

League Sends Invitation to Disarm Meet

(Special to The Daily Worker) GENEVA, March 22-The United States, Russia, Germany and Japan have been elected by the league of nations council, as members of a mixed commission to consider disarmament, it was announced today.

Sir Eric Drummond, secretary of the league, has addressed a letter to the Soviet government announcing its election altho there is no assurance that Russia will attend the conference which has been summoned to meet May 18.

* * * Houghton Stirs Things Up.

WASHINGTON, March 22 - The furore over Ambassador Houghton's reported pessimistic statements to the president concerning the state of affairs in Europe continues to draw fire eral organizations are co-operating in both in Europe and here in the senate. Senator Pat Harrison, democrat of Mississippi, threw the senate into an

uproar by delivering a speech demanding the recall of Houghton, who, he beth Gurley Flynn, Ben Gold, I. A. charged, had been used by the Coolidge administration to "throw a Shiplacoff, Robert Dunn, Forrest monkey wrench into the machinery Bailey, William Weinstone, Arturo of the league of nations." Other dem. Giovannitti, and Joseph Brodsky. ocrats, particularly Swanson and Glass of Virginia, joined in the criti- Central Opera House, 205 East 67th ipates Ambassador Berenger will cism

Senator Borah thereupon come to 107th street and Park avenue. his rescue. "Ambassador Houghton told the truth as he saw it," the senator declared. He added that he wished Liberties Union in co-operation with "the whole American people could again.

Bipartisan Alliance Splitting.

The indications are that the bi- era Union (Joint Board), Amalgapartisan alliance behind Coolidge is mated Food Workers, International breaking apart thru the pressure of Workers Aid, United Workers Co-opconflicting political ambitions and the erative Association, Italian Chamber noon presented to the finance commisrevelation of how badly split the Eu- of Labor, Emer Strikers Relief.

Post, Press and Sun. The mails have been tied up on all the big dailies. The union called the strike for better conditions and recogni-

GAS MASKS A

support the demands of the textile

strikers. Over a dozen labor and lib-

Albert Weisbord, Passaic strike

street, and at the New Star Casino,

The united front meetings have

STRIKERS

holding the meetings.

tion.

NEW

Tax in Program

(Special to The Dally Worker) PARIS, March 22 .- With the franc at low ebb, France restarted the bat-

tle for financial stabilization today. Finance Minister Peret laid his proposed financial project before the cabinet and it was unanimously approved. It will go to the chamber of deputies this afternoon.

The new attempt to balance the budget opens the way for patriotic action by wealthy Frenchmen to come YORK. March 22-Passaic strikers in gas helmets will attend the united front mass meetings which project authorizes the government to will be held in New York Wednesday accept all voluntary contributions for evening, March 24, to protest the the amortization of short term debts.

M. Peret, undaunted by the experience of his predecessors, also proposes a two per cent sales tax, an increase over the present tax. It was leader, will address both meetings. M. Doumer which contributed largely the increased sales tax proposed by Among the other speakers will be to his defeat and the downfall of the Norman Thomas, Ben Gitlow, Eliza- last cabinet.

The budget makes no specific provision for the payment of the debt to the United States, but Finance Min-The meetings will be held at the ister Peret explained that he anticshortly be able to report progress in the debt negotiations.

A Gamble.

been called by the American Civil The fate of the program in the chamber is a gamble. Technically, Workers (Communist) Party, the Briand has no majority. If he is able know actual conditions in Europe League for Industrial Democracy, In- to drive the program to success it where the old regime is assuming con- cornacional Labor Defense, the Pas- will be for the simple reason that trol, power, and direction of affairs saic Strike Relief Committee, Paper, deputies are beginning to realize the Box Makers Union, Furriers Union, nation is wearying of political bicker-International Ladles Garmient Work- ing and wants a budget enacted.

Presents Finance Plan. Finance Minister Peret this after-

of Labor, Emergency Committee for sion of the chamber his financial pro-(Continued on page 2.)

After the June primaries, the Farmer-Labor Party will conduct a systematic campaign of organization thruout the states No contests are looked for in the Farmer-Labor pri-

maries this year.

CHARGE MINERS WITH **UNIONIZATION FIGHT**

BOONVILLE, Ind., March 22-Eighty-seven union miners arraign ed in circuit court here today pleaded not guilty to charges of rioting growing out of trouble at nonunion mines in this section last month.

Sixty-five of them were charged with rioting at the Possum Ridge mine on Feb. 26.8 Their trial was set for April 12. Twenty-two were charged with rioting on the same set for May 10.

centh century heresy law now in force in Massachusetts,

Norway's Unemployment doubled. WASHINGTON, -(FP)- March 22 members being McNary, Weller, Mc-

Unemployment in Norway has risen Lean, Metcalf, LaFollette, Smith, from 14,617 on Jan. 10, 1925, to 26,663 Reed of Missouri, Edwards of New on Jan. 16, 1926, says a report to the Jersey, Wheeler and Tyson. Reed U. S. department of labor. (Continued on page 2)

PASSAIC STRIKERS PRESENT COUNTER-PROPOSAL TO UNION-SMASHING LABOR DEPARTMENT

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 22 .- The United Front Committee of Textile Workers, while in Washington seeking an investigation into the textile inlustry and especially that of the Passaic strike, presented counter demands to the bosses' demands that were handed the strikers by the department of labor heads.

The counter-proposal reiterated the previous demands of the mill workday at Newburgh and their trial ers, and mentioned three stipulations as a basis for settlement as follows: (Continued on page 5.)

quently has to work all night in addiing Bimba's persecution and demand- immediate reference of his measure tion to day work to hold her job in ing the repeal of the notorious seven- to the manufacturers committee, of the mill, the secretary of labor inwhich he is a member, LaFollette dulged in a bit of political sentimentalmade certain of at least a preliminary ism by observing that "a mother of inquiry. McKinley of Illinois is chair- nine children should not have to work man of that committee, the other in a mill."

> Walsh continued with a masterly presentation of the facts in the case, dealing with the long hours of toil of women and children, the horrible conditions in the mills, the impoverished conditions in the homes, concluding with a review of the terror reign against the workkers in the mills and the cossack brutality of the police who used poison gas bombs against the picket lines and firemen who (Continued on page 5)

To Lease Muscle Shoals.

WASHINGTON, March 22. - The ongressional Muscle Shoals commitee entered actual negotiations for the leasing of the government's \$150,000. 000 project today when it met to discuss the terms under which the property can be leased. It is hoped that Ford will renew his offer.



The Red Army of the Union of Soviet Republics, recently celebrated the eighth anniversary of its organization. Above are shown some of the members of the supreme military council of the Soviet Union. From left to right are: Egorov,

Budenyi, Zov, Bubnov, Unschlicht, Voroshilov (commander in chief), Lashevich, Tuchachevsky, Kamenev, Ordjonikidze, Baranov. The Red Army lost one of its veterans in the recent death of Brusilov.

The United States Government in the Role of Strike-Breaker at Passaic

CRANK P. WALSH, for the Passaic textile strikers, told Secretary of Labor James J. Davis, in his office at Washington, that if the department of labor were responsible for the proposals contained in offer of settlement of the mill owners, then the department of labor, the agency of the United States government, was acting in the role of a strikebreaker. The textile strikers at Passaic have already shown that they see this very clearly.





to the aid of the nation, for the Peret brutality of the Passaic police and to

Sales Tax Increase.

Page Two

SIXTY BOSSES **GRANT DEMANDS OF FUR WORKERS**

Strike Ranks Solid; Employers Split

(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK, March 22-The fur manufacturers' opposition to a 40-hour week and equal distribution of work in the shop is rapidly breaking down, according to officials at the Furriers' Union, which for the past five weeks has been conducting a strike in the industry in the city. These two important demands of the fur workers have been most bitterly fought by the manufacturers; but with the beginning of the busy season in the trade, applications for settlement on the union's terms are coming in from hundreds of manufacturers. The settlement committee has opened special headquarters to handle this work.

Sixty Shops Resume Work. Altho all relations between the union and the Association of Fur Manufacturers are completely severed because the association refused to entertain the demands of the workers, individual members of this association have already settled with the union, and this morning opened under the new agreement. This makes a total of 60 shops now operating and new ones will be added daily from among those who have already signified their desire to sign the new agreement.

In addition to the 40-hour week and equal distribution of work the new contract grants the furriers their first wage increase since 1917-an advance of 25 per cent over the present wage scale. There is also to be no overtime work, and the employer agrees to pay 3 per cent of his weekly salary budget for an unemployment insurance fund.

Mass Picket Demonstration.

In protest against the heavy fines disarm almost entirely. and jail sentences imposed upon strikers arrested for peaceful picket- that Hugh S. Gibson, American mining during this past week the union officials have called upon the 12,000 this government at the May 17 disfur strikers to appear on the picket armament conference which is to line this morning for a mass picket draw up the agenda for the gathering demonstration. The union in this way itself. Allen W. Dulles, chief of the will assert once again its legal right division of near eastern affairs of the to picket in an orderly fashion the state department, will assist him. shops which are on strike. The union

claims that peaceful picketing has Fort-Whiteman Has that arrests have been made and fines imposed without cause.

The strikers gathered in the fur manufacturing district at 7:30 and walked thru the streets from 30th street to 23rd street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues, and then down to their meeting halls on the east side.

Intl. Harvester Co.

white workers at two mass meetings. as she does one of the most oppressed succeed in finally and completely The first meeting, on the Missouri and discriminated against races. Increases Dividends side, was held under the auspices of the Kansas City Labor Bureau, and A very realistic touch was added in considered the chief nightmare of the second, on the Kansas side, by the Both meetings had a good attendtive laments voiced the sufferings of 1925, coupled with intense exploitation mies, white and black, did everything the people under the czars, suffer- gates, of Wallace as secretary generpossible to scare away workers. The result of Whiteman's trip to now experiencing.



BOSTON CAPMAKERS ISSUE A CALL

to the conference.

tional relationship.

armament program.

justified.

Widespread Resentment Abroad.

from abroad indicate a widespread re-

sentment on the part of the adminis-

get off lightly, while Great Britain

would be heavily penalized. English

press opinion holds that in such a

conflict of views the United States

would support its contention, as oth-

erwise America would be required to

Meanwhile it is understood here

Splendid Meetings

(Special to The Daily Worker) KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 22 .--

in Kansas Cities

ister to Switzerland, will represent

FOR CONFERENCE ON FRIDAY NIGHT

BOSTON, Mass., March 22 .- The Cloth Hat, Cap and Millinery Workers'

international Union Local No. 7 has issued a call to all working class organzations to attend a conference to be held at the American House on Friday evening, March 26, at 7:30 o'clock, to arrange a joint relief campaign for the Passaic textile workers. All organizations are asked to send two delegates

at Carmen's Hall

tration press of the various countries because of the reported censure of From all over the country come retheir foreign policies by Coolidge's ports of good Paris Commune celeadvisers. On the other hand, a numbrations. ber of the opposition papers admit a crowd of several thousand at the that the strictures were in general Carmen's Auditorium on Ashland boulevard last Saturday night.

The French press terms Houghton The splendid program was heartily as having always been "so pro-Ger- enjoyed. The Lettish orchestra opened gan in his attitude as to be anti- the affair with several selections, after French." The French foreign office which Bishop William Montgomery has officially denied any differences Brown addressed the gathering. He with the United States over the dis- received quite an ovation, a tribute London advices show that some ob- of his class to advocate the workers'

servers believe that even the pre- cause as he understands it. liminary meeting called by the league A unique feature was the presenta never take place. It is reported that revolutionary period entitled "The Viscount Cecil, the British delegate, Last Day of the Commune." Here actual extent of disarmament shall effectively staged with the assistance depend upon such factors as the geo- of local Communist artists and the graphical location of a nation, its amateur company showed the results manpower and its capacity for produc- of conscientious drill in their portrayal ing war materials. Under such con- of the spirit of the Commune. ditions the French would expect to

Proletarian Dictatorship Necessary. Robert Minor, in a short speech, declared that the Russian Bolshevik Communards. From the experiences of Paris the militant workers had learned that it was only thru a prole" be retained and the will of labor enforced. They had come also to recognize that the peasants must be con-

sidered and that every effort should pe exerted to secure them as allies of the industrial workers. He emphasized the lesson that the revolutionary struggle could be carried on success-

Corinne Speaks.

ing upon the workers, irrespective of ganizer of the American Negro La- the common revolutionary object. She policy. bor Congress, spoke to the black and was heartily applauded, representing The possibility that Sherrill may

Russian Prison Songs.

Toote, of Detroit, Is **Elected President**

THE DAILY WORKER

By ROBERT MINOR. (Special to The Daily Worker)

DERTOIT, March 22 .- After a bit ter struggle between the supporters of Marcus Garvey and those who support William A. Sherrill, the convention of the Universal Negro Improve Advices to the state department Present Good Program ment Association reached what may be called the first round in the selection of Fred A. Toote of Detroit as acting general president of the big Negro organization. Toote is a Garvey supporter and his election is a victory Chicago itself led off with for the Garvey faction. The Garveyites also succeeded in electing Dr. Jay J. Peters to the office of third assistant president general.

William L. Sherrill, who is leading the anti-Garvey forces has been completely ousted from office by the convention. He had previously, in the capacity of acting second assistant to his courage in facing the ostracism president general, directed the affairs of the association.

Political Trading.

Altho the victory for the supporters on the disarmament question will tion of the short one-act play of that of the Garvey side is very demonstrative, it appears not at all to be com and M. Boncour, the French, are com- the workers saw what barricade fight- who appears now to be a supporter of pletely sure of itself. Mr. Wallace pletely disagreed as to the scope of ing in a civil war actually means. Sherrill and who is a powerful leader the meeting. France insists that the The dramatic episode depicted was in the Chicago organization, was elected secretary general by the convention. Thus the Garvey forces have apparently felt themselves forced to make a concession

The Garvey side, altho victorious in the voting of the delegates, is not in a comfortable or stable position. The most ominous sign is in the fact that revolution incarnated the hopes of the the two great cities; New York and Chicago, appear to have been almost completedy captured by the Sherrill-Wallace combination. The decisions of tarian dictatorship that power could Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and Detroit are with the supporters of Garvey.

The significance of this line-up is great. The membership which is newest from the South, with the farm psychology, appears to cling longest to the narrow "zfonist" illusions fully only thru the instrumentality of while the Negro workers of the large a highly disciplined, centralized po- cities, especially those of the highly litical party with the function of co- developed life of New York, are beginordinating all lawsr's efforts to the ning to ask something more. It is be single end of overcrowding capital- lieved that the Garvey supporters called this emergency convention in Detroit instead of, as customary, in Corinne Robinson followed him, call. New York, for the purpose of getting away from the stronghold of those Lovett Fort-Whiteman, national or color, race, or nationality, to join in who are dissatisfied with the Garvey

> holding the New York and Chicago divisions of the organization may be

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL.

