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DRIVE FOR VICTORY IN BRITISH STRIKE

THE PACE SET BY DEVELOPMENT IN INDUSTRY IN SOVIET UNION NEVER REACHED IN CAPITALIST COUNTRIES

By JOHN PEPPER Special to The DAILY WORKER

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Oct. 29. - "The Soviet Union is entering upon a new stage of development with the beginning of the new economic year," said Alexis Rykoff, chairman of the Council of People's Commissars, in beginning his report to the third day's session of conference of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union.

"The Soviet Union is beginning to reconstruct its economy on the basis of a higher technique. While the national economy as a whole has reached the pre-war level, the restoration of

industry and agriculture was effected

under quite new social conditions

Summarizing the outstanding cha-

racteristics of the new Soviet econo-

the restoration of industry went pa-

(Continued on page 2)

HEADS BOARD

ON R. R. WAGE

Arbitration Hearings

Open at New York

(Special to The Dally Worker)

of the conductors and trainmen. The

man in an organization meeting at

Open hearings have commenced and

will continue until both sides pre-

sent their arguments, with the unions

there are other things which show

how much railway unionists should

rely upon such "impartial" arbitra-

Clark is a lawyer, member of the

law firm of Clark and La Roe of St.

the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Recently he defended the claims of

of their property, appearing for the

Clark was made assistant secretary

of commerce and labor in 1903. This

probably was a reward for his anti-

union activities, as in 1902, when an

official of the Order of Railway Con-

ductors, he ordered the conductors to

In 1901, during the switchmen's

strike in Denver, Clark made an ar-

rangement with the railroad com-

pany, for conductors to take the place

of the strikers. In 1894, Clark united

with the General Managers' Associa-

tion to break the strike of the Ameri-

Sheppard Presents Case.

In the opening of the arbitration

hearing, L. M. Sheppard, president of

men in the case, wherein they ask a

20 per cent raise, declared that the

railroads have increased their reve-

nue from 18 to 27 per cent since 1920,

vet that since 1921 the trainmen's

cents an hour.

BILL OF EXCEPTIONS FOR NEW TRIAL

By S. D. LEVINE.

from the decision of Judge Thayer of the superior court who denied their

ments presented six weeks ago at a hearing for a new trial for the two con-

held Sunday at 4 p. m. in the Boston Common at Charles St. Mall.

A protest meeting arranged by the Workers (Communist) Party will be

(Special to The Daily Worker)

SACCO-VANZETTI ATTORNEYS FILE

can Railway Union, led by Debs.

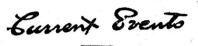
scab on striking switchmen

estate of Adolphus Busch.

the Waldorf-Astoria hotel.

giving their case first.

from those of the pre-war period."



By T. J. O'FLAHERTY

THE depths to which official trade unionism has sunk in the state of Illinois is amply demonstrated by the support given to Frank L. Smith, republican boodle-snatcher, by the State Federation of Labor politicians and their understrappers thruout Illinois. It was expected that Smith's connection with the open-shopper Insull would at least have the effect of keeping those political harpies silent. But no! I have in front of me a copy of the Vermillion County Star, edited by a former socialist and more recently a prominent member of the farmerlabor party of Illinois, now defunct, which is in fact a special issue to boost Smith.

THE only good feature of the issue I is the exposure of George E. Brennan, the democratic tool of capitalism. Everything said about Brennan, as far as his anti-labor record is concerned, is true. But why jump from the frying pan into fire? If preference for Smith were due to a naive belief that he is a better man than Brennan, one could keep quite cool about the matter, even tho it would be hard to take such a foolish position calmly. But the pity of it is that those labor deaders who are supporting either Brennan or Smith are doing so for ulterior motives. They are common rasvals who are selling their influence among the workers for a consideration of some sort, whether it be hard cash or jobs for themselves or their rela-

IN England there is possibly not half a dozen labor leaders who would dare endorse a capitalist candidate. Not that the dominant leaders of the British labor movement are any better morally than our Walkers, Greens and Lewises. J. H. Thomas would gladly permit his body to be used by the king to clean the royal shoes on, and Mrs. Ethel Snowden, the socialist lady, would be willing to perform an equally servile task for the queen. J. R. MacDonald, while premier, laid the keels for five cruisers and allowed British planes to bomb Indian villages, for king and imperialism.

THO our English labor fakers use I the lingo of socialism they are no more in favor of the overthrow of capitalism than William Green or Frank Farrington, who uphold capitalism with eloquence and enthusiasm. Then why is J. H. Thomas, privy councillor to King George, a member of the labor party, and why is William Green, the small-town Baptist, a democrat? For the very good reason that capitalism in England is on the decline, while here it is still on the upgrade. The British labor fakers find It to the their personal advantage to follow the masses, enriching them-(Continued on page-4)

MILL STRIKER DEAD; SUSPECT SCAB ENEMIES

Passaic Picket's Body Found on Drawbridge

(Special to The Daily Worker)

PASSAIC, N. J., Oct. 29 .- There Is one striker less in the Passaic textile mill district this week than there was last. One less in the ranks of the my, Rykoff pointed out that: First, sufferers and one more on the list of victims.

The broken body of John Elekes, an active Hungarian striker reported missing a week ago now lies in the morgue at Union City, N. J. He was found on the Pennsylvania drawbridge over the Hackensack river, near Jersey City, his body wedged into the mechanism of the bridge. According to the autopsy, Elekes was struck by a train probably while still alive. It is the opinion of the police and others who saw the place where the body was found, that he was taken to the railroad track to be hit. Whether or not he was unconscious before he was hit is not known.

Active Striker. Elekes was an active striker and had numerous-enemies among the strikebreakers in the nearby mills. NEW YORK CITY, Oct. 29.—Edgar the complaint of one of them and been chosen chairman of the board of Second District Criminal Court, arbitration to consider the wage de- Hackensack. He was paying this fine

mands of the railway brotherhoods off in weekly installments. The striker was last seen alive board also chose Clark as the chair-Monday, Oct. 18, when he left home about four-thirty in the afternoon to visit his friend, Alexander Sipos, 31 Dewey Street, Garfield. The two men nad been friends for more than twenty years. Sipos watched Elekes from the front porch, as he started up the Clark bas held high office in the street toward his home. From the Order of Railway Conductors, but time he left Sipos' home about eight o'clock Monday evening, until his lead body was found the following Saturday afternoon, what happened o Elekes is a mystery.

Unfair Play. John Sistaro, a private detective Louis, and was former chairman of who knew Elekes and was friendly toward him, believes that the striker was killed by strike enemies. He the railroads for a higher valuation says he is familiar with certain particulars regarding the animosity felt toward Elekes which give him this suspicion. Mrs. Elekes also is convinced that strikebreakers are re sponsible for her husband's death.

Widow and 4 Children. Elekes was small of stature and ad long been in a weak condition because of some malady contracted while he was working in the textile mills. He would have been no match for any assailant.

Mrs. Elekes is left with four small children to support. The eight-year-old son is sick in bed. There is a small insurance policy but undertakers are preparing to take most of that for burial costs.

the O. R. C. and advisor of the Train- Senator Reed Pins Slush Fund Bouquet on President Coolidge

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 29 .- "The red line wages have been cut three and a half of the circumference of the circle of corruption runs across the White House grounds and passes thru the heart of the Coolidge administration," Senator Reed, democrat, of Missouri, declared in an address in the interest of Representative Harry B. Hawes, democratic senate candidate.

Senator Reed called attention to conditions in Pennsylvania and Illi-BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 29.—Attorneys William G. Thompson and Herbert nois as disclosed before the senate Behrmann, counsel for Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti, filed a bill of campaign funds committee of which exceptions in the Norfolk county superior court at Dedham today, appealing he is chairman.

"The Mellon family directly condefendants a new trial. The documents made a volume a half a foot thick tributed \$125,000 which has been exand contained a list of more than 60 affidavits as well as evidence and argu- posed," he said.

"With full knowledge of the president. Mellon undertook to tell voters of Pensylvania in the name of the president to vote for the Mellon com-

TRADE UNION CONGRESS TRIES TO COMPROMISE BRITISH MINE STRIKE

LONDON, Oct. 29.-The effort of the Trade Union Congress to reopen negotiations between the miners, operators and the government for the settlement of the coal strike attracted wide attention in the press and official circles today, despite Premier Baldwin's refusal to summon a tri-partite conference.

A feeling prevails in responsible circles that the efforts of the Trade Union Congress will succeed in the next few days and will lead to negotiations to end the stoppage.

Falling to get full satisfaction from Premier Baldwin, because they could not guarantee to have the complete backing of the miners, the Trade Union Congress was today in touch with the miners' executive endeavoring to extract definite proposals which can be placed before the government.

AT WASHINGTON

Some time ago he was arrested on Policeman Fined \$75 E. Clark of Washington, D. C., has fined by Judge Wallace Leyden of the for Joining the Drunks

(Special to The DAILY WORKER) WASHINGTON, Oct. 29 .- Wild orgies in the Roumanian Legation when Queen Marie visited there, in which ers in their fundamental problems, inpre-Volstead liquor was imblbed freely by every one, altho this is the capital of a prohibition nation, were revealed at the police board trial of a patrolman today. The patrolman, La- president of Dist. 2, U. M. W. and fone Starkweather, was so drunk at candidate for international president the legation, it is reported, that he by deciaring him the only district was in a dazed condition when pick- president of the miners who had vi ed up. He was fined \$75 after a trial. sion and courage to establish an ed-That He Could Stand It.

Police Lieutenant Michael Ready testified that he knew of the carrousing at the legation and for that reason selected Starkweather to guard the building, as he "was a sober man and could stand the temptations of the legation."

But the "temptations," in which the queen figured, were too much, Sergeant Burlinghame reported, say- co-operation with the men, declared ing he saw Starkweather sitting on s box apparently in a dazed condition," after the party.

"It was a pretty wild night down there," he testified.

Government Worried. BUCHAREST, Oct. 29.—The Roumanian government is worried over reports circulated that "family trouole" and government intervention will interfere with Queen Marie's tour. The foreign office has issued a statement denying rumors that the government is displeased with Marie's welcome and actions.

