

inconsistency, but Krishnamurti should ning in the election is Oscar Amerinworry. People who are crazy enough ger, the slimy socialist faker who to believe his hokum will disbelieve in the guise of a clown, attacked the anything to his discredit until some radicals with ridicule in the pages of other faker with a better line and a the Illinois Miner, the official organ nuttier "angel" hoves in sight. If of the district. Aimee MacPherson could run away with a radio operator and collect |

of a lover, is it surprising that a to publish the Miner after collecting dreamy Hindoo could get away with thousands of dollars from the coal more refined bunk? . . .

L to the Spanish throne, is critically money, they had to be satisfied with ill and Alfonso's third son will be named heir to the throne, as the second son is handicapped by impedi- to give Ameringer a position as editor nto to his snoor

Ameringer Got Contract. Ameringer, whose headquarters are \$30,000 to ransom her from the arms in Oklahoma City, secured a contract diggers for the publication of a labor daily. The plan went up the spout THE Duke of Asturias, heir-apparent and as the miners could not get their what they could get. Farrington, who was fighting Lewis at the time agreed of the Illinois Miner. The contract

coal operators, did this, not for the good of the union, but in an effort to get control of Farrington's district.

THE PROGRESSIVES WERE RIGHT; FARRINGTON WAS "A COMPANY MAN", THE MINERS MUST NOW OUST LEWIS

THE ousting of Frank Farrington from the presidency of the Illinois Miners' Union by an executive board which is equally responsible with Farrington for his treachery to the miners, gives the union coal diggers of Illinois an opportunity they have long waited for.

Those betrayed, persecuted and exploited trade unionists have time and time again attempted to clean up the nest of corruption in the district office of the Illinois miners' union, which has been a festering sore on the body of the labor movement over since Frank Farrington, backed by the Peabody Coal Company, established himself there. Those who opposed Farrington's methods and Farrington's policies ran the risk of being blacklisted by the companies at Farrington's request, expelled from the union, framed-up in the capitalist courts or manhandled by Farrington's thugs. As a cloak for their wrecking tactics the reactionaries claimed they were warring against the radicals in order to protect unity of the organization.

Morgue in Preventable **Clymer Mine Accident**

Mine, mangled and lacerated almost the laborers were working. beyond recognition in the worst disaster in this part of the country. The

bodies of three men are still burled mine car broke away and ran down under tons of rock with the rescue the plane in the workings of the Green crew trying to reach them.

and county investigations are under liam Pritchard has a probable fracture

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., Aug. 81 .-when refusal was made to grant the Four anthracite miners were probably poor-law allowances to the miners' fatally burned in an explosion at families, the miners lad a rush upon Wanamie colliery of Lehigh and the counch, which was a successful Wilkes-Barre Coal Co. Felix Muzalis fight of several hours against police was engineer on the electric motor; clubs, and only ceased when the coun-Harry Meyer, motor brakeman; Frank

CLYMER, Pa., Aug. 31 .- Forty-one Gizanski and William Fink, laborodies lie in an improvised margue ers. It is thought a spark from the it the Machine Shop of the Clymer motor ignited gas in the pocket where

Four More Hurt. Four miners were injured when a

Ridge Coal Co., near Scranton. Eugene The mine is owned by the Clearfield Davis had to have his left leg ampu-Bituminous Coal Co. Federal, "state tated, it was so badly crushed. Wil-

cil finally promised to give each famfly sixty cents.

AMALGAMATED ASKS AID FOR BRITISH MINERS

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Aug. 31 .--Support for the British miners who have been striking 17 weeks is asked of Amalgamated Clothing Workers members by a general ex-



in his auditory organs. Meanwhile called for an annual subsidy for the Alfonso is learning the latest wrin- paper and Ameringer agreed to send kles in the charleston, to the delight of American ladies, who would gladly of the Illinois Miners' Union. have their tongues slit and their ears amputated in return for a mumble from a real prince. It's a great world, mates. Is it surprising that our ruling class dreads a new order?

. . .

THAT the British miners are facing A a serious crisis cannot be disputed. If evidence of social-democratic treachery were needed to show the working class the folly of depending on those servants of capitalism any longer the miners' strike supplies it abundantly. Since the first day of the strike the socialist leaders of the British workers on the T. U. C. and in the labor party have done everything except help the striking miners. It now appears that the government, the coal operators and the right wing labor leaders are following a concerted protions. gram with the object of getting rid of A. J. Cook, who, despite some serious mistakes, has fought well for the union.

. . . VOU may often hear it said that a I. scandal like Frank Farrington's \$25,000 a year contract with a coal company could not happen in England. But it can and did happen. Ramsay MacDonald, that whited sepulchre of hypocrisy, accepted \$150,000 from a tory biscuit manufacturer and an automobile in return for conferring the title of knight on the tory. The tory explained his generosity on the ground that MacDonald was an old friend of his. Samuel Insull's reason for giving trict. a similar sum to Frank L. Smith of Illinois was exactly the same! So

(Continued on page 4)

a copy of each issue to every member

Living On Machine Bounty. In addition to Ameringer there are many others who have been living directly on the bounty of the Farring-

ton machine or indirectly thru Far rington's influence with Governor Len Small. In return for Farrington's pol itical support Small practically gave the district president cart blanche to name appointees to fill positions as mine inspectors and other jobs connected with the mining industry. This gave Farrington a tremendous pay roll brigade and also the assistance of political fixtures in the Small apparatus, such as sheriffs, county prose cutors and mayors. All those will have to do serious thinking about their future if the present corrupt machine of the Lewis and Farrington cohorts is wiped out in the December elec-

Considerable guessing as to how Lewis secured a copy of Farrington's contract with the Peabody Coal company is indulged in. The Federated Press, has the following comment on the subject of Farrington's defection:

How Lewis Got Dope. Theories as to how Lewis, who is under criticism for his conduct of the union in the West Virginia districts. got hold of the incriminating papers range from that of plain unaided "ab straction" to some form of operator connivance, the most extreme dope being that Peabody Coal itself took this method of insuring a new president for the miners in the Illinois dis-

The Chicago Journal of Commerce. which is very close to the Illinois ope (Continued on page 4)

What's What About Frank Farrington

BEGINNING next Thursday, The DAILY WORKER will publish a brief history of the part played by Frank Farrington, suspended president of the Illinois Miners' Union, since he first assumed the role of leader in the U. M. W. of A. It is a record of collaboration with the employers, of persecution of the militant miners, of corruption in politics, of alliance with the most venal elements in Illinois politics. The story of the rupture between Farrington and Lewis and their subsequent burying of the hatchet to put up a united front against the progressives will make interesting reading in view of the attempt of Lewis to make capital out of Farrington's disgrace in order to enable himself to pose as a pure and unsullied soul. WATCH OUT FOR NEXT TUESDAY'S ISSUE.

 N^{OW} the crooks are out in the open and the betrayed coal-diggers are in no mood to listen to explanations from the agents of the Peabody Coal Company.

The Illinois miners must not be fooled by the fake pretensions of John L. Lewis and his discredited agents in the Illinois Miners' Union, that they are out to purify the organization of evil influences. The Illinois miners now have an opportunity to clean out all the crooks; those who support Lewis as well as those who support Farrington.

In the person of Joseph Tumulty, the Illinois miners have a candidate for district president, who has fought against the crooked Farrington machine. Tumulty's policy is that of the progressive miners. That policy is against dictatorship over the union by the coal companies. It stands for: nationalization of mines under workers' control; a labor party of workers and farmers; no arbitration or conciliation boards; a six-hour day and a five-day week; all agreements to expire at the same time; one hundred per cent union organization; the right of free speech in the union; an alliance with railroad and transport workers; resistance to injunctions and government strikebreaking; and support of the Progressive Miners.

THE Illinois Miners' Union is thru with Farrington as president. But as long as Lewis is international president all their efforts to exact a living wage and better working conditions from the operators will be frustrated by Lewis and his agents in the district. Lewis will seek the destruction of the Illinois district as he did in several other districts unless the officers bend to his will. The Illinois miners must therefore do their level best to defeat John L. Lewis for international president in the coming elections along with William Sneed, Lewis' man for the district presidency and any other lackey that Farrington, the Peabody Coal Company or Lewis may put up.

The task of the Illinois miners in the coming elections is to clean out every vestige of the Farrington machine in district No. 12 and vigorously co-operate with the opposition to Lewis thruout the U. M. W. of A. to vote John L. Lewis out of office.

Ancient Injunction Middle Class Buyers Dug Up Against Six Boston A. C. W. Men

of German War Bonds Storm Slander Court

BOSTON, Aug. 31 .--- Six Amalga-BERLIN, Aug. 31 .- A frenzied mob mated Clothing Workers' Union ofof investors in German war bonds ficials have been cited for contempt crashed the doors of a courtroom here under a two-year-old injunction grantto shout insults at Dr. Hjalmar ed the Morris B. Anderson clothing Schacht, the bank's president. firm. Joseph Salerno, Benjamin Sker-Most of the crowd had been ruined ston, joint board business agent; Max by the collapse in the value of the Benjamin, joint board head; Max bonds during the period of currency Bloom, joint board manager; Felice di inflation, or by the refusal of the bank Napoli and Nicola Stalloni are those to redeem them sat par in the newly named in two complaints by the firm. valorized currency.

way as to the cause of the accident. of the skull in addition to numerous Department of Labor experts have de- severe bruises. Patrick Crane has clared that all explosions of coal dust fractured ribs and bad bruises. Wiland cave-ins caused by such explos- liam Williams is bruised and cut about ions are preventabe. the head, chest and body.

ecutive board appeal. The union's board sent \$10,000 in a lump sum earlier in the strike and is now seeking further contributions from its members.

SEVEN YEARS OLD-AND GROWING STRONGER!



Page

al hat find 1 THE DAILY WORKER

MINORITY MEET

IN BRITAIN IS

EPOCH-MAKING



翻

French Writer Describes Working Conditions

Mining is hard work in America, but in most of our fields easy as compared with some of the mines of recurrence of this tragedy." Wales, as many of our Welsh brothers here know. Miners are frequently compelled to work on their backs in the mud in some of the Welsh mines with 32-inch veins. These conditions were recently described by a French writer, Andree Viollis, in "L'Europe Nouvelle." It follows in part:

"We climbed up to a little platform, which was as black as inferno (Car- plosives. diff, Wales). Above us invisible machinery grumbled and groaned. To one side a gigantic wheel was turning, alternately lifting and thrusting down \$84,399,506 worth of munitions consistthe long arm that moved the pumps Equipped with little lamps, we entered a black, slippery cage.

Minutes Seemed Hours.

"A big black hole seemed to inhale us, during our dizzy descent, while the minutes seemed as long as hours. Finally we stopped, a thousand feet below the surface. My ears roared, my eyes smarted, and, quite contrary to my expectation, I was chilled by an icy breeze

"Ordinarily six hundred miners get out of the cage here every morning at 7 o'clock each with his little pail of tea and piece of bread. Here they separate, going down narrow, interminable, steeply sloping tunnels, stumbling over rails to avoid passing coal trucks, receiving douches of cold water down their necks, and dodging falling stones, often of large size that of the same explosive was in magaare constantly detaching themselves zine No. 9, which exploded a few secfrom the roof above.

Crushed in Front of Him.

"My first day in the mine, when L was 14 years old," said my companion, "a man was crushed immediately in front of me. I turned around and ran back to the cage like a crazy rabbit."

"When we left the cage I was chilly, but as we advanced down the gallery we kept getting lower and opening and shutting doors, and the galleries themselves grew narrower and lower. The air became thin, with a heavy, tarlike odor. We had to bend half over to avoid hitting the roof. Soon I was panting like a fish out of water, and I saw the perspiration tracing pale streaks down the of al black faces of my companions.

Walked Three Miles.

