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pany Union.)

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By THOMAS J. O'FLAHERTY

SEVERAL American missionaries are under siege at Sakfa, Shesi province. China. Fears are expressed for their lives. Now is the time for those divine agents to show their stuff. They have made a fat living owing to their alleged pull with the almighty, but it seems that when they get into trouble their god is completely forgot ten. When the pope gets sick he calls in the best available physician and tho Mrs. Baker Eddy was the leading exponent of the theory that illness or death existed net, it is reported that she had no objection to the ministrations of a physician when her physical machinery went out of gear.

THE next time you hear a funda I mentalist threaten to consign all sinners to hell, put on your bulletproof vest or flee, if you are a sinner. The fundamentalists are getting militant, and they are quick on the draw. Why not? If they are justified in their contention that all those who do not agree, that the male of the species is minus a rib because of the scarcity of mud when the deity finished the job of creating the first man, are a menace to society, it seems to me that they are justified in resorting to vio-

THE Rev. J. Frank Norris of Fort 1 Worth, Texas, is the winner of enviable notoriety in religious circles, because of the ferocity he exhibited in his threats against all those who differ with him on the religious question. He adopted Billy Sunday's vocabulary and got a good press in New York when he delivered a sermon in which he said that he would give the evolutionists hell from the first word to benediction. He also aided William Jennings Bryan in that worthy's fight against Scopes in the famous Dayton trial. His latest bid for fame is the murder of a D. E. Chipps, a lumber man who expostulated with the clergyman over the latter's attacks on the mayor. Norris whipped out his re volver and packed the lumberman off to eternity.

WE published a story recently about a miner employed by the Bethlehem Steel Corporation, who loaded over 500 tons of coal in 12 days. This was so much more than the yearly average loading for European miners that we slapped it in with the rest of our jokes in the "Staff Column." The average loading, even in the United States, is only something over 700 tons. Now come two New York brick layers and lay 10,000 rough bricks in a sixteen-inch wall in seven hours It took four men to keep the two pace makers in bricks and mortar. The names of those two should be recorded. They are Samuel Faticato and Tony Iannello.

THIS is an afterthought. It occurred to us that we dropped the Rev. Norris without doing him full justice, and fortunately at the same moment a clipping giving some quotations from James J. Davis's sermon on the beauties of old-fashioned religion hit our eye. Surely even the most enthusiastic fan for a treat-'emrough gospel cannot ask for more in the way of results than the accomplishment of the noted fundamentalist. There is nothing too old-fash ioned for a fundamentalist. A few words of appreciation from our secre tary of labor would no doubt be appreciated by the gallant divine before he goes thru the formality of a trial.

* * *

A CCORDING to a story bearing a Cairo date line, published in last Sunday's Tribune, things are going from bad to worse with the interests of the British empire in Africa. The writer seems to get quite a kick out of recounting the agonies of British imperialism from Cairo to Cape Town. Not only are the Egyptians ready to confer the royal order of the boot on industries organized, especially on the British rule but practically every bit traction systems. of imperial real estate in Africa is seething with discontent and Premier Hertzog of South Africa, the biblepounding Dutch-African, is prepared to find something in the good book that will justify breaking with British rule. Needless to say, such news is not displeasing to us, the capitalist reporters are inclined to exaggerate, usually, however, in favor of the im-

Eurent Events COMMISSIONER ASSISTS I. R. T. **COMPANY UNION**

Consolidated Appeals to N. Y. Unions

(Special to The Daily Worker) NEW YORK, July 19. - The New fork Transit Commission, supposedly an "impartial" government institution, through its spokeman Herman A. Metz, has come out frankly in support of the company union of the Interborough Rapid Transit company and has tried to break the strike of the real labor union, the Consolidated Railroad Union, by calling the strike leaders into conference only to browbeat them, or attempt to, into going back to the company union and to work without their demands being considered, let alone granted.

Strikers Reject Company Union. Strike leaders Edward Lavin, Harry Bark and Joseph Phelan, stood firmly for the demands of the Consolidated. however, and following the confer-

ence stated: "We are willing to call a mass meeting of the men, and by their votes show that they stand solidly as regards recognition of the real union. We are willing to take a public vote. We are willing to make it a public meeting so that everyone can know what our stand is and form opinions accordingly. But there can be no settlement unless the new union is re-

Wheedles and Threatens

Metz, the alleged "impartial" commissioner of the government, called the strike leaders to his home, furnishing automobiles to bring them. Once there, he launched into a long argument in behalf of the company union, and when the strikers told him that the company union was hated by all traction workers, as the referendum of 9.000 on the question had returned only 200 votes for the company union as against a real labor union, and when the strikers stated that their demands including recognition of the Consolidated union were final, Metz replied that they "would get nowhere" and advocated that the company union is "the best form of co-operative bargaining.'

Evades Fair Offer. When James F. Walsh of the strikthe company and of the strikers meet makers, by getting work done out of in open debate at a mass meeting of town have failed signally, according to the employes, with a vote of these Jacob Halpern, chairman of the Out of employes deciding the issue for or Town Committee, working in conjuncagainst the company union, Metz eva- tion with the General Strike Commitded the proposal by saying that what tee of which Louis Hyman is chair-

fares, by saying that the Interborough was "poor" and asking which they favored, an increase of fares or a remission of taxes. The union men responded "neither" to both these proposals. In short Mr. Metz appeared as counsel for the Interborough.

Company Not "Bankrupt." At a meeting of the strikers later Norman Thomas congratulated the men on standing by their union and urged them to continue to do so. He also ridiculed as did the men, Metz' company union argument that the company is "bankrupt."

In an appeal to the organized labor of Greater New York, the strikers make the following statements:

Appeal to N. Y. Unionists. "We had no previous organization except the company union, therefore we were without resources with which to fight. But we know that the long established labor unions in New York want to see this a good union town. You want to see the workers in all

"We need your aid in this fight. We want your moral support. We want you to refuse to ride the I. R. T. lines while we are out. We also need financial support to enable us to put up an effective fight against this powerful corporation. Adopt resolutions and send contributions to-Consolidated Railroad Workers' Union, 155th Street and Eighth Ave. New York City."

MOTHERS, WIVES AND DAUGHTERS OF WEST VIRGINIA MINERS LEAD PICKET PARADE IN SCOTT'S RUN

By ART SHIELDS, Federated Press.

MORGANTOWN, W. Va., July 19.—All Scott's Run was streaming up the valley. It was the day of the big parade on the tenth day of the strike. The population of the coal valley was out for a festival.

"Hail, Hail, the Gang's All Here!" sang the girls. The miners' daughters explosion has resulted in heavy dam- the patriotic organizations in the were the darlings of the day and they caught the eye as well as the ear. Some age for many miles. Railroads in the former Negro republic during Borno's sweet sixteens wore long trousers,

and one of the prettiest a white sailor ans, Negro and white Americans, can with the challenging motto: "Nothing Doing."

The mothers were there: South Slav women, Italians, Russians, Hungari-

mothers of coal diggers. It was their strike, too, and their parade, and they (Continued on page 2)

ALL-UNION COMMUNIST PARTY PREPARES FOR ANNIVERSARY ON SEPT. 1



Above is I. Stalin, secretary of the All-Union Communist Party (formerly Russian Communist party), which is getting ready for a memorable celebration of the 23rd anniversary of the birth of the revolutionary party founded by Lenin.

GARMENT BOSSES OF N. Y. CANNOT FARM OUT WORK

Out-of-Town Shops Hit for Doing N. Y. Work

BULLETIN. NEW YORK, July 19-Between 300 and 400 of the 40,000 striking garment workers were arrested today during a demonstration.

The strikers, who were forming for a parade, were charged by police operating from a fleet of patrol wagons. Many of the prisoners were women.

(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK CITY, July 19.—Efforts of manufacturers and jobbers in the cloak industry to escape the 100 per ers proposed that representatives of sult of the strike of 40,000 cloak-

Metz even tried to trap the strikers into supporting the company's demand to the Transit Commission for higher to the Tran pern declared. "When you consider that normally over 2,000 men and women, mostly Americans, are emploved outside New York on these garments, you can measure the success of our efforts. This week, for example, we stopped 35 shops when they had hardly started up. Our pickets work with the same vigor and thoroughness that has marked the strike in Greater

New York." Offices had been created at Freein Camden, N. J., and another in Saturday. Bridgeport. A committee of 100 strik-Sigman, president of the I. L. G. W. meeting of the strikers in Baltimore Southampton. at Beth Sholom Hall.

Another huge picketing demonstra-York participate. The strikers are well as the French bankers. marching thru the entire district with at the head.

Arsenal Explosion in Roumania Emulates Blast at Lake Denmark

(Special to The Daily Worker) LONDON. July 19 .- Many have been killed and great devastation has been patch from Bucharest.

vicinity have been forced to suspend trip. operation, due to the damage to the lines.

among soldiers on duty at the depot. New York and his return home.

Are Courts to Outlaw the LEADER OF INJUNCTION ATTACK UPON I. R. T Trade Unions?

The striking employes of the Interborough Rapid Transit company of New York, who are making a splendid fight against the company union, have issued the following appeal to the labor movement of America, an appeal which should find an immediate response from every section of the trade union movement and every union man and woman. It follows:

A CHALLENGE TO ORGANIZED LABOR.

The application for an injunction made by the Interborough Rapid Transit Co. thru its attorney, against the attempt of the striking employes to form a union, has assumed the proportions of a challenge to the entire organized labor movement of America. What the Interborough demands is that those on strike be enjoined and restrained perpetually from advising, inducing or persuading its employes or any of them from becoming members of any union or association of railroad employes other than the

Brotherhood of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company Employes." (Com

The Interborough furthermore demands that the court "enjoin and restrain perpetually the strikers . . . from holding or causing to be held meetings of its employes for the purpose of persuading its employes to join upon the Interborough for increased wages from circulating letters, RAIL WORKERS any organization of employes other than the Brotherhood or to make demands notices, handbills or other written or printed communications among the employes of the Interborough, advising or urging them to join any union other han the Brotherhood or advising or urging them to strike . . . from picketing." It enjoins the leaders of the strike, the strikers themselves "and my and all persons acting in aid of, in concert with, or in combination with

What does this mean? Never in the history of the labor movement of New York State has such a bald and infamous attempt been made to crush a legitimate trade union and substitute in its place the serpent of company unionism. If this attempt succeeds it means that every existing labor union will be met with a similar attempt when it goes on strike; it means that attempts to organize the workers and bring them into unions, to hold meetings for that purpose, to even talk unionism, will be stopped under threat of imprisonment for contempt of court.

The cloak under which this attempt is being made is to have judicial approval and sacredness of "yellow dog" contracts and company unions; the spear is poised for a thrust at the heart of labor.

This application for writ of injunction is of more vital concern to labor already organized than even the strikers themselves. We call upon organized labor to rally with us on this issue, because of its viciousness. We pledge a fight to the utmost of our ability against this dastardly attempt. We shall confer with and seek the support of prominent, public-spirited legal advisers. This attempt at intimidating the workers and driving them back to work will fail.

relinjunctions will not run trains. Jailers' keys may open the doors of jails to us, but they cannot be used as control-handles to run the trains. Injunctions do not prevent accidents.

This injunction springs from the fear of the company of the inevitable extension of the strike to all departments of all lines. They have refused to cent tie-up in New York City, as a re- take a referendum of the men, and this is the answer to the referendum which has been taken in spite of them, and which shows overwhelming and almost unanimous sentiment in favor of immediate improvement in wages, hours and working conditions.

All organized labor will come to the support of the striking traction workers and defeat this blow at organized labor.

SPAIN DEMANDS TAKE CONTROL

Morgan Says He Goes Alfonso Objects to Divi-"To Shoot Grouse"

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 19 .-- It is an open secret among official cirhold, N. J., and at Port Jervis, New cles here, that the formulation of a in an interview here has given plain burgh and Poughkeepsie to make the "Dawes Plan" for France is the notice that Spain is going to withefforts of out of town picketing even cause of the most prominent Ameridraw from the League of Nations more effective. Yesterday two shops can bankers rushing to Europe on unless given Tangier, the portion of were stopped in Stamford, Conn., one the steamer Majestic which sailed Africa which Spanish imperialism has

Among others on the boat, were J. ers has been formed in Baltimore to Pierpont Morgan and his banking warm advocate of the league of naprevent the farming of work from partner, Charles Steele. In the same tion," declared King Alfonso. New York. Next Wednesday, Morris row of cabins is Andrew Mellon, secretary of the U.S. treasury. The U., and Mr. Halpern will address a boat is sailing for Cherbourg and

Secretary Mellon said he was its organization to former allies. merely going for a leisurely tour tion is taking place today (Monday) thru France and Switzerland, and much better to have admitted Gerin the Garment Center in which at would visit his daughter in Rome. many immediately in the very begin least 20,000 strikers of Greater New So Mussoloni may expect a visit as ning.

J. P. Morgan told a large group of Louis Hyman, chairman of the Gen- unbelieving reporters that he is go eral Strike Committee, and Morris ing to shoot grouse—a part of the Sigman, president of the International, time. What other game he is after he would not disclose. The grouse await him in Scotland. He is sailing for France.

Borno Jails Seven More Editors After Visit to Coolidge

WASHINGTON, July 19. - Louis worked over a wide area by an ex- Borno, puppet president of Haiti set plosion of the Barlad ammunition de- up and maintained in power by Amer- Chicago Federation's pot, according to a Central News dis- ican armed forces, has jailed seven more editors on returning from his The ammunition depot has been ob- visit to President Coolidge. Informaliterated and the effects of the great tion to this effect has been sent by

Borno charges these men with having incited the hostile demonstra- secretary of the federation announces. The population of the affected area tions which marked his departure The station is located on the Munici-

sion of Loot

(Special to The Daily Worker)

set its heart upon.