OTTAWA, Ont., Oct. 29. - Labor leaders and war veterans of Ottawa have refused to participate in the functions arranged in the dominion capital to receive Queen Marie of Rou-

U. S. STILL MEDDLING IN TACNA-ARICA, THO IT PROMISED TO QUIT

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29 .- An Informal report on Tacna Arica was presented to President Coolidge by General William Lassiter, who succeeded General Pershing as head of the Tacna Arica plebiscitary com-

"We are still hopeful of adjustment of the problem by negotiation," said Lassiter.

Altho the state department ordered the commission's work abandoned, Secretary Kellogg said he still was in conference with the representatives here of Chile and Peru.

6,000 TRADE LABOR PARTY

Pennsylvania County to Form Organization

(Special to The Daily Worker)

BENTLEYVILL, Pa., Oct. 29 .--FP)-Washington county workers began the formation of a Labor Party when 200 delegates representing 6,000 organized trade unionists, mostly miners, met at Bentleyville in western Pennsylvania,

Steve Douglas of Brownsville was elected labor party secretary and all delegates agreed, in a resolution passed, to return to their homes and their local unions advocating strongly the building up of the new party of workers. Nationalization of mines was a principal plank in the platform

Unionist Elected Chairman. Harry Wadsworth, president Local 2399, United Mine Workers, of Daisyown, was elected chairman. In a short address he stated the purpose of the convention and why a labor party was needed in Washington County. Fred Siders, Avella coal miner candidate for president of Dist. 5, U. M. W., pointed out some of the main situations in which a labor party of workers is most needed.

Paul W. Fuller, educational director of Dist. 2, U. M. W., the main speaker, was received with a great deal of enthusiasm. He first explained workers' education and its value to workcluding political action as well as industrial organization.

Expounds Program. He paid tribute to John Brophy,

ucational department in his district. Fuller expounded the nationalization of mines' program in detail. He concluded with the statement that a 100% union and a labor party were essential, with nationalization, if the miners ever expected to get a decent

living out of coal. Women, Too.

Unless the women are organized in Fuller's assistant Clara Johnson, the labor party would lack the necessary strength to insure ultimate victory Miss Johnson has been organizing miners' women's auxiliaries in con nection with her educational work.

Wicks Attacks Old Parties. H. M. Wicks, Workers Party candi date for governor, spoke on the political situation in Pennsylvania, at tacking the control of both republican and democratic parties by big capitalists. His assertion that U. M. W. president John L. Lewis' support of Coolidge in 1924 was "a stab in the back" for the miners was much applauded.

Two Children Buried.

children were burned to death and questions the mother and two other children received serious burns when fire destroyed the Richard Leakey home here today. The dead were: Richard Leakey, 7 months old, and Phillys Jean Leakey, 2 years old.

Mrs. eLakey was badly burned in rescuing aCrolyn, 3, and Mary Margaret, four. The mother had gone to a neighbor's home for a few minutes. On her return she found the house

MINERS' LEADER URGES WORKERS TO MAKE 25 WEEKS' FIGHT VICTORIOUS



A. J. COOK.

"Your 25 weeks' struggle must not be in vain," Arthur Cook, secretary the decision of the districts, which of the British Miners' Federation and confirmed the resolutions passed at outstanding strike leader, said to the the conference on May 7 and 8, have surrender would mean servitude for out these decisions," said A. J. Cook. many years to come. You are entitled to a living wage and decent conditions. meet the unions of the safety men, Let us fight to secure them."

Solution

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.-Replying to circular of the Emergency Labor Conference to all candidates in reference to the evil of injunctions and the necessity for enactment of an antiinjunction bill, the candidates of the Workers Party declared themselves emphatically against injunctions and ointed out that only by labor enterng its own candidates and forming a Labor Party will it forge an instrument to combat the ever-increasing persecution of workers on strike.

The communication of the candilates of the Workers Party follows: J. M. Budish, Secretary, 'Emergency Labor Conference,

New York City.

"Dear Comrades: In reply to your ommunication of October 23, asking anti-injunction bill by the state legisto issue injunctions in trade and labor ELMWOOD. Ind., Oct. 29. - Two disputes, permit us to reply to these

> Favor Abolition. "1. We regard the injunction evil as menace to the existence of union (Continued on page 4.)

> > Another Herrin Death.

HERRIN, Ill., Oct. 29.—Another vic-William B. "Higspockets" McQuay, 24, was found riddled with machine-gun bullets about three miles east of here on the Johnston City road.

FEDERAL COURTS AGAIN AFFIRM AN INJUNCTION AGAINST U. M. W.

RICHMOND, Va., Oct. 29.—The injunction granted by the federal court In the northern district of West Virginia to prevent the United Mine Workers' Union from "intimidating or interfering" with employes of the West' Virginia and Pittsburgh Coal company was affirmed with a modification in the federal court of appeals here today.

EUGENE VICTOR DEBS Other Memorial Meetings

BOSTON-Nov. 4. - 8 p. m. - Tremont Temple,

BUFFALO-Nov. 5. - J. P. Cannon and others. PHILADELPHIA-Nov. 7. - J. P. Cannon and others.

BRITISH MINERS PREPARED FOR A FINISH FIGHT

Executive Moves Into Strike Area

(Special to The Daily Worker) LONDON, Oct. 29,-The striking British miners WILL win!

This statement is not based on outside opinion but on the expressed determination of the rank and file who have refused all overtures and turned down all advice that counselled surrender.

The entire executive of the miners' union has moved into Nottinghamshire, the weakest spot in the organization, in order to be, as A. J. Cook puts it, "at the seat of war."

The government is pouring police into the mining areas and troops are waiting for orders to entrain for the strike fields.

In the following remarkable interview to a representative of The DAILY WORKER, A. J. Cook, fighting secretary of the miners, gave out the plans of the miners' general staff to carry on the struggle:

"The Miners' Executive, faced with battling strikers. "An acceptance of set to work in real earnest to carry "Arrangements are being made to

> outside the Federation, to discuss what action we can take with regard to the withdrawal of their men.

"It has been decided that the executive should form itself into a central general staff, or a council of

"It has been further decided that t should utilize the services of all the miners' M. P.'s and the miners' lead in the coalfields, and of all those who are willing to help in this campaign Labor Party Is the Only to secure rigid adherence to the Federation policy, and to secure the withdrawal of all the men who have resumed work.

Stop Outcropping. "They should secure the ceasing and production of outcrop coal:

and to form once again a 100 per cent fighting army for the terms and conditions existing before the lockout.

"Realizing that Nottingham is one of the blackest areas, the whole executive will meet there to do its business, and to arrange its campaign right at the seat of war, to use a military phrase, to be ever-present in the firing line. The executive will meet there on Tuesday.

Miners Not Beaten.

"This is to be an intensified, centralized campaign to win victory. The employers have now recognized that (1) Do you or do you not favor the the miners are not beaten, and the thecking of the evil of injunctions general public, who are being exin industrial disputes; (2) Do you or ploited by paying high prices for coal, do you not favor the enactment of an | will see clearly the necessity for pressing the government to recognize the lature limiting the power of the courts justice of our claims, and demand that the government secure an equitable settlement or resign.

Praised Russian Workers.

Referring to the return of the miners' delegation from Russia on the previous day. Cook said that all of them, including his wife, were loud in the praises of the Russian workers, and were expressing their disgust at the decisions of the labor party tim of Williamson county's gang feud, conference, and the refusal of the political and trade union leaders to recommend the workers to have a levy for the miners.

"As my wife said to me," went on Cook, "Mr. Robert Williams has got his just deserts by being defeated in the election for the labor executive." "The action of Mr. Frank Hodges and his confreres on the International," continued Cook, "in refusing to allow the Russians to join has compelled us to consider the question of immediately forming an Anglo-Russian Miners' Committee. We must cement our friendship in a tangible form so that we can co-operate in the future o cary out the objects we have in

"We expect our comrades, the railvavmen and dockers, to refuse to plackleg by handling foreign coal."

DETROIT WORKERS

All DAILY WORKER agents of the party units of District No. 7 are called to attend a meeting, Monday, Nov. 1, 8 p. m., at 1967 Grand River, Detroit. Very Important plans for the advancement of The DAILY WORKER will be discussed. Do not fall to be present.-DAILY WORKER City Agent, S. V.

Lull in Herrin Gang Warfare as one Leader Visits Sick Brother

HERRIN, Ill., Oct. 29.-With one leader shot for vengeance and the other, removed from the immediate scene of recent killings, denying responisbility for the actions of his followers, communities in this and adjoining counties today awaited the next move in Southern Illinois' gang

ADMISSION FREE

Memorial Meeting-Chicago Temple Hall_Marshfield & Van Buren

TONITE-SATURDAY, OCT. 30,-8:15 p. m. JAMES P. CANNON — RALPH CHAPLIN — CARL HAESSLER - HYMAN SCHNEID C. E. RUTHENBERG

Auspices: Int'l, Labor Defense

Memorial Meeting—Detroit

ARMORY_Brush & Larned Sts. SUNDAY, OCTOBER 31-at 8 p. m. with

DENNIS BATT and MAURICE SUGAR AUSPICES-INTERNATIONAL LABOR DEFFENSE

FRANK MARTEL - JAMES P. CANNON

Lorimer Hall, with J. P. Cannon and others.

CAPTURED TRUNK SHOWS AIMEE'S TALE IS BUNK

Evangelist's Hair Is Now on the Air

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 29 .- The sensational Aimee Semple McPherson case was blown wide open again here

On the very day her attorneys rested her case, after the preliminary hearing of the evangelist, her mother, Mrs. Minnie Kennedy, and Mrs. Lorraine Wiseman-Sielaff, all charged with conspiracy to manufacture false evidence, had dragged thru five weeks, the state exploded a bombshell by announcing that Kenneth G. AOrmiston's trunk had been discovered in New York and that it was expected to arrive at the district attorney's office

Ormiston, former radio operator at Angelus Temple, is alleged to have been the companion of Mrs. McPherson at a cottage at Carmel, Cal., while her "four square gospel" followers thought her drowned.

Trunk Full of Clothing.

In Ormiston's trunk, according to the district attorney, is sufficient evidence to make a settlement of the casa, quickly and conclusively.

