Vol. III. No. 192.

Eurrent Events

By THOMAS J. O'FLAHERTY

No sooner had the Chicago police announced its intention to make things unpleasant for the alleged morons who have participated in alleged rape cases in and around this city recently than a policeman became involved in one of those incidents common to life in a big, capitalist, christian and dry city. Now, at last, the situation is critical.

THE clergy are not the kind of people to appeal to in a crisis of this kind, unless one wants to jump from presents itself.

sent two cruisers, the Admaster and to prepare an armed insurrection. . . .

A FEW weeks ago we commented on the judgment of the court uncovers the attempt to murder General the shameful state of Hungary. Aclava in a restaurant. His friend missed the mark and the general kept on munching the pastry which has contributed more than any other single factor to Greek indigestion. We made of international significance. stated at the time that a man who was dictions, this one was partly right.

lava. However, his friends the enemy, letarian power in Hungary for the anthought this was the right time to nouncement of its judgment against make things unpleasant for him. So the Communists. The Hungarian bourthey took the next boat to his island geoisie wished to celebrate its triumph refuge and kicked him on board a ship by still another crime. Sound for the nearest pen. To make The fact that seven years after the things interesting for students of overthrow of the proletarian dictatorturned the ship's nose to sea instead those who stood on trial, proves that of to land. Where they were going Communism cannot be wiped out, not mattered little to them since they even in rivers of blood. It proves that were on their way. Pangalos knew Communism is immortal and that it of defense for the Fall River Portutata after he fed them on Greek wine organizes its victory even whilst in defense anarchists, the Boston taxi they would begin to sing: "Show me the way to go home." So he was not worrying.

BUT soon the lookout in the crow's nest shouted! "What ho! Strange craft astern!" And strange they turned out to be. For hardly had the warning reached the deck when shells began to whiz. But when Greek meets Greek they usually talk loudly, but eldom kill. The shots fell at a safe distance and Pangalos kept going. He kept going until he reached Athens.

Like in a real thriller, his friends on the ship turned out to be his eneinles. They were just kidding the general, for the very good reason that Pangalos' enemies had treated them to a good meal the day before and promised to throw them a little party if they brought their charge to Athens in good condition, so that his neck would not be too flabby for the axe. The general is now facing trial and I would not give a glass of denatured mastika for his head.

THOSE who wish to hear an expla-I nation of the Mexican struggle between church and state should not miss next Friday evening's mass meeting in North Side Turner Hall, 820 North Clark street. It will be held under the auspices of the All-Ameriean Anti-Imperialist League, which has taken a leading part in countering the anti-Mexican propaganda of the catholic church and its auxiliary organizations in the United States.

STAR attraction at the meeting A will be Senor Luis Lupian, Mexican consul in Chicago. A no less interes ing feature of the meeting is the presence on the same platform of a socialist, a Communist and a labor journalist with no political affiliations. Other speakers are: Haessler, director of the Federated Press; William F. Dunne, editor of The DAILY WORKER; M. E. King. editor of the American Appeal, and Manuel Gomez, secretary of the Anti-Imperialist League.

A N honest-to-goodness tusk of an expost-glacial period, with gold-filled teeth, has been presented to the museum of the University of Washington. The tusk was discovered in the Yukon territory. Instead of consign- the gist of it is as follows: ing it to the quiet of a museum, I. handed over to Frank L. Smith for (Continued on page 6)

THURSDAY, AUGUST 26, 1926

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Isvestia and the Pravda Analyse Case

(Special to The Daily Worker) MOSCOW, August 5 .- (By Mall.) -Today's leading article in the the frying pan into a furnace. Let's Isvestia declares that the judgment hope for the best. In the meantime delivered by the Budapest court has the clergy will continue to charge the been prompted by the counter-revolu-Communists with having designs on tionary government of Bethlen. The the purity of womanhood, and the po- government which wishes to keep well lice will continue to arrest radicals in with the English conservatives and whenever the slightest opportunity to play the role of a savior of the fatherland in the eyes of the Hungarian landowners, bankers, specu-THE following news item really be- lators and forgers by attacking the "red I longs in the staff column: "Lis- danger," by provocations, a brutal don, Portugal.-Having received in martyrdom of the accused, by sending formation that the Canton government agents provocateurs to the Soviet aided the Chinese strikers in the most Union and into the Hungarian Comrecent attack on the Portuguese town munist Party in order to prove that of Macao, the Lisbon government has the Hungarian Communists intended

the Republica, to maintain order and The provocation of the Hungarian defend Portuguese rights in China." government, however, collapsed even Once before Portugal contributed to before the counter-revolutionary court the gayety of nations by declaring war which was compelled to recognize that on Germany and then learning that no the only crime of the Hungarian Comsocks were available for the troops. munists consisted in "stirring up class hatred."

Pangalos, the ex-dictator of Greece, cording to the law for the protection while he was chewing a chunk of bab- of the state mere membership in the Communist Party counts as a serious crime. Thru this fact the process against the Hungarian Communists is

The Hungarian revolutionaries held more devoted to gastronomic pursuits themselves before the court as Comthan to politics was not liable to munists should. They held aloft the achieve immortality. Like most pre- red banner of Communism and did not perhaps to recover from the bak- versary of the overthrow of the pro-

the dock.

On the seventh anniversary of the rick. victory of the counter-revolution the New England will be represented by against the Hungarian Communists. but against the Hungarian counterrevolution.

. . . Red Aid Calls Protest.

The International Red Aid appeals to in the country, and is an indefatigable the international proletariat of the I. L. D. worker. whole civilized world to protest Swinging back East, Rose Baron, against the judgment of the Hungarian local secretary of I. L. D. in New class justice and to force the fascist York, is announced as the representamurderers by new demonstrations in tive of that section of the organization of the Union of Socialist Soviet Redefense of the elementary human to the second annual conference. Be- publics, announced yesterday. rights, to release the heroic fighters sides Baron, New York will be repfor right, justice and the future of resented by delegates from various humanity.

Association of Proletarian (Continued on page 2)

CHINESE WORKERS PULL STRIKE IN SHANGHAI'S JAPANESE OWNED MILLS

SHANGHAI, Aug. 24.—The strike called against the Japanese textile mill owners is spreading. There are ten thousand workers now out and more are expected as the campaign progresses. Foreign police encircle the foreign settlement, blocking the way from the Chinese city to prevent demonstrations in the

MCKENNA TO APPEAL TO THESE UNIONS FOR BRITISH STRIKE RELIEF

Wednesday, August 25th. Painters, No. 194, 8 N. California

Painters, No. 637, Vicking Hall, School and Sheffield Ave. Machinist, No. 126, 113 S. Ashland

Carpenters, No. 10, 12 W. Garfield Carpenters, No. 242, 5443 South

Ashland Ave. Thursday, Aug. 26th. Carpenters, No. 13, 113 S. Ashland Ave.

Carpenters, No. 504, Ogden and Kedzie. (Jewish.) Carpenters, No. 578, 30 N. Wells

Friday, August 27th.

Electrical Workers, No. 9, 2901 W. Sunday, August 29th. Typographical Union, No. 16, 814

W. Harrison St.

West and East Coming to Sept. 5 Conclave

Vanzetti and who directed the work

POPE FAILS TO FORCE CALLES **CHANGE POLICY**

Episcopate Declares It Will Continue War

(Special to The Daily Worker)

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 24.—Despite open rebellion and the use of secret diplomacy the episcopate has been unhis determination to enforce the religious decrees and compel the catholie church to obey those laws or suffer the consequences.

Scene Shifts to Rome.

The Mexican clergy is defeated in the struggle and according to indications the fight will now be shifted to Rome. Whatever decision is finally arrived at by the Vatican at present, papal press agents make it appear that the pope is taking up an intransigeant position.

Bishop George Caruana, former papal legate to Mexico, who was expelled from that country because of ilegal entry, will make a report to Rome on the Mexican situation, Car uana is intensely hostile to the Calles administration and it is believed he will urge a firm policy on the part of the Vatican.

Calles Scored Point.

It is generally agreed that Calles cored a diplomatic victory over the

bor Defense today in reviewing the The clergy now seem to think that coal From Boston will come Robert acceding to the nullification of the strike. budge one inch on their Communist Zelms, district organizer for I. L. D., revolutionary decrees or making any The government is lending all aid

FLEETS OF AMERICAN COAL SHIPS GOING TO BREAK BRITISH STRIKE

WASHINGTON, August 24.-The long continued British coal strike is Greek mythology the ship's crew be ship the Hungarian working class has booming America's coal business. More than 300 shiploads of American coal came enamored of Pangalos and still such leaders, such Communists as were shipped to Great Britain during May, June and July in consequence of the coal strike, the shipping board announced today.

drivers' strike victims and John Mer-

Some four thousand miles west of Jean Stovel, I. L. D. secretary in Seattle, Washington, the home state of the Centralia I. W. W. cases and other criminal syndicalism victims. Com rade Stovel was instrumental in organ- Soviet Recognition Is Imizing one of the most highly success MOSCOW, Aug. 5.—(By Mail.) -- ful united Sacco-Vanzetti conferences

other organizations.

Reiss From Los Angeles.

From the other end of the country, in the notorious criminal syndicalism state, California, comes the information that Manya Reiss, one of the most active and successful local secretaries of Los Angeles, will represent the southern Pacific coast.

Kansas City is sending its local secretary, Dee Harrison, and E. Hugo Oehler as its delegation.

Duluth is sending Bertha Kaleva and Wallace T. Metcalfe is coming from the steel center of Youngstown. St. Louis is to be represented by Anton Jurkovich and South Bend by Eli Misterovich

Cleveland is sending one of the Carl Hacker, the local I. L. D. secre-

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR HITS AT VILE CONDITIONS IN PASSAIC United States leather trust has been able to force down the prices paid for

By ROBERT W. DUNN. (Federated Press Staff Correspondent) NEW YORK, N. Y., Aug. 24.-At a meeting in the Civic Club, Agnes De Lima, author of "Nightworking Mothers in Passaic" and other books on the condition of women and children in industry, called attention to a certain government document, "Family Status of Breadwinning Women in Four George Kunkle, 55, today shot and Selected Cities." One of these cities is Passaic. The document or pamphlet killed his wife, Elna, 45, and then comwas issued in 1925 by the Women's Bureau of the United States Department of Labor, Bulletin No. 41.

devoted to a description of the condi-small children at home requiring brooding over financial difficulties, tion of the breadwinning mothers in care.' Passaic. It is dry reading and there are lots of tables and statistics. But

suggest that the gold-filled tusk be breadwinners in Passaic. That is 10, children. 000 women who have to earn a living Of course, the Polish mothers were per cent wage cut employers want to use as a symbol in his campaign for by working; and says the Bulletin; in the largest numbers, as the Polish force down, New York textile trade "The strikingly significant fact is that

Must Neglect Babies. Which means that the mothers had to work not only to buy bread for There are nearly 10,000 women themselves but milk for their small

(Contfirmed on page 5)

WORKERS' STATE

portant to Both

MOSCOW, Aug. 24.-The Soviet

First South American Recognition. first South American country renewing city. normal relations with the Soviet militated against such recognition by under bonds of \$1,500. the Latin-American nations.

nounced a resumption of full diplo- The special grand jury has taken a in the season, and the other was that + matic relations with the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. The Soviet Union has previously received a Soviet commercial agent, Boris Kraevsky.

To Uruguay, whose product of cattle and hides is the dominant item in its economy, trade with the Soviet Union most active workers in the country, is of great importance. Uruguayan ranchers, who control the political life of the nation, have been cut off from the Soviet market, which demands an enormous supply of raw hides for the leather industry. As a result, the hides. Hence Soviet recognition means much to Uruguay.

Tragedy on Illinois Farm.

AURORA, Ill., Aug. 24.-With their mitted suicide at their home on an In this bulletin some 35 pages are all of these breadwinning mothers had followed months of quarreling and isolated farm near here. The shooting neighbors, summoned by the children, Viola, 11, and Helen, 9, said.

> Irish Weavers Balk At Cut. NEW YORK - (FP) - Irish linen weavers of Belfast won't take the 10 papers report.

German Miners Threaten General Strike; British Strikers Check Scabbing

(Special Cable to The Daily Worker.)

BERLIN, Aug. 24.—A nationwide miners' strike in Germany threatens. In answer to the demand of miners for a raise in salary, the owners near Silesia have ordered that the wage tariffs be cancelled beginning August 31.

Feverish attempts are being made by the government to effect a conciliation between the miners and owners on the wage issue and avert the threatened strike, which would tie up the entire mining industry of the Ruhr.

Meanwhile, Communists are spurring the workers into a desire for action, by spreading agiable to swerve President Calles from tation in the gathering places of the miners for an embargo on coal destined for Great Britain, pointing out that in some cases the same capitalists own mines in both countries and all mine owners of all nations are working feverishly to break the British miners' strike.

Successfully Overcome Mine Owners' Agitation

(Special Cable to 'ine Daily Worker)

ONDON, Aug. 24.-After a few days' tour of the mining regions, where the rank and file of miners unanimously adopted resolutions against all compromise, A. J. Cook, secretary of the Miners' Federation, and other miners' leaders, declare that they have paralyzed the agitation of the mine owners who were trying to incite a return to work on compromise terms designed to undermine the solidarity of the union.

It is clear that only a small percentage even in the districts most affected in Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire, have tried to return to work as individuals against the will of the great mass of their fellow workers.

Clash With Police.

Pickets in great armies block the entrance to the pitheads and clash with the police who attempt to convey scabs to work in motor cars speeded thru the mass of pickets. It is apparent clergy when the latter agreed to issue that the scabs are unpopular, a statement which admitted that the when they disguise themselves September 5 and 6," said James P. If they desired to work for modifica- alls underneath. While some pits Cannon, secretary of International La-tion of the religious regulations. are reported "working," very little reaches the surface, and not delegate credentials already received. there is little possibility of congress enough to affect the issue of the

convictions. The court in Budapest who has taken a leading part in the reservations in favor of the church, to the mine owners' attempt to break TPHE general went on a vacation, deliberately chose the seventh anni- agitation for a new trial for Sacco and Hence they had another outburst and the strike, sending additional police into the zone of mass picketing and arresting many strikers.

King George is summoning the privy council to Balmeral castle to extend the period of "emergency" un- Britain; Joseph Jones, general secret- upon all national wages and condiing to fight the strikers with governmental force.

The mine owners hope by mining even a little coal to break the morale of the miners and then press on to break the union. The miners' executive says that the owners are concentrating on breaking the strike in Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire, but such efforts have failed to have any decisive effect.