CLOUDS are beginning to gather in the heavens for the "Napoleonic Year" that was to usher in brilliant glories for the Mussolini dictatorship in Italy. After four months the House of Morgan reports that the gullible public has not yet gobbled up the \$100,000,000 loan that was put on the market last November. Without money it is impossible to carry on war, especially wars of aggression, in which it is difficult to develop enthusiasm among the workers.

Mussolini's fascist rule has no money of its own. This was shown by the steadily falling lire, which would have gone the way of the German mark if it had not been for the timely bolstering aid of \$50,000,000 credits to act as a gold reserve. America's financiers have accepted Mussolini as a protege. His terror rule over the Italian workers and farmers must be tenderly nursed with ceaseless injections of gold. King Midas could not digest the treasured metal. But the fascist dictatorship can. It cries for it.

. . .

It should be remembered that the Wall Street financiers do not hand their own gold over to Mussolini's government. Not at all. That would be very foolish. If the worker and peasant masses of Italy should kick Mussolini and his outfit into the Adriatic and repudiate the fascist debts, that would be bad. But not so bad for the bankers. For they merely hand over to Mussolini what they collect thru the sale of the fascist bonds to the innocent American investing public. To be sure, the bankers take a handsome discount in payment for their strenuous labors, which consists of watching their

clerks catch the money as it comes in over the transom. But the "innocent investing public" is backward about biting on the Mussolini bait. The loan was floated last November. It remains unsold. An extension of 60 days has just been announced. What is to be done at the end of the 60 days will be left to "the discretion of the bankers." That doesn't look so good for the "Napoleonic Year."

. . . .

The floating of the \$100,000,000 Italian loan was no little affair. The job was in the hands of a nation-wide syndicate headed auspiciously by J. P. Morgan & Co. It was the biggest piece of international financing attempted last year.

The House of Morgan was supported by the largest banking and investment concerns in the country. Included among them were the First National Bank, the National City Bank, the Guaranty Company, the Bankers' Trust Company, Forbes & Co., Lee, Higginson & Co., Kidder, Peabody & Co., and Brown Brothers & Co. It is well for the workers to remember the names of these great financial institutions. Some one of them will be found giving financial aid to the drive for the "open shop" in the next great anti-union campaign in some industry that boasts of its high profits and then announces a wage cut against its workers. Mussolini has destroyed all semblance of trade union organization in Italy. This has won the hearty applause of these international money lenders. So they joined in oversubscribing the loan. Each one of them took big chunks of it and divided the bonds among their dealers for sale to "the public." But the public didn't buy. A large part of that loan still remains unsold.

The trial of Matteoti's murderers has revealed how Mussolini himself personally encourages assassination as one method of maintaining fascism in power. It has bared the tight-rope walking career of a terror that lives a hectic career from day to day.

American investors who put their money into Mussolini's



There is developing within the Chicago labor movement an ever broader organized protest against the bills now pending before congress which propose fingerprinting and photographing the foreign-born workers in the United States.

Particularly, the foreign-born workers themselves are taking the action thru their various organizations to create mass sentiment and bring mass pressure to bear, fully recognizing, however, that it is not only they them. selves who are threatened by these bills, but the American working class as a whole.

Several mass meetings are being planned by the various language groups and also one under the auspices of the Workers (Communist) Party, to be held Wednesday March 24th at the Shoenhoffen Hall, corner Ashland and Milwaukee avenues. Robert Minor and Arne Swabeck, with others, will speak.

Unions Opposed.

Unions have gone on record protesting against the passage of the bills and for the organization of a movement in opposition. When it is remembered that these bills propose not only finger-printing and registering foreign-born workers, but also to give the record of present and previous employers, and to give the record of any arrest or penal servitude which workers may at one time or another have been subject to, either for strike activities or otherwise, the intent of these bills becomes clear. In case they become law each worker will be supplied with a certificate of identification which he will be compelled to show upon demand any time at any place, this certificate containing complete record of said worker, showing whether he ever participated in a strike or belonged to a union. In other words a blacklist system of the most effective kind.

Conferences Planned.

Machinists Locals No. 84 and 337 have declared their opposition to the blacklist bills. The joint board of the International Ladies Garment workers has elected a committee instructed to find ways and means to bring this whole matter effectively before the Chicago trade union movement.

One conference will take place on March 30th, consisting of various Ukrainian organizations of which twenty already have signified their readiness to participate. Branches of the Jewish Workmen's Circle, and various South Slavic fraternal societies have likewise taken the initiative to call conferences. The same methods are being followed among other national groups, the purpose being to give organized expression to the opposition of the bills against the

The details as to the real character

of the bills pending will be brought

out at the meeting at Schoenhoffen

Hall, Milwaukee and Ashland Avenue,

Begins New Battle

(Continued from page 1).

The budget proposes that the

to Save Its Franc

French Government

The past year's business of the In- Civic League ternational Harvester, which has reflected the generally good business of of the workers in its plants and high prices to farmers for agricultural equipment has made it possible for Kansas City was far-reaching. the board of the directors of the firm to increase dividends to stockholders.

a share quarterly. This was raised side to \$1.50. Holders of International

*

12

The company had been paying \$1.25 provisional committee on the Kansas

Harvester stock now get \$6 a share campaign to organize the Negro indusannually. trial and mining centers.

ment endangered.

3rd Thru the 4th Convention The Menace of By C. E. Ruthenberg. A history of the dif-Opportunism ferent stages of the development of the American Communist By Max Bedacht. Movement and its problems.

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Democracy

By Leon Trotsky.

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A large inter-racial committee was organized on the Missouri side and a Kansas City will be the center of a

Moritz Loeb, business manager of lection appeal in behalf of the Labor Garvey camp. Defense League, under whose auspices

Motion Pictures.

ers and the outrages perpetrated upon secure the floor.

the workers all over the world by the the evening's program.

Minnesota Commemorations. cities are celebrating the Paris Commune. St, Paul had a well-attended meeting Saturday at the Labor Temple. There was speaking, singing, Minneapolis holds its rally Thursday evening, March 25, at the Labor Lyceum, 1426 Sixth avenue, north

T, R. Sullivan addressed a gathering at Chisholm and at Hibbing Sunday afternoon. Tonight he speaks at Duluth and tomorrow at Superior. All the meetings are under the auspices of the International Labor Defense.



(Special to The Daily Worker)

PARTY ORGANIZATION With an Introduction by JAY LOVESTONE.

The revolutionary movement has its

dangers from within. Unless it can

guard the crystal clearness of the prin-

ciples and policies that lead to power.

its progress is retarded-and the move-

In the American movement, these

dangers have become apparent. This

timely booklet completely annihilates

the distorters of revolutionary prin-

ciples and is an invaluable guide to the

Clarity of principle is essential to cor-

rect policies. This booklet is a splendid

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correct road for American Labor.

contribution to Communist clarity.

A most essential pamphlet for every Communist and those who would learn the form of organization of the American Communist Movement. Constitution, organizational charts. plans for shop nuclei, etc. 15 Cents

the singing of Russian prison songs those who have ousted Sherrill from by the Russian chorus. These plain. control of the parent body. The election, by the Garvey dele

ings which the workers of the Euro- al altho Wallace is understood now to pean border states in particular are be more or less with Sherrill, is said to be an effort to break a supposed Sherrill-Wallace combination and the DAILY WORKER, made the col- thereby to win back Chicago to the

Sherrill's minority among the conthe meeting was held. Ralph Chap- vention delegates is strong enough in lin, the I. W. W. poet, was chairman. itself to make a considerable show-

ing. The reports are that the Sher-Showing of motion pictures depict- rill delegates are making a persistent ing the sufferings of political prison- fight, tho they have a hard time to

Unquestionably the real basis of police and soldiers as the agents of the present contest is a political one the state's repressive forces closed of fundamental nature. It is the restlessness of a great mass of the keen

and most active Negro city workers who find themselves in a great organ-ST. PAUL, March 22 .- The Twin ization without the slightest substance of a program.

However, the opposition to Garvey's utopianism, altho having a social basis, is absolutely dumb as far as any expression of a program is concerned. Whatever influences may move the rank and file to dissatisfac-

of a program of its own. It seems it- higher than elsewhere," naming self to have no program different from \$22.85 a week as an average wage. Garvey's, but to build upon the gen-

eral, confused groping for a change. The convention will continue until 10 per cent cut imposed by Johnson state commissioner of banks. Debe filled, and questions of resolutions

No Rest for the Weary.

SEATTLE-(FP)-Despondent over companies were paying high divi-WASHINGTON, March 22 .- E. L. Doheny, the oil magnate, who sued failure to secure work Donald Griffin, dends, then the ground was being the government in the lower courts 21, a logger attempted suicide by gas. prepared by the mill-owners for Com- WORKER in your pocket when for \$11,000,000 expended in the build- He was revived by a lung motor and won a tactical victory in the supreme job market.

court today. The petition of the Pan-American Oil company for a review which denied Doheny reimbursemen from the government, was granted.

Seamen Get 44-Hour Week. SYDNEY-(FP)- Seamen employed on steamers along the coast of New South Wales have been granted a 44-hour week. There is no reduction in wages. The 44-hour week is Wales.

Italy today cannot complain if the workers, when they come to power, erase the obligation and refuse to pay. That is what the Russian workers and peasants did. Others will follow this excellent example. Mussolini's "Napoleonic: Year" may yet be the year of his Waterloo.

Passaic Mill Kaisers Face Grill

and Wheeler are two of the ables examining lawyers in the senate. Sen. Edge, republican, immediately subversive doctrines.

upon the reading of the resolution to the senate, launched upon a denunciation of the leaders of the strike as being Communist Party representatives, seeking only to propagate revolutionary beliefs and to increase the hold of Communism in New Jersey. He demanded that the inquiry be they ought to have expected. representative," of the American Fed He read messages from Vice-Presi

coming an investigation that would tion and make of them the material show up "this Communist demonstrafor an opposition, the Sherrill leader- tion." Johnson stated that wages in ship does not give the slightest sign this group of mills were "as high or

Prove Johnson Liar.

Sen. Borah called attention to the

March 31. Several offices are yet to last fall, and said his personal exami- pleted reserves was given as the reanation of many pay-envelopes had son for the failure. Deposits in this convinced him that the actual wages bank amounted to \$480,000 most of were much lower. If less than a which was put into the bank by farmliving wage were paid, and if the ers, and capital to \$40,000.

> Put a copy of the DAILY you go to your union meeting.

of the decision of the court of appeals PORTLAND FORMS COUNCIL FOR **PROTECTION OF FOREIGN-BORN:** HOLD MEETING SUNDAY, MAR. 28

PORTLAND, Ore., March 22-A provisional Council for the Protection of Foreign-Born Workers has been formed here. The council is calling a mass meeting to protest against the anti-foreign-born bills now in congress for now general throughout New South Sunday evening, March 28, at 8 o'clock at the Swiss Hall, Third and Columbia streets.

other views. When industrial condi tions are satisfactory, he added, there need be no worry in this country over

ject for balancing the budget deficit of Sen. Edwards, democrat, insisted 4,534,000,000 francs. that the federal government had no right to interfere with any strike in New Jersey. He defended the judges

Doumer taxes which were accepted be permitted to remain in force, yielding and police in Passaic, and said the 1,437,000,000 francs. Increases in strikers who "paraded their red signs customs and postal receipts are countillegally" got the rough treatment

foreign-born workers.

March 24th.

ed upon to yield 755,000,000 francs. A civic tax is proposed and a modified sales tax is estimated to yield 2,375,-000.000 francs.

The budget will produce a surplus of 33,000,000 francs, which would be transferred to an amortization fund, if the figures submitted work out in eration of Labor, to prove that they practice-a rather rare occurrence in had no sympathy with the movement. recent years in French finance.

Government

Strikebreaker



doors at the orders of A. J. Veigel,

OSAKIS, Minn., March 22-The State Bank of Osakis has closed its

By Jay Lovestone. A detailed expose of the manner in which the government uses its power against workers in strikes, lock-outs and every effort of the work-ers to better their con-ditions. With unusual-ly valuable data.

Paper, 30 Cents. Cloth, 60 Cents.



If you want a certain book and SEELEY 3563 you can't come down---just call

munism. A strike would be justified. ing of a naval fuel station at Pearl upon discharge from the Seattle hos- under those circumstances, said Harbor, Hawaii, and lost the case, pital will be dumped back onto the Borah, regardless of whether it were led by Communists or by persons of

Edge claimed that the American made broad enough to "get down to fundamentals and see whether we are Federation of Labor was "in no way officially connected" with the strike encouraging the teaching of doctrines and offered in evidence a newspaper of revolution, of downthrowing of the article by one John J. Leary, Jr. government, of confiscation of private whom he described as a "prominent property, and repudiation of debts."

dent Johnson of the Botany Mills chief of the bosses involved, wel

(Continued from Page 1)

Page Three

Per

0.5

2.6

1.8

2.2

Dec. Dec. cent in-

1925 1923 crease

34.9

75.1

67.1

73.9

74.7

compared with December 1923 more

How important classes of railroad

employes have shared the changes in

wage rates since 1923 appears in the

76.1

Clerks, class B..... 60.1c 60.0c

Section labor 35.1

Botlermakers 77.1

Carmen, freight.... 68.3

Electricians 73.8

han \$10,000,000.

table

Straight time

Machinists ...

nourly pay of-

THIS PAGE

Is Devoted to the Activity and Interests of the Trade Union Educational League (T. U. E. L.)

North American Section of the **RED INTERNATIONAL OF LABOR UNIONS** (R. I. L. U.)

THE T.U.E.L.

Represents the Left Wing of the Labor Movement. Its Purpose is to Strengthen the Labor Unions by Amalgamation of Existing Unions, Organization of the Unorganized, and by Replacing Reactionary and Class Collaboration Policies with a Unified Program for the Transformation of the Unions Into Organs of Revolutionary Class Struggle for the Overthrowal of Capitalism and the Establishment of a Workers' and Farmers' Government.

NEEDLE TRADES RESENT TERROR TACTICS OF FITZPATRICK AND **NOCKELS IN I.L.G.W.U. ELECTIONS**

The attempt on the part of John Fitzpatrick, president of the Chicago Federation of Labor, and of Edward N. Nockels, secretary of the federation, to determine who can be a candidate and who cannot be a candidate in elections in organizations affiliated to the Chicago Federation of Labor was severely criticized by the delegates from the Chicago locals of the International Ladies Garment Workers' Union.

Expose Alliance With Bosses' Tools. The expose of the alliance of Fitzpatrick and Nockels with the unionsmashing Daily Forward followed the federation officials to the Chicago dies' Garment Workers' Union in an attempt to terrorize the membership of the garment workers' union into

supporting the reactionary candidates the election of three business agents of the Chicago joint board. The letter itself sounded as tho it New York to break the furriers' had been written by one of the most strike, and of Fitzpatrick and Nockels rabid open shoppers in the citizen's failed to elect the reactionaries. committee.

