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SENATE MAY PROBE KELLOGG'S LIES

WE MUST RAISE \$15,000 DURING DECEMBER TO KEEP THE DAILY WORKER

Contributions to November 30th.....\$22,819.03 Contributions December 1st

\$23,060.48

QUIT MARSHAL

Strongly On

(Special to The Dally Worker)

forces formerly loyal to Marshal Sun

Chuang Fank and stationed at Foo-

Panic-Stricken Foreigners.

stricken over the fighting going on in

A United States destroyer, the Hart,

HANKOW, Dec. 2.—The fears of the

British, American and Japanese resi-

dents of the foreign concessions here

that they stand in danger of being

No violence has marked the walk-

out of the Chinese servants and office

workers in the foreign quarters and

the labor unions are pursuing a policy

their demands for higher wages felt.

that have landed here are doing heav-

ily armed duty about the concessions,

which are quiet in all respects, due to

The December issue of the Amer-

ican Worker Correspondent will be

out this week. Get a copy, sub-

American consul, E. B. Price.

days' action.

ers.

SHANGHAI, Dec. 2 .- The naval

Five Hundred Dollars Must Be Raised EACH DAY!

The Party Members and Supporters of The DAILY WORKER Must Organize Stronger Support.

> We Can Win the Fight and

Keep The DAILY WORKER for the Revolutionary Workers' Movement

Eurrent Events FOOCHOW FORCES By T. J. O'FLAHERTY

MESSRS. FALL and Doheny expect to be acquitted of wrong doing in the famous Teapot Dome and Elk Hill scandals. Doheny's defense is that in taking over the naval oil reserves he was performing a patriotic duty, since he could produce more oil than the government. Why did he hand over \$100,000 to Fall? That's easy. Fall was an old friend of his. A friend in need is a friend indeed.

WASHINGTON correspondent A wired that Doheny sighed with relief as he rolled away in his Rolls-Royce after the close of the trial. Fall was cheerful. Nine lawyers stand tonese armies, have joined the southbetween both of them and a prison erners and will aid in the capture of cell. Can anybody imagine either Shanghai, the objective of the Canton-Fall or Doheny going to jail? No! were built for awkward robbers and virons of Foochow, which is now de-

AST Thursday's issue of the Chi-L AST Thursday's assured a cartoon by cago Tribune carried a cartoon by McCutcheon calculated to show that the east and the west must get on been in the past. Incidentally it ofders further proof that the army-navy football game was not as much a sporting event as a recruiting advertisement. The east needs the beef to be found in the missionary colony that the west produces and the west of about 200, have become panicneeds the bayonets that the east produces. This is the Tribune's mest the city and have appealed for help. sage. Not so long ago the agricultural sections of the United States did not see any reason why they should contribute their sons to the House of Morgan, but the capitalist papers are trying to overcome that little prejudice. It is up to the radical press to counter this pernicious propaganda.

THE real ruler of Roumania is I neither Ferdy the dumb, nor Marie the vamp. The ruler is the fellow who owns the oil wells. His name is Bratiano. He does not care who sits

(Continued on page 6)



LABOR DEFENSE **OPENS CAMPAIGN** FOR XMAS FUND

Prisoners and Families to Benefit

A national drive for a Christmas Fund for class war prisoners and their dependents, was launched today as the result of a decision of the meeting of the executive committee of in ternational Labor Defense. The meeting was held on the occasion of the presence in Chicago of Elizabeth Gurley Flynn, national chairman of the I. L. D. and it took place under her

It is planned by the International Labor Defense to raise a fund, by appeals to the workers of America, to supply the class war prisoners in the United States, of whom there are almost 50 serving terms today, with some of the comforts that are denied these workers while they are in the penitentiary. The appropriateness of the drive is particularly evident now in view of the coming Christmas holidays. It is observed that prison rules are relaxed more than ever during the holiday period to allow the men inside to receive gifts from friends on the outside.

be aided by the fund, a proportion of the money will be expended in the relief of the dependents of a number of the prisoners. There are many of these, some of whom are in acute distress. A number of the imprisoned workers have not only a wife or a parent who needs support, but many have children.

The balance of the money collected in the Christmas Fund will be utilized to secure adequate legal defense Strike in Hankow Goes for many workers who are being threatened with imprisonment for the usual reason: adherence to the cause of the labor movement, expressions of opinion, activities in behalf

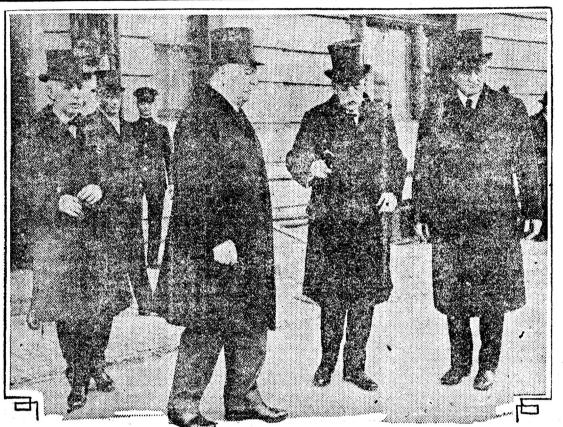
of the working class. chow, now being besieged by the Canframed-up in Zeigler, Ill., by the now al thousand Ford workers have been thoroughly discredited ex-president of thrown out of employment. The lay-Fall or Doheny going to jail? No:

The system cannot stand for it. Jails Sharp fighting occurred in the encorporation operators. There is the case of his much-heralded "five-day week," is son Carol. This is extremely doubt-George Papeun, in Pennsylvania, who seen as virtual proof of the charges have been in his employ for years and ful. The question of the future of the were built for awkward robbers and fended by only one battalion of Sun is under charge of sedition, having that Ford's talk of "industrial democnow are too worn to keep up the new Hohenzollern dynasty rests neither Vanzetti have found that out. So Chuang Fang's troops. Most of Fu- been sentenced by the court; his case racy" is but a blind for further exhave Tom Mooney, J. B. McNamara, kien province has gone over to the is now up for an appeal to the Su-ploitation of the workers. Matt Schmidt and hundreds of others. Cantonese, and the Fengtien troops preme Court. The Flynn Anti-Sedifrom the north, who are supporting tion Act of Pennsylvania seeks to Marshal Sun, are trying to stem the claim more victims in the arrests re-The Americans in Foochow, mostly the numerous cases which constantly General Motors. come up and demand legal attention. It is expected that thousands of dollars will be raised in the drive for lating the introduction of a new auto- Congressmen Worry was sent to Foochow on request of the the Christmas Fund and the entire mobile of medium price to combat

into motion to make the campaign a that one reason for the shut-down of

The best way-subscribe today. The shut-down will also give Ford

Bosses' Big Court Meets to Hand Down Decisions Against Workers



TERE are four of the nine old | Holmes and Justice James C. McRey- forthcoming any time, the case of C. are Supreme Court Justice Willis Van the workers of Kansas are denied the and 32 other communists arrested in Devanter, Chief Justice William How- right to strike. They have before

GREAT FALLS, Mont., Dec. 2.

A total of \$101,000 was secured by

bandits last Tuesday night at Plen-

tywood, Sheridan county, when they

entered the office of county treas-

urer Eugene Torstonson it was dis-

closed today. Forty-six thousand

dollars of the amount was in cash

Sheridan county has a farmer-

labor administration that was re-

elected in the November contest.

and the balance in bonds.

Michigan in 1922 for "assembling to-

THOUSANDS OF BANDITS TAKE \$101,000 FROM SHERIDAN COUNTY TREASURER'S OFFICE ARE LAID OFF (Special to The Daily Worker)

for many workers who are being Big Battle with General Motors Looms

(Special to The Daily Worker) DETROIT, Mich., Dec. 2. - The Among such cases are the Zeigler Highland Park and River Rouge miners whose appeal is now before plants of the Ford Motor company the State Supreme Court for final de- have been shut down. With but lit-Eight men are involved, the warning, and at one strike, severthe United Mine Workers district, off will be indefinite, it is announc-Frank Farrington, who was exposed ed. This action, coming almost imas an agent in the union of the coal | mediately after Ford's establishing of

Fights General Motors.

That a show-down battle between leave out "undesirables." Cantonese advance by retiring behind | cently made of workers in Woodlawn | Ford Motors and General Motors is Foochow for a last stand to save whose houses were raided by the definitely under way is freely admit-public reasons for the shut down. Shanghai. It is reported that 1,000 steel trust police in cahoots with the ted now in financial and automobile more friendly terms than they have men have been killed in the last few state cossacks. The Passaic strike circles. General Motors has made first aid work in his plants, according talists and financiers themselves and cases are also approaching court ac- great inroads in the sale of Ford ing to the announcement that the General Averescu the recent premier tion. The case of the Michigan Come cars, and Ford is now ready to start safety director and 200 men in that munists which is still pending in the his "offensive." His five-day week is department have been discharged. dinand to Premier Averson in Bucha-Supreme Court, the threatened depor- seen clearly as an attempt to cut They were told "they won't be needtation of Enea Sormenti for anti-fas- wages and decrease the cost of pro- ed any more." Ford has placed much that Prince Carol will not be allowed cist work in this country are a few of duction so that he can compete with emphasis in the past on this part of to ascend the throne, is merely a

May Make New Car.

It is believed that Ford is contempmachinery of the I. L. D. is being put similar cars of his competitors, and his main plants is to reorganize them for the production of these cars.

Over Farmers' Power As Session Is Near

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2. - Pre-session conferences and meetings of con- pected to go to the train to meet gressional committees are now being Queen Marie when she arrives here held in the capitol building, as the on Sunday. time for the meeting of congress is nearing. From the discussions being conducted at these meetings it can be judged that "everything will not | congress convenes.

Farm relief and the matter of reinstating the republican "insurgents" in-waiting to the queen. have produced heated arguments. The congressmen are now being im-

pressed with the political necessity that, "the queen would like very of doing something for the farmers. much now to be allowed to recover the Charles Nagel of St. Louis, represent- privilege of privacy for her own afing the business men's commission on fairs." agriculture, has informed them that 'this football business," including the "the farmers are not entirely bereft of power and are still an absolute Marie talk without being paid?" political factor in many states and an The Congressional Directory states irresistable balance of power in many

> Use your brains and your pen to aid the workers in the class struggle.

ON PRINCE CAROL

Real Rulers Speak Thru King Ferdinand

(Special to The Daily Worker) PARIS, Dec. 2.-Most of the reports that have been emanating from various capitals concerning the imminent death or the death of King Ferdinand of Roumania and the plans of Prince Carol to take the Roumanian throne by force or otherwise are for the most part pure speculation. an opportunity to speed up his "weed-

It was rumored that when Queen ing out" of workers who are unable pace have been let out slowly up to with Prince Carol nor any other memnow. The lay-off will give Ford an ber of the dynasty. It rests with the opportunity to "pick" his workers and political rulers of Roumania.

These rulers are the oligarchy of Ford officials have refused to make capitalists and landlords, the chief reption of directing such a serious stateresentatives in politics of which are Ford is to cut down the safety and the Bratianu brothers, wealthy capi-The letter addressed by King Fer-

rest on Tuesday in which he declared his "welfare" work among the work- state document drafted by Roumanian politicians in the same way that the formal "King speech" is made at the opening of parliament.

King Is Well.

BUCHAREST, Roumania, Dec. 1 .--King Ferdinand is well enough to care for sundry matters of state and is ex-

Marie Sells Talk Only.

PARIS, Dec. 2.-Queen Marie of Roumania counts the commercial valbe quiet along the Potomac" when ue of her words and doesn't talk without compensation. This was admitted today by Mme. Lahovary, lady-

> Mme. Lahovary received newspaper correspondents and informed them

A rather nettled English correspondent inquired, "Doesn't Queen "Why should she throw away the value of what she has to say?" frankly replied Mme. Lahovary.

be interesting to other workers.

SHOWN AS MILL OF PROPAGANDA

Inspired Attacks on Mexico Given Out

By LAURENCE TODD, (Federated Press).

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2 .- (FP) -Senators Wheeler of Montana and Norris of Nebraska have promised to bring up in the senate, when it meets, the action of Assistant Secretary of State Robert E. Olds in secretly inspiring the three largest press associations in the United States to talk of Mexican and Nicaraguan liberals as "bolshevistic." Disclosures of the use of the state department as a propaganda mill for American reactionary policy in Latin America has been made by the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, in an article copied by the Baltimore Sun and read by everyone in public life in the capital.

When Secretary Kellogg was at the crisis of his attack upon the Mexican oil and land laws, and was evading his pledges to support only constitugentlemen who have more real nolds. They have only recently hand- E. Ruthenberg, General Secretary of tional government in Nicaragua, the power than any other similar group ed down a decision in the Dorchy case the Workers (Communist) Party, secret "doping" of the American press anywhere in the world. Left to right the result of which is that "legally," which involves the fate of Ruthenberg was attempted. Olds, whom Kellogg brought into the department after many years of partnership with him in the law business in Minnesota, was the propaganda agent. He sent for the heads of the three press bureaus at the department. He pledged them not to quote him.

Pushing the Dope.

Then, according to the Post-Dispatch, he told them that relations with Mexico had reached an acute stage, after a year of developments that had caused the department much concern.

"It is an undesirable fact," he is directly quoted as saying, "that the Mexican government is today a bolshevist government. We cannot prove it, but we are normally certain that a warm bond of sympathy, if not of actual understanding, exists between Mexico City and Moscow.

Shifts Responsibility.

When one of the press men suggested that the department should made its own statement to the pub-Marie arrived in Paris Tuesday that lic, signed by Kellogg, charging that Mexico's government was bolshevis tic. Olds "recoiled with an exclamation of apprehension." the report declares. He is said to have explained that that was "utterly impossible."

> "Surely," "he is quoted as saying, 'you must realize why the department cannot afford to be in the posiment against a government with which it is on friendly terms.'

There was further discussion of ways and means of throwing out this irresponsible gas cloud against the Calles government.

A. P. Goes Along.

Next morning the Associated Press carried a long story about Kellogg's recognition of the military chief, Adolf Diaz as "president" of Nicaragua. It led off with the sentence: "The spectre of a Mexican-fostered bolshevist hegemony intervening between the United States and the Panama Canal has thrust itself into American-Mexican relations, already strained."

Chairman Borah of the senate foreign relations committee, when shown the Post-Dispatch account of what Olds had secretly done to disturb relations between the United States and Mexico, refused to talk, Olds, likewise, refused to say anything, in denial or otherwise. But Senator Norris, progressive floor leader, made a

Bring Up in Senate.

"When congress convenes," Norris said, "I am going to see whether something cannot be done about the state department's practice of putting out hostile propaganda and anonymous propaganda against governments with whom we are on friendly relations . . . I cannot imagine anything more discreditable."

At the time Kellogg was beaten for the senate by Shipsted, Farmer-Labor nominee, in 1922, Kellogg and Olds denounced the "bolshevists" in Why don't you write it up? It may the organized trade union and farmer

movement in Minnesota.

massacred are entirely unfounded. The wild reports concerning impend-CONGRESSMAN BRITTEN TOO ENGAGED ing violence that have been sent out of Hankow have been sent for the WITH FOOTBALL BUSINESS TO EXPRESS sole purpose of bringing armed forces to Hankow to assist in breaking the VIEW ON ANTI-FOREIGN LEGISLATION strike called against foreign employ-

When Fred A. Britten, republican | with rival cities. congressman of the ninth Illinois disness and industrial activity to make was asked to make a statement for The DAILY WORKER as to his posi-The marines of the various nations tion on the proposed legislation to register and fingerprint foreign-born workers, he said:

> matter now. I have far more impor- goat, he did not disclose. tant matters demanding attention-I its brought to Chicago in competition the United States since 1921."