PARIS, July 19.-The king of Spain

"I have been, and I am still, a

League of (Limited) Nations.

as dangerous to make up that assem-

bly of former belligerents as to limit

"It seems to me it would have been

League "Leaves Spain."

"Pardon. We have had to sign a certain article in which it says that

temporary members of the council,

after a certain length of service, can-

leave; they are saying good-by to

us. You may take it as certain that

unless the state of mind is modified.

and if we don't obtain the legitimate

satisfaction which is due to Spain's

past as well as her present, we will

be compelled as a matter of dignity

not show the same amount of in-

Broadcasting Station

on Air This Afternoon

The broadcasting station owned by

the Chicago Federation of Labor will

be on the air between 5 and 6 o'clock

Tuesday evening Edward N. Nockels,

terest in the league.

"But it seems to me that it is just

crew would walk out.

Tho the company claims that service s normal it is obvious that service

INTERNATIONAL WORKERS'

Tuesday, July 20, at Green and Madison Sts. Fred G. Biedenkapp, Jack Brandon and W. G. Hays, speakers; Wayne Adamson, chairman.

Thursday, July 22, at Washington Square. Fred G. Biedenkapp, Wayne Adamson and Bradon, speakers. W. G. Hays, chairman.

Adamson, chairman.

ATTACK UPON I. R. T.



Frank Hedley is the president of the I. R. T., which is asking for one of the most vicious injunctions against the strikers on the New York subway and elevated lines.

AND EMPLOYERS **DISCUSS TERMS**

Indianapolis Street Car Strike Continues

Negotiations between the surface and elevated lines over a new wage and working schedule are going on with William D. Mahon, international gressive and democratic friends here president of the union, heading the and support Wilson it might conemployes' committee.

Mahon continues to decry strike talk and his official statements seem to indicate that he is switching the discussions from a demand for a wage in- primary. crease to considering disability, old age and death benefits for the men. Mahon said that the employes never

If the companies and the men's committee cannot mutually agree on conditions, Mahon asaid the matter would be referred to arbitration. The employes of the elevated and surface lines are asking for a five per cent

. . . Turns Down Peace Bid.

trike were spurned by the company, by the senate. which rejected the plea for the opening of negotiations with the company on the ground that as soon as it met the union officials its strikebreaking

s badly crippled.

AID PLANS MANY OPEN AIR MEETINGS FOR CHICAGO

The Chicago section of the International Workers' Aid will hold a number of open air meetings during the week on the strike of the British

Friday, July 23, at Division and Washtenaw. J. Louis Engdahl and Jack Bradon, speakers. Wayne

PINCHOT SPLITS TRACTION STRIKERS | G. O. P. AND MAY SUPPORT WILSON

Slush Fund Governor Waxes Virtuous

(Special to The Daily Worker)

WASHINGTON, July 19 .- Governor Gifford Pinchot, who spent \$185,000 in an unsuccessful effort to wrest the republican senatorial nomination in Pennsylvania from the Mellon-Vare forces, who combined spent more than \$2,000,000, is not going to "make up" with the organization.

Definite word to this effect reached he capital today and occasioned not a little excitement in political quarters because of reports that the governor may swing his support to Wm. B. Wilson, the democratic senatorial candidate, who will oppose Representative Wm. S. Vare in November.

Urged To Bolt.

Progressive republicans like Norris of Nebraska, LaFollette of Wisconsin, and others, are openly urging their followers in Pennsylvania to bolt the republican organization and unite behind Wilson. Upon this feature, the governor, so far as is known, has not committed himself, but he is determined that "the fight shall go on."

Mellon Gives In.

The Mellon forces, who backed Senator Pepper in the primary, have accepted their defeat and will support Representative Vare, but the Governor apparently has no such peaceable intentions toward the ticket.

Should Governor Pinchot yield to the entreaties of some of his proceivably change the complexion of the Pennsylvania senate race-providing. of course, that he could take with him those who supported him in the

Less Than Half The Votes.

The democrats have approximately 500,000 votes in Pennsylvania. Govhad a wage sufficient to protect them ernor Pinchot polled around 350,000 in against this condition and asks the the May primary. Under normal circompany to give the placetic limital company to give the placetic limital company the republican organization can bring but about 1,200,000 votes.

Democrat Pow Wow.

Present plans of the democrats call or their flooding Pennsylvania with speakers of national renown who will attack the Pennsylvania primary as 'the most corrupt ever held." And they will extend a general invitation to Pennsylvania republicans to bolt the ticket and support Wilson, on the INDIANAPOLIS, July 19. - Peace ground that, even if elected, it is moves in the local street railway doubtful whether Vare will be seated

LEAD OFFENSIVE **AGAINST SOVIETS**

British Capitalists Back New Venture

WARSAW, July 19. - Secret telegrams, transmitted between the Polish army general staff and the nineeenth army division at Vilna, that have been reprinted by the anti-Pilsudski press, disclose that Pilsudski has entered into an alliance with England to counteract the spread of Communist propaganda in England and her colonial possessions.

The cancellation of all leaves of absence and the shouts in the Pilsudski press for war on "foreign agressors" has given credence to the idea in the conservative press here that Pilsudski is now in the employ of British capital and is planning to lead a new counter-revolutionary offensive against

NEW YORK DAILY NEWS BRANDS THE CITIZEN'S COMMITTEE STRIKEBREAKERS not be reelected. We aren't taking

PASSAIC, N. J., July 19.—Passaic textile strikers are not alone in condemning the newly organized "Citizens Committee" as a strikebreaking organization and a tool of the textile bosses.

The New York Daily News gives the following editorial comment on the

"More Passaic Mistakes. "In the hope of ending the Jersey zens of Passaic have formed a com- means.

"A committee or anything else tatives to a peace meeting. Those

has adopted.

bills, hunting material for libel suits. "There's nothing in such tactics. textile strike, 300 well-meaning citi- Strikes are not settled by those "Each side should send represen-

might well be formed if it would stop persons should go with orders, poundthis 24-week fight in which all par- ed into their heads if necessary, that ties are losing time any money. But they should remember all the time not a comittee with the policy this one that mill owners and mill workers are human beings-not 'harpies,' as the "This policy is to conduct a public- new committee calls Weisbord & ity campaign against the strikers. The Company, or 'tyrants' as the strike committee begins by giving the strike leaders have called the owners. Then is evacuating. Casualties were chiefly from Port au Prince, his arrival in pal Pier and will use the wave-length leaders a general cussing out. It Passaic would see progress toward in rakes over strike bulletins and hand-dustrial peace."

POLICE SHAKE-UP FOLLOWS MURDER OF YOUNG EDITOR

Canton Politicians Fear

Investigation

CANTON, Ohio, July 19-A reorgan-

Canton residents over the murder of

Don R. Mellet, 36-year-old publisher

Assails Vice Lords.

Mellett in his paper viciously as-

sailed the booze, dope and gambling

rings in the town, pointing out that

these rings were intimately connected

with the "higher-ups" in the police

department and the city administra

tion. It is generally accepted here

that Mellett was murdered by either

one of the "interested parties" in the

vice traffic of the city or an imported

hireling. So far no clues have been

unearthed to reveal the identity of

The censorship and the failure of

the police to find any clues of impor-

tance has aroused considerable indig-

Judge Raps Police.

"If the police don't dig up the mur

lered there'll be trouble down here,'

Judge Hubert C. Pontius declared.

"There is no doubt in any one's mind

that the killing of Mellett was due to

his eight months' campaign against

rampant vice, lack of law enforce

ment and political factions in the po

lice department. Mellett had been

warned repeatedly during the last ten

days that he was slated for death be

cause of his vice crusading activities,

but he disregarded the warnings. The

death threats came from both police

Lloyd Mellett, brother of the slain

"My brother's assassination is the

result of a cold conspiracy running

direct from the underworld up into

the high officialdom of Canton and

including some of the police force.

make this charge and can back it up.

A reward of \$25,000, subscribed to

by numerous individuals, is being of-

fered for the murderers of the young

editor. It is expected that during this

week a \$50,000 reward will be of-

A police officer that had been de-tailed to guard the home of the editor

was strangely absent on the night of

Copeland Accuses the

Government of Aiding

the Coal Mine Owners

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 19. -

Senator Royal S. Copeland has de-

manded that Coolidge "find a way to

prevent a repetition of last winter's

fuel disputes and coal shortage." He

charges that Coolidge's recent attitude

tion to any 'interference' with their

encourages the mine owners' opposi-

"For the president to encourage this

attitude is to defeat every formal re-

commendation he has made to the

congress," says Copeland. "It gives

an air of insincerity to the excuse

made last winter that the president

DES MOINES, Ia., July 19 .- The

has no power to deal with the coal

Iowa G. O., P. to

Assail Coolidge's

publisher and news editor under him

on the Daily News, issued this state-

of the Canton News.

the murderer.

and vice lords.

ment tonight:

the murder.

LARM RELIEF AIM OF CORN BELT MEET

Liable To Hand The Bird To Calvin

DES MOINES, Iowa, July 19 .- Farm relief leaders from 24 states met here today as members of the corn belt committee of 28 to discuss the next steps to be taken in the campaign for farm relief at the hands of congress. and perhaps deliver a chastisement to the administration for its attitude toward agriculture.

The committee, organized several months prior to the time the corn area conference of 22 came into existence at the midwestern agricultural conference here in January, has a somewhat similar program to that of the latter group, but the dirt farmer's slant on the situation is claimed by farm group leaders to be more emphasized by the committee of 28, which is headed by William Hirth of

The More Conservative Group. The committee of 22 will meet here tomorrow at the call of George N. Peek of Moline, Ill. Both groups are committed to a federal-subsidized export corporation, and this week's sessions are the first since the defeat of the McNary-Haugen bill.

Many members of the committee of 28 are included in the personnel of the committee of 22 and fear was expressed today by Milo Reno, president of the Iowa Farmers' Union, that an effort would be made to sidetrack the more "advanced" dirt farmer's issues by the committee of 22, which he characterized as a "creature of poli-

Co-operative Marketing Urged. The committee of 28 has endorsed a crop price based on cost of production, co-operative marketing of all farm products, as well as the principles of the McNary-Haugen bill.

Col. Smith W. Brookhart, radical victor for the republican nomination for the United States senate over Senator A. D. Cummins, was expected to meet with the committee of 28 today in an advisory capacity.

To Hand Cal the Dirt.

Brookhart's lead of 70,000 over the veteran Cummins, following the colonel's ousting by the senate and the seating of Dan G. Steck, was expected today to find an echo in the deliberations of the committee. If the dirt farmet group maintains ts supremacy, it was predicted the administration would come in for a "hiding," as one member expressed it.

There were predictions that the committee of 22 would start a "Lowden for president" movement tomorrow, which would be carried into the republican state convention here the following day.

Police as Bootleggers.

their part in it was under investigation here today by Chief of Police Collins.

In the episode, it was said, the five bluecoats were promised \$100 each, but got nothing, incidentally having their stars and guns taken from them. They were said to have raised and Enlist Superstitious in paid \$5,000 for return of their stars. fearing exposure if they reported for duty without them.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE

NEW YORK, July 19. - Great Britain pound sterling, demand 4.85 15-16, of sabotage as its newest move cable 4.86 7-16; French francs, de against the Mexican government's mand 2.161/2, cables 2.17; Belgium francs, demand 2.301/2, cables 2.31; Swiss francs, demand 19.351/2, cables 19.37; Italy lira, demand 3.35, cables 3.351/2; Sweden krone, 26.79, cables 26.80; Norway krone, 21.92, cables 21.93; Denmark krone, 26.48, cables 26.49: Creek drachma, 1.20, cables 1.20; Spanish peseta, 15.701/2, cables 15.72: Holland florin, 40.18, cables 40.20; Shanghai taels, 71.75, cables

You do the job twice as wellwhen you distribute a bundle of The DAILY WORKER with your story in it.

Mothers, Wives and Daughters Are Pickets In West Va. Strike

(Continued from page 1) were out in the brightest costumes

they could get together. The Scenery of Struggle.

And the men were there in that mile-long line. The men who have paralyzed the Paisley mines and scabs have been coming from Pennsylstarted another long fight for union vania and other surrounding states. who were trying to starve them and and life. It is a grim struggle to But the girls had the men in the Ford them, but not grim on parade day. wrong for they had come to boost the patrol the roads with club and gun. They laughed and shouted as they marched along the valley. And one And the driver showed his colors. He of the merry ones was a Negro, only posted up a sign, "Strike and Win," waist-high as he stumped along on and instantly the atmosphere changed. padded knees. His legs were gone, but

Only \$12.00 for Two Weeks' Course Domestic Science School at Illinois State Fair

Back to the Woods



Briand's tenth cabinet has failed, this time over the crash of the franc which has reached the lowest point in its history. It is likely that Briand



A charge that five Chicago policemen aided in the transportation of a Cicero shipment and paid \$5,000 for CHURCH WEAPON

Sabotage Campaign

(Special to The Daily Worker) MEXICO CITY, July 19. - The catholic church has begun a campaign denial of educational rights to the church. Propagandists for the church prefer to have the movement known as a "strike." Abstention from work, reduction of purchases to the bare necessities of life and non-participation in social functions are to be used as means to force a change of government policy.

"The National League For The Defense Of Religious Liberties" a catholic church appendage, is also launching a boycott campaign in an effort to bring things to a stand-still in Mexico. The movement is chiefly supported by priest-ridden women of whom there are many in Mexico. It is, however,

the love of life and the spirit of soli-

Vigilant Girls.

strike and enjoy the demonstration.

And the strangers were taken into the

dressed the crowd while the band

darity were with him.

Store With a Conscience.'

fellowship of the strike.

"Pennsylvania license!

NEW YORK I. W. A. OPEN AIR MEETINGS ON PASSAIC STRIKE

NEW YORK, July 19 .- The New York section of the International Workers' Aid will hold open air meetings on the Passaic textile workers strike.