These two heads of the federation took it upon themselves, after hearing pleas made by supporters of the right wing policy in the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, to address a letter to the joint board telling them in veiled phraseology that a candidate for business agent, Harry Zeff, could not go on the ballot.

The attempt on the part of the reactionaries to bar this left-winger failed, pointed out Davidson, one of the delegates from the ladies' garment workers. He also made it known that Zeff was elected by a large majority.

Two charges are made against Zeff by Fitzpatrick and Nockels, who today are supporting Frank L, Smith for the United States senate on the union-smashing Robert E. Crowe-Barrett-Thompson slate in the republican party primaries. One is that Harry Zeff was sentenced to jail for manslaughter and the other is that he is a Communist. A Communist to these two supporters of union-smashing candidates is like a red flag to a bull.

tion campaign which is now being carried on by the rank and file committees of the Ladies' Garment Workers would not get the support of the reading of a letter sent by these two Chicago Federation of Labor and the other bodies affiliated to it was used joint board of the International La- in the election campaign to terrorize the needles trades workers into supporting the right-wing candidates. This attempt at terrorization failed.

Elect Militant Workers.

The combined efforts of the Forward, which is aiding the employers in Three progressives were elected as business agents of the Chicago joint

board. Delegate Ida Rothstein of Local 100 of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union took the floor following Davidson. She pointed out that in spite of the statement of Fitzpatrick and Nockels that they

would not support the organization drive of the Ladies' Garment Workers' Union if Communists were at the head of the committee, this would not deter the garment workers from selecting those who had the best ability, regardless of whether they were Com munists, anarchists, socialists or of

any other political grouping. Left Wing Unionizes New York.

When the vote to concur in the re-

United Assails Amalgamated.

Ida Rothstein pointed out that this attempt on the part of these backward officials of the Chicago Federaimpossible to organize workers when porne out by facts and cited the or- sive sentiment in the miners' union.

DEBS' LETTER TO ANTHRACITE

THE DAILY WORKER

MINERS ENDORSES PROGRAM **OF THE PROGRESSIVE MINERS**

By ALEX REID.

In the New Leader of February 20, Eugene V. Debs addresses an open letter to the miners in the anthracite.

This letter recounts at great length the suffering of the anthracite miners, their wives and families during the strike, goes into detail about the treacherous settlement, and the claims put forward by the miners' leaders "that the settlement was a victory for the miners.

a Labor Party, working for the elec-Says Miners Lost Strike. tion of Strikebreaker Coolidge.

Debs says the suffering of the min-Enemies Combine. ers and their families were little Here in the anthracite the repubknown outside the anthracite region lican party rules supreme. Here the The coal owners and the miners' lead-Wall Street pirates are starving the ers knew nothing of this suffering and miners into slavery. Here the miners torment. They ate their ample meals have suffered a terrible defeat from each day, and slept each night in the republican coal owners. Here the comfortable beds. Debs was prompted whole republican party solidly lined to write the open letter to the min- up with the coal owners, here every ers, because some of the leaders republican paper, and every republiwould have the miners and public in can agent during the strike did their general believe that the strike was utmost to provoke a campaign of ter-

ror and violence against the miners. Debs says that the statement that This was a sample of what we can the settlement was a victory is un- expect from the republican party, and true and that it does not seem pos- don't forget, this is the party that sible the miners can be deceived by John L. Lewis acted as campaign such a spurious claim to save certain committeeman for. faces. The whole letter is a complete

Settlement Proves Betrayal. indorsement of the progressive min-How could Lewis fight for victory ers' program as he states now what for the miners in the anthracite? He the progressive miners have continu- had to either live up to his obligation ously stated since the beginning of as an official of the republican party the strike, "that it will require a dif- and betray the miners or fight for the ferent policy than that hitherto pur- miners who are paying him his sal-

sued if the miners are to hold the lit- ary and repudiate the republican tle they have instead of sinking party. The settlement clearly proves deeper into wage slavery." whom he betraved. Separate Agreements Foolish.

has been greatly reduced-from three How could the miners expect that Debs asks "why in the name of com- Lewis would carry out their instructo one in one particular case-so that mon sense should the contract with tion from various conventions to work men work in water, with lowering of the anthracite operators expire at one for a Labor Party? To expect the vitality and tendency to rheumatic time and the contract with the bitum- campaign committee of the republican and other afflictions. The danger of inous operators expire at another party to work for a real Labor Party time? The progressive miners have for the workers is the height of folly rockfalls increases as less attention is paid to timbering.

PITTSBURGH TAILORS GO ON STRIKE; SEEK WAGE INCREASE

(Special to The Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, Pa., March 22 .- The Journeymen Tailors of Pittsburgh, Local 131, are out on strike demanding a raise in wages and better conditions of work. Several large firms have already signed up with the union agreeing to a 10 per cent increase. A number of other firms are negotiating and it is expected that they will soon sign the agreement with the union. The strike is 100 per cent effective and the men are determined to "stick-it-out" until every firm has signed up.

continuously fought for joint agree-jor to fight against the republican lords ments, national agreements for the of the anthracite is the essence of entire industry but have been repudi- nonsense.

ated at every step by the Lewis machine. Debs further states that nationalization is the only remedy.

Fought Against Miners. The progressive miners had nation-

alization of the mines with workers' control as one of the main planks in their program for many years and the miners. The miners must remove lieve that their chance for a come- decided tendency towards restriction tion to make it appear that it was Lewis gang as has all progressive pol- union which he is turning over body icies. In fact Lewis has never lost and soul to the enemy, the capitalist Communists were in control was not an opportunity to crash all progres- class.

ganization campaign of the New York The demand for nationalization is not

Remove the Traitor.

John L. Lewis was true to the interlearned their lesson. Lewis connot be trusted to look after the interests of this has also been repudiated by the him from the presidency and from the

ing a number of new devices for re-

ducing labor that promise to revolu-

tionize the labor problem and that

New Rail Devices.

Lengthening life of rails two to

335,000 RAILROAD WORKERS **OPERATORS CUT RECEIVE 40 CENTS AN HOUR** WAGES IN MINES Railroad layoffs between November | above the management has actually **TO SUIT SELVES**

and December put 35,681 men on the reduced the total distributed in wages treet looking for work, according to the monthly wage statistics issued by the interstate commerce commission. Union Coaldiggers See These layoffs were largely attributable o seasonal reduction in the maintenance of way forces. There were still 16,509 more workers on railroad pay-

PITTSBURGH- (FP)- Unofficial rolls than in December, 1924. Comwage reductions by some union op- parison with December 1923 is more erators are making still more critical significant. This shows fewer employes in every group except maintenthe situation of the miners union in ance of way, The total railroad emthe important western Pennsylvania ployes in December 1925 were 40,571 or Pittsburgh district. The 1924 scale less than at the end of 1923. In the or tonnage mining and for day men 2-year period the number of clerks continues but changes in working confell 3,870, the train and engine service litions have reduced actual income forces 2,870, other transportation considerably. Most mines are on part groups 5,816, and the shopmen 34,679. The reduction in shop forces amounts

The reduction comes by compelling to more than 6%. he piece worker-the coal digger-to The December pay of the 1,269,287 Brakemen, pass.... 62.1 to much of the work once allotted to railroad workers employed on an Brakemen, freight 63.8 lay men. For example, where a timhourly basis averaged \$135 for the Engineers, pass 116.7 111.0 perman used to tend to the timbermonth, compared with \$133 in Decem- Engineers, freight 96.2 ing in a miner's "room" the miner ber 1924 and \$125 in December 1923. Firemen, pass...... 90.0 now, in many pits, has to do this himself. He may be paid a small sum

Helpers, shop 52.6 51.2 2.8 Common labor, shop . 63.5 Felegraphers 61.2 Freighthandlers.... 43.9 43.7 Conductors, pass. 89.2 85.5 4.3 Conductors, freight 80.7 77.0 4.7 6.0 59.3 7.8 4.2 91.2 5.5 84.5 6.5 But the apparent 1925 gain over 1923 Firemen, freight... 72.6 67.6 7.5 The outstanding fact of the railroad

really reflects an increase in the number of work days. Rates of pay on wage situation is that 335,000 ablethe average increased 21/2% in the 2- bodied men are averaging under 40c year period. By the layoffs noted an hour.

work as the miners term the extra COAL COMPANY USES CHECK-OFF SYSTEM TO PAY PREACHERS' WAGE

By ART SHIELDS, Federated Press. | deducted, after the store bills, doc CHARLESTON, W. Va .- (FP)- tor's charges, rent and other items Supporting a company clergyman have ben checked off. Blacksmiths with the aid of the checkoff is the and other mechanics and foremen are way the Cabin Creek Consolidated expected to go higher. The men are Coal Co. does it on the upper right given the option of contributing to fork of Cabin creek. Rev. Everett Crowder or to the pastor of the Hole Crowder, whose flock lives in the lit- ness or Holy Rollers church, but tle company shacks that are strung Crowder's Methodist institution is pre An aggressive local union allows for several miles along the narrow ferred.

the boss to get away with less and bottom of the sharp valley the tumbl- In return, say the union and forme ometimes succeeds in holding him to ing stream has worn through the union men who are still found on this oldtime conditions. The Pennsylvania mountains, is sustained by the dollar lost battleground, the company pasto ompanies are making little use of the a month contributions checked off his preaches good company sermons. He people's payroll-and further sums advocates the open shop and is explicitly reported to have said that a men

Theoretically the contribution is not cannot be simultaneously a christian compulsory. But a request from the and a member of the United Mine ing coal fields immediately to the openshop firm which controls all the Workers, which the clergyman considmeans of life in the valley, is the next ers a lawless organization. He used and to the example of the Pittsburgh thing to a command, and there are few to give pastoral advice to return to Cabin Creek Consolidated employes work, before the strikes were called

"PROSPERITY" BOOM LIKELY TO **DISAPPEAR IN PRESENT YEAR**

NEW YORK, March 22-The recent collapse of the stock market has caused financial experts to issue the slogan, "Caution," to the business world. Over-production in many fields is already being felt and a continuecoal miners. The miners have surely a lockout that is intended to starve tion of the present spirit of over-confidence for a very long period will result out the more militant union members. in a disastrous glut of the market. Credits are still plentiful and cheap.

> Company Union Agrees to Textile Baron's Terms

The building boom is showing signs MANCHESTER, N. H., March 22of approaching the end of the feverish operations which were necessary to company union of this huge cotton make up the war-time shortage. Real and worstead mill, voted to continue estate speculation which is dependent their present agreement for siz upon building has received a definite months. The congress accepted wage set-back. The Florida boom is over. cuts averaging 10 per cent last year, The building contract award figures which remains effective. Company 144 Amalgamated Clothing Workers, 91569 N. Robey St.
133 Boot and Shoe Workers, 1939 Mil-waukee Ave.
21 Bricklayers, 912 W. Monree St.
378 Brick and Clay Workers, Paving Inspectors, 166 W. Washington. Calumet Joint Council, 514 W. 117th Street.
186 Carpenters, Diversey and Sheffield.
141 Carpenters, Diversey and Sheffield.
141 Carpenters, Diversey and Sheffield.
142 Carpenters, Diversey and Sheffield.
143 Carpenters, Witten's Hall, High-land Park, III.
1786 Carpenters, Springfield and 26th. Clerks, Grocery, 59 W. Van Buren Street.
1786 Carpenters, 160 W. Washington St.
181 Electricians, 741 S. Western Ave.
1926 cannot be said to be of the best.
A marked recession can be looked for toward the end of the year and with it unemployment and wage-cuts.
Wages and Compensation.
PHOENIX, Ariz.-(FP)--While the workman and his family coming under the Arizona workman compensation law receives the most liberal compen-sation allowed by any state in case of accident, an immediate effect of its passage was the doubling of liability insurance rates by private companies.
175 Hod Carriers, 814 W. Harrison St.
715 Hod Carriers, 814 show a decrease. agent W. Parker Straw told the 250 delegates that the Amoskeag products were good and the market seemed to be picking up but he would not promise nor predict how much work there would be during the year. Amoskeag is going in heavily for rayon, artificial silk, goods and combinations of rayon and cotton.

est of Wall Street and the republican great majority of the 54 mines of the party, hence his betrayal of the hard latter concern are completely idle in

Many Pittsburgh district miners be- is true, but are beginning to show back may come when the Jackson- thru fear of over-shooting the capacity ville pact expires March 31, 1927, and of the market. the general walkout of the bituminous

results.

njunction but depending on thugs and hunger. But the pressure is constant added by the company. and the employer is continually pointing to conditions in the nonunion coksouth in Fayette and Green counties, Coal company and the Bethlehem Mines Corp. which have abrogated who forbid this additional sum to be off. their signed agreements right in the heart of the district.

Need for Militant Fight

per prop or timber but the total

mounts to far less than the value of

his time digging coal. And the boss

saves the wages of the timberman.

The same holds true of other dead

Danger to Life Increases

Health and safety conditions have

been affected at the same time. In

ome mines the number of numpmen

ime.

tasks.

Strikes are on against the Bethlenem group and against those Pittsburgh Coal mines that are attempting to operate on the 1917 scale. But the

Strike Against 1917 Scale

coal industry, that is being talked of,

Building Prospects Weak.

ing companies will represent between

75 and 80 per cent of the state insur-

Demand Higher Scales.

HAVERHILL, Mass.-(FP)- Shoe

inishers in their local of the Shoe

Workers Protective union are demand-

WORKER says about it.

ance business.

Arrested for Union Activity. On the charge of Zeff being a murderer and a convict, Delegate Davidson of the International Ladies' Garworkers. ment Workers pointed out that Zeff was framed up during the course of a strike, as many union men have been by the bosses and their lackeys, and that he was released after one year members of a union at the behest of in prison because the charges against elements which have used sluggers him were so flimsy. Yet the federaagainst a militant rank and file that tion heads used this as one of their sought to unionize the industry. They arguments against Zeff being a candidate.

Delegate Davidson then went on to show that the objection to Zeff because he is a Communist was not a matter for the federation to discuss, as this had been settled in the union after a fight that lasted for three days between the left-wing and the rightdates can be?" wing. He further pointed out that Zeff is not a member of the Comport of the executive committee was munist Party or any Communist ortaken 144 voted for the report and 23 ganization, but that he is a left-winger voted against. When one of the delewho opposed the expulsion policy of gates asked whether only delegates the reactionaries against the Comwere voting, Nockels, who was countmunists.

