

MIN-PLAY AS ILLINOIS MINERS URGE STRIKE APRIL 1

MELLON LINKED IN TEAPOT DOME REPUBLICAN DEAL

Mellon, Weeks, Du Pont, Butler Involved

WASHINGTON, March 12.—A note in the handwriting of the late John T. Pratt, millionaire Standard Oil official, linked Secretary of the Treasury Andrew W. Mellon and William M. Butler, President Coolidge's 1924 campaign manager and now Republican national chairman, with the Sinclair bond "gifts" as the senate Teapot Dome committee continued its investigation today.

Mellon announced that he refused to become a "phony contributor" to the party in exchange for a present of \$50,000 in Sinclair bonds. The treasury head declared Will H. Hays, former Republican national chairman, approached him with such a transaction but that he rejected it, although he did make a cash contribution of \$50,000.

Mellon Dismissal Urged. The immediate dismissal of Secretary Mellon from the cabinet, because of his five year silence about Sin-



Sen. Norris for Dismissal

clair bonds, was suggested by Sen. George W. Norris (R.) of Nebraska, insurgent leader.

Norris declared Mellon's silence about his handling of bonds, obtained from Sinclair by Hays, was sufficient cause to require his resignation as a cabinet member.

Hays To Explain. Mellon, Hays and Butler, meanwhile were called to appear as witnesses before the senate public lands committee tomorrow. All have agreed to be (Continued on Page Two)

Children's Suffering in Unemployment Told



Henry Eiseman, 13 years old, was one of those who addressed 4,000 jobless workers in the large open-air unemployment meeting in New York City Saturday. He told how the children suffer when unemployment hits their fathers. The demands of the New York Council of the Unemployed, presented by other speakers, were cheered by the jobless workers at the meeting. The meeting was held under the auspices of the New York Council of the Unemployed. There are over 300,000 workers unemployed in New York City, it is estimated.

WISCONSIN HOSIERY WORKERS DEFY WRIT

KENOSHA, Wis., March 12.—Despite the drastic anti-picketing injunction issued by a Federal court in Milwaukee against the strikers of the Allen-A Hosiery Company here, and in disregard of the instructions of their union officials, an enthusiastic picketing demonstration took place yesterday morning in front of the mill gates. Jeers and hisses greeted the small number of scabs entering under the heavy protection of hired armed thugs and police.

Threaten More Arrests. With the exception of four young strikers, who were arrested for distributing handbills, no arrests for injunction violation were made. According to a statement by the local police head arrests for peaceful picketing is to be next on the order of the day. He stated that the police are to be immediately instructed of the detailed provisions of the drastic anti-strike injunction.

The reason why arrests were not made at the picket demonstrations held since Saturday, when the writ was issued, became clear when it was learned that the police chief was in doubt as to his jurisdiction in a federal injunction. These doubts have been eliminated by the district attorney who gave the police full instructions.

Those arrested for leaflet distribution were later released when it was found that they could be held only (Continued on Page Five)

Hungarian White Terrorists Arrive Today

WORKERS SCORE RECEPTION FOR BLOODY FASCISTS

Anti-Horthy Leagues Arise Thruout U. S.

A vigorous protest by Hungarian and Jewish organizations, representing 250,000 workers, has forced the municipal authorities of Cleveland to withdraw their invitation to the 572 representatives of the Horthy government, who are scheduled to arrive here on board the Olympic this afternoon, it was learned today.

In spite of the protest made by the Anti-Horthy League, however, the reception committee appointed by the Tammany administration, will travel down the bay on board the Macon this afternoon and accord the representatives of the bloody dictatorship in Hungary a royal welcome.

The Horthy delegation will tour the country until May in an effort to win the support of Hungarians in this country for the fascist dictatorship. It was learned yesterday. With the purpose of exposing the wholesale slaughter of militant workers by the Hungarian government and the massacres of Jews, which are openly approved by the Horthy regime, numerous mass meetings have been arranged thruout the country.

In response to the proposed tour of the Hungarian fascists, numerous anti-Horthy organizations have sprung up in various cities. Branches of the Anti-Horthy League have been established in Pittsburgh, Bethlehem, and other industrial centers.

The fascist delegation will be accompanied by a body of Hungarian secret service men, headed by Hetenyi, chief of detectives of Hungary. Hetenyi has been responsible for the murder of scores of militant workers and has made a career of ferreting out organizations hostile to the Horthy dictatorship.

Altho most of the delegates will remain here until May, one hundred wealthy peasants who will be brought here as a propaganda move, will be sent back to Hungary within two or three days.

The mass protest meetings which have been arranged thruout the country follow:

New York, March 15—4 p. m. and 8 p. m. Central Opera House, 67th St. and Third Ave., auspices of Anti-Horthy League.

Passaic, March 18, 3 p. m.—Mass meeting at Neubauer's Hall, auspices of Anti-Horthy League.

Harcro, Ill., March 15—Workers (Communist) Party.

Zeigler, Ill., March 17—Workers (Communist) Party.

Orient, Ill., March 18—Workers (Communist) Party.

Cleveland, Mass meetings, March 19, 20 and 21—American Hungarian Freedom League.

Bethlehem, Pa., April 1—Mass meetings by Anti-Horthy League, organized by Hungarian societies March 11.

Detroit, March 17—Workers (Communist) Party.

Green's Candidates. LIMA, Ohio, March 12.—William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, has named Herbert Hoover and Al. Smith as the "outstanding candidates" for the presidential nominations.

DO NOTHING FOR JOBLESS. NEWARK, N. J., March 12 (FP).—The measure recommended after 1921 by the President's Conference on Unemployment have not been carried out by business or by government itself," states the bulletin of the New Jersey labor department.

3 Seamen Drown as Rescue Boat Capsizes

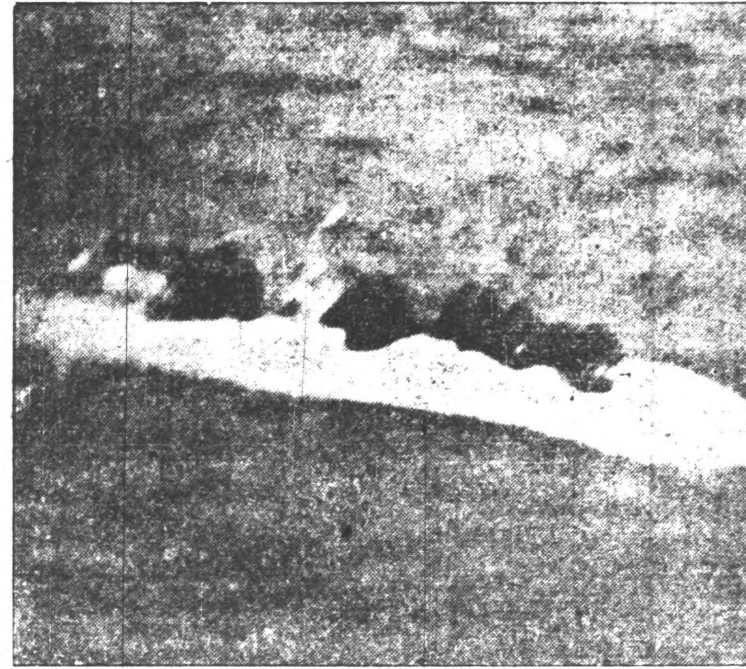


Photo shows 3 coastguardsmen clinging to their frail boat, overturned by the stormy sea near Plymouth, Mass., while going to the rescue of the S. S. Robert E. Lee, which grounded on a sunken reef off Manomet, Mass. The 263 passengers of the liner were safely removed. The government pays these coastguardsmen meager wages for the constant danger which they must face.

"SAVE-THE-UNION" MEETING BROKEN UP BY OFFICIALS

Toohy Predicts Lewis Will Be Ousted

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 12.—Smashing through the attack of armed sub-district officials of the Lewis-Fishwick machine, the Save-the-Union Committee, after its first attempted meeting had been broken up, carried on another meeting of the West Frankfort miners Sunday only to be again attacked and routed by the officials, assisted by police.

The first conference originally called for the Strand Theatre was attended by over 1,000 miners from the southern Illinois territory. As the meeting was about to begin sub-district officials, fully armed and assisted by police, took possession of the platform and held it while brandishing guns.

