ALL LABOR SHOULD JOIN IN THE CELEBRATION OF THE NINTH ANNIVERSARY OF THE UNION OF SOVIET REPUBLICS

The DAILY WORKER Raises the Standard for a Workers' and Farmers' Government

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SOYAL NAVIES U. S. SGAB GO

REVOLUTION NEEDED IN **ZRICAN** SCHOOL SYSTEM, SAYS DIRECTOR. WHO BLAMES THOUGHT SUPPRESSION

The real American educational problem does not concern so much the schildren as it does the adults and the teachers, says Joseph K. Hart, educational director of The Survey, writing in The American Teacher, official organ of the American Federation of Teachers, in exposing the weaknesses of the capitalistic system of education.

The remarks. "We adults stumble about the school houses. In the world endlessly, with labor wars "We have the problem of educating and national wars as proof that we do teachers for our schools. But we have mot understand what we are doing and tackled that problem narrowly and what is happening to us. But if we prejudicially, emphasizing the good

can we educate our children? dead, almost everywhere else but in

Eurrent Events

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY

THE DAILY WORKER continues to

ist powers have never abandoned the

why they do not now make a desperate

sidered that an indefinite alliance be-

. . .

necessary to defend civilization."

the danger is always present.

materially, as it was spiritually con-

(Continued on page 2)

FIFTH NATIONAL CO-OPERATIVE

CONGRESS MEETS NOVEMBER 4, 5

AND 6 AT MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

"In spite of our fine school houses and our enormous army of teachers and our huge attendance at schools, things do not seem to be going right, May Break Trust and

ado not understand what we are do old ways under parade under the name ing and what is happening to us, how of science—such as "administrative efficiency," or "intelligence testing as "We build school houses, train a basis of instruction. We have trainteachers, and pass compulsory at ed-and are training-teachers to tendance laws all for the purpose of work in the class rooms, with their schooling our children in the modes eyes on the children. We have not and mental fashions of a day that is faced hitherto, and even now scarcely (Continued on page 6)

warn the American workers with a regularity that may smack of monotony to some people, that the capital-

possibility of a war against the Soviet Anniversary of Russian Union. The three principal reasons Revolution Greeted attempt to smash this standing chal-

lenge to capitalism are: Firstly, a conviction that their working class As November Seventh approaches populations would not stand for a war militant workers' minds turn towards against the workers' republic; second- the historic achievements of the workly, the rivalries between the capitalist ers and peasants of the Soviet Union, powers and last but not least, the red who will this year celebrate on that army. Russian revolution. The Workers THAT the European imperialists are (Communist) Party, which embodies considering ways and means to the revolutionary working class strugcrush the workers' republic, under the gle in the United States, takes the camouflage of "dealing with Bolshev- lead in commemorating this great day ism," is proven by an article by Arthur as, in other countries, the Communist W. Kiddy of London, that appeared Parties are likewise the sponsors of recently in the New York Evening similar demonstrations.

Post. Here is an excerpt from the ar- Meetings have been arranged in doz- ash trust and Russia is the largest ticle: "I discussed recently the Eu- ens of the larger cities and the smaller potential consumer if our farmers year-old youth, despite the protection ing example to be added to the long describing some of the tortures inflict- general strike, started the greatest ropean economic and Bolshevik prob- towns to the end that American work- could be supplied" cheaply lems with leading financiers and ers can learn of the revolutionary suctraders, and find a growing conviction cesses of the Soviet workers and share that the league of nations' powers are with them the spirit that made these too feeble and slow to deal effectively successes possible.

with Bolshevik influences and it is conof course, be held in Chicago and New tween great countries like Great Brit- York. In the former city Ashland ain, Germany and France may yet be Auditorium will be the scene of the rally. In New York three large halls

have been retained. Foster, Dunne, in Chicago.

WHAT audacity those international bandits have to talk about saving Ashland Auditorium will seat at civilization; the same gang that en. least 4,000 people. The party commitgulfed the world in the most terrible tee at work on the arrangements for war in history, a war that swallowed the meeting is preparing to care for up over ten millions of human lives that many on November 7th. In addi-Fortunately for the international labor the revolutionary movement in this and maimed three times that number." movement the Soviet Union is now so powerful and growing so rapidly in strength that the work of the strength that the s strength that the robber powers will the program. The character of the think several times before they decide latter, in keeping with the spirit of to make war on Russia. Nevertheless the Russian revolution itself, will be largely of the mass-large choirs and A DRY state senator of Illinois found pageants, in which scores will participate.

In New York Millers' Grand Assem-(Continued on page 6)

SOVIET FINDS POTASH FIELD

Get U. S. Trade

(Special to The Daily Worker) MOSCOW, Nov. 1 .- The enormous deposits of potash mecently located in the eastern section of European Russia, along the River Kama, one of the tributaries of the Volga, near the township of Solicamsk, are described by Professor Preobrajenski in a report published in the Pravda on the prospecting work conducted by him in the past year at an expense of \$250,000.

More than \$12,000,000,000.

The potash deposits were proved at depth of ninety-two meters over an area of forty square kilometers. Fully half is of first-class commercial quality, ranging between the German Stassfurt potash and that of Upper Alsace. The extent is estimated greater than the latter, which the Geran experts valued during the peace onference at 12,000,000,000.

Professor Preobrajenski states that the average depth of the deposits and the geological formation makes the extraction easy and cheap. Through the Kama, the Volga and the Marinski Canal a system of cheap transport to Leningrad is assured.

Will Break Monopoly.

High officials of the Supreme Counil of National Economy attach great mportance to the discovery, particuerly as to the German-French potash nonopoly is known to be operating at an immense profit, while simultaneously restrict the output.

Would Aid U. S. Cotton Group.

"We have decided," they say "to deal if possible with the consumers of potash, rather than the producers. The United States today is the largest foreign customer of the German pot- sides of his coat.

port of potash from Russia to America The largest of these meetings will, buy large quantities of American cot- gime. ton. Russia could easily absorb \$100,rates of the German-French monopoly. his face was ashen.

JAPAN MAY RECOGNIZE CANTON IN ORDER TO PROTECT IRON MINES

TOKIO, Japan, Nov. 1. - That Japan may have to support the Kuomintang claims for China's independence and take sides with the Cantonese in order to preserve vast investments in the Kan-Yeh-Ping iron mines is seen as a result of conferences of financiers.

Mr. Sheng, Chinese director of the mines, in which Japan has invested more than 20,000,000 is in Tokyo seeking a loan of \$10,000,00 in order that the mines may remain open. The Japanese treasury doesn't want to advance the loan unless it is sure the mines will be protected.

The Canton army is occupying the territory and offers protection to the mine on condition Japan recognizes them.

The mines are highly valuable to the government, being its ohief source of iron.

Dictator Escapes Fifth Attempt on His Life

PARIS, Nov. 1 .- The youth who made the fifth attempt on the life of Benito Mussolimi, lies today in Bologna, a mutilated corpse.

The fascists are using the passion aroused among the followers of Mussolini to wreak vengeance on all workers and peasants who are known to hate the blackshirt regime.

The bullet that was meant to rid Italy of the tyrant missed its mark by a narrow margin. It ripped both

000,000 worth of raw cotton annually, while 5,000 people were gathered in ers Party arguments and the Work- a girl, is to be started in Bucharest mier of Italy and fascist commander, it is said, while at the same time it is a stadium where a celebration was ers Party's name and prestige among this week. Wood adds that "a noted formed a dual alliance with "General" belived here that American farmers taking place. Immediately after the the militant workers in order to fight Roumanian lawyer" undoubtedly the Stanley Baldwin, premier of Britain would welcome potash fertilizer at a shooting Mussolini was rushed away. the strike breaking injunction issuprice from 30 to 40 per cent below the Those who were near him say that ing, democratic candidate for gov-

NEW YORK G. O. P.

Labor Has No Choice Twixt Smith and Mills

(Special to The Daily Worker) NEW YORK, Nov. 1 .- The republigovernor, Ogden Mills, distributed in the working class quarters of New O'Sullivan, George Pesce, Gus Madof the Workers Party calling for the workers to vote for Ogden Mills for

forgery paid double tribute to the dicted. Workers (Communist) Party. First, by recognizing the growing influence of the Workers Party over the worksecond, by copying word for word the text of an actual election leaflet issued by the Workers Party entitled:

Cut Out Last Paragraph.

The only change made by the republican party was to cut off the last paragraph in which there was an attack on "the open-shopper Mills" and a call to support the candidates of the Workers Party and to work for a United Labor ticket. In place of this paragraph, the fake republican leaflet declares:

feat the strike-breaking Smith. But don't throw away your votes by voting for the candidate that can't get elected. The only way to beat the democrat Smith is to vote for the republican candidates. Vote for Ogden Mills for governor. Issued by the Workers Party campaign committee, 108 East 14 street, New York."

Union Label Omitted.

afforded Mussolini has created uneas- list of evidence of unscrupulousness ed on The prospect of the large scale ex- iness in Rome. The persistance with in misleading the masses and of po- Marie's country. which the Italian people seek to rid litical corruption on the part of the is of especial interest at the present the country of the bloodiest of the capitalist parties. It is the most moment when Russia is anxious to fascists bodes ill for the fascist re- laughable one, however, for it gives recent drive against labor unions in When the British miners continued us a picture of the millionaire open-The attack on Mussolini took place shopper, Ogden Mills, using Work- trial with three students, including tal's army, "General" Mussolini, pre-

SHE WILL GET \$20,000,000 LOAN



VIENNA, Nov. 1.—The Roumanian minister of Public Works, Trancu-Jaschi announces that Lawrence local of the Amalgamated League means a great deal of active American bankers have offered a loan of \$20,000,000 for state construction. The conditions have not vet been arranged

CHARGE 'FRISCO STRIKE LEADERS WITH MURDER IN FRAME-UP OF OPEN SHOP

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 1. - The econd stey in the frame-up of the eaders of the San Francisco Carenters strike against the openshop was taken by the grand jury when inlictments were brought against eight in connection with the death of a scab arpenter who is alleged to have been slain with a hammer. The unionists are charged with murder.

Those indicted are: Archibald Mooney, vice-president and Pacific can party of New York in a last min- coast organizer of the United Brothute stunt to attack Smith and boost erhood of Carpenters and Joiners, its own labor-hating candidate for Paul Clifford, business agent, Albert Moore, Samuel Moore, Christopher York on the eve of election a forged sen, members of the union, and John leaflet purporting to be a manifesto J. Cannon, who is accused of aiding in the "crime."

The arrests and indictments are based on alleged confessions of The republican party in this vicious Pesce and Hadsen, two of the in-

The open shop organizations of California have been using every means of breaking the strike, and this case ing class population of New York, and is part of their plot against the

sued by the Workers Party entitled: "Smith—the Strike-breaking governor." MARIE'S LAND

"The power of labor is mighty. De- Daily News Writer Is world's largest "scab" coal exporting Telling of Torture

The Chicago Daily News, in its isfrom Junius B. Wood, its Moscow cor- between Sir Austen Chamberlain, Britrespondent, which gives a description ain's foreign secretary, and Benito of a letter smuggled out of a Rou- Mussolini, fascist dictator, several anov, prominent leader of the Unit- understanding. The daring displayed by the 18- This is only one more and a crown- tarian Trade Union Federation and political

arrested in company with others in a British Isles. the Kishenev region, Bessarabia. His to defend themselves against capvenerable attorney, Costa-Foru, who and British industrial leader. They defended the five hundred Tatar-Bu- planned joint action against a comnar peasants in Kischenev, "has been mon enemy-international labor. retained by the defense and has declared his intention to summon the to give evidence."

Beastly Torture.

quotes Wood from Stepanov's letter, "scab" coal ships, thereby making 19 gendarmes. Two of them, named "scabs" unloading "scab" coal boats Georgescu and Basilescu, held my from North America. He fears also neck with large iron pincers and that marines might have to be used started questioning me. They then to keep the mines from flooding and vas unconscious."

(Continued on page 2.)

BATTLESHIPS OF BRITAIN, ITALY GET FUEL HERE

Recalls Alliance of London with Rome

BULLETIN LONDON, Nov. 1.—The Executive

of the Miner's Federation will submit new proposals to a delegate conference this week, which were agreed upon in a long conference Friday between the General Council of the Trade Union Congress and the Miners' Executive.

What these proposals are is not disclosed, but it is feared that compromise terms yielding to the mine owners' demand for district agreements on wages and hours have been drawn up, with a slight veneer of what is called "national application" behind which the General Council may bide its face from criticism of their betrayal.

> ARTICLE I. By GORDON CASCADEN.

(Special to The Daily Worker) BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 1 .- Two oyal navies are getting coal from Norfolk and Newport News, the twin orts of Hampton Roads, and Baltimore to keep their fleets prepared to rush any possible labor uprising. The lengthy British miners' strike

forced the proud British admiralty and the fleets of autocratic Italy to get their coal supplies from the

An Offensive Alliance. Great Britain and Italy formed a

lefensive and offensive alliance when th British miners' fight first started sue of Nov. 1, carries a special cable six months ago. The secret meeting manian prison written by Boris Step- weeks ago, merely strengthened that

When Britain's workers, thru their prisoners in Queen labor revolt since the Russian Revolution. Mussolini rushed to offer his Stepanov, the message states, was support to his fascist brothers in the

To Keep Navy Prepared. General Baldwin wants to keen the ecretaries of war, labor and inter- British fleet prepared for two particufor, as well as Bessarabian workers lar dangers: He fears that in the war of the classes in Britain that the transport workers may revolt against the orders of their reactionary lead-"As soon as I arrived in prison," ers. They may refuse to unload "I was stripped of my clothes by the necessary to land marines to protect neat me with rubber clubs until I to do other maintenance work if maintenance men also go on strike. "As soon as my eyes opened three So that in any case British navy men (Continued on page 6)

CENTRAL LABOR BODIES IN MASS. REJECT BOTH WALSH AND BUTLER; LABOR PARTY SENTIMENT GROWS

By SIDNEY BLOOMFIELD. debate the Worcester Central Labor voted similarly. Union voted not to endorse either | This action was taken despite the C. L. U. had voted 17 to 6 not to en-

[dorse either candidate. In the mean-WORCESTER, Mass., Nov. 1 .- Af- time, the Central Labor Unions of er three and a half hours of heated Brockton, Lowell, Springfield, etc.,

Wm. M. Butler or David I. Walsh, re- fact that the most prominent labor publican and democratic candidates, skates of Massachusetts are making respectively for U. S. senator from a vigorous campaign on behalf of Massachusetts. At the previous Walsh, with John J. Kearney, Pres. of meeting of that body, the Worcester the Boston C. L. U. acting as cam-(Continued on page 2.)

