

would of their property, appearing for the

gladly permit his body to be used by the king to clean the royal shoes on, and Mrs. Ethel Snowden, the socialist lady would be willing to perform an equally servile task for the queen. J. R. MacDonald, while premier, laid the keels for five cruisers and allowed British planes to bomb Indian villages, for king and imperialism.

THO our English labor fakers use L the lingo of socialism they are no more in favor of the overthrow of capitalism than William Green or Frank Farrington, who uphold capitalism with eloquence and enthusiasm. Then why is J. H. Thomas, privy councillor to King George, a member of the labor party, and why is William Green, the small-town Baptist, a democrat? For the very good reason that capitalism in England is on the decline, while here it is still on the up-The British labor fakers find grade. it to the their personal advantage to follow the masses, enriching them-

estate of Adolphus Busch Clark was made assistant secretary of commerce and labor in 1903. This probably was a reward for his antiunion activities, as in 1902, when an official of the Order of Railway Conductors, he ordered the conductors to scab on striking switchmen.

In 1901, during the switchmen's strike in Denver, Clark made an arrangement with the railroad company, for conductors to take the place of the strikers. In 1894, Clark united New Jersey, A. Sandling and Horn, with the General Managers' Associa- non-union cloak manufacturers, was tion to break the strike of the Ameri- arrested and held on \$1000 bail on can Railway Union, led by Debs.

Sheppard Presents Case. In the opening of the arbitration

20 per cent raise, declared that the on the same charges. The alleged railroads have increased their reve- gunman threatened to shoot striking nue from 18 to 27 per cent since 1920, cloak makers who succeeded in stopyet that since 1921 the trainmen's ping workers at the plant, the union wages have been cut three and a half stated. cents an hour.

(Continued on page 4)

Lull in Herrin Gang

Warfare as one Leader

HERRIN, Ill., Oct. 29 .- With one

leader shot for vengeance and the

other, removed from the immediate

scene of recent killings, denying re-

sponisbility for the actions of his fol-

lowers, communities in this and ad-

joining counties today awaited the

warfare.

next move in Southern Illinois's gang

Visits Sick Brother

SACCO-VANZETTI ATTORNEYS FILE **BILL OF EXCEPTIONS FOR NEW TRIAL**

By S. D. LEVINE. (Special to The Daily Worker)

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 29 .- Attorneys William G. Thompson and Herbert Behrmann, counsel for Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti, filed a bill of exceptions in the Norfolk county superior court at Dedham today, appealing from the decision of Judge Thayer of the superior court who denied their defendants a new trial. The documents made a volume a half a foot thick cloak makers last Saturday when and contained a list of more than 60 affidavits as well as evidence and arguments presented six weeks ago at a hearing for a new trial for the two convicted men.

A protest meeting arranged by the Workers (Communist) Party will be held Sunday at 4 p. m. in the Boston Common at Charles St. Mall.



To Extend More Aid to **Cloakmakers'** Strike

NEW YORK CITY, Oct. 29,-For leveling a gun at strike pickets in

some of its plants in Long Branch,

charges of assault. With him, accordcome and actions. ing to information received by the hearing, L. M. Sheppard, president of Cloak Makers' Joint Board, 130 East eaders and war veterans of Ottawa the O. R. C. and advisor of the Train- 25th street, was arrested an unknown men in the case, wherein they ask a gunman who was held in \$2500 bail have refused to participate in the functions arranged in the dominion capital to receive Queeh Marie of Rou-

mania.

emergency labor conference, The representing 800,000 trade unionists of Greater New York, who are supporting the strike of 40,000 cloak makers, held a meeting of its executive committee at 3 W. 16th street. J. M. Budish, secretary of the conference proposed another city-wide conference of unions to be held to

obtain additional help for the strike. The conference is expected to be held in the near future. One hundred thousand dollars were

realized for the strike fund of the workers in settled shops contributed a day's pay to the fund, the union announced after tabulation of the returns.

A series of strike meetings are held daily.



box apparently in a dazed condition," labor party would lack the necessary after the party. "It was a pretty wild night down Miss Johnson has been organizing

there," he testified. Government Worried.

nection with her educational work. BUCHAREST, Oct. 29 .- The Rou-Wicks Attacks Old Parties. nanian government is worried over

H. M. Wicks, Workers Party candireports circulated that "family trou- date for governor, spoke on the politble" and government intervention will ical situation in Pennsylvania, interfere with Queen Marie's tour. tacking the control of both republican The foreign office has issued a stateand democratic parties by big capiment denying rumors that the govern- talists. His assertion that U. M. W. ment is displeased with Marie's wel-

president John L. Lewis' support of Coolidge in 1924 was "a stab in the back" for the miners was much ap-OTTAWA, Ont., Oct. 29. -- Labor plauded.

Two Children Buried.

Unless the women are organized in

strength to insure ultimate victory

miners' women's auxiliaries in con-

ELMWOOD, Ind., Oct. 29. - Two disputes, permit us to reply to these settlement or resign." children were burned to death and questions: the mother and two other children received serious burns when fire destroyed the Richard Leakey home here today. The dead were: Richard Leakey, 7 months old, and Phillys Jean Leakey, 2 years old.

Another Herrin Death. Mrs. eLakey was badly burned in escuing aCrolyn, 3, and Mary Margaret, four. The mother had gone to William B. "Higspockets" McQuay, 24, litical and trade union leaders to reca neighbor's home for a few minutes. was found riddled with machine-gun ommend the workers to have a levy On her return she found the house bullets about three miles east of here on fire.

on the Johnston City road.

Uct. 20,

pointed out that only by labor enter-

persecution of workers on strike,

J. M. Budish, Secretary,

'New York City.

dates of the Workers Party follows:

Favor Abolition.

(Continued on page 4.)

1926

FEDERAL COURTS AGAIN AFFIRM AN INJUNCTION AGAINST U. M. W.

at-

RICHMOND, Va., Oct. 29 .- The injunction granted by the federal court to allow the Russians to join has comin the northern district of West Virginia to prevent the United Mine Work- pelled us to consider the question of ers' Union from "intimidating or interfering" with employes of the West Virginia and Pittsburgh Coal company was affirmed with a modification in Miners' Committee. We must cement the federal court of appeals here today.

niunction hill, the candidates of the and conditions existing before the Workers Party declared themselves lockout. emphatically against injunctions and

"Realizing that Nottingham is one of the blackest areas, the whole exeing its own candidates and forming a cutive will meet there to do its busi-Labor Party will it forge an instruness, and to arrange its campaign ment to combat the ever-increasing right at the seat of war, to use a milltary phrase, to be ever-present in the The communication of the candifiring line. The executive will meet there .on Tuesday.

Miners Not Beaten.

'Emergency Labor Conference, "This is to be an intensified, cen-"Dear Comrades: In reply to your tralized campaign to win victory. The communication of October 23, asking employers have now recognized that (1) Do you or do you not favor the the miners are not beaten, and the hecking of the evil of injunctions general public, who are being exin industrial disputes; (2) Do you or ploited by paying high prices for coal. do you not favor the enactment of an will see clearly the necessity for pressanti-injunction bill by the state legis- ing the government to recognize the justice of our claims, and demand that lature limiting the power of the courts to issue injunctions in trade and labor the government secure an equitable

Praised Russian Workers.

Referring to the return of the "1. We regard the injunction evil as miners' delegation from Russia on the menace to the existence of union previous day. Cook said that all of

them, including his wife, were loud in the praises of the Russian workers, and were expressing their disgust HERRIN, Ill., Oct. 29 .--- Another vic- at the decisions of the labor party tim of Williamson county's gang feud, conference, and the refusal of the pofor the miners.

"As my wife said to me." went on Cook, "Mr. Robert Williams has got his just deserts by being defeated in the election for the labor executive." "The action of Mr. Frank Hodges and his confreres on the Interna-

tional," continued Cook, "in refusing immediately forming an Anglo-Russian our friendship in a tangible form so that we can co-operate in the future to cary out the objects we have in lew

"We expect our comrades, the railaymen and dockers, to refuse to . lackleg by handling foreign coal."