"It was a walk of two or three miles to the ccal veins. As we painfully made our way forward my companions explained to me how the trams were, put up, and, when we finally did reach the glistening face, how the coal was undercut with a pick. I cut out my little piece of coal just to qualify as trial banking situation here for the at the Ashland Boulevard Auditorium. a miner.

this one is only thirty-two inches high, Pilsudski government held a meeting concludes its second annual conferand the miner has to work lying on last week with the cabinet. and the miner has to don't for six hours The plan of Minister of Finance his back in the mud-for six hours Klarner to liquidate the agricultural

CHEMICAL ENGINEERING EXPERT **CHARGES GOVERNMENT WHITEWASH OF JERSEY MUNITIONS EXPLOSION**

and the delta day

NEW YORK, Aug. 31 .- Need for explaining to the public the vicious conitions surrounding the Lake Denmark, N. J., disaster remains despite the 'act-of-god" whitewash of the navy's own court of inquiry, according to Dr. H. C. Parmelee, editor of Chemical and Metallurgical Engineering. "The court's failure to fix the responsibility for the disaster on any human being," he said, "must not deter others from a thorough study of all the facts. Public interest demands the most +-

effective effort to prevent a possible, Government Violated Law. "The appalling threat of such over-

"Act of God" No Excuse. "The chemical engineering professtate law-which is accepted by the sion," said Dr. Parmelee, "cannot acexplosives industry as a reasonable cept an "act-of-god" explanation as the and safe precaution based on actual last word in a situation that apparexperience-provides that it is illegal ently involved many human violations to store in any one magazine more of recognized engineering practice in than 30,000 pounds of loose or more the storage and handling of high exthan 20,000 pounds of packaged explosives such as T. N. T. "In an area considerably less than

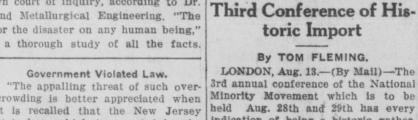
Are Government Officials Above Law? one mile square there were crowded "The same law further provides that 200 buildings in which were stored nagazines which contain 20,000 ounds may be distanced from other ing of loaded and fused shells, depth explosives by at least 800 feet. 'Excharges, aerial bombs, mines and torraterritoriality' is the legal loophole pedoes in addition to tremendous which permitted the United States stores of T. N. T., ammonium picrate, navy to indulge in practices which black powder, picmric acid and smokewould have landed a private manufacturer in fail.

War Department to Blame.

less powder.

Navy Officers Criminally Careless. "The court reported that this ammuthe navy was undoubtedly familiar, nition was segregated in various magbeen carefully observed, there would azines in accordance with bureau of have been no disaster at Lake Denordinance instructions. But is it conmark. In fact that depot would have ceivable that these instructions should been the insignificant storage place

contemplate the conditions that acfor a comparatively small quantity of tually existed at Lake Denmark? carefully segregated explosives. "The testimony showed that tem-Congress Should Investigate. porary magazine No. 8, the first to ex-"The president has it within his plode, contained in addition to bulk ower to appoint an impartial board, explosives more than 1,000,000 pounds roperly qualified to study the disasof cast T. N. T. in depth bombs and er itself, the conditions that existed that fifty feet away 2,000,000 pounds at Lake Denmark and which now obtain at other governmental arsenals. and, what is more important, the unonds later. Eight other magazines derlying faults in the departmental contained from 700.000 pounds to 2. machinery that permitted flagrant vio-500,000 pounds of explosives in bulk, lations of established engineering as well as aerial bombs and loaded practices. Congress, too, must take a and fused projectiles. real interest in such an inquiry."



indication of being a historic gather-The British workers have just passed thru the greatest strike that labor has yet experienced, a strike in which labor's strength was stapped by cowardly and traitorous leaders who paved the way to and perpetrated the great betrayal of May 12.

> First To Warn. The minority movement and the Communist Party alone foresaw the coming of the capitalist offensive and warned the whole working class of Britain of the preparations the government were making for the struggle.

T. U. C. Leaders.

The T. U. C. leaders refused to be warned, in fact experience has taught "Had the precautions, with which now that they were entirely against the idea of concerted working class action and sabotaged it right to the last. The working class of Great Britain have been taught great lessons in the last few months. The yellow socialist slogan of "Trust Your Leaders" has been knocked to the ground.

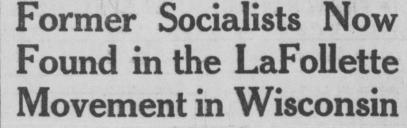
The lessons of the general strike are taking hold of the workers. The "never, never again" advocates are for the present silenced by the blows from the Minority Movement and the Communist Party of Great Britain. Program of Struggle.

The Minority Movement has set itself the task of preparing the necessary program for struggle in the trade union movement. At the coming conerence all urgent questions facing the labor movement will be discussed in

the light of recent happenings. A line of action will be formulated for the future struggle against the reactionary leaders.

The agenda of the conference is as ollows:

- The strike machinery. (b)
- The state and the strikers. (c)
- 2. The Reorganization of the Trade
- A better leadership. (b) Greater power to the General
- Speeding up union amalgama-(c) tions.
- Relations between Trade Unions and Cooperatives.
 - cils and their affiliation to the T. U. C.
 - Trade Unionism. 3. International Unity.



and a second and a s

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL. 10 14 14.m.

struggle.

vehemently.

present time.

lack of international solidarity

among the workers of the world.

especially between the workers of

America and Great Britain. It of-

fered an opportunity to point out the

role that the workers of the Soviet

Union are playing in this great

But this let loose a flood of ex-

But her resistance melted before

When thoroly satisfied on this

question, she was just as energetic

in her efforts to learn the position

of the Soviet Union, and of the Com-

munist Party in the United States,

on the liquor problem. The declara-

tion in the congressional program of

the Workers (Communist) Party

was explained and she was satisfied,

stating that she was going to fight

against the evils of alcohol on the

. . .

This comrade breathed the spirit

that was to be found in the first let-

ter that I read upon returning to

Chicago. It was headed "Lost Youth"

"This is a farming community in

northern Wisconsin called Marengo.

Here a large percentage of the youth

are poisoned or poison themselves

with moonshine, a pleasant beverage

that anyone can cook without break-

ing the prohibition law. This liquor

tive Young Workers' League branch,

a Workers (Communist) Party

branch (Finnish) and a Woman's

Club (Finnish). The Workers Party,

the Woman's Club and the Y. W. L.

branch all fight against the poison-

ers of the youth, and teach the

youth at large which path to take

and why. Young Workers! Come

forth to the Young Workers

. . .

crossroads at Bloomville admitted

that alcohol had a stronger grip on

the population now than ever before.

"Wine and beer are made in 100

per cent of the homes," he said.

"Fifty per cent of them cook

The saloonkeeper here at the

League!"

"We have here at Marengo an ac-

is sold here even to minors.

and read as follows:

basis of the Communist position.

(Special to The Daily Worker) BLOOMVILLE, WISC., (By Mail). -Inquiry is often made about the members and active workers of the socialist party in years gone. As if this were a mystery.

There were several of these former socialists at our meeting here at the Town Hall in Schley township. They were among those most eager to ask questions. To be sure, they were those most easily answered. . . .

Invariably they had gone over to the LaFollette movement, when they had not been won for the Communist movement. Without exception they are now to be found in the right wing of the LaFollette movement, some even elected to office on the LaFollette ticket. They are now supporting the LaFollette conservatives, Blaine for United States senator, and Ekern for governor.

As for the socialist party, it has completely disappeared up here in Lincoln county, where it once had a foothold. Victor Berger, socialist congressman, and Daniel W. Hoan, socialist mayor of Milwaukee, told the workers and farmers to support the LaFollette ticket in 1924. They did to such an extent that the socialist party was completely gutted of its own members and sympathizers. It must be so over other great sections of the state.

. . .

Of course, these socialists who have found a place at the capitalist fleshpots, even tho they bear the La-Follette label, try to justify themselves.

"What reason have we to believe that the Communists will not go the same way as the socialists?" was asked, for instance, by one of these former socialists, who is now a La-Follette county supervisor.

All of which necessitated a careful explanation of the different roles played by the Second (Socialist) International and the Communist International, the latter the heir of the First International, of the International Workingmen's Association of Karl Marx. This ex-socialist didn't mind severe criticism of the socialists. In fact, he seemed to feel that it justified his present renegade position. He tried to buttress that position by attempting to drag the Communists into the mire with the socialists. Thus, for instance, after he had been completely silenced on the question of Communist loyalty to the working class, he came back with the question, "What is going to stop another ruling class from developing its rule over the workers of Russia?"

It was a little difficult to discover just what he was driving at. But 'moon.'



welve more cloak manufacturers and a jobber yesterday signed the new uinon agreements guaranteeing the 40-hour week, 36 weeks' work per year, a 10 per cent increase in wages and limitation of the contractor evil. it has been announced. This brings the total settlements to date with independent manufacturers, jobbers and manufacturers who broke away from

MORE BOSSES

the Industrial Council to 181. periences from a woman comrade Jacob Halpern, chairman, and Philip of the coal mines, who had seen Oretsky, organizer, of the strikers' out struggle after struggle betrayed by of town committee announced the stopthe Lewis regime in the United Mine Workers' of America. She had page of three nonunion shops seeking to operate outside New York. finally come to this agricultural section of Wisconsin convinced that the

Mr. Finder Twists Facts.

Replying to a statement by Henry labor unions were no good. "I don't H. Finder, president of the industrial believe in them," she declared rather council of the cloak manufacturers' association, challenging figures quoted an explanation of the role of the by the union in its letter to Governor trade unions in the struggle of the Smith bearing on the amount of work working class for power, and their controlled by the council in the indusstatus in the United States at the try, Louis Hyman, chairman of the general strike committee, declared:

"Mr. Finder may quote what appear to be official figures to prove that the industrial council, in addition to independent manufacturers, control more than 25 per cent of the industry and thus are sufficiently important for the union to arbitrate with alone, disregarding the jobber element whom we seek to make responsible to the industry. He quotes figures supplied by the unemployment insurance fund which cannot be complete, for the reason that among the present strikers

are a number of workers from former nonunion shops in Manhattan and out of town which were not registered with the fund.

Jobbers the Important Bosses.

"In addition, there are any number of manufacturers who, seeking to avoid making full payments to the fund, minimize the number of workers in their shops. Often these have some favorites among their workers, who, unfortunately, seek to avoid payment of their contributions to the fund, and so they are not listed, the sub-manufacturer benefitting also by this ommission.

"But the more significant proof that the industrial council, considered strictly as inside manufacturers, do not control even 25 per cent of the industry is evidenced by the fact that a good many of them, if not the great part of them, work for jobbers. The same is true of independent manufacturers. That being the case, it is absurd for Mr. Finder to leave the impression that the industrial council. viewed as a group of exclusive manufacturers, is a force to contend with.' ***********************************

Every reader around New York

should attend the

Daily Worker



WARSAW, Aug. 31 .-- Poland's financial situation, in spite of the continued assurances of the cabinet, distin- of the Passaic textile workers, who is guished foreign "visitors," etc., keeps known to American workers in all maneuvered, how the timbering was the local markets and all government parts of the country for her work in officials uncertain. The Polish-American "Kemmerer

commission" investigating the indus- fense to be held here on September 6 purpose of making recommendations The meeting is under the auspices of "In certain veins you can sit up, but about a loan from Wall Street to the International Labor Defense which

The plan of Minister of Finance

amount to 90,000,000 carloads.

tions in foreign currencies.

New York Section,

I. L. D., Demands

NEW YORK, Aug. 31 .- Abolition of

the reign of white terror and general

amnesty for the 6,000 political pris-

olution forwarded to Prime Minister

Conference of delegates from the In-

Elizabeth Gurley Flynn, one of the most active leaders in the big strike the interests of labor, will be the chief speaker at a mass rally for labor de-

ence on the same day. Miss Flynn will relate the experies that the fifteen

FLYNN WILL SPEAK

The General Strike and its Lessons.

(a) The strike leadership.

The law and the strikers. (d)

The future of mass strikes.

Union Movement.

Council.

- (d)
- Development of Trades Coun-(e)
 - How to secure 100 per cent (f)

The Agenda.

Loved Their Trade.

Nevertheless, I could see that these fectionately they spoke of it! How proudly they pointed out a fine piece They patted the smooth blocks of coal as affectionately as a peasant pats his is still investigating.

"As for the dangers, they scorned them. Nevertheless, they will admit that on an average twelve hundred Pilsudski, altho the finance minister at the meeting. men are killed in the British coal mines every year, without counting Kemmerer negotiations that his downthe big catastrophies.

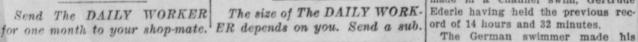
"I noticed also that my two mine leader companions were vigilantly observant every moment. There had not proletariat in the Polish cities, the been a single act of sabotage. The pumps were working; the mine was ready to start tomorrow.

Mice and Ponies

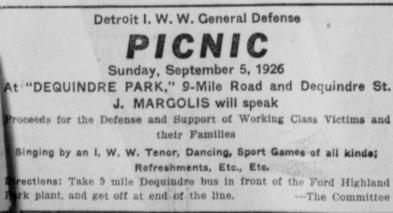
"I saw a few horses still down below -plump, shiny animals with little black mice scampering around their feet, When we were going up, Mr. Jones said: 'But you ought to have een the others when we took them top. They rolled in the grass with eir forefeet in the air as if they had gone grazy.'

"And I could understand it. I had been down three hours, but it seemed three centuries.

