

ON TO BOSTON!

They Plan to Kill Sacco, Vanzetti Tonight

POLICE ATTACK LABOR'S PARADE; MANY INJURED

March Follows Meeting At Union Square

Scores of workers were brutally beaten up when the police yesterday broke up two impromptu parades of workers who were marching from Union Square to City Hall after the end of the Sacco-Vanzetti demonstration in the square.

The first group, 5,000 strong, paraded through the Italian section until they were attacked by police at Mulberry and Hester streets. Seven workers were arrested there.

Five thousand other workers were charged by mounted police at Fifth avenue and Eighth street. Two arrests were made here.

The first group of demonstrators marched along Second avenue to Houston street. When they entered the Italian section a young worker hoisted a copy of Tuesday's DAILY WORKER on a stick. The streamer: "Strike Today!" brought cheers from the workers along the route of the march.

At the suggestion of the demonstration (Continued on Page Five)

50,000 Meet In Union Square; Demand Sacco And Vanzetti Go Free

Fifty thousand workers, gathered in Union Square yesterday, demanding that Sacco and Vanzetti be freed, constituted the mightiest demonstration of labor that the nation has yet seen.

The North End of "The Square" was jammed tight under the eyes of many hundreds of police, on foot, on horseback, in armed cars and motorcycles. The great throng overflowed into "The Square" as far South as Fourteenth Street, while additional thousands, kept away from the meeting by the police cordon, conducted an endless march along the streets surrounding "The Square."

It is estimated that 1,500 policemen in all were on duty, armed with the latest instruments of warfare against demonstrating workers. They were very evidently there to intimidate the great throng, rather than "maintain order."

Although the demonstration had been scheduled for four o'clock, a stream of workers started to pour into Union Square early in the morning. Men and women, who had gone out on strike in the morning to protest against the attempted legalized murder of Sacco and Vanzetti, streamed into "The Square" from their shops and factories and by eleven o'clock there were thousands of workers already on hand. A special (Continued on Page Two)

THE VERDICT

Drawn by Fred Ellis



PRISON WARDEN DECLARES MURDER WILL BE DONE BETWEEN MIDNIGHT AND 12:30; PICKETING GOES ON

Police Launch Campaign of Mass Arrests Against Last Minute Protest

Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti will burn in the electric chair between midnight and 12:30 o'clock tonight unless the mighty rising wave of working class protest, registered yesterday in the United States and throughout the world proves mighty enough to save them.

The hour of death was set by the prison warden of the Charlestown Penitentiary early last night, according to reports received from Boston.

Mass arrests greeted the "On To Boston" last minute campaign to save Sacco and Vanzetti from the hands of the Massachusetts murderers who have sentenced them to burn in the electric chair at midnight tonight.

Forty-two leaders of the picket line in front of the Boston State House were arrested yesterday when they defied the regiments of city and state police parading the streets of Boston to demand the immediate release of Sacco and Vanzetti. The picket line was broken up.

PICKET THE STATE HOUSE.

The picketing of the State House followed the influx of thousands of workers from cities and towns near Boston. With the call for a "March On Boston" issued by the Sacco-Vanzetti Defense Committee and the growing realization that mass demonstrations alone will save the framed-up workers from death, thousands of workers are pouring into the city to demonstrate in front of the State House and the Charlestown prison, in which Sacco and Vanzetti sit.

Bertram D. Wolfe, director of the Workers School; Alfred Baker Lewis, socialist secretary; Gus Shklar, district organizer for the Workers (Communist) Party; Harry Canton, Grace Hutchinson, Fred Douglas and Mrs. Fred Douglas were among those arrested for picketing the State House.

UNIONS FURNISH PICKETING COMMITTEES.

The picket line was composed of committees sent by the Capmakers' Union, the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' Union, the Upholsterers' Union, the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, the Furriers' Union, the Workers (Communist) Party, the socialist party, the Sacco-Vanzetti Defense Committee, the International Labor Defense, as well as individuals. Those arrested will be given a trial at nine-thirty o'clock this morning. They are charged with disturbing the peace.