Threaten Sabotage.

makes no difference to me!" The federation in its letter declared that if the organization drive was in A communication from the United the hands of the Communists little support could be expected from the Garment Workers' Union pointed out that many workers in Nash shops "bona fide trade unions in the Chicago Federation of Labor." were forced to join the Amalgamated

The garment workers in Chicago against their will and called upon the are mostly unorganized. As the union Chicago Federation of Labor to let is now carrying on an organization its members know of this condition and urge the membership to buy clothcampaign and the reactionaries in The ing bearing the United Garment union, who had been drawing down Workers' label and to refuse to buy high salaries for doing nothing, feared clothing made by the "outlaw" orthat left-wing candidates who insisted ganization. This letter of the United on the organization of these great Garment Workers in Chicago was 'remasses of unorganized workers would ceived and notations made in the be elected and they be ousted, they minutes." The executive board of the appealed to the federation to terrorize the membership of the International federation in that way passively indorsed the appeal of the scabby Uni- himself. Witness John L. Lewis at Ladies' Garment Workers with threats ted Garment Workers against the the head of an organization of workof sabotage. The threats of Fitzpatrick and Nockels that the organiza-Amalgamated Clothing Workers.

Fourth Jubilee

low.



of the coal-diggers, but Lewis has Chewed Off Too Much. never fought for any of the miners' Neither Fitzpatrick nor Nockels demands but on the contrary has bitdared to take the floor to defend this terly repudiated them. attempt on their part to terrorize

will also have important effects upon Starve, or Bullets. the unions

Debs goes on to point out the neces-The once familiar handcar which sity of political action. He says "as carried section hands to and from long as the miners support the politi- their work is now almost obsolete.

did not say a word in defense of their cal parties of their masters, they will In its place is the motor car. position. A number of delegates sitget what they are getting now, the Mechanical means of cutting weeds ting near the DAILY WORKER red right to collective starvation, provid- along the shoulder of the roadbed are porter remarked: "That's where Fitz ing they starve in a peaceful and law- being used extensively and the work chewed off more than he could swal- abiding way, for if they dare to make is being accomplished at considerably What the hell right has he to any fuss about it they will promptly less cost than hand weeding. bust in on a union and tell them who receive bullets in exchange for the they shall vote for or who their candi- ballots they gave to the candidates of

their masters."

Indorse Labor Party.

four years and helping solve a problem long regarded by railway engi-The progressive miners in the an neers as difficult is being accomthracite and all over the industry have plished now by wide use of station. been continuously fighting for a La- ary or portable rail cutting, drilling, bor Party, and at many conventions and building up devices. These treat ing the votes, declared angrily: "It of the coal diggers, they have indorsthe battered ends of rails and return them into useful service at a great

> Passing of the laborer with his hand pick to tamp rails, to keep up an even surface, is seen in the increasing rise of mechanical tie tampers, operated by compressed air or electricity.

Ditching Machines.

Newly invented ditching machines are replacing the shovel gang. The to the background by the labor buaverage cost of moving dirt with the

litcher outfit is 21 cents per cubic Republican Committeeman. yard, compared with 50 to 75 cents John Lewis and the American Fedper yard for moving dirt by teams, eration of Labor have no more intenand \$1 to \$1.25 for moving by hand. The average cost for moving material tion of working for the interest of the miners and workers than has Coolidge by means of the spreader is 11 cents per cubic yard. Other services rendered by the spreader prove its extraordinary value to the railroads in

Your Union Meeting Labor Upon Railroads Railway executives are investigat-

Fourth Tuesday, March 23, 1923, 144 Amalgamated Clothing Work-

ers, 1569 N. Robey St.

Ave. Hod Carriers, 814 W. Harrison St. Ladies' Garment Workers, 328 W. It is believed that in many industries.

such as cotton ginning and the manu-

Ladies' Garment Workers, 328 W. Van Buren. Leather Workers, 777 W. Adams St. Leather Workers, 777 W. Adams St. Machinists, 2548 S. Homan Ave. Machinists, 4126 W. Lake St. Machinists, 6234 Princeton Ave. Meat Cutters, 175 W. Washington Street.

vages. Street. Meat Cutters, 9206 Houston Ave. Marine Fire and Oilers, 357 N. Clark. Musicians, 175 W. Washington St. 571

of the state accepts the state liability insurance. The business of the min-

Musicians, 175 W. Washington St., 2 p. m.
 2 p. m.
 17358 Nurses, Funk's Hall, Oak Park.
 147 Painters, 20 W. Randolph St.
 180 Painters, N. E. cor. California and Madison.
 184 Painters, 6414 S. Halsted St.
 191 Painters, N. W. cor. State and 55th.
 275 PAINTERS, 220 W. OAK ST.
 521 Painters, Trumbull and Ogden Ave.
 502 Plasterers, Monroe and Peoria Sts.
 130 Plumbers, 1507 Ogden Ave.
 250 Plumbers, 160 W. Washington St.
 415 Railway Carmen, Odd Feilews' Hall, Blue Island, Ill., 7:30 p. m.
 1170 Railway Carmen, 5324 S. Haisted

1257 Railway Carmen, 5324 S. Halsted St.

352 Railway Clerks, 549 W. Washington ers Protective and the employer asso-

Astroet.
739 Railway Clerks, Moose Hall, Chi-cago Heights.
906 Railway Clerks, 5438 S. Malsted St.
2219 Railway Clerks, 509 W. Washing-ton St.
375 Railroad Trainmen, 3359 W. Madi-son Street.
Teamsters' Dis. Council, 220 S.
Ashland Blvd.
727 Teamsters (Auto), 220 S. Ashland Bivd.
67 Tile Layers, 180 W. Washington St.
When that asymptotic protective and the employer asso-clation. The finishers local is re-questing investigation of its demand for wage increases by the state board of arbitration, which gave the Lynn shoe workers a 30% to 40% wage re-duction lately.
When that asymptote the target of target of target of the target of target of

67 Tile Layers, 180 W. Washington St. 7 Waiters, 234 W. Randolph St.

"The unions are the pillars of the workers' power."-Losovsky.

Boston Union Drive to Open with Parade

BOSTON, -(FP)-March 22 -Ele ven Boston trade unions have already voted to parade on April 11 to Faneuil Hall to formally open the local activi ties of the American Federation of Labor organization drive. Painters, postal clerks, longshoremen, leather workers and leather handlers; horse shoers; electrotypers, garment workers, metal polishers, Cambridge plasterers, stationary firemen, and Norwood painters will be in the five parades planned from different directions to the hall. Boston Central La facture of cottonseed oil, where the bor Union is having 10,000 circulars workmen are unorganized, this addiannouncing the meeting printed and tional cost will be met by lowering distributed to all unions and in the

large unorganized factories of the Practically every mining company listrict.

Violates Child Labor Laws

NEW ORLEANS-(FP)-A. Rohr perger, superintendent of the B & E Shirt Manufacturing Co., is charged with violation of the child labor law for employing 16 boys and girls under age. Many children of tender age are employed in the sweatshops of New Orleans at less than \$3 a week.

ing 35% higher wage rates. The local is withdrawing from the Haverhill shoe board established under the **Plumbers Helpers'** peace pact between the Shoe Work-Club of Brooklyn, New York calls on all helpers to join the club. Meetings every FRIDAY night, 8:30 p. m., at When that argument begins at 7 Thatford Avenue, lunch time in your shop tomorrow-show them what the DAILY Brooklyn, N. Y.



NEW ORLEANS-(FP)- Because e was out of employment though in the prime of life and health, barely 30, Thomas Kelly attempted suicide by drinking poison on a crowded New Orleans street and according to phy-

Unemployed Worker **Commits Suicide**

reducing expenses and relieving man-



Celebration of the 'Freiheit' "Die Tzvai Brider" (Words by J. L. Peretz-Music by at the Mecca Auditorium J. Schaffer) with the

reaucracy.

55th Street and 7th Avenue, New York City

Tickets \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00

Saturday Evening, April 3rd, 1926

at Freihelt Office, 30 Union Square, New York City.

Freiheit Singing Society and the New York Symphony Orchestra sicians will soon be in the land where time-clocks and openshops are un-Conducted by Lazar Weiner.

ed a Labor Party. This part of the progressive miners in the anthracite saving in equipment. received the bitter opposition of the authorities and the miners' leaders. The miners have for many years worked for a Labor Party, and even "Bill" Green at the American Federation of Labor convention in Montreal was forced to approve it but since that time this program has been relegated

Page Four

THE DAILY WORKER

Organization Meetings Workers (Communist) Party Social Affairs Resolutions WALL ST. CAUSED ST. PAUL SMASH, How Party Can Help the Youth in the Chicago District SENATOR STATES How Party Can Help the Youth in the Chicago District

(Editor's Note .--- The following article is taken from the report of Comrade John Harvey to the district organization conference of the party held in Chicago recently:)

TN making this report I am going to confine myself to certain main tasks before the league which the party is especially able to help us accomplish.

First a few words about the league in Chicago and thruout the district. Our membership at the present time is very small, and the social composition of the league remains very poor. However, we are reorganized on a good basis and our new units are not so isolated as the party street nuclei since our most active members are combined into concentration groups which carry on intensive activities around a shop near their place of work and which bring us much closer to the work of organizing nuclei

Reorganized on a good basis, the league also has its face towards the masses and has before it much mass work. The party can do much to helt us accomplish the important tasks before us, and since a weak league is a reflection on the party and handicaps Its work it is necessary that the party give more support in building a strong league in this district in the future. And so I will name certain of those most important tasks before the league which the party can do much to help us accomplish.

1. Organization of Nuclei.

the organization of shop nuclei. We familiar with the reasons for the cam- ship in the section. That there be a have made some changes in our con- paign, the issues, etc., but every mem- regular exchange of delegates between centration groups so that now every member is in a group which concen- in the campaign will be, and in this and league must not only be a paper trates on a shop where he can actually carry on work. But we are still faced bership for the campaign. I think the with the problem of getting connections within the shops. To solve this the organization of campaigns. For work of the section, and can be obproblem, while always concentrating instance, in the Lenin memorial there tained with even less expense than is on large shops-preferably in basic industries---if we have no league com- every member was mobilized and the and league co-operate in establishing rade within the shop we have tried to campaign was a real success. The joint headquarters. choose one where there is a party same must be done in the campaign nucleus, or at least party members. for the foreign-born workers at the More the Party can give the Pioneers on every fraction within present time. (It is necessary to deal much help in this district in building sub-committee. a shop where we have a concentration group there must be a regular exchange of delegates between the two units and the party nucleus must do all within its means to help the concentration group to form a league

shop nucleus there. Also where we have one league member in a shop where there is a party nucleus, but no league nucleus, this league comrade must not be merely absorbed into the party nucleus, but must work with the party nucleus and get the help of every member in organizing a league nu cleus there. The party nucleus must realize that a shop nucleus of four or five young workers supporting the party nucleus is much better for them orb the league and only gain one new member for the party nucleus. 'Wherever there is a party nucleus and no league unit, the organization of a league nucleus should be one of the first considerations, and a member of the party nucleus should be assigned especially to this work and be connected with and partly responsible to the section executive committee of the league so that they can help in his work-utilize his experience and sometmes call conferences of these comrades, etc.

of the first problems of the league [further, with this question in a special] up was to find forms for our mass work. article.) One of the means for reaching the masses of young workers is thru our takes is the economic trade union sport work, building a strong sport work of the league. In this the party ing the groups with a place to meet. movement which will combine existis especially able to give us help.

for working class sports—into which tions must co-operate with the league ers can be recruited.

eady helping us individually to or-party members who do not themselves n this district, but the whole party young workers are faced with often nust co-operate in this work-and estake the attitude that there are no ecially the language fractions, which have connections with many sport the young workers and the adult rganization, can help.

workers in the industry. But the Also in the near future the league party fractions and party members will organize a mass campaign against must overcome this attitude and conan anti-militarism conference. The the industry when the league fractions party must co-operate with us in help- or members put the facts of these ing us to extend this campaign as far conditions before them. Also in our work among the masses as possible among the masses.

A few words about the importance of the unorganized young workers, in of such campaigns and the experience our participation in youth strikes, our of the league in this relation since our campaign to organize the unorganized eorganization. We have learned by workers, the party, which has many

experience that we cannot confine our. more members in the union than we, selves only to our individual shop should give us all possible co-operaactivity and the detailed everyday tion. work, but that mass campaigns, polit-Also the league members must do ical and industrial campaigns on the their part, participate more in the basis of issues which are confronting party fractions and in the T. U. E. L., the working masses are absolutely and at the same time each fraction necessary to make the organization executive should make sure to inlive. However, in order that such clude at least one Y. W. L. member.

3. Organization of the Sections. campaigns be a complete success they not only must be arranged for tech-It is important that the section ex nically and calls issued but there must executive committees become the leadbe a thoro discussion of the cam- ing forces in each section, and with paign in all the basic units, and a dis- closer co-operation between the league cussion of all the issues involved, so and party section committees much The party can help us especially in that every member will not only be can be done to strengthen the leaderber will know what his definite work all section committees of the party

way we will mobilize the entire mem- rule but an actuality. Section headquarters are of utmost party has had the same experience in importance in order to consolidate the was discussion in every unit, and involved thru paying rent, if the party 4. Other Important Work.

VAN SWERINGEN NEW JERSEY CITY SECRETARIES TO HOLD

BROS. TO TRY **CONFERENCE MARCH 28 MERGER AGAIN** NEW YORK, March 22 .- District No. 2 of the Workers (Communist)

Swap Titles to Overcome I. C. C. Decision

in New Jersey. This conference, to (Special to The Dally Worker) 28, at 2 o'clock in the Labor Lyceum at 704 South 14th street. Newark. mission's denial of the proposed Van Avella branch.

strong movement of thousands of children. Not only can they co Another form that our mass work operate by getting their children into a Pioneer group, but also by provid

In the Negro work which the league ng organizations into an organization First, in the unions the party frac- is just beginning to develop the party is especially able to give us help. many young workers and adult work- fraction or league members and give First, in section 1 in Chicago the real attention to the youth problems party comrades can give us much as Some of the party members are al- in the union and in the industry. The sistance thru furnishing us connec tions with young Negro workers who ganize such a broad sport movement work under the conditions that the we can get into the league, also by supporting us in all our activities among the young Negroes in this secdifferences between the conditions of tion.

Second, the party can help us by giv ing their support to the forum which the league will establish on the south side, thru which we hope to recruit militarism which will end up with sider the problems of the youth in many young Negroes into the league, and bring many more close to us.

Third, the district executive com mittee of the party and the districct Negro committee must co-operate with our district Negro-committee in developing the Negro work on a district scale. At present the league Negro work, like the party, is almost entirely confined to Chicago, and is not touching such important centers as Gary, Milwaukee, etc. T

Fourth, much can be done to help develop the Negro work, and the work of Section 1 as a whole, if a sub-section of the party be established in Section 1, as has been done by the league.

Some Recommendations for Party Help.

At the end of my report I want to make some recommendations for party help so that we can quicker put ome of the suggestions for party cooperation into effect. 1. Every party shop nucleus must

assign one comrade to the special work of organizing a league nucleus. 2. All party shop nuclei and Y. W.