"On our return, saturated with perspiration, the cold breeze chilled us to the bone. I thought to myself how the oners in Poland is demanded in a resminers had to trudge back home in the winter, often some distance, in Bartell, the Inter-Party Secretariat, their dirty, wet garments. For these and the Polish Consul General by a mines have no baths or drying rooms, such as are provided in America and ternational Labor Defense branches Germany and in most of the mines in and affiliated organizations represent-France. Is it surprising, then, that so ing 50,000 organized workers, which many miners are old and out of the was held Thursday evening, Aug. 26, running at 50?"



at 799 Broadway.



sand Pa bank and two other government banks | saic strikers have had with the police

and found instead a bank dealing in and the courts during their bitter batmen loved their rude trade. How af. foreign currency met with the sharpest the for union and for better working opposition. During the debate the lie conditions. The story of the mass arwas passed by Kemmerer concerning rests and police terrorism in Passaic of timbering or a well arched gallery! promises he was quoted as having will be told by her in detail. made. Kemmerer now insists that he | C. E. Ruthenberg, secretary of the

Workers Party, whose case arising out Minister Klarner is under a very hot of the famous Michigan Communist arattack by the Courier Czerwony and rests is now before the United States the Courier Poranny, two organs of supreme court on appeal, will speak

seems to be so much entangled in the Dr. J. J. Peters, third assistant president-general of the Universal Negro fall will at least temporarily end Improvement Association, will also apthem, and Pilsudski needs money. pear at the meeting to speak especial-In spite of the starving industrial ly about discrimination against Negro workers and farmers, their incessant minister of agriculture, Raczynski, persecution in many parts of the counboasted at the meeting that he extry, and about the number of Negro pected to see grain exports this year workers and soldiers who are still in prison today for defending their civil As a result of the conference the

nd political rights. government finally decided to repeal James P. Cannon, secretary of Inthe law against commercial transacernational Labor Defense, will speak at the meeting on the progress made n the past year of the work of the organization, and the need of labor unity in the question of defense of labor prisoners. **Polish Amnesty**

German Swimmer Sets New Record in Swim Across the Channel

Dover, Aug. 31 .- Otto Vierkoetten, a German swimmer, is the third person o swim the channel this month and s now the record holder for time in making the treacherous swim. Vierkoetten started from Cape Griz Nez at 1:35 this morning and accom-

plished the swim in 12 hours and 35 minutes, which is the fastest ever made in a channel swim, Gertrude ord of 14 hours and 32 minutes. The German swimmer made his



WORKER readers to help classwar prisoners. Demonstrate for their release-Sept. 6, 8 p. m., at Ashland Blvd. Auditorium.

- The Russian Workers' Aid. (a) (b) The reconstitution of the Anglo-Russian Committee.
 - (c) Next steps for securing International Unity.
 - 4. Anti-Labor Legislation. The Emergency Powers Act
 - and the workers. Seditious laws and the work-(b) Judge-made law and the trade (c)
 - unions. (d) Amnesty for all political pris-

Alex Bittelman to be Speaker at T. U. E. L. **Needle Trades Party**

oners.

Alex Bittelman, editor of the Saturday Magazine of the DAILY WORK. ER, well known to Chicago needle trades workers, will be the speaker at a package party to be given by the needle trades section of the Trade Union Educational League. The affair will be held at the Work-

ers' Lyceum, 2733 Hirsch Blvd., on Sept. 4 at 8 p. m. A surprise is promised by the committee. Admission is

Thrilling Garage Hold-Up.

bus to picnic grounds.

en antibated investministration and the second strategies (1996) (1997)

STERLING, Ill., Aug. 31 .- Three pandits entered the best garage here shortly after midnight yesterday, rifled the safe of \$100 in bills and a quantity of silver, kidnapped three men in the garage and escaped after leaving the victims bound on a highway several miles outside the city.

Good Time! Come!

Grand Defense Picnic

Labor Day, Monday September 6

Unity Camp, Saugus, Mass.

BRUNO'S UNION ORCHESTRA

Auspices International Labor Defense

Directions: Take elevated to Everett, car to Malden Square; from there

Sports

it seemed that he was under the illusion that those holding official position in that Union of Soviet Republic would develop into a new ruling class to oppress the workers. It was only a hazy and ignorant way of restating the charge of the socialdemocracy that the dictatorship in the Soviet Union is the dictatorship of the Communist Party and not a genuine proletarian dictatorship. But it did not take long to convince that audience of farmers and lumber workers that the workers and farm-

ers constitute the class in power in the Soviet Union today, that they are building the Communist society that is abolishing all classes.

All of which shoved the ex-socialist into a corner and he resorted to some of the arguments of the capitalist politicians. Thus he urged that supporting the LaFollette program and ticket would "get something now," whereas nothing could be expected immediately from support given to the Communists. This, of course, was also effectually shattered by showing that the LaFollette movement is but part of the capitalist political game, trying to give voice to the interests of the small bankers, the rich farmers and the little business men. Since none of these elements was represented at the meeting, the ex-socialist did not get any support for his views.

. . . Another questioner, showing that the British coal strike is being closely followed up here among the farmers, wanted to know why it was that scab coal was being sent to England from the United States. It was easy

Refreshments

Grounds open 12 o'clock

Rainy Weather Will Not Interfere

He insisted that alcohol was conquering the youth to a degree never dreamt of under the days of the saloon.

Our meeting decided that the alcohol must be fought with the educational propaganda of the Communist Party, and that the youth must be won for the Young Workers League, and the children for the Pioneers. That was the lecture that our woman comrade was reading to what she called the "gray heads" who were present. She declared emphatically that we must win the young people. It was rapidly approaching midnight when our meeting came to an end and the audience reluctantly dispersed, the men, wo-

various homes.

SUNDAY, SEPT. 5 Edenwald Park. (No admission charge) men and children departing for their

Take Third Ave. "L" to 133rd Street or Lexington Ave. Subway to 180th Street. Transfer to Westchester Railroad. Get off at Dyer Ave. (Fare 7c.)

New York

That worker next door to you Auspices: Daily Worker Buildmay not have anything to do toers' Club, 108 East 14th Street, night. Hand him this copy of the New York City



At The Workers' Lyceum, 2733 Hirsch Blvd. **Tickets 25 cents** Com. A. Bittelman, Speaker



Union

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., Aug. 31. -Rear Admiral William V. Pratt, president of the Naval War College, Hearst newspapers is reproduced to Newport, in a lecture at the Institute of Police, warned the country of an impending war In the Pacific, and expressed the hope that American diplomacy would so maneuver that the onus of starting the row would rest on the shoulders of some other nation. It was clear that the admiral was hinting at Japan.

Sitting on Volcano.

The world sits today on a martial volcano which is liable to begin erupt- Her latest party, held last week, while ing at any moment. While the danger of war is not as immediate as it was in 1914, he looked with alarm at the unrest that was prevalent all over the Orient and among the colonial possessions of all the powers, including the American possessions in the Pacific.

Fear Soviet Union.

Admiral Pratt regarded the Soviet Union a menace to world peace be- d'Amour" (or Love Chamber), is percause the government of the union haps the loveliest to be found any would endeavor to turn a local war into a world conflagration. This Last week it was the scene of a would be extremely embarrassing to the imperialists, the admiral admitted, as they fear that another world war would mean the end of their happy days.

Slovak Children to Go on Outing This Sunday

A children's outing will be given by the Jefferson Slovak youngsters next Young Workers' League; dancing, ceremony of 200 years ago. music and various amusements. Take any street car to Crawford Ave., then west to Chciago River.



While millions of American work- rivals with Princess Nikita. Princess Hohenlohe of Woldenburg was late rs are finding it difficult to make nds meet on their meager wages ecause the dressmaker had failed Fears Influence of Soviet when employed, our parasite class, o deliver her wig on time.

gone crazy with affluence is showing The Count and Countess de Olovera he Marquise de San Carlos de Pethe faded aristocracy of Europe what can be done in the way of riotous drosco, Countess Robilant, the Marspending. The following story by quise de Casa Montalvo, the Duke del Bertelli, a correspondent of the Argo, the Marquis Orellana and e host of other titled guests dined give our readers an idea of what is heartily on the grounds, mingling happening to the profits that are with the several Americans present, wrung out of their bone and sinew: including Mr. and Mrs. Roy MacWil-. . . iams, Miss Mary Leary, Miss Rosa-

BLARRITZ, France, Aug. 31. - As lie Edwards, Mrs. Wolfe Burton, Mrs. Mortimer, Mr. and Mrs. Frank an entertainer of royalty, princes and S. grand dukes, Mrs. Reginald Vander- Hutton and Miss Kitty Bache. bilt has set the pace in Europe this

TEUT ARCHIVES EDITOR HAILS SOVIET TREA Denounces Stories ot

Secret Agreement

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., Aug. 31. -Dr. A. Mendelssohn-Bartholdy, one where, except in southern California. of the editors of the German foreign "Louis XVI Night Fete," with the archives, addressing the Institute of details of that gay court faithfully Blue and white velvets trimmed with gold, satins and silken ribbons hung everywhere, while the guests and suspected in certain quarters." promenaded in white powdered wigs redolent of perfumes manufactured by An Open Agreement.

The treaty of Berlin Between Russia and Germany, according to him, was a straight and open agreement for friendly co-operation and equal justice for Germans and Russians in Ger-

many, and concerned itself with the arbitration of disputes and friendly neutrality in the event of war in which neither was implicated.

ween Berlin and Moscow he declared "downright lie from beginning to end, invented to cover and neutralize the fact that suspicions were afloat in Germany and Russia against France, Poland and Czecho-Slovakia."

One of the things the fallen Pangalos is accused of by the victors, is treaties were concluded before the greater part of this increase was due

OF U.S. REACHES **NINE BILLIONS Producers Still Wait for** Their Share

THE DAILY WORKER

FOREIGN TRADE

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31. - United States commerce with all the rest of the world will reach the \$9,000,000,000 mark for the year 1926, it was estimated at the department of commerce. In the world market American agriulture and industry have flung \$2,-76,041,000 in exports during the first even months of the year, the departnent announced, while buying \$2.640,-

265,000 of foreign goods in the same ime. If this rate is maintained for the next five months America's foreign trade for the year will total about \$4 .-450,000,000 in exports and \$4,550,000.-600 in imports, leaving an unfavorable trade balance of \$100.000.

A World Market.

"Thirty-four countries from Canada o Australia are in the American martet to purchase agricultural imple nents, automotive products, chemicals, electric appliances, foodstuffs, ron, steel, hardware. machinery, petroleum products, shoes, textiles and specialties," the department announced.

Manufactured Exports Increased.

"The fiscal year just closed," Dr. Politics, protested against what he Julius Klein, director of the bureau, said was the way in which every move added, "brought once more into strikfor better commercial relations and a ing relief the rapid growth in Americloser friendship between Germany can exports of manufactured goods and Russia had been "misinterpreted and the immense importance of forin our foreign trade as well as in our domestic industry." Klein pointed out that manufactured exports had increased 16 per cent over the preceding fiscal year.

Farmers' Exports Heavy.

American farmers exported \$36,-230,000 worth of grains in July alone, as compared to \$25,427,000 worth in July, 1925.

Cotton farmers exported \$36,635,065 worth of raw cotton, including linters, in July, a gain of \$8,700,000 over the same month last year.

Mine Owners Get Fat. Besides grain. tremendous amounts

of other raw products have been The coal exports in shipped abroad. The speaker pointed out that the July totaled \$20,617,206, as compared French, Polish and Czecho-Slovakian to \$12,788,683 in July, 1925. The to the miners' strike in England.



our other persons are being treated n hospitals for gunshot wounds here oday following an unsuccessful at empt to rob a Chicago Surface Lines

car barn of \$6,000 in cash receipts. The bandit party consisted of three

had been tipped off, however, and detectives were posted about the build-

ficers opened fire. One bandit was killed, another wounded and captured while the third escaped. Three detectives were slightly wounded, as was Robert J. McKinney, superintendent of the barns.

she refused to give her name, or those ot her companions. Police are searching for the other girl and bandit.

> MARKS BADGER TE FIGH

Politicians Say Nasty Things to Each Other

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Aug. 31 .- The battle between John J. Blaine, governor of the Badger State and Irvine L. Lenroot, U. S. senator for the seneign sales in this class as a stabilizer atorial nomination, is waxing hot and wrathy

The boys have gotten down to calling each other names and that kind of thing. Lenroot challenged Blaine to debate the world court issue with him and Blaine was too busy. Whereupon one of Blaine's admirers the lavish expenditure and riotous livoffered to take the senator on. Lenroot replied that he didn't want to debate with a scared opponent's messenger boy.

Beer and Court Issues.

or light wines and beers. Lenroot is for the court and prohibition. The senator is supported by the anti-saloon eague and christian temperance eagues without number, but it is

believed the voters will not vote for him There are rumors that Victor Berger, socialist of Milwaukee, does not care who licks Blaine. Berger is sore because the governor has not given the socialists a corner of "Fighting Bob's" mantle. Having deserted soamounting to \$85,985,000 in July, a cialism, the socialists leaders are now in the sorry position of being without

principles or followers.

prisoners on reward live worse than

the hard labor prisoners. . . The

"Holy Cross Prison" should be

quickly liquidated. . . In the Galic-

ian prisons the conditions are worse.