CHICAGO VOTES

press emphasizes the political impor. Judge William L. Morgan of Chicago dependents constitute nearly one tenth the American Federation of Labor totance of the de jure, or full diplomatic that the election commission order of the British population. There are gether with the United Mine Workers recognition by the republic of Uruguay counted again the recount of votes in at least two million children in imme- of America. the recent primaries of the 23rd precinct of the 4th ward disclosed that ballot frauds can be complicated, but It is pointed out that this is the not prevented by investigation in this

As a result County Judge Jarecki Union. The imperialist control of has suspended the tallyman, Jacob many South American countries by Voigtlander, 1444 West 69th St., and the United States, with which the So- Stephen Superczynski of 3305 South viet Union has not yet attained a Morgan St., the caller, on one team of restoration of diplomatic relations, has recounters. Both men were placed

The recount itself shows considerable inaccuracy. Whether the recount MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay, Aug. 24.- of the recount will become a regular

RUMOR FIEND IS AT WORK; POISONS, SHOOTS VALENTINO

NEW YORK CITY, Aug. 24.-Wild rumors that Rudolph Valentino had been poisoned and that he had been shot by a woman were branded as false by every one connected with the case. The rumors were answered by the death certificate filed with the board of health in which "ruptured gastric ulcer and general perintonitus" was given as the direct cause of death, with septic pneumonia and septic endocarditis as contributing factors.

At the undertaking parlors it was said the very best of embalming preparations were used to preserve the body. The body, it was stated, will be preserved in excellent condition for from ten to fifteen years at least.

The crowd outside the chapel grew as the afternoon wore on and became so unmanageable that it was necessary to call still more police to maintain order. Those inside the chapel were unable to get out, so dense was the growd, around the

BRITISH MINERS' DELEGATION CALLS FOR FUNDS TO SUPPORT TWO MILLION HUNGRY CHILDREN

(Special to The Daily Worker)

BOSTON, MASS, Aug. 24 .- Joseph Jones, secretary of the British Miners' Relief delegation to the United States has issued a statement to the press "Genuine national representation le president guaranteed them free use of in street clothes in order to ap- detailing the purposes of the mission. The Boston Central Labor Union now a certainty at our conference on legal avenues under the constitution proach the pits, concealing their overquickly and generously to the appeal for funds. Jones' statement is as

The delegation represents the Miners' Federation of Great Britain, the general council of the British Trades Union Congress, and the women's committee for the relief of miners' wives and children.

The accredited delegates are:

For the Miners' Federation of Great der which the government is proceed ary Yorkshire Miners' Association, and tions. It will be agreed that the miexecutive member, Miners' Federa- ners' families should not be faced with tion; James Robson, J. P., president starvation, loss of home, in short the Durham Miners' Federation; Paul Mc- crucification of the innocent victims of Kenna, J. P., agent Scottish Miners and executive committee member of the Miners' Federation; Oliver Harris, treasurer, South Wales Miners' Fed- best to help, but loss of wages due to eration.

For the British Trades Union Con-time, and also the considerable reducgress: Ben Tillett, member of the tions in wages which have taken place general council.

For the Women's Relief Committee: | can render further assistance. chairman.

diate want. Trade union funds to the extent of forty million dollars have been absorbed in connection with the stoppage. The low wages of the British miners, coupled with short time and unemployment for the past five years have given no chance of saving to meet such crisis.

The defeat of the British mineworkers would have an international reflex an industrial upheaval over which the women and children have no control.

The British workers have done their increasing unemployment and short have limited the extent to which they

International Aid.

The delegation hopes to appeal to The object of the delegation is the the ever-generous help of the Ameriraising of money for the relief of the can workers, and all sections of the miners' wives and families, who are American public, who have always resuffering terrible hardships because of sponded to the call of suffering childthe long continued lockout of the mi- hood. The British Trades Union Conners. To give some idea of the prob- gress and the British Miners' Federalem, the dispute involves approximate- tion have placed their representatives A sudden demand by Municipal ly one million men, who, with their under the guidance and direction of

CHICAGO DRESS SHOPS CENTER OF INTENSIFIED ORGANIZATION **ACTIVITY OF GARMENT WORKERS**

The campaign to organize one hundred per cent the ladies' garment industry of Chicago is speeding up. Organizer I. L. Davidson declared in an interview with The DAILY WORKER that during the present season there is a practical certainty of getting many more new shops signed than have already been organized during the four months since the drive started.

The campaign did not move as rapidly when it was first embarked upon The Uruguayan government has an feature from now on is hard to say, during the spring as many expected. One reason was that it started too late

> the attorneys of the employers brot every possible pressure to have sentenced to jail the scores of pickets arrested during the strike of 1924. Bosses Used The Jail.

They were successful in putting behind the bars forty-six good members of the union for varying periods, and this naturally interfered with union

But now everything works together to make the drive a success. The fall season is opening. A good deal of preliminary work has already been done. During the last four months, in spite of everything, thirty-six more shops have signed contracts with the union, and several hundred workers in shops that have not signed have joined the union. The standard of wages and conditions has been raised directly in all union shops, and indirectly in non-union shops. Some of the workers in non-union shops are now getting twice as much pay as before the

drive started, A large number of non-union shops were found in the cloak industry some time ago, and still more shops were discovered in which supposedly union conditions prevailed, but actually the contracts were evaded, especially in the matter of working more than the legal eight hours per week overtime. All this has been stopped. The cloak

(Continued on page 2)

Milwaukee and Ashland

To Decide How to Help New York Strikers.

A MASS

MEMBERSHIP

I. L. G. W. U.

TODAY, August 25th

7:30 P. M.

Shoenhofen Hall,

Leaders of the New York

Strike Will Speak!

WILL SPEAK AT MASS MEETING

Page Two

Will Present Position of Calles Government

(Special to The Daily Worker)

Presenting the point of view of the Catholic rebellion that has challenged Mexico, Luis Lupian G., Mexican consul in Chicago, will address a Hands-Off-Mexico mass meeting at North Side Turner Hall, 820 N. Clark St., Friday, Aug. 27, at 8 p. m., under the auspices of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League.

Boycott a Failure.

cott on luxuries, initiated by wealthy ments." Mexican leaders of the so-called lords involved in the Catholic rebellion. The rebellion has already failed lus from the outside.

aging editor of the American Appeal; whatever its disguise." William F. Dunne, editor of The DAILY WORKER, and Manuel Go-States section).

Note Not Yet Public.

all labor publications, the anti-imperialist organization calls attention to the fact that the latest U. S. government note to Mexico, presented to Foreign Minister Saenz by Ambassa- declared their intention to continue dor Sheffield before the latter's re- the boycott. turn to this country a few days ago, has not yet been made public.

ment are that the note makes fur- inates the population. But the irony make the agitation and propaganda of McKenna quoted from the reports of ther demands upon Mexico regarding of the situation is that where the Hungarian Communist Party com-U. S. ownership rights under the re- boycott is most successful is in the pletely impossible, and secondly it key commission to show that the excently promulgated oil and land laws. very place where it hits the catholic wished to destroy the legal existence perts agree there should be no in-Such demands would open up the en- merchants heaviest. Catholic busi- of the left wing socialist workers' par- crease in hours of work. The chief tire controversy that was apparently ness men have been bringing pressure ty. The process, however, turned out objection from the economists' point concluded last spring.

Threatening Note.

"President Coolidge," points out the league's announcement, "has declared that the United States will not in- has now taken a hand in the boycott theme of discussion for the whole for miners longer than any on the contervene on behalf of the Catholic game and union printers have been proletariat of Hungary. The socialist tinent. church in Mexico." Nevertheless, he instructed not to do any printing for workers' party, which has previously "I am confident that in spite of all has sent a threatening note to the catholic concerns, that are supporting suffered the most brutal persecutions the deliberate lies the enemies of the Mexican government precisely at a the clerical side of the struggle. time when the Catholic rebellion is fion of all the national-revolutionary forces of the neighboring republic.

and to Coolidge is anxiously awaited by the clergy. Sheffield is bitterly the history of the Hungarian working the history of the Hungarian working the distribute forces of the neighboring republic.

government, however it may be disguised, must not be allowed to go ton to withdraw the arms embargo.

he would be able to induce Washingindubitably that the Communist Party
of Hungary is no longer a sect but a any further. American workers can add their voice to the protest already heard among the Mexican people, by being present at the Hands-Off-Mexico mass meeting on Friday night."

should attend the

Daily Worker

SUNDAY, SEPT. 5

Edenwald Park, New York

(No admission charge)

Take Third Ave. "L" to 133rd Street road. Get off at Dyer Ave. (Fare 7c.)

Auspices: Daily Worker Build-New York City

MEXICO'S CONSUL MEXICAN CONSUL IN CHICAGO SURE CALLES DIDN'T YIELD; REACTIONARY PARTY TO FAIL

Luis G. Lupian, Mexican consul in Chicago, in an exclusive interview with The DAILY WORKER yesterday stated that if the press reports of an agreement between the Calles government and the catholic church are of any significance, they mean that the government has won.

The reports reaching Chicago from Mexico City were to the effect that the bishops' representatives had called on President Calles, and after having been cordially received, had been assured that the government did not wish to interfere in the conduct of the church, and regarded the registration of

Analyse Case

(Continued from page 1)

Hungarian Mass Party.

this protest action.

the priests as a purely lay matter.+ The bishops, on being made aware of this, signified that the registration might proceed, and the boycott be MOSCOW PRESS Calles government regarding the stopped, churches opened and the priests returned to their services.

"All the government has asked," said Lupian, "is that the Catholic clergy observe the law. If, as this seems to indicate, they are going to do so, the trouble is over. The government has won. It does not mat- Isvestia and the Pravda ter what excuses the bishops give as to their reasons for proceeding with Senor Lupian declares that the boy- the registration and other require

Commenting on the possibility of a Writers, the Authors' Union and the League for Religious Defense, is a huge reactionary party under church Union of Peasant Authors of the Socomplete failure. The Mexican labor domination being organized, Senor viet Union have dispatched the followmovement has apparently dealt a Lupian pointed out that the clergy is ing telegram to the high court in Budafinal blow to the boycott by a coun- forbidden to take part in politics. In pest: "The undersigned organizations ter-move threatening a rent strike of case it tries to subtly influence or protest energetically in the name of all workers who are tenants of land- lead a reactionary party, Lupian be- 6,000 authors in the Soviet Union of the British striking miners. It will lieves the whole plan will fail.

"Our people and our government ried on against the Hungarian authors of its object and it cannot continue are liberal," said the consul, "and all Weinberger and Hajdu, whose only much longer unless it receives stimu- our history shows it. If a secret re- 'crime' is that they did not conceal actionary movement is started, the their political convictions." The Other speakers at the meeting will common people will know it intuitive authors' organizations of the Soviet first was a plain announcement of be Carl Haessler, director of the Fed- ly on account of the experiences they Union called upon the authors' organerated Press; Murray E. King, man- have had, and will recognize reaction, izations of other countries to join in Baldwin said he would not fight to

The consul stated that it did no seem reasonable to believe that any mez, secretary of the All-America attempts would be made by private Anti-Imperialist League (United armies to enter Mexico thru the United States, as has been rumored.

In the announcements being sent to Pope Fails to Force

(Continued from page 1)

Hits Catholics Hardest. The boycott has only been effective Intimations from the state depart- in communities where the church dom- two aims: First of all it wishes to pit mouth to the working place. to bear on the church to modify the in all respects exactly the opposite to of view is that the extra amount of

Labor Takes a Hand.

The result of Ambassador Shef- been even recognized by the judgbeing crushed by the united opposi- field's report to the state department ment of the court to be a legal party. "This offensive against the Mexican and it is no secret that class movement. The process showed the districts. Each little village and

Border Is Airtight.

The most rigid enforcement of the new immigration law at the American lutionary tribunal was transformed by are unbroken. Only starvation will virtually air-tight since the arrest of General Enrique Estrada and his alleged mercenary band near San Diego last week, has dealt the tourist Every reader around New York traffic from the United States a severe

Another Vatican Denial. ROME, Aug. 24.—The Vatican today issued a denial of reports that it has cess on the same day. The process has lines stating that a number of miners, entered into negotiations with President Calles of Mexico for the settle- Party of Hungary no longer consists hundred to thirteen thousand have ment of the religious controversy in of a group of emigrants but that it has broken away from the union and re-Mexico.

Knights Now Apologetic. WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 24 .-The Knights of Columbus which howled for intervention in Mexico a few weeks ago now declared its position was grossly exaggerated, according to statement issued a few days ago by James A. Flaherty, supreme grand knight of the organization.

This is a right-about face due to the failure of the K. of C. to prevail on the administration to take the deor Lexington Ave. Subway to 180th sired action. Political observers con-Street. Transfer to Westchester Rail- sider the rebuff to the powerful catholic body the most serious reverse it as received since its inception.

Sheffield Arrives. Ambassador Sheffield arrived here ers' Club, 108 East 14th Street, today to make his report to the state department on the differences between the two governments over the street. anti-alien land and oil laws.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., ATTENTION!

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Restaurant IN THE SERVICE OF THE CONSUMER.

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MCKENNA KILLS CANARD ABOUT **MINERS' RETURN**

Deliberate Falsehood to Halt Relief

The American newspapers and Brisbane may indulge themselves in wild stories about breaks in the ranks of the English miners, but Paul Mc-Kenna, of the British Miners' Federation delegation to America does not believe one word of it.

In an exclusive interview with The DAILY WORKER yesterday, he told why. "You know what sort of people we have to fight," he said. "They hesitate at no lie intended to injure us. Look at Baldwin, how he published that there were no starving women and children in the mine fields That was intended to cripple our relief

campaign in America, and it failed. "Now this is undoubtedly another story of the same sort. It is meant to discourage the American unionists we against the process which is being car- fail too."

McKenna illustrated Baldwin's duplicity further by comparing two different statements he had made, durlower standards of living for the miners. Coming from one of the big stockholders in Baldwin's Ltd., an MOSCOW, Russia.—An article of iron, steel and coal company, this is John Pepper in the Pravda declares: sufficiently worth doubting. When "The great process in Budapest later, Baldwin announced that before was nothing more than a process for certain negotiations could be carried the legality of the Communist Party. out, the miners would have to under Calles Change Policy This circumstance gives the process take to accept a reduction in wagesa great significance not only for the the contradiction is obvious. And as Hungarian proletariat but also for all is well known, Baldwin has Jammed the 25 sections of the Comintern which really provides for about nine which are today forced to exist in and a half hours' work for the miners "The Hungarian government had hour and a half used in going from the only they will not get paid for the

the intentions of the govrenment. The coal produced would actually put out result of the process is that today of employment at least 130,000 work-The Mexican Federation of Labor the Communist idea is the central ers. It would make the working day

on the part of the gendarmery, has miners put out, American labor will continue its support," said McKenna. "The money collected will go thru revolutionary party which is bound up to get their daily rations of soup. The taking part in the fight will come up tariat to the death. The counter-revois splendid, and I am sure their ranks Rakosi and his comrades into a revo- force them back, and it is even then lutionary tribune. For weeks during doubtful whether they will go, as the the process the court stood in con- conditions are such that they would stant and direct connection with the starve on the job if they did go to masses. It is no longer a secret that work without a victory."

