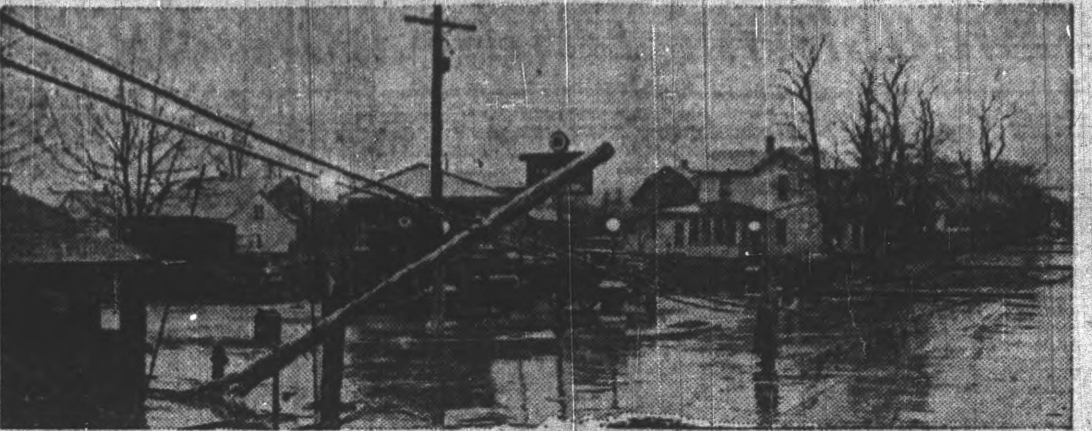
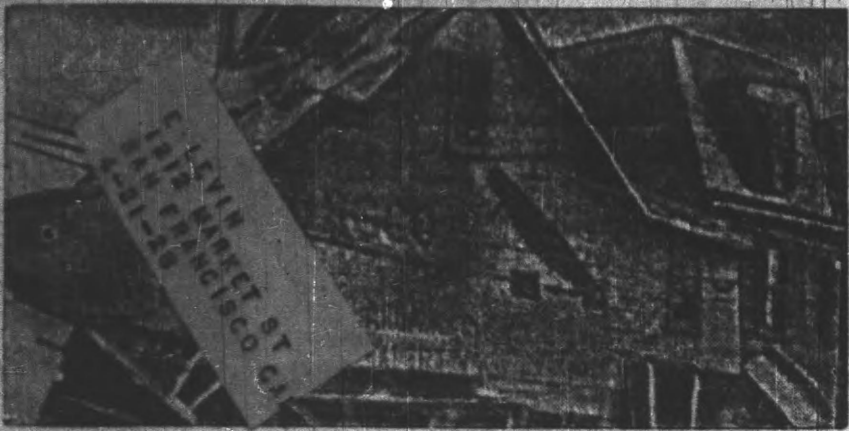


CYCLONE BRINGS DEATH TO WORKERS AND FARMERS, MAKES THOUSANDS HOMELESS



Cyclonic winds, tearing a path 200 miles wide thru Ohio and Kentucky, killed one worker, injured 30 more, and smashed hundreds of farms and flimsily constructed houses in working class sections along the Ohio River. Photo at left shows havoc wreaked on workers' homes in Cincinnati where 16 were injured. Wrecked homes in Louisville, are shown to the right. The poor homes that workers have to live in crash first in tornados.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

NATIONAL EDITION

Vol. V. No. 18.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: In New York, by mail, \$6.00 per year. Outside New York, by mail, \$8.00 per year.

NEW YORK, MONDAY, JANUARY 23, 1928

Published daily except Sunday by The National Daily Worker Publishing Association, Inc., 23 First Street, New York, N. Y. Price 3 Cents

CHICAGO TRACTION STRIKE MAY FOLLOW ARBITRATION AWARD

Underpaid Workers, Enraged Over Penny Increase, Act to Enforce Demands Long Overdue

Progressives, Heading Movement of Revolt, Urge Refusal to Accept Betrayal

(Special To The DAILY WORKER.)
CHICAGO, Jan. 22.—Widespread resentment bordering on feeling for a strike is the result of the arbitration award handed down to the Chicago traction workers by which a one-cent hourly increase in pay is allowed the men against a demand of fifteen cents to which, it is admitted on all sides, the workers are fully entitled.

Everywhere the men are pointing out the fatal results for the workers of "arbitration" as a means of settling industrial disputes. The wages of the traction workers of this city were cut ten cents per hour in 1922 as a result of an arbitration award handed out to them at the time. In 1923 an increase of five cents was made when the workers threatened a strike because their wage level was below a decent living standard.

Lower Than 1921.
The present one cent increase leaves their pay, it is pointed out, at a level below that of 1921 or very little above the pre-war level. Progressive forces which are powerful in the union are urging the workers to refuse the acceptance of the award and to demand a strike to enforce a decent wage level.

The award provides for a cent per hour increase which does not begin until June, 1928, and another cent per hour increase to begin on June 1, 1929. Weekly sick benefits which are payable only in the event of complete disability are set by the award at \$20 per week, payable for only 26 weeks. Life insurance of \$1,000 and some other small provisions for sick benefits at the company's expense are provided.

Workers Would Strike.
About a month ago the elevated and surface traction workers under the leadership of the progressives passed a motion to strike if the company refused their request for an increase in pay. To offset this strike threat, Wm. D. Mahon, president of the Amalgamated Association, in cooperation with the reactionary local union officials, prevented the holding of a scheduled meeting at which the strike vote was to have been put into effect.

Arbitration was arranged for over the opposition of the workers. The workers under the leadership of the progressives are mustering their forces for a fight on the whole award.

Hoover Refuses to Give Stand on Labor

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Herbert Hoover, looming as the probable nominee of the republican convention for the presidency, is silent on all labor issues, and especially on the injunction issue. Labor officials, who still believe the material conditions of the workers are the result of the work of individuals, will try to make him commit himself definitely, before the campaign has progressed much farther, as to whether he is with the bosses or with the workers.



Herbert Hoover, well-known ghost

SANDINO STILL ALIVE, FIGHTING ON!

Federal Injunction Prohibits Picketing Scab Mines

OHIO COMPANIES AND GOVERNMENT STRIKEBREAKING

Sweeping Court Order Outlaws the Strike

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Jan. 22.—In an attempt to cripple strikers' resistance as the eastern Ohio coal operators prepare to resume operations, Federal Judge Berison W. Hough has granted a sweeping preliminary federal injunction to take effect this morning, completely outlawing all picketing and all strike action.

The injunction was granted after a conference between U. S. Marshall Stanley Bothwick and A. C. Roberts, an official of the Rush Run Mine of the Youghiogheny and Ohio Coal Company at Rayland, Jefferson Co. This mine was closed down Saturday by marching miners.

The injunction was requested by the Warner Collieries and Youghiogheny and Ohio Company claiming that "the situation is out of the control of local authorities" and that "Federal action is necessary for the protection of mine property." It restrains strikers from gathering or loitering in groups or crowds or picket file formation about mines or

(Continued from Page Two)

23,000 WORKERS AT LENIN MEMORIAL

Resolution of Comradeship Sent to Nicaraguan Army

One of the biggest labor demonstrations in the history of New York took place at Madison Square Garden, New York, Saturday night when 23,000 workers, assembled to honor the memory of Lenin, shouted unanimous accord to the proposal to send a telegram of revolutionary greeting to Augustino Sandino, leader of the Nicaraguan army now fighting against the invasion by American marines. The large hall shook with a pandemonium of cheers, sweeping thru the packed lower floor and echoing from the massed thousands in the two galleries.



GEN. SANDINO, greatest American that ever lived was Vladimir Ilyitch Lenin.