Miners Slugged. Chairman of the conference Rukavina, was beaten over the head and slugged. John Watt another miner was attacked by these officials while the police prevented any assistance from his friends.

Sub-district President Fox, a Lewis-Fishwick henchman, then proceeded to address the meeting of miners. The workers as one man thereupon arose and walked out from the hall, leaving Fox speaking to empty chairs.

The Save-the-Union Committee adjourned the meeting and made arrangements to resume the conference at the City Public Park. Every mine worker went to the second meeting place.

Toohy Speaks. Pat Toohy, one of the members of the Save-the-Union Committee who, together with John Brophy, well known mine leader, was recently beaten up by the police at Renton, Pa. spoke at the new meeting place. Toohy laid special emphasis on the need of a mass attendance at the Pittsburgh national Save-the-Union Conference on April 1.

A telegram was received from Alexander Howat, militant Kansas miner who wired: "Sorry I am unable to be with you at your conference. I am fully with you in your fight for a clean union and wish your conference success."

Toohy's speech was twice interrupted by fights staged by the representatives of the Lewis-Fishwick machine. Finally these officials again called in their police accomplices and for a second time under a display of guns, together with threats to kill the leaders of the meeting, broke the conference.

The meeting, however, accomplished its purpose in creating a wide-spread interest in the coming Pittsburgh conference and crystallizing the sentiment against the Lewis machine.

Call For Strike April 1. BELLVILLE, Ill., March 12.—Enthusiasm of the highest degree accompanied a resolution by the local miners calling upon all miners of Illinois to come out on strike April 1.

The meeting called by the enlarged Save-the-Union Committee urged the miners to fight against the wage cuts now being permitted by the Lewis machine; for a national settlement and for renewed efforts to save the union. Thunderous applause greeted (Continued on Page Two)

MINERS EXPOSE 'RELIEF' DEVICES OF MILITIA

PITTSBURGH, March 12.—The strikebreaking face of the Ohio national guard was exposed here yesterday when 200 union miners appeared at the Florence mine of the Youngstown and Ohio Coal company to urge scabs employed by coal operators to quit work.

Under the leadership of Colonel Donald Caldwell, the national guard is directing a deceptive "relief" campaign for the starving miners.

Guns, Not Food.

The real purpose of the national guard "relief" organization became immediately obvious when eight armed "relief" workers rushed in trucks to the scene of the scab pit which the miners were picketing and dispersed the strikers.

Headquarters of the national guard near Martin Ferry "relief" work contained more guns to shoot down striking miners than food to feed the children of the miners.

More "Relief" Killers.

PITTSBURGH, March 12.—Reports reaching the office of the Pennsylvania-Ohio Miners Relief Committee, 611 Penn. Ave., show that while the national guard of Ohio, organized ostensibly as a relief movement to help the children of the striking miners, has been carrying on a vicious propaganda to sap the morale of the strikers and to disorganize their ranks. The miners now realize that the move is a trick of the operators.

Reports from Bellaire, Ohio, confirm the suspicion that the Hotel Clarendon, used as the headquarters of "relief" work, is really the center of this anti-strike activity. The headquarters is an arsenal for state and federal officers. The so-called relief workers have been supplied with arms and ammunition while federal officers have likewise been outfitted.

The progressive miners are now warning the rank and file miners to be on their guard against the strike-breaking crew.

Negroes Are Enjoined

HATTIESBURG, Miss., March 12.—Negro members of the republican party here have been enjoined in a decision handed down by Chancellor T. Price Dale from holding county or state elections for delegates to the national convention of the party.

COMMUNIST GAIN IN POLE SENATE

WARSAW, March 12.—The Communists made large gains in Warsaw in the national elections for the Polish senate. The Pilsudski regime, largely thru a ruthless suppression of opposition meetings and arrests of left wing leaders, has succeeded in winning forty out of 111 seats.

The elections are generally regarded as indicative of a swing to the left in Polish politics.

Radio Is More Than A Fireside Plaything

ALBANY, March 12.—The value of the radio to those in control of such facilities is shown in a new plan of Gov. Al Smith. He is planning to carry his fight with the republican leaders of the legislature, over water power and the four-year term for governor, direct to the voters by means of a state-wide radio hook-up, as soon as such a hook-up can be arranged, perhaps Friday. From the executive mansion here he could thus reach hundreds of thousands with his propaganda.

Detroit Young Workers Arrange Spring Dance

DETROIT, March 12.—The first spring dance of the year has been arranged by the Detroit Young Workers (Communist) League for Saturday, March 31, at the Labor Temple, 9179 Delmar Ave. It will not be just a mere dance. A special program is being prepared. All working class organizations have been invited to help the League with its dance and to attend.

NEGROES REBUFF CHICAGO MAYOR

(Special to The Daily Worker.) CHICAGO, March 12.—Just back from Washington and his announcement of a plan to draft Cal for another four years, Mayor William Hale Thompson finds that things at home are not politically "all jake," as his lieutenants would say; and the rift became discernible—a great big rift—when the big fellow called a mass meeting of Negro supporters to boost the Small-Thompson state and county candidates.

Negro Is Wanted. Everything might have gone along all right if Thompson hadn't gone a little too far. He asked the Negroes to endorse the candidacy of Representative Martin B. Madden to succeed himself.

The Negroes said they would not. They want William L. Dawson, a Negro, for the job which Madden has held for many years despite the fact that the district is four-fifths Negro.

Lindbergh Makes Fortune in Year

WASHINGTON, Mar. 12.—Colonel Charles A. Lindbergh, 26 years old flyer, has amassed close to a million dollars within a year. He made \$300,000 from his writings. His income as a director of the Guggenheim Foundation for the promotion of aeronautics is said to be \$100,000 annually. His all-United States trip last fall enriched him \$225,000. His prizes, one for the trans-Atlantic trip and the other from the Wilson Foundation were \$25,000 each while the presents he has received have a value exceeding \$250,000.

OPEN SHOP DRIVE IN BLDG. TRADES

Ind. Survey Commission Reports

ALBANY, March 12.—A wide-scale open shop drive on the building trades which will begin with the New York employers and which will extend in all probability to national proportions was foreshadowed in the report just made public of the Industrial Survey Commission to the New York State legislature. The commission was appointed two years ago to stall off the flood of labor bills with protracted investigations. It is dominated by republicans who control the legislature. Emanuel Kovaleski of the hotel workers union represents labor on the commission and with only minor qualifications has endorsed its program.

Open Shop Commission. Besides approving of the open shop for building trades and frowning on most of labor's legislative program, the commission proposed an "impartial chairman" for the building industry. The part of the report showing the commission's stand on the openshop reads:

"It (the commission) believes that the following propositions are fundamental: There exists an undoubted right on the part of either an individual worker or an individual employer to join an association of other workers or other employers, and as a corollary there exists also an equal right to refrain from joining such an organization without penalty to him of any nature. Unregulated monopoly can be, and has become, especially vicious in the building industry. Undoubtedly monopolistic tendencies, for which both employers' organizations and labor unions are partly responsible, have unduly raised building costs."

James Gerard, former ambassador to Germany and appointed to represent the "public" on the commission, was particularly inquisitive about building union practices in the survey group's hearings. The commissioners asked questions designed to force admissions of monopolistic practices, such as limitation of membership, from building union officials.

That section of the commission's report (Continued on Page Two)

STARVING MINERS AID DAILY WORKER

Contribute their Much-Needed Money to Help Defend Editors

Because they "realize what it would mean to their class, the working class, to lose The DAILY WORKER," a group of workers in Ambridge, a town in the bituminous district of western Pennsylvania has sent \$25 to aid in the defense of the paper. Miners' Struggle. A number of the workers in this group are soft coal miners who have been on strike for almost a year. They are men on the verge of starvation. Their wives and children are hungry and in rags. Thru the bitter cold of winter, harried at every step by the ceaseless persecution of the coal and iron police, they have persisted in the struggle to save their union from the bosses' attempt to smash it and their reactionary leaders' efforts to betray it. But along with the need of saving their union these men realize the necessity of saving The DAILY WORKER, as their most powerful ally in the struggle of the working class against the bosses. Letter after letter received at the offices of the paper, from the striking coal regions thruout the country, reveal that the miners understand The DAILY WORKER is their paper and that any danger to their paper is a danger threatening (Continued on Page Two)

MASS PICKETING GROWS IN PENNA.

