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SATURDAY, AUGUST 28, 1926

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Eurrent Events

By THOMAS J. O'FLAHERTY

MOMEN screamed and clawed at each other in an effort to view the remains of Rudolph Valentino, screen idol who died young because he leved too well and ate none too wisely, according to moralists and chiropractors. It is rumored that the "sheik" was fed on poison but the rumor is not authenticated. The chiropractors don't care anyhow. There is no doubt that Valentino was given a dose of ham and eggs. That's enuf to kill anybody. We still cling to the belief that a paucity of ham an'rather than a superfluity, is the more fatal of the two evils to the working-

RATHER thoughtful of John Doe to bring his co-makers along when he repaired to a Pittsburgh, Pa. bank American Federation of Labor visited to make a two-thousand-dollar touch. John-his real name is gone up in five-day stay at the invitation of the smoke-wrapped a neat little bomb under his arm and when the clerk in- camp in which hundreds of lads bedicated that he would not hand over tween 17 and 24 years old were being the required sum without a little in- drilled in regular army style with regvestigation the borrower, as borrowers will, got peeved.

HE dropped the black bag in which the bomb rested on the floor, then gave it a vicious kick. The rest is history. So are the borrower and a special policeman. The only explanation that can be made of the strange action is, that Mr. Doe may have mistaken the bank for the headquarters of a republican senatorial candidate and himself for a register

THIS great city of ours, which we must like whether we like it or not, is becoming famous for the grand manner. A Briton who has been visiting this country decided to augment his income by reflecting in print on our comportment. He does not like New York. Who would, after smelling the odors of Chicago? in the big eastern city, the people are nervous, excitable and rude. Here, it is quite possible to get popped off by a bored gupmen, but he will offer to light your cigarette before relieving you of a fact. Perhaps it was concealed or pera dreary existence. That's the difference between the culture of the new-

Hamilton Fyfe, editor of the London the last war. Daily Herald, official organ of the British Trade Union Congress. A more nauseating concoction never emerged Fort Sheridan. They are supposed to rebellion. from a printing press. Space does be over 17 years old. I saw dozens North Side Turner Hall, 820 North not permit me to delouse the abortion of boys with guns on their shoulders clark Street, where the Mexican er from cover to cover, but here is a today who were certainly younger sul will speak to a Hands-Off Mexismale from the hokum case the morning of May 5th, when the the vast majority of the so-called the All-America Anti-Imperia first issue of the British Gazette ap- "citizen soldiers" are not citizens, League, will open its doors at 7 peared, a worker anxious to see somethat is, they are not yet at the voting p. m. hing done by the T. U. C. in the way age. A few I was able to snatch a counter-propaganda, called at Fyfe's house at five o'clock in the morning with a copy of the Gazette.

Here was the first number of the fantrymen. This was not only patent ing of its recent maneuvers. Presifirst exclusively official organ ever to look at them, but the bulletin board published by the British government, of every company contains a printed brought to his door by a worker who list of articles that each boy should had no official position, but rendered possess. This includes everything what he was thinking a service to the from hat-band to cartridges. workingclass movement by bringing the paper to the attention of one he felt was in a position to influence pends on how many summers you which the anti-clerical regulations

back to bed cursing his disturber. To classes, Basic, Red, White and Blue, to be submitted is not generally apquote Mr. Fyfe: "I suppose it was corresponding to consecutive years all done out of enthusiasm for the of the four-year course. As you get tions to the lower and upper house cause, but the ASS might have given along in your training you get less were held a few months ago with the us credit for knowing about the Ga- and less "physical training" and les- result that the labor party and its zette and making preparations to op- sons in "Citizenship and more "milpose it." Is it any wonder the general itary tactics" and drill. When you have Inasmuch as these elements, dominant (Continued on page 2)

the seventh universary of the organ- phases.

which was still within that organiza | munist Party.

ization of the Tommunist Party.

tion split away and organized the

Ave. Those two conventions mark

nist) Party is the successor.

CHICAGO TO HEAR STORY OF

SEVEN-YEAR COMMUNIST STRUGGLE

and to win new members.

'arty will tell the story of the organ-Communist Party of America by its

and Strikebreakers

By T. P. LEWIS.

FORT SHERIDAN, III., Aug. 26 .-When President Green and other members of the executive council of the Plattsburg, N. Y., a week ago for a secretary of war, they saw a military lular equipment and under the command of regular army officers.

At least that is what the writer is seeing today and he is at the moment of writing looking out on a city of army tents exactly like that at Plattsburg Camp. The guns are the same, there is the same martial air about the environment, the same sharp commands ring out and there is the same tramping of hundreds of rooky feet shod for the first time in heavy army boots. It is bona fide training for war and no mistake. And all these things the leaders of the American Federation of Labor have praised in the highest terms. More than that, they have pledged themselves to aid the spread of these training grounds for cannon fodder and strikebreakers.

Like Lost War Days.

Green after being conducted on several tours of inspection at Plattsburg by Major General Summeral himself (he may succeed Gen. Hines as chief of staff of the army) overlooked this haps the brother was momentarily blind, But if Plattsburg is anything Labor Party Congress ly-rich of the husky west and the like Fort Sheridan, and there is no shop-worn gentility of the effete east. reason to suspect otherwise, then Brother Green watched lads in train-NEVER needed a whift of ammonia ing wit halmost as much intensity as badly as after reading: "Behind he must have seen them in his own from the lips of President Calles' con the must have seen them in his own from the lips of President Calles' con the must have seen them in his own from the lips of President Calles' con the must have seen them in his own from the lips of President Calles' con the must have seen them in his own from the lips of President Calles' con the must have seen them in his own from the lips of President Calles' con the must have seen them in his own from the lips of President Calles' con the must have seen them in his own from the lips of President Calles' con the must have seen them in his own from the lips of President Calles' con the must have seen them in his own from the lips of President Calles' con the must have seen them in his own from the lips of President Calles' con the must have seen them in his own from the lips of President Calles' con the must have seen them in his own from the lips of President Calles' con the must have seen them in his own from the lips of President Calles' con the must have seen them in his own from the lips of President Calles' con the must have seen them in his own from the lips of President Calles' con the must have seen them the must have seen them the must have seen the must ha

1,668 Boys. than that. I got the impression that mass meeting under the auspices

word with were high school students. They are organized into companies. Their tents are laid out in streets, the demands of the church. with a company to a street, just as THE august editor's anger can be in a regular army camp. Their equipimagined better than described. ment is identical with that of in-

Different Classes.

There are various classes. It dehave attended camp which company have been issued." you are assigned to. And the amount VET this intellectual potboy shut of special military training you get the door on the worker and went also depends on this. There are four (Continued on page 2)

Green and Colleagues Inspecting Plattsburg



Here we see from left to right, William Green, President of the American Federation of Labor, James Wilson, seventh vice-president of the A. F. of L. and president of the Pattern Makers' Union, and Major Peter J. Brady, an officer in the New York national guard and former president of the Allied Printing Trades Council of New York and now president of the Federation Bank, inspecting the Citizens' Military Training Camp at Plattsburg, N. Y., on the invitation of Secretary of War Davis. Green and his colleagues of the A. F. of L. executive council expressed themselves as being entirely pleased with the military training that lads between 17 and 24 years of age under- mine owners means no ultimate good go in these camps and pledged themselves to work for the spread of these institutions.

Learn the Truth About Mexico Tonight

They are nothing less than that. It was strange indeed that President

Will Defy Rome

the Scenes of the Great Strike" by state at Chillecothe, O., training for sular representative in this city the answer of the Mexican government to the latest papal letter calling upor There are 1,668 lads in training at catholics in Mexico to continue the

Consul Luis Lupian gives the lie newspaper reports that Preside Calles has in any way conceeded

"The clergy knows it is defeated, says Senor Luplan. "That is the mean- | Major-General Chas. E. Summerall. dent Calles, however, merely told the clericals that there were no terms to be had for them but unconditional surrender. He told them they must obey the law and that all they could do about it was to appeal to the Mexican congress for an amendment to the re volutionary constitution of 1917, under

The make-up of the Mexican congress to which any petition for amendment of the constitution would have preciated in the United States. Elecallies scored an overwhelming victory. now in the Mexican congress, have proclaimed themselves solidly against the church in the present struggle there is not the slightest likelihood that there will be any change in the constitution. President Calles has merely told the clerics they might

tary of the Workers (Communist) national executive secretary of the volution. A representative of the All-America is now being towed to dry dock, None first convention. He was previously Anti-Imperialist League declared of 1,000 passengers aboard suffered iza on and the seven years' struggle one of the leaders of the left wing yesterday that the conference between injury. Communist Party in the United within the socialist party. Comrade Secretary of State Kellogg and Ambas States in a speech at Freiheit Sing- Ruthenberg knows the life and strug- sador James R. Sheffield, recently re ing Society Hall, 3837 West Roose- gle of the party from intimate con- turned from Mexico, gives particular velt Rd., Vednesday, September 1, tact and participation in all its significance to tonight's Hands-Off Mexico mass meeting.

"Seven years of the Communist "Unless." he declared. "American The conventions in which the Com- Party of America" will be the sub- workers are alive to the multiform munist movement took organizational ject of Ruthenberg's speech, which dangers of the situation they may form in this country were held in will not only cover the facts about soon find their country in diplomatic Chicago beginning Aug. 31, and Sept. the history of the party, but the de- controversy again with Mexico-a con-1, 1919. On August 31, that part of velopment of its policies and its inner troversy which could be nothing else the left wing of the socialist party progress in becoming really a Com- but a direct assault against the sov ereignty of our Latin neighbor."

The meeting will be held under the On the platform tonight with Senor Communist Labor Party. On Sept. 1 auspices of Section 4, of the Chicago Lupian will be Murray E. King, manthe convention of the Communist organization. It will be made the aging editor of the American Appeal; Party of America opened in the means, not only of bringing the his Carl Haessler, director of the Fed-'Smolny Institute" on Blue Island tory of the party before the members erated Press, and William F. Dunne, and workers generally but also to editor of The DAILY WORKER the birth of the organized Communist vally back to the party those who have Manuel Gomez, secretary of the All ty of which the Workers (Commu, not registered in the reorganization America Anti-Imperialist League (Un-

PRESIDENT GREEN'S HOST AT PLATTSBURG MAY BE NEW ARMY CHIEF-OF-STAFF



President Green of the American Federation of Labor and members of the executive council of that body were the guests of Major General Summerall of the United States Army when they visited Plattsburg training camp to inspect the Citizens' Military Training Camp in operation there. He is mentioned to succeed General Hines as chief-of-staff of the United States Army when the latter retires soon.

Fine Newsboys.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 26-Four Los Angeles newsboys today must pay a fine of \$100 for selling a San Diego newspaper containing an allegedly obscene editorial dealing with the disappearance of Aimee Semple McPherson and her story of having been kidnapped for \$500,000 ransom,

Liner Loses Propeller.

PARIS, Aug. 26.—The Ferrel liner Espagne, bound from Havana to Hav-C. E. Ruthenberg, general secre | C. E. Ruthenberg was elected the appeal from the revolution to the rena, Spain, today and lost a propeller

CANTONESE ARMY CLOSE TO WU PEI-FU'S BASE AND PRESSING ONWARD

(Special to The Daily Worker)

SHANGHAI, Aug. 26 .- It is reported that the Cantonese armies of national liberation are making continuous progress against the allied army of Wu Pei-fu who is being closely pressed in the Yangtze val-

The Cantonese, commanded by Tang Seng-chi, has captured Yochow and is advancing on Wuchang, on the southern bank of the Yangtze river across from Hankow, the

Mooney's Partner Sends Message from Prison

coming second annual conference of scab finds he has to go out the win-International Labor Defense to be held dow if his dark hovel affords such a in this city on September 5 and 6 luxury, or stay inside until someone has just been received from a world lets him out. known class war prisoner. Warren K.

Framed With Mooney.

Billings was framed up originally with Tom and Rena Mooney and Israel preparedness day parade bombing, and he and Tom Mooney are now serving life sentences for a crime of which the civilized world today recognizes they are completely guiltless.

Labor Needs I. L. D. Billings writes from prison in Represa Calif ..:

Dear Comrades:

"The organization a year ago of America's first representative Labor Defense body fulfilled a need that many of us have felt for some time and when I read in The DAILY WORKER of the resolutions that had been passed at that conference I knew that the organization that a few of us had visualized had at last been launched. The year's work and the results achieved have more than convinced me that International Labor Defense is the organization that labor has always needed and now that we have the organization it is only necessary to continue to live up to the resolutions to which we are already dedicated and to perfect our organization to its utmost uti

"To do this it is necessary that we should have the entire and solid support of the organized labor and liberal movements and it is my belief that it is toward this end that we should constantly strive during the coming year. Every labor union and organized body of the proletariat should be kept informed of the work of International Labor Defense and should be invited to participate in the work and to be duly represented in the organization and every liberal thinker, of no matter what philosophy, should be invited to become an individual member and an active worker in the cause.

"Those of us who are unfortunately in prison and thus restrained from active participation in the work appreciate the efforts of International Labor Defense more than I can tell you in these few lines. "Fraternally yours,

(Signed) "Warren K. Billings."

t Pres. Green Saw at Plattsburg COAL MINERS URGE NEGOTIATIONS AS STRIKE-BREAKING BY BRITISH MINE OWNERS SUFFERS COLLAPSE

(Special Cable to The Daily Worker.)

LONDON, August 26 .- The striking coal miners' executive thru A. J. Cook,, secretary, has sent a request to Sir Arthur Steel-Maitland, minister of labor in charge of the coal strike situation in the absence of Premier Baldwin, to bring the mine owners and the miners' executive together in new negotiations.

Sir Arthur is in Scotland, but is expected to reach London in a few hours and arrange a meeting at once. The government, however, is reported to have taken the stand of the mine owners and will demand that the miners' union bring in concrete proposals for settlement which will compromise their previous stand against the longer day and reduced wages.

Strikers Do Not Return.

LONDON, Aug. 26 .- In spite of the full assistance of the government. which has rushed hundreds of special police to Nottingham and Derbyshire districts, the mine owners admit that no miners have returned to work. The police are rushing about looking for 'violence," but can find but little remotely resembling a sign of what is known in the capitalist mind as "dis

The miners' union has been doing a thoro job of peaceful mass demonstrations by both men and women, mass picketing of all exits and entrances. and a methodic house to house canvassing to educate the stragglers that the trick compromise move of the to the miners, whose only hope lies in solidly standing together.

Government as Strike-Breaker. The only violence reported is that of the police, who club isolated pickets and intimidate small groups of ers who had luncheon with President strikers without regard to what the Coolidge a few days ago.

took place at Warnop. In some instances the deserters are made to understand the odium in which they are held by their fellowworkers by chalk marks on their houses-"A scab lives here," and similar rigns. Sometimes a rope is tied to the scab's front door and the other end tied firmly to the doorknob of the The first letter of greetings to the adjoining neighbor's door, so that the

JOSEPH MANLEY EXPIRES FROM INJURIES RECEIVED IN FALL FROM BUILDING

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.-Joseph Manley, former member of the Workers (Communist) Party, died yesterday as the result of internal injuries sustained in a fall from a building in Brooklyn August 24, upon which he was employed as an

iron worker. Manley, a former organizer for the Iron Workers' Union, was secretary of the Federated Farmer-Labor Party organized in Chicago in 1923 and for a time was eastern district organizer of the Trade Union Educational League. He leaves a wife,

Sylvia, and a daughter, Beatrice, 5. The funeral will be held on Saturday, August 28, at 3 p. m. from the Daniel McLain funeral parlors at 57th street and Lexington avenue.

FASCIST GUARD

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.-No longer able to continue with their publicity Aluminum Company of America, in stunt, New York fascists have been forced to withdraw the so-called lon is heavily interested, to build an guard of honor that they chose to aluminum factory in Russia and dewatch at the bier of Rudolph Valen- velop bauxite deposits. tino, ostensibly on instructions from the fascist council in Italy. The with- granted concessions in Soviet Russia. drawal of the black-shirted watchers American manufacturers also are being who stood next to the body all day warned thru the Russia information yesterday came after protests poured bureau that Russian industries are in into the office of George Ullman, Val- the hands of a few great state trusts entino's manager who is handling the and the foreign firms which establish arrangements for the funeral.