Wednesday, July 21, 14th St. and Irving Place, New York. Thursday, July 22, Stone and Pit-

kin, Brooklyn. Friday, July 23, Seventh and Ave. B. New York.

Saturday, July 24, Columbus Circle and 69th St., New York.

Lack of Union Means Less Wages. NEW YORK, July 19.- (FP) -Home and nonunion workers on gloves, lingerie, and tricot goods and for spinning mills in Germany had their wages reduced, New York trade papers report. Wage cuts are said to have enabled manufacturers to cut export prices but prices within Germany were kept at the old high levels.

The subscription price to the Amercan Worker Correspondent is only 50 doomed to failure from the beginning. cents per year. Are you a subscriber? out its promise of aiding the farmers.

Van A. Bittner, the personal represtrudging down the valley. Down a It is a vacation day when the folks the Fairmont provisional district, of Scott's Run felt like joshing at the spoke. Ellis Searless, editor of the enemy. "Ha, ha! Look at that!" some- Mine Workers' Journal, spoke, as did one whooped, as he passed the Bertha President Stoddard and Secretary Coal Co. store with its sign: "The Davis of the district union.

Fighting Songs. And the band played lively airs and ten in the sight of the strikebreakers

for Quakers. "Scab! Scab! Don't Take of West Virginia. My Job; Away Down in the Ditch,' The Paraders gave a gay "Atta Boy!" begins one of the songs that will not make the scab's wife feel like kissing him. But there were also songs of heavy property damage were reported In a field that several union miners loyalty and unionism; heart-warming thruout Bulgaria today as a result of

The meeting closed as the sun went been wrought in Solia and the displayed and the girls sang in between. down and four thousand folks began trict of Yidin.

entative of the international union in valley that symbolized the coal indus smudged tipples that bridge the roadway and the stereotyped company houses hugging the hillsides. Houses that are spawned all alike-the same architecture and the same faded color for each in the row. Standardized pro-Scab! the girls sang songs of the fight that duction that considers cheapness only. Scab!" mocked a flock of girls at had been freshly written in the midst No running water in the houses; no a Ford coupe that rolled past. For of the struggle. Songs that were write electric household machinery. New equipment only in the mine.

Back to the company houses for a in the sight of the "yellow dogs" that night's sleep, and then out again on the picket line before five in the morn-The songs that deal with these job ing. To carry on the fight for union thieves and gunmen were not written in Scott's Run. The vanguard today

Floods in Bulgaria.

SOFIA, July 19-Loss of life and own at Jere, a big stand had been songs that pealed out the message of the overflow of rivers caused by erected and here the speakers ad-solidarity down the mountain valley. heavy rains. Heaviest damage has

Organize Real Support of Courageous Struggle of British Coal Miners

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL.

ization of the police department here THE million striking coal miners and the removal of several officials of Great Britain bitterly need in various other departments of the the assistance of the million coal city administration are planned as a son to the resentment aroused among

miners of the United States. America's miners cannot sit idly by expecting their officials to attend to this matter satisfactorily. They must themselves be on the job, actively and persistently.

Only the great masses of the workers can win labor's victories, and they must often do this in spite of their officials. Increasing relief of the British mine strike, that has now raged nearly three months and that has received but little support from the workers of the United States, must surge upwards from the ranks of American labor.

One of the weakest links in the British strike chain, just as it is in the battles of the American labor movement, is the officialdom itself.

Thus the masses of workers in this country must rush support to the British strikers, even if it has to be done in spite of the officialdom, to provide the workers on the other side of the Atlantic with the sinews of struggle to carry on the war against the exploiters, even if it has to be done in spite of compromising officials.

American coal miners have had their bitter experiences. Take in the one state of West Virginia alone. In 1913, Tom Haggerty, an executive board member of the United Mine Workers' of America told the writer that it would be easy to organize the entire state of West Virginia. Then why was it not done? The answer may be found in the fact that Hagerty is not now on the side of the miners. He is instead a mine owner. He was not interested in unionizing the miners of the state one hundred per cent. The miners' union has been all but completely broken in this state. Nevertheless, the spirit of unionism again flares in the Fairmont

Similarly, Tom L. Lewis, former president of the United Mine Workers, the highest official position in the gift of the miners, is now an agent of the New River (West Virginia) Mine Operators' Association. Only recently William B. Wilson. former secretary-treasurer of the miners' union, who was later sent to congress and then became secretary of labor in Wilson's cabinet, was revealed as a West Virginia mine owner.

It cannot be expected that President John L. Lewis, who wants to become a secretary of labor in Coolidge's cabinet, the instrument of the government of the employers, will exert himself to aid the miners strike in Great Britain, against the capitalist government of that country, any more than he fights the capitalist government of the United States. But that is just another reason, and a hig one, why the coal miners themselves, should be increasingly active.

The British miners are fighting on unwaveringly in spite of all obstacles. The treachery of the general council of the British Trade Union Congress, in calling off the general strike, is now well known. Every effort to bring the general council to account, at a conference of trade union executives, has been balked. Such a conference was to have been convened on June 25. But it was postponed. And in addition the miners' officials have agreed not to criticize the actions of the general council. All this is dangerous to the miners' strike. It gives the general council time and opportunity for new betrayals. And there are many such opportunities.

The conservatives used the fact that Russian workers were sending increasing aid to the British coal strike, to launch a new attack against the Union of Soviet Republics. The members of labor's general council, who betrayed the strike, came out with a half-hearted reply to the vicious attack of the right wing of conservatives on the Soviet Union. They did this, very apparently, in an effort to cover up their own treason to the workers in Great Britain.

All this is much more apparent to labor in the Soviet Union, that has been thoroly schooled against treason in its own ranks, than it is to British workers, who are still learning their bitter lessons in the hard school of experience, and even less so to American labor, that quietly acquiesces in the open alliances of its officials with its em-

It is under pressure from the Soviet workers that the British labor officialdom has agreed to a meeting of the Anglo-Russian Trade Union Unity Committee in Paris, July 26, to discuss more effective aid to the striking miners.

The workers of the United States will not be represented at this conferences thru actual representatives. But their voice can be heard thru the sending of sufficient relief funds to hearten the workers in their struggle and to serve notice on the general council of the British Trade Union Congress that American labor is with the rank and file of British labor.

American workers should learn all the facts about the British mine strike. That will inevitably result in greater sympathy and solidarity between the workers on both sides of the Atlantic. It will lead to greater efforts to halt all coal shipments to England with the appeal to miners and transport workers of, "No scab coal to England!" American workers must organize real support of the British coal miners' strike.

CONNECTICUT COLLECTS \$12,500 OF \$15,000 GOAL FOR RELIEF OF THE PASSAIC TEXTILE STRIKERS

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 19.—The state of Connecticut is completing Stand on Farm Relief its drive for \$15,000.

Following the completion of the drive for \$10,000 the state committee for Passaic textile strikers' relief made a concerted drive for an additional committee of 22 that unsuccessfully \$5,000. Of this amount \$2,500 has been raised in the last two weeks. The fought for the passage of the Mc- amounts collected are as follows:

	Nary-Haugen farm aid bill plans to	June 20-Hartford\$253.58
	hold a conference here tomorrow as	June 21-Middlestown 14.00
	to the means to be used at the com-	Workers (Communist) Party 10.50
Ì	ing winter session of Congress to en-	Wallingford 29.00
	act farm relief legislation.	June 24-Naugatock 188,86
	It is planned to introduce a resolu-	June 25-Derby 64.38
	tion at the state republican conven-	June 26-Waterbury 455.35
	tion held here Wednesday condemn-	June 27-Waterbury picnic 40.24
	ing President Coolidge for his failure	June 27-Literature 36.08
	to aid in passing farm relief legisla-	June 30-New London* 187.36
	tion and indorsing the stand taken by	July 1-Norwich † 168.74
	Col. Smith Wildman Brookhart and	July 3-Bridgeport 629.20
	Senator Albert B. Cummins that the	July 4-Bridgeport 25.68
	republican party neglected to carry	July 4-Literature 5.25
	out its promise of aiding the farmers.	July 6-Norwalk 50.000
	out to promise of alaring the first	July 8-New Haven 28.74
	trudging down the valley. Down a	Tule 10 Now Dritain 251 6
	valley that symbolized the coal indus-	***************************************
١	valley that symbolized the coal made	tot this ecc to man given to the tor

*Of this \$66.16 was given to the textile strikers of New London. †Of this \$85.11 was given to New London strikers.

The committee also arranged

\$253.55; flower day in New Britain and asked the committee from New Haven and Hartford to help with the collection. as it is expected that \$500 should be raised there. The work is securing the co-operation of trade unions and workers' fraternal organizations.

> The committee also organized for the same date a flower day in West Haven and Saven Rock and called on the New Haven organization to help with this work.

> In this drive the following cities raised close to \$1,000 each: Waterbury, Bridgeport, New Haven, Hartford, Ansonia and Stamford. Good work was also done by New Britain, by Naugatock and New London. A large amount was also raised in Springfield, Mass., which worked in co-operation with the state committee.



Don't Keep Your Nose to the Grindstone All the Time.

Turn Out to the Fifth Annual Party

CHICAGO PRESS PICNIC AUGUST 1

A joint picnic of The DAIĽY WORKER and 22 other working class papers in all languages,

RIVERVIEW

There will be Russian Dancers



Gay, colorful folk dances of workers

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in the Amusement Park.

TICKETS SOLD at Workers' Book Store, 19 S. Lincoln St., and The Daily Worker, 1113 W. Washington Blvd.

Woman Members

Attention!

A special meeting of woman members, Local Chicago, Workers (Communist) Party, will take place on Wednesday, July 21, 8 p. m.

at FOLKETS HUS, 2733 Hirsch Blvd.

Be sure to attend and help get the women's work of Chicago started.

I. R. T. STRIKERS STAND FIRM FOR THE REAL UNION

Fierce Fight Made to Spread the Strike

(Special to The Daily Worker) NEW YORK, July 19. - Following the attempt to induce the strikers of the Interhorough Rapid Transit com pany to go back to work with mere re-instatement at their old pay, the Consolidated Railroad Workers' Union announces its terms thru John L. Sherman, the strikers' publicity director, as follows::

"We have announced certain conditions on which we will remain firm, including the recognition of the Consolidated. But regardless of what may develop in conference we are open to mediation. The strikers are unalterably opposed to an increase of fare on the subway, in their own interest and in the interest of the pub-

A Few Timid Yield to Threat.

The company gloats over the return to work of a few men who have been intimated by the company's unheard of threat to take away the personal property of the strikers. One of these was Harry Post, father of fourteen children, sole support of his aged mother and owner of a farm in Columbia county. He was one of the defendants named in the Interborough suit, and feared the loss of his little farm for "damages to the Interborough."

Five of the striking motormen, acting as a committee, have called on Mrs. Lillian R. Sire, head of the alien division of the State Department of Labor, and complained that the company was withholding pay due them in violation of the labor law and the

Company Seizes Pay Due.

Mrs. Sire said the case was clear and that the company could be forced to pay the wages, impounded by court order at petition of the Interborough in its suit against the strikers for \$239,000 damages. The amount of the wages impounded is \$2,000.

Mr. Quackenbush, attorney for the company, however, states that this is a mistake, as the law provides only that wage payments shall be made in cash in order to prevent firms paying men in "company orders," but that there is no law to prevent companies from seizing pay due for damages in a suit brought against strikers. He will appear before the Labor Department Monday to uphold this seizure

Bosses Protect Company Union. The company is steadily protecting its company union, and when asked if the strike leaders Lavin, Bark and Phelan might come back to work, Suackenbush hinted that this would not be allowed as it "would antagonize the brotherhood. No matter what may happen, we are not going to do ocratic parties have in the past acted anything offense to that general committee," he said affectionately of his scab company union.

duals, he stated, and not as members riers' Union have been arrested for of the real union, the Consolidated. and would be accepted only by consent of the company union.

Strike Spreads.

Meanwhile, more men from the power houses have been walking out. and the power is failing in spite of the scabs rushed into the power houses where they are housed and fed. "Mechanical trouble" on the Lex ington avenue line caused a delay of nearly an hour to those who were daring enough to ride behind scabs running trains with faulty power.

Thirty-five men from the Eas Ninety-eighth street barns marched in a body to the headquarters of the Consolidated at Manhattan Casino ard joined the strike. Pickets are bringing in men continually. Three street power house, joined the strikfiremen at the Seventy-Fourth street plant.

All Vote Against Company Union. The Consolidated union is jubilant over the referendum returns from 9.000 transit employes, dealing with the question of a real union as opposed to the company union and improved working conditions. "Substantially less than 200 of the men who voted did not favor these demands," said the strikers' publicity director.

"We believe that most of these 200 were fakes sponsored by the company. We consider this to be extremely significant of the support of the strike by the transit employes." May Tie Up B. M. T. and Edison

The strikers intimate that they have conferred with workers of the Edison press. It abrogates fundamental power plants concerning attempts being made by the Interborough to over to the usurped power of the tyget scab power from the Fdison power houses. Also, a committee has been in conference with employes of the other traction line, the Brooklyn-Manhattan Traction company.

Developments may come from these conferences, as the B. M. T. lines were tied up for some time Friday morning by failure of power.

By JOHN REED

Chicago Workers Greet Victims of Open Shop Injunction



Florence Corn and Oscar Simons were eting edict in the dressmakers' strike quarters of the International Ladies 52 of the Millinery Workers' Union greeted with wild cheers as they left of 1924. After the demonstration be- Garment Workers' Union. Delegations and members of the Furriers, Painters,

Cook County jail after serving 30 days fore the jail they marched down thru representing a number of shops, the Carpenters and Typographical unions ception throng.

Freda Reicher, Evelyn Dornfield, for defying Judge Sullivan's anti-pick- the garment shop district to the head- Women's Trade Union League, Local participated in the demonstration.