When asked if he could make a trict, which lies partly in a north statement before leaving on Thursday of being satisfied with a tieup of busi-side fashionable residence district, or Friday to attend the short session of congress, he said:

"No, I am really too busy to go into the matter." Whether his work in closing up

"I am really too busy to go into the supervision of manicuring the Navy's

am winding up this football business." that Britten "has been in general others." He was referring to the Army-Navy building construction business in Chigame, which he is credited with hav- cago, doing work in different parts of

> photoplay of romance, revolution and reconstruction

A super Russian DOUGLAS PARK AUDITORIUM

Ogden and Kedzie Avenues Two showings-at 7:30 and 9:30 p. m.

BREAKING CHAINS' Showing TONIGHT in Chicago

CARPET WORKERS ARRESTED WHEN PICKETING SHOP

Philadelphia Strike Is Nearing Victory

By J. O. BENTALL.

(Special to The Daily Worker) PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Dec. 2.-Eighteen strikers of the Philadelphia Carpet company, where a strike has been waging for ten weeks, were arrested yesterday afternoon charged with loitering and disturbing the serenity of the idle factory where the scabs do nothing but destroy fairly de-

This morning when brot before magistrate Costello they were discharg-

Boss Reprimanded.

The cops who did the arresting at the command of Huffy Herbie who runs the struck shop were informed that people as a rule have a right to walk along almost wherever they please, so they do not commit any particular crime.

This sounded very unreasonable to with more favor on his huffy majesty's whims and fancies.

Injunction Modified.

Some weeks ago the customary in junction was issued against the strik ers forbidding them to exist anywhere except on the moon, and only there if they quit their strike. But the injunction was not heedd by the Speaking of the different methods used strikers and so it was modified by by the powers for the consolidation of "hizzonner" allowing 17 pickets if their positions in China, Katayama they promised to be good. And they put special emphasis on the role of promised to have 17 on the line who Japan, particularly in Manchuria. would be good-good pickets.

That concession of allowing 17 pick ets was thus quite acceptable to the strikers. But the judge said nothing about walking on the other side of the street. So every day a goodly craftsmen. The Communist Party's number of strikers have carelessly and yet regularly walked in their own good way as they seemed to see fit without particularly minding the displeasure of Huffy Herbie.

Scabs Join Ranks

As a result of the picketing by the 17 good pickets and the careless daily walking of several hundred strikers on the other side of the street the scabs have quit their scabbing and many joined the strikers. This has given the heebie jeebies to Huffy Herbie and made him as mad as a smiling hyena. In his desperation he called his cops and commanded that they arrost as many of the strikers walking on the other side of the street as the police wagons could pull to the station. His first haul was 18.

Company Loves Money. Moreover the weavers are leaving because the scabs in the other depart ments cannot furnish them with stuff for the looms. It's a slow and draggy affair that factory of Huffy Herbie. It's losing money. It's supplying the strikers with laugh stuff. It's making

solidarity. Undertakers Haul Scabs.

Worst of all, the funeral wagons have quit hauling scabs. The undertaking firm that did the scab hauling has not had a funeral since it went into the side line of carting scabs. It seems that even dead people hate scabs and scab carriers. So the scab by undertakers have to go out of business as a reward for helping Huffy-Herbie to get scabs to the scab by factory. Supported by Union.

The strike is supported heartily by

their friends rolled in about \$1000 at a dance and bazaar to support the valiant fighters for the union and a decent wage. So there is no discouragement anywhere-except in the sour mug of Huffy Herbie.

Cotton Mills to Hunt Cheap Labor in South

WARE, Mass., Dec. 2.-The Otis Company, manufacturers of cotton goods, will submit to their stockholders on Dec. 6 a proposal to close their mills here and at Greenville, N. H. A part of the manufacturing will then be turned over to the company's mili at Three Rivers and a part to the Boston Duck Co. Then it is recommended that the company "acquire control of a southern unit in which some lines to be discontinued in the tions in the older factories. north might be manufactured to better

The "better advantage" refers to cheap southern labor. About 1,500 the interest of health. workers here will be thrown out of employment by this move.

U. S. Is Playing a Reactionary Role in China, Declares Speaker Before Plenum of Communist International

eactionary role being played by United States imperialism in China is other powers, because it conceals its real purposes under a hypocritical mask of 'friendship' for the Chinese people," said the American delegate, tang, the speaker pointed out. Duncan, before the session of the enlarged plenum of the executive committee of the Communist International during the debate on the situation in China now under discussion.

This discussion follows the brilliant report on China made by the delegate over to the side of imperialism. of the Chinese Communist Party, Tan Ping Shiang, at Monday's session. The great events now going on in China," Duncan stated, "will unmask China's 'friends.'

He said that a peculiar aspect of the American attitude towards China influence among the masses and leadwas that certain sections of the labor bureaucracy were even more imperialistic than many capitalists. Viewing the Chinese situation itself, he said the peasant question was the main problem of the Chinese revolution. The Communist Party of China must Huffy Herbie and he is now hoofing seriously tackle this question and moit to some other court that will look bilize the peasant masses to carry on the energetic work begun by the national revolutionary army and the outh, Duncan concluded.

Japanese Dough. The session was under the chairmanship of Birch (United States) who next called on Sen Katayama, of the Japanese Communist Party. Concerning the organization problem of the Chinese Communist Party, the speaker declared its work was made easier by the existence of various gilds of union workers and home main task, as he viewed it, was the consolidation of the country on the basis of middle China, intensification of Communist activity in the Kuomintang and the rallying of all elements capable of fighting foreign imperial-

The Communist Party must pay special attention to the utilization of the guild organizations having a proficient revolutionary tradition. The Chinese proletariat, with the support of the victorious workers of the Soviet Union and the western proletariat, can achieve victory, said Katayama in clos-

Germany Changes Front.

Egerlein (German Communist Party) noted recent changes in the policy of German capitalists towards China in connection with Locarno, Germany's entry into the league of nations, and its generally westward orientation. Instead of its former at main true to the last will of Dr. Sun tempts at a friendly policy towards | Yat Sen, urging the party to strive China, the Germany bourgeoisie ac- for the non-capitalist development of tually fosters imperialistic aspirations | China, which was quite possible. in the Far East, said the speaker. For example, he pointed out, the Gerthe workers gritty and firm in their nan war ministry had sent 40,000 front of all revolutionary forces in the eve of his trial at Brockton for rifles to the reactionary general Chang the nation will secure victory for the blasphemy under a 229-year-old Puri-Tso Lin. "We must warn the Chinese people not to put their faith in the German bourgeoisie, who, in spite of their pose of friendliness, are no less reactionary and predatory than American, Japanese and British imperialism," Egerlein said.

Similar to Red Army. Delegate Hertroff exhaustively analyzed the actual situation in China and remarked that the successes of the Cantonese armies are in many respects similar to the success of the Russian red army. He pointed out the Tapestry Carpet Union and its of- two mistaken tendencies in the Chificials. A smoker the other night brot nese problem. One tendency inclined and pledged the Korean revolutionary \$1,200 and this week strikers and to overestimate importance of keeping movement to full support of the Chithe Chinese bourgeoisie within the nese revolution.

Silk Workers Make Demands on Bosses

PATERSON, N. J., Dec. 2.—(FP)-The fairly strong independent textile union of Paterson, the Associated Silk Workers, has launched an organization drive into the Broad Silk mills that may lead to another such strike as the one that shut down those plants in 1924. The seven demands lars. that are being made on employers

1. Complete recognition of the Associated Silk Workers. 2. Wage increases for all broad

silk workers. 3. A guaranteed minimum wage and weekly pay. 4. More sanitary working condi

5. Eight-hour day for all, with the 40-hour week as a goal.

6. End of the speed-up system in

7. Guarantees from manufacturers that agreements will be kept.

SEE "BREAKING CHAINS" TONIGHT AT DOUGLAS PARK AUDITORIUM; IT IS STUPENDOUS MOVIE PRODUCTION

m. and the second at 9:30 p. m.

Love and hate, class loyalty, and | Those in charge of the Chicago Committee. His subject is, "Russiarevolution all crammed into one stu-showing say that the picture is being A Warning and a Challenge." The pendous movie success. That's what booked for cities thruout the entire meeting will be held at the Masonic one sees in "Breaking Chains" which country and since this will be the only Temple and the committee expects the want that real heaven here on earth." is to be shown in Chicago tonight at exhibition for some time here, it will hall to be filled to capacity. the Douglas Park Auditorium, Ogden be advisable for all who desire to see and Kedzie. There will be but two "Breaking Chains" to attend either Park Auditorium.

(Special Cable to The Daily Worker) Junited national front and consequently MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Dec. 2.—"The avoids all action that might deter the bourgeoisie. Another wrong tendency is in the misvaluation of the acutal even more dangerous than that of the correlation of forces in China, which overestimates the role of the young Chinese proletariat and urges the Communist Party to leave the Kuomin-

> Petroff declared that the correct policy is to maintain the united national revolutionary front, including only that part of the bourgeoisie which is unafraid of the prospects of the growing revolution and will not pass

Socialism Possible. Regarding the possibility of a socialst, non-capitalist development in China, he declared that the Chinese Communist Party can do much towards this end. The party has huge ing cadres whereof 65 per cent are

real mill workers, he said. Doriot, of France, emphasized the langers of armed intervention in China. The western workers must fight the designs of their own imperialists by putting forth the slogan, 'Hands Off China," and demanding the recognition of the Canton government. The French Communist Party, he maintained, must intensify its work in Indo-China and promote a movement of solidarity with the Chinese revolution.

"Liberty" Policy. Delegate Roy (India) pointed out the danger of the Chinese revolution which lays in the new tactics of the powers in promoting a "liberal" policy towards Canton. These are simply attempts to bribe the bourgeoisie of China away from the revolution. The speaker emphasized the growing role of American "humanitarian" imperialists whose prominent representatives are now urging intervention

nore energetically than ever. The agrarian question, he said, is a vital problem in the Chinese revolution; the program must include such maximum demands as confiscation of all private lands. The Chinese Communist Party has all chances of becoming the directing factor in the evolution and to lead the workers and peasants thru a democratic dictatorship to the construction of social-

sm, Roy concluded. The plenum heard greetings from he representatives of the Moscow military engineers' school, which was named in honor of the Communist International, and the reply of Semard (France) on behalf of the plenum

True to Sun Yat Sen. The next speaker, Shao Li Tze, of ficial representative of the Kuomintang (people's) party of China, stressed the necessity of sincere cooperation with the Kuomintang party. The Kuomintang, Shao said, would re

He said that a correct solution of the agrarian question and a united ing Bimba's speaking in Boston on revolution in China.

Chohum (Korea) declared that Japanese imperialism was the most dangerous enemy of the Chinese revolution. Japan realizes that the victory of the revolutionary forces over northern China means the loss of Korea, and Japan consequently strains all her efforts to prevent the revolution from moving into North China and Korea.

Korea Will Help. The defeat of Chang Tso Lin by the Chinese revolutionary armies will be the biggest and most important event for the world revolution, he declared,

Presbyterians Offer to Save World—Again

Yesterday was Pan-Presbyterian Sunday in the Chicago churches of that denomination, when, wie 117 churches swapping pastors for the day, they attempted to put across a Presbyterian loyalty campaign-including the raising of a million dol-

This body announces its aim "to meet the problems of the modern world," which is, in the language of La Salle street, "some contract." do this it realizes that "the church must make use of modern ideas and provide itself as adequately as the business world does to carry on its multiple enterprises."

The program of the modern church catering to mind, body, and soul, according to Rev. George G. Dowev includes devotional services, athletics. recreation "everything, in short, to make life better for young and old," that is, everything except good wages short working hours, decent homes, freedom to organize, and a new social order.

Eddy to Speak in Cleveland. George Sherwood Eddy will speak in Cleveland Friday, Dec. 3, under the auspices of the Cleveland Citizens'

The American Worker Correspondyour subscription now, 50 cents a year, things

Insurance Companies Sharpen Knives for Compensation Laws

BOSTON, Nov. 28 .- Drastic changes in the state women's compensation law have been proposed to the special commission holding hearings on the matter. Fred S. Smith, representing Service Mutual Liability Insurance Co., offered new provisions which would strike severe blows to the workers the law is meant to protect. He asks:

That the insurance company be given the right to suspend compensation payments after examination by a physician and during proceedings on claims of the company.

That compensation not start until

the eighth day after disability. That workers should not have the right to choose their own physicianon the excuse that they should be treated by a specialist familiar with industrial accidents.

That rates be changed from the flat \$16 a week to \$10 or \$12 for unmarried injured and \$20 for married.

That no compensation be paid an injured worker who disregards warning by an employer.

The labor men on the commission, Martin T. Joyce, representing the state branch American Federation of Labor, and James Tansey, president American Federation of Textile Operatives, strenuously opposed the insurance company propositions voiced by Smith.

To Celebrate Radio Station Dedication With Joyous Event

Announcement is made of the formal opening date of Station WCFL, owned and operated by the Chicago Federation of Labor the only labor radio station in the world, on Dec. 1f. Celebration plans are being made for this event, which is called "radio frolics." The entire program from 2:00 p. m. to 2:00 a. m. will be broadcast from a specially built studio at Ashland auditorium, Ashland boule-

vard and Van Buren street. Wiliam Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, will make the dedication address. William Dever, mayor of Chicago, and other well known people will speak, the program being interwoven with vocal and musical selections by artists from other Chicago radio stations, acts from the leading downtown theaters, Paul Ash, "rajah of jazz," and his gang, and the WCFL staff and orchestra.

Mayor Tells Federal Agents to Hear Bimba

BOSTON, Nov. 30 .- Boston's mayor backed down on his ban of Anthony Bimba as a speaker in city halls. Mayor Malcolm Nichols has threatened to revoke the license of any hall owner who let the editor of the Communist Lithuanian daily, Laisve, speak. Nichols succeeded in preventan law and for sedition appeal on the sedition conviction with its \$100 fine is still in the courts.

Nichols explained that he would not oppose Bimba's proposed free speech test at Fancuil Hall this week under International Labor Defense and American Civil Liberties Union auspices, as "no public issue" seemed involved. He said he would notify federal department of justice agents to send a representative to any Bimba meeting in Boston and asserted he would revoke the hall license if any law were broken at the meeting. The sponsors of Bimba's free speech test say that a later meeting will be held.

New York Commission Sifts Bosses' Charge

NEW YORK - In response to a charge brought by Christian G. Norman, chairman of the Board of Governors of the Building Trades Employers' Association of New York, that four unions in the building trades are restricting membership by refusing the permit union men from other cities to work on union jobs, the Industrial Survey Commission of the state legislature have been conducting hearings at the Bar Association Build-

The four unions involved are the steamfitters, electrical workers, plumbers, and carpenters. Jasper W. Cornaire, chairman of the investigating committee, says that he intends to sift all the charges without in any way permitting the affair to become an investigation of the unions. From here the commission will move to Rochester where testimony will be taken

Bishop Brown Speaks at Madison. MADISON, Wis .- "Within 25 years, the shell of capitalism will be broken and a new-born class will step out to claim the abundant life which it deserves," said Bishop William Montgomery Brown in an address at Music

Hall on Evolution and Revolution.