SEND WARSHIP TO HONDURAS TO QUELL ANTI-AMERICAN REBELLION

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1 .- The American government has dispatched a destroyer from Bluefield, Nicaragua, to Ceiba, Honduras, to protect American interests following a revolt there last Wednesday, the state department an-

The revolt was led by prisoners in the penitentiary at Geneva, who were aided by soldiers. Advices to the government here indicate that while the Honduras American controlled government is in control it is feared that there may be an outbreak at any time.

Textile Workers of America. He joined

League since March, 1916.

make reports:

istry into the labor movement back in first year to sales of almost \$4,000,000 1919 when he left his church at Ep- in 1926.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—The workers the co-operative movement in 1921 and and farmers active in co-operative has been with the national office of societies in all parts of the country the league ever since.

ere interested in knowing what kind of men they are going to meet and HAROLD I. NORDBY, president of the both the Northern States Co-operlisten to when they get to Minneapolis ative League and the Franklin Co-November 4, 5 and 6, to respond to operative Creamery Association, is one the roll call of delegates to the fifth of the newer comets in the co-operco-operative congress. Here's a partial ative field. Back in 1919 he was a list of the speakers or leaders who member of the Milk Wagon Drivers' Union of Minneapolis, when the de-The gavel is taken up Thursday cision was made to organize a comorning, Nov. 4, by Dr. James P. War- operative creamery. Elected as first basse, president of the Co-operative president of this company in 1920, he has served as chief executive ever CEDRIC LONG, executive secretary since and has watched the business of the league, went from the min- grow from that of half a million the

ping, N. H., to take a volunteer job on Mr. Nordby is today the president the Central Strike Committee at Law- of the largest milk concern in the rence. Mass. Mr. Long was once Twin Cities, and that concern is a beaten up by the police, once jailed, workers' co-operative. The presidency once served a term as manager of the of the Northern States Co-operative (Continued on page 6)

CHICAGO UNIONS MEET TO DECIDE ON N. Y. RELIEF

Labor Thruout Nation Rallying to Aid

The Chicago Federation of Labor has issued a call for presidents and secretaries of all affiliated unions in the city to attend a special meeting Friday night, Nov. 5, for the pupose of discussing what action shall be taken in aiding the strike of the New York

The meeting will be held at Musi-

A meeting of the executive committee of the Chicago Conference for the relief of the strikers will be held Wednesday night, it is announced, when further discussion will be held on ways and means of raising funds.

A definite program of relief will be arranged to coordinate with action taken by the federation unions' meeting, i. is announced.

Strike Holding Strong Reports from the New York strike head quarters indicate that the entire country is ralling to the aid of the cloakmakers. The strike is now entering its eighteenth week and the ranks of the workers are intact and the spirit of the strikers undiminished.

The executive council of the A. F. of L., following instructions of its Detroit convention last week issued an appeal to all international and local unions to send relief funds to the strike area.

Many Citico Respond Meetings are being held in many cities, with New York and Chicago taking the lead, to present the problems of the New Yorkers before the labor movement.

Baltimore held a rousing mass meeting on Sunday, October 31. Cleveland garment workers have voted a half day's pay immediately to the strike, which will bring about \$6,000, and anotheir half day's pay is forthcoming The Cleveland federation donated \$250 from its own treasury, and plans are tion issued against them. being made to call a conference of all unions in the city to raise funds.

The needleworkers in Toronto are getting behind the strike, and the conference suggested that all nuions vote a day's pay toward the relief fund. band there have also promised substantial assistance.

San Francisco, San Diego, Seattle, Ta- paign. coma, Wash., and other cities to raise

Aimee No Puppy in Love Affair Tho She Pens "Wuff" Epistles

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 1 .- Two intimate associates of Aimee McPher to the fact that both the Butlerites son, whose first names begin with the and the Walsh men were pretty ev-Atty. Keyes today, it was reported at coming from the building trades un-Keyes' office this morning. They are ions who were fearful of "republican Mrs. Elizabeth Frame, alleged "go- revenge" at the hands of the republibetween" in the "Miss X" negotiations, and Miss Emma Schaffer, per who are now in the saddle, and from sonal secretary to the evangelist.

ation that the "wuff" love letter, and who lick the boots of Butler, who found in New York, and alleged by besides owning textile mills, is heav- again argued, debated and fought him to have been written by the ily interested in street railway sysevangelist, clinched his case. One sen- tems. tence in the letter, supposedly written to Ormiston, was considered significant by the district attorney: "I'll be K. O. unless 'E' breaks—and God the of the A. F. of D. with the cately forbid that happening."

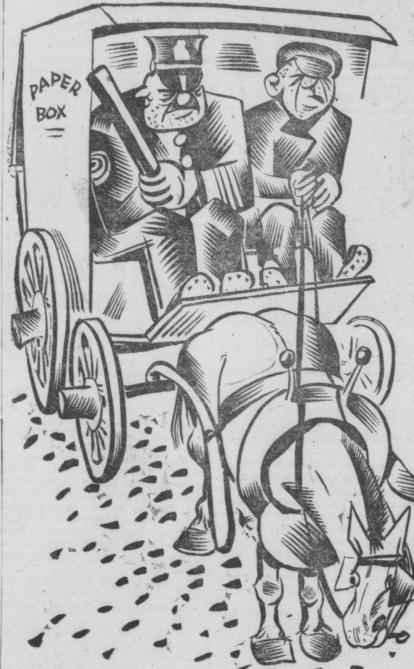
Doheny and Fall May Be Petrified Mummies

a half years after exposure of the date, has not as yet been sent out to 'black satchel' transactions between Secretary of the Interior Albert Fall paign is almost over. The withhold and Edward L. Doheny, which led to piece of work calculated to aid Walsh. Fall's giving Doheny the naval oil reserve in California, counsel for the skates over the rejection of their accused have agreed with the prosecution that the trial should soon beit start Nov. 22; the defense suggested Jan. 10. Judge Hoehling of the district federal court is to decide the



The DAILY WORKER.

AN EXTRA DRIVER FOR NOTHING



The paper box workers on strike in New York City have had an injunc

Labor Rejects Both Walsh and Nash

(Continued from page 1)

The Workmen's Circle and the Ver- paign manager and Wm. Green, president of the A. F. of L., with the endorsement of its executive council, Many cities in the far west are rally- circulating every cocal and central ing to the appeal for funds. Move- body in the state, in behalf of Walsh, ments are underway in Los Angeles, and in a supposedly anti-Butler cam-

Evenly Divided.

The refusal of the central labor bodies to endorse Walsh was in line with the action taken by the Springfield convention of teh Massachusetts state branch of the A. F. of L., which refused to endorse either Coolidge's Butler of millionaire Gaston's Walsh.

This refusal was not due to the progressiveness of the convention, but can municipal and state politicians the street carmens' unions who always Keyes today reiterated his declar- have a big delegation at conventions,

Conroy a Progressive.

The state branch executive committee of the A. F. of L. with the excepof Worcester, is dominated by Walsh men, and despite explicit instructions by the convention and by their own vote of several weeks ago, the resolution stating that the state conven-Before They Are Tried tion does not endorse either candidate, and urging organized labor to refrain from endorsing either candi-

man, that John Kearney, Walsh's labor manager has decided to tour the gin. Government counsel asked that state, speaking before the central labor unions that have rejected his can-Midate. In his talk before the Worcester C. L. U., Kearney cleveriy failed to mention that about 15 injunctions were served against labor while Walsh was governor of Massa chusetts. He failed to mention Col. Gaston's millions behind Walsh, or that Walsh is the president of one United Textile Workers' union, in bank and director of another and corporation counsel for the Boston and Maine railroad, etc.

Kearney, who is chairman of the Boston C. L. U. non-partisan campaign

CHICAGO MEETING Celebrating the Ninth Year of the Russian Revolution

SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1926

ASHLAND BLVD. AUDITORIUM

WM. Z. FOSTER — WM. F. DUNNE Vocal and Instrumental Music-Pantomime by the Young Pioneers-Lithuanian Workers' Chorus and other attractive features.

ADMISSION 25 CENTS

committee, is himself a democrat and his position as Walsh's manager is sufficient proof that these so-called non-partisan committees are simply auxiliaries to the democratic political machines, who utilized these labor committees like the janitor does a

mop which he discards when worn. Jack Walsh of the Railroad Shop men took the floor to tell of his experience as candidate for mayor on the democratic ticket. The regular democratic bosses managed the campaign and had all the saying, while the local labor movement was used as sucker in furnishing the candidate and the money as well as the votes, while the regular democratic voters openly declared they would rather vote for republican candidate for letter "E," will be questioned by Dist. enly divided, with the Butler strength mayor or scratch their ballots rather than vote for a labor man.

> Shameful Betrayals witness the same treachery going on in this state. John Jerry Hodgson, ex-legislative agent for the Massachuin the course of his duties, time and against William M. Butler before hearings, in committee rooms and elsewhere at the state house when Butler was a member of the Massachusetts legislature, is now stumping the state in behalf of his erstwhile enemy, Wm. M. Butler. But Kearney and the rest of his tribe who are boosting Walsh, are not doing it for love or in the interests of the labor movement,

> In a scathing denunciation of Kearney and the rest of the labor fakers who sell themselves and bind the la bor movement to the chariots of the capitalist political parties, William Haskings, eulogized Eugene V. Debs and contrasted Debs with the so-called labor leaders who sell themselves for a mess of pottage to the capitalist class. But the most militant and | class conscious note was sounded in the speech of Secretary Thomas F Conroy who finished by demanding that labor cease being the tail to capitalism's political kite and organize a labor party.

Ignore Organizing Textile Workers. With conditions in the textile indus-

try in Massachusetts in a most deplorable state, and the textile workers unorganized and disunited, the stead of sending an army of organizers into the state for the purpose of organizing the exploited textile work ers, sends into Massachusetts five or ganizers to campaign for Walsh. These organizers of the U. T. W. are going to remain here only for campaign purposes and leave the state upon the conclusion of the campaign.

Violent Earthquake Recorded.

coast of British Columbia,

MURDERER HAS AND IN POWDER

Rev. Norris Up Before on Arson Charges

CRIMINA LDISTRICT COURT-ROMM, Ft. WORTH, Tex., Nov. 1 .-Alleging that the catholic church and individuals of great power have conspired to get him "hung" for his killing of D. E. Chipps, lumberman, Rev. J. Frank Norris, pastor of the First Baptist Church here, exploded a bomb in the prosecution camp today by asking for a change of venue. It came as a complete surprise and took the prosecution offits feet.

Norris is charged by indictment with having murdered Chipps July 17 in the pastor's study.

Norris Noted Cunman.
Today is not the first experience of Rev. Norris in a courtroom, or the Chipps killing not the first time he has een known to use a gun.

In 1912 he was accused of arson in the burning of his home. Later he was indicted on charges of burning his church. He also was accused of perjury in connection before a grand jury which investigated the home burning. He was acquitted on the perjury case on an instructed verdict. and was acquitted on one of the arson harges. The other was dismissed for nsufficient evidence.

Slapped Preacher's Face. Several years ago Rev. Norris had some trouble with the late Bob Poe, veteran Fort Worth constable. Poe met the preacher on the street one day and slapped his face.

Norris pulled a gun and marched he constable to the church, where he cept him prisoner for some time, during which he talked matters over with Poe. At one time, also, he was shot by a cattle rustler who attacked his

Rev. Norris repeatedly has told of the necessity of his having to have gunmen to protect him.

Reports the Story of White Terror Rule in Queen Marie's Land

(Continued from page 1)

hours later, they demanded the addresses of my friends and, when I refused to give them, the beating with the rubber clubs was resumed. My hands were placed in iron clamps and burned with red hot irons and then the clamps were screwed into my wrists until I fainted. I was thrown into a dungeon until the folowing morning."

Only Part of Story. The Daily News correspondent also nentions the case of Pavel Tkatchenko who was assassinated while being transferred from one prison to another, details of which have been previously reported in The DAILY WORKER. These two typical cases mentioned by the Daily News are but that must take place when labor an infinitesmal part of the Rouman-Despite such shameful betrayals we ian terror that has been responsible for the murder of not hundreds, but thousands of workers and peasants and that, at the time Queen Marie setts State Federation of Labor, who is making her triumphal and loan procuring tour of the United States, holds no less than 2,500 political prisoners in the jails of that sorry country.

> Railroad and Flour Kings Fete Marie. ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 1.—The railroad and flour magnates of the Twin Cities are having the time of their aristocratic lives being host to a real of the "Empire Builder," James Hill, the Washburns, Crosbys, Pillsburys and the whole family of northwestern capitalist wheat and railroad kings poration, is defended by Vicente G. of democratic candidates. and queens were duly staggered by Bunuan, director of the Philippine The admissions were made by the queen's crown jewels displayed at Press Bureau in Washington, in a Douglas as he testified before the intable and drank a toast to King Fer- statement on the rubber situation. dinand prior to a toast for their own

The queen is officially the guest of rubber-producing possibilities of the Samuel Hill, former president of the Philippines is one of the chief obsta-Great Northern and a member of the cles to the granting of independence Hill family. It is at his expense that to his people. Marie has been furnished with her The Filipinos, says Bunuan, want to luxurious special train and due to his help the Americans to solve their rubinfluence that the train is carried ber supply problem. But they know, over the various railroad lines at the as all other peoples know, that "that nominal cost of \$1.00 a road. The ray- country is happiest and most peaceful al lady leaves for North Dakota where which has its national wealth evenly she will "study the lives of the farm- distributed." ers" by having a couple board her train here and there and talk about chickens and wheat.

Civil Liberties to Aid Injunction Fight of N. Y. Cloakmakers

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.-If improve- there is no reason why a rubber com ment is not marked on the picket line pany should not secure supplies of raw of the striking New York cloakmakers material from owners of adjacent after the mass protest meeting of the tracts, just as the sugar centrals buy American Civil Liberties Union the millions of dollars' worth from sugar organization announces it will conduct owners, under contract. ST. LOUIS, Nov. 1.—An earthquake a picketing demonstration to bring a Finally, he quotes a resolution de of "violent proportions" was recorded test case under the injunction into livered to Carmi Thompson, investion the seismograph at St. Louis Uni- court. Wolcott H. Pitkin, New York gator for President Coolidge, by the versity last night, Father McElwane, attorney with the union, states that Philippine legislature, in which the seismologist, reported today. The police evade the injunction issue by Filipinos declare that only independtremor lasted 45 minutes, starting at arresting pickets for disorderly con- ence will give them the powers neces-:45 p. m. and ending at 8:30 p. m. duct, not contempt of court. He sary to "shape our economic policies" The distance was estimated at 2,190 charges that the injunction is a strike- to make easy the coming to the islands justment of freight rates on pig iron miles in a northwesterly direction, breaking measure and has led to sim- of foreign capital. They refuse to and articles taking the same rate be which would place its center off the ilar injunctions almost outlawing permit the ownership of vast tracts more, where New York manufacturers for "selfish exploitation of our natural BUILD THE DAILY WITH A SUB have opened non-union shops,

Battle Many Obstacles in Struggle for Labor Unity in the Pacific

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL.