The above picture was taken on the

jail steps and doors, part of the re-

ASK ACTION OF CENTRAL LABOR COUNCIL OF N. Y.

Furriers' Union Wants Labor Candidates

(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW CITY CITY, July 19 .- A comnunication from the Joint Board of the Furriers' Union, signed by Ben Gold, manager, requesting the Central Trades and Labor Council to call a conference to nominate labor candilates for the coming election, was read at the regular meeting of the Central Trades and Labor Council. It was referred to the executive board

Government in Hands of Enemies.

The communication recited in detail how both the republican and demagainst the interests of the working class. It pointed to the fact that during the present democratic adminis-Men must return to work as indivi- tration over 700 members of the Furstrike activity. Also that 7.000 mem bers of the police force are now being used to protect scabs in the Interborough Rapid Transit strike. It also showed how the republican majority in the New Yor!: state legislature has opposed the interests of the workers. On the basis of these conclusions i urged the nomination of labor candilates as the only remedy.

Protest to Walker. A committee of five, headed by President Joseph Ryan, was appointed to visit Mayor Walker and protest against the action of the board of superintendents in eliminating the name of Abraham Lefkowitz from the list of hose eligible for appointment as first assistant teacher in history and civics. The board of superintendents made

water tenders at the East Fifty-ninth its decision on July 1. Its action followed charges dating back six years, ers when ordered to serve as scab when the teachers' union, in which he is active, was attacked for alleged radical tendencies.

The committee consists of Joseph Ryan, Joseph S. McDonegh, Edward J. Hannah, Jerome B. Keating and Thomas J. Curtis.

Every Worker Correspondent must be a subscriber to the American sal's for America's "Shylocklike atti Worker Correspondent. Are you one? [tude."

A BIRD OF PREY



Oliver Harriman, banker, back from Europe where he studied the possibilities of profiting from the perilous financial condition of Eu-

GERMAN PRESS ASKS REVISION

Economic Reprisals

BERLIN, July 19.—Overtures are being made in the German press for a revision of the Dawes plan. For some time the German press has in spasmodic attempts called for a revision of the Dawes plan. Now since the Anglo-French debt settlement the German press is carrying on an intense campaign in that direction.

It is stated that France agrees to reduce the indemnity annuities if England reduces those of France England, in turn, declares that she is prepared to do so if the American bankers will give her like considera

The German press points out that unless the United States takes steps to cut down the war debt annuities that she will be faced with an econom ically united Europe bent on repri

Statement on I. R. T. Injunction

NEW YORK CITY-This injunction of the right to belong to unions of like other injunctions against strikers drastically invades the constitutional guarantees of freedom of speech and American rights and turns the strikers rannical equity courts.

It is another strike-breaking weapon used by Hedley and the I. R. T. to break this magnificent revolt of sorely exploited workers.

This injunction suit is based squarely upon the company union and its accompanying "yellow dog" contract both of which deprive workers

Ten Days That The classic on the Russian Revolution, Shook the World with introduction by LENIN

their own choosing and the right to bargain collectively as independent trade unionists.

It must be remembered always by labor that the "yellow dog" contract chains the worker to the company and the company-controlled union. This contract is signed by workers under duress and the bludgeon of starvation and job-fear. A labor contract thus induced by coercion and fraud should be no more enforceable than any other contract so procured.

These "yellow dogs" and labor injunctions, based upon them exist in no other "civilized country." Both of these strike-smashing and worker-enslaving processes are a challenge to the American workers. Organized la bor should stand behind the Consolidated Railway Workers of Greater New York in fighting those who usurp the power of the courts to break strikes.

MORE BANKS IN GEORGIA CLOSE IN BIG CRASH

Four in Florida Shut; Checks Refused

ATLANTA, Ga., July 19. - Four Florida banks have closed their doors n addition to the long list of those in he hands of receivers in Georgia, to which 15 were added Thursday and our more Friday morning, according o the state bank examiners.

An amazing state of affairs is dislosed by the listing of the banks' toal resources and liabilities, illustratng the unsoundness of their financial dealings. Those made public Thursday are as follows:

Taylor County Bank, resources \$15,000, liabilities \$224,679; Bank of Lyerly resources \$15,000, liabilities \$236,670; Bank of Cusetta, resources \$15,000, liabilities \$174,236; Rock Mart Bank, \$30,000 and \$412,989; Bank of Smyrnia, \$16,300 and \$204,179, and a long list of others with similar small resources and immense liabilities.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 19. -Only by intercession of J. W. McIntosh, comptroller of the currency. have the eastern financial corporations Threatens America with of the big bankers agreed to take checks on Florida banks. They have previously been using stickers attached to their correspondence stating We do not accept Florida checks."

Re-elect Officers of Butcher Workmen: Plan Drive on Big Packers

LOUISVILLE, July 19.-The convention in Louisville of the Amalgamated Meat Cutters & Butcher Workmen of America re-elected Patrick Gorman president and Dennis Lane general secretary-treasurer. Per capita to the union was increased by convention action to permit greater organizing activity in the middle west. The larger part of the membership is now employed in retail butcher shops and the packing plants need union attention, it was declared.

'Peace Agreement" Is Followed with Attack by 20,000 in Morocco

PARIS, July 19.—The signing of an agreement here between France and Spain which "assures peace in Morocco" was followed by an offensive by the French forces against the against both Spanish and French in the upper Atlas region.

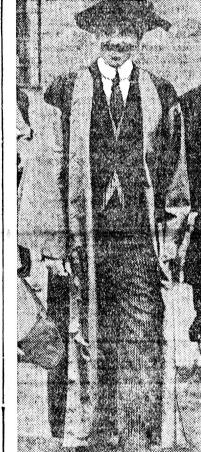
Twenty thousand French troops are around the Taza district. The commnader claims that the drive so far is successful and will be completed within a week.

Bakers' Convention Meets in N. Y. Aug. 9

The 19th convention of the Bakery and Confectionery Workers' International Union will open in New York City August 9, the union headquarters in Chicago announce.

WRITE AS YOU FIGHT!

THE KING OF JAZZ



King Alfonso of Spain, shown leaving Oxford University where he was given an honorary degree, in honor of his terpsichorean accomplishments, perhaps. Alfonso is having a gay time at the expense of his subjects. He is very popular with American ladies of wealth and leisure. They also have a gay time at the expense of their American slaves.

SOVIET FINANCE EXPERT REFUSED AMERICAN VISA

U. S. Fears Lone Red May Upset Nation

WASHINGTON, July 19 .-- M. Sokolnikoff, former people's commissar of finance in the Soviet government, will not be permitted to come to the United States as a representative of the Russian State Bank, the state department has determined. Its reason for refusal to issue a visa to him is that he is a member of the executive Moors who are stubbornly holding out committee of the Third International. The Coolidge administration claims that the Third International is trying to foment revolution and the overaking part in the drive centering throw of all capitalist governments and especially that of the United States.

> On the other hand, it is understood that the department has no intention of stopping the coming of any other official of the Soviet government, if he comes on an errand of trade or finance and is not identified with Communist propaganda organizations.

Soviet trade with the United States of the Soviet state.

FIND TWO MORE DEAD IN RUINS LEFT BY BLAST

Protests Pouring in to Government

(Special to The Daily Worker)

DOVER, N. J., July 19. - Patching ogether the pieces of human bodies found in the debris of buildings at the naval arsenal where the great explosion took place recently, searchers have managed to assemble two more victims, one of them a woman, Mrs. Ida M. Wadhams, wife of the chief clerk. The other body's fragments were unidentifiable.

Shell Shocked Appear. .

Three more marines, missing since the explosion, came staggering into the arsenal, cut, bruised, dazed and muttering unintelligibly from shell shock, clothed in tattered rags and unable to tell where they had been. Evidently two had been wandering in the woods, the other one appears to have come back from a hospital, groping his way half-conscious and stumbling back to the place.

Meanwhile, the work of salvaging all material from the ruins began, along with an official investigation by cold-braided higher officers, whose 'expert judgment" before the explosion was that it couldn't happen. The board will make recommendation as to where such explosives will be stored in the future.

A large tent has been rigged up near the arsenal at which the civilians who suffered damages may file their claims.

Protests Pour In.

WASHINGTON, July 19. - The entire question of location of arsenals of the army and navy along the Atlantic seaboard may be thrown into the next congress, it was indicated today.

With Secretary of War Davis delaring that congress alone has the power to authorize removals and make funds available and Secretary Wilbur remaining silent upon the navy's policy, protests from populous centers continued to grow.

Senators To Act.

Both Senator Edge of New Jersey and Senator Bruce of Maryland, who have complained to the war depart ment in the past of the nearness of arsenals to New Jersey towns and to Baltimore, were reported determined to force action in the next congress if the war and navy departments adhere their present policies.

The report of boards investigating the Lake Denmark and Picatinny disasters is expected to have a strong bearing on the future arsenal location

Western States Lead in Locals of Hotel and Restaurant Int.

CINCINNATI, July 19.-Four western states are among the six leaders in the number of locals organized in the Hotel and Restaurant Employes' International Alliance, union headquarters in Cincinnati announce. Calhas grown so large and the American ifornia leads with 34 locals, and then business interests favoring its encour- after New York with 21 and Illinois agement are so important that the ad- with 20, come Washington state with ministration is embarrassed by the 16, Texas 15 and Oregon 14. The alconflict between its political boycott hance has 259 locals. The next conof Moscow and its economic wooing vention will be held in Portland Ore.. the summer of 1927

FIRESTONE FIRM TRIES FRAME-UP MOVE BUT LOSES

Strikers Stand True to Their Demands

BOSTON, Mass., July 19. - The bosses of the Firestone Apsley Company of Hudson failed to trick the strikers into going back in spite of all their efforts. It seems that they made a frame-up with the owners of the Art Theater of Hudson to give the theater free for the strikers' meeting. The object of this trick was to stack the meeting with everybody in town, including the business men and petty hosses. in order to stampede the strikers into surrender.

Strike Leader Wins Ground.

The meeting opened with a stirring speech by Andrew Marchant, the militant strike leader, who exposed the frame-up by saying that the business men want to get the workers' dollar, but that they do not care whether they got a cut in wages or not. Marchant said they would stand fast and fight until they were victorious. He was enthusiastically applauded by the workers. Marchant stated that plans were already under way for the colection of money to finance the strike. He called upon the audience to make collection and the silver and the dollar bills came pouring in.

Priest Attacks Strikers. Part of the frame-up was the adtress of Father Mullen, who while pleading for peace in the town at the same time attacked those who were defending the rights of the workers. While Mullen said he was impartial he took pains not to step on the corns of the bosses, but he did not hesitate o rub it into the workers on strike.

Following this one of the company suckers proposed that as a reward for Father Mullen's hypocritical speech he be placed on the strike committee. The scheme was that all the assembled business men and bosses were to vote for this scheme and railroad it thru, but the workers indignantly refused to have anything to do with this proposition and left the hall.

Stand By Demands.

The bosses are already trying in every possible way to settle the strike thru the intervention of various people in the town. But the workers will not go back until they get their demands of the 70-cent rate in black and white and no discrimination against any of those who were active in the strike. Mr. Firestone is offering the workers 621/2 cents and an adjustment "in a few weeks." which means never. The workers will not be fooled by this sort of strategy; they will fight till they win.

Eight Out of Ten of Minnesota Districts for Magnus Johnson

ST. PAUL, Minn., July 19.- Eight out of 10 Minnesota congressional districts were carried by Magnus Johnson in the Farmer-Labor primary for governor June 21, as shown by complete returns. He carried 56 or 87 counties against Tom Davis, his rival. The vote was 82,002 for Johnson and 70,434 for Davis.



in this new book just off the presence overy worker will find answer to all questions of the fundamental problems of organization answered by our great leader. Get these collected speeches and writings of LENIN for your library. CLOTH BOUND

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Workers (Communist) Party

couple of hours I will be at a big

"The workers do not go to the

courts for justice," continued Love-

as the I. R. T. strikers come to us,

In the last rebuttal Mr. Mann de-

clared openly that he was in favor of

a ten cen fare for the transit com-

panies of New York. "That will give

the men on the trains wages so they

the big crowd booed him till the chair-

At the close of the debate James

Walsh was introduced. He told of the

gether. "I did not know anything

It seems I have just been born," he de-

Spirit of Labor Movement.

"I am just learning the spirit of the

labor movement," he went on, "and it

is great to be met with the welcome

The men who worked in the power

station have gone out and the com-

to keep us from calling a meeting to

discuss our grievances, so we had to

Then the money began to come in.

The first ten dollar bill was given by

go on strike," he said.

you have given me here tonight."

man had to rap for order

"They come to the workers,

SECURITY LEAGUE SPEAKER FINDS **NEW YORK WORKERS TOO WISE TO** FALL FOR HIS DEMOCRACY BUNK

By J. O. BENTALL (Special to The Dally Worker)

NEW YORK, July 19 .- "The best that I can say for the revolution of 1776 is that it laid a basis for the social revolution in America," was the first sentence spoken by Jay Lovestone in his debate with George Hiram Mann in the Central Opera House. The vast mass that had packed the auditorium cheered and shouted in a burst of enthusiasm that shook the huge

I. R. T. Striker Speaks,

This high pitch to which the audience was brot was to be over-reached only when at the close of the debate the chairman read a credential of the I. R. T. strike committee, carried by James Walsh and the representative of

stone.

clared.

the subway strikers appeared to address the assembly. The mass arose and with one voice greeted their fellow worker.

The debate was held under the joint auspices of the Workers School of New York and the National Secur-

Mr. Mann spoke for the National Security League and Jay Lovestone for the Workers (Communist) Party. Scott Nearing was chairman.

Mann began by relating that his father had worked for \$50 a month der indictment for assembling to dissupporting a wife and seven children, and that the speaker while in tender years had to pitch in to help pay the bills that accumulated, and because of this privilege he declared "this is the best system god ever made." But his next sentence gave god a rather se- he concluded amid great cheering. vere jolt as he continued, "Of course it isn't perfect and there are many imperfections to be found."

