctions ternational and an ideological rap- (military and economic penalties) great importance for the world labor of this is to include Germany in a military alliance directed against the U. An analysis of the work of these S. S. R. (Soviet Russia).

> many a strategical base for any pro-"The establishment of an all-inclus-

"The joint advisory council. . . ap-

peals to the workers of every country. stacles and difficulties in the way of into existence one all-inclusive world-

For or Against Unity-Is it possible to dispute these find-

ings if they arise from the interests of the working class? Can one say that the joint advisory council has laid on the colors too thick or overestimated the danger of growing reaction. It would be difficult to find a single worker who could assert this. Every honest proletarian must acknowledge that without unity there is no salvation. The Scarborough congress and the declaration of the Anglo-Russian committee bring the Amsterdam International face to face with the question of unity. Now their Jesuits, formulae, lawyers and chicanery are of no use. A clear and definite answer must be given-for or against the Russian committee-for or "The industrial and economic situ- against unity; we on our part answer ation, aggravated by the Dawes Plan clearly and without any prevarication

"Unemployment is world-wide in its Thus the cause of unity has entered movement is further consolidating its effects and is steadily increasing. The on a new phase, but this does not workers' hours and wages become of the solution of this complicated more and more definite and deliberate. problem. By no means. Now, the re-"Parallel with the growth of eco-sults of the ratification of the Angloafter all these congresses. Can it nomic reaction, the political situation Russian agreement are beginning to leader of the Amsterdam Interna- interests. In the various parts of Eu- the question will arise as to whether tional was compelled to say no. rope reactionary groups of capitalists to follow the Britishers or the Gerunions and the right wing of the Am- and leadership in the policy of the German trade union bureaucrats have which sterdam International after Scarbor-state. The danger of war is becoming placed themselves in such a position whereby they have become the center "War is being waged upon the Riffs of ideological reaction in the world

'THE BIG PARADE"

Inadvertently the producer of "The out of this war, anyway?" But the

Big Parade," now showing at the Gar- producer, as the frightened at the pornot anti-war by reason of its argu- plunging Jim into action. ments or ideas, but because it approaches realism in its war scenes, are fitted, tho thoroly hackneyed, is The death rattle of machine guns, the redeemed by some outstanding touchboom and shock of cannonading, the es of verisimilitude. Jim's buddies, whirring of aeroplanes, punctuate the Bull and Slim, bartender and strucaction. The miseries and horrors of tural steel worker, respectively, are war—the mud, the lice, the poison gas, life-like, if not true to life. Jim's inthe bayonetting, the bloodletting, the articulate wooing of the French peasbeastliness, and the omnipresent ant girl and the latter's search for

hysteria and patriotism, except at the spect. beginning, when there is briefly pictured the parading, flag waving, and is the logical continuance of his questrance of the U.S. into the world- of this war?" He regards with sullen slaughter. Even here, there seems to dislike the father who urged him to be present in the producers' mind an go to war, and seems bitter toward undercurrent of critical questioning the world in general. says: "How crazy people outcry: "What the hell do we get G. M.

rick Theater, has made a contributent of the question which has been tion to anti-war propaganda. It is posed, abruptly brushes it aside by The story into which the war scenes

leath, death, death—all are shown. him in the torrent of soldiers, "mov-The film is remarkably free of war ing up" are noteworthy in this re-

Jim's attitude upon his return home war spirit, which featured the en-tion: "What the hell do we get out

Only the fact that Jim is taken to a What is all this for, anyway?" fine home and his future secured pre-Indeed the entire war portion of the vents the picture from placing finally film seems to move under this tenta- and uppermost in the minds of the self in Jim's rebellious and tortured hell did he get out of the war?"-