. concentration groups of same shop must have regular exchange of delegates, and also all section committees of the league and party, just as in the higher units. 3. In Sections 1, 2, 4 and 6 the party and league should immediately obtain

joint headquarters. 4. There should be a youth member on every fraction executive and every

Demands Inquiry Into Bankruptcy

(Special to The Daily Worker) WASHINGTON, March 22 - Senaorial investigation into affairs of the Chicago, St. Paul and Milwaukee raiload which went into the hands of a eceiver in March, 1923, is proposed y Senator Gooding, republican of daho

Gooding sponsored a resolution uthorizing the investigation not only and the struggle of the Pioneers, espento the railroad's finances but espeially into the effort of "Kuhn, Loeb and company of New York, to reorgan-

ize the road." He charged there was evidence of "collusion" in the appointment of the receivership.

Gooding sponsored a resolution uthorizing the investigation not only nto the railroad's finances but espeially into the effort of "Kuhn, Loeb and company of New York, to reorganize the road." He charged there vas evidence of "collusion" in the opointment of the receivership.

The road's receivership appeared to nave resulted from "collusion between the Kinkley Coal company, a creditor, and the officers and directors of the railroad." The receivership was forced

when the Binkley concern filed a petition against the railroad. "It further appears," according to the resolution, "from testimony be-

fore the interstate commerce commission that collusion existed between said creditor company and the officers and directors of the said railroad company as a result of which the latter was judged insolvent by the court of receivers appointed, all to the grave prejudice and loss to the stockholders and bond holders thereof, and contra-

ry to the public interests." Gooding said that H. E. Bryan, president of the St. Paul, testified that

a \$48,000,000 bond issue which matured in June, 1924. He charges that Bryan gave the stock and bondhold-

SEATTLE, Wash. March 22 - The eattle Union Record in editorial comment on the Current History magazine symposium on American recognition

neeting to protest against the anti-i such notables as Judge Gary, Col. alien registration and deportation House and Senator Edge against rebills will be held at the Granjis Hall, cognition, has the following to say:

1, at 10 o'clock. D. E. Earley of Pittsburgh will speak in English and B. Ljutich will address the meeting in ger indulge in silly villification of dren just recovering from sickness of the South Slavic language. The meet- Bolshevism."

ing is arranged under the auspices of CLEVELAND, O., March 22-In the the Western Pennsylvania Council for American opponents of Soviet Russia years of age is given a job taking care salaries and the children's educational wake of the Interstate Commerce Com- for the Protection of Foreign-born, high and dry with the assurance that of three children, prepare breakfast,

WHEN the play called "School | Detroit Pioneers Will Days" was given at a strikers' mass meeting in Passaic it was re- Have Camp this Summer ceived with great enthusiasm. It was given with such great success that

we were asked to give it again.

As the Pioneers marched in singing

DETROIT, Mich., March. 21 .- The into the hall to give the play for the children has been felt here for many

need of a camp for the working class econd time they were received with summers. There are camps, but not cheering by the strikers. There was any that Communist children care to continuous cheering, shouting and ap attend. The order of the day at these plause thruout the play. Why? Becamps is capitalist militarism. Last cause this play very well presented to summer the need of a camp was parthe strikers the life of the working ticularly acute. This year the Pioneers class children in the capitalist schools and the Young Workers' League began the campaign. The parents' council, the federation of working women's

(Special to The Dally Worker)

The camp, itself will be at Loon

the local Finnish organization. One will be put up this year, which will be making the room large during the day. The following year a separate and a fireplace will be built in the used for an assembly and dining room

also be enlarged finance this camp. Donation lists will be circulated among individuals and organizations. Membership cards can be purchased for \$1. Entertainments will be given by the Pioneer groups themselves. The various language workers' clubs will be asked to participate in affairs. Finally a Lenin Pioneer camp carnival will be held on Sunday, May 9, from 2 to 12 p.m. The entire House of the Masses has been secured for this day. All halls will be used and the attractions will be many. This will be the affair of the year and everyone should look ndentured child labor is legalized in forward and plan to attend it if they would enjoy themselves. Admission is 25c. Watch for more news about the Lenin Pioneer camp.

> **School Board Short** of Funds; Teachers Will Get Wage Cut

The board of education, finding itself short of funds, will begin to "remedy" the situation by a reduction in the salary of Chicago school teachers. Edward B. Ellicott, president of the board, told Mayor Dever yesterday that in addition to wage cuts for teachers, kindergartens will have to be closed and summer and night school courses curtailed.

The \$68,000,000 appropriation the board received this year is not enul to meet the requirements-the deficit And again, "Hibben leaves the work before they are well. A girl 12 will be taken out of the teachers' facilities.

Seattle Union Record for Soviet Recognition

Bronton Miners Protest Against Anti-Alien Laws

(Special to The Daily Worker) AVELLA, Pa., March 22.-A mass Bronton, Pa., Thursday morning, April

for Russia in which Leon Trotsky and Capt. Paxton Hibben argued for and "The noteworthy thing about the

articles of the American government

the Russian Communists will be able milk five cows, work in the field, and

ers no opportunity to contribute the funds necessary to meet this obligation, although the latter were willing.

Washington, D. C., issued by the ederal children's bureau on child la the road's insolvency was caused by

On this report it is revealed that one-fourth of the country. States that legalize child labor are: Arkansas,

Kansas, Pennsylvania, Virginia, Inliana, Nevada, Illinois, Maryland, Rhode Island, West Virginia, Michi-

gan and Wisconsin. In the above states the 'indenture nomes" hire out the young workers for a number of years. The "rent" of

the human life is cheaper than anything else that is "for rent." A farmer can obtain from the "indenture home" cheap help by supplying board and room for the children. At the ages of 18 or 21, according to how long they are sold, they are turned loose with \$50 or less and a suit of clothes. In the state of Pennsylvania

some are contracted for until 1940. In Wisconsin (the "grand" old state and big business is that they no lon- of LaFollette and Vic Berger) chilthe worst kind are forced to go to





By AUGUST VALENTINE. N interesting report comes from

ers. In one part the teacher asked he loved his country's flag. To this he

age of fourteen who are working in

nto a strong Pioneer section.

Pioneers, are we ready? Let us answer in chorus-

ple, the working people, who make up

ful strikes." Many other parts were eceived gith great enthusiasm. extile strike is of great importance, as there are many children under the first building, which will then only be

the mills in spite of the child labor The second year the playground will

law in New Jersey. It is up to the Pioneers to organize these children

Always ready!

cially during the textile strike. The parts in the play that showed organizations, the Workers' Party and the work and purpose of the capitalist several close sympathizers came to schools were liked most by the strik- their support. one boy (who was a Pioneer) whether lake, an acre of the land owned by

answered: "I love my country's peo- large building with one large room this country. When I grow up I am used for sleeping, dining and assemgoing to teach the workers how to bly. For sleeping there will be bunks stick together and carry out success- which can be folded against the wall,

Pioneers Take Part in Textile Strike

MAX KARP, New York Ploneer.

The work of the Pioneers in the building for sleeping will be erected

Elaborate plans have been made to

Also when there are one or two party members working in a shop where the league is trying to organize a shop nucleus, they should do all they can to help us to accomplish this task.

2. Reaching the Masses. In starting our mass activities, one

Telephone Lehigh 6022 DR. ABRAHAM MARKOFF Surgeon Dentist 249 East 115th St., Cor. Second Ave.

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ance.

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The increasing crowds show that our cooking is good-so is our service.

The Place Where You Get Most for Your Money in Quantity and Quality

YOUR PATRONAGE COURTEOUSLY SOLICITED.

By Max Shachaman



Party will hold a conference of New

Jersey City secretaries in order to

work out plans for greater activity

be held on Sunday afternoon, March

N. J., is to be attended

in the make-up of the road's officers. The conference will discuss the The Van Sweringen brothers and sevpolitical and organizational work in eral of their close associates swapped the New Jersey section of District a flew directorships and chairmanships No. 2 and will prepare for a conferon the boards of the three roads. ence of all units in New Jersey to They hope in this way to satisfy the be held in the near future, to which stockholders of the Cincinnati and all units are to send representatives. Ohio whose protests caused the I. C.

decision. Milwaukee Membership Meeting. Van Sweringen's Adventures. Thursday, March 25, there will be The denial of the Van Sweringen a general party membership meeting merger was of such consequence in in Milwaukee at Miller Hall, 802 State the financial world that part of the

street. General organization questions huge recent break in the stock market will be taken up and in particular the is laid to it. The Van Sweringens campaign for the protection of for- are two brothers whose enormous eign-born workers. The district or- profits in real estate speculation alganizer will be present and all party lowed them to take a turn in railroad members should put in their appear- manipulation. They had managed, stration. after they had acquired the Nickel

Plate and the Hocking Valley to con-A sub a day will help to drive trol the Chesapeake and Ohio with ownership of only one-third of the stock of the latter company. The present reshifting is a scheme to overcome the I. C. C. objection to a merger of the three roads.

British Unions Favor Amalgamation Program

(Special to The Daily Worker) LONDON, March 22-The Distributive Workers Union, Shop Assistants

and Secretaries, and the newly formed Union of Retail Stationers are negotiating for the formation of a single organization. Instructions and decisions of their annual general conferences commit the two first-named

groups to an amalgamation program.



congress.

Federal School Control

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 22-The tendency towards extension and Guaranty Trust company. The Harri- defend themselves. centralization of federal government powers has been accelerated by the

recent move for the establishment of ship with the Moscow government, a government education Bureau whose paying \$1,000,000 cash for the privihead shall be a member of the cabinet. A bill making this proposal is ganese mine in the world."

nomy.

now before a house committee on education with the division said to be Scott Nearing Will close. Opponents of the measure charge encroachment of the federal government on the rights of self-gov ernment reserved to the states and extension of bureaucracy in admini-NEW YORK, March 22. - Scott

Bimba to Speak in **Cleveland on April 3**

His opponent is the National Security CLEVELAND, March 22-Anton League. The debate, which will be Bimba, the young Communist editor, for the benefit of the New Masses who was convicted of sedition, but magazine, will be held Sunday, March phemy under a law of the state of Manhattan Opera House.

1697, will speak in Cleveland on Saturday, April 3, at the Carpenters Hall, League has undertaken in the open 2226 E. 55th street. He will speak on "Is There a God?"

There will be other speakers-and National Security League. He is no worker should fail to bring along one of their most active propagan-Union, Association of Women Clerks his shop mates so that they may learn dists and tours the country rousing how religion and the church are the business men against socialism, used for materialistic ends.

> Los Angeles to Have an the bankers in America.

Anti-Religious Meeting **Chicago Bank Will**

LO SANGELES, March 22-Los Angeles will be treated to something unusual on Monday evening, March 29,

A London branch will be establishat 8 o'clock at the Co-Operative Cened shortly by the Continental and ter, 2733 Brooklyn avenue, when the Commercial National Bank of Chicago. Jewish workers will hold an anti-re-This branch will have agents in the igious demonstration on the occasion larger cities and the capitals of of the Passover. Speakers in Jewish Europe on the lookout for new busiand English will tell why the workness.

The Continental and Commercial over and explain the nature of reliinstitution to compete for Chinese Bank was the pioneer Chicago finan-

cial institution to compete for Chinese you want to see the Comloans. The vice-president, Abbott, is munist movement grow-get a sub now in the Orient on bank business.

Admission is free and all miners of to carry on. And whether official re- yet the slaveholder who contracted the commission's disapproval of the the Avella region are urged to attend cognition is given or not, American her says that he would not have an inter-locking directorate methods of and voice their protests against the business will adjust itself to the Com- other child unless he could get one the Van Sweringen brothers' control of outrageous bills now pending before munist element in the Russian eco- young enough so he could break her in to work.

"As for propaganda," says the Such is this system. Children who Record, "all the propaganda that So- should be in school, building themviet Russia needs is news like this: selves up morally and physically, are Seen in New Measure Last year the Soviet Textile Syndi- toiling their young lives away and cate bought \$50,000,000 worth of the adult workers are starving and out

American cotton on credits financed of work because child labor is taking by the Chase National Bank and the their place because they are unable to

Debate in New York! Resolved: That the United States Should Not Recognize Soviet Russia

J. ROBERT O'BRIEN, National

Security League Affirmative SCOTT NEARINGNegative

FRANK P. WALSH, Chairman MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE, 315 West 34th Street

Sunday Afternoon, March 28, at 2:30 Auspices: NEW MASSES

man interests have gone into partner-ship with the Moscow government, paying \$1,000,000 cash for the privi-ledge of developing the largest man-rest of the proletariat."—C. I. Thesis. Reserved seats, \$1.65, \$1.10, \$3c, 55c, on sale now at: Manhattan Opera House, Box Office; Jimmie Higgins Book Store, 127 University Pl.; Freiheit, 30 Union Sq. Mail Orders: New Masses, \$9 W. Sth St. Telephone Reservations: Stuyvesant 2104.



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SUPERIOR, WISCONSIN



THE PARIS COMMUNE







was originally charged¹⁰ with blas-28, at 2:30 in the afternoon at the This debate is the first of its kind and the first the National Security

Debate Anti-Soviet

with a radical. J. Robert O'Brien will represent the

Communism, Bolshevism, and every other ism that threatens the rule of



HERE SUNDAY

On the day when the Commune

Paris (March 28), a meeting will be

held in commemoration of the Paris

Commune at the Workers' House, 1902

There will be speakers in English

Russian and Polish, and a good con-

cert program with Russian revolu-

tionary and prison songs will be given.

A spectacle, "The Last Day of the

The commenioration is arranged by

Don't forget the date: Next Sunday,

(Special to The Daily Worker)

March 28, beginning at 2:30 p. m.

Cleveland Unions

the International Labor Defense.

W. Division street.

Polish language.

WORKER office,

PASSAIC TEXTILE STRIKE STIRS LEAGUE REQUEST PARIS COMMUNE THE AMERICAN LABOR MOVEMENT **TO BE HONORED**

By SYLVAN A. POLLACK. PASSAIC, N. J., March 22 .- For the last two months in the state of New Jersey there has been taking place a sensational strike that has stirred the working class of America as it has seldom been stirred in the past.

Over 12,000 textile workers of many nationalities have united together officially took over the government of and are putting up a splendid fight.

Brutal police terrorism, tear bombs, as well as the beating up of reporters and photographers of the capitalist press has taken place. Another unique feature is that the petty bourgeois +

wages

elements are giving their financial and a net profit of \$1,500,000. The Gera moral support to the strikers. As an mills which employs 1,200 workers has example, the East Side Merchants' during the year 1924 obtained a net Association of Passaic has donated income of \$1,356,509, paid \$431,914 \$1,500 to the strikers' relief fund. dividends and had a surplus of \$13,639.

