

## Current Events

By THOMAS J. O'FLAHERTY

**EDWARD H. WRIGHT**, Negro, Crowe-Barrett committeeman on the south side of Chicago and member of the Illinois commerce commission join the list of great men who have boasted of their power and were not afraid to show it. It was a Vanderbilt who once said: "The public be damned" and Louis 14th of France, "I am the state." None of those celebrities have anything on Mr. Wright.

**WRIGHT** supported Frank L. Smith in the now famous Illinois primary contest. He controls the Negro south side for the Crowe-Barrett political machine. In return for this interest in public affairs, Mr. Wright has a rather nice job from which he draws his salary. He is a lawyer for recreation. Wright did not want to divulge any information that would hurt his political angel, Smith.

**THE** colored politician boasted that he was cook, steward and bottle washer of the committee. When asked if there was a Crowe-Barrett organization in his ward, he stated indignantly that there was not. Wright was the ward organization. He was chairman of the ward committee. "Who is treasurer?" inquired Reed. "I am," replied Wright while the spectators giggled. However, he did not crab all the honors. He allowed somebody else to be secretary. There may be some good reason for this unexpected flow of generosity, judging from the fact that the lucky right happens to be a deputy coroner. Owing to the high death rate among underworld lieutenants of the warring political gangs, perhaps it is essential that each group should be supplied with an independent supply of coroners.

**THE** colored political boss seemed to enjoy the opportunity afforded him as a witness to demonstrate his ability as a vote hustler to the assembled politicians who flocked around like drama producers to an amateur show in the hope of picking up some promising stage star. Wright would admit that he got about \$3,500 from the Crowe-Barrett treasury for use in bringing the organization's message to the south side voters. When Reed pushed him for further information he got sore. Asked if there was any disharmony at meetings of his precinct captains he said no and intimated that there had better be none.

**I** appoint precinct captains and remove them any time I feel like it," he said. "I have no understanding with them. I instruct them what to do and if they don't do it, so much the worse for them." Yes sir, nobody tells Wright nothing, unless perhaps Samuel Insull, Robert E. Crowe, Frank L. Smith and Charles V. Barrett. It's a great show anyhow. What will be the result? Speeches will be made (Continued on page 2)

## FRANC AGAIN FALLING; MAY BRING PANIC

### Poincare Swings Whip in Finance Committee

(Special to The Daily Worker)

**PARIS, July 29.**—The franc is falling again. This is the most significant news of the day because if the fall continues a new rush to liquidate paper securities may engulf and overthrow Poincare's cabinet before the expected adjournment of the chamber of deputies on August 8 or 10.

For two days the industrial stocks on the Paris bourse have been suffering unprecedented declines. Some fondly imagined that the investors were selling industrial paper to buy government paper, but yesterday's sharp drop in the value of the franc, from 38.92 to 42.09 to the dollar indicates continued financial instability. The prophets who sang pretty songs about the "skies clearing" seem to have warbled a bit too early.

**Debt Ratification Delayed.** The reaction may have resulted from the declaration of Poincare before the finance committee of the parliament, that neither the Washington nor the London debt agreements would be laid before the chamber for ratification until October, and then that terms would be made for payment "within France's measure of its capacity."

**Important actions of the finance committee numbered among them the approval of Poincare's financial program over stiff opposition.** Poincare Swings Whip. The vote for approval was 20 to 12 with six abstentions. Against the items for increasing taxes on railroad passenger and freight rates, however, the opposition rallied a majority. But Poincare swung the whip, and on a vote to reconsider he won back again and the items were approved by a vote of 18 to 12.

Another action of the finance committee was to reject the socialist's financial program, proposed by Leon Blum against that of Poincare.

### Low Wages Paid Workers in "Largest Chair Town in World"

By a Worker Correspondent

**GARDNER, Mass., July 29.**— "The largest chair town in the world" is the first sign that greets the visitor as he enters Gardner. There are about 50 chair factories here, employing about 18,000 to 20,000 workers. The average wage paid to adult workers is \$15 to \$25 a week. The young workers are able to earn but \$8 a week.

## WORKERS OF SOVIET UNION SEND \$236,000 MORE AID TO BRITISH

By JOHN PEPPER (Special Cable to The Daily Worker)

**MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 29.**—The Central Council of the All-Union Trade Unions has today sent to the Miners' Federation of Great Britain a further remittance of 470,000 roubles (\$236,000) for strike relief. This fund has been collected by a committee of working women thruout the Soviet Union.

According to reports made at the meeting of the executive of the International Miners' Federation at Paris last week, where Percy Tetlow and C. J. Golden represented the United Miners of America, the total sum received by the British miners for relief since the strike began was \$3,500,000, of which the major portion, or \$2,100,000 had come from the trade unions of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. The present donation from the Committee of Working Women will make the Soviet relief fund sent so far a total of \$2,336,000.—(Editor's Note.)

## SOVIET UNION COMMUNIST PARTY UNITS UNANIMOUSLY SUPPORT THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE'S RESOLUTION

By JOHN PEPPER. (Special Cable to The Daily Worker)

**MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 29.**—The plenum resolution of the Central Committee is being extensively discussed in all party units thruout the Soviet Union. Large membership meetings took place in Moscow with members of the Political Bureau reporting.

An extensive campaign to popularize the plenum resolution is also being carried on in the provinces. All the plenum resolutions have been adopted unanimously.

The feeling of the party members is best in the industrial sections. This is best characterized by the unanimously adopted resolution of the Baku party organization after a report by Ordonikidze, a candidate of the political bureau.

## I. R. T. STRIKE MAY SPREAD TO ALL N. Y. LINES

### Call Issued by Pickets to All Departments

(Special to The Daily Worker)

**NEW YORK CITY, July 29.**—The Consolidated Railroad Workers' Union, the labor union formed by the strikers of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company to fight the company and the company union, after receiving no response from their last proposal made to the company, have issued a call to all employees of all departments on New York transportation lines to strike at 5 a. m. Saturday morning.

The call is made not only to all Interborough workers, but to those on the Brooklyn-Manhattan Transit lines and the trolley lines. Meetings are announced to be held nightly at the Manhattan Casino.

### To Spread the Strike.

Edward P. Lavin, strike leader, counts upon spreading the strike to all transit lines and mobilizing the workers' forces for a more effective struggle against abuses which exist on all lines.

The B. M. T. has a sort of company union, but only by departments, with no general committee such as exists on the I. R. T. The B. M. T. officials would make no statement. The I. R. T., thru its counsel, James L. Quackenbush, when asked what the company would do, replied:

### Quackenbush Makes Threat.

"We'll handle them wholesale just as we did in retail lots when the strike began—we will fill all their places at once."

How this will be done if the men on all lines of transportation, some 25,000 to 30,000 in all, stage even a 50 per cent strike, he would not say. Such a walkout seems to be the only means of making the strike effective enough to bring the I. R. T. to a reasonable frame of mind. According to the strikers, their recent referendum of all I. R. T. workers showed only 200 votes out of 9,000 against their proposal for a real labor union to supplant the company union and other demands.

### More I. R. T. Men Out.

At Tuesday's meeting Lavin stated that 47 I. R. T. motormen and switchmen had joined the strikers' ranks. The transit commission, a state institution, has declared that it has, thru Major Phillip Matthews, an executive officer of the commission, emergency measures planned to furnish "ample transportation."

The B. M. T. last month made "agreements" with its employees thru its company unions by departments.

## Chicago Women Now Helping Passaic Strike Hold Meeting Tonight

To familiarize the public generally and the women particularly with the work and intentions of the Ready to Serve Women's League, a mass meeting has been arranged for Friday, July 30, 8 p. m. at 2733 Hirsch Blvd. At present the women and children of the Passaic textile district are receiving the league's attention. Good speakers will address the meeting. Also a musical program. Admission is free!

## HOLD TROOPS IN READINESS FOR CATHOLIC MOVE

## WELSH MINERS' PICKETS FIGHT SCABS AND COPS TO STOP COAL DIGGING

### Military Prepared for Emergency

(Special to The Daily Worker)

**MEXICO CITY, July 29.**—The newspapers of Mexico City declared today they had reliable information that orders had been issued to the military to remain in barracks prepared to be called out in case of emergency. The order is issued in connection with the closing of the churches on Sunday on which occasion it is possible that disturbances will result.

The catholic demonstration against the government when the churches are abandoned by the clergy on the sabbath will be counteracted by huge parades being organized by the Mexican Federation of Labor. A manifesto issued by that body today said in part: "The federation is disposed to aid the government to counteract the action of the catholic clergy as tending to paralyze the economic life of Mexico."