In the prison of Sambor, which has

NEXT **OF FIVE LIVE OUT IN DITCH** In The New Magazine Evicted from Lodging When Funds Went DUBLIN, Aug. 31 .-- In Dublin at

present there is a family of five, husband, wife and three children, living n a ditch at the Pin Mill, Cross Guns Bridge. The husband, as a member of the Workers' Union of Ireland, was out during the coal lockout.

when the fight collapsed, he had to make the best of a bad job and was forced to join the I. T. & G. W. U. to get any work at all. He managed to get some work every week for a time, out when the miners' strike came he was again thrown out and has been out of work since.

They were ejected from their lodgngs and what furniture they had has been pawned to get bread. Outdoor relief has been refused as they had not an address, a home. The woman went into the union, but the condiions were so bad she could not stick to it. This is only one of many cases in Dublin, and the same applies all ver the country.

Just recently our organizers found a case in Delvin, West Meath, of a family of five sleeping in the ditch quite near to Delvin and Clonyn Casle, which has dozens of rooms, not one of which is occupied. All over Dublin and the country there are plenty of mansions and villas that are either empty or only partly occupied. These must be commandeered and the homeless and overcrowded work

ers put into them Wealth in Abundance at Horse Show Contrast these hellish conditions unler which the workers are living with ing of the bosses and the sweaters from all parts of the world during horse show week in Dublin. Tim Healy and Willie Cosgrave have been

entertaining on a scale that would pro-Blaine against the world court and vide food for every unemployed family in Dublin for a week.

But it is all for the foreign sweaters their fine ladies and retinues of servants. The papers are full of pictures of Maharajahs and other blood suckers all doing themselves well at the expense of the workers.

Every night there have been special eceptions and dances for these genry to sport their figures, while the starving workers hang around the doors of the swell restaurants and lance halls feasting on the smell of the rich dishes being prepared for the

parasites. Everywhere the children of these noneybags are trotting around with their prize-winning ponies while the articles on the Balkan States bechildren of the poor are hunting for ginning in a forthcoming issue crusts in the gutter. The blatant dis- and written by the famous play of high living that has gone on French author of "Under Fire." all week is enough to cause the 80,000 unemployed men and women and young persons to do desperate deeds with original illustration by the of violence.

Not one in 30 of these is receiving

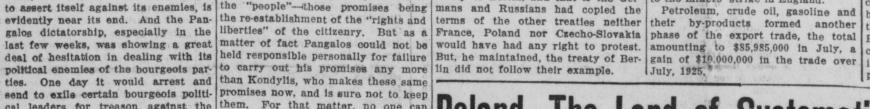
and the lords, dukes and sirs with by the noted American novelist with photographs IN THE HELL OF

> EUROPE By A. LANDY An introduction to a series of

HENRY BARBUSSE

German artist.

VALENTIN BISSIG



In the Polish prisons there are at The material gathered in this series of eight articles on the

present six thousand political prisoners, revolutionary workers and peasants. Only a small number of them have been tried. The greatest pro-

As each prince or grand duke ar-Sunday at Schnell Forest Preserve. rived his party was escorted up a There will be a speaker from the long avenue with all the traditional Princess Wigless. Grand Duke Boris and Grand Duke Alexander were among the early ar-

the bourgeois, but retailed to Ameri-

cans in the fashionable dress-making

shops at 5,000 francs a bottle.

summer with her beautiful and lav-

ish entertainments at Biarritz, the

the gambling crowd rushed to Deau-

ville for the Grand Prix, had all the

distinction for which the "Silver

Coast" has been famous ever since

former Ambassador Moore began his

unrivaled entertainment for Europe'

The Love Chamber.

The Vanderbilt willa, "Chambre

reproduced in all its details.

royalty.

continent's most fashionable resort.

The "Revolution" in Greece

The downfall of the Pangalos dictatorship in Greece did not surprise the dozen every day. us. It was inevitable. Any dictatorship, no matter what its economic basis, if it has not sufficient strength that he did not keep his promises to treaty of Berlin, and that if the Gerto assert itself against its enemies, is the "people"-those promises being mans and Russians had copied the evidently near its end. And the Pan- the re-establishment of the "rights and terms of the other treaties neither last few weeks, was showing a great matter of fact Pangalos could not be would have had any right to protest. ties. One day it would arrest and than Kondylis, who makes these same send to exile certain bourgeois politi-cal leaders for treason against the State and the next day would free and fulfill them. Parliamentarism is

a thing of the past in Greece now, day after. A dictatorship will stay in power it has served its purpose and out only so long as it has the ability and grown its usefulness. No man is able, will as he may, to bring it back to will and to crush ruthlessly all op- life and make it function as a political ponents. This being so, one seeing machine

the conduct of Pangalos lately, should easily come to the conclusion that his

By C. CHRISTIE.

cy, arresting, persecuting and imprisoning the class conscious workers by



The story of a secret treaty be

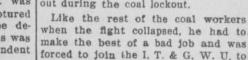
Struck New Note.

men and two girls. The girls were posted as "lookouts" as the men entered the car barn. Street car officials

When the bandits entered, the of-

One of the girls was captured, but

RISING GORGE



Page Three

Supplement

THE STORY OF LABOR

By THURBER LEWIS A splendid feature of the special ABOR DAY ISSUE OF THE DAILY WORKER

with decorative illustrations by O'ZIM

Other Features: ART AND LABOR by the famous French novelist PIERRE HAMP

THE PASSAIC STRIKERS and writer MARY HEATON VORSE

Military Coup.

merry chase of the fallen dictator most negligible. Dictatorship more tyranny would have been a sweeping ernment able to function in that counrevolt of the masses, drawing in its try a bourgeols dictatorship, until the wake the whole system, which is no time when the masses will arise to longer able to govern the country in overthrow it and establish their own any other way but by a succession proletarian dictatorship. of dictators in power.

ants and refugees, will not fare any galos. Both serve the same interests, some internal variations-(with which is of not much concern to the the country workers) the Greek capitalists and foreign imperialism.

Workers Can Gain Nothing.

The working classes of the country have nothing to gain from this change of government, and, besides, Kondylis is too well known to the Greek proletariat from the time, when as a military dictator and minister of the interior he inaugurated his fascist poli-

> Where you will meet every active militant Left Wing trade unionist in Chicago.

Sun., Sept. 5th.

Where you can hear the organizer for Passaic strikers' relief.

Rebecca Grecht

When you can enjoy yourself as you never have before.

T. U. E. L. Picnic

Tickets are 50 cents, and you can get them at The DAILY WORKER office or T. U. E. L. office, 156 West Washington. Send fifty and we'll mail you one.

am Parliament. portion of them are in prison on re Even if they succeed somehow to ward which lasts for them two, two regime had failed and predict his have parliamentary elections, it is go- and a half and in a number of cases

ing to be a sham parliament, a la even three years. The Polish courts Italy, and nothing even remotely ap- have made it their custom to deduct However, we are not at all enthused proaching the parliament Greece has the time on reward from the senafter the manner in which this end known before the war, when industry tence, so that there happens frequentcame, i.e. by a military coup and a was very small and big capital al- ly cases that the sentence is six months and that the prisoner, who over the blue seas. The only proper or less open, more rather than less, has passed three years in prison on way to overthrow this abominable will hereafter be the only form of gov- reward, must serve three and a half vears instead.

The number of the prisoners on re ward increases with every year, because on the one hand the courts cannot comply with the great number

There is no political group, among of political trials and on the other The working class of Greece, in- the bourgeois parties, backed by an hand in many cases where proofs are solitary confinement and the brutal dustrial workers as well as the peas- economic group, or groups, strong not sufficient for the trial, the trial regime, that suicides and insanity are enough to dominate the rest of them. cannot take place, but the prisoner daily results. Only in the courts of better under the present dictator And besides the internal differences of in nevertheless not released. One is the last few months three victims Kondylis, than they fared under Pan- the bourgeois parties, there are also therefore endeavoring to facilitate the can be mentioned: Kalusha, Gorki, foreign influences, that undoubtedly tasks of the courts in another way-Meisler. play a decisive role in the politics of by letting the prisoners die.

Horrible Conditions in the Prisons The conditions in most of the Po pecially during and after the war, lish prisons are such that a longer

changes of government took place be- stay there means death for the majorcause of foreign interference. Any ity of the prisoners. one who undertakes the government In this respect the "Prison of the of the country undertakes also certain Holy Cross" and the Vronke Prison obligations to the foreign interests that are most famous. The first is situated he must fulfill, failing which his polit- on a hill almost 2500 feet high and ical life is doomed. There never was is always surrounded by mists. As and never can be as long as imperial- the food and the heating are comism rules, such a thing as "pure" Greek

pletely insufficient and the wetness politics. Politics in Greece were al- of the building has a terrible effect ways conducted either by the English, on the health, on the average of 150 French or Russian "finger," as the prisoners die there every year of the various foreign influences were di- 400 prisoners who are imprisoned rected upon Greek journalists and there (the prison is built for not more

Deviated From Line.

politicians.

Even in the prewar period, and es-

In the present situation, it is not at all improbable that Pangalos' downfall is, to a very great extent, due to his deviation from the line drawn for him by British capital. Is is not a mere coincidence, that the crisis came right after the conclusion of the Greo-Serbian treaty. However, as we stated above, the present political change will hardly bring any change in the life of the workers of Greece, unless Kondylis will carry on more vigorously fascist measures which he had initiated into Greek politics and Pangalos tried in vain to imitate. In this case Greece either will become a little Italy-if Kondylis succeeds-or the ire and indignation of the working masses will burst out, carrying to demand release of labor prisondestruction the whole robbing crew of fascists, monarchists and "liberal Republicans."

from a committee c workers' organizations in that militaristic and blood-stained land. The suppression of trade unions, the shooting down of unemployed, the torture of imprisoned workers told in this account is enough to rouse the indignation of even those unsympathetic to the workers' cause,

barbarous white terror in Poland

is sent to The DAILY WORKER

live there more than that. At present, however, the prison is for those with life sentence in order to kill them as quickly as possible.

In the Vronke Prison the prisoners are tortured in such a way by

Official Confession of the Prison Horrors

The Polish prisons have already gained a sad notoriety in the whole vorld. Already in 1924 progressive pourgeois politicians and radical writers of France protested against these conditions. The Polish parliament was compelled to appoint a committee of investigation (Thugutt) whose actual task was to clear Poland before work in this depressed textile town. his union who play in movie houses.

overcrowded. In Cracow every

cbm, air. The overcrowding in Lods

on one prisoner only 1.9 or even

1.86 cbm. air . . . The prisoners

sleep on the floor, under the plank-

beds; one sack of straw always

serves for two prisoners, the straw

in the sacks, however, is old and

rubbed into chaff. There are even

too few blankets; bed linen is quite

out of the question. The cells are

full of lice and bed buge ... The

the eyes of the foreign states. However, after having visited a number of prisons, the committee colected such an amount of material, that it did not dare to present it to he public. Only after two years of

than 300). In Czarist times only priswork in secret sessions (the members oners with a sentence of less than of the committee had promised not three years were taken to this prison to speak about their work to anybody because one knew that nobody could outside) the committee has composed

report for the parliament which was published in March 1926. U. S. Must Pay Export Tax. Let us mention here some extracts MEXICO CITY, Aug. 31 .- Twenty rom the official report which certainthousand head of cattle belonging to ly rathers tries to veil than to exagthe United States war finance corpogerate the terrible conditions: ration can only be returned to the "Many prisons are very much

United States upon the phyment of an export tax upon them, the foreign prisoner had only an average of 2 office today notified the United States embassy. is colossal. In Rovno there come American Charge Lane protested the decision

********************** Ashland Blvd. Auditorium, Ashland and Van Buren-Monday, Sept. 6, 8 p. m. On Labor Day ers!

years. Even the prison hospital is not heated, since several years. The mutiny of the prisoners which took place there and led to the death of one prisoner, is therefore understandable. Also the prisons in Cracow are not heated. In Bialystok during the hunger strike of the prisoners the mouths of the strikers were opened by iron tongs in order to feed them. In this way the death of several prisoners was brought about. . . (Continued Tomorrow)

Fall River Laborers

Want 50c an Hour

Fall River, Mass .- (F.P.)-Laborers

employed by Lathrop & Shea Con-

the dole or any kind of relief. and a quite modern building, the centheir forbearance in the circumstances tral heating and the canalization is really remarkable. In fact, it is are out of order already for several cowardly. They must learn not to be so docile and ready to starve while there is plenty of food in the country. They have been well betrayed, no work, no relief of any kind, but plenty of feasting and riotous living for the bosses and their families. The workers must rouse themselves from their apathy and while prepar ing to take all steps to overthrow such a system of class privilege, at the

mer and Plough.

struction Co. in excavating for the ment raising their pay from \$72.50 a

\$250,000 New York, New Haven & week of nine performances to \$79

Hartford Railroad engine house are Chicago theaters in the agreement in-

striking for 10 cents more an hour, clude the Olympic, Apollo, Princess

The workers want the same rate paid Garrick, La Salle, Four Cohans and

in other New England cities, 50 cents the Auditorium. Next week James (

an hour. The New Haven is expected Petrillo, president of the Chicago Fed.

to increase its shop facilities at Fall eration of Musicians, will try and ne

River and concentrate most of its gotiate a new scale for members of

Musicians Win Wage

Musicians playing in the Schubert

theaters have a new two-year agree

Raise in Chicago

American Imperialism in Uruguay By HOMER PEGROT

same time organize to demand their Third installment of the unusual immediate needs of work or maintenseries ance at full trade union rates .- Ham

The History of the Catholic Church in

> Mexico By Manuel Gomez

> > 2012

"A Factory Incident" A story by MAX GELTMAN

POEMS, MOVIE RE VIEWS, CARTOONS By K. A. SUVANTO, O'ZIM and

that unusual weekly feature "The Week in Cartoons," By

M. P. BALES

NOTE:

In a forthcoming issue, the third article on "Labor and L4terature," by

V. F. CALVERTON

COMING SOON!

