Join the Growing Ranks of Worker Correspondents of The DAILY WORKER!

Vol. III. No. 162. Subscription Rates: In Chicago, by mail, \$8.00 per year. Outside Chicago, by mail, \$6.00 per year.

THURSDAY, JULY 22, 1926

Published Daily except Sunday by THE DAILY WORKER PUBLISHING CO., 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

Price 3 Cents

By THOMAS J. O'FLAHERTY

STORY may not be made out of A STORY may not to the was made the whole cloth, but it was made by broadcloth when an Italian fascist prince made himself famous by saving a beautiful princess from drowning in the angry waters of the Danube, into which she had jumped. The prince pulled a better publicity stunt than Aimee McPherson. First he quarrelled with the girl while they were having tea in a cafe. The party of the second part, being an actress, was temperamental and jumped. So the story goes.

CHICAGO is not the only place have difficulty in avoiding violations of the law. In Muskogee, Oklahoma, two policemen ran amuck and shot four innocent bystanders. The militant officers had spent the day raiding liquor and needed something to cheer fare. them up. They imbibed freely and decided to cut loose. John Barleycorn may be down, but he is not out.

To date the officialdom of the American Federation of Labor has ignored the strike of the employes of the I. R. R. in New York. This is the greatest rapid transit system in the United States, if not in the world. Since 1916 the company has refused to deal with a legitimate union, but instead set up a company union with a renegade trade unionist as president. Driven to desperation, a large section of the men went on strike and are putting up a splendid fight. If the streetcar men's union is interesting itself in the strike, they are moving very quietly. In view of this conduct it is hard to prove that the present officials of the A. F. of L. have any desire to increase the strength of its affiliated unions.

COLORADO is one of the few states in the Union where the ku klux klan has any influence left. The begowned order has succeeded in gaining some publicity, as usual, of an enviable variety, in the forthcoming political battle. As in other states, the klansmen have quarreled over the spoils. This gang was devoid of any principle whatever and once the boodle got scanty the membership began to vanish. All that is left of the klan now is the anti-catholic element which supplied the hooded order with whatever little intelligenee it pos-

THE International Federation of Trade Union officials are fearful lest the functions of the labor bureau of the league of nations may be taken away from it. This bureau is just about as futile as anything could be, not even excepting the league. The smallest of the small nations pay no attention to the league's mandates, unless there is a loan in sight or if they have stepped on the corns of big power.

IT is quite possible that the French franc will be driven down to so low a level that it must inevitably follow the mark into the financial grave. It is rumored that Herriot is deliberately seeking the franc's destruction in order to wipe out the internal debt. Peace has its terrors as well as war. The French people sacrificed millions of their sons to win a victory and they are now faced with the loss of their savings as the price

THE mysterious Mr. "A" who figur d in a sensational scandal in England several months ago, has again broke into the news. This time he is in high favor. The object of commendation is a Hindoo prince, one of those flunkeys of British imperialism who rule millions of human beings and fleece them of almost everything they produce for the benefit of the parasite princes and the British capitalisms. The Hindoo gentleman's name is Sir Hari Singh and he is the maharajah of Kashmir. You may remember that a few adventurers with the aid of a female of easy virtue once held him up for \$750,000. It was the old gag. Irate husband caught prince in compromising situation with formally offered to arbitrate at a meet-(Continued on page 2)

Eurrent Events 1. R. T. REFUSES TO ARBITRATE; HAS BLACKLIST

Company Union to Do Blacklisting

(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK CITY, July 21 .- The strikers from the Interborough Rapid Transit lines who are fighting the company's injunction and the com-Where law enforcement officers pany union with a spirit rarely excelled, have issued an official statement exposing Herman A. Metz, a member of the Transit Commission, as a booster for the company union and for the company's demand for increased

> They had held a meeting with hin at his Mamaroneck home on Saturday, and Metz has since been trying to excuse his conduct. The statement says:

Mediator an I. R. T. Director.

"The strike committee of the Consolidated Railway Workers of Greater New York brands as unqualified misrepresentatinos the last pronouncement of the Interborough to the effeet that the strikers broke off Saturday's Mamaroneck conference. After the manifestly dishonorable tactics of Mr. Metz, so-called mediator and Interborough director, in lerator, who was flying the plane.

FARM INDEBTEDNESS JUMPS EIGHT BILLION IN TEN-YEAR PERIOD

(Special to The Daily Worker) DES MOINES, Ia., July 21-Farm indebtedness in the United States has jumped from \$4,000,000,000 in 1910 to \$12,250,000,000 in 1920.

In order that the farmer can repay this sum the farm conference now being held here of representatives of all corn belt states pointed out the need of government aid to the farmer and the need of a high protective tariff.

Representatives from South Dakota, Kansas, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Missouri, Nebraska, Illinois, Iowa, Michigan, Indiana and Ohio participated in the conference. A resolution was adopted bitterly condemning President Coolidge, Secretary of Commerce Herbert Hoover, and Secretary of the Treasury Andrew W. Mellon for their opposition to farm relief.

The committee of twenty-two decided to present the same resolution to the lowa state republican party convention.

Plane Wreck Kills One.

ARDMORE, Okla., July 21.—Details are still lacking today on the wreck of an airplane which fell east of here France is feeling a panic and as the late yesterday, killing Fred Parks, scout for the Sinclair Oil company. and seriously injuring Walter Critchlow, prominent independent oil op- bringing from all sections of the capi-

'A DICTATOR' **CRY FRENCH** CAPITALISTS

Fear Rise of Workers from Ruins of Franc

BULLETIN.

PARIS, June 21. - The Herriotcabinet has resigned.

BULLETIN.

PARIS, July 21-The government of M. Edouard Herriot met defeat in the chamber of deputies this evening, shortly after it had made its debut. The chamber voted nonconfidence, by a vote of 290 to 237. The resignation of the Herriot ministry, which was formed less than forty-eight hours ago, is expected to be presented to President Doumerque forthwith.

PARIS, July 21 .- While the franc speculators recorded a temporary raise in the value of the franc from 50.05 to the dollar to 46.44 at noon. cost of living mounts hourly, the expected revolt of the workers against this dooming of them to starvation is (Continued on page 2)

The End of the Rainbow



compromising the impartiality of the meeting by inuendo against one of the strike leaders as well as by anticipatory conditions, the strikers would have been justified in refusing altogether to attend the superficial increased-fare dodge of Mr. Metz. Notwithstanding these facts the committee attended, but when they refused to fall into the trap made by Mr. Metz, were peremptorily dis-

Agree to Arbitrate.

In spite of the unfair tactics of the transit commissioner, the strikers wife. Virtue is always rewarded acling with the commission arranged by (Continued on page 2)

missed."

9 MINERS KILLED IN ALABAMA

(Special to The Daily Worker)

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., July 21.-Nine miners were killed in an explosion today in the Moffett Mine near Blocton, Bibb county, according to a report received at the United States Mines' Bureau here.

FIGHT THE INJUNCTIONS AND DEMAND THE RIGHT TO PICKET

T IS important for the whole of the Chicago labor movement to interest itself in the mass meeting tonight at Temple Hall.

The gathering is called to fight the injunctions issued by the bosses' iudges and to demand the right to picket during strikes.

The meeting is not a mere gesture. It is being held under the direction of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union. Thirty members of this union have just come out of the county jail, where they have served terms of various lengths for defying the employers' courts.

Speakers at the mass meeting will review this struggle. They will tell how all other labor unions are affected. They will point out how the whole working class is involved. Thousands of workers should attend this demonstration. It will be excellent preparation for future struggles of labor in Chicago, TURN OUT!

FELIX DZERJHINSKY, CHAIRMAN OF SOVIET ECONOMIC COUNCIL, DIES

(Special to The Dally Worker)

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 21.—The workers and peasants of the Union of Soviet Republics are mourning today for one of their most revered leaders, Felix E. Dzerjhinsky, who died here suddenly yesterday of heart disease. Comrade Dzerjhinsky was the chairman of the Supreme Economic Council, one of the most important posts in the Soviet government.

Dzerjhinsky's death is attributed to his tireless application to his work from the time of his participation in the 1917 revolution to his present responsible position.

He was formerly head of the Cheka and is credited with having done admirable work in suppressing counter-revolutionary intrigue and exposing foreign plots against the revolution.

The soviet leader's body lies in state in the Hall of the Unions, where Lenin reposed before his burial, and where thousands of workers are gathering to view his remains. Dzerjhinsky will be given an impressive funeral tomorrow.

DZERJHINSKY IS DEAD

By ROBERT MINOR.

lost. Our Comrade Dzerjhinsky was days of the formation of the Bolshevik movement which now finds embodiment in the All-Union Communist Party. Dzerjhinsky's name is woven into the history of the wing of the social-democracy of Poland which remained true to Marxian revolutionary principles, which adhered to the Leninist cause and which became the basis for the present Communist Party of Poland. The outbreak of the proletarian revolution in Russia found Dzerjhinsky among the leaders of the old guard of Bolshevism. He was one of those who, under the leadership of Lenin, carried thru the greatest action that has yet been recorded in working class history-the seizure of power by the working class in the former czarist empire and the successful defense of that conquest in the most bitter revolutionary warfare ever known.

To Comrade Dzerjhinsky fell heavy share in the defense of the workers and peasants' revolutionary state. With the establishment of the All-Russian extraordinary commission for combatting counter-revolution and sabotage-familiarly known as the "Veh Cheh Kah"-Comrade Dzerjhinsky was instructed to take the post of head of the commission.

Thruout all Russia-an enormous country comprising one-sixth of the surface of the world, a country about three times the size of the United States, blazing in every town and village with civil war-the overthrown bourgeoisie and landed aristocracy threw their full strength (supported by the organized machines of the "social democrats") into the plotting. fomenting and leading counter-revolutionary attempts at restoration. In the Red Army, hastily thrown together to defend the workers' and peasants' republic, czarist and bourgeois agents incessantly carried on their secret task of sabotage and betrayal, while the sabotage of railway service very nearly strangled the revolution. To the "Cheka" fell the stroying the serpent-like enemies with-

ing that without the capable carrying was alright, only not the "terrible out of this work of the extraordinary Cheka." commission, not only would the revolu- But the working class cannot tion have been destroyed from behind permit such deadly bourgeois poison when it is attached to a bathing beach. the lines of the Red Army, but the to make headway among them. To the Red Army itself would have been intelligent and fearless proletarian tricked into the hands of its enemies the "Cheka" was an organ of the thousand times over.

also written the name of Dzerjhinsky becomes to that extent an unsafe into its own accounts of the tremen-"friend" if not a conscious enemy of lous years of struggle with the work-the revolutionary workers' movement. ka"? It is hard to think of a word after him.

FELIX DZERJHINSKY is dead. One I that strikes more terror to the heart of the great leaders of the great- of a good bourgeois. The propaganda est revolution of history has been of horrors, circulated thruout the world against the workers' and peasone of the best warriors in the early ants' republic, centered about the name of the "Cheka," and the name of "Dzerjhinsky" became the name of the blackest devil of all the devils that trouble the sleep of those who feed upon bourgeois propaganda. Liberals (as well as the "social-

ists," and gentleman-anarchists and lady-anarchists who feel the need of catering to the sentiment of the world

FELIX DZERJHINSKY, HEAD OF SOVIET UNION ECONOMY WHO DIED YESTERDAY



One of the outstanding leaders of the revolution and among the most trusted and responsible workers in building the new regime, Comrade Dzerjhinsky's loss will be deeply mourned by the workers and peasants of Russia.

proletariat for the proletarian revolutionary state-but who need an excuse for disloyalty to the proletarian revolution-become "admirers" and enormous work of digging out and de l"friends" of Soviet Russia, but always with a reservation. More often than otherwise the "Cheka" became the ex-We are absolutely justified in say-ception. The "Russian revolution"

revolution—and a good one. It is The name of Dzerjhinsky became safe to say that any person who lets mmortal to the annals of the work- himself become susceptible to the slightest defamation of the "Cheka" The bourgeoisie of the world has of the Russian workers' revolution,

ing class and peasantry of Russia. The work of Dzerjhinsky is immor-'Dzerjhinsky" to the bourgeoisie and tal. Proletarian honor to him and to to all who consciously or unconsci-all that he represents in our history! ously ape their thinking, has come to One of the best of the old guard of be identical with wholesale cruelty the revolution is gone. His work and unjustified bloodshed. The "Che-stands as a model to those who come

U.S.EMBASSY IS OBJECT OF **BERLIN PARADE**

Workers Demand Release of Sacco, Vanzetti

(Special to The Dally Worker)

BERLIN, July 21-A big delegation of workers representing the internationale Rote Hilfe demonstrated before the American embassy under the leadership of Herr Bertz, Communist member of the Reichstag, demanding the release of Sacco and Vanzetti. The Rote Hilfe is the German counterpart of the American International Labor Defense and is conducting a nation-wide campaign on behalf of the two victims of American class

justice. The American Ambassador Schurrman refused to see the delegation sent in by the demonstrators but that he can't have failed to have been impressed was certain. This last display of sentiment for Sacco and Vanzetti is only a part of a general movement going on especially among the workers and their organizations against

the execution of Sacco and Vanzetti. It is only recently that a galaxy of famous publicists and practically every labor representative in the Reichstag sent emphatic telegrams to Governor Fuller of Massachussetts declaring that in the face of the new evidence presented in the case that Sacco and Vanzetti be granted a new

Venezuelan Labor Union for Sacce-Vanzetti Freedom.

NEW YORK, July 21. -(FP)-A new trial for Sacco and Vanzetti was demanded in a telegram sent to the governor of Massachusetts by the Venezuelan Labor Union at their annual meeting. The union is composed of several hundred Venezuelan workers living in New York City.

M. Flores Cabrera, after his election as president, called on all the members to assist the workers in Venezuela in their struggle against the dictator Juan Vicente Gomez, who is supported by United States capitalists. Gomez has prevented organization by the workers of Venezuela for 18 years, Cabrera himself was imprisoned for years by dictator Gomez.

FARM REVOLT HAS COOLIDGE BY THE EAR

Silent Man Doing Some Tall Thinking

PAUL SMITH'S N, Y., July 21 .-Advisers of President Coolidge say hat the farm revolt will blow over after a while and that the present flurry is nothing to stop fishing for. While corn belt farmers were sweating over their troubles in Des Moines, Iowa, Calvin was attacking the finny tribe in Osgood Lake.

Calvin Is Worrying. There are indications that Coolidge s seriously worried over the political situation in the farm belt and is considering delivering one of those ambiguous speeches, which succeed in goading the tillers of the soil to new heights of frenzy.

Al Smith has left for Lake Champlain, where he will find more congenial companionship. Puritanical manners and the absence of Puritan Malt allied with a yeast cake, do not suit Al. The governor is for water,

American Sight-Seers Object of French Ire

PARIS, July 21. - American sightseers on a bus enroute to Montmartre were attacked today by about a hundred residents who, it is claimed, resented the loud talk of the visitors. Passengers' in another bus also were

booed and hissed, a crowd reminding the tourists of the attack in the openair restaurant atop Montmartre yesterday, calling out, "You'll receive the same reception as yesterday."