Rudy Was Anti-Fascist. It is known that Valentino was de- sion. cidedly anti-fascist, particularly after demonstrations staged against him by (Continued on page 2)

SYRIAN REBELS OPEN NEW DRIVE

BEIRUT, Syria, Aug. 26.-The Syrian rebels have opened a new campaign against the French protectorate which appears to have widespread ramifications. The leader of the new revolt is Sultan Atrash. He has called tions will lead to a mutual desire to ited States section) will be chairman | military headquarters of Wu Pel-fu. | to his colors all Syrian tribesmen over twenty years old.

Oppose Its Spread to Other Industries

(Special to The Dally Worker)

PAUL SMITHS, N. Y., Aug. 26. -Organized labor favors a reduction of working hours and is opposed to the extension of the principles of the Railroad Labor Board, with indirect government supervision over strikes and labor disputes, according to the lead-

miners are doing or not doing. It is They came from Plattsburg, where plainly a case of strike-breaking by they had been inspecting the Stuthe government. Yesterday six strik- dents' Military Training Camp preers were clubbed by these police at paratory to going to a meeting of the Slapstone. Similar police violence council of the American Federation of Labor in Montreal.

Coolidge For It.

The administration has advocated the application of the same principles to the anthracite coal industry and to all other industries dealing with pubic necessities.

William Green, president of the Federation, while declining to oppose directly the principle for the adjustment of disputes in other industries, declared "it is not practicable to extend the system to other industries."

Others in the party asserted that abor was opposed to the plan chiefly because of the government supervision thru the board, which had power to exert public pressure on the

No Agreement Likely.

If organized labor continued in this ttitude, it was pointed out, there might be no agreement reached by the operators and miners for the formation of a plan similar to the Railroad Board to settle wages and other disputes in the hard coal industry.

SPEED UP EFFORT TO RENEW SOVIET-U.S. RELATIONS

8 U. S. Firms Have Been Given Concessions

(Special to The Daily Worker)

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26 .- The Soviet Union has launched a new campaign to speed up trade relations with the United States for the purpose, it is said, of convincing business interests they should support a future plea for American recognition.

Negotiations Continue.

The Soviet concessions committee, according to information received here today, has announced that negotiations are under way to persuade the which Secretary of the Treasury Mel-

· Eight American firms have been a market while these trusts are young will reap the benefit of future expan-

Uruguay Recognition.

The Soviet Union also is conducting a campaign among South American republics for recognition and has already obtained it from Uruguay.

Reports that Soviet officials would AGAINST FRENCH; HAVE NEW LEADER soon inform the United States the soon inform the United States the nized are regarded as without foundation here. Instead, officials here believe, Russia is looking forward to the time when growing commercial relaresume diplomatic relations.

A. F. OF L. HEAD SEES AND LAUDS SCHOOL FOR WAR

C.M.T.C. Makes Troops and Strikebreakers

(Continued from page 1)

finished your course you become a part of the reserve forces of the United States army.

This, by the way, renders you flable to call in emergencies. It is not infrequently that "emergencles" mean strikes. The same lads that I am watching today and that President Green and his colleagues saw at Plattsburg may, in the not far distant future be called on "in emergency" and commanded to fire on strikers organized in the American Federation of Labor.

Learning To Shoot.

And in four years' time with thirty game from start to finish, days every summer of the kind of training they get they will be able to shoot with enough accuracy to target practice they had this morning. One of them boasted, "I made a forty rapid fire today, not bad, eh?" He was not more than sixteen years of age.

Here comes a squad. They are first year men. They march a little unfortable on the shoulders. They approach a sentry. He presents arms. The "officer," a student perhaps in his second or third year, salutes and steps It will heat up the blood of the lads up to him with a clicking of heels. He and it is good publicity. It is imgives the command in sharp tones. As portant not to forget that the Citizens' the sentry falls into line another lad Military Training Camps are still in any trade because of the use of non- fable mongers and let it go at that. takes his place and the squad passes their infancy. They are only six union men in another trade on the Now that the liars had their wild on with the "officer" feeling very im- years old. The program of the War same construction, but does not allow night of prevarication, some of them portant and the other lads trying to Department is far more ambitious the mixing of non-union and union are taking the cure. Which means make themselves feel like real sol- than this years' enrollment of only men except under special circum- they are getting as near the truth diers. And in time they will succeed. fifty odd thousand "citizen soldiers" For the first year or so they play at for the entire nine army corps areas the union. being soldiers. When they finish the would indicate. The appropriations course they are disciplined troops. A Dissenter.

Not that all the lads are taken in. For exmaple, a half hour ago I stopped to chat with a "sentry." He was a slender kid who said he worked in a garage. It is hot today. "This is a -- of a -- of a lob," he said. "Up and down, up and down. I want to go swimming." He rather hinted he might not come to the camp next

But most of the boys are not like that. And the fact is, the plans of the War Department call for enough sport and sufficient ease of discipline the first year to get as many as possible of them to come again. It is very easy to see the difference in routine and command between the "basic" recruits and the "red" or the

The Army Game.

"First platoon out," cries a rooky non-His call is echoed down the "street" and the boys roll out of their assisted by several rookies. He looks big imperialist slaughter.

Don't Miss The Special

Anniversary

(of the American Communist movement)

Issue

Of. The DAILY WORKER

WITH UNUSUAL ART WORK AND SPECIAL FEATURES IN

The New Magazine Supplement

SATURDAY, AUG. 28

ORDER NOW a bundle of the Special Labor Day Issue-Sept. 4th, at 31/2 cents a copy.

The same and the s

QUEEN OF ROUMANIA MAY HAVE TO BUM HER WAY ON UNITED STATES TOUR

(Special to The Daily Worker)

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26 .- Queen Marie of Roumania will be shown all the courtesy due the head of a friendly state during her proposed tour of the United States, but she will pay her own way.

Officials who have considered just how the royal visitor should be treated were said today to have decided that no obligation rests upon the government to become an official host. The Wilson administration would not treat a royal guest this way, it is pointed out, particu-

sharply at the rifles. It is getting near the end of the thirty days and they are supposed to have mastered the art of striking, but there are a couple of wife. The "unwritten law" pleads cleaning the weapons. With their left dozen non-union laborers observable, hands they take the magazines out of trucking material about on the ground the guns. The officer, a second lieuten- floor, and cleaning up, under the "proant, passes down the back of the line and looks sharply into the bore of each gun-for dirt. The regular army

I learn that for the past week the "soldiers" have been rehearsing for a rousing field day on next Saturday the decimate a picket, line in short order. principle feature of which will be a As I passed a tent today I overheard, sham battle. Howitzers will roar, a conversation. Several lads were sitting on their bunks talking over the rat-a-tat of machine guns will sound in chorus with volleys from 1668 rifles in the hands of boys. There will be on the slow and a twenty-two on the an "enemy," the post cavalry and artillery companies will co-operate and the regulars will show the rookies how. Airplanes will fly overhead to direct the artillery fire and silver steadily and their guns are not com-

> Heating Them Up. This event will serve two purposes, from congress are getting bigger every year and the enrollments and graduations into the reserve forces will get

> needs publicity therefore. On a bulletin board next the orderly tent of "Citizens' Company C" I saw a letter signed Capt. Patrick Henry, "publicity officer." It instructed all officers of the C. M. T. C. to themselves write to their home paper editors telling of "camp life" and to get ALL the boys to send letters to editors. But the latter must be sent to the publicity officer for forwarding. Perhaps the letters will need a little editing.

Remmiscent.

As I leave the camp the companies are marching, four abreast, aluminum mess-kits in hand, to their places at the citizens' committee, is boasting in the long tables to eat army fare for a statement to the press that the job the long tables to eat army fare for a statement to the press that the job the third time today. The most out at 100 West Monroe St. will be finish and the Central Control Commission evening inspection. standing impression I take away with me is my inability to separate the scenes I saw from memories of the time, in 1917, when I witnessed combunks, grab their rifles and fall in. panies of raw recruits being whipped The company officer trues the lines, hastily into shape for shipment to the

President Green said the camps make men. I am more than ever convinced that they make only sol-

Protests Force Black Shirts to Quit Watch

(Continued from page 1)

and boycotting of his pictures authorized by fascisti when it became known in Italy that he intended to take out United States naturalization papers, which he did last year.

The reason for closing the mortu ary where Valentino's body lay was given by Ullman. "I knew it would have been Valentino's wish that the public be allowed to see him in death.

Laughed and Giggled.

act as they did. When I came to the chapel last night, thru the surging crowds, it struck me that the way many of the people were acting was a disgrace. Many women and girls were laughing and giggling. They even giggled as they entered the room where Valentino lay. Some of the but no attempt will be made to apply men, you would think, were going to a picnic or a three-ringed circus.

do anything else but stop it." The added, except for information leading New York Bankers Bid funeral services Monday, Ullman to the conviction of smugglers. said, will be as simple as it will be possible to make them. He wants no Hurry up! Send in your sub! It's demonstrations, if he can help it.

LANDIS CROWD PLACES GUNMEN IN LOOP STRIKE

Steel Work Stopped

The strike on the twenty-two story Council desires to strike.

The structural and ornamental iron steel is going up at all. All building gelist, who became interested, none laborers belonging to the union are tection" of almost as many police and special guards.

The Bricklayers & Stone Masons Union is not striking. Union bricklayers are slowly raising the walls, which are now a little above the fifth

Strike Over Plumbers.

vere not union men to start with. The uilding was struck not so much on ccount of the presence of non-union earpenters as because the union dumbers were forced to work alongide of non-union plumbers. There do not seem to be any plumbers at work oday; building workers watching the with him. activity of the bricklayers opined that activity of the bricklayers opined that the plumbers' work was up to the rest of the construction and further in of the construction, and further in stallment of plumbing awaited further raising of the walls and interior.

The use of non-union plumbers stances, and then on working cards of as is possible for them.

Landis Award Faking.

tion of workers for small contractors. of the construction work is sub-conoperate under the Landis award. whereupon the citizens' Landis Award committee promptly labels the entire building "Landis Award," and places all its forces at the disposal of any employer in case of strikers there. The citizens' committee now claims o have control of five percent of the uilding construction now going on in Chicago, but union men say that if due consideration is given to this trick of the committee, the percentage will be even much less.

Citizens' Committee Guards. Thomas E. Donnelley, chairman of

(Special to The Daily Worker) WASHINGTON, Aug. 25.-The federal government has no intention of bition law, it was announced officially "But I had no idea the public would at the treasury department today, all ists everywhere, the executive council

ernment to liquor smugglers. The bonus will apply only to violaquors, it was stated at the treasury, it to local violations of the dry law. The law itself provides no authority "It was a shock to me. I couldn't for general bonus payments, it was

only 50 cents.

DETROIT!

Celebration of Seventh Anniversary

WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY OF AMERICA SATURDAY, AUGUST 28, 1926—8 P. M.

Workers Hall, 1343 E. Ferry Avenue

Speakers: Jay Lovestone, of Chicago

Musical Program

R. Baker, of Philadelphia Admission 10c

CURRENT EVENTS

By T. J. O'Flaherty.

(Continued from page 1)

strike developed into a general calamity with such profound imbeciles oc-Bricklayers Continue; cupying commanding positions? Traitors rather than imbeciles!

WHAT may be termed a spiritual demise took place when two office building at 100 West Monroe St. brothers were drowned in a seventyshows that there is not sufficient sol- five-barrel vat in a secret moonshine idarity and co-operation on the part plant on the northern boundary of of some of the building trades work- Benton Harbor. There is good rea ers to thoroly prevent work on jobs son to believe that a considerable which the Chicago Building Trades chunk of the American population would not turn down such a happy ending for their fadeout. Right next workers, the electricians, steam fitters to this news item was a story of anand elevator workers are off solid. No other fatality, this time of an evantoo spiritually in his brother-in-law's guilty. As the puzzles say: Find the

THAT diplomatic relations between nations help commercial transactions is proven by the jump in trade between Germany and the Soviet Union since last year. This year Russian purchases in the United States are only 67 per cent of what they were last year. This decline is in The carpenters are working but they sharp contrast to the rapid rise in imports from Germany. The capitalists of the Teutonic nation do not like the idea of workers' rule any better than our own parasites, but they need the business, so they grasp the hated proletariat by the hand and do business

since news of the recent differences among leaders of the Russian Communist Party developed. Rumors of realong with union plumbers is even a volts, assassinations and other amuseviolation of the Landis award model ments were rife. Our policy was to contract, which prohibits strikes in take an occasional satirical jibe at the

Landis Award Faking.

The entire Landis award program

The differences in the party were deep and important. The Internais largely bluff, according to informational Press Correspondence gives both sides. Zinoviev, Kameneff, and bigger every year. This program sub-contractors, etc. If a special part others took the position that socialist economy could not be developed in tracted, the lesser contractor may Russia without a world revolution. Coupled with this was their policy of breaking the alliance between the workers, the poor peasants and the middle peasants. The middle peasants would be thrown into the arms of the Kulaks or rich peasants, thus disturbing the equilibrium of the foundation on which the dictatorship was based. The demand for the le galization of fractions in the party, about completed the list of errors es poused by Zinoviev and his sup-

> ed on scheduled time, April 1, and the Zinoviev's position received only 18 committee already has its troop of votes while well over 200 were cast private detectives in all entrances to for the position of the central comthe building. One large stomached mittee. The committee holds that a guard admitted to a representative of socialist economy can be built up in The DAILY WORKER that he was the Soviet Union even the the revodirectly employed by the citizens' com- lution on a world scale is postponed mittee to see that no outsiders talked It's a tough job and promises to be to the workers on the building, whe- tougher in the near future, but it can ther union or non-union. He claimed be accomplished. There is a lot more More Power or Less to to be a deputy sheriff, but would not to it and the DAILY WORKER will give the story in full. What I would like to call your attention to is the fact that Zinoviev's defeat in the controversy did not produce a ripple on the surface of political life in Russia and that some of the foreign correspondents now stationed in Moscow admit that the government was never the question of whether or not to stronger among the masses than it is now. Moral: Take your news about Council in calling general strikes. Russia in the boss press with a pinch of enuff.

> WMILE the textile workers of Passaic, New Jersey, are struggling establishing a paid army of "volun gallantly against tremendous odds, teer spies" to help enforce the prohi- against the greedy mill barons, with the support of thinking trade uniontho it was admitted bonuses will be of the A. F. of L., that denounced the paid to persons "tipping off" the gov- strike as a Communist adventure is vital principles and wish the council running a scab advertisement from the Botany Mills in the Federationtions of the custom law, which in ist, its official organ. What do you cludes illegal importation of hard li- think of that? The average trade unionist is not a revolutionist, but he hates a scab's guts. If this isn't scabbery, what the devil is at?

for Chicago Car Lines the powers of the General Council for

Juicier pickings for politicians are foreshadowed in the proposal from a group of New York bankers, thru their can act in defense of any section of spokesman, John Maynard Harlan, to the labor movement attacked by the take over the street car properties of combined forces of the employers and Chicago on a 20-year franchise when government. the present franchise expires next January.

The proposed combination would operate buses in addition to street cars. The present managers of the surface lines claim that they cannot float the necessary paper for refluencing the heads. lines, on a 20-year franchise.

Lillian Herstein Withdraws.

SPRINGFIELD, III., Aug. 26.-Lillian Herstein today notified Secretary of State Emmerson of her withdrawal as progressive candidate for the state legislative from the nineteenth sena torial district ~ county.

LaGuardia Now Regular MEXICO CLERGY Republican After His 1924 Election as Socialist

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL.

REPRESENTATIVE Fiorello H. La Guardia, the republican socialist member of congress, who proclaimed to the world that, "It is better to be right than regular," has finally decided to be "regular" once

The republican county committee in New York has again received LaGuardia to its bosom and he will get the party nomination in the 20th congressional district unopposed. His re-election is predicted as a "regular republican" without any socialist label.

. . . This is another concrete instance of the workings of the Coolidge-Mellon-Butler administration policy of roping the "progressives" and tying them in a knot much as the cowboys and the cowgirls do their stunts at the rodeo.

The cowpunchers take on all comers, for the delectation of the city folk. It does not matter whether the animals to be roped are full grown or calves, short horn or long horn. Similarly the national republican congressional campaign committee, in Chicago, has announced that it is going to treat all republican candidates alike, whether it is senatorial candidate, Smith W. Brookhart, in Iowa: the LaFollette-Blaine outfit in Wisconsin, or last but not least, LaGuardia in New York City.