GREAT obstacles confront the ambitious plan to hold a Pan-Pacific Trade Union Conference at Canton, China, May 1, 1927.

Not the least of these is the color question, that must be overcome in order to bring together the white, brown and yellow workers of the nations bordering the world's greatest ocean.

That this issue must be fought out before any successful conference can be held was seen in the attitude of some sections of the Japanese labor movement, objecting to the gathering being held at the capital of the revolutionary government of South China.

Delegate J. S. Garden, of the New South Wales Labor Council, reporting as secretary of the Third All-Australian Trade Union Congress, declared that the majority of invitations forwarded by the Australians to the Japanese workers' organizations had been returned. The Japanese government announced to the Australian labor officials that it refused to deliver them. The invitations were addressed mostly to the Japanese Rado Kumiai Hyogikai-(generally called Hyogikai). The labor organizations affiliated with this central body total 46 unions, having an estimated membership of

It is pointed out that this section of the Japanese working class unites the "left" or revolutionary elements in the trade union movement of Japan. The vicious police regulations, brought into being under labor baiting laws adopted by Mikado rule, are so extreme that trade unions with the merest left wing tendencies, have to work and meet semiillegally. This section, however, is expected to give its hearty support to the purpose of the Pan-Pacific Conference and every effort will no doubt be made to develop the closest possible contact with it.

The other section of the organized Japanese labor movement, termed the Sodomei, under the leadership of Susuki, somehow received the invitation of the Australian workers. but turned it down under the plea that the Australian trade unions believed in the White Australia policy. The trade union officials point out that this is the policy of the Labor Party, that this policy is not supported by the trade unions, and that this issue must not be raised as an obstacle to Pan-Pacific Trade Union Unity. This section of the Japanese labor movement will no doubt raise the same question against the American Federation of Labor, revealing the inevitable clash elements in different countries acquiesce in the imperialist policies of their own capitalist governments.

This policy "reflects the conserva-

tion era of America's history, and was

implanted in the Philippines by con-

gress itself when it passed the Philip-

oine organic act of 1902, which con-

tained provisions even more restrict-

He points out that rubber can be

grown successfully on tracts smaller

than the present law allows, and that

resources"

ive than those in the present law."

instead of waging labor's battles

on the basis of the class struggle. It will be an eventful day in international labor history when worker representatives from Japan, Australia, China and the United States sit down in the same conference and talk over their problems as members of the world labor movement: It is hoped that that this day will be May 1, 1927, at Canton, China.

Labor in Java, a subject colony of Holland, has always been known for its militancy. While Holland is heralded as one of Europe's boasted capitalist "democracies," the imperialists of this puppet nation have drowned in blood the workers' movement in Java. It now leads an illegal existence similar to that of the Japanese labor movement.

The story is repeated almost in whole for India, where the ruthless measures adopted by the British government to crush, the great strikes that have taken place in this colony of the crown have required the whole attention of India's militant working class.

Mexico pleads poverty. But it has answered the invitation of the Australian workers. The Mexican Miners' Union has also replied. They pledge co-operation to the full extent of their ability. The workers of Mexico can be depended on to to push their officials into active participation in the effort to secure Pan-Pacific Trade Union Unity. The same may be said concerning at least some of the countries of Central and South America.

One of the great inspirations that will help insure the success of the gathering is the rapidly developing trade union movement of China,

It is recognized that it will be most difficult to get the American Federation of Labor into action. The A. F. of L. officialdom only enters where it hopes to dominate. The imperialist policies of the present A. F. of L. leadership will certainly receive short shrift in the proposed Canton conference. The policies of the Greens, the Wolls and the Duncans will be on the carpet and not in the saddle at Canton. This will be true whether regular delegates speaking for the A. F. of L. officialdom are in attendance or not.

The Australian Trade Union Congress has undertaken a tremendous task. Workers everywhere, who seek to advance the interests of their class, will wish them every success in their drive for unity of the workers in the nations bordering the Pacific. This should include an increasing number of workers in the United States of America anxious to give their support to this ambi-

DEFENDS LEGAL MINING BARON LIMITATION OF CALLS DEMOCRAT LAND HOLDINGS SENATOR CROOK

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.—Refusal of queen. At a luncheon today in St. the Filipinos thru their legislature at stirrings were manifest in the demo- the next elections. Anyhow it is more Paul at the home of Louis Hill, son Manila to repeal the land laws, under cratic party today following the pleasant to talk to the voters in your which no more than 2,500 acres can be testimony of James S. Douglas, mining nightshirt that climb the front porch owned by any one individual or cor\$60,000 in furthering the campaigns

quiry being conducted by Senator Will- reason is that Canada has seen every-He frankly says that the desire of iam King of Utah. American capitalists to exploit the

probably \$50,000 in supporting the un- vard on their bellies to show how low successful primary candidacy of E. E. they consider themselves in the pres-Ellingwood, mining corporation at ence of a queen. Glorious democracy! torney, who was defeated by Governor Hunt for nomination.

LaFollette Issues Statement.

MADISON, Wis., Nov. 1 .- U. S. Senator Robert M. LaFollette, Jr., and his brother, Philip, issued a statement today that they would not support any of the announced candidates The religious confidence woman lied for governor in tomorrow's election. but would write in their choice. Ira S. Lorenz, campaign manager for the was nodding when he should be watch-LaFollette ticket in the primary, who announced support for Charles B. trunk load of wearing apparel that Perry for governor, had no authority to speak for the organization, but only for himself, the statement added.

Another "Investigation."

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1 .- The interstate commerce commission today ordered an investigation of the proposal of the railroads for a general readtween points in Central Freight Asso strikes in Poughkeepsie and Balti- of land by aliens or big corporations ciation territory, which would result in numerous increases and reductions

LONDON, ct. 31.—The British admirality threw a little party in the English channel yesterday afternoon for the benefit of the delegates to the empire conference. Participating in the party, were fifty warships, the cream of the British navy.

The admiralty did not go to the trouble and expense of putting on the show in order to provide an afternoon's entertainment for the guests. The reasons were deeply political.

Empire's Sun Setting. There is a growing feeling thruout the world that the British empire's sun is setting. The uneasiness in some of the dominions may be attributed to the common disinclination to be hitched on to a dying body. To show the dominion envoys that the lion is not toothless by any means the British government ordered the admiralty to call out the war dogs. In case any or all of the dominions are threatened by a foreign foe those war dogs could bite as well as bark.

Then there is another reason. South Africa is talking too much about independence to suit Downing St. South Africa had better not get too fresh. This is the meaning of the display of naval force in the channel.

CURRENT EVENTS

By T. J. O'Flaherty.

(Continued from page 1)

soling. It seems that those who were most active in putting over the dry amendment found remunerative positions enforcing the law. And they enforced it for a consideration. Our bone-dry senator pulled down the tidy sum of \$23,000 for using his influence with the prohibition director to secure permits for wine dealers at so much per gallon. Those wine dealers had to be rabbis with congregations. But some of those rabbis bore such Hebrew names as O'Toole and MacFiggin and got away with it because they handed out the coin.

THE scorn that was once reserved I the liquor dealer is now hurled at the Anti-Saloon League. It has come to the point now where a prohibitionist is looked on with as much suspicion as a christian in Turkey. At least I once heard a rationalist (who was everything but that) tell a story of a visitor to Turkey who, noticing that the Turks did not lock their doors expressed his surprise to his guide 'Don't you fear robbers?" he asked. Why no," answered the Turk, "there is no need for taking such precautions. There is not a christian within one hundred miles of here."

STILL it is funny to see George E. Brennan, waging his campaign from a hospital cot and waging it very well. George is no Apollo. He is the living personification of a beer barrel. Had George faced the voters, in all probability they would have turned around and voted for the Andy Gumpchinned Frank L. Smith. Fat men are not in style any more, and Brennan has more chins than you could count on the fingers of both hands. But the funniest thing about the bed sheet campaign is that (according to rumor) it was Brennan's wooden leg that got scratched. If that is the case and George is elected, there may be a PHOENIX, Ariz., Nov. 1.—Uneasy plague of wooden-legged candidates in

THE queen of Roumania is out of I luck in Canada. Even the coyotes thing in the aristocratic line from the Douglas created a sensation when prince of Wales to J. H. Thomas, polithe called Senator Cameron a crook. | ical secretary of the National Union When Cameron protested to Senator of Railwaymen. If the queen wants to King, Douglas advanced toward him, see human beings doing the snake act shaking his fist and berating Cameron in earnest she had better come to Chifor championing a copper tariff bill. | cago quick. Our four hundred are Douglas also testified he had spent ready to wiggle down Michigan boule-

> THE three readers of The DAILY I WORKER who vowed they would read it no more because they thought we did not do the right thing by our Aimee, should repent of their hastiness now. If anything ever hung by a hair it is the evangelist's reputation. her way brazenly tho not successfully thru a lengthy trial and as if her god ing over the fortunes of his child, a was toted around the country by her radio operator was seized. The Hearst press did not have so much fun since it ran the diaries of "Peaches," one for and the other against "Daddy" Browning. They spread pictures of pajamas and kimonos all over the papers. If there are any evangelists left that have not been caught in some naughty actions let them come forward and clear themselves!

We will send sample copies of The DAILY WORKER to your friends-

Prepares Base for a Further Advance

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.-What is eveloping behind the thick curtain of lomatic secrecy and internal intrigue in China since the start of the advance of the Cantonese forces toward Shanghai from Hankow is not clear even to state department officials. Reports of movements of the northern militarists are conflicting.

But the general drift of second-hand information is that the Canton nationalist government is steadily extending its authority thru all the provinces south of the Yangtze, while "mopping up" the scattered opposition forces still in the field.

Reactionaries Routed.

Marshal Sun Chuan-fang, reactionary, who controlled Shanghai and five eastern provinces two months ago, has seen his army of 60,000 to 90,000 troops melt away into a mere ghost of its former power. His lieutenants have in many cases surrendered to the nationalists or have disappeared.

Chang Tso-lin, lord of Manchuria with Japan's assistance, remains in the north and is apparently ready to retreat from Peking and all territory south of Manchuria whenever the nationalists push northward from the

Japan May Turn to Canton. Nor is Chang Tso-lin sure of Japanese support in case his domain is invaded. Japan is gaining a large share of the foreign commerce at Canton, formerly held by the British. Japanese policy may easily turn to recognition of the nationalists in payment for trade advantages in all of China, thereby leaving Chang Tso-lin to be driven from Manchuria by the superior arms of the Cantonese. But this possible development is not anticipated before six months or a year.

Imperialists Have Hopes. Foreign interests in China that are threatened by the rise of the nationalist power now rest their hopes of a

return of the reactionaries upon one factor-the Chinese habit of betrayal of one leader by another. They skeptically predict that the nationalists will soon quarrel among themselves and the unity of their movement be

Bosses Native Puppets and Bulldozes Nation

MANAGUA, Nicagarua, Nov. 1 .-So far as a formal victory goes. United States imperialism is elated at getting Emiliano Chamorro, the unpopular dictator of Nicaragua, to resign. Not because the U. S. didn't want him. On the contrary, he was their willing servant, and his resignation is only another evidence of it.

Resignation Only a Trick. The revolt against Chamorro made his position untenable any longer. The U.S. sought to prevent the seating of the constitutional president, Bautista Sacasa, and to save their own interests by going thru the pretense of an election "to choose a new president."

The U. S. charge d'affaires, Lawrence Dennis, is, however, the one who is to mame the new president, and althe the election is not held yet, it is announced that one of Chamorro's lieutenants, Adolfo Diaz, will be the new president,

U. 8. Will Recognize Its Lackey. Dennis also announces that the United States will recognize Diaz as soon as the "election," centrolled by Chamorro's conservative party, will be over. The election is for a con-

But all this pretty scheme may be upset if the liberal party revolution wres a victory in its armed struggle for constitutional government, However, the United States has threatened to land a large force of marines to minate the situation,

The size of The DAILY WORKER depends on you, Send a sub.

RUSSIAN UNIONS GIVE ITEMIZED LIST OF RELIEF COLLECTED FOR BRITISH COAL MINE STRIKE AID

MOSCOW, (By Mail)-The bulletin of the Central Council of Trade Unions of the Soviet Union has issued an itemized statement of the contributions received during the months of May and June for the British Miners

The statement is given in three tables, the first being those of national (within the separate republics), regional, district and provincial trade union organizations; the second from the Central Council itself and the central committees of the 23 industrial unions, and the third from newspaper offices. Mars today remains as far distant and and miscellaneous contributors. They follow:

Table No. 1

Contributions from national, regional, district and provincial trade union organizations, giving name of centers and the sum.

Moscow	407.831.70	Tcherepovetz	5,500.00
Leningrad	417,765.59	Nizhni Novgorod	
Ufa	10.357.16	Viatka	
Novgorod	15,806,75	Baku	
Tcheboksari	1,823,31	Tiffis	
Kazan		Veliki Ustug	1,919.90
Orel	7,567.10	Makhach Kala	727.72
Archangel	12,145.27	Astrakhan	
Tver	26,687.01	Pokrovsk	
Pskov	7,086.74	Krasnokoshaisk	
Petrosavodsk	4,997.98	Simferopol	19,571.46
Briansk	34,967.94	Kokand	
Yaroslavl	44,624.16	Pishpek	
Izhevsk	7,449.92	Verkhne Udinsk	2,863.50
Riazan	9,871.91	Mogilev	
Voronezh	33,755.87	Minsk	31,529.69
Vologda	5,012.05	Tashkent	14,612.75
Kursk	13,467.35	Bukhara	5,951.89
Ust-Sisolsk	2,314.53	Poltoratzk	1,261.39
Stalingrad	24,004.46	Borissov	3,679.25
Ulianovsk	8,060.00	Vitebsk	299.87
Pensa	8,336.61	Orenburg	4,338.05
Gomel	9,254.69	Far-Eastern Region	36,597.55
Smolensk	14,347.43	Kasakstan	18,866.18
Saratov	4,870.05	Northern Caucasta	163,759.21
Tambov	18,060.86	Ural Region	97,470.75
Samara	10.820.25	Siberia	69,480.98
Ivanovo-Vosnessensk	39,375.74	Ukraina	188,366.67
Kaluga	7,821.88	Yakutsk	1,100.00
Tula	24,957.74	Miscellaneous	28,320.58
Kostroma		A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	
Vladimir	34,595.63	TOTAL2,	156,602.30
and the second of the second of		/	
and the second second being the second	Table 8	Va 2'	

Table No. 2 Receipts from Central Committees and Central Council of Trade Unions.

the state of the s	Contributions from organ- izations listed under column 1	Contributions from prov- inces trans- mitted thru C. C. and C. C. T. U.	Total
Central Council of Trade Unions	. 145,000.00	C. C. 1. O.	145,000.00
Land and Forest Workers	. 1,000.00	3,129.31	4.129.31
Sanitary and Health Workers	. 3,000.00	4,892.01	7,892.01
Water Transport Workers	. 5,000,00	16,100.00	21,100.00
Art Workers	300.00		300.00
Miners	. 30,000.00	109,308.31	139,308.31
Wood Workers	2,000.00	421.60	2,421.60
Railwaymen	. 15,000.00	6,765.72	21,765.72
Municipal Workers	. 7,500.00	.1,340.45	8,840.45
Leather Workers	. 1,500.00	1,757.12	3,257.12
Metal Workers	. 25,000.00	4,258.74	29,258.74
Post and Telegraph Workers	3,000.00	38.15	3,038.15
Domestic and Hotel Workers	. 2,000.00	526.07	2,526.07
Printers	. 3,000.00	1,595.44	4,595.44
Food Workers	. 10,000.00	14,103.62	24,103.62
Educational Workers	. 2,000.00	3,102.08	5,102.08
Paper Workers	. 1,500.00	14,314.75	15,814.75
State and Commercial Workers	. 20,000.00	122,808.76	142,803.76
Building Workers	. 3,000.00	79.50	3,079.50
Sugar Workers	. 10,000.00	15,836.05	25,836.05
Transport Workers	. 8,000.00	1,113.04	4,113.04
Textile Workers		4,889.17	19,889.17
Chemical Workers	. 5,000.00	3,821.29	8,821.29
Clothing Workers	2,500.00	268.75	2,768.75
TOTAL	. \$15,300.00	330,464.93	645,764.93

Table No. 3 Receipts from newspaper offices, individuals and various institutions.

