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The Boss Sees the Power of Labor in Passaic

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U.S. PROBETEXTLESTR

MEXICAN SHOWS U.S. REPUDIATE

Americans Fail in Fine Spun Distinction

(Special to The Daily Worker)

MEXICO CITY, March 14-Aquiles Elorduy, Mexican member of the special claims commission, has issued a statement to the press declaring that this country has won the first test case before that body.

He refers to the rejection of the American claim for compensation in the slaying of 16 Americans at Santa Ysabel by Villa during the Carranza regime. Senor Octavio, the Brazilian who had been selected by mutual agreement between Mexico and the United States as the impartial chairman, formally rendered the decision against the United States whereupon Judge Perry, the American representative, quit in a rage.

Elorduy's statement clears up many points in the controversy which followed the announcement of the breakup of the committee. Elorduy explains that when Octavio had finished the hearing he drew up a questionnaire containing the fundamental questions to be settled. Each commissioner received a copy. Perry had his objection recorded to this procedure, stating that Mexico was responsible for the damages regardless of the findings of fact. Elorduy's view, that under the circumstances Mexico was absolved of responsibility, was approved by the

What Is a Bandit?

Clause 5 of article 111 of the special claims agreement, Elorduy pointed out, provides that there shall be no compensation where deaths or damages occurred. . "by bandits." He states that Villa, at whose order the Americans were killed, was a bandit. He points to the telegrams sent at various times by Robert Lansing, the American secretary of state, designating Villa officially as such. He cites also the United States senate resolu-

to draw a fine distinction between a aboard the Foxglove. As a result of "bandit," the term used in the claims the conference they have dispatched protocol, and "bandit outside the law," a formal warning to Chang Tso Lin's the designation given Villa by Octavio. The distinction is so fine drawn that ers ordering them to cease all military it has little force.

United States to Blame. Meanwhile the commission is pracblame lying, in the minds of all impartial observers here, with the ultraimperialistic attitude of the United States state department representing the powerful American oil, mining, and banking interests desiring inter-

Masaryak a "Doddering Grandpa.

vention.

BERLIN, March 14 .- Rev. Hlinka, Cavieto, P. I., yesterday. leader of the Czecho-Slovak Hlinka clerical party, has been sent to jail for eight days for calling President

Editors and Managers

Must Be Approved

by the State

regulations for newspapers and any

other kind of periodicals have just

been made public here, as promulgat-

ed by the fascist government. The re-

gulations are a further attempt to gag

even the mildest opposition newspa-

pers and journals and to thereby ac-

complish the aim of the fascisti, as

secretary, who declared that the elec

court by anyone who wishes to be-

come the manager or the responsible

editor of any periodical, in which full

details must be given as to the place

purpose of the periodical, as well as

the composition of the staff-from the

printers to the editors. Appeals'

made to the minister of justice, who

fascist chamber of deputies.

ROME, Italy, March 14 - New

FASCISTI TIGHTEN PRESS MUZZL

HAVE NO MONEY, FIGHT OVER FOOD, TWO SHOT, ONE BELIEVED DYING

DENVER, Colo., March 14.-Two men were shot, one believed to be dying and another is suffering from severe scalp wounds the result of being hit with a heavy bowl in a restaurant quarrel early today. Michael Volgrin, proprietor of the restaurant, said three men entered his restaurant and ordered a meal. After finishing they declared they had no money. A quarrel followed, one of the men hurled a bowl at the proprietor, whereupon he drew a revolver and commenced firing.

Powers Ready to Open break up this Negro organization thru War on China

(Special to The Daily Worker) PEKING, March 14 - The powers have handed a second note to China giving the nationalist forces until high tide tomorrow to remove the mines at the end of his prison term. This and other obstructions which have been placed in the Taku channel. The note threatens that unless this is done the Taku forts will be destroyed.

The foreign ministers here, with the exception of the Soviet Union's representative, are meeting in joint conference daily. Regardless of their bit ter differences on other points they are agreed that the rising tide of nationalism must be checked, if war even is the result. The foreign office nas warned the Japanese to keep away from the Taku channel or they will again be fired upon. It was folowing this sharp note that the foreign representatives were called together.

Foreign Warships Intervene.

TIENTSIN, March 14 - A formtion concerning the purposes of the idable fleet of foreign warships are Pershing expedition into Mexico now gathered in the harbor. It in against Garvey's insistence that Amerwherein Villa was specifically termed cludes American, British, French, Italica is a "white man's country" and a bandit and his force as banditry. a bandit and his force as banditry. ian, and Japanese. Commanders of that the Negro shall not fight for his The American colony here is trying the ships stationed here met last night generals and to the nationalist defendinterference with the port by Tuesday

It is stated by the allied commanders that further large reinforcements tically disbanded, with the whole are expected soon. The United States gunboat Sacramento is on its way here to relieve the Asheville.

> . . . Replace Destroyers. SHANGHAI, March 14 - Destroyer Division 39 is expected here shortly to the ku klux klan and the voluntary relieve the American destroyers which giving up of the fight for the Negro's have been stationed here. The squadron comprises six vessels and left ing for the past year and a half. How

Masaryk "doddering grandpa" in an remain for a long time a preparatory article attacking his political oppon- school for the training of the prole- ment is made as a matter of course

s, of course, a bird of the same stripe

Permits must also be approved by

he local prefect, who is empowered

to revoke permits of editors and man-

curator. Deposits in cash must be

The fascist government is pretty

hard up when it must resort to such

the procurator general.

the press laws.

Rank and File Demands Militant Program

(Special to The Daily Worker)

DETROIT, March 14 - The opening of the Universal Negro Improvement Association convention here tonight is to be followed by very heated business sessions at which some issues will be brought out which will involve the life of the very organization.

This convention was called against the wishes of William Sherrill, president-general of the association. Sherrill is now the head of the national body in the place of Marcus Garvey, who is imprisoned by the United States government at Atlanta, Ga., with the intent to thus destroy the Negro organization. Many attempts were made by government officials to wholesale arrests and the use of ter-

Scramble for Leadership.

Recently President Coolidge refused to commute Garvey's sentence. It is understood that the United States government will insist in deporting him expectation has resulted in a general belief that Garvey's post as the head of the organization is now permanently vacated as far as Garvey is concerned. There appears now to be a scramble for the leadership of the organization.

However, there has long been leep-going crisis in the Universal Negro Improvement Association as the result of the policies of Garvey which give every appearance of an expression of rapprochement with the ku klux klan on the part of Garvey.

Recently several incidents occurred in which the membership of the organization in a number of localities refused to permit reactionary white speakers, supposed ku klux klan friends of Marcus Garvey, to speak before the organization. There is a considerable rank and file revolt rights in America.

Utopian Solution.

Garvey's present program has little more to it than the utopian idea of solving the problems of the vast nasses of Negroes in America by the colonization of Africa. On that theory that the Negro need not try to win his rights in America. Garvey concedes that the Negro must take a position of white man's country") until he can win a "home of his own in Africa."

The revolt against the service activity. The revolt against the servile activity of the leadership in surrendering to rights of citizenship has been simmermuch of this will come out at the convention in Detroit is not known as yet. Everyone seems to think that individuals for leadership. The statethat nothing will be done on the issues that face the Negro.

Workers Seek Militant Program However, the local divisions of the eeling the effects of the opportunistic utopian policies of the leadership and

to be ironed out at the convention. As between the leaders-Garvey and Sherrill-there does not seem to be much difference as to policy. During of the veil of secrecy over the vast agers after conference with the pro- all of his period of prominence in the organization, Sherrill did not oppose made with the local tribunal equal to any of Garvey's policies such as the the value of the printing plant, which surrender to the ku klux klan and the is liable to expropriation should the general propaganda against social editor be prosecuted for violation of equality.

Your neighbor will appreciate outrageously naked dictatorial methods to maintain its rule. the favor—give him this copy of the DAILY WORKER.

expressed by M. Farinacci, the party MILITARY OCCUPATION OF HAITI tions to parliament which will take place in 1929 will result in an all-INCREASES PROSTITUTION ON ISLAND, Application must now be made to the procurator general of the appeal SAYS INDICTMENT OF U. S. RULE

NEW YORK-Indictment of the United States occupation of Haiti is contained in a memorandum by Perceval Thoby, former Haltian charge and French financial affairs in particuof publication, details of his career, d'affairs in Washington. Thoby expects to present his country's case to the status of the paper's finances, the Senators King and Borah in Washington.

Chief clauses in Thoby's indictment of American maladministration are: 1. Popular elections have been deferred in violation of the Haitian conagainst refusal for a permit may be stitution, and a president of Haiti has been designated by an unlawfully (Continued on page 8)



By William Gropper.

DILLEREDUNIN LEAGUE LOOMS **BIG AT GENEVA**

(Special to The Daily Worker) GENEVA, March 14-From bad to worse seems to be the consensus of opinion as to the progress being made by the league of nations conference. The prolonged sessions and the evident deadlock among the leaders is "The trade unions remain and will it is purely a question of a fight of giving rise to a conviction that the conflicts of vital interest among the nations represented are insurmountable. Meanwhile the air is filled with whispers and rumors of new combinations to result from the failure of the gathering. Whatever agreement may be reached-and none appears probrganization thruout the country are able today—the league of nations has suffered a terrible loss of prestige and its influence among the masses of Eua great deal of dissatisfaction needs rope has been greatly shattered by the relations of its impotency to reconcil the conflicts between its own mem bers and by the sudden drawing aside network of intrigue involving all the

foreign offices. It seemed from all available information that the entire matter of Ger many's admission would be thrown into the assembly of the league which has been called for Tuesday. This will bring on a free-for-all fight in the course of which the alignment of the various small nations with the leading groups.-Great Britain, France and Italy,-is sure to be disclosed.

Decision Now on Breakup.

If this decision to convoke the assembly is not carried out and no de cision is reached in a day or two the breakup of the conference is certain. The German reichstag meets Monday. The French parliament is in session lar are in such a chaotic condition that Briand will not be able to stay much onger at Geneva. The English parliament is also in session. The criticisms of Austen Chamberlain and his tactics at the league are very heated (Continued on page 2)

IN N. Y. TENEMENTS SAYS CITY HEALTH HEAD

No Wheel Can Turn When Labor Wishes.

(Special to The Daily Worker) ALBANY, N. Y., March 14.-Health Commissioner Harris of New York City declared that "thousands of children and adults are needlessly dying in New York as a result of existing housing conditions" before the state senate judiciary committee here that is holding hearings on the Downing-Block bill providing for the creation of a state housing bank to work in co-operation with limited dividend corporations for the remedying of the housing situation in New York City.

"If you can reduce the number of human beings that must occupy one sleeping room and come in constant contact with each other," he continued, "you will come near doing away with the necessity of special is a great factor in breeding dishealth measures. Room congestion

"Our infant mortality is an index of the reaction from poor housing conditions. It fluctuates from thirty to between 150 and 200 per 1,000 infants born, in different sections of the city, and invariably you will find that the high mortality figures congestion and where housing concongestion and where housingg conditions are poor. The figures for such districts as the gas house district and San Juan Hill are stagger-

Passaic Manufacturers Turn Down Mediators

By J. O. BENTALL

(Special to The Daily Worker) PASSAIC, N. J., March 14-Thirteen clergymen met with Organizer Weisbord and the United Front Committee of Textile Workers at the headquarters, 743 Main avenue and a committee of three was elected to secure a conference between the employers and the strikers.

Make Second Attempt.

This is the second attempt that has been made by outside forces which the bosses have refused. The committee of Rabbi Wise and prominent at by the bosses. The strikers have ever any body of men ask for the privcepted by the strikers, but rejected or an increase of 21.4 per cent." by the bosses.

(Continued on page 2)

SEE COOLIDGE

Frank P. Walsh to Aid Passaic Workers

By HARRY M. WICKS. (Special to The Daily Worker)

PASSAIC, N. J., March 14-"An Industry which does not pay a living wage should be declared a public nuisance," declared Frank P. Walsh as he announced that a committee would go to Washington Tuesday morning in an effort to secure a congressional ininvestigation of the New Jersey textile situation.

This move is the political repurcussion of the strike in the woolen mille involving 12,000 workers that is now entering its eighth week in Passaic and which has been one of the most bitter struggles in the history of the textile industry.

Weisbord on Committee.

The committee consists of Albert Weisbord, leader of the strike, seven delegates from the various mills affected, Jeanette Rankin, Miss Justine Wise, daughter of Rabbi Wise and Katherine Willy of the Consumers' League of New York.

Walsh will act as counsel for the committee and the first act of the committee will be to visit Coolidge in order to place him on record regarding the question of recommending to congress the appointment of a committee on industrial relations to start investigations of the whole textile indus-

In addition to seeking an interview with Coolidge, the committee will call on the senate committees on labor, education and manufacture.

A mass of affidavits was presented to Walsh by a committee from the striking mill workers that reveals most appalling conditions. Added to this are figures of the United States labor department proving that more than 90 per cent of the workers in the industry do not earn a living wage. It was this fact that evoked the observation from Walsh that such industries should be declared public nuisances. If it is found that such an industry is essential it should be taken over by the government and operated by the government.

Walsh in Previous Probe.

Walsh was head of the industrial elations committee which investigated the basic industries and exposed he rotten condiions that prevailed.

The commission proposed by the ommittee is to consist of six men and women, two workers, two bosses and two representing the public, with the chairman to be appointed by the president, the committee to have power to conduct sweeping investigation, subpoena witnesses, take testimony, etc. Such an expose of the textile industry will pave the way for an intensive organization campaign,

MINE FATALITIES INCREASE

Thousands Are Killed Annually Thru Lack of Protection

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 14-Fatal accidents in coal mines have been increasing since 1916, according businessmen of New York was scoffed to Ethelbert Stewart, commissioner of labor statistics of the United States very little hope of securing any ma- department of labor. "There has been terial aid thru these committees, but an increase in deaths per 1,000,000 are always ready to negotiate when. tons of coal produced from 3.77 in 1916 to 4.17 in 1924, an increase of ilege of serving as mediators. Even 10.6 per cent. The increase in deaths Governor Moore has offered to go to per 1,000,000-hours of human exposure the bosses and his offer has been ac. | was from 1.31 in 1916 to 1.59 in 1924, It may be noted that accidents in

The strikers feel they have every- the mining industry have increased in thing to gain by giving every possible almost the direct proportion as union control in the mines has decreased.