His audience contained university students and townspeople, who heard him say that "as heaven now exists,

Some students who plan to be preachers accosted the bishop after showings of this film, one at 7:30 p. performance tonight at the Douglas ent will be out this week! Send in place would be in the new scheme of the meeting to inquire what their

Frank Farrington Was The Magastre Always Opposed to the Saturday, December 4 Workers' Class Interests

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL.

THE New Leader socialist organ published in New York City, has at last come out with an alibi for Frank Farrington, who sold out the Illinois coal miners for a \$25,000 per year job with the powerful Peabody Coal company. Even the reaction in the union couldn't stomach this treason, and it threw Farrington out before he had a chance to hand in his resignation. But this brazen betrayal rests easily upon the socialist editorial mind.

The theory of the New Leader, expressed thru an article by Mc-Alister Coleman in its issue of Saturday, Nov. 27, is that the radicals, thru their criticism, forced the big, honest, kind-hearted Farrington into a path of error that landed him finally in the lap of the bosses. Of course, Coleman's tears, that find a vent thru a socialist publication, originate from an entirely wrong concention of the forces at work in the class conflict, therefore resulting in wrong conclusions. It is of interest to quote rather extensively from the New Leader-McAlister Coleman effort as follows:

"Farrington, like all labor leaders, moved in two worlds. He would leave the wretchedness of a southern Illinois coal camp with all the squalor with which his youth had been familiar, step into a Pullman and that same night be sitting in the lobby of a big city hotel waiting to confer with the operators.

"In both the coal camp and the lobby he would hear cynical talk of the folly of idealism, of the necessity for a man 'getting his.' Always the object of bitter and frequently headless attack by the 'radicals' of his district he came more and more to feel the futility of making any real fight for the underdog.

"Little by little he was psychologized into the go-getter attitude that is the attitude of the country as a whole today. Everywhere he turned, he saw corruption in public places, with men climbing ruthlessly over their fellows' backs to the applause of the multitude, the workers included. In comparison with the shrewd, cunning men with whom he dealt, the radicals appeared a particularly bootless lot with no program save abuse of the powers that be and no evidence of being able to manage affairs if by any miracle they should get into power."

Then the coal barons came along with their \$25,000 per year check, Farrington grabbed at it in a moment of weakness, "and so it is," concludes the New Leader-McAlister Coleman combination. Very simple to the infantile socialist mind.

This viewpoint is also significant. appearing in a socialist publication. since it doesn't look at the world thru Farrington's eyes-he would probably laugh sneeringly at this interpretation-but rather expresses an actual socialist attitude of lack of faith in the working class, questioning its desire to struggle and its constructive genius when freed from capitalism's chains. The "two world" idea is also an old one, usually offered by socialist parliamentarians, of the "get something now" school, politicians who usually "get theirs." much after the fashion that Farrington "got his." This grows out of the failure to recognize that we live in but one world-the capitalist world-of which poverty and luxury, toil and ease, are inevitable expressions, branches of the same tree that draws its nourishment thru roots embedded deep in the rich soil of private profit.

* * * Farrington was always a devout believer in this capitalist system. The writer of the socialist New Leader claims not. An effort is made to strengthen the case for Farrington by claiming:

"At one time or another he threw his influence on behalf of Alex Howat when the latter was vucking the Kansas industrial court, he gave aid and comfort to the courageous group of Oklahoma socialists who were publishing the Oklahoma Leader, he supported the miners' nationalization campaign and while he was by no means in spmpathy with many of the editorial expressions of his own paper."

At no time was Farrington even

What sycophantic mush! . . .

touched by the socialist sentiment that swept the miners' union before the war. He basked originally in the favor of John Mitchell, who early identified himself with the National Civic Federation, one of the first efforts at class collaboration, that was repudiated by the miners' union, Mitchell being ordered to quit the federation or get out of the union. During the rgeime of Tom Lewis, who followed Mitchell, Farrington was in the opposition. Naturally he firted with the socialists, just like John P. White, who later became president and got his as "A Dollar Year Man" during the war.

Even in those early days, however, Farrington was constantly under fire as a "good spender" of miners' money. His expense accounts were under continuous scrutiny, indicating that Farrington spent more time in luxurious hotel lobbies than in the coal camps. Farington was never a real student of coal miners' problems, in the sense that John Brophy, now candidate for the presidency against John L. Lewis, has tried to be. He never took a stand for anything on principle. His only purpose was to build his power in the union and he maneuverde accordingly.

In his war against John L. Lewis,

when the two were at loggerheads,

he made his alliances with elements opposing Lewis. This accounts for his leaning toward Howat, nothing else. Lewis opposed the nationalization of the coal mines, therefore Farrington favored it, and not because he had any realization of what it signified. The Illinois miners are radical. Farrington had to play up to this radicalism without compromising himself. He did this in part by his alliance with what Mc-Alister calls "the Oklahoma socialists." This is the small clique grouped about the Oklahoma Leader, headed by Oscar Ameringer, that not only quit the socialist party, but also the farmer-labor party and has scandals all its own that might make even Farrington blush. Ameringer's editorship of Farrington's "Illinois Miner," now in the hands of the administration that Farrington left after him, attacked none of the vital problems confroting the Illinois coal miners. It was perfectly safe, for Farrington. It did not attack Farrington's alliance with the republican party machine in Illinois, with "open shopper" Sammy Insull dumping hundreds of thousands of dollars into the campaign chest of Farrington's candidate, Frank L. Smith. for the United States senate. Farrington should have been, and no doubt was happy to have such an editorship to jump at his bidding to furnish amusement for those coal miners who could be misled by the anti-militant philosophy of "Adam Coaldigger." Farrington played the game, knowingly or not, of the ruling class that lets liberals and even socialists come into a little power in order to deceive the discontented masses, awaiting the time that a wave of protest should have spent its force. The classic example of this is, of course, the betraval of the German working class by the German social-democracy.

Farrington never had anything but a capitalist outlook on the labor struggle. It was, therefore, inevitable that he should ultimately and openly ally himself with labor's enemies, just as so many other officials of the miners' union have done. In this sense he was always a betrayer of the working class from which he sprang.

. . . Farrington was always an agent of the capitalist class within the miners' union. His presence within the union crippled it in its forward struggle, which must be based on the class struggle, with a class pro-

It is easy to understand Mc-

Alister's error. Like Farrington, he

has flirted with socialists but knows

nothing of socialism. One of his greatest achievements was getting out publicity for J. A. H . Hopkins' "Committee of 48" of middle class liberals sworn to fight "revolution." One of McAlister's ideas of fighting capitalist propaganda is to organize "a committee of experienced men and women" to furnish material that can be disseminated "to the public, largely thru the medium of THE CAPITALIST PRESS (emphasis ours)"! This proposal was seriously presented and favorably acted on at the Twelfth Annual Conference of the League for In-

doesn't know any better. It is quite in line with his liberal viewpoint. But it has no place in the working class movement. Efforts of the socialist "New Leader" to dope the mind of labor with such stuff will fail. No wonder that, in this same issue of the "New Leader." W. J. Ghent has another article confessing in its two opening sentences the following:

dustrial Democracy. McAlister

"The immediate outlook for social-democracy in the United States cannot by even the most optimistic partisan, be deemed promising. The loss of prestige suffered by the socialist party has carried with it a decline of faith in the socialist

When Frank Farrington, in the most promising hours of his life. is held up as "socialist ideal" in the labor movement, it may be said that Ghent's confession of socialist failure is certainly based on fact.



CANTON TELLS THE WORLD

> By Manuel Gomez The first of two articles specially written for the New Magazine by Manuel Gomez, secretary of the American section of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League. The article was unavoidably held over last week owing to technical last week owing to technical difficulties. The importance of difficulties. The importance of the Philippines in American political life is hard to overestimate. Gomez is an authority on this subject and every worker should be impressed with the relationship between the exploitation of the Filipines and his own struggle for exist. and his own struggle for exist-ence. The first article is illus-trated by splendid drawings by the noted labor cartoonist, Maurice Becker.

+++ FARMING AND FARMERS' PROBLEMS IN THE U.S.

By William Bouck

This concludes the series of articles written specially by Bouck for The New Magazine. The author of the article does not confine his activities to shooting wisdom at the working class from behind a typewriter, He takes to the wide open spaces and ORGANIZES.

THE BOLSHEVIKI GET WORSE AND WORSE

> By S. W. Gerson You can almost imagine that this is a dirty attack on the Soviet Union, but by the time you get thru reading it, you will have come to the conclusion that Comrade Gerson put something over on you.

THE WAGES OF **POVERTY**

By C. A. Moseley

No sinner is too humble to cross Moseley's threshold. In fact the author is a glorious sinner and therefore it is not surprising to find Moseley manicuring the carrots to tickle the palates of his Bridewell guests. In addition to this contribution Comrade Moseley starts a new series of revolutionary Jingles for the New Magazine, called Proletarian Odes. Good stuff.

THE USE VALUE OF GOD

By An Unknown Soldler The title of this article sounds The title of this article sounds scientific and it is, but in such a way that the tired proletarian will read it first and sleep afterwards. The author is one of those mortals who hides ability behind a veil of modesty. Who the devil he is, we do not knaw! But he hands the raspberry to old Jehovah in right royal style.

WAR AND THE PROLETARIAT

> By Rudolf Haus The writer analyzes the last great wars of capitalism. It is easy to differ with Comrade Haus when he says that the world war resulted from a de-sire on the part of Germany to crush England. It is not enough. It is more correct to say that England was the prime mover behind the war, since Germany was passing England com-mercially and the latter was ob-

> liged to resort to force to halt a dangerous competitor.

WOMANS' DAY

By Rose Katz This informative article pictures the development of class organization among women since their advent into industry.

CARTOONS OF THE WEEK

By M. P. Bales This talented artist features the outstanding events of the week in pictures for the New Magazine. One of the most popular features in the New Magazine.

N THE WAKE OF THE NEWS

> By T. J. O'Flaherty The typewriter is not mightler than the brush but it is more diffusive. This feature supplements Bales' cartoons.

Poetry by Jim Waters, Covami. Henry George Weiss, Oscar Ryan, Albert J. Chambers.

Drawings by Jerger, Vose, Dehn and Becker. Sports and the theater.

CAN'T DIVORCE ECONOMICS FROM ARMS QUESTION

America Is Blocking the Geneva Program

GENEVA, Dec. 2.—The civil subcommittee of the preparatory commission for the disarmament conference, now meeting here, refrained from debating the report of the joint commission on disarmament questions. It referred to the report to the preparatory commission without comment, declaring it impossible to consider disarmament matters separate from economic and political factors and that the sub-committee is incapable of dealing with such matters.

This action was taken on motion of Lord Cecil of Great Britain and backed by the American representative, who is opposed to all of the recommendations.

Points Considered.

The following five points are being considered from the economic angle: Inspection of armaments, collection of information, limitation of military budgets, consideration of effects of various elements on the war strength of nations, and regional disarmament agreements.

U. S. Against Everything.

The Americans have gone on record as being opposed to any form of control on the United States, declaring that Washington would not submit to any inspection and definitely opposed any budgetary comparison of countries. The delegates are trying to find some means of proposing definite plans to bring about equalization of armaments, but they are blocked at every angle by American opposi-

The proposal of the joint commischaracteristics to form as a basis. However, America sees in this a form of control and is firm against it.

The preparatory commission itself will have to thrash the matter out.

Royal Mail Purchases White Star Line, Now Largest in the World

LONDON, Dec. 2.-The Royal Mail Steam Packet company has purchased the White Star line from the Oceanic Steam Navigation company, ship system in the world. The pur- to put an end to the foreign dominalargest in the world.

The company now controls the White Star line, Pacific Steam Navigation company, Nelson Steam Navigation company, Royal Mail Steam Packet Meat Transport, Limited, and MacAndrews, Limited, as well as having large interests in the Argentine in contact with the Riffians and know saults. Mail Steamship company, Elder Demp- their great love of territorial inde-

Why not a small bundle of The DAILY WORKER sent to you regularly to take to your trade union meeting?

CHURCH OFFERS CHOICE OF PRIVATE PROPERTY OR FREE-FOR-ALL WIFE

(Special to The Dally Worker) MEXICO CITY, Dec. 2. - in statement issued by the Mexican Episcopate on the subject of the altercation between the government and the church, occurs this para-

"There are two factions in the fight, Christianity and Bolshevism. The defense of Christian civilization is based upon religion, the sanctity of matrimony, private propperty, sane liberty, as against the Communistic Utopias of socialism, free love, and the subjection of religion to the state."

It will be noticed that the admission that the church stands for private property is nicely balanced against the fake and threadbare charge that the Communists practice free love.

COMPANY UNIONS By ROBERT W. DUNN With Conclusions by WM. Z. FOSTER

The first booklet of its kind issued. A most valuable study of the growth of a new menace to American organized Labor by a keen student of the problem. A simple and most interesting booklet with the addition of conclusions drawn by the leader of the American Left Wing Movement.

THE MOVEMENT FOR WORLD TRADE UNION UNITY

By TOM BELL In this booklet, every phase of the problem is presented and facts are given on steps already taken. A timely and important publication.

Watch Impending Struggle Over Mexican Land Laws



Dec. 31st is the last date upon which oil and other foreign companies may abide by the new oil and land lations with Mexico will be broken laws of Mexico requiring foreign firms to take out concessions for fifty years of the American companies' properin place of the titles of sole ownersion is that each country submit a ship to the land they now hold. All for failing to register its titles. The budget of its military expenditures in the large English companies and such a form as to allow for peculiar some small American concerns have and declaring that it will carry out complied with the law. But Stand- the laws of Mexico. ard Oil, Sinclair and the big Ameri-

stitution of 1917. The Calles adminsovereign rights as a government in Mexico. making legislation which is calculated to result in a more equitable and now controls the largest steamchase price is to be \$34,000;000. The tion that has been the upshot of the chase price is to be \$33,000,000. The career has been as purchase gives the Royal Mail 38 control of a large part of the econo- called president of Nicaragua, Diaz, further advancement of Wall Street vicious as variegated. An ex-officer more ships, including some of the mic resources of Mexico by foreign is but a tool of United States interimperialists, notably Wall Street.

tified the Calles government that reoff on the 31st of Dec. when the first ties becomes open to denouncement Calles administration is standing firm

can firms with millions of dollars eign relations committee of the uptwo senators say they will oppose the same thing for Nicaragua. istration in Mexico is standing on its the breaking off of relations with

There is also the question of Nicaragua where Wall Street has millions ties under the noses of numerous ma chine guns.

Kellogg has charged that Mexican 'bolshevik" influences have been operating in Nicaragua and that the navy is there to "protect" the Nicaraguans against them. But the United States is interested in Nicaragua and has set up Diaz as its puppet presi-Senator Borah, chairman of the for- dent for entirely different reasons.