Stupid Contradictions.

The speaker rambled along falling into such stupid contradictions that the do not need to strike," he said, and audience was kept in an unroar much of the time. "We have representative government," he said, "and we return our representatives to congress every two years no matter how bad determination of the boys to stick tothey are," and another roar went thru the auditorium, which set the about this movement three weeks ago. flustered gentleman on another track

"I am glad you don't all agree with me. What a stupid world we would have if you did."

Deplores I. R. T. Strike. He enlightened his audience with stating that he deplored that the I. R. T. strikers should be so misled as to have lawyers from the American Civil Liberties Union defend them when a "hundred Wall Street lawyers

would be ready to serve for nothing."

Then he stumbled along and said that "the constitution was full of mistakes, because it was drafted by fallible men." But still it was so good that "a shoemaker who earned only the Passaic strikers who have now \$4 a day could be compelled to hire a bookkeeper to keep track of his income so that he might not cheat the income tax collector."

The speaker informed his hearers that he had worked himself up from a newspaper boy to a Wall Street lawyer and that this country has an opportunity for all to do likewise.

Lovestone was simply up against it. For nothing so staggers a debater as a stupid opponent, and here was a sample of the worst kind. It was a shame to slaughter this specimen of combined sincerity and stupidity. There was nothing else to do and functionaries' conferences. These con-Lovestone proceeded with the slaugh-

He showed how Lincoln had been compelled to raise an army to do away with one of the gross injustices protected by the constitution. He showed how the constitution was put ever by a select few in secret, and pointed out that if it had been submitted to the people they would have turned it down. "Hamilton was the Mellon of 1771," declared Lovestone.

Rule by Injunction.

Lovestone went on to show how rigid the constitution is, how hard it is to amend it, how the government uses the injunction against the workers, the cabinet system, the power of the president who "while uncrowned still rules with the dollar mark on his forehead." He showed up the government as strikebreaker and oppressor of the workers, while it protects the wealthy and the big thieves such as Mellon and Pepper and Doheny and Sinclair.

"State and federal government now cost us over \$10,000,000,000 a year and the workers and farmers get nothing out of it," he concluded. In rebuttal Mr. Mann declared that all this did not bother him, "for in a

THE MENACE **OF** OPPORTUNISM.

By Max Bedacht.

The revolutionary movement has its dangers from within. This booklet is a timely warning against them, and a guide to correct principle.........15 Cents READ ALSO:

YOU CAN EAT WELL IN LOS ANGELES

at GINSBERG'S VEGETARIAN RESTAURANT 2324-26 BROOKLYN AVENUE, LOS ANGELES, CAL.

SUMMER SCHOOL

Announce Full Course of **Studies**

NEW YORK, July 19.—The national summer training school now in session has worked out a complete list of references for the seven courses that it will give. These references will include 18 main text books and 80 books or magazines to which specific refer-

ence will, at various times, be made. The 18 main text books are the foltable and will eat a \$3 steak and for lowing:

table and will eat a \$3 steak and forget all this stuff." And again the workers smiled and some roared. His solution for all ills was in magic and "there is no magic like the magic of hard work."

Lovestone's reply was keen and showed that justice was not as rosy as his opponent had painted it. He pointed out that in Washington there are still over 30 Communists out under indictment for assembling to discuss the question of better conditions for the working class.

"The workers do not go to the"

determined, are:
July 19 to 26—America Today; instructor, Jay Lovestone. One week.
July 19 to 26—American (Communist)
Party and Problems, W. W. Weinstone.

One week.
July 26 to 31—Theory and Practice in
American Trade Unions, William F.
Dunne. One week.
July 26 to 31—American (Communist)
Organization Structure and Problems,
Jack Stachel. One week.

19 to 31—American Economic and History, A. Trachtenberg. Two

July 19 to 31—History of the American Working Class, Anton Bimba. Two

In addition to these, an elective course will be given, that can be taken by all students desirous of attending, a special course in Methods of Teachng in Communist and Workers' Schools, instructor D. Benjamin.

Furthermore, special trips to and lectures on such subjects as the Passaic strike, the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union strike, visit to Wall Street, Stock Exchange, big factories in the New York district, also special functionaries' meetings panies find it impossible to run the and speakers' conferences, that will system with the scabs. "The com- be called during the two weeks of the pany union violated their constitution course, will all be given.

Industrial Organizers of Section 4 Meet Fri.

N. Green, industrial organizer of been out 25 weeks. The next ten dol- Section No. 4 of the Workers (Comlar bill was from the Young Workers munist) Party of Chicago, announces (Communist) League. Hundreds of that a conference of all industrial ordollar bills came in and the hats used ganizers of nuclei in that section will to collect the coins were heavy be- be held on Friday, July 23, at 19 S. fore they could be brot to the table. | Lincoln St., 8:00 p. m.

Getting Down to Brass Tacks

BY BERT MILLER. Organizer District No. 1.

DURING the past few months Dis trict No. 1 has held a number of ferences were very much worth while. in so far as they furnished an opportunity to reach the leading comrades of the various units on the broad gen eral questions of party work. However, they had one serious shortcoming. This was that they did not furnish an opportunity for the detailed discussion of organization problems which is necessary. For this reason bi-weekly conferences have been arranged to which are invited only the section and city organizers of Boston and vicinity. Of course, such confer ences should and will be arranged for other parts of the district, but at the a clearing house for the placing of present time they are arranged only for Boston and vicinity. These conferences are attended by about 10 comrades only. I will try to give some dea of what work such a conference

Discuss C. I. Decision.

First of all we take up the Commun ist International decision on organizain the greatest detail. Each paragraph is read and discussed in the light of the situation in our district. In this way it is possible for the city and section organizers to cover in a definite and systematic manner all the chief points on organization in the The discussion centers around how They offer a basis for serious examinternational decisions can be applied

Exchange of Experience.

Following the discussion on the Communist International decisions, reorganization in the district. we have an exchange of experiences In some cases the discussion centers around one particular topic, like "How can we increase attendance at meetings," "How can we secure greater activity on the part of comrades," etc. Organizers tell the latest wrinkles in organization that they have put across. ing way. He found that he had 3 three years. The scientists are to be were not strong enough politically to that intend to colonize the Cape Doubt basis. On the other hand he had 3 gion a Soviet governmental center in concentration groups which previous the Polar islands.

fly had little or no contact with these nuclei. He has now formed 3 concentration groups, each one centering around one of these weak nuclei. The these nuclei, to aid them in every posmaturity, and are established on a functioning basis. The merits of this scheme were discussed and the experiment will be watched with great interest by the other organizers.

Redistribution of Forces.

The sessions are also used for the redistribution of forces. For instance, an election campaign is coming, when considerable work will have to be done in the residential district. This organization conference will serve as our forces in such a way that we can best carry out the campaign.

One organizer made a serious criticism, because she felt her district had been organized on an im-their decentralization policy being diproper basis. She felt that there should be a consolidation of 2 sections and the separation of one very distant unit from her section. At this to all other labor groupings. Queer conference we were able to have a discussion between the organizers of present chairman of the G. E. B.the localities concerned as to whether after an utter surrender to the anthe consolidation would weaken or strengthen their units and whether it

would help matters generally. Hold Meetings Frequently. These organization discussions will Communist International decisions. be held every two we is from now on. the points made in the Communist In- ation and study of organization problems which we have never carried on in the party before, and which hold out the hope that we will soon overcome some of the major difficulties of

Soviet Scientists Start on Trip to **Explore Polar Isles**

VLADIVOSTOCK, U. S. S. R., July 19.-A group of Soviet meteorologists or instance, one organizer has just and geologists have left for Wrangel

Former Secretary of State Traveling in Italy | BRITISH GENERAL STRIKE GIVES



Charles Evans Hughes is here seen walking in Rome under the guidance fascist official. It is reported that the former secretary of state is about to throw his hat in the ring for the G. O. P. presidential nomination. Perhaps he is studying fascism with an eye to future contingencies!

Where Is Russia Going?

ARTICLE I. By HARRISON GEORGE.

Workers of the World for the past struggles it led against the bosses. and will regret that, aside from minor and desultory conflicts, it is not living up to its old tradition and at present leads no great numbers in wage battles against capitalism.

This cessation of active struggle against capitalism, together with the fact that the I. W. W. has allowed an anarchist element within it to push it into a position of hostility to the Soviet government and all it means to labor, has repelled the workers even in those industries where it has little or no rivalry and where it could, if it wished, build up powerful unions of real value to the working class.

We do not think all members of the W. W. share the ideas of their anarchist fellow-workers against Soviet Russia. The majority are industrial unionists and not anarchists. Neither do all anarchists belong to the I. W. A large section of this element which, being anarchists, care more for sectarianism than for the masses they chatter about, who care nothing for industrial unionism and its necessary corollary of centralization, who worship their own ego as a political principle and who advocate the dispersion of class power (decentralization) as an organizational practice, split away in 1924 and frankly proclaimed them selves anarchists by applying to the Berlin (anarchist) international for

BUT a considerable number of anarchists, and unconsciously anarchist ideas, remained in the organization, and while other elements who. tho somewhat confused and without courageous leadership, really desire to and unify the battle against capitalism, have simply drifted along-unable or unwilling to assert themselves positively for or purpose of these concentration groups against the Soviet power or any other will be to increase the strength of large issue agitating the masses-unable also to formulate and enforce sible way until they have grown to concrete programs for building the industrial unions they visualize, the remaining anarchists, with an organizational base in the committee controlling the marine transport workers and in the general executive board, have sought to turn the organization more decidedly away from struggle with the bosses to a renewed campaign against the Soviet government.

It is worthy of note that while in the cases of subordinate sections, such as the M. T. W., the anarchists are fiercely opposed to centralization within the organization, when they at tain central posts themselves, as in the present G. E. B., they become cen tralizers even to the point of open dictatorship within the organization, rected externally to decentralization within the working class, to placing the organization in a position hostile manifestations ensue, such as the archistic autonomists of the M. T. W -writes a page and a half article in favor of centralization, meanwhile authorizing as an official statement, an anarchistic attack on Soviet Russia published in the "Industrial Solidarity" of June 9, entitled "After Eight Years."

WHILE technically that article acquired by this means the imporquired by this means the importance of an official document and we can ignore the name of its nondescript writer, it is actually the work of only one element in the I. W. W., the anarchists. But since the other elements, tho they object to such things, make no effective objection, the necessity arises to take up the issues raised Program" split. And if it is not "E. by the article and show its anti-labor character

The article is far too long to reprint ence. here, but the writer aims to give its W. What are the essential assertions will be told in articles to follow. of the article "After Eight Years"?

 $R^{\,\mathrm{EVOLUTIONARY}}_{\,\,\mathrm{give}\,\,\,\mathrm{full}\,\,\,\mathrm{credit}\,\,\,\mathrm{to}\,\,\,\mathrm{the}\,\,\,\mathrm{Industrial}}$ lows: 1. That the workers' revolution in

Russia has "been betrayed by political bureaucrats." 2. That the Russian Communist

Party has "delayed capitalist economic development in Russia eight vears. 3. That Soviet Russia is "going

back to capitalism." 4. That a dictatorship suppresses the "rights" of free speech and press and the right to strike is "taken

away." What the article proposes should be done about it is the following: "The thing for the workers of Russia and everywhere to do is to leave off chasng the political will-'o-the-wisp and establish the industrial state with its workers' self-government." Expressing the intention behind this better than the anarchists themselves do, we see that the meaning inherent in it presents us with another assertion, as

5. That, given the present situaion, the Russia workers should abolsh government in all its coercive and orceful forms, and limit their social nachinery to the production and distribution of commodities.

THE same article appearing in language papers of the I. W. W. also carried other assertions, such as that caught. But these do not reflect any general situation or any policy of government and certainly prove nothing. utive board should think it worth while dragging this in is, however, to

be wondered at. We can leave this, too, out of reckoning as proving nothing about the policy of the organization, and take up the above points in articles that are to follow and show them to be purely capitalist propaganda.

WE do not say that all who call themselves anarchists are deliberate traitors. Many in the I. W. W. are quite honest in their beliefs. Some do not recognize their beliefs as anarchistic and deny that they are anarchists. But this does not alter the

When, however, such elements ouild up a group inside the organization, drive out of office the secretary elected by overwhelming vote of the nembers, as was done in the M. T. W. by the Pettersson-De Chaniogny clique, when they pass the office around among themselves like a plaything, when they are joined by Roger Francezon, who, as M. T. W. delegate that the M. T. W. would not withdraw executive of the M. T. W. when it did to print their own due stamps, then anarchism is becoming a menace to the unity of the I. W. W. MORE. When Peo Monoldi, as chairman of the G. E. B., surren-

ders to such a group-or, better said, joints their group, when he suppresses in issue of the general office bulletin which officially denounced them as splitters, when he legalizes their class. printing of their own due stamps, forgives them their debts to the general organization, takes them unto his bosom and organizes a similar group in Chicago with Homish, Gahan, Lehaney and company, and when the of "Beware of Communists!" and "Down with Soviet Russia!"-then it is no longer a question of honest conviction for this is the mark of anarchism. This is the brand of "Emergency P." organization within the I. W. W. it is at least a threat to its very exist-

In the United States there is a capiessential points and show how con- talist government. It is to the interreorganized his section in the follow- Island, where they will remain for trary they are to any interest of the est of workers to oppose it. In Rusworking class, how they aid capital- sia there is a workers' government. nuclei which contained comrades who accompanied by a number of families ism by imposing capitalist ideas upon Workers should support it. But anthe minds of workers, and really are archists in the I. W. W. oppose it. establish these units on a functioning region. It is planned to make this re- contrary to the purposes of the I. W. How this happens and what it means (To be continued.)