They are all "regulars" now. If it was "right" for them to break with the republican party in 1924 and join in the LaFollette "third party" campaign, then the righteousness of that cause has been thrown overboard. It lies mouldering in the grave of the late La-Follette, food for the same worms.

LaGuardia was a typical republican "progressive" in one of those sections of New York City where radicalism is strong. The socialists developed the greatest opposition to LaGuardia in the days before, during and immediately after the war. LaGuardia's patriotism had surpassed that of the socialists in that he had gone abroad as major in the Aviation Corps during the world war. Part of his duty as aviator was going thru Italy making speeches propagandizing the workers to stay in the war and fight for their masters.

It was this super-war patriot, radical capitalist politician and clever phrase mongerer, who made every political wind fill the sails of his ambitions, that the socialists ac-

General Council

(Special to The Daily Worker)

LONDON, Aug. 26 .- Fierce discus-

sion is expected when the general

Trade Union Congress opens its an-

nual convention on September 6 over

grant wider powers to the General

More Power to General Council.

The General Council has tried and

may be successful in sidetracking the

element on the betrayal of the general

The progressives, however, insist

even wider powers than at present in

to be empowered to give all aid pos

sible to local trades councils in carry

ing out functions of control in such

Reaction Seeks to Cripple Council.

This view is supported by the en-

gineers (machinists), the laundry and

furnishing trades among others. The

conservatives and all reactionary lead-

rs are working feverishly to restrict

curtailing its powers by providing

that referendums and like obstacles

be put in the way before the council

Havelock Wilson, known as the

'Gompers" of England, and reaction-

ary head of the National Sailors' and

Firemen's Union, supports this view.

as does the Plasterers', Granolithic

and Cement Workers' Association

instances.

strike by the General Council.

cepted as their own in 1924, placing him upon their own ticket as part of their "duty" to the LaFollette campaign. LaGuardia had tried but failed to get the republican nomination and political fortunes ar e not served well by running "independent." So LaGuardia was really elected as a socialist, the capitalist press called him a socialist, he was listed as a socialist in congress, altho he made vehement denial that he was a socialist.

This is the kind of politics played by the Hillquit-Cahan-Oneal socialists in New York City in the name of independent political action for the working class. It was their way of campaigning for the labor party on the one hand, while attacking the Communists on the other.

It will be interesting to read what the socialists, especially the editors of the New Leader, will have to say about this latest maneuver of their late political bedfellow. It may be taken for granted that The New York Times states the situation correctly when it says:

. . .

"Assurances were given at this meeting (of members of the republican county committee) that La-Guardia had said that he would actively support Senator Wadsworth for re-election, and also would support the Coolidge administration and Speaker Nicholas Longworth as member of the house." This is the LaGuardia, who now

supports the favorite kept politicians of Wall Street, that the socialists would have used as material with which to build a labor party, claiming that this could be done better by catering to if not winning over a few leaders prominent in the old political parties. The socialists failed to join in an appeal to the masses of workers and farmers. They remained away from the Farm er-Labor gatherings in Chicago and St. Paul, in 1923 and 1924. They fawned upon the heads of the Conference for Progressive Political Action, who did yeomen service for capitalism by betraying the Farmer-Labor movement into the LaFollette camp that has now been surrounded and completely captured by the regular republican organization.

It is upon this record of absolute political bankruptcy that the socialists come before the workers and farmers seeking support.

The workers will reply, with the words of a popular saying, "Once, but not twice."

PRESIDENT COOLIDGE **REVIEWS BOY SOLDIERS** AT PLATTSBURG CAMP

(Special to The Daily Worker)

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., Aug. 26 .-Six thousand "citizen soldiers." whose guests of honor last week were the heads of the American Federation of Labor, were today reviewed by President Coolidge, who drove over from the summer White House to watch the lads play the game of war. Sweeping past the reviewing

stand containing the official party, the boys, most of them in their teens, presented a military picture almost indistinguishable from an array of regular troops.

HONEST WARDEN discussion desired by the progressive that the General Council be given calling a general strike in defense of

Strange Things May Happen If He Is Found

It is rumored that an out-of-town man may be given the position of war- Background, Its Lessons den in the county jail. Who he is has not yet been revealed. It is almost as difficult to secure a capable candidate for the position of warden in the county jail as it is to pick a man honest enough to resist the blandishments of bootleggers in the prohibition enforcement business. Military Men in Bad Odor.

A military man was at first sugrested, but in view of the mess made in Philadelphia by Smedley Butler, "the devil-dog," the stocks of the military have fallen considerably.

If a warden can be secured wh will not allow himself to be dom nated by the Cook county politician our smoke nuisance will be abated. rape will become a memory and prohibition agents will arrest anybody offering them a bribe. Likewise the police will begin to pay restauranteers or their lunches.

That worker next door to you may not have anything to do to night. Hand him this copy of the DAILY WORKER.

IS RETURNING TO CHURCHES

Government to Slap New Gyves on Bishops

(Special to The Daily Worker)

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 26 .- The Mexico City municipal government today announced that the churches Professa and San Hipolito have been returned to the custody of the priests who formerly were in charge. The action, the announcement asserted, was taken after the priests had declared their submission and obedience to the government's religious regulations. More Hostile Attitude.

While both sides at this time last week were issuing conciliatory statements, the situation now appears to have taken a more non-conciliatory

According to reports from reliable sources the government is determined not only to enforce the existing religious regulations but also proposes to submit supplementary regulations to congress, which would curb the influence of the church in temporal affairs,

Most of Churches Open. Foreign Minister Saenz, who has just returned from a visit in the United States, declares that the religious controversy is not attracting wide attention there and that influential radical newspapers are publishing im-

partial accounts of the state of affairs. WASHINGTON, Aug. 26 .- Secretary of State Kellogg today denied reports that Ambassador Sheffield would resign from his post in Mexico.

"Mr. Sheffield is going back to Mexico at the expiration of his leave," Kellogg said.

The decision of the administration not to interfere in the religo-political squabble in the southern republic does not indicate a reversal of the hostile policy hitherto followed by the government is badgering Mexico in the interests of the oil barons and mining magnates of the United States.

Shake-up Threatened.

General Francisco Serrano, governo, of the federal district, will become minister of the interior on September 1 as the first move in a general cabinet shake-up, it was rumored in political circles here today.

Colonel Adalberto Tejeda, present minister of the interior, is said to be desirous of resigning in order to make an extended trip to Europe.



ON THE BRITISH **GENERAL STRIKE**

The General Strike and the General Betrayal

By John Pepper.

A brilliant and most complete book on the great British strike, its background and history. An interesting and important publication.

25 Cents

10 Cents

The British Strike-Its

By Wm. F. Dunne.

A brief record of the strike and the events leading to it-informative and simply but splendidly writ-

British Labor Bids for Power

By Scott Nearing.

A record of the historic Scarborough Conference preceding the general strike. An excellent book-

10 Cents

MEXICAN CHURCH WANTS TO CEASE LOSING STRUGGLE

Consul Says Clergy Have Slight Hold

"I am convinced that the catholic hierarchy in Mexico meant to give up their attempt to prevent the enforcement against them of the national constitution a few days ago," said Luis G. Lupian, Mexican consul in Chicago, to a representative of The DAILY WORKER. "Of course the reason they did not is hard to tell for certain, but easy to guess. They were probably overruled by their superiors in Rome, who do not understand the situation as well.

Bishops Have Plenty.

"The bishops in Mexico know now," made a mistake. The refusal of the churches is causing the population of going to church. Most of the people and donations. Without the services armies. they will begin to lose.

"The churches of Mexico are, many of them, adorned with precious metals. But there is no way in which the clergy can use this wealth, preserved there since the time of Spanish domination to finance their fight."

It's a Habit, Senor Lupian stated that in his opinion not more than 10 per cent of the population of the rural districts was seriously concerned or worried about the ending of the services. The people of even the country villages easily give up their religious practices when they come to the United States and fall into a different environment. The church has no real grip on them, and as it continues to make blunders in its struggle with the Mexican government it will continue to lose prestige.

The consul does not believe that the so-called "League of Religious Toleration" in Mexico has any mass support. It is certainly not powerful, and its reported activity in distributing millions of pro-church leaflets is probably largely imaginary.

Marx Chides Germans for Lack of Respect for State Authority

(Special to The Daily Worker)

BERLIN, Aug. 26.—Censure against those who "lack real democratic spirit" marked the address of Chancellor Marx at the Catholic congress at Breslau, where the chancellor acts as chairman. A reflection of the de cay of state authority is given in his N. Y. Daily Worker

"How little we find of the spirit of real citizenship among our people The spirit of individualism reigns too much among our people-individualism which stifles and kills all sense of collaboration. Enemies of the re- versary of the Communist and Compublic persistently and mockingly criticize and slander the existing authority, but refuse to put their hands to work restoring state authority."

Party Anniversary Detroit Meeting to Be Held Saturday

(Special to The Daily Worker) DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 26. - Jay Lovestone, the author of "The Government Strikebreaker" and the organization secretary of the Workers Comat the big Detroit meeting in celebraorganization of the Communist Party on Saturday, August 28, 1926, 8 p. m., at Workers Hall, 1343 E. Ferry St. Besides Jay Lovestone, there will be R. Baker of Philadelphia and a musical program. The admission is only

CHINESE LIBERATION MOVEMENT SWEEPING NORTHWARD TO OUST IMPERIALISM'S NATIVE AGENTS

(Special to The Dally Worker)

CANTON, China, August 26 .- A full week's holiday has been declared by the Canton government in celebration of the start of actual fighting between the northward marching Cantonese army and the troops of Wu Pei-ful, who is allied with Sun Chuan-fang to prevent the Cantonese wiping out the northern militarists. The holiday is also serving the purpose of reinforcing the boycott against the British, and particularly against the British settlement at Hong-kong.

been quite clear and obvious to me-

dispatch of June 16, acknowledging

my note of June 4, notifying you of

sioner of foreign affairs, and the de-

cision of the ministry of foreign af-

It should be understood that at each

important point of contact with for-

eign nations the Peking government

of foreign affairs, who is the local

is that representative of the Peking

government in Canton to whom Mr.

"Though in ordinary circumstances

your letter might call for no specific

reply, I believe the best interests of

the American people and of the Chi-

nese people, as represented by my

government, would be served if I

make a categorical statement that

while my government (which has

stabilized an independent political

regime founded here nearly ten years

ago and has unified a group of terri-

tories larger in area than France and

Italy combined, with a population of

60,000,000) demands that it be treated

with respect, it neither desires nor ex-

pects from America and other foreign

powers the sort of recognition which

even considerations of political real-

ism and international dignity have not

om governments successively set up

in Peking by mandarin squeezers, mil-

"The foreign powers have not yet

Mr. Chen's reference to the Peking

government's status as an "organ of

exploitation" not yet being "realized"

by foreign powers, can be taken as a

diplomatic euphemism, since the basic

reason why these foreign imperialists

militarists.

may become realities."

prevented them from granting to phan-

Chen refers. Chen's note continues:

cases in the future."

Part of Anti-Imperialist Movement. The campaign against Wu Pei-fu that recognition is not implied in your and the swarm of lesser northern militarists, is declared by Cantonese to be merely a part of the anti-imperial- the abolition of the office of commisist drive of the liberation forces against British and Japanese imperialisms which subsidize the militarists fairs to deal with all international to uphold their special interests.

Heavy fighting is reported between the Cantonese armies and the troops of Wu Pei-fu in northern Hunan province, where the Canton troops are forc- has an official termed commissioner said Senor Lupian, "that they have ing their way toward Hankow, the headquarters of Marshall Wu. This intermediary for foreign relations. It priests to perform the services in the reactionary general is hastening reinforcements southward along the the country to get out of the habit of Peking-Hankow railway. Serious defections aomng Wu's troops and formin the country have gone to church er supporters are reported. The solmerely as a custom. The churches diery in Szechwan are turning from are supported largely by contributions | Wu to support of Canton's liberation

Wu In Shaky Position.

On the lower Yangtze, Sun Chuanfang, who has held a measure of control in the Shanghai area, is commandering ships to transport troops to Kiangsu province to stop the northward drive of the Cantonese and aid the perilous position of Wu Pei-fu, whose alliance with Chang Tso-lin for joint control of the Peking government is becoming ever more shaky and the government at Peking wholly ignored by everyone both foreign and

An interesting example of how the United States continues to support the mythical Peking government and refuses to recognize the strongest power in China, the Canton government, is seen in the letters exchanged between the American Consul General at Canton, and the Canton government's minister of foreign affairs.

The consul had need to make some request of the Canton government concerning some American hospital property, but in his note stated specifically that it was not to be understood that the note constituted any sort of

recognition of the Canton government. It was answered by Eugene Chen of the Canton government, Chen being an able Chinese liberationist who had recently been imprisoned at Tientsin by the northern militarists. Chen comes back at the American imperialist representative as follows:

Canton's Pointed Remarks. "I have the honor to acknowledge ents an organ of exploitation, with receipt of your letter of June 30 in these foreign governments being the which you explain-what has already exploiters.

Builders to Have

New York DAILY WORKER Build-

are welcome. There will be music

glorious time is promised all. Pro-

way to the woods nearby.

PORTO RICAN CIGAR MAKERS

Demand American Trust by temporary sensational outbursts Increase Wages

By J. NAVARES SAGER Secretary All-America Anti-Imperialist spreading epidemic which demands League, Porto Rican Section.

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, Aug. 12- which public opinion remains indif-(By Mail) .- Eighteen hundred cigar ferent. makers are out on strike thruout the island against the American Tobacco company, the trust which is one of the principal beneficiaries of American imperialist rule in Porto Rico. The workers are demanding wage agreements and recognition of shop mmittees.

Leadership of the strike is in the hands of the shop committees. Altho the members of these committees are nearly all members of the Cigar Makers' Union and the Porto Rican Federation of Labor, these organizations are apparently taking no part in the struggle.

Iglesias Silent.

Santiago Iglesias, head of the Porto Rican Federation of Labor, has not formed by two Communists who were February 1926, 11,000 persons were arthe strike. (Iglesias is an official of the so-called Pan-American Federation of Labor and the right-hand man of the A. F. of L. in Latin-American.) Nevertheless, spontaneous support for the strike is manifesting itself in many of the unions affiliated with the Federation which are demanding that the Federation take official action.

Pointing out the imperialist role of the American Tobacco company in Porto Rico, the All-American Anti-Imperialist League (Porto Rican section), is giving full support to the strikers. The San Juan sub-section of the league has issued a manifesto, fate in 1922 of Comrade Dombal and published in "La Democracia" which in 1925 of Comrade Lanzuzki. The lathas aroused much comment among the ter was sentenced for "incitement to itary plunderers and ex-bandit chiefs. strikers.

ealized that it is today but an organ of exploitation and plunder in the CLEANERS AND DYERS STRIKE "As long as this fundamental fact remains ungrasped by the foreign powers the state of China must neces-IN GARY, IND. sarily become worse and some of the ominous possibilities of the situation

Demand 8-Hour Day and Austria-not to mention Russia!-are Uniform Wage Scale

By B. BORISOFF. (Special to The Daily Worker)

continue to deal with Peking is exact-GARY, Ind., Aug. 26. - Members graph 58, which provides only death ly because they do realize it represof the Cleaners' and Dyers' Union number 17868 comprising Lake county, Ind, have been on strike since Wednesday morning 10:30 at which time ciation refused to give recognition to wage and hour demands made by the

100% Walk-Out.

Brother McKendrick, president of the union declared the strike was 100 per cent thruout Lake county which Indiana Harbor and South Chicago, He said the demands of the union were for an 8-hour day, a 44-hour week and uniform wage-scale.

Regarding the future of the struggle, President McKendrick only said, 'We are ready to negotiate." To date, however, the masters' association has refused to talk to the union about a settlement. The struggle is therefore reminiscent of the recent fight of the cleaners and dyers of Los Angeles. who, however, won their strike hands down after several weeks of picketing. Try For Open Shop.