"The Life of Karl

Marx"

By PAUL LAFARGUE

Famous French Social-

ist son-in-law and close col-

With Photographs

and illustrations.

laborator of Marx.

THE .

LYDIA GIBSON 75c Duroflex Covers

A delightful book of children's stories with over twenty black and white illustrations and four color plates and cover designs,

FAIRY TALES

FOR WORKERS'

CHILDREN

By Hermina Zur Muhlen

\$1.25 Cloth Bound



located in one city or another. tral Committee considered this matter The headquarters of the party were and came to the conclusion that at originally located in New York City. present the best location of the WORKER finds itself during the next They were removed to Chicago BE-CAUSE AT THAT TOME and under WORKER would be in New York to take up with energy and enthusiasm E. Delavan and City Line. A well the circumstances surrounding the City. It found, however, a num- the task of safeguarding The DAILY known speaker from the Workers party work, Chicago offered a better ber of obstacles in the way of WORKER for the future work of the center to the Central Committee from making any change in the location party. which to conduct the party work. It of the party headquarters and the city may well happen that in the future of pubMcation of The DAILY WORKother cities besides New York or Chi- ER, and therefore decided that no cago will offer the best vantage point change should be made in the location

the party membership of its plans to meet the crisis in which The DAILY party headquarters and The DAILY few days, and urges the whole party be held on Sept. 6 at Shaffer's Grove,

> Central Committee, Workers (Communist) Party,

C. E. Ruthenberg, General Secretary.

Party of Chicago. In Buffalo an anniversary picnic will Party will address the picnic and races and games will be held. Detroit Mich. held its anniversary

on Aug. 28th at the Workers' Hall. The speakers were R. Baker of Philadelphia and Jay Lovestone, secretary of the organization department of the Workers Party.

The best way-subscribe today.

are invited to attend.

der and lead a betrayal.

DAILY WORKER with articles and pices of Section 4 of the Workers news items dealing with the conditions in the shops, mills and mines, in the towns where the nuclei are locat-

Members Support Drive.

Reports reaching the district office and organization drive and the importance of the combined DAILY metal during the general strike is WORKER and organizational drive show that the members will do everything they can to make the campaign

a success. Members of the party are requested to make special efforts to attend all the nuclei meetings where the details

willing. Dark but lively days loom on the British labor horizon. What will ris and Inkenbrand who went to Chithe rank and file do? Have they yet ago to see union officials about the developed the necessary leadership to validity of such an agreement. They contest the field with the MacDonalds were told, however, that nothing could and Thomasses? Not yet perhaps. But be done about it since it was signed. time is on their side and the British But the action of the Masters' As-Communist Party which proved its sociation puts an entirely different complexion on the affair. And the growing in numbers and in efficiency. union members who have been on * * * strike, most of them very indignant

THERE is a revolution in Nicaragua about the agreement, will have their and the still existing government say about it at a meeting scheduled of that republic has protested to the for Tuesday night.

league of nations of which it is a member against the alleged action of a The agreement declared for an open of the campaign are being taken up. Mexican warship in aiding the revoshop arrangement to run until Janulutionary forces. Sometimes a South ary at which time the dispute was to American revolution is a good thing be arbitrated. In the meantime the to dodge explaining, but we note that bosses would impose their own condithe revolutionaries attacked the head-Mexican Church Struggle Tonight tions on the men. This agreement quarters of the Bragman Bluff Lumber was very bad for the men. especially company and the Standard Fruit in view of the fact they stood a good Steamship company of New Orleans. chance to win and that the retail men We are for the revolutionaries until further notice. were sympathetic to the union. A representative of The DAILY

THE implications of Nicaragua's action in relation to the Monroe Doctrine completely eclipse the protest itself. What if the United States esents the action of the league in interfering in a sphere over which the United States has assumed the sole right of political overlordship? The

Chicago Tribune points out that Nicaragua's action is inconsistent with a recognition of the Monroe Doctrine. Unless the league watches its step Uncle Sam may play with his whiskers

and put on that indignant look which was becoming to him before he got so lisgustingly fat:

peal to stop this. Why not a small bundle of The DAILY WORKER sent to you regular-Iv to take to your trade union meeting?

Open Shop Agreement.

WORKER spoke to the latter at a

meeting of the retail association in

Gary. A speaker was supposed to

have been present from the Masters'

Association but failed to appear. How-

ever, the organization took no definite

Members of the teamsters' union

have been delivering scab goods dur-

ing the strike and the cleaners' and

dyers' union is going to make an ap-

JOSEPH TUMULTY ENTERS CONTEST FOR PRESIDENT OF ILLINOIS MINERS' **UNION TO SUCCEED FARRINGTON**

stand.

Sneed the vice-presidency. This is (Continued from page 1) believed satisfactory to the Peabody interests. Sneed is just as reactionary down a proposal of MacDonald to meet the Samuel's memorandum last May leader who is highly esteemed by the as Farrington. John L. Lewis is moving every ounce of influence he possesses to install his own machine on Internationale, the demonstration Farrington to be a "labor representa- the ruins of Farrington's. But those

JOSEPH MANLEY

Statement by the Central Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party

OSEPH MANLEY died a victim of the dangerous work which capital-Ism compels the workers to submit to in order to gain their livelihood.

As a structural iron worker he risked his life dally in fulfilling the duties which capitalism requires of the workers of his trade. These dangers could be reduced and minimized if capitalist production did not place economy and profits above the lives of the workers. As it is, there is scarcely a great building which towers toward the sky in the cost of which there is not included the life of some worker engaged in its erection.

JOSEPH MANLEY was a proletarian fighter who for many years had J taken a leading part in the struggles of the workers. In his early years he became a member of the union of his trade and fought militantly for better conditions for the workers. Fifteen years ago he was a member of the socialist party.

Like thousands of other workers, he was inspired by the great proletarian revolution in Russia. When the workers and peasants of Russia were facing their darkest hour, during the period of famine brought on by the destruction wrought by counter-revolution and drought, he took up work as the secretary of the Trade Union Committee for Relief of the Famine in Russia and rendered valuable services in arousing the trade unionists of this country to the meaning of the proletarian revolution and raising funds for the assistance of the workers and peasants of the Soviet Union.

THRU his work in this field he came closer to the Workers (Communist) Party and found in It the expression of the leadership in the struggle against capitalist oppression and exploitation, and became a member of the party. He served the party as industrial organizer, helping to develop a militant trade unionism carrying on the class struggle against capitalism.

When the movement for independent political action by the workers and farmers, which he supported, reached its height in the mass demonstration for a party of workers and farmers in the convention of July 3, 1923, which formed the Federated Farmer-Labor Party, he was elected the national secretary of that organization, in which position he worked for the building of a broader party of workers and farmers by supporting the movement for the St. Paul Farmer-Labor convention of 1924. When this movement received a temporary setback thru the LaFollette party, he became the campaign manager of the Workers (Communist) Party in the 1924 election. THE struggle over the policies the party should pursue, during the year 1924-1925, left him dispirited. Altho a good proletarian fighter, Comrade Manley did not understand clearly that such struggles are part of the life of a proletarian party, and that thru them it clarifies itself and creates greater internal strength, and that it is the duty of all revolutionists to cling more closely to their party in such a period. Because of this he allowed his membership to lapse and drifted out of the activities of the party. Those closest to him declare, however, that before his death he realized his error, and that he would again, had he lived, take up his work as a party member.

FRANK CRITICISM **MARKS DISTRICT** Chicago T. U. E. L. Group to Discuss **CONFERENCE HERE**

The most thoro discussion with open, frank criticism of failures and shortcomings ever held at any meeting of District 8 marked the district conference held Sunday, August 29. The effect was a wholesome one. The comrades could return yet more convinced of the possibilities available for the party and with plans for more systematically organized activities. The conference increased their faith in the ability of the party to respond to its

tasks. Delegates In From District.

Representatives were present from the Chicago sections, from most of the language fractions, and from the cities of Waukegan, Kenosha, Milwaukee, St. Louis, Hammond and Gary. The conclusions arrived at by these representatives were unanimous. The agenda consisting of only two points: one, the problem of adding more life

to the party and the Y. W. L., and the trade union work in connection therewith. Reports were made by the district organizer and the secretary of the

trade union committee surveying the present situation, the period of prosperity, however, not embracing all industries; the status of the labor movement with its official policies becomformulated by that time.

(Continued from page 1) labor generally to any surrender and the Labor Party parliamentary group, their growing resentment at attempts is still going on and so far has not reto trick and betray them is shown by the demonstration staged by miners sulted in any decisions' being announced. Undoubtedly the MacDonald and other militants from the recently Thomas group is trying hard to in adjourned National Minority Conference, in front of the Labor Party or duce the miners' executive to surrengan this morning. The demonstrators demanded the editor retract state-The parliament, after renewing the

PRESSURE FOR BETRAYAL

ments made in an editorial asserting rators, published a special article Aug. emergency powers act" has adthat the miners should have accepted 5 which lauded Farrington as "an able journed until Novembery 9, turning on Sept. 7, MacDonald having said he and avoided the strike. After regis- operators." It said that 7 years ago hoped that a peace proposal would be tering their protest and singing the the late Francis S. Peabody wanted

Against the Catholic Church." In addition the British strike and other matters of interest for the milltants in the trade union movement will be discussed. The meeting will start promptly at 8 P. M. The meeting will also take up final arrangements for the T. U. E. L. picnic, which will be held Sunday, Sept. 5, at Stickney Park Grove. All trade unionists

FIRM AGAINST MACDONALD

The Chicago General Group of the Trade Union Educational League will meet tonight at the Northwest Hall, corner North and Western avenues. Manuel Gomez, secretary of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League, will speak on "The Role of Mexican Labor in the Present Struggle

Despite the fact of his temporary weakness and that during the last year Comrade Manley was not in the ranks of the party, the Central Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party believes that his long years of service to the working class movement entitle him to the respect of the workers and it makes this statement to do honor to his services to the workers' cause.

> CENTRAL COMMITTEE. WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY OF AMERICA. C. E. RUTHENBERG, General Secretary.

TO COMRADES IN DISTRICT ONE IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

The party is in danger of not getting on the ballot this year. We at get two thousand signatures before September 3rd. All comrades in Massachusetts are called upon to report at their city party headquarters immediately to work on getting signatures. Every minute of spare time must be given to this work. If necessary special comrades must be employed to do this work. Nomination blanks must be certified in each city and returned to the District Office AT ONCE. HELP PUT THE PARTY ON THE BALLOT! DO YOUR BIT!

(Signed) BERT MILLER, District Organizer, Dist. No. 1.

CELEBRATE THE ANNIVERSARY OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY

C. E. Ruthenberg, General Secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party will speak on

"Seven Years of the Communist Party"

Freiheit Singing Society Hall, 3837 W. Roosevelt Rd.

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 1, 8 P. M.

The history of the struggle for the organization of the party and Its developments and fight for the workers will be told at this meeting. Admission is 10 cent

TTTTTATTTATATATATATATATATATATATATATA

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sufficient participation in active work by many party members and the diffi-**CLEVELAND ATTENTION!** culties following the party reorganization. The results were shown in dropping party membership, insufficient development of functioning party committees and particularly of shop nuclei, insufficient sale of party propaganda material, etc.

asingly reactionary, the in

Encouragement.

The reports also stressed the points of encouragement. The results of publication of shop papers, develop ment of united front activities in support of workers' struggles, the achievements recorded in many respects in trade union activities, and emphasizing the need of much greater | 44-hour, six-day one. The local waterconcentration on elementary tasks.