### Will Fight Boycott.

The manifesto warned that if any effort was made to close the factories and other places of business, thus throwing many out of work, or halt agricultural activity in order to reduce the nation's food supplies, the federation would "find ways of meeting each measure."

The labor and socialist parties, which control a majority of the votes in the Mexican congress, today voted to stand by the religious laws and decrees of President Calles relating to their enforcement.

### Crisis on Sunday.

Both the government and the labor organizations on the one side and the church and the land owners on the other are marshalling their forces for the critical stage of the battle on Sunday. The government has reiterated its intention of taking over the churches if they are left by the clergy. It maintains that the property of the church becomes the property of the state when it is abandoned by the former.

### Arrests Continue.

After the officers of the Catholic Young Men's Association and the League for Religious Defense had been arrested and released on bail several days ago, a new set of officers was put in and as quickly taken into custody by the authorities. The two organizations are held directly responsible for the agitation for an economic boycott thruout the country, also it is no secret that the clergy is the real responsible source of the movement. It is understood that new officers have been chosen whose names are being withheld to avoid arrest.

### Women Appeal to Mrs. Calles.

Catholic women's organizations of Mexico had addressed a letter to President Calles' wife asking her, "As a woman and a catholic" to use her influence with her husband to ease the severity of the present government movement against the church.

There are indications that the hierarchy is getting extremely uneasy concerning the persistence of the government and the possibility of losing their churches altogether which the government, thru various spokesmen, has declared will be remodelled into schools for children.

## Hold Troops in Readiness for Catholic Move

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## LEFT BLOC CRISIS MAY FORCE HERRIOT OUT OF MAYORSHIP OR CABINET

(Special to The Daily Worker)

**PARIS, July 29.**—The troubles of the left bloc, or what is left of it, are well demonstrated by the ultimatum sent to former Premier Eduard Herriot, now minister of education in Poincare's "national union cabinet" by the municipal council of the city of Lyons.

The council demands that he either resign from Poincare's cabinet or lose the mayorship of Lyons, an office he has held for twenty-one years. Lyons is controlled by the socialists, who co-operated with Herriot, the so-called "radical socialist" in the left bloc, but who now are angry at him for co-operating with Poincare.

If Herriot obeys the demand of the Lyons aldermen, he may upset the Poincare cabinet.

### U. S. Acreage Decreases.

**WASHINGTON, July 29.**—(FP)—A decrease in the area of harvested crops amounting to 19,000,000 acres, or 5 per cent of the whole, is reported for the period of the past five years by the department of agriculture. This is the first period showing a reduction in crop area. Forest, cut-over land and woodland increased 9,000,000 acres.

## QUAKER SLUSHER FACES CONTEMPT BEFORE SENATE

### Cunningham Gave Vore Large Contribution

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

Thomas W. Cunningham, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, former treasurer of the republican state committee, was the star witness at yesterday's session of the senate slush fund investigating committee, presided over by Senator Reed of Missouri.

Cunningham soon got into tenterhooks with the senator owing to his refusal to tell how he came into possession of the \$50,000 he gave Congressman Vore's campaign treasurer, Watson, or in what bank or banks he keeps his money. Cunningham was accompanied by counsel who advised him as to his rights as a witness.

**His Salary \$8,000 Yearly.** Cunningham's present official position in Philadelphia is clerk of court of session with a salary of \$8,000 a year.

Owing to Cunningham's refusal to divulge the source of the \$50,000 he donated to the Vore campaign fund and the suspicion in the committee's mind that it did not come out of Cunningham's personal funds, the latter was informed that he would be cited before the senate for contempt and that the federal courts might compel him to answer questions.

**Said It Was Local Matter.** Cunningham's attorney, Congressman Benjamin M. Golder, made a statement declaring that it was none of the committee's business what he did with his money. It was a local Philadelphia affair.

The Philadelphian would reveal nothing of any consequence. He was ready enough to indulge in pleasantries but if he seemed about to fall for Reed's well-known cross examining strategy, his lawyer was at his side ready with wise counsel. At one time Cunningham seemed about to slip and Golder was obliged to lay hands on him.

**He Is a Big Fellow.** Physically Cunningham is a giant. Small eyes. Perhaps they seem small in comparison with the size of his body! A little baldness on the top of his head. Ears that seem to have been out in an Alaskan frost, the usual political chin and a face that would supply a dozen bank clerks with countenance material.

His attorneys look more intelligent but it appears that Cunningham has more money. Brains and wealth! Huh. One thought of other famous rich men, Harry K. Thaw, Kip Rhineland, etc.

**He Had Famous Teacher.** Cunningham learned from Senator Penrose how to use cash in elections. "I learned that habit from Penrose," he said. "He was a past master at it. He never let his right hand know (Continued on page 2)

**I** looked at my dime to see if it was real, borrowed a stick of chewing gum from Thurber Lewis, a tooth pick from Harrison George, and went my way.

I had to wait a few minutes before the traction magnate could receive me. Suddenly the door to his private office opened and two strong men trudged out. Each had a bag on his back.

As they were passing by me, one of them stooped over and whispered: "For Christ's sake don't you recognize me?"

I had to admit I didn't.

**They Were Not Factional.** "I am So and Such from the socialist party" he said. "Say, I am no friend of the Communists, but I'd rather you fellows have the jack than see it go to the democrats. Sam is nuts. He doesn't care what you are as long as you are against the world court. 'Kid' Weil was nothing to him when it comes to giving money away. Say, we have enough money on our backs now to keep the old party going for the (Continued on page 2)

## "FILIPINOS HAVE NOT GIVEN UP STRUGGLE FOR INDEPENDENCE," DECLARES VICENTE G. BUNUAN

By VICENTE G. BUNUAN, Director, Philippine Press Bureau

**Washington Office, Commission of Independence.** Public opinion in America is being led to believe thru publication in the press of special dispatches by correspondents attached with the Thompson mission that the silence of the Filipinos on independence on the arrival in Manila of the president's envoy means a recessive move from their stand on independence, if not entire abandonment of their desire for freedom.

The history of the struggles of the Filipino people for independence, in war and in peace, belies such assertions. Now, as avidly and persistently as during the Spanish regime when the Filipinos time and again took up arms to establish their own sovereignty and as when they arose in revolt against America over a quarter of a century ago, they are struggling for the independence of their native land.

The American people should be correctly informed of what really transpired. The Philippine Commission of Independence, the Filipino people and their leaders at the time of the arrival of Colonel Thompson had not found an opportunity to confer with him officially. For the sake of courtesy and hospitality, which are the main traits of the Filipinos, they did not deem it proper to breach the subject of independence immediately. These courtesies have been misinterpreted as indicating reconciliation to a postponement of independence. The question of independence was brought up later, but the president's envoy declined to discuss it.

Now that formalities are over and Colonel Thompson has opened hearings, he will be flooded with protests against the proposal to wrest from them 60% of their most fertile lands—the less desirable to be left to them. He will receive complaints against plans to curtail Filipino autonomy,

whether the curtailment is to strengthen the powers of the governor general or of the auditor of the Philippine Islands. It will be made known to him that the Filipino people would rather forego the \$500,000 revenue taxes collected in the United States on Philippine goods rather than receive it at the price of lessening the authority of the Philippine legislature.

The Filipino people will, as unmistakably as in the past, give proof of their desire for independence. The Philippine legislature has again voiced the sentiments of the people by adopting independence resolutions and placing them in the hands of the special envoy. The Philippine supreme council has already announced that it will present an independence memorial.

We venture the prediction that the investigator will return home to make his report impressed by the intensity of the desire of the Filipinos for independence, which even the Wood-Forbes mission could not help but admit in its report. If a solution to the Philippine problem, which falls short of immediate, complete and absolute independence, is arrived at, it will not be because the Filipinos have abandoned that desired goal.

## CHICAGO GARMENT WORKERS JOINT BOARD ANSWERS ATTACK IN LAST ISSUE OF FEDERATION NEWS

The following report made by I. L. Davidson, organizer of the Chicago Joint Board of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, at the last meeting of the joint board was incorporated into the minutes and adopted as its own reply to the attack in the Federated News:

"It becomes necessary for me at this time to make a statement for our members and for the public as to what really happened at the last meeting of the Chicago Federation of Labor, since this matter received so much publicity the early part of last week and was followed by a statement in the official organ of the Chicago Federation of Labor—the Federation News.

**No Quarrel with Federation.** "The statements contained in these newspapers are so misleading that one reading it will be under the impression that we started a quarrel with the Chicago Federation of Labor. Everyone knows that our organization picked no quarrel with anybody and, it is well-known that we are a bona-fide organization affiliated with the Chicago, Illinois and American Federations of Labor.