Numerous minor altercations have been reported. Until today resent. ment against Americans and other foreigns had been confined to hooting

Break Silence of Small!

Help Free Ladies' Garment Strikers from Prison!

PROTEST MEETING THURSDAY, JULY 22

Admission Free

7:30 P. M.

Admission Free

Temple Hall

Marshfield and

SPEAKERS:

Dr. J. A. Lapp Wm. Z. Foster Strikers Just Released from Prison

Auspices, Chicago Joint Board I. L. G. W. U.

TEXTILE BANKS AND BOSSES IN WAR ON I. L. G. W.

Fight N. Y. Strike

(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK CITY, July 21.-That the need of unity in the ranks of labor to equal the combinations of capital is clear in the statement issued by Henry H. Finder, president of the Industrial Council of the Cloak, Suit and Skirt Manufacturers' Association, one of the employers' groups against which the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union is striking.

Mr. Finder yesterday gave out the following:

"A group of fourteen executives of outstanding textile concerns and textile banking houses, believing that the stand of the Industrial Council in the present labor crisis is for the best interests of this industry, have agreed to give extra consideration in the granting and extension of credits to those of our members who may be hard pressed in course of the present controversy.

In addition, the police who acted as the employers' agents in arresting without cause 400 pickets in the mass nicketing demonstrations extended their activities without any reason or even an excuse by raiding the employment office of the Furriers' Union at Sixth avenue and Twenty-seventh street and arresting all the furriers waiting there for jobs.

REED HITS AT **MELLON OVER DEBT DICKERS**

Proves Himself a Liar, Says the Senator

(Special to The Dally Worker) made for consumption of Americans, each. contradict his recent letter on the war debts written for consumption in Europe, according to Sen. James A. Reed, in an interview heré.

Mellon a Liar. "It gives the lie direct to the claim so persistently made that France is court to hear nothing, but election paying in full but only receiving fa- fraud cases. Fifty-six have been invorable interest rates. It equally dicted so far. All of the accused are proves the falsity of the claim so of faced with prison terms of from one ten made on the floor of the senate to five years and a fine ranging to that the Italian debt settlement was \$2,000 or both. Attempts are being not in fact a cancellation of 75 per made to have these cases heard so cent of the Italian debt.

ian debt settlement who represented elections. Mr. Mellon and the administration on the floor, that Italy was paying in 95 Degree Heat Wave full and only receiving a low rate of

Italian Debt Cancelled. "Mr. Mellon has torn the mask

from his own face and from the faces of those senators who voiced his false pretenses in the senate debates. The truth is now plain that we have cancelled a large part of the Italian debt and that we are asked to cancel substantially 50 per cent of the French debt. Against the completion of this outrage at least some of the senators will wage a vigorous oppo-

Aided Bankers.

whole business was in my "The judgment engineered in the interest of international financiers who desired to stabilize and advance their own privately held foreign securities by cancelling the debt due our govern-

Fifteen More True Bills Issued Here for Election Fraud

Fifteen additional indictments on vote fraud charges growing out of the Cook county April primary were reported drawn by the special grand jury in session here today. All of the new true bills, it was

of election. Forty-four indictments gation thus far.

CURRENT EVENTS

By T. J. O'Flaherty.

(Continued from page 1) cording to the movies and scripture, but real life is sometimes different to

DUBLIC attention is attracted nowadays more to the law violations Join Garment Bosses to of law enforcement officers than to the activities of those who make a living thru certain kinds of effort that involve infractions of legal statutes. One of the most glaring examples of disregard for law was the recent primary contest in Cook County. States Attorney Crowe, the principal law officer in the county, appears to be the principal law violator. Votes were stolen in bales by Crowe's lieutenants. But listen to Crowe deliver a lecture against law violators before a meeting of the chamber of commerce!

SAVAGE LOSES **CROWE'S WARD**

Special Judge Asked to Try Vote Fraud Cases

Assistant State's Attorney Joseph P. Savage, union-smashing State's Attorney Robert E. Crowe's nominee for Cook county judge, in the recount of votes in Crowe's home precinct lost heavily to his opponent Municipal Judge Daniel P. Trude on the Deneen-Lundin slate. It was found in this precinct that 60 votes were given Savage that did not belong to him. Forty votes that had been cast for Trude had not been counted. In this

way Savage lost an even 100 votes. Average thefts for the 17 Crowe-Barrett-Thompson candidates in the republican primaries in the 363 precincts so far recounted were 4,841 Deneen-Lundin-Small candidates had an average of 2,258 stolen

Democrat Primaries.

In the democratic recount the 13 Brennan candidates concerned had 2,635 stolen votes apiece in the 170 precincts counted. Their opponents KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 21. - Se- in the Dunne-O'Connell-Harrison ranks cretary Mellon's previous claims have gained an average of 1,018 votes

Special Judge Asked Special State's Attorney Charles A McDonald, who was in charge of the special grand jury investigating vote frauds, announces that a request will be made for a judge of the criminal that an example may be made to "It will be remembered that it was election judges and clerks that might insisted by the proponents of the Ital- seek to steal votes in the November

Fatal to 24 Here as

The intense heat of two sweltering days in Chicago during which the Paris with posters reading: mercury hovered around the 95 mark resulted in the deaths of twenty-four litical, financial, economic and social persons. Tuesday was the warmest responsibilities in the endeavor to July 20 since 1901.

The suffering was particularly intense in the baking Maxwell St. dis- constitutional methods. If there is a trict, where thousands donned improvsed summer costumes and made the best of the shady spots on porches and sidewalks. Children found some relief from fire plugs that were turned on. Some 250,000 of the more fortunate spent the day at lake beaches.

Workers Overcome by Heat in Gary Mill

GARY, Ind., July 21. - Raphael Crisp, while at work in the tin mill of the Illinois Steel company, subsidiary of the Gary-controlled United ment and hold back the possible re-States Steel corporation, before one of the furnaces was overcome by the heat and fell to the floor.

He was taken to the hospital and later was sent home. A number of other workers were overcome by the heat in the steel mills. They received said, are against judges and clerks no hospital care. Cold water was merely splashed on them, and as soon have been returned in the investilas they recovered they went back

TEN STRIKE PICKETS STILL IN **COUNTY JAIL AS LABOR GATHERS** IN PROTEST MEETING TONIGHT

only \$125,000 on hand with which to Mrs. Victoria Cieslakiewicz, mother of four small children; Mrs. Eleanor Badlowski, mother of a 10-year-old boy, and about eight other 1924 International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union strike pickets are still in the Cook County jail serving their sentences.

Mrs. Cleslakiewicz has two children that are III. Appeals have been made to Gov. Small to release these pickets. The Small declared they deserve to be pardoned they are still in jail. About thirty have ended their sentences since Small made that declaration.

The reasons for the inactivity of Small and the officials of the Chicago Federation of Labor in behalf of the imprisoned garment workers will be discussed at the protest meeting to be held in the Temple Hall, Marshfield Ave. and Van Buren St., tonight at which Dr. John A. Lapp, president of the Chicago Liberal Club, and William Z. Foster, will speak.

MEXICAN PORT WORKERS POKE FUN AT POPE

Congratulate Calles on Catholic Stand

(Special to The Daily Worker) MEXICO CITY, July 21.—President

Calles has given to the press a letter from Vera Cruz longshoremen, signifying approval of the government's stand to force the catholic church to get out of politics and commenting on the pope's condemnation of Mexican policy. The letter says:

"Your having fallen under the papal excommunication fills us with joy and obliges us to congratulate you sincerely. The excommunication we regard as a pure pontifical bluff, exercized to disguise their defeat, now that the efforts put forth by the exploiters of religion to avoid the operation of our laws have been brought to naught.

A "Decoration"

"This is the decoration of greatest alue that you have received as a oken of your incomparable work as revolutionary. Further, it relieves loyal Mexicans of any obligation to treat with the Vatican, which does not understand honor, patriotism and lib-

"The Mexican people, far from reproving your dignified attitude, applaud; and when their legitimate representative is excommunicated, the whole people is excommunicated—a people which, when divorced from Roman exploitation, may fulfill its BROOKHART MAY national life by exercising Christian activity with more liberty.

Genuine Blood Intoxicates. "When the Mexican people have the good fortune to dwell under Papal excommunication, they may proceed to enjoy true independence and feel like Christians-true Christians, whose feelings come from the heart, revealing the soul and spirit of each citizen -not those who import from the Vatican a barrel of wine to consecrate, which drugs the brain and conscience and mystifies faith.

"What can our union do to enjoy, as you do, this excommunication? "(Signed) ALONZO MARTINES." Chief of the Longshoremen, Vera Cruz,

'A DICTATOR' CRY FRENCH

(Continued from page 1) talists, the demand for a dictatorship that will "save France."

This cry for a regime of reaction for the protection of capital comes from several sources, all wishing the ship. But now Herriot's finance minister, De Monzie, demands the same powers, with some different program. Fascism Rises Up.

Expecting Herriot to be overthrown City's Poor Suffer Poincare is asking his chance on the basis of a dictatorship. The French fascists have placarded the walls of unless they are able to fool the masses

"Fascism is ready to assume all poavert a financial catastrophe. There is still time to avoid a catastrophe by delay, however, fascism will call upon all Frenchmen to enter effectively into a national revolution, the result of which will enable us to give France a new leader, a new constitution and new institutions."

A Reactionary Revolution.

The "Echo de Paris" a militarist organ and the Nationalist "L'Avenir" hint of a revolution by reaction if Herriot, "the representative of the party of disorder" remains in power. Perhaps the most significant cry for a capitalist dictatorship to overthrow the constitution, destroy parliavolt of the workers comes from parliament itself, where 250 deputies have petitioned President Doumergue to appoint a "Committee of Safety"-a name which has for France the grim connotation of Danton and Robespierre in the days when capitalism fought its way to power over feudalism with a dictatorship. But the enemy today of the French bourgeoisie is not feudalism.

Treasury Has Only \$125,000. Herriot called the parliament together this afternoon to present his program. It is rumored his cabinet may resign after doing this to prevent certain overthrowal in the chamber. De Monzie frankly told the parliament the French treasury is empty, having

run the nation. "We refuse to increase the limit circulation," he said. "Our aim is to stabilize our money, but we intend that effort shall not be accomplished alone by external aid." He promised that the parliament would not be adjourned, but that the government would ask it to sit all summer, if nec-

The Flight of Capital. Herriot in his address as premier -he having been removed by a matority vote yesterday from his position as president of the chamber on the grounds of his now being premier

Iowa Senator Who Will Not Get G. O. P. Support



SMITH W. BROOKHART

DINE ON G.O.P. FATTED CALF

Republican Chiefs See Writing on Sky

(Special to The Daily Worker) DES MOINES, July 21 .-- As delegates to the Iowa state republican convention met here today there was small doubt evident that Smith W. Brookhart as nominee for the United States senate would be received into the official bosom of the Iowa republican party, whose state central committee two years ago repudiated him for his indorsement of LaFollette and fought against him in the Steck Brookhart contest.

Hopping On the Wagon. The heavy majority that gave the primary victory to Brookhart over the old guard republican, Cummins, in the recent primaries has convinced the old stalwarts that discretion is the better part of valor and that it is wiser to step on the Brookhart bandwagon than butt a vulnerable head against a stone wall.

The farmers are hot under the coldictatorship for themselves. Caillaux lar, so the reactionary republicans bewanted it, but was overthrown by lieve it is better to swim with the Herriot who argued against dictator- tide until the expected improvement in agricultural fortunes takes place. Ready to Ditch Cal.

The politicians in the Iowa G. O. P. machine are not so crazy about Coolidge that they are willing to comm hari kari for him. Neither will Wal Street be able to do anything for them So they proceed to fool the masses And the best way is to swim with the tide and pose as champions of the farmers.

-asked for penalties for Frenchmen who refuse to bring back to France the capital they have taken abroad. "This government intends to institute a tax upon all assets now in the service of public credits," he declared, intimating a capital levy. As to foreign debt, if France means to get along without loans, the necessity of so-called "American Good Will Union." ratifying the agreement on the debt owing to the United States disappears,

was his intimation. Hints at Repudiation.

"France intends to pay the debts she contracted in defense of her libbe sure and able to keep the engagespheres." This is taken also as a hint at repudiation. Banks are crowded by depositors de-

manding their money and liquidating bonds, while the whole population is buying anything tangible to crystallize the value that is vanishing from the

Masses Murmur.

Retail prices increase by leaps and bounds and in the large cities a deep anger is growing against speculators in foods and exporters of wheat and sugar.

The word "American blackmail" is heard on every hand, showing the wide resentment felt at the way America is bludgeoning France to force ratification of the debt agreement, while Americans touring France are being assaulted in many places, with the press expressing the feeling that "it is expressed the same mind of protecting only natural.'

Farmer Electrocuted.

POSTVILLE Iowa, July 21.—Car Schroeder, a farmer, was electrocuted near here today when a pitchfork with which he was unloading has from a wagon came in contact with a power line on his farm. A son, Verne, was burned seriously but will recover.

SEND IN A SUBI

Class Fighters Must Raise Their Voices in Farmers' Organizations

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL.

BOTH the old political parties are desperately trying to cover up their failure to provide relief of any kind for the suffering farmers.

Their agents are as busy as ever at the gathering of farm representatives now being held at Des Moines, Iowa.

The republicans are trying to put the blame on the democrats. The democrats attempt to plaster the onus of failure on the republicans. The tendency to hit both of these enemies of the farmers is not strong. Its futility can be measured by the extent of this weak-

Thus the special correspondent of the New York Times (democratic) points out that:

"Deep resentment over the alleged betrayal of both political parties of their campaign pledges to the farmer was evident in the discussions of agricultural leaders today, but their bitterness was especially directed against the republican administration because it is in power."

That conclusion is inspired to some extent by the political affiliations of the New York Times. But it nevertheless states an accepted fact. Too often the blame is put merely on the party in power, which now happens to be the republican party, and support thrown to the exploiters' party which happens to be waiting for a place at the pie counter, which is now the democratic party. Then with the democrats in power the same insane proceeding is reversed, with labor continuing its ceaseless toil upon industry's treadmill.

It just happens that the democrats in the congress just adjourned gave the republicans giant support in rejecting the meager demands of the

There is no escape for the democrats. Under the direction of Speaker Nicholas Longworth, who wants to be a presidential candidate in 1928, the Haugen bill that received the support even of Vice-President Dawes, was defeated by 45 votes. It is shown that 89 democrats voted against the Haugen bill, with only 66 voting for it and 27 not voting at all. Here was a clear majority of the democrats voting against "safe and sane" legislation that some democratic leaders claimed would give the farmer the relief to which they condescendingly claimed the farmer is entitled. It was not alone the democrats from industrial districts, but also the democrats from "The Solid South" who stood by the Coolidge-Mellon-Hoover republicans to fight the farmers.

There is another section of Iowa politics that is being driven into the open at the present meeting in Des Moines. It is the following of Smith W. Brookhart, who recently

took the republican nomination for United States senator away from the administration candidate, Senator Cummins.