The delegates agreed unanimously lated with the International Ladies' with the estimation of the existing Garment Workers' Union. conditions and the lessons to be drawn which were put forward by U. T. W. Convention in September.

the reporters. The delegates furthermore went deeply into the various phases of the pending work in view of these lessons and many valuable York Sept. 13, to last five days. Rep. Avenues. contributions were made, not only or the theoretical correctness of policies, but more yet by way of giving practical examples of how our objects can

be attained the most successfully. Future Program.

The following program for the immediate future as proposed by the district committee was unanimously agreed to: First in general, give more concentration on developing contact in shops, particularly of heavy Industries, development of shop nuclei, extension of shop papers, more systematic organization of mass propaganda activities, literature sales, distribution of party papers, and complete program of party education for the coming season, proposals in regards to work amongst the Negroes, strengthening of the Y. W. L. and providing necessary financial assistance for party activities. More specifically the following points of concentration were proposed and accepted unanimously: Build DAILY WORKER. 1. Building of The DAILY WORK-

ER. 2. Development of progressive movement amongst the coal miners. 3. Participation in the elections with development of certain possibilities for united labor ticket. 4. Initiation of specific campaign to organize the unorganized. A concrete program of details on each of these four points were adopted

The resistance of the miners and ended

no value. Every signature will be

required so do not fall to turn in

Raincoat Workers Strike.

BOSTON, Aug. 31.-Boston's 1,000

NEW YORK, Aug. 31 .- The 25th an-

Shirt Fabric Workers Strike.

PAWTUCKET, R. I., Aug. 30.-

Three hundred union loom fixers and

weavers of Solvay Dyeing and Bleach-

ing Co. are striking against wage re-

ductions. The plant makes men's

shirtings. Workers are organized in

THE editor of the radical maga-

Liber, has just returned from

abroad and will resume the publica-

tion of the journal within a short

time. Details about its suspension

and its future plans will be found

in the first issue. Old subscribers

are requested to notify us at once

in case of a change of address. The

editor or manager may be seen by

appointment only. Address: 788

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upon request.

zine Rational Living, Dr. B.

the United Textile Workers.

depends on you. Send a sub.

raincoat workers are striking to get a

42-hour, five-day week instead of the

District Executive Committee

I. Amter, District Secretary.

your petitions.

be present.

MINERS' EXECUTIVE STILL

Perth Amboy Y. W. L. to Have Mass Meet

The Young Workers' League here will hold a mass meeting at Workers' Home, 308 Elm St. on Sept. 5th at p. m. Good speakers will address the meeting. All workers are invited. Ad-

NEW YORK, Aug. 31.-The followproof garment workers' union is affiling open air meetings will be held this week by the International Workers' Aid:

> Wednesday, Sept. 1st. - 10th St. and Second Ave. Thursday, Sept. 2, - 116 St. and

Lenox Ave.

Send us the name and address of a progressive worker to whom we can send a sample copy of The DAILY and from the union at one fell swoop. WORKER.

WCFL Radio Program

Chicago Federation of Labor radio broadcasting station WCFL is on the air with regular programs. It is broadcasting on a 491.5 wave length with Farrington in all the former's The size of The DAILY WORKER from the Municipal Pier.

TONIGHT.

7:00 to 7:30-The Florentine String Trio

dinner music. 7:30 to 8:30-Pierson Thal, 14-year-old boy pianist; Arthur Hillquist, baritone.

8:30 to 10:00-Little Joe Warner, char-acter songs; WCFL Ensemble. 10:00 to 11:00—Dance music from the Municipal Pier Auditorium, Chas. Cook's Orchestra.

HELP WANTED AT ONCE!

THE International Workers' Ald at 1553 West Madison St., Chicago, needs volunteer workers to help address 25,000 envelopes for British miners' relief. Wanted every day and evening this week from 10 a. m. to 10 p. m.

Volunteers Give Your Services!

tive" on the board of directors of this exposure do not know what Peabody interests. The article added they are talking about according to sinisterly, "whether Farrington was Springfield union politicians. The Peaappointed to the Peabody board, your body Coal company employs 30,000 correspondent does not know. His miners and the company's resources stock (with the operators) has risen, are enormous. Farrington with his rather than fallen, since that date. salary of \$25,000 a year and a liberal In Others' Footsteps.

Tom Lewis, Phil Penna and other union officials in the golden path to the capitalist camp. His first utterance of policy after the uncovering of his acts was a statement that union min-

ers should take a 33% cut from the present Jacksonville scale. This would bring their wage to \$5 a day. By his change of employment Farrington has increased his own wage 500%, bringing it to \$25,000 a year. The Peabodys have just swung 8 large Pennsylvania mines from the union to the open shop, operating the first to resume work at the low 1917 scale.

Blg Fight Over Ouster. That a battle royal raged during the meeting of the executive board which resulted in a motion suspending Farrington from office is whispered around the corridors of the district office in Springfield. The Lewis forces wanted to expel Farrington from office Farrington's most loyal supporters were opposed to taking any action until

the president's return and the middleof-the-road boys led by vice-president Fishwick favored suspension, at the same time granting Farrington the privilege of a trial under the constitution. This position carried the day. Fishwick, who was closely linked crooked work during recent years has his eye on the presidency. There is a suspicion that Fishwick knew of 6:00 to 7:00-Chicago Federation of La-or talks and bulletins; Instrumental Farrington's intention to go over to the Peabody payroll and that there was an agreement between the two, that Farrington would stand for re election and then resign, appointing

Fishwick to fill the vacancy. It is rumored that Fishwick is urging William Sneed, to withdraw his candidacy for the presidency, offering

In return for those considerations Walker is allowed to retain his position with a salary of over \$100 a week, which is looked on as a miserable pittance by less highly titled officials of some unions.

John Fitzpatrick and Ed. Nockels of the Chicago Federation of Labor are finding it more difficult every day to face their old progressive friends. The Frank L. Smith scandal hit them pretty hard and now comes the expose of Farrington with whom they were associated in boosting Frank L. Smith. Verily, indeed, the way of the transgrossor is not cease

mission is free. I. W. A. to Hold Open Air Meetings in N.Y.

Farrington follows the notorious

drawing account for "emergency" work will be able to take over the greater part of his "union organizers" into the Peabody apparatus and con-

tinue his union-wrecking policy. Walker Embarrassed.

Another political figure in the trade union movement who will be embarrassed by the Farrington exposure is John H. Walker, president of the Illinois State Federation of Labor, former president of the Illinois Miners" Union and crony of Farrington's. Walker and Farrington were named by Senator Caraway as beneficiaries of the Samuel Insull slush fund in the recent primary elections. Both are influential cogs in the Len Small machine. Both supported Frank L. Smith, and both are bitter foes of radicalism. Walker resented the imputation that he would take money from a capitalist politician and he stated

that Farrington was equally pure. Trouble at Convention.

The endorsement of Frank L. Smith will come before the state convention of the Illinois Federation of Labor and it is reported that Walker will be seriously handicapped without the presence of Frank Farrington and his army of delegates. The miners' union. the flat janitors, the building trades and the teamsters' delegations are the strongest numerically at state conventions. The three latter have their main strength in Chicago. They are extremely reactionary and as the leaders do not always walk in the straight and narrow path, legally, John H. Walker's influence with Small comes in exceedingly handy when those boys need a pardon for one of their jailed gangsters. Johnny Draws His Pay.

nual convention of the United Textile Friday, Sept. 8, Stone and Pitkin Workers of America opens in New resentatives from the new Passaic wool strikers' unions are expected to

All petitions to put the party ticket on the ballot must be at the district office no later than Friday PERTH AMBOY, N. J., Aug. 31. morning, Sept. 3. Petitions brought in later than that date will be of



sent in this week may win one of these prizes (winners announced in issue of Friday, Sept. 10).

1-KING COAL-A splendid novel by Upton Sinclair, in a clothbound edition.

2-LEFT WING UNIONISM-By D. J. Saposs. A new book every money to improve the property of the ker should read. perplexing than ever before. 3-BARS AND SHADOWS-By Ralph Chaplin. A beautiful book Of the varied problems, two are most menacing: First, how the apaof poetry written by the noted thetic ladies' tailors may be enthused. working class poet. to help organize their competitors, the girls; second, how to stave off des-



NEW YORK, Aug. 28. - (By Mail) -After many years of unmaterialized

organize the dressmakers, the left wingers have launched a vigorous drive against the dressmaking scab holes of this city.

tructive criticism, which springs from

the bitter opposition-the right wing.

Unity Prime Requisite

vexing problem of unorganized dress-

mated Clothing Workers take into of the state political administration,

piece-work policy is such that pressbor, and if it outnumbered the votes ers' local decided to tax their members five dollars each to form a fund for measures disapproved by Labor, then they were "friends of labor." One to fight piece-work. The same sentiment prevails amongst the operators of the ways in which some of these and cutters.

Which Will They Do?

bers are awaiting further actions of their general officers. The problem is:

anti-labor candidates secured the endorsement of the Central Labor Coun-The Montreal Amalgamated mem- cil, was by their "wet" record. Silent on Repressive Law.

Young is in no sense a labor candi-Will the general office of the Amalga- date. For 16 years he has been a part

There had been more trouble with the guards at the Ross tract, and Dad was going up to the field, and Bunny went along for a week-end. It was springtime now, and the hills were green, and the fruit-trees in blossom-oh, beautiful, beautiful! But human beings were miserable, millions of them, and why could they not learn to be happy in such a world? It was springtime all over the country, and yet everybody was preparing to go to war, and form vast armies, and kill other people, also groping for happiness! Everybody said that it had to be; and yet something in Bunny would not cease to dream of a world in which people did not maim and kill one another, and destroy, not merely the happiness of others, but their own. They came to Paradise and there was the strange sight of idle men, hanging about the streets; and of guards at the entrances to all the oil properties. There was somebody making a speech on a vacant lot, and a crowd listening. It was a great time for all sorts of cranks with things to teach-itinerant evangelists, and patent medicine venders, and Socialist orators-the people heard them all impartially. Bunny found that his reading room was being patronized now, there were men who had read all the magazines, even to the advertisements! Dad interviewed a committee of his men. It was an impossible situation, they reported, the guards were deliberately making trouble, they were drunk part of the time, and didn't know what they were doing or had done. Therefore the union had put up some more tents, and the men in the bunkhouse were about to move out. Those who had families, and occupied the houses, would try to stay on, if Mr. Ross would permit it; there was no place for the families to go, and they dared not leave the women and children alone in the neighborhood of the guards. Dad interviewed the captain of the latter, and got the information that the men had liquor, of course; how could you expect men to stay in a God-forsaken hole like this without liquor? Bunny went up to see Ruth and Meelie-the place to get the news! The girls were hard at work baking, but that didn't occupy their tongues, and from Meelie's there poured a stream of gossip. Dick Nelson was in the hospital with a part of his jaw shot away-that nice young fellow, Bunny remembered him, he had worked on Number Eleven well; he had knocked a guard down for dirty talk to his sister, and two other guards had shot him. And Bob Murphy was in jail, he had been arrested when they were bringing the strike-breakers into the Victor place. And so on, name after name that Bunny knew. Meelie's eyes were wide with horror, and yet you could see that she was young, and this was more excitement than had ever come into her life before. If the devil, with his hoofs and horns and pitchfork and burning smell, had appeared at a meeting of the Tabernacle of the Third Revelation, Meelie would have enjoyed the sensation; and in the same way she enjoyed this crew of whiskey-drinking, cursing ruffians, suddenly vomited out of the city's underworld into her peaceful and pious springtime-decorated village.

arena and help the team-but alas, the rules of the game forbade.

the working class residential sections. It should be borne in mind that the huge majority of the Flint voters are employed by the General Motors corporations.

Motors never asked for anything it.

was not justified in asking for . . .

General Motors is only asking for what

the city has always done in the past

duced the resolution.

years," said the man who intro-

And now the citizens of Flint will

again be asked to vote huge sums of

General Motors corporation at the ex-

pense of the health improvements in



A subscription to The DAILY WORKER for one month to the members of your union is a good way. Try It.



the first booklet on the subject:

ORCANIZE THE UNORGANIZED

By Wm. Z. Foster.

A timely pamphlet of interest to every worker in and out of the organized labor movement.

10 CENTS.



organizing the plant and establishing a basis for organization in the auto in 2324-26 Brooklyn Avenue, dustry LOS ANGELES, CAL.