LESSONS TO LABOR MOVEMENT, IS VIEW OF COMINTERN EXECUTIVE

The executive committee of the Communist International, after the British general strike, held a session in Moscow for the purpose of considering the lessons to be learned by the workers of the whole world from that tremendous experience. The importance of that great event cannot be overestimated. Except for the sharp class struggles in Germany in 1918-19, nothing so important as the British general strike has faced the working class since the Russian revolution which established the Soviet government.

It is imperative that the workers of the whole world receive the true estimate of the British general strike. It is of course beyond question that all revolutionary workers must and will look to the Communist International for the clear presentation of the British general strike.

This presentation has been given in the "Theses on the Lessons of the British General Strike." passed unaniexecutive committee of the Comin-

The August number of the Workers biggest event of recent years in working class life.

Workers Monthly. But here we pub- forms of struggle. lish an article from the Prayda of Moscow which analyzes the Comintern theses:

The Communist International on the British Strike

Conly carefully read but also thoroly the biggest conscious factor for the study the theses on the lessons of revolutionization of the masses. The the British strike adopted unanimous- party was able to orientate itself sufly by the executive committee of the ficiently in the complicated and pe-Communist International

ing forces of this class conflict. They letariat. lay bare the strategy of the capitalists, the Baldwin government, the right and "left" "leaders," and of the Communist Party. They define the the surrender of the general council

Dialectics the Guide.

there was "graft in Russia." We may in a Leninist way, means to search for trade unions entered into official congrant that in a nation of 142,000,000 and to find its particular characteristact with the Soviet trade unions. there may be some grafters yet un- tic features, to understand their main symptoms, to show the connection between these basic elements and the right leaders, and no less of the "left" emerging features of subsequent leaders who bear the chief responsi-That a chairman of the I. W. W. exec- links, and to point out concretely the bility for the defeat of the general possible and most probable transitory strike, does not at all necessitate a stage to further developments. The "beautiful' but politically cheap British general strike has its own "gesture" of our leaving the commitpeculiar nature, from it flows peculiar

Role of the Unions. has underscored with numerous lines | Soviet committee would only encourthe completely singular role of the age and intensify the very tendency British trade unions. This peculiar of leaving the trade unions on the which is forcing itself to the fore- workers. front, is founded on deep social and historic conditions. Comrade Lenin spontaneously to develop into organ- class struggle. izations analagous to our soviets. The miners' strike may become the With the further growth and rise of starting point for the further uncovthe struggle, and in the case of its ering of class antagonisms, the startpolitical expansion, the slogan, "All ing point for a new movement on a Power to the General Council!" would new basis. Hence, the Communist Ininevitably have become the chief po- ternational has rightly declared that litical slogan of the British working the cause of the British miners is the

Win the Unions.

This characteristic shock role of the trade union movement in England puts before the British revolutionists the task of strengthening their influence in the trade unions and among the whole tribe throws up a smoke screen masses organized by them. The British Communists must orientate themselves, not on leaving the trade unions, but on winning a majority within them. Not in any country is it possible to win the masses disregarding the trade unions. And this is particularly true with regard to England. Not by disregarding the trade unions but thru the trade unions, increasing everyday work, by all means strengthening its authority in the trade un- the latter's arrival in New York har-Party lead the working class to vic- to the real rulers of his homelandtory. In connection with this, the im- American bankers-and to call on portance of the so-called "Minority President Coolidge, who lets the ma Movement" increases tremendously, rines take care of Haiti.

To this movement in England belongs a splendid future. A Categoric Condition in England.

The general strike as a form of proletarian class struggle was found sufmously by the recent session of the ficient in the historic May test. It was not the method of the general strike that failed in England but the general strike was made a failure by Monthly, soon to be out, will publish the "leaders" who were in deadly fear these remarkable theses in full. This of it. The method of the general strike is an opportunity for all revolutionary is of international importance. Its apworkers to do their cause a service by plicability is world wide, but in Engseeing that the August Workers land this method is applicable in a Monthly gets into the hands of all particularly high degree. Here the workers in shops and mills and in general strike possesses the quality their residential neighborhood, who of being a categoric condition for the are capable of serious study of the victory of the proletariat. It is important however that in its subsequent stages of development this form The theses will be published in the should be combined with other, higher

British Party Correct.

The Communist International points out the political line pursued by the British Communist Party was, on the whole, correct. The young Communist Party of England, far from being an element of "retarding" revolution-VERY conscious Bolshevik must not ary developments, was able to become culiar combination of events and was In the theses of the executive of the able to issue to the masses correct Comintern is given, in a concise and political slogans. This constitutes a compact form, an analysis of the Brit- guarantee that the British Communist ish events in May. The theses contain Party will utilize all opportunities to an exposition of the social and eco- become in the near future the mass nomic basis and the fundamental mov- revolutionary party of the British pro-

> Unity More Important Than Ever. It would be the greatest absurdity to say that after the May strike and

position of the British strike in the the question of strengthening the international situation, derive the movement for world trade union unity. chief lessons therefrom, outline the and the questions of the united front future perspectives and developments are taken off the order of the day or and accordingly point out the result- shoved to the background. It would ing tasks of the Comintern and its only be a demonstration of irresolution and political nearsightedness for us to take the initiative to break with The approach by which the Comin- the British trade unions and leave the tern was guided was the tried and Anglo-Soviet committee. It must not proven point-of-view of Leninist dia- be forgotten for a minute that it was lectics. To understand the meaning of only under pressure of the masses a certain phenomena or social event moving to the left that the British

> Left Leaders Chiefly to Blame. A harsh, merciless criticism of the

lessons, and it confronts the British of an organized connection between Communist Party and the whole the Soviet proletariat and the English Comintern with peculiar specific tasks, trade unions will do the British proletariat only good. And, conversely, The British class conflict in May our "voluntary" exit from the Angloole of the trade unions in England, part of the English revolutionary

> Two Possibilities. There are various possible develop-

had many times emphasized the fact ments confronting England at presthat the trade unions are the funda- ent. There is the possibility of a vicmental organization base of the labor torious reaction. There is the possimovement in England. It is charac-bility and probability of a revolutionteristic that the remarkable historical ary struggle unfolding itself despite process to the left of the British the loss of the May battle. Preparing workers proceeded before all and first the reverses for the eventuality of the of all thru the trade unions. Hence, first perspective, the Leninist Commut was not an accident but a fully le- nist International must actively oriengitimate and politically correct step of tate itself and its sections on the secto the last general convention, pledged the British Communist Party to issue ond, the revolutionary perspective of the slogan: "All power to the general development. This perspective is now from the I. W. W., yet who sits in the council of the trade unions." The lo- represented in England by the tenaccal committees and the committees of jous and heroic strike of the coal minwithdraw and permitted its branches action, which were organized by and ers. The miners' strike is at present around the trade unions, had begun the decisive link in the international

cause of the world proletariat. "The cause of the miners is our cause," declared the Communist International. To active assistance of our brothers the miners-is the call of the Comintern to the workers of the whole. world.

Court Martial Clears Officer Who Did Not Salute Hated Haitian

NEW YORK, July 19.-It took less han five minutes for brother army officers to accept the excuses of Col. James T. Watson in the court-martial the trade union emphasis in its for his failure to salute Haiti's Negro president, Louis Borno, properly upon ions: thus will the British Communist bor. Borno came to pay his respects

PLUTES FEAR BREAD RIOTS MAY LEADTOREVOLT

Dread Repetition of the French Revolution

Will the mounting price of bread in France bring revolution? That question, according to the New York Times Paris correspondent, is alarming official circles. The bread problem, he says, has been back of every great French social upheaval.

Franc Worthless

The franc today is worth scarcely 18 of prewar. We perhaps think of it as a remote problem, of interest only to financiers. But to the French worker the decline of the franc means that the price of bread rises faster than wages can keep pace.

Bread Riots. French capitalists know that bread riots led up to the French revolution of 1789 which abolished feudalism and the monarchy. As early as 1775 in Dijon, Auxere, Amiens and Lille the people took the houses of monopolists, destroyed their furniture and smashed their flour mills. At Paris they plundered the bakeries and distributed food to the crowd.

Riots Lead in Revolt.

In 1782 and 1783 the riots began again. In 1786 the Lyons silk weavers struck for higher wages to meet the increasing cost of bread. They were suppressed and 3 leaders hanged.

By December 1789 the rioting devel oped into revolt. And always it was bread. Peasants and workers forced well-to-do farmers to sell grain at a* fair price. They seized the grain of speculators and distributed it. They demanded better wages and abolition of taxes that kept up the price of

In Paris the first open battle was fought around the paper factory of a capitalist who answered the demand York City and one of the best choirs for bread with the suggestion that the workers eat hay. Twelve soldiers were killed and 80 wounded. On the people's side 200 were killed and 300

Fear Another Revolution.

So the revolution was born in bread riots. The parliament or estates-general was summoned to save the government from bankruptcy. The 3rd estate, representing the commons, declared itself the national asssembly. The driving force was the demand of half-starved workers for bread. Kro- shoulders to the wheel and pack the potkin in his Great French revolution | Stadium and help put the Passaic says, "At the time when the famine strike over the top to a final victory was growing more and more severe and aid in the establishment of a the people knew that in Paris and the strong, powerful union in the textile vicinity there was food enough to feed [industry. everybody, and the poor said to one the monopolists would never leave off Brownsville Has starving the people."

Speculators Control Wheat.

Today, as 150 years ago, there is plenty of wheat in France, as the French minister of agriculture admits. But as in the era preceding the great French revolution, it is in the hands of capitalist speculators who take advantage of the government's currency inflation to boost the price until the his family. The milling trust is re-

Steel Trust to Give 25c Medal

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 19. -States Steel corporation has made a nations have been sent to Passaic from been accepted by the heads of the fraternal organizations. concern. All workers loyal and true to the corporation for 25 years are going to get a silver medal. (This token of appreciation is worth 25 cents.)

They are going to receive a 25-cent medal-one cent a year for 25 years faithful service.



CORRESPONDENCE

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Bicknell, Ind., Coal Miners Send \$591 More to Aid Passaic Strikers

PASSAIC, N. J., July 19. - The following letter, with a check for \$591 has been received by the General Relief Committee of Textile Strikers, 743 Main Ave., Passaic, N. J.:

"Fellow Workers: "Please find enclosed a check for \$591 from Local Union No. 884, United Mine Workers of America, of Bicknell, Ind. As you remember I sent in advance of this a check for \$250 which makes \$841 we have sent you. Hope this will be a great benefit in helping win the strike and with good luck and best wishes, I remain,

"Albery Henry, Treas. Local 884, United Mine Workers of America, Bicknell, Ind."

NEW YORK LABOR AWAITS CONEY ISLAND CONCERT

To Jam Stadium with 25,000 Workers

NEW YORK, July 19 .- A grand concert will take place in the Coney Island Stadium at Surf Ave and 6th street, Cony Island, Saturday evening, August 28, at 8:30 p. m.

Organized labor in New Tork will stage the biggest demonstration held in the country for the benefit of the textile strikers when they pack the Coney Island Stadium having a seating capacity of 25,000. The concert will be featured with an unusual classic program. A few of the outstanding features will be Fokinas' Ballet, known thruout the world for their beautiful and artistic performances, two of the most popular symphony orchestras now playing in New along the Atlantic seaboard. Other features are being arranged that will

be announced later. All labor unions of Greater New York, fraternal societies, liberal and radical groups are urged to mobilize all their forces behind this affair. All are called on to buy and sell tick-

ets and advertise this concert. This concert will be held under the auspices of the general relief committee of the Textile Strikers' Conference of New York City. Put your

Second Passaic Relief Conference

BROWNSVILLE, Pa., July 19. second relief conference for the Passaid textile strikers was held at the Miners' Hall here. Brother Thomas delegate of Local Union No. 2086, United Mine Workers of Amerworker can't buy enough bread for ica; W. S. Zimmerman, chairman of the conference and organizer for the ported an important factor in this American Federation of Labor, and Brother Robert Norman of West Brownsville, delegate from the central trades council-all of them veterans in many battles of the workers-were among the trade union delegates that were present to aid the Passaic texfor 25 Years Toil tile workers carry on their fight against the mill barons.

Plans were made to hold a milk tag very "liberal" member of the United day for the strikers. Large cash dosuggestion which appears to have this section by trades unions and

Chicago Electrotypers Aid Passaic Strikers

Chicago Electrotypers' Union No. 3 donated \$50 to the Passaic strike relief. The following greeting accompanied the check;

"Enclosed herewith please find our check for \$50, which is a contribution from our organization towards the sucess of your present struggle.

"With best wishes for your success "Fraternally. "Frank R. Adams, President."

Elevator Constructors Send Check to Passaic

PASSAIC, N. J., July 19.-Local No. 5 of the International Union of Elevator Constructors, sent \$15 for Passaic strike relief, explaining that "the condition of our general fund at the present time is such that we are unable to make a larger contribution, but I can assure you of the hearty, feat each other by their officers and sympathy of our organization and our approval of your efforts to organize the textile workers."

Sustain Fire Fighters Raise WASHINGTON-(FP) - International headquarters of the Fire Fight ers' Union in Washington has been notified that the Missouri supreme court has upheld the wage increase of \$30 a month which the voters of St. Louis gave the members of Local 78 in April, 1925. The city council in St. Louis refused to abide by the referendum and the local appealed to the courts. The men will get \$350

each, as back pay.

CHARLIE, BROTHER OF THE LATE "BILL" BRYAN, IS IN THE RACE FOR GOVERNORSHIP OF NEBRASKA



Bryan is in the campaign for governor of Nebraska on a platform which palls for no increase in the two cent gasoline tax, enforcement of the prohibi- he is president, might well be design tion laws and other odds and ends. There are others in the field—all capitalist | nated James, the capitalist exploiter, politicians so far.