Pravda and Bednota66	5,000.0	0
Isvestia	5,200.9	1
Krasni Dagestan	1,938.7	1
Krasnala Tataria	3,000.0	0
Nasha Gazeta		
Krasnole Tchernomorie	4,000.0	0
Bakinski Rabotchi	1,700.0	0
Various newspapers (small contributions)	7,496.1	4-95,736.76
Centrosoyus		. 50,000.00
Miscellaneous (persons and institutions)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	99,673.17
TOTAL		245,408.93
SUMMARY OF RECEIPTS.		SE SESSION OF
Table No. 1	Rbl.	2,156,602.30
Table No. 2	, ,,	645,764.93
Table No. 3		245 408 93

NOTE-Further statements of receipts by unions, cities, co-operatives

newspapers and individuals will be published by the Accounting Department

Advanced by CCTU against future receipts 673,000.00

> Signed: Događov, Secretary CCTU. Platonov, Business Manager. Tchanpalov, Bookkeeper,

First Fall Costume Ball Arranged by the

of the CCTU unon verification,

EDUCATIONAL CLUB OF

For the benefit of The DAILY WORKER, at

ODD FELLOWS HALL Corner Summer and Market Sts.

FRIDAY EVE, NOVEMBER 5, at 7:30

Prizes to be Given for Best Costumes BEN RASKIN'S FAMOUS ORCHESTRA

Admission 50 Cents

Rumors of Ferdinand's Illness Are Persistent

BERLIN, Nov. 1,-Rumors of the liness of king Ferdinand still persist in Bucharest, notwithstanding official denials and the king's own cablegood health, according to dispatches received here today,

by the faot that the King was not present at ceremonies held on the occasion of the Queen's birthday. This however was explained by officials by the statement that the king's physician had ordered him to take a proonged rest and not participate in pubc functions.

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CLOUDS SPOIL

Attempt at Radio Talks With Martians Fails

LONDON, Nov. 1.-The planet of as much a mystery to the dwellers of the earth as ever. The attempt by professional and amateur astrono mers of London to gain telescopic in sight into the Martian life were generally unsuccessful, as were the ra dio experiments.

Heavy clouds interfered with the majority of astronomical observa tions from London and other parts of England during the night. Some dark markings on the surface of the distant planet were distinguished, but all lesser markings were indistinct or almost wholly invisible most of the

Radio Fails.

All efforts to catch radio signals from Mars apparently were unsuccess ful, including those of Doctor Robinmessage, in what was supposed to be the Martian language, to a radio company for transmission to the planet It evoked no reply. The message was sent out from the Rugby radio station over a wave length of 10,240

Spiritist Tries.

Doctor Robinson said he was very nuch disappointed that he had not eceived a reply from the Martinians in answer to his message. "Last year had radio communication with the planet," he said, "sending and receiv ing messages while I was in a trance I understand the Martians' language, which is a language of the

Dr. Robinson's message last night 'ead: "Opesti nipitia secomba."

. . . Planet Changed.

GENEVA, Nov. 1 .- Astronomers report that the Mars of today is quite different from the Mars observed two years ago. Professor Schaer of the Jungfrau Joch Observatory reports that, "Mars is a changed planet and now presents a very luminous pale yellow disc with its equatorial conti-August, has now nearly disappeared."

Copper Monopoly in Exports Asks to Be Exempt from U.S. Law

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1 .- Papers have been filed by the Copper Export the pools have terminal elevator faers, Inc., of 25 Broadway, New York, cilities for handling 20,020,000 bushels with the federal trade commission for of wheat at a time. With a small enexemption from the anti-trust laws in largement of these terminal facilities the exporting of copper and copper and quick turnover the pools will be products from the United States. This able to handle their entire product. exemption is permitted under the Webb-Pomerene export trade act.

is president of the new trust, whose stockholders or members are: American Smelting and Refining Co., Inspiration Consolidated Copper Co., Mother Lode Coalition Mines Co., Ne-Cornelia Copper Co., Utah Copper Co., Anaconda Copper Mining Co., American Metal Co., Ltd., Nichols Copper Co. and United Verde Copper Co.

This combination was created to maintain the high retail cost of copper in the United States by limiting the domestic supply thru systematic exportation of surplus for dumping on

Tokyo to Retaliate Against Unfriendly Foreign Countries

TOKYO, Japan, Nov. 1.—The alien and law recently passed that provides that only aliens whose government allows Japanese to own land, can own land in Japan, will go into effect on Nov. 10, it was decided by the cabinet.

The law now gives the government power to discriminate against nations that are discriminating against Japan-

Rapid Growth Shown in Members and Business

By SCOTT NEARING, Fed. Press. WINNIPEG, Nov. 1. - Canadian wheat pool farmers have closed another banner season, during which the Central Selling Agency disposed of son, psychic expert who handed in a 190,000,000 bushels of wheat. The last dividend on the 1925 crop, which has just been paid, totaled \$8,500,000 or | 21/2 cents per bushel.

Get Good Prices.

Wheat pool members thus received, for the 1925 crop, an initial payment of \$1, two additional payments of 20 cents each per bushel and the final payment, making a total for No. 1 northern wheat of \$1.421/2 per bushel. This is considered by the farmers an excellent return as the 1925 crop was a large one.

During the three years of their existnce the wheat pools have handled: 1923 crop, 34,000,000 bushels (the Alberta pool alone); 1924 crop, 81,500,-000 bushels (Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba), and 190,000,000 bushels of the 1925 crop for the three provinces, or more than double the quantity handled in the previous year. Membership in the pools has increased from 79,700 in July, 1924, to 127,200 members in July, 1926.

Buy Elevators.

Last year the pools inaugurated the policy of securing elevators by the simple process of deducting 2 cents nents a dark brown color while the per bushel on all grain handled for polar cap, which was very small in elevator purposes. This elevator fund has been used to secure 30 local elevators in Manitoba, 33 elevators in Alberta and 575 in Saskatchewan, or a total of 638 for the three pools. These elevators, like the other property of the pools, is paid for in cash; hence there are no bonds or mortgages

In addition to the local elevators,

C. F. Kelley of Anaconda Copper Says U. S. Shipping Strength Inadequate for Present Business

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 1 .- While vada Consolidated Copper Co., New other nations are clamoring for shipping strength, America's merchant marine is capable only of carrying 30 per cent of her commerce and not the 50 per cent specified by congress, T. V. O'Connor, chairman of the shipping board declared today at a hearing on merchant marine matters.

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FASCISTI SEARCH OUT REFUGEES FROM RULE IN FRANCE, EXTRADITE AND MURDER COMMUNIST WORKERS

By LOUIS DE PHILLIPIS. (Special to The Daily Worker)

MONTE CARLO. - (By Mail.) - The fascist hydra is not satisfied with its prey, a whole nation at its mercy, thousands of valiant working men and women crowding the regal prisons, numberless martyrs fallen under its fire and daggers. These are considered a trifle by the Italian fascist bourgeoisie. More proletarian blood must be shed and more victims must be added, and therefore they are resolved to operate even outside the national borders wherever a trace of opposition to their bloody regime is found. To this purpose, Mussolini, idol of .

the Italian bourgeoisie and symbol of wounded by a bullet as she ran for life for Italian capitalism, has spread a net beyond the Italian frontier for vigilance over the hundreds of thousands of Italian refugees distributed territory.

Fascisti agents are to be found wherever Halian workers are en-They receive instructions and orders from Rome thru the intermediary of the Italian consuls. The talian consulates are regular agencies for espionage as well as for persecution and signalizing of the refugee's conduct and activities.

All that is diplomatically possible is done to obtain the extradition of gram to the Queen stating he was in active revolutionaries. For this purpose they inculpate them for crimes The rumors were given new impetus | thorities. If a frame-up is impossible. and the repression of an individual is cists from French territory. deemed necessary, a punitive expedition is made across the border.

> Murder Comrade. mity to the Italian frontier, a young cessantly. comrade, Mazzeri, was shot down in

The comrade was an active militant of the working class and loved by those who knew him. His murder in the greatest part over the French had been ordered in Italy to "form an example.' In accosting him, his assailants ask-

ed but a brief question: "Have you finally decided to wear a black shirt?" "Neyer," he answered. It is then that the murderers pull-

ed out their guns and shot him.

Press Suppresses Slaying. The French bourgeois press, under the pretext of not wanting to "disturb the action of the police," does not mention a word about the mur-

But the worker population is indigsimply invented by the Italian au- nant and more categorically than ever they demand the expulsion of the fas-

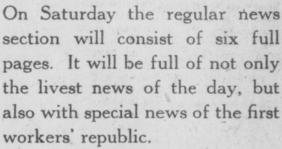
On the contrary, the national bloc shuts its eyes in regard to fascists. while, obeying the desires of the Only recently, at Nice, in the proxi- duce, it deports Italian workers in

This fact points out the necessity cold blood by a group of fascists, of the workers of all countries to while he was walking with his unite against the united front of the fiances. Theresa Milano. The girl was bourgeoisic

SATURDAY

A Special Russian Revolution Anniversary Number of

12 Pages



The MAGAZINE Supplement

will be enlarged to twelve pages and will include these unusual features:

The Ninth Year

A truly unusual poem by the brilliant proletarian writer and poet,

Michael Gold

Reflections on Opposite Cultures

A comparison of culture in Russia and America by the well-known writer and critic V. F. Calverton

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Wm. Z. Foster

An article that is sure to prove of interest to all read-ers by the Russian writer L. S. Sosnovsky

Alexander Blok-the Building Socialism as a

Relating the great progress of Russian in a splendid ar-ticle by

T. Leon

OTHER FEATURES TWO LETTERS

A short story of Soviet Russia M. J. OLGIN

THE TRACTOR—by Carl Reeve. RUSSIAN YOUTH—by J. Williamson. COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL
AND THE RUSSIAN REVOLUTION—by Max Bedacht.
THE MAROONED FARMER—by losi Shomaker THE WEEK IN CARTOONS SPORTS-MOVIES. TINY WORKER

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IN THE PUBLIC EYE

DAY BY DAY

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Workers (Communist) Party

tee of the Communist Party of the

to join the Communist Party of the

Soviet Union in an ideological struggle

viations, and to help unify the whole

Communist International behind the

leader, the Communist Party of the

Daily Worker Booster

Not Disturbed by Fine

of Benny Siegal, who was arrested

sub to The DAILY WORKER. So

some day court wil lbe delayed till

tion is jogging in the American com-

SLAVE FOR LOW WAGES

BUT GLORY IN CHANCE

TO 'KEEP DAILY WORKER

Many examples of how workers

who are slaving for wages that give

them a bare subsistence feel that

they are not too poor to help keep

The DAILY WORKER in its present

Herbert Benjamin reports one ex-

ample: "I raised \$57 in a small

meeting in Endicott last night for

The DAILY WORKER. The signifi-

cance of this fact will be realized,

as I realize it, when I say that of

the eleven members who contrib-

uted this amount the nine largest

contributors are slaving in the Endi-

cott-Johnson shoe factory at from

\$12 to \$22 a week and must support

ports, lost an arm in a machine in

the factory, and has nine children to

support. But he gloried in the privi-

alive the only working class daily in

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Chicago Federation of Labor radio

6:30-The Brevoort Concert Trio; Vella

Cook, contraito; Little Joe Warner, Gerald Croissaint, Charlie White, Mildred

9:00—Alamo Cafe Dance Orchestra. 11:00—Alamo Entertainers.

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This is the spirit that will keep

One member of this group, he re-

large families on their wages."

lege to help in the campaign.

from the Municipal Pier.

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campaign are coming in.

WORKERS COMMUNIST PARTY ISSUES STATEMENT ON THE SITUATION IN THE PREPARES PARTY **COMMUNIST PARTY OF SOVIET UNION**

The resolution adopted by the Central Executive Committee of the Work ers (Communist) Party of America on the situation in the Communist Party of the Union of Soviet Republics and the withdrawal of Comrade Gregory Zinoviev from work in the Communist International is as follows:

THE Central Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party has Party of the Soviet Union against on two occasions expressed its sup- Comrades Zinoviev, Trotzky and port of the Central Committee of the others is an effective challenge to the led by Comrades Trotzky and Zino- attempted to picture the struggle of its endorsement of the general-line of policy of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union as against that of the opposition, for development of the Socialist economic system in the Soviet Union and also condemned the effort of the Soviet Union, and of the Executive opposition in organizing systematical- Committee of the Communist Inter- a period of increased and intensified ly a factional opposition within our national against the opposition in the activity. After a period of defeat and and subject to condemnation, because termination of victory of the Commu- tion from which it suffered and is now the position of Conrade Zinoviev as nist International. president of the Communist Interna- In view of the failure of the oppo- ers, leading certain strikes and develtional made his un-Leninist attitude sition in the Communist Party of the oping progressive blocs in their im in breaking the discipline of the Party Soviet Union to abandon their un-portant unions as well as taking part a bad example which can only have a destructive influence in all the affiliat-

The Central Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party saw in the ac- within its own ranks against these detions of Comrade Zinoviev a course unworthy of a disciplined member of any Communist Party, and certainly Leninist principles and tactics of its incompatible with the duties of the president of the Communist Interna- Soviet Union.

While the Central Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party welcomes the fact that the opposition led by Comrades Trotzky and Zinoviev have now recognized the danger of their course and acknowledged their error in so far as the breaches of dis- for selling DAILY WORKER certicipline are concerned, their belated re- ficates, resulted in a fine of \$3.50 with cognition of their mistake in this respect cannot serve to excuse their ac. peated.