Workers Against Low Pay.

ommune," will be presented in the The strike developed out of the vage cut the workers received last October. Their meager wages were the Russian and Polish branches of then reduced by a ten per cent cut bringing their low pay down to be-Tickets in advance 35 cents, at the tween \$12 and \$22 a week, some re-

door 50 cents, Tickets are for sale ceiving only \$9 weekly. at the Workers' House, the Russian Co-Workers of all ages are employed in operative restaurants and The DAILY

he mills, many working on the night shifts which are conducted by sev eral of the mills. In many cases the

gle and fight until ultimate victory will be theirs.

The mills which have been paying ed upon for assistance in their hour of Workers (Communist) Party, District their workers starvation wages have need.

Six, had sent the list to the local ask- at the same time been piling up enor-Interesting events are still to come ing for a contribution, which was to mous profits for their owners. The and will result in the organization and be sent direct to the strike relief com- Botany mill which employs 6,400 work- strengthening of the position of the mittee. The president then immediates, has during the year 1925 earned textile workers who are now on strike

Strikers Present Their Demands

(Continued from page 1) Time and a half for overtime "3. That the employes in the textile "4. Decent and sanitary working factories be granted a living wage. conditions Workers would return to work "5. No discrimination against union

if this were granted. workers. 3. That the strikers and the mill "6. Recognition of the workers'

owners each appoint one representa- union. tive to a committee which shall ar- "The employing mill owners made bitrate the matters under dispute. If no reply to these demands. The plomacy as practiced by our state dethese fail to agree, they are author- Botany mills, the largest in the group, ized to choose an impartial chairman, summarily discharged each and every who will then have the decisive vote. member of the employes' committee The full text of the committee's let- which had presented the demands of er to Secretary Davis follows:

Text of Proposals.

noon in summarizing these sugges- mit the following: hereof, we submit the following: N. J., and vicinity, approximately 16, has been heretofore determined by

000 workers, men women, and chil- the United States department of Ladren. The strike began the 25th day bor. of January of the present year. The "2. Immediately upon the estab-

STIRS UP FIRES OF COURT FIGHT World Court Opponents

Renew Struggle

Page Five

(Special to The Daily Worker) WASHINGTON, March 22-The rejuest of the council of the league of These two examples are cited to nations that the United States send show that when these mammoth cora representative to the conference of porations make larger profits they its signatory states which is to meet only develop an appetite for larger at Geneva in September to consider profits which they try to obtain at the reservations attached by the senthe worker's expense by reducing ate to American adherence to the world court has stirred up the whole Statistics of the United States labor controversy over the league of nadepartment show that wool workers tions, its relationship to the world court, and the attitude of this coun-

try towards both. According to the reservations in the resolution which passed the senate, each of the 55 nations adhering to rest of the populace. Between the the world court must accept in writages of 24 and 44 the percentage of ing all the reservations attached by deaths from heart disease is also the senate to the adhesion of this country before the decisions can be binding. Even then it is specifically best traditions of the working class is provided that the court shall be asked now taking place at Passaic, Garfield for no advisory opinions on matters

and Clifton, N. J. The workers who affecting the United States without its prior consent. The "Gold Dust Twins."

Senator Borah and the irreconcilable opponents of the court and league state that this provision links up the two bodies in an inseparable fashion. How, they ask, can such advisory opinions be prevented if the league of nations should request the court for one in a matter involving the United States unless the latter were officially represented in the league so it could voice its objections then and there? As Borah ironically remarked: "The government to be consistent must send a representative to the league's conference in Geneva."

Gibson as "Observer."

The administration is trying to solve the difficulty by having Gibson, the American minister to Switzerland, sit in at the conference as the unofficial delegate of this country. In other words, he will be what has become common to the devious methods of dipartment-an "observer.'

The Contradiction.

It is a safe conclusion that the course of events at Geneva has greatly the workers. To your request as to strengthened the hands of those who terms under which the controversy are opposed to the United States tak-"Following our conference this after- might be settled, we respectfully sub- ing an active part in European political affairs. On the other hand, ions and the counter suggestions "1. A living wage for all employes such political interference is bound by immediate establishment as a to follow the increasing economic and "There are now on strike in the tex- minimum in all mills on strike, amount financial control which the fast-growile manufacturing plants of Passaic, of such living wage to be that which ing investments of this country bring about in that continent.

* * * Chamberlain's Motive.

GENEVA, March 22-It is-agreed undersigned committee of workers, all lishment of such minimum living wage here that Chamberlain's motion for

This Week's Prizes!

The prizes offered for this week's best Worker Correspondents' articles will be somewhat different from those previous. First Prize: A six month's sub to The DAILY WORKER which

may be added on to the winner's subscription if he is a subscriber. Second Prize: The choice of any \$2.00 book from the Books for Workers' catalogue which will be sent to the winner as soon as he is

awarded the prize, and the book will be mailed to him immediately upon receipt of his choice. Third Prize: Education in Soviet Russia, by Scott Nearing.

Write as You Fight!

Send in your contributions. Many are coming in but we should get more. We want a full page of Worker Correspondence EVERY DAY, not only on Friday. Write about the shop, factory and job. Go out and interview other workers. Talk to them wherever you meet them always with the thot in mind of getting a story for the Worker Correspondent's page. Get the facts and send them in. Everybody likes to read the Worker Correspondents' page because it is written by workers for workers. If you enjoy reading it, then write for it, too. The DAILY WORKER CANNOT HAVE TOO MANY WORKER CORRESPONDENTS!

man?" "Quite fast; this ring will take **Eight-Hour Day Is** me about . . . five or six hours." "I'll tell you," says the boss, "leave Myth at Ford Motor me your name and address and I'll **Company's Plants** This is the usual end of one effort

1000 WORKER CORRESPONDENTS BY JANUARY 13 1927

JEWELERS' WAGES

FORCED TO LOW

Workers Must Organize

to Better Conditions

By SAUL WHITE

(Worker Correspondent)

Down! goes the standard of jewelry

workers. "Jeweler, Platinum Worker

Wanted." reads the ad in the paper.

the last place?" "\$1.25" is the reply.

"How much will you work for now?"

"Well, I know it is slow; I'll work

for a \$1.10 an hour." "\$1.10 an

afford that much. I want a man for

75c or 80c an hour! Are you a fast

to earn a living. A typical conver-

shop who dropped dead from exhaus- day.

The more that fellow worked,

of work who in turn cut their own

Jewelry workers! The time is

rotten ripe for a show-down. Join

the union and fight back. Our organ-

der to grab a job.

years learning.

sation in the hunt for a job.

hour?

notify you."

stop?

tion.

You want too much, we can't

"How much were you getting in

NEW YORK, March 22 - Down!

LEVELS BY BOSS

By a Worker Correspondent

DETROIT, Mich., March 22. - The We have come to the stage, when Ford Motor company claims to have we must ask ourselves where we are the eight-hour day. The reader can going fellow jewelers, where will it draw his own conclusions from the Our standards for which we following, whether this is correct or fought and starved in 1916 and 1919 not: are nearly all gone. All the evils In one of the departments at the

of the pre-union days are back. Home Ford plant in which soldering is done work, piece work, long hours, hire the workers must file their own irons and fire at will-it is all back. Men before the regular shift begins. They drop dead working, as was the case of are not paid for this extra work, Isidore Hoffman, lately of Kalishers' which takes about 15 minutes every

If a worker refuses to do this extra the family for a few days. Men work quits in disgust. This is one of the pay and thereby keep other men out ers who refuse to be slaves.

and all other jewelers' throats in or- Baltimore "Rewards" Aged City Employes

By a Worker Correspondent.

BALTIMORE, Md., March 22-The ized might is our only protection. city of Baltimore is at last rewarding You can't run away from the trade. You are entitled to make a living at its employes! This "reward" goes the trade which you spent several into effect on April 1. On April 1 many employes will be relieved of work

and will be given a pension. In or-Local No. 1 Jewelry Workers Union, meets every second and fourth der to receive a pension one must Thursday of the month. Come around be 60 years of age. to the meeting this Thursday. We

To figure the amount of his pension, one by one they started to go. On

work under better conditions. After calling at employment offices every day for two months and always hearing their reply, "Nothing today, boys," I went to look for a job at the Republic Iron and Steel company. I went there at 6 o'clock in the overtime and home, the less he earn- work the boss begins to discriminate morning to get the first chance. As

meet in the World Building and the his salary (now receiving) is divided account of the cold some hesitated office is Room 307A. Organization! by his age and then multilplied by the and did not leave the place as quickly the office.



Restaurant Worker

Finds Conditions in

By L. S., Worker Correspondent.

Factories Unbearable

collar and tie on, as if they knew 9 and 10 hours a day without extra ways the company has of firing work- beforehand that they would not get a

At 7 o'clock the office opened up. The place could not hold more than ten persons. All of us tried to get into the office, pushing one another, and we were so crowded that we

could not even move our hands. After we had waited about an hour, until the timekeeper would finish reading his morning paper, he got up and, with swollen eyes, caused perhaps

before, said that they needed onl carpenters and that the others should

leave the place immediately. The workers looked at each other and then

the only argument the bosses under- number of years he has been in serv- as the timekeeper wanted them to. stand. That should be our motto, ice. If a man aged 65 went to work He again told them to get out and in 1919 at \$1,400 a year, he would re- that it was no use to hang around

ed, because the boss kept on cutting against him. He gives him many soon as I reached the mill I saw about

the piece work rates in order to keep different jobs and finds fault in work ten or fifteen workers who went there down his earnings to an average mi- that previously escaped the boss' at- with the same idea as myself. As nimum of \$40 a week. After working tention. The boss constantly bull- time went by more workers were com 4 years in this shop, a collection was dozes and heckles the worker until ing to look for a job, some in overalls necessary after the funeral to feed the worker can no longer stand it and ready for work, and others with their

from the after effects of the night Railroads Introduce

favorable for making a contribution. when it was announced that the

ately declared that the matter would have to be dropped, because the local is not allowed to have any relations with the Communists.

What has relief for striking textile workers to do with the Workers (Communist) Party? Only one thing, and that is that in District Six the Workers (Communist) Party was the first

to raise the issue of relief of the striking textile workers. This disproves the Carpenters' Union false statement that the Communists are trying to destroy the unions. Helping striking workers to win a strike is destroying the union? 19Not by the boldest stretch of the imagination can this be asserted. It is time that this nonsense was dropped.

Bill to Cut Interest **Upon Government Loans**

WASHINGTON, March 22 - A bill has been introduced into both houses of congress for the reduction of interest charges on loans made to the railroads during the world war by the

entire family, husband and wife, as well as their sons and daughters are working for the textile barons, some working at night and others on the day shift. In such a way "family life" is developed in the United States

ng conditions and low wages. In masses and spontaneously they united their forces under the direction of the

nake a contribution to the relief.

Inion discussed the matter at the last meeting, and the sentiment was

1.

2.

"1.

of America! But the time came when the work-

Aid Passaic Strikers rs could not stand it any longer and

revolted against the unsanitary work-

higher.

between the ages of 25 and 34 die from tuberculosis at the rate of 41.7 per cent as against 30 per cent of the general population. Deaths from pneumonia and Bright's disease also shows a higher percentage than among the

Militant action that is a credit to the

Workers and are determined to strugit in a ruthless manner. They are

United Front Committee of Textile

CLEVELAND, March 22 .- The Cap akers Union No. 18 made a contribu-

tion of \$15 to the Passaic textile workers' relief, and also passed a volintary tax of \$1 per member. Bakers Local No. 19 decided to

Local No. 105 of the Carpenters

are on strike are learning thru bitter experience how the state comes to the

support of the bosses and does its dirty work, sweeping all that is before

Laundry Trust Being Formed by Bankers

With this slogan we'll win.

By a Worker Correspondent

NEW YORK, March 22-Following 1 an annual salary of about \$1000 (fine closely upon the great bakery consoli- reward for 52 years of labor!) dation which resulted in the bread The theory on which the minor part

trust, the laundry industry of the coun- of the pension plan is based is that an ditches eleven hours a day at 44 cents The Erie and Seaboard also owes a try is taking the first step towards employe is entitled to a retiring allow-per hour. I understood that this kind large amount. There are a dozen trustification. Twenty up-state New ance of half his salary for 35 years York laundries have completed plans work. That is, if he has worked 35 days later we were all laid off. years, his retiring allowance is one for a huge merger.

Similar combinations have already half of his present salary, but if less taken place in Kansas City, New Or- then it is calculated as I showed you leans, Los Angeles and Cincinnati, before,

Preparations are now being made for So if you have worked for the city the formation of a great national sysfor 35 years you may get an allowance tem of power laundries to be known of from \$1,000 to \$1,400 a year, but if the victim. A private gets a pension the United States consul general as Associated Laundries of America, only 10 years then starve as one must of \$630 a year for the loss of a leg here, the trade between America and Inc. New York banks are the moti- do on \$140 yearly.

vating influences in the creation of In contrast to this Mayor Hylan of the same injury. this national laundry trust. New York resigned a day before his

term expired and became eligible to a SEND IN A SUB. pension of several thousand dollars.

ceive in 1926, since his is now forced to "retire" a miserable pittance of leave. I had a few copies of the DAILY \$140 a year, and there are many such. WORKER, which I gave away to One man, 83 years of age, is to "retire"-he has worked for the city for 52 years and will receive after April cause it was said that they would owes \$91,000,000, the largest single

of work would not last long, and three. other roads which received \$1,000,000.

Choice and Common Flesh.

losses of limbs and other injuries during the late war for democracy are

Your pen must be stronger than the close second. Furs also constituted hired pen of the boss.

charged on these advances. The bills would reduce the rate to 4 per cent. According to a compilation by J. D. those that were leaving. The next Shatford, chairman of the Railroad day I went again to the factory, be- Owners Association, the New Haven

government. Six per cent has been

employ some workers. One hundred sum due. The Chicago, Milwaukee and fifty workers were hired. They and St. Paul was loaned \$55,000,000 led us to a place where we had to dig and the Boston and Maine \$48,700,000.

U. S. China Trade for OTTAWA, Can.-(FP)- In Canada 1925 Was \$159,502,913

SHANGHAI, March 22 - According accurately measured by the status of to statistics released to the press by while a general gets \$1890 a year for China for 1925 reached a total in gold

of \$159,502,913. Half of this consisted of textiles, with silk coming a

a considerable item.

of whom waited upon you, is com- the employes will return to work in a conference of representatives of posed of textile workers actually em- the mills. 0

ployed in the mills at the time of the "3. That within three days follow strike, who went on strike in an effort ing the establishment of this minimum to remedy intolerable conditions. Be- wage the mill management and the with a view to preventing any of its fore going on strike, thru committees undersigned committee representing members rejecting in whole or in part democratically selected they present strikers shall each select one repres- the American reservations until every ed their demands as follows:

Restore 10% Wage Cut.