When a jeweled sword, relic of the revolutionary struggle for the creation of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, was unshathed and held aloft by the chairman, William Weinstone, after being presented officially to the Workers (Communist) Party of America by two representatives of the recent rank and file trade union delegation which visited the Soviet Union, again the demonstration reached a climax which will long be remembered in the history of New York labor.

The sword, a gift from the Transcaucasian Socialist Soviet Republic, was formally accepted in the name of the Workers (Communist) Party of America by Jay Lovestone, executive secretary of the Party.

Token of Victory.
"There could be no more fitting occasion for the presentation of a sword from the victorious workers of the Soviet Union," said Lovestone, in accepting the sword from William G. Hearing, president of the Central Labor Union of Stamford, Conn., and Edward Condino, of Illinois, of the United Mine Workers of America.

"We accept it as a token of the victory to be won by the working class of the United States after the overthrow of capitalism."

Before delivering the sword Hearing and Condino recited the circumstances under which they received it.

"International" Sung.
They told how when in the Transcaucasian Republic they visited one of the revolutionary museums where the sword was on display. "When we showed our interest in it," said Hearing, "we were urged to take it to America and present it to the Workers Party."

When Weinstone took the sword out of the sheath the entire audience rose and sang "The International." Lovestone told how when he was in the Soviet Union he visited the tomb of Lenin. "I was asked by one of the Red Soldiers on guard," continued the speaker, "whom I believed to be the greatest American that ever lived. My answer was that the

test against the ruthless suppression of the Nicaraguan independence movement and demand the immediate withdrawal of battleships and marines. We pledge support to Gen. Sandino and hope that he may be victorious in his fight against Wall Street rule."

John Williamson, district organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League, told of Lenin's attitude towards war. "If we do not reach the youth with our message," said Williamson, "they will become the basis of an American fascist organization."

Chinese Speaker Cheered.
P. T. Lau, of the Hands Off China Committee, Philadelphia, was the next speaker. When introduced by Weinstone he was greeted by tremendous applause.

Lau told of the memorial meeting held in Canton, China, four years ago when Lenin died. Also how Sun Yat-sen, the founder of the Chinese Nationalist movement, paid homage to Lenin and urged his followers to follow his teachings.

"The temporary defeat of the Chinese revolution," continued Lau, "is evidence that any deviation from Leninism spells failure to revolution. Sun Yat-sen learned from Lenin that the imperialists are the greatest enemies of the Chinese masses, the militarists only being their pawns."

When Lau finished his speech a resolution was passed unanimously to demand the withdrawal of United States battleships and marines from China.

M. J. Olgin, member of the Central Committee, Workers (Communist) Party and editor of "The Hammer," Jewish Communist monthly, said that Lenin was "buried four years ago but is still alive in the historical events of the last four years. Lenin lives in the Chinese revolution, in the dissatisfaction of millions of colonial peoples. Lenin lives with the small group of patriots in Nicaragua under General Sandino; Lenin lives in the struggle of the miners of Pennsylvania, Ohio and Colorado!"

During Lovestone's speech 20 members of the Young Workers League were graduated into the Workers Party. In accepting them into the Party, Lovestone said that some day they will "lead the Red Army in the United States." Lovestone then made an appeal to the assembled workers to also join the Party. Ushers circulated among the audience and obtained the application blanks filled out by several hundred workers.

The meeting was opened by H. M. Wicks of the editorial staff of The DAILY WORKER who spoke on the importance of The DAILY WORKER to the American labor movement.

test against the ruthless suppression of the Nicaraguan independence movement and demand the immediate withdrawal of battleships and marines. We pledge support to Gen. Sandino and hope that he may be victorious in his fight against Wall Street rule."

John Williamson, district organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League, told of Lenin's attitude towards war. "If we do not reach the youth with our message," said Williamson, "they will become the basis of an American fascist organization."

Chinese Speaker Cheered.
P. T. Lau, of the Hands Off China Committee, Philadelphia, was the next speaker. When introduced by Weinstone he was greeted by tremendous applause.

Lau told of the memorial meeting held in Canton, China, four years ago when Lenin died. Also how Sun Yat-sen, the founder of the Chinese Nationalist movement, paid homage to Lenin and urged his followers to follow his teachings.

"The temporary defeat of the Chinese revolution," continued Lau, "is evidence that any deviation from Leninism spells failure to revolution. Sun Yat-sen learned from Lenin that the imperialists are the greatest enemies of the Chinese masses, the militarists only being their pawns."

When Lau finished his speech a resolution was passed unanimously to demand the withdrawal of United States battleships and marines from China.

M. J. Olgin, member of the Central Committee, Workers (Communist) Party and editor of "The Hammer," Jewish Communist monthly, said that Lenin was "buried four years ago but is still alive in the historical events of the last four years. Lenin lives in the Chinese revolution, in the dissatisfaction of millions of colonial peoples. Lenin lives with the small group of patriots in Nicaragua under General Sandino; Lenin lives in the struggle of the miners of Pennsylvania, Ohio and Colorado!"

During Lovestone's speech 20 members of the Young Workers League were graduated into the Workers Party. In accepting them into the Party, Lovestone said that some day they will "lead the Red Army in the United States." Lovestone then made an appeal to the assembled workers to also join the Party. Ushers circulated among the audience and obtained the application blanks filled out by several hundred workers.

The meeting was opened by H. M. Wicks of the editorial staff of The DAILY WORKER who spoke on the importance of The DAILY WORKER to the American labor movement.

GATHERS FORCES FOR NEW DRIVE ON U. S. MARINES

American Marines in a New Bomb Attack

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Jan. 22.—That the reports of Sandino's death are false and that the revolutionary leader still continues the struggle for Nicaraguan independence was definitely ascertained today when it was learned that marines had captured letters signed by Sandino since last Saturday, when the revolutionary stronghold at El Chipote was bombarded.

It is generally believed that Sandino is quietly gathering his forces in preparation for a new offensive against the marines. Although there have been many rumors that he was wounded in the marines attack, no information has been received here to verify the story.

Reports that the revolutionary forces have been driven across the Honduran border were proved false when marine planes which attempted to bomb El Chipote yesterday were met with rifle and machine gun fire. Marine forces were also attacked by the revolutionists near Telpaneca yesterday.

URGES UNION OF LATIN AMERICA

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay, Jan. 22.—Attacking President Coolidge's speech at the Pan-American conference as an empty formality, Dr. Terra, president of the chamber of deputies, declared that "no fraternization among nations" was possible as long as the United States continued its "war against a defenseless people."

Dr. Terra declared that the Nicaraguan situation should be brought before the Havana conference and urged that all Latin-American delegates (Continued on Page Two)

Women's "Peace" Meet Ignores Nicaragua War

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22 (FP).—Resolutions adopted by the "Third Conference on the Cause and Cure of War," led by Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, and representing nine large national organizations of women, ignored the American conquest of Nicaragua.

A group of Cuban women had sent to this conference in Washington a telegram: "We associate ourselves with you in protest against war in Nicaragua and also in your work for peace." Instead of adopting resolutions condemning the Nicaraguan slaughter, the conference sent a reply, expressing their desire to help in the development of mutual understanding between the United States and all Latin-American countries. This was simply a paraphrase of President Coolidge's speech at Havana.



Carrie Catt, President U. S. War

I. R. T. Suit for Injunction Against A. F. L. on Today

Argument on the application of the Interborough Rapid Transit Co. for an injunction against the 3,000,000 members of the American Federation of Labor is scheduled to begin today in Part 12, Supreme Court, before Justice Wasservogel.

Whether the American Federation of Labor may again become an agency for carrying on the struggle for an improvement in the workers' conditions or whether it will end its present down-hill course in abject surrender, as the official labor organ-

ization of this country, will be indicated at least in part in the present injunction case, competent observers believe.