Troopers Prevent Even Children's Meeting

WASHINGTON, Pa., March 12.—Mass picketing despite strikebreaking injunctions became an impressive fact here today when nearly 700 pickets of this county defied Sheriff Oddie Abbot's proclamation forbidding more than three people to congregate in the streets when the miners had assembled before the mine of the Gilmore Company in Gillespie, Pa.

State troopers under Corporal Harold Pierce, ordered them to disperse but the miners refused to leave and challenged the troopers to arrest them. Thirty strikers were taken in busses by troopers to the office of Thomas Resse, justice of the peace in Cannonburg and charged with unlawful assemblage.

Strikers Released. They were immediately released, however.

Five hundred miners carried on a mass picketing demonstration at Burgettstown. Fifty others picketed at the Montour mine of the Pittsburgh Coal Company at Houston. None of these were arrested but troopers are patrolling roads all the time and keeping miners moving.

Pickets now come to the mines as early as five o'clock in the morning. Miners here are beginning to realize and state openly that the only way to fight injunctions effectively is by mass picketing.

Children's Meeting Broken Up. AVELLA, Pa., Mar. 12.—A meeting of over 200 children of the Children's Strike Club was broken up by state troopers and three deputy sheriffs who declared that Sheriff Oddie Abbot had forbidden all mass meetings in Washington county.

Fannie Toohy, leader of the club which has been endorsed by the local union and women's auxiliary, was not permitted to speak. A committee of parents will call upon the sheriff today to protest his action.

Many children had walked three (Continued on Page Two)

Tombs Prisoners Herded Together

ALBANY, N. Y., March 12.—The state commission of correction charges that the law in respect to classification of prisoners is not being observed in the Tombs Prison, New York. The report further states that prisoners are herded together, and recommends one cell for each prisoner.

REPUDIATE LEWIS MACHINE IN OHIO

NEFFS, Ohio, March 12.—Repudiation of Lee Hall, president of District 6, the Lewis machine representative in Ohio, was recorded here in Subdistrict 5 of District 6, United Mine Workers of America when by a unanimous vote Local 3562, Frank Sepich, president and John Hudak, secretary passed a resolution condemning the treacherous conduct of James Kunkin, one of the officers of the district. The resolution which was also sponsored by the Save the Union Committee, Sub. Dist. 5, Dist. 6, follows: James Kunkin, one time so-called progressive in Sub-district 5, District 6 of the United Mine Workers, is trusting his case forward once (Continued on Page Two)



# Red Sunday Will Rouse Los Angeles in "Daily Worker" Subscription Drive

## ALL PARTY UNITS TO CANVAS HOMES IN SUB CAMPAIGN

### Mass Meeting, March, to Boom Work

LOS ANGELES, Calif., March 12.—Announcement of special preparations for a Red Sunday in Los Angeles on March 18, to stimulate the California city's activity in the national subscription campaign to add 10,000 new readers to THE DAILY WORKER by May 1, has been made by Paul C. Reiss, DAILY WORKER Agent in district 13.

"Free distribution of 2,000 copies of THE DAILY WORKER is only a part of the monster demonstration which is being planned to bring THE DAILY WORKER and its appeal to thousands of Los Angeles workers," Reiss asserted.

"A house to house canvas will open the Red Sunday drive. The canvassers will begin their door to door visits early Sunday morning and the labors will not be finished until the sun goes down on one of the most important days in the history of THE DAILY WORKER in Los Angeles. Reiss continued.



PAUL C. REISS

Every unit of the Party apparatus in Los Angeles is being mobilized to this work. All party shop and street nuclei, The Young Workers League and Pioneers and the women's organizations will participate in the work of bringing home to the workers of Los Angeles the necessity of subscribing to the only militant American labor daily.

While the canvassers are making their rounds hundreds of workers and Party members will rally in a monster procession with automobiles, banners and placards.

DAILY WORKER mass rally will wind up the day's work. "There will be prominent speakers from many sections," said Reiss, "and the Los Angeles workers are going to hear some of the best addresses which have ever been made in southern California.

"Rally to the Red Sunday subscription drive and mass meeting," Paul Reiss urges, "and keep District 13 at the head of the big national offensive."

## REPUDIATE LEWIS MACHINE IN OHIO

### Coal Miners Condemn Lewis Henchman

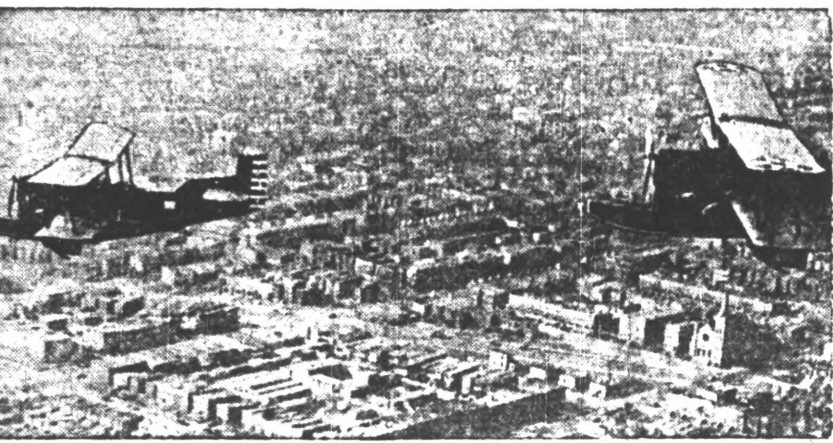
(Continued from Page One)

more and at a time when the union is fighting for its life. Kunik is a traitor to the union, and did not hesitate, in the interest of the coal operators, to advocate a reduction of the wage scale to \$5.00 a day. The rank and file of the union repudiated Kunik, and at a meeting in Bridgeport showed Kunik that he cannot carry on this treacherous activity in the union.

The miners know that the wage scale that the miners are demanding is due them. They know that a reduction of the wage scale will not give the miners more work. The progressives have asserted that one of the primary tasks of the union is to organize the non-union fields of West Virginia, Kentucky and Tennessee, and thus take away the excuses that the coal operators have in their attempts to reduce the scale and lock out the union miners.

The progressives in the Save the Union Committee recognize that the policy of the present administration is throttling the union. The riot settlements are dividing the forces of the union, and preventing the miners from acting as a united body. Kunik accuses Lee Hall of sharing his views in regard to a reduction of the wage scale. The administration has avoided a meeting with Kunik, which may be suggestive in itself. The Save the Union Committee of Subdistrict 5, District 6, declares that any man in the union, no matter what his position may be, who advoca-

## Rain Ends an Attempt at Another One of Those "Good Will" Flights



The rain didn't respect a couple of chief high militaristic muck-a-mucks who were bound on one of those "good-will" flights to Latin-America. So the air trip to Panama of Assistant Secretary of War Davidson and Major General Fechet, chief of the air service, came to an inglorious end when they were forced down by the ed.

## MELLON LINKED IN TEAPOT DOME

### Weeks, Du Pont, Butler Also Involved

(Continued from Page One) present. The senate committee subpoenaed Hays to testify Tuesday about the facts that he withheld on his two previous appearances as a witness. The committee also invited Butler to come forward and explain why his name was pencilled on the corner of Pratt's mysterious memorandum.

"Conceived in Fraud." The Sinclair donations to the Republican Party were made in 1923, within a month after the senate began to investigate his lease of Teapot Dome from the Harding-Coolidge government, in which Herbert Hoover was a leading cabinet member. They came chiefly from his "profits" in the Continental Trading Company's deal, which the supreme court branded as "conceived in fraud." Profits from his company went to James E. O'Neil and Harry M. Blackmer, both of whom have fled to Europe and returned from using their "shares" because they feared criminal prosecution.

"Andy" et al. It was the inscription of the four names—Weeks, Andy, Butler, and Dupont—on the Pratt note that smashed the secrecy surrounding Sinclair's gifts to the Republicans. The note was Pratt's personal record of a deal by which he took \$50,000 of Sinclair bonds from Hays and sent a \$50,000 check to Fred W. Upham, Republican national treasurer. Later, Hays said, Pratt returned the bonds to him, so he could give them back to Sinclair. Heretofore, both the late John W. Weeks, and Senator J. Coleman DuPont (R.) of Delaware, whose names were on the memorandum, previously were shown to have handled Sinclair bonds for the Republicans.