The map above shows the route of worth of property have said they will per house, has declared, with Sena- a projected new canal connecting the rely upon the state department of tor Norris, a member of the commit- Pacific and Atlantic Oceans. The the U. S. to force the Mexican gov- tee, that he is in disagreement with same stunt is being played with reernment to withdraw from its posi- the state department and that the gard to Nicaragua as was played on charges of Kellogg that the Mexican Panama when the first canal was The laws which go into effect the government is "bolshevik" and that built. Panama is now a mere colony first of the year were passed in 1924 it is trying to "confiscate" American of the United States. The building and are based on the Mexican con-property are mere propaganda. The of the Nicaraguan canal would mean

> The struggle in Mexico and Nicaagua is a struggle between the sovereign rights of independent people and the encroachment of United of dollars invested and which, to all States imperialism. All Latin-Ameriintents and purposes is now governed ca is watching this arena and its by the United States navy. The so-sympathies are decidedly against the thru the medium of the U. S. navy, of the czar's army, he served with ests and was "elected" during a spuri- in the Caribbean area and south.

The Spanish-Moroccan Problem

Navigation company, the Union Castle a little of their psychology and of Krim's surrender did not mean the end of the Morrocan war. Abd-el-Krim was one of the Riff's most significant chiefs, but there were other leaders not ready to submit to the corruptive policy developed in Morocco jointly by the French and Spanish imperialists.

Since last June, when Abd-el-Krim's surrender took place, there has hardly been a single day of peace and quiet in Morocco. From then until today, many Spanish soldiers have given their lives in a fruitless sacri-

Keriro's Death.

While fighting against our army at the most powerful leader after Abd- situation in 1914. el-Krim. Very young, only 30, he has for long been the enemy of Spain.

In 1924, when Raisuni made a pact with Spain, the Keriro abandoned him. He performed the most audaciously heroic feat in the whole Moroccan war when, with some of his partisans, he entered the city of Tetouan and shot up the town from the center of he Plaza de Espana.

The insurrection of the Djebala tribe was what gave the Keriro most fame and personality. He beseiged Taza rut, assaulted the palace, and imprisoned Raisuri.

In consequence of his victory over Raisuni, Abd-el-Krim called the Keriro and went with him to Adjur, where he was presented with the custody of Raisuri's person and with all his wealth. In addition he was created Caid of Djebala

After Abd-el-Krim's surrender, the Keriro continued the war and was considered by the Riffians as Abd-el-Krim's successor. He was killed leading the Beni Aros tribe when they were trying to stop the assault of Beni Ider by the Spanish army.

Recent Sedition. Abd-el-Krim's surrender ended the war so far as big fronts and important battles, which only a chief of from night to night at a flop-house on such military talent as he could carry out with success. But the independ- joy the accommodations afforded by lengthy argument before Judge Edwin ent attacks, the favorite Moroccan strategy, continue. The Spanish press, Palace. It will interest social work-bond, Ben Rudner and Louis Mazer, early today in a fire which destroyed with the permission of the censorship, with some restrictions, has published recent seditions in various places of the Spanish "Prectorate."

In Ketama, the Spanish troops were obliged to retreat. At present the at PRIVATE BATH IN CHICAGO.

(Written for The Daily Worker) | tacks are against the Behi Ider. These MADRID-To those who have been tribesmen resist the imperialists' as-

Imperialist Rivalry.

The rivalry between the French and Spanish imperialists is every day more acute. The press of the French zone has started a campaign against the Spanish action in Morocco, and the Spanish authorities at Larache have tried to stop this attack by the French press. This rivalry is still greater when one considers the strife of the capitalists for ownership of the Riffians' mines. The business interests of the English, German, Dutch, French, and Spanish in the mining industry are entirely at conflict.

The Reichstag's concession to the Mannasmann Bros. of a credit of 8,500,000 gold marks (about \$2,000,000) will probably permit this big firm to Beni-Ider, Nov. 3rd, there was killed acquire ownership of the most importhe Riffian chief, the Keriro, who was tant mines in Morocco, which was the

The Tangier Question.

Primo de Rivera's dictatorship has completely failed in its imperialistic aims in Tangier. The Spanish government and colonists aimed at the complete control of the city of Tangier. They wished to revert to the 1923 status, signed by England, France, and Spain. At present Primo de Rivera's petitions are restricted to asking a wider participation in the city administration and the native colony. The sovereignty of the Sultan of Morocco will continue, which only means the full domination of France in the international zone.

Flop-Housers, Listen! Goat Has Private Bath

In connection with the Army-Navy It did not concern the training diet. the coaching, the average weight of the teams, or the box receipts. It is a piece of national news of especial interest to workers who occupy cheap lodgings, or house their families in basement apartments, or buy a bed West Madison or State street, or enthe Salvation Army's Workingman's Diehl, the court today admitted to Three persons were burned to death in 1920 the government filed in Spoers, heads of settlement houses, and two of the three men indicted on a the Rangeley apartments in the downbourgeois reformers.

It is this, simply this:

MUSSOLINI WOULD FORCE **CLASS COLLABORATION ON** LABOR BY PASSING LAWS

(Special to The Daily Worker) busying himself with the drawing up plices, and calmly offered to sell Latof a "labor code" to further crush the Italian working class. The code. which presidents of corporations are aiding to prepare, will serve as a basis for labor legislation to be passed

One of the prime features of the code will be an attempt to legislate spirit of class collaboration into the workers. Mussolini believes he can make the workers take more interest in producing more goods by passing laws. It is possible that in the laws will be incorporated minimum produc tion speed requirements, as well as hours and wages.

University, Press and **Auto Bosses Toast New** Governor of Michigan

DETROIT, Mich., Dec. 2. - A few days after the Michigan state elections, the head of the University of Michigan arranged a little dinner party in celebration of the victory at the election polls. The dinner party was them had talked to members of the attended by four men and their wives representing the four powerful institutions of the capitalist system. Dr. Clarence Cook Little, president of the phalanx around their table, looked University of Michigan, acting as the immensely relieved. Mrs. Frances host, represented the educational insti- Stevens Hall and her two brothers, tutions of the state; A. H. Vanderburg, Henry and Willie Stevens, turned to editor of the Grand Rapids Herald, each other and smiled broadly. was present as the symbol of the capitalist press; Fred W. Green, the newly elected governor of Michigan, football game, the capitalist press car- was the apparent guest of honor, and ried an item of overwhelming impor- Edsel B. Ford represented the real pire parliamentary delegation is in tance to the workingclass of America. victors in the election campaign, the Australia engaging in propaganda for automobile manufacturers of Michi- unloading British nuemployed. Memgan. Little imagination is needed to marquis of Salsbury and Arthur Henguess the nature of the toasts they made to one another over their vic- strenuous oppsition from Australian tory dinner.

Given \$100,000 Bond

CANTON, O., Dec. 2. - After a charge of first degree murder for the town district. killing of Don Mellett, Canton Daily The goat which is the mascot of News publisher. Rudner's bond was of Lincoln, Nebr., Mr. W. Rockwell, the midshipmen HAD A ROOM WITH set at \$100,000 and that of Mazer 57, and Mrs. W. Rockwell, 60, Roche-\$60,000

SOVIETS MAKE GIFT TO CHINA FOR EDUCATION

\$300,000 of Indemnity Fund for Schools

PEKING, Dec. 2.-To aid public edacation in China \$300,000 has been given to the high schools of Peking by the Soviet Republic, according to word received here.

The money was secured for the schools by Ambassador Karakhan, who is now in Moscow.

Inasmuch as the high school instructors walked out on strike Wednesday, having failed to get their pay for the past three months, the gift from the Soviets will probably mean resumption of the interrupted middle school curriculum.

Other Gifts.

Before the departure of Ambassador Karakhan in September on his return to Moscow he was approached by a group of local educators, who asked his assistance in getting financial aid from the Soviet Republic.

Recently \$200,000 was sent to the universities by the Soviet government. The money given today brings the total contribution to \$500,000. The money was from the Boxer indemnity. Lack of money by the local government offices has been responsible for the failure to pay the school teachers, it has been claimed.

Czar's Handymen and White Guards' Dupes **Must Pay for Crimes**

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Dec. 2. -Three trials now going on in three separate cities of the Soviet Union confirm the old adage that the mills of the gods grind slowly. Men who played despicable parts under the czar or later as counter-revolutionists have in many cases dared to continue living under the Soviets, hoping to escape detection. Now and then one of them is recognized and brought to

In Leningrad there is going on the trial of one Erinst. A Lettish working man happened to recognize one day last summer in the person of the caretaker of a suburban villa none other than the Erinst who had been commandant of the infamous "Riga Museum," the torture chamber in which the czar's agents took vengeance against the Lettish people after the abortive revolution of 1905. At Minsk Peter Romanenko is stand-

ing trial. His career has been as General Denikin and they transferred his allegiance to the Red Army. He was she in his accounts and fled to Latvia. There, on the border, he established a mixture of espionage and smuggling, and paid Russian peasants in silk hose for Soviet secrets, which he sold for good cash to the Latvian government. The Latvians tired of him and suggested that he move back across the border. Forced to do so, ROME, Dec. 2.-With the trade he gave himself up to the Soviet seunions abolished, Mussolini is now cret police, implicated all his accom-

vian secret intelligence to the Soviets. At Odessa, Kozlenko, who acted as executioner in 1919, when four Com munist workers were hanged under the French occupation, was recognized by a sister of one of the hanged men. He, too, is up for trial.

Judge Denies State's Motion for New Trial in Hall-Mills Murder

SOMERVILLE, N. J., Dec. 2. - The state's motion for a mistrial in the Hall-Mills case was denied by Judge Charles W. Parker.

Prosecutor Alexander Simpson, in making the motion for mistrial this morning had charged the jury is iased and has a preconceived opinion n the verdict.

Simpson presented affidavits from citizens of Somerville stating the jurors were not properly guarded, that they slept in court, that they freely discussed the case among themselves and with outsiders and that two of counsel for the defense.

The members of the "million dollar" defense, seven of them sitting in a

derson of the British Labor party, met

Want No More Unemployed.

ployment problem of their own. Apartment Fire Takes 3. LOS ANGELES. Cal., Dec. 2. -

The dead: Mrs. Elizabeth Stagg. 60,

"EVERYTHING ROSY IN U. S.", SINGS HOOVER IN REPORT; PRIDES SELF ON GETTING WORKERS TO DO MORE WORK

(Special to The Daily Worker)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—"Everything is beautiful in the U. S." That's the conclusion Secretary of Commerce Hoover comes to in his annual report on economic conditions in the United States. "There is no unemployment, the farmers are happy and contented, our financial organization is running perfectly, and the country is safe for Coolidge and Wall Street," thus runs the reasoning in the 54-page document in which Hoover summarizes conditions in this country.

Buried in a mass of "pollyanna" propaganda and "Rotary club optimism." however, there are some statements in the report that reveal what is

happening in American industry and Advocates Speeding Up of Workers.

That American industrialists are now definitely moving towards speeding up of the workers in order that fewer employes can produce more work is shown by the report. Hoover dwells at length on his campaign for the "elimination of waste" in industry, and his chief source of pride is that American industry is now beginning to speed up its workers. He gives the railroads as a shining example of this.

More Work; Less Workers. Hoover points with pride to these figures: In 1921 the railroads employed 1,869,501 workers to load 42,332,670 cars; in 1926 (fiscal year) the railroads employed only 1,782,-733 workers and loaded 51,916,798 cars. Following his advice, as Hoover points out, the railroads have been able to force approximately a 100,000 less workers to do 15 per

cent more work than before. Knocks Government Operation. In this connection Hoover takes bolster up private business and attack government operation.

Hoover says: "It is an interesting commentary upon government operation that private enterprise has been able to operate the railways with far fewer employes and at the same time load almost 15 per cent more cars than the government administration." He also says: "Probably the most outstanding single industrial achievement since the war has been the reorganization of our American railways. Our transportation . . . was demoralized by government operation during the war . . .'

Foreign Trade Grows. In dealing with foreign trade, Hoover's report demonstrates how Americrease in 1926 of 37 per cent over almost equal decrease.

Warning to Workers. phasizes the fact that the present able recovery from the great losses scale of wages in the United States incurred by the nation in the world is a handicap to American manufac- war."

Chief of Chemicals, in Gaseous Reports, Discloses Weak Spot

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 2.-Maj Gen. Amos A. Fries, chief of the chemical warfare service, while not mentioning the Geneva protocol forbidding the use of gas in warfare, which will come before the senate this winter, urges in his annual report that the personnel of his department be trebled and that larger appropriations be granted him. In fact, he argues for the retention of gas warfare on the ground that gas is more used to cause temporary incapacity than for killing soldiers out

His report recalls the unanimity with which each department of the army and navy proves conclusively that it is the weakest part of the national defense and therefore needs more money and officers. It has been proved to us that the coast defense is our weakest spot, that it's the navy, that it's the ordnance department, and so on down the list. No one has yet suggested that it is the Commander

Civil Liberties Will Aid Rowan in Fight for His Citizenship

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.-The fight of James Rowan of Spokane, Wash., to rates: SYDNEY-(FP)-The British emretain his citizenship, cancelled by Judge Stanley Webster of Spokane last March, is receiving the support of the American Civil Liberties Union. bers of the delegation, particularly the The organization is making an appeal for financial aid in the fight. Austin Lewis, San Francisco attorney for the union, will argue Rowan's appeal in workers, who said they had an unemthe United States circuit court of appeals in San Francisco in February. Born in Ireland, Rowan was natu-

ralized in Massachusetts in 1907. During his imprisonment in Leavenworth kane a charge of misrepresentation in securing his citizenship. The charge was based on Powan's membership in the Industrial Workers of the World since 1912 and his conviction under the espionage act in 1918 for this membership

turers who must compete with for eign wage scales. Sees Trouble Ahead.

The report forecasts possible trouble between the United States and foreign countries in connection with foreign government monopolies of certain necessary commodities. Hoover declares that he abhors the necessity of government interference to prevent control of world goods, but indicates that if interference is necessary the United States is ready to "take necessarv steps."

He especially mentions the following goods as being controlled by for eign governments: rubber, long-staple cotton, camphor, coffee, iodine, nitrates, potash, mercury, and sisal. Government Interference.

"The economic objection to these controls is the stifling of production thru forced restriction combined with price-fixing resulting in arbitrary high prices," the report declares. "Public relations resulting from governmental controls are even more objectionable than the economic lossthe opportunity of using his report to es . . . The result has been and always will be that the just complaints of consumers drags our government into relations which should be left to the higgling of the market. This injection of the government inevitably results in the arousing of national feeling . . .

Then Hoover comes to this conclusion: "It is safe to say that if the conduct of industry is left in the hands of the private individuals they will not cut the throats of their con-

Everything is Fine! Hoover summarized national economic conditions in the following paragraph: "The fiscal year of 1925-26 has been one never surpassed in our history in the volume of production and consumption, in the physical can industrialists and capitalists are quantity of exports and imports, and now more than ever inextricably in- in the rate of wages. There has been terested in foreign conditions and for practically no unemployment. Fureign policies. American foreign trade, ther progress has been made in the he shows, now amounts to 16 per cent efficiency of management and labor of the total world trade, while in 1913, and in scientific research and invenit represented but 11 per cent. Ex- tion. As in the preceeding year, there ports from the U.S. showed an in- were few points where conditions were less satisfactory, as in the New 1913, while every other nation in the England textile industry, two or three world, including England, showed an sections of the agricultural industry, and the bituminous coal industry. On the whole, however, the country was Hoover points out that foreign able to maintain the highest standtrade involving manufactured goods and of living in its history, a standard is assuming greater and greater im- far above that in most other counportance. In this, he strikes a note tries of the world, at this time or any of warning to the workers, as he em- other time. This represents a remark-

Chile Government Is Favorable to Kellogg Plan for Tacna-Arica

SANTIAGO, Chile, Dec. 2,-Altho there has been newspaper criticism and indications of opposition from members of parliament, it was learned today that the Chilean government finds Secretary Kellogg's new formula for settlement of the Tacna-Arica dispute a very acceptable basis, according to an official of the foreign office.