Practically every right which organized labor has won during the last half-century of struggle is at stake in this hearing. The I. R. T. specifically aims to make it a criminal act for the Amalgamated Traction Workers' Union or any other union affiliated with the A. F. of L. to attempt to organize the New York traction workers. The trade union movement will be outlawed if the I. R. T. succeeds.

Justice Wasservogel is to decide likewise on the question of the legality of the "yellow dog" contract, the

issue between the company and the legitimate union and on the question of the spy system which forms the main support of the Interborough company union.

Announcement was made yesterday at the headquarters of the Amalgamated Union, Continental Hotel, Broadway and 41st St., that the legality of the individual "yellow dog" contract would form the center of attack by the Amalgamated counsel.

As a result of the long standing engagement on the legal field the whole issue has been sidetracked into technicalities, it is pointed out. The attempt of the Amalgamated to base its whole case on legal technicalities, observers state, can result only in

clouding the main issue of the right to organize.

At the present moment the Amalgamated officials are under agreement with Justice Wasservogel to commit no "overt act" while the injunction issue is pending. The A. F. of L. executive council, meeting at Miami, Fla., has announced it is opposed to strike action.

The present New York City administration through which the Amalgamated officials are claiming to act and upon whom they claim to rely upon for their main support, is closely allied with the traction interests.

During the past few months at least five meetings of the union "organization" have fallen off steadily. The

U. S. Judge Issues Union-Smashing Injunction Against Ohio Mine Workers

STRIKE ACTION IS MADE ILLEGAL BY SWEEPING EDICT

Ruling Follows Meet With Mine Officials

(Continued from Page One)
property of the companies, or on the public highways or right of way of railroads, and also from the "use of vile or opprobrious language or insulting words," and especially from the use of the words "scab" and "rat" toward employees of the companies.

Covers Three Counties.

The injunction covers the mines in each of three counties of Subdistrict 5, Crabapple Mine No. 1, near Fairpoint, Belmont County; Hopedale Mine, Harrison County; and Tiltonville and Rush Run Mines in Jefferson County. It is specifically directed against Joe Kowalesky, John Edwards, and John Giphram, officials of Local 2247, United Mine Workers of America; Joe Klejko and Joe Kolis of Local 1042 and William Brown and George Bucey of Local 581.

Sheriff William T. Allison is touring the coalfields making a personal investigation into the coal strike situation in Jefferson County, which he claims is reported to him by his deputies as "the worst in the county's history." He is giving special attention to mines reported ready for opening and to Rush Run, the scene of the miners' march.

HOUSTON CHOICE A SMITH TACTIC

HOUSTON, Texas, Jan. 22.—Opinion here about the handing of the democratic convention over to this city, in spite of all the real estate owners and hotel keepers, is that it is a clever move to put Smith over. The Texas favorite son is Governor Dan Moody, a dry.

Some see a compromise, after the visitors have overwhelmed the home guard, in which Moody will get the vice-presidency nomination and the party will appeal to both the northern dries and the southern wets.

Jersey Workers Plan Miners' Relief Drive

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Jan. 22.—Local 890, International Union of Steam and Operating Engineers of this city, has appointed a committee to collect food and clothing for the striking miners of Pennsylvania and Ohio. A check from the local has already been sent. Permission has been granted the Central Labor Union of Hudson County to solicit food, clothing and funds for the striking miners' families in the public schools for the children of the striking miners.

Workers Getting Wise

BAYONNE, N. J., Jan. 22.—Workers in the huge Tidewater Oil plant here are getting wise to the company insurance scheme. In 1927 but \$13,832 was paid by the workers for company insurance, as compared to \$29,061 in 1926.

Try Priest for Spying

ROME, Jan. 22.—The trial of Skalaky, Roman Catholic priest, who is charged with carrying espionage for Poland, will take place tomorrow. Skalaky is charged with sending military information across the border.

Foreign Born Victims

Poverty forces the children of foreign-born workers to the streets, where jazz, lurid movies and gutter speech isolates them from their parents, says Mrs. Dorothy Spicer Fraser, authority on the home life of the foreign-born in America.

Leaders of Prisoners' Mutiny Sacrifice Selves for Comrades



Six men are said to be leaders in the Thanksgiving uprising forced upon the prisoners of Folsom Penitentiary, California, by the horrible conditions there under the tyrannous rule of Warden Court Smith, have taken full responsibility for the affair, and are being tried for their lives. Arrow points to the six heroic leaders. Folsom prison houses Warren K. Billings, a class war prisoner, co-defendant with Tom Mooney in the frame-up that followed the "Preparedness Day" bomb explosion in 1916.

BILLS FOR HELP OF FARMERS DOOMED

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Bills proposing an increase in tariff rates for the benefit of agriculture will be smothered in the Ways and Means Committee unless a change in front of the house leadership occurs. Speaker Longworth, leader of the republican anti-farm relief membership of the house, is greatly concerned by the announced determination of farm-



Longworth, Worried.

Ho members to act in concert with the democrats to secure passage of farm relief measures. Bills by Representative Dickinson of Iowa and Selbig of Minnesota, the latter seeking higher duties for dairy and poultry products, flaxseed, potatoes and hay, were offered yesterday.

Uruguay Leader Scores War on Nicaragua; Urges Union

(Continued from Page One)
gates withdraw if the question were barred.

He urged the immediate formation of a Latin-American league as a defense against the United States. The United States would be less ready to exploit the peoples of Latin-America, he said, if confronted with a solid Latin-American bloc.

HAVANA, Jan. 22.—The Mexican delegation surprised the Pan-American conference yesterday when it made known its intention of proposing that the chairmanship of the Pan-American Union go to the 21 member nations by rotation instead of being confined to the secretary of State of the United States.

The Mexican delegation, it is also understood, objects to having United States citizens permanently occupying the post of director-general of the union.

The move came as a surprise in view of the agreement which President Calles is believed to have reached with United States Ambassador Dwight W. Morrow. Calles was reported several weeks ago to have assured the United States ambassador to Mexico that the Mexican delegation to the Havana conference would bring up no issues that would "embarrass" the United States.

A hypocritical promise that the United States would "soon retire from Nicaragua" is the dominant note in the speech made by Charles Evans Hughes, head of the United States delegation at Havana, at a dinner given by the American Chamber of Commerce at Havana for the United States delegation, according to reports received here. Sarcastic references to the fact that similar promises "to retire" from the Philippine Islands "as soon as possible" were made to the Filipinos more than twenty-five years ago, are freely made by lesser lights of the conference who are unwilling to be quoted.

Hinting at the wide-spread protest against the exclusion of Dr. Hundecourt, Haitian independence delegate from the conference where he had in Haiti by U. S. marines, Hughes said, tended to protect the occupation of "We would leave Haiti any time we had reasonable expectations of stability and could be assured that withdrawal would not be occasion for the recurrence of bloodshed."

Hughes gave the invitation of the American-controlled Diaz regime as

Sablich Appeals to Typographical Union

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22 (FP).—Milka Sablich, 19-year-old "Joan of Arc" of the Colorado coal strike, spoke on the need for help for the strikers, at a meeting of workers in Typographical Temple, Washington, Jan. 19, under the auspices of the Intl. Workers Relief. She sprang into fame in the first days of the present bitter conflict in the Colorado coal field, by her determined defiance of company guards and state police who sought to intimidate and arrest pickets. Her flaming red waist was seen in the front ranks of the strikers day after day, until she was clubbed and arrested and held for trial under \$1,200 bail.

Before returning in February to face a court which has been most pliant in meeting the operators' wishes, she will have raised a considerable sum to feed the families of the strikers.

Uruguay Leader Scores War on Nicaragua; Urges Union

(Continued from Page One)
the reason for the occupation of Nicaragua by United States marines.