Paterson May Join Passaic Textile Strike

(Special to The Daily Worker)

PASSAIC, N. J., March 14 .- The likelihood that the textile workers of Paterson, historic scene of many desperately fought labor struggles, will go out on strike in sympathy with the Passaic textile workers, was foreseen here in the announcement made by Fred Hoelscher, secretary-treasurer of the Associated Silk Workers of Paterson. Hoelscher announced that he would recommend to the executive board of his union that it urge a general strike of the 25,000 Paterson silk workers in sympathy with those who are out here. He said that fifty workers of the National Silk Dyeing plant of Paterson had already gone on strike.

This new development is significant, coming as it does on the heels of the silk workers strike in Scranton, Penn., and the small knit goods workers' strike in Philadelphia. Sentiment for a strike is also gaining ground in Lawrence, Mass., another big textile center which has seen many labor battles.

POLICE AND JUDGES SERVE

Manufacturer Assaults Picket; Is Freed

Judges and the police force of New of the Patriotic Union of Haiti. York City are very busy serving the questioning.

Friedman of Friedman and Hershkowitz, one of largest fur manufacturers in New York, has proven that he is serving the fur manufacturers loyally by imposing heavy fines on strikers and dismissing manufacturers, who assault workers with blackjacks, knives and leadpipes.

When A. Glantzman, a fur operator, and Jack Walder, a fur cutter, were walking on Seventh street and Sixth avenue to the hall after they had done picket duty, they were approached by A. Abrams, a manufacturer, and his five sons. These bosses began to beat Glantzman and Walder. Glantzman ran to a policeman and had them arrested for assault. When they were brought to police headquarters the

When the case came up before jury tomorrow announces the prose-Judge Goodman he dismissed the case, cutor's office. despite the heavy charges that were made against them and evidence enough to convict them for a few years' imprisonment. When a striker comes up before Judge Goodman he is not so lenient with him as he is with the manufacturers.

200 Seek Settlement.

Over two hundred manufacturers have applied for a settlement and while 25 shops have already settled have broken away from the Fur Manplying to the union for a settlement.

In the ranks of the manufacturers things are not so pleasant. A strong current of dissatisfaction with the klan elements to convict these Negleadership of Samuels is permeating the association. Many members of the association want a settlement with the union, but Samuels and a few oth- belt", where housing conditions are ers are holding them back. The asso- the worst imaginable and where the ciation was re-organized in groups of death rate is two to three times that in the white districts, into better as a captain of the groups.

Reports are that the reason why the manufacturers reorganized the association of the fur manufacturers is to prevent the current of dissatisfaction with the leadership from growing stronger. Despite this move the dissatisfaction grows and many manufacturers claim that they cannot hold out any longer and are ready to break with Samuels.

Launch Airplanes

decks of warships. The mechanism disorderly conduct. operates in all kinds of weather and demonstrations have been most suc-

HAITI UP IN SENATE AGAIN

Report on Conditions There **Buried in Committee**

(Special to The Daily Worker) WASHINGTON, D. C., March 14new investigation on the occupathe interests of the National City tions and buys speculating officials by turns, is foreseen as a result of a memorandum which Senator King attempted to introduce on the question of Haiti written by Percival Thoby, former Haitian charge d'affaires at NEW YORK, March 14 - The Washington, the representative here By LELAND OLDS, Federated Press.

King wished to introduce the memofur manufacturers in every way, ar- randum into the Senate record, but miners still holds. Repeated attempts resting and imposing heavy fines on it was refused on a technical ground. of the owning class to split it during the strikers. The workers are swoop- Two reports on conditions in Haiti, the 9 months industrial truce failed. ed upon by the police, when they are offered by Senator Oddie, were read British capital must fight the entire peacefully picketing the shops, pack- into the record, and later the docu- trade union movement if it renews ed into a police patrol wagon and ment of King to the committee on the attempt to lower miners' living brought to court. Here a heavy fine foreign relations, which, under Bo- standards when the government subis imposed on the strikers without rah's leadership, may begin a new in- sidy expires May 1. vestigation which will end like those Judge Goodman, a son-in-law of previous: with nothing but continued ment issued by the special industrial subjections for the Haitians

Attempt to Railroad Negro Defendants

BOSTON, Mar. 14.-Dr. Ossian H. Sweet, his brother Henry Sweet and Leonard Morse are the first of 11 copolice found in their possession a few defendants to get separate new trials revolvers, blackjacks and a piece of for the alleged shooting of Leon Breilead pipe. When they were brought ner, one of the hoodlums that was in to court they were put under bail of the party that stoned and fired at the \$4,000 apiece for carrying concealed home of Dr. Sweet. These three defendants will face a recorder's court

Try to Railroad Three. The other eight co-defendants will not be tried until the cases of these three are disposed of. The prosecutor declares that it has little against the other eight and as most of its evidence was against the three to be tried tomorrow, they were granted

separate trials. When the case was first tried before a jury on Nov. 27, 1925, and an their applications are being considered, attempt made by the prosecuting attorney to railroad the 11 to jail, the with the union. Many manufacturers jury after 46 hours of disagreement was discharged and a new trial given ufacturers' Association and are ap- the defendants. The 11 are also facing a charge of assault with intent to kill They claim that the policy of Samuels Eric Haughberg, one of the hoodlums will ruin their established business. that was also in the attacking party. that was also in the attacking party.

Klan For Conviction. All attempts are being made by the roes with the intention of thus terrorizing those Negroes that are attempting to move out of the "black neighborhoods.

Police Arrest Fur Pickets.

NEW YORK, March 14 .- International Fur Workers' president. Oscar Shachtman, is making an investigating tour to forestall attempts of New York fur manufacturers now tied up by a strike to have their work done in other cities. I. Winnick, vice-president, heads the union in Shachtman's absence. While mass picketing of fur shops resulted in no arrests, subseby Compressed Air quent small groups of pickets in the strike of 12,000 New York workers have been interfered with by police ROME, March 14-The Italian navy The courts usually dismiss the pickets has adopted a device for launching as fast as police bring them in, the airplanes by compressed air from the two workers are held on \$300 bail for

> The more you'll write the better you'll like it.

to Aid Coaldiggers

The solid front with which British labor opposed the attack on the coal

This is the meat of a joint statecommittee of the British Trades Union congress and a subcommittee of the miner executive.

Against Worsening of Conditions. "The committees," the statement ays, "gave full consideration to the ossibility of a crisis arising in conection with the mining situation. The attitude of the trade union movenent was made perfectly clear last July, namely, that it would stand firmy and unitedly against any attempt urther to degrade the standard of ife in the coal fields. There was to be no reduction of wages, no increase n working hours, and no interference with the principle of national agree-

"This is the position of the trade union movement today. The two comort as soon as it is available."

Rail Labor Backs Miners. the National Union of Railwaymen those paid in New York City. again by the railwaymen as was United States.

hown then." stitutes as well as the actual product a year.

Sinking Fund Only Way to Save France.

(Special to The Daily Worker)

PARIS, March 14.-France can be declaration of Francois Coty, one of the most influential business men of the country, in an address before the American Club. He recently offered American Club. The recently offered that the open shoppers are carrying on to induce the men to return to work. start of such a fund.

Coty is the political director of the Riffs Inflict Losses Figaro, one of the great Paris dailies. He is one of the wealthiest men in the country, having accumulated millions out of the business of manufacturing perfumes.

Puritan Sunday is Not Welcome. enal offense to work or enjoy one's sorship the government claims of Mor-

Urge Congressional Investigation of All U. S. Rubber Concerns

(Special to The Daily Worker)
WASHINGTON, March 14.—Loring Black, New York congressman, is lemanding action on his resolution alling for an investigation into the ubber situation in this country. He cites the 1925 earnings of the principal companies as proof that the high prices of rubber products are as much due to their monopolization by large corporations here as to the foreign control of the sources of crude rubber.

These reports show that the American tire concerns all made substantially larger profits last year than ever before. The Fiske company made net earnings of \$8,958,105; Goodrich, \$16,-700,000; Goodyear, \$21,500,898; United States, \$17,306,670, and the Firestore. \$12,800,412,

Immediately after the introduction of his resolution these companies announced reductions of 10 per cent in the prices of tires as compared to a decline of 50 per cent in quotation's for

LABORERS AND

Many Contractors Grant Union Demands

(Special to The Daily Worker) CLEVELAND, March 14. - The strike of the painters and building laborers which has tied up operamittees are awaiting the report of the tions on big buildings is still in force. oal commission, and will meet again This is true in spite of the fact that ointly specially to consider the re- Mr. Carroll, secretary of the Building Trades Employes Association, carries on a campaign declaring the building Railroad workers are standing firm- laborers of Cleveland are overpaid y behind the miners. C. T. Cramp of and are getting wages second only t

says, "I am certain that I speak with Mr. Carroll does not heed the fact the approval of the great mass of rail- that the workers of Cleveland are waymen throughout this country speeded up and that which with their when I say that if any attempt is supposedly high wage of \$1 an hour, made to bring down the remuneration would not even be earning what govof the miners, as was done last July, ernment statistics declare is necesthe same resistance will be shown sary as a standard of living in the

The laborers work only 200 days a When the union order to stop all years if fully employed, and this movement of coal was issued last would give them just \$1,600 a year, July the question asked by the rank whereas government bureaus declare and file railroaders was simply, "Does that the minimum standard of decent the order include all fuels, coal sub- living in this country requires \$1,800

of the mines?" There was no question The painters are practically 100 about the men's determination to cut per cent organized to Cleveland. It off the power which drives English is claimed that wages for painters in industry. This made premier Baldwin Cleveland are 7.3 per cent above the average for the 11 largest cities of the country, and building costs are 5.7 per cent above the average for those cities. Detroit, on the other hand, an open shop city, pays wages 5 per cent below the average of the Says Rich Perfumer 11 cities and building costs are 16.4 per cent above the average for the 11

The independent contractors are saved only by a huge sinking fund which will be independent of all nowith the painters will be independent of all political machinations, according to the Building is at a standstill and will

Upon Spanish Troops

(Special to The Dally Worker)

MADRID, March 14 .-- A communique issued by the war office today ad-OSLO, Norway, March 14 .- At a mits that 30 native Spanish soldiers general church meeting, including all were killed in the fighting in the the bishops assembled in Oslo, a Larache zone yesterday. Many pris ertain ones tried to get the assem- oners are claimed to have been taken ly to go on record in favor of the and the operations are alleged to have uritan Sunday laws making it a been successful. Owing to the cen-

rocan victories are heavily discounted.

New York Commissioner Shows Solidarity with Textile Mill Owners by Arresting Thirty-Three Passaic Tag-Day Workers

NEW YORK CITY, March 14.-Thirty-three Passaic textile strikers Textile Bosses Refuse and sympathizers were arrested here today for attempting to hold a tag day demonstration for the purpose of collecting funds for the aid of the Passaic workers. Despite the persistent refusal of Bird S. Coler, New York's commissioner of public welfare, to grant a permit to solicit funds, a couple of hundred strikers arrived in New York from across the river and began carrying on a very successful drive, which netted them a few hundreds of dollars.

arrest anyone who did this work with- the plant which normally employs out a permit, and thirty-three of the over 4,000 workers. The police have taggers were picked up and brought made no attempt to interfere, and the into the court of Magistrate Henry detectives and outside deputies have M. R. Goodman, on the west side. also remained passive. Goodman, expressing his solidarity with the mill owners in New Jersey, the small Dye Works plant in Patergave them all suspended sentences son that employs 900. It is said this and demanded that they leave New plant will be on strike within a few York forthwith

The International Labor Defense, which has 7,000 workers. The entire however, announces that it will con- force is hopelessly underpaid and the tinue to raise money for the defense conditions are no longer to be en of the striking textile workers. Its dured. attorney, Joseph Brodsky, defended

to Meet with Strikers

(Continued from page 1). opportunity to committees and individuals to try their luck with the bosses. No one can say that the strikers have not been willing to confer and to have their side brot out. While these overtures are being

made the strike is spreading. The entire force of the Lodi Piece Dye Works is out and the report is that Coler had instructed his police to the bosses there have decided to close

This morning 50 walked out from days. Next comes the big dye plant

SEND IN A SUB.

Coral Gables Poster in CLOAK MAKERS Working Class Districts MAKE DEMANDS May Get Results in Time

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL.

WINTER'S last lashes of viciously bitter wind are beginning to tear effectively at the huge poster that has blatantly proclaimed to all the world, from its strange location in the sooty reaches of North Halsted street, Chicago, the attractions of "Coral Gables-Land of Sunshine and Fortune."

In this "Goose Island District," on Chicago's near north side the poverty stricken drag out a weary existence among lumber yards, grain elevators, tanneries, soap factories, steel mills and the endless passing of railroad trains, many of them destined for the other side of the continent. "The Depths" of Chicago are located in and about "Goose Island."

Just why the Florida realtors should have their screaming publicity put up at such a spot is a mystery. The only answer is that their millions of dollars devoted to far-flung advertising resulted in the bill posting trust spreading the tidings about Florida sunshine everywhere, even in the dark places of the great cities.

I find that "Goose Island" has not been selected for signal honors. There is another huge poster over in "Little Italy," one of the densest populated centers in the city. There is another out near the Pullman shops on the south side. In fact, they dot the working class districts of the city and of the nation, a challenge to the workers everywhere to seize the opportunity to enjoy this land of sunshine now set apart as the playground of the idle and parasite rich.

In the Union of Soviet Republics the workers get their vacations to go to their Floridas and Californias, to the Caucuses and Crimea. That is part of their right as workers.

In the United States the workers are kept close to their jobs. Vacations are unknown except in those rare instances where "the faithful" have toiled loyally and without protest for the same boss five, ten or twenty years, as the employer decrees. Yet even this is held up as a bait for labor to blind its eyes to the bad conditions under which it toils. In the Soviet Union the workers enjoy their vacations as a right granted to all labor.

The lot of the worker needs no touch of exaggeration to emphasize its horror. During the months of January and February, last year, 872 babies under one year died of 7,743 born in Chicago. The death rate was more than one out of every ten. There has been a slight falling off for January and February this year. It is claimed that 708 babies have died out of 9,195 born. But the decrease is not found among the workers' children.

The plan proposed by the Chicago health department, for further cutting down the death rate, does not mention better housing conditions to combat disease, better food for the mother, improving the immediate surrounds of the newly born babe. That would benefit the working class and

that would be Bolshevism.

Instead the health department proposes improving its human milk dairies that can only benefit the upper and middle classes. Working class mothers, and it is they who are expected to become human cows, may sell their milk. But this will not benefit the babies of the working class, whose parents cannot afford to buy this food. It is claimed a babe needs 30 ounces of milk. It is proposed to sell this human milk as high as 30 cents an ounce. That would mean \$9 per day. That is beyond any but purses of the rich madames on the North Shore "gold coast," who are too degenerate to give the proper care to their own flesh and blood. Yet working class mothers are expected to sell their milk as low as six cents an ounce. In the midst of poverty it can readily be guessed that she will part, even at this price, with the milk that rightfully belongs to her own child. This is capitalism's remedy for the murder of the children. It is a remedy that does not benefit labor and that the workers cannot accept.