Advertise

The DAILY WORKER!

Every page of The Daily Worker contains 140 inches—or seven 20-inch columns of printed matter.

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oer of columns wanted. For instance—A 2-inch Ad may be either 4 inches 3 columns, 6 inches 2 columns or 12 single olumn inches. No Ad should be taken for more than

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Do not promise proof unless plenty of time is given.

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News and Comment Labor Education Labor and Government Trade Union Politics

NICE-SOUNDING **POLICY DOESN'T**

Company's Idea

By a Steel Worker.

at the entrance a big sign.

in large letters:

"Policy!" "Our policy is to have this place known far and wide as a good place to work.

"A place where everyone has chance.

"Where every worker is paid the highest wages that can be paid and yet leave room for the business section to be successful.

"To safeguard work just as far as it can be safeguarded.

"To recognize good work and to appreciate the helpful assistance of every co-worker.

"(Signed) N. A. Irvin, Vice-Pres. "American Sheet and Tin Plate Co." Nobody Takes It Serious.

just wave their hand. "What do you think of this, Bill?

"O, it's full of ---!" This is the opinion of the steel ousness of duty well done.

workers about the new policy of the Sheet and Tin Mill Co. Soon Wear Out.

times as high as \$20.00 a day. This is an indisputable fact that the capimay appear a high wage, but try to talist and middle class elements, parstand at the hot rolls 8 hours a day, ticularly in the Pittsburgh territory working at top speed and you will not hailed John L. Lewis as their savior think the wage too high. Day by day when he began the war on Howat, the these men give away their life energy other officials of the miners' union until after a few years they are dried and the membership of District 14. out. lifeless.

What if they saved up a few thousand dollars? Their life is gone. The company meanwhile makes mil-

And what of the common laborers! These do not get above \$4.50 to \$5.50. We don't believe that the company pays us the highest possible wage, and that everyone has a chance.

We work at top speed, but our families live in want and we cannot make both ends meet, not speaking of getting the fat steak which the vicepresident, N. A. Irvin, is getting, who signed the "policy" of the American Kansas court which sent Howat and Sheet and Tin Mill Co.

"Skin 'em alive!"

Famous Poet Ends

ers are mourning the death of George labor movement. Sterling, famous poet, found dead in his apartment late yesterday. By his side was a bottle, believed to have contained poison. Scattered about his rooms were fragments of paperverses and letters he had destroyed. Sterling had been ill for about a week. His illness prevented him from acting as host to his friend. H. L.

latter's visit here. DAILY WORKER to your friendssend us name and address.

Mencken, magazine editor, during the

Chicago Daily Worker Agents' Meeting FRIDAY NIGHT, DEC. 3

Admission 50 Cents.

THE FIGHT OF ALEX HOWAT AND THE MINERS OF DISTRICT NO. 14; A CHAPTER IN LABOR HISTORY

ARTICLE II.

By WILLIAM F. DUNNE.

PITTSBURGH, Kan., Dec. 2.—The McNally Iron Works, a non-union concern of considerable size, had a practical monopoly of machine repairing in the coal mines around Pittsburgh.

Boilermakers, machinists and other metal tradesmen who belonged to no union would be working side by side with union miners. All attempts FOOL WORKERS no union would be working side by side with union miners. All attempts made by the metal trade unions to organize this concern failed until Alex Howat interested himself in the case. He came to the conclusion that this Steel Slaves See Thru was an intolerable condition which reflected upon the miners' union.

Howat informed the operators that union miners could not be expected to work with non-union men. The operators made the counter-claim that the

miners' agreement did not coversuch work but Howat in turn pointed GARY, Ind., Dec. 2.-Entering the out that the United Mine Workers mill last Monday the workers of the had jurisdiction over "all men work-American Sheet and Tin Mill Co. ing in and around the mines" and incould not help noticing on the wall formed the operators the coal miners would be within the contract if they Everybody stopped to read. It said stopped work in mines where these nonunion men were repairing machin-

Metal Workers Join Union. The operators saw McNally and

altho he complained bitterly the metal workers employed by his company joined their respective unions. It is to be noted that not a single

one of the international union heads, whose organizations received assistance of this kind, have ever raised their voices in defense of Alex Howat in his 5-year fight for honesty and militancy in the miners' union. None of them came to his assistance in his fight against the Kansas Industrial Court law-a fight that involved he entire labor movement.

The incidents listed above are only a few of a long list of events in which The workers read this policy and the miners union, under the leadership of Howat, took the side of other workers against the bosses with nothing to gain for itself except a consci-

Why They Hate Howat.

These incidents explain the hatred of the coal operators of Kansas-and Of course, the first roller gets at other capitalists-for Alex Howat. It

It is likewise a fact that the Kansas capitalists, Governor Allen-the sponsor of the Industrial Court lawand other enemies of labor were unable to defeat the Kansas miners and were themselves being defeated until President Lewis became their ally.

Importance of Kansas Fight. The rank and file of the American labor movement has, in my opinion, never understood fully the tremendous importance of the struggle against the Industrial Court fought by the Kansas miners. It is only the use of Grace Church Auditorium now, since the United States Supreme Court has ratified the decision of the film, on Saturday, Dec. 4, at 8 o'colck. strike, that the labor movement, five years later, begins to understand that close to a thousand persons. elementary rights for which labor has fought ever since the decay of feudalism, were at stake in that struggle Life with Poison and that in view of the decision of the Supreme Court the same fight SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 2.—Admir- will have to be made by the whole

> The Kansas miners were the shock troops of the labor movement.

terminals, the small industries in Kansas City, the Pittsburgh coal League meetings are well attended spite the increased weight. there is no industry on a large scale. Frightening the Farmers.

The farming population for years We will send sample copies of The Pittsburgh led by Howat whose docrines were redder than his hair.

The Kansas Chamber of Commerce rightened by the threatened revolt of the farmers among whom the nonpartisan league had made some inroads, was only too willing to have an issue to distract the attention of the farmers from their wrongs. In addition many of its coal operator members were smarting under defeats administered in clashes with the coal miners' union.

Governor Allen had presidential am bitions. Coolidge had become a vice at 19 S. Lincoln Street president by being made the hero

Everybody Welcome.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR PATS SELF ON BACK AT CONCILIATION RESULTS

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2 .- During the fiscal year ending June 30 the federal government, thru the director of conciliation service, took a hand in 551 industrial disputes, according to the department of labor's

annual report. At the end of the year 43 cases were still pending, while the board had failed to effect a settlement in 61 others. Secretary of Labor Wilson expresses himself as highly pleased with the results.

who saved the state of Massachu setts from the striking Boston police-Why could not Allen become president by putting thru legislation which would make ALL strikes ille gal except those called with the sanction of the capitalists and capitalist agents?

It has long been a favorite dodge of capitalists, when preparing an assault on the workingclass, to put over the needed legislation in an agricultural state, under various guises, and thus secure at least formal support for their scheme from the agricultural sections.

There can be no doubt that had the Kansas miners made no resistance to the Industrial Court we should have seen a wave of similar legislation sweeping over other states.

They fought almost alone as (To Be Continued)

Will Show Passaic Strike Picture in Denver, December 4

By a Worker Correspondent. DENVER. Colo., Dec. 2 .- The Passaic strike conference has accepted in which to show the Passaic strike

The conference has made complete other militant officials to jail for 17 and final arrangements and a large The real policy of the Tin Mill other militant omeians to jain for 11 and final arrangements and a large tion that the coart that the company in tion. Grace Church Auditorium, which seats special cars sent along the track for

the film showing will be the showing of one reel at the trade union promofields and scattered oil properties, and in this way a large number of A Hudson Coal Co. "ton" is officially

rid deeds of the "foreigners" in will be a collection taken between the company has blocked this demand acts which is expected to net quite a And this is one of the irritating griev large sum

Policies and Programs The Trade Union Press Strikes—Injunctions Labor and Imperialism

HUDSON COAL CO. SPREADS VENOM **AGAINST UNION**

Turkey Dinners Given Miners as Dupe

SCRANTON, Dec. 2 .- (FP)-Hudson Coal Co. is laying the basis for a company union among its 22,000 employes by a series of monthly chicken and turkey dinners in every colliery town. Anti-union propaganda and efficiency lectures are served out as tain Shoe Repairers' meeting at which after-dinner courses, along with music Put on Sketch.

The way the union is ridiculed at these affairs is illustrated by a sketch put on at one of the recent dinners given to the Olyphant colliery em-

ployes. The sketch was a caricature take-off of a union meeting. The actors were three company "suckers" the super has chosen for the role of the active union men he wanted to burlesque. It began with the first miner arising and bawling that he wanted more pay.

"All right," shouts a second, "let's have a convention and take action." "No," roars a third, "let's just go on a big drunk tonight and tomorrow

we'll go on a big strike." The bosses and their satellites led the snickering.

At the last Olyphant dinner "efficiency" was dished out to the workers in shovels. As the last mouthfuls of food were going down and the company's big black cigars were lighting the superintendent gave a demonstration of how he liked a car to be loaded.

Lesson in Loading.

One of the new extra-big cars the company is introducing was exhibited on the stage. This new car, instead of being three boards high, has a fourth 10-inch board along the two sides. Two miners began to load it from a coal pile on stage. They loaded it flush to the top board and then kept on piling up the coal. They loaded it to the six-inch topping the union agreement calls for, and kept on piling up the coal until three feet of topping towered over the sides.

"That's the way to load a car," the superintendent cried, clapping his hands. "You'll make twice as much money that way."

He did not add that the three feet all the way from the coal face to the tipple as the car was rounding curves and bumping roofs. Nor did he mention that the coal that fell off would which had become a bulwark of reacthis purpose and that the tonnage One of the novel ways of advertising miner would get nothing for it.

Tons Are Long. These new big cars the company tional meeting and entertainment wants the men to swallow along with which will be held on Friday evening, the turkey have aroused much pro-Dec. 3, at Carpenters' Hall and the test. Piling heavy lumps over the high chairman will announce to the audi- fourth board is exhausting. Also the ence that the balance of the 6 reels men complain that some time ago, Kansas is primarily an agricultural of the Passaic film will be shown at when the cars were raised from the state. With the exception of railway Grace Church on the next evening, two to three boards, that they seemed Saturday, Dec. 4. The Promotional to get paid no more than before, de-

union workers wil lbe acquainted with 2,800 pounds at Olyphant tipple. But, the news of the Passaic film showing. actually, the men complain, the ton is The admission to the Passaic strike longer still. They demand that exfilm showing will be free, but there perts examine the scale, but so far ances that may lead to a strike.

The local general group of the Trade Union Educational League held neeting Wednesday evening at Mirror Hall, 1140 North Western avenue, where a number of actions, among them the election of a new executive committee for the Chicago league, testified to new life and interest in

item on the agenda by sending in a batch of "dicks" who nosed about questioned the chairman, J. W. Johnstone, and finally decided they had been given a "bum steer." Their alibi was that they were looking for a cer their old friends, "Scar-face Al" and "Big Tim" Murphy and his ilk were expected. They left after Johnstone presented them with the T. U. E. L. pamphlet on "Organizing the Unorganized" and would have taken a batch of tickets for the T. U. E. L. New Year's Eve ball, had not Johnstone

> Gitlow Speaks. Owing to the illness of Wm. Z. Foser, who was to be the speaker of the evening, Benjamin Gitlow of New York spoke in his place, and delivered a lecture on the events and significance of the T. U. E. L. in the needle trades that held the audience in rapt attention.

gently reminded them that these tick-

ets are 50 cents each.

CHICAGO T. U. E. L.

MEET PLANS ITS

LEFT WING WORK

Cops Come But Decide

very interesting and successful

left wing activity as did the packed

Curious Police Get Education.

An additional zest was added by the

police department, when it inserted an

They Got "Bum Steer"

With the T. U. E. L. struggle against the right wing in the needle trades, said Gitlow, the left wing ended its period of existence as an opposition and became the administration. This placed a new problem before the left wing as a whole-the practical direction of the unions.

Graphic accounts of the struggle in the furriers' and cloakmakers' strikes were given, in both of which the right ving had used tactics designed to sabotage the strike in the hope of charging its loss on the left wing administration. In the furriers' strike the left wing was better situated than in the cloakmakers' strike, owing to the situation of the industry, the position of the union in the industry and the stronger position of the right wing in the I. L. G. W. and its more cunning

Amalgamation the Big Issue. In both strikes the right wing had worked hand in glove with the bosses. In the furriers it had done so openly, and was openly discredited. Sigman had learned from that lesson, and in the cloakmakers' strike had cunningly of topping could not possibly stay on pretended to support the strike, while secretly knifing it in combination with the right wing in all needle trades unions, particularly in the A. C. W.,

> The right wing in all needle unions had combined in a new offensive, said Gitlow, and this made imperative that the left wing also combine and carry out the only policy under which these unions could advance the interests of the workers—the policy of amalgamation. Amalgamation is the big issue before the needle trades, and only by united effort and a militant fight by the left wing can this be accomplished. as altho the unions are officially on record for it, the right wing is obtructing it.

The meeting instructed the various industrial groups to take new lines of activity looking to building up the progressive movement and strengthening left wing organization.

Editor Paints Lily in Opalescent Tint

BOSTON-Asking his hearers to contemplate the "lavish generosity of America," in getting nothing out of the war (except of course, the world's gold supply and the leading position in world-capitalism), and branding our former allies as "odious detractors," George W. Oakes, editor of Current History Magazine, addressed a meeting here on the subject of Europe's debts to this country. He protested especially against foreign lampoons on American war debt policy.

Pioneers See Movie.

Pioneers who want to come and see 1.00 the moving picture being shown on Friday at 7:00 p. m. at the Douglas Auditorium will be permitted to come in free. The Ukrainian Language Children's School, as well as all other language schools will be permitted to enter free.

WCFL Radio Program

Chicago Federation of Labor radio broadcasting station WCFL is on the air with regular programs. It is 5.00 broadcasting on a 491.5 wave length from the Municipal Pier.

6:00 p. m.-Chicago Federation of La-

The Manager's Corner

FOUR ADDITIONAL NEWSPAPERS HAVE BEEN PUR-CHASED BY THE SCRIPPS-HOWARD NEWSPAPER ORGANIZATION AT A COST OF APPROXIMATELY \$2,400,-000. Thereby the number of newspapers under this control is increased to TWENTY-ONE. William W. Hawkins, the general business director of the Scripps-Howard service, also records a number of consolidations of smaller newspapers all over the country. THE SCRIPPS-HOWARD CHAIN now controls one or more newspapers in the following cities: Memphis, Knowville, Denver, Cleveland, Baltimore, Pittsburgh, San Francisco. Washington, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Toledo, Columbus, Akron, Birmingham, Houston, Youngstown, Fort Worth, Oklahoma Citu. Evansville, El Paso, San Diego, Terre Haute, Covington and Albuquerque. The Scripps-Howard newspapers are in turn affiliated with the United Press, which along with the other gigantic combines, like the Associated, Hearst's, Munsey's, etc., controls the news which is transmitted to the nation.