Restitution of the 10 per cent per cent increase in wages.

"2. The return of money taken from and the workers shall likewise have the workers since the time of the last the right to select one of their num wage cut.

"3. A forty-four hour week, "4. Time and a half for overtime.

conditions. "6. No discrimination against union

workers. "7. Recognition of the workers union.

"For the silk mill workers: "1. 25 per cent increase in wages.

"2. Forty-four-hour week.

forth.

also learning who are their friends

and allies-those who can be depend-

wage cut made last October and a 10 to select an officer, stockholder, or senate of the United States. person unconnected with the mills

> ber or a person unconnected with the mills to represent them, so that the

principle of collective bargaining thru "5. Decent and sanitary working representatives may be preserved.

workers. In case of disagreement. they shall have authority to select

aquitably adjusted."

states adhering to the league of nations to consider the American reservations to the world court was made [entative to adjust demands herein set effort had been made collectively to ecure such a unanimous approval as "The employers shall have the right that required by the resolution of the

Stamford Held Tag Day for Passaic Strikers

SAMFORD, Conn., March 22 .- The Stamford branch of the International "These two representatives shall be Workers Aid held a successful tag day empowered to adjust all points in dis- for the relief of the Passaic strikers pute between the mill owners and the and collected \$215.

Watch the Saturday Magazine an impartial referee to the end that Section for new features every any remaining disputed points may be week. This is a good issue to give to your fellow worker.

Passaic Strikers Learn Secretary Davis Is Tool of the Bosses

(Continued from Page 1)

turned streams of water from highpressure hose upon them in the dead of winter, drenching them to the skin, ten months or ten years. when few of them had other clothes they could wear while their clothes sion from the bosses, the department of labor, according to the statement dried out.

Voices Mill Owners' Objections.

of the seccretary, Mr. Davis, then Davis stated that Colonel A. F. H. agreed that no "outsiders" be included Johnson, who represented the Botany in negotiations and that particularly offer it was acting the role of a strike- tions between the men in the mills ing in that capacity. Consolidated Mills, had been to see Albert Welsbord, the leader of the his assistant, Hugh Kerwin, and him-self a number of times, and that other Communist," should not be considered indicate by its actions any such Walsh turned to him and asked him if self a number of times, and that other mill owners had also been there, and and that he must drop out of the pic- charge that after a number of conferences a ture

Davis remarked that he did not proposal was made as a basis for setknow Weisbord, but that he presumed tlement of the strike. The seccretary of labor said that the department he was with the delegation. Frank P. Walsh then pointed to Weisbord and had a difficult time inducing Johnson and the other mill owners to accept Davis raised his hand in a sort of lazy time a puddler in a steel mill and how does know, ought to know that the ligence-a mere figurehead who is ut- sacks to beat up women and children. the proposal. The first demand of the greeting, and then asked the strike leader if he would agree to "step out In order to emphasize the fact that against the employer representing proposal, which Davis tried to make the delegation believe he had to bludg- of the picture" if it would benefit the he claims to have once worked this great combines of capital. eon out of the mill owners, was that strikers. Before Weisbord could an- popinjay cabinet member and messenthe strikers return to work under the swer the question the whole delegasame conditions that existed before tion of strikers in unison asserted that chine in Pennsylvania walked over to the conference be secret and that all nothing but ordinary strike-breakers and tha the strike and that within "a reason- he would not be permitted to do anyable time" certain machinery, not specified, be set up for the purpose of adjusting the grievances in any man-ner the representatives of the com-pany and the workers may decide. This was nothing more nor less than This was nothing more nor less than able time" certain machinery, not thing of that sort. This was appara brazen demand that the strikers ad- fact, tho, that the demand of the mill-

bosses, who would take action "within to break the strike and destroy the a reasonable time," which might be organization created in the process of the struggle. After "forcing" this great conces

Government Strike-Breaker. Frank P. Walsh, for the strikers, a miner, took up the question and sugtold Davis flatly that if the depart- gested that any number of ways breaker and added that surely the de- and the individual bosses, or between

ger boy of the Mellon political ma-

defeat and go back like whipped owners that he get out of the fight stastic over this cheap stunt, so he Davis did not want newspaper men curs to await the pleasure of the was merely one of the methods used esumed his seat, and then Hugh Ker n was because he did not know what win, since the Wilson regime a mem- he mill owners had told the news because they fear he is a Communist ber of the department of labor in charge of its conciliation department, assertions that might be used against to Johnson, proving that all his talk who claims to have at one time been them. He wanted it distinctly under about patriotism was bunk, that the

> ment of labor were responsible for might be found to settle the dispute, that it dare not make any sort of countries; that it was in the hands of the proposals contained in the bosses' the favorite one, being direct negotia- statement that would bar it from act- the alien property custodian during puppet, Davis, in a hole. Either he Lesson for Strikers.

At this point Davis sought to divert to be taken seriously. Even a lackey learned another valuable lesson in the of graft. Johnson was objected to the discussion into personal channels in the strike-breaking movement afternoon. They spent more than two by relating some of his own expe- ought to be more discreet than to pro- hours in conference with Davis, dur- taining a despotic system of terror rience in strikes. The secretary of pose such an absurdity. Even Davis, ing which time he exposed himself as against his workers and is further labor told about how he was at one himself, among the very few things he far below the average worker in intel- accused of encouraging the police coshe was on strike for seven months. individual worker has no chance terly incapable of being anything all of the terror occurring before his other than a cog in a political machine mills.

The secretary of labor insisted that the United States government are of the most highly protected of all a corner in the approved manner of newspaper men be excluded, hence who serve the master class. Falling wage the workers receive far below the herd leader of the Loyal Order of all of the known newspaper men had to hoodwink the strikers into accept- sufficient to enable them to exist in rived at. Communists know how seemed to get very enthu- all the capitalist press. The reason strikers' demands.

Johnson Objectionable. papers and did not want to make any the strikers very definitely objected stood that the department of labor Botany mills are part of a European acted merely as "conciliator" and concern with mills in many European itself.

If the bosses objected to Weisbord

the war, and that the circumstances

Again the strikers who had been open to suspicion of corruption, as it he really meant such a suggestion of the United States in the morning alien property custodian was a hotbed because of his establishing and main

manipulated by Wall Street. Again Furthermore, attention was called the strikers learned that the men in to the fact that the industry is one are assured strike relief from other

strikers who come to their aid. Fur hermore, the strike committee at Washington, in its reply to Davis, insists that the strikers will not return o work until they are guaranteed a living wage, based upon the budgets prepared by the department of labor

This statement puts the political will have to wash his hands of the of its return to its present owners are whole affair, in which case he would be attacked and exposed by those indicate by its actions any such Walsh turned to him and asked him if disillusioned regarding the president is well known that the office of the who are demanding a senatorial investigation of the industry, or he would have to repudiate the millowners-an unheard of thing for a member of a government that has as one of its real heads such a creature as Senator Butler of Massachusetts, who is a scab textile baron and who profits thru such conditions as those existing in Passaic.

In the proposed investigation it would be well for the senate committee to include the conditions under of labor to settle the strike were arhese things happen, but it would be well to have the facts brot out so that ther workers may understand the haracter of the government as the nemy of the workers and the lender of the exploiters of labor

Fears Publicity.

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Page Six

What Does Norman Thomas Mean?

Norman Thomas, socialist, spoke at a strike meeting of the Furriers' Union last Friday. The chairman introduced him as a representative of the socialist party and as late candidate for governor on the socialist ticket. He also stated that in a strike the union was glad to have all who are interested in the success of the strike come and help along.

To this Norman Thomas responded and said, "No honest socialist can work against the strike. In a strike political differences must be set aside and the common cause of the workers considered above all else."

What did Norman Thomas mean? Does he not know that the Jewish Daily Forward which is run by the socialists. is fighting the Furriers' Union and this strike? Would he then say that the Forward and the socialists responsible for it are not honest?

Maybe Dr. Norman Thomas can explain. It seems that either Abraham Cahan, editor of the Forward, is not an honest socialist or that Thomas was wrong about the attitude of socialists in case of a strike.

Or is Thomas breaking away from Cahan?

Uplifters Assail Literature

a "clean books" bill upon the law books of the state.

Aside from the very well-known fact that certain scab publishing houses that make a specialty of turning out stereotyped drivel tempt on the part of America to rend- ary slogan of "open door to revolu- under hard conditions. On the other Frankfort. As early as September fought also. of the most nauseating character purporting to appeal to the morals and "decency" of the community pay some of these modern vandals for their nefarious agitation, there is a psychological question involved that merits consideration. That is the well known fact that the preachers, reformers and others who object to realism in literature and art are in reality psychopathic cases; emotional perverts whose reaction in the presence of undraped statuary or a descriptive love scene are extremely abnormal, leading to most offensive hallucinations sometimes manifesting themselves in public displays of their infirmities, thereby exposing them to their fellows for what ington every year on excursions, wed- gle by outgeneraling the agents of the Anna Malick is one of a family of they really are. Most creatures of this type are religious, so they add to their offense by cloaking it with a holier-than-thou garb and They see the show places, the glamor, haunt legislative chambers trying to refrain from enjoying the things the shrines of the patriots, monu. United Dye Works at Lodi. He is tile mills, for which she receives \$12 industry. that their disordered minds unfit them to enjoy.

THE DAILY WORKER Pepper Speaks on the American Problems her loans secure, it was also an | tionary propaganda" against the re- | hand a fight upon the part of fascism | Maslov pressed for an alteration of

MOSCOW, March 21.-U. S. S. R., By Mail.)-Feb. 24.-The sixth seson of the enlarged executive of the omrade Pepper who declared: 'The previous discussion has been ther limited to the internal party

Y8 6 YO X 878

tuation. The essence of the devie tactic of the united front, these world situation. The analysis of Bor- land.

diga: Here is Soviet Russia, there is the rest of the world, is extremely comes a false tactic.

ever, both the meaning of the slowere different. At that time the slononarchy, today it means a socialist

of America and the growing contradiction between her and Europe charcterize the present situation. The concentration and accumulaing of the petty bourgeois elements out of the republican party, the offi-

high customs barrier in which the bor Party, the organization of the un-

states against America under the the cutting off of the American con- important task is that of winning the growing contradictions between ganda."

day under the chairmanship of Soviet Russia with Europe, on the view with regard to the revolutionary comrade Geschke with the speech of other hand there is a certain parallel- possibilities of Poland. The new Clared: I am in complete agree- stag (parliament) we made a half

China, Mosul, etc. Naturally, the to carry out a mass agitation, even be conducted against both right and Hindenburg election showed us that motives are varied. The Russian formed trade unions. On the other left. The ultra-left tendencies can we had to correct our course and at ions consist in the mistakes which Mosul policy aims at defending young hand, however, the leftward move- unless they are defeated lead to a that time in the question of the united ave been made in the aplication of revolutionary Turkey against English ment in the working class also grew. liquidation of the party, to a catas- front and in the question of the peoimperialism whereas American Mosul In consequence of the coalition poli- trophe. There is also an internation- ple's bloc we fell a prey to new and their turn are connected with the policy aims at defending Mosul oil cy, a left wing was formed in the Po- al right danger. A section of the so- serious right errors, and thru this we incertainty of the analysis of the for imperialist reasons against Eng- lish Socialist Party. If the Commun- cial-democratic workers who were

THE speaker then proceeded to an- here this can lead to the breaking into the ranks of the German Com-L alyze in detail the difference be- off of large masses of workers from munist Party, are tending back toschematic and false, and from it tween the slogan of the United States the social-democracy. In the last of Europe in 1915 and now. The ar- session of the trade union council rights, who support themselves upon covered the differences and made a

The all-embracing slogan of the guments which Lemin used against under the pressure of the masses, not the one-time social-democrats and holy legend out of the Frankfort party theses upon the basis of an analysis this slogan at that time were abso- only those in favor of an alliance but upon the aristocracy of labor, are sit- congress. For this reason the letter of the world situation is: The Unit- lutely correct. At that time objec- also right railway leaders and min- ting in Noah's ark and waiting pa- of the E. C. C. I. was a saving and ed States of Socialist Europe. Many tively considered, the slogan direct- ers' leaders voted for the proposals tiently until the left flood has died purifying action. And for this reason comrades are skeptical of this slo- ed itself against the colonies and of the left.

gan, they remember the argument of against the young Japanese and Ame- The Kulaks are going to the right, Lenin in 1915. At that time, how- rican imperialisms. Today the hege- all other elements to the left. The with which the enlarged executive is C. I. letter pointed out the correct mony is no longer with Europe but Communist slogan which was issued faced. The history of the German way. For this reason I wanted to gan as well as the world situation with American. At that time the over two years ago for the expropria- party consists of vaccillations be- carry thru this letter in order to preslogan meant a denial of the possi- tion of the large landowners without gan meant: A unification of the Eu- bility of the victory of the revolu- compensation has become the slogan ropean state upon a bourgeois-repub- tion in a single country, today how- of large masses of the peasantry. The lican basis thru the overthrow of the ever, we have the Soviet Union. To- Fourteenth Congress of the party liday we can and must connect this quidated the ultra-left crisis. The ulunification. The economic dominance slogan with the slogans for an alli- tra-lefts have made very many great ance with the colonies and with the mistakes, Already in 1923 Domsky Soviet Union. We must not only ex- accused the Russian Party of opporpose the swindle of the pacifist slo- tunism and when the ultra-left obgan of Pan-Europe, but we must our- tained influence over the party leadtion of American capital, the clean- selves issue a positive slogan. ership the isolation from the mass-

THE task which the American party es followed, the united front was I must place before itself hangs in flung overboard, a stupid sort of recial abandonment of the anti-trust connection with this. The chief task volutionary gymnastics was indulged law by the republicans and further of the American party is to build in without the participation of the the widening of connections with Eu- bridges to the masses. Such bridges masses and the social-democratic rope and the tendency to abolish the are: The left movement in the La- workers were rejected. Altho there are still ultra-left ten

farmer and the growing class of cou- skilled workers, the leadership of dencies left over, the crisis has been Just as the early christians committed the most atrocious acts pon-clippers are in alliance with electoral campaigns, the setting up passed. The situation of the party is of vandalism against the literature of ancient Greece, which culmin- finance capital, all these factors lead of a platform of combined struggle favorable. In Kalisch the soldiers ated with the sacking and burning of the magnificant library of to a sharpening of the dominant situ- against the power of the state and refused to shoot upon the workers. Alexandria, so the modern self-appointed uplifters and purifiers want to scourge from the earth every glimmering of human intel-ligence and reduce humanity is to their areason the ligence and reduce humanity is to their areason the tween America and Europe.