While the representatives of the farmers are discussing the problems of the land the Iowa republicans are gathered in state convention building their congressional plat-

It was taken for granted that the Brookhart followers would lay down a barrage of bitter attack against the Coolidge gang, that ousted Brookhart from the senate displacing him with a democrat. But the same loyalty that keeps LaFollette, Jr., in Wall Street's republican party in Wisconsin, silences Brookhart in Iowa and it is declared that all attacks on the national republican administration will be soft-pedaled. Shafts may be levelled at Secretary of Agriculture Jardine or Secretary of the Treasury Mellon, but "the party" must be protected.

It is therefore inconceivable that any farmer, studying the Iowa experience, should be able to find friends in the old parties. The whole crew of political parasites, down to Brookhart, stands unmasked as a flock of hungry buzzards trying to get political sustenance out of the woes of the agricultural section of the population.

There is material enough here for any fighting elements that may exist in the organizations now gathered at Des Moines to blast this whole outfit of republican and democratic political mountebanks

It is not enough to talk about "the sinister plans of the Coolidge administration to reduce agriculture to a state of peonage." That tendency must be fought bitterly. The fighting must come from the rank and file who suffer aud carry all the burdens.

Included in the Des Moines meeting are the Corn Belt Committee, constituting the joint legislative. council of 28 Middle West farm organizations; the "Committee of 72," which includes representatives from 11 Mid-Western states, and in addition representatives of the cotton states. This gathering claims to speak for 1,000,000 farmers. But there are also in attendance spokesmen for the banking and business interests who have too often dominated such gatherings in their own interests.

It is only the voice that is raised for the organization of exploited farmers and farm workers as a class, against the well organized class of exploiters that c claim to speak for the farmers. That voice will not be heard at Des Moines. It will come from the farmers where the struggle grows ever greater. It alone will be an indication that the farmers are really travelling in the right direction.

Traction Czars in New York City to

(Continued from page 1) Rev. Edward Lawrence Hunt, of the

The Transit Commission announced at the close:

"Representatives of the Consolidated Railway Workers of Greater New York stated that notwithstanding the rejection by the Interborough of their Cleaners and Dyers erty in a measure and form. She will two previous offers to arbitrate their differences with the railroad company ments she will take. But we retain their men were still willing to agree absolute independence of action in all to any fair arbitration in the interests of the riding public, and they renewed their offer to submit these differences to arbitration."

> Company Refuses to Arbitrate. When James L. Quackenbush, general counsel for the Interborough

heard of this, he snorted. "Arbitrate what? Define the term Give us the issue."

When shown that the question i the recognition of the union as against company union, Quackenbush again expressed his love for the company union. Protects Company Union.

"We will not even discuss such thing. Everyone knows our position is to stand by the brotherhood. We will not budge an inch."

Frank Hedley of the Interborough the company union and giving it and not the real labor union, the right to discuss working conditions. Hedley added that the strikers could come back to work-"with a few exceptions.'

The Very Idea!

Asked if "a few exceptions" implied a blacklist, Hedley became angry. "We have no such thing, and we never did have any such thing as a blacklist; and we don't know what it is!"

Quackenbush spoke up and

that every striker who comes back would have to deal individually with the company union, and if the com-Use the Blacklist pany union approved it, they would be taken back. How Hedley knew in advance that the company union would have a "few exceptions" if the company does not control the "brotherhood," was a question on which Quackenbush and Hedley had nothing to say. "But there will be no blacklist," protested Quackenbush

Strike 500 Strong at Los Angeles, Cal.

By WILLIAM SCHNEIDERMAN. LOS ANGELES, July 21.—Over five hundred workers in the cleaning and dying industry, at an enthusiastic mass meeting overwhelmingly voted to strike this morning.

Mass picketing is being carried on at every plant for the strikers' demands-a forty-hour week, 15 per cent increase in wages and a union shop. Albert Bock, youthful strike committee chairman, in an interview states that every plant in the city is affected nearly 100 per cent and a quick victory is expected in view of the high morale and the enthusiasm of the strikers.

Fear French Money Riots. MARSEILLES, July 21. - In order to prevent disturbances police today issued an order to all banks and money houses forbidding the public display of bulletins giving exchanges and rates as reported from the Paris

Hindu-Moslem Outbreak.

LONDON, July 21.- One Moslem was killed and nine wounded when Hindus attacked a Mohammedan religious procession in Calcutta, according to Calcutta advices today. The said Hindus used guns and brickbate.

DEPT. OF LABOR WILL NOT PROBE **GARY EXPLOSION**

"No Authority" Is the Claim Raised

(Special to The Daily Worker) GARY, Ind., July 21. - The Gary Steel Workers' Investigating Committee recently inquired to the department of labor concerning the authenticity of the press report that an investigation of the causes of the explosion in the by-products plant of the Illinois Steel company, subsidiary of the United States Steel corporation. on Monday, June 14 would be ordered by the department of labor.

The department of labor in replying to this inquiry in a letter to Mr. James Garnett, chairman of the Gary Steel Workers' Investigating Committee, states the following:

"Mr. James Garnett, "Gary Workers' Investigating Com-

"1950 Washington Street. "Gary, Indiana.

"Dear Sir:-

"In the absence of Secretary Davis who is attending the funeral of a friend in New England, I acknowedge receipt of the your letter of July 12.

No Authority For Probe.

"The federal department of labor has no authority to conduct an inquiry. The matter comes under state supervision. The secretary had, however, requested the Commissioner of labor statistics to get him all information possible in connection with the disaster at the plant of the Illinois Steel company in Gary.

Accident Prevention. "At the present moment an accident prevention conference called by Secretary Davis is in session in this city. and it is the hope of Mr. Davis that thru this conference, which is attended by representatives from practically all the states, may come a standardization of accident statistics and also uniform legislation to prevent industrial casualties. The Commissioners of Labor Statistics would welcome any information you have on the Gary explosion.

"Very truly yours,
"H. L. KERWIN,

"Director of Conciliation." \$16,000 Loot in Hold-up.

ST. LOUIS, July 21.—Two automobile loads of bandits today held up a messenger for the City Trust company and took \$16,000 from him after firing a fusilade of bullets. One of the bullets struck the messenger in the head, injuring him seriously.



IN RUSSIA

On one-sixth of the globea hundred and fifty million people are building a new and different kind of a world for Labor.

These books will give you the FACTS of what is happening there "for the first time in history."

A CHOICE SELECTION

Russian Workers and Workshops in 1926, By William Z.

Glimpses of Soviet Russia, By

Scott Nearing. Russia Turns East, By Scott

U. S. S. R. A Moscow Diary, By Anna Por-Cloth. \$1.00

Commercial Handbook of the

Russia Today-Report of the British Trade Union Delega-Whither Russia? By Leon Trot-

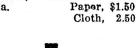
Ten Days That Shook the World, By John Reed (New Edition).

Cloth, \$1.50 Thru the Russian Revolution, By Albert Rhys Williams. \$2.00

Magdaleine Marx. Cloth. \$2.00 Broken Earth-By M. Hindus.

Flying Ossip - Stories of New

Romance of New Russia, By



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The Daily Worker Pub. Co. 1113 W. Washington Boulevard, CHICAGO, ILL.

WIS. UNIONS **OPEN MEETING** AT GREEN BAY

Organizes

GREEN BAY, Wis., July 21.-With 23 new affiliations and with a balance in the treasury the Wisconsin State Federation opens its 34th annual convention in Green Bay. The officers report 324 local unions affiliated, 20 central bodies and one women's union label league. The executive board emphasizes that "labor's gains have been achieved in about the exact proportion that the labor unions and their federations have been developed." It calls for more rapid organization of

A Good Idea. The five labor colleges should be increased in number, the board recommends, but their control must remain in labor hands and their purpose continue to be the training of workers "for the labor movement-to make them useful as unionists."

The private armies financed by bankers in Illinois, Minnesota and elsewhere are determined and opposed in Wisconsin "an armed dictatorship by private interests." Wary But Not Wise.

The federation's legislative committee in its report cautions railroad workers that the federal Watson-Parker law will be effective only providing the workers do not "lose their identity as trade unionists by joining hands with the bosses in the so-called company unions."

Thompson's Report on Philippines to Favor Rubber Trust

MANILA, P. I., July 21.—Col. Carmi A. Thompson, personal representative of President Calvin Coolidge investigating the Philippine economic situation, will bring back a report, it is intimated, discouraging independence for the Filipinos as he has found that they can be easily exploited by Amertoan capital, "if they are treated

In his trip about the islands he has been investigating the extent of the June 10, and are now 600,000,000 natural resources and the availability of cheap labor power. In his report it is intimated he will stress the possibility of having large rubber plantations in the islands which will be of great value to the American rubber in-



A New Booklet

The **British** Strike

Its Background Its Lessons

By Wm. F. Dunne

10 CENTS.



READ ALSO:

British Labor Bids for Power. By Scott Nearing 10 Cents.

British Rule in India. By Shapurji Saklatvala. 10 Cents.

Whither England? By Leon Trotzky.

FALL OF FRANC, LEADING TO AN INCREASED COST OF LIVING, TO BRING STRIKES, IS PREDICTION MEET IGNORES

PARIS, July 21.-The tremendous fall in value of the franc which will lead to rapidly increasing prices and consequent reduction in the standards of living if the workers do not fight for concurrent wage increases, is the Shows Labor Gains as it item of most significant interest. Therefore a survey of the present situation of French economy is of world importance.

Trade Deficit.

French foreign trade was deficient by \$2,691,000,000 francs for the first half of 1926, while a year ago there was an export surplus of \$2,570,000,000.

India's Efforts to

and agricultural machinery.

British Police Kill.

Falling Franc Might

throw of Briand and Caillaux and the

ascendancy of Herriot, the radical so-

cialist and De Monzie, is a victory for

the Bank de Paris et Pays Bas, and

its boss. Horace Finlay, Austrian fi-

nancial genius, while it is a defeat

for another great banker. M. Lazard.

who is connected with Morgan and

Huffy at Thompson,

MANILA, P. I., July 21.-The first

designated ten newspaper men to ac

company Colonel Thompson. The lat-

ter therefore, invited the scribes to

company of New York.

the

day.

A Female Agent of Imperialism

uncrowned queen of Irak" because of guardian of King Feisal. She sur-

the personal influence she exerted rounded herself with elegant females

she is but one of the many adven- sidered it a great lark to use their

policy of striving to steal Mosul oil as a diplomat the workers of Britain

from the Turks, and consolidate its and of other countries that read of her

power for complete control of all land exploits will correctly consider her

the world wer. That year she devoted saying: "All is fair in love and wer!"

and glory.'

himself go alone.

his trip as was planned.

Gardens, 7001 Denison avenue.

Shadows," will be the speakers.

man imperialism. She was transform

ed to Egypt in 1915, where she oper-

ated as a spy for the "military in-

telligence" department back in Meso-

and it was there she became the

of the arstocracy of London who con-

personal charm upon the native chief-

tains in behalf of their "land of hope

While the imperialists may extol her

the madame of a government sub-

General Wood Gets

Be Free of Britain

This change was entirely due to the remendous increase in imports, which were 10,404,000,000 greater than a year ago-a 55 per cent increasewhile exports increased only 5,142,-000,000, or less than 24 per cent. Franc's Fall the Cause.

It is thought the heavy import surplus was largely due to the fall in French currency, which means heavy increases in expenditures to purchase foreign goods. On the other hand, French export prices have not risen sucfliently to offset the depreciation of the franc, because generally goods are offered to foreign customers at domestic prices.

Tonnage More Favorable. It is considered important, however, that tonnage figures for exports and imports are growing more favorable to France, and while imports for the first half of 1926 stand at 23,404,000 tons, which is 365,000 higher than the corresponding period in 1925, exports have reached 15,904,000 tons, or 819,-

000 more than a year ago. The main increases in imports were food products and raw materials, while the main export increases were raw materials and manufactured goods. In the first six months this year France imported 2,420,000 tons agents. of food products and exported 122,000

She imported 20,299,000 tons of raw materials and exported 12,961,000 tons. She imported 747,000 tons of manufactured goods and exported 2,221,000

These figures show the country is selling more manufactured goods than it buys, while it imports more food

products than it exports. Financial Bankruptcy. The statement of the Bank of proceeding to the holders. France for July 8 showed an increase of 1,510,000,000 francs in the note issue over the June 10 statement. Attache Jones pointed out, and circulation now stands at 54,860,000,000

000 francs since the statement of francs below the legal limit. The metallic reserve is now 5,890,-000,000 and discounts have shown an appreciable decrease of 740,000,000 francs to 47,700,000,000. Miscellaneous credits have increased by 760,-000,000 francs to 3,700,000,000 francs, and miscellaneous debits show a de-

francs, with an increase of 1,100,000,-

pared with last week. Coal Declines, Steel Rises. French production of coal and ligite during May showed a further de-March and stood at 3,942,000 metric tons, as compared with 4,700,000 tons during April and 4,566,000 during

crease of 930,000,000 francs as com-

Production of the French iron and steel industry is reaching record levels. Both foreign and domestic purchases are heavier; prices of material and productions are rising. May production of pig iron established new record of 783,000 metric tons and the output of steel ingots and castings was also high, at 667,000 tons.

Drunken Peace Officers Attack Muskogee Residents Cleveland I. L. D.

MUSKOGEE, Okla., July 21.-Five persons were shot and seven were beaten into unconsciousness in three small hotels by two drunken peace officers. One of the injured is expected to die. He is Paul Davis, Muskogee day, July 25, at the Sachsenheim county deputy sheriff who staged the

Fire Devastates California Towns. SONORA, Cal., July 21.-Two small towns were in ashes, an unidentified man badly burned and another town threatened this afternoon from the raging forest fire sweeping thru the reside in towns close around Cleve-Shylock." Stanislaus National Forest area in Sonora county. The towns of Quartz being made to care for 5,000 persons. and Stent were destroyed by the In case of a little rain there are plenty flames, which are now sweeping to of buildings on the grounds. Come, ward Standard City, a lumber village. rain or shine.

British spy and political agent,

Miss Gertrude Margaret Bell, whose

official position was oriental secretary

to Sir Henry Dobbs, the British high

commissioner for Mesopotamia, brot

to light some of the more sinister

pursuing its policy of subjecting col-

Dubbed in imperialist circles "the

upon the British puppet, King Feisal.

turesses who blaze the blood-streaked

The lady's intrigues in Mesopotamia,

where Britain pursues the two-fold

adjacent to India, extended over a

1912 when Europe was preparing for

period of thirteen years, beginning in sidized brothel.

trail of British imperialism.