Claiming that it represents 150,000 Porto Ricans residing in the United States, the Porto Rican Brotherhood of America, New York City, has sent half-hearted and timid telegrams to the Pan-American conference and President Coolidge asking self-government for Porto Rico.

Bares Wall Street Methods. United States marines are in Nicaragua to protect the interests of Wall Street, declared Saloman de la Selva, New York representative of the Nicaraguan Federation of Labor and former instructor at Williams College, in an address at the Civic Club Saturday.

Exposing Wall Street's methods in Nicaragua, Selva said that Nicaragua had been induced to deposit \$3,000,000 in this country at 2 per cent interest and that a little later Wall Street loaned Nicaragua \$1,000,000 at 6 per cent interest.

More War Planes

GARDEN CITY, L. I., Jan. 22.—The Curtis Aeroplane Corporation has started work on five special fighting planes, part of an order for \$250,000 worth of aviation equipment for the Army Air Corps. They will be constructed to fly at an altitude of 20,000 feet at 165 miles an hour.

Bomb Wrecks Home, Hurts 4

A bomb planted by gangsters said to be employed by ward bosses, injured Florence Bischoff, 15, and three others, when the home of her father, Anthony Bischoff, was wrecked in Jamaica.

FULLER BOOMED ON DEATH RECORD

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 22.—An "Alvin T. Fuller for President" boom will be directed from headquarters which will be established here about February 1, according to James P. Nolan, Boston politician. This move was suspected when Governor Fuller hurriedly drew up a report which sent Sacco and Vanzetti to their death immediately after Coolidge stated that he "did not choose to run." Hints that the two Italian laborers would not die had come from Fuller's office only the day before the report was issued, according to Boston newspaper men. But Coolidge was considered in the 1928 running, at that time.

Through sacrificing the lives of the two framed workers, politicians believed Fuller would gain a reputation for "law and order" thus forcing him to the fore as a worthy successor to Coolidge who gained his notoriety by smashing the police strike in Boston.

PULLMAN PORTERS THREATEN STRIKE

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—A strike of the Brotherhood of Pullman Porters will take place if no satisfactory results arise from the conference now being held in this city before the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Adopting a policy of attacking the tipping practice which the negro porters are forced to follow in order to make a living wage, the porters' union is seeking an increase in pay.

The union sets forth that the tipping practice violates sections of the Interstate Commerce Act in that passengers are induced to pay additional charges to those marked on their tickets.

Living Wage Asked. The Pullman Company now pays the porters about \$72.50 a month and expects that they will be able to pick up a sufficient remainder for a living wage. The union is bitterly opposed to this practice. It is also seeking to improve other conditions among the workers.

Always Less Wages for Anthracite Miners

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 22.—The size and number of pay envelopes disbursed by anthracite coal operators is continuously decreasing. This was made known when the statistics of the Anthracite Bureau of Information were made public. The statistical survey showed that wage payments last month decreased 13.9 per cent as compared with the preceding month, also that they were 20 per cent less than the payments made in December 1926.

Total production of coal last year was 3,500,000 less than that of 1926. Most mines are operating only 3 or 4 days a week, and some even less.

CABINET MAKERS SUFFER Many Aberdeen workers are being laid off as a result of the slackening in the comb making industry, despatches from there state. Aberdeen is one of the largest comb making centers in the world, but the new bob hair styles are working havoc with the trade.

BANKERS' REWARD CAUSES MURDER OF TWO MEXICANS

Consul Asks Damages; Men Shot by Police

DALLAS, Texas, Jan. 22.—Great indignation prevails among Texas people at the decision of the Texas Bankers' Association to offer a reward of \$5,000 apiece for bank robbers "dead, not alive." An attempt will be made to force the association at its annual meeting next week to change the wording, which has resulted in at least one case and probably more cases, in the deliberate murder of unoffending strangers by public officials in order to claim the reward.

R. Cantu Lara, Mexican consul at Dallas, is filing a civil suit for \$175,000 damages for the killing of Hilario Nunez and Norberto Diaz, shot dead in front of the bank at Stanton last month, by police officers who enticed them there, killed them without warning, and claimed that they were bank robbers to get the reward.

AVIATOR FREEZES TO DEATH BOISE, Idaho, Jan. 22.—The body of Fred Hoyt, whose wrecked plane was discovered some days ago in Deep Canyon, was located yesterday. He had descended in his parachute, and froze to death.

Distress Signals Increase in Gales; Unemployed Suffer The return of bitter weather has again added to the hardships of unemployment. Freezing weather and high winds have been felt as well by many workers with jobs, notably seamen, taxicab and truck drivers and other out-door workers. Many vessels have sent frantic signals of distress during the last few days. Coast guard patrol vessels were called upon continuously Saturday and last night to answer S O S signals, from the southern New England coast particularly.

Crew Endangered. Because of the repeated distress signals from the steamship Sebraskan, whose crew of 41 were in great danger, radio broadcasting was discontinued for 20 minutes Saturday night but resumed at 8:15 p. m.

In White Plains a heavy limb from an oak tree was blown down on a taxicab, cutting and bruising Charles Piskule, the driver. The cab was demolished. New York's lowest temperature for the week-end was 14 above.

Lodging houses are again overcrowded with unemployed men and women needing refuge.

Fisherman Dies. BALDWIN, L. I., Jan. 22.—When the small motor launch in which two

Accident Inevitable



The diving tank shown above invented by L. M. Cottrell of Boston, remained in the bottom of Boston Harbor for 48 minutes. Note the attachment to accommodate a hose line thru which food can be lowered in case of the inevitable accident.

SENATE AGAIN CALLS SINCLAIR FOR TESTIMONY

However Attorneys Say He Won't Talk

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Harry Sinclair, one of the organizers of the Continental Trading Co., which was created to collect and secret funds which were used to bribe Albert Fall, secretary of the interior in the Harding cabinet, has again been summoned to testify before the senate committee on public lands. Under the Norris resolution adopted by the senate, inquiry will be made to determine what persons received the \$5,000,000 of Liberty Bonds that disappeared when Sinclair and Standard Oil of Indiana, through their subsidiaries, closed up the Continental.

Sinclair's chief lawyer, Martin Littleton, has announced that his client will refuse to talk.



Harry Sinclair Won't Talk

Registration Is Open At Workers School

Among the important courses added to the curriculum of the Workers' School during the past term which will be continued the coming Spring term, beginning Jan. 30, are intermediate courses, such as "Principles of Marxism," and "Elements of Leninism," as well as many courses in American history, imperialism and trade unionism. These intermediate courses are required as pre-requisites for the advanced political courses in the school.

A. Markoff will again be the instructor in the "Principles of Marxism." Tuesday evenings, while D. Benjamin will repeat his course in "Elements of Leninism" Monday evenings.

Registration for the spring term is now going on every afternoon and evening in the office of the Workers' School, Room 32, 108 E. 14th Street.

Spread the Daily Worker!

Does Your Newsdealer Sell The DAILY WORKER?
Send in the name of your newsdealer if he does not sell The DAILY WORKER and we will see that he gets it.

Name of Newsdealer
Address
DAILY WORKER, New York Agency, 108 East 14th Street.

LENIN-RUTHENBERG DRIVE

From Lenin Memorial Day to Ruthenberg Memorial Day

JOIN IN A REAL FIGHT

AGAINST

1. Injunctions.
2. Company Unions.
3. Unemployment.
4. Persecution of the Foreign Born.
5. War.

FOR

1. Organization of the unorganized.
2. Miners' Relief.
3. Recognition and Defense of the Soviet Union.
4. A Labor Party.
5. A Workers' and Farmers' Government.

Subscribe to the Daily Worker

Read a Fighting Paper

FILL OUT THE SUB BLANK BELOW AND MAIL TO DAILY WORKER, 33 FIRST ST., NEW YORK.