It is plain that the Master Cleaners' and Dyers' Association are intent upon smashing the union and declaring an open shop in their establishments in Lake county. But the workers in the union are determined to stand out against this attack and to force the employers association not only to recognize the union but to grant their demands as well.

with Indian Death Is fate of a measure. Favored by Deadlock

GUTHRIE, Okla, Aug. 26. - The jury which has considered evidence submitted at the trial of W. K. Hale, "King of the Osage Hills," and John Ramsey, his cohort, since last Friday dency of the federation. John Sullivan was dismissed here today by federal the present incumbent, succeeded to

of Roy St. Lewis, U. S. attorney. St. ented Jas. P. Holland with a soft job was taken to Washington, Pennsyl Lewis charged in open court that some that gave more promise of easy money. vania, to be tried for "abusing the of the jurymen were "friends of Bill The struggle will be between three guards." The company guards know Black Sea Fleet Play Hale" and there seems to be no groups who have as yet maintained a hance for them to agree." Hale and judicious silence Ramsey were tried for the death of Henry Roan, rich osage Indian.

When making returns to the along the some line being made else-National Office for the special where. The Federation Bank should be Black Sea fleet "is calculated to shake | will you give number of invoice or nancial and business world and if they a "water salute" from a battery of the respect for constituted govern. give name and address of the com- could not obtain their advice and as- fire boats, "Trudy" will be escorted The respect of the Russian workers sonally charged for the stamps in prosperous. May? Unless you do so we cannot here four days. Very few rank and file ed and felicitated by Mayor Walker. give proper credit on our books. here four days, very lew tank and delegates can be seen among the over District organizers, please comply. anxious to see it are pointing out that To give unit identification is not

workers' organizations in that militaristic and blood-stained land. The suppression of trade unions, the shooting down of unemployed, the torture of imprisoned workers told in this account is enough to rouse the indignation of even those unsympathetic to the workers' cause,

THE main object against which the persecutions of the all-powerful rade for the transport of illegal literpolitical police, the so-called "Defensive" are directed, is naturally the berg and another comrade for posting Communist Party of Poland. It is up stickers-on sentenced to ten years

As a proof of membership to the Communist Party a Communist leaflet, also many "innocent" persons, i. e., found in the house, a denunciation, persons who have nothing to do with Warsaw. the statement of a spy or agent pro-The Communist Party has no right tured to death, one has to put up to participate in elections. The present with it. Communist fraction in parliament was elected on the list of the legal organ-

ization, "League of the Proletariat in During the time from June 1925 to Town and Village"; for further members of the Communist fraction were former members of the Ukrainian so- 3,000 years of hard labor were passed. cialist party and developed into Com-Terror Against Trade Unions and munists only after their election and

Cultural Organizations.

Also the alleged parliamentary immunity does not protect the Communist members of parliament from persecutions. Under the shiniest pretenses they are delivered to the courts and sentenced for high treason to long terms of imprisonment. This was the class hatred" in two trials to six years by brutal suppression. hard labor and at present a new trial is being prepared against him for an

politically not as mild as the Polish government wants it, are declared Communistic" and delivered to the FOR the persecution of the labor "Defensive." The organizations are disbanded, their property and localities confiscated, their offices transsian, German and Austrian pre-war formed into police stations and the 'responsible persons" arrested.

> organizations, labor colleges, etc., which were destroyed like this, is immensely long. We mention here some prohibited organizations, arranging them in the succession in which the prohibitions took place:

1. Council of the Class Trade Unions in Warsaw.

The material gathered in this series of eight articles on the barbarous white terror in Poland Is sent to The DAILY WORKER from a committee composed of

Poland--The Land of Systematic White Terro

Thus it happened that a young comature was sentenced to death in Lemquite illegal and a person who joins hard labor.

it is guilty of high treason and sen-The police acts according to the principle that all elements suspected of Communism must be locked up; if Workers' Union. Communism, are robbed of their freedom, maltreated, sentenced and tor-

> In the time from April 1925 to rested on suspicion of Communism February 1926, 1,400 political trials took place in which sentences totalling

THE proletarian trade unions and cultural organizations are under the permanent pressure of terror. Every attempt to develop an independent proletarian activity, every attempt of liberation from the guardianship of social-democracy (Polish socialist party) which apart from the nationalist labor parties has the monopoly (granted by the state) for "defense of the workers," is punished

All labor organizations which are

The list of the trade unions, cultural

On the Suppression List.

MINE GUARDS BEAT UP PA.

WASHINGTON, Pa., Aug. 26.-Mine guards in District 5 of the United Mine Workers are aiding in the open shop drive by clubbing union miners. John Pernaby, a union mine black-President Sullivan's report made no smith, while passing by the Bulger Block Coal Company's mine, asked organized and unorganized workers of one of the mine guards how many scabs were working.

Beat Up Union Miner.

"Move on or get arrested and beaten Pernaby's answer was that he had been a union man all his life and of "local non-partisan committees for thought that no one should help the coal operators to break up the United Mine Workers.

> drove him to Midway, two miles away secured the keys to the borough jail from the wife of the justice of the peace, and threw Pernaby in jail ocked him up and drove away, re gardless of his condition.

> a man named Gillis, a butcher of Mid way. Gillis called the people of Mid way together and they broke the jai doors down, finding Pernaby uncon scious and covered with blood. They secured a doctor for him and thus probably saved his life.

> The United Mine Workers has ob tained an attorney for Pernaby, who where to take a union miner to get the kind of a verdict they want. So the open shop drive against the union goes on, with no powerful labor party yet formed to check the abuses and violence of capitalists.

> > Plan Welcome for "Trudy."

home demonstration will greet Ger assessment stamps—particularly the secretaries from District 2— the secretaries from District 2— range of acquaintanceship in the firade who received and was per-sistance, conditions would not be so ashore by a mayor's committee of welcome and paraded proudly up Broad way to city hall to be officially greet

> "The pen is mightler than the sword," provided you know how to use SEND IN A SUB TODAY TO THE it. Come down and learn how in the worker correspondent's classes.

By a Worker Correspondent.

The guard's reply was an order to

The mine guards then arrested Pernaby and beat him up, breaking two ribs and beating him so brutally on the head and back that he became un conscious

While in this condition the guards Pernaby's screams being heard by

NEW YORK, Aug. 26 .- A welcom

3. Trade Union of the Wood Wo

4. Trade Union of the Glass Wo

he Sugar Industry.

5. Trade Unions of the Tobac Workers.

6. Trade Union of the Domes Workers in Warsaw. 7. Warsaw Branch of the Jew

Union of Leather Workers. 8. Trade Union of the Build Workers in Warsaw.

9. Tracle Union of Leather Work n Warsawy. 10. Trada Union of Chemical Wo

ers in Warsaw. 11. Trade Union of Wood Work

12. Trade Union of Leather Wo

ers in Lods. 13. Lemberg Branch of the Fo Workers' Union 14. Lods Branch of the Me

15. Jewish Unionsoof the Bakers 16. Jewish Unions of the Par

Workers in Warsaw. 17. Trade Union of the Tobac Workers in Warsaw. 18. Trade Union of the Leath

Workers in Warsaw. 19. Trade Unions of the Unqualifi Workers in Warsaw. 20. Trade Union of Workers in Warsaw.

21. Trade Union of the Office & ommerce Employes. 22. Jewish Wood Workers' Union Warsaw.

23. Union of Metal Workers in We 24. Union of Textile Workers

Warsaw. 25. Union of Leather Workers Warsaw. 26. The Branches of the Clothin

Workers' Union in Baranovicza, Ba zev, Kovel. 27. The Trade Union Federation Radom with all its affiliated unions. 28. The Branches of the Railwe

nen's Union in Lublin, Bialystok, et 29. The Union of the Building Wor ers in Warsaw, etc., etc., etc., This is only an attempt to make summary for one year. By far ti provinces are missing. Besides, th

greatest number of prohibitions in th ases mentioned only refer to dire disbandment of unions. Far more fr. quent than those are arrests of the responsible leaders and secretarie closing of the union halls, their co. fiscation for "needs of the authorities arrests of whole trade union meeting The suppression of the trade uion-

movement does not only damage conomic interests of the workir class. It has also a very serious effect on the cultural life of the workern because it hinders or prevents con pletely the cultural work which is sug ported as far as possible by the tradi unions

Besides the authorities carry on ontinuous struggle against the purch cultural organizations of the working class, which even before in Polano were not very numerous. A number of labor colleges in Warsaw, Pos Lods, Plotzk, etc., were closed; prole tarian cultural and enlightenment of ganizations, libraries and reading hall are hardly any more existing in Polan (Continued tomorrow.)



Russian Workers and

Workshops in 1926 By WM. Z. FOSTER.

The latest and most interesting account of a trip from which the author had just returned. 25 cents. Glimpses of the Soviet

Republic By SCOTT NEARING. Another birds-eye view of Russia on recent trip. 10 cents.

Russia Turns East By SCOTT NEARING.

What Russia is doing in Asia. A reco Russia Today Official Report of the British Trafuture

Union Delegation to Soviet Ruse

'he standard of all information onif class first workers' government as it is day. Duroflex Bound. \$1.25. The Romance of Netematic

Russia By MAGDALEINE MARX. most colorful account of the IIf

Russia by the well-k

Every reader should make note of munist Party, will be the main speaker "L" to 133rd street, Bronx, and transtion of the Seventh Anniversary of the fer to Westchester Railroad, or Lexington avenue express subway to 180th of America. The meeting will be held

NEW YORK, ATTENTION!

MAGNIFICENT SPECTACLE AND SYMPHONY CONCERT

Proceeds go to buy MILK AND BREAD for the children of the Passaic textile strikers.

Wagner-Tchaikowsky Program David Mendoza, of Capitol Theatre, Conductor.

Famous Scheherazade by Rimsky-Korsakoff Directed by Alexis Kosloff of the Metropolitan Opera.

CHORUS OF 250 VOICES led by Jacob Schaefer. SATURDAY EVENING, AUG. 28, 8 P. M.

CONEY ISLAND STADIUM

Surf Ave. and W. 6th St.

General Admission \$1.00

Reserved Seats \$2.00

Tickets for sale at the Daily Worker Office and 799 Broadway, Room 512.

munist labor parties with an old-fash oned picnic at Edenwald, near the Dyer avenue station on the Westcheser Railroad on Sunday, September 5. The affair is under the auspices of powers in the agreement between the DAILY WORKER Builders' Club England and Italy to give to Spain and will take the place of The DAILY the territory of Tangier and the zone WORKER excursion which had been back of it on the African mainland

Point. No admission is charged and area. all friends of The DAILY WORKER

ranean and the orient. The United States, which also was one of the signatories of the convenstreet, Bronx, and transfer to West- tion of Algeciras that made Tangier thester Railroad there. Tickets for into an international zone, is ignored Dyer avenue costs only 7 cents, so in the secret dicker, on the ground even grandpa and the babies can come that the United States took no part in

British Make Trade.

most certain to result.

German Censors Fear

Potemkin," is still fighting its way The Berlin censors approved of the play if certain portions were cut. The

ments everywhere.'

SPAIN GETS ITS Outing September 5 TANGIER DEMA

PARIS, Aug. 26.-Backstairs diplomacy has again accomplished a territorial trade among the imperialist announced some time ago for Stony which now is ruled as an international

Secret dealings have been going on between London, Madrid and Rome and games galore, and a grand and over Tangier, and the outcome is flatly contrary to the interests of France. seeds will go to The DAILY WORKER. which is ambitious for control of Tangier and a share of Gibralter's comthe directions: Take Third avenue manding position over the Mediter-

without causing family bankruptcy. the recent conference which revised

Guides at Dyer avenue will point the the statutes of the international zone The British granted the African port to Spain on the understanding that Spain would withdraw its demand for a permanent seat in the council of the league of nations and would cease

to press its claim for Spanish control of Gibralter. It is expected that France will seek aid from the United States to oppose the Tangier cession to Spain, and a merry fight among imperialists is al. Judge John J. Cotteral.

BERLIN, Aug. 26. - The Russian noving picture play, "Armored Cruiser thru the movie censors of Germany. authorities in some other parts of the country agree with the published statement of the minister of defense that the witnessing of this portrayal of the temporary successful revolt of the

and peasants for their own government was not shaken to any appreciable extent by the showing of the picture all ever the country, so those apparently only capitalist governments enough.

the Master Cleaners' and Dyers' Association refused to give recognition to OF LABOR BEGINS ITS CONVENTION

appeal which he signed in 1923.

The Old Imperial Codes Are Applied.

movement the Polish bourgeoisie

uses the old imperial codes of the Rus-

rule. These reactionary penal codes

which in their old form are at present

in use neither in Germany nor in

fully applied in present-day Poland,

hey have even been still intensified!

Paragraphs on high treason which

were no more applied before the war

(as for instance the Austrian para-

sentence) are again in force.

1. The Methods of the Terror. UNDOUBTEDLY Poland is that

other country has made its white ter-

ror a system and does not shock us

of bloody terror but by the perman

ence and machine-like routine work of

its hangmen. White terror in Poland

can be compared with a gradually

innumerable victims, but towards

The Communist Party of Poland

Completely Illegal.

tenced to long terms of hard labor.

vocateur are sufficient.

joined the fraction

country which more than any

By HERBERT BENJAMIN

(Special to The Daily Worker) NIAGARA FALLS, Aug. 26 .- The New York State Federation of Labor convention opened here with the usual ceremonies and invocations. effort to analyze the conditions of the state, but was devoted to a very apparent effort to jockey the convention into the Tammany Tiger's den. The report shows that the repub-

shows that of fifty-one senators only

nine voted in favor of all the measures

supported by labor, thirty-seven of one

hundred and fifty in the lower house.

Quite a number who voted for some

bills were conveniently absent when

their vote was needed to decide the

The report speaks in the most laud-

atory manner of the work of the ex-

ecutives and administrators of state

departments and paves the road for an

endorsement of Tammany candidates.

Fight For Office.

Where "Friendship" Pays.

An interesting section of the presi-

dent's report is the section dealing

with labor banks. After boosting the

Federation Bank of New York, the re

port sounds a warning against efforts

six hundred present.

A fight is expected for the presi-

licans have betrayed their pre-election pledges, and proposes the organization the election of friends and defeat of enemies of labor." Very Few "Friends" "An appended record of votes cast in legislature this year on labor bills

Land Jumper Charged

The dismissal came at the request the office after Mayor Walker pres-

SECRETARIES, ATTENTION!

(EACH POINT SECURED IS A VOTE)



This check-up on all workers securing points in the last sub ription campaign for The DAILY WORKER, shows number of pints which will be credited as votes for each voters' choice indidate. Ballots are now being sent to all voters in Californi campaign winner entitled to one candidate) and New Yor entitled to 2 candidates—each voter casts his vote for TWO allots now being sent out must be returned before October ter which date judges selected will announce winners of th OSCOW TRIP.