It is crammed with women's wear ing apparel, dainty frocks, expensive shoes, imported lingerie, silk stockings-and a silk "evangelist's" robe. Practically every article in the

trunk was purchased in Los Angeles. Rader's Nose Rag.

Only one article of masculine use was found in the trunk. This was a large silk handkerchief, on which is engraved the name of Paul Rader, an evangelist. Rev. Rader, it is recalled, occupied the pulpit at Angelus Temple while Mrs. McPherson made a pilgrimage to the Holy Land a year ago.

The trunk also contained a lace boudoir cap. In this cap was a single strand of hair-a hair of decidedly reddish hue.

This single strand of hair was sent to District Attorney Keyes from New York by air mail. That single strand of hair, according to Keyes, is going to have an important bearing on the outcome of the case.

Phila. Carpenters to Follow up \$1,000 for I. L. G. with More Aid

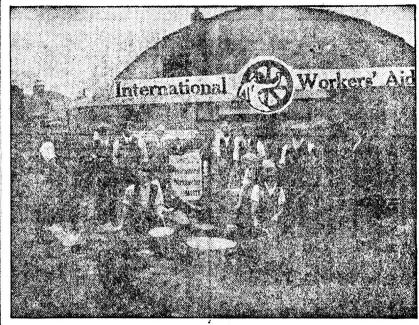
PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 29. - The Carpenters' Local No. 1073 voted \$1,000 for the cloak workers of New York who are now out on strike. In addition a collection was taken at the same meeting which amounted to over

A resolution was passsed unanimously to stake the cloak workers as long as the battle between them and the bosses rages. Many of the carpenters are out of work, but they pledged themselves to help nevertheless, as they deem it very important that the cloak makers should win.

Honduras Prisoners Revolt.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29. -, Three men were killed and several wounded an extensive and costly war must be during a revolt of prisoners yesterday in the penitentiary at Ceiba, Hon- these territories. And Britain canduras, the state department was ad- not afford, nor risk such wars, bevised today.

RELIEF FROM UNITED STATES HELPS BRITISH MINERS WAGE BRAVE FIGHT



British miners' soup kitchen maintained by funds collected from American can workers by the international Workers' Ald. Keep soup kitchens going stantly with the cause of united by sending your contributions to i. W. A., 1553 W. Madison St., Chicago.

dependability" of her working class.

cannot chance a war against a large

power even the the conquest of which

may mean a new lease on life for

British capitalism, or at least may

temporarily save it from its present

speedy and unmistakable deteriora-

Saw Labor Opportunity.

as to allowunder selling other nations

on the world market, and thus re-

of old. But to bring this about the

trade union movement had to be shat-

ered. Such an undertaking is prov-

it correctly appraised the dependa-

bility of the officials of the labor

movement, feeling that this element

could be counted upon in an emergen-

cy, it utterly underrated the aggres

siveness and consciousness of a pro-

oked rank and file, who could force

wishes of its official leaders. It ap-

pears that the British bourgeoisie did

ot anticipate the general strike

Even the labor leaders, both within

and without the T. U. C., who are

supposed to know the temper of the

rank and file, did not suspect that

the general strike would occur. I am

persuaded to credit this point of view

eral strike sensed the probability of

t, they would have actively engaged

in a campaign beforehand to prevent

the occurrence of a situation that was

(To be continued.)

most distasteful to them.

general strike, contrary to the

By JACK BRADON.

T is now nearly seven menths since For these very same reasons, she the British miners left the mines in their effort to spike the ambitions of British capitalism to reconstruct its economy at the immediate expense of the miners and ultimate cost of Britain's entire working class.

The struggle of the miners against tion. a cut in wages, which were already extremely meager, actually bordering most strenuous Mindful for without, Britain has and testing one, and is marked by great heroism and privation, not only of the miners, but of their women and children as well.

Whole System Questioned.

Interlocked with the problem of wages and hours of the miners is the question of British economy in its entirety. Having lost its world economic dominance and political prestige to Wall Street, as a result of the world carnage and its subsequent developments, British capitalsm is seeking a way out of its desperate plight of chronic unemployment, colonial pressure, general instablity and inability to compete on the world market even with its most plentiful commodity, coal.

T cannot, as a way out of these difficulties, further the exploitation of its colonies or the industrially backward nations, by obtaining from them cheap raw material and labor, and in urn charge them high rates for the inished product. For in those colonies and so-called backward nations, where Britain formerly held economic way, industry progressed—it moved forward, and in turn must obtain raw material, labor and a market for its finished product. It is this economic orce that is at the bottom of national movements such as in China, Inlia. Morocco, etc., making it highly lifficult for Britain to make those colmies and backward nations carry the burden of making her a thriving instead of a decaying capitalist coun-

war is Too Risky.
To continue her former grip upon

the colonies and backward nations, to say nothing of tightening this grip, carried on against the peoples of cause of her inner instability and "in-

CHCAGO LABOR TO HONOR DEBS AT MEET TONITE

Workers Will Pledge "Carrying On"

Eugene V. Debs, the great American rebel and labor leader, will be honored tonight by the workers of Chicago in mass meeting at Temple Hall Marshfield and Van Buren. Chicago labor will gather not only to mourn the loss of the old warrior but to pledge themselves to carry on. The meeting is being held under the aus pices of International Labor Defense.

Cannon to Speak. James P. Cannon, secretary of the International Labor Defense, upon the national committee of which Debs served since its inception, is one of the speakers. Debs was a ready and enthusiastic supporter of the work of . L. D. Himself a former class war prisoner, the heart of Debs was conworking class defense. The last public document of Debs was his appeal to American labor for Sacco and Vanzetti which was spread broadcas:



This picture of Eugene V. Debs was taken at the Ralph Chaplin home near Chicago while Chaplin was still in prison and about a year after Debs had been released. The baby Debs is holding is Eric Haessier, son of another wartime political prisoner. Chaplin and Haessler speak at the meeting to-

on the ground that, had those labor thruout the country by International eaders who were opposed to the gen- Labor Defense.

I. W. W. Poet Talks.

Ralph Chaplin, another speaker, is the famous I. W. W. poet, and was one of Gene Debs' good friends. Chaplin was prosecuted in the Chicago W. W. cases and served his term in Leavenworth penitentiary with score:

Carl Haessler, who will also talk. was a militant objector to the imper ialist war and served his term in Leavenworth for it. He was one of the leaders of the famous Leavenworth penitentiary strike, in which the prisoners presented a united front to the prison officials and won their demands for better conditions in the

Hyman Schneid, general organizer or remained neutral are now going of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, a member of organtheir conviction that Mussolini intends ized labor for many years, will also

Work to Be Related

Workers are urged to attend this meeting in numbers to pay a solemi tribute to a great working class fighter and leader. The story of bor movement, his leadership of the Pullman strike, the organization of million rubles profits not including the find Mussolini and fascism firmly en. the American Railway Union, his aid in founding the Industrial Workers of the World, the Social Democratic Party of America, his fight for progress and militancy in the labor movement and his severe and uncompro- ization. The industrial plan provided fakirs, his famous Canton speech and the last years of his life—these incidents and milestones in Debs' life firmations of the opposition such an and work will be related by the enormous pace has never been speakers. Admission to the meeting reached by any capitalist country

Seventeen Years a B. A. Gets Elected as General Sec'y-Treas.

Gus. Soderberg of Chicago, has been elected to the office of general secretary-treasurer of the Journeymen Tailors' Union for the ensuing two years.

He takes office January 1. Soderburg has been business agent of Lo

Get Huge Still.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Oct. 29.-Federal prohibition agents today seized the largest still ever found in New Jersey-a plant valued at half a mil-

Labor in Europe Speaks Up in Fight for Lives of Sacco and Vanzetti

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL.

 ${
m L}_{
m in}^{
m ABOR}$ in Europe is speaking up in the fight for the lives of Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Van-

Laurence Todd writes for the Federated Press from Washington that the "state department officials are visibly worried at the storm of protest" which has greeted "the refusal of Judge Thayer of Massachusetts to grant a new trial to Sacoo and Vanzetti."

The workers of the United States must join in this effort, so that not only the state department, nor the White House alone, but the whole capitalist dictatorship in this country will become seriously worried.

The realization that European workers are bearing the brunt of the fight for the class war prisoners in this country, should spur American workers to increased activity.

Another Federated Press correspondent, this time in Boston, declares that public opinion "seems to be shifting somewhat from its hostile attitude toward Sacco and Vanzetti toward the position that there must be something in these workers' claims of innocence after all."

This is an inevitable result of Judge Thayer's course handling of the case, his light disposal of the confessions of the two ex-agents of the department of justice, his slighting references to defense counsel, his zealousness in seeking to belittle the testimony of Celestino Madeiros, and especially his reference to "the verdict of a jury approved by the supreme court of this commonwealth." In fact, the supreme court never proved the guilty verdict against Sacco and Vanzetti. All that the supreme court did, in its own words, was to "examine carefully all the exceptions in so-far as argued, and finding no error the verdicts are to stand." The high court merely went thru the technical procedure of the trial. It had nothing to do with the question of whether the testimony presented justified the verdict. That is all that it can do when the present appeal from the decision of Judge Thayer denying the new trial demanded comes before it.

If some capitalist were on trial, of course, the court would quickly find an endless procession of errors on which to free him. But it is different when a worker faces the court. Then the judges of the high court blink themselves blind ignoring the fraudulent manner in which labor is declared guilty before the bar of the lower capitalist

America's dollar diplomats in Europe think they can fool the workers on the other side of the Atlantic. Thus Councillor Poole, of Wall Street's embassy at Berlin, told a visiting delegation of Communist members of the German reichstag that "there was no danger of immediate execution of the two men, citing the possibility that they may be pardoned. Reports to the contrary he said were 'incor-What a fraud? What a typical

bluff of American dollar diplomacy! Practiced on the self-satisfied of ficialdom of American labor, such tactics usually get satisfactory results. But Poole showed he does not understand European labor. Probably his eyes were opened a little when he read in the next issue of the Rote Fahne (Red Flag), official organ of the German Communist Party, that it considered "the American councillor's assurances were mere bluff" and urged the German workers to renew their protests against the scheduled executions. Labor in Germany that struggled valiantly for a Soviet republic, that saw its martyrs go to death by the thousands, that 'saw other tens of thousands imprisoned on the slightest pretext, understands fully every characteristic of the capitalist beast with which it has to deal. It is well trained against the pitfalls that capitalist rule continually prepares for it. The same may be said, perhaps in slightly lesser degree, of the workers of every other west-European capitalist country.