In spite of the arrests additional demonstrations will be held (Continued on Page Five)

LAST MINUTE EFFORTS TO SAVE SACCO AND VANZETTI

1.—By train, bus and boat Sacco-Vanzetti sympathizers rush to Boston to picket the State House and take part in the death watch before Charlestown prison. Great protest demonstrations planned in Boston.

2.—The hour announced for the execution is 12:30 tonight. Judge Thayer refuses stay of execution. No further action before state courts possible.

3.—Forty-two pickets arrested yesterday before the State House, Boston.

4.—Fifty thousand workers gather at Union Square yesterday in New York, after a huge protest strike, and adopt resolution demanding freedom for Sacco and Vanzetti. Spontaneous parades starting at the meeting smashed by the police with great brutality and one arrest. Police break up meeting held at N. Y. City College.

5.—Millions on strike thruout the world; many demonstrations before embassies and consulates of the United States.

50,000 WORKERS GO ON STRIKE IN PHILADELPHIA

Police Stop One Rally; Second Is Held

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 9.—Fifty thousand workers went on strike here today, protesting against the attempt to murder Sacco and Vanzetti. The police prevented one meeting from being held and attempted to stop a second one.

When several thousand workers gathered at 1115 So. Broad street at 2 p. m., the police refused to allow them to enter the hall and forcibly made them disperse.

When John Fullerton was not so successful. When John Fullerton was speaking, they announced that the meeting could not continue. After the police left, the workers reassembled and went on with the meeting. They were addressed by Albert Weisbord, Sam Blunt, Furriers' Union, and J. Oswardo of the Bakers' Union.

In the evening the workers went to the Arch Street Theater, jamming it to the doors.

Among the unions that participated in the strike were the Upholsterers, Amalgamated Clothing Workers, Cloakmakers, Bakers and Metal Workers.

THINK OF THE SUSTAINING FUND AT EVERY MEETING!

Engdahl Is In Boston On Sacco-Vanzetti Case For the Daily Worker

J. Louis Engdahl, editor of The DAILY WORKER, left for Boston last night to direct the forces that will give the readers of labor's only "Daily" the true and detailed story of the latest developments in the Sacco-Vanzetti case. In the arrests of pickets before the State House yesterday, the industrial autocracy of Massachusetts only indicated in another way its determination to carry out its sentence of death against Sacco and Vanzetti. Nevertheless, the struggle to "Save Sacco and Vanzetti," goes on with increased energy. It must succeed. Workers, however, must not depend on the capitalist press for their information. They must read The DAILY WORKER.

Stop Newark Meeting

NEWARK, August 9.—Police refused to allow tonight's Sacco-Vanzetti meeting to be held at Military Park. Hundreds of workers who assembled were driven away by police under the direction of Lieut. O'Connor and Commissioner Gillen.

According to Irving Freeman of the Federated Press who was in charge of the arrangements, if they are refused a permit today, they will hold a meeting nevertheless and make a test case. The committee issued a statement vigorously protesting the action of the authorities in not allowing the meeting to take place.

MILLIONS STRIKE THRUOUT NATION IN HUGE SACCO-VANZETTI PROTEST

Boston Police Arrest Labor Leaders in Vain Effort to Quell Walk-out

Millions of workers went on strike yesterday to save Sacco and Vanzetti from being railroaded to the electric chair. It was the most gigantic walkout of its kind in all American labor history. In New York City alone approximately half a million workers left their jobs and joined what was one of the most effective tie-ups in the history of the city.

Reports from other sections of the country indicated a wide response to the strike call. Although the right wing labor officialdom thruout the country did its best to smash the protest, the rank and file of American labor heeded the call to the struggle to free the framed-up workers.