DAVIS' SAFETY **WORKERS' HEALTH**

Dodge Proposals of the Trades Unions

> By LAURENCE TODD, Federated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 21.-Hushing up of the positive program of the Workers' Health Bureau-to which some 500,000 workers are affiliated-Alleged to "Moscow" was the final triumph of Secretary Davis' Industrial Accident Conference, in session in the capital. Only LONDON, July 21.-Attempts of the the protest of various trade union nillions of colonial slaves of Great delegates induced the chairman of the Britain in India to free themselves resolutions committee to permit the from British empire rule are disclosed reading of the bureau's resolutions, in government reports attacking the which had been buried in committee. movement as being "incited by Mos-Ethelbert Stewart, commissioner of the bureau of labor statistics, was suc-The Indian people's effort to get cessful in keeping the advocate of arms against their oppressors are althis critical proposal from explaining leged in statements regarding small it on the floor.

shipments of bayonets and small arms List Occupational Disease. labelled as wood cutting instruments The bureau resolution pointed out that the official estimate of 2.500.000 workers injured annually in the United States, with a loss of more CALCUTTA, July 21. - Seven nathan 227,169,000 working days and at ives were killed when police opened least \$1,022,000,000 in wages, ignored fire on a crowd alleged to be rioting the ravages of occupational diseases, both in lives and health. It declared over religious differences between Hindus and Moslems at a mosque in that 52 separate industrial poisons are Piakapara. Such clashes are becoma menace to health, with lead poisoning more frequent of late and it is ing in 133 trades, and industrial tubersuspected that the natives are being culosis steadily on the increase among incited against each other by British stone cutters, molders, potters, rock drillers, sand blasters and other workers employed in buffing, polishing and grinding processes. It mentioned the new occupational poisons, largely un-Clear Internal Debt regulated, such as tetra ethyl lead, which killed 11 workers and poisoned 114 others last year. It declared that PARIS, July 21.-M. De Monzie, the safety campaigns have failed to deal new finance minister, is reported not with occupational diseases, and have only to favor the capital levy, but also also failed to prevent such disasters to support the idea of wiping out inas the Gary steel by-products plant ternal debt by letting the franc deexplosion. It cited the annual toll of cline until it has completely disappear-2.500 killed in American coal mines. ed. This, however, will be a painful and the failure of mine owners to rock-rust their mines as advised by It is an open secret that the over-

> Need Health Protection. It favored action by congress to 'gain federal regulation and control of industrial hazards; reduction of hours of hazardous occupations, and uniform workmen's compensation laws for all the states, with payment of full wages and the best medical care for the entire period of disability." To carry out this positive program is proposed that a committee be appointed to formulate the necessary legislation, organized labor to have equal representation on such committee.

the safety experts of the government.

Agent of Coolidge Objection was made that this conerence was called to discuss only statistics. Most of the spokesmen of pen break between Governor General insurance companies, blg employers Wood and Colonel Carmi Thompson, and state governments were opposed "personal representative" of cline from the high levels reached in President Coolidge now investigating to any interference with state rights to handle industrial hazards. the Philippine Islands, came yester-

President Coolidge had, so it seems. Douglas Fairbanks and Mary Pickford to Sell Films to Soviet Union accompany himself and General Wood

on their trip thru the archipelago. (Special to The Daily Worker) Wood proposed that Thompson and Yesterday, finding that Thompson held out for his view, General Wood range for the direct sale of their films. the coming struggle for power withannounced that owing to "the pressure of business" he would be unable made their sales to the "Hovkino," ultra-left phrases and destructive to accompany Colonel Thompson on the Soviet movie trust, thru a Ger- vacillations.

It Is Uncle Shylock Picnic July 25 for U.S. in Britain

CLEVELAND, July 21. - Local (Special to The Daily Worker) Cleveland, International Labor De-LONDON, July 21. - The British ense, will hold its annual picnic Sun-Bishop William M. Brown, a memper of the national committee of the International Labor Defense, and masked as "help to Europe." Ralph Chaplin, author of "Bars and

Lord Northcliffe in the Daily Mail and Lord Rothermere in the Evening All members and sympathizers of Standard both nicture in words and the International Labor Defense who cartoons the United States as "Uncle land are invited. Preparations are

The Mail shows that Britain got no money on the loans, but only credit. "It bought with this, American goods at exorbitant prices, which were approved by the U.S. government, and which—paying taxes to the government-makes the United States government paid twice over."

THE recent death at Bagdad of the to the Arabian peninsula. The out-U. S. Naval Experts Instructing Brazil dad, conspiring against agents of Ger

(Special to The Dally Worker) WASHINGTON, July 21.-Brazil's government has renewed for four potamia, where she remained until her years its contract with the United machinations of British imperialism in death. In Bagdad her house, lavishly States for the services of naval exfurnished by British gold, was a perts for the instruction of officers in rendezvous for the imperialist banditti its navy.

This act, coming upon the heels of Brazil's withdrawal from the league of nations, adds to the uneasiness among other Latin American countries as to the relations being built up betwen Washington and Rio. Presence of American naval experts in Brazil as instructors and advisers has caused frequent criticism in the press of Argentina and Uruguay.

Aged Well Victim. BERRIEN SPRINGS, Mich., July 21. -B. A. Hamilton, 65, was smothered to death by falling earth here today Was it a Britisher who coined the when the walls of a dry well in which

FRANCE TO GET U. S. LOAN WHEN IT SUBMITS TO CONTROL; SECRET DEALS PRESAGE WAR UPON LABOR

By LAURENCE TODD, Federated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 21.-Until the French parliament ratifies the American debt settlement as signed in Washington, no American loans will be made to stop the downward plunge of the franc. Since the value of the French currency has fallen from 20 cents to 4 cents, and is likely to go lower, the French press has been promoting the idea that the Mellon policy would be relaxed, and that Secretary Kellogg would favor American bankers' loans to save the franc from ruin. But the Washington atmosphere is hostile to that scheme

While officials would not be caught saying anything publicly, which might be claimed by the French to be an attempt to hammer the franc, it is

known that they have not changed+ their demands. They insist that the Paris and Nice for nearly ten weeks, debt settlement be approved by the French parliament. Until that is done, let France get loans elsewhere

Talk About the Weather, Maybe. This disclosure is interesting be-

cause Finance Minister Caillaux is quoted in press cables from Paris as saying that he has assurances that this debt settlement can be modified. The French immediately jump at the conclusion that Benjamin Strong, governor of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, who has been conducting secret negotiations with the French finance ministry for several months past, has made terms with Caillaux. They think the Federal Reserve banks are about to make a big loan to France, secured by industrial property, to stabilize the franc

The American debt commission members in Washington are—at least outwardly - ridiculing the whole thing. They say Strong is not aunot there for that purpose. Strong has s not a man who generally wastes months in talking about trivial things. constantly with him in London and man labor.

is also to be explained on some other theory than that the two men are talking about the weather.

lar loan needed to stabilize the franc sion sure to follow will be granted by Wall Street.

Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Winston has come home from a visit with Strong and Norman in London and Paris. Now Secretary Mellon is to go over. And from his conferences with these other men, modified by advice from the summer White House and state department and the big bankers in New York, will finally come a French surrender to American money-lenders. Economists bethorized to negotiate any loans, and is lieve that the outcome will be a lowering of the living standards of milsaid nothing as to his errand, but he lions of French workers, just as the pressure on the German mark, followed by stabilization under the The fact that Montagu Norman, head Dawes plan, reduced the wages and of the Bank of England, has been lengthened the working hours of Ger-

Cook Up Attack on Labor. Apparently, then, Benjamin Strong s telling the French government that it must accept the debt pact and mercilessly cut down its budget, and give ample security, before the billion-doland tide over the industrial depres-

BERLIN DISTRICT OF THE METAL **WORKERS VOTES FOR COMMUNIST PROGRAMS IN UNION'S ELECTION**

BERLIN, July 21.-The Communist victory in the elections in the Berlin district of the Metal Workers' Union has far-reaching political significance. After long years of retrogression and the isloation of the Communist Party a turning point has now come.

The electoral fight in Berlin took place under peculiarly difficult circumstances as the party and the working class were concentrating their

forces upon the people's referendum. The opposition in the union fought De Valera Gets program which included the most urgent needs of the proletariat in its daily struggle.

The weak participation in the elec tion and the majority for the opposition show that whilst the advance guard of the German proletariat is de terminedly on the side of the revolution, nevertheless the broad masses are still passive. The process of revolutionizing the masses is already go ng on, but its only in development.

The most important tasks in the present moment are to liquidate the passivity amongst the masses and at the same time to win the advance

The method of accomplishing this Irish Republic was also passed. banks and Mary Pickford are plan- ries and trade unions, a clear attining to go to the Soviet Union to ar- tude, the mobilization of all forces for Up to the present time they have out false compromises and without

Senate Probe Into Illinois Vote Bribery to Start on July 26

CHICAGO, July 21. - Members of press has begun a veritable campaign Senator Jim Reed's investigating comagainst paying the United States the mittee are expected to assemble in debt owing them by Great Britain and Chicago July 26 to start looking into is scorchingly attacking the United the alleged \$3,000,000 de luxe primary States for its financial imperialism in which Frank L. Smith beat Senator McKinley for the republican senatorial nomination. Senator Caraway says he has heard that Smith spent \$2,000,000 and McKinley \$1,000,000 in the tussle. Caraway has also charged that labor men, including President John Walker of the Illinois State Federation, and President Frank Farrington of the Illinois Mine Workers, han dled some of the money.

Workers' Unity Assn. Demands New Trial for Sacco-Vanzetti

NEW YORK, July 21 .- The Workers' Unity Association adopted a resolution protesting against the attempt being made to legally murder Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti and demanding a new trial for these two Italian workers.

WRITE AS YOU FIGHT!

Vote of Confidence from Irish-Americans

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 31. -Resolutions endorsing the policy of camonn de Valera that Irish repubicans take seats in the Dail Eireann if they do not have to take an oath of allegiance to the king of England were adopted by the American Association for the Recognition of the Irish Republic.

A resolution condemning the United States for refusing to recognize the

A boycott of all English-made good was urged. A resolution congratulating the Egyptians for "defying the might of the British empire and its continuous attempt to dominate their country" was unanimously passed.

Shamokin Miners' Union Aids Passaic

PASSAIC, N. J., July 21.—The folowing letter has been received, with check for \$25, from Local No. 3883. United Mine Workers of America: "Shamokin, Pa., July 8, 1926.

Mr. Gustave Deak, Treasurer, "Passaic Textile Strikes.

"Dear Sir: I received your second appeal for aid and I read it in our local meeting and I am giad to state that the members voted to forward you an additional \$25 to add to our former donations.

"We all wish we could be there to help you in your fight. Keep the good work up. Very truly yours.

"Local No. 3883, United Mine Workers of America. "N. H. Beisal, Secretary."

Illinois Central Crash in Chicago Injures 8

ed injured seriously and scores of others cut and bruised in a collision of Illinois Central suburban trains on the south side in Chicago today.

A northbound express train was believed to have crashed into the rear end of another northbound train, a local, between Twenty-second and Twenty-eighth streets.

GRAND ANNUAL PICNIC

at SACHSENHEIM GARDENS, 7001 Denison Ave. JULY 25, 1926, Beginning at 10 A. M.

Speeches beginning at 3:30 p. m. by RALPH CHAPLIN, workers' poet and author of "Bars and Shadows", and BISHOP WM. M. BROWN, the heretic bishop and author of "Communism and Christianism." Games-Sports-Contests-Tug-o-War

DANCING-Union Orchestra 5:30 to 9:30. Admission 50 Cents. This includes a three month subscription-to The Labor Defender. Auspices: Local Cleveland, International Labor Defense,

414 W. Superior Ave.



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Wis. 10
David Coutts, Omaha. Neb. 100
John Calrns, South Bellingham, Wash. 20
Gustaf Hygard, South Bend,

P. Lodsin, Gleason, Wis. D. H. McDonald, White Lake,

OS ANGELES, CALIF.-

Anna Cornblath 100
A. Segal 45
Walter Sellert 20
Pan Dill, Plaster City, Calif. 75
Rosa C. Powell, Richmond, Cal. 45
Louis Touby, Miami, Fla. 90
B. S. Williams, Lakeland, Fla. 45
John Gritz, Montreal, Canada 10

Find Man Who Tried

to Warn Mellett of

His Impending Murder

CANTON, Ohio, July 21.-With Ora

Slater, the private detective who is

in charge of the Mellett slaving case

here and Deputy Sheriff Ed. Gibson,

when they left for Pittsburgh this af-

ternoon, was a man who was on the

time of the murder.

75

Mo.Herbert Friedericks, Mil-

August Hellsten ... Carl Williamson ...

M. Martinson, College Point,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.—

M. Pasternak

John Svornich

Sam Essman ..

Fmil Honegger

CHICAGO, ILL.—
Peter Chylek
N. Green
John Heindrickson

Rudy Salup B. Vinograd

B. VinogradW. Yakimetz

Leo Kling

Elsie Levitt

Workers (Communist) Party

Forward to the Industrial Town!

By BERT MILLER.

"THE enlarged plenum of the executive committee of the Communist International believes that the party of the industrial workers in the light must devote more attention than industries in the larger cities and we heretofore to such decisive sections of are neglecting the "decisive section" the workers as miners, the railroad in the smaller cities in the heavy inworkers, the metal workers, etc. Not for one moment may the fact be lost of the big city. No one will deny its sight of that in a country like Amer- driving force. No one will deny its ica the decisive section is the proletariat of heavy industry, and not the against the American capitalist class. workers of light industry."-Adopted by the enlarged executive of the Com-

munist International. This resolution has been unanimously accepted and approved by our party membership. But its true significance many have not realized. In opposite direction. This is clearly demonstrated by the drift of the most active elements toward the larger cit- found. Modern capitalism has long ies. In small cities and towns the party member is rare who does not ciency of the large city. Industrial cherish the hope that he may some day realize his ambition to live in the the shortcomings of our big cities. big city. The result is that there is a Modern industry has therefore shown constant drain of the most active and a distinct tendency toward the buildvaluable elements of our party from same time the centers of heavy industry and of the larger industrial plants. | dous growth of superpower systems This existing tendency is a menace to thruout the country. the growth of our party. It is contrary to the line of development of the larger New England manufacturmodern American industry and it is ers, we find that the plants with one a tendency away from the policy laid | thousand employes or more run somedown for us by the Communist International.

According to the last United States census of 1920 of the thirty million wage earners engaged in non-agricul- in Quincy, General Electric Company tural pursuits, approximately eleven million, or only 33 per cent, are to be Brockton, American Brass Company found in the 62 largest cities of the country. Of this number only about few of the larger plants are to be five million or one-sixth of all the found in the large cities, like New industrial workers, are to be found in York, Chicago, Boston, Philadelphia. the eight largest cities (New York, etc. Chicago, Boston, Philadelphia, Detroit,

Kansas City Opens

Intense Drive for

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 21 .-- An

intensive membership drive was de-

cided on at a general membership

meeting. The goal is one new mem-

ber for each comrade. The organiza-

tion committee is leading and direct-

ing the work. Comrades of the shop

nuclei are planning to take advantage

of the spirit of the campaign and in-

crease the organized opposition to

company unions that eixst in all

plants where we have shop nuclei.

The trade union fractions have a se-

able for party membership that will

Committees of twos are formed by

the street nuclei that are using the

organization committee is arranging

Washington, Friday at 8 p. m. July 30.

An effort is being made to get the

ganization of the party to get back

into the harness and pull with the

tian fractions will be called within a

few weeks. The committees of twos

are already on the job.

price is only 50 cents a year.