The Coral Gables, Florida, poster, with its many brilliant colors, should inspire the workers to think of their own lowly condition. In that it may do some good.

It should urge them to struggle for their class and its victory. The sunshine of the Crimea is now the heritage of every Russian worker. Florida and California will some day become the playground of the American working class, where the mothers and children of the workers will learn how to live, and not continue to die in the disease-breeding slums of great cities under capitalism.

Rich Goes to Prison.

vict 18848 at Michigan state prison

Rich, who was sentenced to life im-

prisonment for criminally attacking

Miss Louise King, college girl, was

SEND IN A SUB.

Breakdown of League Looms Big at Geneva Rich, millionaire's son, became con-

(Continued from page 1) and constantly increasing. He has

virtually no defenders. Locarno Spirit Disappearing.

time afterwards dressed in the regula-On the other hand, the failure to each a solution and to secure Ger- tion prison denim and placed in soli- committee to which the bill was remany's entrance to the league will au- tary confinement for two weeks under ferred. Proponents of the legislation quarantine regulations. tomatically invalidate all the famous Locarno treaties. Europe will be back from the standpoint of international relations to where it was before the negotiations began but with a considerable increase of bad feeling. Inability to reach an agreement will almost certainly result in the fall of several governments. This is the fate which is holding Stressemann and Luther here, as well as Briand. It is rumored that Austen Chamberlain has already prepared his resignation.

U. S. Lurks Behind. Altogether unmentioned by the press is the part which American diplomacy is playing behind the scenes. American imperialism is not interested in building up the power of a league which threatens to units alf Europe finally against its own exactions. On the other hand its international bankers want a peaceful Europe in which it may sink further millions under profitable conditions.

When that argument begins at lunch time in your shop tomorow-show them what the DAILY WORKER says about it.

ON MEDIATORS

Union Spokesmen Want Original Proposals

(Special to The Daily Worker) NEW YORK, March 14.-The original demands for a guaranteed minimum number of weeks employment, imitation of the number of contractors used by a jobber and prevention of his dealing with nonunion shops, the 40-hour week, higher minimum wage scales, equal distribution of work, and the power to enforce such an agreement were demanded again by the cloakmakers union in the final hearing before the governor's special mediation commission.

Contract Not Carried Out.

"Our present contract, made with the cloak manufacturers and jobbers two years ago, has never been carried out," union spokesmen declared. "According to their own report, 33 per cent of the jobbers belonging to the Merchants' Ladies Garment Association have contributed nothing to the unemployment insurance fund and 40 per cent of the ladies' garments are still being made shops employing less than the 14 operators required by the agreement.

"Unless we have access to the books of jobbers and know the submanufacturers who contract to make garments for each jobber, agreements are useless. The number of contractors doing business with a jobber must be limited and the jobber instead of being a free lance must be held responsible for the enforcement of union standards in the shops of his sub-maunfacturers if the ladies garment industry is ever to be completely unionized."

Jobbers Bane of Garment Trades. The cloak and suit industry has proken up into so many factors that the situation between the union and employers is highly complicated. Jobbers are wholesalers, maintaining stockhouses and farming out actual manufacturing to contractors. Inside manufacturers are also wholesalers but have garments made in their own shops. They give work out to contractors as well. Jobbers and inside manufacturers play off contractors against one another to beat down prices for work. As a consequence the myriad of little sub-manufacturing shops competing break down union standards of production and wages.

Unlimited right to discharge and reduce wages and removal of all contract restrictions was demanded by Henry H. Finder, president Industrial oCuncil of Cloak and Suit Manufacturers, representing 189 inside manuacturers. "We must have the right to rule that the shirker and agitator should go," said Finder. "We must be able to take on workers in the rush season and discharge them when we don't need them."

Defend Jobber System. Contractors, thru Henry Uviller, claimed that the jobber- contractor system under which 75 per cent of garments are manufactured will remain and that until a definite system of control was established to regulate the deaings of jobbers with the thousands of small shops whch make his garments, the industry would remain in its present chaotic state.

The governor's advisory commission of five, appointed two years ago when the thousands of cloakmakers struck, serves as an arbitration board nd issues reports on its investigaions of the ladies' garment industry. will submit its final recommendaions within a few weeks.

JACKSON, Mich., Mar. 14- Arthur Approve Abolition of Legal Killings in Washington, D. C.

WASHINGTON, March 14 - The proposal to abolish capital punishquestioned, registered and a short ment in the District of Columbia has been approved by the house district hope to use it as a model for similiar measures to be introduced into the state legislatures.

Fourth Jubilee

Celebration of "Freiheit"

at the Mecca Auditorium 55th Street and 7th Avenue, New York City Saturday Evening, April 3rd, 1926

Oratorio "DIE TZVAI BRIDER" Words by J. L. Peretz-Music by J. Schaffer

with the

Freiheit Singing Society and the New York Symphony Orchestra. Conducted by Lazar Weiner.

Tickets \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00 at Freihelt Office, 30 Union Square, New York City.

Z......

LOS ANGELES!

Attend the Most Unique

"Laying the Cornerstone" Organization of the DAILY WORKER

Angeles Builders' Club

at the celebration of THE PARIS COMMUNE

On this day-

We pledge our allegiance to the working class and we ORGANIZE to better serve the cause. Every reader of The DAILY WORKER will be welcome to the meeting. Every Daily Worker Agent will be present.

Thursday Evening, March 18

1381/2 S. Spring

BOSTON GARMENT WORKERS DEFEAT THEIR BOSSES

3,000 Return to Shops; Win All Demands

BOSTON, March 14-The strike of 3,000 women's garment workers ended in victory within two weeks of its inception. The International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union and various cloak and dress tobbers and manufacturers' associations signed the agreement several days after the first break in employers' ranks brought settlements in shops employing 1,500

The new agreement permits union agents to examine employers' books to see that work is being sent only to union shops when contracted out. A joint board of sanitary control is established and the prosanis label adopted. Firms placing work out in non-union shops will be fined the difference in cost of making the garments in union and non-union shopsfor the first offense, and expulsion from the employers' association for the second.

Further efforts to organize nonunion shops and abolish Boston sweatshop evils are to be made by the union. Special picketing of non-union shops will be maintained in order to win workers to the union and to check on possible work sent to nonunion from union shops.

Candidate Occupies Cell in Prison Over Which He Would Rule

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 14. -Robert C. Gomes, republican candidate for sheriff of Cass county, now occupies a cell in the building over which he aspires to reign.

He is charged with disorderly conduct, drunkenness and attempting to assault an officer. Gomes, arrested for making a disturbance, escaped, barricaded himself in the postoffice, kept off would-be captors with a shower of ink wells and cuspidors, but was finally overpowered. Unable the president, by appointing his to pay a \$100 fine, he was taken to friends to it has managed to keep in Virginia, where the county jail is lo-

Fishing Smacks Gain Harbor.

After a battle of hours with densely packed slush ice, while crews of two life boats from the coast guard station at the mouth of the river were seeking them in the darkness, two small fishing smacks gained the harbor at | and land titles of peasants who had the mouth of the Chicago river early today, exhausted from fright.

Plumbers Helpers' Club of Brooklyn, New York

calls on all helpers to join the club. Meetings every FRIDAY night, 8:30 p. m.,

7 Thatford Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Saturday, April 3

CO-OPERATIVE CENTER.

2706 Brooklyn Ave.

TICKETS NOW ON SALE

at Center Book Store, 2708 Brooklyn Ave.

and at 1381/2 So. Spring St. from 7 to

10 p. m. every evening.

ADMISSION 50 CENTS

I guarantee to make your

Gas or Novol for Extraction.

Phone Main 4400.

Los Angeles COSTUME BALL

TURN VEREIN HALL, 2460 Sutter St.

SUNDAY EVE., MARCH 21, 1926

ADMISSION 50 CENTS.

Proceeds to the John Reed Industrial School of Orphan Children.

Logan Square "L," Milwaukee, Kedzie and California Ave. cars to door.

DR. S. ZIMMERMAN

DENTIST

2232 N. California Avenue

Near Milwaukee Avenue

plates fit and make your appearance

Germany Hopes to Take Her "Permanent" Seat



Military Occupation Aids Prostitution

(Continued from Page 1) constituted council of state which

his own control. 2. Haitian currency has been deministered.

Land Laws Hit Farmers.

peen changed, requiring documents resentation. emigrated to Cuba. Lands are bepanies for their enterprises.

have been increased thru the pres- States senate and is a violation of ence of the military occupation, there article 16 of the treaty. being 147 dancing places, many of "The 61 committees of the patriotic them of ill repute, in Port au Prince, union have on trusted many the the capital of Haiti.

5. By a secret and unlawful agree over Haiti has been increased from 10 to 20 years in order to assure the

Daily Worker

\$40,000,000 Haitian loan floated by American banking institutions.

Demand End of Occupation. "The material as well as the mora welfare of Haiti," declares Thoby, 'demands the immediate abandonpreciated, thus lowering the stand- ment of the actual policy and the ard of living among the people, and withdrawal of the occupation. The the national debt has been malad- country has no voice in its affairs and since 1917, when Col. Smedley Butler brutally expelled from their seats the representatives and the senators, The Haitian land laws have Haiti has had no constitutional rep-

"So in the meantime, without the graft." lived for generations on their land consent of the Haitian people, secret and cultivated it, without having had agreements were signed with the to prove ownership by documents. American government, in the guise The new laws have been used to de- of a so-called additional act for the prive the peasants of their land and renewal of the treaty of 1915, signed thousands of the best workers have by Mr. Borno, then minister of foreign affairs, and Mr. Bailly Blanch ing turned over to the American com- ard, American minister, the 28th of March, 1917. That additional act has 4. Prostitution and other evils never been ratified by the United

union have entrusted me with the mission to lay these facts before you in the hope that justice will be done ment, the period of American control to Haiti and that the Haitians will soon enjoy the privilege of a free and democratic election of their national states the resolution, which advised

Southern Railway Shopmen Get 2 Cents An Hour Increase

WASHINGTON, March 14 - Signng of a new wage agreement between the Federated Shop Crafts and the Southern Railway, whereby 11,000 men get more than \$880,000 increase in their annual pay, is announced by the official organ of the standard rail labor organizations.

The agreement provides for a raise of 2 cents an hour, with time and a half for overtime, Sunday and holiday work. It became effective from March 1 and runs until June 30, 1927, and thereafter until 30 days' written notice of a desired change shall be given by either party. The special rate for overtime, Sunday and holiday work is restored after having been taken from fall of a cabinet and the selection of the shopmen by the United States a new premier. Railroad Labor Board in 1921.

IN LOS ANGELES! De Valera Resigns MASQUERADE BALL Presidency of the given by the FREIHEIT CLUB at Irish Republicans

Union Music

(Special to The Daily Worker) DUBLIN, March 14 - Eamon De as president of the republican party. dail. De Valera's resignation was ac- of the indictment and acquitted. cepted, and thus he ends his long control over the republican movement, which dates back to the days Renew Pourparlers after the Easter rebellion.

Building Crumples Like Paper.

caused the walls to crumple like pathe senate has acted upon the Italian on monoply charges. per and a cottage adjoining the plant was demolished when some of the will continue in an effort to ascertain and republicans lined up solid for debris fell on it.

Representative Says G. Washington Would

WASHINGTON, March 14-A new uproarious squabble between wets and drys rocked the house today as Representative Celler, democrat, New York, strongly criticized the enforcement of the Volstead Act, quoting from newspaper polls to show national sentiment favored modification.

"George Washington himself drank liquor at times not too wisely," said Celler. "Prohibition is a blight; its handmaiden is fraud, chicanery and two for the administration, whenever

Celler was immediately made a tarattack by "house drys." "Would George Washington violate the prohibition law?" asked Repre-Upshaw, democrat, of

"Yes," shouted Celler, "he would drink now if heowere living."

Against Straw Votes.

While both houses of congress were cutive committee of the anti-saloon publican of New York; Reed, republican of David Publican of David adopted a resolution condemning newspaper straw voting polls.

"They not only serve no good purpose, but often are misleading," prohibitionists against casting votes in them.

Bratiano Brothers Plot Dictatorial Rule Over Roumania

(Special to The Daily Worker) VIENNA, March 14 - Premier Bratiano, together with his brother, are plotting a dictatorship over Roumania The Adeverul, a Roumanian paper, quotes him as stating that if the par-

liamentary elections defeated the

government party he was "ready to maintain order by other methods." The situation is very obscure. Gen-Party, and former minister Popevici, of the National Party, have been received in audience by the king, a reception which usually precedes the

Set Trial Date for Kansas Ex-Governor Charged with Graft

TOPEKA, Kansas, March 14-Jon than M. Davis, former governor of this Valera today tendered his resignation state, and his son, Russell, will go to trial March 24 on the charge of following his defeat in the republican having conspired to accept a bribe in convention last night on the issue of January 1925 to grant a pardon. Davis republicans taking their seats in the has already been tried on one count

settlement, the informal conversations The old guard of both democrats a basis of agreement.

DEMOCRATS AID Dictator of Spain Warns Agitators of OF REPUBLICANS

Support Investigation of Tariff Policy

(Special to The Daily Worker) guns into the senate today for a long- cation of the right to practice certain range attack upon the administration. professions are among the penalties The republican tariff having fluttered provided. into the senate as a dove of peace, the democrats and insurgents tempo- ly resented the action of the military rarily buried their differences and re- directorate in cancelling long-estab organized their ranks for a new war lished special priviledges which the on Coolidge policies. Their chief wea- province has enjoyed of autonomous pon will be the authorized investiga- administration and private regional tion into the U. S. tariff commission, rights. Primo de Riviera, on the other and in particular, the question of an | hand, contends it was the very exattempt to influence "the official ercise of these special privileges action of any member of the commis- that has built up the sentiment in the

Under this authorization, a special Spain. senate committee dominated by the democratic-insurgent coalition will inquire into the charges of Senator Norris, (R) of Neb., that President Coolidge has tried to influence the decisions of the tariff commission. Norris made the specific charge that the president tried to obtain a pre-dated resignation from former commissioner POWER TO HOOVER ris made the specific charge that the David J. Lewis, of Maryland, before appointing him to the commission.

Coalition Shocks Administration. Revival of the democratic-insurgent coalition came as a distinct surprise to administration leaders. It was the first time in the sixty-ninth congress that the democrats have got behind anything suggested by a progressive republican. In this instance Norris demanded the investigation and Robinson, (D), of Ark., the minority floor leader, sponsored the resolution which authorized it. This tude of the democrats thus far this session, for on every major issue such Break Volstead Act World Court, Muscle Shoals and confirmation of Charles W. Hunt as a general measure. member of the federal trade commission-a majority voted with the ad- entire industry in the department of

Political Chicanery.