Police in various cities conducted a campaign of terrorism and wholesale arrests. In Los Angeles, 19 prominent leaders in the struggle for the liberation of Sacco and Vanzetti were arrested after raids on the headquarters of the Workers (Communist) Party; in Philadelphia and Boston Sacco-Vanzetti sympathizers were arrested for distributing leaflets calling for short general protest strikes; in New York City the offices of Il Lavoratore, Italian newspaper were raided and members of the staff were

threatened with "the same medicine as Sacco and Vanzetti."

Boston Union Heads Arrested.

BOSTON, Aug. 9.—Immediately upon issuance of the Boston strike call today two officials of the Capmakers' Union, J. Miller, manager and J. Seligman chairman of Local 7, arrested and held without bail thus depriving the strike of two of its most active driving forces. The strike grew out of a call issued last night by the hastily formed Sacco-Vanzetti strike committee, capmakers, upholsterers and furriers participating.

This was followed by a conference ten o'clock this morning of representatives of all the clothing unions. (Continued on Page Two)

Halt the Legal Murder!

THE act of murder, which has been planned by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts against the two champions of labor, Sacco and Vanzetti, will be halted only, if the workers raise such a mighty voice of protest, that even the arch-fiends of capitalism will hesitate to defy it. This voice of protest must be raised in every corner of the land against this infamous deed.

Who will raise this voice of protest? Who will reach the workers in the mines, mills, factories and farms? Who will rouse them to the infamy of the terrible crime which is being framed against them?

Now more than ever it becomes the duty of all class-conscious workers to GUARD THE DAILY WORKER, to contribute by means of the certificates which have been distributed, toward the protection of the strongest and bravest voice raised against the execution of our comrades, Sacco and Vanzetti.

Massachusetts Courts Determined to Kill; Strike Spreads

JUDGE THAYER DENIES STAY OF EXECUTION TO SACCO, VANZETTI

United States Supreme Court Last Legal Hope for Framed-Up Workers

DEDHAM, Mass., Aug. 9.—Judge Webster Thayer, judicial puppet of the Massachusetts industrial czars, who have sentenced Sacco and Vanzetti to die in the electric chair, denied the framed-up workers' motions for a stay of execution and revocation of sentence today in Norfolk County Superior Court.

Surrounded by Guards.
Thayer wrote the decision at his Worcester home, surrounded by police and armed guards.

It was immediately telephoned to defense counsel Arthur D. Hill at his office in Boston and to attorney general Arthur K. Reading, the later representing the state in the last state court proceedings in the Sacco-Vanzetti case. Stenographers were at the courthouse to transcribe copies of the decision which were moved to Boston by fast automobile.

Defense Counsel Arthur D. Hill began a final drive on the state courts in an effort to save the lives of the two workers. His plan was understood to be to carry the case again to the Supreme Court on exceptions from judge Thayer's ruling, with an appeal to the United States District Court and a justice of the United States Supreme Court still in the offing.

Twenty-two armed state troopers patrolled the palatial summer estate of governor Fuller at Rye Beach, N. H.

Three "sharp-shooters," expert shot gun men, from each police station, were assembled at police headquarters. The gathering of the fifteen "dead shots" was shrouded in mystery but followed the discovery of the "general strike" circular in Roxbury.

Appeal to Borah.

BOSTON, Aug. 9.—The Defense Committee appealed to Senator Borah as Chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee. The message stated that "Sacco and Vanzetti have become international symbols of American justice, and goodwill toward the United States will be profoundly impaired in Europe and America if these men are executed while the United States Government has evidence in its possession bearing on their innocence. We are appealing to you, as Chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, as well as to William E. Borah, humanitarian. We believe a federal investigation opening the department of Justice files will bring the two radicals their freedom."

The telegrams to Senator Borah, Senator LaFollette and Miss Addams then went on to explain that Sacco and Vanzetti had been sought because it was alleged, they belonged to the Galliani group of anarchists, Vanzetti being a contributor to Cronaca Sovversiva, the Galliani paper published in Lynn. The telegram concluded:

Telegraph Lindbergh.
"We submit this department of justice man-hunt cannot be brushed aside, and we further submit it is an absolutely valid explanation of the 'consciousness of guilt' Sacco and Vanzetti showed when arrested, and which judge Thayer asserts is the

strongest proof of their guilt of the murder charge."