ST. LOUIS, Mar. 12.—If federal authorities would apply the conspiracy statute to the prosecution of guilty persons in this oil mess, as they do in the cases of smaller criminals, what would the harvest be? asked Sen. James A. Reed today.

## Real Estate Interests Would Kill Commission

ALBANY, March 12.—Having defeated the proposed dwellings law in this session of the legislature, real estate interests are now directing their guns on the bill that would continue in existence for another year the commission that drew up the proposed law.

According to recent announcements the real estate men will take their fight to Gov. Smith if the bill extending the life of the commission is passed. By all indications the governor will veto the bill if passed by the legislature.

## HICKMAN APPEALS TO APPEAL

LOS ANGELES, March 12.—Attorneys for William Edward Hickman are preparing an appeal which they will argue before the California Supreme Court in an attempt to win a reversal of the superior court verdict which resulted in a sentence of death.

ates a lowering of the scale is a traitor and the Committee will not hesitate to expose him to the entire American labor movement.

A Labor Party. Since its inception, the Save the Union Committee has advocated militant action for the union: Organize the Unorganized, National Strike with a National Settlement, Six Hour Day, Five Day Week, Mass Picketing, Defense of All Injunctions, a Labor Party. The Save the Union Committee repudiates Kunik and declares that it was a member of the progressives who brought about the expulsion of Fritz Baranek, henchman of Kunik, who also advocated a reduction of the scale at Stanley. The Save the Union Committee will proceed in the same manner against any other traitor to the union and brand him as such before the entire American working class. Kunik and "Kunikism" must be banished from the union, just as Lewis with his reactionary policies must go.

## The "Slimy Trail"

(Editorial) The striking miners of the Pennsylvania and Ohio regions were warned by THE DAILY WORKER that the senate committee "investigating" the struggle in those fields, is owned body and soul by the coal operators. The warning has now been shown to be true with such ghastly emphasis that not a mine worker can doubt it if he opens his eyes.

The senate committee went to the mine region, "investigating," uttered a few empty complimentary phrases to establish confidence—and then denounced the organization which more than any other is making it possible for the mine workers to fight—the Pennsylvania-Ohio Relief Committee!

The agents of the coal operators on the senate committee report that "the more suffering and distress" they found, the more sure they were to find the Pennsylvania-Ohio Relief Committee—"active, offering food and clothing to the distressed miners and at the same time its doctrine of disloyalty, the breaking of injunctions by mass picketing, and the destruction of the organization of the United Mine Workers of America, together with the destruction of the government itself."

This—coming from enemies of the working class—is a statement which, when the lies in it are corrected, must be taken as the highest compliment to the splendid relief organization which the coal miners have with such great difficulty built, and which makes possible the continuation of the fight—yes, and makes possible the mass picketing which the senators call "disloyal" because it wins.

Indeed the Pennsylvania-Ohio Relief Committee is "offering food and clothing to the distressed miners" and indeed the effect of its help is to make it possible for them to resist the coal operators—to be "disloyal" to the scab bosses! But the contemptible lie that it seeks the "destruction of the organization of the United Mine Workers" is put forward by these flunkies only because the relief committee and the militant workers supporting it are doing more than all else to save the United Mine Workers' Union from destruction! If the senate committee found anything "destroying the United Mine Workers," it would praise and not condemn such a force.

The workers need no advice from the enemy. To hell with these senatorial agents of the bosses! The "slimy trail" which they speak of is the slimy trail of senators.

Support the relief of the starving mine workers and their families!

More mass picketing—if this be "disloyalty"! More mass picketing—if it angers the senators it will win the strike! Send relief to the Pennsylvania-Ohio Relief Committee, at 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.—and make the victory possible. Save the United Mine Workers of America! Miners, take the union into your hands—out of the hands of the agents of the bosses!

## OPEN SHOP DRIVE HOSE STRIKERS BEGINS IN N. Y. VIOLATE WRIT

### Ind. Survey Commission Reports

(Continued from Page One) port which walls that New York's industry is lagging a bit behind the rest of the country is attributed chiefly to Morvin K. Hart, representative of the employers. Hart is counsel to Utica textile manufacturers as well as being active in the Associated Industries. He opposes a new, strenuously the 48-hour week labor advocated and his opposition, with others, is still evident in the commission's report against further reduction of hours from the 48 to 44 limit.

### More Small Industries

Let some of the rest of the states catch up before New York puts in any more social legislation is the plea of the commission. New York's advanced position is too costly to industry.

### Jeer Scabs Guarded by Armed Thugs

(Continued from Page One) for the violation of a town ordinance. Louis F. Budenz, editor of the "Labor Age," who is in charge of the local situation for the American Federation of Full Fashioned Hosiery Workers, is being severely criticized by the workers here for his statements to the strikers and to the press. He had declared that he had given orders to the strikers to "respect" the order of the court, pending a long drawn out legal battle concerning the injunction issue.

The strikers, who insist on conducting picket demonstrations, point to the fact that Budenz had previously publicly stated and written articles in which he acknowledged that the only way to fight the vicious injunction evil is by open violation of its orders.

## PARIS COMMUNE MEETS TO BE HELD THRUOUT U.S.

Meetings in every part of the country have been arranged for the 57th anniversary of the Paris Commune, it is announced yesterday by the National Office of International Labor Defense, 80 E. 11th St. From Boston lyn Ave., with prominent speakers, and a concert program. San Jose, Calif. will hold a meeting Sunday at Druids Hall, San Carlos St., with Anna Porter, secretary of the local International Labor Defense as main speaker. Gomez Will Speak. In Philadelphia, Manuel Gomez, secretary of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League, will speak Saturday, March 24, at 9 p. m., at Slovak Hall, 512 1/2 Alrmount Ave. The program includes an international concert orchestra, recitation of prison songs with stage settings, and tableaux called the "Spirit of the Commune." Meetings are being arranged in numerous other cities.

## GUN PLAY RULES ILLINOIS MINERS' SAVE-UNION MEET

### "Lewis Will Go" Is the Prediction

(Continued from Page One) the unanimous adoption of the resolution. Six delegates came from Indiana coal fields. They assured the Save-the-Union Committee that a strong movement had been organized there which will join with the Illinois miners in a finish fight.

Another Demonstration. At a mass meeting held Sunday afternoon at O'Fallon, 1,400 miners attended. The spirit of the miners for militancy and struggle is astounding even the members of the Save-the-Union Committee.

### "Lewis Will Go."

WEST FRANKFORT, Ill., March 12.—Heads of the "Save-the-Union" Committee of the Illinois coal miners announced here today they would hold additional meetings. Patrick Toohey, editor of the "Coal Digger," official organ of the "Save-the-Union" miners' committee, presided over the meeting yesterday. He predicted Lewis would be "led" by the miners within six months.

### Spontaneous Movement. PITT BUDENZ MEETS

The mine workers are on the march! Following even the example of a widespread movement of the unorganized workers in the West Virginia fields which may lead to a mass uprising against the unbearable conditions, indications are coming from the Pennsylvania soft coal and anthracite regions of an equally spontaneous movement of the miners. The call for the national mine conference to be held at Pittsburgh or April 1 has brought new hope to the hundreds of thousands of miners under attack by the coal operators and intimidated by the Lewis machine.

Save-the-Union. The National Miners' "Save the Union Conference" which will take place on April 1, at Pittsburgh, Pa. is now the order of the day thru the entire mining area. The striking miners of Districts 5, 6, 2 and 1, as well as the miners of the non-union fields are taking up the slogan "On to Pittsburgh for the Save the Union Conference."

Reports from the fields reach the "Save the Union" Committee headquarters that the local unions and progressive miners' groups are electing delegates to the conference.

The slogans issued by the "Save the Union" Committee, that "The United Mine Workers of America Must Be Saved," "Lewis, Cannelin, Fagan, Murray, Fishwick & Co. Must Go," "Organize the Non-Union Fields," "For the Six-Hour Day," "Pay Week," "No Reduction in Pay," are spreading like wild-fire among the miners.