DETROIT WORKERS

All DAILY WORKER agents of the BOSTON-Nov. 4. - 8 p. m. - Tremont Temple, party units of District No. 7 are called to attend a meeting, Monday, Nov. 1, 8 p. m., at 1967 Grand River, Detroit. Very important plans for the advancement of The DAILY WORKER will be discussed. Do not fail to be present .---DAILY WORKER City Agent, S. V.

lov. 5, 1855 Memorial Meeting-Chicago Temple Hall_Marshfield & Van Buren TONITE-SATURDAY, OCT. 30,-8:15 p. m. with JAMES P. CANNON - RALPH CHAPLIN - CARL HAESSLER - HYMAN SCHNEID C. E. RUTHENBERG ADMISSION FREE Auspices: Int'l. Labor Defense

EUGENE VICTOR DEBS Memorial Meeting-Detroit ARMORY_Brush & Larned Sts. SUNDAY, OCTOBER 31-at 8 p. m. with

> FRANK MARTEL - JAMES P. CANNON DENNIS BATT and MAURICE SUGAR AUSPICES-INTERNATIONAL LABOR DEFFENSE

Other Memorial Meetings

Lorimer Hall, with J. P. Cannon and others. BUFFALO-Nov. 5. - J. P. Cannon and others. PHILADELPHIA-Nov. 7. - J. P. Cannon and others.



presented to President Coolidge by General William Lassiter, who succeeded General Pershing as head of the Tacna Arica plebiscitary commission

"We are still hopeful of adjustment of the problem by negotiation," said Lassiter.

was in conference with the repre-

sentatives here of Chile and Peru.

Altho the state department ordered the commission's work abandoned, Secretary Kellogg said he still Page Two



on the Air

LOS ANGELES. Oct. 29 .- The sensational Aimee Semple McPherson case was blown wide open again there today.

On the very day her attorneys rested her case, after the preliminary hearing of the evangelist, her mother, Mrs. Minnie Kennedy, and Mrs. Lorraine Wiseman-Sielaff, all charged with conspiracy to manufacture false evidence, had dragged thru five weeks, the state exploded & bombshell by announcing that Kenneth G. AOrmiston's trunk had been discovered in New York and that it was expected to arrive at the district attorney's office at any time.

Ormiston, former radio operator at Angelus Temple, is alleged to have been the companion of Mrs. McPherthought her drowned.

Trunk Full of Clothing.

In Ormiston's trunk, according to] the district attorney, is sufficient evidence to make a settlement of the case, quickly and conclusively.

It is crammed with women's wearing apparel, dainty frocks, expensive shoes, imported lingerie, silk stockings-and a silk "evangelist's" robe, Practically every article in the trunk was purchased in Los Angeles.

Rader's Nose Rag.

Only one article of masculine use was found in the trunk. This was a large silk handkerchief, on which is and children as well. engraved the name of Paul Rader, an evangelist. Rev. Rader, it is recalled, occupied the pulpit at Angelus Temple while Mrs. McPherson made a pilgrimage to the Holy Land a year ago.

The trunk also contained a lace boudoir cap. In this cap was a single strand of hair-a hair of decidedly reddish hue.

This single strand of hair was sent to District Attorney Keyes from New York by air mail. That single strand of hair, according to Keyes, is going to have an important bearing on the outcome of the case.

Phila. Carpenters to Follow up \$1,000 for I. L. G. with More Aid

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 29. - The Carpenters' Local No. 1073 voted \$1,000 for the cloak workers of New York who are now out on strike. In addition a collection was taken at the same meeting which amounted to over \$100.

A resolution was passed unanimously to stake the cloak workers as long as the battle between them and the bosses rages. Many of the carpenters are out of work, but they pledged themselves to help neverthertar



RELIEF FROM UNITED STATES HELPS

British miners' soup kitchen maintained by funds collected from Ameri- prisoner, the heart of Debs was con can workers by the international Workers' Ald. Keep soup kitchens going stantly with the cause of united son at a cottage at Carmel, Cal., while her "four square gospel" followers

By JACK BRADON.

TT is now nearly seven months since For these very same reasons, she cannot chance a war against a large the British miners left the mines In their effort to spike the ambitions power even the the conquest of which of British capitalism to reconstruct may mean a new lease on life for British capitalism, or at least may its economy at the immediate expense of the miners and ultimate cost of temporarily save it from its present speedy and unmistakable deteriora-Britain's entire working class. The struggle of the miners against tion.

Saw Labor Opportunity. a cut in wages, which were already a cut in wages, which were already extremely meager, actually bordering on neuperism is a most strenuous MINDFUL of those difficulties sur-rounding her without, Britain has and testing one, and is marked by set out to stabilize herself on the basgreat heroism and privation, not only is of lower wages and longer hours of the miners, but of their women of her own working class. She reasons that cheapened labor would pro-

Whole System Questioned. Interlocked with the problem of wages and hours of the miners is he question of British economy in its entirety. Having lost its world conomic dominance and political

of old. But to bring this about the trade union movement had to be shatrestige to Wall Street, as a result tered. Such an undertaking is provf the world carnage and its subseing infinitely more difficult than the uent developments, British capital-British bourgeoisie supposed. While sm is seeking a way out of its dest. correctly appraised the dependaperate plight of chronic unemployoility of the officials of the labor ment, colonial pressure, general inmovement, feeling that this element stablity and inability to compete on could be counted upon in an emergen the world market even with its most y, it utterly underrated the aggresplentiful commodity, coal.

War is Too Risky.

iveness and consciousness of a pro-TT cannot, as a way out of these dif oked rank and file, who could force ficulties, further the exploitation of general strike, contrary to the its colonies or the industrially backwishes of its official leaders. It apward nations, by obtaining from them ears that the British bourgeoisie did cheap raw material and labor, and in ot anticipate the general strike. urn charge them high rates for the Even the labor leaders, both within inished product. For in those coland without the T. U. C., who are nies and so-called backward nations upposed to know the temper of the where Britain formerly held economic rank and file, did not suspect that way, industry progressed-it moved he general strike would occur. I am orward, and in turn must obtain raw persuaded to credit this point of view naterial, labor and a market for its inished product. It is this economic orce that is at the bottom of nation ral strike sensed the probability of 1 movements such as in China, In-, they would have actively engaged ia, Morocco, etc., making it highly n a campaign beforehand to prevent ifficult for Britain to make those colmies and backward nations carry the urden of making her a thriving in-

most distasteful to them. (To be continued.) tead of a decaying capitalist coun-

CHCAGO L'ABOR

THE DAILY WORKER

TO HONOR DEBS **AT MEET TONITE** Workers Will Pledge "Carrying On"

Eugene V. Debs, the great American rebel and labor leader, will be how ored tonight by the workers of Chi cago in mass meeting at Temple Hall Marshfield and Van Buren. Chicago labor will gather not only to mourn the loss of the old warrior but to pledge themselves to carry on. The meeting is being held under the aus pices of International Labor Defense.

Cannon to Speak. James P: Cannon, secretary of the International Labor Defense, upon the national committee of which Debs served since its inception, is one of the speakers. Debs was a ready and enthusiastic supporter of the work of I. L. D. Himself a former class war working class defense. The last pub lic document of Debs was his appeal to American labor for Sacco and Van dependability" of her working class. zetti which was spread broadcast



This picture of Eugene V. Debs was taken at the Ralph Chaplin home near Chicago while Chaplin was still in prison and about a year after Debs had been released. The baby Debs is holding is Eric Haessler, son of another wartime political prisoner. Chaplin and Haessler speak at the meeting tonight.

on the ground that, had those labor thruout the country by International eaders who were opposed to the gen- Labor Defense.

I. W. W. Poet Talks. Ralph Chaplin, another speaker, is the occurrence of a situation that was the famous I. W. W. poet, and was one of Gene Debs' good friends. Chap-

hin was prosecuted in the Chicago I W. cases and served his term



By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL.

ABOR in Europe is speaking up Lin the fight for the lives of Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti.

Laurence Todd writes for the Federated Press from Washington that the "state department officials are visibly worried at the storm of protest" which has greeted "the refusal of Judge Thayer of Massachusetts to grant a new trial to Sacoo and Vanzetti."

The workers of the United States must join in this effort, so that not only the state department, nor the White House alone, but the whole capitalist dictatorship in this country will become seriously worried. . . .

The realization that European workers are bearing the brunt of the fight for the class war prisoners in this country, should spur American workers to increased activity.

Another Federated Press correspondent, this time in Boston, declares that public opinion "seems to be shifting somewhat from its hostile attitude toward Sacco and Vanzetti toward the position that there must be something in these workers' claims of innocence after all."

This is an inevitable result of Judge Thayer's course handling of the case, his light disposal of the confessions of the two ex-agents of the department of justice, his slighting references to defense counsel. his zealousness in seeking to belittle the testimony of Celestino Madeiros, and especially his reference to "the verdict of a jury approved by the supreme court of this commonwealth." In fact, the supreme court never proved the guilty verdict against Sacco and Vanzetti. All that the supreme court did, in its own words, was to "examine carefully all the exceptions in so far as argued, and finding no error the verdicts are to stand." The high court merely went thru the technical procedure of the trial. It had nothing to do with the question of whether the testimony presented justified the verdict. That is all that it can do when the present appeal from the decision of Judge Thayer denving the new trial demanded comes before it.