Name
Address
City and State

Rates outside New York 15.00 a year, 2.50 for 3 months, 1.00 for 1 month.
In New York 12.00 per year.

On Sale on All New York Newsstands.

JOIN A FIGHTING PARTY!

Join the Workers (Communist) Party of America

Application for Membership in Workers (Communist) Party (Fill out this blank and mail to Workers Party, 44 E. 15th St., N. Y. C.)

NAME
ADDRESS No. City State

OCCUPATION

If you are on strike or unemployed and cannot pay initiation fee please check this box. UNEMPLOYED AND STRIKERS ADMITTED WITHOUT INITIATION and receive dues exempt stamps until employed. (Included 10¢ for initiation fee and one month's dues.)

GET YOUR SHGMATES TO SUBSCRIBE TO THE DAILY WORKER!

FOREIGN NEWS --- BY CABLE AND MAIL FROM SPECIAL CORRESPONDENTS

EDITOR OF CHINA PAPER IN FRISCO MAY BE DEPORTED

Authorities Attack Him as Left Winger

(Special to The Daily Worker.) SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 18. (By Mail)—H. T. Tsiang, formerly editor of The Chinese Guide in America, a paper espousing the cause of the Chinese Nationalist Movement and issued by a group of Chinese students from Stanford University and the University of California, Berkeley, has been ordered deported by the Department of Immigration.

Tsiang was arrested last summer on an immigration department warrant and was at that time charged with "red" activities—those activities purporting to be advice to the Chinese in America to view the Communist movement sympathetically, and supporting the left wing of the Kuomintang in China.

Accused as "Red." The Immigration Department also charged that Tsiang had lost his standing as a student in Stanford University. The facts are that he had been granted permission by the University authorities to temporarily discontinue his studies because of illness and orders from his physician mandating that he take a rest. He was out of college for two months, but in May he entered the University of California for Intercession.

During the summer he was arrested by the Immigration Department charged with "red" activities and the loss of his student status. In December the Immigration Department in Washington ruled that Tsiang's student status had been lost and ordered his deportation. The charge of "red" activities which was the original cause of his arrest appears to have been dropped for the time being.

Tsiang was surrendered to the Immigration Department on Monday, February 16th and incarcerated on Angel Island. His attorney, Austin Lewis, immediately applied for a writ of habeas corpus which was granted and is returnable on Saturday, January 21st.

In the event that the court upholds the contention of the Immigration authorities the case will be appealed.

Joins Left Wing. Tsiang is a graduate of the University of Nanking, China. He entered Stanford University in the fall of 1926 for a post graduate course in International Politics. On his arrival in the United States, he became associate editor of Young China, a Nationalist paper published in San Francisco advocating the position of the right wing of the Kuomintang.

Later he published an editorial declaring his support of the left wing and severed his connection with Young China, and together with a group of Chinese students from Stanford and the University of California brought out the Chinese Guide which staunchly supported the militant section of the Chinese Nationalist movement. This paper issued a number of English supplements and endeavored to win support from the organized workers of America for the workers and peasants' movement of China. The defense of Tsiang has been taken up by International Labor Defense which has retained Austin Lewis of San Francisco as his attorney.

Catholic for President Dodges Graft Issues

Governor Alfred E. Smith, who backs the "democrat" race for the 1928 presidential candidacy ridiculed the two years gubernatorial term under which he was elected, in a speech last night before the New York State Bar Association. He stressed the need for a similar term for state legislators. Instead of answering charges of extravagance made by republicans as he was expected to do, Smith aired his theories of "proper" legislation. Too many "frivolous" issues and too little real business is discussed, he declared.

USSR Making Peasants Familiar With Flying

MOSCOW. (By Mail)—The aeroplane of the Air and Chemical Defense Society started from Moscow on its agitational winter flight. This is one of the biggest agitational flights. It will last about 3½ months. The aeroplane will descend 27 times and will visit a whole series of towns in the European part of the U. S. S. R. and also the part of West Siberia. The aeroplane will enable a whole series of towns and villages to familiarize themselves with aviation.

Dye Bosses Greet Coolidge, Back From Havana

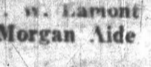


Coolidge greets delegation of Cleaners and Dyeing bosses after his return from Havana. On left of Coolidge is W. J. Stoddard, president of the National Institute of Cleaning and Dyeing; on right is Arthur Heinze, president of the National Association of Cleaners and Dyers.

DELAY MORGAN MANCHURIA LOAN

See Move for Alliance With Chiang Kai-shek

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—As a result of the wide-spread protest against the proposed \$40,000,000 Morgan loan to the Japanese-controlled Southern Manchuria Railway, negotiated by Thomas W. Lamont several months ago, the flotation of the loan has been indefinitely postponed.



Thomas W. Lamont, Morgan Aide

According to reports current here, Japan will attempt to secure a loan for the Manchurian railway in Great Britain. Although the state department made it clear several months ago that it would offer no objections to the Morgan loan in spite of the protest of both the Peking and Nanking governments, the growing rapprochement between Washington and the Nanking government is believed to be responsible for the postponement of the loan.

All groups in China are opposing the proposed Morgan loan as furthering Japanese designs in Manchuria and Shantung.

KLAN FORCED INTO OPEN. BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Jan. 22.—The Ku Klux Klan will discard its mask after Feb. 23, as a result of a meeting between Imperial Wizard Evans and high Klan officials. All members of the Klan who vote for Smith will be banished from the order, it was decided.

MORGAN MOVE TO CONTROL BANK OF MEXICO, REPORTED

Morrow Is to Arrange Financial Deal

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 22.—Reports appearing in the local press state that J. P. Morgan & Co. intends to purchase the uncollected stock of the Bank of Mexico, amounting to about \$20,000,000. The return of Dwight Morrow, ambassador to Mexico and former partner of the House of Morgan, from the Havana conference is rumored to be connected with the proposed deal. Jose Mascareñas, general manager of the bank, did not deny the reports of the loan. He stated, however, that he did not believe that such a deal would be favorable to the bank. Mascareñas said that the Mexican Government holds 51 per cent of the stock of the bank.

Rumania Pensions Cuza, Anti-Semite

Prof. Alexander C. Cuza, notorious anti-Semite and leader of the anti-Semitic Party of Rumania, is to be retired from his post as professor of economics at the University of Jassy and will henceforth receive a regular pension from the government.

Cuza's last activity was the defense of the fascist students who participated in the recent pogroms against the Jews and other minorities in Transylvania. The government assigned him to the defense although it is common knowledge that Cuza used his post at the University to incite anti-Jewish agitation. Cuza was suspended from his chair for fourteen months in 1926, the government fearing that he might involve them in some serious international complications by the ferocity of his attacks. The government report on Cuza at that time is stated to be of such a nature "as to warrant the government in placing him under psychopathic observation."

He has repeatedly in the Rumanian parliament, the press and by other public means demanded the expropriation of the property of Jews, their economic extermination and a strict enforcement of a numerus clausus act limiting or excluding numbers of Jewish students from the schools and colleges.

USSR Begins Making Its Textile Machines

MOSCOW. (By Mail).—According to the estimate of the "Glasnost", about 22 million roubles worth of machinery for the textile industry will be produced in the current year against 9 million roubles worth in 1927. In addition 8 million roubles worth of various parts for this machinery will be turned out.

In the current year 45 per cent of the machinery required for our textile industry will be produced by Soviet enterprises, and 90 per cent towards the end of the 5 years.

MOSCOW HONORS LENIN BOMBAY TEXTILE WORKERS' STRIKE SPREADING FAST

Memorial Meetings Thruout U. S. S. R.

MOSCOW, Jan. 22.—Thousands of workers filed slowly by the tomb of V. I. Lenin yesterday afternoon to pay tribute to the great working class leader who died four years ago. Although the ceremonies in honor of Lenin were not supposed to begin until 5 o'clock, at 3:30 Moscow workers began to file past the mausoleum of their dead leader.