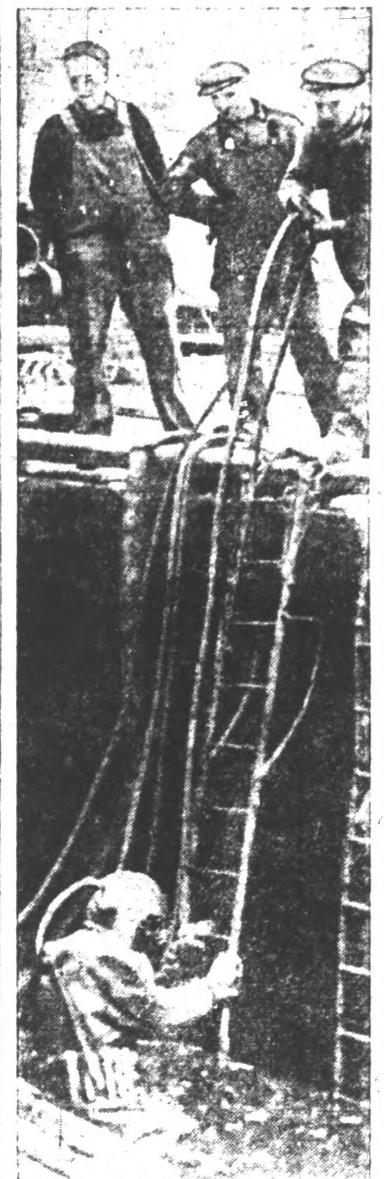
Miners in Motion. District conferences are taking place daily. The demands for speakers from the "Save the Union" Committee are so great that the committee can hardly supply them. This in spite of the terroristic methods employed by the state police in conjunction with the Lewis machine. The spirit of the miners is such that they refuse to be intimidated. Since the arrest of John Brophy, chairman of the committee and the slugging and arrest of Pat Toohey, secretary of the committee at a miners' mass meeting in Renton, Pa., the demand for them to speak at mass meetings and conferences are virtually flooding the "Save the Union Committee" office.

Successful Conferences. To date successful miners' conferences were held in Districts 5, West-ern, Pa.; 6, Ohio; 2, Central, Pa.; 12, Illinois; also in the anthracite. Arrangements are under way for a number of conferences in other districts. The support given by the miners for the progressive movement led by the "Save the Union" Committee, can perhaps, best be understood by incidents like the following. At a meeting of a local union the question of the "Save the Union" Committee was taken up and the entire membership voted unanimously to support this "Save the Union" movement and send delegates to the conference.

Stop Minerich. MIDWAY, Pa., March 12.—When Anthony P. Minerich, progressive strike leader of the "Save the Union" Committee, mentioned the Labor Party in a speech before a meeting of the Midway local of the United Mine Workers of America, Sergeant Jones and fourteen other state troopers broke up the meeting. Minerich had talked about the internal union situation for about half an hour, but as soon as he mentioned the Labor Party issue, an officer declared, "He was trying to fool me, but I know what he was leading up to!" and the speaker was ordered from the platform and the hall cleared.

Adam Getto, striking miner of Bentleyville, Pa., and congressmen.

## Have Hazardous Work



These divers are risking their lives to retrieve a bag containing \$50,000 in gold which fell from the S. S. Roma in the Hudson River at 57th St. Needless to say, none of the gold will be given to the men who have risked their lives to recover it.

candidate from Washington county on the Labor Party ticket, Rebecca Grecht, Labor Party organizer, who was similarly barred in Burghtstown last Monday, and Charles Fulp, a Negro miner, were not permitted to speak at all.

Police With Machine. "Pat Fagan doesn't think he is a good fellow, and Pat Fagan's brother doesn't think he is a good fellow, either," was the response. This statement was considered a direct indication of collusion between the John I. Lewis-Murray-Fagan group and the police to run an end to meetings of rank and file miners of the "Save the Union Committee" which is calling a national conference April 1st to demand that the strike be spread to every mining camp in the country to force a quick settlement and a complete change in the union policy. Lewis' policy of allowing certain union mines to work while others are shut is sharply criticized by them.

The Labor Party, according to Miss Grecht, is a recognized party in Pennsylvania and state and local candidates have been slated in various countries.

Siren Drowns Appeal. ST. CLAIRSVILLE, Ohio, March 12.—To prevent the striking miners working at the Provident Mine near here to join the strike, a huge fire siren, whose deafening sound can be heard for miles around here has been installed by the Clarkson Coal Company.

Whenever the strikers on the picket line attempt to speak to the strike-breaking miners, C. I. Breddlove turns on the siren which immediately drowns out anything said. But the strikers cannot be deterred. "Let's bring signs; they can't turn off the sunlight!" they cried.

Lieut. Col. Wade Crispy and eight members of the National Guard together with Captain Nails, U. S. Deputy marshal with 10 aides were called out by the Y. and O. Coal Company who declared that crowds are "attacking" the mine. No reports of damage or injury have been heard from the district, however.

## STARVING MINERS AID DEFENSE FUND OF DAILY WORKER

### Couple Fight for Paper With Their Union

(Continued from Page One) the entire militant labor movement. And out of this militant conviction and in the midst of their dire need in the bitter winter, they have never failed to respond eagerly to the appeals their press has been forced to make to them. The pennies of the starving miners and of all other workers thruat the United States have checked the smashing drive the American bosses have directed against THE DAILY WORKER.

### Workers Save Press.

The question of the life or death of the paper has been up to the workers to decide and they have made their militant decision. From mines and factories, ships and farms, from one coast of the United States to the other, the American working class has said, "Hands off!" to the capitalist attempt against the life of the workers' press.

The attempt has been checked. But new forces of reaction are being prepared to crush the life out of THE DAILY WORKER. The arrest of its editors, Dunne, Miller and Bittelman was the first blow. The murder and killing of the progressives in the Pennsylvania coal fields was the next to the last.

The starving Pennsylvania miners have raised a hand to intercept that blow. There must be 10,000 other hands to join with theirs. Every militant worker in this country must send every possible cent to the defense of the paper. Rush your contribution to THE DAILY WORKER, 3 First St., New York City.

## MASS PICKETING GROWS IN PENNA.

### Troopers Prevent Even Children's Meeting

(Continued from Page One) miles from barracks to attend the meeting. Others from Newoma, where no club has yet been formed, held a meeting on a hill in the open last week because Union Hall was being used by their parents. Last Saturday, however, Garnish Hall was provided them.

When Fannie Toohey, club leader, opened the meeting trooper deputies walked in and said to her, "You can't go on." "This is a club, not a mass meeting," she replied, and the police have no right to interfere. The troopers prevented the meeting from going on, however.

Children's strike clubs have been organized throughout the strike areas as "Junior Unions" for the purpose of helping children to understand their part in the strike in which they are affected equally with their parents.

The Pennsylvania-Ohio Relief Committee feeds these children and supplies 800 families in Avella with groceries, meats and clothing.

spread the Daily Worker and get a new newsstand

Sympathizers and readers we ask you to speak to your nearest newsdealer. He should order THE DAILY WORKER.

Fill out the coupon and send it to us.

Circulation Dept. Daily Worker, 33 East 1st Street, New York City. Name of Newsdealer. Address. No. of Copies. My Name and Address. Buy an extra Daily Worker everyday and give it to your shop mate or friend.



FOREIGN NEWS -- BY CABLE AND MAIL FROM SPECIAL CORRESPONDENTS

4TH WORLD RED LABOR CONGRESS OPENS THURSDAY

To Discuss New Attack on 8-Hour Day

(Special Cable To DAILY WORKER.) MOSCOW, March 12.—The Fourth World Congress of the Red International of Labor Unions, which represents more than 15,000,000 workers, will open here Thursday.

The Chinese question, the British trade union question, the international attack levelled by capital against the eight hour day and the alliance between the trade union reformists and international capital will be among the problems discussed at the Congress.

The membership of the International Federation of Trade Unions, with headquarters at Amsterdam, has shown a sharp decline since 1926, according to figures made public by the Amsterdam Bureau.

The total membership of the I. F. T. U. on Dec. 31, 1925, the I. F. T. U. admits, was 13,366,327, the total membership on Dec. 31, 1926 was 12,330,287.

While the membership of the I. F. T. U. has dropped, the Red International of Labor Unions has steadily gained in membership.