The same must also be said of the workers of the United States. The Sacco-Vanzetti case should teach American labor its much needed lesson, that there are classes within the social system under which we all live, that there is a continuous war going on between these classes, that the capitalist class seeks with every weapon at its disposal to maintain its supremacy, while the working class struggles for the power that will enable it to achieve its emancipation.

Sacco and Vanzetti will be the victims of this class war if American labor does not use its class power to shield them. European labor, thru its ceaseless fight for Sacco and Vanzetti, should inspire the workers in the United States to enlist in ever greater and irresistible masses in this war against their historic enemy, that must be crowned with labor's triumph over this nation's ruthless ruling class.

GRAFT DODGES FOOTSTEPS OF RUM SNOOPERS

Ralph W. Stone, who succeeded Major Percy Owen as prohibition administrator in Chicago, today was accused in federal court of continuing the graft of sacramental wine permits which Owen is charged with sharing and for which he and state Senator Lowell B. Mason are now on trial.

Stone's name was brought into the testimony by Irving Friedman, former wine salesman, who swore that Stone had raised the price of illegal wine permits from \$300 to \$400 and granted them when the money was forthcoming.

Arguments over the admissibility as evidence of lists of spurious "congregations" to which the permits ostensibly were issued resulted in an adjournment of the trial until tomorrow, after Friedman had left the

Federation of Labor Endorsing 200 Boss Aspirants for Office

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 29.-Tho he A. F. of L. has conducted not campaign in behalf of its favorite capialist candidates William Green announced that it has 200 "friends of abor" among them David I. Walsh of Massachusetts, who opposed the antichild labor bill which was endorsed y the federation.

If a considerable number of those endorsed win, the federation chiefs vill cailm the credit.

In Ohio the federation pronounces Senator Willis, republican, unfavorable, while the railroad brotherhoods avor him. Will is a member of the 'Ohio' gang" that fed at the pubic crib during the Harding regime.

Bootleggers In South Illinois Fire Each Others' Roadhouses

WEST FRANKFURT, III., Oct. 29. Your roadhouses, all of which were generally regarded as the property of he Birger faction, were laid to waste by fire early today, two miles south of here, just over the Williamson county line.

According to persons residing near the roadhouses, a machine gun barrage preceded the burning of the buildings, which were in a group on the Johnston City-West Frankfort

Bandits Kill Merchants.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 29.-Otto Zecafoose, merchant, whose store had been robbed twice previously, today shot and killed an unidentified bandit, who, with a companion, was breaking into the rear of his establish-

rallel with the realization of the elecindustry is now on twice as high a level as in pre-war times. Moreover. industry pursued the course of adaptation to the peasantry. The restoration of the rural economy proceeded on the basis of the new land property relations. The new agricultural tax was followed by a co-operative movenent that penetrated into the villages and by the birth of agricultural communes. The complete restoration

would have been impossible without an enormous internal accumulation which was used to create a comparais now actually vielding five hundred amortization fund.

Industrialization. The further development of the country's economy, he continued, will proceed on the slogan of industrialcurrent year and twelve per cent next year. In spite of the defeatist afwhose yearly growth in industry reaches from one-fifteenth to four per cent.

million rubles will be invested for fundamental expenses to be directed primarily towards machine building fuel, electrification, transport.

are starting work this year.

Soviet Union Sets Fast Instead of a dissolution of the middle in they most bitterly criticized the Pace in Development layer we have in the country a rise party, the opposition only confirm in the general welfare of all groups their bankruptcy. of peasants including the consolidation of middle peasant masses. The percentage of peasant economy without sowing has fallen from 6.9% in 1922 to 4.2% in 1925. Farming econotrification plan. The electro-technical mies up to two dessiatins constituted 46% in 1922 while in 1925-26 they because they failed to take into conconstituted 33%. Over the same period economies over ten dessiatins have increased from 1.2% to 3.3%. Well-to-do and employing peasants constitute 15% of all peasant farms and pay 47% of the whole agricultural tax, while from 25% to 30% of the peasant economies are altogether exempted from the tax.

Data Belies Private Capital Legend. The legend of the opposition about private capital is belied by the data showing the part played by private capital in commerce: 1923-24, the gross trade in the hands of private capital amounted to 22%, in 1925-26 is maintained and secured. this percentage has fallen to 9%. A corresponding fall of from 57% (1923-24) to 39% (1925-26) has been observed in the retail trade. The part played by private capital in other parts of the national economy are at a minimum point. The policy of lowering prices must be continued. The demand of the opposition for high industrial prices means the alliance of the rich peasants with the town bourgeoisie and the disrupture of the alliance of the workers and peasants. the destruction of the basis of industrialization and the defeat of the revolution. The party will not permit a defeat-

ist policy. Trotsky, the leader of the lice, the crowd of working class specopposition, has forgotten that it is a good thing to be a defeatist during imperialist wars but a bad thing to be a defeatist when the proletariat is engaged in a war for the consolidation last night at the Engineers' Audiof its dictatorship.

Defeat Opposition on All Fronts.

that the party and the Soviet power ber 31. have, in the work of industrial construction achieved perfect unity of

in the rural districts in a wrong light. I ference on economic questions where- hang tomorrow.

As the economic difficulties that arose in the autumn of 1925 are being outlined, the attention at first attracted by the opposition has gradually waned. The statements of the opposition have proved to be mistaken sideration the rapid development of small and big industry. In the next period the attention of the party must center on questions of economic reconstruction, the development of local industry, the consolidation of local finance.

In characterizing the progress of industrial development of the U.S.S. R., the speakers pointed out that the development followed the line of consolidating the union of the proletariat and peasantry and stated that it will be possible to attain the tasks of industrialization only if such a union

Trenton Unions Praise.

TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 29.-Labor union locals here have enthusiastically endorsed the motion picture presentation of the big Passaic textile strike which was shown here last night in the Central Y. M. C. A. Auditorium. A capacity crowd packed the large auditorium, and hundreds had to be

turned away. Wave after wave of enthusiastic applause swept the audience as the scenes of mass picketing were thrown on the screen, and when the long line of pickets appeared in gas masks and steel helmets following the gas bomb attacks by the potators went wild.

Cleveland Enthusiastic. CLEVELAND; O, Oct. 29.—The Pas-

saic strike picture went over big here torium, Ontario and St. Clair street.

Local unions show so much enthusi-In the course of the debate the asm over it, that it is extremely probspeakers, mostly provincial workers, able that it will be shown again in emphasized the correctness of the the local theaters. A Polish organizatheses on Rykoff's report pointing out tion will also have a showing on Octo-

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Oct. 29.-Richthe workers, a fact which is keenly ard Evans, convicted of the murder felt locally where industrial construc- of Policeman Edward C. Finegan in tion is proceeding at a rapid pace. | Chicago, today was denied a writ of The opposition suffered defeat on error and supersedeas by the Supreme Rev. S. P. Long.

Belden Ave. Baptist Church, Rev. cause it was too huge to be disman opposition is presenting the situation all fronts. Keeping silent at the con-



For the Special 12 page issue on November 6. There will be articles on every phase of Soviet life by outstanding writers.

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	6	ISSUE	of	12	pages.		

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.—Italians livng in the United States that had pre- "pen." viously supported the fascist regime over to the opposition as a result of to fasten a permanent dictatorship on Italy with himself as uncrowned mon-

This is the declaration of Luigi Criscuolo, an Italian leader of New York, in a statement calling attention to the growth of pro-fascist organizations among Italian people in America.

Instead of restoring Italy to the Italian people, says Criscuolo, "we trenched, with no evidence of any desire or plan to relinquish any powers, to the king, to parliament or to the people. Mussolini is the supreme lord of all Italy and no greater despot has

ever existed in Italian history." Many former admirers of Mussolini, carried away by the glamour of his novements, are now seeing that he has destroyed whatever liberties the talian people had already enjoyed in the interests of big capital.

Ambassador's Home Burns. FALMOUTH, Mass., Oct. 29.-Fire of unknown origin destroyed the home of Albert H. Washburn, ambassador to Austria, today, causing damage estimated at \$200,000.

WCFL Radio Program

Chicago Federation of Labor radio broadcasting station WCFL is on the air with regular programs. It is broadcasting on a 491.5 wave length cal No. 5 in Chicago for 17 years. from the Municipal Pier.

6:00 p. m.—Chicago Federation of La-or, talks and bulletins. 6:30—The Brevoort Concert Trio: Little Joe Warner; Hickey & Johnson, Hawai-ians; Ann Post, Vivian Lawrence, Oscar

of Its Industries (Continued from page 1)

Debs' activities in the American la lively large floating capital. Industry

mising castigation of misleaders and for eighteen per cent growth in the

In the current year one thousand

Coal Production. Rykoff pointed out particularly the progress in the Don Basin where for the last two years the coal output has increased by seventeen million tons as well as in the progress of electrification. New electrical stations

The most important tasks in respect to industrial readjustment are the necessity to carry out fully the economy regime and the modification of the system of administration of the industrial organizations. Between industry and the rural eceonomy there lion dollars and so large they said must exist close harmony as expressed SUNDAY, OCTOBER 31.

p. m.—Wicker Park Lutheran it would have to be dynamited be cause it was too huge to be disman. opposition is presenting the situation

having a "love and faith" religion

stuffed into them by what is known as

cation. The pupils are dismissed

from the school one hour a week to attend church classes which are un-

Those in support of the system say

'it is divorced completely from the

The central theme of the bible

the children "obedience, faith, trust,

Empire Opposes Their

Ambassadorial Aims

LONDON, Oct. 29.-The British dip-

omats are nothing if not clever. They

are now using all their tricks on the

delegates to the imperial conference

particularly those who are chafing un

der the collar because of the imperial

restrictions imposed on them by the

As we pointed out yesterday, it is

isolated from Canada and the Irish

Free State representatives. As a mat-

ter of fact, the British are at least as

worried about Canada as they are

about South Africa. And today we

learn that the intention of Canada to

send a representative to Washington

who would speak directly to the state

department for Canada has created a

British Jesultism.

speaking for all the dominions rather

than with a dozen representatives

As a matter of fact, Washington has

already had direct conferences with

South Africa over trade matters and

one of Hertzog's grievances is that

the rBitish ambassador in Washington

allowed imperial displeasure over the

conversations to reach the

very uneasy feeling in London.

so-called "mother country."