Meetings of the Russian and Croa

Get your friends to subscribe to the

American Worker Correspondent. The

rest of us.

be visited in the coming weeks.

ters. To make matters worse, this one-sixth is concentrated in the light industries. In other words, we are concentrating our efforts on one-sixth

dustries. No one will deny the motive power importance in the coming struggles But to concentrate solely upon these centers would be a grave error for our

party. It is evident that the party has not vet orientated itself to the current trend of modern industry toward the small industrial town in which the fact there is a strong current in the largest and most important trustified plants are located and in which the majority of the industrial workers are been aware of the waste and ineffiengineers have long ago pointed out ing of large factory units outside of the smaller centers, which are at the the large cities. This tendency has been aided materially by the tremen-

Taking at random the directory of what as follows: United States Cartridge Co. in Lowell, American Bosch Magneto Company in Springfield. Bethlehem Shipbuilding Corporation in Lynn, Douglas Shoe Company in in Waterbury, etc. As a general rule

where our party has its strongest cen- city, the seat of big industry? To some extent it has as its basis a similar tendency among the American working class of which our party is a section. American capitalism is still in a position to hold out the hope of economic betterment in the big city, to the worker who is willing to migrate, to the one who is willing to take a chance. In other words, American capitalism is still able to lure the most active and adventurous element out of the drabness of the smaller town to the big city. Our own party members apparently are not immun to the disease of opportunism, which seeks some easier and less thorny path to the revolution. The danger of this tendency to our party de mands that we speak in the plainest terms. The migration of active comrades from the smaller to the larger cities in many cases is nothing more or less than an act of desertion of Communist duty. It should be brand

ed as such wherever the tendency

shows itself. Altho there are weaker elements which will inevitably drift toward the larger cities and away from the key posts in the big industrial plants, they must be replaced by stronger and more determined elements from the big cities. The party must turn its face to the industrial town and the most active elements will be the first to respond to this call. A few active elements can reap a tremendous har vest for our party in a plant like the General Electric Company with 12,000 workers or the Hood Rubber Company with 9,000 workers. Here are often workers of the most militant type, virgin soil which has never been touched by either a labor organizer or the socialist party. There they are, waiting for our message. To be sure, it requires untiring patience to deal with these backward elements. To be sure it requires considerable courage to fight the power of a big corporation in a town where it owns everything from the corner grocery store to the police How can we account for the party's department. But what good is a Com-Cleveland, Buffalo and Pittsburgh), drift away from the small industrial munist without patience and conrage:

On to Moscow! FABLE 4 WILL Subs Received July 1, 2 and 3. Points Total BOSTON, MASS .-

5,545

100

BUGHOUSE FABLE No. 4

By Our Retiring Reporter. John Fitzpatrick was dictating an article urging recognition of Soviet Russia for publication in the official organ of the Chicago Federation of Labor when your retiring reporter was announced.

When Mr. Fitzpatrick shouted into the dictaphone: "Long live the revolution and may the Workers' Party live until then," I opined that he was thru for the day, and I was right. "This will make the officialdom of

the American Federation of Labor sore," he chuckled as he lit up his well-seasoned pipe and put his boots industrial liberty of this country. Of pendent political action, through a laon the table, almost waking Ed Nockels, whose shoes seemed to take up all the rest of the space.

"Now shoot," said John, goodnaturedly. "I know you came to interview me."

He Likes the Daily. I admitted that he was right, so I

shot. "What do you think of The DAILY WORKER?'

"It is my favorite morning paper," he replied, "but it does not go after the right wing labor leaders strong enough to suit me. I like your stand on the injunction issue, however, and believe your labor party program is a beaut.'

"What section of the paper do you read first?" was the next question.

300 Staff Column His Favorite. "Frankly," he replied with some 45 1,540 hesitation, "I always turn to the funny column on the editorial page, and if survive the rest of it I have the edi torial comment on the first page for desert. What The DAILY WORKER

needs is a few more columns.' "But then it would be all columns," observed.

"So much the better," he replied. "the people are under the impression that all columnists are men of genius and as long as they think that way why not humor them."

"That's an opportunistic deviation," corrected. "We must not give the masses what they want, but what they need."

"That's the only point I don't agree with Trotsky on," he came back. "Unless we cater to the moods of the masses we are liable to degenerate into a sect. I am going to write a thesis on this.

Strong for Left Wing. "What is our opinion of the policy of organizing progressive locals in the unions and central bodies?" "The fact is that I was one of the

first to propose such a policy. That i how I got rid of Skinny Madden and his gang. I tell you, only for your fellows in the federation it would be as quiet as a morgue. Once in a while I talk kind of nasty to you in order to get the socialists started. We must have opposition. Keep at it, boys and don't pay much attention to me My plan is to turn over the leadership to you as soon as Ed and myself retire on a pension."

Just then Nockels woke and asked if Foster showed up. When he was told that he had not appeared Nockels swore that he would be late for his creasing from day to day. In the last speech on the federation radio. That ended the interview.

vicinity of the Mellett home about the North Side I. L. D. "Adopts" Billings The man, whose identity was not revealed and who was well guarded

The Warren K. Billings branch is because he feared for his life, is to the new name of the North Side Eng- from the railroad companies so they face George Psialias in Pittsburgh tolist Branch of the International Labor Defense. This was decided on at the It is now a serious situation for the It was learned that he is a rather last meeting when the branch "adopt- miners in the United States. Only prominent citizen of Canton and was ed" Billings and decided to send him formerly an employe of the Canton Daily News. Belief was expressed

that this is the man who tried in vain him. to warn Mellett after he had gotten A telegram was sent to Governor the slain man's address and telephone Fuler of Massachusetts demanding a number from Earl Shaeffer, press fore. new trial for Nicola Sacco and Barman of the Canton Daily New about tolomeo Vanzetti. A house-to-house fight for a militant miners' union. 45 minutes before the fatal shots canvass with Sacco-Vanzetti petitions was decided upon.

We have many times pointed out that the Boy Scouts is an organization, which is organized by the bosses and controlled by them. Boy Scouts are developed in the spirit of loyalty to the ruling class. Thru the Boy Scouts' rganizations the capitalists are trying to develop the working youth into slaves for their profits and ready fighters for their interests all over the world. The last news that the chief of the executive of the scouts, Edw. D. Shaw, vas recently elected as general secretary of the Merchants' and Manufactur-

WILL YOUR WORKERS LEAGUE

Republican Party Calls Congresses to Legalize

The leaders of the republican party republican party was primarily res-

in the U.S. issued a call to arms to ponsible for the defeat of the child

workers in their fight against child setts state. Now the republicans and

triotic elements in the U.S., to call struggle, which the class conscious

course, industrial liberty for the capi- bor Party will they be able to make

talist class, means increase of exploi- the first step in the fight against this

Also Chief Executive of Boy Scouts

tation of the American masses. The social evil-"child labor."

Sec'y of Manufacturers' Association

the Increase of Child Labor in the U.S.

labor amendment in the Massachu-

the democrats want to counteract the

workers are leading against child la-

bor. It is the duty of every young

worker to bring this attitude of the

republican party, towards child labor,

to the masses of the young workers

and to show them that only by inde-

ers' Association, shows concretely that one organization is not far ideologically from the other. This is a concrete example how the good care that the youth should be nanufacturers are sending in their developed in slavery and "good work-

representatives to the Boy Scouts' ers for the future." The Boy Scouts organization to take care of the youth or their own interests. It is now understood why the first principle of the Boy Scouts is loyalty

oppose the combined efforts of the

labor. In their call they urge the pa-

conferences all over the country, to

defend the constitution, against "at-

They refer in their agitation mater-

ial, which they are constantly publish-

ing that the amendment is against the

tacks from the radicals."

as strike breakers, and fights against organized labor. to the government, to his employer. The executive of the Boy Scouts, who are at the same time close to the and to reveal the main face of the Manufacturers Association are taking Boy Scouts as a bosses' organization.

It is the duty of every conscious young worker to agitate the workers

organization serves in many occasions

Thousands of Young Workers Are Idle in Pennsylvania Mines

The bituminous industry in Pennsylvania is seriously crippled by the invasion of cheap coal from the unorganized fields into its market. This of course, affects the mine production in the union fields. The testimony to the mining commission was that out of 1,200 mines in Pennsylvania 700 are idle and thousands of miners among them many young workers, are out of work.

The standard of living in the union fields is falling back to the level of the nonunion fields.

The young miners are the first to be thrown out of work and the first to suffer from unemployment. It is the task of the young miners in Pennsylvania to fight militantly for a stronger union, which will help them to better their conditions.

The mining situation is getting worse and worse. The offensive against the union and the miserable conditions of the miners is in full speed. The nonunion fields are inhree years the bankers, large nonunion fields have been encouraged to make new investments in the nonunion mines.

The mining companies are in control of things in Washington and the nonunion status of their mines will be well protected by the law. The nonunion mines receive special rates can fight the union more effectively. thru a strong and militant union wil \$5 monthly and to keep in touch with the miners be able to overcome this crisis and better their conditions. The young miners, who are always in the forefront of the struggles of the workers, must now do their share in the

Section Four Y. W. L. Sendoff for District School Students

As a sendoff to the Chicago students for the District 8 Young Workers' League School, Section 4 is arranging

a big sendoff party for Saturday evening, July 31, at the Freiheit Hall, 3209 West Roosevelt road.

Chicago has never yet seen anything like what is being planned for this party. A real living newspaper, with comic section and all, speakers who will be short and snappy, an entirely new Pioneer program, refreshments, dancing-these are only some of the things you will miss if you don't come.

No worker, young or old, can afford to miss this sendoff party Saturday evening, July 31, at Fresheit Hall, 3209 West Roosevelt road. No tickets-admission 35 cents at the door.

Austrian Youth Demand Visas for Russian Delegation

The refusal of the Austrian government to give visas for the Russian youth delegation, is condemned by the Austrian youth. The youth organizations elected a special delegation to visit the mayor of Vienna and demanded immediate permission of the Russian delegation to enter Russia. The answer of the mayor was not sat-

The delegation immediately went to the prime minister, who altogether refused to hear the delegation.

A national conference of all youth organizations of Austria is being held to fight the barring of the Russian delegation from Austria.

Hammond Pioneers Hold Picnic in Gary on Sunday, July 25

HAMMOND, Ind., July 21. - The Young Pioneers of Hammond will hold a picnic Sunday, July 25, at Clark Rd. and Ninth Ave., Gary, Ind. This picnic was postponed from

July 11, to July 25. All workers from Gary, Hammond, Indiana Harbor, Whiting and East Chicago are urged to come. Admission

Why Not Become a Worker Correspondent?

in the AUGUST ISSUE of the

The Youth Material

LABOR DEFENDER

warrants that the whole of the Young Workers (Communist) League should join in a wide distribution of this issue. Articles by Sam Darcy, Max Shachtman are among the contributions about George Papcun, Paul Crouch and other

champions of the workers' cause. ---- FILL OUT THE BLANK BELOW -----Young Workers (Communist) League of America, 1113 W. Washington Blvd.,

Chicago, III. Please send me a bundle of copies of the August issue of the Labor Defender at 8c per copy.

Enclosed please find check for same. I will pay for these after they are sold. Comradely yours,

25 Party Papers Will Compete at **New Party Members**

than all of its predecessors. Almost 25 different workingclass papers are participating, most of the papers printted in various languages, including of course The DAILY WORKER and the Young Worker. Each language group is plugging hard to bring their friends and sympathizers to the picnic. Tickets are being sold in advance for 40c. Admission at the gate will be 50c.

lected list of trade unionists desir-Tickets sold in advance by language groups entitle them to keep 35c. of each ticket sold for the benefit of their paper. The intention of the picnic is mailing list of The DAILY WORKER to rally the masses in support of the and other lists of names of sympa-Chicago working class press. All thizers for party membership. The

meetings for the language fractions, meetings to take place in different parts of the city with speakers and discussions on the political party of the working class. The English speaking fraction is arranging a meeting to be held at the Musicians' Hall, 1017

Springfield Miner members who were lost in the reor-Found in Wheat Field

> on the body beside the bullet wound and a scalp wound. Identification was made by Alexander Allen of this

Chicago Press Picnic

The Fifth Annual Workers Party Press Picnic promises to be greater

Rain or shine the picnic will be held.

course be there in full force. The speakers at the picnic will be Wm. Z. Foster and C. E. Ruthenberg. Interesting games are being planned. Remember the day of the Press

Picnic, Sunday August 1, at Riverview Park, Western, Clybourne and Belmont Avenues.

Near Point of Death

MASON CITY, Ill., July 21.-A man identified as Rube Whittaker, a Springfield, Ill., miner was found shot thru the head in a wheat field near here, when the team which James Adkins, a farmer, was driving at tached to a reaper became frightened and bolted. Adkins investigated, finding the man in a dying condition. He was taken to the city hall, where he

lies at the point of death. There were no marks of violence

Pittsburgh Local International Labor Defense

PICNIC

SATURDAY, JULY 24th at SCHUETZEN PARK, Millvale

WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

WILL SPEAK.

Dancing-Games-Other Attractions

DIRECTIONS-Take Millvale Car No. 3 on Ninth and Penn Ave. Go to end of line. Trucks will take you to the park. By auto-follow the Eergreen Road to the park.

......

POLICE CHIEF MAY BE DUB; PERHAPS NOT

But Keep Your Fins in Your Jeans

CLEVELAND, July 21.-The Cleve land Plain Dealer, a local morning paper, has just finished a contest in fingerprinting. All readers and interested people were requested to send in their fingerprints, which were examined by George Koestle, superin tendent of the bureau of criminal identification, Cleveland police depart

Mr. Koestle states that there are 30,000 fingerprints registered with the DAILY WORKER supporters will of police, since in addition to the ostengerprints were taken, they "are useful in protecting innocent people against fraud and impersonation. They are making it very easy for the gullible workers to hand over their fingerprints to the police department. Of course, none of them suspect that the police department will keep them on record and will use them when the

proper time arrives. This is evidently a forerunner of general fingerprinting, registering and photographing of the workers of this country. So much fun, you know, putting it thru in this fashion.

Sheet Metal Workers Unable to Agree on Jurisdictional Pact

WASHINGTON, July 21.—Altho the executive board of the Sheet Metal Workers' International Association met at its headquarters in Washington on July 12, with delegates invited from all its 150 locals, to discuss the jurisdictional peace agreement signed with the carpenters, no decision was forthcoming as late as July 15.

The difficulty in decision is said to ie in the views of two members of the executive board-one from Chicago and one from Cleveland-to certain points in the agreement. Delegates from the total unions from all sections of the country were said to have urged ratification.

Soda Fountain Clerks of Chicago Organize

Rapid progress made by the Soda Dispensers' Alliance in organizing the soda fountain clerks, particularly in drug stores, is attributed to the starvation wage paid these workers. Organizer E. W. Parlee of the Hotel and Restaurant Employes, assigned to the task, reports that the clerks work 10 shops which manufacture on their to 12 hours a day, seven days a week. But they get so little pay, Parlee says, The third group includes both types. that after they have taken care of room rent and laundry there isn't enough money left for proper food, and "a few hours after they receive stead of the theoretical 44 hours. their pay envelopes they are broke." Their average weekly earnings were ed Local 351, Soda Dispensers' Al- ployed at any time during the year lience.