The Central Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, therefore, apoviev by the Communist Party of the predicts that before he puts away his proves the withdrawal of Comrade Zin-Soviet Union as a delegate to the Communist International, The leaders of our Communist International must be free from the blemish of hizzoner finds out from the pages of conscious un-Leninist behaviour. The The DAILY WORKER how the revolu-Executive Committee of the Communist International must be free of undisciplined and therefore harmful elements.

The Central Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party sees in the actions of the Plenum of the Central Committee and the Control Commission of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union against the the opposition, Comrades Zinoviev, Trotzky, and others a well earned censure for their disruptive behaviour. It expresses sincere hopes that these comrades will heed the warning and will in the future conduct themselves as disciplined members of the Communist International.

The unanimity with which the ECCI approved the action of the Plenum of the Central Committee and the Central Committee of the Communist

Good Books

THE COMMENTS OF

IN GERMAN We have just received a

a apment of the following blaks in German from the lishers in Berlin: Jekonomie des Rentners, Bucharin-Cloth \$1.00 Imperialismus, Lenin-Cloth75 Komm. Internationale Heft 5-6 Heft 2

Grundriss der Wirtaschaftsgeografie (Paper) (Cloth) 1.00 Vereinigte Staaten des sozialistischen Europa15 Die zweite Organisationskonferenz (Paper)50 .75 (Cloth) MAILY WORKER PUBLISHING CO 1113 WWASHINGTON BIVD CHICAGO, ILL.

WORKERS SCHOOL Courses Are Designed to

Develop Leaders

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.-The core of the large number of courses offered by the New York Workers' School this Communist Party of the Soviet Union lies of the capitalist press and its year is to be found in the group of in the struggle against the opposition lickspittles, the Social Democrats who courses that have been designated, "Elementary Party Training Course," viev. It has endorsed and reaffirms the Communist Party of the Soviet and the group entitled, "Advanced Union for unity as a fight of Com- Party Training Course." They are rades Stalin and Bucharin for, and especially designed to train party func-Comrades Zinoviev and Trotzky tionaries; to raise the theoretical level against the liquidation of the Com- of the party membership and to premunist International. The procedure pare workers for proper service to the of the Plenum of the Central Commit- labor movement.

Training Needed.

The Workers Party has entered into actually engaged in organizing work-Leninist orientation the Central Com- in various united front movements mittee of the Workers (Communist) All these matters place new respon Party of America feels in duty bound sibilities upon members of the party

MEETING OF CHICAGO PARTY MEMBERSHIP TO BE HELD ON WEDNESDAY

A Chicago Party Membership meeting will be held at Northwest Hall, Western and North avenue, Wdnesday, Nov. 3. All party mem-PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 1.-The case Wednesday, Nov. 3. All party mem

They are called upon to make swift a warning that the act be not redecisions on practical matters of policy-decisions implying both Siegal is one of the active hustlers knowledge of our fundamental doctrine for The DAILY WORKER and expects and of the concrete problems is found to get subs and donations and sell in a proper theoretical training comcertificates as long as he pleases and bined with the requisite practical experience. cane for good he will have six bucks

in his fist from the judge for a yearly Another cause of the special im portance of the combination party training courses is the fact that the party reorganization has created a great need for additional functionaries since the new form of organization requires many more functionaries than did the old. Therefore the school is bending all its energies towards the training of such function-

> The Courses. The party training courses include

Elementary Party Training Course

-Marxism-Leninism, B. D. Wolfe. nstructor; History of the American stone, instructor; American Commun- the civilization of today." ist Party Organization, Jack Stachel, Political History, D. Benjamin, innounced; American Labor Problems, a symposium course.

Advanced Party Training Courses-America Today (Problems of Marxism America), Bertram D. Wolfe; Theory and Practice of Work in Trade the Comintern, W. W. Weinstone; History of the American Working Class, Arthur C. Calhoun: Communist Party Organization, Jack Stachel; Historical Materialism, J. Mindel; Advanced Marxian Economics, Harry

Starts in November.

All of these courses are starting durbroadcasting station WCFL is on the and workers should register now any ing the first two weeks in November .40 air with regular programs. It is afternoon or evening at the school or .40 broadcasting on a 491.5 wave length send for free catalog to Bertram D. Wolfe, Director of the Workers' School, 106-108 E. 14th Street, New

15 6:00 p. m.—Chicago Federation of Labor Hour; Hugh Wills, Security Supervisor of the Illinois Industrial Commission, Subject: "Securing the Compensation Power Company Using Insurance Scheme as Collaboration Bait

SEATTLE, Nov. 1 .- (FP) -- Mant festation of the spirit of compan; mionism is revealed in the recent ac tion of the Puget Sound Power & Light Co. in taking out a group insurance policy involving approximate ly \$5,400,000 covering 3,000 of its 3,600 employes. The company pays part of the premium for each employe. The policies provide for permanen. disability and old age pensions. It is stated that no compulsion will be exercised in signing up the workers.

The Puget Sound company is one of the largest electric light and power sity of Washington told a group of monopolies in the northwest. It has food and drug experts attending the an agreement with the electricians' convention of the public health asso union covering linemen and a limited ciation, number of skilled workers.

BUILD THE DAILY WITH A SUB rials show the greatest contamination.

Astronomers Dismiss old Fantastic Notion

While genuine scientists no longer concern themselves as to the existence of intelligent life on the planet Mars, that hove into clear view to their telescopes Tuesday and Wednesday, they are still conjecturing about the possibility of plant life on the little world

The sensational fantasies concerning "human life" on Mars concocted mospheric conditions and temperature ence of animated organisms even reat the time of delivery. motely akin to those with which we are familiar; and third, that Mars is a "dying world," a planet that has Russian brother Party. It considered Communist Party of the Soviet Union isolation, it has won several notable cold, losing its power of gravitation these activities the more destructive is proof of the inner strength and de- successes, is breaking down the isola- and its atmosphere with the general conclusion to be drawn that if animal life ever existed there, it has had its day.

Mars Closest.

This, by and large, is the result of urther investigations made of the intriguing planet in the last few days at Yerkes Observatory in Williams Bay, Wisconsin, At present Mars is as close to the earth as it will be for fifteen years, 43,000,000 miles and affords excellent opportunities for astronomers who, however, are far more interested in making calculations as to the physical conditions of the neighbor orb than they are in trying to find further evidence of the kind of life that many people would be eager to hear announced as exist-

Possible Vegetation.

The astronomers, however, do not dismiss the possibility of the existence of vegetable life on Mars, altho even with regard to this there is considerable dispute. The belief that there is such life is based on color changes observed on the planet and ion that both the color changes and due to atmospheric shiftings and possible volcanic activity.

Sociology Professor Tells Strikers They

man, professor of sociology at Colum- has ceased. bia University, characterized condiworkers of that industry.

Mr. Brown said that as a member of the Teachers' Union he is a part of the labor movement and the strugcommunist Party, William W. Wein- gle to "clean up the glaring evils in

"You box workers are struggling instructor; Theory and Practice of against sweatshop conditions in New Work in Trade Unions, Benj. Gitlow, York," declared Professor Bowman. instructor; American Economic and "Your demands for a 44-hour week, extra pay for overtime and union recstructor; History of the American ognition are mere elemental demands Working Class, Arthur C. Calhoun, in- which other workers have long enstructor; Elements of the Marxian joyed," the speaker maintained. "Or-Economics, instructor to be an ganize, stick together until you have won this strike."

Mr. Bowman told the strikers that "freedom does not pervade the atmosphere of America. Freedom comes to a group of people only after they have come to fruition in the children it Unions, Benjamin Gitlow; History of improbable that such mind will ever hood and youth, or makes it largely organized to advance their interests.

Lack of Funds Holds up Palmer Probe 'Till After the Elections

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1. - Senator Borah's committee which was authorized last June to probe the handling of the alien property in this country by Mitchell Palmer, Garvin, Harry Daugherty, Thos. Miller and other custodians, will be unable to get funds for its work until the regular session of the senate begins in December.

Mitchell Palmer, Joseph P. Tumulty, J. Harry Covington, a number of former democratic congressmen and some former national committeemen are likely to be summoned to testify in connection with big transactions in alien property during the Wilson ad ministration.

Barber Local Passes Resolution on Debs

(By a Worker Correspondent) BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 1 .- Out of 138 pieces of candy purchased in the open market, 29 were found to contain bacteria from the human intestine, Prof. John W. Engiril of the Univer-

Prof. Engiril said that sticky candies and those made from uneooked ma



Owners Must Produce At Any Cost Now

By PATRICK

(Worker Correspondent.) PITTSBURGH, Pa., Nov. 1.- The by pseudo-scientists and fiction writ- price of coal in Pittsburgh as in every ers is gradually giving way to, first, place else is mounting higher and the logical conclusion that "human higher. The Terminal Coal & Coke is the aim to develop first class news life" as such is possible only to a company here refuses to sell even at writers out of the class members. world which contains physical envir- \$10.00 a ton. The only way they are ons like our own; second, that the at- willing to sell ahead is at a "blind price," meaning that the buyer will be of Mars make impossible the exist- willing to pay any price that is asked

The companies are holding all their coal for foreign buyers who, in desperation at not being able to get coal, had its day and that is now grown are outbidding each other. Italy, Norway, Sweden, all of South America and other European countries are entirely dependent on other nations for their coal. Germany cannot furnish enough scab coal to England and still supply home market. England has none to sell because of the British miners' strike, therefore all countries are turning to America, willing to buy at any price just to get the coal. Admit Price to Raise.

All of the companies claim that the price of coal will not go down, but mount even higher. In the Westmoreland and Connelsville fields an in crease in wages will go into effect The Keystone Coal & Coke com-

pany, the Greensburg Coal company, the Irwin Gas Coal company, and the Berwin White Coal company have posted notices of an increase in wages. Many of these non-union mines have

raised the wages higher than, and and contributors for our union joursome almost as high, as the Jackson- nals, reporters and correspondents for ville agreement. However, W. G. Warden, chairman tributors for the factory newspapers.

of the board of directors of the Pitts- It trains workers in shop, mill and facburgh Coal company, whose mine pays tory to report the news of the industhat the so-called "canals" may be 25 cents more than the Jacksonville trial struggle in its everyday phases. strips of vegetation. This is opposed agreement, says that his company has The technique of simple, direct newsby astronomers who are of the opin- no intention of again resuming the use writing, of organizing, editing and of organized labor. He says that when managing shop papers and of preparthe markings taken for canals are the demand drops back, the wages will ing material for use in the labor press be reduced accordingly.

The cry of all nations is for coal Labor and shop papers will be stu-Need Union to Fight mines are only a sham. They will be course, knowledge of elementary Enlowered again as soon as the supply glish composition is required. NEW YORK, Nov. 1.-Leroy Bow of coal is disposed off and the demand

tions in the paper box industry at time they woke up and looked around them. They cannot let themselves be workers of that industry lulled to sleep by this sudden increase, Where Is Lewis?

> Suppose America now joined the British miners with their own demand for a living wage and union organization of unorganized fields, now at the crucial moment when coal is desperately needed. Would not the coal operators be forced to give in to recognize the union and assure the miners of continually receiving the wages they are now getting at this temporary short prosperous period? Why does not Lewis and his flunkeys

see the splendid opportunities offered? ing at the headquarters of the Work-Why does Lewis continue to keep quiet? But the miners know that York City. Register for the course in Lewis has never yet done anything for Labor Journalism today. their good. If they want anything, if they want to be assured of a living wage they must go after it themselves, and fight without Lewis.

be interesting to other workers.

AND OTHER MUSICAL

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Speakers:

Lovestone, Gold, Olgin, Poyntz,

Zimmerman, R. B. Moore.

Desire to Write is Only Qualification Necessary to Enter Correspondence Class

The Chicago class in worker correspondence which gets actively under way this Friday night, is open to all workers, regardless of affiliations. The only qualifications a member of the class needs are that he or she be a worker and has the desire to learn how to write news stories.

Any worker in Chicago who has this desire is urged to attend the meeting of the class on Friday in the editorial offices of The DAILY WORKER, 1113 West Washington Blvd. (third+ loor), at 8 o'clock.

The object of the class is to develop in the workers the ability to put the things that happen in their industrial life in news story form so that all workers can know what is going on. It

Workers do not have to have the ability to write fine literature to get results. The class is primarily de signed for those who want training in writing. The "question and answer" method will be used in the instruction so that everyone will get as much as possible from the course. Actual pieces of work by correspondents will be criticized in order to demonstrate errors and good points in the work.

Worker Correspondence to be Stressed

By a Worker Correspondent NEW YORK, Nov. 1 .- One of the most important courses offered at the Workers School this year is labor journalism (Workers Correspondence) with Harvey O' Connor as instructor

The course aims to prepare editors the Party press, and editors and conis its main object.

by fair means or foul. They must have died closely and students will prepare coal to carry on their industries. The copy for actual publication. Noted lacoal operators know this and are bor editors are scheduled to speak on raising their prices to suit themselves. various phases of the labor press. Be-The increased wages in the non-union cause this is essentially a laboratory

This course offers the necessary training not merely for those who wish fighting the lockout since July 17 and If the miners do not know this, it is to contribute occasional articles in financial assistance is needed to enable come editors of trade union journals lonly fair dairies in Boston. or left wing papers and for the conducting of publicity campaigns for strikes or left wing fights, organizing drives, union affairs, etc. One does not have to be a fine writer, an elegant stylist, in order to take this course. Plain working class English for working class readers is the best style that proletarian journalists can

The course begins on Monday, November 8, at 8 P. M. and runs for a period of three months. Registration can be made any afternoon or eveners School, 108 East 14th St., New

WRITE AS YOU FIGHT!

"The pen is mightler than the sword," provided you know how to use Why don't you write it up? It may it. Come down and learn how in the worker correspondent's classes.

MORE MINES INCREASE WAGES, PRICE OF COAL ALSO IS SOARING UP

By ROMA (Worker Correspondent)

MOUNDSVILLE, W. Va., Nov. 1-Two other non-union mines have followed the policy of the Panama mine of this city, and the McKeefrey mine of McKeefrey, a short distance from here, and increased the wages of the miners to equal the scale of the Jacksonville agreement. These last two mines were the Consolidated Fuel company of Creaps and the Woco Coal company of

Woodland. This new wage scale affects about 800 miners.

To date, the three remaining mines in the immediate locality, namely, the Parro Run mine, the Glendale mine, and the First Street mine have not announced any wage

The price of domestic coal soared again at the Panama mine yesterday to 19 cents per bushel. This makes a total rise of seven cents per bushel since the announcement of the wage increase, a rise of five cents a bushel October 23 and an increase of two cents this week.