AMBITIONS OF

and love for god."

BORAH TO TALK TO OWNERS ON PASSAIC STRIKE

Rumor He Will Hold Them to Pledge

(Special to The Daily Worker) WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.—Senator Wm. E. Borah, republican of Idaho, is expected to stop in New York City on Friday to confer with owners of New Jersey textile mills concerning a settlement of the Passaic strike. It is said that while Senator Borah is for the moment devoting his time chiefly to the duties of the present election campaign, he is still very much interested in the New Jersey strike. It will be while he is on his way to campaign for Senator Moses of New Hampshire that Borah will talk to the mill owners.

Made Pledges It is understood that the textile manufacturers made certain pledges to the senator on condition that Albert Weisbord withdraw as a leader of the strike and allow the United Textile Workers' Union to come upon the scene. As is well known, this has been done. In some quarters here it is held that Borah, unless these pledges are made good, will carry out his threat of a senatorial investigation into the conditions surrounding the struggle of the textile workers.

Borah has not ceased to be very interested in the Passaic fight and is expected, at the end of the campaign, to devote fuller attention towards effecting a settlement. There is word from New Jersey that the textile manufacturers are themselves divided into two factions on the question of terminating the dispute.

Federal Courts Have no Jurisdiction Over Radio, Is Ruling Here

The federal courts have no authority to regulate radio broadcasting or to take action to clear the air of conflicting wave lengths, Judge James H. Wilkerson indicated here today when he remanded to the state courts an injunction proceeding brought by station WGES on the grounds of lack of jurisdiction.

Station WGES sought the dissolution of a temporary injunction granted against it to prevent it from interfering with the programs browncast by station WGN. Both stations are broadcasting on the same wavelength.

Chicagoan Submits Low Bid for Dam in Illinois Waterway

SPRINGFIELD, III., Oct. 29. Thomas Leroy Warner, Chicago, today submitted the apparently low bid to the state department of purchases and construction for building of the retaining wall at Joliet in the Illinois waterway. The bid, which was for \$1,892,170 includes excavation and construction work. Next lowest bidder was H. E. Culbertson Co., Cleveland, O., \$1,950,000.

This is the third time bids have been received for this work by the City, were the victims. state, the previous bids being unsat-

other attractive features.

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STIRS BRITISH EMPIRE MEET WITH GESTURE FOR AFRICAN INDEPENDENCE



Prime Minister of South Africa who, at the meeting of the British Empire Conference, caused the home government no little uneasiness by his talk of Independence for the African do-

OREGON SENATE **CAMPAIGN UNDER REED SPOTLIGHT**

Senator Orders Probe of G. O. P. Funds

(Special to The Dally Worker) KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 29. - A slush fund investigation of the Oregon senatorial campaign was ordered today by Senator James A. Reed, democrat of Missouri, chairman of the senatorial campaign fund committee.

Reed instructed Senators McNary, republican of Oregon, and King, democrat of Utah, to conduct the inquiry as soon as they complete present investigation into the Washington senatorial campaign,

Probe G. O. P. Nominee. Senator Reed asked them to investigate specifically the campaign of Fred Steiwer, the republican nominee.

"I have it on good authority," said Reed, "that Franklin K. Griffith of the Portland Electric Power Company gave the Portland, Oregonian, \$35,000 for opposition to Senator Stanfield, strike. who was defeated by Steiwar in the republican primary, of which \$25,000 was sent from the headquarters in Philadelphia. Only a senate inquiry can establish the fact, as no report was made of this contribution to the

Two Drowned in River.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 29 .- Two persons were drowned today when a and released on \$500 bail. Missouri river steamboat, the Elisha in river improvement worker, capsized in striking a retard near Atherton, Mo. Forest Bridges, 17, Atherton, and

Ruby Ann Maude. cook, of Kansas Fourteen others on the boat es

Schools Force Bible N. Y. JEWELRY Worship on Children **WORKERS CALL** of Muskegon, Mich MUSKEGON, Mich., Oct. 29.-Two 700 ON STRIKE

Police Recruit Scabs in Paper Box Strike

NEW YORK CITY, Oct. 29 .- Forty der the direction of a central organishops involving nearly 700 workers zation. have responded to the strike call of the Amalgamated Jewelry Novelty Workers. Negotiations began at once between Anthony Caprare, manager of that it is an auxiliary to the schools. the union, and the employers. Caprare announced that the following shops had petitioned the union for settlement:

Large Shops Ask Settlement. Trifari, Krussman and Fishel. 35 Sixth Ave., the largest shop in the trade with 150 workers out and 50 girls who will automatically become members of the union when the contract is signed; S. Friedman, 269 W. 88th St. (20 employes); Rhinestone Novelty Manufacturing Co., 19 W. 85th St. (26 workers); Berkshire Jewelry Co., 41 W. 36th St. (18); Green Engraving and Decorating Co., 140 W. 23rd St. (30); and Grand and

Douglas, 105 Fulton St. (10 employes.) The contract which these employers will sign with the union calls for the hiring of all workers thru the union employment bureau, a 10 per cent vage increase, a 44-hour week and time and a half for overtime. The strike will be continued in the other shops until the employers sign this contract, according to Manager Ca-

Police Recruit Scabs.

Two paper box strikers, Morris Wray and James Loresco, were arrested yesterday in the paper box district. Wooster and Green streets, taken to the First Magistrate Court. White and Center streets, and fined \$5 each by Magistrate MacAndrews. These workers declare that they were brutally asaulted by the police before being arrested. Wray charges that one officer spit in his face when he was inside the Mercer street poice station. They maintain that the officers who attacked and arrested them have made the great majority of similar arrests since the beginning of the box strike three weeks ago.

Florence Geller, secretary of the union, charges that she witnessed officers approaching workers on Wooser street yesterday and asking them if they wanted jobs. "In addition to riding on the paper box delivery wagons, protecting the property of the employers," Miss Geller said, "the police are evidently recruiting workers for the bosses to help break the

St., Brooklyn, and the Cantor Paper Box Co., 801 Broadway, Manhattan, dangers, new sacrifices, new hardhad settled with the union. This ships. Abraham Lincoln once said: makes a total of 19 shops settled to No nation that enslaves another car date, involving over 200 workers.

BERLIN, Oct. 29. - The German cress was greatly excited over London and Paris reports that the United States government is "amazed and irritated" over the proposed formation of a Franco-German steel combine.

The reports declared that the United States department of state has warned the German ambassador. Baron von Maltzan, in sharp terms against Herr Stresemann venturing pon any European policy which displeased the United States.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28 .- Secretary of State Kellogg has branded as unrue reports that the United States has interposed objections, directly or indirectly, to the formation of a Franco-German steel combine. An equally forceful disclaimer came from igh officials of the treasury.

The German embassy also formally denied that Baron von Maltzan, or any of the embassy officials, had discussed with Kellogg the steel combine.

Ponzi Loses Battle Against Extradition

AUSTIN, Tex., Oct. 29.—Charles Ponzi, financial wizard, today lost his appeal to avoid extradition to Massahusetts.

verruled the motion made by Ponzi's attorneys and sustained Governor Micial operations.

Aged Man Dies Under Train. HARRISBURG, Ill., Oct. 29.-James Edward Cummins, 65, was killed at Wasson, near here, at noon yesterday when struck by a Big Four train. Cummins was picking up coal along

NEGOTIATIONS START TOWARD ENDING STRIKE thousand Muskegon schoolchildren are

Date Factory Bosses to the "Muskegon plan" of religious edu-**Meet Workers**

Negotiations toward the ending of the strike of the Negro women workers against the Maras and Company date stuffing factory, 214 West Kinzie school system," but they admit openly street, are being conducted, it is announced. Conferences have been arranged by the Chicago Federation of teachings are, it is announced, to teach Labor with the employers.

Monday has been set as the date when a definite settlement will be made. A committee from the strikers and a representative of the C. F. of L. is meeting with the bosses. Picketing Ceases.

During the conferences militant ac tivities of the women have been suspended and picketing has been stopped temporarily until an agreement is

Among the demands insisted upon by the workers are recognition of the Date and Fig Workers' Union, a wage increase of one-half a cent pound over the old scale, improvement in working conditions and sanitation pro visions, shorter working hours.

Under no condition will the work ers back down on their demand for recognition of the union, declare strike leaders. This is their prime demand. The half cent a pound increase will ncrease the weekly wages from about \$14 to \$16. The company desired to decrease the wages to \$12, and the not wise to believe British news stoannouncement of this resulted in the ries to the effect that Downing Street strike. has Premier Hertzog of South Africa

There are at present no sanitation provisions in the factory, the workers charge, making for much discomfort among the workers.

A business and social meeting will be held by the strikers Saturday night at 8 o'clock at 3537 Indiana avenue. Friends are invited to attend. Donations for strike relief are expected.

Boston Capmakers Pass This is where British trickery comes Resolution, Regretting The foreign office circulated the Death of 'Gene Debs report that Washington would rather deal with the imperial ambassador,

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 29.—Local No. of the Cloth, Hat, Cap and Millinery Workers' International Union passed the following resolution on the death of Eugene V. Debs: Whereas, Eugene V. Debs has Just

whereas, Eugene V. Debs has Just passed away, and Whereas, Eugene V. Debs has been a militant leader in the struggle of the American workers against the autocratic rule of the American capitalist class, fighting courageously for the right of the workers to organize, against the use of injunctions in labor disputes, against the participation by the United States in the participation by the United States in the last World War and for the establishing of a political party that shall represent the workers of the nation, and Whereas, as a penalty for his activity in behalf of the workers of the nation Eugene V. Debs has spent years of his life in the capitalist prisons, being released only after years of confinement which broke his health and caused his untimely death.