The Defense Committee also telegraphed to Colonel Charles A. Lindbergh, asking him to appeal to the President to appoint a commission of inquiry. European goodwill created by the transatlantic flyer was being destroyed by the pending execution of Sacco and Vanzetti, wired the Committee, appealing in the humanitarian ideals of Lindbergh's father.

Arrested For Leaflets.
Two young women were arrested in Boston for issuing circulars calling for a general strike to save Sacco and Vanzetti.

In a vain and frantic effort to cripple the Boston walk-out, the Boston and state police are conducting a reign of terror. The young women arrested are Mildred Young, 22, a shoe worker, and Miss Sarah Young, 27.

Use Machine Guns.

Riot squads from the twenty-one police stations were assembled at police headquarters, with three men in each squad manning sub-machine guns capable of firing 1,500 bullets a minute. The riot squad of 400 and more men was ready for instant call to aid the 2,000 policemen engaged in "twenty-four hour duty" at the various headquarters.

Immigration Head Tries to Terrorize Aliens Who Strike

HOQUIAM, Wash., August 9.—Almost snarling with rage against sympathizers with Sacco and Vanzetti, Representative Albert Johnson, chairman of the House committee on immigration and naturalization, threatened all aliens in the U. S. A. with deportation and refusal of citizenship papers if they did anything to stay the hand of the executioner in Massachusetts:

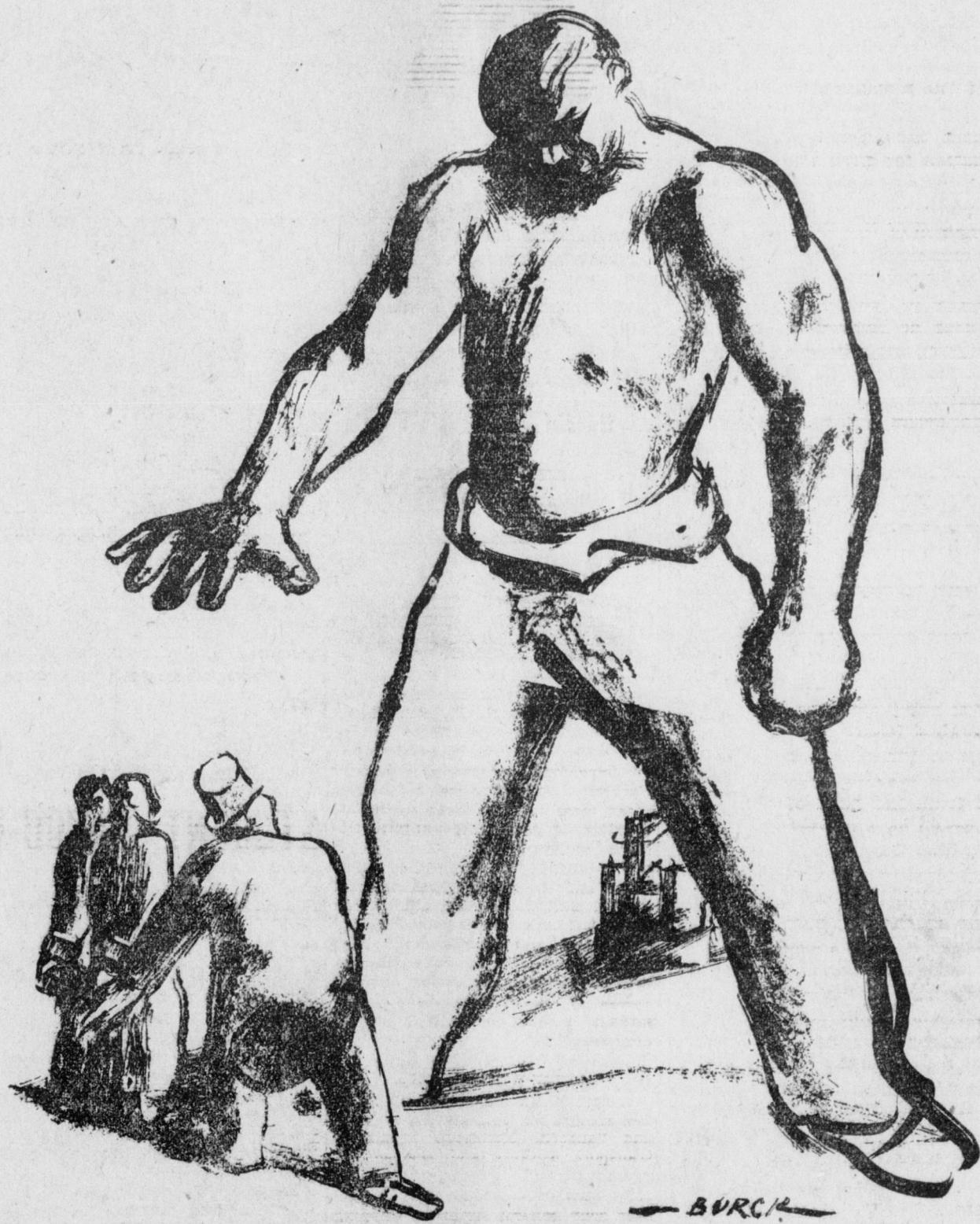
The congressman, while denouncing any interference with the killing planned for August 10, took occasion to hold Matthew Wolf of the A. F. of L. up to the world as a fit example, and praised his attitude of treachery to the working class when any of its rights are attacked.