If some capitalist were on trial, of course, the court would quickly find an endless procession of errors on which to free him. But it is different when a worker faces the court. Then the judges of the high court blink themselves blind ignoring the fraudulent manner in which labor is declared guilty before the bar of the lower capitalist tribunals.

America's dollar diplomats in Europe think they can fool the workers on the other side of the Atlantic. Thus Councillor Poole, of Wall Street's embassy at Berlin, told a visiting delegation of Communist members of the German reichstag that "there was no danger of immediate execution of the two men, citing the possibility that they may be pardoned. Reports to the contrary he said were 'incorrect'."

What a fraud? What a typical bluff of American dollar diplomacy! Practiced on the self-satisfied officialdom of American labor, such tactics usually get satisfactory results. But Poole showed he does not understand European labor. Probably his eyes were opened a little when he read in the next issue of the Rote Fahne (Red Flag), official organ of the German Communist Party, that it considered "the American councillor's assurances were mere bluff" and urged the German workers to renew their protests against the scheduled executions. Labor in Germany that struggled valiantly for a Soviet republic, that saw its martyrs go to death by the thousands, that saw other tens of thousands imprisoned on the slightest pretext, understands fully every characteristic of the capitalist beast with which it has to deal. It is well trained against the pitfalls that capitalist rule continually prepares for it. The same may be said, perhaps in

slightly lesser degree, of the workers of every other west-European capitalist country. . . . The same must also be said of the workers of the United States. The Sacco-Vanzetti case should teach American labor its much needed lesson, that there are classes within

the social system under which we all live, that there is a continuous war going on between these classes, that the capitalist class seeks with every weapon at its disposal to maintain its supremacy, while the working class struggles for the power that will enable it to achieve its emancipation.

Sacco and Vanzetti will be the victims of this class war if Amer-ican labor does not use its, class power to shield them. European labor, thru its ceaseless fight for

Sacco and Vanzetti, should inspire

the workers in the United States

to enlist in ever greater and irresist-

ible masses in this war against their

historic enemy, that must be

crowned with labor's triumph over

this nation's ruthless ruling class.

FOOTSTEPS OF RUM SNOOPERS Ralph W. Stone, who succeeded Major Percy Owen as prohibition ad-

GRAFT DODGES

ministrator in Chicago, today was accused in federal court of continuing the graft of sacramental wine permits which Owen is charged with sharing and for which he and state Senator Lowell B. Mason are now on trial.

Stone's name was brought into the testimony by Irving Friedman, former wine salesman, who swore that Stone had raised the price of illegal wine permits from \$300 to \$400 and granted them when the money was fortheoming.

Arguments over the admissibility as evidence of lists of spurious "congregations" to which the permits ostensibly were issued resulted in an adjournment of the trial until tomorrow, after Friedman had left the stand.

Federation of Labor Endorsing 200 Boss Aspirants for Office

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 29 .- The the A. F. of L. has conducted not campaign in behalf of its favorite capitalist candidates William Green announced that it has 200 "friends of labor" among them David I. Walsh of Massachusetts, who opposed the antichild labor bill which was endorsed by the federation.

If a considerable number of those endorsed win, the federation chiefs will cailm the credit.

In Ohio the federation pronounces Senator Willis, republican, unfavorable, while the railroad brotherhoods favor him. Will is a member of the "Ohio gang" that fed at the pubic crib during the Harding regime.

Bootleggers In South Illinois Fire Each Others' Roadhouses

WEST FRANKFURT, III., Oct. 29,-Four roadhouses, all of which were generally regarded as the property of the Birger faction, were laid to waste by fire early today, two miles south of here, just over the Williamson county line.

According to persons residing near the roadhouses, a machine gun barrage preceded the burning of the buildings, which were in a group on the Johnston City-West Frankfort line.

Bandits Kill Merchants.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 29 .- Otto Zecafoose, merchant, whose store had been robbed twice previously, today shot and killed an unidentified bandit, who, with a companion, was breaking into the rear of his establish-| ment.

less as they deem it very that the cloak makers should win.

Honduras Prisoners Revolt.

the colonies and backward . nations, WASHINGTON, Oct. 29. - Three to say nothing of tightening this grip. men were killed and several wounded an extensive and costly war must be during a revolt of prisoners yestercarried on 'against the peoples of day in the penitentiary at Ceiba, Honthese territories. And Britain canduras, the state department was adot afford, nor risk such wars, be cause of her inner instability and "invised today.



For the Special 12 page issue on November 6. There will be articles on every phase of Soviet life by outstanding writers.

SPECIAL PRICE-TWO CENTS A COPY Printed to reach all parts of the country on November 6. Clip the blank and attach remittance



1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

e special NOVEMBER 6 ISSUE of 12 pages.	s of
ME	
۲	
TE	



NEW YORK, Oct. 29 .--- Italians liv- demands for better conditions in the ng in the United States that had pre- "pen." viously supported the fascist regime Hyman Schneid, general organized or remained neutral are now going of the Amalgamated Clothing Work over to the opposition as a result of ers of America, a member of organ their conviction that Mussolini intends | ized labor for many years, will also to fasten a permanent dictatorship on speak. Italy with himself as uncrowned monarch

duce commodities at a cost low enuf

as to allowunder selling other nations

on the world market, and thus re-

capture her former influence. And,

again, the British lion would roar as

This is the declaration of Luigi Crisamong Italian people in America. renched, with no evidence of any de- in founding the Industrial Workers of

sire or plan to relinquish any powers. to the king, to parliament or to the people. Mussolini is the supreme lord ress and militancy in the labor movever existed in Italian history." arried away by the glamour of his the last years of his life-these incl-Italian people had already enjoyed in the interests of big capital.

Ambassador's Home Burns. FALMOUTH, Mass., Oct. 29 .- Fire of unknown origin destroyed the home of Albert H. Washburn, ambassador to Austria, today, causing damage esat \$200,000

FL Radio Program go Federation of Labor radio two years. sting station WCFL is on the e Municipal Pier.

TONIGHT m.-Chicago Federation of La-and bulletins. ner; Hickey & Johnson, Hawai-an Post, Vivlan Lawrence, Oscar

SUNDAY, OCTOBER 31. p. m.-Wicker Park L

Leavenworth penitentiary with scores of others. Carl Haessler, who will also talk

was a militant objector to the imper ialist war and served his term it Leavenworth for it. He was one of the leaders of the famous Leaven. worth penitentiary strike, in which

the prisoners presented a united front to the prison officials and won their

Work to Be Related.

Workers are urged to attend this cuolo, an Italian leader of New York, meeting in numbers to pay a solemi in a statement calling attention to the tribute to a great working class growth of pro-fascist organizations fighter and leader. The story o find Mussolini and fascism firmly en. the American Railway Union, his aid amortization fund,

the World, the Social Democratic Party of America, his fight for progis free.

Seventeen Years a B. A. Gets Elected as General Sec'y-Treas.

Gus. Soderberg of Chicago, has been elected to the office of general

sting on a 491.5 wave length cal No. 5 in Chicago for 17 years.

Get Huge Still.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Oct. 29.-The Breveort Concert Trio: Little Federal prohibition agents today seized the largest still ever found in New Jersey-a plant valued at half a mil-

> lion dollars and so large they said Lutheran it would have to be dynamited be- in the party's agricultural policy. The

> > 32.8

Soviet Union Sets Fast **Pace in Development** of Its Industries of peasants including the consolida-

(Continued from page -1)

rallel with the realization of the electrification plan. The electro-technical level as in pre-war times. Moreover, ndustry pursued the course of adaptation to the peasantry. The restoration of the rural economy proceeded on the basis of the new land property relations. The new agricultural tax was followed by a co-operative movement that penetrated into the villages and by the birth of agricultural communes. The complete restoration

would have been impossible without in enormous internal accumulation which was used to create a compara-Debs' activities in the American la | tively large floating capital. Industry Instead of restoring Italy to the bor movement, his leadership of the is now actually yielding five hundred talian people, says Criscuolo, "we Pullman strike, the organization of million rubles profits not including the

Industrialization.

The further development of the country's economy, he continued, will proceed on the slogan of industrialof all Italy and no greater despot has ment and his severe and uncompro- ization. The industrial plan provided mising castigation of misleaders and for eighteen per cent growth in the Many former admirers of Mussolini, fakirs, his famous Canton speech and current year and twelve per cent next year. In spite of the defeatist afnovements, are now seeing that he dents and milestones in Debs' life firmations of the opposition such an as destroyed whatever liberties the and work will be related by the enormous pace has never been speakers. Admission to the meeting reached by any capitalist country whose yearly growth in industry reaches from one-fifteenth to four per cent.

