

FOREIGN NEWS ... BY CABLE AND MAIL FROM SPECIAL CORRESPONDENTS

500 GUATEMALAN WOMEN HAIL GEN. SANDINO AS HERO

Send Letter Urging All Latin Unity

"General Sandino! Victorious or defeated you are a great hero," says a letter from five hundred Guatemalan women to the leader of the struggle for Nicaraguan independence.

After informing General Sandino that the letter has been sent him by the "Guatemalan woman as a testimony of their pride and admiration," it goes on to attack those Nicaraguan natives who "did not hesitate to ask for intervention and in doing so thrust into the hands of the North Americans the brutal whip that would lash the face of cowards."

The letter continues: "Conquered, you will have the world for your country and will be accompanied by glory wherever you go; victorious, you will be acclaimed with respect; dead, you will have immortalized yourself!"

"The mothers of the present and the future will tell their children of your super-Napoleonic heroism and will cite you as the noble Central American who knew how to carry the flag of his country to the heights."

"If, unfortunately, you should die, your tomb will be the symbol of the honor of Nicaragua and, in its solemn silence, will teach future generations to defend national integrity."

"General Sandino! Receive for yourself and your valiant men the enthusiastic ovation of the women who admire you, and for all the men of Central and South America the appeal we are making for the uniting of all the nations of Latin America in a supreme effort to show the world that death is preferable to slavery."

MASS MEET RAPS GREEK TERRORISM

Protest Against Arrest of Labor Leaders

(Special To The DAILY WORKER.) ATHENS, Feb. 14.—A large demonstration against the anti-labor activity of the government was held in Constitution Square yesterday in spite of the refusal of the city authorities to permit it.

MILLIONS USED TO END PROBE

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—Proponents of the proposed senatorial investigation of public utility interests charge that a \$17,000,000 "power lobby" is operating in Washington to kill the latest pretense at an investigation of the power trust being made by Sen. Walsh of Massachusetts.

Complete Land Reform In Southern Turkestan

MOSCOW, (By Mail).—The land reform of South Turkestan is almost fully realized. Over 400 estates have been confiscated and the land distributed. Over 2,000 farms were reduced in size.

Anti-Mexican Bill

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 14.—A bill especially intended to halt the importation of Mexicans for the cotton fields of Texas was introduced by a congressman from Alabama yesterday.

THE HAVANA CONGRESS

M. N. Roy Analyzes Forces at Meet

(This article was written before the opening of the Pan-American conference. It correctly predicts that Argentina would lead such protest as would arise at the conference.)

By M. N. ROY. THE American government will not permit the Monroe Doctrine to be touched by any treaty of arbitration that may eventually be contracted between the powers.

The reservation has been made in the proposal presented by Kellogg to Briand for a multilateral treaty among the powers, the preamble of which will be a declaration outlawing war.

The significance of this reservation is that the United States consider Latin America as its colony and demand that the European powers dolefully recognize this as a fait accompli (accomplished fact).

There was a time, up to the middle of the Nineteenth Century, when the European powers—France, England, Austria, Spain—disputed the pretension of the United States "to protect the republican system in the New World against the aggression from the Old."

Those days are gone. The hegemony of the United States over Latin America is now tacitly recognized, although competition for economic and financial influence and political intrigues are never suspended.

None of the European powers, however, would now displease the rich Uncle Sam by openly disapproving his "bullying methods of managing his southern neighbors. Otherwise, it might have been demanded by the European powers, who do not very much relish the recurring "peace-proposals" from Washington, that the war of open aggression against Nicaragua ceased before any such proposal could receive serious consideration.

Hypercity of U. S. Uncle Sam has really beaten the other imperialist governments in bourgeois hypocrisy. In his own parlance, he has "some nerve" to talk superciliously of peace while cynically bombing the people of Nicaragua and planning to build 50 more battle-ships costing 800 million dollars.

Whatever may be the attitude of Europe to American imperialism, Latin American resistance to it grows steadily. It is remarkable how even little Nicaragua has one uprising a few months after the other has been so brutally crushed.