During another part of the interview, Johnson sneered at "the attempt of those alien bandits to escape the electric chair."

Johnson promises his hearers that the immigration laws would be tightened up so that "only the right sort of aliens" could come into America.

Keep Up the Sustaining Fund

"STOP THIS MURDER!"



Police Sack Offices Of Il Lavoratore in Sacco-Vanzetti Raids

"We'll make you dance in the electric chair like Sacco and Vanzetti."
That is what plain-clothes men told members of the Il Lavoratore Staff, whose offices at 39 East 10th Street they raided yesterday afternoon.

After ransacking the offices and tearing down posters calling for the release of Sacco and Vanzetti, the eight policeman left, after advising the members of the Il Lavoratore staff that "they had better get out of the country."

U. S. Embassy Tries Blow at Sacco and Shows Part in Raid

PEKING, China, Aug. 9.—The American embassy has admitted, under strain of the excitement roused by the Sacco Vanzetti case, and the eagerness of the embassy staff to have the two workers electrocuted, that it has in its possession property stolen from the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.

The American diplomats in China, as well as the U. S. department of state, have always insisted that the raiding here of the embassy of the Soviet Union some weeks ago was an affair of the local Chinese generals.

Now announcement is made, as tho it were news, that "The Workers (Communist) Party of America has conducted a propaganda campaign for a united front of activity in behalf of the relief of Sacco and Vanzetti." The source of this information is said by the U. S. Embassy to be contained "on pages 115 and 173" of a book seized in the Soviet Union Embassy at Peking, and "now in the possession of the American Embassy."

Ownership of such a book or pamphlet by the Soviet Union Embassy or some individual in it would not be against the law of nations,

Fact Bombs

It is not the subway bombs of the agents provocateur which the ruling class fears, as it approaches the eve of the foul murder, which it is bent on perpetrating.

It is the fact bombs of truth, from which they recoil in terror.

It is the truth which they seek to hide from the working class.

It is the truth about the Sacco Vanzetti case which is the greatest menace to those who are determined to carry through this inhuman crime.

The drive for Five Thousand New Readers for the Daily Worker means spreading this truth, so that its destructive effects may reach the very foundations of capitalism itself.