**Make Unusual Report.** "On Sunday, July 18, 1926, I made my usual report to the Chicago Federation of Labor on the doings of the organization. It was pointed out that we have signed an agreement with Percival B. Palmer and that 27 of our brothers and sisters were at that time released from Cook county prison after serving their full term. The delegates were urged to distribute circulars advertising a protest meeting against the imprisonment of our members. In the remarks I also expressed my dissatisfaction with the silence of Governor Small on the appeal made to him to pardon our brothers and sisters. I said it in the following words:

**Seek Small Pardon.** "A committee consisting of the Illinois, and Chicago Federation of (Continued on page 2)

## TOMORROW JULY 31 Segregation

A flaming protest on the injustices perpetrated on the Negro worker, by C. O'BRIEN ROBINSON. With unusual illustrations by the noted proletarian artist LYDIA GIBSON.

## What Has Become of the Former Ruling Class of Russia?

A splendid article by the German scientist RICHARD LEWINSOHN. Translated for The Daily Worker by the well-known English writers EDBEN and CEDAR PAUL.

## Life and Struggles in Ireland

A record of the life of the Irish worker today brilliantly pictured by T. H. O'FLAHERTY.

Other features, including **CARTOONS** by A. JERGER, VOSE, ELLIS, MINOR and others. You Will Find These Splendid Features in Saturday's Issue of **The New Magazine Supplement**



# COOK REFUSES TO SURRENDER ON WORK DAY

## Calls Delegates to Friday Conference

LONDON, July 29.—The reason for calling a delegate conference of the striking miners is set forth in a statement by A. J. Cook, secretary of the British Miners' Federation. The conference is to be held Friday. Cook wants to determine what the miners are thinking of the government's continued attempt to starve them into acceptance of the longer work day.

**Will Resign Rather Than Surrender.**  
The Miners' Federation officials, he said, had resolved never to meet the government nor the coal owners, even to discuss an agreement, so long as the proposal for longer hours was there. He himself would rather resign than carry out instructions to sign an agreement conceding the longer work day.

The Friday conference is called, he declared, "so that the men may have an opportunity to tell their leaders whether they have done right or wrong. I hope they will speak frankly and not hide the truth from their leaders."

**Baldwin Starves Miners.**  
Premier Baldwin made a most faint-hearted and weak answer in parliament, to the opposition attack of Lloyd George, who said the proposal accepted by the miners' leaders and proposed in the bishops' memorandum fulfilled the requirements set forth by Baldwin in his recent speech at Norwich.

It was true, said Lloyd George, that the plan would necessitate a subsidy for a short time, but the cost of a subsidy would not be more than half the cost of a week's stoppage to British trade. The only alternative would be to force the miners by starvation to work the longer work day, he pointed out. Baldwin's weak answer indicated that this was just what the government was doing.

**A Remark of Ramsay.**  
Ramsay MacDonald, who aided in persuading the timid general council of the Trade Union Congress to betray the miners by calling off the general strike on the unfounded pretext that the government would move for peace without defeat for the miners, yesterday in parliament remarked that Baldwin had "never lifted a finger for peace."

The government, however, won on a vote of 338 to 152 upon the question of accepting the report of the mines department.

# 5,000,000 Defenders of German Capitalism Allowed to Bear Arms

BERLIN, July 29.—Three million members of the Reichsbanner, an organization formed by leaders of the social-democratic party to combat the Red Front Fighters and claiming to be organized for the defense of the republic, have been given permission by the German government to arm their members with small calibre rifles and pistols.

This permission to the Reichsbanner came following a decision of that organization at its Magdeburg meeting to arm its members.

The 2,000,000 members of the reactionary and monarchist United Fatherland Societies, have been armed with small calibre rifles and pistols. The Communist Red Front Fighters are demanding of the German government the same privilege extended to these two groups.

# Norwegian Policeman Making Slow Time in English Channel Swim

CAPE GRIS NEZ, July 29.—Olaf Farstad, who is a Norwegian policeman, was making very slow time. At the end of the first four hours he had covered only five miles.

Farstad's forte in swimming is endurance. He has been training in the cold waters of Oslo Fjord, where this summer he has already created a record for swimming eighteen hours continuously, against adverse currents, covering a distance equivalent to that across the English channel.

# 36 Drowned in Korea.

TOKIO, July 29.—Three Korean villages in the province of Chusei have been inundated by overflowing rivers according to dispatches received here today from Seoul. Thirty-six persons are known to have been drowned and 71 others are missing.

# Cyclone in Italy.

ROME, July 29.—A cyclone has swept Lake Como and it is feared that there has been a considerable loss of life, according to reports received here. The lake steamer Zara is reported to have foundered and several small boats have capsized.

# Batavia Earthquake Reported.

LONDON, July 29.—Earthquakes occurred in Batavia today, according to a Central News message from Amsterdam. No details have been received. Earthquakes in Batavia earlier in the month caused heavy property damage and considerable loss of life.

# HUNGARIAN COURT SEEKS TO RAILROAD 58 ACTIVE WORKERS

(Special to The Daily Worker)  
BUDAPEST, Hungary, July 14 (By Inprecorr)—The impatience of the Hungarian court trying the 58 workers for their membership in the Communist party or the Vagi socialist labor party is becoming more and more evident as the trial proceeds. The court insists on sending these workers to long prison sentences as soon as it can. It fears that if the trial drags along any length of time that the attempt to railroad these workers to jail will meet with widespread opposition.

The defendants have let the court know that they will refuse to answer as to the acts of individual Communists or as to their connections or activities.

**Fear Publicity.**  
Statements that have a great bearing on the case are not allowed to be made by the president of the court. As an excuse for his action he states that he will not allow his court to be made a tribune for Communist propaganda. The answer of the defendants to this attitude of the president was that they would refuse to testify at all.

The defendant Gogos pointed out that he helped to recruit members into the social-democratic party as well as into the Vagi party and there were Communist workers in both these parties. He also pointed out that attempts were made to gain adherents that were not organized. He pointed out that because of this the Vagi party could not be considered any more a Communist party than the social-democratic party.

**Judge Gets Real Answer.**  
"Where are the actual financial sources of the Communist Party?" asked the president.

"I am ready to answer this question without reservation but only when the court commences an earnest investigation of the sources of the funds of the Awakening Hungarians," declared Gogos.

The president sharply rebuked Gogos and declared he would not allow any provocative statements in the courtroom.

The president then referred to the police protocols which contain certain alleged detailed testimony of Gogos, which differs from his present declarations.

**Protocol Forged.**  
"The police protocol is forged and faked," declared Gogos. "The testimony was arbitrarily jotted down by the police on the basis of reports made by spies. They compelled me to sign it by inflicting tortures upon me."

# BRITISH PRESS SOFTENS CLUB, BUT RAPS U. S.

## Better for America to Revise Debt Pact

LONDON, July 29.—The London Times, while it expresses regret at the heat with which the argument over the British-American debt controversy is being waged, distinctly sides in with the British point of view. In part it says:

"The obvious disproportion between our treatment of our debtors and the terms of the American settlement with ourselves, provoked a good deal of plain speaking. There is not the slightest reason why plain speaking, even on such a delicate subject should do harm so long as proper proprieties are observed.

**Opposes Mellon Policy.**  
"It may even do good if it reminds the American people that the British attitude toward the debts differs in some essentials from that which has been expressed up till now in the policy of their own government.

"What is futile, intolerable and dangerous is to let a serious discussion degenerate into bandying of epithets. Mr. Churchill has now gone so far as to make a public retort to Senator Borah's tirades. It is really necessary to call a halt."

**Row Began in U. S.**  
The Morning Post points out that the controversy began in America, when Frederick W. Peabody addressed an impassioned plea to Coolidge, and it was answered by Mellon. "We said nothing, and were paying our debts as settled," is this paper's stand, but it continues:

"Whether it is to the interest of America to enforce her claims upon nations whose finances are gravely disorganized and which can restore them by slow degrees if at all, so long as those claims are pressed, the government of the United States must judge for itself. It seems to us to be very bad business.

The Daily Herald, labor organ, says, "The newspaper attack is a deliberate and concerted stunt which is the silliest ever devised. For if it has any effect at all it can only be to destroy the possibility of getting the Baldwin settlement revised."

**Dares Mellon to Visit.**  
In parliament, Garro-Jones, a liberal, asked the financial secretary, Mr. McNeill, if, in view of the reiteration by the U. S. treasury of inaccuracies over the debt settlement, if it would not be well if Mr. Mellon were invited to the British treasury to make himself acquainted with the facts. Mr. McNeill replied:

"Obviously, that is a question into which I cannot go."