The Scripps-Howard organization and similar combinations constitute TRULY a chain—a chain which capitalism has forged to preserve the bonds of wage slavery, by which facts are hidden, distorted and misinterpreted.

Conclusions are drawn to confuse and mislead the workers rather than to enlighten them. To cite a recent and glaring example one need only mention the insidious propaganda now being carried on in connection with the moves toward intervention in Mexico and Nicaragua. The capitalist press is replete with such examples daily.

For this reason the establishment of a workers' paper becomes a matter of paramount importance—a paper which shall give not only the facts truthfully and correctly stated-but what is of far more significance—a clear interpretation of these facts and current events from a working class viewpoint. Upon the building up of such a paper depends the growth and progress of the American labor movement. The hold of the Scripps-Howard chain and all similar capitalist propaganda chains, can be broken only by the influence of a fearless labor daily. Toward the establishment of such a daily every honest worker should consecrate his utmost time and effort.

BERT MILLER.

Special Meeting of Russian Fraction W. P. Monday, December 6

An important meeting of the Chieago Russian fraction of the Workers Party will be held Monday, Dec. 6, at the Workers' House, 1902 W. Division St. A special committee will be selected to insure the success of the Russian masquerade ball to be given for the benefit of the Novy Mir on Saturday, Dec. 25, at Mirror Hall, 1140 N. Western Ave., near Division St.

Russian Masquerade in Chicago, Dec. 25,

A Russian masquerade for the beneit of the Russian Communist weekly, Novy Mir, has been arranged for Sat urday, Dec. 25, at Mirror Hall, 1140 N. Western Ave., near Division St.

All friendly organizations are requested not to arrange other affairs on that date.

Weisbord Speaks in Many Cities

Youngstown, Dec. 5, Ukrainian Hall, 5251/2 W. Rayon street, 8 p. m. Cleveland, Dec. 6, Moose Auditorium, Cleveland, Dec. b, Moose Adultorium, 1000 Walnut St.
Toledo, Ohio—lota Hall, 716 Jefferson Ave., Dec. 7.
Detroit, Dec. 8, Majestic Theater, Woodard and Wills.

Woodard and Wills.
Flint, Dec. 10.
Muskegon, Dec. 11.
Grand Rapids, Mich., Dec. 12, Workers' Circle Temple, 347 Mt. Vernon Ave., N. W.
South Bend, Dec. 13 and 14.
Gary, Dec. 18.
Chicago, Ill., Dec. 16, Mirror Hall, Western Ave. and Division St.
Kenosha, Dec. 15.
Milwaukee, Dec. 19, Freie Gemeinde-Hall, Eight and Walnut Sts.
St. Paul. Minn., Dec. 20.

St. Paul, Minn., Dec. 20. Minneapolis, Dec. 21 Superior, Wis., Dec. 22. Duluth, Minn., Dec. 23.

Greek Fraction to Entertain. Under the auspices of the Chicago

Greek fraction of the Workers Party there will be given at Hull House, Bowen Hall, on the evening of Dec. 11, a dance and entertainment. It will be for the joint benefit of the Greek labor weekly, Empros, and The DAILY WORKER. A good time is assured and it is

urged that the friends of both these papers respond to the invitation to attend.

Lenin Memorial at Detroit. The Workers Party in Detroit has

arranged a huge Lenin memorial meeting for Sunday afternoon, Jan. 23, at the armory. All organizations are requested to leave this date open and help make this memorial meeting a success.

Proletarian Hikers Plan Sunday Outing

Sunday, Dec. 5, the Tourist Club of lew York will hike to Hillside, Jan maica Woods and Creedmoor, Long Island. This section which is well known for its picturesque scenery is one of the few remaining undeveloped portions of the city of New York.

Giant oaks, white birch thickets and lwarf poplars with occasional woods land ponds offer a pleasant trip at low cost. Meeting place, foot of Jamaica L End Station, 168th St. and Jamaica Ave. (downstairs); time, 9:30 a. m.: fare, 10 cents: walking time, 3 hours; leader, Will Beck, Nonmembers are welcome guests at all to Benefit Novy Mir times, provided they are nature-loving

> YOUTH BALL FOR BRITISH STRIKE RELIEF

CHICAGO. III.—The youth commit ee for the relief of the British coal miners will hold a grand ball on Sature day, Dec. 4, 8 p. m., at the Workers Lyceum, 2733 Hirsch Blvd. There will be good music and refreshments. The affair is run for the benefit of the million striking British miners.

Pat Devine Speaks in New York.

A lecture by Pat Devine, who has the British general strike and the Minority Movement, will be given on Sunday, Dec. 5, at 8 p. m., at 108 E. 14th street, N. Y., under the auspices of Section 3, Y. W. L. All comrades and sympathizers are invited to at-

To better understand the present situation in the Russian Communist Party, read the earlier and now historical differences explained in

LENINISM **TROTSKYISM**

by G. E. Zinoviev I. Stalin L. Kamenev

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STRIKE AGAINST INDEFINITE LAY-OFF OF WORKERS

A. C. W. Members Fight Bosses' Policy

By a Worker Correspondent.

WORCHESTER, Mass., Dec. 2. -Approximately 100 men and women members of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America are on strike here against their employers who "laid off" their employes because "there is no work," the lay-off being "indefinite." H. Sher, and the Litcom Pants Co., both contracting trouser manufacturers are the two shops in-

While both struck shops gave "lack of work" as their reason for laying off their employes for an indefinite period, news came to Worchester that the two above named firms had leased in the nearby town of Clinton, Massachusetts, for a period of five years 8.000 square feet of space in the East Mill of Clinton. Boston pants manu facturers joined the local employers in leasing the plant at Clinton, induce ments having been offered by the authorities of that town, including the chamber of commerce. It is also learned that the Clinton plant will start operations on January 1st.

Salerno in Charge. Joseph Salerno, organizer for the Amalgamated Clothing Workers came to Worchester to take charge of the strike. Salerno, at the strike meeting said, he had endeavored to communi cate with the contractors and arrange a conference with them but without results.

This strike, if it proves anything, proves the need for strenuous organi zation work on the part of the unions, specially the needle trades, in combatting the ever growing contractor and jobber evil. No doubt it is the intention of the contractors to hire green help in the town of Clinton and with the installation of new and up-to-date machinery produce more cheaply thus cheating the workers out of the increasing benefits of greater and cheaper production.

Clinton is but a dozen or so miles from Worcester. A couple of busloads of Worcester strikers to daily picket the new Clinton shops, together with a real organization campaign among the green help will forstall the open shop proclivities of the contractors who are in league with the chamber of commerce. Will the Amalgamated Clothing Workers officials measure up to this task?



The next number of Prolet-Tribune, the Russian living newspaper published by the worker correspondents ing Class Housewives opened a reslished by the worker correspondents of Novy Mir, will be out Saturday, taurant on the third floor of the MINERS GO BACK Dec. 18, at 8 p. m., at the Workers' Church of All Nations. The strikers House, 1902 W. Division St. A picture and their families eat there without of the audience will be taken at the paying anything. request of the worker correspondents of the Soviet Union. The picture will be sent to Soviet Russia.

Even if you have to shake out every penny from the old coffee can-



do it if you must, to attend the

> Concert Ball

IN DETROIT

SUNDAY, DEC. 4

at the International Workmen's Home

3014 Yeamans St., Hamtramck. Mich.

DANCING AT 4 P. M. CONCERT AT 8

Auspices Section 6 Workers (Communist) Party and Russian and Ukrainian Units.



THIS WEEK'S PRIZE WINNERS

-And Next Week's Prizes

First prize this week for worker correspondence stories is awarded to a member of the New York class in worker correspondence, M. Roth. Comrade Roth is awarded a copy of "Elements of Political Education" by A. Berdnikov and A. Svetlov.

Second prize is awarded to the worker correspondent of Ware, Mass., who tells of the action taken by the Amalgamated Clothing Workers against an "Indefinite layoff policy" of the contractors and jobbers. He is given "Poems for the New Age" by Simon Felshin.

Third prize is awarded to A. G. Murphy of Parkersburg, W. Va., for the story telling how the Journeymen's Tailors' Union finally won its battle with the National Woolen Mills-thru the bankrupt court. He is awarded a copy "Russia Today."

Keep up the good work, worker correspondents! We want more and more and more stories. Send them in!

THESE ARE PRIZES FOR NEXT WEEK.

Three very fine books are offered as prizes for worker correspondence stories next week. They include:

1-Selected Essays by Karl Marx. A new book, and an unusual one of unpublished work of the great leader.

2-Red Cartoons. A collection of the work of 17 proletarian artists. 3-Education in Soviet Russia, by Scott Nearing. A new book and a splendid addition for your library. Write that story, workers!

(FIRST PRIZE WINNER)

PAPER BOX MAKERS ARE DETERMINED TO WIN PRESENT BATTLE; TACTICS OF POLICE SERVE TO STRENGTHEN RANKS

By M. ROTH, Worker Correspondent.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.-"Fight on, brothers and sisters!" This is the slogan and spirit of the 3,500 paper box workers, who are ow entering the ninth week of a most bitter and hard-fought strike.

The paper box strikers not only have to fight against their bosses and the bosses' hired gangsters but also have to put up a hard fight against the police, who are stationed near every paper box factory, on each scab delivery wagon. Some just ride around

chance to club the pickets. Police Spur Workers On.

the paper box district looking for a

These police activities may be ounted as one of the major reasons why, on the ninth week of the strike we find the strikers more determined the 44-hour week, a minimum scale of and 14. wages, and most of all, their union.

22 Shops Settle. Twenty-two shops have already setled with the union, granting all the

vorkers' demands. The strikers hold daily meetings at

strikers by the Paper Box Makers' league. Union, 701 Broadway, called "Pointed

Relief Work Efficient.

tion with the United Council of Work

According to Harriet Wray, secretary of the relief committee, Bakers' Local 169 supplies the bread daily The United Council of Working Class Housewives give the raw food such as vegetables. The Amalgamated Food Workers send cooks, while girl strikers serve it to their fellow strikers.

Furriers Help. The joint board of the Furriers Union, despite their recent hard fought 17-week strike, gives \$100 a Many Workmen's Circle branches gave various sums. Much more is needed for many of the strikers and their families depend on this

Joe Mordkowitz, hall chairman, said

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that the general strike committee will call a conference of all labor organizations about Dec. 6 to consider raising funds for the strike.

Y. W. L. Helps. The Young Workers League officially and actively participated in the than ever before to stick to the picket double tag day held for the benefit line until they win their demands: of the paper box strikers on Nov. 13

Section one of the Y. W. L. arranged a dance in honor of the strikers on Nov. 20 at the Workers' House, in Elkins at the Federal court, the 108 E. 14th St. Hundreds of strikers came. Comrade C. Miller, industrial only to offer some "frozen assets" organizer of District No. 2, Y. W. L., in a brief address told the strikers of burg. he Church of All Nations, 9 Second the Y. W. L. and the work it carries on. Thirty strikers filled out applica-A weekly bulletin is issued to the tion cards for membership in the

Young Worker was also given to the amounts to \$120,493.46.

BUT DO NOT GIVE

Wilkes-Barre Workers Insist on Point

By a Worker Correspondent.

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., Dec. 2. Striking miners at the Prospect collieries of the Lehigh Valley Coal company, members of Local 484, U. M. M., have decided to go back to work, after remaining out three days. The miners went on strike against the ruling of the company on loading of cars, which resulted in the docking of the miners of from 2 to 3 cars work a week.

Will Stick to Demand. The miners decided to go back to work after a motion was passed that, despite the rule of the company, all miners shall top cars 6 inches at the face to prevent the wage loss to the workers. Miners who violate this decision will be fined \$25.

It is not known what the company will do now, but the miners are determined to fight for the topping at the face, instead of at the breaker. District officials ignored the strike. Copies of the "Coal Miner" were distributed among the strikers and were received warmly. Local 408 is under

president Topping is a sore spot here and if this strike was not settled to the miners' satisfaction a general strike of all collieries of the Lehigh Valley Coal company, involving 12,000 miners, was threatened.

progressive leadership. Hogan is

Reports Check Steel Stock Rally and Mean

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.-Reports of a curtailment of steel mills operations rally in industrial stocks.

(THIRD PRIZE WINNER) NATIONAL MILLS. HATER OF UNION, **GOES BANKRUPT**

Company That Fought Workers Is Broke

By A. G. MURPHY

(Worker Correspondent) PARKERSBURG, W. Va., - The mills of the gods grind slowly but the management of the National Woolen Mills of Parkersburg, disdaining anything snail-like when they headed their business toward bankruptcy, stepped on the gas so that within two years after they had started fighting unionism, they come up with a bang before Federal Judge W. E. Baker of the Northern District of West Virginia, on Nov. 26, when acceding to the plea of creditors, he appointed George Johnson of Parkersburg, and sador Mackover of Baltimore, as receivers for this company.

Recall Hard Fight.

Readers of The DAILY WORKER will remember the hard fight against great odds that the Journeyman Tailors' Union of this city carried on with the management of the mills after they were locked out in January 1925, the ranks of the union holding intact, with a single exception, up to the resent time.

At the time of the lockout the company had a contract with the union which would not expire until Sept. 1925. There was no question of wages or working conditions involved, the sole reason given for the lockout was that the young son of the president of the company on taking charge of the shops decided to try out the American plan and the efficiency methods so much touted then and now.

Was Successful Once. Up to the time of the lock-out this company had been one of the most successful business ventures in this state. With large mills and other buildings here employing close to two hundred men and women and branch stores in the larger cities in West Virginia and Ohio cities they worked day and at some seasons night to fill orders. And now, just twenty-two months after the American plan and efficiency methods were introduced, so well have they succeeded in wrecking the business that the other day owners while pleading solvency, had these being the buildings in Parkers-

The principal, creditors being the American Woolen Mills, New York, Mackover-Lowenberg, Baltimore, and Freudonthan & Son, Baltimore. The A free 3-months' subscription to the amount of indebtedness to these

Union Laughs Now.

The members of the Local Journey- big housing project which promises man Tailors' Union are therefore health and a finer living to hundreds laughing last, and of course best. With now paying excessive rents for unan injunction granted to mills against hem which forbade them from draw ng their breath in passing a scab employed in the mills they have won heir fight by the only weapon left for them to fight with and the only one really effective in such a fight, by persuading their fellow workers of two states not to patronize the scab mills. Halpern spoke with deep feeling of the Thus another efficiency bubble has grief in workers' hearts in the loss burst, leaving our Babbitts and some of their brilliant comrade overseas. stockholders a little dazed.

See "Biggest Boob in grounds, will prove to be a much World" Saturday

By a Worker Correspondent.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2. - A textile worker, a mason, a paper box maker. a cap-maker, two electricians, two sales girls, and a carpenter are actors in the "Biggest Boob in the World," the labor play which is to be the first production of the Workers Theater. The play opens Saturday, December 4, in the Church of All Nations, 9 Second Ave., at 8:30 p. m. It will be given again on Dec. 8 and 10, and then taken to various labor groups around the city.