TURKS TO ATTEND ARMS CONFERENCE

ANGORA, Turkey, March 12.—Turkey will participate in the coming session of the preparatory arms conference, it was announced today. The delegation will be headed by Tewfik Rashed Bey.

The League of Nations several days ago invited Turkey to participate in the conference at the request of the Soviet Union. The U. S. S. R. delegation, headed by Maxim Litvinoff, is expected to propose complete and immediate disarmament.

TOLL IN BRAZIL SLIDE OVER 40

SANTOS, Brazil, March 12.—While an army of workers labored feverishly today clearing away the debris of Saturday's landslide from the peak of Monte Serrat, the authorities were checking up on the casualties. The death list is put at about 40, but others are missing and their fate is not yet known. Between 200 and 300 persons were injured.

All night long beneath the glare of searchlights the work of tearing away the wreckage went forward in hope of saving survivors who were pinned beneath their shattered homes.

Soldiers, policemen, firemen, volunteers and laborers from nearby coffee plantations are attacking the mountain of earth and stone which roared down the mountain.

2 R. R. MEN KILLED TRAPPED IN CAB

SYRACUSE, N. Y., March 12.—Two workers were killed and a third seriously injured when they were trapped in a burning caboose which rolled down an embankment near Watkins yesterday. The dead are Carl Muser, 39, and John Lynch, 28, both brakemen on the New York Central Railroad, and both of Syracuse. Conductor Harry B. Dean, the injured man, is in Montour Hospital, and is not expected to recover.

Muser was widely known as an athlete, and at one time stroked the Syracuse University freshman crew. A broken truck on a freight car caused the derailment, and the caboose caught fire after toppling over. Other members of the crew risked their lives in attempts at rescue.

Hoover Strategy Based On State Committees

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Herbert Hoover as a candidate for the republican nomination for the presidency will not be called upon to make speeches or otherwise take personal part in any state, and no national Hoover headquarters will be established previous to the Kansas City convention.

This is the strategy of the Hoover management, it having been decided to have the contests in each state in the hands of those who have volunteered to work for his nomination, the general idea being that if he receives the nomination there will be no convention to interfere with his progress to the White House.

Sandino Eludes Marines After Attack; U. S. Prepares for Next Imperialist War



Photo on right shows detachment of United States marines leaving Matagalpa in a vain search for the nationalist troops under General Sandino. Photo in center shows Captain W. C. Byrd, who was killed when his plane was brought down in Nicaragua. Photo on left shows war officials going over final plans for an inspection tour of the Panama Canal, which is a strategic outpost of United States imperialism.

CHILE DICTATOR FEARS UPRISING; ARRESTS FORTY

Ibanez Maintained by U. S. Interests

SANTIAGO, Chile, March 12.—The Ibanez dictatorship which, it is widely stated, is supported by the Guggenheim copper and nitrate interests, has arrested forty more intellectuals and workers on the charge of participating in a "Communist plot" to overthrow the government. Among those arrested is a son of Arturo Alessandri, who was ousted from the presidency.

All those arrested will be exiled by the government to islands off the coast. Ibanez has already exiled hundreds of left wing workers and liberals.

The government in a communique issued yesterday charged that Dr. Jose Salas, former minister of health, was responsible for the plot and had despatched instructions to followers in Chile for the overthrow of the Ibanez regime.

General Ibanez became president of Chile after forcing the resignation of President Emilio Figueroa-Larrain. The Guggenheim interests, it is believed, have placed and are maintaining him in power.

Reserve Officers to Demand Larger Navy

(Special to The Daily Worker.)

CHICAGO, March 12.—The military-minded reserve officers from the 13 states represented in the ninth naval district are going to make a vigorous fight for more and more cruisers. At their annual meeting here they endorsed the Coolidge naval program. Real Admiral H. J. Ziegmeier deplored the modification of the original building program "which only called for an appropriation of \$740,000,000" to the cheers of the reserve officers.

They pledged themselves to use all their influence at home and with congress to help the administration program.

MILK GRAFT CASE POSTPONED

The trial of Harry M. Danzler, alleged milk graft manipulator was adjourned yesterday morning until today by County Judge Frank F. Adel in Queens County Court.

BLAME COMPANY FOR MINE BLAST

Recover Bodies of 25 Mexican Workers

MEXICO CITY, March 12.—Eleven miners still remain trapped in the Aurora mine at Tezuitlan, according to a report received here today by El Universal. The toll today stood at twenty-five dead and forty-five injured. The majority of injured are suffering from the poison gas which flooded the mine.

A committee of the Regional Confederation of Labor which conducted an investigation blamed the company for the accident.

MEXICO CITY, March 12.—Bodies of 25 miners killed by poisonous fumes in the Aurora Mine, near Tezuitlan, state of Puebla, had been recovered today. About 40 other miners are still trapped in the lower levels of the burning mine and their fate is unknown. The mine caught fire last Thursday afternoon.

Smoke and fumes from the burning shaft hindered the work of rescuers.

GREEK WORKERS WILL DEFY GOVT.

Civil Service Employees to Go on Strike

ATHENS, March 12.—In spite of the government's decree prohibiting the proposed walkout, Greek Civil Service employees have decided to go on strike for an increase of wages.

The government has issued a statement declaring that it will consider all of the strikers guilty of "mutiny." With the growing protest in rural districts against taxation and the recent outbreaks in the army the government is facing a serious situation.

Sir Frederick Halliday, the head of the British Police Mission, is taking measures to prevent possible outbreaks in Athens.

5 Union Musicians Is Chicago Radio Rule

CHICAGO, March 12 (FP).—The Chicago Federation of Musicians has donated \$1,000 to WCFL, the labor radio, which was of great assistance last month in the successful campaign of the union to bring remote-control broadcasting stations under union control. So many musicians were losing their jobs because of broadcasting of dance, hotel and theatre orchestras that the union demanded employment for 5 musicians by each small station and 10 by each large station using music not originating in its studio. The wages were to be paid whether or not the studio musicians were called on to play.

WCFL immediately complied and was instrumental in having WGN and a number of important stations agree to the protective ruling of the union.

Local 1 of the ironworkers has contributed \$370.50 to WCFL and Local 54 of the painters \$75. Local 2 of the bakers has assessed its members \$1 a year for the same cause.

DOLLAR LINER HIT BY GALE

LONDON, March 12.—The Dollar liner President Lincoln, bound from American to Japanese ports, which was caught in a terrific gale off the Japanese coast, was reported safe in advices received here today from Tokyo.

The President Lincoln reached port about 24 hours overdue in badly battered condition.

Birth Control Meet

A meeting in support of the Olson birth control bill now before the state legislature will be held Thursday at 8 p. m. at 25 W. 99th St. The speakers will include Mrs. Margaret Sanger, leader of the birth control movement in America.

BARE BLOODY RULE OF OIL BARONS American and British Imperialists Exploit Venezuelan Labor

(EDITOR)—This is the first of a series of articles by a correspondent in Curacao, describing the exploitation of workers in the Dutch West Indies by American and British oil barons. The Venezuelan Government is cooperating with the Dutch authorities in keeping the Venezuelan workers who are shipped to the island in subjection. In spite of this, the protest against American and British imperialism and the bloody tactics of the Venezuelan dictator Gomez is increasing.)

By J. N.

CURACAO, Dutch West Indies, (By Mail).—A few miles from the coast of Venezuela, which groans under the yoke of the most ruthless and bloody rule of savages, headed by the aged bandit, Juan Vicente Gomez, and sustained by British and American imperialism, are located the Dutch group of the Lesser Antilles, the most important of which is the Island of Curacao. Years past Curacao was considered by the persecuted Venezuelan revolutionaries as a haven, wherein they could seek refuge, from the dungeons and torture chambers of Juan Vicente Gomez. However with the vast extension of oil production in the Venezuelan fields, Curacao, because of its excellent harbor facilities and its nearness to the Maracaibo and Falcon oil fields, became important to the Royal Dutch Shell interests, as a point of establishing its refineries, and with it the political policies of the Dutch rulers of the Island changed according to the dictates of the British Royal Dutch. These dictators demand an iron hand over working class of the Island and persecution of those who would raise a protest against the murderous Royal Dutch sustained governing clique of Venezuela.