In the current year one thousand million rubles will be invested for fundamental expenses to be directed primarily towards machine building, fuel, electrification, transport.

Rykoff pointed out particularly the secretary-treasurer of the Journey- progress in the Don Basin where for men Tailors' Union for the ensuing the last two years the coal output

are starting work this year.

The most important tasks in respect to industrial readjustment are the necessity to carry out fully the eco- that the party and the Soviet power ber 31. nomy regime and the modification of

the system of administration of the struction achieved perfect unity of industrial organizations. Between inmust exist close harmony as expressed tion is proceeding at a rapid pace.

Instead of a dissolution of the middle in they most bitterly criticized the ayer we have in the country a rise party, the opposition only confirm in the general welfare of all groups their bankruptcy.

As the economic difficulties that tion of middle peasant masses. The arose in the autumn of 1925 are being percentage of peasant economy with- outlined, the attention at first attracted out sowing has fallen from 6.9% in by the opposition has gradually 1922 to 4.2% in 1925. Farming econowaned. The statements of the oppomies up to two dessiatins constituted sition have proved to be mistaken industry is now on twice as high a 46% in 1922 while in 1925-26 they because they failed to take into conconstituted 33%. Over the same sideration the rapid development of period economies over ten dessiatins small and big industry. In the next have increased from 1.2% to 3.3%. period the attention of the party must Well-to-do and employing peasants center on questions of economic reconstitute 15% of all peasant farms construction, the development of local and pay 47% of the whole agricultural industry, the 'consolidation of local tax, while from 25% to 30% of the finance. peasant economies are altogether

In characterizing the progress of inlustrial development of the U.S.S.

Data Belies Private Capital Legend. R., the speakers pointed out that the The legend of the opposition about development followed the line of consolidating the union of the proletariat private capital is belied by the data and peasantry and stated that it will showing the part played by private be possible to attain the tasks of incapital in commerce: 1923-24, the dustrialization only if such a union gross trade in the hands of private capital amounted to 22%, in 1925-26 is maintained and secured.

this percentage has fallen to 9%. A corresponding fall of from 57%

exempted from the tax.

Trenton Unions Praise. TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 29 .--- Labor (1923-24) to 39% (1925-26) has been union locals here have enthusiastically observed in the retail trade. The endorsed the motion picture presentapart played by private capital in other tion of the big Passaic textile strike parts of the national economy are at which was shown here last night in a minimum point. The policy of lowering prices must be continued. the Central Y. M. C. A. Auditorium. The demand of the opposition for high A capacity crowd packed the large auditorium, and hundreds had to be industrial prices means the alliance of the rich peasants with the town turned away. Wave after wave of enthusiastic applause swept the bourgeoisie and the disrupture of the alliance of the workers and peasants, audience as the scenes of mass picketing were thrown on the screen, and the destruction of the basis of industrialization and the defeat of the rev- when the long line of pickets appeared olution. in gas masks and steel helmets follow-

The party will not permit a defeat- ing the gas bomb attacks by the poist policy. Trotsky, the leader of the lice, the crowd of working class specopposition, has forgotten that it is a tators went wild. good thing to be a defeatist during

Cleveland Enthusiastic.

CLEVELAND, O, Oct. 29 .- The Pasimperialist wars but a bad thing to be a defeatist when the proletariat is saic strike picture went over big here engaged in a war for the consolidation last night at the Engineers' Audiof its dictatorship. torium, Ontario and St. Clair street.

Defeat Opposition on All Fronts. Local unions show so much enthusiasm over it, that it is extremely prob-In the course of the debate the speakers, mostly provincial workers, able that it will be shown again in emphasized the correctness of the the local theaters. A Polish organizatheses on Rykoff's report pointing out tion will also have a showing on Octo-

have, in the work of industrial con SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Oct. 29 .- Richard Evans, convicted of the murder the workers, a fact which is keenly dustry and the rural ecconomy there felt locally where industrial construct of Policeman Edward C. Finegan in Chicago, today was denied a writ of The opposition suffered defeat on error and supersedeas by the Supreme m.-Wicker Park Lutheran it would have to be dynamited be-Rev. S. P. Long. Cause it was too huge to be disman-opposition is presenting the situation all fronts. Keeping silent at the con-Court. He is under sentence in the rural districts in a wrong light. I ference on economic questions where hang tomorrow.

Coal Production.

n regular programs. It is burg has been business agent of Lo- electrification. New electrical stations

has increased by seventeen million He takes office January 1. Soder- tons as well as in the progress of



Them to Pledge

(Special to The Dally Worker) WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.-Senator Wm. E. Borah, republican of Idaho, is expected to stop in New York City on Friday to confer with owners of New Jersey textile mills concerning settlement of the Passaic strike. It is said that while Senator Borah is for the moment devoting his time chiefly to the duties of the present election campaign, he is still very much interested in the New Jersey strike. It will be while he is on his way to campaign for Senator Moses of New Hampshire that Borah will talk to the mill owners. Made Pledges.

It is understood that the textile manufacturers made certain pledges to the senator on condition that Albert Weisbord withdraw as a leader of the strike and allow the United Textile Workers' Union to come upon the scene. As is well known, this has been done. In some quarters here it ment no little uneasiness by his talk is held that Borah, unless these pledges are made good, will carry out his threat of a senatorial investigation into the conditions surrounding the struggle of the textile workers. Borah has not ceased to be very interested in the Passale fight and is expected, at the end of the campaign, to devote fuller attention towards effecting a settlement. There is word from New Jersey that the textile manufacturers are themselves divided into two factions on the question of terminating the dispute.

Federal Courts Have no Jurisdiction Over Radio, Is Ruling Here

The federal courts have no authority to regulate radio broadcasting or to take action to clear the air of conflicting wave lengths, Judge James H. Wilkerson indicated here today when he remanded to the state courts an injunction proceeding brought by station WGES on the grounds of lack of jurisdiction.

Station WGES sought the dissolution of a temporary injunction granted against it to prevent it from interfering with the programs broascast by station WGN. Both stations are broadcasting on the same wavelength.

Chicagoan Submits Low Bid for Dam in **Illinois** Waterway

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Oct. 29.-Thomas Leroy Warner, Chicago, today submitted the apparently low bid to the state department of purchases and construction for building of the



minion.

Prime Minister of South Africa who, at the meeting of the British Empire Conference, caused the home governof Independence for the African do-

OREGON SE CAMPAIGN U contract, according to Manager Capraro. **REED SPOTLIGH**

Senator Orders Probe of G. O. P. Funds

(Special to The Dally Worker) KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 29. - A slush fund investigation of the Oregon senatorial campaign was ordered today by Senator James A. Reed, democrat of Missouri, chairman of the senatorial campaign fund committee. Reed Instructed Senators McNary, republican of Oregon, and King, democrat of Utah, to conduct the inquiry as soon as they complete present investigation into the Washington senatorial campaign.

Probe G. O. P. Nominee. Senator Reed asked them to investigate specifically the campaign of Fred Steiwer, the republican nominee. "I have it on good authority," said Reed, "that Franklin K. Griffith of the Portland Electric Power Company gave the Portland, Oregonian, \$35,000 for opposition to Senator Stanfield, strike." who was defeated by Steiwar in the republican primary, of which \$25,000 was sent from the headquarters in Philadelphia. Only a senate inquiry

state.' Two Drowned in River.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 29 .- Two rsons were drowned today when a and released on \$500 bail.

STIRS BRITISH EMPIRE N.Y. JEWELRY **WORKERS CA** 700 ON STRIK

> Police Recruit Scabs in Paper Box Strike

NEW YORK CITY, Oct. 29 .- Forty der the direction of a central organishops involving nearly 700 workers zation. have responded to the strike call of Workers. Negotiations began at once between Anthony Caprare, manager of that it is an auxiliary to the schools. the union, and the employers. Cashops had petitioned the union for settlement:

Large Shope Ask Settlement. Sixth Ave., the largest shop in the trade with 150 workers out and 50 AMBITIONS OF girls who will automatically become members of the union when the contract is signed; S. Friedman, 269 W. 38th St. (20 employes); Rhinestone Novelty Manufacturing Co., 19 W. 35th St. (26 workers); Berkshire Jewelry Co., 41 W. 36th St. (18); Green Engraving and Decorating Co., 140 W. 23rd St. (30); and Grand and

Douglas, 105 Fulton St. (10 employes.) The contract which these employers will sign with the union calls for the hiring of all workers thru the union employment bureau, a 10 per cent vage increase, a 44-hour week and time and a half for overtime. The strike will be continued in the other shops until the employers sign this

> . . . Police Recruit Scabe.