SECOND PRIZE WINNER

Workers Party Nucleus Local 38, comprising several craftsladies' tailors, alteration tailors, thea-Makes Durant Motor Co. rical tailors, and custom dressmakers Forego Plan to Cut Pay -has, ever since its inception, for al most two decades, grappled with the

By a Worker Correspondent. ELIZABETH, N. J., - There is a

plant here known as The Durant From Bad To Worse. Motor Co., making Durant and Star The problem has, of late, become cars. The conditions were as bad as more serious than in past years, the in any other open shop in the country.

makers.

trend of fashion tending to create Last February there was a shop "soft work," the kind of ladies' apnucleus of the Workers Party organparel that girls produce at wages forty ized. The nucleus proceeded to work percent lower than men receive. Fashionable Fifth Avenue shops, in-

and started to issue a bulletin known as the Durant-Hays Hunt Radiator. variably, catering to their patrons' The bulletin was very well received fancy, whose vogue whimsies have by the workers and was well read by lately been Parisified, display soft line them. It described the bad condimodes, for which fabulous prices are tions in the shop and urged the workpaid to the highly reputed fashion ers to organize. shops, in comparison to the meager Last June the company made an atwages of the dressmakers.

tempt to cut the wages of the up olsterers and trimmers. A strike fol-Year after year, the ladies' tailors lowed which lasted for a few hours and the men won the wage cut back.

plant, Mr. Hilfers, of the New Jersey

Federation of Labor came asking what

the trouble was. The men told him

all and said that they were willing to

join a union. As they were all up-

holsterers they succeeded in forming a

local of that union. Meanwhile work-

ers of other departments heard about

it and also started to organize, but as

there was no union they could not be

admitted, so they formed an A. F. of

L. local known as "Auto Body Work-

Both local unions are functioning

well and have already their respective

charters. Last Friday both locals held

a joint open meeting which was well

attended. Workers are showing a very

good spirit, as since they started to

organize, their conditions are improv-

The Machinists Union is also coming

into this drive and those three organ-

izations will most likely succeed in

ers' Union."

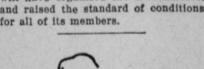
were wont to bear competition until they have settled down, indifferently, While the men were out and were working wherever and whenever standing on the sidewalk near the they chance to find a job.

Some of them, being misled to abandon the hope of ever succeeding in organizing the girls, have adopted a pessimistic attitude, even when the under paid girls are willing to help in union

Lack of Spirit.

izing the dressmakers. Left Wing on Duty. executive board, however, has

faithfully resolved to forge ahead, barriers notwithstanding, until Local 38 will have organized the dressmakers.



BUILD THE DAILY WITH A SUB.

The task, however, is now more consideration the strong sentiment of

> piece-work or will they go over the the criminal syndicalist law, under heads of their members and bring in which nearly 100 I. W. W. members the system against which the workers | were sent to San Quentin penitentiary are protesting.

It is foolish to believe that the of alienating the support of some of Montreal clothing Workers will be the "respectable" people who are be able to compete thru the piece-work hind him.

system with French girls unorganized and in the small country towns of Quebec province.

Collector For Passaic Discovers Shopkeepers Oppose; Workers Help

By M. PERLIN (Worker Correspondent)

During the house to house collec tion in Chicago on August 22 I had some experiences that may interest other collectors. In a bakery at Division and California a worker sweeping the floor searched his pockets and gave his only ten pennies, saying, "I wish I could give ten dollars." The customers gave something, but the nicely dressed young man at the cash register said, "I wouldn't give a cent for the strikers because they are no

good. They want higher wages and shorter hours, and that isn't good.' Dislikes Strikes.

In a lunch room nearby a short fat fellow with beady eyes and an oily igar said, "I'm the boss of this store

and I don't want you to bother my customers." I went ahead without paying any at tention to him, and he threatened to

have me thrown out. I threatened to organize a strike of his customers, and the effect was very good. He gave mo a quarter, apologized, and invited me to proceed with the collection.

Floored Him With Marx At another place the boss wanted to debate. "See here," he said: "The strikers are fools. They stay out of work half a year, and even if they

gain a little raise in wages, they have already lost more.' But I argued with him on the basis of Marxian economics that the workers have nothing to lose but their chains. When they work for low

wages they only prepare for themselves a time of unemployment; when they strike they may raise their wages. If he wasn't convinced, some others may have been.

Send The DAILY WORKER for on month to your shop-mate.

posing as a liberal. At the present their Montreal members condemning itime, when asked about his stand on he refused to commit himself for fear

such action!

The labor party which flourished in Los Angeles three years ago is long dead. The socialist party has nomin ated Upton Sinclair for governor, and has so far refused to join with the Workers Party to place an independent United Labor Ticket in the field, fearing to lose its place on the ballot. If they place technical considerations above the interests of the workers and farmers, then they are surely dis credited in the eyes of all militants. Socialists Refuse United Action. Even their own locals are sending in inquiries to the state headquarters of the socialist party as to what stand they are taking in regard to the Communists' proposal for a united front The indications are that the Workers Party will be forced to place its own candidates in the field, and continue its fight to unite labor's forces on the political field.

Garment Strikers Ask A. C. W. For Strike Aid

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Aug. 31 .- An appeal from the 40,000 striking cloakmakers of New York, who have been out for nine weeks, has been received by the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' executive committee, President Sidney Hillman announces. The executive will appeal to its membership to aid their fellow garment workers.

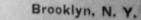
55 Years a Convict.

WAUPUN, Wis., Aug. 31. - "Old Bill" Maxwell, 81, one of the oldest convicts in the United States, was given a cake topped with candles today, the 55th anniversary of his arrival at the state penitentiary here. He was convicted of murder. He never has attended chapel, a moving picture show or a baseball game at the prison.

************************* Labor Defense Rally, Labor Day, Sept. 6. Speakers: Gurley Flynn, Covington Hall, Dr. Peters, J. P. Cannon and C. E. Ruthenberg.



FINNISH CO-OPERATIVE TRADING ASSOCIATION, Inc. (Workers organized as consumers) 4301 8th Avenue





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J. LOUIS ENGDAHL	Editors
WILLIAM F. DUNNE	Business Manager

The is a if w and a sure is

Page Six

This is No Beggarly Religion

Dr. Annie Besant is no piker when it comes to throwing a little religious party. She crowded everything the traffic could bear into and a half million workers to seven her Chicago entertainment and the result is not surprising. Theo. million seven hundred thousand. How sophy has taken a great leap forward.

What spiritual soul in quest of supernatural consolation would not jump at a religion that offers an honest-to-god christ as an attraction? Particularly if the christ is as young, handsome and mysterious as Krishnamurti, this intriguing Hindu with the thick luxurious lips and a mouth that suggests a Don Juan. Here is a god with a future. Unless all signs fail he should get far in his profession. It cost money to make him what he is today. But Mrs. Besant had it. And even if thousands of poor slaves-perhaps Hindus that Mrs. Besant likes to free in her spare moments-are sweating their lives away to keep Annie's coffers replenished, sure Krispamurti may save their souls, provided they are crazy enough to understand theosophy.

Mrs. Besant is no sack-cloth-and-ashes monk when it comes to dressing up for a celebration. This vestal does not neglect to trim herself when about to appeal to her spiritual groom. Among the little things she wore at the theosophist convention are the following ornaments: a royal swastika, inlaid with rubies, on a gold wire necklace; the vulture, rod and serpent scepter of Egypt wrought into. a pin; a crystal gazing ball suspended from a rope of crystal beads; a gold bracelet with a gold heart bangle; a gold and lapis lazuli bracelet with a wrist watch inset; a fleur de lis brooch entangled with necklaces; a seal ring of carved stone covered half of the first finger of her right hand; three other rings of plain gold; slippers embroidered with gold and silver pomegranates.

Mrs. Annie Besant is what you might call, a well dressed woman. Theosophy, once regarded as a bait for the freakiest of freaks with even less money than brains, is now a crozier's length ahead of christian science.

More Treachery in the British Miners' Strike

According to news dispatches, Ramsay MacDonald, leader of the parliamentary labor party, delivered a speech in the house of commons in favor of district agreements to settle the miners' strike. This would mean the destruction of the union as a national

body and the reduction of its influence to a minimum. The miners have consistently stood out against separate agree

ments. It is one of the most important demands on their program. The operators have been equally insistent on separate agreements.

It is no surprise to see Ramsay MacDonald line up with the operators. The gentleman who accepted \$150,000 from a tory biscuit manufacturer has nothing in common with the working class. MacDonald was not merely speaking for himself when he expressed himself in favor of splitting the miners' union. He spoke for the officialdom of the labor party and for the right wing of the official ed a policy of non-recognition of the leadership of the Trade Union Congress.

It is doubtful if history has recorded a more perfect piece of for appealing to the Council for aid

The Trade Unions and Voluntary Societies. By ANISE. THE Communist Party makes no se-

cret of the fact that it controls nd "leads" not only the Soviet govrnment, but the trade unions, the coperatives and the host of voluntary Union. rganizations which have sprung up ince the revolution. Running a state s only part of the party's job; the soviet state, by itself, is not expected produce socialism. That is the job the Communist Party, using the

tate, the unions, the co-operatives, the voluntary organizations as instruments for the purpose. Trade union membership has risen

in the past year and a half from five

do the Communists control this vast membership, of whom they form only 8 per cent? In every union, every shop committee, the Communists form their "fraction," which always acts together for its program. This is done quite openly and simply; it is no more than the students in an American university object when the athletic assoiation plans and puts thru some athletic program with the tacit support r even the cordial co-operation of the ess athletic students. The Commuist program is not regarded as one rogram set over against another proram; it is rather the joint program of the working class, formed by all

he workers who are energetic enough and intelligent enough to care about orming it, and who enter the Communist Party for that purpose. Communists Active Everywhere.

WORKING thru the factory trade union meetings, the local Comnunists in every plant organize classes, clubs, special voluntary organizations. The Communists fix the fication general policy of these organizations and then invite the non-partisans as members. There are "Friends of Chillren" for helping homeless waifs,

'MOPR," for the relief of political prisoners abroad; "Down with Illit-

HEREWITH is published the sixth of a series of stories being sent specially to The DAILY WORKER by Anna Louise Strong, who is at this time in the Soviet Union making a thoro study of conditions there. Miss Strong, whose pen-name is "Anise" is a credited authority on the Soviet Union having spent the better part of the past five years in that country. She is the author of a book, "First Time in History" and numerous magazine and newspaper stories on the Soviet

eracy Society," "Friends of Aviation," senting the women of industry, in pro portions of one to every thirty or forty as well as many physical culture societies. Over ten million have joined vomen. Now there is one delegate these organizations (in the past two elected to every ten women in indusyears. All of them, while the membership is largely6 non-Communist, were initiated by the Communists and of unskilled women workers, drawing central committee and local organizastarted by them along a predetermined hem gradually into participation in tions. line.

Districts.

"Production conferences" is another union work, government work, finally recent development, organized on the initiative of the party in factory, and program, recent elections showed 21 as possible, into the working life of the technical staff. These conferences How the Party Leads in Rural aim to increase production by study-

DURAL districts, where the party or ing all the reasons for low production **N** ganization is still extremely small, and by making suggestions in any and resented by the rest of the workers all fields. . . . Some 34,000 workers are none the less directly influenced in the Moscow district alone are in and by the party thru the co-operasuch organizations. . . . Cultural tives and the soviet organizations. In a year and a half the membership of "big brother" committees are also initiated in factories, where the workers agree to interest themselves in imreaching five million. The central govproving the life of a certain village or township. These are all voluntary committees, and there are now a mil ganizations are very far from Commulion persons working on such committees and thus drawn into social work. nist in their personal.

Incomplete returns from twelve prov-In village soviets the proportion of inces show that such cultural assist Communists, never large, has been cut five secretaries (the chief of whom, of ing committees have built 678 reading in half by the past elections and is huts, opened 151 schools, 6 motion pic- now only 6 per cent of the total membership in village soviets, 18 per cent ture halls, 20 traveling motion picture shows, have given 17 tractors, organ- in township soviets, and 47 per cent in township executive committees. ized 123 experimental farm plots, 75 co-operatives, besides introducing all Part of this was due to the deliberate orts of new culture into hundreds of program of the Communists themvillages, from medical work to electril selves to draw more non-party peas-

Another special organization ini- work. None the less, the actual figiated by the party, but composed ures came as something of a shock largely of non-party members, is the and were spoken of freely at the party group of "delegates" or women dele- congress as showing the "failure to gates. This began as a body repre- group the masses of poorer and middle

A Correction by Comrade Losovsky

peasants around our local party groups." Investigations and "cleaning" of rural party organizations is now under way.

Inner Party Democracy. At every party "discussion" claims are made by the group which fails to carry its points that the party is run by a small group at the center dictating everything. To some extent this is true in every large organization. The party officially answers this charge by stating that inner party democracy consists:

1. In the fact that all leading organs from the central committee down ry. They are the more energetic and to the factory committees are elected, intelligent of the women and thru and that elected leaders are responthem the party reaches the great mass sible to the party in the person of

2. In the fact that all members of

into party work. As a result of this the party are drawn actively, as far composed of workers and members of per cent of women in the city soviets. the party, and that all measures taken by the center are first widely discussed in mass organizations.