LABOR CHAUTAUQUA IN MINING CAMPS INSPIRES UNION FIGHT FOR MINERS' NATIONALIZATION

By ESTHER LOWELL, Federated Press.

DAGUS MINES, Pa., July 19.— (FP)—Over the hills from Kersey and by Sen. Couzens in his attack on up the hollows from the strung-out settlement of Dagus Mines, even from Mellon's scheme for untaxing the rich non-union Byrndale, 12 miles away, miners and their wives and children trooped to the Labor Chautauqua in the hall of Local 2044, United Mine Workers. The season's fourth Chautauqua sponsored by District 2 came to this isolated community where formerly 600 men worked. The three mines of the Northwestern Mining & Exchange Co., an Eric railroad subsidiary, have been closed since April 1.

The youngsters' eyes nearly popped work with other groups of workers from miners' families themselves. The "sweethearts of the Labor Chau tauqua," the Waugaman sisters,-Leila and Maude, lived up to their name with their singing and recitations.

Joe Martina did a fast Charleston to the tune of Steve Bacha's mouth organ and Alec Macready and John Marusa put on a funny mock boxing match-all four boys coming up from Madera. The Noel sisters and brother, the Phillips' father and sons, Vicheered the crowd. With not a movie nor a radio in town and only three telephones (two for the company) Dagus Mines couldn't help enjoying

Nationalization Still an Issue. Speeches sandwiched between the tauqua this summer. Other mining entertainment during three days all towns are clamoring for their chance, tended to show that the soft coal in but funds for the Chautauqua have to dustry can no longer be run chaoticcharge of the Labor Chautauquas; and Clara Johnson, assistant to Fuller, spoke—all urging the miners to study their problems, to learn about the nationalization of coal program to which the union is officially committed.

out watching with delight the clever for the accomplishment of nationalvolunteer entertainers-most of them ization when democrats and republicans turn them down Women's Auxiliary.

Many of the younger women and girls of 16 to 20 attended the special vomen's meetings and joined the new Women's Auxiliary, Local 3, formed with Miss Johnson's assistance. How America Lives" will be studied by the group. Local 1, Coalport, has 59 women learning about industrial relations, while Local 2, Madera, has 30 devoting themselves to public ownervian Ballet the dancer—all of them ship. Miss Johnson is the young Sagamore school teacher who wrote songs for the strikers' choir to sing to scabs when picketing was banned. Need Funds.

> Coalport, Madera and Grass Flats have each enjoyed the Labor Chaube raised outside of miners' pockets.

ally as it is and give the miners a liv- The district union treasury cannot fiing. John Brophy, president District nance even this important work when 2; James Mark, vice president; Paul so much relief has to be paid. Last W. Fuller, educational director in season Fuller held 10 Labor Chautauquas, all over the district. The response is always worth the effort, bucking up the spirit of the miners and their families in this trying period. Fuller is hoping that enough friends of the miners can be found Brophy quoted the engineers' indict- with the means to give for carrying ment of the present management of on Labor Chautauquas throughout this the industry. He told the miners to region for the rest of the summer.

R. R. Workers on City Transport Should Act with Electric Unions

By a Worker Correspondent

The suburban service of the Illinois Central is now electrified. It is no different than that of the elevated service of the streets. It is no different whether steam or electric power is used, the employes are engaged in the transportation of the same commodity, the commuter.

But if the employes of the city lines go out on strike the railroad employe thinks of himself as a railroad employe and will stay on the job of transporting commuters. Thousands of commuters will be forced to the steam lines. It will be necessary to run hundreds of extra trains and the use of hundreds of extra railroad em-

The railroad employe will be forced to scab on the carmen, should they go out on strike. It is time that the rank and file of the several transportation unions got together, instead of allowing themselves to be used to de the corporations. Illinois Central Flagman.

Between Ten and Twenty Injured in Ohio Train Wreck

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., July 19.-Between ten and twenty persons were reported injured near Sumittville, O., when a Pittsburgh-Fort Wayne and Chicago passenger was wrecked.

The night express, which had been re-routed over the Alliance, O.-Rochester, Pa., breach track, struck an open switch, derai ing three cars.

The democrats stole three times as many votes as the republicans, if that is any consolation to you, according to the results of the investigation into the election frauds to date.

The ballot burglary averaged 37 otes a precinct for the democrats. against 12 for the republicans. Pick your favorite burglar.

Judge Gets His.

Judge Jareski, who is counting the stolen and unstolen votes, received 266 more pilfered ballots in the 27th ward than the Crowe nominee, Joseph Savage. This news produces chuckles in the Crowe criminal court headquar-

The Brennan democrats contributed bales of ballots to the Crowe-Barrett epublican camp in order to extingaish the Deneenites. It is reported that the Crowe-Barrett republicans did the right thing by the Brennanites to help George crush the rival democrats under the leadership of O'Connell and Dunne.

There is nothing like unity and cooperation boys!

Sheetmetal Workers Meet. WASHINGTON.-(FP) - Represen-

tatives of the 150 locals of the Sheet Metal Workers' Intl. Assn. with the general executive board are in special session to consider the peace pact with the United Brotherhood of Carpenters & Joiners, signed by Pres. Hines and ratified by the Carpenters' executive board.

JAMES GAINS CONTROL OF **BIG RAILROAD**

Is One of 10 Richest Men In Nation

Wealth produced by workers in copper, silver and gold mines has enabled one man to gain virtual control of oneseventh of the railroad mileage of the United States. This comes to light with the announcement that Arthur Curtis James, copper magnate, has secured a controlling interest in the Western Pacific railroad. This probably makes him the largest railroad stockholder in America.

One of 10 Richest.

James is reckoned one of the country's 10 richest men. He is one of the or 4 owners of the Phelps-Dodge corporation with enormously profitable metal mines in Arizona, New Mexico and over the border in Mexico. As a director of Morgan's First National Bank of New York and trustee of the United States Trust Co. he is a partner in the money trust which, according to the Pujo congressional committee, dominates American industry.

James is one of the multimillionaires that have separately incorporated their enormous power as investors The Curtis Securities Co., of which while A. C. James, the individual, is publicly thought of as a philanthropist and sportsman.

Dodge Income Taxes. By having the bulk of his income come to the Curtis Securities Co. for reinvestment. James has been avoiding the graduated income taxes by which congress hoped to make the very rich pay a part of their share of the war cost. This was pointed out A large part of James' fortune, now reckoned at about \$200,000,000, came to him by inheritance from his father According to the New York Times James is believed to be the largest

stockholder in the Southern Pacific Northern Pacific and Great Northern The last 2 roads control the stock of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy James is reported to own most of the minority stock in this very profitable road. His control of the Western Pa cific now gives him a big say in the management of the Denver & Rio Grande, which is jointly controlled by the Western Pacific and Missouri Pa cific roads.

With James' assumption of contro T. M. Schumacher, becomes operat ing head of the Western Pacific. For years he has been employed by the Guggenheim and Phelps-Dodge interests to represent their control in the transportation industry. In addition James joins the directorate, bringing with him Hale Holden, president of the Burlington and Colorado & South ern; James E. Gorman, president of the Rock Island, and Winthrop Aldrich, representing Rockefeller holdings.

Controls Colleges. James has the usual influence of multi-millionaire outside of business. Along with Dwight Morrow of J. P. nating trustees of Amherst College. the Metropolitan Art Museum, the New York public library and director of Union Theological seminary. His vast fortune, accumulated at the expense of workers in the copper introl not only to transportation but also to the country's cultural life. He is a factor in the control of education by big business.

Methodist Snoopers Seek Pennsylvania Blue Law Violators

of 1794 in connection with the Sesqui-Centennial Exposition here.

Twelve warrants were sworn out after investigators for the Methodist committee of 100 had visited the the investigators indicated they would continue their search.

A hearing has been set for July 19 on the application for an injunction closing the Sesqui-Centennial on Sun-

Chorus Girls Kick for Pay from Boss Who Left in Night

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 19 .-Fifteen chorus girls and 45 other stage workers stormed the doors of the Savoy Theater to demand their wages and belongings. Three of the girls declared that the paymaster and show officials disappeared Saturday night, leaving the workers unpaid and stranded. Lessors of the theater were in the International Theaters of America, Inc.

WRITE AS YOU FIGHT! Open your eyes! Look around! There are the stories of the workers' struggles around you begging to be wilten up. Do it! Send it in! Write as you fight.



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WHAT HAS GONE BEFORE.

WHAT HAS GONE BEFORE.

J. Arneld Ross, oil operator, formerly Jim Ross, teamster, drives with his thirteen-year-old son, Bunny, to Beach City to sign a lease for a new oil field. Meeting his "Lease Hound," Ben Skutt, in a hotel he goes to meet a group of small property owners whose land he wants for drilling. But other oil concerns have been intriguing and the meeting breaks up in a row. Bunny meet Paul Watkins, son of a Holy Roller, who has run away from home. They become friends but Paul leaves for other parts before their acquaintance is very oil. Dad begins to drill in Prospect Hill near Beach City. He needs the roads fixed and smooths the paim of a city official. In short order his first well, "Ross-Bankside No. 1," Is begun. Dad spends busy days in his little office and Bunny is always with him—learning about oil. Bertie, Bunny's sister, comes home from finishing school on a vacation. She is very snobbish. Her Aunt Emma has been trying to make a lady of her. Bunny tells Bertie about Paul. Bertie doesn't like Bunny to know such "Horried Fellows." In the meantime Dad is getting along with his well. With many careful and toilsome mechanical operations, Ross-Bankside No. 1 is ready to drill and by noon the next day has fitted up the first tank. In a week Dad had several more derricks under way. He was working hard with everything coming his way. Bunny asks his Dad to take a rest and go quail hunting over in the San Elido vailey. Dad protests that it's too far away and is told that that's where Paul's family is and they're up against it and Bunny wants to help them. Finally Dad was persuaded. They get their camping outfit ready and the next day arrive at the Watkins ranch. The old man welcomes them and with little Eli and the three girls tagging behind show them a place where they can camp. In hunting for quail on the Watkins' ranch, Bunny and Dad find oil oozing out of the ground. Dad, after satisfying himself that there is oil on the land, decides to buy the Watkins ranch. Dad goes into the house with Mr. an

There was Dad's voice, calling Bunny; so he said good-bye, and ran down the arroyo. Dad was sitting in the car. "We're 'goin' in to Paradise," he said. "But first, change them oil shoes." Bunny did so, and put the shoes away in the back of the car. He hopped in, and they drove down the lane, and Dad remarked, with a cheerful smile, "Well son, we own the

He was amused by the scene he had just been through and told Bunny about it, overlooking the possibility of complications in Bunny's efelings. Dad had tactfully begun talking to Mr. and Mrs. Watkins about the family's lack of bread, and that had started Mr. Watkins telling the whole situation. There was a sixteen hundred dollar mortgage against the ranch, with nearly three hundred dollars interest overdue, and they had got a final notice from the bank, that foreclosure proceedings would begin next week. So Dad had explained that he wanted a place for summer camping, where his boy could have an outdoor life, and he would buy the ranch at a fair price. Poor Mrs. Watkins began to cry—she had been born on this place, it seemed, it was her homestead. Dad said she didn't need to worry, they might stay right on, and have all the farming rights of the place, he would lease it to them for ninety-nine years at ten dollars a year. The old man caught Dad's hand; he had known the Lord would save them, he said. Dad decided that was a good lead, so he explained that the Lord had sent him, according to the revelation of the True Word; after which Mr. Watkins had done fist whatever the Lord had told Dad to tell him to do!

And J. Arnold Ross had put the affairs of that family in order, you bet-there would be no more nonsense of giving away their money to missionaries! The Lord had told Dad to tell Mr. Watkins that he was to use his money to feed and clothe and educate his children. The Lord had furthermore told him that the equity in his land was not to be paid in cash, but was to consist of certificates of deposit in a trust-company, which would pay them a small income, about fifteen dollars a month—a lot better than having to pay the bank nearly ten dollars a month interest on a mortgage! Moreover, the Lord had directed that this money was to be held in trust for the children; and Bunny's friend Paul could thank Dad for having saved him a share. Mr. Watkins had said that one of his sons was a black sheep, and unworthy of the Lord's care, but Dad had stated it as a revelation of the True Word that there was no sheep so black but that the Lord would wash it white in His own good time; and Mr. Watkins nad joyiuny accepted this revelation, and he and his had put their names to a contract of sale which Dad had drawn Morgan & Co. and George Plimpton up. The purchase price was thirty-seven hundred dollars, which of Ginn & Co. he is one of the domi- had been Mr. Watkin's own figure—he had said that this hill land was worth five dollars an acre, and he figured his improve-He is trustee of Hampton institute, ments at five hundred. They weren't really worth that, they were a lot of ruins, Dad said, but he took the old man's valuation of them. The contract provided that Mr. Watkins was to have water sufficient to irrigate two acres of land, which was jist about all he had under cultivation now; of course, Dad would give him dustry, enables him to extend his con- more, if he could use it, but Dad wouldn't take no chances of disputes about water-rights. In the morning Mr. and Mrs. Watkins would drive out to Paradise and Dad would hire a fourpassenger car there, and drive them to some other town, where they could put the matter into escrow without too much talk.

In the meantime, Dad was on his way to Paradise to set the town's one real estate agent to work buying more land for "Why don't you send for Ben Skutt?" asked Bunny; but Dad answered that Ben was a rascal—he had caught him trying to collect a commission from the other party. And anyhow, a PHILADELPHIA, July 19.—A girl local man could do it better—Dad would buy him with an extra and two men are under arrest charged commission, let Bunny watch and see how it was worked. Forwith violation of the Sunday blue laws tunately, Dad had taken the precaution to bring along a cashier's check for three thousand dollars. "I didn't know jist how long we might camp," he said, with his sly humor.