Two paper box strikers, Morris Wray and James Loresco, were arrested yesterday in the paper box district, Wooster and Green streets, taken to the First Magistrate Court, White and Center streets, and fined \$5 each by Magistrate MacAndrews. These workers declare that they were brutally asaulted by the police before being arrested. Wray charges that one officer spit in his face when he was inside the Mercer street police station. They maintain that the

officers who attacked and arrested them have made the great majority of similar arrests since the beginning of the box strike three weeks ago. Florence Geller, secretary of the union, charges that she witnessed officers approaching workers on Woos-

ter street yesterday and asking them employers," Miss Geller said, "the police are evidently recruiting workers

for the bosses to help break the Try to Terrorize Pickets. can establish the fact, as no report

was made of this contribution to the ber of an officer whom he had seen

taken to the Mercer street police sta- Chicago headquarters. tion charged with disorderly conduct,

The union announced last night that

NEGOTIATIONS Schools Force Bible Worship on Children of Muskegon, Mich

THE DAILY WORKER

MUSKEGON, Mich., Oct. 29 .- Two housand Muskegon schoolchildren are having a "love and faith" religion stuffed into them by what is known as the "Muskegon plan" of religious edu- Date Factory Bosses to cation. The pupils are dismissed from the school one hour a week to

attend church classes which are un-

Those in support of the system say ers against the Maras and Company the Amalgamated Jewelry Novelty "it is divorced completely from the date stuffing factory, 214 West Kinzie school system," but they admit openly The central theme of the bible prare announced that the following teachings are, it is announced, to teach shops had petitioned the union for the children "obedience, faith, trust, and love for god."



Empire Opposes Their **Ambassadorial Aims**

LONDON, Oct. 29 .- The British dipmats are nothing if not clever. They are now using all their tricks on the delegates to the imperial conference particularly those who are chafing un der the collar because of the imperial restrictions imposed on them by the so-called "mother country."

"As we pointed out yesterday, it is not wise to believe British news stories to the effect that Downing Street strike. has Premier Hertzog of South Africa isolated from Canada and the Irish Free State representatives. As a matter of fact, the British are at least as worried about Canada as they are about South Africa. And today we learn that the intention of Canada to send a representative to Washington who would speak directly to the state department for Canada has created a very uneasy feeling in London.

British Jesultism, This is where British trickery comes The foreign office circulated the in. report that Washington would rather deal with the imperial ambassador, speaking for all the dominions rather than with a dozen representatives. As a matter of fact, Washington has already had direct conferences with South Africa over trade matters and if they wanted jobs. "In addition to the rBitish ambassador in Washington one of Hertzog's grievances is that riding on the paper box delivery allowed imperial displeasure over the wagons, protecting the property of the conversations to reach the white

Labor Must Support Filipino Demand, Say

"American labor has nothing to gain from American imperialism. For the great mercan imperialism. For the great masses of the American Be it Further Resolved, that we call upon all labor organizations in the city of Boston to unite and honor his mem-Philippine islands means only new Local \$7 of the Upholsterers Union Box Co., 801 Broadway, Manhattan, dangers, new sacrifices, new hardhad settled with the union. This ships. Abraham Lincoln once said:

SUNDAY WORKER SLOGA

HUNDREDS of slogans have been received to give the coming Sunday Worker a battle-cry. Slogans have come from all parts of the country and Canada. To offer greater opportunity to contestants the closing date has been postponed until December first. All slogans submitted before this date are eligible for the seven prizes totalling a hundred dollars in books. Remember the prizes: 1-A choice of fifty dollars worth of books; 2-Twenty-five dollars worth: and five dollars worth of books to each of the NEXT FIVE BEST slogans submitted. Here are some of the slogans submitted and being considered for prizes:

"A Militant Labor's Weekly"-M. Weiner, Brooklyn, N. Y. "Workers' Weekly Mirror"; "Labor's Opinion"-G. Turick, New York. "The Workers' Church"-J. B. C. Woods, New York. "Young Proletaire at the Throttle"

Monday has been set as the date -R. Weinberger, Ceredo, W. Va. when a definite settlement will be "Sunday Worker For Week-Day made. A committee from the strikers and a representative of the C. F. of L. Canada.

"Light For All Who Work"-J. Sho-During the conferences militant acmaker. Seattle. "A Weekly Review of the Class tivities of the women have been suspended and picketing has been stopped Struggie"-Chas. Schwartz, Brooklyn, temporarily until an agreement is N. Y.

"Hope With a Fist In It"-J. B. Among the demands insisted upon Chapple, Ashland, Wis. "The Workers' Sunday School"-B. by the workers are recognition of the Date and Fig Workers' Union, a wage

G. Kalfides, Chicago. "The Workers' March"; "The Flame"-Dora Dow, Mendham, N. J. "An Adviser of the Discontented"--A. Sevlin, Nimrod, Mont. "A Magazine of Proletarian Thought

Under no condition will the workers back down on their demand for And Action"-Jim Waters, Chicago. ecognition of the union, declare strike "Read The Sunday Worker While leaders. This is their prime demand You Rest"-M. Kitzes, New York. The half cent a pound increase will

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 29 .-- D.

"The University of Thought"-B. increase the weekly wages from about Pomesantz, New York. \$14 to \$16. The company desired to "Read And Enjoy The Best While decrease the wages to \$12, and the You Rest"-E. Guy, Kansas City, Mo.

announcement of this resulted in the "The Magazine With Everything Worth-While"-Irene Chapple, Ash-There are at present no sanitation land, Wis.

court today.

provisions in the factory, the workers charge, making for much discomfort among the workers.

ENDING STRIKE

Meet Workers

Negotiations toward the ending of

the strike of the Negro women work-

street, are being conducted, it is an-

nounced. Conferences have been ar-

ranged by the Chicago Federation of

Picketing Ceases.

increase of one-half a cent pound over

the old scale, improvement in work-

ing conditions and sanitation pro-

visions, shorter working hours.

Labor with the employers.

is meeting with the bosses.

reached.

A business and social meeting will be held by the strikers Saturday night at 8 o'clock at 3587 Indiana avenue. Friends are invited to attend. Donations for strike relief are expected.



BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 29.-Local No. of the Cloth, Hat, Cap and Millinery Workers' International Union passed the following resolution on the death

Whereas, Eugene V. Debs has just

workers to organize, against the use of injunctions in labor disputes, against the participation by the United States in the last World War and for the establish-

Late yesterday afternoon Harry Tick, shop chairman of the Unique Paper Box Co., 109 Spring St., was ar-rested for attempting to get the num-ber of an officer whom he had seen shake a girl picket for calling some scabs "strikebreakers." Tick was taken to the Mercer street police sta-

Letters from Our Readers

Ukrainian Workers Helpi

To The DAILY WORKER: The Ukrainian Working Women's. Worker"-Allan Clark, Medicine Hat, Organization in Boston recently celebrated their fourth anniversary. The

fifth year has begun and we are striving to make this year even more fruitful and beneficial than these four years have been. This small branch of the Alliance of Ukrainian Workers' organizations has made a progress that is quite creditable. Our class conscious members have worked, and are still working, very energetically

and whole-heartedly to aid strikers, working people's newspapers and other journals, political prisoners, and to patronize entertainments given for the benefit of the labor movement. Besides this our members take part in plays, concerts, lectures, and they study music, English, etc.

Hearing of your need for financial support we informed our audience attending and participating in our celebration of your need and then took up a collection which amounted to \$12.25 It is with great pleasure that we enclose a money order for this amount. Ukraininan Working Women's Organization. By M. Kaleta.

Pup Comes Home.

C. Stephenson's appeal from the life LOGANSPORT, Ind., Oct. 29.-A sentence imposed on him by the Mailton circuit court, following his convicsmall fox terrier dog lost by Charles Cotner, local butcher, while he was tion on a murder charge, was in the hands of the clerk of the supreme touring thru New Jersey in August 1925 romped back home today.



GRAND CONCERT AND BALL

Russian and Ukrainian Educational Clubs

of Eugene V. Debs:

passed away, and Whereas, Eugene V. Debs has been a militant leader in the struggle of the American workers against the autocratic rule of the American capitalist class, fighting courageously for the right of the workers to organize, against the use of Emili Carlson, Fort E

nois waterway. The bid, which was Missouri river steamboat, the Elisha for \$1,892,170 includes excavation and Woods, used in river improvement the Park Paper Box Co., 24 Norton people continual domination of the construction work. Next lowest bid- worker, capsized in striking a retard der was H. E. Culbertson Oo., Cleve. near Atherton, Mo. land, O., \$1,950,000.

been received for this work by the City, were the victims. state, the previous bids being unsatisfactory.

CHICAGO MEETING

Celebrating the Ninth Year of the Russian Revolution

SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1926

at 8 p. m.