Contradictory Reports.

The American press has been carry received all news concerning the proclearly shown that the Communist variously estimated at from eight forced its groups deep into the masses turned to work on the operators'

Organize Workers in Dress Shops

(Continued from page 1)

of the working class."

the workers organized a secret system

of reporting so that the working class

Thousands In Industry. There are hundreds of small non-

union shops in Chicago in which Adams; Riback's, at Market and Jack- much as \$45. son; and Lipson Bros., at 225 Adams

the lot. It is there that the institution known as the "immigration floor" is used. The shop is on three floors, one of which is the "immigration low wage paid for any particular garfloor," reserved for learners, kickers, and a few old, reliable company men. There is a very high turnover here.

Besides this arrangement by floors the workers are divided into departments; men, white female and colored | crimination is allowed. female. The employer decides which garments should be priced well and discharge of workers. If the worker which should be priced badly. The is not producing rapidly enough to men get the money making garments, suit the boss, he has to come directly the white women are favored next and to the union and is not allowed to the colored get whatever is hardest personally reprimand the worker. and cheapest paid. In the same way the "immigration floor" is discrimina-

ted against. It is possible for men to make from stop to that. Tuberculosis is a scourge \$30 to \$40 a week, for white women in the ladies' garment industry; and to make from \$25 to \$32 (mostly the especially under non-union conditions lower figure) and for colored women to make from \$12 to \$18 (with a very ters, longer herding together of workfew getting as much as \$30). The "immigrants' get as low as \$8 per week. The power is on at Lipson's from 7:30' are se apparent that Organizer David-

making industry in Chicago is now encouraged to work without stopping. and in personal talks with them. In thoroly unionized. The present cam- The company serves hot coffee; the paign is to unionize the dress making workers say they are paid so little periodically, under the editorship of DAILY WORKER, will speak at two they cannot afford to buy pie to eat with the coffee. Union Scale Best.

The union scale calls for a minimum

most of the 8,000 dress makers work. of 90 cents per hour and a 44-hour There are, however, a few outstanding week. This makes it possible to earn supposed to be at a mass meeting to large open shops, chief of which are: from \$42 to \$44 for ordinary skilled M. Mitchel, at Adams and Market; work. Union cutters get from \$45 to purpose of discussing the strike in Francin Frock Co., at Wells and \$55 per week, non-union cutters get Adams; Arthur Weiss, at Franklin and usually about \$34 or \$36, very few as tion adopted at the meeting of all shop

tle the pricing of a garment by con- the Chicago joint board that every farmers, paper mill workers and lum-Lipson Bros, is perhaps the worst of ference thru the union price committee, and will not let the employer de- 40,000 Ladies Garment Workers on expected to turn out to these meetcide by himself. The situation where a worker raises a kick because of the ment and is answered by the boss that hereafter a better garment will be offered, some other worker getting the J., was arrested here today on murder badly priced one, is impossible in a union shop. There no grades, or dis-

The union also prevents arbitrary

Union Stops Child Slavery. There is always some child labor in non-union shops. The union puts a with longer exposure to coloring maters in close rooms, etc.

In fact, the advantage of unionism

Rudolph Valentino Was Creature of Bourgeois America As It Is Today

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL.

FRONT page head line, full inside pages of type interspersed with pictures, and then a full page of pictures for good measure.

Thus the daily press records the passing of Rudolph Valentino as 'Millions of Women Weep" for "The Greatest Lover of the Screen" as the headlines tell the story.

There is no doubt that not another death of an individual in the United States at this time would have received as much attention. Cal Coolidge, Jack Dempsey, or Babe Ruth couldn't have done as well. Charles W. Elliot, president emeritus of Harvard University, passed away almost at the same time that Valentino died, but his going was almost unnoticed. This in spite of the fact that Elliot had been one of the most widely quoted spokesmen of capitalism, and thru his writings and speeches had managed to keep continually in the public eye. But it was only the "cultured" bourgeoisie that "Five-Foot" Elliot really reached with his appeal. Elliot measured bourgeois culture by the number of inches one covered in reading his five-foot shelf of selected books.

But few workers even remember that Elliot declared, "A scab is the highest type of American citizen."

* * * Valentino made a well-nigh allinclusive appeal. When Valentino died no one turned to ask, "Who is Valentino?" Everybody knew him, or had heard of him, especially the millions of the working class, upon both sexes of which the screen sheik exerted an extremely soporific influence insofar as their own class interests were concerned.

Douglas Fairbanks may have gained some pleasure out of portraying the rebellious spirit of "Robin Hood." Charley Chaplin is known to have contributed to radical causes. No one ever heard that Valentino ever wavered by even the width of a sleek, jet black hair from the line that would win the greatest applause from the largest number.

The pictures in which he appeared always stressed the "sex and blood" appeal that is supposed to approach the universal. In "Monsieur Beaucaire," "The Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse," "The Sainted Devil," "The Eagle," "The Sheik," "The Young Rajah," "The Son of the Sheik" and all the rest, Valentino portrays the role that, according to Ashton Stevens, the Hearst dramatic critic, "made spinsters forget their years and old women remember their youth." And again, "I have seen women stand in the rain, wet to their noses, to crash a Valentino

Thus the shop girl or the factory girl, touched by the "flesh and blood" of a Valentino film, forgets for the moment her drudgery and agony on the job, much as the weary worker seeks surcease from toil in drink. It thus becomes the best propaganda for the employers' inter-

Valentino, the original sheik, set the pace for whole strata of the youth of the American population. He was seriously mimicked by large numbers of the young men of the working class, who tried to ape as best they could the impression that Valentino had made upon their wo-

son and the committee of five hundred representing each shop have little doubt of success. They are busily engaged in circulating interesting, illus a. m. right thru to 9 p. m., and all are trated leaflets among the unorganized, the near future a bulletin will appear the joint board, and will be devoted largely to the organization campaign.

Mass Meeting Soon. Ladies' Garment Workers' Union are of these places are in Lincoln county. be held August 25 for the principle question, "Will the United States Gov-New York, and of voting on the resolu- Question?" while at Bloomville he will chairmen held last week. The resolu- Are Natural Allies." The population The union demands the right to set- tion endorses the recommendation of worker contribute a day's pay to the strike in New York.

Faces Charge of Killing Two. CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 24.-Joseph Communist meeting has been held in Rotonda, 34, formerly of Camden, N. the county. charges growing out of the deaths of Mrs. Catherine Audio, 47, and her damage suit will be filed this after seven-year-old son, John, in Camden a noon by Mrs. Florence Mellett, widow year ago. The mother and child were of Don R. Mellett, slain Canton pubhacked to death with an axe.

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position to a limited number of canvassers in Chicago ter-

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man folk. This problem for the working class youth became greater and obliterated any working class problem that might engage their at-

Stevens wrote before Valentino's death, "Men envy him with green hearts. Perhaps they tried to see themselves as Valentinos-and their imagination buckled. Man is a masquerading creature who loves to wear a fez or a badge, or a uniform . . .

So one finds the men of the middle class, who belong to the Elks or some similar fraternal organization, strutting about in public with sheik trousers and the Valentino sideburn, trying in vain to escape from their humdrum social surroundings. But they are all Babbits still.

There will be other sheiks of the screen. Valentino's place will be filled as long as there is a demand for that sort of stuff.

The Valentino films doubtless would create but little impression in the Soviet Union. "Monsieur Beaucaire," where a noble is supposed to degrade himself by masquerading as a barber, would be hooted out of the Workers' Republic, where all nobles have been eliminated and nothing considered nobler than being a worker.

Labor realizing its own interests in time in the United States will demand something better from the screen, leaving the hogwash of "sex and blood" to a decaying bourgeoisie. There will be a greater demand for the films coming out of the Union of Soviet Republics that Douglas Fairbanks praised so highly during his recent visit there.

Now, with Valentino the sheik of the screen, the American movie censors bar "Potemkin," the Soviet film that was recently given a private showing and privately lauded for its excellence in New York City. It was never allowed a public showing. No protest came from the American working class. It never knew, except that section of it that reads the Communist press.

The early trials of Valentino hunting jobs in New York City almost parallel similar experiences of Bartolomeo Vanzetti, another Italian. They both went hungry on the streets of the great city.

Valentino, however, won his way into the good graces of the class that rules, that lionized him and now slobbers over his memory. Vanzetti took the hard road. He fought for his class against the class that rules, that sought as a result to rush him. While Valentino was in the limelight, Vanzetti was hidden away in his prison cell, forced to await the workings of the death sentence meted out to him. There he sits still.

Valentino, the hero of the social order that is passing, won his temporary applause. He disappears with the yesterdays. He has typified the days in which we now live in these United States,

Vanzetti, with Nicola Sacco, condemned with him, as heralds of the new social order, will live even in death as the standard bearers of labor's struggle. They will not be forgotten down thru the years. They are of the tomorrows.

Plan First Communist Speech in Lincoln Co., Wisconsin, This Week

J. Louis Engdahl, editor of The

meetings this week-end in Wisconsin, Friday night in Arcadia Hall, at Merrill, and Saturday night at the Town All members of the International of Schley Hall, at Bloomville. Both At Merrill, Engdahl will talk on the ernment Solve the Farmer-Labor discuss, "Why Farmers and Workers of the county is made up of stump berjacks, large numbers of whom are ings, which are being held by the local organizations of the Workers Party. This is the first time that a

> CANTON, O., Aug. 24 .- A \$100,000 lisher, in Cleveland federal court against three of the alleged con spirators in her husband's death.

Special Issue

SATURDAY, AUG. 28

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Allowed in Sofia

(Special to The Dally Worker) BUCHAREST, Roumania, Aug. 24 .-The Roumanian minister at Sofia has communicated to his government the fact that the Bulgarian rulers are much worried over the present exchange of notes between Bulgaria on the one hand and Greece, Roumania and Jugo Slavia on the other. The Bulgarian reply to the allies' demands that raiding across the border by irregular armed bodies of Bulgarians and Macedonians must stop, will probably admit the raids but disavow responsibility on the grounds that the treaty of peace and the league of nations do not permit Bulgaria sufficient armed troops to guard the frontier. The Roumanian minister claims that the Bulgarian government itself is afraid this excuse will sound rather

Talk Bulgarian or Nothing.

It is reported that the Bulgarian government has forbidden all use in public of any but the native language. and gives other evidence of nervousness

The Belgrade newspapers say that if the Bulgarian raids do not come the Balkan allies will pursue raiders over the border. This is certain to result in war, either declared or not

There is still some talk of bringing in the league of nations to settle the quarrel, but the opinion gains ground that Greece, Roumania and Jugo Slavia know their ground, and that the league will, as usual, side with the stronger. The affair may result in some further friction in the league, as it is certain now that there is contemplated a matrimonial alliance between the ruling houses of Italy and Bulgaria, and there are always hard feelings between Italy and Jugo Slavia.

Roumania is opposing, diplomatically, the "humanitarian" loan from the league to Bulgaria, on the grounds that some of the money might be used to build strategic military railways under the pretense of opening up new land for settlement of refugees.

Americans Attacked in France. NICE, France, Aug. 24.—Police res-

cued Mr. and Mrs. Harry Wills and Mrs. Alice Oler of Philadelphia from a threatening mob today. The taxicab in which the Americans were riding ran down a cyclist. The cyclist was not injured and he got up and attacked the chauffeur. A crowd collected and threatened the Americans.

WCFL Radio Program

Chicago Federation of Labor radio broadcasting station WCFL is on the air with regular programs. It is THE course in the R. O. T. C. is di-

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READY TO CROSS BULGAR BORDER; What Is the R.O.T.C.? Beginning of Scholastic Military Training—Manufacturing Officers for Cannon Fodder—Subsidies by the War Department—Compulsory Training.

By THURBER LEWIS. CIDE by side with the general propaganda and military activity in-Only Bulgarian Speech volved in the Citizens' Military Training Camps, the colleges, universities and high schools of the country are being converted into veritable bar racks. The extent of military training in schools and colleges in the United States is not generally known. But the work of the War Department and its jingo civilian assistants goes systematically and quietly forward on practically every campus in the coun

> The medium thru which the War Department operates in its work is the Reserve Officers' Training Corps. Like the C. M. T. C., the R. O. T. C was founded by act of congress in 1920. The particular bill was an amendment to the National Defense Act of 1916 authorizing the president to establish and maintain "civil educational institutions."

> But scholastic military training started in this country before that. As long ago as 1862 there was passed in congress the Morrill Land Act that gave land to colleges on condition that they devote their teaching particularly to agriculture and mechanics. The act also required that these colleges give military training. However, until the war, the law was not taken very seriously and the military training taught in these so-called 'Land Grant Colleges' was generally of an inocuous kind.

Government Requirements.

THE R. O. T. C. is entirely different. It consists of serious and scientific military training. No unit is set up in any school unless there is one or more officers of the regular army to direct the course. In the larger chools a "military staff" is installed composed of as many as 20 regular army officers. This is the case at the Universities of Ohio and Illinois. The War Department assigns the military faculties at the head of which is a professor of military science and tactics." Unless the school agrees to maintain a two years' course and that such a course shall be obligatory upon every student over 14 years of age, the War Department will not give the institution its attention.

During the school season 1924-25 there were 226 educational institutions giving military instruction in the United States. For these R. O. T. C. units, congress set aside almost \$4,000,000. The total number of students taking military training was over 125,000.