SEND IN A SUB TODAY TO THE DAILY WORKER.

# GENERAL FENG AIDS BRITISH MINE STRIKERS

## Red Army Invincible Because Educated

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R.—(By Mail.)—Marshal Feng is a burly, energetic man of about six feet. The clad in a neat cream-colored civilian tunic, his military bearing was unmistakable.

After an exchange of general remarks the conversation centered on the miners' strike in England.

"When I first learned of the general strike," said the marshal, "I was at Verkhne-Yudinsk, in Siberia, on the way to Moscow. I immediately sent the miners a donation.

"Our people, who are combatting British imperialism all over China, welcome the strike as a blow against the same people who are exploiting the Chinese nation.

"Our sympathy goes out to the militant miners who are bearing the brunt of the struggle, now that the other workers have gone back."

**Imperialist Intrigue.**  
Marshal Feng said it was not easy to give a definite forecast of events in China. Chang was receiving Japanese arms and ammunition, while Wu was financed by British capitalists.

Nevertheless, despite all difficulties, the national armies retained their revolutionary enthusiasm. The position was not unfavorable. The provinces of Kwang-Si and Hunan were collaborating with Canton and sending troops against Wu-Pei-Fu. More over Sun-Chuang-Fang in Shanghai was also indirectly opposing Wu-Pei-Fu.

**Two Wolves.**  
"Even if the national armies suffered military defeat now it would not stop the revolutionary movement, as a majority of the people are on our side.

"The antagonism between Wu and Chang must also be taken into account. Although they may co-operate for a time, it cannot be for long. When two wolves are after one piece of meat there is bound to be a scrap.

"The antagonism between the imperialist powers are even greater. They also are bound to fall out sooner or later."

**Red Army Invincible.**  
Asked what he thought of the red army, Marshal Feng said: "I have been in the Chinese army for 30 years, and have never seen anything like it. The equipment of the red army and conditions are above all my expectations. But the value of an army does not depend upon the uniform or even training.

"The red army men are invincible because they have political training. They learn current history and know what they have to fight for. The soldiers of capitalist armies fight blindly for the bosses and kings. They know nothing of the outside world, and only the history of royal families."

Marshal Feng said he also intended studying Soviet cultural and educational progress.

**WISCONSIN LABOR HITS MILITARY TRAINING CAMPS**

## State Federation Meet Denounces Militarism

GREEN BAY, Wis., July 29.—With the reelection of Henry Ohl, Jr., president, and J. J. Handley, secretary-treasurer, and of the entire executive board, the Wisconsin State Federation of Labor adjourned its 34th annual convention. It will meet at Wausau next July.

The convention denounced the citizen's military training camps as a plot to train the youth, who would then be "expected to serve as cannon fodder in the next war."

Private armies raised by Wisconsin bankers for their private purposes were also denounced as accessories to private armed dictatorship and as having as their ultimate purpose "opposition to organized labor."

The convention urged revision of the Volstead act and retention of the mayor-council system of city government. It authorized a department of education and refused to adopt a resolution demanding prohibition of women in metal polishing rooms. It held that if such work was unsanitary and dangerous there should be protection for men as well as women workers, but that organized labor could not at this late date prohibit women from entering industry.

**Passaic Strike Tots Enjoy Themselves at Victory Playground**

PASSAIC, N. J., July 29.—Victory Playground, organized labor's gift to the children of the striking textile workers, was officially opened with a large delegation of New York workers and over 1,000 happy kiddies present.

New York labor delegations came over in buses and were welcomed by the children, who cheered for several minutes.

Victory Playground is well equipped. There are showers, swings, see-saws, and other amusements. Games and plays are organized under the direction of experienced and capable leaders, who have donated their services for the summer.

The playground is equipped with a children's kitchen and milk station. Women of the United Council of Workingclass Housewives take care of the kitchen and milk station.

Five dollars will renew your sub for a year, if you send it in before August 15.

SEND IN A SUB TODAY TO THE DAILY WORKER.

Five dollars will renew your sub for a year, if you send it in before August 15.

# U. S. Agrees to Enter Fisheries Conference in Japan with U. S. S. R.

TOKIO, July 29.—America agreed to meet Russia formally in a conference for the first time thru its acceptance of an invitation from Japan that Japanese, Russian, British and American delegates meet to consider renewing, after a revision, the seals fishery convention of 1911, which expired a year ago.

Russia and Great Britain accepted the invitation early. The American acceptance has just been received. The date for the conference has not yet been set.

# RUMOR POLAND TO MAKE MOVE ON LITHUANIA

## Soviet Press Warns of Attack

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 29.—Reports coming here from Poland indicate the possibility of another attempt by that country to invade Lithuania thru the Vilna district and to annex the port of Memel. Press comment on the situation has been widespread although no definite pronouncements are made.

**Soviets Guarantee Peace.**  
The Rabochaya Moskva says, "The sole guarantee of peace on this and other occasions will be the Soviet Union. We shall do everything possible to prevent the approach of a menace to the Baltic peace as well as to the stability of Europe, but we have no faith in the hollow protestations of peace of the Polish Foreign Secretary M. Zaleski in view of the actual deeds of the Polish government."

**Pravda's View.**  
"The situation is different from that when Vilna was taken," says Pravda, "It is realized that Polish expansion will not stop at Memel or Kovno but will continue to Labau, giving Poland two ports on the Baltic."

And again, "In the meantime, Great Britain is attempting to sever Soviet Russia from the Baltic Sea, lulling Latvia with whispers of the red danger until she wakes with General Zeligorski's bayonet at her throat. The seizure of Lithuania by Poland would not only threaten our boundaries but would make East Russia a defenseless island in the Polish sea."

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# \$1 OR \$5

As Little as That Is—  
May Mean as Much as the Very Life of  
The DAILY WORKER.

# We Are in Danger!

This is a frank and open statement to our readers, friends and sympathizers. We are in the danger that faces every working class newspaper in July and August.

At this time subscriptions, bundle orders and DONATIONS fall away to the lowest point in the year. The income of the paper is NOT enough to sustain it, and—WE HAVE NO SURPLUS TO DEPEND ON!

So Here's What We Propose:  
A Year's Subscription to the Daily Worker for  
**\$5.00** This offer remains good for both new subscriptions and renewals only  
UNTIL AUGUST 15!

If our readers and friends will come to our aid in the next two weeks with their own RENEWAL and get new subs THE DAILY WORKER CAN LIVE!



—By K. A. Suwanto in Red Cartoons.

And Here's Another Proposal:

# \$1.00 Red Cartoons

Is without question the greatest publication of the art of American Labor ever issued. We ask you to buy it NOW. If you do—ROBERT MINOR and FRED ELLIS, two of the best American Labor artists, WILL AUTOGRAPH THE BOOK FOR YOU!

When it is a question of the life or death of the best Labor Daily ever issued in America,

# Just What Will You Do?

Make your answer on this blank:

THE DAILY WORKER  
1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

## SPECIAL

Enclosed \$..... for..... mos. subscription to  
The DAILY WORKER.

Also \$..... for..... AUTOGRAPHED copies of  
RED CARTOONS.

Name .....

Street .....

City..... State.....

Five dollars will renew your sub for a year, if you send it in before August 15.

# CONGRATULATIONS, NEW YORK!

## Two Candidates Win Moscow Trip



The first announcement of the results of the Third Annual Sub Campaign revealed only TWO candidates entitled to a trip to Moscow—one from California and the other from New York. With the final results re-checked preparatory to sending out ballots, the recount revealed an error of ten thousand points entitling New York (District 2) not to one, but TWO candidates for the trip.

### NEW YORK FOURTH

Congratulations are in order for the splendid performance of these comrades and Builders, whom Comrade L. E. Katterfeld has knit into such a well functioning unit for our Press. Not only did the total of \$1,005 give them two candidates but it also placed them FOURTH in the finals among 15 districts into which the country was divided.