IRREGULAR EMPLOYMENT CUTS INTO GARMENT WORKERS' WAGES

employes, as shown in a payroll study made for the advisory commission ap-The study shows that where theoret-\$50 a week the actual weekly average the shop.

Earnings of 30,000.

The study covers the 1925 earnings of about 30,000 workers in the cloak, suit and skirt shops of New York city. These shops belong to 3 groups, the American Assn. shops, the Industrial Council shops and the independent shops. The first group includes typical submanufacturing shops producing for jobbers and wholesale houses. The wholesalers supply both the materials and the styles. The second group includes own and sell directly to retailers.

American Association.

In American Assn. shops the workin these shops employment averaged entire plant was ablaze

pointed by the governor of New York. ing an average of \$41.50 a week. But ical earnings should average close to the year in these shops was only 31.6 varies from \$26 to \$36 according to ings \$36. In independent shops the averages were 34.9 hours and \$39.70 a week and 29.4 hours and \$33.60 for all workers throughout the year.

> dustrial Council shops manufacturing directly for the retail trade gave their workers fuller employment and better earnings than subcontract shops manufacturing to the order of jobbers and wholesale establishments. The difference in favor of the employes of Industrial Council shops amounted in 1925 to \$500, their annual average earnings being \$1,874 compared with

Warren, Pa., July 21. - Firemen confined their efforts today to preventers averaged 29.7 hours a week, in ing the million-dollar Jamieson Refinery fire from spreading to nearby refineries. Starting from an exploding Over 700 fountain workers have join \$34.80. But including all workers em- oil pump, fire spread rapidly to the Jamieson wax storeroom and soon the

Irregular employment, characteris- [throughout the year only 22.7 hours ic of the ladies' garment industry, se- a week, while average weekly earnverely cuts the annual earnings of the lings were only \$26.40.

Industrial Council shops averaged 36.5 hours employment a week, paythe average of all workers throughout hours and their average weekly earn-

The report thus shows that the In-

\$1,000,000 Oil Fire in Pennsylvania.

\$1,374 in the subcontract shops.

SPEED-UP RIDS FORD OF ALL AGED WORKERS

One Must Do Work of Two in Jersey Plant

By a Worker Correspondent

JERSEY CITY, N. J., July 21 .- The early morning cars speed towards the Ford Kearney plant over the Plank Road well packed with men. No old men can be seen in this group. The men that can be seen are young. Their ages range from 20 to 40. The old men have long ago been weeded out by the excellent speed-up system of the mills.

Conveyor Belts.

With a double ring of bells, the belts in the plant start the conveyors running in all directions. Each foreman and straw boss is busy devising schemes of how to reduce the force and increase the production.

Blackboards are on display in each department reminding the workers that their department is falling behind in its production or that it is just barely keeping up with the standard demanded by Henry Ford, the flivver magnate.

Slack Periods.

Slack periods are frequent in these mills. The men are oftentimes sent home at 11 in the morning or at 2 in the afternoon. After working four days at top speed they are laid off for the rest of the week. They are paid for but four days' work, tho they have done six days' work in those four

Ford's Sense of Crime.

Henry Ford, in one of his latest "literary masterpieces," declares that he considers it a crime to hire two men to do the work that can be done by one. In his shops all of the bosses are following out that mandate of the flivver king. If a worker is not able to work at the pace the boss demands he is fired and someone else is hired until one can be found to keep up with the pace. The work is such that after a year or so the worker is close to being a nervous wreck. This does not bother Ford, as he considers it a greater "crime to let two men do the work that can be done by one."

Mendozza Will Lead Orchestra at New York Passaic Strike Concert

By a Worker Correspondent

NEW. YORK, July 21.-David Mendozza, conductor at the Capital Theater of New York, will lead the orchestra of 100 selected players chosen from the symphony and philharmonic orchestras. David Mendozzo ranks among the foremost conductors in Greater New York. He has offered his services gratis for the benefit of the textile strikers' children.

The gala concert at the Coney demonstration ever held in behalf of the textile strikers' children of Passaic and vicinity when the stadium is packed to its full seating capacity of

Coney Island Stadium August 28 at and that it was nothing more than a

"The Red Savior"

"The Story of China"

POEMS

by the best proletarian poets

including

"The Mother Curse"

By MICHAEL GOLD.

Second Lesson in Reading

By ARTHUR W. CALHOUN.

Don't miss this invaluable

series of articles by a noted

educator.

Children." Translated by A. Landy.

on the history of great American fortunes.

SATURDAY

JULY 24 ISSUE

WILL CONTAIN THESE UNUSUAL FEATURES::

A splendid little play by the author of "Fairy Tales for Workers'

Second installment of a story of a great people's struggle for libera-

The History of the Wealth of J. P. Morgan

A story of the rise of great wealth accumulated from the bitter ex-

ploitation of American labor. The first of a series of splendid articles

tion by a writer who has taken part in it for many years.

Book Prizes

given next week for the best stories or news item of worker correspondence.

Prize winners announced in the issue of Friday, July 23.

a new book and one that will make a splendid addition to a worker's library. Attractively cloth bound.

"LENIN ON ORGANIZATION"-

"KING COAL"-a novel by Upton Sinciair. A splendid story for

"THE GREAT STEEL STRIKE," by William Z. Foster. A remarkable account of the great strike of

Subscribe for

THE AMERICAN WORKER COR-RESPONDENT-a monthly magazine of the workers who write for the workingclass press. Learn how and what to write. 50c a year.

Jobless Should Steer Clear of San Diego, Cal.

By a Worker Correspondent SAN DIEGO, Cal., July 21.—The slave market here is similar in many ways to a livestock market. The unemployed stand around in front of the buy their labor-power. The masters they go elsewhere.

One day as I was standing in the slave mart I saw a master examining the hands of one of the workers. The worker jerked his hands away and told this purchaser of labor power to get away. Another master looking around like a sly wolf for his prey, was approached by a young lad and asked: "Are you looking for a man?" 'Yes," answered the boss, "but I don't want you. You smoke cigarettes."

This boss then walked over to a big husky and patting him on the back asked him if he wanted to go to work The big husky, who had seen the atti-Island Stadium will be the biggest tude of the boss towards the young worker, refused to take the job.

There are many workers drifting into the city here. Most of them come here because of the advertisements of union, but insist that conditions be a boom here. When they get here changed so that they may operate This concert will take place at the they find out that they have been fooled profitably. This, however, appears to chamber of commerce publicity stunt.

By H. M. Chang

CARTOONS

by

Fred Ellis

Hay Bales

A. Jerger

and other leading proletarian

artists.

Vose -

OHIO MINERS MUST FIGHT

Many Miners Are Unemployed for Over Year

By a Worker Correspondent.

COLUMBUS, O., July 21 .- The coal operators of this state have organized to resume full time operations on "a broad policy respecting the employment of labor." For some time the coal operators have been trying to get the officials of the United Mine Workers' Union into conference in order to convince them that it is absolutely necessary for the miners to go down to the 1917 scale in order that the mines of southeastern Ohio may compete with the mines in West Virginia, Tennesce and Kentucky.

Seventy-five operators from all over the state met here on July 12 and deliberated on how to re-employ the 75 per cent of the miners who are idle today, some of them having been out of employment for more than a year. Unanimity of opinion reigned thruout the sessions, altho very little information has reached the outside world. Horace Robbins, of Cleveland, who was chairman of the meeting, refused to interpret the "broad policy" as meaning the open shop. He is leaving that to the public to infer. "We will reach the union and non-union question when that point in the controversy is reached," he said. "Our one objective is to open the mines." What the attitude of the operators is has been clear for some time. Mr. Maher, a big Cleveland coal operator, recently sent out a letter to the miners insist ing upon a "modification of the scale," which had only one meaning-a reduc

Start Over Again.

The miners are not ready to make any concession to the operators. They know that once they accept any re duction in wages the same cry will go up. The West Virginia. Kentucky and Tennessee operators will reduce the wages of their men and the vicious

cycle will be entered upon once more. The resolution which was adopted at the meeting states that "the indusmarket place waiting for a master to try be placed upon a basis which, while fair to the miner, yet will perdrive up in their big automobiles, care- mit of the early and general resumpfully examine the workers and if they tion of successful operation of these fail to find the one they are seeking mines in the competition which they encounter in marketing their coal."

This is a declaration of war on the United Mine Workers' organization in this state. The miners are in a bad condition. Only 7,000 of the 52,000 minersin the union in this state are working under union conditions. As stated above, many of them have been without work for more than a year, some for more than two years. Many of them have been living on \$3 a week contributed by the union. This is an untenable situation, and the miners

must prepare to fight.

Whether it is an offensive against the union is hard to tell at the present time. The individual operators, in occasional statements, have declared that they have nothing against the be a smokescreen—they are out to kill the union and are preparing for the expiration of the agreement on April 1, 1927. In any case, a union that accepts the terms of the operators is no union: a union that will not fight to improve the conditions of the workers is no union. This time the miners face the issue of whether the union is to be saved or not.

The southeastern Ohio miners will meet the challenge of the coal operators and will fight.

Cigarmakers' Election By Hermina Zur Muhlen Result Not Yet Known;

By a Worker Correspondent.

Results of the referendum election f the Cigarmakers' International Union will not be known until some time in August, it is announced at the headquarters in Chicago, where the canvassing board begins its work

The presidency was contested by First Vice-President I. M. Ornburn of New Haven, Conn., and Wm. Lemke of Cincinnati. The veteran president, G. W. Perkins, declined to run for his interest in the work of the Union Labor Life Insurance Co.

A Chicago committee backing Ornburn declared in a circular July 1: "The removal of restrictive laws in our constitution has opened the doors and made possible the organization of all classes of cigarmakers, such as team workers, machine operators, etc. These restrictions were only removed after years of untiring efforts on the plunge over. part of a few far-sighted officials and members of our union. It is now Women's Club Holds conceded by the great majority of union members that we must include in our organization all branches of the industry if we are to succeed in

rehabilitating the trade." The subscription price to the Amer-

WAUKEGAN CLOTHING BOSSES HIT BY FINES FOR LAW VIOLATIONS; HAVE EVADED THE AMALGAMATED

By MAUD McCREERY. (Federated Press Staff Correspondent)

WAUKEEGAN, Ill., July 21 .- For the second time within five months, William Granert and Edwin Rothschild, heads of the Granert and Rothschild firm manufacturing men's clothing in Waukegan, were arrested on complaints of condition of employment in their shop, pleaded guilty and paid fines when they were hauled into court this week on warrants issued by State's Attorney A. V. Smith.

The second arrest was on Smith's initiative. He sent Maud McCreery, representative of The Federated Press who is here investigating industrial conditions as they affect women, and Ida Himmelrigh, official of the Waukegan Humane Society, into the plant to investigate sanitary conditions after complaints had come to him from employes who did not dare appear for fear of losing their jobs.

Bad Conditions

The investigators reported the washrooms apparently not having been swept and scrubbed for several days and only four towels in sight for 75 women. One of these towels was a roller used commonly by the years of age and the failure of the firm to have posted in plain view the self-appointed officials of the union

and costs. They pleaded for another chance on the insanitary condition complaint and promised to have the washrooms carefully cleaned every day. They were given an opportunity to make good.

After the case was closed it was declared she was 15.

Six Dollar Wage-And Docked.

working there," Attorney Smith dethree weeks that would bring their weekly wage to \$12 and that, instead of receiving the bonus, deductions had been made in their \$6 wage. One of the women charged she had received only \$4.50 and that her carfare and lunch cost nearly that much.

The firm pleaded guilty and paid \$118.02, the aggregate sum due the women in back wages, in addition to costs of the suit. At that time the firm invited Smith to visit their new plant at any time. He did so this week by proxy and the second suit against the firm resulted.

No Wages to Spend.

"Industries like this are a disgrace to Waukegan" Smith declared to The group of purely selfish and unreason-Federated Press representative. "They are welcomed into town by the the way of its industry, further develhamber of Commerce because they add to our industrial activity and they ple." The independents are now to pay such miserable wages that the workers have no money to spend in Waukegan. At the end of a week's employment, they are dissatisfied and Waukegan such industries give us a black eye.'

Smith expressed his belief in organization of the workers into unions as the remedy for industrial conditions such as exist in the Granert and Rothschild shop. He pointed to the joined complaint of the five women in the first case against the firm as proof when he was not able to accomplish as much because she stood alone.

It is reported here that the Granert-Rothschild firm came to Waukegan to this is a united front of the employers where the men's clothing industry is Union Drive Demanded operated under an agreement between the employers and the Amalgamated Clothing Workers. The Workers here are unorganized.

Louisville-Nashville Train Wrecked as It Jumps Off Its Tracks

ATLANTA, Ga., July 21.-Plunging go on. off a sharply- curving track on a bend of the Etowah river, four miles north of Canton, Ga., a local passenger train re-election because of his age and of of the Louisville & Nashville railroad was wrecked.

"Buck" D'Armond, of Marietta, Ga., engineer, and John Wiley, fireman, were killed. Wiley's body was lost in the river.

Thirty passengers aboard the train were badly shaken up, but escaped serious injury. The passenger coaches halted on the brink of the river, and did not

Picnic at Lansing

can Worker Correspondent is only 50 at Lansing on Sunday, July 25. Cars associated master painters still refuse SUBSCRIBE! cents per year. Are you a subscriber? from all points to ston 2314

Bosses Sought to Bribe Workers

(Special to The Daily Worker)

CLEVELAND(July 21 .- The meeting of the painters, which was held women and all of them were soiled, at the Colonial Theater on July 11, The women also reported finding two decided by a vote of two to one to girls working in the shop under 16 reject the compromise terms which were tentatively agreed upon by two list of such employes, with names, and the Master Painters' Association. ages and addresses as required by The meeting was bitter in denunciation of the terms, scathing speeches Following the investigation, Smith being made by Longo and Steel, the issued warrants for the arrest of the former a business agent, the latter a firm heads, who pleaded guilty on the member of the strike committee. 942 second count and paid a fine of \$20 votes were cast against the agreement, 451 for it, eighteen casting blank ballots, for which the latter were denounced.

Worked For Independents.

Altho 80 per cent of the painters have been on the job for some time, earned by Miss Himmelrigh, who se- working for the independent contraccured other employment for the two tors, the Master Painters' Association girls that one of them was only 13 thought it could bribe the union memyears of age, altho she and the firm bers into accepting an agreement of 5 per cent increase in wages, but with the 44-hour week remaining untouch-"If conditions in this plant are any- ed. The painters demanded \$1.37\% where near as bad as painted by the an hour and the 40-hour week. The women employes it is an outrage and painters had no reason whatever to shall go to the bottom of the charges accept the offer and treated it as it and do all I can for the poor women deserved. The glaziers, who likewise have been on strike since March, did clared in February when five women not attend the meeting, but issued a with them.

Pretented Surprise.

The master painters, who are backed up by the American Plan Association-the open shoppers-and the Chamber of Commerce, pretended to be surprised that the men did not accept the offer. Then they turned about and organized a campaign to fight the union.