The investigating committee will be force. named by Vice-President Dawes but only upon the terms laid down by the senate, which force him to select two regular republicans, one progressive republican and two democrats. This a disagreement occurs. By exercising this control and under the wide latitude of inquiry ordered by the senate, the coalition can carry the investigation where it will. To all observers, the goal will be the 1926 congressional elections and the 1928 presidential election.

Appoint Special Committee Vice-President Dawes has appointed the following senators on the special committee which will investigate the tariff commission: Wadsworth, re-

mocrat of Arkansas and Bruce, democrat of Maryland. LaFollette was named as the "progressive republican," required under terms of the Robinson resolution which authorized the investigation.

publican of Wisconsin; Robinson, de-

Plan New \$50,000,000 International Bank

(Special to The Daily Worker) NEW YORK, March 14 - Plans are inder way by the Lisman interests to establish a new international bank with a paid in capital of \$50,000,000. F. J. Lisman and company, 61 Broadway, is sponsoring the institution and interested in foreign investments.

The new institution will have broad village near here. powers for financing the issuance of able future is in store for the organi- lage.

The Interlocking Directorate. F. J. Lisman is a director in many arge American corporations including he Alabama, Tennessee & Northern cailroad corporation, Bush Terminal company of this city, Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad, etc.

Bipartisans Back

(Special to The Daily Worker) WASHINGTON, March 14-The biunity yesterday by putting over the Upon French Debt nomination of Charles W. Hunt of Iowa for another term on the federal WASHINGTON, March 14-Ambas- was 48 to 20. Hunt is a notorious Several firemen narrowly escaped sador Berenger, the new French en- corporation representative and was was the warning of C. C. Hanch, gendeath in a fire that destroyed the voy to this country, has already held one of those on the trade commission Arnstein Paint company's five story a conference with Secretary Mellon of who voted to deny to the department plant with an estimated damage of the treasury over the settlement of of justice evidence furnished it by the more than \$50,000. The blaze follow the French debt. No arrangements Aluminum Company of America dured an explosion in the plant which for its disposition are expected until ing the investigation of that concern

Hunt's reappointment.

(Special to The Daily Worker) MADRID, March 14. - The long existing political struggle between the province of Catalonia for autonomy and the central government has reached such a point that the national au thorities here have issued an official statement threatening to punish all citizens who refuse to accept posi-WASHINGTON, March 14-The De- tions conferred on them by the nation mocratic-insurgent coalition, resur- or who display unpatriotic sentiments rected for the first time in the last of any kind. Deprivation of citizen twelve months, hauled political siege ship, confiscation of goods, and nullifi-

Catalonian leaders have particularprovince for complete separation from

Aim to Block Growth of

(Special to The Daily Worker) WASHINGTON, Mar. 12-Congress

Air Trust

began the task today of enacting radio legislation to take the place of the archair regulations of 1912. Before the house with a right of way was the White bill, which administration leaders confidently predicted would be passed by tomorrow was in strange contrast to the atti- night at the latest. Altho a flood of amendments were in the offing to iron out what many factions believe as the Nye case, tax reduction, the are rough edges, both republicans and democrats were united behind the

The bill would vest control of the commerce, under new regulations taking the place of those now in

For Increased Control.

"The need for radio legislation is mperative," stated Rep. White, republican of Maine, author of the bill. The department of commerce is will give the coalition three votes to trying to regulate a giant industry under rules laid down in 1912 for a pygmy. Unless the government's conincreased, we will see coninued confusion with no end in

Would Block Air Trust.

Strong safeguards against air mono polies are a feature of the legislation. No permits may be granted those con victed in federal court of seeking to monopolize communication thru the ontrol of radio apparatus.

Led by Rep. Davis, democrat of round the public interest by ding the transportation of tubes or other apparatus on which the manufacturer attempts to fix the price.

This was stricken from an early committee report on the ground that interstate commerce legislation had no place in a radio bill. The provision is understood to be aimed at one of the large corporations which controls radio tubes thru patent rights.

Georgia Kluxers Get Paid in Own Medicine

(Special to The Daily Worker) ROYSTON, Ga., March 14 - A Ku Klux Klan raid on this town resulted in the death of two men, Walton will furnish \$10,000,000 of the capital. Adams, a Franklin county farmer, and The rest will be supplied by other Herman Bigby, a local resident, and large Wall Street banking concerns the serious injury of a third, B. A. Harrison, a druggist of Lavonia, a

The raiders, numbering fifty, me eral Averescu, leader of the People's large scale foreign and domestic stiff resistance when they tried to securities, including European and seize Bigby and in the battle which South American government loans, as followed the casualties occurred. He well as municipal, industrial and rail- had been previously warned in Ku road stock and bond flotations. With Klux Klan notes to stop paying atthe increasing expansion of American tentions to a married woman. He business abroad the men back of the was separated from his wife, who conscheme believe that a great and profit- tinued to live not far from this vil-

Auto Business Rests **Upon Promise to Pay**

(Special to The Daily Worker) NEW YORK, March 14-The Amercan Bankers' Association, in a survey of the automobile business announces that over \$3,000,000,000 worth of cars were sold last year on the Corporation Tool instalment plan. The usual arrangements were to require a payment in cash of one-third down and the balance on time. This left \$2,000,000,000 partisan coalition showed its growing unpaid,, for which the sellers had merely a promise to pay.

Any further reduction in the initial payments or longer extension of the trade commission. The Senate vote time would seriously effect the present favorable status of the trade, eral manager of the National Association of Finance Companies, who su-

> The Last Day of the Paris Commune. See it dramatized at the International Labor Defense commemoration March 19 at Ashland Auditorium.

HIGH PAID LADY Autonomist Movement SPY TELLS GLORY

Military Snoopers Hear of Free Shampoos

"Woman's entry into industry has mazingly bettered the social, moral and educational atmosphere in factories and offices," declared Mrs. Marguerite B. Benson, director of the romen's bureau of the Illinois Manufacturers' Association at a luncheon at the Hotel Sherman, given by the Military Intelligence Association.

Thinks in "Utopia."

"A series of visits to plants," Mrs. Benson reported, "has discovered a social, moral and educational atmosphere which, in many cases, is superior to what the workers find in their

"Exhaustive scientific research is being applied to improving lighting, ventilation, sanitation, medical care, rest rooms, cafeterias, insurance, loan and pension plans, and to the study of fatigue in various operations."

Quite a utopia it was which this female industrial spy depicted. 'Why." she exclaimed oratorically as a last crushing argument, 'in many plants shampoos and manicures are given ree on company time."

Less Women Servants.

Mrs. Benson stated that there are 110,000 more women with manufacturing firms today than in 1910 and 297,000 less servants. In only 85 of the 572 occupations listed by the census are no women employed.

Royalist Hoodlums of Paris Break Up Lecture of Workers

(Special to The Daily Worker) PARIS, March 14-A gang of 200

Royalist youths broke up a lecture given at the meeting hall of the Learned Societies Institute by the organization of the Intellectual Workers when they learned that it was to be addressed by Jaques Sadoul, a French lawyer who joined the Bolsheviks during the World War, and by Jean Goldsky, a Communist speaker.

The Royalist hoodlums packed the hall and as soon as the lecture opened began their rough-house. Half a dozen people were knocked senseless, one man had his hand shattered and the entire place looked as if a cyclone had struck it. After the hall had been cleared dozens of blackjacks were picked up, together with 100 loaded canes and three loaded revolvers.

Fight Anti-Evolution Laws to a Finish

NEW YORK, March 14.-If governor Henry L. Whitfield signs the Missssippi anti-evolution bill passed by the legislature, attempts will be made to prevent enforcement of the law Tennessee, a movement was under by suing in the federal courts. The way to throw even greater safeguards anti-evolution bill has been withdrawn from the Virginia legislature and compulsory bible reading bill killed in committee. No other bills affecting evolution teaching are pending in state legislatures.

By Max Shachtman.

New! =



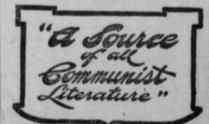
Read the history of the first great attempt at proletarian dictatorship.

Order a Bundle for Your Paris Commune Meetings!

10 Cents 12 copies for one dollar.

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THE DAILY WORKER PUBLISHING CO.



1113 W. WASHINGTON BLVD. CHICAGO, ILL.

Full Catalogue Sent on Request

Organization Meetings

Workers (Communist) Party

PARTY UNITS IN **BOSTON DISTRICT** ARE ON THE JOB

Work Is Done Despite Great Handicaps

(Special to The Daily Worker)

BOSTON, March 14.—The Boston "authorities" on mass psychology and new units elsewhere in the partyfew members in one shop, a large foreign language element and in some quarters a few calamity howlers who predict the direst results. In spite of have been received:

A nucleus in New Hampshire reports the sale of \$22 of party literature, one new member in the union and \$6.50 contributed for party leaf-

Concentration group No. 5 in Section 2 of Boston distributed 200 Foreign-Born leaflets outside of a large piano factory employing many hundreds of workers and also several hundred copies of the DAILY WORKER containing the Bimba

An international branch in Lanesthe Labor Defender, 10 copies of the Finnish paper. Plans are being made for an elaborate May Day demonstra-

An international branch in Section 3 reports \$2.75 raised for defense work. In the same section \$12.50 was raised for defense by international branch No. 4. This unit raised \$3.75 for the headquarters fund.

Four members have applied for admission to the class in the Fundamentals of Communism.

Section 4 sent in the following report: 80 per cent of the members are in good standing. Two meetings have been held in the month of February by each unit. Shop nucleus obtained three new subscriptions for the party press, international branch No. 1 obtained one and international branch No. 2 sold or distributed 10 party papers. International branch No. 2 distributed or sold 50. The last named unit also sold 15 copies of party lit-

For defense shop nucleus No. raised \$6.50. International branch No. 3 raised \$6.45. Six new members were brought into the Young Workers' (Communist) League by shop nu cleus No. 1 and one member was brought into the union.

Eight dollars and 25 cents were collected for the headquarters fund by one of the international branches.

A very interesting report is handed branch got down to work immediately. eligible to a union, she is active in meeting. in by international branch No. 3 of Four dollars and ten cents worth of her Workmen's Circle Branch and in copies of the Finnish daily, 8 copies including Paris Commune albums, Workmen's Circle School. She was instead of this week. of the Taveritar and 4 copies of the copies of the A. B. C. of Communism, assigned to help advertise the forum Finnish Ponikki (humorous paper) and pamphlets on Lenin and the and distribute leaflets in those places. ad also secured 2 subscriptions for Trade Union Movement, by Losovsky, and also in the aparing party monthly publications. In all and Party Reorganization by Jay the street she lives on. This comrad \$125 worth of literature and papers Lovestone. It was then decided to buy has only been in the party a few were sold.

Six dollars and 25 cents was con- Foreign-Born. Each comrade was al- structed to subscribe to The DAILY tributed toward the Bimba case. One loted 5 tickets for a section affair ar- WORKER, and to join the Workin unit in Maine reports having secured ranged to raise funds to maintain the Class Women's Council in her neigh 5 new members into the party.

From Gleasondale, Mass., we get the report that 5 new subscriptions were secured for the DAILY WORKER and 6 new subscriptions for the Eteenpain.

Six sympathizers are working with this group and they are encouraging of tasks for the coming week, on the formation of a new unit of the Young Workers' (Communist) League. following meeting. All the tasks as-International branch No. 2 section

3 reports 12 new subscriptions for the DAILY WORKER monthly, 3 new subscriptions for the Young Worker and 5 new subscriptions for Young

International branch No. 1, section 6. contributed \$5.50 to the headquar-

Stamford Party Units Now Function as an International Branch

STAMFORD, Conn., March 14 .- The English, Jewish and Ukrainian branches of the Workers (Communist) Party reorganized into an international branch. In this they were ably assisted by G. S. Shklar, sub-district organizer of District No. 2.

bring before his union local the mat This meeting, which was a very ter of supporting the Passaic strike enthusiastic one, arranged for system- with funds, and the matter of sending atized activity within the unions thru a delegate to the conference for the party fractions, and a tag day for the protection of the foreign-born. Passaic strikers was organized.

Class in Trade Union Tactics Meets Tonight

The class in Trade Union Tactics which met on Thursday evening has been changed to Monday evening at 8 Arne Swabeck. All students of this class please take notice of changes made.

FREE LITERATURE SUPPLIED.

MILWAUKEE, Wis. - Free copies of the YOUNG WORKER, Tribuna the new Jewish language club, "The Robotnicza, Pravda, and Honor and Arbeiter Club" recently organized in to a successful turnout. Truth, can be secured from Frank this section, to join it and become ac-.4ilder, 821 Clylesurn St., Milwaukee, tive in the fraction there.

"MASS PSYCHOLOGY AND PSYCHOLOGY OF REVOLUTIONS" IS NEW COURSE OFFERED AT N. Y. WORKERS' SCHOOL

NEW YORK, March 14 .- A new course that will prove an original contribution to Communist thought in America is being offered by the New York Workers' School for Friday evenings at 9 o'clock. The course is entitled "Mass Psychology and the Psychology of Revolution. The instructor is D.

There is nothing written in English, from the Communist point of view, on this subject, and practically nothing in any other language. The leading once.

acter, sex, etc., and finally entering

into a consideration of the material-

Enroll Now!

Housewives Aid Work,

taught two classes during the week

(Party Training Course and Young

Workers League Training Course).

He also reported on his work in his

union. He had brot 10 non-party

teachers and students in which his

ported on his work as sub-section or-

ganizer. During the week he deliv-

erary club of 125 young people in this

Join Mass Organization.

small or too unimportant to take up

And so the reports went on, every

district has been confronted with all the psychology of revolution are series of twelve Friday night lecthe difficulties which confront the really nothing but vulgar apologists tures,—the first dealing with the bour- Union Movement at the party office. for capitalism, which, since it is no geois theories of mass psychology and longer revolutionary, does its best to of psychology of revolution; the secdiscredit revolutions and revolution ond and third with the Freudian the ment. ists and builds up a structure of ories; the fourth with the theory of learned nonsense to discredit mass Le Bon, which Kvitko calls the "fas- 17 at the party office will be devoted these conditions the following reports action and the psychology of revolucist theory in a scientific mantle;" the tionary classes and revolutionary fifth the imperialist theory represent- Jakira, the district organizer, will epochs. Thus McDougal "proves" ed by McDougal who glorifies the very learnedly that an individual is army and villifies the revolutionary unable to think when in a crowd. mass. The remaining six lectures a very important question. All com-Freud and Martin attempt to inter- deal with the Marxian theory beginpret the crowd as a product of hatred ning with a Marxian critique of the and as partially insane. Le Bon as earlier theories, then considering the Stachel to Speak on serts that revolutionary crowds are role of the so-called individual elecriminal and suffer from mass hypnosis.