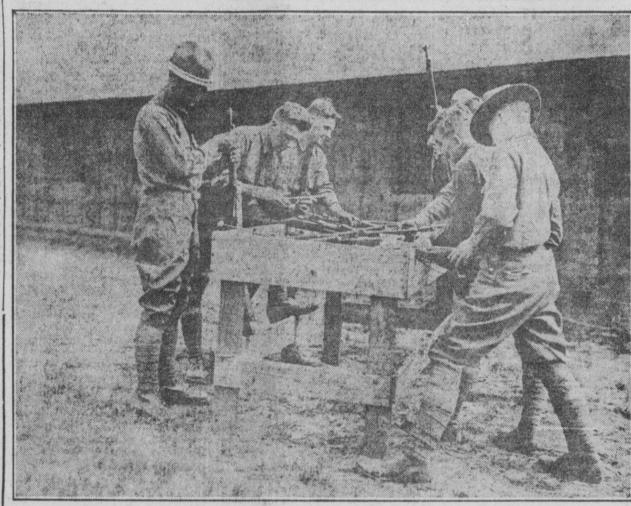
The War Department assigned 768 officers and 1,064 enlisted men whose salaries were paid by the department, to devote their entire time as members of the military faculties of these 226 schools, 124 of which were colleges, 63 high schools and 39 military

Make Them Officers.

ions. In the junior division in prepar-6:00 to 7:00—Chicago Federation of La-bor talks and bulletins; instrumental per week in drill and military instruc-7:00 to 7:30—The Florentine String Trio, hours is required. This division of time 7:30 to 8:30-Harry Anderson, tenor; is established by the Defense Act. A Plerson Thal, 14-year-old boy planist; student is required to agree to con-WCFL Ensemble. 8:30 to 10:00—Halleluyah Boys: Rudy Winter, harmony and character songs; Billy Schafer; Al Scott's Hawaiian Trio; Arthur Billquist, popular songs.

10:00 to 11:00—Dance music from the Municipal Pler Auditorlum, Chas. Cook's Orchestra. Third Article of Series

Practically every large university and college in the country and many high and preparatory schools give military training to students above 14 years of age. In 83 of these institutions the training is compulsory and in others things are made very disagreeable for the lad who refuses to take the drill. On top of this all sorts of inducements are held out to students such as monetary subsidies from the War Department, clothes, etc., not to speak of alluring publicity featuring sports and recreations that turn out to be the hardest kind of military routine. The War Department is of course aided in this program by the steel trust, the money trust, the packers and all the great combinations of capital whose subsidies find their way into the colleges and universities and who profit by military training.



Students get familiar with weapons at an early age thru the medlum of the War Department vehicle for giving military training to the school-going youth of the country. Lads of 14 years of age are permitted to enlist in the Reserve Officers' Training Corps to take the regular army drill and military instruction with rifles, machine guns and all the other deadly paraphernalia used to carry on war and break strikes.

the propaganda spread, to force a stu- payment is issued to them at the rate ment is held out and mention of the

entering the latter he must sign an will let Winthrop D. Lane, to whose thus amounts to \$93.60 for each year (Tomorrow, Who Is Behind Military oath to bind himself to reserve service researches we are indebted for much or \$187.20 for the two years, a sum in the army for at least five years. of the material about the R. O. T. C., sufficient to help many a poor lad thru In the school year of 1924 no less tell us about subsidizing the student: school. In addition while in camp

ity of the War Department is increas- propaganda. Backed by an annual ap- \$216.00. ing year by year in this direction, propriation such as the \$3,818,020 giv-

Reserve Officers' Corps. But before dent to take up the instruction. We of 30 cents a day for 312 days and the R. O. T. C. than 3,392 youths were made second "But even," says Lane, "if compul- they received wages at the lowest rate lieutenants in the United States sion were to go-and it is at present in the regular army, or 70 cents a day. Army as the result of their training increasing not lessening—there would This adds \$29.40 to their receipts, in the R. O. T. C. Since the activ- still be the factor of War Department bringing the total in actual cash up to

The Publicity Agents. altho no figures are available for the en by congress for R. O. T. C. exsucceeding years, it is plain that the penses in 1925, the military officials I that are often enticing to a youth officers commissioned in this way is are able to make money talk to stu- that has to struggle his way thru fields which threatened the rule of the seven a day. In reality they are often dents. Under the terms of the Na- school, the army publicity agents work dictator, Chamorra. The government eight or more, because of the dis-All the big universities and colleges tional Defense Act students in the jun- the game for all it is worth in propa- is mobilizing all available forces and tances men have to travel underare on the list in which military ior division and those taking the basic gandizing the lads. They appeal to sending them to Leon and other towns ground to their work, training is given, high schools in course in the senior division receive the school spirit of the boys, they near the Honduras border where reeight cities of the first class give mil- uniforms to wear while they are un- make no secret of talking about the bels have just dynamited a troop train vestigated the industry, each supportbroadcasting on a 491.5 wave length vided into junior and senior divis
| Vided into junior and senior divis| Vided into junior and senior divi itary instruction, where often boys of dergoing training. Those in the basic money and clothes advantages of the on which there was \$200,000 in cash. ing the main contention of the miners to and from a summer camp, if they games with cavalry teams" and talk volu ALTHO only 83 educational institu-tions make military drill compulsistence while there. Students in the The colleges give credit to the stu-Sporadic warfare is sory, (actually it is not compulsory ac- advanced course of the senior division dents that engage in military drill and other parts of the country, and the cording to law) it is not necessary, get more. They are not only given this too is not overlooked by the catawhat with the funds appropriated and uniforms, but a subsidy in cash. This logue writers. Every possible induce-

strictly military side of the training is of course, very much subdued.

When the student falls for the salve and signs up with the R. O. T. C. it dies not take him long to discover that Pushes MacDonald Ou he has not only pledged himself to a serious contract with the government o engage in military service that in volves much embarrassment for him in his school to withdraw from, but that the bunk peddled about sports and citizenship resolves itself into good hard training in regular army style. Into his ears is dinned the most vicious sort of militarist talk and the "members of the military faculty" are forever attempting to arouse an exalted sense of patriotism on the one hand and enmity and hatred for for eign nations on the other.

The Subsidizers Profit.

TT is important not to forget that the greater part of the higher educaional institutions in this country are subsidized. There is not an important university in the land that does not receive donations from some million aire or corporation or group of wealthy capitalists. Do you suppose these subsidizers, most of them war mongers and jingoes forever clamoring about intervention in Mexico or eral strike, has been losing labor sup ject to the War Department moving into the schools with its rifles and drill sergeants? Of course not. These son, now in America, to refute Bald very subsidizers have themselves invested too much money abroad, they MacDonald's letter finally appeared. own too many mines and factories in with a weak defense of the miners which at any minute a strike might strike and an even weaker criticism break out, to be oblivious to the ad- of Premier Baldwin. Now Lloyd vantages that the activity of the War George, in his article for the Hearst Department in extending the military papers, far outstrips MacDonald in depower holds for them.

find better officers for the command of of the striking miners Lloyd George the millions of conscriptable cannon says, in part, as follows: fodder in this country than in the schools and colleges? The basis of an imperialist war machine of untold is all this suffering, do not the miners magnitude is being laid each year as end it all by returning to work?' But the thousands of officers graduated surely that depends on whether their from the R. O. T. C. units don their case is a just one. uniforms and admire their newly ac- striking for a wage, increase; they are quired golden shoulder bars. Give the resisting an attempt to reduce wages. War Department the officers and it which are none too good when the perwill draft the men for them to command. That sums up the purpose of

Training?)

More Revolts Threaten Nicaraguan Dictator

LEON, Nicarague, August 24.-Revolutions continue in this satrapy of Wall Street. The latest outbreak is directly across the country from the reduction in that wage or an increase recently suppressed revolt at Blue- in hours. The hours are nominally prevented from making | tion of the industry.

Sporadic warfare is reported from ing." American consul at Bluefields has again asked Washington for a gunboat; the usual procedure of landing marines is expected.

President Chamorra represents the most reactionary group of landowners and the most tyrannical cliques of army officers. During his former long reign as dictator, he was a tool of American bankers. He lost his job, finally, but has recently recovered the spoils of office by a military insurrection. Though not recognized by the U. S. government which desires to Suddenly Decides No maintain a general policy against reis reported as being on increasingly friendly terms with the business in terests and high officials of the United LONDON, Aug. 24, - French and States. He is violently opposed by all British warships steam towards Tan. the more liberal bourgeois of Nicagier to prevent that theoretically ragua, by the labor movement of that neutral territory from being seized as country and even by some of its land-

Know Their Enemies. MANAGUA, Nicaragua.-The revolt has spread into central Nicaragua and of Tangier. The treaty between Spain tacked the San Antonio headquarters the Mediterranean and North African of the Nicaragua Sugar Estates Co., of London, the largest sugar enterprise in this part of the country, and one of the worst of the foreign exploiters who operate under the protection of dictator Chamorra. It is reported that in the fighting Gustave Canton, the assistant superintendent of the company was killed.

> Five dollars will renew your sub for a year, if you send it in before August 15.

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of Leading Position

That the crafty Welsh politician David Lloyd George, is pushing Ram say MacDonald, right wing leader o the British Labor Party and ex premier, off the stage as a spokes man for labor, is apparent in Lloyd George's vigorous defense of the Brit ish miners published in the Hears

Following the message sent by Pre mier Baldwin to America declaring that there was no suffering in the coa miners' families and trying to preven financial relief being sent the British miners, A. J. Cook, miners' secretary stated that Ramsay MacDonald had refused to write a letter to America refuting Baldwin's lies, but that Lloyd George had promised to do so. A Fine "Labor Leader."

MacDonald, who had gone so far in support of British capitalism that he even wrote articles for the Ameri can press attacking the British gen "defending the national honor," ob- port rapidly. With Lloyd George aim ing to take his place, MacDonald was forced to act. So he declared that he

fense of the miners and lashes Bald In what places can the militarists win in scathing terms. In defense Miners Case a Just One.

"It will be asked, 'Why, if there ils of their trade are taken into con sideration.

"It is the most dangerous of occupations, and the casualties to life and limb are higher than in all other vocations together. The work in older mines was particularly arduous and dangerous, but the British miner was paid, before the lockout began, not much more than one-third the wages received by Pennsylvania and Virginia

Owners Tyrannical.

"The owners insist on a substantial

The mine owners are stubborn, rigid and unyield-

\$226,000,000 Spent by U. S. Tourists in France During 1925

PARIS, Aug. 24. - The official Journal publishes the statistics of money spent by Americans in France last

The number of American visitors was 220,000 who spent \$226,150,000. The tourist chart shows: 2 per cent of the tourists were millionaires, spending \$5,000 each; 18 per cent were of the wealthy class, spending \$1,760 each; 44 per cent were business men, spending \$850 each; 8 per cent were travelers for business and amusement spending \$1,500 each, and 26 per cent were teachers, students and other employes on vacation, spending \$425

SPECIAL ISSUES

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BEING ARRANGED

Build Biggest Trust in Period of Penance

(Special to The Dally Worker) PARIS, Aug. 24. - While the government, which is now strictly a big business affair, following the shattering of the "left bloc," makes a gesture of economy by passing a regulation that all good Frenchmen who love their country and value the franc shall eat stale bread during a so-called 'period of penance," the great industrialists get to work to reap the fruits of depreciation and consolidate their

The collapse of real wages thru the cheapening of the currency has placed the French manufacturers in a position to bid for the world trade in steel and fron. In addition to the recent bargain with the German trusts correspondence is now going on between all French concerns controlling mines, furnaces, steel works, foundries, roll ing mills, manufacturers using iron and steel as a raw material, and all wholesalers, retailers and exporters in this industry. The object is to call in the near future a "States General of Metallurgy" and to establish the largest and most complete national monopoly of iron and steel products in the world. With its relations to the conquered German industrialists clear. the way seems open for French industry to seriously affect the world market, unless Morgan decides otherwise The industrialists in their propaganda are making a point that the bankers are not included in the new combination, but just how much of this is true remains to be seen.

Meanwhile the common people continue to eat stale bread and enjoy not more than two dishes per meal in POPPER TO THE POPPER PO

REPORT GEN. SEMENOFF, WHITE RUSSIAN LEADER, TO LEAD SIBERIAN DRIVE



GENERAL SEMENOFF.

Reports from the far east say that the former cossack General Semenoff, now living under Japanese protection at Nagasaki, is making an attempt to organize an army for the invasion of Siberla. He hopes, It is said, to use the white Russian troops under Chang in China, notorious for if the general was decisively beaten in the days when Soviet Russia was weak and being attacked from all sides, the exiled white guard must be given credit for great optimism in supposing he has a chance of success with the forces of the revolution consolidated as they are now

Slavery in Abyssinia

(Special to The Daily Worker) a result of the new Spanish-Italian owners. concord and turned over to Spain. Dictators' Alliance.

The Mussolini government has declared in favor of Spanish ownership situation also, and in general indicates an alliance between Mussolini and Primo de Riviera, the full extent of which can only be guessed. Baldwin Changes Front.

One immediate effect is the brazen change of front by the Baldwin cabinet on the question of slavery in Abyssinia. While Benito and Baldwin were planning to divide the famous land of the Queen of Sheba, there was much talk of the terrible conditions of the slaves down there, and it was freely prophesied that the crusading armies of England and Italy would find it necessary to free them. Now the Abyssinians have granted the British government the right to dam Lake Tsana and provide a water supply to irrigate their newly opened cotton growing region in the Sudan. their savagery, as a nucleus. But The British government has evidently decided that slavery is not in Abyssin'a, at least as long as the natives there do not interfere with the water supply and at least while Mussolini persists in double-crossing the British navy by flirting with the idea of building fortifications across from Gibral

Workers (Communist) Party

BIG ELECTION CAMPAIGN MEETINGS

MILLIAM I DUMML J. LUUIS ENUU	WILLIAM	F. DUNNE	J. LOUIS	ENGDA
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DAILY WORKER

Wednesday Sept. 1. BOSTON

Sept. 2. WORCESTER Friday

ROCHSTER Saturday Sept. 4.

BUFFALO Monday, Sept. 6.

DETROIT Tuesday Sept. 7.

CHICAGO Wednesday Sept. 8.

MINNEAPOLIS Friday Sept. 10.

Sept. 11. MILWAUKEE Sunday

Sept. 12. TOLEDO Monday, Sept. 13.

Jefferson near Erie PITTSBURGH Tuesday, Sept. 14. N. S. Carnegie Music

Hall, Ohio & Federal St. BALTIMORE

Sept. 15. PHILADELPHIA

Thursday

Candidate for Vice-President of the U. S., 1924 elections, on

BEN GITLOW

What Can the Workers Expect from the Elections?

NEW HAVEN

Wednesday

Sept. 29.

BOSTON

Thursday

Sept. 30.

Friday

Oct. 1.

WORCESTER

ROCHESTER

Saturday

BUFFALO

CLEVELAND

Oct. 2.

Sunday

Monday

DETROIT

Tuesday

CHICAGO

Wednesday

MINNEAPOLIS

Oct. 5.

Oct. 6.

Friday

Oct. 8

Oct. 9.

Sunday

Oct. 10.

TOLEDO

Monday

Oct. 11.

Tuesday

Oct. 12,

Oct. 13.