October ARIZONA—
E. J. Bryan, Clifton. CALIFORNIA—
J. W. Blomstein, Fort Brag Julius Leivo, Fort Brag Julius Leivo, Fort Brag Christ Unger, Fort I shall Sirji, Fort Brag Christ Unger, Fort I shall Sirji, Fort Brag Christ Unger, Fort I shall shall represent the workers of the nation between the workers of the nation and Whereas, Eugene V. Debs has been a MRIZONA—
E. J. Bryan, Clifton. CALIFORNIA—
J. W. Blomstein, Fort Brag Julius Leivo, Fort Brag Julius Leivo, Fort Brag Christ Unger, Fort I shall sirji, Fort Brag Libert Shall sirji, Fo

Local 37 of the Upholsterers adopted a similar resolution.

in Memorial to Debs NEW YORK, Oct. 29.-(FP)-One

of the most interested groups in holding a memorial meeting for Eugene V. Debs is the Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters, which has taken St. Lukes Hall for Thursday night. Debs, leader of the 1894 Pullman strike, had "Honorarium" for Tip a warm place in his heart for the Negro Pullman porters and was a personal friend of their leaders.

He sent messages of commendation during the last year to the Brotherhood as it grew, always hoping that more, Amos W. W. Woodstock, it is it would attain more success than the revealed that a trusted employe of the great fight of Pullman car workers in which he participated.

"The pen is mightier than the sword," provided you know how to use it. Come down and learn how in the partment was considering anti-trust worker correspondent's classes.

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has returned from

U. S. S. R. and Resumed Dental Practice at

SUNDAY WORKER SLOGAN CONTEST

HUNDREDS of slogans have been received to give the coming Sunday Worker a battle-cry. Slogans have come from all parts of the country and Canada. To offer greater opportunity to contestants the closing date has been postponed until December first. All slogans submitted before this date are eligible for the seven prizes totalling a hundred dollars in books. Remember the prizes: 1-A choice of fifty dollars worth of books; 2-Twenty-five dollars worth; and five dollars worth of books to each of the NEXT FIVE BEST slogans submitted. Here are some of the slogans submitted and being

considered for prizes: "A Militant Labor's Weekly"-M. Weiner, Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Workers' Weekly Mirror"; "Labor's Opinion"-G. Turick, New York. "The Workers' Church"-J. B. C. Woods, New York,

"Young Proletaire at the Throttle". -R. Weinberger, Ceredo, W. Va. "Sunday Worker For Week-Day Worker"-Allan Clark, Medicine Hat, Canada.

"Light For All Who Work"-J. Shomaker. Seattle. "A Weekly Review of the Class Struggle"—Chas. Schwartz, Brooklyn,

"Hope With a Fist In It"-J. B. Chapple, Ashland, Wis.

"The Workers' Sunday School"-B

G. Kalfides. Chicago. "The Workers' March"; Flame"-Dora Dow, Mendham, N. J. "An Adviser of the Discontented"

-A. Sevlin, Nimrod, Mont. "A Magazine of Proletarian Thought And Action"-Jim Waters, Chicago. "Read The Sunday Worker While You Rest"-M. Kitzes, New York.

"The University of Thought"-B.

Pomesantz, New York. "Read And Enjoy The Best While You Rest"-E. Guy, Kansas City, Mo. "The Magazine With Everything Worth-While"-Irene Chapple, Ashland, Wis.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 29.-D. C. Stephenson's appeal from the life sentence imposed on him by the Mailton circuit court, following his conviction on a murder charge, was in the hands of the clerk of the supreme

Letters from Our Readers

Ukrainian Workers Help!

To The DAILY WORKER: The Ukrainian Working Women's Organization in Boston recently celebrated their fourth anniversary. The fifth year has begun and we are striving to make this vear even more fruitful and beneficial than these four years have been. This small branch of the Alliance of Ukrainian Workers organizations has made a progress that is quite creditable. Our class conscious members have worked, and are still working, very energetically and whole-heartedly to aid strikers, working people's newspapers and other journals, political prisoners, and to patronize entertainments given for the benefit of the labor movement. Besides this our members take part in plays, concerts, lectures, and they

study music, English, etc. Hearing of your need for financial support we informed our audience attending and participating in our celebration of your need and then took up collection which amounted to \$12.25. It is with great pleasure that we enclose a money order for this amount. Ukraininan Working Women's Organization. By M. Kaleta.

Pup Comes Home.

LOGANSPORT, Ind., Oct. 29. - A small fox terrier dog lost by Charles Cotner, local butcher, while he was touring thru New Jersey in August 1925 romped back home today.

The Drive

For \$50,000 to

KEEP THE DAILY WORKER!

October 25

W. Blomstein, Fort Bragg J. W. Blomstein, Fort Bragg
Emil Carlson, Fort Bragg
Matt Ello, Fort Bragg
A. Erickson, Fort Bragg
Jack Kivi, Fort Bragg
Julius Leivo, Fort Bragg
John Maki, Fort Bragg
John Maki, Fort Bragg
T. Sola, Fort Bragg
Christ Unger, Fort Bragg
Christ Unger, Fort Bragg
John Heinonen, Reedley
John Heinonen, Reedley
C. W. Pilgrim, San Francisco
Angelo Lachiusa, Taft

A. Dobraski, Roseland

MICHIGAN-

NEW YORK-

OHIO-Sam Janson, St. Nuc. 34, Cleve-

GRAND CONCERT AND BALL

Russian and Ukrainian Educational Clubs SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1926

Concert Begins at 4:30 P. M.

ADMISSION: 50 Cents in advance-65c. at door. Tickets for Sale at the Workers' House, 1902 W. Division St., Ukrainian Workers' Club, 1532 W. Chicago Ave., and the Daily Worker Office, 1113 W. Washington Blvd

> First Fall Costume Ball Arranged by the

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Busy Season for I. L. D. in Chicago

CHICAGO MEETING

Celebrating the Ninth Year of the Russian Revolution

SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1926

Van Buren St. & Ashland Blvd.

WM. Z. FOSTER — WM. F. DUNNE

Vocal and Instrumental Music-Pantomime by the

Young Pioneers-Lithuanian Workers' Chorus and

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Help Labor Prisoners and Defendants

come over and put in an hour, or 2 or 3, on Friday afternoon and evening before 6:15. Saturday afternoon before 6:15 and all next week.

All who will help I. L. D.,—all "Builders" come at 6:30 Saturday to TEMPLE HALL, Marshfield Ave. and Van Buren St. for a boosters' meeting.

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We Call for and Deliver.

Try to Terrorize Pickets. Late yesterday afternoon Harry Tick, shop chairman of the Unique Paper Box Co., 109 Spring St., was arrested for attempting to get the number of an officer whom he had seen shake a girl picket for calling some

Germans Sore at U.S. Kellogg Denies Story

The state court of criminal appeals riam A. Ferguson's order for Ponzi to be extradited to Massachusetts, where Ponzi is under sentence of from seven to nine years for alleged illegal finan-

Labor Must Support Filipino Demand, Say "The Filipinos want their indepen-

dence," reads a statement by the U. S. section of the All-America Antisnake a girl picket for calling some scabs "strikebreakers." Tick was taken to the Mercer street police station charged with disorderly conduct, and released on \$500 bail.

The union announced last night that the Park Paper Box Co., 24 Norton St. Brooklyn, and the Castor Parallel St. Section of the Ali-America Anti-Imperialist League, issued from its Chicago headquarters.

"American labor has nothing to gain from American imperialism. For the great masses of the American Be it Further Resolved, that we call upon all labor organizations in the city of Boston to unite and honor his mem-

The league is joining with the Pullman Porters Join be itself free." Emergency Foreign Policy Association, the League for Democratic Control and the Filipino Association of Kick at Steel Trust; Chicago in a call for a Filipino freedom conference to be held in Washington December 17-19.

D. of J. Empoye Got to Fertilizer Trust

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 29. - Thru the U.S. district attorney in Balti-Bureau of Investigation of the Department of Justice, has received 'honorariums''—in plain English bribes,-for providing information to corporations against which the de-

The case over which the revelation took place, was the \$200,000,000 merger of seven Maryland fertilizer concerns. But the district attorney refuses to reveal any details, and it is supposed the case will be hushed

Voting Compulsory in Mexico City Election

MEXICO CITY, Oct. 29.—You vote in the municipal elections now coming on in Mexico City or you go to jail if you do not or cannot pay a fine. This rule was made by General Serrano, governor of the federal district. who is going to enforce the law which obligates all eligible citizens to cas their votes.

Hog Cholera in Illinois.

sixty countries of the state, the Illi-

nois Agricultural Association reported

today. From 59 of these counties

have come requests for serum with

Hog cholera is raging in more than

which to vaccinate pigs and unfilled orders for serum total 3,000. Send The DAILY WORKER for one month to your shop-mate.

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J. LOUIS ENGDAHL

WILLIAM F. DUNNE MORITZ J. LOEB...... ..Business Manager

Entered as second-class mail September 21, 1923, at the post-office at Chicago, Ill., under the act of March 3, 1879.

290

Advertising rates on application,

The Progress of Dictatorship in America

The steady progress of government contralization is drawn again to our attention by the recent decision of the supreme court putes in this instance signify a failure upholding the right of the president to remove federal appointees without "the advice and consent of the senate."

One step more has been made in making a president elected by the various unions, both in memfor four years a dictator without check or hindrance. Able to hire and fire at will, in an immense country such as this, with its veritable army of employes, themselves wielding tremendous power dicted a period of decline in the insince the extension of centralized government control to almost dustrial activities for the future, but every phase of social, industrial and political activity, the presi- without suggesting any measures dent now symbolizes the concentrated force of the strongest sections of American capitalism.

It is significant that the decision was written by Judge Taft, again threatening the unions. that fat and faithful friend of big capital and that Justices Holmes, Brandeis, McReynolds, who cling to the traditions of the competitive period of American capitalism, dissented.

The capitalist press is practically a unit in welcoming this decision. It assures them of a curtailment of the restrictions which the franchise places upon big capitalism and places them in a more sued against the Chicago Retails favorable position in relation to the profession politicians of the Clerks' Union by the notorious Dennis capitalist parties.