Counter-Revolutionary Propagandists.

"Back of all these theories," de- gies, the role of political parties, trade clares Kvitko, "is counter-revolution- unions, leaders, class consciousness, ville reports the sale of 15 copies of ary class antagonism, a desire to dis- class morality and the psychology of credit mass action and revolution, and revolution and counter-revolution; Ziegler Defense pamphlets. Six sto- to eulogize individualism and self-conries went sent by new units to the sciousness. Some psychologists regard the leader as a pathological phethree months. Any one wishing to nomenon in the highest degree. Oth- enter the course should make appliers declare that only the worst of the cation at once as the subject makes a lot can become the leader of a crowd." connected whole and the missing of a This original contribution to Com- single lecture will make it difficult for

By D. BENJAMIN.

haracteristic of the old branches.

Report on Activity.

meeting. Each comrade must report

on work accomplished during the past

week, after which follows assignment

fixing responsibility for definite tasks.

branch he belongs to. He is a mem-

ber of the executive committee of the

branch. He and the only other com-

rade in that particular branch saw to

it that the branch endorsed The

sent two delegates to the conference

was assigned the following tasks: to

At the next meeting the comrade

out these tasks, and with what suc

cess; so that asignments should not

merely be a matter of "New Year's

Resolutions." He was given leaflets

advertising the Bronx Workers'

Forum and leaflets for the Women's

ute them at the next meeting of his

some closet at home, or distributed

them as assigned. This comrade was

also asigned to go to the meeting of

The first comrade reported his ac-

Then came the vital part of the

section headquarters.

After the meeting was called to or- that club.

STREET NUCLEUS IN NEW YORK

onstrates that a nucleus can do valu- gate to the conference for the protec-

member to get into more intimate con- his fraternal organization also sent a

act with the work and problems of delegate. Two friends of hers were

the various comrades, it makes for induced by her to introduce the same

greater participation and activity of matter in different social organiza-

all the comrades, as compared with tions where they belong, and as a re-

1,000 leaflets on the Protection of the months. At this meeting she was in

which the comrade must report at the teachers to a progressive club of

signed are recorded in the minutes fraction was functioning. He then re-

tivity in the Workmen's Circle ered a lecture before a social and lit-

DAILY WORKER, the Freiheit, and comrade reporting. 'No task is too

for the protection of the foreign-born, whether it be putting up of signs ad-

He attended his union meeting. Thru vertising the Forum meetings in

questions by other comrades, it was stores in the neighborhood or whether

disclosed that there is not a fraction it is pushing a campaign of the party

n his locality or the district council in the unions and other mass organ-

of his union. As a result, the branch izations. Every member eligible to

decided to notify the district indus- join a union, is instructed to join; if

trial organizer of this situation so not eligible to a union, he is asked

section.

Pittsburgh to Open Classes in English and Trade Union Work

PITTSBURGH, March 14-One of the most important steps taken by the Workers (Communist) Party School in this district will be the addition of an English class, the first session to meet Tuesday, March 23, at the party office, 805 James street, N. S. Enrollments for this class should be made at

On March 24 will be started a class in the History of the World Trade This class will follow the outline laid out by the national agitprop depart-

Special class on Wednesday, March speak on the Communist International and the work among women. This is rades, men and women should attend.

Class Collaboration ments such as instincts, habits, charat Workers' Forum

ist basis for class and mass psycholo-NEW YORK, March 14-Jack Sta chel will deliver the forum lecture on School Forum, 108 E. 14th St., on state.

Sunday night, March 21. The lecture of Floyd Dell on "Lit-Sunday, March 21 at the Workers School Forum will not be given because he has already delivered the lecture to a larger audience at Manhattan Lyceum under the auspices of munist that will take the form of a the taking of the rest of the course. substituted for M. J. Olgin who was too ill to make his appearance as sched-

> SHOWS HOW TO DO PARTY WORK The week following the lecture on will speak on "Art and Revolution,"

The last meeting of International Another comrade reported. She is Watch the Saturday Magazine Branch No. 2, Sub-Section 8 A. New a housewife. That week, she was re-York City, is proof of the value of the sponsible for a women's organization week. This is a good issue to give like himself who represent the great corporate interests. York City, is proof of the value of the sponsible for a women's organization ble work for the party. The small tion of foreign-born. She reported

Social Affairs Resolutions 'EDUCATION' BILL SPLITS CONGRESS,

(Special to The Daily Worker) WASHINGTON, March 14 .- The

Education with a cabinet officer at its head has split the house committee on education and is stirring up all kinds of trouble for the leaders in Congress whose legislative program had dodged this issue.

The opposition comes principally Church, and to a lesser extent the Lutheran Church, fear that it is a first step towards the outlawing of their parochial institutions. The second source of opposition is a growing group of senators and representatives the encroachments of the central gov-

Reactionary Warns of Menace. Wadsworth, one of the ultra-reacerature and Revolution," scheduled for tionary republican senators, voices this view in an article in the March number of the Nation's Business, the official organ of the United States Chamber of Commerce. He concludes his review of the increasing tendency the Workers School where Floyd Dell for centralization with this warning: "If we continue this centralization of power and this assumption of governmental functions we shall certainly smother the ability of our people to "Class Collaboration," Louis Lozowick govern themselves in the several states and in their home communiself-government to which the senator so feelingly refers means in his mind Section for new features every their willingness to be ruled by men

MUST ATTEND HIS SUB-SECTION MEETING DURING THIS WEEK

a leading five or ten in the old large- sult two more organizations sent dele-NEW YORK, March 14.—A speaker will appear before every sub-section developed; (f) by developing a cor-meeting that will be held this week, to take up the question of joining the sized branches; and leads to empha- gates. This comrade was assigned to sis on concrete work to be done, join the Arbeiter Club and promised unions and the building up of Communist fractions. rather than oratory and the passing to get some friends to join. She will

of numerous meaningless motions so also distribute forum leaflets and Women's Day leaflets at the meeting of der and the attendance taken the Comrade No. 3 reported, tho not

Below is a list of the meetings of the sub-sections for every day of the fluences of bourgeois culture and speak about the necessity of "moral" Section 1. This group distributed 11 literature was sold to the comrades, the Parents' organization of the week. They include all except two sub-sections that will meet next week ideology. Yes, it is not all, but what support. Moral and other kinds of

Republican Catholic

Congressman Peeved

WASHINGTON, March 14.-Repre-

sentative John J. Boylan, catholic re-

against the expulsion of American

from Mexican bullets or bayonets.

Willing to Have Debs'

(Special to The Daily Worker)

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 14 .-

Representative Berger, of Wisconsin

held a conference yesterday with the

President upon the subject of the re-

storation by congressional act of

citizenship rights to Eugene V. Debs.

in accordance with the bill he has in-

Deb's conviction for violating the

ed with favor on the proposition.

Espionage act.

troduced. These rights were lost thru

Berger reported that Coolidge look

on and Underhill again delayed ac-

tion on the Fitzgerald workmen's

reported that measure from his sub-

committee to the house committee on

the District of Columbia. They talked

against time, and the bill went over

Denounce Fascisti

(Special to The Daily Worker)

passed a resolution denouncing the

fascist dictatorship and joining re-

MAPLE, Wis., March 14-The Ma-

for at least one more week.

Vote Restored to Him

Report Coolidge Is

was not strong enuf.

Over Sheffield Note

the street she lives on. This comrade has only been in the party a few months. At this meeting she was instructed to subscribe to The DAILY WORKER, and to join the Working Class Women's Council in her neighborhood. Instructed to attend the Forum and bring friends.	Sub-Section 4-B-301 W. 29th St
Comrade No. 4 reported that he	Wadnesday March 17

Wednesday, March 17.

3	Sub-Section	
1	2-A-108 E. 14th St6	p. 1
1	1-A-83 Forsythe St"	"
ı	1-A-83 Forsythe St" 3-A-108 E. 14th St"	**
į	5-A-350 E. 81st St"	"
9	10-B-1844 Pitkin Ave"	**
	11-B-1940 Benson Ave8	p.
1	(Brooklyn)	

į	Sub-Section		
ı	1-C-83 Forsythe St6	p.	m.
	2-B-66 E. 4th St"	"	**
	2-C-108 E. 14th St"	**	**
	4-A-301 W. 29 St"	11	"
	4-D-407, 4th Ave"	**	**
3	5-F-133 W. 51st St"	**	**
	6-B-350 E. 81st St"	**	**
	6-C-64 E. 104th St8		
ı	Friday, March 19.		

5-B-350 E. \$1st St. 5-C-301 W. 29th St. 6-A-64 E. 104th St. ...8 p. m Sunday, March 21.

that he might see wthether a fraction to join a fraternal organization, or Sub-Section

LOS ANGELES BUILDERS CELEBRATE AND ORGANIZE; CALL TO ALL WORKERS

LOS ANGELES, Cal.-Keeping in step with other cities where agents will be asked whether he has carried and readers of The DAILY WORKER have organized into Builders' Clubs to better aid in the distribution and correspondence to The DAILY WORKER, Los Angeles workers have fittingly chosen the date of the Paris Commune for laying the cornerstone of their definite organization.

Heretofore their activities have been co-ordinated only thru agents under the direction of Paul C. Reiss, Los Angeles DAILY WORKER city agent. Day Meeting, and was told to distrib- From now on, all active workers, Communists and sympathizers, all who Maple Co-operators have contributed their share of support thru subscription activity, donations, p. m. The class will be conducted by. Workmen's Circle Branch, and of his correspondence or even assistance in the technical office work for The DAILY mion. At the next meeting, this com- WORKER local office, will be uniting their future efforts thru the Los rade will have to report on whether Angeles DAILY WORKER Builders' Club to be definitely formed on the night he put these leaflets away safely in of March 18.

Paul C. Reiss, who heads the organization, has sent out the call to all at its annual membership meeting Los Angeles workers, calling them to the celebration of the Paris Commune and the cornerstone laying of the Builders' Club. All advance notices point

Catholics Fear Ku Klux

Opening Wedge

bill to create a federal Department of

Organizations affiliated with the National Education Association are behind the drive for its passage. The Ku Klux Klan is backing the proposition as an entering wage in its struggle against Catholic denominational schools. The Scottish Rite Masons of the South are agitating for its approval, tho the order's northern jurisdiction has taken no stand. Two Groups Oppose.

able work for the party. The small tion of foreign-born. She reported size of the nucleus—18—enables each also that her husband saw to it that

Every member of the party must attend the sub-section meeting this week. Any member having any difficulty with his unit or with being assigned to the proper unit can have matters straightened at the sub-section meeting, as there will be a representative of the district executive committee at every

3	Tuesday, Waren 10.	
ł	·Sub-Section	
ł	4-B-301 W. 29th St6	p. m.
į	7-A-535 E. 146th St"	39 39
		p. m.
į		
	10-A-1844 Pitkin Ave6	p. m.
8	10-C-310 Union Half St8	p. m.
	(Jamaica, L. I.)	
i	Night Workers-108 E. 14 St. 3	p. m.
	(in the afternoon)	

Sub-Section		
2-A-108 E. 14th St6	p. 1	n
1-A-83 Forsythe St"	"	91
3-A-108 E. 14th St"	**	91
5-A-350 E. 81st St"	33	*
10-B-1844 Pitkin Ave"	**	21
11-B-1940 Benson Ave8 (Brooklyn)		

Thursday, March 18.

Sub-Section		
1-C-83 Forsythe St6	p.	m.
2-B-66 E. 4th St"	"	**
2-C-108 E. 14th St"	22	**
4-A-301 W. 29 St"	**	"
4-D-407, 4th Ave"	**	**
5-F-133 W. 51st St"	**	"
6-B-350 E. 81st St"		
6-C-64 E. 104th St8		
Friday, March 19.		
Sub-Section		

11-A-764 S. 40th St.

could be formed there. This comrade some other mass organization, Compensation Bill WASHINGTON.(FP) .- Reps. Blan-

Builders' organizations of New York, Chicago and other cities will welcome this new group and interchange of greetings is sure to follow.

ABOUT THE SELF-CRITICISM OF **OUR EDITOR**

WE must say right here at the be- Marxist-Bolshevik principles, far in his self-criticism.

organized Communist youth. from two groups. One, the Catholic phrases, noise and exaggerations, more and who do not change their principle real fighting spirit, more contents, positions every five minutes (that more contact with the masses, more doesn't of course mean that we do not is clear that the paper must go forth his position to a correct one) who will in further improvements, in further not put their ego above all, who will attempts to become the mass organ- not try to dominate other comrades who hold that a stop must be put to izer, propagandizer and agitator of and will not make comrades who are the working youth. It is interesting not as much developed feel that they 'Class Collaboration" at the Workers ernment upon the functions of the to say here that our paper proves the correct policy of the C. E. C., namely persistently attempting to develop comrades, to develop a collective psychology and methods in the work This is important when we are speaking about the development of the American comrades, especially from the basic industries, and the necessity of converting our foreign-born league into a real American league.

WE have achieved some results in this, at least in the sense that many comrades are beginning to understand this and trying consciously to support this line. We speak also ties." The "ability of the people" for about the development of party conception among our members, which can be achieved when:

(a) We pursue the correct political line; (b) we conduct real mass work based on the correct application of Communist principles and tactics; (c) by political education, by studying the experiences of the international Communist movement and our own; (d) by the development of the sense of sacrifice and responsibility in our ranks; (e) by correct methods of ner that you feel that their "selfhelping those comrades who must be criticism; (g) by creating a strong eague apparatus and so on.

We must say right here that it is not an easy task; we have not strong party traditions; we have various optasks. The question of organizing the "strong" individuals must be masses and of the relativeship between individuals and the masses.