St., Brooklyn, and the Cantor Paper Forest Bridges, 17, Atherton, and This is the third time bids have Ruby Ann Maude. cook, of Kansas date, involving over 200 workers.

Fourteen others on the boat es caped.

Germans Sore at U. S. Kick at Steel Trust: Kellogg Denies Story

> BERLIN, Oct. 29. - The German press was greatly excited over London and Paris reports that the United States government is "amazed and irritated" over the proposed formation of a Franco-German steel combine. The reports declared that the United States department of state has warned the German ambassador. Baron von Maltzan, in sharp terms against Herr Stresemann venturing upon any European policy which displeased the United States. . . .

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28 .- Secretary of State Kellogg has branded as unhas interposed objections, directly or action

indirectly, to the formation of a high officials of the treasury. denied that Baron von Maltzan, or any of the embassy officials, had discussed with Kellogg the steel combine.

Ponzi Loses Battle **Against Extradition**

AUSTIN, Tex., Oct. 29.-Charles Ponzi, financial wizard, today lost his appeal to avoid extradition to Massa-

chusetts. The state court of criminal appeals verruled the motion made by Ponzi's attorneys and sustained Governor Miriam A. Ferguson's order for Ponzi to be extradited to Massachusetts, where Ponzi is under sentence of from seven to nine years for alleged illegal financial operations.

Aged Man Dies Under Train. HARRISBURG, Ill., Oct. 29.-James Edward Cummins, 65, was killed at Wasson, near here, at noon yesterday when struck by a Big Four train. Cummins was picking up coal along the tracks.

makes a total of 19 shops settled to No nation that enslaves another can be itself free." The league is joining with the Emergency Foreign Policy Association, the League for Democratic Control and the Filipino Association of Chicago in a call for a Filipino freedom conference to be held in Washington December 17-19.

D. of J. Empoye Got

"Honorarium" for Tip a warm place in his heart for the to Fertilizer Trust personal friend of their leaders.

BAL/TIMORE, Md., Oct. 29. - Thru during the last year to the Brotherthe U.S. district attorney in Balti- hood as it grew, always hoping that more, Amos W. W. Woodstock, it is it would attain more success than the revealed that a trusted employe of the great fight of Pullman car workers Bureau of Investigation of the De- in which he participated.

partment of Justice, has received 'honorariums''-in plain English bribes,-for providing information to corporations against which the de- it. Come down and learn how in the true reports that the United States partment was considering anti-trust worker correspondent's classes.

The case over which the revelation Franco-German steel combine. An took place, was the \$200,000,000 qually forceful disclaimer came from merger of seven Maryland fertilizer concerns. But the district attorney The German embassy also formally refuses to reveal any details, and it is supposed the case will be hushed up.



MEXICO CITY, Oct. 29 .- You vote in the municipal elections now coming on in Mexico City or you go to jail if you do not or cannot pay a fine.

This rule was made by General Serrano, governor of the federal district. who is going to enforce the law which obligates all eligible citizens to cast their votes.

Hog Cholera in Illinoia. Hog cholera is raging in more than sixty countries of the state, the Illinois Agricultural Association reported today. From 59 of these counties have come requests for serum with which to vaccinate pigs and unfilled orders for serum total 3,000.

Send The DAILY WORKER

for one month to your shop-mate.





Room

TeL Lehigh 6022

New York





1600 W. Roosevelt Road,

Phone Monroe 6264



Pressing-Repairing-Remodeling

Hats cleaned and blocked-Shoe Shining Parlor-Laundry

812-14 Fullerton Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Phone Lincoln 3141

We Call for and Deliver.

All Our Work Guaranteed,

The Daily Worker

Published by the DAILY W 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, I	
SUBSCRIPT By mall (In Chicago only): \$8.00 per year \$4.50 six months \$2.50 three months	By mail (outside of Chicago):
Address all mail and THE DAILY WORKER, 1113 W.	
J. LOUIS ENGDAHL WILLIAM F. DUNNE MORITZ J. LOEB	Editors Business Manager
Entered as second-class mail Septemb cago, Ill., under the	
290	Advertising rates on application,

The Progress of Dictatorship in America

The steady progress of government contralization is drawn ing of the fact that fewer labor disagain to our attention by the recent decision of the supreme court putes in this instance signify a failure upholding the right of the president to remove federal appointees able situation for aggressive organizawithout "the advice and consent of the senate."

One step more has been made in making a president elected by the various unions, both in memfor four years a dictator without check or hindrance. Able to hire and fire at will, in an immense country such as this, with its nored by him. President Walker preveritable army of employes, themselves wielding tremendous power dicted a period of decline in the insince the extension of centralized government control to almost dustrial activities for the future, but every phase of social, industrial and political activity, the presi- without suggesting any measures dent now symbolizes the concentrated force of the strongest sections of American capitalism.

It is significant that the decision was written by Judge Taft, again threatening the unions. that fat and faithful friend of big capital and that Justices Holmes, Brandeis, McReynolds, who cling to the traditions of the compe- IN this same report President Walker titive period of American capitalism, dissented.

The capitalist press is practically a unit in welcoming this decision. It assures them of a curtailment of the restrictions which bill. Yet injunctions have been is the franchise places upon big capitalism and places them in a more sued against the Chicago Retails favorable position in relation to the profession politicians of the Clerks' Union by the notorious Dennis capitalist parties.

For the workers the decision is one more significant sign that that union for picketing and declared American capitalism is strengthening its hold on the suppressive the injunction limitation act unconmachinery of the state, organizing it so that in the hands of its stitutional. An injunction has been henchmen it can be mobilized against the masses with the least issued against the culinary crafts, covpossible difficulty.

This increase of the power in the hands of the executive is the An injunction has been issued against more dangerous for the American working class in that it comes the machinists on strike in Chicago, at a time when the labor movement has made but the barest be. not to mention the fact that some fifty ginnings in building a labor party to fight for its interests against the centralized power of capitalism.

The Worker (Communist) Party of America alone is carrying maintaining their union rights against tion, through Frank L. Smith and Gov. on the struggle for a labor party with its base in trade unions an injunction in 1924. While many ernor Small, to the Crowe-Barrett orand other organizations of the workers. The decision of the supreme court confirms with an accuracy characteristic of reaction all we have said about the necessity for American centralizing all nois did nothing to keep these labor its struggles in a powerful party of its own.

MANY INDUSTRIES SHOW BIGGER OUT-PUT WITH FEWER MEN EMPLOYED

The remarkable increase in produc- | ditions in the leather industry are tivity per man-hour in American in- practically the reverse of this, for dustry since 1914 is again emphasized there has been a steady decline in in a U. S. department of labor study leather production since 1923 and not of the cement, leather, flour and sugar- very much of an increase in recent refining industries. years over 1914. Yet in spite of this

"Of the 8 industries studied so far," situation the output per man-hour in says the department, "one-the auto- the leather industry in 1925 was mobile industry-has shown an in- 28.2% greater than in 1924, while a as to its dire possibilities." These between these two forces. But the crease in man-hour output for the pe- 5-year average, 1921-1925, shows an riod 1914-1925 of over 200%; 6 indus- even larger increase-34%." tries have shown increases ranging In flour milling the output per man-

from 25% to 60%, while in the boot hour was 39% greater in 1925. In leaders completely fail to measure up and shoe industry the increase has sugar refit

PROBLEMS OF ILLINOIS LABOR

LEADERS OF STATE LABOR MOVEMENT CONTINUE TO THE RIGHT AT HIGH SPEED

SECOND ARTICLE. TN his report to the Illipois State Federation of Labor convention held at Streator, Ill. recently, President Walker painted a rather dismal pic

label.

ture of the future of labor while at the same time stating, which he undoubtedly thought rather gratifying, that there had been fewer labor disunion garage shop card." putes in the state during the last year than previously-only 84 strikes thruout the state, whereas in 1917 there were 282, in 1917 there were 267 and in 1920 there were 254. He said noth

by organized labor to utilize the favortion activities. The losses sustained ganizations. bership and organized positions, dur

ing this period were completely ig-STEP by step, the Illinois State Fed-eration of Labor has during recent years gone completely to the right. It has made a considerable swing whereby labor could fortify itself of giving the slightest lead for militant Subsequently, John Walker stumped fight against the open shop, which is the state as candidate for governor on

Injunctions.

also claimed that there had been less injunctions during the past year because of the injunction limitation E. Sullivan, who also imposed fines

ering some 150 Chicago restaurants, prohibiting any efforts of organization.

members of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union were thrown into prison to serve various terms for resolutions have been adopted against such usurpation of power by the union busting activities, for its violent courts, the labor leadership of Illiprisoners out of jail save to beg the good friend of capital, Governor Small,

for a pardon. Governor Small, of course, lived up to his oath and his gram and this back-door politics gained nothing for the workers, while with such strong opposition from the it certainly strengthened the employ- Brennan and beer supporters who had

ers.

ing advantage of it, while the labor nois legislature only.

expressed for these quite worthy, and jby this group for a real progressive | vital needs of the movement was given quite harmless objects, while speeches movement, even tho several of its the slightest chance to come before were made every day for the union supporters claim sympathy for the idea of a labor party.