An extremely impressive memorial ceremony was held in the evening at the Grand Central Opera House, which was swathed in black crepe. Covering the whole ceiling of the Opera House was an immense red and black star. Opening the meeting at 6:40, Kalenin, in a broken voice, said: "At exactly this moment four years ago our beloved leader passed away from us into history. I beg you to rise to honor his deathless memory." The audience stood up as a hidden orchestra played the Bolshevik funeral march.

Lenin memorial meetings were held in various cities and towns thruout the Soviet Union.

MOSCOW, Jan. 22.—The fourth commemoration of the day of Lenin's death was marked thruout the Soviet Union by numerous meetings in factories during lunch hour and special sessions of trade union and public organizations.

Speakers emphasized that the decisive influence of Lenin's revolutionary creed had been reflected in the activities of the Communist Party in four years since his death and that the Party, without Lenin, but acting in the spirit of his last will was bringing about ever closer ties between the Communist Party and the toiling masses.

Moscow papers issued special numbers, the Pravda inserting a hitherto unpublished appeal by Lenin on the war dating back to August, 1915. At the Moscow Grand Opera House a commemorative session was held at which Bukharin made a long speech dwelling on Lenin's last recommendations regarding the cultural development of the U. S. S. R. Bukharin pointed out the materialist postulates for enhancing the cultural development of the Soviet state. In accordance with Lenin's will, he said, the cultural revolution will be carried on with ever growing intensity.

Turks Banish French

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 22.—"Every letter, receipt, envelope, book, agreement, deed, ticket, voucher, note, advertisement which are handed, shown or addressed to a Turk or an organization in Turkey must be written in Turkish" says a new Turkish law. French, which was formerly the prevailing commercial and diplomatic language, has been banished. Supplementary legislation provides for the employment of an increasing number of young Turks in foreign concerns in Turkey.

Labor Bill Waits

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22. (FP).—Chairman Norris and Senators Walsh of Montana and Blaine of Wisconsin have been named as the subcommittee of the senate judiciary committee which waits to hold hearings on the Shipstead anti-injunction bill. The date of the hearings will be fixed by the date of meeting of the conference on injunction remedies which will be held in Washington in February by

20,000 Workers Involved in Walk-Out

LONDON, Jan. 11. (By Mail).—More than 20,000 native workers are now involved in the Bombay Textile strike, according to the Indian News Service. The entire Sassoon group of mills has now been closed down by the strike.

With the walk-out rapidly spreading, hundreds of workers are returning to their villages where they will live for the duration of the strike. The strike has affected most of the large mills in Bombay.

Refusing to accede to the strikers' protest against the introduction of the speed-up, the Mill Owners' Association has issued a statement announcing their intention of retaining the three-loom system.

India Native State Meet Hits Princes

The substitution of "representative" government for the present one-man rule obtaining in the Indian Native States is demanded in a resolution passed by the closing sessions of the All India Native States Congress in Bombay, according to reports from Bombay.

The resolution is aimed at the Maharajahs who are left nominal heads of the Native States by the British who support them with troops in their exploitation of the Indian masses. Some of the native states are as large as Spain, some contain only a few square miles. But the native princes control the destinies of at least 70,000,000 Indians.

The activities against the Native rulers, which have previously been scattered, have now been coordinated in the Bombay All-India Native States Congress. It is felt that the activity of the New Congress will assist the work of the All-India Nationalist Congress in Madras in fighting the anti-Nationalist agitation of the pro-British native rulers.

Denounced Reformists



A. J. Cook, secretary of the British Miners Federation, who denounced the conference between huge British industrialists and a committee appointed by the reformist Trade Union Council leaders.

Crimean Metal Workers Get Increase in Wages

MOSCOW. (By Mail).—All the collective agreements of the Crimean metal workers were signed by January 1st.

Five million roubles granted to the Ukrainian metal industry for wage increases have been distributed entirely among the lower paid workers. Eighty per cent of the workers in this industry participated in the preliminary discussion of the agreements against 50 per cent last year.

Militarists Aid Stimson

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—A full complement of American militarists will assist Governor-General Henry L. Stimson in stamping out any attempts by Filipino workers to establish independence. There is a good sprinkling of military titles in the new Governor General's suite, including two members of the late Governor General Wood's so-called "Cavalry Cabinet."

BUILDERS FOR THE FIFTH YEAR

Table listing names of members for the Golden's Bridge Co-operative Farms Colony, organized by branch 6, section 5.

Names Collected by Branch 6, Section 5, Co-operative Colony

Table listing names of members for the Golden's Bridge Co-operative Farms Colony, organized by branch 6, section 5.

Advertisement for THE COMMUNIST magazine, January 1928, featuring articles on Lenin, the labor movement, and Russian opposition.

Advertisement for Golden's Bridge Co-operative Farms Colony, highlighting its location in Westchester County, N.Y., and offering membership.

Advertisement for Golden's Bridge Co-operative Farms Colony, listing names of members and providing contact information for H. S. Weinblatt.

Leninism --- The Only Path to Victory of the Working Class of America

WORKERS PARTY PROCLAMATION ON ANNIVERSARY

Four Years Have Seen Many Struggles

The following Lenin memorial manifesto has been issued by the Workers (Communist) Party of America:

Four years have passed since the death of Lenin. The militant workers of all the world still feel keenly the loss of our leader. The personal, practical direction of the world labor movement by the man who led the Russian workers to victory in November, 1917, and led the class-conscious workers of all countries to organize the Communist International as the general staff of the world revolution, cannot be replaced.

Yet even while the millions of Russian workers were hearing Lenin to his last, they engraved with signs of fire on their banners and in their hearts: "Lenin is dead, but Leninism lives. Lenin's voice rings and will continue ringing from generation to generation. Lenin is with us and will be with us as long as the working class fights against capitalism and for workers' rule!"

Four years have passed since then, four years of struggle and experience which have verified the correctness of his teachings as a guide to the struggles of all exploited and oppressed. The tendencies outlined by him in his analysis of imperialist development have grown still more apparent than they were in his lifetime.

Capitalism has not only failed to introduce peace and stability into the world, but it has continued to accumulate fresh elements of struggle.

U. S. Squeezes Europe. Sharp competition of the capitalist groups is rife. European manufacturers organize in international cartels to break their American rivals. The American capitalists use their monster investments in Europe to squeeze their European foes. All of them are running a wild race for markets in the Orient, in South America, in every corner of the world. The spirit of war is abroad.

New and undreamed of means of destruction are accumulating in the world. The League of Nations, called by the "socialists" of the Second International as a power of peace, is in reality an agency of the great imperialist states.

The international disarmament conferences were shameless farces. Diplomatic babble about "outlawing war" is no more than a smoke screen to hide preparations for new mass slaughter.

Among the imperialist powers the greatest is the United States of America, led by the financiers of Wall Street. With the phrase of peace and friendship on the lips of its diplomats, with the name of "God" in the mouths of its politicians, it augments its armaments on a gigantic scale, only this year having decided to build 30 new large battle-cruisers at the expense of 800 million dollars. It holds under its iron heel the Philippines, Hawaii, Porto Rico. It throttles the sovereignty of Mexico and the South American republics. It moves steadily towards converting the Central American republics into colonies of American finance capital, and just now it wages war against the freedom of the Republic of Nicaragua. It played the role of butcher at Nanking.

Mass Struggle Spreads. The four years that have passed since Lenin's death witness a gigantic wave of mass struggle in China, in Mexico, Syria, Egypt, India, Java, Borneo, Nicaragua. The immediate menace to world capitalism has become the Chinese revolution which is not only a struggle for Chinese national independence, but a struggle of the working class and the peasantry under the leadership of the Communists against the power of native and foreign landlords, native and foreign capitalists, a struggle not only against imperialist exploitation of China but also against the Chinese propertied classes who, fearing the workers and peasants, have made peace with the imperialists at the expense of the people.