Thursday

Oet. 14.

ST. PAUL

MILWAUKEE

PITTSBURGH

BALTIMORE

PHILADELPHIA

Wednesday

Oct. 4.

Oct. 3

What a Workers' and Farmers' Government Could Do for the Workers and

> NEW HAVEN Wednesday Oct. 13.

C. E. RUTHENBERG

General Secretary

Workers (Com.) Party

Farmers.

BOSTON Thursday Oct. 14.

WORCESTER Friday Oct. 15.

ROCHESTER Saturday Oct. 16.

BUFFALO Sunday Oct. 17.

CLEVELAND Monday Oct. 18.

DETROIT Tuesday Oct. 19.

CHICAGO Wednesday Oct. 20.

MINNEAPOLIS Friday Oct. 22.

ST. PAUL Saturday Oct. 23.

MILWAUKEE Sunday Oct. 24.

TOLEDO Monday Oct. 25. PITTSBURGH

Tuesday Oct. 26.

BALTIMOR7 Wednesday Oct. 27.

PHILADELPHIA Thursday Oct. 28.

Faces Dark Future

Illinois big business is afraid that Frank L. Smith's pollution by Samuel Insull's utility dollars will exude such a disagreeable odor in the fall elections that not only is his election rendered improbable but his retaining a seat in the senate still more unlikely in case of success at the polls.

Smith is the creature of the utility interests, and other capitalist groups are not particularly anxious to support a man who is bought body and soul by traction, gas and electric monopolists. Smith is also a cog in the Len Small machine and Small and big business have not pulled very well. The Small machine is a burglarous hold-up gang, that carries on a flourishing business in general loot. Big business would like a more respectable crew to do its dirty work. Hence the campaign of the Daily News for an independent candidate and the wavering of the Tribune.

Labor Baiter Mentioned.

The name of Mr. Glenn, head of the Illinois chamber of commerce, has been mentioned in connection with an independent candidacy. Petition blanks are being circulated, tho the notorious labor baiter has not officially declared his intention to be a candidate. Frank L. Lowden, former governor, declined the honor. Lowden is grooming himself for the presidential race next year.

Sam Will Be Served. So far Frank L. Smith has indicated no intention to resign. Governor Small promised to work faithfully for his election and in the event of his unseating by a hostile and indignant senate to appoint a substitute to fill the vacancy. The appointee would be expected to make good Smith's bond

President's Tummy Restless. Calvin Coolidge has allowed the suggestion to creep out that Smith's political conduct does not sit agreeably on the president's political belly. Beyoud this he would not go. It is not at all certain that Smith would withdraw, even tho Coolidge delivered an ultimatum. The Small machine is more or less at loggerheads with the Coolidge gang and has little to lose by

a Coolidge blast. Brennan a Political Donkey. Brennan, the donkey standard bearer, made an ass of himself, so to speak, when he accepted a trifle of \$15,000 from Insull. This mere baga telle tarnishes Brennan's political plate as effectively as half a million worth of red rust. "A proper candidate on the donkey ticket," is a remark often heard uttered jocularly around Chicago's political haunts these days.

The opposition to the Small machine in the Illinois G. O. P. is not likely to lost this opportunity to burst it up. In all probability the G. O. P. will unofficially support an independent, with the open aid of the McKinley and Deneen state committees.

New Clue Is Found in Mellet Murder Mystery

CANTON, Aug. 24. - The trail to the murders of Don R. Mellett, vice crusading publisher, waxed warmer today with the discovery that two strangers, supposedly gunmen, wheeled their way into the entertainment given by the Molly Stark Club, a newspaper social organization which the night he was slain.

GORKY SORROWS AT THE DEATH OF DZERZHINSKY; PRAISES HIS JUSTICE

MOSCOW, (By Mail),-In a letter to Ganetzki, Maxim Gorky writes as follows, from western Europe concerning Comrade Dzerzhinsky:

"The death of Dzerzhinsky has moved me deeply. I saw him first of all in 1919 and even at that time he left an indelible impression of spiritual purity and strength upon me. In the years 1918-20 I learned to know him very well, and often discussed with him a very delicate subject, giving him much trouble. Thanks to his fine spiritual perceptions and his sense of justice much good was accomplished. I was compelled to love and respect him. I can well appreciate and understand the tragic letter of Peshkova who writes 'A splendid man who was dear to all who knew him if no

more.' "I am very troubled without you all, dear comrades. When one lives here one can better grasp what it is you are doing and one values each one of you more highly. I am restless and my heart is heavy. The death of Dzerzhinsky was unexpected, untimely and tragic."

Notice to Party Members in Boston

All comrades are asked to report to the District Office to volunteer their services in order to secure signatures to put the party ticket on the ballot. Act at once as we have only up to September 3 to secure

FASCIST RULE TALKS WAR AT

Pet of Power Magnate Hints at War Against International Banks

(Special to The Daily Worker)

ROME, Aug. 24. - The fall of the Italian lira is rould ig the Mussolini dictatorship to bellicose utterance against the international bankers The fascist chief has not hesitated to threaten war, and in a speech in the public square of Pesaro warned "the enemy financial powers" that fascist Italy will resist to the limit their attempts "to strangle the nation."

Hits American Bankers. Mussolini opened up by saying that ne had spoken without consulting the other heads of the fascist party, and observed that his speech would "echo across the Alps and over the ocean.' The last was unquestionably aimed at the American bankers.

"I want to say that I will defend the Italian lira to my last breath and my last drop of blood. I will never Kaplan, speaker. impose upon the Italian people the moral shame and catastrophe of the economic failure of the lira, which as Speakers, Shachtman and Engdahl.

Fascism an Economic Failure. How these bold words are to be saving the lira from further declines, Ogino and Oehler. Mussolini failed to elaborate. It is evident that the fascist program of in Elsie Beck and A. J. Hayes. ternal repression of labor is failing to have any decisive influence in saving Beck the national economy from collapse.

The only intimation of what Italy announced. means to do about the situation, is contained in an article of comment on the speech, written by Il Impero, a fascist newspaper, and threatens that "this attack by a tribe of international speculators against Italy may be suppressed by arms.'

Resents Colonial Status. Another fascist paper, Il Tevere, declares, "We will resist at all costs the attacks by international bankers. Italy is the exception in the terrible colonization of continental Europe by the international plutocracy.'

Meanwhile, the foreign office thru under-secretary Grandi, announces that Italy will back the claim of Germany to a permanent seat in the eague of nations council.

15 Million Bale Cotton Crop. his year is indicated by a condition 63.5 per cent of normal on August 16, the crop reporting board of the department of agriculture announced today. The area in cultivation on June 25 was estimated at 48,898,000 acres.

International Youth Day is Celebrated by Many Mass Meetings

International Youth Day was first set aside as a day of demonstration against the imperialist war and the growing pauperization of the young workers by the Berne Conference of the working youth organization in 1915. This day will be celebrated by the Young Workers League by fitting Worcester League demonstrations thruout the country. The following are some of the meeting which all militants are urged to

International Youth Day, 1926. EAST PITTSBURGH, Pa.—Sept. 4, at 8 p. m., at Workers' Hall, corner on Thursday, Aug. 19, after a rather Electric and North Ave. No speaker long vacation announced.

the sign of economy and symbol of NEW YORK CITY.—Sept. 10, at After the officers were elected we dis-

Ave. Speakers: Lovestone, Stachel, B. Comrade Kay and others. Gold, Don, Frankfeldt.

packed up and the fascist program for Y. M. C. A. Auditorium. Speakers, first. Then this time and energy should SUPERIO, Wis .- Sept. 5. Speakers:

OULA, Wis.—Sept. 3. Speaker, Elsie

MASS, Mich.-Sept. 3. No speaker

BAI DE WASSAI, Mich.-Sept. 3. Speaker: T. Tenhunen. EBEN JUNCTION, Mich .- Sept. 3. No speaker announced.

BOSTON, Mass.-Sept. 26, Paine Memorial Hall, 9 Appleton St. Speakers: Jack Stachel, N. Kay and others.

New Haven Forms

NEW HAVEN, Conn.-An enthusiastic relief conference was held in this city by delegates representing several important youth organizations. The conference was called to order last Saturday evening at the Machinists' Hall. A permanent conference was organized, with Philip Horowitz, ers. WASHINGTON, Aug. 23 .- A United Young Workers League, president; States cotton crop of 15,248,000 bales Sophie Huplebank, secretary-treasurer, will be held on Monday, August 23, the Pioneers. A member of the at 8 p. m. at 2444 West Division street, Plumbers' Helpers' Club was elected Chicago. All working-class youth orvice-president.

The conference will gather funds as long after the strike as necessary for the care of the anaemic and under- Correspondent. It's only 5 cents.

weight children of the strikers. Meal and milk books are now in circulation. An affair is planned to raise money for relief.

The organizations sending delegates were: The Pioneers, the Plumbers' Helpers' Club, the Young Workers League, the Self-Education Club, and the Hebrew American Club.

Other youth organizations will be visited and urged to join.

Starts Activity

By PAUL MARTY.

WORCESTER, Mass .- The Young Workers League here held a meeting

We started with a new vigor and WAUKEGAN, Ill .- Sept. 1, Work- intend to start the real work of the ers' Hall, 517 Helmholz avenue. Nat Y. W. L. At Thursday's meeting we had nine members, most of whom CHICAGO, Ill.-Sept. 3, at North- were girls. Comrade Nat Kay, the west Hall, 517 Helmholz avenue. Nat district organizer of District 1, was here to help the league get started our sacrifice, will be defended at all Central Opera House, 67th St. and 3rd cussed many points brought up by

It was decided that we would devote KANSAS CITY, Mo.-Sept. 3, at the our time to a membership drive at be transferred to education and sports We have with us two students from

the District 1 courses and one from the Waino courses in District 9. This insures a good education to the rest of the comrades.

British Miners' Youth Dance

In order to raise moral and financial support for the British miners who have been on strike now for over three months, from young workers who will not be reached by the efforts of the British Trade Union dele-Youth Conference gation, i. e., thru trade unions, the Young Workers' League has been successful in organizing a youth relief committee composed of various clubs. As one of the first activities of this

committee is the organization of a dance to be held on Saturday, August 28, at the Douglas Park Refectory. Admission is 50 cents. All proceeds are to go to the striking British min-

The next meeting of the committee ganizations are invited to participate.

Get a copy of the American Worker

Co-operative Section

NEWS AND COMMENT

This department will appear in every Monday's issue of the The DAILY WORKER.

We receive many letters of inquiry about our bed-making co-operative asking for more information. How will such a co-operative work in Soviet

Vorovsky Bed-Making Co-operative.

1. This co-operative will have a minimum of 100 workers, each paying \$750 besides his fare to Soviet Russia. For Canton publisher attended on the this money-amounting to \$75,000-we will buy the most modern machinery

> 2. The place we are going to is Leningrad. 3. All members of this factory will

> have to be workers. Every member will have to work at the bench. 4. The factory will consist of the

following departments, ten in all: (a) tube making department; (b) bending department; (c) bed making department; (d) assembling department; (e) welding department; (f) painting de partment; (g) tool and die department; (h) spring making department; (i) mattress making department; (j) New York City.

shipping department. With such a factory we will be in a position to produce from three to four thousand beds, springs and mattresses a week at low All those who see the importance

of industrializing Soviet Russia are asked to put their shoulders to the wheel. Everybody working in the line can become a member-machinists, bed makers, assemblers, welders, painters, grainers, spring makers, mattress makers, tinsmiths and all others working in the metal industries. For more information or for membership applications write to Jack Gordon 2228 Douglass St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

All this work is under the super vision of the Society for the Technical Aid to the U.S.S.R., 799 Broadway,

tral Exchange, co-operative wholesale formed by the co-operative stores of the northwestern states, are increasing every month. The aim, million dollar sales in 1926, seems to be as sured, because the first six months already showed sales of \$522,785.24. The sales for the corresponding period in 1925 were \$407,439.52. Increase over 1925 sales was \$115,345.72, or 28 per

July sales were \$90,840.33; July, 1925, \$77,099.61, and July, 1924, \$53,-

That worker next door to you may not have anything to do to night. Hand him this copy of the DAILY WORKER.

Farmers Build Huge Co-Operative Societies

The report of the farmers' co-operatives in the province of Saskatchewan for the past year has just been published by the provincial government, showing over 260 successful local cooperatives in this one province with a paid-up capital of half a million dollars, a total business of approximately \$4,000,000, and a net profit of more than \$91,000,000 to the farmers.

In addition the farmers own a dozen big co-operative marketing unions, such as the Co-operative Wheat Produers, Co-operative Poultry Producers' Union, Dairy and Livestock Cooperative Marketing Association, Cooperative Grain Elevators, the Cooperative Wool Growers, and other similar associations to market the farmers' crops. These co-ops do a business amounting to staggering to-

Last year the 50,000 farmers belonging to the Saskatchewan Wheat Producers, Ltd., received approximately \$77,000,000 in cash from this co-operative association in return for their wheat crop, handled so efficiently that it cost the farmers but 1 cent a bushel to market it.

Washington Gardeners Beat Middle

Near the city of Walla Walla, Washington, a group of 100 vegetable gardeners complained because the commission men "got all the gravy" from the sale of their produce after they had toiled early and late to grow it. One bright farmer suggested that they try co-operation as a means of stop ping this graft and securing a fair return for their labor. These farmers put up \$25 each, formed the Walla Walla Gardeners' Association and started to deal directly with the mar-

Today these Washington co-operators are doing a business of half a mil-

the required number.

BERT MILLER, District Organizer,

170

VORONSKY BED-MAKING CO-OPERATIVE Western Canadian

Russia? We will try to explain briefly: The name of the co-operative is the

needed for such a factory.

Finns Manage Own Credit Banks. The Finnish people, whether in their native Finland or in America,

have shown themselves to be sturdy co-operators whose accomplishments have been equalled only by the British, Danish and Russian peoples. In co-operative credit, however, they can take undisputed first rank, for in 23 years they have built a great system embracing 1,041 societies, 78,000 members and deposits of nearly \$30,000,-000-a most remarkable record for a

country whose population is less than

Michigan's.

tive societies

Loans, made to members out of the fund established by the societies and reinforced by non-interest bearing government loans, must be for productive purposes only. More than a quarter of the loans are made for land reclamation and improvement, but purchase of agricultural supplies and building on new settlements are also big ends being attained thru co-operative credit. The government is naturally anxious to help its own people finance improvements which mean added wealth, but the bureaucratic evils of directly subsidizing producers is avoided by offering aid to those who already have shown their determination to work out their economic salCo-operative Central Exchange.