ligence and reduce humanity to their own low level. The latest In contradiction to the one-time main weight from light to heavy in ers proved so surprising as a result outburst, following the notorious anti-evolution agitation, the policy of isolation from Europe, Ame- dustry. The central slogan from the of the ultra-left policy of isolation. In the trade union question and in the upon the present situation. We must Scopes "monkey" trial at Dayton, Tennessee, and the Bimba "blas-tical and economic conditions, as for the Comintern must be, the alliance nomic struggles can very well raise phemy" trial at Brockton, Massachusetts, occurred at Albany, N. Y., instance the demand presented to with the suppressed peoples of Latin- the question of the workers and united front, but it also did not fight the character of the social-democratic where a group of irresponsible freaks gathered in an effort to place Belgium for a reduction in the America who in the fature will play peasants' government, nevertheless, it against the feeling of the majority of party. The people's referendum was strength of the army. Locarno was the role of China, with Mexico in is possible for the bourgeoisie to ob- the party membership against this correct. With regard to the internal not only an attempt to create a block the role of Canton. Finally, the Com- tain a breathing space by an impe- tactic. The E. C. C. I. was right when party situation, the ultra-lefts can be against the Soviet Union and an at- munists must set up the revolution- rialist loan, this, however, would be it warned against ultra-left errors in fought provided that the rights are

nternational Press Correspondence. attempt to form a block of debtor formist "workers' Monroe doctrine of for power is also possible. The most the tactic in order to bring the party out of its isolation, but because we leadership of England. Arising from tinent from revolutionary propa- the masses away from the social-de- feared the mistrust of the party mocracy, and the conditions for this masses we did not do it. (Interrupon of the enlarged executive of the America and Europe there grows a communist International was opened certain paralleling of interests of Communication of the enlarged executive of the certain paralleling of interests of Communication of the enlarged executive of the certain paralleling of interests of Communication of the enlarged executive of the certain paralleling of interests of Communication of the enlarged executive executi

ing of the interests of Soviet Russia events place the party before great ment with the theses of Zinoviev. turn, but even then we did not fight with the interests of America in tasks. Fascism grew and proceeded The struggle must at the same time the ultra-left tendencies openly. The caused an open rebellion amongst the ist Party pursues a correct policy led by the stream of the revolution ultra-left elements. At that time we led the struggle against the ultra-lefts mechanically and administratively.

wards the social-democracy. The At the Berlin party congress we down. The solution of the German I signed the E. C. C. I. letter. After question is one of the most important two years of serious errors the E. C. tween ultra-left and right. Every serve the party from convulsions. (A party congress swung the course of storm of laughter.) For this reason the party round. At the inaugural I requested the central committee to congress of the party ultra-lefts voted carry out the E. C. C. I. letter in Berdown. Liebknecht and Luxemburg. lin, but the central committee pre-The Heidelberg party congress ex- ferred to settle the Berlin district pelled good workers. Jena was a leadership administratively. The letweakened ultra-left party congress. ter of the E. C. C. I., however, had Frankfort was ultra-left, the embodi- also bad effects and the central comment of all ultra-left anti-bolshevist mittee neglected to regularize these, tendencies in the party. After Frank- and for this reason it is understandfort the Berlin party congress repre- ible that workers have been expelled sented a turn, unfortunately only half with Katz.

a turn. For this reason the E. C. C. I. The party has now great objective letter was necessary and politically possibilities. The illusions connected absolutely correct. The letter of the with the Dawes plan are waning. (In-E. C. C. I. declared not that the terruption: "You also.") We must left was bankrupt, but only a few left prevent bad traditions of united front leaders. (Interruption: "You and tactics rising once again in Saxony. Maslov.") The left made a tremen- A great danger is the fact that the dous mistake when they failed to right fraction is not liquidated and draw an honest balance at Frankfort. that the ultra-left fraction exists. The (Interruption: "Instead of a balance best elements from left and right it produced double bookkeeping.") It must be brought into the leadership. failed to fight the ultra-left mistakes Inere are no differences of opinion

It did not reject the tactic of the without falling into illusions about

Passaic Textile Strikers "See" Washington

By H. M. WICKS.

(Special to The Daily Worker) WASHINGTON, D. C., March 22 .--Thousands of workers come to Wash- can realize their demands in the strug- dustrial jungle. ing the sights of the national capital. are:

the strike and counter with the state- dren that he hopes to be able to keep derer of women, who teaches Sunday tive spent a few moments enlightenment that they will not permit the in school so they will have the ad-employers to deprive them of the vantage of an elementary education, on Sunday and harms babies on Mon-ter of the government of the United employers to deprive them of the vantage of an elementary in this in-leadership that they are convinced something few people get in this in-dustrial imple

ding trips and for the purpose of see- employers. Others in the delegation seven children and is but 16 years of troduce a resolution urging the ap- the blessings of class government, ex-

Carl Trocolo, who is a dryer in the of her life toiling in the Dundee tex. Sate the Passaic strike and the textile strike-breaking president, and told

ments to Washington, Lincoln, historic American-born of Italian parentage, is if she puts in the full week of 48 Wheeler of Montana was interviewprning myriad walls carrying s of past acts, they see the s of past acts, they see the

agreed that he would, if necessary, in- gave the strikers' delegation a talk on age yet has spent a year and a half pointment of a committee to investi- plaining the role of Coolidge as a them that instead of weeping over the

Should they succeed in passing the "clean books bill" the next thing would be to try to outlaw all literature that criticizes their Potomac river, Arlington military perversions or exposes the society in which they live and that toler- cemetery and view the capitol buildates them as a transitory stage in human history.

Such moves must be resisted by every intelligent section of society or we will be confronted with pee-wee legislators and creatures of the type of prohibition agents pillaging people's book shelves to discover if they are "bootlegging" something that might contain some semblance of human nature.

In a society organized for the benefit of all, such freaks as cially is this the case with the poorly these uplifters would be placed in asylums, under care of competent paid workers in the grim slave pens physicians in diseases of the mind, instead of being permitted to roam at large.

Berger's Passaic Resolution

At a time when a committee of Passaic strikers were arranging to have a senate resolution introduced so that the proper committee the every-day struggles of Passaic. receives \$30 per week. could start an investigation of the horrible conditions in the textile And they were coming to Washington industry of the country and when things began to look favorable for to tell the president of the United mother of nine children, works in the picket the mills on strike. such an investigation thru the senate, the "lone socialist" congress- States and other officials of the gov- Passaic Worsted mills and when she man, Victor L. Berger, of Milwaukee, horned into the affair by introducing a congressional resolution to the same effect, without their long hours of unrequited toil, a common laborer in the industry consulting anyone and knowing full well that it would be killed.

This act of Berger proves that he doesn't care a rap about the just sufficient to enable them to live oldest daughter is 17 years of age and struggles of the working class, that the question of seriously striv- from day to day, of the fierce despot- had to give up her school studies in ing for an investigation of this atrocious industry means nothing to the limit of human endurance, of port the rest of the family. For her to him and that he is so low in the scale of capitalist politicians the fact that they have no regular work she receives the sum of \$14 per that he seizes upon the misery of the strikers in order to make a hours of labor, that they are always week. Thus three people working full spurious labor record that he can use in coming elections in Mil- at the beck and call of the bosses and time are able to realize but \$42.58 waukee, when he tries to keep the voters boodwinked with the delu- that some weeks they work two hours which must support a family of sion that he is a friend of labor, instead of a real estate agent and seven in the morning until late at Washington and has told her story to a lackey of the bourgeoisie.

Certainly the mill owners of Passaic could devise no scheme back to the mills for another fifteen various other officials. She is a naturbetter calculated to befog the issue.

The resolution will probably be used as an excuse for another of the familiar debates (?) on the floor of the house between the Wisconsin apostle of Scheidemann-the Kaiser socialist-and hard bread. These grievances and in the Botany mills. He says he does blatherskire Blanton, the Texas donkey, but will do the strikers no many more, such as the clubbings ad- not get married because conditions good.

As a friend of labor Berger would qualify as an excellent court from high-pressure hose upon them cency. jester for the Coolidge cabinet.

An old editor said to a cub breaking into the game: "If a dog bites a man that is not news, but if a man bites a dog that is news." In Passaic the thing can be put this way: "If a horse kicks a woman that is not news, but if a woman kicks a horse that is indeed news." The other day a woman was arrested by the cossacks of that hellhole, charged with kicking one of the horses used to ride down and knows the problems of the mill

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the legends of past acts, they see the ng, the treasury and the White House. Washington for them remains a pleasant interruption of their drab exist-

But of all the toiling millions in the United States a very small percentage for the sum of \$22. of them ever see Washington. Espe-

of the woolen centers. So when the delegation of strikers from the Paswas the first time for any of them. Somewhere in their minds they had very vague ideas of the United States government. To most of them it appeared something that stood above Anna Braznak, seen in the Sunday supplements, of pay envelope, while her husband as

of their struggle to maintain a wage receives but \$12.50 per week. Her night and then get up early and drag senators, the secretary of labor and or sixteen hour's stretch until the alized citizen.

rush was over and then another period of short time employment with the try 33 years ago, and an expert workconsequent diet of black coffee and man, gets \$28 for working 48 hours ministered by the cossacks in the and wages in the textile industry prostrike, the turning of streams of water hibit one supporting a family in de-

in the cold of winter, were to be reof these United States.

saic was headed by Albert Weisbord, self been an employe of textile mills and three children.

of \$23 for a full week of 48 hours, but they seldom get a full week's gation, but asserted that in case it he, like the government, is their bitbecause of slackness in the industry. support a family of nine. Like all to ald it.

assistance, out of the hell holes of the secretary of Coolidge, and were Theresa Staudinger, is an 18-year-

old girl who is a mender in the Botany New Jersey. mill, who was born in this country

Nancy Sandusky, an 18-year old girl, and who works 48 hours for the miseris also in the delegation. She works saic battle front came to this city it able sum of \$15. She has been work- in the New Jersey mill with her mothing ever since she was of legal age to er and sister and gets on an average work in the mill and helps her father \$15 per week.

support the family because he is a All except one delegate are citizens mechanic in the mills, but under the and he has his first papers. best conditions of full time work only

All of the delegation have faced the terror of the police cossacks in the fifty-year-old streets when they endeavored to

Try to See Coolidge

Under the guidance of Frank P Walsh, who knows his way about the labyrinths of the senate building and who has had varied experiences a joint chairman with former President ism of the foremen who drive them order to enter the mills and help sup- Taft on the war labor board and who was chairman of the committee on industrial relations that submitted the famous report of a decade ago, the committee of Passaic strikers was grievances and expressed amazement that industries of such a character were permitted to operate in this country. He was particularly inter-

ested in the conditions of the workers Frank Giacomini, born in this counin the whole industry because of the high protective features of the Fordney-McCumber tariff. Since he is the ranking member of the committee on labor and education he suggested that Senator Lawrence C. Phipps, of Colorado, who is chairman of that committee, be visited. When Phipps was

Steven Res, works 48 hours per interviewed he asserted that he could lated to the officials of the government | week in the Forstmann-Huffmann mill have nothing to do with it at all. Of for \$22 per week, on which he must

The delegation that came from Pas. support one child and a sick wife. Matyas Haydu gets \$20 per week an investigation as he is the mere Belmont Park hall. "I am under a leader of the strike. He is a young from the Botany for a 48-hour week lackey of the Colorado Fuel and Iron suspended sentence of six months in man, 25 years of age, and has him- on which sum he must support a wife company, the Rockefeller concern, re- jail that I got for helping the strikers

women and children. We do not know whether the horse appeared in the court as the complaining witness or not. Slaves. The mill owners claim they will have nothing to do with Weis-bord or the United Front Committee that is conducting the strike because in the mills, works at the Gera mill tor was not at all pleased to see the an attack" and congratulated them up and food to be distributed to the suf-It is "tainted" with Communism. The for 50 cents an hour, on which he man who exposed the fact that young on their "militant front against Chief fering families. The strikers have strikers are loyal to the leadership of must support his wife and four chil- Rockefeller was a red handed mur- of Police Zober and his men."

but does not always work a full week wage. Their combined salary must was started he would da all he could ter enemy and that only thru a class party of labor can they hope to have

Gustav Deak, the theasurer of the other families in the mill district cerrelief committee, is a dryer in the tain members of the family must the strikers, they secured places to them. When this was impressed upon notorious Botany Mill, is American- abandon all hope of being anything stay for the night and next morning them their tears turned to bitter hatborn, 21 years of age and is compelled other than mill slaves in order that started out to the White House to lay red and they vowed that Coolidge was to expend his energy 48 hours a week some other member of the family may their case before the president. They not a damn bit better than the mill owners and their thugs and gangsters have a chance to struggle, with their got as far as the office of Saunders, in Passaic.

> brutally informed that not then or at Everett Saunders, at the White any future time would Coolidge listen House, told the strikers they should to their grievances. The old lady go and visit the secretary of fabor. striker, Mrs. Raznik, was speechless Davis. Davis had been in conference and tears came to her eyes as she with the Passaic mill bosses, and had realized that the head of the govern- offered the services of the government ment she had been told was her own to them as a strike-breaking agency. and had believed was the defender of He consented to see the committee the oppressed, would not even conde- and endeavored to break up their scend to listen for a few moments to union by fraudulent proposals. But her grievances. Other of the girls and that will be the subject of the next women also cried when they were story of the experiences of the visitturned away from the White House. ing Passaic strikers to the capital of The DAILY WORKER representa- Wall Street.

"MAKE BOSSES MEET DEMANDS FIRST, THEN RETURN TO WORK," IS CRY OF THE PASSAIC STRIKERS

PASSAIC, N. J., March 21-"Do not trust any attempts to settle the strike based upon your going back to work under the old conditions and withtaken to the offices of Senator Wil- out recognition of your union." This was the warning flung down to the texliam E. Borah, who listened to their tile strikers at their meeting here Friday. The speaker referred to the settlement proposed by Secretary of Labor Davis, suggesting that the workers return to the mills and then submit+

to arbitration. Vicky Bratovsky of Passaic was "A settlement that asks you to go badly beaten by police clubs and was to work before your demands are met arrested, and other strikers were is no settlement" it was declared. beaten and trampled by horses and One speaker told of a postal workers' motorcycles when a police force of strike in Canada in which a similar 45 broke up a large picket line at Gera proposal was accepted. "No sooner mill, that formed after the meeting in were the workers back at their places Mokray's hall. Mrs. Bratovsky was than the strike leaders were weeded falling out of the line of six hundred out, the whole movement crushed, and strikers at the police order when she the strike irrevocably lost," he said. was struck with a club, and bruised Roger Baldwin, of the Civil Liber. about the body so badly that she had course, no one expected that he would ties Union, made a flery address at to be carried to the patrol wagon. have anything to do with such the same meeting, which was held in

Strikers Appeal for Relief.

WHEELING, W. Va., March 21 .--Distress among the striking coal sponsible for the butchery and burn- in Passaic," he said, "and I am ready Stephan Klepar, a man 48 years of ing alive of women and children at to incur another six months' sentence miners of the four panhandle counties