For the workers the decision is one more significant sign that American capitalism is strengthening its hold on the suppressive the injunction limitation act unconmachinery of the state, organizing it so that in the hands of its stitutional. An injunction has been henchmen it can be mobilized against the masses with the least issued against the culinary crafts, covpossible difficulty.

This increase of the power in the hands of the executive is the An injunction has been issued against more dangerous for the American working class in that it comes the machinists on strike in Chicago, at a time when the labor movement has made but the barest be not to mention the fact that some fifty ginnings in building a labor party to fight for its interests against Garment Workers' Union were thrown the centralized power of capitalism.

The Worker (Communist) Party of America alone is carrying maintaining their union rights against on the struggle for a labor party with its base in trade unions an injunction in 1924. While many and other organizations of the workers. The decision of the supreme court confirms with an accuracy characteristic of reaction courts, the labor leadership of Illiall we have said about the necessity for American centralizing all nois did nothing to keep these labor its struggles in a powerful party of its own.

MANY INDUSTRIES SHOW BIGGER OUT-PUT WITH FEWER MEN EMPLOYED

The remarkable increase in produc- | ditions in the leather industry are tivity per man-hour in American industry since 1914 is again emphasized there has been a steady decline in in a U. S. department of labor study leather production since 1923 and not of the cement, leather, flour and sugarrefining industries.

"Of the 8 industries studied so far," says the department, "one-the automobile industry-has shown an increase in man-hour output for the pe- 5-year average, 1921-1925, shows an possibilities are well recognized by the riod 1914-1925 of over 200%; 6 indus- even larger increase-34%. tries have shown increases ranging from 25% to 60%, while in the boot and shoe industry the increase has sugar refining the 1925 output per to the requirements of the situation. been 16.5%, which is somewhat below man-hour was 27.3% above 1914, but the average.

Cement Industry.

Workers in the cement industry in 1925, the report shows, produced 57.8% more per man-hour of work than in 1914. It says: "This industry has been favored by a tremendous increase in the demand for its product during the past 4 years, so that it has undergone considerable expansion, a age working week in the industry has situation which is usually favorable to | declined from about 57 hours in 1914 increasing output per man-hour. Con- to 511/2 in 1923.

practically the reverse of this, for very much of an increase in recent years over 1914. Yet in spite of this situation the output per man-hour in the leather industry in 1925 was 28.2% greater than in 1924, while a

In flour milling the output per manhour was 39% greater in 1925. In leaders completely fail to measure up in the postwar years 1919 to 1920 it

tion stood 13.6% above 1914, but the ers. In 1924, with 14% fewer workleather than in 1914, an increase of 34% in labor productivity. The aver-

PROBLEMS OF ILLINOIS LABOR

LEADERS OF STATE LABOR MOVEMENT CONTINUE TO THE RIGHT AT HIGH SPEED

SECOND ARTICLE.

TN his report to the Illinois State Federation of Labor convention held at Streator, Ill. recently, President Walker painted a rather dismal picture of the future of labor while at the same time stating, which he undoubtedly thought rather gratifying, that there had been fewer labor disputes in the state during the last year than previously-only 84 strikes thruout the state, whereas in 1917 there were 282, in 1917 there were 267 and in 1920 there were 254. He said nothing of the fact that fewer labor disable situation for aggressive organization activities. The losses sustained bership and organized positions, during this period were completely ignored by him. President Walker pregiving the slightest lead for militant ight against the open shop, which is

Injunctions.

TN this same report President Walker also claimed that there had been less injunctions during the past year because of the injunction limitation bill. Yet injunctions have been is-E. Sullivan, who also imposed fines and prison penalty upon members of that union for picketing and declared ering some 150 Chicago restaurants, prohibiting any efforts of organization. into prison to serve various terms for such usurpation of power by the prisoners out of jail save to beg the good friend of capital, Governor Small, for a pardon. Governor Small, of course, lived up to his oath and his pledge to the republican party program and this back-door politics gained nothing for the workers, while it certainly strengthened the employ-

ON the question of the injunction the Illinois State Federation of and the decent citizens of our state organized capitalists and their tools, the injunction judges. They are taking advantage of it, while the labor

Free Books.

free text books for schools, better In the leather industry 1925 produc- salary for factory inspectors, better and more compensation laws. It voted ers, there was produced 15.2% more unfair lists, and voted to support the are now so few that they have nothing was going to help save the workers. tion, which has already been adopted by both houses of the state and will be submitted to a referendum at the of "slush fund" fame. There is little why a good soapboxer should not sell elections November 2. Support was hope of any political lead being given Florida or Los Angeles real estate, like hell, there is no redemption.

expressed for these quite worthy, and | by this group for a real progressive | vital needs of the movement was given quite harmless objects, while speeches movement, even the several of its the slightest chance to come before were made every day for the union

One real issue, that of organizing unorganized workers, came up and was slightly discussed, but the net reindustry resolving to "look for the union garage shop card."

In its attitude towards relations with or the sending of a labor delegation to the Soviet Republics, the reactionary leadership became particularly revealed. It attempted to place the Soviet Republic on a parallel with the fascist dictatorship, which exists workers and destruction of their organizations.

Drift to Right. CTEP by step, the Illinois State Federation of Labor has during recent years gone completely to the right. It has made a considerable swing since 1919, when Duncan McDonald became its president for one year. Subsequently, John Walker stumped the state as candidate for governor on the farmer-labor party ticket at the same time that Len Small was put on the unfair list by the Central Labor Council at Kankakee. Now the turn is completed and the union leadership has formed a solid alliance with the anything that would seriously endan-

stinking, corrupt Len Small machine. This leadership gave full endorse ment to Frank L. Smith, so-called riend of labor, prior to the exposure of the hundreds of thouands of dollars contributed for his campaign by the utilities corporations. The exposure proved a concrete example of the outright buying of political candidates of he old parties by the big capitalist corporations. Incidentally, it also laid

bare one of the greatest combinations crime all united to perpetuate and strengthen the capitalist system. The choice of the Illinois labor leadership was the alliance with this combination, through Frank L. Smith and Governor Small, to the Crowe-Barrett organization, notorious for its labor union busting activities, for its violent gunplay and election steals.

Maintain Alllance.

THE exposure, however, has not as insisted on and actually attempted to humanity is fettered to the chariot of maintain their endorsement, but it met greed. with such strong opposition from the Brennan and beer supporters who had tinued to enlighten our membership Federation convention held possibili- the belief that nothing can be done hobbles along. ties of a conflict within the leadership for the working class, that they are as to its dire possibilities." These between these two forces. But the not worth bothering with. Some of lid was clamped on tight. A compro- those people are now well-to-do. Some mise had been effected based on the are on the bum. One of the latter endorsement of candidates for the Illi- walked into the office a few days ago.

nois legislature only. The Moribund Progressive Party. usly with the convention. It re- them worth shaving. ceived little support. They are the remnants of the LaFollette movement,

supporters claim sympathy for the idea of a labor party.

No Signs of Progress. THE course of the Illinois State Fedsult was merely the adoption of a shows no sign of learning from the \$5,000 a year to \$6,500 was carried. resolution relative to the automobile experience of the movement. The period of "prosperity" has by no means strengthening the movement, it has generally speaking, become weakened. The policies of the state movement once going toward the progressive diturn and are now proceeding backward. The Decatur convention in 1922 clear to the rank and file members. by the foul murder of thousands of was the beginning of the backward change.

CURRENT EVENTS

By T. J. O'Flaherty.

(Continued from page 1)

WHEN the American workers are driven by the cruel slave-driver

necessity to organize politically in a

mass labor party, when the sheep dogs

of capitalism can no longer hold them

n the folds of the two capitalist par-

ties, then our Greens and our Walkers

will follow the flock, but only to lead

hem into another fold. At the same

ime, however, the revolutionary wing

of the labor movement, represented in

all countries by the Communist Party,

is on the job and contesting every inch

of the way with the labor traitors.

While the latter tell the workers that

co-operation with capitalism is the

best policy for the workers, the Com-

munists point out that too much co-

operation with capitalism has left the

workers enslaved and that only a

CINCERE but weak-spirited individ-

He is now selling razor-blade sharp-

THERE is a lot of philosophy buried

ger the existing order.

the gathering and only once were the delegates stirred and rose to their feet, namely, when the resolution granting a wage increase to the presieration of Labor and its leadership dent and secretary-treasurer from

period of capitalist imperialist bribing rank and file and the reactionary leadoutstanding and will also become the progressive miners of Kansas.

THE present weakness of the trade, unions just makes so much more The Streator convention reached the necessary a revival of the militancy peak of reaction. Altho a large dele- of the past, while it also holds the gation was present, labor from the possibilities of the left wing movepasic industries was conspicuous by ment of the future if every issue which its absence. Nothing touching the presents itself is properly capitalized.

start a religion or become a chiropractor. But this particular person pointing out that not until labor parfound the workers receptive to his ticipates in independent political acmessage when their bellies were sen-tion thru the establishment of a labor sitive, but when they had something to fill them with they went to a burlesque show or took a girl to the movies, while the evangelistic soapselves while at the same time helping to prevent the workers from doing boxer was developing a nice dose of bronchitis on the street corner, or watching the cockroaches in some

filthy jail.