The sales of the Co-operative Cen-

Farm Co-ops Make Huge Purchases.

Twenty-one farmers' co-operative purchasing associations bought farm supplies to the value of \$41,100,000 during 1925. Three associations made purchases of over \$5,000,000 each, and eight associations reported purchases between one and five millions each, while ten associations purchased less than one million each. These associations were located in 19 different

vation by rearing their own co-opera-

Men to Profits.

lion dollars a year, own their own railroad spur warehouse and cold storage plant, and have a good bank balance behind them. The achieve ment of these farmers is all the more noteworthy because they were all men of small means with little farms of from five to twenty acres, and were practically all of Italian origin.

masses to the proper viewpoint on this life or death issue.

Editor

Editor DAILY WORKER

The Workers Democracy and the Old Parties Corruption

NEW HAVEN NEW HAVEN Wednesday Sept. 15.

BOSTON Thursday Thureday Sept. 16. WORCESTER Friday

Sept. & Sept. 17. ROCHESTER Saturday Sept. 18.

BUFFALO

DETROIT

Sept. 22.

Friday

Sept. 24.

ST. PAUL

Saturday

Sept. 25.

Sunday

Sept. 26.

TOLEDO

Monday

Sept. 27.

Sept. 28.

BALTIMORE

Wednesday

Sept. 29.

PITTSBBURGH

MILWAUKEE

MINNEAPOLIS

Sunday CLEVELAND Monday Sept. 20.

Tuesday Sept. 21. CHICAGO Wednesday

ST. PAUL Saturday

lota Hall, Grant Hotel,

Wednesday

PHILADELPHIA Thursday AN ANSWER TO THE QUESTION,

DAILY WORKER REALLY CONTAIN NOTE-Some reader will say, "There is nothing in 'je paper." Another will say, "There is so much in The DAILY WOI .R that it took me three days to finish one issue. I read every word of it." The first reader would not be a good subscription getter. The second reader, on the other hand, would certainly be able to talk convincingly about his "Daily." The following short article was written as an answer to the question, "What Does One Issue of The DAILY WORKER Really Contain?" This article is not exhaustive. But it strives to show that the material appearing in The DAILY WORKER has a mass appeal that

WHAT DOES ONE ISSUE OF THE

press. It is as follows: . . .

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL. TAKE the issue of The DAILY WORKER for Monday morning, August 23, for instance. It is well worth discussing in this struggle of ours to develop a Communist daily in the United States with a mass appeal. This issue, like many others that

could be pointed out, should prove

exellent ammunition in gunning for

new readers.

Two series of articles started with this issue, the revelations regarding the military encampments by Thurber Lewis, and another look at "Life and Work in the Soviet Union." by Anise, who has written much for the "Daily" in the past. Both of these series of articles

should appeal to the broadest masses. There is not a man, woman or child in the land untouched by the spectre of "The Next War." The 50,000 young men, boys almost, being prepared at 40 encampments, like so many sheep for the slaughter, constitute but a small place on the tremendous program of preparedness of growing American imperialism. The war against war is one of the great efforts in which American labor must engage ever more energetically, all the more so since its present leadership is arrayed on the side of the warmakers. These articles will help bring the

On the other hand the articles by Anise (Anna Louise Strong) breathe the spirit of the New Russia, of the Union of Soviet Republics, of peace-

can be exploited to the utmost in securing new readers. This is the eighth article in a series on the development of a mass Communist ful reconstruction, building the new social order, ushering in Commun-

> It is absolutely necessary that the American masses get a correct view of the Soviet Union during these days when the propaganda mills of the kept press grind ceaselessly, turning out their vicious falsehoods in untold quantities in an effort to blind labor in this country to the great successes achieved by the workers and peasants of the Soviet Union under their own government. Against the capitalist propaganda of lies, the truthful propaganda of the workers. It is as necessary now, as at any time during the last nine years, to spread everywhere in America the truth about the Work-

ers' Republic.

Nowhere else, only in The DAILY WORKER, is the story of the British coal miners' strike being told. I picked up a copy of The Milwaukee Leader, the socialist daily, issued on the afternoon that Paul McKenna, executive board member of the British Miners' Federation, was to appear before the local central labor body in that city to appeal for funds. Not a single word anywhere thru all its pages about the British struggle. Pages of sports, capitalist market reports, comics, ad nauseum. No wonder the appeal sent out from Washington by the American Federation of Labor for strike funds had fallen on deaf ears in Milwaukee. The Leader would certainly never arouse the workers to action on be-

half of their own class. Not only on one day, but every day The DAILY WORKER issues its new installment of the epochal mine strike story, just as it follows from day to day the struggle of the textile workers in Passaic, New Jersey, the strike of the garment workers in New York City, the clash of the Calles government, supported by the Mexican Federation of Labor, with the Roman catholic church, and on the other side of the earth the quarter-century old hope of the Filipinos for liberation from American imperialism, and the struggle of revolutionary China against all imperialists. Nowhere else, but in the pages of The DAILY WORKER, is the story so effectively told for la-

And every day there is also another installment of "Oil," by Upton Sinclair, the latest novel of this author who is better known in Europe than in the United States. Some letters have been received indicating that Sinclair's story is developing intense interests. Such letters are invited. Tell us what the

workers are saying about this story. Others prefer reading the republication of Ernest Haeckel's "Last Words in Evolution." In fact many new readers that we know of have been won for The DAILY WORKER thru the appearance, in serial form, of these lectures delivered years ago by the famous scientist. The theories discussed arouse as much interest

There are the several departments

devoted to the co-operative move-

ment, trade union activities, the

Young Workers League, the farmers'

now as ever.

problems; the Workers (Communist) Party; Worker Correspondence, with other regular features and special articles, and as much of the day's grind of news, as limited space will Here are surely enough talking points to get the ear of the most disinterested worker. Those who have sincerely tried to get workers interested in their "Daily" have suc-

count of your experiences and send

sa bermo

ceeded. Join those who are sincerely trying and then write up an ac-

32 Causeway St., Bostom Mass.

Organized Labor—Trade Union Activities

News and Comment Labor Education Labor and Government Trade Union Politics

Bosses Make No Offer of Settlement, Union Reply of Accusation

NEW YORK CITY, Aug. 24.-Louis Hyman, chairman of the Cloakmakers' General Strike Committee, characterizes charges made by Henry H. Finder, president of the manufacturers' Asso ciation, that strike leaders were taking dictation from Soviet Russia or other Communist sources as "too absurd to dignify by a reply."

Finder, in a statement, had complained that the leadership were "merely figureheads" and "seemed to be without authority to make a settlement." To this Hyman replied:

No Offer of Settlement. "While I have no authority to settle a strike in which 40,000 men and women are vitally affected, I am empowered to bring to the attention of our organization any offer of settle ment made by a manufacturer which I consider has merit. As yet, none has been forthcoming from the industrial council of the manufacturers."

Ten more settlements with inde pendent manufacturers were made yesterday by the union's settlement committee, bringing total settlements to date with independents, jobbers and

Two concerts on behalf of striking cloakmakers were given Monday at one p. m. at Webster Hall, 119 East 11th Street, and Bryant Hall, 725 Sixth Ave. Artists included Rose Dreeben. Hyman Pestun, the Freiheit choir, David Shapiro and Bertha Gerston.

British Young

delegates present at a Young Miners' Labor in his public statement praising stressing their alleged "development Conference, called last week by the Citizens' Military Training Camps. of young men, mentally, morally and Taylorstown Lodge, South Wales chairman of the lodge, presided.

Messages of greetings were received from the executive committee of the El Paso convention and President Young Communist League, the Na- Green is giving a practical applica-Minority Movement and the Youth Delegation Campaign Commit-

After adopting a program for the young miners which was in accord munist League, a committee was elected to carry on the work. The conference expressed itself in wholehearted opposition to the bishops' proposals for the settlement of the coal strike.

Theatrical Union Asks Forty Percent Raise

NEW YORK, August 24.-The The atrical Protective Union No. 1 is de manding an increase of 40 per cent in wages from all legitimate theaters in this city. A negotiations committee under the chairmanship of Samuel Goldfarb has been in communication with the managers' representatives.

Union Charges Embezzlement.

SHREVEPORT, La., -(FP)-After a years' absence as a fugitive from justice C. L. Brooks, who for nine years served as treasurer of the street carmen's union has been returned to answer a charge of embezzlement of \$2,327 of the union's funds.

Why Not Become a Worker Correspondent?

Get a copy of the American Worker Correspondent. It's only 5 cents.

WITH THE LABOR PRESS

COMPANY "UNION" SHAM EXPOSED.

The strike of workers on New York subways is a revolt from the com-

The strike has crippled that city's underground transportation system, but the public is not told of the company "union" failure or that the strikers seceded from the "union" and formed an independent organization.

Wages are low and hours are long, but the subway management believed conditions could be maintained by organizing a "union."

Following the usual custom, company favorites and straw bosses were placed in key positions of the "union." The lid appeared to be tightly

The company was too sure of its ground. A considerable number of the workers awakened to the sham and ceased work.

This incident is occurring every week in sections of the nation's coal which led to the commission's recent area, where operators have also formed "unions" after they broke their agreement with the Miners' Union.

Workers have no present or future in the company "union." It is a lure. It is intended to drug and deceive. This mirage of a promised land is placed before employes, who believe honeyed words and growing promises.

The purpose of the company "union" is seen in the New York subway strike and similar movements in the bituminous coal fields.

The company "union" does more than defend low wages and long hours. Its deadening effect on faculties, inherent in every manly man is its greatest and most lasting evil.

Generally speaking, the company "union" member is a social cipher. present unorganized fields would com-Without ideal or hope, he takes no part in the civic, industrial or political pletely remedy this situation. The affairs of life. He is submissive. He is blind to injustice.

He has a childlike faith that someone, somehow and sometime will come, like the good fairy, to improve his lot in life. He is applauded by his employer, and by a press that echoes the lat-

ters's views, but his voice is never raised in protest against wrongs organiized labor combats.

From the standpoint of both principle and practice the company "union" members of the industrial council to is indefensible. It solves no problem in industry, nor does it improve work It brings but a narcotic peace that with rare exceptions develops helots

and flunkeys on the industrial and political fields. This type of worker is desirable for the employer whose one goal

production and profit, but it has no place in American citizenry. -The Industrial Weekly, Syracuse, N. Y.

President Green is a member and

former secretary-treasurer of the United Mine Workers of America, a

union which prohibits its members

under pain of expulsion from join-

ing the national guard or militia, a

union which has had its best organ-

izers and fighters butchered by na-

tional guardsmen in strikes from

Colorado to Kentucky. If anyone

should know that the armed forces

of the state and national govern-

ments are used against workers it

The camps, as Mr. Green discov-

ered, are dedicated to the task of

making America a better and safer

Does President Green think that

West Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee

and Alabama, that the military forces

of which the "students" of the C. M.

coal companies, aiding in the organ-

Is President Green.

place to live in.

be established?

profits of the capitalists.

But President Green does know this

This is the purpose of the C. M. T.

C .- to make America safer for

Wall Street and all it represents and

to make it more unsafe for strikes,

In addition to this purpose there is

What has American labor in com-

Will President Green explain how

endorsing the pet scheme of the ene-

mies of labor helps the labor move-

Get an autographed copy of Red

Cartoons by Fred Ellis and Robert

-W. F. D.

of course the preparation for protection of the investments abroad of the

Green does not.

as against the workers.

ploiters of labor.

strikers and unions.

big bankers.

purposes?

Open Aid to Labor's Enemies

By Coal Strike No trade union official has done PRESIDENT GREEN not only pargreater disservice to the cause of labor than has President William who try to conceal the deadly purpose LONDON, England.—There were 28 Green of the American Federation of of the military training camps by

It is true that President Green is physically," but puts the A. F. of L. Miners' Federation. J. Mardy Evans, well within his technical rights. The machinery at the disposal of the mili-American Federation of Labor en- tarists. dorsed this militarist institution at its tion to this endorsement.

BUT such conscious and militant or gans of capitalism as The Chicago Tribune give intelligent workers a corrupt appreciation of this united with the program of the Young Com- front between labor officialdom and American capitalism. The C. M. T. C.'s are endorsed and supported by the worst labor-hating open shop corporations in the United States-by the steel trust, by the Rockefeller interests, by the Pennsylvania railroad, by the Morgan banks, by a collection of DOES President Green actually bethe most powerful capitalists. The list of supporters of the C. M. T. C. says in its comment on his speech? can be found in another section of The DAILY WORKER

DRESIDENT GREEN and the American Federation of Labor leadership therefore are linked up in support of this militarist activity with the open and avowed enemies of the America begins, as it, must, a cambecause the father and the mother to labor movement. The full text of paign to organize the coal miners in gether do not make enough to keep President Green's statement is as fol-

I can scarcely hope to convey in words the deep impression made by this visit. We have been much interested in the great movement represented here. I can truthfully say there has been a wrong impression In some quarters as to the purposes and objectives of the military training camp. I think the American Federation of Labor, thru Its organizaton and its officers, can do much to acquaint the public mind with what is being done here toward the development of young men, mentally, morally, and physically.

NEW YORK, ATTENTION!

MAGNIFICENT SPECTACLE AND SYMPHONY CONCERT

Proceeds go to buy MILK AND BREAD for the children of the Passaic textile strikers.

Wagner-Tchaikowsky Program David Mendoza, of Capitol Theatre, Conductor,

Famous Scheherazade by Rimsky-Korsakoff Directed by Alexis Kosloff of the Metropolitan Opera.

CHORUS OF 250 VOICES led by Jacob Schaefer.

SATURDAY EVENING, AUG. 28, 8 P. M.

CONEY ISLAND STADIUM. Surf Ave. and W. 6th St.

General Admission \$1.00

Reserved Seats \$2.00

Tickets for sale at the Daily Worker Office and 799 Broadway, Room 512.

Policies and Programs The Trade Union Press Strikes-Injunctions Labor and Imperialism

Lewis Substitutes a Freight Rate Fight for Unionizing Drive

The Interstate Commerce Commission had before it today a petition from John L. Lewis, head of the United Mine Workers of America, asking it to reverse the findings of its examiner, William Disque, of New York, refusal to recommend readjustment of freight rates on Indiana and Illinois coal. Disque's findings held that the rates were not unfair and were based on high wages received by Illinois and Indiana miners.

Lewis, in his petition, held the de cision to be "an amazing and gratuitous attack" on the wages and living standards of union miners. He fails to disclose that a strong union in the present inequality could be corrected by complete unionization and no freight rate change would have any effect on the miners.