### Here's How They Really Finished:

(Re-check showing all other districts correct as published on Thursday, July 27)

	Quota	Points secured	Percentage of quota reached
California (District 13)	50,000	35,865	73.73
Pennsylvania (District 5)	55,000	27,800	50.54
The West (District 11)	15,000	6,750	45.
New York and New Jersey (Dist. 2)	200,000	81,005	40.5
Detroit, Mich. (District 7)	70,000	25,435	36.33
The South (District 15)	10,000	3,205	32.05
The Northwest (District 12)	20,000	5,575	27.87
Ohio (District 6)	75,000	20,770	27.69
New York State (District 4)	30,000	7,475	24.91
Illinois, Wisconsin, Indiana (Dist. 8)	150,000	32,940	21.96
Massachusetts (District 1)	85,000	17,945	21.11
Middle West (District 10)	15,000	2,885	19.23
Texas, Arizona (District 14)	10,000	1,720	17.2
Eastern Pennsylvania (District 3)	50,000	8,510	17.02
Minnesota (District 9)	80,000	10,755	13.44

### PITTSBURGH SECOND

#### BILL SCARVILLE DOES A GOOD JOB



It is high time for our readers to get acquainted with Comrade Wm. (Bill) Scarville, Daily Worker Agent for Pittsburgh. It was his direction and splendid individual effort that brought Pittsburgh in second place in the national race. Himself getting 8,380 points, together with Comrade Kasper of East Pittsburgh, who turned in an unequalled record in this campaign, they have shown our Builders just what can be done in building our Press. When credit is given to workers in the campaign, a big share of it must go to Bill Scarville, Commissioner of Subscriptions for Pittsburgh.

### NEITHER HIGH TARIFF NOR LAWS BARRING IMMIGRANTS POSSIBLE TO GUARANTEE U. S. LABOR JOBS

By LELAND OLDS, Federated Press. Increasing competition by exploited European labor seems reflected in U. S. department of commerce trade figures for the first half of 1926. They show that a \$381,468,568 export balance of the first half of 1925 has been changed into a \$97,178,581 import balance. Though the government suggests other explanations, important industries are complaining of the growing volume of sweating imports as unfair competition.

The first 6 months of 1926 the United States exported \$2,207,001,204 of goods or \$339,659,602 less than the first half of 1925. On the other hand, foreign countries shipped to the United States \$2,304,179,785 of goods or \$138,977,547 more than in the same period a year ago.

Workers in brickyards are feeling the competition of cheap European products. A statement by the Common Brick Mfrs. Assn. of America says that European producers, who pay only \$1.15 a day for labor, are making prices just low enough to get the business but not enough lower to lessen the cost of building, and that 80% of the brick used in the United States is within territory accessible to ocean-going ships.

The American brick industry gives jobs to 113,000 workers with a weekly payroll of \$2,800,000. It means jobs to coal miners producing the 3,741,000 tons of coal it consumes annually and jobs to the railroaders who handle the 2,330 cars which it loads daily. Brickyards are today operating at only half capacity.

Another evidence of increasing foreign competition appears in protests to the U. S. treasury department against the dumping of German pig iron. In these letters Witherbee, Sherman & Co. note the importation of 75,112 tons of German pig iron the first five months of 1926. They say: "German pig iron is sold duty-paid at Boston, New York, Philadelphia and

Baltimore at prices ranging from \$20.25 to \$21.50 a ton, prices less than the cost of production of many American producers."

These are signs which American labor must watch. They result from the exactions of world capital forced upon European labor as an aftermath of the war. The Dawes plan for collecting reparations gathers this tribute from the conquered Germans. Indirectly it means that similar exploitation is being forced on the other peoples of Europe. The greater part of the tribute must eventually flow in goods to American capital placed by the war in a dominant position.

Under our capitalist system American labor will inevitably feel the pressure of this increasing flow of goods.

#### Insurance Companies Cancel Policies on 72 Cleaning Plants

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 29.—Following the explosion wrecking a \$3,000 cleaning machine in the Bea plant by inexperienced workers hire to break the strike of the cleaners, dyers, pressers and drivers, insurance companies have notified the proprietors of the 72 struck shops that they are cancelling policies for the duration of the strike.

It is declared that close to \$1,000,000 worth of clothing is tied up on account of the strike. Retail plants are now joining the strike. Several thousand small tailors that collect work for the bigger plants are now urged to stop collecting clothing for the cleaning and dyeing plants.

The DAILY WORKER needs your five dollars—you need THE DAILY WORKER. Send five for a year's sub before August 15!

# ATTACK ON SACCO VANZETTI DRIVE ONLY HITS BACK

## Worker Donates After Reading Editorial

(I. L. D. Press Service.)

A vicious attack on the Sacco and Vanzetti campaign by the reactionary Orange Enterprise and Journal of Lawrence, Mass., prompted a worker to send a contribution of \$1.00 to the International Labor Defense for the advancement of the campaign. The editorial in question is as follows:

"So long as the Third International could continue to supply liberal funds to counsel, there was no difficulty in 'discovering' new 'evidence' in the case of the convicted assassins, Sacco and Vanzetti. All that was necessary was to let it be known what kind of 'evidence' was wanted. It was immediately forthcoming. Never before in our history as a nation has there been so sinister a challenge to the integrity of our judicial system as is furnished by the attempts of socialists and anarchists to terrorize officers of the law, to prevent the infliction of a righteous penalty on two depraved wretches convicted of a brutal crime. In the case of these convicts, as in the cases of Mooney and Haywood, the world-wide gang of criminals appealed to all the sinister forces in this and foreign countries to thwart the cause of justice. Bribery, perjury, bombing, black-hand warnings, felonious assaults, all the resources of the underworld were employed in the effort to break down the barriers we have erected against crime. The fate of two moral perverts is of minor importance; it is of supreme importance that the integrity of the courts be upheld against assaults of organized crime. Our entire system of criminal jurisprudence has been subjected to tests never before imposed. The forces that make for law and order and stable government have stood up well under the assault."

#### Workers' Answer.

After reading the editorial, the worker in question sent the following letter to the International Labor Defense:

"Dear Sirs:—Enclosed please find one dollar for the Sacco and Vanzetti Defense. After reading this vicious and uncalled for attack which you may read as I am enclosing the same, felt called upon to make some contribution to the cause.

A Worker."

#### Protest From Canada.

The Union Scandia of Court, Sask., Canada, adopted resolutions in favor of Sacco and Vanzetti and has contributed \$5.00 to the fund of the International Labor Defense for the expansion of the campaign of protest and agitation in their behalf. The letter of the Secretary, John Erickson, says:

"Dear Sir:—Please find enclosed \$5.00 for Sacco-Vanzetti fund. Our union is working for right and humanity and we expect that the Sacco and Vanzetti cause will be dealt with in the same manner. (Signed) John Erickson."

#### Cannon Speaks to Student Conference.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 29.—The Midwest Student Conference, after hearing an address by James P. Cannon, Secretary of International Labor Defense on "Justice and the Wage Worker," in which he dwelt at some length on the Sacco-Vanzetti case, adopted the following resolution and forwarded it to the governor of Massachusetts:

"His Excellency Alvan T. Fuller, Governor of Massachusetts, 'Sir:—We, the students composing the Midwest Student Conference, meeting in Kansas City, June 13-15, 1926, for a study of industrial and social problems and representing the following eight Midwestern colleges and universities: 'Baker University, Commonwealth College, Kansas City Junior College, Kansas City School of Law, Missouri Wesleyan College, Park College, University of Kansas, and University of Missouri, have reviewed the facts concerning the prosecution and sentence of Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti, and believe that in view of the recent developments, that these men, by all standards of judicial procedure and American justice, are entitled to a retrial, and by unanimous acclamation beseech the governor of Massachusetts to use his power and prestige in gaining these men a new hearing.