It means five thousand new centers from which the bombshells of truth radiate their powerful force against the bulwarks of injustice, against the capitalist system of society of which this injustice is an inseparable part.

LABOR ABROAD INFORMS AMERICAN REPRESENTATIVES OF RESENTMENT

American consuls and ambassadors felt the deep resentment of the working class of Europe, South America and Africa yesterday, because of the complicity of the United States government in the proposed murder of Sacco and Vanzetti. Demonstrations assembled outside of the dwellings and offices of the representatives abroad of murderous America were frequently so incensed by attempts of the police of their own countries to save their American allies from discomfort that they broke past all restraint and made attacks on the buildings over which the American flag floated. In Morocco a crowd burned the flag. Some of the more important demonstrations are mentioned below.

MEXICAN LABOR WIRES COOLIDGE.

MEXICO CITY, August 9.—The Mexican Federation of Labor has wired President Coolidge, asking for the pardon and commutation of Sacco and Vanzetti.

The Federal Council of the local labor unions has ordered fifteen minutes of suspension of work and all public amusements tonight and public service tomorrow in all principal centers.

Special patrols have been placed outside the American embassy and the offices of American oil companies.

Y. C. L. IN ROTTERDAM.

ROTTERDAM, August 9.—The Young Communists' League staged a demonstration today urging a general strike in protest against the Sacco-Vanzetti execution. The police dispersed the demonstrators, who afterward went to the American consulate where they staged a demonstration.

SWISS TELEGRAPH AIDS EXECUTIONER.

GENEVA, August 9.—The Swiss telegraph administration today refused to transmit to the United States Minister at Berne a long telegram protesting against the execution of Sacco and Vanzetti, which had been drawn up at a monster mass meeting, on the ground that it would be injurious to a friendly government.

NORWEGIAN UNIONS PROTEST.

COPENHAGEN, August 9.—The national organization of the Norwegian trades unions has organized Sacco-Vanzetti protest meetings throughout all Norway, to be held at the close of work on Wednesday.

FINN WORKERS CABLE.

HELSINGFORS, August 9.—The Finnish workers' national organization and the executive of the social democrats have cabled to the United States government, protesting against the Sacco-Vanzetti execution and demanding the release of the men.

BRAZILIAN POLICE WORRIED.

RIO DE JANEIRO, August 9.—Fearing possible outbreaks by Sacco-Vanzetti sympathizers, Rio de Janeiro police today doubled the police guards in the vicinity of the National City Bank building, located in Rio Branco avenue, and around Canadian and English banks in the city.

The American embassy and the American consulate here were protected by a special guard.

WORKERS STORM U. S. LEGATION IN STOCKHOLM.

LONDON, August 9.—A demonstration of 15,000 persons attempted to storm the United States legation at Stockholm, Sweden, last night, said a Central News dispatch from that city today. A strong cordon of mounted police beat back the workers, arresting several of the leaders.

MONTEVIDEO LABOR STRIKES.

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay, August 9.—A 24-hour general strike has been called by the labor groups for tomorrow as a protest against the execution of Sacco and Vanzetti. Appeals have been issued to all work-

ers in the republic to join the strike. It is expected that many commercial houses will close their doors.

Troops are to be kept in the armories tomorrow prepared for demonstrations which may develop "of a revolutionary character."

Shouts of "Down with Yankee imperialism!" were frequently heard at a large protest meeting held yesterday, as speakers vehemently denounced American justice.

BURN FLAG AT CASABLANCA.

PARIS, August 9.—The American consulate at Casablanca, Morocco, was the scene of a demonstration by Sacco-Vanzetti sympathizers. After burning the American flag in the Place de France, in front of the consulate, the crowd hurled stones through the consulate's windows. The police were unable to cope with the demonstrators. Several arrests were made.

ALL FRANCE TAKES PART.