Needless to say, the coal operators' profits are not going to suffer any because of any increase in wages the underpaid miners might

By a Worker Correspondent. BOSTON, Nov. 1 .- The Milk Wagon Drivers and Creamery Workers union. Local 380, of Boston has issued an appeal to all members of organized labor to aid them in their fight against the lockout by the Alden Brothers Creamery company. The union has been

Donations may be sent to Matthew A. Dunn, secretary-treasurer, 1334 Tremont street. Boston. One hundred and twenty-two men are affected.

Broke Its Word. The lockout occurred when the Alden company broke its word to the union and refused to renew the contract with the organization, announcing the adoption of the open shop.

The company has been delivering milk with the aid of police, who guard the scabs. The police at first even delivered the milk, but this was stopped after vigorous protest of the union, Fair dealers of Boston and vicinity include: Brown and Conant, Whiting Milk companies, Francis S. Cummins company, Seven Cake Dairy company, Wm. B. Driscoll and company, J. E. Holden, Cashin Milk company, Herlihy brothers, J. F. McAdams and brothers, Deerfront Farms, Maple Farms Milk company, Cosgrove dairy, and Curley St. Farms.

the

Young

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WORKERS AND PEASANTS, DEMAND THE RECOG-Worker. NITION OF SOVIET RUSSIA BY THE UNITED STATES FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 5th, at 8 p. m. and read it-You'll like it. LITHUANIAN CHORUSES Speakers: Jay Lovestone, A. Trachtenberg, Cosgrove, M. Epstein, also SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 7th, at 2 p. m.

Organized Labor-Trade Union Activities

News and Comment Labor Education Labor and Government Trade Union Politics

HELP IN STRIKE

40,000 Workers in Four Months Battle

> By ESTHER LOWELL Federated Press

strike of 40,000 cloakmakers of New est and best assistance. The strike is in its fourth month and has been endorsed by the American Federation full financial aid.

Workers Hungry.

as better off than most other groups Paul. not give them enuf help. Fines and 1920 and 150 per cent over 1913. strike costs have depleted the union

At a press luncheon given by the Emergency Labor Conference formed by New York unions to help the cloakmakers' fight against the vicious injunction. Louis Hyman - chairman general strike committee-pointed out the trickery by which the union had been led into a conference which it thought would bring peace and which the manufacturers tried to turn into a complete rout of all union demands, which would mean the return of sweatshop production.

State Federation Backing.

John Sullivan, president State Federation of Labor and honorary chairman of the conference, told how the International Ladies' Garment Workers' union had grown and how it had always been one of the most generous to contribute to other unions in distress. He told Hyman to remind manufacturers who try to label the In 23 of the 40 cities the bricklayers' cal No. 80, as the result of a member strikers' demands as "communistic" union has secured minimum rates of ship assessment for Passaic strike rethat the A. F. of L. had gone out of \$1.50 or more per hour. The lowest lief. The check was accompanied by its regular order of convention busi- rate is \$1 an hour in Charleston. In a letter expressing confidence in the ness to endorse the strike and that no other city is the union rate below ultimate victorious outcome of the his participation in the conference \$1.25 and only six cities have this rel- strike, and promising financial and meant the state federation was back- atively low rate. These are Fall moral support to the very end. ing the fight for union conditions in River, Milwaukee, New Orleans, the garment industry.



LOS ANGELES, CALIF.

Celebration of the Ninth Anniversary of the Russian Revolution.

SUNDAY NOVEMBER 7

at 2:30 p. m. Splendid Musical program and prominent speakers

> MUSIC-ART HALL

233 So. Broadway ADMISSION FREE BRICKLAYERS' UNION WINS WAGE RAISES IN NEARLY ALL CENTERS BUT FAILS IN SHORTENING HOURS

By LELAND OLDS, Federated Press.

Continued success of the bricklayers' union in raising the wage of its 0,000 members is shown in a U. S. department of labor report. In 15 of the 40 cities covered by the report union rates for bricklayers were materially higher May 1, 1926, than in the previous year. No cut in union wages is

The 1925 report showed an advance over 1924 in bricklayer wages in 12 cities. Taking the two years together, bricklayers have secured wage in creases in 23 of the 40 cities. In 35 cities bricklayer wages are today above those in 1920.

No Shorter Hours Gained. The 1926 report shows no gain toward the shorter working week. In NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—(FP)— The fact Charleston, S. C., in which the 44. the question of settling the nine as a stoppage on Monday, Oct. 25, is hour week was established in 1925, York needs organized labor's strong- fell back to 48 hours. With this exception the 44-hour week is general.

Cities in which bricklayers have secured increases since 1925 include Atof Labor convention with requests for lanta, Baltimore, Birmingham, Boston. Cincinnati, Dallas, Jacksonville, Memphis, New Haven, New York, Philadel-Cloakmakers have been looked upon phia, Pittsburgh, Providence and St. Two cities have been brought of workers, but the fact is that many to the \$1.75 an hour minimum. These of the strikers and their families are New York and St. Louis. For both actually hungry and their union can- cities this is a gain of 40 per cent over

Minimum hourly rates for union oricklayers in 18 cities in 1913, 1920

and 1926 were:			
Bricklayer	rs Per	Hour.	
The state of the state	1913	1920	1926
Baltimore\$	0.625	\$1.25	\$1.625
Boston	.65	1.00	1.40
Chicago	.75	1.25	1.50
Cleveland	.65	1.25	1.50
Dallas	.875	1.125	1.625
Denver	.75	1.25	1.50
Detroit	.65	1.25	1.50
Kansas City	.75	1.125	1.50
Los Angeles	.75	1.25	1.375
Minneapolis	.65	1.25	1.25
New Orleans	.625	1.00	1.25
New York	.70	1.25	1.75
Philadelphia	.625	1.30	1.625
Pittsburgh	.70	1.125	1.625
St. Louis	.70	1.25	1.75
San Francisco	.875	1.25	1.375
Seattle	.75	1.25	1.375
Washington	.625	1,00	1.625
Lowest Rate	\$1.00	an Hou	r.
	A CHARLES	W11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	200 100 100 100

Omaha and St. Paul.

\$1.458 an hour. This is an increase of per cent over the 1925 average, of 241/2 per cent over 1920 and 117 per cent over 1913. Atlanta bricklayers have the record increase over 1913

Weisbord Tests Free

Liberties Union to hold its free speech meeting and then permitted Albert immediate relief aid. Weisbord, former Passaic strike leader, to give the speech he had ious week. American Legion influ ence is suspected of having stopped the other meeting. Robert Dunn, na tional committee man of the Civil Liberties; Louis Bundex, editor Labor Age: and Bishop Paul Jones spoke before Weisbord, whose topic was The Passaic Strike and American Workers. Police and detectives entered his other meeting and cleared the hall.

We will send sample copies of The send us name and address.

Tariff Bogey Forces G.O.P. to Move for

PASSAIC, N. J. Nov. 1 .- Senator Borah has arranged a conference with Julius Forstmann, president of the Forstmann and Huffmann mills, on months' old strike, according to a dispatch from Washington.

The Passaic strike has taken on new aspects' with the approach of rapidly falling in line. elections and the political significance of a recent manifesto of international bankers and industrialists condemnng protective tariffs.

The situation as it exists today in the woolen mills of the Passaic district is being used as one of the most forceful arguments against a protective tariff. In spite of the high duty on wool, the woolen industry is in a country with the possible exception of the coal industry.

Republicans, it is said, are fearing

gress meets doubtless will be made.

Plasterers' Local Aids Passaic Mill Strike With \$680

PASSAIC, N. J., Nov. 1,-The general relief committee, 743 Main Ave., announced today the receipt this morning of a check for \$680 from the Operative Plasterers' and Cement Finishers' International Association, Lo- Interborough Still

The average of the 40 cities was Thrilled by Passaic Movie, Cleveland to Start Clothes Drive

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 1.-Elated with an advance from \$0.45 to \$1.40 by the tremendous success attending not purport to prevent a strike, as it is trying to get his revenge. the presentation here of the Passaic declared, but sought to stop anybody Hartley is one of the lumber barons cludes in its membership most of the Association of Reilway Employes. Speech in Elizabeth local A. F. of L. and independent un-

Policies and Programs The Trade Union Press Strikes-Injunctions Labor and Imperialism

Ending Mill Strike Novelty Workers Force Big Shops to Sign

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—The jewelry novelty workers' strike, which began practically won. The biggest shop in the trade has signed the union agreement and the other employers are

About 800 workers and 40 shops were involved in the walkout, which was authorized at a meeting of Local 17, International Jewelry Workers' Union, on Oct. 22. Trifari, Krussman and Fishel, 35 Sixth Ave., was the first to settle with the union. About walkout and 50 girls also became members of the union automatically worse shape than any other in the because the contract provides that all proper carrying on of the governworkers shall be hired thru the union employment bureau.

Anthony Capraro, manager of the that they will be kicked on the sore union, is signing contracts with the spots of the Passaic strike, when the other employers as fast as he can. fight over the reduction of the tariff The contract provides for a 44-hour week, a 10 per cent wage increase, Consequently a renewed effort to time and onehalf for overtime, no get the strike settled before con- more than one apprentice to 10 workers, six holidays with pay, equal diviof the shop.

The workers in this branch of the jewelry industry are engaged in the manufacture of white metal, alumilet sets, Spanish combs, celluloid earrings and bracelets, buckles and milli-

Persecuting "Sub" Strike Leadership

NEW YORK, Nev. 1 .- Pending legal argument which is to take place Nov. 6, Supreme Court Justice Mitchell declined to issue an injunction against Edward P. Lavin and other leaders of the Interborough Rapid Transit subway strike, closed some time ago, because there was no "immediate threat of violence."

Counsel for Lavin and the rest,

There was no law, counsel for the ions, decided last night to launch a subway strike leaders held, to enjoin ELIZABETH, N. J.— (FP) — Eliza- drive for the collection of clothing any man from persuading other enbeth allowed the American Civil and staple food, in answer to the urgaged in labor that it was to their gent appeals from the strike zone for advantage to join a regularly organized labor body.

leader, to give the speech he had been prevented from giving the gi INCREASE AS MORE WORK IS BEING FORCED OUT OF THEIR EMPLOYES

Railroad profits are again bringing joy to the heart of the investing class With eight months' profits running more than 12 per cent ahead of last year the entire transportation industry is practically assured of an annual return on the enormous \$21,175,000,000 valuation exceeding the maximum 5% permitted under the transporation act.

Railroad profits thru August totaled \$744,944,169 compared with \$664,127. DAILY WORKER to your friends- 558 in the first eight months of 1925. That means a cool \$80,000,000 additional

rofit already in hand. The profit so far this year is reckoned at the annual Louis. & Nash.. 23,463,380 20,457,985 ing valuation

The returns for August exceeded those of any previous August on record and lacked only \$4,000,000 of being the largest profits reported by the carriers in any month in their history. According to the New York Times: men that they will be exceeded by both September and October." The August profit was at the annual rate of 6.2 per cent on the rate making

How railroad workers are co-operating to make these tremendous profits possible is shown in the fact that while railroad receipts have increased by \$189,562,410, railroad expenses have increased by only \$82,934,128. The ratio of expenses to revenues has fallen from 75.8 per cent to 74.3 per

Decrease Costs.

The operating pronts of some of the more important carriers for the first eight months of 1926 and 1925 were: Railroad Profits

1926 Atl: Coast L\$19,507,471 \$18,701,027 Balt. & Ohio 41,527,478 34,678,855 Boston & Me..... 13,042,787 11,266,301 Burlington 27211,683 Ches. & Ohio 25,980,376 D. L. & W..... Gt. Northern 19,840,044 18,326,860 ment reduced 6 new cant or by nearly III. Central 27.156.316 27.417.941 \$1.000.000

Missouri Pac.... 19,409,670 17,298,239 N. Y. Central... 67,273,000 63,554,198 Nor. & West 30,032,268 21,724,134 No. Pacific 15,082,429 12,020,699 Pennsylvania 99,593,385 18,044,589 15,806,369 Santa Fe 41,940,048 31.895.062 Southern 41,215,119 38,309,072 Sou, Pacific 40,512,323 33,517,116 "It is general expected by railroad Union Pacific.... 20,587.616 18,981,910 Some Climb High.

The owners of some of these roads are enjoying increases in profits far above the average. Thus Norfolk & Western 1926 profits are running 58 per cent ahead of 1925. Other roads in which the increases are large include Santa Fe 31 per cent; Northern Pacific, 25 per cent; Chesapeake & 21 per cent, and Baltimore & Ohio, 20

Several roads are apparently securing larger profits as a result of the increased efficiency of their shop forces. Santa Fe, with an increase of about \$8,660,000 in business, has reduced the cost of equipment maintenance by about \$1,444,000. Baltimore & Ohio, with an increase of more than \$10,000,000 in business, is spending no more for maintenance of equipment than in 1925. And Norfolk & 24,718,553 | Western, with the largest increase in Chi, & N.-W.... 22,526,443 19,991,409 profits, has handled \$10,000,000 or 15 16,667,693 15,953,932 penditure for maintenance of equip-

\$50 CUSPIDORS GRACE CAPITOL

Political Flareup Shows Gross Expenditures

By BERTRAM D. WOLFE SEATTLE, Wash., (By mail)-With cuspidors costing \$47.75 each it will e a pleasure to expectorate within he limits of the state capitol buildng at Olympia after the new furniture now being contracted for by the state capitol committee, and the northvest which is so proud of having the 'biggest" and the "greatest" and the best" in everything will be able to boast of the most luxurious receptacles for saliva and tobacco juice of any public building in the United this, they will make it horrid."

\$96 for Waste Baskets

Waste baskets will make even the shabbiest trash feel genteel, for the new waste baskets are being bought at \$96 each. Umbrella stands will be too good to put any but dry umbrellas into them and wet ones will have to be parked outside when the new \$222 umbrella holders adorn the halls of the \$7,000,000 building that houses the lignity of the state government.

Only the best quality hats should be permitted to hang on the hat racks 150 men from this shop joined the that cost \$168 each. \$534,000 was spent by the State last Thursday on just a few of the necessities for the ment's activities.

Novel Buying Method.

Instead of calling for bids for the necessary furnishing on a competitive basis the state officials adopted the novel procedure of (to quote the Governor) "asking these firms how much they would give us for \$568,-900 . . ." In many cases the unhappy sion of work, and the abolition of bidders had to enormously pad the home work no work to be given out prices in order to reach the required

For example, if the state asks: How many cuspidors will you give us num and silver imitation jewelry, toi- offer 1,667 cuspidors at \$3.00 each amount of spitting on the part of those who rule the destinies of the evergreen state. Consequently, the the discreet company that won the contract for cuspidors sold threedollars cuspidors (that's what the governor estimates them to be worth) for \$47.50 each which would make only 101 cuspidors for \$5,000.