Respectfully,

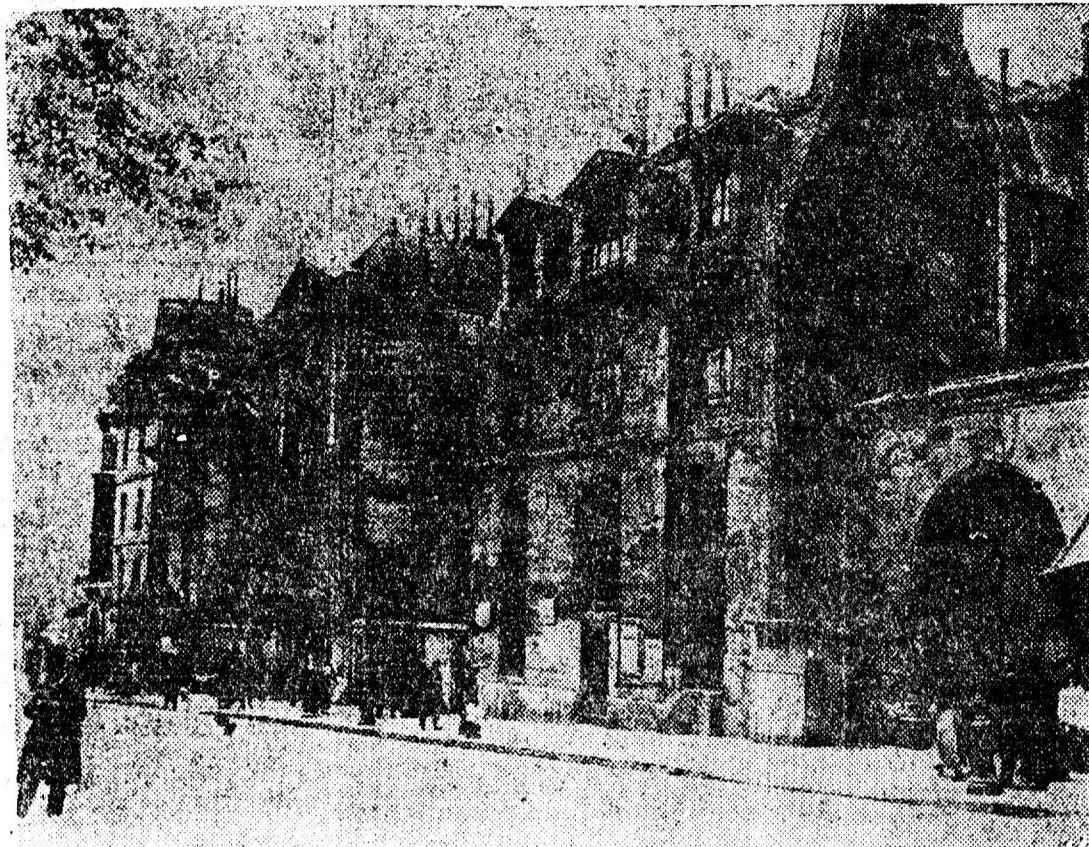
(Signed) "Clarence O. Senior, Louis B. Greenberg, Paul R. Porter."

#### Russian Branch I. L. D. Meets Friday, July 30 at Workers' House

The meeting of the Russian International Labor Defense branch will be held Friday, July 30, at 8 p. m. at the Workers' House, 1902 W. Division St.

The branch is arranging a picnic for Sunday, August 8. Final preparations for the picnic will be made at this meeting. All are requested to come in time.

## This Prison Once Held Communards



The historic old St. Lazare prison, Paris, relic of both the revolution and the commune is to be torn down. Inside these walls have languished hundreds of workers and their families—victims of the bloody reaction that followed the setting up of the first workers' republic.

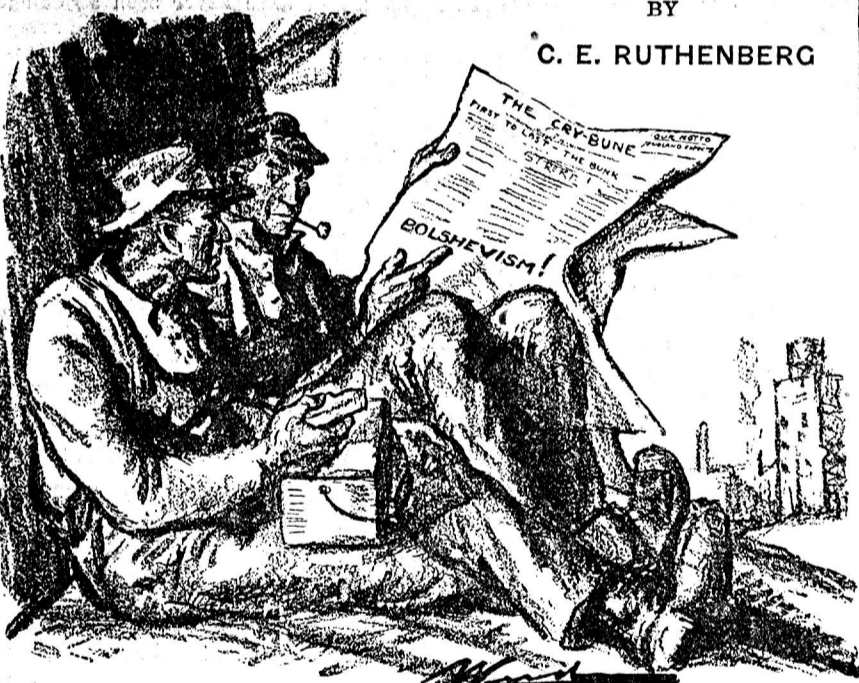
## ON TO A HALF MILLION!

Distribute a half million copies of the pamphlet, "The Workers (Communist) Party—What It Stands For, Why Every Worker Should Join" by the end of this year.

# The Workers [Communist] Party

## WHAT IT STANDS FOR WHY WORKERS SHOULD JOIN

BY C. E. RUTHENBERG



"I know what this Bolshevism means, Bill—it means us."

This is the cover of the new pamphlet that should be put into the hands of a half million workers. Sells at 5 cents a copy—to party units at 2 1/2 cents.

TELL HALF A MILLION WORKERS WHAT YOUR PARTY STANDS FOR!

A JOB FOR EVERY PARTY MEMBER!

Order from: National Office, Workers Party, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

WATCH THIS SECTION TOMORROW!

### PASSAIC STRIKERS SEEK ADMITTANCE TO A. F. OF L. UNION

PASSAIC, N. J., July 29.—Ten thousand members of the United Front Committee will meet in Belmont Park today, to consider again the question of affiliation with the American Federation of Labor and settlement of the strike, which enters its seventh month.

Officials of the American Federation of Labor have been invited to attend and take part in the meeting, and the Associated Societies and Parishes of Passaic and vicinity, which have taken such an active part in defending the rights of the workers, have accepted an invitation to send representatives. An official invitation has been extended to Henry F. Hilfers, secretary of the New Jersey Federation of Labor.

#### Chicago Worker Burned To Death.

Alfred Nelson, 20, employee of a Stair Manufacturing company, was burned to death here today when flames from a furnace door ignited his oil-soaked clothing. Nelson was shoveling wood shavings into the furnace at the time.

### New Haven Youth Plans Help for the Passaic Strikers

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 29.—A number of youth organizations have recently formed a committee for the organization of a Youth Section of the Passaic Strike Relief Conference. Every youth organization has been invited to send delegates to the first conference Saturday, August 7, at 7:15 p. m., in Machinists' Hall, 99 Temple Street.

Many youth social, cultural, sports and economic organizations have indicated their willingness to take part in this conference.

### Fear Oil Tanker Was Lost in Storm

PORT ARTHUR, Tex., July 29.—No word has been received at the marine headquarters of the Gulf Refining company concerning its tanker, The J. M. Guffey, which was on its way to Jacksonville, Fla., with a cargo of oil from Port Arthur.

Get an autographed copy of Red Cartoons by Fred Ellis and Robert Minor.

## PASSAIC POLICE LAUNCH ATTACK ON STRIKE TOTS

### Judge Davison Seeks to Jail Youngster

PASSAIC, N. J., July 29.—As 150 children were marching past the sacred, but dungeon-like and dingy walls of Botany Mills, on their way to a mass meeting at Belmont Park, they were attacked by Officer Max Meyer. The police thug with a specially unsavory reputation attempted to break up the marching line of singing kiddies. The strikers' kids refused to be intimidated. They kept their line. They kept on singing.

Meyer, infuriated by the defiance of tiny tots, rushed the line and picked out one of the larger girls, Dickie Trask, and after abusing her in the most indecent language, "heroically" marched her off under arrest.

Dickie went along bravely, and the kids, encouraged by her example, began singing "Solidarity." They called out to each other, in the hearing of the cop, "She is not afraid, why should we be?"

At the police station, Dickie was charged "with leading a crowd of 150 children past Botany mills and encouraging them to sing and shout."

An attempt was made to railroad the girl to prison by Judge Davison, a tool of the mill barons. The union lawyer, sensing this and remembering the case of Maggie Pitocco, 17-year old girl striker who was sentenced to six months in jail, secured an adjournment to prepare more data on the case and find new witnesses.

Judge Davison made no bones of his anxiety to send Dickie to jail if he gets the chance. "If you are convicted on this charge," he bawled at her, "you are going to jail."

### Traction Magnates Despair Inroads of Auto Transportation

Railroad and traction interests bewailed the inroad of motor bus, truck and automobile transportation into their profits before Interstate Commerce Commissioner John Esch at the Great Northern Hotel. Hearings are now being conducted in Chicago at which owners of railroad and traction lines, bus lines and automobile manufacturers and good roads advocates are presenting their views. These hearings will be held in 18 cities so that the Interstate Commerce Commission may be able to draft legislation for the coming session of congress on auto and truck transportation.

A number of railroad and traction heads point out that with the operation of bus lines in competition with their lines the number of passengers carried by their roads in many cases has been cut by one-third.

It was also pointed out that in an number of cases bus lines are started on "shoestring" capital and that after they have been in operation for some time they are sold to the railroads at fancy prices because of their "nuisance value."