THE DAILY WORKER

Drift to Right.

One real issue, that of organizing No Signs of Progress. unorganized workers, came up and THE course of the Illinois State Fed-

was slightly discussed, but the net reretation of Labor and its leadership dent and secretary-treasurer from sult was merely the adoption of a shows no sign of learning from the resolution relative to the automobile experience of the movement. The peindustry resolving to "look for the riod of "prosperity" has by no means been taken advantage of. Instead of In its attitude towards relations with or the sending of a labor delegation to the Soviet Republics, the reactionary leadership became particularly revealed. It attempted to place the Soviet Republic on a parallel with turn and are now proceeding backthe fascist dictatorship, which exists ward. The Decatur convention in 1922 clear to the rank and file members. by the foul murder of thousands of was the beginning of the backward workers and destruction of their or- change.

The Streator convention reached the gation was present, labor from the possibilities of the left wing move-

start a religion or become a chiro-**CURRENT EVENTS** By T. J. O'Flaherty.

Council at Kankakee. Now the turn selves while at the same time helping anything that would seriously endanger the existing order.

> WHEN the American workers are driven by the cruel slave-driver necessity to organize politically in a mass labor party, when the sheep dogs of capitalism can no longer hold them in the folds of the two capitalist parties, then our Greens and our Walkers will follow the flock, but only to lead them into another fold. At the same time, however, the revolutionary wing of the labor movement, represented in all countries by the Communist Party, is on the job and contesting every inch of the way with the labor traitors. While the latter tell the workers that co-operation with capitalism is the best policy for the workers, the Communists point out that too much cooperation with capitalism has left the workers enslaved and that only a break with the capitalist system will SEVERAL columns could be written free labor from the chains that now S on the baffling question: Why do

SINCERE but weak-spirited individ-modate themselves to the legal class requirements of the rulers of the day. when they see this selling of labor go Yet the masses, who either ignored on year after year. It is not hard to their trials or joined their masters in not worth bothering with. Some of those people are now well-to-do. Some I many, days of prosperity are not

filthy jail.

another unit of human wreckage that

goes down in the struggle. But what

about the successful ex-radical who

loses faith? Where is his compensa-

tion? Happiness is an elusive fairy,

but it is very questionable if those

* * *

ages because they refused to accom-



Page A

(Continued from page 1)

granting a wage increase to the presi-

\$5,000 a year to \$6,500 was carried. organization and to the right of unions Yet there is nothing dismal about to strike and picket. We favor the the picture presented. Conditions of complete abolition of this evil of intoday are not the same tomorrow. The junctions in industrial disputes. We strengthening the movement, it has, period of capitalist imperialist bribing have urged workers to completely generally speaking, become weakened. of the labor bureaucracy divides the nullify the injunction by mass picket-The policies of the state movement | rank and file and the reactionary lead- ing and to kill injunctions in the same once going toward the progressive di- ership. At any rate, the needs of method in which the Industrial Court rection have undergone a complete the labor movement become ever more Act was killed by similar action of outstanding and will also become the progressive miners of Kansas.

Need Labor Party.

THE present weakness of the trade "2. We absolutely favor the enact-L unions just makes so much more ment of an anti-injunction bill by the necessary a revival of the militancy state legislature, limiting the power peak of reaction. Altho a large dele- of the past, while it also holds the of the courts to issue injunctions in trade and labor disputes. We will do basic industries was conspicuous by ment of the future if every issue which everything in our power to help its absence. Nothing touching the presents itself is properly capitalized. every movement of the workers for the passage of such legislation; at the same time we take the liberty of practor. But this particular person pointing out that not until labor parfound the workers receptive to his ticipates in independent political acmessage when their bellies were sen- then thru the establishment of a labor sitive, but when they had something party will it be insured against such to fill them with they went to a burvicious measures by the courts and by lesque show or took a girl to the the capitalist representatives against movies, while the evangelistic soap- workers on strike.

boxer was developing a nice dose of "The present arrests and brutality bronchitis on the street corner, or of the police against the cloakmakwatching the cockroaches in some ers of New York points to the necessity of cleaning out of office the capi-FOR a while the martyr spirit prevailed, but at last the spiritual the futile policy of rewarding friends bone cracked and our evangelist be- and punishing enemies which has gan to hate the working class. And done nothing to abate the evil of inhere we find him, either rolling around junctions and stop the policy of poin his Chrysler or selling snake oil to lice persecutions against strikers.

the citizens of Madison street, whose "With every assurance that we will stomachs are massaged none too do all in our power to wipe out the kindly by the barbs and darts of alley injunctions against labor, we are moonshine. He has lost all hope, he is "Sincerely yours.

"Ben Gitlow, candidate for governor; Franklin P. Brill, lieut. gov.; Juliet Stuart Poyntz; comptroller; Belle Robbins, attorney general; Wm. F. Dunne, U. S. senator; Boris Lifshitz, 6th A. D., Manhattan; Rebecca Grecht, 8th A. D., Manhattan; Ju-lius Codkind, 17th A. D., Manhattan; Abraham Markoff, 18th A. D., Manhattan; Charles Krumbein, 13th C. D., Manhattan; Alexander Trachtenberg, 14th C. D., Manhattan; Elmer T. Allison, 14th S. D., Manhattan; Wm. W. Weinstone, 20th C. D., Manhattan; Elias Marks, 3rd A. D., Bronx: Isidore Steinzor, 4th A. D., Bronx; Chas, Zimmerman, 5th A. D., Bronx; Joseph Boruchowitz, 7th A. D., Bronx; Moissaye J. Olgin, 23rd C. D., Bronx; George Primoff, 6th A. D., Kings; Samuel Nesln, 14th A. D., Kings; Fannie Warshafsky, 23rd A. D., Kings: Bertram D. Wolfe, 10th C. D., Kings; Morris Rosen, 7th S. D., Kings."



gunplay and election steals. Maintain Allance. THE exposure, however, has not as 1 yet brought the repudiation of this bind it, that until this system is over- some people follow the thorny path alliance or the endorsement made. On thrown this world will be a huge that leads to physical suffering withthe contrary, several of the leaders prison where the body and soul of out either the prospect or desire to pledge to the republican party pro- insisted on and actually attempted to humanity is fettered to the chariot of better their own material conditions? maintain their endorsement, but it met greed.

become strengthened and encouraged O's the question of the injunction by the growing dislike for the once the Illinois State Federation of celebrated Volstead act and wanted labor convention resolved, "That the to promote their own choice. The sit- find a man who was formerly active persecuting them, were the beneficiacampaign of education shall be con- uation shortly before the recent State in the radical movement expressing ries of their sufferings. Thus progress tinued to enlighten our membership Federation convention held possibili- the belief that nothing can be done hobbles along. and the decent citizens of our state ties of a conflict within the leadership for the working class, that they are possibilities are well recognized by the lid was clamped on tight. A comproorganized capitalists and their tools, mise had been effected based on the are on the bum. One of the latter days of mental ease for the radical-

The Moribund Progressive Party.

since 1919, when Duncan McDonald became its president for one year. the farmer-labor party ticket at the same time that Len Small was put on (Continued from page 1) the unfair list by the Central Labor

is completed and the union leadership to prevent the workers from doing has formed a solid alliance with the stinking, corrupt Len Small machine. This leadership gave full endorse-....

ment to Frank L. Smith, so-called friend of labor, prior to the exposure of the hundreds of thouands of dollars ontributed for his campaign by the utilities corporations. The exposure proved a concrete example of the outright buying of political candidates of the old parties by the big capitalist corporations. Incidentally, it also laid bare one of the greatest combinations of big business, dirty politics, and crime all united to perpetuate and strengthen the capitalist system. The choice of the Illinois labor leadership was the alliance with this combina ganization, notorious for its labor

who have lost the only worthwhile purpose in life can be compensated by money for the loss.

The few have been persecuted in all

. . .