Hartley Loses Control,

Of course Governor Hartley would have not been so ummannerly as to onor among those who award public contracts and those who get them were it not for the fact that there is a bitter faction fight in the republican party here and Governor Hartley has just lost control of the State told the court that the application did machine to the anti-Hartleyites, and

commissioner Clark V. Savidge alleging that he had disposed of public

lands too cheaply. on. From the standpoint of issues Ross properties. raised, Hartley seems to have gotten the better of the argument. But all of the Seattle papers have attacked epublican machine has just been

captured by his rivals. Plan Democratic Combine

There are rumours that his bunch nay combine with the democrats to elect the speaker of the lower house of the State legislature. Be that as it nay, the democrats are profiting by he confusion in republican ranks. Martin Flyzic of the United Mine Workers supported Hartley, while William B. Short of the State Federation of Labor supported his oppo-The general reaction of the workers and farmers here, particularly the latter, is one of disgust at the whole spectacle and will probably result in the strengthening of the Farmer-Labor Party here, which was considerably weakened in the La-

Especially among the farmers the farmer-labor party is making rapid progress. It has the support of the Washington Progressive Farmers under the leadership of William

J. F. Freeman, a dirt-farmer of Tonasket, Okanagan County, is the Ohio, 23 per cent; Southern Pacific, party's nominee for Senator against Wesley Jones, republican running for re-election and Scott Bullitt, demo-

Bootleg War Breaks Out in Herrin, Ill.

ing the feeling resulting from the two killings yesterday in the Birger-Shelton gang feud. The guard observers will visit Marion, Harrisburg

A bootlegging feud was said to be maible for the killings



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One has to think these matters out in advance, and have a standard of conduct. Bunny had made up his mind that the next time he embraced a woman, it would be he truly loved; and now the clear cold voice of his reason told him that he did not love Charlie Norman's mother, it would only be an intrigue, and neither of them would be happy very long. So he said, gently, that he thought she had better go; and slowly and sadly she gathered up the kimono from the floor, and rose to her feet. "Bunny," she said, "people have nasty minds. If they hear about

"Don't think of it," he answered. "I shall not tell."

He heard the door softly opened, and softly closed again; and he turned on the light, and locked the door-never again would he fail to take that precaution at a house-party! For a while he paced the floor, thinking over his alarming experience. He told himself, with becoming modesty, that it wasn't because he was irresistibly fascinating; but in this new pagan civilization women were so startled by an encounter with chastity, it struck them as something colossal, superhuman.

Next morning the nautical maid had her first natural blush in many years when she encountered the young Adonis on deck. But she soon got over it, and they talked about Theosophy, as spiritually as ever, and were perfectly good friends; he called her Thelma and Charlie did not even make a joke. But on the way home Bertie wanted to know all about it, had Mrs. Norman made ove to him, and how much? And when Bunny blushed, she laughed at him, and was provoked because he was silly and wouldn't tell. She decided that of course they had had an afaffair. That was all right, there had been other affairs on board the "Siren"-the lights were dim in the central hall-way, so that you needn't be recognized as you flitted from door to door. "But don't imagine she'll ever marry you," added Bertie sagely. "She talks a lot of reincarnation bunk, but she hangs onto her Occidental Steel bonds for this incarnation!"

Occidental Steel had a bad slump in the market a few days fter this, and Bertie was worried—taking a proprietary interest in the concern. She asked Dad about it, and he said it was 'jist manipulation." But right away a lot of other stocks went for \$5,000? it would be insulting to tumbling including Ross Consolidated and then Dad said there were fools who would gamble and bid stocks up, and then they since it would imply an inordinate had to come down. But the trouble continued to spread over the country, and there were reports of big concerns, and even banks, in trouble. There was panic in the air, and Dad and "Verne" held anxious consultations, and stopped all their development work, and laid off several hundred men; "pulling in their horns," as Dad phrased it. There was plenty of money in the banks. Dad said, but only the big fellows had the use of it; "Verne" was in a rage with some bankers in Angel City who had "thrown him down." It was the "Big Five," at their old tricks of trying to freeze out the independents. Wouldn't they jist like to get Ross Consolidated in a hole, and buy it up for five or ten millions!

Bunny had a talk with Mr. Irving, who told him that it was the Federal Reserve system at work; a device of the big Wall Street banks, a supposed-to-be government board, but really just a committee of bankers, who had the power to create unimited new paper money in times of crisis. This money was urned over to the big banks, and in turn loaned by them to the oig industries whose securities they held and must protect. So, whenever a panic came, the big fellows were saved, while the little fellows went to the wall.

strike motion picture, the Conference from inducing employes of the com- of this state where lumber is king. They were unorgaized, and had no on In this case it was the farmers who were being "deflated." pany from joining the Amalgamated Back of the squabble appears to be a to dump crops onto the market and the prices were tumbling scramble for the richly timbered state literally millions of farmers would be bankrupt before this year was by. But the price of manufactured goods would not drop to the same extent because the big trusts, having the Wall Street banks behind them, could hold onto their stocks. Bunny took this explanation to his father, who passed it on to Mr. Roscoe, He attacked "extravagant expend- who said it was exactly right, by Pees; he knew the bunch that tures" on the State University and had their fingers in the till of the Federal Reserve bank here on ecalled two of the regents appoint the coast, and they were buying up everything in sight, the ing others. With that the battle was blankety-blank-blanks, but they weren't going to get the Roscoe-

> Money was so scarce, Bertle could not have a new car, despite the fact that she had damaged hers in a collision; and him as an enemy of education and the Dad talked economy at meal-times, until Aunt Emma took to feeding them on hash made from yesterday's roast! Shortage everywhere, and worry in people's faces, and hints of bankruptcy and unemployment in the newspapers—they tried their best to hide it, but it leaked out between the lines.

Then a funny thing happened. A big limousine with a chauffeur drove up before the Ross home one summer evening and out stepped a stately personage in snow white flannels; a tall young man with yellow hair and a solemn visage—Eli Watkins, by heck! He shook hands all around-he had developed the manners of an archbishop—and then asked for a private conference with Dad. He was taken into the "den" and half an hour later came out smiling, and bowed himself away; and Dad said nothing until he was alone with Bunny, and then his face expanded into a grin and he chuckled, by Judas Priest, Eli had gone into the real estate business. He had found a block on the outskirts of the city which was exactly the size for the temple which the angel of the Lord had commanded him to build; or rather he had found some real estate subdividers who had a pull with the city board of supervisors, and had got permission to create a block of this unprecedented size. So the word of the Lord had been vindicated and the golden temple was to arise. But for some reason unknown the Lord had failed to tip off Eli to the panic, and here he was "stuck," just like any common, unholy businessman, with a payment on his hundred and seventyfive thousand dollar tract nearly a month overdue. The collections at the revivals had fallen off, and the Lord had made it manifest that He desired Eli to employ some other method of raiing funds.

"What did he want of you, Dad?"

"The Lord had revealed to him that I would take a second mortgage on the property. But I told him the Lord had failed to reveal where I was to get the cash. I gave him five hundred to help him over."

"Good God, Dad! I thought we were economizing!"

"Well, Eli pointed out that he had blessed that first well on tional guard officers were here today the Paradise tract, and that was why we had got all the oil. surveying the situation and observ- You can see, it would 'a been sort of blasphemy if I'd denied it."

"But Dad, you know you don't believe in Eli Watkins' bunk!" "I know, but that fellow has got a tremendous following. and we might need him some day, you can't be sure. If there 21,067,375 per cent more business with an ex- and Benton later and report to their should come a close election, here or at Paradise, we might get our money back many times by getting Eli to endorse our ticket."

ardly ever has such a great feed been planned GOOD FUN GOOD MUSIC

There will be music and good fun and there'll be vegetable dishes to tempt the

most stubborn meat eater. And part of the proceeds go to the Daily Worker. GINSBURG'S VEGETARIAN RESTAURANT

LOS ANGELES REBELS

U are invited to attend

Saturday Evening, November 13

at the COOPERATIVE CENTER

2706 Brooklyn Ave., Los Angeles, Calif.

RUSSIAN TEA AND DANCE

MUSICAL PROGRAM AND REFRESHMENTS

AUSPICES:-Nucleus No. 26, Workers Party of Los Angeles

Brooklyn and Soto St. FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1926

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Advertising rates on application,

The American Sovereign

We are not referring to the queen of Roumania, to John D. Rockefeller or to Henry Ford. We have in mind the American voter. Today he is king, tho he will punch the clock as usual and experience palpitation of the heart when the boss catches him grinning over Tillie the Toiler," while stealing a smoke in the factory rest room. Of course, we make the distinction between the American voter who mails his election preference from Biarritz, France, or from his hunting lodge in the Pyrnees and the corrugated toiler who remembers when his gas bill was only \$1.25 whereas now it is \$1.35. We for coal for the British admiralty. It ago the Italian transport Fianono carare talking about the working class voter.

Communists and their political ancestors in the revolutionary movement have been pounding sound advice into the head of Mr. navy. Wage Slave for several decades. On election day we take out the horn as well as the hammer. With the latter we knock spots out of the capitalists and their political Punch and Judy men, while with the former we call on the workers to go to the polls and mark their ballots for working class candidates. The workers are hard of hearing and the capitalists have heads made of solid rubber. So far, we have not made much of an impression on either. But we are about as pessimistic as a bunch of college students going to a party.

"Time and tide wait for no man," says the proverb, but we can Minnie de Larringea, cleared yester- for the sailors of Italy are now slaves turn this old saw over to the efficiency magazines. The tide of evolu- day for Barry Roads, loaded with a of Mussolini and not free men. tion is always flowing in the direction of revolution and time has plenty of patience. Bone-heads and gold-lined pockets can no more Observe the Ninth save the capitalist system than King Canute's broom

Today the American voter is king. He will go to the polls and vote either for the republican highwayman or for the democratic confidence man. Comparatively few will vote for the Communist candidates, the only candidates in the field that offer the worker a way bly in Brooklyn will be the place of a out of his industrial slavery and economic misery. It is an axiom that "revolutions never take place until the pains of rebellion are Jay Lovestone, Alexander Trachtenno less than the pains of obedience." This does not mean to imply that revolutionists will lay low until labor labors in pain and delivers itself of a revolution. On the contrary the very fact that revolu- Palace, will listen to Jay Lovestone, tionists are certain of the inevitable collapse of capitalism, is the M. Olgin, Ben Gold, William Weinbest reason why they should prepare the workers for the taking over stone, J. S. Points, S. Zimmerman and of power. This is where we are in favor of "preparedness," preparedness for and by the working class.

Today the workers of the United States will cast the overwhelming majority of their votes for the candidates of their masters. But tomorrows will follow, and the struggle for existence under capitalism will convince the workers of the soundness of the Communist advice that now falls on deaf ears.

The fate of the capitalist system will not be settled at the ballot box if for no other reason than the certainty that the capitalists will take good care that it will not.

Workers! Vote for the Communist candidates today, but today and tomorrow preach the gospel of struggle against the capitalist system, help to organize your fellow workers into trade unions, agitate for a labor party and join the Workers (Communist) Party.

Need Revolution in School System

(Continued from page 1) dare to face the thought of training teachers who will have their eyes turned to the living world-to the a mind that will welcome rational changing, evolving community that is found about children. We have not interpretation of facts, A mind that been as intelligent or as realistic in our dealing with our children as a pro- industry, and politics, and morality, raw materials.

tional problem is that of getting a new mind operative in the adult community; a mind that will not be so hostile to the implications of science; will permit intelligence to play thru duction foreman is in dealing with his thru the processes by which education either developes real mind in child-

"Hence, our real American educa-(instructs."

Feed Royal Navies U. S. Scab Coal

(Continued from page 1: nust be prepared to rush to any place in that "tight little isle" where emergency demands.

Mussolini, of course, wants to keep revolt against his dictatorship. Every day he has watched developments in well that a miners' victory would bring his own defeat by Italy's outraged workers nearer.

. Using Italian Ships.

The British and Italian naviés laced direct contracts with several of the largest coal companies in the United States. Mussolini also arranged for use of Italian ships to carry coal from these ports to Britain to help deliver a smashing blow to the strikng miners

In July the British admiralty placed contract for 1,000,000 tons of high platile coal for the British navy and that order has been repeated at last once since that time

Early in August the British steamer Minnie de Larringea came to Norfolk ried from a foreign country to supply the needs of the British Empire's

Coal for British Navy.

and editorial columns, the "Ledger- of Italian Seamen." Dispatch," an afternoon newspaper. unning this news item:

to America for its coal, a thing un seamen of Italy.

cargo of coal, where she will receive orders to proceed to another port to unload the coal for the British navy.'

But the British government neither sought nor favored such publicity the Italian navy ready to crush any So the word went out for no more mention of the British navy's humilia tion because of the refusal of men to the British struggle for he knows full go down in the mines and dig coal.

Holds Bursting with Coal. Since that time, however, boat after boat, British or Italian, has steamed from Norfolk, Newport News or Baltimore, with its holds bursting with "scab" coal to help support British capitalist control of the destinies of one-sixth of the world's people.

Italy, too, has been vitally affected by the British miners' strike. She depends on other nations for her fuel supply. British miners supplied most of that coal before the strike.

Coal to Italy and Britain. So scores of Italian ships are coming to Baltimore and to Hampton Roads to carry coal to Italy and to Britain. Even transports are being pressed into use. Only a few days ried 10,000 tons of "scab" coal from Baltimore to Italy. For a year she had remained inactive at the Italian naval station at Spezia. The gov ernment, however, pressed her into service and assigned her to the Co

This "Federation of Italian Seamen," of course, is a federation run The great British navy is coming by the government and not by the

recedented in its glamorous and The seamen who brought the Fia. grants were brought in from Ellis glorious past. The British steamer nono here were refused shore leave

Birthday of Union of Soviet Republics

(Continued from page 1) celebration on November 5 at which berg and others will speak. On Suntral Opera House and Hunt's Point others. At all three meetings musical numbers will also be featured.

Cleveland Celebration. In addition to three choruses and mandolin orchestra, soloists will be part of the program of the Cleveland elebration on the 7th, at which Bertram D. Wolfe and I. Amster will

At Pittsburgh the meeting will be held the evening of November 7 at Labor Lyceum, 35 Miller street. The Workers' Party, Workmen's Circle and the Progressive Club will jointly sponsor the Cincinnati celebration at Odd Fellows Temple, with Carl Hacker as speaker. On the same date Stanmford, Conn., will observe the anniversary at Workmen's Circle Hall.

Engdahl Tours. Louis on November 5, Kansas City on November 6, at Musician's Hall, and Omaha, Neb., on November 7. The halls in St. Louis and Omaha are yet to be announced,

November 5. Perth Amboy will hold

a celebration on November 7, A partial list of other meetings and

Philadelphia, Nov. 5, Ben Gitlow. Detroit, Nov. 7, Gitlow, at Armory. Rochester, N. Y., Nov. 5, Bert Wolfe, at Labor Lyceum

Akron, O., Nov. 5, Wolfe. Buffalo, N. Y., John Ballam, Workers' Forum Hall, Nov. 5. Erie, Pa., Chas. Krumbein, Forward Hall, Nov. 6.

Toledo, O., Chas. Krumbein. Canton, O., Nov. 8, Lovett, Fort Whiteman.