The interstate commerce commission is being urged to take bus lines and auto transportation under their jurisdiction.

#### Earthquake Registers in New York.

NEW YORK, July 29.—A severe earthquake was registered early yesterday on the seismograph at Fordham University. The tremor, which began at 5:13 a. m., daylight saving time, reached its maximum intensity at 5:58 and continued until 7:10 a. m.

Send a sub now and get the special rate of five dollars for a year's subscription and the pleasure of help Our Daily.

# Join the Crowds

in CHICAGO



at the Party

# PRESS PICNIC

on SUNDAY, AUGUST 1

at the Picnic Grove of

# RIVERVIEW PARK

SEE THE FOOTBALL GAME

between the Workers' Sports Club and the Roosevelt Athletic Association



ENJOY THE Russian Dances and Singing

Games and sports and a hundred different pleasures await every worker who comes out.

### C. E. RUTHENBERG WILL SPEAK.

22 workingclass papers in all languages are arranging this joyous affair to which every worker is invited.

ADMISSION 50 CENTS AT THE GATE, 40 CENTS IN ADVANCE—and every ticket good for 15 CONCESSIONS in the Amusement Park.

TICKETS SOLD at Workers' Book Store, 19 S. Lincoln St., and The Daily Worker, 1113 W. Washington Bldg.



THE DAILY WORKER

Published by the DAILY WORKER PUBLISHING CO. 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill. Phone Monroe 4712

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Address all mail and make out checks to THE DAILY WORKER, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Illinois

J. LOUIS ENGDALH, WILLIAM F. DUNNE, MORITZ J. LOEB. Editors: Business Manager

Entered as second-class mail September 21, 1923, at the post-office at Chicago, Ill., under the act of March 3, 1879.

Advertising rates on application

Peaceful Militarists

Calvin Coolidge, president of the United States, and Edsel Ford, son of the biggest manufacturer of the smallest automobile in America, held a war conference at the president's summer residence in New York.

Both are men of peace. This is what we are told. Yet both are preparing for war. Once upon a time, Ford sent a ship to Europe laden with peace enthusiasts and pie-card artists extraordinary.

He has the Fords also saying: "In all our plans for development of commercial aviation we have the defense of the country view... We are anxious that our experience and our facilities shall be at the disposal of the country."

This is a mixture of business with the pleasure of preparing for war. Incidentally the only people who can properly be labelled men of peace under this system are those who are preparing for the struggle to get rid of capitalism.

Instead he declared war on the Jews. Now Henry has perfected a triple motor all-metal monoplane which for safety, durability and cruising radius brings the art of flying near to perfection.

There is a nickel under the heel here. Competition was said to be the life of trade. Now there is a deadly war on in the automobile world between two giant corporations—General Motors and the Ford Motors company.

Echoes of the British General Strike

An ounce of action is worth a ton of declarations. The activity of the British Communists during the general strike has convinced the Llanely divisional labor party that they have proved by their conduct as well as by words that their part in the general labor movement is a constructive one and not destructive as the reactionaries represent it.

On the agenda for the annual meeting of the above section of the British labor party was a recommendation from the executive committee that the affiliation of the Communist Party be refused and that the Llanely party adhere to the Liverpool decision, barring the Communists.

Between the time the agenda was made up and the meeting was held the British strike had taken place and when the members of the executive saw how the Communists conducted themselves, they withdrew the anti-Communist recommendation and were unanimously sustained by the conference.

In the elections that followed a Communist was made vice-chairman and four others were elected to the executive. The reactionaries in the British labor movement have already failed in their attempt to isolate the Communists.

Wind and Windbags

Senator Borah is not the first man to get into trouble because of a healthy pair of lungs. He delivered a speech for the anti-saloon league in Georgia recently. Now, the Pennsylvania democrats are appealing to him to enter the seat and stump for William B. Wilson, dry and democrat.

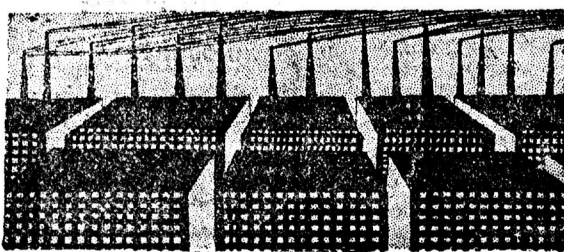
Another individual who got into trouble because of his honest antipathy to booze and slush funds is the editor of the Locomotive Engineers' Journal. He gave editorial support to Wilson, not knowing that the gentleman was an operator of scab mines.

What some reformers seem to worry most about are not issues that affect the corned beef and sauerkraut of the workers, but vague "ideals" like the furnishing of fig leaves to the natives of Central Africa or christianity to the Chinese.

Did Frank McEriane have a drink in the detective bureau or did he not? This question is causing considerable discussion around town. He was drunk when he reached the jail. It must be admitted that he was in an awful hurry. He should have patronized his neighborhood drug store.

Are the capitalist papers newspapers or propaganda sheets? You will find the answer to this question in the columns of inspired eulogies of Premier Poincare of France.

SUBSCRIBE TO THE DAILY WORKER!



The Printers and the General Strike

By EARL R. BROWDER.

In many things the great British strike presented the international labor movement with new phenomena to study. Not the least important is the role of the printers and the capitalist press.

Lying Capitalist Press Silenced. For the first time in history the entire press of a great capitalist nation was completely silenced.

The British Gazette and the British Worker. One of the stupid acts that disclosed the defeatist attitude of the T. U. C. general council was its decision to include the Labor Press in the general stoppage.

Printers Begin Great Battle. In fact, the printers were the first to strike the miners, to engage in the struggle. Baldwin used their action in closing down the Daily Mail as one of his reasons for closing the negotiations on Sunday night.

A very instructive revelation of how the ordinary members of the unions were pushing their leaders onward, was unconsciously made by Hamilton Fyfe, the reformist editor of the Daily Herald, in his incredibly stupid pamphlet on the strike.

The extreme heat with which Fyfe abuses this zealous worker, arouses something more than a suspicion that no paper was intended by the general council even then, but was forced by such pressure from the membership; surely he would not have written his anger into a big book only because he lost a few hours of his beauty sleep!

The principal editions of the Evening News and of the Evening Standard also failed to appear on May 3, and the late editions of the Star

were stopped, due to the attacks against the trade unions that were to appear in them. In the case of the News, the offending article was a reproduction of the Daily Mail's leader entitled, "For King and Country," which had caused the first strike.

The Standard was stopped because the editor refused to remove an article entitled, "Recruiting Scenes in Whitehall." The Star was stopped on account of publishing the government's call for volunteers to break the impending general strike.

"Such a sight was never seen before. Leader-writers, art and music critics, reporters, sub-editors, financial experts, — every able-bodied man, of whatever rank or station, was recruited for the occasion, and all responded to the call with a frolic welcome."

"The machines were late in starting. There was an accident in the foundry. A mould was broken; it took nearly two hours to clear away the splashed metal so that the auto-plate would work again."

"In one case the steel dogs which should have lain flat were left up when the cylinder began to turn. If it had gone a full circle, however slowly, the sharp teeth of the dogs would have torn the machinery to pieces. By the breadth of a hair short of disaster it stopped..."

YEs, it seems that even for a "frolic," these bourgeois lackeys did not enjoy a night of the "nightmare" of a worker's task. And they were so hopelessly incompetent as workers that the only factor which finally got the British Gazette out at all was the body of superintendents and foremen gathered from all the other daily paper plants in London...

The Rakosi Trial Is On

By JOHN PEPPER.

A NEW chapter in the rascality of the Hungarian counter-revolution is beginning. The trial of Rakosi and his comrades began on July 12 in Budapest.

Fifty-eight workers will stand before the counter-revolutionary tribunal of Horthy. Mutiny, coup d'etat plans, offenses against law and order of the "kingdom of Hungary" and — most "terrible" of all — Communist propaganda, agitation for the ideas of the third international — these are the chief counts in the indictments.

Forgery Trial. Hungary once more shows its true face. The forgery trial is followed by the Communist trial. It would require a new Carlyle to depict the forgery trial — this Hungarian edition of the necklaced case.

The first is the Communists — Rakosi and his comrades, who, with tenacious detail work and heroic disregard for death, worked away at the building up of the illegal Communist Party.

The Rakosi Group. The Rakosi group appears at the bar as the standard bearer of the Communist International, as the perpetuator of the great revolutionary traditions of the first Hungarian Soviet Republic, as the subterranean advance guard of the new Hungarian revolution.