So they came to an office labelled, J. H. Hardacre, Real Estate. Insurance and Loans." Mr. Hardacre sat with his feet on grounds last Sunday and taken the his desk and a cigar in his mouth, waiting for his prey; he was names of persons selling tickets. a lean, hungry-looking old fellow and was not fooled for here However, only three of the twelve was money and he swung his feet to the floor and sat right up. ticket sellers could be located, but Dad took a chair, and remarked on the weather, and asked about the earthquake, and finally said that he had a relative who wanted to live in the open for his health and Dad had just bought the Abel Watkins place, and he jist thought he'd like to raise goats on a bigger scale, and could he get some land adjoining? Mr. Hardacre answered right away, there was a pile of that hill-stuff to be had; there was the Bandy tract, right alongside—and Mr. Hardacre got out a big map and began to show Dad with his pencil, there was close to a thousand acres of that, but it was mostly back in the hills, and all rocks. Dad asked what it could be bought for and Mr. Hardacre said all that hill-stuff was held at five or six dollars an acre. He began to show other tracts, and Dad said wait now, and he got a paper and pencil and began to jot down the names and the acreage and the price. Apparently verything around here could be bought-whenever the man failed to include any tract, Dad would ask "And what about that?" and Mr. Hardacre would say, "That's the old Bascum tract yes, I reckon that could be got." And Dad said, "Let's list them all," and a queer look began to come over Mr. Hardacre's faceit was dawning upon him that this was the great hour of his life.

dubscribe!

(To be continued.)

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"Wolf! Wolf!" Howls John

cago, Iil., under the act of March 3, 1879.

John Fitzpatrick, president of the Chicago Federation of Labor, and one time prominent in the progressive wing of the American Federation of Labor, seems to be suffering from an incurable desire to take one of Aesop's fables too seriously.

It is the one about the boy who was guarding the sheep from the wolves. Out of pure devilment, the lad shouted, "Wolf!" when there were no wolves for the pleasure of seeing the villagers scurrying to help him. He had his fun but when the wolves came and he called for assistance no help arrived.

Perhaps this tale does not adorn the moral, but it's a good story anyhow.

Fitzpatrick is no child, yet he is childish. He went into hys terics last Sunday because one of the delegates, who happened to be a Communist, stated in answer to a question that he was unable to secure the presence of Fitzpatrick, Nockels, Olander, Oscar Nelson or other prominent conservative labor officials at a meeting called to fight the injunction that sent several girl members of the I. L. G. W. U. to jail. Therefore he had to invite labor leaders who were not afraid to fight the injunction. One of them happened to be William Z. Foster.

While the girls were in jail the federation officials did nothing to assist them, outside of appealing to Governor Len Small, their political angel. Small did nothing, then Fitzpatrick kindly threw the blame on the attorney general who is gunning for Small's job.

In his anxiety to guard the interests of the conservative labor officialdom (and incidentally the employers), from the Communist "wolves," Fitzpatrick usually succeeds in making an ass of himself. Last Sunday, for instance, he grabbed the wrong end of the pole when he attacked the girls who went to jail over the injunction issue and sneered at their alleged efforts to win martyrdom. None, only the most hardened in the ranks of the labor fakers would take this attitude towards women who went to jail for a great cause. Some of those women left their little children in the care of others and served their sentences.

Of course, John Fitzpatrick is not without compassion for the sufferings of others. But he finds himself in a most unhappy position. The situation is not to his liking, but he must sleep in the bed he selected. He must either fight the employers or the progressives. He has elected to fight the progressives.

Fitzpatrick once stated that the Communists are clever enough to champion issues that are of interest to the working class. Quite true. And that is the main reason why Mr. Fitzpatrick will not be man challenged Dr. Ryan to go into able to carry out his ultimatum delivered in the heat of anger last Sunday. John said he would not give delegates, who were also Communists, the floor until they proved they were not Communists.

If Fitzpatrick got ahead of the Communists in pushing issues that are of interest to the workers, he would have no trouble with them. But then he would be so much like a Communist that the old parents' inability to furnish them with Skinny Madden gang might come to life and make life miserable nutritious food on the starvation

This is no world for a person who wants peace.

West Virginia Miners Again in Battle

The unconquerable coal diggers of West Virginia have again raised their battle flags against the operators who have succeeded after years of struggle in wrecking the United Mine Workers of cal examination. "Fifty of them were America in that state.

West Virginia is one of the most famous theaters of war in the glorious history of the coal miners' union. It is here that the coal magnates have delivered their heaviest blows. It is here that the miners have written the most splendid chapters in the story of a struggle against unbearable conditions.

The coal miners of West Virginia not only had to fight against the employers, their gunmen and their courts, but they were also under the handicap of having an international officialdom which of America are going to see that these systematically sabotaged their efforts and destroyed the solidarity of the district organization. Instead of fighting the operators, Lewis and Green wined and dined with them. They preferred to have and oppression as exist in the textile their feet under the bosses' table rather than on the picket line. Lewis and Green and the rest of their flunkeys were more interested in conducting a war against the progressive elements in the union rather than against the union-smashing employers.

According to all indications the present strike is a mass movement on the part of the miners in the Fairmont district, having for its aim the organization of the 40,000 miners in that part of the state. The striking miners are showing that they are made of the stuff which can produce victories. A victory in West Virginia would est point. They plan to weaken the be a clarion call to the miners in every part of coal mining section | splendid resistance of the striker parof the United States to renew the struggle to organize the mines 100 ents with the cries of hungry children. per cent.

A Correction

We regret that in Monday's issue of The DAILY WORKER Comrade A. Lozovsky's name was, by an mechanical error, left off an article on this page entitled, "The General Council Intrigues Against the British Coal Miners."

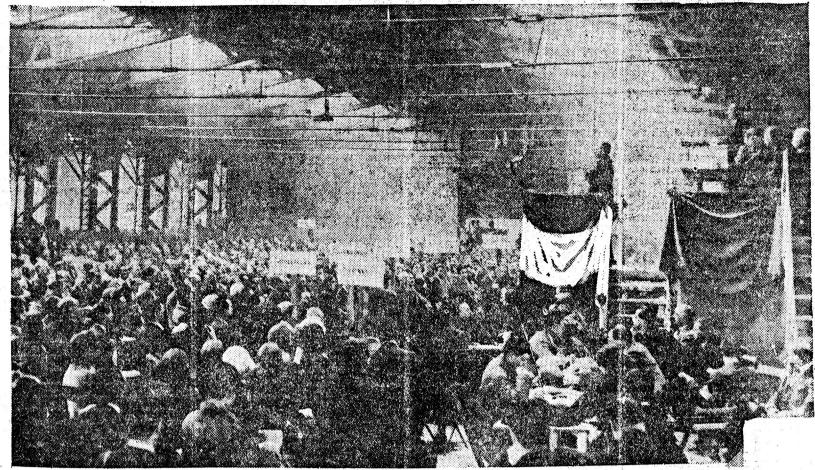
COMMITTEE SPEAKING FOR 40,000 CITIZENS OF PASSAIC, NEW JERSEY, ASSAILS THE "CITIZEN'S COMMITTEE"

(Special to The Daily Worker)

PASSAIC, N. J., July 19.—The executive committee of the Associated Societies and Parishes of Passaic, representing more than 40,000 citizens, attacked the strikebreaking activities of the so-called "Citizen's Committee" organized recently with strong mill backing for the purpose of attacking the leadership of the strike and depriving the strikers of relief funds.

The "Slavic Committee" as the Associated Societies and Parishes are commonly called, denounced in no uncertain terms the publicity statements of the Citizen's Committee, intimating that it was the tool of a few politicians and of business men who are feeling the pinch of the long strike.

French Strikebreakers Hold National Convention



Above are shown members of the French fascist movement in conference at Rheims. Recruited from much the same middle-class and rural elements as their black Italian brothers, these Frenchmen hope to take advantage of the falling franc to establish a black-shirt dictatorship of capitalism.

PASSAIC HEALTH

Seeks to Block Relief to Underfed Children

(Special to The Daily Worker)

PASSAIC, N. J., July 19 .- The statement of Dr. John N. Ryan, city health officer, that the children of the 16.000 striking textile workers are not in need of milk was sharply assailed by Alfred Wagenknecht, chairman of the general relief committee of textile strikers, 743 Main avenue, in an interview here today.

Declaring that Dr. Ryan was "dutifully falling in line with the policy of the mill bosses and their latest tool. the citizen's committee, in attempting to cut off relief and starve the workers back to the mills." the relief chairthe homes of the workers and test the truth of his assertion.

Malnutrition.

"He will find most of the strikers' children suffering from underweight wages paid by the millionaire mill barons. And if he is not altogether prejudiced against workers' children getting milk, he will be forced to agree with us that these kiddies are in urgent need of milk and other nu-

The relief chairman called attention to the cases of 100 strikers' children who were recently given a medifound to be underweight and suffering from malnutrition and aremia," he declared. "They were all chosen at random, as the first hundred to register for the summer camps. The study of the Workers Health Bureau of New York City of 404 cases of Passaic textile workers and their children showed similar results.

"Whether Dr. Ryan and the citizen's committee like it or not, the workers underfed and puny bodies are strengthened to resist disease and for the struggle against such autocracy

Seek to Block Relief.

"The workers are wise to the bosses' game. Having failed to drive he textile strikers back to the mills with police clubs, gas bombs, drenchings in zero weather, savage jail sen tences, and excessive bail bonds, the bosses are now in a staryation offen sive. They have picked the tender-A few days ago, thru the citizen's com mittee, they impudently injected themselves into the labor movement in an effort to cut off relief. And now, thru the accommodation of Dr. Ryan, they attack the children's milk campaign of the Passaic strikers, on the assumption that worker's children do not need milk and nutritious food. This attack, like all the others, is doomed to failure. The workers are vise to the bosses' game and have aleady begun to answer this latest attack with greater support for strike

Ousted Small Pet Is Given Another Plum

Will H. Colvin, ouster chairman of the state board of pardons and paroles, has been appointed assistant commerce commissioner by Govnernor Len Small, it was learned here today. The position pays \$5,000 yearly. Colvin was let go at the time the 'pardon mill' investigation was un-

der way at Joliet prisop

Keep Up Antique Theatricals While Miners Starve



One of the signs of the decadence of of the imperialist British empire is the persistent observance of all the out-dated and costly ceremonies of by-gone days. Above is shown the silly looking London Tower guard with and malnutrition as a result of their fake curls, silk suits, ruffles and old guns that won't shoot.

Railroad Fat Boys Enjoy Pleasant Outing



Left to right playing a boys game are: W. J. Fripp, general manager of Vanderbilt's New York Central: Elisha Lee, vice-president of the strikebreaking "Penssy," and C. W. Galloway, vice-president of the "B. & O." Each of the above named railroads has a slightly different policy towards its workers. For example, the Penssy ocks them out while the B. & O. cajoles them with a "plan." But they are all members of the same club and enjoy themselves while the slaves keep their trains running.

Caliban in the Coal Mines

By LOUIS UNTERMEYER

God, we don't like to complain We know that the mine is no lark-But—there's the pools from the rain; But-there's the cold and the dark

God, You don't know what it is You, in Your well-lighted sky, Watching the meteors whizz; Warm, with the sun always by,

God, if You had but the moon Stuck in Your cap for a lamp, Even You'd tire of it soon, Down in the dark and the damp.

othing but blackness above And nothing that moves but the carsod, if You wish for our love.

Fling us a handful of stars!

WRITE AS YOU FIGHT! The American Worker Correspond ent is out. Did you get your copy? Hurry up! Send in your sub! It's Jonly 50 cents

WITH THE STAFF

Being Things From Here and There Which Have Inspired Us to Folly or Frenzy

POLITICAL ECONOMY.

"When gain and profit is wrung from he needy and helpless, it becomes sinful and a thing of evil," so said William

eration of Labor.

Now this is a right brilliant remark.

We observe, however, that when folks are not helpless, they don't permit profit to be "wrung" from them. Hence, no sin is committed and the sinner and the sinned against both vanish.

If the soul of the boss you'd be

From going to hell in a hike; You better begin organizing,

BILL GREEN

And calling a general strike.

The interest of workers don't mat

BILL GREEN

If they starve here, they feast up

So pass 'round the platter and

To the boss of your brotherly love.

WANTED

Our Versatile Moro

You may not know Hadji Butu, out you oughta. He is the Moro gentleman who represents that Mohammedan section of the Philippine Islands in "our" colonial legislature, at Manila. He has what you might call a "ready mind." Hadji is able to change it at will. On Thursday he interviewed Colonel Thompson and after coyly admitting that the Moros were "incapable of self-government" opined that they dearly desired to be ruled by Americans, especially by the rubber trust, and cordilaly rejected the idea of Philippine independence. On Friday, the Philippine legislature unanimously passed a resolution demanding immediate and absolute independence. It does that every year, usually by viva voce vote. This year the vote was by roll call. Hadji voted for Philippine independence.

The Millennium Has Arriv' ---Maybe.

Dr. Wynn, who is noted in Lonlon as a prophet, says the next world war is about to begin. We don't see that it needs much of a prophet for that. Anyhow, he says it will be over by 1936. Incident. ally, the Dock said the millennium is due to arrive July 20, right this ear. We're writing about th the 19th, and if we manage to get to work on time and have all the other six little editors at work on time, we'll agree that the Old Dock was right. One of our six seems to be lost in the shuttle in New York. If you run across him, show him to follow the green line.

DEPORT HIM TO ROOSHA.

"By 1936," says Dock Wynn, millennium expert extraordinary who resides in Merry England, "the world will have completely understood the meaning of the great pyramid and the present forms of world government will have ceased to be. We shall have arrived at one universal government." We can't understand how It happened that Sir William Joynson-Hicks did not descend upon the Old Dock about that time and pinch him for sedition. Undoubtedly the Old Dock has had a letter from Zinoviev. This will grieve Ramsay MacDonald. We mean the letter, not the pinch.



The 100% American.