Jasper Deeter, recently elected director of dramatics at Brookwood have been sold already and outlined Labor College, actor and producer for the campaign to raise the rest of the the Provincetown players of New money needed. York, is directing the production. The play is a translation of "Wer 1st Der Dummste," by the German author Karl Wittvogel. Wittvogel's "Tragedy in Seven Telephone Calls" almost reached Broadway last year. It was prepared for production, but dropped at the last moment. The present play Unemployment Ahead was halted by police when it was given en by a workers' group in Japan.

The American Worker Correspondto about 70 per cent of capacity, with ent is the worker correspondent's own a probable shrinkage to 60 per cent of magazine. It will be off the press capacity before the next upturn, were this week. Every worker should send used effectively to check a budding in his subscription today. 50 cents

A NEW AND IMPORTANT BOOK ON STRIKE STRATEGY BY WM. Z. FOSTER

come. William Z. Foster, leader of ples. great strikes in the steel and packing nouse industries and a revolutionary worker cannot be over-estimated.

of leaders, individually and collec- won. tively, the means the bosses use to defeat strikes, the playing off of skilled I books can workers find this pricemate these enemies.

some degree of leadership in strikes. tance of strike morale and how to obwing and how to fight it, of ways to fight the injunction and the terror of police and provocateurs, of what 'public opinion" is worth and what limits it has in strikes.

The right wing theory and strategy occupies a prominent part in Foster's book as does the role of the reaction rate of 15 cents per copy. Send reary bureaucracy in aiding the employ. mittance with your order.

SECOND BUILDING

STARTED IN N. Y.

stone for Co-operative

By ALFRED LOSSEFF

(Worker Correspondent)

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—One thousand

workers, members of the United Work-

sanitary, crowded tenement dwellings.

Revere Krassin.

with bowed heads in memory of

Leonid Krassin, the noted Soviet

diplomat whose death had occurred in

London the day before. Chairman

Following the memorial tribute,

Halpern directed attention to the fine

record of the United Workers' Co-

operative in successfully carrying

hru plans for the big housing project

and establishing the summer camp,

Nitgedaiget. "Only thru the co-opera-

much in so short a time. Remember.

the first job is the hardest. Our sec-

ond building, with its stores and play-

Greetings From Paterson.

A representative of the Paterson.

N. J., co-operative meat shops brought

greetings to the New York co-oper-

ators, recounting the fight the

outchers have had to wage against the

middle class storekeepers. After 10

years, the Paterson workers have

Gerson, executive board member,

told of the great accomplishments of

the co-operatives in Soviet Russia,

especially in helping the British

miners in their long strike. Secretary

Cohen asserted that \$50,000 of 6 per

achieved victory, he said.

easier job."

Members of the Co-operative stood

clusively by worker-owners.

UP until the present time there has ers in strikes. The methods of comnever been any book dealing with batting all such anti-strike forces, the subject of strike strategy. The the tremendously important "theory multitude of problems confronting of the offensive," are thoroughly dealt strikers have had to be overcome by with, and the illusion of some militant strikers have had to be overcome by with, and the illusion of some militant those without any definite idea of workers that they cannot or should Worker Tells What what confronted them and what meth. not carry on a struggle against the ods might serve best to win their right wing and the employers at the same time is exploded with crystal-Now this great lack has been over- clear logic and the citation of exam-

Perhaps the most crucial time in strikes is when they are approaching 26 men employed, and the collection, eader of the American working class, an end. When can strikes be sethas contributed what is probably the tled, when should lost strikes be first book in the world dealing speci- called off. This booklet of Foster's it only amounted to \$25.00, this trafically with strike strategy. It is a is a manual of instructions for those book whose value to any militant who face the problem of settling cause of this story. Incidentally, this strikes, what demands to fight for. Taking up strikes as a part of the the importance of demands, what class struggle and depicting the vi stand to take in negotiations with emtal part they play in this struggle, ployers, partial and general strikes, Foster goes into detail in pointing out how to retreat when beaten, how to the methods to be used by strike spread the strike, and how to consolileaders to unite the workers, the role date the victory when strikes are

against unskilled, the race problem, less information which every militant religious divisions, the methods of de- worker, organized or unorganized, tectives and spies and how to check- should have, as it deals with strikes of both these classes. This informa-SUCH knowledge is beyond price to tion must become the property of the revolutionary workers who may at rank and file of the workers as weil any time be called upon to assume as the leaders of strikes, for only when they clearly understand these After telling how to unite the work- problems can the workers during ers and defeat the bosses' efforts at strikes see the problems before them, division, Foster tells of the importonly then can they insist upon action which will be effective, and only then tain it, of the treachery of the right can they clear out inefficient and reactionary leaders and mobilize the masses for successful struggle.

This book costs only 25 cents and can be obtained from the Trade Union Educational League, 156 West Washington street, Chicago, Ill. Prices for quantities of ten or more are at the

Says Mutual Insurance and Tax on Boss Would Relieve Unemployment

By a Worker Cerrespondent. CLEVELAND, Dec. 2. - Prof. John R. Commons of the University of tion. Wisconsin addressed the Women City Club in this city last Monday night on Workers Lay the Corner-"How to do Away With Unemployment.'

The solution offered by Prof. Commons was the establishment of mutual insurance societies. These societies were to be supported by the employers who would be taxed according to the length of employment they offered ers' Co-operative Association, celeto their employes. brated Thanksgiving here by laying

This he called "the support of the the cornerstone for the second buildinefficient by the efficient." He also ading erected at Bronx Park. The first ded that workers' compensation and ian" purpose, yet its method in which mutual insurance are a great aid to it collects its funds is thoro and charblock of buildings are nearing comindustry. This insurance leads the acteristic "American." The Red Cross pletion. They will be occupied exbosses to utilize safety devices and thus enables them to prevent aclis: Dig up, or get off the job. While the early American colonists cidents to a greater degree.

offered thanksgiving for the presumed Prof. Commons fails to realize that Russian Women Will help of god, the worker colonists of due to their desire to increase produc-1926 were thankful that their own tion, many employers remove safety class had the strength and solidarity devices in order to intensify the speed to undertake and carry to fruition a up of the workers.

WOMEN'S GROUP

Detroit Federation Has Accomplished Much

(Worker Correspondent)

DETROIT, Mich., Dec. 2. - The 3rd anniversary of the Detroit Federation of Working Women's organizations was celebrated Nov. 26, at the tion of the workers," he declared, Finnish Workers Hall with a lunch-"have we been able to accomplish so eon, speeches, musical numbers, and a dance.

About a hundred guests participaed, mostly women.

Disproves Enemy Statements. Three years have passed and our Pederation still exists contrary to the wishes of our enemies who said that,

'Its impossible to have women of dif-

ferent nationalities come together and

get along." We get along fine. We come together once a month, each organization sends one delegate to every ten members, these delegates discuss and plan how to work more effectively in

the class struggle. Questions discussed include: How ve can help to release the political prisoners; how we can help The DAILY WORKER; how to help the cent gold bonds of the association Passaic strikers, and many other

Not only are these matters discussed but action taken on them. Our members participated in every tagday that took place for Passaic strikers' relief. Every year on International Working Women's Day, March s. we have a lecture and a bazaar for release of political prisoners. In this we have raised about \$2,000 for labor defense.

Our organization issued resolutions on recognition of Soviet Russia, and a resolution against teaching militar-

ism in the schools. Two of the members of our executive committee are out at the Ford factory selling The DAILY WORKER.

WRITE AS YOU FIGHT!

DOESN'T DIG UP FOR RED CROSS, LOSES HIS JOB

"Welfare" Means

By FRED HARRIS. (Worker Correspondent)

NEW YORK, Dec. 2. - There were should have been \$26.00. The fact that gedy of a one dollar shortage is the

It all happened this way: The present week has been "Red Cross Campaign Week." a period of time during which every man woman and child has an "opportunity" to help to replenish the treasury of the Red Cross. by contributing their dollars so that that organization may continue its work of "humanitarian relief among

On Wednesday evening, the Browning Painting Co., the concern which employs or rather employed your correspondent, sent its general manager to our place of work and informed its 26 painters there, that he was asking for a dollar a piece from each one of us as a contribution to the Red Cross. He then presented a contribution list and started to collect. Each man would give a dollar, sign his name on the list and receive a Red Cross button as a recognition of his generous donation.

New Record.

Knowing of the anti-labor make-up of the Red Cross, of which Mrs. President Coolidge is the President, and the House of Morgan, in the person of Colonel Davidson the vice president, and knowing also that the purpose of the Red Cross is to help in the international conspiracy of the American financiers to promote war; also that the Red Cross has never failed to render assistance in strangling any effort in any country for revolutionary activity. I of course did not contribute my share to the collec-

On leaving the job that night, the general manager scrutinized me with a piercing and significant glance. which was telling me a descriptive tale of impending disaster.

is Discharged. A Friday has a dual character to a worker in the building trade industry. He gets his weekly wage on that day, and he may get fired. I got both. Besides that I received a concrete lesson in learning that, altho the Red Cross may be serving a "humanitarwill tolerate no nonsense. Its slogan

Give Affair Dec. 5

formance concert and dance will be given by the Russian Progressive Women's Mutual Aid Society, Sunday, Dec. 5, at Shoenhoffen Hall, or, Milwaukee and Ashland Aves.

Fifteen Thousand Unorganized Workers on Strike-



now in the ranks of organized labor.

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Entered as second-class mail September 21, 1923, at the post-office at Chicago, Ill., under the act of March 3, 1879.

Advertising rates on application,

Puncturing Two Bubbles—Ford and Prosperity the party organization was given at changed all this. Thru the shop nu-

A shutdown of many departments of the Ford plants in Detroit, affecting many thousands of workers is an important development of policies to increase the influence of tories. They are in a position to in this present period when the capitalist press is yelling prosperity phasized the importance of crystalliz- point to draw the workers into strugat the top of its voice.

It is of particular significance as it comes after the fulsome praise accorded Henry Ford by many sections of the capitalist press and a considerable portion of the official labor press.

Ford, according to the apologists of American capitalism, had solved the problem of the conflict of capital and labor. By establishing the five-day week with six days' pay he had so raised the purchasing power of the workers that industrial crises in the industry, political campaigns depend, and that tion establish a similar contact, and at least in that section of it that he controlled, would be of rare oc- if this instrument is not in good work-

But here is an industrial crisis in Fordized industry before the echces of the eulogies have died away.

There is more than one contradiction in the capitalist system. In addition to the class struggle there is the struggle between individual capitalists and between combinations of capitalists.

Ford is in conflict with the powerful Wall Street combination known as General Motors and his method of cheap production combined with wage payments somewhat above the average rate has intensified instead of calming down this conflict.

That the present shutdown has a direct connection with the correctitive struggle with General Motors, the capitalist press ad- of a centralized party organization pair. Ford will have to improve his product to meet the low price based up upon shop and street nuclei, levels of General Motors' cars which have cut considerably into his in place of the language and territorial thru the party nuclei that the first markets. This will necessitate certain changes in Ford's methods of production and tend to dislocate, temporarily, at least, his section of correct. While the party has experien-

There are only three alternatives for Ford. They are:

- 1. Absorption by General Motors.
- Bankruptcy.
- 3. Turning his capital into some other industry.

As the last survivor of the big independent capitalists in a major industry is an anachronism in American capitalist society.

He cannot fight successfully the giant combination of capital represented by General Motors and such stabilization as his methods of production have brought to the industry was in itself a contradiction because it has produced a counter-force which will destroy it.

The contradictions of capitalism, one of them being the anarchy of production and exchange, can be solved only by the destruction of capitalism and its replacement by a socialist method of produc-

It might be well also to mention here that the steel industry is affording evidence that in another great field of capitalist enter- the factories, in the trade unions the prise so-called properity is far from being permanent. According to cooperative, the workers' fraternal orlatest reports the steel industry is operating at about 70 per cent of ganizations and other forms of mass capacity and will soon be reduced to 60 per cent.

The official leadership of the labor movement has been basing its policy upon the theory that American capitalism had devised a method by which serious industrial crises could be eliminated. This is a pollyanna attitude which means disaster for the labor movement and at the present time the trade unions are in no position to face severe unemployment.

It is true that both the automobile and steel industries are unorganized and that unemployment there does not affect the unions directly or immediately. But unemployment among the unorganized and the unskilled increase the competition in the labor market as a whole and makes it much more difficult to maintain the high wage levels enjoyed now by many of the skilled workers.

The labor movement of America must take its head out of the sands of prosperity. It must concentrate on the organization of the decided to fight for his class. What unskilled and build on basic industry so that the inevitable crises an audience! The spirit of rebellion will not produce a bitter conflict between unskilled and skilled was abroad! With a courageous, which weakens the labor movement and adds to the intensity of the continual struggles between those workers who have jobs and cipation. those who have none—a conflict which is in progress even in times of the greatest prosperity and upon which the capitalists depend to a large extent to keep the labor movement divided and weak.

Europe Sitting on a Powder Magazine

French military experts are regaling their readers with learned Herald, official organ of the organ-leadership, thus proving that the disquisitions on the probable outcome of a Franco-Italian war in the light of the present strained relations between the two countries.

Austen Chamberlain is doing his utmost to prevent a conflagration between the two powers. Chamberlain would not object very tail all the questions but they all workers were seeing that in spite of strenuously to an Italian attack on some semi-helpless colonial brot out some new phase of the strug- all the cant about democracy, papower but a war against France might possibly set the political gle and proved the masses were in tience, class collaboration, etc., etc., powder magazine ablaze and send the capitalist world up in its own

It is not likely that either France or Italy care to risk a war just now. But governments are not always masters of their destiny. French guns are being rushed to the Italian frontier and Mussolini patched up a truce in the ranks of fascism, so that he could make a bluff of a united front in face of a foreign enemy.

The French capitalists as well as the Italian capitalists hesitate to embark on another military adventure, not so much for fear of the other as for fear of their own exploited workers and poor farmers. The first defeat of the black-shirts at the hands of French selves the mighty power they controops would be the signal for revolution in Italy and there would trolled and the sight was awakening face without receiving a most hostile from the G. C. O. T. U. as to what not, until the slaves themselves say not be sufficient lamp posts in Italy to provide resting places for them to the magnificent dignity of reception. the fascist murderers of the Italian working class.

The capitalist world is sitting on a powder barrel. War is in the air. The league of nations, ostensibly organized to preserve been raided and the workers wanted FRIDAY passed with the solidarity been raided and the workers wanted peace, is as helpless as a toothless dog in a fight. The capitalists do to know why? Every meeting by this each day, the confidence of masses not want war, yet they cannot prevent it. It is inherent in the of the Scottish Worker and the news The mass meetings were being attendsystem. This proves the futility of trying to prevent war by clip- was just being eaten up. At no time ed by practically every man and woping the claws of capitalism. The tiger's nature cannot be changed. were sufficient copies on hand. At man in the locality. Interest was at strike after a year's effort to get the poisoning of the mind with religious He must be destroyed. This is the historic task of the working class, the meetings questions were being fever heat. Everywhere victory was road's receiver to recognize their de- hokum as it would be if the dope led by the Communist Party which has no illusions about capital asked as to why the tone of the paper taken as being certain. ism, and offers the way and the means by which world labor will was so mild and conciliatory. The had been functioning as the accepted ward T. Pierce as arbiter. The comemancipate itself from wage slavery, poverty, war and the fear of own paper but were not receiving it, leader of the locality. Workers desir- pany managers had said that they ing. The clergy are decidedly on the war.