South Bend, Ind., Nov. 7, Wm. J. White, Workers' House. St. Paul, Minn., Max Bedacht, Nov 6.

Minneapolis, Minn., Max Dedacht, Finnish Hall, Nov. 7, 1 p. m. Duluth, Nov. 7, 8 p. m., Bedacht. Superior, Wis, Nov. 8, 8 p. m.,

Kenosha, Wis., Noc. 7, 3 p. m., German American Home, A. Bittelman. South Chicago, Nov. 7, 8 p. m.,

9616 Commercial Ave Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 7, 8 p. m., Bittelman. Springfield, Ml., J. W. Johnstone.

Waukegan, Ill., Nov. 6, Harrison

New Orleans Strike of Boilermakers Still Going: Bosses Weaken

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 1 .- (FP)-The boilermakers' strike is still un- when he thought they would not be settled and at the present time it Ben Gitlow and Juliet Stuart Poyntz are weakening. P. S. Dubus, reprepenter's Helvetia Hall, on Saturday, ries involved officially attended a meeting of the union and renewed the proposition by a vote of 52 to 46,

By ART SHIELDS, Federated Press. f Peabody Coal Co. and the Erie Railers, has posted notices that the union of 331-3 per cent over the 1917 scale.

This company, unlike the Peabody, withholds union recognition in favor of a company union, but United Mine Workers' organizers are pressing on it hard and expect to have it in the fold soon. One of its four mines has been on strike since it broke its contract months ago.

More Operators Hard Pressed. Another company embarrassed by the union drive that President Brophy has initiated is the Alleghany River Mining Co., with a thousand employes. It devoted much of the last issue of its bi-weekly employes' paper to an attack on the union. But it cannot explain to the men why the Jacksonrille scale—that it has attacked since it broke its contract-is so easily paid Norfolk's newspapers featured this operativa Garialdi, of Genoa, which is by the Delaware, Lackawanna & Westtriking situation in both their news supposed to represent the "Federation ern, which reopened its mines with 700 employes near by on the river a week

> And so many of its men have quit recently that it is taking men off immigrant ships. Forty-two such immi-Island in the last few days.

Union Stronger.

Practically all revival of mining operations in the district now are under men are back at work in reopened sale) Exchange of Superior, Wis. mines. This revival has strengthened off the relief lists and begin paying dues the result is obvious.

Regrets Lack of Control.

withdrawing of West Virginia compeaffairs over which his district has no Stare Movement. control bring work to the American miner at the expense of his British brother. The fact within his control is that union wages be paid for all work done in central Pennsylvania and he is having unexpected success

Big Bankers and Big Business Celebrate Prosperity Claims

Dwight W. Morrow of J. P. Morgan and company's bank, speaking at the University of Chicago, declared that before the end of next year he expected the restoration of gold standards in both France and Italy,

At a banquet in the Palmer House, he used to oppose loans to Europe used for "constructive purposes." He thought there had been a change and eral Labor Movement."

now supported loans, versity of Chicago meeting, declared:

offer of 80 cents an hour for boiler- fact in the last year's experience in makers and 48 cents an hour for business is the fact that the industry foreign countries."

Fifth Co-operation Congress Meets

(Continued from page 1). contact on Mr. Nordby's part with the educational activities of the co-operatives all thru the states of Minnesota. S. ALANNE, executive secretary

By ART SHIELDS, Federated Press. V. of the Northern States League MILO RENO, president, and A. E. CLEARFIELD, Pa., Oct. 31.—Defeat (and formerly educational director of Cotterill, secretary of the Farmroad by the central Pennsylvania min- later of the Franklin Co-operative very much on the job on Friday the ers has put open-shop operators on the Creamery Association) is the best 5th, when Co-operative Insurance is defensive. The Shawmut Mining Co., known co-operator in the North Cen- discussed (in the afternoon) and Coa neighboring concern with 600 work- tral territory. For five or six years operative Marketing is presented (in cale will hereafter be paid—a raise various groups of co-operative so- most successful farmers' life insurance central organization to another.

Co-operative League, has a background Banking, is the national secretary of of co-operative experience as varied the Credit Union Extension Bureau, and as interesting as that of Alanne, offices in Boston. Mr. Bergengren, He served as manager of several more than any other one man in the stores in Missouri, New Mexico and field, is responsible for the new credit Kansas; then went with the Central union laws now on the statute books States Co-operative Wholesale Society of 25 of the states in the Union. His in 1922; and when the Central States office also maintains a clearing house League finally supplanted the Whole for information in all phases of the slae, became the executive of that. He credit union work. will be one of the most active men on the floor of the congress.

Albert S. Goss, president of the Washington State Grange, is one of the very soundest practical economists in the agricultural field today. He addresses the congress on "Relation of Consumers' Co-operation to Co-operative Marketing.'

ESKEL RONN is (like all of the men above mentioned) also a member of the board of directors of the Co-operative League. But he is probably better known to the managers and directors of a hundred stores in the North Central territory as the hustling and relentless manager the union scale. Five to six thousand of the Co-operative Central (Whole-

Since Mr. Ronn took this managerthe union for its drive into non-union | ship, annual sales have increased from territories in the district. As men go a figure of about \$200,000 to approx imately \$1,000,000 in 1926. There is no co-operative store in the northern parts of those three or four states President Brophy realizes that the which has not heard often the voice revival is temporary, and follows the of Mr. Ronn, urging them to loyalty to the co-operative wholesale. He tition into the export channels created speaks at the congress on the subby the British strike. He regrets that ject of "Credit in the Co-operative

> HART, who addresses the dele \$5,000 in a lump sum. ates on Co-operative Banking, is well nown thrucut the country, thanks to his money and told him I thought I he press, as the militant senator from | could get permits for him in a legal owa. But (and again we can blame way at a cost of not more than 3 cents the capitalist press) he is not so well a gallon," Stone continued. known as a thoro-going co-operator and one who is not only one of the ountry's first experts on co-operative anking, but equally well versed in the history and theory of other phases of fice and what my practice was, The he co-operative movement.

McNamee, editor of the magazine of used his political influence to gain the Brotherhood of Locomotive En- entree to the prohibition office,' ginemen and Firemen; A. A. Siegler of the labor movement of Duluth, and wine dealers he knew and arranged George Halonen, now educational with them to get permits at \$300 each. George M. Reynolds of the Continental director of the Co-operative Central the dealers to get the first shipment and Commercial National bank, said Exchange of Wiscensin, These men before they paid anything, will take the lead in the session where the delegates discuss "The Relation of Consumers' Co-operation to the Gen-office to divide up I carried \$3,000,"

changes in the basis of facts and honest will speak in Paterson, N, J., at Carsenting a dozen or more from foundJordan Motor company, at the Uniconsumers' co-operatives. The formerwould divide it ourselves. Pay day has been head accountant and auditor was to be every Wednesday, and I "I think that the most impressive for the Central Exchange stores for was to get \$50 as my share of each eight years, and he is in no small \$300 paid. measure responsible for the fact that speakers from which word has been helpers. The union turned down the shipped over 700,000 automobiles to there are practically no failures among tion agents who also are under indictthese stores during the past two or ment in the alleged conspiracy,

accountant who has worked from the national office in New York for the past year, chiefly as auditor for cooperatives in the East.

the Co-operative Central Exchange, ers' Union of Iowa, are going to be he has been constantly in touch with the evening). The fact that Iowa has a cieties, as his work took him from one mutual gives Mr. Reno the right to speak authoritatively on that subject.

A. W. WARINNER, educational ROY R. BERGENGREN, who speaks director of the Central States Royal during the session on Co-operative

The plea of Lowell B. Mason, dry, state senator from Oak Park, that the government reveal its evidence against him on a charge of conspiracy to violate the prohibition law before his fight for re-election is decided Tuesday, was granted in federal court. Mason and Major Percy Owen, oneime prohibition administrator of the Chicago district, are on trial together.

Taxed \$300 Each. Stone testified that his first connecion with the alleged conspiracy was nade in 1924 when Frank Loveland, wine dealer whose name has been brought into the trial repeatedly, complained to him that dealers were being taxed \$300 for each permit on the pretense that the money was to be used for political purposes. Loveland, Stone said, was willing to do that, but COLONEL SMITH W. BROOK had been disturbed by a demand for

"I advised him to quit paying out

The Grafters Agree.

"Not long after that Senator Mason came to my office, asked me what connection I had with the prohibition ofupshot of our conversation was an THREE of the best known speakers agreement that I should look after from the labor field are John F. the legal end of things while Mason

Stone said that he then interviewed

Dividing Up.

"The first time I went to Masen's H. V. NURMI and W. W. Regli are "Mason had told me that I should not two of the chief accountants for pay anything out myself, but that we the former administrator went on.

The latter two are former prohibi-

STRIKE STRATEG

By WILLIAM Z, FOSTER

ARTICLE IV, AMERICAN AND FOREIGN-BORN.

TO unite the many nationalities employed in American industry, with their maze of different languages, religions, national prejudices, etc., into a solid, rebellious proletarian mass, constitutes a major problem in strike strategy, The most difficult phase of it is to unite the American-born workers with those who are foreign-born, (For practical ideological whole so far as the strike aims are concerned, purposes we will state the problem thus although, to be more accurate, it is to unite the Americans and the foreignborn workers of the earlier immigrations with those workers of the later immigrations),

The Americans are mostly skilled workers. They commonly hold the best jobs and are favored in many ways by the employers. They are hard to organize. They strike badly and they scab easily. Their role in the struggles in the basic unorganized industries has been to shamelessly betray the militant foreign born workers. This is the history of many great strikes in the textile, rubber, steel, packing, and other industries.

The Americans rationalize their class treason by a nationalistic contempt for the foreign-born, by charges that the latter are maneuvering to get the Americans' jobs, etc. The employers do all possible to intensify this nationalistic seabbery, and the ultra-patriotic trade union bureaucrats feed this chauvinistic maw.

This grave problem is a diminishing quantity. The barriers between the foreign-born and native workers are breaking down. Immigration is practically shut off and few new

must be boldly met and solved. Educational propaganda and a loyal defense of the economic interests of the various language groups are the foundations of a successful policy. While adopting every technical device for meeting the special needs and difficulties of the respective nationalities among the strikers, such as language speakers and publicity, nationalistic demogogy must be ruthlessly eliminated and the whole strike shot through with a true spirit of internationalism capable of shattering all national antipathies and prejudices and of uniting the strikers into an

The splendid international spirit of the Lawrence, Paterson, Passaic, and many other strikes conducted by the left wing show that the language and nationality difficulties can

The strike strategist must especially understand the role of the young workers in great struggles in present-day American industry. As stated above, they are the bridges between the American and foreign-born workers. They are destined to play a continually more important role in mass strikes. In the strikes of the Passaic textile workers and the New York furriers they were the deciding factor. A successful strike strategy must include the systematic development of the youth as strike leaders.

WHITES AND BLACKS.

The unification of the Negroes and white workers into common struggles against their employers is an urgent task of our strike strategy. The Negro workers are a growing factor in the industries. In the packing industry they are a decisive element, and they are fast becoming so in many other industries.

The policy of the employers is to develop the Negroes foreign-born workers are coming into the industries. Those as a great reserve army of strikebreakers. They refuse to there now are learning the language and winning their way give the Negroes employment in many industries and to the skilled jobs. In many cases Americans are entering trades unless they come in as strikebreakers. They force the industries en masse as unskilled workers. Still more them to accept the lowest wages and the most terrible workimportant, the children of the immigrants are growing up ing conditions. They leave no stone unturned to exploit and going into the industries. Thoroly Americanized, they the deep race antagonism between whites and blacks in. are a real bridge between the American and foreign-born order to force the Negro to scab. And in many great strikes, such as for example the 1919 steel strike, where at

But the problem is still an exceedingly difficult one. It least 50,000 Negroes were brought into the mills during the | ployed, especially during periods of deep industrial depresstrike, they are only too successful,

the whites, dovetails exactly with the aim of the employers in defense of their standards of living. to drive the Negro worker into scabbery.

must be united with the whites to make common cause against the exploiters. But this can only be accomplished by complete suppression of race antagonism, and by a loyal defense of the Negro workers' interests. This is easier said than done.

The whites are stubborn in their prejudices, and it is not surprising that, after innumerable betrayals by reactionary trade union leaders and in view of the oppression they suffer from the whites on all sides, the Negro workers are suspicious of even the most sincere white union leaders and slow to hearken to their words. But this is no are realizing the necessity for trade union organization. The formation recently of the Brotherhood of Railway Port. number of unemployed. ers is only one sign of many. Negroes are splendid strikers, and other unions where the whites have given them half a chance to function as unionists.

remove every bar against their securing the better grades and fighting for their demands. of work, until they are whole-heartedly received by the white workers as loyal proletarian comrades in the great use of this policy, the fight of the unemployed can be linked struggle for working class emancipation. The strike stra- up with that of the employed, the army of unemployed made tegist must never lose sight of the problem of the Negro "blackleg proof," and the employers thus robbed of this worker in American industry.

UNEMPLOYED AND EMPLOYED. The question of the unity of the unemployed with the em-

sion, is a matter of the most vital consequence in the work-The Negro intellectuals work hand in hand with the ing out of a successful strike strategy. The policy of the employers in carrying out this policy. So do the reaction- employers in this respect is simple and brutal. They try ary trade union leaders. Their policy of excluding Negroes to drive a wedge between the unemployed and the employed, from the unions, of barring their advance to better jobs in to make the unemployed a hunger-driven mass ready to industry, and of generally feeding the race prejudices of take the jobs of the employed when they venture to strike

As usual, the reactionary trade union leaders, with This program of the employers, the strike strategist their traditional policy of abandoning the unemployed to must relentlessly combat. At all costs the Negro workers their own devices, assist the employers in using them as a weapon against the employed workers. Many a strike has been lost from this cause.

A task of the strike strategist is to unite the unemployed and the employed in a common fight against the employers. But as in the case of so many problems of strike strategy, work on the solution of this task must be started long before the outbreak of a particular strike, and even before the development of the industrial crisis, with its vast army of unemployed. It must be a settled policy in the unions to identify the interests of the employed with those of the unemployed. There must be a whole series of measures insuperable ebstacle. More and more the Negroe workers fought for, such as the shorter work-day and work-week, equal division of work, etc., which tends to eliminate the

The unions must never drop the fight for state relief as has been demonstrated time and again in the Miners' for the unemployed. And when the industrial crisis comes and mass unemployment develops, the unemployed must be organized to fight for relief. Their organization must The problem of uniting them firmly with the white be saturated with a no-scab ideology. The trade unions workers will never be accomplished until they are admitted must stay in the closest co-operation with these organizafreely to all the unions, until the organized white workers tions of the unemployed, joining in their demonstrations

In Great Britain it has been demonstrated how, by the great weapon in the class struggle. American strike strategists must not neglect to learn this valuable lesson.

(To be continued)