But the latest and the most unexpected resistance comes from Argentina. Being the farthest away from the United States the Argentine Republic has all along been rather lukewarm towards the anti-American sentiment generally prevalent throughout Latin America.

While Uncle Sam was busy in putting the smaller republics bordering the Caribbean Sea and the Panama Canal Zone into order, the far off Argentina developed into a full-fledged modern bourgeois state without much interference from the north, and in closer economic connection with Europe. Until the war British capital was predominant in Argentina and her trade with Europe was much greater than that with the United States.

During the war Wall Street gained much ground; but obviously Argentina had passed the stage of political minority which might be a pretext of foreign intervention in her internal affairs.

This being the case, there was no cause of open conflict between Argentina and the United States. The Argentinean bourgeoisie, which since the war is as much connected with New York as with London, did not care to displease Washington by mixing up in its quarrels with other Latin American republics.

Argentine Opinion. On the eve of the Pan-American Congress, which opened at Havana on January 15, a powerful anti-American agitation has broken out in Argentina. Under the pressure of this campaign the government has been forced to consider what attitude its delegation to the Pan-American Congress should take in case the Nicaraguan question were excluded from the agenda as it is likely to be on the decision of the United States delegation.

BIG WAGE SLASH IS DECREED FOR BRITISH MINERS

166,175 Workers Are Affected by Cuts

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—The miners in the Durham fields will suffer a wage cut of 24 per cent on March 1st, according to a cable received by the Department of Commerce from its London office.

The Executive Committee of the British Miners Federation is planning to send a protest to the Government, according to the information received here. A. J. Cook, secretary of the Federation, has been the leading figure on the executive in the fight against wage cuts.

The reduction in the Durham fields comes on the heels of a 25 per cent wage slash in the Northumberland district. The total number of miners employed in both fields, according to figures made public last September, was 166,175.

The minority labor leaders had pointed to the recent wage cuts in many of the major industries of Great Britain as indicative of the insincerity of the "industrial peace" proposals made by capitalists like Sir Alfred Mond and trade union leaders like J. H. Thomas and Walter Citrine.

by the wishes of the foreign powers, and for the first time sought to unite all the Latin American republics in a common resistance to the northern giant. Failing to bring the Carranza government to terms by open armed interventions, American imperialism fell back upon the effective method of fomenting civil war.

Obregon, who with the help of the United States overthrew Carranza in 1920, for four years carried on a policy which was calculated not to annoy the powerful northern neighbor. In 1924 the United States tried to prevent the election to the Mexican presidency of Calles who was then notorious for his radical inclination.

But supported by the workers and peasants, Obregon defeated the rebellion of the American nominee de la Huerta and secured the election of his candidate, Calles.

The Oil Law. The struggle over the oil law revived. To break the deadlock on the petroleum question, which deprived the Mexican government of a rich financial resource, the Calles government amended the article 27 of the constitution of 1917 making the law non-retroactive.

It was provided that oil leases granted before 1917 could be renewed for not more than 60 years on the application of the lease-holders. Even this did not satisfy the oil kings who wanted the renewed lease to be perpetual which would render the disputed article 27 practically null and void. At last on the eve of his exit from office Calles has given in. American imperialism has triumphed and the Pan-American Congress in Havana is to be staged as a demonstration of American hegemony over the New World.

Militarists Fear Worker-Peasant Revolt



The Nanking war lords fear a worker-peasant revolt and have declared martial law in Shanghai. Photo shows Nanking soldiers on guard in the native section of the city. The soldier on his left has as his weapon the knife of his official position—which is that of executioner. The other has a machine gun.

Japanese May Abandon United States Flight

TOKYO, Feb. 14.—Japan may be forced to abandon the proposed trans-Pacific flight scheduled for next summer.

It was understood today that the Japanese government had refused to approve of the plane now under construction for the flight from Japan to the west coast of the United States.

The claim was made that the plane was believed incapable of flying the great distance without mishap and that a new plane could not be constructed in time to complete the proposed flight.

united Latin American opposition to the imperialism of the United States.