Boylan has not yet volunteered to enlist in the army of intervention and is reputed unwilling to take any chances of injury to his own hide speak not only about their organizational, literary and other capabilities but we consider primarily: their cor-

gining that our editor went too sacrifice for the movement and their sense of responsibility, their contact The last issue of the Young Worker with the working masses, their underwas a pretty good issue. It is true standing of the working masses, (and that the proportion of the various ma- this does not necessarily make it imterial is not always correct and it is perative that they be workers themtrue that in the last issue there was selves), their experiences in the work. not enuf political material, League ma- (organizational, mass work and so terial (such as the work of the section on) their record in the past, proof of committees, nuclei, fractions, about their activity and willingness to fight the concrete demands and so on), Ne- for the interests of the proletariat. gro work, colonial, and so on. But proof thru action and not only thru the fact is this that the paper is con- words, who work and not only talk. tinually improving and more and who show their willingness to cormore trying to become an organ of rect their mistakes and help others to the young workers, an organ of the develop in a comradely, collective manner and spirit. Comrades who Now there are in the paper less think seriously of all these matters, collective character in the paper. It welcome eyery comrade who changes are of a secondary rate, make them feel that they are stupid, who will at all times put the interests of the revolutionary struggle of the proletariat above all personal interests, and who will go from principle positions to organizational questions and not support organizational matters first and on them base principle positions.

These are very serious questions and must be considered in a serious light by everybody.

In this sense, the article of Comrade Kaplan of self-criticism is a good sign. In the history of the league, so far as we know, it is the first attempt of such nature, and this is alright. We must learn to hear criticism, (not only in a factional fight and in a factional manner) but in a spirit of being willing to correct what is incorrect, and not to take away criticism as personal insults and attacks, learn to criticize ourselves in a serious manner and teach others on the experiences of our own mistakes.

Sometimes comrades speak about their mistakes in such a light mancriticism" is only formality. Selfcontents,-this is important.

One remark more: Some comrades go far in accepting the idea of "weak" stead of attempting to develop their portunistic influences from the part of initiative, will, (and even self rehe labor movement and sometimes in- spect), energy, and so on begin to is said is enuf to stress that the support will give our organization colleague has very difficult and big lectivity." "Moral" support of work in a collective manner is very demned-because we must not only important, especially now. Among the fight with the petty bourgeoisie indibourgeoisie and the petty bourgeoisie, vidual tendencies from the side of the idea of strong individuals is wide- "strong" elements, but at the same spread and much developed. This is time give strong resistance to the publican congressman from New purely a bourgeois idea and reflects tendencies of unbelief in one's own York, is peeved because ambassador the economic structure and principles forces, a lack of confidence in oneself. Sheffield's note to Mexico protesting of capitalism. We are against such etc. We have faith in those elements bourgeois ideas. We will also fight for and we must develop them in the religious teachers from that republic the correct understanding of the league. Every league member must be an active member. Activise every Y. W. L. comrade, is our slogan!

Why Not Become a but we consider primarily: their correct political understanding, based on Worker Correspondent?

Exchange of Experiences of Concentration Groups and Shop Nuclei

A tion Group C, Section 3 of the here has again found footing. A New York League an organizer, lit- bunch of enthusiastic girls and boys elected.

on the conditions in their shops. vorkers are employed in her shop, of Meetings were to be held every three whom, the majority are piece work- weeks. rs. They are as yet unorganized. The next meeting will be held at the She expects to bring two new members into the Y. W. L. The other the afternoon at one o'clock sharp. members present reported along simi Is Again Delayed the workers are likewise unorganized, lar lines, stating that in their shop and that a need for organization exists. It was suggested that leaflets be printed and distributed in the various shops in which the comrades of Waukegan, Ill., last Saturday, under compensation bill for the District of this group are employed. Four com- the auspices of the Finnish Workers' rades were present at this meeting.

At the second meeting five comrades were present. Comrade M. rea literay club in which he is a mem- high hurdles. The Chicago Vilkas ber. Another comrade had lectured (Wide-Awake) was represented by there before at which 50 young work- four strong teams. ers were present.

Comrade S. is active in the organizational campaign of the Dressmakers' Union and her shop is now organ-

ple Farmers Co-operative Association tive in the Umbrella Makers' Union. Communist League of Sweden in gen-She sold quite a few tickets for the eral and against Bolshevization and Liebknecht meeting in the seminary formation of nuclei in particular. The which she attends. The Communist fear is expressed that Communist quest to the International Co-operative Alliance for a world conference to fraction in the school is fighting to ideas will go on permeating the workformulate measures to fight the spread have the school closed on "Lenin Me- ing class youth and the great inmorial Day "

Frederick League Stages

Comeback FREDERICK, S. D.-After a lapse T the first meeting of Concentra- of some two years the Y. W. L. branch erature agent and secretary were assembled at the Matt Niva home on Feb. 14 and organized a league of 15 All the comrades then gave reports charter members. Officers, excepting chairman, who was to be temporary, comrade C pointed out that about 150 were elected for a term of six months,

John Alatalo home on March 21, in

Labor Sports Tournament in Waukegan By CHARLES ERICKSON.

An indoor track and field tourna ment was staged at Helmholz Hall,

Sports League. At this meet prizes and trophies were awarded to winners of pole ported that he will conduct a class in vaulting, high jump, broad jump and

SOCIAL DEMOCRATS' BAITING

CAMPAIGN SWEDEN.-The "Social Democrat" (end of December) contains articles Comrade G. reported that she is ac- full of incitement against the Young fluence of nuclei is admitted.



WORKER CORRESPONDENTS BY JANUARY 13 1927



BESET SELTZER WORKERS IN N.Y.

Explosions Cripple Many for Life

By GERTRUDE PINCUS, Worker Correspondent.

NEW YORK, March 14. - The seltzer workers, altho having a unionized trade, still suffer from low wages, ensanitary conditions and the danger of various injuries, and even death confronting them while at work. The factories, situated in dark, damp and filthy cellars, where the workers perform the various operations of bottling the water.

The work is dangerous and strenuous. Explosions occur frequently. The losing of an eye or arm or getting severe cuts is a daily occurrence among the seltzer workers.

Recently a worker was injured in one of the shops and the doctor put in 160 stitches to close his wounds. The bottling in many factories is done by machinery.

A worker must turn out 125 boxes an hour; that means 1,250 bottles an

The workers are confronted with still another danger, and that is while they are polishing the bottle caps the dust enters their lungs and they contract various lung diseases.

The Seltzer Workers' Union had a bitter fight with the bosses to put protective sacks on the polishing machines, but they refused to do so. What is human life to the exploiterers? It is profits that count to them!

The Seltzer Workers' Union has a membership of about 76 members in New York City. This small membership is due to the fact that only from one to three workers are employed in a shop. The bosses will be compelled to meet the new agreement very soon, and the workers are determined to get their demands.

Textile Strikers to Receive Funds from South Bend Workers

By A Worker Correspondent

SOUTH BEND, Ind., March 14 .-The Freiheit Club, tho small in numbers here, held an entertainment which brought \$205, and this sum was divided in the following way:

To the miners on strike, \$25; The DAILY WORKER, \$25; The Icor, \$30; The Freiheit, \$75: The Technical Aid, \$25; the International Labor Defense,

The same club is taking steps to help in the textile strike. Together with the Workers' Home Club a donation of \$35.40 has been sent to the textile strikers and plans are being made for the running of another affair, the entire proceeds to go for the support of the textile strikers.

Why a worker correspondent? Why not? Is there nothing of interest happening around you? Write it up and

Pumping Patriotism Into Our Children



The Public Schools Are the Filling Stations.

NINE YEARS OLD AND

SWEEPS ALL DAY FOR

By ANGELO PETERS

(Worker Correspondent)

A little boy, nine years old, came

into the store to buy two cents

worth of candy. When he took out

his money to pay he showed me his

pay envelope of \$4.63. "I just got

I asked him, "What kind of work

"What factory do you work in?"

Springgarden street," he said.

"In a factory around here in

"How long have you been work-

"Two weeks," he answered. And

then, "Good bye. I got to go now,

my mother is waiting for me," and

And If He Doesn't Work Overtime He Can't Afford to Eat Supper.

"Sweeping," he answered.

"When, after school?"

"How about school?"

"No, sir, work all day."

paid," he said.

he was gone.

do you do?"

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., March 14

WEEKLY WAGE OF \$4.63

Vicious Exploitation of Pocket Book Workers

By GERTRUDE PINCUS, Worker Correspondent.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., March 14.-Melt zer & Sons, situated on Snediker and Dumont avenues, Brownsville, manufacturers of pocketbooks, exploit the workers in the most horrible manner. They employ only young foreign workers, who toil 60 hours a week for the starvation wages of \$8 and \$12. A worker is not allowed to talk or even lift his head from his work. When a worker goes to the toilet the

there? It is time to go out." The workshop is filthy with dirt. The shop is not organized and therefore the boss feels he is master. Young workers, don't give away

boss knocks at the door and says:

"How much longer will you stay

your youth and strength for your bosses to pile up more profits. Organize into a union!

Fight for better conditions, for shorter hours and for higher wages. "In unity there is strength."

A Capitalist Banality.

By a Worker Correspondent "Hard work is the foundation of success.'

This is a capitalist motto. How many workers are there who still can be fooled into believing it? How about the mine workers, steel workers, railroad track laborers, foundry workers, stone quarry work ers? What happens to them after they have worked hard to make more profits for their boss?

"The pen is mightier than the sword," provided you know how to use it. Come down and learn how in the worker correspondent's classes.

"Classes Versus Masses" by an author

with a very Russian name. This book

"Judges elected on merit-rot!"

As the story goes on, this parlor

rich?" To which comes the prompt

lack of freedom of opportunity for

rich and poor, tears of pity for the

ignorance of the clubman roll down

the picture of Lincoln hanging above

on the wall, and begins to relate a

story about Lincoln walking twenty

miles in a rainstorm to defend a poor

boy he knew who was accused (and

guilty) of stealing or some other seri-

Lincoln succeeded in enlisting the

pity of jurors and judge who gave the

boy a "chance" and acquitted him,

whereupon the boy turned honest, got

an honest job and became a loyal,

patriotic citizen of America and wor-

shipper of Lincoln (this of course

amidst showers of applause from the

children). Of course, the waiter turns

out to be the boy of the story; and

the lesson is-See what the golden

land of opportunity had done for him,

made him a respectable, loyal servant

The story so moves the "uplifter" that he weepingly throws the book

'Classes Versus Masses" into the fire,

gazes up at Lincoln's picture and the

American flag, and so the picture

Is American education fact or pro-

Don't waste your breath, put it on

in the Civic Club.

ends.

(From Solidarity).

paganda.

of doing human service."

phrases from the book, such as:

AMERICAN EDUCATION

the exercise. Washington, Lincoln In the discussion, the "uplifter"

of the schools. All children, from bought and paid for by the rich."

ed two purposes: (1) to prove that the working class."

The name of the picture was rich. The poor have no equal rights

By a Teacher Correspondent

week" was celebrated a few weeks

ago in the schools of New York City.

At a certain hour on a certain day,

the city were repeating a "patriots'

children repeated the words after the

eacher. Every teacher was instructed

schools, as per detailed instructions.

there are no "classes" in America be-

complaining, contented workers.

NOTHAVETOWORK

As an incident in the celebration, a

in Brooklyn Shop IMPERSON

Security League Agent Pulls New Stunt

By a Worker Correspondent.

STAMFORD, Conn., March 14.-The officers' reserve of this city pulled off by the special message of Governor an unusual anti-red stunt when they invited J. Robert O'Brien, field representative of the National Security League, here for a talk. O'Brien has taken the cognomen of "Soap Box Jack" and is one of the most active agents of this Morgan outfit.

Altho extensively advertised there were just 37 present. Most of them were local business men. legionnaires, and militia officers. They were all well-dressed and in ordinary business clothes with the exception of one man dressed in a gray flannel shirt, with a bright red tie. This man went out of the room with several others and re-entered a few moments later, taking his seat in the rear.

The chairman opened the meeting with a brief statement of its purpose and had just explained that the speaker would be a little late, as he had to motor over from New York or resolution. City, when this individual in the back part of the hall jumped up. He asked the chairman if it would not be more effective to show the gathering the reason back of the radical literature which the chairman complained was being distributed about the city. The presiding officer granted him the floor,

Gives Communist Talk. Walking to the front he introduced nimself as Wm. Z. Foster of the Workers Party. He made a regular Communist talk, praising the Passaic strikers, and declared in a rebellious voice that he was "glad to see that the workers in Russia, one-sixth of the earth's surface, have destroyed club is portrayed as a "noble civic their masters and are breathing the NEW YORK, March 14 - "Patriots organization for humanitarian work." free air of liberty. They are their own A discussion is going on about a new- masters, working to build their own ly elected judge, risen from the slums, industries for themselves and their and elected to office on merit. One children, and the same will be done all the children of all the schools in man disagrees—he is an "uplifter," a here in capitalist America. The worksocial reformer, who is shown as an ers will overthrow your capitalist pledge," which had been previously idler living on an inherited fortune. form of government and replace it nemorized. In the lower grades, the He gets his ideas from 'books like with a workers' Soviet government!'

Introduces Himself. I was amazed at the whole proceed to explain the patriotic meaning of plays an important part in the story. ing, for I had seen and heard Wm. Z Foster and this was not, of course Jefferson were eulogized in all the argues against the rest by repeating him. My bewilderment was solved a moment later when the speaker threw off his wig, removed his glasses and a moving picture was shown in many "The government and the courts are part of the flannel shirt collar and red necktie which covered the white 1-A to 8-B, who could bring 10c, saw "The working class will never have collar beneath. You may imagine the "I don't go to school?" he answer- patriotic exercise for Lincoln's birth- they overthrow the government of the plutocrats present.

Anti-Red Tirade.

"The Land of Opportunity." It serv- here. They are born and they die in O'Brien then explained he had adopted this ruse to make them Appoint Trotsky to realize what kind of propaganda the cause all have equal opportunity to radical who sits in fine clubs and dis- Communists are carrying on. He then rise, (2) to teach the children of the cusses "classes versus masses," is indulged in a tirade against the reds working class to be servile, loyal, un- left alone with a waiter, an old loyal In reply to questions he stated the employe of the club. He converses United States would not recognize the The film opens with a scene in the with him, "Wouldn't you rather be a Soviet Union because it would give Civic Club of New York City; the guest here, than a servant of the the Bolsheviks a chance to establish propaganda centers. He admitted the reply, "If I were a guest, I should huge Russian purchases in this counenvy the waiter, who has the privilege try but warned that they were made without American government protec. executive body in Russia. He retains When the clubman argues about tion to the American contractor,

Wants Cannon Fodder. Following the talk, Col. Schoffler, ecruiting officer for the citizens' milthe waiter's cheeks; and he points to itary training camps and the officers' reserve for the city, delivered a brief address, explaining the purposes of those organizations and requesting the co-operation of his thirty-seven hearers in getting new cannon fodder.

EDITORIAL COMMITTEE ON NEW MAGAZINE WILL REPORT AT CLASS TONIGHT

The Chicago Workers Correspondents class meets tonight at 8 p. m. in the editorial room of The DAILY WORKER. The editorial committee of the "American Worker Correspondent" will meet at 7 p. m. and will have a report to make to the class.