Contract Labor. The establishment of the huge oil refineries has brought to Curacao workers from all parts of the globe the most numerous group of which are Venezuelan laborers. The exploitation of these foreign workers is intense. Skilled workers brought on contract from Holland and Germany, are exploited for a wage return which does not average over \$1.50 a day of nine hours in the tropical heat. Lesser skilled workers from other European countries, who as immigrants, fail to gain entrance into the United States, are thru lying propaganda, diverted to Curacao, where they are compelled to except the un-

human conditions. But the most exploited, the most unhumanly treated group of workers, are the hundreds of laborers brought over like cattle from the coast of Venezuela.

80 Cents a Day. About two thousands of these unfortunate workers are concentrated in

WAHABI TRIBES PREPARE ATTACK

More Demonstrations in Egypt Against Treaty

LONDON, March 12.—British outposts along the frontier of Transjordan are being menaced by 10,000 Wahabi tribesmen, who are massed near Tebuk, according to a Jerusalem dispatch to the Daily Express today quoting reports received from Amman.

Emir Abdullah, of Transjordan, is reported to have asked Lord Plumer, British high commissioner to Palestine, to take "defensive" measures.

CAIRO, March 12.—In spite of numerous arrests, demonstrations against the Anglo-Egyptian treaty are being held in Cairo and other cities. The British ultimatum has aroused a storm of protest.

Sarwat Pasha, Egyptian premier, who negotiated the treaty, is in virtual retirement.

After Loan Sharks

An inquiry by the federal grand jury of the activities of loan sharks in this district will start in a few days, according to United States Attorney Charles H. Tuttle. The sharks, it was stated, operate by mail and newspaper advertisements. They establish headquarters in states where there are no laws against usury and solicit business by correspondence.

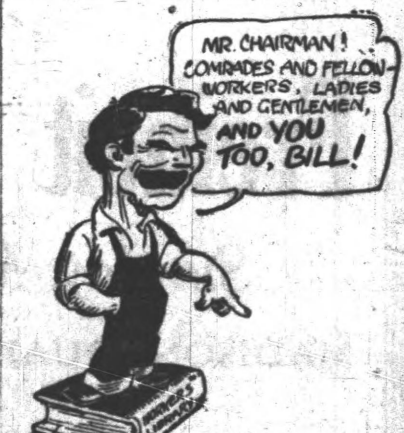
BISHOP BROWN TO TALK IN CHICAGO

CHICAGO, March 12.—Bishop William Montgomery Brown will speak at the meeting to commemorate the 57th anniversary of the Paris Commune to be held next Saturday at Temple Hall, Marshallfield and Van Buren Sts., by the International Labor Defense.

Pullman Porters May Threaten Walk-Out

Creation of a national "emergency," which means threatening a country-wide walkout of Pullman porters, is the next move of the Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters. General organizer A. Philip Randolph makes this announcement following the dismissal by the Interstate Commerce Commission of the union's plea to have the company pay full wages instead of counting on tips.

Advertisement for 'red love!' featuring a psychological study of sex-relations in the post-war period by Mme. Kollontay. Includes a list of books from the Workers Library and contact information for Workers Library Publishers at 39 East 125th St. New York City.



MOORE APPOINTED ENVOY TO PERU

Fought for Standard Oil as Envoy to Spain

WASHINGTON, March 12.—President Coolidge today sent to the senate for confirmation the nomination of Alexander P. Moore, Pittsburgh publisher, to be American ambassador in Peru.

Moore formerly was ambassador to Spain, having been appointed by the late President Harding. Officials of the state department made mild objections to his selection to the new post because he is not a "career man," but the president made the appointment as a "personal" matter.

Moore, as ambassador to Spain fought for the control of the Spanish oil market for the Standard Oil interests and threatened the Spanish government with an American textile boycott.

Woman Is Presidential Candidate of Left Wing in Argentine Elections

BUENOS AIRES, March 12.—A woman, Angelica Mendoza, will represent militant Argentine workers in the coming presidential elections, it was learned today. Angelica Mendoza will receive the support of the Communist Party, according to reports.

Resist the Attack



The American Legion, the Keymen of America, the National Security League, the American Government have combined to destroy Labor's fighting paper and are attempting to put its editors in jail.

Advertisement for 'Save The Daily Worker' featuring a list of books from the Workers Library and a subscription form for the 'Defense Fund' at 33 First Street, New York City. The form includes fields for NAME and AMOUNT.



# "Tinplaters Unionize," Is Militant Appeal Made by Worker Correspondent

## CALLS EXPLOITED MEN TO ORGANIZE AGAINST BOSSES

### Six Aggressive Demands Make Up Platform

(By a Worker Correspondent.)  
Tinhouse men are the most exploited skilled and semi-skilled workers in any trade. Conditions have been getting worse ever since tin-plate making started in this country. At that time there was a tinner and catcher for every tinning machine (patent pot). The branners and polishing machines were worked independent of the tinning machine and pot. The polisher was worked independent of the branner and was of no hindrance to the tinner in going ahead with his work.

The first move was to combine the branner with the polishing machine. It was then our trouble began. The plates would not go on right from the branner to the polisher. They would slip, lie any old way and slide around while the tables piled up. At other times, they would pile up and then enter the polisher. This would cause all kinds of damage to the plates and cause returns.

A little later duplex and double duplex tinning machines were installed, with 48 and 90-inch rolls in the tinning machines. This added immensely to our difficulty and made our task terrific. Besides there was a machine catcher, instead of a boy, to do the work, and with all the added confusion, the tinner had to work all the combinations alone. Even the latest so-called Norton cleaner gives us a good share of trouble, besides damaging the plates. Bad plates, which are called menders, have to be turned back to the finners, which is ridiculous when we are working patented machines.

The hot-bill men are not blamed for "wasters," when they have to put dirty tin bars thru the mill without knowing whether or not there is foreign substance in them. Other departments are making wasters which they can't be blamed for because of the speed at which they are working does not give them time to see what they are doing correctly.

The Sheet-Mill Men's Union, the old Amalgamated Association, at the beginning made it safe for the tin hot-mills. While from the very beginning the patent-pot men had to take the wages and conditions given them and purely because they had no union to back them. They have always suffered from this. The union that the tin-house had at one time was a farce and isn't worth mentioning.

Now let us look at Saturday's work called dressing. You take apart the slides, then lift the catching machine and raise the tinning machine from the metal and oil pot and set it or take it down to be replaced by a new one. Then you pull the fuse box. Then you slobber in the greasy flusey muck up to your knees and elbows. It is the hardest, stinking job a man could ever think of, sweating and puffing for breath in the foul smoke arising from the flusey filth all

## Tinplate Worker Makes Weapon of Correspondence

In the Worker Correspondence today appears a letter from a tinplate worker describing conditions in the tin works and calling upon all his fellow workers to organize. As the first step in organization he urges all tin workers to exchange their opinions thru the Worker Correspondence page of the DAILY WORKER. At the same time he calls upon the progressive workers in the tin-plate industry to get in touch with one another thru the Worker Correspondence editor. This will be done by sending letters thru Worker Correspondence to other progressive tin workers who letters appear in the "Daily." From there they will be forwarded to the workers for whom they are intended and thus communication will be established without anyone being endangered.

As soon as it is advisable these "inconvenient" safeguards can be done away with. But in the meantime they protect all workers wishing to get in touch with other like-minded workers. For this reason it is necessary that all workers send their name and address together with their correspondence. Every possible precaution is taken to protect you.

The tin-plate worker who sent this appeal has learned the purpose of the Worker Correspondence page. He has learned to use the DAILY WORKER, his class paper, as a weapon with which to fight his bosses.

Let all other workers follow his example, and mail their stories of the conditions on their jobs and in their unions to Worker Correspondence, the DAILY WORKER, 33 First St., New York City. If you have no job or no union, there are thousands of workers throughout the United States who want to read what you have to say about that.

around us. Moreover there is always the danger of being burned when the lifting and dipping is done on the grease, we look to the tin-pot. There there is a pile of metallic filth from the week's work, emitting such various shades of poisonous stenches that we get more than our fill of them before we have taken it off the face of the metal. And all this is done for a few cents per hour.

We want this kind of thing changed and when all of us see and believe as one man we will be able to force a change for the better.

We should see that the matter is taken up earnestly by the men from many of the mills, by writing and telling how things are done at their particular mill. We ought to have letters in the DAILY WORKER from every mill in the country. Names of Worker Correspondents will not be printed so you need not be afraid to tell all you can.