3. The fact that the framework of party leadership is systematically being widened.

The directing organ of the Communist Party is the central committee. composed now of 63 members and 48 co-operatives has almost tripled, alternates and holding sessions every two or three months. This body elects erning bodies of all the co-operatives a political bureau of nine members are composed of more than half Com- and five alternates, which directs all munists, tho naturally the local or- matters of political policy, and an organization bureau of eleven members and five alternates, which decides on organizational matters. Under these, course, is Stalin) carry on the party's

daily work. Whatever freedom, and "democracy" may exist in the preliminary elections and discussions, when once a decision is reached it is binding without further discussion on all members, who are expected to observe "iron disants into participation in government cipline and complete unity and Communist firmness" in carrying it out, thru government apparatus, or trade union channels, or in co-operatives or voluntary social organizations, wherever they may be assigned to work.

ife and Work in the Soviet Union Ernest Haeckeh on "Last Words on Evolution"

CHAPTER II.

THE STRUGGLE OVER OUR GEN. EALOGICAL TREE.

Our Ape-Relatives and the Vertebrate-Stem.

(Continued from previous issue.)

Since the great Lamarck established the idea of the vertebrate at the beginning of the nineteenth century (1801) and this Parisian colleague, Cuvier, shortly afterwards recognized the vertebrates as one of his four chief animal groups, the natural unity of this advanced section of the animal world has not been contested. In allthe vertebrates, from the lowest fishes and amphibians up to the apes and man, we have the same type of structure, the same characteristic disposition and relations of the chief organs: and they differ materially from the corresponding features in all other animals. The mysterious affinities of the vertebrates induced Goethe, 140 years ago, long before Cuvier, to make prolonged and laborious studies in their comparative anatonmy at Jena. and Weimar. Just as he had, in his "Metamorphosis of Plants," established the unity of organization by means of the leaf as the common primitive organ, he, in the metamorphosis of the vertebrates, found this common element in the vertebral theory of the skull. And when Cuvier established comparative anatomy as an independent science this branch of biology was developed to such an extent by the classic research of Johannes Muller, Carl Gegenbaur, Richard Owen. Thos. Huxley, and many other morphologists, that Darwinism found its most powerful weapons in this arsenal. The striking differences of external form and internal structure that we find in the fishes, anphibians, reptiles, birds, and mammals, are due to adaptation to the various uses of their organs and their environments. On the other hand, the astonishing agreement in their typical character. that persists in spite of their differences, is due to inheritance from comnon ancestors

The evidence thus afforded by com-

parative anatomy is so cogent that

anyone who goes impartially and at-

tentively thru a collection of skele.

tons can convince himself at once of

the morphological unity of the verte-

brate stem. The evolutionary evi-

lence of comparative ontogeny, or em-

bryology, is less easy to grasp and

less accessible, but not less important.

It came to light at a much later date.

and its extreme value was only made

clear, by means of the biogenetic law.

Council at Battersea

(Special to The Daily Worker)

thought was attracting attention to Comrade Losovsky's article and far from vicious attempt to destroy the official The criticism contained in the editorial from the Sunday Worker which officialdom of the labor party. The general opinion amongst active

the burden on Hicks and Purcell. (Editors Note).

silenced Cook for the moment, they

General Secretary,

LABOR PARTY **RIGHT WING SPLITS UNION** Organize Dual T r a d e s

BATTERSEA, England, Aug. 31. -A dual Trades Labor Council has been set up here and is engaging in a council. This new body has the blessings of Eccleston Square, that is the

some forty years ago. It shows that every vertebrate, like every other aniworkers in the labor movement at mal, develops from a single cell, but Battersea is that this dual council is that the course of its embryonic develbut another attempt on the part of opment is peculiar, and characterized. the leaders of the labor party to split pryonic forms that are not found

FUMES AGAINS

Passaic Action

(Special to The Daily Worker)

eration of Labor and member of its Executive Council, in session here, makes a bitter attack on Senator Borah for his interest in the Passaic strike of textile workers. The A. F. L. officialdom had follow-

strike, and had rebuked the strikers

treachery than that perpetrated by the T. U. C. and Labor Party or organizational support without officials against the striking miners. They are shown as the willing ers Union. agents of British imperialism. When it came to choosing whether Hates Everything Progressive A committee headed by Jett Lauck, they should stand with the working class or with the exploiters they railroad labor economist, with the stood with the latter. Those flunkeys have no more use for the participation and help of Senator Boworkers than the leaders of the liner liberal and tory parties have. rah, succeeded in persuading the U. In their ambition to become His Majesty's government they need T. W. to admit the 16,000 militants on were attempting to screen their past prompt? the votes of the working class. That is the only reason they give strike in Passaic. Up until that time the strike had been supported by prothem lip service in the piping days of peace. But when a labor gressive labor on a voluntary basis, struggle endangers the empire they show their true colors. and especially by Communists, both That the British miners have withstood the many blows dealt in America and abroad. Woll in his statement manages to to them by false friends as well as their historic enemies is one of ondemn Jett Lauck, Borah and the the marvels of the class struggle. Their steadfast courage, their Russian government all in one breath. bulldog tenacity and their self-sacrificing spirit will illuminate the After stating that the Lauck commitpages of history. But if the future workers' government of Great tee could not approach the Executive Britain decides to build a museum of infamy to perpetuate the Council which recognized in this strike only the United Textile Workers, Woll memory of their most outstanding betrayers, in that hall of shame. continues: the most conspicuous positions will be reserved for the plaster images "Labor has no reason to look upon of Ramsay MacDonald, J. H. Thomas and the other leaders who sold out the British miners in 1926.

BORAH, RUSSIA

Montreal, Aug. 31 .--- Matthew Woll, vice-president of the American Fed-



We think it unnecessary to say that we were in entire agreement with the estimate of the role of the center group in the British trade union move ment made by Comrade Losovsky, even to the extent of believing that some of the same sharp diffeism should have been leveled at them before their

weak and cowardly position became quite so apparent. As a matter of fact we went to a good deal of trouble to do what we

DITOR, The DAILY WORKER,

The above letter from Comrade Losovsky is made necessary not thru any fault of our own but by reason of the stoppage of our English exchanges during and for some time after the British general strike. We received no copy of Lansbury's Weekly in which the statement of Swales, Hicks and Tillet appeared and when we received the copy of the Sunday Worker containing a statement by Purcell and Hicks we assumed

carelessly perhaps, that this was the statement referred to.

desiring to create an "extremely ambiguous situation," we are trying to give all possible information on the subject at issue.

we published in connection with the article certainly does not tend to lighten

Calvin Coolidge has ordered federal employes to tip porters, waitresses and taxi drivers wisely and not too well. It should not be forgotten that Cal was a successful lawyer by being a darned good bill collector.

It is not surprising that Mrs. Coolidge took a fancy to the president when she first met him. The first lady of the land, by divine right of the House of Morgan, once was a teacher in a deaf and dumb school. Perhaps she mistook Cal for her favorite pupil. the same time that Borah and Lauck Sunday Worker had finally learned

Portugal may not cut a big figure in the league of nations, but some of her leading citizens have knocked Wall Street for a row of Latvian lats. A \$14,000,000 swindle with a political motive is Botany Mills, the largest employer is good, but it is not good that the nothing to be sneezed at even in Wall Street.

It now remains for Jack Peabody to state that he put Frank Farrington on his payroll at \$25,000 a year salary because of "auld lang syne."

NEW YORK, Aug. 31 .- Motion pic-

ture operators of New York, Local No.

them and the Motion Picture Theater

Former War Secretary **Arbitration Not For** Wants Debts Cancelled N. Y. Movie Operators

Cleveland, O., Aug. 31 .- Newton D. Baker, Secretary of War under Woodrow Wilson, was on record today in favor of American cancellation of 306, refuse to put their demands to foreign war debts and partial relief arbitration in the deadlock between of German's burden.

In an article appearing in the house Owners' Chamber of Commerce. The organ of a Cleveland bank, Baker employers' organization is composed urged such action to overcome the of smaller houses. The union has alturbulent economic conditions thruout | ready settled with the big firms, gaining 10 per cent wage increases. Europe

- Chicago, U. S. A. Dear Comrade:--

On July 3rd you reprinted my article entitled, "Who Needs These Declarations?" in which I exposed the maneuver of the so-called "left wing" leaders of the general council, who treachery and prepare for future be-

trayals by means of equivocal statements in the press. In the course of this article I incidentally pointed out, article, I must ask you to publish this letter in The DAILY WORKER.

n friendly fashion, that our very valuable comrades of the Sunday Worker were unconsciously aiding the misleaders by "welcoming" their hypocritical statements.

* * *

A LLOW me to point out to you that you are entirely in error in saying that my article refers to the Sunday Worker of June 13th. My refersend us name and address. ence was (as stated in the article). the activity of Senator Borah as hav- first to a public statement by Swales, ing been friendly to the workers of Hicks, and Tillet published in Lans-America. To the contrary, his con- bury's Weekly (of May 22). The com-

stant efforts to have the United States ment of the Sunday Worker which I ecognize Soviet Russia against the rightly criticised was contained in constant protest of the American Fed- their issue of May 23, (not the article eration of Labor clearly indicates that of three weeks later which you abor and Senator Borah are not in quoted), which said: "We welcome accord either in matters political, the statement issued by Swales, economic, domestic or international. Hicks, and Tillet the other day, just At the present time the United Tex- as we do the other declarations in

tile Workers are actually conducting today's Sunday Worker. the strike as a result of the work NOW it is true that three weeks of, among others, Senator Borah. At N later our good comrades on the were trying to bring about this ro- the lesson which I was trying to point sult, the American Federationist, or- out in May, in my article, namely that gan of the Executive Council, was Hicks & Co. were in a united front publishing large advertisements of the with Thomas against the miners. That

EVEN at the moment when you were writing that editorial note, the

"left" leaders were committing new

knowledge of these facts which it is oncerned in the Passiac strike. This is not the first time that Borah your duty to transmit to the readers and Woll have clashed. During the of The DAILY WORKER should be

consideration two years ago of a Sena- confused by your erroneous editorial note, which objectively serves to torial committee headed by Borah of divert the attention of the readers the reasons for and against recognifrom the main subject, which is ex tion of Russia by the United States, amination of the treacherous role Woll became very angry when alleged being played by the so-called "left' evidence he wanted to present against leaders, and fix it instead upon the the Russian government was rejected question of whether the Sunday by the committee as unreliable. Worker was correctly quoted or not.

Get Away With Drug Store Booze. Cutting their way thru a rear door

of a drug store postal substation here treason. They had tricked Cook into today, robbers carried out 13 cases a new "united front" with them, on of bonded whiskey, 100 gallons of the basis of silencing criticism and wine, \$150 in stamps and \$250 in cash. The safe was removed from who carry the burgen of guilt such as the postal station and carried to an the members of the general council. adjoining building, where it was this was a bargain at any price; but blown open.

violated their own side of the pledge, the movement rather than let it by publishing thru Bromley (another controlled by Communists.

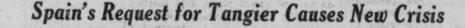
"left") their complete official attack Comrade Saklatvala has the unquesapon the miners... an act taken full tionable support of the official council advantage of by the mineowners and and has been returned as a Commungovernment. Can criticism of such ist member of parliament from this low betrayal be too sharp or too constituency.

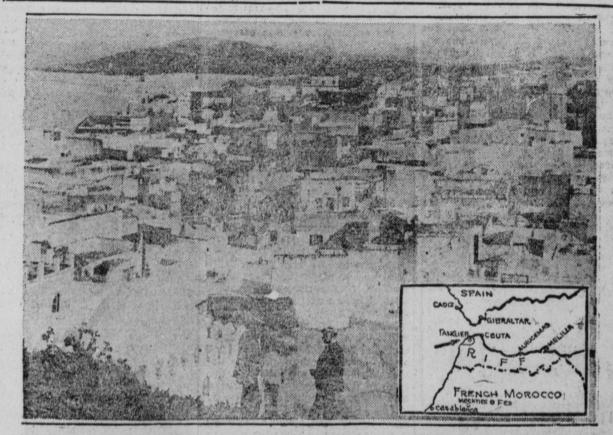
This has been a thorn in the side In view of the extremely ambiguous of the labor party leaders for some situation created by your editorial time, hence their endorsement of the



in the invertebrates. We find in them especially the chordula, or chordalarva, a very simple worm-shaped embryonic form, without limbs, head, or higher sense-organs; the body consists merely of six very simple primitive organs. From these are developed steadily the hundreds of different bones, muscles, and other organs that we afterwards distinguish in the mature vertebrate. The remarkable and very complex course of this embryonic development is essentially the same in man and the ape, and in the amphibians and fishes. We see in it, in accordance with the biogenetic law, a new and important witness to the common descent of all vertebrates from a single primitive form, the chordoea

(Continued Tomorrow)





"recriminations." Surely for those Here is a panorama of Tangler with a map showing its location directly opposite the powerful British-owned fortress, Gibraiter. France has always felt that it is to her best interests to control Tangler and now that she and Spain have settled their imperialist accounts with the Riff and made that territory safe for concessionaries they were not content. Having they fall out, like thieves, over the possession of Tangler which Spain wants very badly.