DISTRICT 13

		ICT 13	
	NUAL	NATIONAL SUB CAMPAI	GN
ERKELEY, CALIF		C. Pilgrim	1
A. Brenner	100	Joseph Polanshek	1
N. Bursler,	570	P. Polk	
Shiyi Matsui	100	Wm. Sanders	
Sarah Mattson	20	A. Segal	7
J. J. Roe	20	Walter Sellert	'
Theodore Soderland	160	Carrol Shipman	
F. C. Thompson	50	M. Silverman	
R. B. Wilson	. 10	P. Singh	1
UREKA, CALIF		L. Udcovsky	
A. Kerr	230	Waiters' Union Local 30	1
OS ANGELES, CALIF.		B. Warren	
M. Aberson	100	N. Welter	
N. Altshuler	10	Library, Wittat Production	1
A. Amer	100	Co	
Ernest Besselmann	100	Wormen's Educ, Ass'n,	
V. A. Carus	20	SAN PEDRO, CALIF	
Geo. Daskes	45	B. Jackson	2
Tom Egoian	135	Alex Muhlberg	1
E, H. Einstein	100	MISCELLANEOUS-	
Erivan Club	100	Julius Kose, Alpine	
I. Freurdit	10	J. F. Fox, Blythe	1
Emanuel Gainsburg	20	I. H. Watson, Brentwood Hts.	
S. Garborg		H. Kasser, Daly City	
M. Horwitz	100	George Pearl, Forest Glen	
J. A. Hughes	20	D. Stiswelli, Fresno	
Carl Kaesemeyer	20	E. O. E. Klipphahan, Grass	
Zam Klein	10	Steve Grdinich, Hayward	4
John Kopp	20	Joseph Romeyer, Jackson	1
M. Neidich	120	John Eliot, La Grange	
Paul Podleck	20	Tom Swain, La Jolla	1
Beatrice Polikoff	10	L. F. King, Lancaster	
Paul C. Reiss	A 1012	John E. Brandstetter, Live	
Siegfried Seiler	100	Oak	1
Harry Shanuk	20	James Moran, Lone Pine	
M. Snookal	10	Wm. O. Post, Los Gatos G. Zanon, Menlo Park	1
rank Spector	3,460	John Halle, Merced	1
eo. Stula	10	O. M. Eddy, Modeste	
S. Vast	90	Arthur E. Patterson, Napa	
C. C. Watkins	100	C. Desmond, Oakdale	
Fred Zverina	30	C. Wheatley, Ocean Beach	- 1
	20	Joe Siegel, Ontario	1
M. Jacker	100	Peter C. Dane, Petaluna	
Jim MacCrary	100	James A. Smith, Placerville	
Larse Manror	45	Dan Dill, Plaster City E. Dennis, Richmond	
A. Peterson	30	Rosa C. Powell, Richmond	
Alois Stuhl	100	Victor M. Johnson, Riverside	
Mrs. A. C. Swanson	30	M. Shapovalov, Riverside	
J. C. Taylor	45	Frank Gayer, San Bernardino	:
H. W. Thomas	100	Fred Fickas, San Diego	
C. A. Whitney	100	T. J. Kyle, San Diego	10
W. Blumberg	20	Charles Bayles, San Jose	1,0
J. L. Butler	20	Henry Wessels, San Jose James Hornell, San Rafael	
Anna Cornblath	255	J. Lebban, Santa Barbara	10
F. Darbellay	30	Mary R. Rodwick, Santa Bar-	10
J. De Pool	100	bara	1
G. Dreuth	100	R. A. Benninghoven, Skyland	
H. Dolghy	100	Claus Carlson, Santa Cruz	11
Louis I. Fortin	30	Roscoe Sinclair, Sagus	:
A. Guillen	45	J. Isakson, Seaside	10
Masha Gusoff	555	G. W. Harris, Soldiers' Home	
W. Helenius	45	Anglo Lachiusa, Taft	
Joseph Kruzic	100	Jack Milla, Tart	1

	DI	STRIC	T 2		
				WINNING	OF

150

J. J. Jilbert, Tracy

John Auert, Ukiah

W. F. Walker, Tuolumne

Fred Daubeneck, Ukiah

Johanna Cozier, Vallejo

W. H. Flood, Yountville

Joseph Kruzic

Fred Larson

J. Lazarveich

Z. C. Mershon

W. Laane

Geo. Lucas

DI	STR	NCT 2	
SECURED OVER 80,000	POIN	TS AND WINNING PRIZE FOR 2 CANDIDATES	OF
	COW		
STORIA, N. Y.—	400	Paul Steubens	99
Stephen A. Poydasheff	100	LONG ISLAND CITY, N. Y	
J. Rosenzweig	160	Charles Brendel	
Ivar Nelson	45	C. Janson	
RIDGEPORT, CONN.		NEWARK, N. J	
E. Shamatovich	45	L. A. Barnett	
Charles Susman	45	Lottie Bloomenthal	1
J. P. Sullivan	20	Hungarian Workers' Home	1
ORONA, N. Y.		Mary Ihalainen	2
O. Menegon	45	N. Kaupe	1
LIABETH, N. J.—	-	W. Newinski	1
John Chanels	20	Albert Pallan	
Bill Dimitry	20	H. Pilutek	
Harry Fox	20	H. Silverstein	3
S. Johnson	20	NEW HAVEN, CONN	
D. Kardinas	100	Nat Ginsberg	
J. Kentrus	100	W. L. Morozoff	
Mike Lanscheau	20	G. S. Shklar	2
Julius Meluzin	45	C. M. Smith	
Bernard Rozanski	45	Anna Weissberg	1
Joseph Ruich	1,100	Carl Weissberg	
John Stanley	340	NEW YORK CITY-	
sanon Stasiulis	100	V. Abraham	1
ARTFORD, CONN.—		N. Aramowitz	11
Kenneth Epstein	120	Aher	
A. Gotkis	200	Amalgamated Food Workers	
Jacob Machenas	20	Bakers Local No. 1	10
BOKEN, N. J.		D. Amariglio	
Vm. G. Eggeling	100	George Amy	
. Bujacich	45	B. Anapol	1
ohn Mazurana	20	Oscar Anderson	10
REY CITY, N. J		J. Antonicich	
F. W. Bakers' Union		Esther Arons	10
Local 6	100	Peter Artola	2
asyl Kotyk	20	Herman A. Arva	10
Prina	280	G. Ashkenudse	13
W. Schmidt	45	Assistant Chief of Staff G-2	
xander Simpson	100	Governor's Island	3
garet Steubens	140	F. S. Asworth	1
14-200			

	ik-
0	R. Auerbach
2	R. Auerbach
	Anna Ayeroff
	Sarah Ballam
	Lotario Bardone
	J. Behun
	Osias Bercy
	M. Berger
	Julius Bezozo
	David Biren
b- of	M. Bitman Gussie Bitter R. Blum
ce	R. Blumenfeld
k	Joseph Bodnar H. Bogajian
),	L. Bogatz
ie	H. Bornstein
4. ·	Louis Braun
ı	C. K. Breadys
00	Joseph R. Brodsky Sam Bronstein
00	D. Brown
20 45	Henry M. Bruns
05 20	Joseph Burdrevick
45	J. Bullackis
00	Charles Burns
00 45	Jack Campbell
45	John Carmelo
30 20	H. Caster L. Chaskin
30	Rose Chinitz
00	A. Chorover
30	I. Cohen
20	J. CooperFrances Cooper
45 30	Rose Cooperstein
30 45	H. CopperP. B. Cowdery
30	B. Dallard
00	R. Davidson
10	Yetta Davis
10	F. Demmler
30 45	Alexander Dmitrioff R. Dolin Eve Dorf
00	Eve Dorf
30	Leo Drockila
30	Sarah Dubow
45	Harry Eisman
45 60	Sadie Elkin
60 30	Marian Emerson
45 20	Dave Epstein
30	Martin Fasman
30	Morris Feierenstein
25 45	A. Fineberg
00	Tillie Fishgold
20	N. Fishman John A. Fitch Julius Fleiss
10	Anton Foders
30	Theresa FoxZolton Freedman
20	C. Freemorgan
30	Jack Friedman
65 80	Al Furman
45	Joseph Gaal
20	Bertha Gajdurkek
	A. Jacques Garvey
	W. Gay Herman Geltman
80	R. Gerst
70	G. Gesmondo
20	Daniel Gladstone
20	Prosper Goeppert
20	S. Goldfarb
00	C. Golosman
20	M. Goodman
00	M, Gorelick
10	M. Gostin
30	Morris Gottfried
20	B. Gousin
00	Leo Granoff
30	Ben Green
00	Josep Greenberg
20	John Gross
20	Max Hagan
00	J. Harshing
00	L. H. Hartmann
0	May Helfgot

1,425

Liza Podolsky

	THE DAILY WOR	KE	R
45 80	Jacob HillerL. Hirshman	20 1,625	
220 100	B. Hoffman	* 30	
100	Mahtias Holzbauer	10	
90 30	Helen Horn D. lionescu Victor Israel	40	
100	Bertha Israel Anna H. Ivanoff	60	
90	C. Jackson	20	
20 60	Sol Jaegendorf	30 20	1
100	Jack Jampolsky	100	1
60 20 20	James R. Jones	100 100 45	I
20	Joseph KaczanderA. Kagan		1
360 30	Abe Kaimowitz	20 45	
20 225	Dave Kannes	20	E
100 20 20	Fannie Kaplan Rebecca Kaplan Jack Kassian	380	F
30	I. W. Katcher	15 20 110	E
20	Marjorie Katterfeld	265 90	1
725	Ida Katz	20 20	0, 0,
20 45 100	G. E. Kellas	100 65	9
45 100	Max Kitzes	100	F
140	Lena Klein		1
60 100	Norman Knoll	20	F
100	G. Konowaloff	100	E
400 20 10	I. Kreinin	30 50	1
90	Rose Kuntz	200 65	1
45 100	S. Kuttner D. Kvitko Jack Lafman	130 20 45	E
1,425	J. Lapidus Mae Lebow	130	0
210	Karl Leeman	75 210	1
30 20 30	Anna Leibowitz S. Leibowitz A. Leone L. Lerner Max Levine	60 1,360	E
45	L. Lerner Max Levine	20 45	F
130 45	Rose Levinson	20 20 10	H
20 50	Abraham Levy	100	F
300 45 100	Morris Lipman	100	1 2
425	Simon Lipshitz	60 65	5
30	Anna Lomoff	45 20	J
155 100	Tom Luoma	40 20 45	L
105	M. Lurie James Lustig Fred Macy	45 140	, 5
30 20 200	I. Mackey Paul Malarik	100 45	1
45 45	Max Manes Dorothy Mann A. Manolis	20	1
20 45	H. Markovitz Jean Marlow	100 20 20	4
20	R. A. Martinez Samuel Marx	290	1
20 240 145	Jacob Mascowitz C. Matus	100	J
20 50	Henry Mautner Bertha Mayer N. Mazursky	475	S
150 30	J. M. McDonald	580 30 40	8
760 30 100	T. E. Meade	30	1
240	Goldie Mednick	10 20	1
45 680	Sam Mendelovitz M. Mendelson Nell Mendelson	140	7
45 20	M. Metkoff Dr. H. Metliz	130 45	1
10 100	M. Michaelson	20	1
95 500	Helen Milibond	45 27	6
50 20	H. F. Mins Samuel Mirsky M. Mislig	3,885 45 100	7
20 90	Albert Modiano Edward Monoson	65	1
30	A. Moreau	60	1
20 20 20	B. Mueller	100	F
100	A. Musil Beatrice A. Myers E. Nagy	180	1
30 780	Nancy Naidish	10 20 20	E
100	John Nakonechny Nicola Napoli	15	V
100 20 770	Nat Ass'n of Mfgs	100	5
40 20	Sonia Neiman Frieda Neitzel Morris Nemser	45 45	1
60 200	J. Nestor	355 45 10	1
160 45	Joseph Newan	250	J
30	Marhto Nishonen	185 20	. 4
45 20 380	S. Novich	100	5 5
80 110	C. Ogden	100 20 30	8
195 20	Anna Olkoff	175 60	V
10 20	I. W. Ozersky	50 45	-
50 20 10	M. Pasternak J. Perilla Yetta Perimutter	180	1
20 45	C. O. Peterson	345 20	
75 30	Louis Piccola	80	
100 145 40	M. Pinchewsky	40 10	
40	the rodolsky	65	1

-	
20	Henry Pollack
1,625	Sylvan A. Poll
130	Mark Poiner Jack Prokop
45	Celia Straus Pr
390	Joe Rade Thadeus Radw
40	R. Ragozin H. Ransdell
40 60	H. Ransdell
20	Anthonis Rapai N. Rapoport
20	J. E. Raskin .
45 30	A. Rasp
20	Samuel Reitma
100	H. R. Richards
100	Casper Riedi Philip Rivkin
100	B. Robbins
45	B. Roe
270	Karl Roos Rose Rosen
20 45	D. Rosenberg
100	N. Rosenberg Rosenblatt
20	Bernard Rosent
380	D. Ross
15	Frank Rossetto E. Rostowsky
20	Abe Rothenber
110	Aaron Rubin
90	I. Ruderman
20	Solomon Rudni Sam Ryant
100	Clara Saffern
65	S. Salat
100	Jack Samek Ray Saperstein
55	S. Sasaki
10,760	Alex Sawka
135	Alfred Schalk Paul Scherer
100	Max Schmidt
100	Eugene Schneider
30	M. Schneider
50	m. ochhiciaer
200	Alex Schneider I. Schnurman
130	Carl Schorner
20	B. Schwartz
45 130	J. Schwartz Charles Schwar
40	Gust Scaholm
75	Josef Segersten G. Palmer Segu
210	Ed Seine
1,360	Ida Seitlin
20	A. Serebreny R. S. Shafer
45	Bertha Shain
20	H. Shaines
10	Shalagon
45	Philip Shapiro I. Sharaison
100	Harry Shea Zissis Sherron
20	Zissis Sherron M. Sherwood
60	Shewchuk
45	John Shiloff
20 40	Phil. Shulman Celia Shur
* 20	L. Sidlik
45	L. Sidlik Morris Siegel Sam Siegel
140	M. Sigalowsky
100	J. Siira
190	H. Silverman
20	Dora Sings
100	Celia Sinow Arthur Smith
20	J. Smith
290	Anthony Soccio
100	M. Spongin
10	Jack Stachel
475	Jack Stachel F. Steinbach Saul Steinberg
580	Leo Steinfeld
30	Sylvia Steinwas Anna Stern
40 30	L. Stern
20	S. Stevens
10	
140	A. Sundelin John Svornich
100	Wm. Sykyta
130	G. Szepesi Hyman Tams
45	Lillian Taunenb
20	Thos. A. Thorse
45	Harry Tobman Ph. Tollerman
3,885	Charles Tonij B. Trembach
45	Theodore Tuck
100	Anna Tucker N. Turansky
100	N. Turansky G. Turich
60	M. C. Underwood
100	M. Unjus Fannie Unterm
20	R. Usher
180	M. Ushko Joseph Vadas .
20	N. Vallentine
20	Bert Vandomee
20	Peter A. Vasilie W. Vergun
15	W. Vergun Francis Vondra
100	Sonya Walday .
100	Aranka Waldner
45	Marie Walker
355	Wm. Weinstone Mr. Weisberg
45	Ida Weiss
250	J. Weiss
20	Benjamin Weiss Bella Weissman
20	, August Wexler
10	J. White
100	Sarah Wildhorn John Williams
20	John Williams Sonia Winett
30 175	Charles Wisema W. Wolf
60	Bert Wolfe
50 45	Elizabeth Wood
180	The state of the s
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Pollack iner

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Vasilief

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Tuckel

derwood

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20

William Green and the Citizens' Military Training Camps

A Statement by the Young Workers' League of America.

THE daily press reports that William Green, who, together with seven members of the executive council of the American Federation of Labor, is the personal guest of Major General Charles P. Summerall at the Citizens Military Training Camp at Plattsburgh, New York, has declared himself in favor of the C. M. T. C.

"I can truthfully say there has been a wrong impression in some quarters as to the purposes and objectives of the military training camp. I think the American Federation of Labor, thru its organization and its officers, can do much to ac quaint the public mind with what is being done here toward the development of young men mentally, morally and physically."

William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, following on the heels of the refusal of his executive council to help the workers and peasants of Mexico in their struggle against reaction and American imperialism, places his stamp of approval on the militarist institution of American imperialism as did the El Paso convention of the A. F. of L. under the domination of Sam Gompers.

For what purpose are tens of thouands of young workers and students being trained annually in the C. M. T. C.? Are they, as Green plously says, being developed "mentally, mor-'ally and physically?" Nonsense! Part of Militarization.

THE Citizen's Military Training tarization program of American im-

program. Camps are backed by such notoriously institutions as the House of Morgan, Rockefeller interests thru the Inter-Co., the Bethlehem Steel Corporation; Pullman and scores of others, many of whom send young workers from their plants for "vacations" at the camps. the interests of the workers. 20 Many of these reactionary imperialist 100 bankers and big business men are on the committee of the Military Training standing labor man is represented. Is 85 Green, then, serving the interests of the workers of America by endorsing 45 the C. M. T. C.?

Blessing Comesinopportunely. T a time when the government is A being conducted more and more openly by direct representatives of the capitalists of this country, when mem- bodies must resound thruout the labor bers of the House of Morgan and other movement so that the Morgans and 340 Wall Street interests are brazenly aptheir Coolidge may know that Green lepartment and in the important posts tail of war mongers in America. of the aviation division, whose interests are being served when Green gives his blessing to a militarist institution backed by the government and conducted by the war department?