Lenin Lives in the Struggle of the Colonial Slaves. In spite of the crushing attacks of capitalism upon the working class, in spite of socialist treachery and betrayal by a corrupt union bureaucracy, the spirit of revolt and struggle is active among the working masses. Lenin lives in the struggle of the working class for organization, for political development, for power.

Lenin taught the workers to beware of traitors appearing in the cloak of friends. When the world war broke out, Lenin was the first to declare that the "socialists" who had made peace with the capitalists for the sake of war, had betrayed the cause of the workers, had actually gone over to the side of the exploiters. Lenin fought the greatest ideological and organizational battles against the social-patriots who appealed to the

workers and peasants of their countries to slaughter workers and peasants of other countries for the benefit of the home capitalists, instead of appealing to them and helping them to unite with the workers and peasants of the opposing countries in order together to break the rule of capitalism everywhere. Lenin taught the workers to understand that a leader who disbelieves in working class revolution is a misleader, that a socialist who opposes the militant labor movement is a traitor, that a union official who makes his peace with capitalism is an enemy within the camp of labor. Four years after Lenin's death the workers of all the world, and more particularly, the workers of the United States, can realize the truth of his warnings and the significance of his struggle against the renegade leaders. The American working class is continually betrayed by the bureaucracy of the American Federation of Labor and the socialist party. The labor traitor hate militant struggle. They are afraid of the masses. They have made peace with the imperialist rulers. They have given aid to every imperialist venture, including the massacres of workers and peasants in China and Nicaragua.

Militant Action Against Union. These agents of the capitalist class within our ranks have resorted to the use of capitalist courts, police, injunctions, gunmen and gangsters against the fighting needle trades workers. While the very life of our unions is in danger, the bureaucrats and their socialist tools have been militant not against the bosses but against the unions and their left wing fighters. We must rid ourselves of this cancer of treachery within labor's ranks and save and strengthen the unions for class struggle.

Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. Lenin led the workers to victory in Russia and helped them to build the new Soviet Republic under the leadership of the Communist Party. Four years after Lenin's death, the Soviet Union has reached a stage of economic up-building, cultural growth, unity and stability which exceeds the most optimistic expectations of years ago. Soviet industries are flourishing. The Soviet village is slowly rising to a new level. The rule of the working class is accepted as the force that creates a new life and a new freedom for the masses. The Red Army is vigilantly keeping guard over the land of proletarian rule, ready to fight imperialist attack. The minority nationalities enjoy full freedom of self-determination and cultural creativeness unknown in other countries. The working class is united in a determined effort to carry the revolution to its goal—a socialist order. The Communist Party has increased its unity and strength notwithstanding the attempt to weaken it by the opposition. The working class under the Party leadership is vigorously and hopefully building socialism in the Soviet lands. The private business man is gradually dislocated from his economic position and reduced to an ever diminishing auxiliary role. The village bourgeoisie is under control. Co-operatives are becoming the accepted agencies of exchange not only in the cities but also in the rural districts. City and village mutually understand and support each other. The future is full of splendid prospects.

The foes of the Soviet Union may look with fury upon the progress of the only proletarian state, they may plot and conspire to put obstacles in its way or to invade it by force of arms—this product of proletarian revolution remains the great beacon of light for the workers of the whole globe, it shows them concretely the fruit of victory over the capitalists, it points the way for all other countries.

Lenin Lives in the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics. Lenin is not dead because Leninism is alive. Leninism is alive not only for the Russian proletariat but for all of us, Leninism teaches us never to despair even in times when capitalism is strong and the working class seems to be weak. Leninism says to the American workers: You are faced by the most unscrupulous and most hypocritical ruling capitalist clique in the world. Your government consists of millionaires like Mellon, Hoover and Morrow, and of obedient lackeys of Wall Street like Coolidge and Kellogg. Trade union leaders, like Green, Woll and Lewis, in abject abasement offer our exploiters shameful peace which the latter spurn because they wish to wage a war of attrition against us, our organizations, our homes, our elemental rights. You are being shot and killed in Colorado by order of your masters because you had the audacity to go on strike against the kings of coal and the king of American capitalists, Rockefeller. They are trying to break the backbone of our labor movement in the attack upon the United Mine Workers of America, in Ohio and Pennsylvania. You are being outlawed everywhere if only you raise a voice of dissatisfaction. Your rank and file leaders are being jailed and your meetings dispersed wherever you need them most. You cannot look for protection in the law or the courts because the law is in the hands of the capitalist state and the courts are a part of the capitalist machine. We are faced

Apologist for Empire



Lieutenant-Commander J. M. Kenworthy, whose recent book "War or Peace?" is reviewed by William F. Duane on Page 6 of this issue. According to Duane "the book neglects the class struggle entirely, puts forward nationalist sentiments as the main cause of war without explaining how nationalist prejudices are manipulated to serve the interests of the imperialists."

Driver Wins Suit

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Jan. 22.—Thomas Hurley, of New York City, who sued the Public Service Railway Co. for \$50,000 for the loss of a leg when a truck he was driving was caught in a defective railway switch, throwing Hurley under the wheels, was awarded \$10,000 damages in supreme court yesterday.

with mass unemployment, mass misery and starvation this very moment without the state even as much as considering it a problem.

Foreign-born Persecuted.

The foreign-born among us are made the butt of particular persecution, with plans of registering and finger-printing them in order that they may be deported if they go on strike. The government sends warships to China to shoot down workers and peasants fighting for freedom. Our masters, endeavoring to subjugate Central America and to secure a second canal between the Atlantic and the Pacific, are right now waging a cruel war against the brave Sandino in little Nicaragua. Your legislators do the bidding of big business whether they be republicans, democrats, conservatives or so-called progressives. The schools, churches, theatres, movies, papers, books and other means of education are all owned by capitalists who try to enslave your mind. You millions upon millions of able-bodied, intelligent, active and forward looking men and women, how can you tolerate such misery and degradation? Leninism calls to you to awaken. Leninism tells you: Organize! Drive out the betrayers. Save the unions. Form our trade unions into the most powerful industrial unions to face the great corporations. Break the shameful paralyzing alliance with the capitalist parties. Form a mass labor party based on the trade unions. Leninism tells you: Do not allow your masters to intimidate you and to crush your movements whenever you demand even a small share of the wealth you have created. Defy their orders. Defy their injunctions. Fight against their interference. Organize mass demonstrations against your masters' wars on foreign countries.

Leninism tells you: Prepare to wage war against war by waging war against the makers of war, the capitalists and their state apparatus. Do not allow yourself to be fooled by the preaching of patriotism or the protection of your country because patriotism is the catch-word of your masters to bait you into their service, and protection of the country is protection of the fat profits of the Fords, Morgans, and their brethren. Leninism tells us that without a clear-sighted, theoretically well-grounded, organizationally centralized and determined Workers Party no victory of the working class is possible. Such are the Communist Parties, welded into the Communist International.

Leninism appeals to you, American workers, to join the Workers (Communist) Party of America, and follow it in its struggles to organize and strengthen the working class and to overthrow the capitalist system. WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY OF AMERICA.

TRADE UNIONISTS REPLY TO WOLL

In a letter to the American-Russian Chamber of Commerce, the Rank and File Trade Union Delegation, which recently returned from a trip to Russia, denounces Matthew Woll for the open letter he recently sent to that business organization in the name of the National Civic Federation. Woll is acting president of the Civic Federation and vice-president of the American Federation of Labor. The Trade Union Delegation tells Woll that he should "devote one-tenth of the time now absorbed by his concern in Russian affairs to the relief of hundreds of thousands of hard pressed, striking miners in Pennsylvania, Ohio and Colorado, and to the unionization of America's still largely unorganized industries."