Chronic Depression. Chronic economic crises, chronic unemployment, and a counter-revolutionary dictatorship grown chronic, with its secret societies, its irredentist propaganda, and its brutal contempt of all "formalities" of bourgeois democracy — such is the picture presented by Horthy-Bethlen-Hungary.

The relations between the Bethlen government and the social democratic party of Hungary is best characterized in the words of Heine's poem, "Krapulinsky and Waschlapky": "One house and one soul."

In all the world no social democracy is so closely bound up with its "own" government as is the Hungarian. In a duly executed contract containing many paragraphs and much juridical innuendo it sold out the Hungarian proletariat to the Bethlen government.

To Muzzle Communists. Thru this trial the government pursues two political goals: First, it hopes to muzzle the Communist Party by intimidation and imprisonment of its spokesman. Secondly, it seeks to force the socialist labor party into illegality.

It is the duty of the international working class to concentrate attention on this trial of Hungarian workers. The first attack of the Hungarian counter-revolution which last winter sought the life of Rakosi was beaten back thru the splendid solidarity action of the international proletariat.

Comrade Rakosi showed himself worthy of the great revolutionary traditions of the Hungarian working class in his first appearance before the court. He, the former people's commissar of the Hungarian Soviet Republic, the former secretary of the Communist International, went back to Hungary fully conscious of the danger of death and torture in order to carry out difficult illegal work.

Support Hungarian Workers. We are confident that neither he nor the other 57 workers now before the Horthy tribunal will be deserted at this juncture by the working class of the world.

Maritime Labor Herald Suspends Publication. GLACE BAY, Nova Scotia (FP)—July 29.—The Maritime Labor Herald, focus for many years of the militant miners of Nova Scotia, is forced to suspend publication until better times.

AS the scope of this article is to deal with the role of the printers in the strike, the very interesting questions of the editorial policies of the British Gazette and the British Worker must be referred to another time. It was not the fault of the printers if the British Worker was a milk-and-water sheet that did its best to dampen the ardour of the strikers; the printers supported the strike beyond all expectations.

How Strikebreakers Were Recruited. The story of how strikebreakers were mobilized in sufficient numbers to print the British Gazette has been told in the columns of the Morning Post, in whose plant it was printed. It is an instructive and amusing tale.

"The machines were late in starting. There was an accident in the foundry. A mould was broken; it took nearly two hours to clear away the splashed metal so that the auto-plate would work again."

"In one case the steel dogs which should have lain flat were left up when the cylinder began to turn. If it had gone a full circle, however slowly, the sharp teeth of the dogs would have torn the machinery to pieces.

BY course the printers have not been passive under this assault and the betrayal of their leaders. Fierce and protracted struggles have taken place, particularly in the newspaper plants, and especially in Glasgow. But due to the failure of leadership, these struggles have been isolated and split up, and tho they have mitigated the depth of the defeat and preserved the unions, they could not overcome the betrayal.

The printers have been traditionally conservative in all countries, and nowhere more so than in England. But in this general strike they have shown wonderful fighting abilities, great discipline and loyalty, and have obtained experience that will doubtless awaken and develop a class-consciousness hitherto unknown among them.

When the general strike was called off, the printers found themselves faced with a concerted offensive of the employers to break their union; they were given their jobs only by signing individual contracts. With complete unanimity and solidarity the workers refused to return, and for five more days they kept the capitalist press completely silenced except for the few little miserable sheets that the black-legs could produce.

This agreement conceded seniority rights in the shops to blacklegs who worked during the strike; abandoned the right of the workers to meet during working hours; abandoned all union control of allocation of work; and agreed not to participate in any general or sympathetic strike in the future.

"Any unionist who returns to work must recognize that for the future this is not a Society house, and he or she may be working alongside nonunionists."

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In the meantime the printers of the world, and all other workers, should study the deeds and achievements of the British printers in the great general strike.

WITH THE STAFF

Being Things From Here and There Which Have Inspired Us to Folly or Frenzy

Christus a He-Man

(Wherein the Son of God Visits Hollywood, Refuses to Suppress His Emotions and Meets a White Mule)

"Jesus Christ was not a nincompoop and I would not interpret him as such," declares William Faversham, veteran actor, fired by the Hollywood movie directors because he was "too virile" in his portrayal of the role of "Christus" in "America's Passion Play."

"The Passion Play managers asked for a meek man, a gentle, retiring man of sorrows, but Jesus was physically a giant as well as mentally. He braved the hardships of outdoor life and hiked the deserts." The actor stroked his jaw reflectively and cogitated upon the Mexican hejira of Almee Semple McPherson: Then he erupted once more:

"Above all Christ was a dignified man. At one place in the drama I was to ride a donkey. The directors couldn't find a donkey, so they obtained a white mule. Yes, sir, a white mule. That mule was so mean he kicked when I mounted him and it took two men to hold him while I got on. A bucking mule, fighting two men, while I, in the role of the Savior, tried to ride him like a cowboy. Picture such a spectacle!"

A Caustic Critic Said We Should Put This in "Now You Tell One" — Likell We Will, Likell!

THE "BUGHOUSE FABLES" AND "WITH THE STAFF" ARE TWO COLUMNS TO BE PROUD OF. — LAWRENCE FENNER EVANSTON, ILL.

MUSSULOMANIA. A foreigner was admiring the Arch of Titus in Rome one day, when a man started to pass under it. A ship could have passed without difficulty, but this man stooped low.

"Who's that idiot?" the foreigner said to a native. "Undoubtedly, signor," the native answered, "that is Mussolini." — From Chicago News.

Deep Dig at Charlie. "Since the retirement of Charles E. Hughes as Secretary of State, Mr. Coolidge has a more direct and intimate part in foreign affairs."—An anonymous official's unofficial statement from Mr. Coolidge's summer home.

E-X-T-R-A COOLIDGE DENOUNCES THE PRESIDENT!

(From the New York Times.) "Coolidge dictated the following statement: 'The President has made no statement and authorized no interview concerning our foreign debts or trade agreements.'" —

Little Allah Goes to Jail. "Oh, my little Allah, he is so small and affectionate; he wouldn't hurt anyone," said Mary Neryda, 19 years old, an oriental dancer, who started a near riot when she appeared at State and Washington streets among a busy throng, with a python wrapped around her neck in place of a summer fur.

"It may be tiny and playful," said Judge Joseph Schulman in court where Mary landed, as cops and bailiffs shyed away from the D. T. symptoms when little Allah unwound a few feet and tried to demonstrate affection for red noses. "But keep your playmate under cover in public hereafter. Ten dollars. Next case."

Mary had a little snake. Whose length was forty feet; So wrapped up in it was Mary. That she took it on the street.

The crowd stampedes; the coppers roar; Poor Mary lands in jail; The judge decrees with shaking knees He'll touch the stuff no more.

His honor then rebukes the maid And tells her without fail To lock her playful python up, While Allah wags his tail.

SEN. JOHNSON HITS AT THE WORLD COURT

The World Against Us Because of Banks

Senator Hiram Johnson of California stopped off in Chicago long enough to deliver a few war cries against the world court and the administration that got America into it. "If, with the world united against us," he said, "we are a part of any league or league court, what might occur none can foretell."

"The passionate outbursts abroad against our country seem to go beyond the mere passing caprice of an excitable crowd. The hostility extends thru all classes and is voiced by influential and conservative newspapers.

"When, at the instance of Morgan and company, we settled the Italian debt due us for 20 cents on the dollar and interest at 1-3 of 1 per cent, while Morgan and company at the same time charged for its loan to Italy 7 per cent, our internationalists fondly imagined we were buying Italy's favor. Instead we won Italy's contempt.

"What chance would America have in a world court today, with every country influenced against us? No Frenchman, a judge of the court, would dare return to his native land if he rendered a decision for Shylock Uncle Sam; and the imagination is staggered by the consequences to an Italian who might look with favor upon us as suitor."

Can Spend Only \$18 from \$18 Wage, Says Melancholia Grocer

INDIANA, Pa., July 29.—(FP)—A traveling salesman asked an Indiana merchant why business was so bad; why goods did not sell. The merchant's answer appears in the Patriot, a local Italian paper, as follows: "Well, I'll let you figure it out. The Bethlehem Mines corporation pays its miners 40 cents an hour. The average working day for the miners is seven and a half hours. A day of seven and a half hours, at 40 cents an hour, means \$3.00 in wages. A week of six days gives the miner \$18 a week. How much can a miner buy with such wages, besides meeting his light bills, etc.?"

Now You Tell One

"I never heard of an instance where men could be purchased for money." — Henry I. Green, G. O. P. boss who put out \$324,000 in cash for McKinley votes.

SEND IN A SUB!