Leon Yellen

A. Yollis

S. Yonas

D. Yonkis

Helen Zaikowski

A. Zeratsky

Ella Zobel

Michael Ziebe

Bertha Zunsen

Minnie Zurov

PASSAIC. N. J .-

PATTERSON, N. J.-

Oscar Dittrich Chas. Kondla

A. Lapinski B. Leib Seymour Raskin Abram Waks STAMFORD, CONN .-

Isador Wofry

Peter Cibula

G. Manicardi

Geo. Zimmerman

YONKERS, N. Y .-

O. A. Krampetz MISCELLANEOUS-

CONNECTICUT:

Britain

Treskunoff Studio, Ansonia... Herman Cade, Branford

H. G. Ahlgren, Collinsville.. C. M. Smith, Cos Cob S. R. Cohen, New Britain

John Tomaino, New London

P. H. Shea, New Britain

A. P. Szczepanski, New

S. J. Pynduss, Norwalk Richard E. Addison, Plains-

A. Boyus

WATERBURY, CONN .-

100 WEST NEW YORK, N. J .-

Associated Silk Workers

E. Gartz

135

When Green knows, as well and better than most people, that part of the training at the camps consists in an attempt to inculcate in the minds of the recruits the idea that all workers who fight for their elementary rights are "agents of Moscow" who should be suppressed or deported, are working class interests served by Green's declaration that "there has been a wrong impression in some quarters as to the purpose and objectives of the military training camps?" And is not this statement an uncalled for and backhanded attack upon the commendable and genuinely working class position taken by the conventions of the Pennsylvania State Federation of Labor, the Wisconsin State Federation of La bor, the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, and scores of other labor unions and organizations, part of the American Federation of Labor and outside of it, which opposed the Citizen's Military Training Camps as anti-labor?

What are Green and his colleagues of the executive council of the A. F. of L. doing hobnobbing with Major General Summerall, one of the most ardent and vicious propagandists for & big militarism program in the United States, a man who has never been known for his sympathy for or efforts in behalf of the labor movement?

Does Not Speak for Rank and File. WHEN Green endorses the C. M. T.

C. he is, whether he knows it or not, doing the work of the bankers and industrial magnates of America, the I Camps are a part of the huge mili- imperialists, the enemies of labor. Green does not speak for the rank and perialism. And Green follows the lead file of labor in this question. The acof the imperialists in endorsing this tions of such powerful sections of the organized labor movement as the The Citizen's Military Training Pennsylvania State Federation of Labor, the Wisconsin State Federation of reactionary anti-labor individuals and Labor, the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, the Amalgamat-General Electric, Western Electric, the ed Clothing Workers of America are sufficient indication that the workers national Harvester Company, Crane & are not of the same opinion as the El Paso convention of bureaucrats and reactionaries or of William Green and his executive council who do not serve

The Young Workers' League of America, fighting for the interests of the young workers, has conducted a Camps Association, upon which no out- fight against capitalist militarism, against preparations for new imperialist wars-against the C. M. T. C.

The answer of workers everywhere to the declaration of William Green must be a firmer opposition to the C. M. T. C. and the entire militarism program of American imperialism. The voices raised by numerous labor nted to leading positions in the war cannot tie the labor movement to the

Why Not Become a

Henry Samek, Clifton 100 John Nagy, Fords 20 Rose Schuch, Garfield 20 John Lambert, Hilton 230 William Dyke, Irvington 10 Sam Zhukofsky, Irvington 20 B. Bucher, Linden 20 Dora J. Dow, Mendham 100 Otto Kalson, Millmington 100 Anton Gold, Mürray Hill 100 Bertalan Skapinetz, Perth 25 Amboy 100 Waino Kanto, Plainfield 25 O. Ilson, Ridgefield 30 S. Olson, Ridgefield 30 S. Olson, Ridgefield 45 N. Lifshutz, Rutherford 100 Peter Momo, Union City 45 George P. Poropof, Union 21 City 100 G. Hoffman, Verona 100 NEW YORK— Kiyoshi Yambe, Babylon 55 S. Weinrit, Beacon 20 H. D. Deutsch, Belmar 45 M. Martinson, College Point 100 Theodore Henky, Crestwood 30 Chas. Silverman, E. Nassan 10 Pauline Berzon, Edgemer 55 F. Gruemberg, Flushing 20 Mrz. F. Mladinich, Garden 20 Lompi Oja, Jamaica 75 David J. Saposs, Katonah 100 H. Park, Liberty 20 F. Crotty, Malverne 20 M. Michalowski, Maspeth 20 Otto Kalsan, Midland Beach 20 J. S. Weiner, Newburgh 100 Alfred Baum, Ozone Park 20 M. Gerst, Peekskill 20 V. Kaminšky, Peekskill 100 Joachim Kotchmar, Watervliet M. Karavasil, White Plains 30 P. Artola, Woodñaven 20	John Zaskolicky, Shelton	30
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Correspondent. It's only 5 cents.

Jewish Fraction Meeting

the Jewish Party members are urgently requested to attend ish party fraction meeting coming Friday, Aug. 27, at the Freihelt Hall, 3209 W. Roosevelt Rd. Comrade Max Bedacht and Rubin Salzman will take up very important problems.

Organized Labor-Trade Union Activities

News and Comment Labor Education Labor and Government Trade Union Politics

CARPENTERS 376 ASKS LOCALS TO CHECK OFFICIALS

Hutcheson Persecution Basis of Appeal

(Special to The Dally Worker)

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Aug. 26.-Local appealing to the other locals of the union to take action against the arbitrary regime of President William L. Hutcheson of the general organiza-

Expels His Opposers.

Under the pretext of technical violations of the union constitution, Hutcheson has punished all who oppose his policy by a whole series of suspensions, expulsions and charter revocations. Local No. 376 has had its charter revoked because its recording secretary, Nathan Rosen, was the candidate against Hutcheson on a progressive program in the last elec-

Each local union is receiving from Local No. 376 a letter explaining its appeal to the general organization, a local receiving it, and a small booklet setting forth in detail the conflict between Hutcheson and the progressives in the union. An appeal is made to all local unions to defend the constitutional rights of the members and locals and stop Hutcheson's persecution of all progressive opposition to his autocratic rule.

A Progressive Program. The progressive program proposes

measures to strengthen the union organization, give the carpenters job control and the forty-hour, five-day Amalgamation of the building trades upon a departmental basis is included, in the demands, along with uniform agreements, expiring at the same time and to be ratified by the rank and file.

WRITE AS YOU FIGHT!

WCFL Radio Program

Chicago Federation of Labor radio broadcasting station WCFL is on the air with regular programs. It is from the Municipal Pier.

TONIGHT. 6:00 to 7:00—Chicago Federation of La-bor talks and bulletins; instrumental 7:00 to 7:30-The Florentine String Trio

7:30 to 8:30-Vella Cook, contralto; WCFL Ensemble; Clarence Theders,

8:30 to 10:00-Little Joe Warner, gloom chaser; Al Scott Hawallan Trio; Cook Sisters, harmony songs.

Features of Next Saturday's Issue of the New

Magazine Supplement

V. F. CALVERTON T. J. O'FLAHERTY MANUEL GOMEZ JESSICA SMITH HARRY GANNES

and all the leading figures in the American Communist

movement.

ART WORK AND

CARTOONS

FRED ELLIS K. A. SUVANTO HAY BALKS A. JERGER VOSE and Others

Poems - Movie Reviews and other features

Be Sure to Get the Issue of Saturday, August 28th

WITH THE LABOR PRESS

(More than 500 trade union papers-official organs of national and international unions, state federations of labor, district councils, central labor bodies and local unions-advocate correct, partially correct, or incorrect policies, voice poorly or well, represent or misrepresent, the opinions of the rank and file of the trade union movement. This is the field in which our party must conduct most of its work and it is a field of activity about which we must of necessity have the most detailed and accurate information.

The publication in this department of editorial comment from the trade union press does not mean necessarily that we are in agreement with it. We publish this material to inform our readers of the trend of thought expressed in the labor press and when necessary such editorial expressions will be accompanied by our own comment.--Editor's Note.)

The Capitalist Press and Stoolpigeons.

A very superficial observation of the local gang of stoolpigeons of the capitalist class, reveals at once that they are very crude and brazen in their operations in the local labor movement, if indeed it can be called such. No. 376 of the United Brotherhood of However, they imagine that they are clever. But they possess the clever-Carpenters and Joiners of America, is ness of an elephant plowing thru a snowbank. Of our 20 years experience in the labor movement, we can honestly say that we have never seen a more cumbersome set of lieutenants of the capitalists, than those who operate in Great Falls. They are whitened sepulchers of dishonesty and corruption. And when sometimes the air is pregnant with foul and nauseating odors, it is because these creatures in human sin are about.

It is well for the honest rank and file of labor to know what constitutes the earmarks of the stoolpigeon element within its ranks. Once the workers know the line that separates the honest from the dishonest leaders of labor, it will have no difficity in taking care of its interests.

For instance, the element that works in close co-operation with the two local organs of the Copper Company, the Tribune and the Leader, is an element that receives its orders from the Anaconda Copper Company. Every worker who is conscious of the fact that he lives, knows that the Tribune which waxes fat on county printing contracts, is the official morning handbill of the Copper Company, while the Leader is the official afternoon handbill of the same trust. Both of these capitalist sheets are as spiritual as a hog at the corn trough. For a cigaret and a glass of wine they are prepared to sell the nation, the state, its inhabitants and wealth, both natural and creresolution for consideration by the ated, to their god, the Anaconda Copper Company. Every time that they yelp at the honest elements in the labor movement, and back the plots of the dinary business meeting, bears elostoolpigeons' elements, the whole world sees their spotted tongues lined with copper. But while these sheets have not organized the workers into labor organizations, they have, as every intelligent worker knows, put out streams of propaganda against the unity of labor, thru the instrumentality of the shady elements within the ranks of organized labor.

That is the very purpose of their existence; to promote dishonesty in our political and industrial life as a people. They never have a word to say in the upholding of honesty anywhere.

Therefore, workers, beware of that element which uses the capitalist press withn your ranks, to advance the plans and plots of the capitalist class. It is a sure sign that it is not too honest with labor, as that two and two

There will always be more or less differences between groups in the labor movement, as to economics and policies. How could it be otherwise? Since labor all over the world is becoming rapidly the dominant actor in the political and industrial life of the nations, it stands to reason that there is bound to be conflicting opinions on some important questions affecting policy and tactics. Perhaps that is as it should be. Everything that is alive is in a process of agitation. Only the dead are dead.

And as workers, it is our duty to study the various labor ideas, in order had refused to consider setting a that we may be in a position to fight effectively in the class struggle. If it is in the interest of our class, we shall adopt it.

But there cannot be any difference of opinion among the workers of all shades of labor opinion, as to the socialogical fact, that any element or individual who works with the agencies of capitalism, such as the capitalist broadcasting on a 491.5 wave length press, is a stoolpigeon of the capitalist class, either conscious or unconscious.

Again we say, guard yourselves against them. -Great Falls, Mont., Town Topics.

PAINTERS' UNION GETS RAISE FOR CHICAGO MEMBERS; BOOM IN BUILDING MAKES IT EASY

As a result of the 85% organization of painters and glazers in Chicago, the union is asking for unjust desome 17,000 members of that union will receive an increase in wages on mands, etc. Sept. 13 from the present dollar and a half an hour to \$1.621/2, or thirteen dollars a day.

The fact that union conditions prevail has had a good effect on the employment situation. Work is plentiful in the territory over which the Painters' District Council of Chicago

has jurisdiction, and which includes everything between Lake Michigan on the east and the county line on the ization for a while, but finally prowest, between North Chicago and the vided a fatal argument against itself,

of lead poisoning. The danger increases directly as the length of the thru the air, where they are certain to day increases, and as the wages are be breathed in not only by the worklowered, for this means longer exposers on the machines but by others thru William L. Allen, secretary of ure, insufficient recreation, and lack of around about. hygienic facilities. In the old days before the union organization was strong 'painters' colic" or lead poisoning was a greater thing. There is still too much of it, but organization and union conditions have reduced it re-

Every reader around New York should attend the

Daily Worker

SUNDAY, SEPT. 5 Edenwald Park, New York

(No admission charge)

Take Third Ave. "L" to 133rd Street or Lexington Ave. Subway to 180th Street. Transfer to Westchester Railroad, Get off at Dyer Ave. (Fare 7c.)

Auspices: Daily Worker Build-New York City

The use of paint spraying machin-Painting is one of the dangerous embodied in the law. Spraying paint an argument that is in some states trades, on account of the prevalence by machinery vaporizes and scatters

The spraying machines are also used now for the cheaper work as fine even coats of paint are not yet possible by this method.

The Painters' union is one of the largest of the building trades department to reject the Landis award. The open shap drive culminating in the decision of Judge Kenesaw Mountain Landis several years ago brought chaos into the building industry, and some of the unions which had formerly co-operated well with each other signed the award. Others did not.

The open shop drive was smashed largely by the building boom and rade. while there is plenty of construction going on, individual unions can, by or-However, when the building boom have to be created for some common

The left wing in the Painters' union also is emphasizing now that a thoro discussion by the membership of the proposition for amalgamation of building trades union with departmentaliers' Club, 108 East 14th Street, zation, as outlined by the 1913 Build- merely with a rousing welcome, but spent most of its fury around New ing Trades Department Convention is with substantial cash for the heroic Orleans failed to strike the West more necessary than ever.

Policies and Programs The Trade Union Press Strikes-Injunctions Labor and Imperialism

LIVE UNION OF LABORERS IN WORCESTER

Wage Demand Pending May Bring Strike

By SYDNEY BLOOMFIELD.

WORCESTER, Mass., Aug. 26 .-Without the blare of trumpets the work of organization has been going on steadily in this city, known thruout the land as the "mother of the open shop" until today, a lusty young union of laborers marches proudly with its more than 600 members to challenge the dictatorial rule of the most militant open shop labor-hating outfit known as the Building Trades Employers' Association of Worcester.

A Live Local. The Laborers' Union, Local 620, is affiliated with the International Hod Carriers', Building and Common La-

borers' Union of America, and bids fair to set the pace in reactionary New England for militancy and progress. A young militant and class-conscious element is at the helm and its special meeting held at Victory Hall, Shrewsbury street, which was attended by the bulk of the membership, making it more like a mass meeting than an orquent testimony to its ability to fight

The union demands a straight 60 cents per hour for all laborers. This and other demands are now before the employers association, who have persistently tried to avoid the issues which a few are: that the union is ened. not yet six months in existence: that they did not hear of such a union being organized (despite the fact that all employers received our letters informing them of the organization and existence of the Laborers' Union, etc.

Bosses Fight Standard Wage. One of the large contractors de clared that they are paying a scale ranging from 40 to 70 cents an hour, and because of the great difference in quality of workmen in this particular line, this contractor said, they standard wage. Of course the declaration of this contractor is sheer bunk. In the first place, no laborer is at the present time getting 70 cents an hour, this exaggerated statement was tended to show how "good" the boss is to "deserving" workers, and thus creating in the public mind the idea that those who do not get 70 cents an hour don't deserve it, thus paving the road for prejudicing the public mind in the event of a strike, when the contractors will try to show that

All Driven Alike.

Secondly, the scale averages about 45 cents an hour, and regardless of the claims as to the "quality" of workmen, every man on the job knows that he is not out on a picnic. The straw boss attends to the driving of ery threatened the life of the organ- the men, regardless of "quality." A stronger man probably endures the driving a little better than a weaker

man, but they all do the same work The union is going thru with its demands and a strike will tie up every big construction job here if the bosses don't sober up. Negotiations with the that association, which will meet to decide upon our demands, and the executive committee of the Laborers' Union will meet on the following night, when a reply from the bosses will be had.

Support Passalc.

At the special meeting of the union the principle speaker was Brother Kula of Springfield, Mass., who spoke in Italian. The meeting also unanimously voted to assess each member 40 cents for the following purposes: 15 cents for the Passaic, N. J., textile strikers and 25 cents each for the purchase of a banner with the union emblem for use in the Labor Day pa-

The union will turn out 100 per cent strong in the Labor Day parade and ganization activity, raise their wages. before joining the main parade of the other local unions, we will start from ends, there may be another story to our hall with a band and parade past tell. Then the need of close relation- the headquarters of the Employers' ships between the various unions of Association to show them that we are or friends? Engdahl will answer this the building industry will be very ap- in business to stay. It was also deparent, the left wing members point cided that every member in line will out, and the old clauses for sympa- carry a placard with militant and thetic strikes will have to go back in- labor-rousing slogans. The parade to the contracts, and machinery will will be utilized for arousing the labor movement in this city to the needs of a huge campaign for organizing the unorganized.