PARIS, Aug. 9.—All France participated in Sacco-Vanzetti demonstrations yesterday. Workers went on strike in the following cities: Lyons, Tours, Dunkirk, Cete, Cherbourg, Toulouse, Nantes, Bethune, Havre, Toulon and Brest. Large protest parades took place in Marseilles and St. Etienne.

A committee of Americans in Paris is organizing a meeting today to voice an appeal for Sacco and Vanzetti.

The mother of Captain Charles Nungesser, the lost trans-Atlantic flyer, cabled Governor Fuller: "I implore you to listen to the earnest appeal of all France."

BORDEAUX DOCK WORKERS OUT.

BORDEAUX, France, Aug. 9.—Every dock worker in Bordeaux was striking yesterday in a Sacco-Vanzetti demonstration. The ships were unable to clear.

MARCH ON CHERBOURG CONSUL.

CHERBOURG, Aug. 9.—Several thousand workers marched on the American Consulate here last night in a demonstration against the execution of Sacco and Vanzetti. The police had difficulty in defending the consulate from the fury of the crowd. A number of people were hurt on both sides.

IRISH LABOR ASKS CLEMENCY.

DUBLIN, Aug. 9.—The Irish Labor Party and the Irish Trade Union Congress today sent a cablegram to President Coolidge asking executive clemency in behalf of Sacco and Vanzetti. The message follows: "Irish labor joins labor in other countries urging clemency for Sacco and Vanzetti."

The Workers Party of Ireland adopted a resolution protesting against the Sacco and Vanzetti death sentences.

GREAT PRAGUE MASS MEETING.

PRAGUE, Aug. 9.—Communist workers at a great mass meeting held tonight on behalf of Sacco and Vanzetti voted an order for a general strike tomorrow in all the factories of Prague. The chief speaker was H. Vajtauer, a Czech Communist, expelled from the United States.

HAVANA POLICE FEEL DANGER.

HAVANA, Cuba, Aug. 9.—Plain-clothes men from the Judicial Police Department have been stationed at the American Embassy and all public buildings. This step was taken to prevent possible demonstrations by Sacco-Vanzetti sympathizers.

DEPUTATION PROTESTS IN CAPE TOWN.

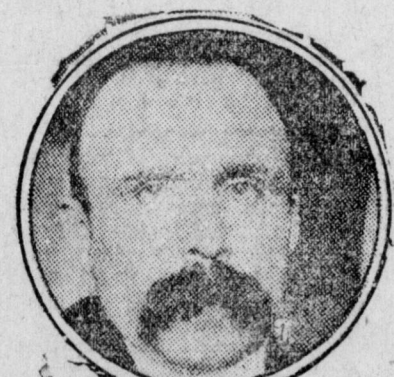
CAPE TOWN, South Africa, Aug. 9.—A deputation of members of the Communist and labor parties visited the American Consulate yesterday to protest against the execution of Sacco and Vanzetti.

Resolutions passed at a public meeting of the Communist and Labor Parties yesterday, demanding the immediate reprieve of "these innocent working-class victims of capitalist justice" were cabled to the United States.

ROUMANIAN WORKERS WRITE MINISTER.

BUCHAREST, Aug. 9.—Resolutions in protest against the execution of Sacco and Vanzetti, adopted at mass meetings held throughout Bucharest and other Roumanian cities, yesterday, have been sent to William S. Cylbertson, American minister here.

An armed guard has been posted at the American Legation and to guard against any possible demonstrations.



TWO NEW BOOKS ON SACCO-VANZETTI

Sacco-Vanzetti Anthology of Verse

A splendid collection of rebel verse on the famous case by seventeen noted poets, including: Mary Carolyn Davies, Siegfried Sassoon, F. Merrill Root, Henry Reich Jr., Ralph Cheney and others.

32 PAGES—

25 Cents

The Case of Sacco and Vanzetti

By Felix Frankfurter

This book by a professor of Harvard—a trained and responsible lawyer—created widespread discussion on its appearance.

It is brief, popular summary of the thousands of pages of evidence presented in this case.

\$1.00 Cloth Bound