The New York Workers Correspondents class meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. at the Workers School, 108 East 14th street.

The Chicago worker correspondents of the Novy Mir meet next Wednesday, March 17, at 8 p. m., at 1902 W. Division St.

This Week's Prizes!

First Prize-An original DAILY WORKER cartoon by one of the noted American Communist artists, Robert Minor, Fred Ellis or Lydia

Second Prize-"Social Forces In American History" by A. M. Simons. New edition just issued by International Publishers. This book gives the best economic interpretation of the origin and growth

Third Prize-"Lincoln, Labor and Slavery," by Herman Schlueter, the only book on Lincoln from a revolutionary standpoint.

Resolution Blocks Action Until Next Year

(Special to The Daily Worker)

ALBANY, N. Y., March 14.-After heated debate the state assembly adopted the Knight resolution providing for an official investigation of the 200 labor bills pending in the upper house. This action will delay further consideration of the more important of these proposals until next year. The matter was brought to a head

Al Smith urging favorable action on the labor measures. Inasmuch as the resolution appropriated \$25,000,000 for the investigation it required 76 votes for its adoption. Knight, who is the republican senatorial leader, had behind him practically his entire party. Only eleven republican assemblymen, including Shonk, of Westchester, co author of a bill for a 48-hour week for women and minors in industry, voted with the democratic opposition. Several other republicans slipped out of their seats just before the roll was taken so as to avoid committing them-

The democrats solidly supported the governor in voting against the resolution. Speaker McGinnies, a republican, cast the deciding vote. This is the first time in the present session that he has been recorded on any bill

Republicans Repudiate Pledge.

In the discussion Assemblyman Shonk pointed out that the republican state platform of 1924 had included a pledge of the 48-hour week. Assem blyman Bloch, the democratic leader charged the Knight resolution was to stall action on the 48-hour bill. "The republican party," he exclaimed, "pro ects the telephone company from an investigation just as it protects other orporate interests, but when there is chance to pass a bill that will be beneficial to the women and children of the state it provides for an investigation so that the measure cannot

Democrats Playing Politics.

The republicans declared that the tics in their support of the labor measures at this particular time. They cannot be turned backwards. ointed out that the governor was eeking to lay the basis for his campaign for the democratic nomination Workers' Progressive League of playing for the labor vote," one of working class housewives, women the republican assemblymen stated. workers in industry and the trade 'He expects the support of the New unions to fight the trust. York State Federation of Labor and the labor councils of New York City organization of the league composed in his fight for the presidency."

State Federation Warning. Knight resolution were adopted.

Highest Technical Position in Russia

(Special to The Daily Worker) MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., March 14-Leon Trotzky has been appointed chairman of the scientific and techni. Women Workers' Progressive League cal collegium of the Supreme Eeco. of Cleveland will conduct an educanomic Council, the highest technical his other posts as chairman of the the necessity of trade union organizaconcessions committee and head of tion the committee for improvement of Russian products.

Professor Joffe of the Russian Academy of Sciences, who is now in America, was appointed as associate member of the scientific and technical collegium.

U. S. Labor Heads Meet

MEXICO CITY, March 14. - The Mexican workers have had a fine chance to compare their labor skates with those of the United States in bor defender and legislator, is apthe attendance here at the seventh annual convention of the Mexican tempt of court sustained by the Philaconfederation of labor of Wm. Taber, delphia federal court. Attorneys A. a high official of the street carmen's F. Berle, Jr., and David Wallerstein union from Chicago, and others of his kind. They have been the guests States supreme court. of Luis Morones, generally referred to by the progressive workers here, as Philadelphia appeals court on two senhe "Gompers" of Mexico.

cian, in his capacity of minister of la- reversed the libel sentence, but upbor arranged for them to call on the held the one for contempt. Judge president. Calles explained the en- George Washington Williams, district tire Mexican governmental program to the Americans, particularly the Francis without jury trial to a month matters involved in the present ne- for libeling a native policeman. The otiations with the United States.

eted at a grand banquet given in Emancipator, charging that he had their honor by the Mexican Federa- been railroaded in the libel case. tion. Labor leaders attended from Francis opposed the appointment of all parts of the country.

Marshall to Take the Stand. PHILADELPHIA, Pa., March 14 .-

Your Union Meeting

Third Monday, March 15, 1925.

Third Monday, March 15, 1925.

Name of Local and Place of Meeting.

89 Bartenders, 123 N. Clark St., 8:30 P. M.

1 Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, 910 W. Monroe St.

94 Boot and Shoe, 1939 Milwaukee Av Butchers, Hebrew, 3420 W. Roosevelt Rd.

638 Butchers, Bohemian, 1870 Blue Island Ave.

17742 Cleaners & Dyers, 113 S. Ashland dlove Workers, 1710 N. Winches'r (307 Carpenters, 1850 Sherman Ave. Evanston.

2505 Carpenters, 180 W. Washington St Cap Makers, 4003 Roosevelt Rd.

70 Carpenters, 2705 W. 38th St.

80 Carpenters, 2705 W. 38th St.

81 Carpenters, 2040 W. North Ave.

199 Carpenters, S. C., 1438 W. 18th St.

199 Carpenters, S. C. 9139 Commercial
Ave.
416 Carpenters, S. C., 1438 W. 18th St.
419 Garpenters, S. C., 1457 Clybourn
448 Carpenters, S. C., 1457 Clybourn
448 Carpenters, 222 N. West St., Waukegan.
1367 Carpenters, 2040 W. North Ave.
146 Cigar Makers Executive Board,
166 W. Washington St., 7:30 p. m.
152 Electricians. 119 S. Throop St.
1534 Engineers (Locomotive) 7832 S.
154 Union Ave., 7:30 p. m.
155 Engineers, 4643 S. Halsted Street
156 Engineers, 181 S. Ashland Ave.
156 Engineers, 180 W. Washington St.
156 Firemen and Enginemen, 2431
157 Roosevelt Rd., 9:30 a. m. Last
158 Engineers, 180 W. Washington
158 Firemen and Enginemen, 64th and
158 Ashland Ave.
158 Glove Operators, 1710 N. Winches159 ter Ave.
150 Hod Carriers, 814 W. Harrison St.

ter Ave.
76 Hod Carriers, 814 W. Harrison St.
59 Ladies' Garment, 328 W. Van
Burer St.
74 Lathers, 725 S. Western Ave.
374 Longshoremen, Tug, 355 N. Clark
265 Maclinists, 75th St. and Dobson 337 Machinists, 1638 N. Halsted St. 378 Maintenarce of Way, 1543 W. 103d

Street 723 Maintenar te of Way, 202 W. 47th Maintena te of Way, 202 W. 47th Street
Painters, 15 W. Washington St. Plumbers, 935 N. Cicero Ave. Painters, 3316 W. North Ave. Painters, 19 W. Adams St. Painters, Mailson and 5th Ave. Painters, 2432 S. Kedzie Ave. Railway Clerks, 159 N. State St. Sheet Metal Workers, 1633 N. Haisted St.

Halsted St.
Sailors' Union of Great Lakes, 355
N. Clark Street
Tailors, 180 W. Washington St.,

7:30 p. m.
721 Teamsters, 11526 Michigan Ave.
758 Teamsters, 220 S. Ashland Bivd.; 3 p. m.
772 Teamsters, 220 S. Ashland Blvd.
Vota Unless otherwise stated all (Note-Unless otherwise eetings are at 8 p. m.)

Cleveland Women Organize to Fight the Bread Trust

CLEVELAND, March 14 .- The formation of the two billion dollar bread trust has aroused the women of Cleveland to form a league to fight the rust. The aim of the league is not to carry on a trust-busting campaign such as Roosevelt and LaFollette did. emocrats were merely playing poli- The women workers of Cleveland ecognize that the wheels of industry

A group of women has taken the nitiative and formed the Women or president in 1928. "Al Smith is Cleveland, and intends to line up the

The tentative program calls for the of groups of housewives and women in industry. Together with the unions With his message the governor en. of the food industry, a campaign to closed a letter he had received from get the women into the trade unions the State Federation of Labor point- will be started. There were 568,734 the movie, which was intended as a poportunity and democracy here until sigh of relief which came from the patriotic exercise for Lincoln's birth-they overthrow the government of the plutocrats present. an average wage of \$1,169 a year. The value of the product that each worker turned out was \$13,802, or 1,180 per cent of the worker's wage. In Ohio the condition is far worse.

In 1923 there were 40,933 workers in the food industry, their average wage being \$885.20 a year. Many of these workers receive less than \$5 a week, 7,000 less than \$15 a week. The workers must be organized-and the tional campaign among the women workers to make them understand

The Women Workers' Progressive League of Cleveland will hold a conference April 9 and a mass meeting on April 10. The provisional executive committee consists of S. Mazeik. M. Paul, T. Fody, E. Schweitzer, H. Shatz, A. Morgan, H. Elmos, S. Holzman, with Sadie Van Veen as secretary of the league.

President of Mexico Virgin Islands Editor Appeals His Sentence

NEW YORK, March 14. - Rothschild Francis, Virgin Island editor, lapealing his 30-day sentence for conare carrying the case to the United

Berle defended Francis before the tences, one for criminal libel and Morones, who is also a big politione for contempt of court. The court judge of the Virgin Islands, sentenced contempt case came after Francis The American delegates were then wrote an editorial in his paper, The Williams as judge.

Bandits Invade Hotel.

CHICAGO HEIGHTS, III., March 14 David L. Marshall, chiropractor, who -Three men and two women drove is alleged to have confessed to throt- up to the Thomas Hotel here just beling and dismembering the body of fore dawn today, kidnapped the clerk, Anny May Dietrich, will take the wit- a bellboy and the manager of the ness stand in his own defense some cigar stand and robbed the cash registime during his murder trial, Abra- ter of \$400. The captives were driven ham Wernick, Marshall's counsel de- five miles into the country and thrown

OVERTIME. NOUCOMEHOMERER SUPPERTA

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The "Final" Award on Mosul

While waiting for the storm of the French cabinet crisis to pass in person. over and afraid to move on the question of the entrance into its | Comrade Dunne (American) pointed council of other nations besides Germany, the league of nations put to the necessity for the telegram the seal of approval on the British claims regarding Mosul oil.

Last December the council granted England a 25-year extension mittee of the Communist Party of of its mandate over Irak (formerly Mesopotamia) and used the Great Britain and stressed the fact also comparatively stabilized. Neverworld court to cloak with the mantle of legality the steal of the that as the contradictions between Mosul oil region which is in reality a part of the Angora republic. British and American imperialisms On last Thursday the league council made the "final" award of Mosul to Irak, which means to Great Britain.

This award, coming at this time, is particularly provocative of was decided upon unanimously. thought. At the same time the "final" award was being made, COMRADE ZINOVIEV commenced another group of agents of the league was scrutinizing the American reservations of the United States senate on the proposition of adherence to the world court. One of the reservations stipulates that ed applause the council of the league of nations may not ask the world court for an advisory opinion regarding a case involving the United States opening of the democratic-pacifist pe without the consent of the government at Washington. If that reservation is accepted it will establish a precedent that is contrary bilization." The slogan for the presto the method applied in dealing with the Mosul question. Turkey ent period must be "the stabilization contended that the league had no right to refer a matter involving is commencing to tremble!" Neverits sovereignty to the court without the consent of the Angora government, but the league council and the permanent court of inter- no false conclusions. I will take the national justice proceeded to act against Turkey in spite of its ob- following words of Lenin as to the jections.

Of course, the United States within the league or the court will perhaps even the only danger for a not be in the same defenseless condition that Turkey occupies. This tion and exaggeration of the revolugovernment enters the court with the idea of controlling it for the tion, the failure to observe the bounpurpose of forwarding the interests of Wall Street's imperialist pol. daries and the conditions for the apicy. By controlling the court it will direct all decisions. Further-plication of revolutionary methods more, since Morgan controls the United States government, there is only fail when they lose their calm no fear of any conflict between Washington and the world court on and begin to see the 'great world imperialist policy. In case Wall Street should, by any chance, not revolution' everywhere. succeed in dominating the world court it has the power to flaunt its decisions.

Such a trifling matter as logical inconsistency in relation to the two perspectives had no relation to attempted to interpret it as the we demands of Turkey and the United States will never disconcert the the revolution itself; they related had given up the perspectives of the learned judges of the world court. They may appear inconsistent to superficial observers, but they are consistent in the broad aspect of always serving the interests of the imperialist power that hap lutionaries, we know that the prolepens to dominate the league and the court. And, after all, legal tarian dictatorship is a matter of our recognize that a certain partial and on their loans and in the growth of crisis. For this reason the Commun- not known whether he was "turning formulas under capitalism are all merely consistent flunkeyism to own time. The first perspective as temporary stabilization had taken the powers that be, regardless of whether they appear to be "logical" victory of the revolution on a world The differences between Karl Kautsky or otherwise.

As to the claim that the Mosul decision is "final," we are inclined to view that as a slight exaggeration and a display of inability to consider the course of history. Long before the 25-year mandate of Britain has expired the minions of imperialism will be ex- that this is eclecticism, and proves a fact that the social-democrats do not pelled from Asia before the uprising of the colonials, and the league lack of firm policy, is incorrect. It see a temporary, provisional and reland the world court of imperialist nations will fall before the world league of the class conscious proletariat—the Communist International.

What Was Eradicated in Haiti

In the report just made public of Brigadier General John H Russell, the American high commissioner in Haiti, who is the tinselled representative in the unfortunate island of Haiti of the National City Bank of New York, there is contained the classic expression of all true imperialists who point with modest pride to the manner in which they have born the "white man's burden."

"The intensive sanitary campaign carried on in Port-au-Prince has practically eradicated the anopheles or malaria-carrying mosquito from that city." Those are the words of the report. They are part of the justification for the maintenance, even at this time, of a thousand American soldiers on the island.

But the pesky mosquito is not the only thing which the American soldiers eradicated in Haiti. First they eradicated the independence of the republic. Then they eradicated about 3,000 Haitian natives who had the courage to fight for their freedom. They then eradicated any real semblance of liberty for the native government. Then, to make sure, they eradicated every honest Haitian official and public leader, and instituted the rule of a set of miserable Haitian prostitutes who are ready to sign the death warrant of their own people for the thirty pieces of silver.

The Union Patriotique of Haiti, which is still fighting for Haitian independence from the talons of American bankers, will do no more for its people and for their freedom than they are now accomplishing. Sympathetic reviews in the liberal sheets of the country and petitions presented to the senate will gain them no more independence than the tears of a slave. The country is theirs. The only thing they can gain from the United States is a lesson: American independence was gained only after the thirteen colonies stopped writing petitions and marched on Concord. No one ever earned freedom while lying on his back.