Published by the DAILY WORKER PUBLISHING CO. Reorganization of the Workers (Communist)

By C. E. RUTHENBERG,

General Secretary Workers (Communist) Party

of the series of articles on the discussions and resolution of the gles of the workers. meeting of the central committee of the Workers (Communist) Party held during the month of November.]

THE meeting of the central commithad on its agenda the discussion of the organization problems of the action in support of these struggles. party. The question of strengthening extend its influence.

The party has not been giving suf-gram and policies. ficient attention to the organizational the instrument upon which all its ing order the best results cannot be achieved from the work done to revolutionize the American workers. It instructed the leading committees of the party that during the next six months period at least half of the energies of the party must go into the work of strengthening the party organization.

The Reorganization of the Party THE central committee had before t it a year's experience in relation to the reorganization of the party. It established the fact that the building federation of language sections was ced some loss of membership thru the reorganization, the reorganized party with less members is a much stronger

than it was before the reorganization. No voice was raised in the meeting of the central committee for a backward step in relation to the reorgani-What is needed in the party is more attention to training the party carry on their work, not a backward nuclei, the same form of work can be against capitalism? step toward the discarded form of or-

What the Reorganization Has Achieved.

TT is fundamental to the whole program of work to revolutionize the masses that the Communists shall be directly to the workers with whom in close contact with the workers in

es, segregated from the life and strug-

Such a form of organization could serve as a propaganda society endeavoring from the outside to interest the tee of the Workers (Communist) in all the struggles of the workers, Party in November, for the first time, formulating programs for these struggles and stimulating the workers to

tention equal to the discussion of the clei the party now has direct contact political situation and the formulation with the workers in hundreds of facthe party. The central committee em- make these grievances the starting ing the influence gained by the party |gles against the capitalists and to into organization strength at the same make the experiences of these strugtime that it carries on its work to gles the means of winning the workers for support of the Communist pro-

The party fractions organize in the side of its work. It has not under-trade unions, the co-operatives, the stood that the party organization is workers' fraternal organizations and in every other form of workers' organizathe basis for the struggle in these organizations in support of policies to advance the workers' interest.

While the party is still young in ex perience in utilizing the contacts with the workers and opportunities for Communist work which the new form of organization has created, it already has achievements to its credit which ndicate the power which it can ex ercise thru this new weapon of the evolutionary movement—organization in shop and street nuclei and frac-

The party strength in the Passaic strike was primarily the result of the new form of organization. It was ganization of the workers were carried out. It was thru the party nuclei instrument for revolutionary work

There are scores of factories in which the party has nuclei which are which the party influence has already developed. The party policies are no ers who will respond to them. They the most skeptical. are based upon the concrete experienthe party members are in contact.

The Shop Paper. party nuclei are a new weapon in veloping two or three hundred shop ism.

organizations of the workers. The the revolutionary struggle which have nuclei previous form of organization of the sprung from the reorganization of the party did not establish such contact. party. The work of the Ford nucleus The members of the party met in lan- of the party stands out in this field, [Editor's Note: This is the fifth guage branches and territorial branch- showing the great possibilities of the L the street nuclei has not gone as new form of organization.

> directed toward drawing the great party. They must become more than workers in Communist principles, but into the class struggle before the re- bers. The street nuclei must become not as a Communist Party taking part organization. These workers were centers of agitation and Communist part of the mass of workers in Detroit be reached by the party agitation. just as workers in other factories, party, arrange meetings into which more or less accidentally, might be

> > propaganda work. What is the situation since the organization of the Ford nucleus of the life of the workers in the sections party members? The party members in which they are organized which speak directly to the workers with can be made the basis of their agitapublish the Ford Worker thru which conditions and the like. These phases they speak to from ten to fifteen of the work of the street nuclei have thousand workers in the Ford plants so far remained untouched and must eral class struggle of the workers, nuclei. and make them the starting point for the organization and mobilization of these workers for the struggle in their

They do not speak to these workers only about the questions arising in the Ford factories. These are correctly given an important place in their agitation, but the Ford Worker also raises the question of independent political action and calls upon the workers to support the program of the Workers (Communist) Party in the election campaigns. The celebration of the anniversary of the proletarian revolution in Russia is brought to their attention, its meaning in relation ticipation and support of these celebrations won.

What is being done by the Ford Nucleus of the party is being done by from thirty to forty nuclei in other functioning within the skeleton or factories. Not yet on the same scale, ganization set up in the mills that the but yet effectively and with similar workers were mobilized in support of results in building the influence of the party.

Can anyone doubt with such exworking along the same line and in reorganization the party has created the leading committees to give close a more powerful weapon for itself attention to these questions and on been extended thru the same form of thru which to win the workers for the basis of the acual experiences to work. There are hundreds of factories the militant class struggle and even- formulate the measures thru which members and party units in how to in which, thru proper training of the tually for the revolutionary struggle these problems can be solved.

longer thrown into the air with the the reorganization are so striking, so ever, is that in spite of all the existhope that they will reach some work- outstanding that they must convince ing weaknesses, the reorganization

ces of the workers and presented increase the number of effectively weapon for the revolutionary strug-THE shop papers issued by the party there is the possibility of de- revolutionary struggle against capital

THE development of the work of far as that of the shop nuclei. Most The party members in the Ford fac- of the street nuclei still function as tories in Detroit carried on no work did the territorial branches of the mass of workers in these factories mere meeting places of party memwork in the neighborhood in which who might, more or less accidentally they are organized. They must distribute the agitational literature of the the workers are drawn, develop the reached by the party agitation and circulation of the general party press,

There are many question affecting whom they are in daily contact. They tion-housing, transportation, sanitary each month, raise the grievances of be developed together with the these workers, relate them to the gen- strengthening of the work of the shop

Work in Relation to the Reorganized

THE central committee has emphas L ized the many weaknesses which still exist in relation to the party reorganization and has adopted a program of work to overcome these weak-

The training of officials for the shop and street nuclei, the development of leading committees in the sections and sub-sections which can direct the work of the nuclei, closer contact between the leading committees and the nuclei, agendas for discussion of party problems by both the shop and street to their struggles explained and par nuclei and to, make these meetings something more than barren taking up of routine questions, the solution of the difficult language problem which exists in our party made up of eighteen language groups, are all problems which must be solved by the

The party can overcome all these difficulties which exist in the reorganized party by systematic study. The periences before them that thru the central committee has instructed all

What stands out most sharply in The achievements of the party thru relation to the reorganization, howhas strengthened the party for its The work before the party is to work. The party has created a new functioning shop nuclei from the two gle thru use of which it will be able score now in existence to hundreds. to go forward faster in its work of Even with its present strength in the winning the American workers for the

(Copyright, 1926, by Upton Sinclair) CHAPTER XV The Vacation. A LL this summer and fall, Dad

A and Mr. Roscoe had been carry. ing a heavy burden-they were helping to make over the thinking of the American people. A presidential campaign was under way; and the oil men, having made so bold as to select the candidate, now had to finish the job by persuading the voters that he was a great and nobleminded statesman. Also they had to pay a part of the expense, which would come on to fifty million dollars, so Bunny learned from the conversations at Paradise and at the Monastery. This was several times as much as would get recorded. since the money went through local and unofficial agencies. It came from the big protected interests, the corporations, the banks-everyone that had anything to get out of the government, or could be squeezed by politicians; the process was known as "frying out the fat." The oil men, having grabbed the big prize, were naturally a shining mark for all campaign committees, county state and national. Dad and Mr. Roscoe received visits from Jake Coffey, and from the bosses of the state machine, and listened to hairraising stories about the dangers of the situation.

It was necessary to persuade the American people that the Democratic administration for the past eight years had been wasteful and cor rupt, ignorant and fatuous-and that was easy enough. But also it was necessary to persuade them that an administration by Senator Harding was likely to be better-and that was not so easy. Naturally, the chairman of the campaign committee wanted to make it appear as difficult as possible, for the more money that passed through their hands, the larger the amount that would stick. As the campaign drew to its close. Bunny had the satisfaction of hearing his father swearing outrageously, and wishing he had taken his son's advice and left the destinies of his country to the soap-manufacturer who had put up millions for General Wood.

The senator from Ohio was large and stately and solemn-faced person, and conducted what was called by the newspapers a "frontporch campaign.' That is to say, he did not put himself out to travel on trains and meet people, but received deputations of the Hay and Feed Dealers of Duluth, or the Morticians of Ossawotomie. They would sit in camp-chairs upon his lawn, and the statesman would appear and read an imposing discourse, which had been written by a secretary of Vernon Roscoe's selection, and given out to all the press associations the day before, so that it could be distributed over the wires and published simultaneously on fifty million front pages. That is a colossal propaganda machine, and the men who run it have to lose a lot of sleep. But the majestic candidate lost no sleep, he was always fresh and serene and impassive: he had been that way throughout his career, for the able business man who groomed him and paid his way had never failed to tell him what

Bunny now dwelt upon an Olympian height, looking down as a god upon the affairs of pitiful mortals. Dad and Mr. Roscoe let him hear everything-being sure that common sense would win in the end, and he would accept their point of view. They had a philosophy which protected them like a suit of chainmail against all hesitations and doubts. The affairs of the country had to be run by the men who had money and brains and experience; and since the mass of the people had not sense enough to grant the power freely, the mass of the people had to be bamboozled. "Slogans" must be invented, and hammered into their heads, by millions, yes, billions of repetitions. It was an art, and experts knew how to do it, and you paid them-but by Jees, the price made you sweat blood!

The tremendous campaign came to an end, and it was revealed that 16.140.585 Americans had been successfully bamboozled. Senator Harding had seven million more votes than the Democratic candidate, the greatest plurality ever polled in American history. So there were shouting mobs on the streets and in the expensive restaurants and clubs where the rich celebrated, everybody got hilariously drunk. Yes, even Vernon Roscoe got drunk, because Annabelle was too drunk to stop him; Vee Tracy defied her doctor and Dad forgot his resolutions, and even Bunny drank enough to make him fear for his idealism. Man is a gregarious animal, and it is hard not to do what everybody you know is doing!

(To Be Continued.)



A Workers' Experience During

By PAT DEVINE.

TT was a revelation to see the ex-Every mention of A. J. Cook met with cause they that that at last he had workers could be led to their eman-

es, not ourselves.

First Day Ends Well.

THE first day of the strike ended policy.

as the leadership continued to lead. Tuesday was a repetition of Mon-

Wednesday there was great exciteand were accordingly disappointed ous of information had acquired the would break any strike with buses. defensive newadays.

emergency powers act.

Role of Communist Party.

Party was playing a most important The question time was most inter- part in the struggle. When the fight esting. What are the reports from was being conducted as a fight, they other districts? Why were such and were doing more than their share, such men not called out immediately? proving the efficacy of the united front Was it true the government had de- idea. Where the local labor leaders that the Russian Trade Unions had cided to feed the strikers? When were not leading the fight, the Com- offered financial assistance to the genwas the general council going to is- munists were out leading it and point- eral council, and it had been rejected. sue a paper? Why was the Daily ing out the failings of the official The workers were surprised. Had not ized workers, not allowed to carry united front was not a slavish or dog- thru what they at the moment were on-our duty was to cripple the boss- matic tactic to be applied per schedule. In every locality, the prestige of It would be futile to attempt to de- the C. P. was on the advance; the the C. P. policy of definite struggle and no compromise was the correct

I with the workers on the crest of Thursday was like Wednesday. The few workers took advantage of this offer. One or two men notorious for

Friday Magnificent.

and angry. Strike bulletins were habit of saying, "We'll go round to does not take himself too seriously. issued in our locality by the Communithe Council of Action." Formerly it When John D. Rockefeller wants to ist Party in which a lead was given. De- had been "We'll ask a policeman; talk oil with Roumania he interviews fense forces were advocated, members we'll go to the Town Council chamb- Bratiano. The queen had ideas of her pectant look on the sea of faces. of parliament were urged to return to ers." With the changed circumtheir constituencies to lead the fight stances, the C. O. A. was supreme auvociferous applause. Even J. H. because they were doing nothing in thority. Business was conducted with Bratiano had better ones. Marie is Thomas was received charitably be- London during the period of the a maximum of efficiency and a miniber looked upon himself as being a spokesman for the workers. The Soviets of Great Britain were performhonest and correct leadership, those to mention that the Communist of Great Britain were performing their function and gaining invaluable experience for the time when the ultimate crash comes.

The Russian Offer of Help. SATURDAY came with the workers still triumphant. It became known the Russians successfully carried fighting for, viz., defeat of the bosses? Why should aid from other workers be refused at a time like this? The C. P. came out criticizing the

he acceptance of the Russian offer. Sunday, like Saturday, passed quiety, tho many workers were questionthey had been hearing on the radio. cut a juicy melon and so will Standthe hill. Theoretically they were not workers showed great indignation at The government all during the strike and Oil. The "Pennsy" will thus be were, and they were prepared to do strikebreakers would receive govern- The influence of that, however, was or die in order to win . . . so long ment protection after the strike. Very successfully counteracted at the vari- next queen that visits America and ous meetings held in the area daily.

Monday the workers were confident day, only the enthusiasm was greater their reactionary, crawling attitude, of victory but wondered why no really and the workers were becoming more had joined the special constabulary definite news came from headquarters. among the tigers of Burma. There confident. They were seeing for them- and these were given a terrible time That was one unfortunate thing dur- is nothing said about the wage slaves of it, being unable latterly to show ing the general strike: no news came who produced this billion. There will was being done. Periodically, tele- it. grams would come saying all was well but nothing more.

(Continued tomorrow)

Carmen Resort to Arbitration.

CURRENT EVENTS

By T. J. O'Flaherty.

on the throne as long as the sitee own about how to live at the expense of the masses but it appears that hurrying home to fix up her fences mum of energy expended. Every mem, and one of her chief regrets is that she did not have more time to spend money in Paris. In the meantime hundreds of thousands of Roumania children are breadless. Verily, indeed, capitalism is a wonderful system.

FURTHER evidence that Mussolini's grip on Italy is loosening is seen in the decision to try the fascists who murdered several members of the masonic order over a year ago. It would be too much to expect that the murderers will be convicted. The trial is only a gesture. But hardboiled fascism was not accustomed to gesturing when it felt its oats. Just now it is running out of spaghetti.

CHRISTMAS comes but once a year U but even at that our masters have general council of action and urged no reason to kick. A headline in a Chicago newspaper tells us that one billion dollars in dividends will go into the coffers of investors this year ing the C. O. A. regarding something end. The Pennsylvania railroad will a special train at the disposal of the John D. Rockefeller will be able to stand the expense of an expedition to investigate the causes of dysentery

. . .

THE liberal elements in Panama I are taking a leaf out of the Mexican volume. They have introduced a bill in the legislature which demands BOSTON-(FP)-Union street car- restriction on religious teaching. The men of the Boston & Worcester progressives are of the opinion that Street Railway Co. who threatened to it is just as henious to permit the mands have finally allowed their case trust were allowed to advocate the