Milwaukee Sends Delegate to A. F. of L. **Detroit Convention**

MILWAUKEE, Wis., August 24, American Federation of Labor convention in Detroit. James P. Sheehan was elected alternate. This is the first time the Milwaukee central labor body has sent a delegate in several

sword," provided you know how to use Come down and learn how in the worker correspondent's classes.

SURE TO COMPEL FRANCE TO SIGN

Coolidge Is Pleased with Kellogg's Policy

PAUL SMITHS, N. Y., Aug. 24. -Following conversations between Coolidge and Secretary of State Kellogg, the president expressed his satisfaction with Kellogg's handling of international affairs, particularly on the matter of Mexico and the French debt situation.

Coolidge is quite satisfied that France will finally ratify the Mellon-Berenger agreement, because French credit is suffering from the credit embargo which is forcing acceptance of the debt agreement in order to save the franc from complete collapse.

As to Mexico, the president upholds the viewpoint that the Mexican gov ernment, in carrying out its anti-clerieal decrees, has not violated any rights of American citizens. For this reason, it is claimed, the administration refuses to lift the embargo on arms so they may be sent to Mexican civilians.

Subway Construction Soon in Chicago; Maybe

A subway advisory commission headed by Russel Tyson of Aldis & Co. and including among its members the manager of Edison and Chicago Trust Bldgs., various theater and hotel owners and downtown business men of Chicago, has evolved a plan for improvements in the "worst transportation system in the world" to be Frank J. Weber was chosen as the largely financed, so they say, by volundelegate from the Milwaukee Central tary assessments of the loop business Trades and Labor Assembly, to the men and others located in districts most benefited by better communica-

The plan is for a three level subtrolley cars, and a mezzanine walk under the street but above the tracks "The pen is mightier than the for pedestrians. Extension of the "L" service is also contemplated. The cost of immediate construction is set at \$36,400,000.

Hit at Vile Conditions in Passaic

(Continued from page 1) Says the bulletin:

children under 5 years of age; nearly still trying to tell the public that the a third had children of 5 and 6 years Passaic textile workers are receiving of age at home, and 10 per cent had fine wages. children of those ages at school. Children Forced to Mills.

lieve what The Chicago Tribune Miss De Lima read from the bulletin "Another striking feature is the tendency . . . to send the child to

work as soon as the law permits." Why? Not because the parents don't want the child to get an education. when the United Mine Workers of likes to work in a mill. No. Simply Nor because the child just naturally the economic wolf from the door.

Women's Double Burdens. Again from the bulletin of the department of labor:

T. C. are a part will be protecting union men from the gunmen of the "Over four-fifths of the breadwin ning women who were or had been ization of the non-union mines, guardmarried were maintaining homes and ing the tent colonies that will have to hence were carrying the double burden of household duties and gaining em-OR will the militia, with its quota of ployment."

Imagine the mill owners' wives or C. M. T. C. students, be asked for by the coal owners, sent in by the daughters in such a predicament! They don't even cook and make their state or national government and used beds in their own homes. Let alone against the miners and their unions? going to work in a mill days or nights To ask this question is to answer They keep cool in the mountains or by it-the armed forces, no matter what day in the home and by night in the they are called, are part of the machinery of covernment, that machin-

ery is organized—as bitter and bloody And when the mill mothers go to work in the mills what happens to the experience has shown-to protect the little ones-and most of their children are little ones-at home? The depart-THE miners know this if President ment of labor tells us that:

Children Without Care. "The important facts disclosed by and if he boosts an institution which the field inquiry as to the provision

is designed solely to perfect the mili- for care of children in the absence of tary power of the capitalist class it working mothers were that over one must be because he favors the bosses fifth of the mothers worked at night when husbands or other adults were at safer place to live in"-for the ex- bands who were night workers and at home in the day time." Still others left their children with

> many of them "had to leave the children virtually without any care except such as could be given when there were other children, altho in none of as 14 years of age." It must be remembered that the

figures and percentages just given are mon with either of these two sinister for all women who earn their bread in mills of all kinds in Passaic. The percentage of night working mothers is much higher among the woolen workers so that the situation as apworse than even these figures would indicate and they are bad enough.

Inadequate Wages. As Miss De Lima pointed out in her

Worse Than Jacksonville!

Let the citizens' committee read this report on four cities and their breadwinning mothers. They will find that Passaic is in far worse condition than Jacksonville, Fla., where thousands of Negro mothers have to earn their living by working for a living at home. But the Passaic women workers go out of the home and into the mills leaving their children behind them.

What kind of citizenship can be pro duced under conditions such as the bulletin describes:

"The findings prove that the care of young children left in the home (in Passaic) was frequently inadequate and young children had any help in the performance of household duties; that the help came chiefly from the older children, relatives or lodgers, and that the intervals between indispensable rest taken during the day."

All in Passaic. And remember, this is for all Pas saic. The conditions of the mothers

in the woolen mills is much worse than the average. Let us set down some of the con-

clusions of this government report: Fight For Adequate Wage. "It is obvious that many of the problems connected with breadwinning

vors "making America a better and one-tenth left their children to hus- if the husbands and fathers were to receive a wage adequate for the family needs. "The coupling of economic respon-

> women tends to menace the health of power of money. women and the happiness of the

"The failure of men to secure a the entrance of wives and mothers into breadwinning activities.

"Better wages for men would frequently mean withdrawal of a large group of wives and mothers from breadwinning activities." And again:

"The disastrous effects resulting plied to these mothers is really much from neglect of the urgent problems related to breadwinning women undermine each community where harmful conditions are allowed to exist and in the final analysis weaken the strength address the important fact is that the and prosperity of the nation."



(Copyright, 1926, by Upton Sinclair)

WHAT HAS GONE BEFORE

WHAT HAS GONE BEFORE.

When "Bunny" Ross, son of J. Arnold Ross, California oil operator, is thirteen years old, he goes with Dad to Beach City to sign an oil lease. There he meets Paul Watkins, near his own age who had run away from his father's poor ranch in the San Elido Valley because the family were "holy rollers." His brother Eli is a cripple who has fits and "heals" people. From time to time Bunny hears from Paul and sends money to his family. In the meantime Bunny is learning the foil business with his Dad who, along with other oil operators is profiting by the war that had broken out in Europe. Bunny persuades his Dad to go for a quail hunting trip to San Elido Valley. There they meet the Watkins family and Bunny becomes acquainted with Paul's sister, Ruth, whom he likes. While hunting they locate oil on the ranch and Dad wheedles it out of old Watkins and also buys adjacent property secretly. In the meantime Bunny starts to high school at Beach City and fails in love with a fellow student, Rose Taintor. When they are ready to drill Bunny and Dad go back to the ranch to direct the work. They persuade Paul to come to live with them and work as a carpenter. Paul had been living with a lawyer who took an interest in him and left him a legacy of books when died. Paul and Ruth live in a shack near the well sight. Eventually the well is begun and Eli, now turned prophet and the pet of wealthy adherents to the faith, makes a blessing as the drilling begins. Bunny goes back to school and finds himself tiring of Rose Taintor. But soon the glad news comes that Bunny's well in the San Elido Valley has struck oil lands, A new field is started. As Bunny and Dad watch the drilling, the oil suddenly bours out in a great Jet—and it catches fire. Everyone runs for their lives. Dad drives in great haste to town—for dynamite. He returns and the blast is quickly gotten ready. When the change is set off, the blaze is spuffed out and the well saved. Bunny is a millionaire ten times over. The boy is now eighteen years old an . . .

Bunny was appalled; for he had thought of his father as one of the richest men in the state, and one of the most independent. 'Why, Dad, we don't own our own business! We don't even own our souls!

That started the other on one of his stock themes. Business. was business, and not the same as a tea-party. Property was hard to get, and, as he had told his son many times, there was always people trying to take it away from you. If there was going to be any security for wealth, there had to be discipline, and men of wealth had to stand together. It might seem harsh, if you didn't understand, but it was the way of life. Look at that war over there in Europe; it was a horrible thing-jist made you sick to think about it; but there it was, and if you was in it, you was in, and you had to fight. It was exactly the same with the way in and near the loop, one level business game; there was no safety for you, unless you stood with for fast express trains, another for the group that had power. If you stepped out of the reservation, the wolves would tear you to pieces in short order.

But Bunny was not satisfied with general principles; he wanted the details of this situation. "Please tell me, Dad, just who are these men we have to work with?"

Dad answered: they were a group, it was hard to define them, you might say the "open shop crowd"; they were the big business men who ran Angel City, and the territory which lived upon the city, or supported the city, according as you looked at it. They had several organizations, not merely the Petroleum Employers' women who work in the mills are not Federation, but the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association, population of Passaic is the largest so much the young unmarried folk but the Chamber of Commerce, the Bankers' Club. They were interamong the working class in that city. the married women who are living locked, and a little group ran them all-Fred Naumann could call with breadwinning husbands. This a dozen men on the telephone, and turn you into an outcast from "In most cases Polish-born mothers shows clearly the inadequacy of the business society; no bank would lend you a dollar, and none of had young children. Over three-fourths wage of the men workers. And yet the the leading merchants would give you credit, some would refuse to do business with you even for cash.

To the hour of his death, the elder Ross never really understood this strange son of his. He was always being surprised by Fine wages for what? Fine wages the intensity with which Bunny took things, which to the father to drive mothers into the mills at were part of the nature of life. The father kept two compart-Not only must the mother work her- night. Fine wages to make them leave ments in his mind, one for things that were right, and the other self to help keep the small children their babies and small children at for things that existed, and which you had to allow to exist, and alive, but as early as possible these home in charge of other small children to defend, in a queer half-hearted, but stubborn way. But here chidren must go to work themselves. or landladies? Fine wages for starva-was this new phenomenon, a boy's mind which was a partment; things ought to be right, and if they were not right, you ought to make them right, or else what was the use of having any right-you were only fooling yourself about it.

"Listen, Dad," the boy pleaded: "isn't there some way we could break that combination? Couldn't you stop your new dethe other cities-even worse than velopments, and put everything on a cash basis, and go slow? You know, that might be better, in a way; you're trying to do too much, and you need a rest badly."

The other could not help smiling, in spite of the pain he read in Bunny's face. "Son," he answered, "if I set out to buck that, game, I'd never have another hour's rest, till you buried me up there on the hill beside Joe Gundha.

"But you've got the oil, and if you settle with the men, it will go on flowing. It will be the only oil from this whole district!" "Yes, son, but oil ain't cash; it has got to be sold."

"You mean they wouldn't take it from you?"

"I can't say, son; I've never known such a case, and I don't, casual; that scarcely more than one- know jist what they'd do. All I say is this—they wouldn't let me fifth of the breadwinning mothers of lose their strike for them! They'd find some way to get me, ist as sure as tomorrow's sunrise!"

Dad went back to the field and got the representatives of over one-fifth of the mothers worked his men together. He did not tell them the whole story, of course, at night, caring for the children in but said that he had tried his best to bring the employers to his views, and had failed. He was bound by agreements that he could not break, but he would be very glad to meet the men's terms if the Federation would do so. If there was a strike, he would make no attempt to work his properties for the present. It would mean heavy losses to him, the shutting down of his best paying wells, but he would try to stick it out and his men might consider they were taking a vacation, and come back to him when the strike was over. Meantime, he would not turn them out. they might continue to occupy the bunk-house, provided they would keep order, and not injury the property. That was of course Like The Chicago Tribune, he fa- home to look after the children, that wives and mothers would be dissipated ciate it. The committee answered that the men undoubtedly a very unusual concession, and he hoped the men would apprewould do so; they were deeply grateful to Mr. Ross for his attitude. The members of the committee were embarrassed, and very respectful; you see, it is hard for humble workingmen to neighbors, boarders or landladies. And sibilities and domestic duties for confront their employer, a "big" man, and armed with the magic

The strike was called for noon on Wednesday, and the men all marched out singing songs. Not more than ten percent had joined the union, but they quit to a man-the few who might these cities were the children as much living wage for the family necessitates have liked to stay were not enough to work the wells, anyhow. They shut off the flow, and left everything in good order, and marched into Paradise, where they held a mass meeing. There were nearly three thousand workers in this field, and they all came, and most of the town's people, and a number of the ranchers; the sympathy of the community appeared to be all with the

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Jailing British Miners Under E. P. A.

Details of the methods by which the British government is trying to break the spirit of the striking miners are available in increasing numbers and not even the most credulous believer in British democracy can fail to see that the miners are in a life and death struggle with British capitalism and its government.

We have referred to the emergency powers act, conferring extraordinary powers on police and judges, depriving the accused workers of trial by jury and making them liable to severe prison sentences for actions and utterances which without the E. P. A. would is a vital matter that the fight shall

Heber Blankenhorn, now in England, in an article on the strike in The Railroad Telegrapher for August states:

First starvation On top of this came the concentrated propaganda of the coal owners, and intimidation. SOME OF THIS HAS GONE LENGTHS I NEVER SAW IN OUR OWN COALFIELDS.

It operates under "E. P. A.," the emergency powers act, put on during the general strike, and now renewed from month to month by the tory parliament. Police order the Warwickshire villagers into their houses as scabs go by. A miner was stopped from clapping his hands derisively in his own doorway. If you say good-day to scabs, plainclothesmen rush up to them saying, "What did he say, what did he say?"

But E. P. A. is not stiff enough. Miners near Tamworth found themselves charged with intimidation, which failed, then with "watching and besetting." Even the bench was surprised but the police produced a law of 1725 about watching and besetting. They were fined for "watching and besetting."

Dr. Robert Dunstan, writing in the August Communist Review, town and back again in a street car

Needless to say there is no place for trial by jury under this act. Summary jurisdiction is given to the police courts under the regulations and in the majority of cases the prisoners were brought before an ordinary bench of magistrates. In the past the "Great Unpaid" (these magistrates serve voluntarily-it is an "honorable" office-Ed.) have been notorious for their severity and partiality where the rights to property have been in question, but in the prosecutions under E. P. A. INNUMER-ABLE WORKING CLASS DEFENDANTS have been "tried," insulted, fined and imprisoned by their class enemies in a way which will be long remembered by the masses.

The Workers Weekly for August 13 tells of the arrest of a woman 69 years old for shouting "blackleg" at a scab.

Arrests in the coalfields are taking on a mass character and sentences of one, two and three months at hard labor, quite often accompanied by a stiff fine, are the usual procedure.

capitalism should be emphasized in all meetings held for collection be either beautiful or clean. True, too, are still the ravages of civil war, of relief for the British miners and used to stir the American labor from a distance along the river, the buildings burned out, and not yet labelled: "Farm Implements. Govern movement to maximum activity in support of these workers who are bearing the whole brunt of the struggle of the British working class against wage cuts and for the life of the labor movement.