We do not in the least exaggerate when we call even the American brand of socialists the agents of the bourgeoisie. The degrading activities of the Jewish Daily Forward in attempting to stab in the back the strikes of the fur and garment workers is on a par with the murder of the Spartacans by the German Noskes which earned then the hateful brand of Cain. Messrs. Hillquit, Cahan, Berger and €o are rapidly overtaking their soulmates in Germany, Hungary and Italy. Will Debs be eternally silent?

One of the differences between a capitalist dictatorship and a working class dictatorship is that the former has to go the wildes and most brutal extremes in suppressing its opposition. The opposition to a capitalist dictatorship is manifold the opposition to working class dictatorship like Russia's because the former is conposed of the millions of worker's while the latter is composed of th handful of ousted bosses.

When the "wet and dry" issue came before the senate Wednesday, "the boys" had a question before them that they were fully acquainted with from first hand knowledge

WORKER ZINOVIEV SPEAKS ON WORLD SITUATION Stabilization Begins to Tremble

(International Press Correspondence) MOSCOW, Feb. 20 (By Mail) .- The econd session of the enlarged executive of the Communist International was opened today under the chairmanship of Comrade Geschke.

Apart from the commissions elected in the opening session, the following ommissions were unanimously elected: A German commission consisting of Stalin as chairman, Kusinen as secretary, and two representatives of each of the larger parties and one representative of each of the remaining parties; a Japanese commission with Brown (England) as chairman an American comrade as secretary, a representative from each section and a number of comrades from the East

which is to be despatched to the imprisoned members of the central comtween the American and English comrades. The sending of the telegram

his report upon the activity of the Executive Committee of the Communist International amidst protract

The Fifth Congress pointed to the riod and the last enlarged executive sessions introduced the slogan "statheless, it is our duty not to oversuccessfully. Real revolutionaries

Since the Third Congress, and particularly since the Fifth, we have than the social the way that it would take. We are of the proletariat. and we will remain proletarian revotion. In the question of the route of period, perhaps for centuries.

"The stabilization is beginning to tremble!" This is the slogan of the present period. The relative and partial stabilization of capitalism which was declared to exist by the last enlarged executive sessions of the Communist International was immediately seized upon by the bourgeois penmen and the social-democratic liars and perverted so as to seem that the Communist International had admitted that there could no longer be a revolution and that capitalism had succeeded in stabilizing itself. The events which have taken place since then have proved that the analysis of the Communist International concerning the relativeness and partialness of the stabilization was correct. The report on the work of the Comintern and its next tasks, just given by Comrade Zinoviev, its chairman, at the sessions of the Comintern now taking place, outlines this development and is given here in its essence.

stabilization in Germany had gone so talism was certain for hundreds of far that we neglected the maturity years. of the revolutionary conditions in Germany. Capitalism in the Balkans is ties in the Balkans must not be neglected. Then there are the events in China. We must be prepared for all eventualities.

WE cannot give up our double reckoning even now. We must still allow two possibilities for the tempo

and the course of the revolution. We must become ever more and nore not merely a European International, but a world International.

The speaker then flung scorn upon the proposal of G. P. Cramp (British Railroad Union) to divide the working and an Asiatic International under the respective leaderships of Amsterdam, the American Federation of Labor and estimate this trembling and to make Moscow. Such a proposal showed not only the naivete of the reformist leader, but it also represented the hopes of the bourgeoisie. We do not want an Asiatic International, but a world International, and in harmony with the Russian revolution and its leaders we are upon the best road to become one. Many bourgeois understand better than Cramp that we must either conquer the world or the bourgeois will make an attempt to defeat us in our own stronghold.

WE had hardly mentioned the word "stabilization" here last year democracy had worked with two perspectives. These snatched it up with cries of joy and only to the tempo of its coming and world revolution and the dictatorship

We did not do that, for one moment, we were only sensible enough to sumes a quick development, with the place in the camp of the bourgeoisie. cale within a few years. The second and Otto Bauer on the one hand and perspective reckons with a slower de- ourselves on the other is not that we elopment. To reckon with two pos- deny a certain stabilization of capiibilities like this is uncomfortable, talism, for we are strong enough to but it is necessary. The accusation work without any illusions, but in the s not eclecticism, it comes dialecti- ative stabilization, but a new epoch. cally from the given historical situa- a capitalist renaissance for a long

the revolution, in the past we relied Otto Bauer did not say this in perhaps too much upon Central Eu-scientific analysis, but they say this from a long wearying, and ever sharp rope. After the last session of the in their daily politics. Thus, in the enlarged executive we looked too "Pravo Lido," issued in Prague, it nuch towards England. In 1925 the was said that the existence of capi-

Hurray for the Flag!

of their jokes.

According to the "Vorwaerts," Locarno meant a 100 per cent and for the Austrian a 50 per cent realization theless, the revolutionary possibili- of socialist principles. The difference between us is that we diagnose the complaint of capitalism, whereas they declare that capitalism is being reborn for a whole epoch.

> TN the question of the stabilization I it is important to compare the present situation. In comparison with 1913, no country with the exception of America has reached this level, altho France is experiencing now the crisis a number of countries are close to it. Added to this, the population has grown, and in normal times the productive forces grow in the same tempo. In comparison with 1920 which was the worst and most difficult year for capitalism, a slight and weak stabilization is to be observed.

Nevertheless, the present balance of capitalism is the following: five million unemployed, with chronic unemployment in England and now also in Germany. One million soldiers in Europe in excess of prewar time. Lower wages in most countries in com parison with peace time.

This stabilization was obtained the peasantry. nostly at the cost of the working classes and also with the assistance of 'American aid." There are various methods of bourgeois stabilization The German method is the so-called "rationalization," the English use the method of deflation, the French use he method of inflation, but all of them are carried thru at the cost of the workers. The English conservatives have artificially increased the num; pers of the unemployed. The French nethods at the moment hit chiefly the petty bourgeoisie. The American method consists in the high interest the tax avalanche.

We are therefore justified in saying. that the stabilization partly strengthens the bourgeoisie, but that it is carried thru by such means that eventually it must result in a revolutionization of the situation.

Since the last session of the enlarged executive the English stabilization suffered a decline, despite the small improvement shown during the last few months. The new factor in the situation is that one of the vicening crisis. A year ago in Germany nevertheless a serious crisis and se vere unemployment has set in. And one must remember that the effects of the Dawes plan are only beginning to show themselves in their first stages. Even the bourgeois economist Keynes sees that the crises, not only in Germany, but also in England are only to be solved by a political storm. The complete collapse of the stabilization of Poland is of first rate importance. because it stands in the middle of British, American and French influence. The events of the Orient prove still more the doubtful nature of the stabilization.

JUST as in the time before the war the antagonism between England and Germany was the most important factor in the world, so today the most important factor is the antagonism between England and America. Nevertheless, this question must not be treated too simply. The superior advantage of America must not be exaggerated, particularly as the population of Europe is three times that of America, and that the population of Europe includes 100 million proletarians. On the other hand however, this antagonism must not be underestimated. The export of capital is very large. Sixty per cent of the total gold supplies are to be found today in America, and apart from this. Europe is completely in debt to America. America is already beginning to dare to couple its loans, for instance in Belgium, with political conditions.

In England the situation is quite different. It has lost its privileged situation, despite the recent small betterments, this is an accomplished fact. Naturally, we must not count upon the revolution in England in a few months. But the earlier and unclear line of development has become clearer. And in this situation the English conservative government harbors a war plan against Soviet Russia the backbone of the native bour to call an imperial conference of all altho it is expecting a conflict in its geoisie, they demanded an independ- dominions next June. But this imown country with the miners.

WE must recognize the basic difhe cheap and tawdry patriotism of the American theater where ference in the situation of the he flag, the dollar, the church are idealized and labor is the butt English and American workers. The development inside the working

in the direction of the revolution. In America for the present in the direction of the reaction. This is documented in an almost Leninist fashion by the resolution passed at the convention of the American Federation of Labor against the recognition of Soviet Russia and for the open struggle against the revolu-

America has become the land of American Federation of Labor is not we must study this ideology.

FRANCE as a victorious country is experiencing a crisis which is not tense. only financial, but also economic, social and political. It would however be an exaggeration to thing that the Moroccan war into a civil war!", 'Fascism or Communism!" were infavorable for the political hegemony itical struggle. The struggle is proceeding between the big bourgeoisie on the one hand and the petty bourand. In this situation the Commun-

ated by the big bourgeoisie. The left block capitulated continually before the big bourgeoisie, which wishes to perpetuate the inflation still for some time. When the inflation policy is begin. This crisis will probably not

ers in order to make them into agitators and organizers of Communism in their own countries when they return. The finance crisis has already produced a classical crisis of the petty bourgeois parties, and the Communist Party of France must utilize this situation.

The French bourgeoisie has no other way out than of sharpening the crisis and the French working class promise for the reformists, the meth- government will soon become a radiods of America are being transported cal working class movement, and a to Europe and a beginning is being good second to England. The French made with workers' banks, Fordism workers have no great organizational in the struggle against Marxism. The traditions, they have however a tradition of great revolutionary struggles. merely an aristocracy of labor, but as As Lenin said, they are able to mount comrade Pepper rightly says, an the barricades without noticing it aristocracy within an aristocracy of themselves. It is absolutely imperlabor. The German trade union leader missible that only 10 per cent of the Parnov and the "pot-bellies" of the French working class is organized in American Federation of Labor are of the trade unions, this must be altered. the opinion that Bolshevism is only a TT would be a damaging exaggeration religion for hungry and desperate I to say that Germany was going

people. In America we shall probably thru the year 1923 once again, there experience a bloom of this ideology of is no immediate revolutionary situaaristocracy. If we want to know the tion in Germany, and for this reason essence of the social-democracy, then we must not make the slightest concessions to the ultra-lefts. On the other hand it is true that since March 1925 the situation has become more

Even if the affair with the league of nations upon the field of external policy goes well, even if the parliamentary crisis is overcome, something which Germany went thru in 1923, which does not appear probable, even and for this reason the slogans "Turn if the economic crisis is overcome, something which is not out of the question, there will still be left a milcorrect. The situation is however lion and a half dollars permanently unemployed. We may not overestimate of the proletariat in the present pol- the situation in Germany. An improvement in the situation of the bourgeoisie is possible. We must not forget that America is prepared to intergeoisie and the peasantry on the other fere again and again in order to save the German bourgeoisie, that is to say ist Party of France should be able the American capital which is innot only to take over the leadership vested in Germany. Interference on of the proletariat, but also of large the part of America means "stabilizasections of the petty bourgeoisie and tion" at the same time however it means revolutionization. In Germany In France we are able to observe a therefore we may say that the situaclassical example of the bankruptcy tion is more tense, but that there is of petty bourgeois parties. Such no immediate revolutionary situation, parties must always be finally domin- and with this we must reckon soberly.

(Continued in next issue)

American Protestant Injured.

TOLUCA, Mexico, March 14.abandoned, then the real crisis will Charles Lee Neal, an American Pro testant minister at Tlacotepec, a vil bring unemployment immediately with lage in the state of Mexico, was seriit, for there are two million foreign ously injured in a riot there. The workers in France who would be angry crowd assaulted him. The driven away upon the advent of the preacher was hit by a stone. It is ist Party of France must work ener- the other cheek" when he was struck

NOTES OF AN INTERNATIONALIST.

The British Dominions Against Locarno

By JOHN PEPPER.

Locarno Great Britain has succeeded,

British ruling class are likewise binding upon the dominions, upon the population of Canada, Australia, Ireland, South Africa, and India. At least this during the war. But in the post-war minions. They are no longer content the German). to remain vassals of the British bourgeoisie in their foreign policy. Sevbecomes the principal source of credit antagonisms.

THE outstanding success of British for the British dominions, thereby eximperialism's foreign policy dur- ercising, like the magnetic mountain torious powers, France is suffering ing the past year was Locarno. Thru of folk-lore, an irresistible attraction upon the domin

Already in the beginning of 1925 first in forcing Germany into the anti- at the first important step of British Soviet bloc, secondly in breaking up foreign policy, the adoption of the the continental hegemony of France, Ghent Protocol, the dominions dethirdly in bringing into being a Euro- clined to co-operate. The British govpean bloc against the evermore pre-ernment wanted to call a general imdominating American imperialism. perial conference but the dominion Chamberlain, the British minister governments declined the invitation for foreign affairs, was hadled as a because they feared that some sort of hero in Great Britain for the Locarno obligation bound up with new wars success. As the most successful might result for them as the result of agent of British imperialism he was the conference. The chief organ of showered with the highest decorations the British empire. The Times, at that and distinction. Yet hardly a few time wrote a whole series of articles weeks pass before there already de- on this gravest danger to the Britsh velops the first rift in this so artificial empire. It said: "Britain's most imstructure of Locarno. The extremely portant problem in the post-war important news is now reported from period is the question of how the six London that the British dominions are autonomous sections of Great Britain, expressing their opposition to Lo- which in their entirity constitute the real imperial power, can be drawn to-Dominion policy is the Achilles' gether into a uniform policy against heel, the most vulnerable point in the the dangers menacing the empire. We whole foreign policy of the British em- are confronted here with a problem of pire. The British government and the most extreme significance because it British parliament conduct foreign involves the very existence of the empolicies but all diplomatic steps of the pire. If these six units of the British empire cannot come to an understanding as to foreign policy then their transformation into mutually independent states becomes inevitably a was the case before the war and also question of the times. They cannot solve this question in any other way years there began slowly, and in than to answer: either we must recent years ever more rapidly, the recognize the need for a uniform forcrystallization of an entirely new at eign policy or else the empire must titude on the part of the British do-fall to pieces." (Retranslated from

The Times is right. The question really is that either the British boureral causes have contributed in bring- geoisie be successful in conducting ing about this new policy. First: dur- a uniform world policy for the empire ing the war the dominions had to or else the British empire falls to make very large sacrifices in men pieces. The events of foreign policy and money for British imperialism, show evermore clearly however that For this reason they are wary of new the dominions no longer tolerate the war-like entanglements. Secondly, a British "uniform" world policy, or new big industry was cultivated dur- in other words the imperialist policy ing the war in all important domin- which is contrary also to their interions which extraordinarily stiffened ests. The British government intends ent tariff and diplomatic policy. Third: perial conference can help very little, the mighty American imperialism has it will not create the unity of the broken the finance monopoly of Brit- British empire but will bring to even iss imperialism and more and more more crass expression the existing

66 TUST as in the time before the war antagonism between England and Germany was the most important factor in the world, so today the most important factor is the antagonism between England and America."—ZINOVIEV.