DARADOXICAL tho it may seem to the injunction judges. They are tak- endorsement of candidates for the Illi- walked into the office a few days ago. under capitalism. Those are the days He is now selling razor-blade sharp- that try souls. It takes more than eners. "The workers are not worth the spirit of an evangelist or an anti-

	heen 18 For which is somewhat helow	sugar remning the 1920 output per	to the requirements of the situation.	The Illinois Progressive Party at-	saving," he remarked. A member of	vaccinationist to stand up under the	
	been 16.5%, which is somewhat below the average.	man-hour was 27.3% above 1914, but	Free Books.	tempted to hold a conference simulta-	the staff replied that our visitor found	spectacle of a labor leader driving a	DETROIT, Oct. 29Charles Kirk-
1		in the postwar years 1919 to 1920 it	THE convention further voted for	neously with the convention. It re-	them worth shaving.	rivet into the keel of a capitalist bat-	
	Cement Industry.	was 20% below that level.	I free text books for schools, better	ceived little support. They are the		tleship or another labor leader buying	
	Workers in the cement industry in	In the leather industry 1925 produc-	salary for factory inspectors, better	remnants of the LaFollette movement,	THERE is a lot of philosophy buried	orange groves in Florida with the	
	1925, the report shows, produced	tion stood 13.6% above 1914, but the	and more compensation laws. It voted	which once had labor endorsements	L here. Evidently this man threw	money of union members, either freely	one to five years following his con-
	57.8% more per man-hour of work	industry employed 11.4% fewer work-	support for the retail clerks, attempt-	galore. Parley Parker Christensen is	himself into the movement at one time	given or involuntarily, with the con-	viction last night on a charge of
	than in 1914. It says: "This indus-	ers. In 1924, with 14% fewer work-	ed to terrify the employers with their	their nominee for U.S. senator. They	with the consoling thought that he	soling thought that as long as they	violating the Mann act. He will be
	try has been favored by a tremendous	ers, there was produced 15.2% more	unfair lists, and voted to support the	are now so few that they have nothing	was going to help save the workers.	were getting theirs they could afford	sentenced Saturday.
	increase in the demand for its product	leather than in 1914, an increase of	new tax amendment to the constitu-	to lose, and yet they did not have	For himself, perhaps he needed no sal-	to let him have ten times more, A	- Kirkpatrick was found guilty af-
	during the past 4 years, so that it has	34% in labor productivity. The aver-	tion, which has already been adopted	enough guts to make a fight for their	vation. He could get along fairly well	knowledge of history is what will keep	ter Ruby Bopra, 18-year-old mald
-	undergone considerable expansion, a	age working week in the industry has	by both houses of the state and will	candidate as against the corrupt twins	under capitalism. There is no reason	you from flying off your base and out	servant in his home, told of their
-	situation which is usually favorable to	declined from about 57 hours in 1914	be submitted to a referendum at the	of "slush fund" fame. There is little	why a good soapboxer should not sell	of the abyss of pessimism, from which,	
	increasing output per man-hour. Con-	to 51½ in 1923.	elections November 2. Support was	hope of any political lead being given	Florida or Los Angeles real estate,	like hell, there is no redemption.	they lived as man and wife.
		The part of the second s					- for the second

STRIKE STRATEGY By WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

ARTICLE II THE STRIKE.

STRIKES, even when small and weak, constitute a break of the workers with capitalism. They are a living refutation of the time-worn conservative trade union slogan that the interests of capital and labor are identical. They are expressions of the irreconcilable quarrel between the workers and the employers over the division of the workers' products. They are skirmishes in the great class war, foreshadowings of the final struggle which will abolish capitalism.

During strikes, workers are in an especially militant and rebellious mood. They are then highly receptive of revolutionary ideas. It is then above all that they can and must be taught the full implications of their struggle. To rouse the class consciousness of the workers and to educate them to understand the class struggle and the historic mis- dominately economic. sion of the working class is alm." & a first consideration in strike strategy.

Strikes are of many kinds and characters. Losovsky lists 13 types, as follows: Spontaneous, organized, offensive, defensive, solidarity, intermittent, local, district, industrial, general, international, economic, political. Others might be mentioned. The character of the strikes in a given country or period is determined by the state of its capitalist system.

hree broad types of strikes are to be noted in the course of development of a capitalist system. The first is the series of desperate upheavals, animated by confused objectives, typical of countries in which capitalism is just beginning to grow, such as the Chartist movement in England, the early French strikes, the strikes in modern colonial countries, etc.

the vain hope of permanently improving their conditions nomic basis disarms the workers and is fatal to success in within the framework of the capitalist system.

The third type is the revolutionary mass strike, typical of a declining capitalist system, such as the post-war strikes in Germany and the British general strike, when the workers, more or less clearly, seek to destroy the capitalist system and to set up a proletarian order of society. The first period produces semi-revolutionary unions, the second period reformist unions, and the third period revolutionary unions.

ECONOMIC AND POLITICAL STRIKES.

Marx says, "Every economic struggle is a political struggle." This is profoundly true, for even the smallest strikes the general strike. The conservatives, who flagrantly behave their political causes and consequences. But the degree of the political character of strikes varies. Whereas strikes in the period of a declining capitalism are highly fively in the struggle against capitalism. political (such as the German general strike during the Kapp Putsch), those in the present day United States, though fast taking on a political complexion, still are pre-

The employers are more and more giving a political character to strikes, especially those in key industries and during crises by using all branches of their state power must be used judiciously and courageously. against the workers. Thus an imperative phase of our strike strategy must be to develop a political consciousness

and activity among the workers in their struggles. A prime objective of ours is to clarify the aims of the

above purely economic ends, and to unite them all into a broad political attack against the entire capitalist system. Consequently, we must fight for a break with the old capitalist parties and utilize every strike to further the movement for the creation of a mass political party of the workers, the labor party.

This course brings us into violent conflict with the conservative trade union bureaucracy, who refuse to recog- of the workers for the struggle. Especially they must seek to put up such sustained struggles. The second type is the organized craft or industrial nize the growing political character of strikes, and to arm to win over or neutralize the army.

strike, typical of the period of strong capitalist growth and | the workers with the necessary consciousness and political the struggle.

> The experience in the British General strike, where the leaders stubbornly refused to recognize the political character of the strike even when the capitalists were using the whole governmental power against the workers, sufficiently signalizes this danger and the necessity for arousing the workers to conscious political action and organization.

THE GENERAL STRIKE.

The bitter experience of the British workers in their recent general strike raises sharply again the question of the part to be played in working class strike strategy by traved the British strike, are shouting in all keys that the general strike is useless, that it cannot be employed effec-

But such reasoning is fallacious. These reformists, who are opposed on principle to directly attacking capital ism, have always rejected such a drastic weapon as the general strike and are only too eager to seize the slightest pre text to discredit it. In reality, the general strike is one of the most powerful of the workers' weapons. But it

The first necessity for its correct use is an understanding of its full revolutionary implications. When the workers of a given country in a deep crisis, as in Great Britain, declare a general strike in all the key and basic industries present scattered, blind strikes of the workers, to raise them it constitutes a direct challenge to the ruling class and its

state. Inevitably the latter will use against it all its armed forces: the army, the police, the fascist organizations, etc.

Those at the head of the general strike must realize beforehand that the capitalists will employ these violent methods to break the strike, and they must be prepared to

Woe be to the general strike if it is headed by reformdevelopment (pre-war Europe and present day United organizations for the struggle. The policy of the right ist leaders who refuse to recognize its political character. States), when the workers strike for modest demands in wing union leaders to keep our strikes on a purely eco- or by syndicalist visionaries who believe it can be won simply by the strikers folding their arms. In either case the capitalists will tear the strike to pieces and administer a crushing defeat to the workers. The general strike is no toy. It is a revolutionary weapon of the first order.

> Working class strategists, including those of the most courageous type, must learn to use the general strike judiciously. The danger when conservatives head a general strike movement is that they will first choke back its development and then betray it when it occurs in spite of them. A danger in the use of the general strike weapon by left wing leaders is that they in their eagerness to fight capitalism, will call the workers out when the latter do not understand the issues at stake or are not prepared to fight to the end for them.

Many examples could be cited of the latter tendency. In France, for example, during the heyday of French Syndicalism (1910-14) several general strikes were called in support of trade demands of individual unions. At first the workers struck fairly well, more as a matter of discipline than anything else, but after a few experiences of this kind they became "strike-tired" and refused to respond to the periodic general strike calls, with disastrous results to the unions. The I. W. W. has made similar mistakes in this country, by calling out the workers in support of demands which they did not understand or feel keenly interested in.

Another left wing mistake is to call indeterminate general strikes when strikes for a specified term would be the proper policy. Typical examples of this error were the Seattle general strike and the national strike to free Tom Mooney. In both these cases highly successful protest or demonstration general strikes for a certain period of time could have been carried through. But the mistake was made of calling the strikes for an indefinite period, with the result counter such methods by mobilizing the full political power that they collapsed, the workers not being interested enough

(To be continued)