Will Give to British. When Joseph Jones, the British miners' delegate, comes to this city the laborers will be on deck not striking miners in England.

PAINTERS SOLD **OUT IN STRIKE** AT CLEVELAND

Unity Needed in the **Building Trades**

CLEVELAND, Aug. 26 .- After the painters had been out on strike since March 1, the strike committee about ten days ago demanded from the meeting of the painters full power to act. The contractors declared that they could not deal with a committee that had constantly to report back to the membership and get their approval altho this plan had been satisfactory to the unions and the strike committee till that time.

More significant was the demand of the strike committee when it was stated by the "Citizens' Committee" representing the contractors and the open shoppers generally, that there would be no compromise, that "the train had left." This was clear. The contractors had a fund of \$5,000,000 to fight the painters and glazers. In addition, "vandilism" was raising hell in Cleveland. It was simple for the contractors to find men who would engage in breaking windows, setting bombs, etc. That is a simple and general practice, when men are striking. So all the accompaniments of a strike in which the employers go the limit were in motion. To give the strike committee full power under these circumstances was a serious mistake.

Several weeks ago the contractors offered the painters \$1.30 an hour 51/2-day week, which was overwhelmingly rejected. What must have been the surprise of the paintens today when they read that their committee did not get \$1.371/2 an hour, 5-day week, but gave in to the demands of the employers, viz., the conditions that the workers had when they went out on strike, that is \$1.25 an hour, 51/2-day week. In other words, the with all sorts of lame excuses, among the union has been decidedly weak-

"Public Interest" the Excuse. This is the accomplishment of the strike committee with full powers. According to the papers, "public interest, the growth and prosperity of the city of Cleveland, the continued expansion of facilities for the housing of new industries, seem in the opinion of the officers of these organizations and the business agents of their district council, to make it de sirable that the men return to their jobs at the old rate of wages.'

This is what was said in the case of the building laborers, who after several months of strike had to re turn on the original terms.

Next year the carpenters intend to make their demands. It is high meant to show thru the local papers time for the rank and file of the which carried his statement that the building workers in Cleveland to take was in in these columns, they must see to it that:

> 1. All agreements of the building trades terminate at the same time,

No more than one year.

3. The two building trades coun cils must be merged without delay. The existence of the two councilsboth affiliated to the A. F. of L. but only one belonging to the Cleveland Federation of Labor-is a menace to the workers.

4. A grievance of one union mus be regarded as a grievance of all unions-a stoppage of work by one must immediately be followed by stop

Workers and Farmers Urged to Hear Engdahl Speak in Wisconsin

Serious unrest is sweeping over the farming and laboring population of the country as some of the recent primary election results show. Does the government at Washington want to solve the problems of the work ers and farmers of this country? CAN the American government solve them? These are the questions of the day and exactly these questions will form the subject of the speech by J. LOUIS ENGDAHL, editor of The DAILY WORKER, who is going to Merrifl, Wisc., to speak on the sub ject: "Can the American Government Solve the Problems of the Workers and the Farmers?" The meeting will be on Friday, August 27, 8 p. m. at Arcadia Hall.

The rich bankers are trying to convince the farmers that the source of all their troubles is the high wages of the city workers. Is this true? Are the workers and farmers enemies question in his speech, "Why the Workers and Farmers Are Natural Allies" at Bloomville, Wisc., Saturday, August 28, 8 p. m., sharp. The meeting will be held at the Town Hall.

Refugees Flee Gulf Hurricane. PORT ARTHUR, Tex., Aug. 26 .-Refugees from nearby towns who had fled from the coast to highland places prepared today to roturn to their homes when the gulf hurricane, which Gulf Coast



(Copyright, 1926, by Upton Sinclair) WHAT HAS GONE BEFORE.

WHAT HAS GONE BEFORE.

When "Bunny" Ross, son of J. Arnold Ross, California oil operator, is thirteen years old, he goes with Dad to Beach City to sign an oil lease. There he meets Paul Watkins, near his own age who had run away from his father's poor ranch in the San Elido Valley because the family were "holy roilers." His brother Eli is a cripple who has fits and "heals" people. From time to time Bunny hears, from Paul and sends money to his family. In the meantime Bunny is learning the oil business with his Dad who, along with other oil operators is profiting by the war that had broken out in Europe. Bunny persuades his Dad to go for a quail hunting trip to San Elido Valley. There they meet the Watkins family and Bunny becomes acquainted with Paul's sister, Ruth, whom he likes. While hunting, they locate oil on the ranch and Dad wheedles it out of old Watkins, and also buys adjacent property secretly. In the meantime Bunny starts to high school at Beach City and fails in love with a fellow student, Rose Taintor. When they are ready to drill Bunny and Dad go back to the ranch to direct the work. They persuade Paul to come to live with them and work as a carpenter. Paul had been living with a lawyer who took an interest in him and left him a legacy of books when died. Paul and Ruth live in a shack near the well sight. Eventually the well is begun and Eli, now turned prophet and the pet of wealthy adherents to the faith, makes a blessing as the drilling begins. Bunny goes back to school and finds himself tiring of Rose Taintor. But soon the glad news comes that Bunny's well in the San Elido Valley has struck oil lands. A new field is started. As Bunny and Dad watch the drilling the oil suddenly pours out in a great Jet—and it catches fire. Everyone runs for their lives. Dad drives in great haste to town—for dynamite. He returns and the blast is quickly gotten ready. When the charge is set off, the blaze is snuffed out and the well saved. Bunny is a millionaire ten times over. The boy is now eighteen years old a rederation and realizes he has no chance to buck up against the huge combine he faces there in attempting to advance the interests of the men. The strike is called and Dad, along with the rest of the operators, takes the thugs and guards supplied by the association to "protect property." . .

Paul had gone with the strikers, so Bunny learned. Mr. Ross had offered to keep him on, for there was some building that needed to be done, and the carpenters were not on strike. But Paul had thought it over and decided that his duty lay with the oil workers; they hadn't many educated men among themthat was one of the burdens the twelve hour day put upon them; so Mr. Ross would have to accept Paul's resignation, permanently or temporarily, as he might think best. Dad had said there would be no hard feelings, and Paul might come back when the strike was over.

Bunny went up to the Rascum place to see Ruth and ask workers won nothing, but have lost her about it. The "Superintendent of Horticultural Operations" everything. Hundreds of thousands of had gone on strike with the boss carpenter, but they were still dollars have been lost in wages and occupying the bungalow, and Ruth did the work for Dad, whenever he occupied the cabin. Ruth said that Paul couldn't get out here any more, he was sleeping on some sacks of straw in the union headquarters, where he worked about twenty hours a day. So Meelie was staying with her sister, and they spent all their spare time baking things, and old Mr. Watkins came with the same old horse hitched to the same old wagon, and carried the things to Paradise, where they were sold to the strikers. They had closed up their stand at the Watkins tract, because there wasn't nobody there but guards, and they wouldn't feed no guards, not if they starved. So spoke Meelie, who was a little chatter-box; and Ruth looked at Bunny with some embarrassment, thinking that wasn't proper talk before him. But Bunny said he wasn't strong for guards himself, it had made him sort of sick to see them on the place that was supposed to be his. And Meelie said the man that was in charge at their place wasn't a bad fellow, he had been a forester and fireguard; but some of them others was awful men, and Pap was a-scairt for the girls to go on the road at night, they cussed something fierce, and they had liquor all the time.

There was an alluring odor of hot gingerbread in the kitchen, boss was even paying more than the matters into their own hands and or- and Bunny had not yet had his lunch; so the girls set the little union is asking for, if the laborer deganize properly. As already stated table, and the three sat down, and had a meal of scrambled eggs and potatoes, and bread and butter, and goat's milk and gingerbread and strawberries-for the plants which Paul had set out had been diligently tended by Ruth, who couldn't bear to let living things suffer, even green ones. Ruth was now a young lady of almost eighteen, the same age as Bunny, but she felt a lot older, as girls do. Her fair hair was done up on the top of her head, and you saw her bare legs no longer. She always looked nice working in the kitchen, because then her cheeks were rosy; she was competent in her own domain, and told you to sit down and not mess things up trying to help. She had the bright hive eyes of all the Watkins family; in her case they went with a candid, quiet gaze that seemed to go to the depths of you, and make both deception and unkindness impossible.

Bunny at this time was just beginning an intense experience back at home-his first serious love affair, about which we shall be told before long. Eunice Hoyt was a rich girl, and complicated; to know her was sometimes pleasure and sometimes torment But Ruth was a poor girl, and simple; her presence was soothing, calm and still like a Sabbath morning. Paul was a great and good man. Now Paul had given up his ten dollar a day job to help the strikers, and Ruth was baking food for the strikers, and while they had money she would sell it to them, and when they had no more money she would give it to them.

Meelie, likewise, was delighted to bake for the men, but that was not her only interest in them. The coming of oil to the Watkins tract had meant vast changes in Meelie's life, she was no longer to be recognized as a goat-herd, but had blossomed out, acquiring sophistication and conversation, and a bright colored ribbon in her hair and a necklace of yellow beads about her neck. Meelie had been to town the evening before, and it had been so exciting! Eli was a full-fledged preacher now, with a church of his own, and was holding services every evening for the glory of the Lord, and great numbers of the strikers had come, and grace had been abounding; and in between the pentecostal manifestations, Meelie had picked up news of the strikethere had been a fight on Main Street because a drunken guard had been rude to Mamie Parsons; and Paul had been one of a committee to see the sheriff and demand that he take either the liquor or the guns away from his deputies; and tomorrow Meelle was going to church again-there would be three services all through the day; and it was said that on Monday the operators were going to bring in strike-breakers, and start the wells flowing on Excelsior Pete; and the men were getting ready to stop that if they could-it would be terrible!

(To be continued)

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Entered as second-class mail September 21, 1923, at the post-office at Chicago, Iil., under the act of March 3, 1879. Advertising rates on application.

Our Estimate of the Philippine Situation Confirmed

We were slightly too optimistic yesterday when we inferred independence movement for the last that the imperialists supporting the Bacon bill had failed to organize a Moro demonstration in its favor, or even a substantial demonstration in favor of continued American rule for the benefit lished"-contained in the Jones bill. of Colonel Carmi Thompson and the American press.

A later dispatch to the New York Times states:

A delegation of Moros handed Colonel Thompson a list of Datos, or feudal chiefs, "who want the American people to govern Lanao Province." They wrote in Arabic The list named 400 Datos, claiming 70,000 followers.

Inasmuch as there are 500,000 Moros, the numerical following of the chiefs who want perpetual American rule, even if genuine, nos had established a stable governis not very impressive, but there has been an appeal for the im- ment, were organizationally efficient perialist press to play up. The Times gives it a headline, "Moros Demand American Rule."

But more important than this feeble popular support for the Bacon bill and the rubber interests is a statement immediately pre ceeding the sentences we quote and reading as follows:

Some Americans of Mindanao, as elsewhere in the Philippines, realizing the danger of the situation, the possibilities of a flare-up over the independence and Bacon bill issues, IF THE AGITATION GETS OUT OF THE LEADERS' HANDS AND BECOMES A REAL ANTI-AMERICAN CAMPAIGN, recommend the appointment of a congressional commission (Emphasis ours.)

In the concluding article on the Philippine situation published A SAMPLE of this kind of publicity on this page today we make certain criticisms of the leadership of the independence movement which this dispatch confirms. The the Manila daily news apers, it says: failure of this leadership to organize the workers and peasants as the mass base of the movement, their catering to American respectability and the playing down of the importance of the Philippine labor movement, has prevented the struggle for national liberation developing the definitely anti-American capitalist character it must have to be effective in consolidating inself.

As usual, when such struggles sharpen, the imperialists are looking to the middle class leadership to check its development and divert it into channels where its energy will be exhausted in fruitless endeavor.

Expressions like that which we quote, coming from the enemies of the Philippine liberation movement, should serve as a warning to its present leaders and convince them of the most exploited and therefore the most determined section of the population-the work ers and peasants.

Important Developments in the Trade Union Movement

A wide difference of opinion has developed with the leadership right into the labor unions, some the working masses such a clear, miliof A. F. of L. unions on the question of how far the worker-employer indicate those which are hidden. co-operation theory and practice of the Watson-Parker bill is to be The eight-hour law is organically that the tendency observable among extended by legislation if the report of the views expressed by President Green during the conference of the A. F. of L. executive council with President Coolidge is correct.

The New York Times reports the position of the A. F. of L. crush the workers' republic, but the for the whole movement that could

official as follows:

Organized labor is opposed to the extension of the principles of the railroad labor board, with indirect government supervision of strikes and labor disputes, according to the leaders who had luncheon with President Coolidge today.

William Green while declining to oppose directly the principle for the adjustment of disputes in other industries, declared, "IT IS NOT PRACTICABLE TO EXTEND THE SYS-TEM IN OTHER INDUSTRIES."

Others in the party asserted that LABOR WAS OPPOSED TO THE PLAN CHIEFLY BECAUSE OF THE GOVERN-MENT SUPERVISION THRU THE BOARD which had power to exert public pressure on the employes as well as capital.

It appears from the report that the objection is not to the principle of "identity of interest" between labor and capital, but to the memorandum under threats of worse magnificent general strike; and now, enactment of legislation which creates a government agency espe- to come if they refuse. cially for the handling of disputes. It is probable that the tremendous power wielded by the present completely reactionary mediation board, appointed by Coolidge in accord with the provisions of into the trap when he agreed to with- everywhere is to cry a warning to the the Watson-Parker bill, and the agitation for the extension of this draw his pamphlet on the betrayal of miners and to call for action and legislation to other industries, particularly coal mining, coupled the general strike and agreed to the struggle which will break thru this with the fact that a powerful opposition has been organized in the of the union executives. What a tre- formist treachery. Such action re-United Mine Workers' Union as a result of the rank and file and mendous triumph this was for the quires criticism, constant and continthe lower circle of officials seeing the danger of just such proposals, traitor, Thomas, is reflected in the uous criticism, of all the misleaders endangering the very life of the union, have forced the A. F. of L. convention of the National Union of of the British workers. Only thus can leaders to give some serious thought to the danger of a mass revolt thrown into confusion by the sudden gether with the whole capitalist of once the workers of other unions become aware of the direction in unity of Cook with Thomas, was com- fensive. which they are being led.

We must await further information before we are able to estimate the full significance of the statements made to Coolidge, day, when a majority of the delegates but one thing is certain: It is that pressure from below, as yet not overruled Thomas and his pleas, to strong and well organized and clear, is being felt by the official eject from the hall the bourgeois

sponsors of worker-employer co-operation. The pressure must and will be increased.

SUBSCRIBE TO THE DAILY WORKER!

CHICAGO PAINTERS' LOCAL 194 DONATES \$1,000 TO MINE STRIKE

The Chicago Painters' Union, Local 194, on Wednesday received the speakers for British miners' relief, Paul McKenna, representing the strikers at the surrender of the general strike, all. This is the ultimatum handed in directly, and Anton Johansen of the Chicago Federation of Labor. Following the addresses of these speakers, the local voted an assessment of fifty cents Thomas carry thru new treachery. per member, and ordered a check drawn immeditely for an amount to cover

such assessment, a sum of \$875. This is an addition to the sum of \$125 previously given and brings the tives, together with the pretense of a hospital here as the result of an in New York were secured through donation of Local 194 to the British strikers up to an even \$1,000.

The Fight on Filipino Freedom—The Vanished "Little Brown Brother Period"—"Divide and Conquer"-Philippine Rubber Possibilities-The Philippines as a Strategic Base for American Imperialism in the Pacific Area-Natural Resources Other Than Rubber-Mobilizing "Public Sentiment"-Some Defects of the

Independence Movement.

ARTICLE VII.

New Problems-New Methods.