A committee of "painting contractors, employers and a citizens' committee" has raised a fund of \$5,000,000, the purpose of which is both to beat the painters and to whip the independent contractors into line. "Cleveland cannot afford to have any small able tradesmen stand any longer in barrassed again. opment and the rights of all its peofeel the lash of the open shop people. In excepiating the painters, the statement of the association continues: "Their (the painters') demands with any present-day relations between employers and employes." The bosses want creeping, crawling men to

come to them and kiss their hands. Threaten Strikebreakers.

The master painters, however, have not stopped at this point. They are of the effectiveness of combined effort threatening to bring men into the city and contrasted it with the complaint to take the place of the strikers and of one woman against another firm are trying to increase their help by having employers using painters in their establishments supply them for outside painting work. In other words,

> The painters and the glaziers have answered the association by declaring that they are going into the painting and glazing business themselves. In 1925, the glaziers formed the Union Glazing Service Co. and took care of the glazing work during the strike of that year. They intend to revive the plan this year on a broader scale, so that the public will not be inconvenienced and work will

> The fight is now on-and unquestionably the open shoppers will do everything in their power to crush the union. They will raise \$10,000,000, if necessary, for they have found that the painters and glaziers of Cleveland are not to be intimidated by any of their wild threats. If they bring in strikebreakers and thugs, it should "frighten the public far more than it will the painters," says the statement of the painters, issued by Robert Steel, chairman of the strike commit

Cleveland Painters Win. CLEVELAND - (FP) - Four and a

half months of battling for the 5-day week finds the painters union substantially victorious with four-fifths of the members working under union condi-LANSING, Ohio, July 21. - The itons. They have won a pay increase



(Copyright, 1926, by Upton Sinclair,

WHAT HAS GONE BEFORE.

WHAT HAS GONE BEFORE.

J. Arnold Ross, oil operator, formerly Jim Ross, teamster, drives with his thirteen-year-old son, Bunny, to Beach City to sign a lease for a new oil field. Meeting his "Lease Hound," Ben Skutt, in a hotel he goes to meet a group of small property owners whose land he wants for drilling. But other oil concerns have been intriguing and the meeting breaks up in a row, Bunny meet Paul Watkins, son of a Holy Roller, who has oun away from home. They become friends but Paul leaves for other parts before their acquaintance is very old. Dad begins to drill in Prospect Hill near Beach City. He needs the roads fixed and smooths the palm of a city official. In short order his first well, "Ross-Bankside No. 1," is begun. Dad spends busy days in his little office and Bunny is always with him—learning about oil. Bertie, Bunny's sister, comes home from finishing schopl on a vacation. She is very snobbish. Her Aunt Emma has been tryfing to make a lady of her. Bunny tells Bertie about Paul. Bertie doesn't like Bunny to know such "Horried Fellows." In the meantime Dad is getting along with his well. With many careful and toilsome mechanical operations, Ross-Bankside No. 1 is ready to drill and by noon the next day has fixed up the first tank. In a week Dad had several more derricks under way. He was working hard with everything coming his way. Bunny asks his Dad to take a rest and go quali hunting over in the San Elido valley. Dad protests that it's too far away and is told that that's where Paul's family is and they're up against it and Bunny wants to help them. Finally Dad was persuaded. They get their camping outfit ready and the next day arrive at the Watkins ranch. The old man welcomes them and with little Eli and the three girls tagging behind show them a place where they can camp. In hunting for quall on the Watkins ranch. Bunny and Dad find oil oozing out of the ground. Dad, after satisfying himself that there is oil on the land, decides to buy the Watkins ranch. Dad goes into the house with Mr. and acquire options on surrounding tracts of land.

XI

They drove back to camp, and it was coming on to sunset again, and the quail were calling all over the hills. They passed the horseman bringing in the cattle, and he stopped and had a chat about the earthquake, and then he rode on, his saddle and stirrup-straps going "Squnch, squnch." And Dad said, "We'll maybe buy that fellow out before night, and you can ride his horse." And they went on, and presently came another fellow, this time on foot. He was a young chap, tall and lanky, but stooped as if he had hold of plow-handles; he was wearing country clothes and a straw hat and he strode rapidly by them, staring hard at both of them, barely nodding in answer to Dad's friendly "Good evening." Dad remarked, "Queer-looking chap, that," and Bunny retained an impression of a face, very serious with a large prominent nose, and a broad mouth drooping at the corners.

They went on, and came to their camp, and built a fire. and got themselves a gorgeous supper, with a panful of quail and bacon and hot cocoa, and toast made of the bread which Meelie and Sadie had brought in, and some canned peaches which Bunny had bought. And after supper Bunny saw Ruth down by the goat pen, and he strolled over to meet her; she gazed about timidly, to make certain no one else was near, and then she whispered, "Paul was here!"

Bunny started amazed. "Paul?" And then suddenly the truth flashed over him. "That was him we passed on the road." complained to him that when they circular calling on the painters to He described the figure to Ruth, and she said yes, that had been were hired they were promised \$6 a stand firm and assuring them that Paul; he had taken a "hitch-hike" to see her, as he had promised. week with a bonus if they remained they would fight shoulder to shoulder and he had brought her fifteen dollars saved from his earnings. 'I told him we didn't have need for it now; but he left it."

Then Bunny cried: "Oh why didn't he stop and talk to Dad and me? He barely nodded to us!"

Ruth was evidently embarrassed; it was hard to get her to talk about Paul any more. But Bunny persisted, he was so anxious to know Paul, he said, and it seemed as if Paul didn't like him. Only then was Ruth moved to tell him what Paul had said. "He was mad because Pap had sold the ranch. He says we hadn't ought to done it."

"But what else could you do?" "He says we'd ought to sell the goats, and pay the bank and

raise strawberries, like some o' the folks is doin' here. We could git along and be independent-

"Paul is so proud!" cried Bunny. "He's so afraid of charity!" "No it ain't exactly that," said Ruth. "What is it then?"

"Well-it ain't very polite to talk about-" Ruth was em-

What is it, Ruth? I want to try to understand Paul.' "Well, he says your Pap is a big oil man, and he says there's oil on this ranch, and you know it, for he told you so."

There was a silence. "Is your Pap an oil man?"

Bunny forced himself to answer. "Dad's a business man; 377 disgruntled, and instead of helping are unreasonable and their attitude is he buys land and all kinds of things. He has a general store, arrogant, and both are incompatible and he buys machinery, and lends money." That was what Dad had ordered him to say, and it was strictly the truth as we know; and yet Bunny considered himself a liar while he said it. He was misleading Ruth-gentle, innocent, trusting Ruth, with the wide, candid eyes and the kind, sweet features; Ruth, who was incapable of a hateful thought or a selfish inpulse, whose whole life was to be one long immolation in the cause of the brother she loved! Oh why did it happen that he had to practice deception upon Ruth?

They talked about Paul some more. He had sat up in the hills most of the afternoon and told his sister about himself... He was getting along all right, he said; he had got a job with an old lawyer who didn't mind his having run away from home, but would help him to keep hidden. This lawyer was what was escape union conditions in Chicago of this city against the striking paint called a free-thinker—he said you had a right to believe whatever you chose, and Paul was his gardener and handy man, and the old lawyer gave him books to read, and Paul was getting educated. It sounded wonderful, and terrible at the same time-Paul had read a book about the Bible, that showed it was nothing but old Hebrew history and fairy-tales, and full of contradictions and bloody murders and fornications, and things that there was no sense calling God's word. And Paul wanted Ruth to read it, and Ruth was in an agony of concern—but Bunny noticed it was Paul's soul she was afraid for and not her own! Then Bunny went back to Dad, and told him that was Paul

they had passed on the road; and Dad said "Indeed?" and repeated that he was a "queer looking chap." Dad wasn't interested, he had no slightest inkling of Bunny's distress of soul; his thoughts were all one, the great discovery, and the deals he was putting through. He lay on his back, with a pillow under his head, gazing up at the stars. "There's one thing sure, son"and there was laughter in his voice; "either you and me move up to front row seats in the oil game or else, by golly, we'll be the goat-kings of California!'

(To be continued.)

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Entered as second-class mail September 21, 1923, at the post-office at Chicago, Iil., under the act of March 3, 1879.

Advertising rates on application.

Pilsudski's British Bred Madness

War always has been the method of Bonapartist dictators for rallying the nation on which they have imposed their rule. Pilsudski appears to be no exception.

His government, based on the army, and without any policy except that of holding power at all costs, is the laughing stock of the world. He has alienated the lower middle class and the skilled workers who support the Polish socialist party, his inability to completely suppress the workers and peasants has cost him the confidence of the big landholders and capitalists. Even American bankers, willing because of their huge stores of gold to gamble when twenty to fifty per cent in interest returns are in sight, are not anxious to take a chance in Poland under present conditions.

Polish industry is in a state of collapse and mass unrest is growing at a rapid rate.

Pilsudski is making war talk. For war against Soviet Russia he can probably get support of a kind from Great Britain. He might ean countries. First and foremost get it from France if France did not have troubles of her own which there is the situation in France. Govmake the prosecution of the Syrian war on a major scale impossible. The rumors of plots and counter-plots along the Soviet and Lithuanian frontier are preparations for a military adventure which may to pass from the scene. The instabilor may not materialize. Army leaves have been cancelled and a ity of the French cabinets which come tense atmosphere created.

Pilsudski and Poland alone are no menace to the Soviet Union, of that country. The franc continues but backed by Great Britain a Polish offensive would be able to on the toboggan. No French govern- great their financial cunning, and the an end the era of prosperity and great forces let loose during the world war. torce Soviet Russia to abandon a considerable part of the reconstruction work to crush it. The British imperialist strategy, de- ures necessary to even partially ernmental representative must throw signed to weaken Soviet Russia as much as possible, would be glad to back such an enterprise. It would be a desperate venture, bring- franc because to do so brings with it ing severe repercussions at home but Great Britain, like Poland, is in a desperate situation.

It goes without saying that a Pilsudski-British war on the Soviet Union would not be successful. The result would be that velopments to those in France. Poland would be smashed between Russia and Germany, the eastern | Poland is in a revolutionary crisis, pay its debts. sections becoming autonomous Soviet republics, the western either having roots in an economic and fi- This insistence has not been very Mr. Mellon journeying to Europe. following their example or becoming German provinces again.

But needs must when the devil drives and the paranoic Pilsudski would believe in the possibility of victory in such an adventure until he died on the bayonets of his own troops.

The world's working class should exert pressure upon Great Britain to prevent the tory government giving financial support to Pilsudski. One of the best ways of exerting this pressure is to support the striking British miners, to feed and clothe the miners and their families until they win.

Borah Blowing Bubbles

Senator William E. Borah, the best-lunged member of the upper congressional house, delivered a speech last Sunday in Augusta, Georgia, in which he declared that arguments for the nullification of the eighteenth amendment "are practices of the kind that are the meetings of the general council making a hell of Europe today" and that "Bolshevism in Russia, not a single reference was made by fascism in Italy, military dictatorship in Poland and nullification anyone to political questions, regardin the United States are whelps from the same kennel, barking at less of whether this member or that the same thing-constitutional government."

The senator has allowed his sympathies with the Anti-Saloon wing . . .) League to get the better of his judgment.

The various dictatorships mentioned by Borah did not come into existence because people scorned constitutional methods.

The Russian revolution was the successful reply of the Russian Manchester Guardian writes: masses to a tyranny, centuries old, to a ruling class that only granted limited constitutional rights under pressure from the eral council made every effort to permasses and took them away when the pressure lessened. Today, the great masses of the people in the Soviet Union enjoy more "con- best-paid workers . . . After the stitutional" rights than the people of this country ever did, even strike had begun, the general council before Woodrow Wilson introduced the latest edition of his "New lost no time in bringing the conflict Freedom."

Fascism in Italy means the dictatorship of the employers. It exists because the Italian capitalists needed an iron hand to pull them out of the post-war puddle and the workers were not sufficiently organized to seize power and hold it. In all the other countries the dictatorships are the servants of the ruling classes.

What has all this got to do with the propaganda of the brewing interests to repeal the eighteenth amendment? Nothing. Borah was talking thru his hat. He delivered his speech in a state with ter would have been proved to be a rather high record for lynching Negroes. We are not aware that cut off from the masses, and every this form of murder is constitutional. Yet Borah, in his zeal for local strike committee would have bethe constitution which yet suits the Wall Street rulers of this country, had not a word to say against the favorite southern outdoor sport of stringing up colored workers.

PLAN SACCO-VANZETTI PARADE IN BROOKLYN SATURDAY, JULY 31

BROOKLYN, N. Y., July 21.-The Sacco-Vanzetti agitation committee of Brooklyn, which was formed by a number of Italian-American associations is planning to hold a parade thru the Brooklyn streets demanding the release of these two Italian work-

The parade is to be held on Saturday afternoon, July 21, at 3:30 o'clock. The parade will start from the headquarters of the L'Unita Adornese, 107 Wilson Avenue.

Invitations have been sent to many Italian and other organizations to participate in this demonstration. Organizations that have not received an invitation but would like to participate can do so by notifying the secretary of the Comitato Provisorio Agi- strike. tazione Pro Sacco-Vanzetti, care of L'Unita Adornese, 107 Wilson Ave.

Pope's Gardeners Get 50 Cents Daily; Walk

ROME, July 21.-The gardeners in the employ of the pope are on strike cents a day impossible for them to 1926.*)

While the cost of living is the same height for other Italian workers, the fascist government prohibits strikes by striking.

The vatican managers are fearful 21st, 1926.) that the gardeners' strike may spread to the other vatican employes and a matters to stop the spread of the May 22nd, 1926.)

WRITE AS YOU FIGHT!

Mellon and Morgan to the Rescue

By C. E. RUTHENBERG.

ANDREW B. MELLON and J. Pierpont Morgan-the financial head of the American government and America's uncrowned financial kingare hurrying to Europe, having sailed together from New York last Satur

Morgan said he is going to shoot grouse in Scotland and Mellon on cleasure trip with his son.

These reasons for their journey toether will deceive no one. The rule of American finance and his representative in the government are journeying post-haste to Europe on a rescue

Europe's Shaky Financial System. A few weeks ago the Council of the nternational Chamber of Commerce issued a pessimistic statement in regard to the economic situation of the various European countries. Warning was given that the outlook was dark

ions, due principally to the war, are rapidly becoming unbearable in most countries, and especially in Europe and prompt remedies are essential if eventually an economic disturbance which would affect all countries in succession, is to be avoided."