Mexican Church Awaits Orders from the Vatican

The latest dispatches from Mexico picture the catholic prelates in a defiant attitude, but the boycott appears to have lost what effectiveness it may have had for the reason that catholic businessmen were the chief sufferers and have lost enthusiasm for a measure which ruins them

The catholic prelates reached an agreement with President Calles but when they discovered that they could not claim a victory after the official statement that "if the priests return to the temples they must do so subject to the laws," they are once more breathing threats of hell and damnation for all who oppose their reactionary demands.

No resumption of religious services is contemplated according to the catholic spokesmen. It is interesting to note that the vatican actually is directing the struggle of the church in Mexico as we learn from the following statement by Archbishop Jose v del Rio:

The catholics well know that to take such a transcendently important step as the suspension of religious services RE-QUIRED THE NOTIFICATION OF THE POPE. Now no resolution for the resumption of religious services CAN BE TAKEN WITHOUT THE APPROBATION OF THE POPE.

That the government has liquidated the crisis is shown by the release of those arrested in connection with the church-landlord conspiracy and the lack of mass support is indicated by the fact that society women are the only ones who are distributing the catholic Read This:

It is probable that the church wants to keep up its struggle in some form until Ambassador Sheffield has had an opportunity to make an open or covert attack on Mexico during his visit to the United

PREVENT COAL SHIPMENTS AND INCREASE FUNDS, ASKS R. I. L. U. Sell Them to-

MOSCOW, August 11-(By Mail.)-The executive bureau of the Red Ir ternational of Labor Unions has addressed the following appeal to the work

"The struggle of the British miners is now in an extremely critical stage. The bourgeoisie and its government is staking everything upon an unconditional capitulation of the strikers.

The British bourgeoisie wished to destroy the Miners' Union, to abolis' the seven-hour day and to force the miners to accept wages which mea hunger for them and for their families. Do not permit this! Don't leav the British miners who are heroically carrying on a gigantic struggle, in th "lurch! Their cause is your cause! Their defeat will also be your defeat

Show that despite the sabotage of the General Council, of the Inte national Federation of Trade Unions and of the International Miners' Fc eration the term proletarian solidarity is no empty phrase by preventing th. transport of coal to Great Rrita n and increasing your financial assistance. Your support is more necessary now than ever before. All workers must come to the assistance of the British miners!

WORKER Union Leadership in Great Britain

The Future Leadership of the Trade Unions.

By TOM MANN (London).

(Chairman of the Minority Movement.) on at the time of writing with as much vigor as at the beginning of of the lock out. the struggle fourteen weeks ago. The three hundred thousand.

The government is reducing the funds for the miners will meet with dred unions when less than thirty are customary allowance to persons who good measure of success. obtain relief from the Poor Law Guardians to bring pressure upon the A conference of the National Minorminers and their wives to close the ity Conference will be held, and here dispute. It is a fine compliment to there will be a full and frank declarthe determined spirit actuating these ation of the serious lack of militancy men and women that altho the eco- as shown by the behavior of the gennomic pressure is increasing week by eral council at the time of the partial women are quite as pugnacious as privations they are subjected to, be- trade unions is deficient in clearness ing fully alive to the fact that it be kept up and won to prevent a further serious drop in their normal con-

they should be, but it is necessary ing up manfully against them and on not far away future. to realize that the miners with their behalf of the men, has caused such a families number five millions of peo- revulsion of feeling that it is now a ple, whose income has been cut off settled thing that definite steps will for fourteen weeks to date, whilst be taken to change the personnel of three hundred thousand of these had the leadership as soon as may be.

been out of work for quite a long THIS, however, cannot be very time prior to the present dispute. time prior to the present dispute.

But great credit is due to many who total number returned to work apart have regularly subscribed a steady from safety men and outcrop work- five per cent of their wages. Of course ers does not exceed one thousand, we all hope that the delegation sent cut of a grand total of one million by the general council of the T. U. C. to the United States to collect

week there is no flinching and the general strike. It is fully admitted plight and the only stuff handed out by those who can sense the situation the men, and are making light of the that the leadership of the British keep on friendly terms with the of vision.

The pitiable exhibition of some ditions of a humiliating character im-

Also another two million are unem- methods of election carefully providployed besides the miners because of ed by an astute lot of office holders, the lack of coal, therefore, their pow- still, whether it takes a relatively er to contribute to the miners' assist- long or short time, action certainly THE miners' fight is being carried ance is cut off and another million will be taken to clear out officials are on short time as a consequence | whose methods are those of collaboration with the bosses. Militancy towards the boss class will be an essential in the future. Also there will be demanded of them that they shall actively support every movement making for the elimination of section-

> The machinists (engineers) are occupying a most unenviable position. Considerably over two years have ments that will be able to overthrow passed since they commenced negotiations with the bosses for a raise in wages and so far the result is nil. The seagoing men are also in pitiable to them by their union officials is to

THE delegates at the minority con-I ference will certainly strike a very vising their members to accept con- way for action that will make for bettering of the workers' position now I this country are not as high as cuses for the bosses instead of stand- of industry by the workers in the

Political affairs are such that they cannot be ignored. We know for a certainty that there are four or five members of the British government working unmistakeably to purpose of checkmating the growth of Soviet Russia. I take this opportunity of saying that I am convinced the workers here will not stand for it.

The machinists (engineers) are suf fering most seriously for lack of employment which in pre-war days came to this country from Russia. These men are idle and some of them have had no work for several years, ye Russia stands in need of more products formerly supplied by this country and would willingly give the oralism. We have still over eleven hunders to this country but for the hos tile attitude of the government.

TT is too late, there is no govern-I ment or combination of govern-Soviet Russia, tho they may seriously retard her development, and in do ing so inflict most serious hardship upon the workers generally and cer tainly upon the workers of Britain.

Another instance of capitalistic governmental fear of the workers howing solidarity is seen in the an nouncement just made by Winston Churchill on behalf of the govern prominent trade union officials in addifferent attitude and prepare the ment-that the government has carefully investigated the situation and is fully agreed that it is not in the THE subscriptions from workers in posed by the bosses, and finding ex- and aim definitely at the full control general interest that workers in the civil service should belong to organizations connected with the Trade Union Congress, and that legislation will be introduced to deal with this. This means that it will be declared an illegal act if the Unions of Pub-

The Co-operatives.

tween them are many private booth

and shops, dingy, forlorn, fighting a

osing fight. The big, clean, inviting

places are government or co-operat

ive, practically without exception.

WITH THE STAFF

Being Things From Here and There Which Have Inspired Us to Folly or Frenzy

CALIFORNIA'S TALLEST PEAK

Los Angeles, Calif .- A crowd of tourists from the East was seen standing on a street corner the other day talking. One of their number asked the others: "What is the name of the biggest mountain in California, anyway?"

Before anyone else had a chance to answer, a well-informed newsboy-busily engaged in selling the July 29 issue of a San Diego paper at an enormous price-said: "Aimee's Bluff."

Strike Sufferers.

Sir Arthur Steel-Maitland, minister of labor, has abandoned all hope of a holiday until the coal strike ends. It is now inevitable that parliament must interrupt its holiday to meet a week from now in order to continue the Emergency Regulations, which, if trouble should develop between the strikers and the men returning to work, will be doubly necessary. As for MORE and more government and co-operative stores. Scattered be-Premier Baldwin, he will probably manage to get away on a real holiday. Those close to him have become apprehensive regarding the effect which the continued strain of public affairs And every decent building in town may have on him .- (From a seems to be either a labor union hall news item.)

CURRENT EVENTS

By T. J. O'Flaherty.

(Continued from page 1) United States senator on the G. O. P. ticket. I think it was Samson who slyinghtered hundreds of foes with the jawbone of an ass. What could he not have done with a gold-filled slephant's tusk?

EVER since Mr. Joseph Weil, alias the "Yellow Kid," left Joliet prison on parole with a bible under his arm, and announced that his reformation had taken place, and that henceforth he would walk in the ways from the State Medical Stores, Drug of the lord, I have had my doubts about reformed sinners. Well wore Health. Beyond comes more govern- out the bible throwing it at the cat ment stores, this time from far away and continued in the path of sin. Moscow: "All Union Leather Syndi- James O'Donnell Bennett of the Chicago Tribune, in his sketch of historic spots in the middle west, described the Trappist monastery near Dubuque, Iowa. Rigid rule of discipline are ob served by this order. Their slogan is "Remember death," and silence their cardinal virtue. And they shun the company of woman!

TET at one time the Trappists were I gay lads, so much so that good people dreaded their visitations as much as a chicken farmer would the presence of a band of gypsies in the neighborhood. The Trappists hailed originally from a little town in Nornandy, France. After a short period of good conduct the jolly monks cut loose and went the pace. They wor the title of "brigands of La Trappe." Finally one of their number lost his heart to a woman, who forgot to return it. The heart(less) monk re formed, gave a spiritual purging to his followers and from then on the Trappists have held women as the most dangerous enemies of male virtue. Hence the rule in the Trappist monastery at Dubuque, that inside its walls no woman shall go. We wish he monks luck, but they should keep their payday a deep secret. Of course, reasonably safe from temptation.

Life and Work in the Soviet cultural Bank and parcels them out

3. How to Tell a Soviet Town. By ANISE.

(Special to The Daily Worker) SAMARA, July 22.—I had only an hour and a half in Samara while the boat was loading. I rode across and talked with no one. Yet for all that, I could have known, easily, with out mistake, that I was in a Soviet city. I would have known it if I were a traveller newly come from Mars. It is unmistakable. Soviet cities, even in outward signs, are different from

all others. Samara is the city where five years ago I lay in delirium with typhus, while around me men and women were dropping dead in the streets from starvation. The railroad station to which I went today looked strangely deserted. For I remember it when ten thousand people were camped in its courtyard, sleeping, hungering, dying, trying to get away. And the trains could not carry half of them.

Not Beautiful.

church domes rise golden and picsymbols of the czar-ruled church were Siberia, or some of the towns where

EREWITH is published the third of a series of stories being sent specially to The DAILY WORKER by Anna Louise Strong, who is at this time in the Soviet Union making a thoro study of conditions there. Miss Strong, whose pen-name is "Anise" is a credited authority on the Soviet Union having spent the better part of the past five years in that country. She is the author of a book, "First Time in History" and numerous magazine and newspaper stories on the Soviet

patient peasant.

hiefly a more expanded squalor of of the new life. the Russian village. Shores deep in is the dilapidation of the Asiatic mar- Dzerzhinsky. ompanied by a stiff fine, are the usual procedure.

These facts, and others showing the warlike methods of British Talong time will pass before it will wares, the beggars asking alms. Here real signs were deeper. Half a block

liest, drabbest Russian village has its None of these signs marked out Sa- ously clean and spacious after the anchurch dome, lofty, overtowering the mara as a Soviet city. And in truth, cient market booths along the waterow thatched huts, remnant of the age if I were hunting a typical Soviet city front, bears the sign: "The Toiling cate, Samara Section." then the life and development of the I would look elsewhere, at the rapidly Collective of War Invalids, Sausage common man was nothing, but the growing Novo-Sibirsk, the Chicago of Shop No. 4."

ommanding and regardless of cost; | normal life, unhindered by famine vas not the cost borne always by the came back quickly and creatively after the civil war. Yet even in the other. A nearer view of Samara discloses slowly recovering Samara, were signs

"Red Army Street."

mire from a river slowly retreating T DO not allude to the street signs in the summer's heat. You climb a 1 nor to the red flags; tho it is true steep, cobblestoned path for many that the street I first passed thru was blocks till you come to the city labeled "Red Army Street;" and the varying floods of the great river. Only "Trinity Street" to an unpronounce on such heights have cities been able able revolutionary hero of more mod to maintain their hold and grow, Here ern date than the Trinity. And all on top there are better buildings, sol- thru the city hung red flags, draped

up from the dock I pass a warehouse repaired, since three of the past five ment Warehouse No. 23." A little farturesquely to heaven. Even the ug- years have been bad harvest years. ther up a sausage shop, conspicu-

On the next corner is a building occupying half a block: "Labor Temple, Building Workers of Samara." Anyone who knows how labor unions were forbidden under the czar does not need to be told that here has been a revolution. Across the street a hotel bears the name of the Third International Hotel. Farther down comes the "Club Hall, Tailors Union,"-another sign of labor's omnipresence.

Here, as a change, is a newly paint ed factory, announcing that it has been especially organized "for making over weights and measures to the metric system in conformance with government standards." Around the corner from it an enormous stone building bears the name "Agriculural Bank: Samara Branch; so 1 or peasant credits from the nation's nore intimation co-operative which!

or some government enterprise of Samara Provincial Co-operative

o members

Union is everywhere seen. Here is its Store 32, devoted to books and printing; here is its big department store; here, eating their way into the old market place, are a dozen newer, cleaner booths belonging to the co-opproper, safe on its height from the next one had changed its name of erative. Many also, are the stores of the War Invalids, which I pass on this single trip. Bakery No. 9 of their organization stands across the street from Coffee-house No. 8. A whole deid in brick and stone. But here too with black, for the sudden death of partment store, visible down a side street, also bears their sign.

> Then more trade union houses: the Workers in People's Food and Lodgng have a corner building, across Store No. 7, run by the Department of

Children's Garden.

we near the railroad station A see a little archway between two buildings bearing the words: "City Garden, for children of railway workers." And I know that here is a kindergarten and playground maintained by the railway workers' union. It is this union that is the strongest single force in Samara. And the sign of it is plain. Across from the station in whose courtyard 10,000 hungry wanderers camped only five years ago rises a new lofty stone structure, no vet finished, with high domes crown

ing its four stories. "It is the new railroad building," says the conductor. But dominating that beautifully planned construction, i frieze of sculptured forms runs beween the pillars of the upper story, as the Greeks also once sculptured now this is the distributing center figures of the activities they loved to honor on their temples. These figures Not far away a show men lifting timbers, laying ties, maller building labelled "Sam-Kred- hewing stone, building the railroads oyus" is puzzled out easily to mean of a continent. Not even a railway Samara Credit Union, the smaller, office building, it seems, can go up in a Soviet town, without in its archi- if they have no paydays they are iraws its funds from the Big Agri- tecture paying tribute to labor.

War and Navy Combine with Commerce in Air



The combination of the army, navy and commerce departments of the government for co-ordination of the air service can be taken together with the proposed South American airplanc flight as simply one more step in the war preparations now going on in the United States. Above is shown, left to right, W. P. McCracken of the Department of Commerce, F. Trubee Davison, of the House of M rgan, air director of the army and E. R. Warner of the

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