By WILLIAM F. DUNNE. T is clear that the struggle for na tional liberation in the Philippine

has entered a new phase. Up to the time that the introduc tion of the Bacon bill and the inten sive Wall Street propaganda in sup port of it announced the intention of American imperialism to tighten its control of the islands, and the rubber interests began agitation for the re peal of the land laws, the Philippine ten years has based itself on the promise of independence-"whenever a stable government has been estab

T has been possible for the small Philippine capitalist class and the niddle class to carry on a highly re pectable propaganda struggle for a hilippine republic. It has been nec ssary only to point to the Jones bill s the expression of American govrnment. The only controversial issue has been as to whether the Filipiand in other ways were "ready for independence.

THE issue therefore became one of I fact and the American propaganda of the independence movement has been devoted largely to showing that Filipino workers can and will labor just as hard and devotedly for their employers as American workers do, that tropical torpor is foreign to the lilipino masses, that Filipino intelectuals are the peer of any in the world, that Filipino capitalists are good business men, and to similar middle class idiocies

Republic" for August. Speaking of Individually and collectively, these four newspapers will compare in every way with the American dailies of our larger cities. Indeed, sometimes we think they are better

CARRY NEARLY EVERY ONE OF THE IMPORTANT SYNDI-CATE FEATURES THE AMERI-CAN NEWSPAPERS CARRY. . . "WHY, THEY ARE JUST LIKE AMERICAN PAPERS," exclaimed an American. . . like many Americans, he had been fed up on propaganda, and believed that anything Philippine must necessarily be below par. (Emphasis mine.)

WHY Filipinos should be particularly proud of the fact that their ewspapers "are just like Amerian papers" and that they carry the yndicated poison of the American ess is a mystery to any intelligent worker. It can be explained only by ne fact that Americanization of the sland population is considered a strong argument for independence,

AS a matter of fact, this is the argument of the rubber interests and they propose an intensive Americanza tion by the enslavement of Filipino and Moro workers and peasants. At this point the middle class leaders of Philippine independence move ment and the American capitalists are in agreement and it is here that the weakness of the present leadership shows itself, even the some of them indulge in seemingly militant nationalist utterances. Speaking recently to meeting of 10,000 people in the Manila opera house, Manuel Roxas, speaker of the Philippine house of repsentatives, said:

We are at war. A PEACEFUL war, to be sure, but war, tremendous, exacting war just the same. We are engaged in a strenuous struggle against the rising tide of imperialism in our country. Let us all, DEMOSRATS, NATION-

ALISTS, VETERANS or not, join forces and fight imperialism with all the force at our command. (Emphasis mine.)

ONE may pass over the reference to

edited and snappier, and THEY | perialism is there any mention of the labor movement-the 150,000 organized Filipino workers-or to the peasant organizations, of which there are a number in the islands?

It is quite evidently a purely par liamentary struggle that the present leaders of the independence movement have in mind and one in which the working masses will be represented only thru middle-class political par-

THIS is a fundamental mistake and it spells failure for freedom of the islands unless it is corrected. The present leadership is being tested. Much depends upon its decision as to what forces it must base itself on.

The Philippine leadership should study the Chinese national liberation movement. It will find that the militancy and vitality of the Chinese movement springs from the fact that it is based upon the labor movement first, and, second, upon an alliance between the workers and the peas antry. The honest intellectuals of China, students particularly, have become organizers of the trade unions and peasant associations. The Chilabor movement is now the leader of the struggle for national liberation as well as its principal or ganizing force with the peasantry giving it a mass character.

THE Philippine trade union move ment in proportion to total population is immensely stronger than was the Chinese trade union movement. the rise of the labor movement to the course of the struggle.

euphemism, but where in the mention Federation of Labor on May 4 adopt ism in the Philippines

In case of war between the United States and any other nation bordering on the Pacific, THE WORKERS OF THE PHILIPPINES WILL REMAIN NEUTRAL. The resolution made the further

declaration that: The Filipino workers HAVE NO OTHER CAUSE TO DEFEND THAN THAT OF THE LIBERA-TION OF THEIR OWN COUNTRY. A REVOLUCION," a Manila labor L paper published in Spanish, in commenting on the above declaration,

One must stand one way or another. Let us be perfectly frank from now on. We should not hesitate to let the world know our position: we are for Filipino independence AND WE WILL ALLY OUR-SELVES WITH ANY POWER WILLING TO GUARANTEE US INDEPENDENCE, ALTHO THAT GUARANTEE MUST BE A MORE EFFECTIVE ONE THAN THAT GIVEN TO US IN 1898. (Emphasis

CONTRASTED with the generalities of the middle class leaders of the independence movement, these statements show an understanding and determination which no national liberation movement can fail to take full which deals with embryology (or onadvantage of and succeed.

The organization and extension of peasant organizations, the division of when the Hongkong transport work- tions, an intensive campaign for the ers' strike marked the beginning of inclusion in the trade unions of all hoped they would have some influagricultural and industrial workers, leadership of the national liberation the establishment of a firm alliance struggle. One hundred and fifty thou- between the trade unions and the sand organized workers in a popula- peasantry, the demand for a workers' tion of some 11,000,000 can exert an and peasants' government—the linkimmense influence in shaping the ing up of all these demands and organizational measures with the strug-THERE are signs that the labor gle for national liberation, autonomy movement and the labor press are in internal affairs for the Moro secalready considerably in advance of tions desiring it-these are the minithe purely nationalist movement. The mum requirements for a successful 'peaceful" war as an oratorical annual convention of the Philippine struggle against American imperial-

of the coalition of forces to fight im ed a resolution declaring that: Danger to British Labor Are Demands of Miners Unfair

By EARL BROWDER.

inderground of the miners to eight ment for new leadership. nd one-half hours) it was completing lever encircling movement about T even some of the revolutionary

immediate purpose is to enable the happen. front" with Thomas, MacDonald & class mouths gagged by a "united front"

miners, and therefore for the world's | gle, it is again about their necks. labor movement. Cook himself feli pletely demoralized.

How deep that opposition was in its potentialities was shown on the first newspaper representatives. The opposition sentiment was there, but it had been deprived of its lead, of its point of orientation-it had been beheaded. THE role of the so-called "left wing" countries which constitute the world in the general council (Purcell. Hicks, et al) in the latest developments continue to be what it was since the calling of the general strike tariff regulations. and its surrender—that of lackeys to Thomas and the right wing. In equiv- speaks for the president, asserts that from themselves the mass indignation ed by the senate or will not go in at but their actions continue to help advance to the league powers.

It is the camouflage of new "help"

I false "united front" which is pledged the British parliament to no action whatever that is dissolve passed the eight-hour law (a law ing the basis for a real advance of the which, if enforced, increases the time workers—the basis of a mass move

the miners, with the assistance of the workers have been confused by the general council, "left" as well as right new maneuvers of reaction. This is wings, by means of which it expects the more unfortunate since the minor to drive the miners to accept the coal ity movement and the Communist commission report. This campaign Party made such a brilliant record, has had wide ramifications, extending before and during the strike, and gave connected with the campaign against the revolutionary workers to silence Soviet Russia. Both reflect a deep their criticism of the general council desire of the bourgeoisie who wish leaders (both right and "left") at this longer hours for labor and wish to moment is the most dangerous thing

treacherous right-wing leaders of the When the Glasgow Worker, organ of trade unions and labor party, Thomas, the minority movement, issued the slo-MacDonald & Co., to pose before the gan on June 25 of "Action first, criti masses in a militant attitude of de- cism afterward," it was objectively flance of the government; for them falling into the same trap into which to regain some of the lost hold upon Cook fell, and thus failing effectively the workers; to demoralize the broad to expose and block this huge treason, opposition aroused at the surrender of this monstrous strategy of all the the general strike by calling for a forces of the British bourgeoisie di 'united front" against the eight-hour rected against the miners, and thru law and for Soviet Russia (a "united | the miners against the whole working

Co.!); and under cover of all this elab- THRU the whole experience of the orate smoke-screen, the miners, their | 1 British working class since the last days of April, the bright yellow agreement, their support demoralized, thread of bankrupt reformism is incan be driven to accept the Samuel tertwined; this thread choked the after it had been so splendidly cast off

The first duty of revolutionists cancellation of the June 25 conference ring of governmental forces and re-Railway Men, where the opposition, the new hours-law be defeated, to-

Coolidge States U. S. Will Not Revise Its World Court Position

PAUL SMITH'S, N. Y., Aug. 26 .-President Coolidge is "disturbed" by the rumors from Europe that the court are intending to induce the United States to revise its reserva tions and ask for various trades on

"spokesman," who always ocal public statements and speeches the United States will go into the they have attempted to direct away world court on the reservations adopt-

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Aug. 26.-Four for the miners" that made it possible men were killed, one is dying and New York," Secy. Anna David of Local to postpone the meeting of the execu- two others are in critical condition in 52 says to the girls. "The conditions uniting to defend Russia, and it is this automobile crash here early today.

By MAX BEDACHT. THE British general strike raised many issues for the workers that need careful consideration. One of

hese issues is that the strike was fought in support of the struggle of the British Miners' Federation for the maintenance of their standard of wages and hours against the mine owners who claim that the coal mining industry can no longer maintain decent wages and hours and still pay The mine owners maintain that it is manifestly unfair of the workers to demand "more than the sary it is, then, for us to say clearly industry can pay." The issue of capitalism itself is thus raised.

The capitalist "invests" money only because he expects profits. Organization of production is carried on on that basis. No profit-no production. As against this there is the interest of society as a whole and of the worker in particular. No production-

The Contradiction.

HERE is for capitalism the insoluble contradiction between the profit interests of the capitalist own ers of industry and the very life in terests of society. It is here where the principle of the American Federation of Labor, "a fair day's work for a fair day's pay," suffers its Waterloo. A fair day's work for the boss can be only one guaranteeing good profits irrespective of whether the workers eat or not. A fair day's wage for the workers, on the other hand, can only be one which guarantees sufficient means of living, irrespective of whether the boss gets any profits on his investment or not.

The British struggle is establishing for themselves the principle that the cisively. And it is not difficult to concern of the workers and unions is only a "fair day's pay," It is in the be victorious.

nature of capitalism that in these struggles for a fair day's pay the workers will run up against a situation when industries conducted on the basis of capitalism can no longer guarantee a "fair day's pay" and a "fair profit." At this moment the struggle of the workers must direct itself against profit, against capitalism it self. The workers cannot starve themwhen the private ownership of indus try can no longer keep the workers alive then the workers will abolish the bosses, abolish the private owner-

The Alternative.

itself. The Communists do not manutives. Capitalism creates them. And right and the pseudo left leaders of peaceful and non-revolutionary intenits causes.

The miners of Great Britain fight for a chance to live. The mine owners fight for their profits. The principles of capitalism make it obligatory for the mine owners to fight for their profit. The will and the right to live make it obligatory for the workers to fight for their wages. And as between the principles of capitalism and the will to live the struggle will go on until one or the other side wins deselect the side which will eventually

TALE OF TWO CITIES: CHICAGO MILLINERY SHOPS UNORGANIZED, LOWER WAGES THAN IN NEW YORK

CHICAGO - (FP) - Nonunion Chi- | same conditions in Chicago if you will cago sweats its millinery workers organize." while unionized New York gives much more tolerable conditions, the Womens Millinery Workers union explains in driving home to Chicago girls what of the labor movement both at home is Local 52 of the Cloth Hat, Cap & millinery workers of Chicago, gave \$40 Millinery Workers Intl., draws the fol- for the relief of the Passaic textile lowing comparisons:

-Weekly Wage-Makers & Union **Operators Trimmers Hours** \$30-45 New York\$45-65 44 20-35 15-30 48

Overtime Work Rate 11/2 equal secure division

Chicago ... straight favorites arbitrary

Chicago

"Wages and hours for nonunion millinery workers in Chicago compare still more unfavorably with unionized the union. You can bring about the

The local, though organized less

than a year ago, promptly showed its sense of responsibility toward the rest organization means. The union, which and abroad. When Local 47, the men strikers, Local 52 donated \$75. When the men gave \$50 to the British miners, the women volunteered in numbers for the British relief tag day in Chicago and they are doing the same for the Passaic tag day.

> Two delegates are going from Local 52 to the annual woman trade union conference under the auspices of the Women's Trade Union league, at Waukegan, Ill., Sept. 24-26. The success of the hat frame workers local in New York in a 3-day strike has led to plans to organize the workers of that craft in a similar local in Chicago.

WRITE AS YOU FIGHT! Get a copy of the American Worker Correspondent. It's only 5 cents.

Ernest Haeckel on "Last Words

CHAPTER II.

THE STRUGGLE OVER OUR GEN-EALOGICAL TREE.

Our Ape-Relatives and the Vertebrate Stem.

(Continued from previous issue.)

Encouraged by these great advancs of modern phylogeny, and with the support of many new discoveries in omparative anatomy and embryology, n which a number of distinguished observers were at work, I was able in 1874 to venture on the first attempt to trace continuously the whole story of man's evolution. In doing so, took my stand on the firm ground of the biogenetic law, seeking to give a phylogenetic cause, for each fact of embryology. My Evolution Man, which made the first attempt to accomplish this difficult task, was materially improved and enlarged as new and important discoveries were made The latest edition (1903 [1904 in Eng lish]) contains thirty chapters distrib uted in two volumes, the first of togeny), and the second with the development of species (or phylogeny)

Tho I was quite conscious that estates and public lands by a commisthere were bound to be gaps and sion of delegates of peasant organiza- weak points in these first attempts to frame a natural anthropogeny, I had ence on modern anthropology, and especially that the first sketches of a genealogical tree of the animal world would prove a stimulus to fresh rereach and improvement. In this I was much mistaken. The dominant school of anthropology, especially in Germany, declined to suffer the introduction of the theory of evolution declaring it to be an unfounded hypothesis, and described our carefully prepared ancestral trees as mere figments. This was due, in the first place, to the great authority of the founder and president (for many rears), of the German Anthropological ociety, Rudolf Virchow, as I briefly pointed out in the previous chapter. In view of the great regard that is felt for this distinguished scientist. and the extent to which his powerful opposition prevented the spread of the theory, it is necessary to deal more fully with his position on the subject. I am still further constrained to do this because of the errone ous views of it that are circulating and my own fifty years' acquaintance with my eminent teacher enables me to put them right.

Not one of Virchow's numerous pu-

pils and friends can appreciate more than I do his real services to medical science. His Cellular Pathology (1858), his thorough application of ship of industry which stands in their the cell-theory to the science of disease, is, in my opinion, one of the greatest advances made by modern THIS is a revolutionary perspective, medicine. I had the good fortune to I it is true. But this perspective is begin my medical studies at Wurtznot manufactured by the terrible Bol- burg in 1852, and to spend six valusheviks, but by the logic of capitalism able terms under the personal guidance of four biologists of the first facture such revolutionary alterna- rank-Albert Kolliker, Rudolf Virchow, Franz Levdig and Carl Gegenin spite of all the protestations of the baur. The great stimulus that I received from these distinguished masthe British general strike of their ters in every branch of comparative and microscopic biology was the starttions this alternative rises before the ing-point of my whole training in that working class of Great Britain and of science, and enabled me subsequently the world as a result of the strike and to follow with ease the higher intellectual flight of Johannes Muller. From Virchow especially I learned, not only the analytic art of careful observation and judicious appreciation of the detailed facts of anatomy, but also the conception of the whole human frame, the profound conviction of the unity of our nature, the inseparable connection of body and mind, to which Virchow gave a fine expression in his classic essay on "The Ef forts to bring about Unity in Scientific Medicine" (1849). The leading articles which he wrote at that time for the Journal of Pathological Anatomy and Physiology, which he had founded, contain much new insight into the wonders of life, and a number of excellent general reflections on their significance—pregnant ideas that we can make direct use of for Monistic purposes. In the controversy that broke out between empirical rationalism and materialism and the older vitalism and mysticism, he took the side of the former, and fought together with Jacob Moleschott, Vogt, and Ludwig Buchner. the firm conviction of the unity of organic and inorganic nature, of mechanical character of all vital and psychic activity, which #I have always held to be the foundation of my Monistic system, in a great measure to Virchow's teaching and the exhaustive conversations I had with him when I was his assistant. The profound views of the nature of the cell and the Independent individuality of these elementary organisms, which he advanced in his great work Cellular Pathology, remained guiding principles for me in the prolonged studies that I made thirty years afterwards of the organization of the radiolaria and other unicellular protists; and also in regard to the theory of the cell-soul, which followed naturally from the

psychological study of it. (To be continued.