FOR a while the martyr spirit prevailed, but at last the spiritual bone cracked and our evangelist began to hate the working class. And here we find him, either rolling around junctions and stop the policy of poin his Chrysler or selling snake oil to lice persecutions against strikers. the citizens of Madison street, whose kindly by the barbs and darts of alley moonshine. He has lost all hope, he is another unit of human wreckage that goes down in the struggle. But what about the successful ex-radical who loses faith? Where is his compensation? Happiness is an elusive fairy, but it is very questionable if those who have lost the only worthwhile purpose in life can be compensated by money for the loss.

break with the capitalist system will CEVERAL columns could be written S on the baffling question: Why do free labor from the chains that now L yet brought the repudiation of this bind it, that until this system is over- some people follow the thorny path alliance or the endorsement made. On thrown this world will be a huge that leads to physical suffering withthe contrary, several of the leaders prison where the body and soul of out either the prospect or desire to better their own material conditions? The few have been persecuted in all ages because they refused to accommodate themselves to the legal class become strengthened and encouraged Duals despair of human progress requirements of the rulers of the day. by the growing dislike for the once when they see this selling of labor go Yet the masses, who either ignored celebrated Volstead act and wanted on year after year. It is not hard to their trials or joined their masters in labor convention resolved, "That the to promote their own choice. The sit- find a man who was formerly active persecuting them, were the beneficia campaign of education shall be con- uation shortly before the recent State in the radical movement expressing ries of their sufferings. Thus progress

DARADOXICAL tho it may seem to many, days of prosperity are not days of mental ease for the radicalunder capitalism. Those are the days that try souls. It takes more than eners. "The workers are not worth the spirit of an evangelist or an anti-The Illinois Progressive Party at saving," he remarked. A member of vaccinationist to stand up under the tempted to hold a conference simultathe staff replied that our visitor found spectacle of a labor leader driving a rivet into the keel of a capitalist batwhich once had labor endorsements | L here. Evidently this man threw money of union members, either freely industry employed 11.4% fewer work- support for the retail clerks, attempt- galore. Parley Parker Christensen is himself into the movement at one time given or involuntarily, with the coned to terrify the employers with their their nominee for U. S. senator. They with the consoling thought that he soling thought that as long as they were getting theirs they could afford new tax amendment to the constituto lose, and yet they did not have For himself, perhaps he needed no salto let him have ten times more. A enough guts to make a fight for their vation. He could get along fairly well knowledge of history is what will keep candidate as against the corrupt twins under capitalism. There is no reason you from flying off your base and out of the abyss of pessimism, from which

W. P. CANDIDATES

Labor Party Is the Only Solution

(Continued from page 1)

organization and to the right of unions Yet there is nothing dismal about to strike and picket. We favor the the picture presented. Conditions of complete abolition of this evil of inbeen taken advantage of. Instead of today are not the same tomorrow. The junctions in industrial disputes. We have urged workers to completely of the labor bureaucracy divides the nullify the injunction by mass picketing and to kill injunctions in the same ership. At any rate, the needs of method in which the Industrial Court rection have undergone a complete the labor movement become ever more Act was killed by similar action of

Need Labor Party.

"2. We absolutely favor the enactment of an anti-injunction bill by the state legislature, limiting the power of the courts to issue injunctions in trade and labor disputes. We will do everything in our power to help every movement of the workers for the passage of such legislation; at the party will it be insured against such victous measures by the courts and by the capitalist representatives against workers on strike.

"The present arrests and brutality of the police against the cloakmakers of New York points to the necessity of cleaning out of office the capitalist politicians and doing away with the futile policy of rewarding friends and punishing enemies which has done nothing to abate the evil of in-

"With every assurance that we will stomachs are massaged none too do all in our power to wipe out the injunctions against labor, we are "Sincerely yours,

"Ben Gitlow, candidate for governor; Franklin P. Brill, lieut. gov.; Jullet Stuart Poyntz, comptroller; Belle Robbins, attorney general; Wm. F. Dunne, U. S. senator: Boris Lifshitz, 6th A. D., Manhattan; Rebecca Grecht, 8th A. D., Manhattan: Julius Codkind, 17th A. D., Manhattan; Abraham Markoff, 18th A. D., Manhattan; Charles Krumbein, 13th C. D., Manhattan: Alexander Trachtenberg, 14th .C. D., Manhattan; Elmer T. Allison, 14th S. D., Manhattan; Wm. W. Weinstone, 20th C. D., Manhattan; Elias Marks, 3rd A. D., Bronx; Isidore Steinzor, 4th A. D., Bronx: Chas. Zimmerman, 5th A. D., Bronx; Joseph Boruchowitz. 7th A. D., Bronx; Moissaye J. Olgin, 23rd C. D., Bronx; George Primoff, 6th A. D., Kings; Samuel Nesin, 14th A. D., Kings; Fannie Warshafsky, 23rd A. D., Kings; Bertram D. Wolfe, 10th C. D., Kings; Morris Rosen, 7th S. D., Kings."

SUNDAY SCHOOL HEAD FACES SENTENCE FOR MANN ACT VIOLATION

DETROIT, Oct. 29 .- Charles Kirkpatrick, former Sunday school su perintendent of McGregor, Mich. today faced a prison term of from one to five years following his conviction last night on a charge of violating the Mann act. He will be sentenced Saturday.

Kirkpatrick was found guilty after Ruby Bopra, 18-year-old maid servant in his home, told of their elopment to Chicago where she said they lived as man and wife.

By WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

ARTICLE II THE STRIKE.

STRIKES, even when small and weak, constitute a break of the workers with capitalism. They are a living refutation of the time-worn conservative trade union slogan that the interests of capital and labor are identical. They are expressions of the irreconcilable quarrel between the workers and the employers over the division of the workers' products. They are skirmishes in the great class war, foreshadowings of the final struggle which will abolish capi-

During strikes, workers are in an especially militant and rebellious mood. They are then highly receptive of revolutionary ideas. It is then above all that they can and must be taught the full implications of their struggle. To rouse the class consciousness of the workers and to educate though fast taking on a political complexion, still are prethem to understand the class struggle and the historic mis- dominately economic. sion of the working class is always a first consideration in

Strikes are of many kinds and characters. Losovsky lists 13 types, as follows: Spontaneous, organized, offensive, defensive, solidarity, intermittent, local, district, industrial, general, international, economic, political. Others might be mentioned. The character of the strikes in a given country or period is determined by the state of its capitalist system.

Three broad types of strikes are to be noted in the course of development of a capitalist system. The first is | Consequently, we must fight for a break with the old capithe series of desperate upheavals, animated by confused objectives, typical of countries in which capitalism is just beginning to grow, such as the Chartist movement in England, the early French strikes, the strikes in modern col-

onial countries, etc.

the vain hope of permanently improving their conditions within the framework of the capitalist system.

The third type is the revolutionary mass strike, typical of a declining capitalist system, such as the post-war strikes in Germany and the British general strike, when the work- character of the strike even when the capitalists were using ers, more or less clearly, seek to destroy the capitalist sys- the whole governmental power against the workers, sufficitem and to set up a proletarian order of society. The first |ently signalizes this danger and the necessity for arousing period produces semi-revolutionary unions, the second the workers to conscious political action and organization. period reformist unions, and the third period revolutionary unions.

ECONOMIC AND POLITICAL STRIKES.

gle." This is profoundly true, for even the smallest strikes have their political causes and consequences. But the degree of the political character of strikes varies. Whereas strikes in the period of a declining capitalism are highly political (such as the German general strike during the Kapp Putsch), those in the present day United States, who are opposed on principle to directly attacking capital-

The employers are more and more giving a political character to strikes, especially those in key industries and during crises by using all branches of their state power against the workers. Thus an imperative phase of our strike strategy must be to develop a political consciousness and activity among the workers in their struggles.

A prime objective of ours is to clarify the aims of the present scattered, blind strikes of the workers, to raise them above purely economic ends, and to unite them all into a talist parties and utilize every strike to further the movement for the creation of a mass political party of the workers, the labor party.

This course brings us into violent conflict with the The second type is the organized craft or industrial nize the growing political character of strikes, and to arm to win over or neutralize the army.

strike, typical of the period of strong capitalist growth and | the workers with the necessary consciousness and political development (pre-war Europe and present day United organizations for the struggle. The policy of the right States), when the workers strike for modest demands in | wing union leaders to keep our strikes on a purely economic basis disarms the workers and is fatal to success in the struggle.

The experience in the British General strike, where the leaders stubbornly refused to recognize the political

THE GENERAL STRIKE.

The bitter experience of the British workers in their recent general strike raises sharply again the question of Marx says, "Every economic struggle is a political strug- the part to be played in working class strike strategy by the general strike. The conservatives, who flagrantly betrayed the British strike, are shouting in all keys that the general strike is useless, that it cannot be employed effectively in the struggle against capitalism.

But such reasoning is fallacious. These reformists, ism, have always rejected such a drastic weapon as the general strike and are only too eager to seize the slightest pretext to discredit it. In reality, the general strike is one of the most powerful of the workers' weapons. But it must be used judiciously and courageously.

The first necessity for its correct use is an understanding of its full revolutionary implications. When the workers of a given country in a deep crisis, as in Great Britain. declare a general strike in all the key and basic industries state. Inevitably the latter will use against it all its broad political attack against the entire capitalist system. armed forces: the army, the police, the fascist organizations, etc.

Those at the head of the general strike must realize beforehand that the capitalists will employ these violent methods to break the strike, and they must be prepared to conservative trade union bureaucracy, who refuse to recog- of the workers for the struggle. Especially they must seek to put up such sustained struggles.

Woe be to the general strike if it is headed by reformist leaders who refuse to recognize its political character, or by syndicalist visionaries who believe it can be won simply by the strikers folding their arms. In either case the capitalists will tear the strike to pieces and administer a crushing defeat to the workers. The general strike is no toy. It is a revolutionary weapon of the first order.

Working class strategists, including those of the most courageous type, must learn to use the general strike judiciously. The danger when conservatives head a general strike movement is that they will first choke back its development and then betray it when it occurs in spite of them. A danger in the use of the general strike weapon by left wing leaders is that they in their eagerness to fight capitalism, will call the workers out when the latter do not understand the issues at stake or are not prepared to fight to the end for them.

Many examples could be cited of the latter tendency. In France, for example, during the heyday of French Syndicalism (1910-14) several general strikes were called in support of trade demands of individual unions. At first the workers struck fairly well, more as a matter of discipline than anything else, but after a few experiences of this kind they became "strike-tired" and refused to respond to the periodic general strike calls, with disastrous results to the unions. The I. W. W. has made similar mistakes in this country, by calling out the workers in support of demands which they did not understand or feel keenly interested in.

Another left wing mistake is to call indeterminate genit constitutes a direct challenge to the ruling class and its eral strikes when strikes for a specified term would be the proper policy. Typical examples of this error were the Seattle general strike and the national strike to free Tom Mooney. In both these cases highly successful protest or demonstration general strikes for a certain period of time could have been carried through. But the mistake was made of calling the strikes for an indefinite period, with the result counter such methods by mobilizing the full political power | that they collapsed, the workers not being interested enough

(To be continued)