Since that time these forebodings have been more than justified by the developments in a number of Europernment after government has wrestled with the financial problem of that Dawes' pipe. country, only to find it insoluble and and go with each new moon are an expression of the financial instability It can no longer be entrusted to lieument dares to apply the drastic measachieve the balancing of the French all their power into the balance in an budget and the stabilizing of the endeavor to save the situation. almost certain revolutionary upheaval, the financial crisis thruout Europe, American financial rulers and the

(Second Installment)

By GREGORY ZINOVIEV

had waited for the "opportune mo-

ment (opportune for the bourgeoisie)

and capitulated in the most infamous

manner, thus carrying confusion in

the ranks of the army from which, at

that stage, it was unable to recover

MacDonald could "testify as a wit

ness," that in the course "of all the

negotiations and discussion during

of the general council belonged to

The "left" thoroly deserve this fawn-

The "Labor" correspondent of the

"From the very beginning, the gen-

suade the workers to accept a tem-

porary reduction of the wages of the

to an end as soon as possible...

it accepted the suggestion of the

archbishop and carried on assiduous

The general council felt that a fur-

ther spread of the strike would have

had extremely serious consequences

. . Revolutionary forces wiuld have

been let loose even contrary to the

wish of the general council, the cen-

come a Soviet . . . The general coun-

cil proved to be the exact opposite

who lived in the unhealthy atmos-

sleeplessness and in constant conflict

The reformist Brailsford testifies:

The reformist Wheatley states:

From his point of view as a social

negotiations with Samuel . . .

ing of MacDonald's.

The staff, i.e. the general council,

nancial crisis. The dictator Mussolini, sharp. "Uncle Shylock" has really also finds himself involved in similar

In Germany, the director of the reichsbank, serves notice that he will ing Great Britain 20 per cent off and take advantage of the presence of Dictator Mussolini about 80 per cent. Messrs. Morgan and Mellon to apply But Europe is not satisfied. It canplan. He asks something, which if insecure basis that any payments at granted, would deepen the crisis in all on the debts owed to the United arations payments to aid them in solv- lapse.

ing their financial problems. On top of all this, Great Britain some years.

America's Interests. No wonder Messrs. Morgan and Melon are hurrying to Europe, there to meet Mr. Strong, governor of the Federal Reserve System, when all the wonderful achievements of the Dawes plan thru which the European financial and economic system was to be ebuilt upon a solid foundation, are

lisappearing into thin air.

The American capitalists showed their faith in the plan of our hardsmoking vice-president for englaving the European workers, by investing new hundreds of millions of dollars in loans to the European governments and investments in the stocks and bonds of the European corporations. These investments show signs of going the way of the smoke from Mr.

The situation has evidently become so critical that it requires the combined efforts of Mr. Morgan and Mr. tenants like Dawes no matter how financial king himself and its gov- profit for the American capitalists,

give its king dictatorial powers in fi-lock" Europe's new version of Uncle American government that Europe

The General Council's "4th of August'

not shown himself very much of Shylock for he has generously discounted what is owing to him, grant-

Dangers for America.

This situation carries with it grave finds itself in the grip of the coal dangers for American capitalism. In another century. strike which is affecting the whole addition to the \$12,000,000,000 of debts economic structure of that country to the American government, the nist International, answered that capand sharpening the economic crisis American capitalists have about italism had attained a partial and from which it has been suffering for \$2,000,000,000 invested in private Eu-temporary stabilization. that the ropean business ventures and another forces of destruction let loose by the billion and a half in loans by the American capitalists to European gov- cial and economic structure of capiernments. The total of American dol- talism. This declaration was made lars involved in the European eco- by the Communist International in nomic and financial system today, is the spring of 1925, after the adoption somewhere between thirteen and fif- of the Dawes' plan. In the spring of teen billion dollars.

That is a pretty big stake to have in the balance. The situation in Eu- munist International's estimate of the for private business concerns to meet while the period of temporary and these obligations or even the inter- partial stabilization continued, there est on these obligations, would have a decided repercussion on the fi- period of stabilization, with the nancial and economic system of the United States.

No wonder Mr. Morgan and Mr Europe on their misison of rescue. They are not only hastening to Europe to help solve the European financial problem but to help save Ameriof the ever sharpening crisis, the ever Mellon to endeavor to find a solution. growing danger of collapse, which is threatening European financial structures and which threatens to bring to ening it with decay and dissolution-

Incidentally the journeying together of Mr. Morgan and Mr. Mellon are evidences of the interlocking direcoligarchy which rules this country and nancial matters because of similar de Sam) because of the insistence of the the American government at last ap-

The Significance of the Growing Crisis.

larged executive committee, the Comcope which would make it impossible situation of world capitalism was that forces of destruction again growing Mellon are journeying post-haste to the recent developments in the varjous European countries. The troubles of the capitalists are increasing. From one end of Europe to another, financial crisis and economic depres sion have made their appearance.

which are undermining it and threat-

The fact that American capitalism

When the Dawes' plan was adopted, there were cries of jubilation from all the capitalist world. Capitalism, it was claimed, had overcome the forces undermining it, which resulted from for a reduction in the payment to not be satisfied, because its financial the war. The analysis of the Commube made by Germany under the Dawes and economic system is on such an nists, which declared that capitalism France, Belgium, and Italy, which States sharpens the financial crisis capitalist economists and apologists. are depending upon the German repland brings a threat of financial colleven the social democrats joined in the chorus to declare that capitalism was re-establishing itself on a firm foundation and would continue for The Communists, thru the Commu-

> war were still at work in the finanthis year, at the meeting of the enwas evidence of a weakening of the stronger. This estimate of the situation has been more than justified by

overcome the forces everywhere

after throwing in a couple of billion, Mr. Mellon on a rescue mission, show Coincident with the deepening of torate which exists between the how grave the situation has become. But Mr. Morgan and Mr. Mellon will Belgium has just been obliged to comes a new cry against "Uncle Shy-|American government. The financial not accomplish more than General Dawes achieved, that is, place a few patches and bring some temporary pear before the eyes of the workers as relief-and even patching will be one in the union of Mr. Morgan and harder now than when Mr. Dawes assayed the job.

RELATIVE WARMTH. Of Wilkins in the Arctic

WITH THE STAFF

Being Things From Here and

There Which Have Inspired

Us to Folly or Frenzy

A MERRY MONARCH.

The king of Spain, Alfonso XIII,

got away from his keepers long

enough to tell the world through a

Paris reporter that, unless the

"grandeur of Spain is giving fitt

ing satisfaction" that the League

of Nations will leave Spain. It

could be put the other way around,

but that's what the king said. The

league is getting so that nobody

with a sense of humor takes it se

riously, while kings and dictators

use it for a door mat every time #

Capitalism and Corns.

Convincing the wage slaves that

god is particularly concerned

about them, reminds us of the

story of an old English lady,

whose pastor was telling her that

she should be grateful for the

many mercies received during a

"Yes," she said, "god has been

"I must emphasize the

peaceful tendencies of

our foreign policies."-

Premier Bartel of Po-

land.

very good to me, sir, but he do

take it out in the corns."

accidentally gets in the way.

There are columns in the press. and the gentle icebergs cluster Round his fur-lined northern dress: But when thinking about snowfields It is always well to note You can be as cold in Sydney

If you have no overcoat! There are wild and awful blizzards In the region of the pole.

and the ice will form around you If you fall into a hole: But the cold will grip you swiftly With exactly the same pain

f you sleep without a blanket 'Neath a tree in the Domain.

When the northern lights are flaming In the distant northern night f you have a well-warmed shelter You are probably all right:

But a well-equipped explorer Might have all his hopes destroyed the winter unemployed!

-The Australian Worker.

Lords, Love and Lucre.

"Love is to collective humanity what the sun is to our solar system. We see love everywhere, the tender ning of the general strike. Many solicitude of the poor for those that equally reliable communications point are poorer than they, and the warmhearted generosity of those who have the means and the inclination to help."

> The above words were written by the English Moslem peer, Lord Headley. Isn't it cunning how he mixes us all up in one grand and happy family, but saves himself from being called a blooming liar by inserting the cautious phrase "and the inclination." If the Lord would stick his head under a Passaic cop's blackjack ordered out by the Botany Mills, he would discover that lucre and not love had something to do with "collective humanlty." But who can teach a British Lord, let alone one who is a Mos-

Bill Green and God.

ful remarks of Bill Green as to how it was "sinful and a thing of evil when profit is wrung from the needy and the helpless," when our lamps lit on the following from the Koran: "Let there be no force in religion."

Now we know that Bill Green is no whiskey-drinking christian, but a Mohammedan. Allah be

marching to the conquest of unknown lands, against enemies both strong and cunning. The much actual power to Thomas, had peoples are its corps, each with he not been backed by all the other its special operation to carry out."

"Breaking up the Home" "Come, Rudolph, quickly! Your child and my child are beating our child!"

-Nebelspalter, Zurich

SECOND INSTALLMENT OF ARTICLE ON BRITISH STRIKE BY ZINOVIEV

E WORKER continues today the publication of a series of articles by the foremost working class leaders of the world on the British general strike. Printed herewith is the second installment of an article which began in vesterday's issue, by Gregory Zinoviev, president of the Communist International. In yesterday's installment the treason of the members of the general council of the British Trade Union Congress in gutting and surrendering the general strike at the moment of its highest point is compared to the 'Fourth of August" - the day of 1914 which marked the betrayal of the working class by social-reformist leaders at the opening of the

After this and another installment of the article by Comrade Zinoviev, articles by other writers will be published in The DAILY WORKER. In the August number of the Workers' Monthly, theoretical organ of the Workers (Communist) Party,

the theses of the Communist International on the "Lessons of the British General Strike" will appear. The theses should be made the basis of a thoro discussion and a wide propaganda. Advance orders for the August number of the Workers Monthly containing the theses of the Communist International of the "Lessons of the British General Strike" should be sent in immediate-

of a revolutionary committee. It con-traitor, MacDonald was quite right phere of stuffy rooms, tortured by of May 22nd, 1926.)

Out in Legal Strike with the miners (!), with the members of the cabinet, with delegations A FTER the general council has been exactly the opposite.

Even the reformist obsessed by a fear of disturbances!) tain as follows:

"The experience of 1921 was decis- not called out." "The general council gave Baldwin ive. At that time the miners also decommission of cardinals is examining more than he demanded," (Forward of manded a general strike; the leaders mous in stating that there was no of the railwaymen and transport work- slackening in the strike, but that on There are the stories of the workers' ers however refused it. After that the contrary an excellent spirit pre-

they were afraid of being again rep- gle. resented as traitors. For this reason they voted obviously against their conviction, for the proclamation of a general strike." (Vienna Arbeiter Zeitung of May 16th, 1926.) Is it possible to imagine a meaner

ophism? So the heroes of "Black general council have set in motion in Friday" 1921 were unjustly described order to drown the truth. as traitors! And now, poor Thomas But there still remains to be explained for what purpose Thomas & Co. organized the capitulation of the general council on May 12th, 1926. Was this treachery also committed only hat they might not be called traitors?

The only thing that is true in all this is that the leaders of the geneill council "voted for the proclamaion of the general strike against their conviction." This recognition must further behaviour of these leaders can best be explained.

Large numbers of the English workrs have only developed far enuf to inderstand colidarity among workers n one trade, but not to understand class solidarity—this is the gist of Otto Bauer's remarks. The workers are still far behind Mr. Thomas, the 'defender of class interests" (perhaps the interests of the bourgeoisie?) This the moment when the general council s how Otto Bauer who became the 'left" theorist of the Second International sums up the position. It never occurs to Otto Bauer that if some strata of the English workers are still up to the neck in craft prejudices, the duty of real labor leaders should be should capitulate. All the "left" leadsisted of weary trade union officials when he wrote that the strike was in to train them up to an understanding the hands of "firm leaders." (Forward of class duties. Otto Bauer is not in doubtful exception, voted for the cathe least aware that, during the strike, the leaders of the general council did

Even the reformist Brailsford is of strikers; the general council con- International began to shift the blame obliged to admit: "For nine days sisted of persons who were constantly onto the workers, as might have been the masses of workers gave evidence expected, just as, after August 4th, of a solidarity such as has never . The general council resolved to 1924, the leaders of the Second In- been seen before in the industrial hisfor a raise of wages over their presact quickly. It was evidently pre-ternational tried to justify their own tory of our country. From beginning ent scale of fifty cents a day, advanc- pared to bring the situation, which vile social patriotic treachery by to end it was a soldiers' battle. But ing the reason that the steadily in. had arisen, to an end, at any price (!) pointing to what they described as no single leader was equal to the task creasing cost of living makes fifty Manchester Guardian of May 16th, the "patriotic" mood of the mass of of giving expression to the unanimous workers. In this respect an article will of the masses of workers . . by Otto Bauer, the "left" leader of the The most remarkable fact of this gen-"On Sunday, May 2nd, the friction Second International, is extremely in- eral strike was the unbounded devobetween the general council and the structive, in that he "proves," without tion to the common cause . . . The miners almost led to a breach . . . | the slightest foundation of fact, that | masses of workers flocked up in such by law. But the Italian law not cov- From what I heard on that evening, the general strike in England came numbers that the difficulty was, not ering the territory of the vatican, the I had the impression that we were on to grief in consequence of the whole how to mobilize the workers who employes there are breaking no law the eve of a new breach and a new sale blacklegging of the workers. came into consideration for the strike, Black Friday" (New Leader of May Otto Bauer goes so far as to main- but how to hold back from striking those workers whom the general had

> All voices of the press are unanithey were for years contemptuously vailed among the masses and that the written up. Do it! Send it in! Write called "traitors." It is not everyone "second line" of workers was clamor- as you fight

who can bear such insults. This time ing to be allowed to enter the strug Otto Bauer's words are flatly contrary to the truth.

> This is how the leaders of the Sec ond International twist the facts. After that it is easy to imagine what an ocean of lies the traitors of the

as traitors! And now, poor Thomas & Co., in order to avoid new insulting A T the decisive moment, Thomas & Co. were masters of the situation accusations of treachery, voted in the general council. Like every 'against their conviction" for the great crisis, the British general strike proclamation of a general strike, has dissipated a number of illusions, whilst the "backward" masses of and revealed the true relation of workers were guilty of blacklegging, forces. The general council proved to thus shattering the general strike. be under the thumb of Thomas, altho If he starved a while in Sydney micially the right was in the minority

in it.

A number of reliable reports speak for the fact that almost all the members of the general council voluntarily submitted to the leadership of Judas Thomas from the very beginto the fact that a "left winger" such as Purcell, looked at the general be registered as a fact by which the strike, even before it began, thru Thomas' eyes. When it was a question of accepting the help of the international trade unions, essecially the help of the trade unions of the Soviet Union, Hicks, a member of the "left," took up an equally treacherous standpoint as that of Judas Thomas (Hicks' speech on the "Damned Russian money"). The fate of the strike was actually sealed at refused the help of the international trade unions.

All the "left" members of the general council, together with Thomas & Co. exercised continuous pressure on the miners and demanded that they ers of the general council with one pitulation and took part in the shameful pilgrimage to Baldwin in order to offer him the head of the general strike on a charger.

Some directly sold themselves to the bourgeoisie, others clung to the bourgeoisie out of reformist shortsightedness and lack of character, others again were in a blue funk, which increased with the growth of the movement, whilst still another praised for the B. & O. Plan. group vacillated to the last moment. Objectively the so-called "left" mem- What and Who Are the Enemy? bers of the general council played a much more treacherous part than Thomas himself, for, in view of Thomas' sadly treacherous past, the masses would not have entrusted so members of the general council.

(To be continued.)

WRITE AS YOU FIGHT! Open your eyes! Look around!

We wuz pondr'in over the soul-

"Humanity is a great army,

-- From The Moslem Outlook,

Cape Town.