Unemployment Cited. Woll's letter, sent last week, called upon the American-Russian Chamber of Commerce to cease working for better business relations with the Soviet Union.

"Further industrial development in the Soviet Union is limitless," the letter adds.

The delegation's letter concludes by saying that the most effective revolutionary propaganda in America is low wages, long hours and miserable living conditions in America's basic industries.

Newark Lenin Meeting Next Friday Evening

NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 22.—Moses J. Olgin, member of the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, will be the main speaker at the Newark Memorial meeting organized by the Newark local of the Party, to commemorate the fourth anniversary of the death of Lenin. The meeting will be held next Friday, at 8 p. m., at New Montgomery Hall, Montgomery and West Sts.

Bert Miller, organization secretary of the New York Local of the Party, and Phil Frankford, of the Central Executive Committee of the Young Workers (Communist) League, will be the other speakers. According to Emil Gardos, organizer of the Newark Local, the meeting will also be a mass protest against the war of American imperialism against the Nicaraguan people.

The workers of Newark are determined to make this meeting successful because of the interference of the police with the meeting arranged in November to celebrate the 10th anniversary of the Russian Revolution, Gardos said yesterday.

A Casualty

UNION CITY, N. J., Jan. 22. —Sergeant Otto Spitzmiller, of this city, died yesterday at Brooklyn Navy Yard of a tropical disease contracted while fighting in the Marine Corps against the natives of Haiti.

SANDOR KAROLY is in New York since 1923. Occupation printer. Last address Lenox Hill Advertising Agency, 1318 Second Avenue. If anybody knows of whereabouts kindly inform MRS. ANNA KAROLY, 1230 N. 4th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

DRAMA "THE SILVER BOX"

Galsworthy's Play of Class Justice Revived At the Morosco

A vivid comparison of class justice and a damning indictment of liberalism is found in John Galsworthy's first play, "The Silver Box," now revived at the Morosco Theatre. It was originally produced 20 years ago with Ethel Barrymore.

The story concerns a liberal M. P., who when faced with a situation of importance acts as all so-called liberals act—in a manner that places their words as mere phrases and their acts the exact opposite of what they preach or pretend to believe.

The son of the M. P. steals a woman's pocketbook when drunk. Later in the evening he invites to his house an unemployed worker whom he meets on the street. The worker accepts. In the house the unemployed man takes a silver cigarette box.

Later, the unemployed man's wife who happens to work as a charwoman in the M. P. house, is suspected of the theft. The husband confesses to save his wife and is arrested. When brought to court he is sentenced to a month's imprisonment.

Every attempt by the arrested worker to mention that the liberal leader's son had also stolen, is silenced by the judge. On top of that the M. P. and his son snub the wife after the husband is sentenced.

The court scene is the most important part of the play. It is difficult to describe in a short review the masterly fashion in which Galsworthy describes the different treatment of the worker and the son of the M. P. in the same court. The worker is jailed, the charge against the son is laughed out of court.

The acting is of a superior fashion. All members of the cast fit in well with their respective parts. Special mention must be made of Halliwell Hobbes as the M. P.; James Dale as the worker and Isobel Elsom as his wife. The rest of the cast is on an equal high plane.

The play is produced by Henry Baron, who is to be commended for the revival. The play has been staged by Laurance Hanray. —S. A. P.

Screen Notes

Laura La Plante is starred in the new film at the Colony Theatre this week, a comedy titled "Thanks for the Buggy Ride." Glenn Tryon plays the principal male role.

"Sharp Shooters," is the screen attraction at the Roxy Theatre this week, with its leading roles portrayed by George O'Brien and Lois Moran.

"The Divine Woman," with Greta Garbo remains at the Capitol Theatre another week.

"A Texas Steer" is to be at Moss' Cameo commencing today. Will Rogers plays the chief role. The cast also includes Louise Fazenda, Lilyan Tashman, Ann Rork and Douglas Fairbanks, Jr.

RIGHT WING ACTS AS GOV'T AGENT

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 22.—Angered by the loss of control of the Jewish Painters Local 723 of Detroit in the elections held recently, right wing officials of the union went to immigration authorities to bring charges of Communism against all progressive members of the union who were not citizens.

When the workers appeared for the hearing they were told that the charges had been brought by the former right wing officials, who stated the union would be glad if they were deported.

Unemployment Victims Crowd Police Stations

BALTIMORE, Jan. 22.—Increasing unemployment is resulting in a steady enlargement of the number of those applying at public lodging houses and police stations throughout the city. Over a score of men last night asked to be put up at the central police station. Sixteen others sought refuge in other stations in the city.

"Flopp" houses where a bed costs a dime, report that "business is good" although most of the workers who are taken in have no money for the cheap soup and bread that is sold at these places.

AMUSEMENTS

THE THEATRE GUILD presents PORGY Republic Th. W. 42d. Evs. \$1.00 Mats. Wed. & Sat. \$1.40 EUGENE O'NEILL'S Marco Millions Guild Th. W. 52d. Evs. \$1.20 Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30

WINTHROP JAMES presents JOHN GALSWORTHY'S ESCAPE with LESLIE HOWARD BOOTH Th. W. 46St. Evs. \$1.40 Mats. Sat. & Wed. \$2:40 Broadhurst Th. W. 44 St. Evs. \$1.30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30 GEORGE ARLISS IN THE MERCHANT OF VENICE

ANTI-WAR The ENEMY

ASTOR Theatre, E'way at 45th St. Twice Daily, 2:30-8:30. ERLANGER'S Th. W. 44 St. Evs. \$1.50 Mats. Wed. & Sat. THE MERRY MALONES with GEORGE M. COHAN

National Theatre, 41 St. W. of 57'way Evs. \$1.30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. \$1.50 "The Trial of Mary Dugan" By Bayard Veiller. with Anna Harding-Rex Cherrymen

MUSIC AND CONCERTS

AMERICAN OPERA COMPANY 1st N. Y. SEASON, SUNG IN ENGLISH GALLO THEA. Evs. \$2.00. Mats. 2:30. 54th. W. of B'way. PHONE COL. 2150. Mon. Wed. Eve. Sat. Mpt. Marriage of Figaro—Tues., Thurs., Sat. Eve. Pagliacci & The Sunset Trail—Wed. Mat. Fri. Eve. Faust.

Gitta Gradova, pianist, returns here for her only recital this season Tuesday night at Carnegie Hall. The program will include compositions by Haendel, Bach, Chopin, De Falla, Starvinsky, Scriabine, Salzedo and Feinberg.

DRACULA FULTON E'way, 46 St. Evs. \$3.50 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30 "BETTER THAN THE BAT" Winter Garden Evs. \$3.00 Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30. WORLD'S LAUGH SENSATION! Artists Models

3rd block of Co-op. Houses 4th block of Co-op. Houses Opposite Bronx Park 2 ROOM APARTMENT 2 Blocks of Cooperative Houses are being built in the Co-operative Workers' Colony by the UNITED WORKERS' COOP. ASS'N Come right now and select an apartment of 2-3-4 Airy, Sunny, Spacious Rooms Office: 69 5th Avenue, corner 14th St. TEL. ALGONQUIN 6900.

Tickets on Sale Now at Daily Worker, 108 E. 14th St.—10% Discount. THE INTERNATIONAL BY JOHN HOWARD LAWSON Author of "Processional" Struggle for Wealth — Oil — War — Love Revolution — Adventure IN New York — Moscow — Paris — China DON'T MISS IT—GET TICKETS NOW! The New Playwrights Theatre 36 COMMERCE ST.—PHONE WALKER 5851. 2 Blocks South on 7th Ave. Subway from Sheridan Sq. GREETINGS from WORKERS IN A SHOP