Havana a Test. For obvious reasons, the United States government does not desire that the Nicaraguan question is discussed in the Pan-American Congress.

To have the congress leave the Nicaraguan question alone would mean that Uncle Sam's right to do whatever he pleases in the New World is indisputable. His supremacy is recognized by the very states over which he seeks to rule supreme.

A part of the recent capitulation of Calles was that he very likely agreed that the Mexican delegation to the congress would not raise the Nicaraguan question.

Now, the attitude of Argentina may influence the policy of the Mexican delegation.

The Calles government has all along been accused by Washington of helping the Nicaraguan rebels. Undoubtedly, there exists in Mexico a widespread sympathy for the Nicaraguan people fighting against American imperialism. Therefore the Mexican delegation will be obliged to support any move to raise the Nicaraguan question.

Thus the Havana Congress, which is staged as the demonstration of American supremacy, may turn out to be a scene of Uncle Sam's defeat.

SEVEN-HOUR DAY IN PRACTICE IN USSR FACTORIES

Moscow Textile Mills Start New System

MOSCOW, (By Mail).—"Vparied" was the first textile factory of the Moscow gubernia to introduce the 7-hour day. The factory started work on the new system on the 12th of January, others began on the 15th.

The introduction of the 7-hour day was preceded by extensive rationalization of the working process and introduction of machinery. On the 1st of February the factory will start working in three shifts and the number of workers will increase by 20 per cent.

The average worker produces 900 boxes in the 7-hour day and earns 2 roubles, 56 kopecks. Before the war a worker produced in the course of 9 hours only 540 boxes and earned 60 kopecks.

CONVICT KOREAN REVOLUTIONISTS

84 Sentenced After 3 Years' Trial

TOKYO, Feb. 14.—After a trial lasting three years, the Seoul District Court today convicted 84 persons of participating in an alleged plot for a nationalist uprising, according to reports received here.

The Japanese authorities in Korea have long feared a nationalist revolt. Recently Seoul police after conducting a house to house search arrested a number of men and women on the charge of possessing revolutionary literature.

Unrest throughout Korea has been stimulated considerably by the developments in China in the last two years.

Advertisement for Santal Midy medicine. It features a circular logo with a figure and the text "Night Bladder Weakness or Pains Relieved. Safely with Santal Midy Sold by All Druggists".

Come to the Land of Whangdoodle!

WHERE Sam Pickens got a job in a circus, yes, sah! Where workers, both black and white, work only 3 hours a day and there's music in the factory, and big laughing sunflowers 'round the door and beer flows out of every faucet. Sam Pickens is president there. Abe Lincoln helped elect him. There's song and dance and music in

HOBOKEN BLUES

The Daily Worker has taken a special night for the staff and the readers to see this new play by Michael Gold. Join us in the Land of Whangdoodle. Laugh with us, clap your hands to the tune of "Hoboken Blues" at a special

DAILY WORKER PERFORMANCE Wednesday, Feb. 22 at the New Playwrights Theatre

TICKETS At 10% discount for this special evening... PHONES Orchard 1000-2777

Advertisement for The COMMUNIST magazine, February, 1928. It features a hammer and sickle logo and lists the contents: The Presidential Election in the U. S.—V. I. Lenin; Capitalist Efficiency "Socialism"—Wm. Z. Foster; The Present Economic Situation—Jay Lovestone; The Crisis in the United Mine Workers—Wm. F. Dunne; America Discusses the Opposition—Bertram D. Wolfe; Herbert Hoover—H. M. Wicks; Literature & Economics—V. F. Calverton.

Advertisement for Miners' Relief. It says: Unions and Sympathetic Delegations SEND DELEGATES to the City Conference for Miners' Relief at the LABOR TEMPLE 244 East 14th Street. The striking miners expect a successful conference! Show your solidarity with the miners. Workers, see that your organization is represented. For credentials write or call Miners' Relief Committee, 799 Broadway, Room 223. Telephone: Stayvancant 8881.