After we hear from each other in this way, we can use the same means for communicating with each other in order to form plans by which we can carry on our struggle. I should like to hear from any per-

## ELECTRIC WORKER FINDS "DAILY" IS RIGHT ON BROACH

### Union Head Is Really Little Caesar

(By a Worker Correspondent.)  
I want to tell you how much I enjoy reading your wonderful paper, the DAILY WORKER. It's my idea of a real union paper which until only a short while ago I didn't know existed. The "Worker and me are friends from now on."

I'm one of the electrical workers who have been reading your articles about Broach, the Little Caesar. It's great stuff. Only keep up the good work and expose some of his wonderful unionism.

He's like Green and the rest of the A. F. of L. gang who have been fooling us long enough. They are no union men. They work two ways, for the bosses and for themselves. You know that nearly all Irishmen are Democrats. Well, the Democrats have lost two votes for life and three children who will vote some day. That makes it five, and I mean it.

Every Union Man A Subscriber. If we were good union men and if the heads of the unions were good union men, every member would subscribe to the DAILY WORKER. It will come and if I can help it, will come soon. Two of my friends are steady readers now.

(X, the name given in the letter cannot be reprinted; Editor) is the DAILY WORKER'S true friend. There is a man who is in it heart and soul. He has done everything in his power to bring the "Worker" into our union and he's making headway at last.

By reading your paper I am learning something about our wonderful government "for the people and by the people etc." and I'll know how to vote next time.

I wish you luck and I hope the DAILY WORKER lives long to take

## Workers Relief Give Real Aid to Unemployed

(By a Worker Correspondent.)  
I am one of the workers who attended the opening of the Workers International Relief kitchen at 60 St. Marks Place.

It was some treat to us workers who are used to being kicked around and treated with contempt by all whom we apply to for aid. As one of my fellow workers expressed it—"It sure seems good to be met with a smile here."

I am going to relate here how unemployed workers are treated in this city so that you will understand why I so appreciate what the W. I. R. is doing. Firstly Mayor Walker and Governor Smith underestimate the number of unemployed in this city. There are thousands tramping the streets here, and everywhere we go the same old story—"Nothing here for you today." But it's the contempt with which we are treated that hurts.

Much publicity has been given Mr. "Zero," the great philanthropist of Zero's Tub who has been auctioning off workers. The other day in preparation for this "great event" Mr. Zero called a number of us together and told us of his plan to sell us as chattel slaves. Only two or three volunteered. He looked at us rather surprised and then started cursing us and said that such ungrateful men as we should starve. The meeting then adjourned.

So that for Mr. Zero. Real men will starve before undergoing the humiliation of being sold as a slave.

We are grateful to organizations like the Workers International Relief who show their solidarity to us.

—AN UNEMPLOYED WORKER

## TEXTILE STRIKE SMOULDERING IN PAWTUXET VALLEY

### Rhode Island Workers Fear New Wage Slash

(By a Worker Correspondent.)  
PROVIDENCE, R. I., (By Mail).—The Crompton Company at Centreville, Rhode Island in the Pawtuxet Valley, the scene of the big cotton strike of a few years ago, started up Feb. 29. It is rumored they have a large order for corduroy auto upholstery. But listen mates. They are going to have a company union, bonuses, etc. The weavers are going to be asked to run 4 Knowles looms. Senator Jesse Metcalf started the 2 loom system some years ago. Now the Crompton company is doubling up on this.

The fixers are going to be made to attend to 25 looms for \$30. The normal section of looms for a fixer in this class of looms is 20 and they get \$37 and more for this in the Olneville mills. Day and night rate of pay is going to be the same at the Centreville plant.

I think I smell another strike smoldering in the Pawtuxet Valley and it may break out before May Day. The Cotton division of Textile has had its wage cutting, this looks as if the woolen and worsted division bosses are going to start it too.

—A WEAVER.

## "VEILS" OPENS AT THE FORREST THEATRE TONIGHT

A late addition to the opening of this week is booked for the Forrest Theatre this evening. A. S. Snyder will present "Veils," a new play by Irving Kaye Davis with a special musical setting and score by Donald Heywood.

The cast includes: Elsa Shelley, Hilda Spang, Charlotte Granville, Grant Stewart, Frances Underwood, Warren William, Julia Ralph, Arthur R. Vinton and Henry Crosby.

## GLASS WORKERS STRIKE

BUTLER, Pa., March 12 (FP).—Five hundred and fifty workers at Standard Plate Glass Co. are on strike again.

## TINNER

(Editor's Note: The correspondent who sent in the above letter should get into direct touch with the DAILY WORKER so that action along the lines he lays down can be started at once. The name would never be found if all the things he fears took place every day.)

Editor's Note: The correspondent who sent in the above letter should get into direct touch with the DAILY WORKER so that action along the lines he lays down can be started at once. The name would never be found if all the things he fears took place every day.)

## DRAMA

### Soviet Film at Cameo

L. M. LEONIDOFF.



THROW out your chests in justified pride, my comrades. Another splendid movie achievement goes to the credit of our comrades in the first workers' government. "Ivan The Terrible," comes to us with imagination, artistic honesty, glimpse of real beauty and above everything, with acting rarely seen in the movies.

European critics have been loudly singing the praises of this picture for months. At the Cameo Theatre a crowd that was packed to the doors voiced its approval in generous, unstinted applause when the picture ended.

"Ivan The Terrible" is different. Different from the pictures we've seen and different also from marvelous "Potemkin." The greatness of "Potemkin" was its beautiful simplicity. In contrast, "Ivan The Terrible" is complicated in plot and involved in presentation. It is not as great as "Potemkin." Yet neither does it suffer in comparison. All complications of plot and picture combine to give us the muddle of intrigue and brutality of the times of Czar Ivan of Russia in the last half of the sixteenth century.

The growth of the power of Russia, the development of trade, the establishment of a new landlord class, all this is pictured vividly and clearly and at the expense of the brutal oppression of serfs whose lives are not only exploited, but also taken at the whim of the ruling class. The lords steal the serfs from each other. Like in the days of American slavery, families are broken up, women violated at will, men whipped, tortured, beheaded and run thru with a pike. The horror of all this monstrous cruelty is never played up.

It is presented calmly, without emphasis and only as part of actual past life and historical accuracy. This feature of "Ivan The Terrible" is to the credit of the masterly cold-blooded direction of Juri Tarich. The rest of the picture is in the same, almost dispassionate calm tone allowing the horror of the picture to speak for itself.

The story is too complicated for complete retelling. "The Wings of Splendidly acted by I. Klavkin, is an ingenious inventor, in love with another serf, Fima, who is violated by a monstrous old lord. Nikita fixes clocks, is handy at everything and

Gives a masterful and understandable performance of the mad monarch in "Czar Ivan the Terrible" the Soviet film now showing at the Cameo Theatre.

finally wants to fly like a bird. He patterns wings to fly with and succeeds in flying before the Czar, who orders him beheaded as something contrary to the laws of God. The dark period of sixteenth century Russia swallows up the tragic efforts of progress. The Church is presented as a handmaiden of a brutal ruling class and partner in all the brutality. The Soviet film makers are unsparring in their realistic, honest picture of the role of the church in this period of Russian history.

Technically it is not like "Potemkin." There is no modernized extreme of presentation. No absolute simplicity focusing attention to one point. It is rather old-fashioned, but in this method it helps also to take us back a few centuries into dark Russia. The photography is able and the scenes of the bleakness of vast Russian spaces and quaintness of small Russian village life is enough to make any Russian homesick.

"Ivan the Terrible" adds another outstanding production to the credit of Soviet movie technique.—W. C.

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**Hoboken Blues**



# GENERAL MOTORS PILES UP HUGE YEARLY PROFITS

## Giant Combine Controls 2,000,000 Workers

By LELAND OLDS,  
(Federated Press).

The final report of General Motors Corp. for 1927, showing a record profit of \$235,104,826, calls attention to the extraordinary contributions this company has made in the last 20 years to the great fortunes which center around the House of Morgan. According to an extensive study of General Motors history in Barron's National Financial Weekly, the purchaser of 100 shares in 1908, who has exercised various rights bringing his total investment to about \$100,000, has profited about \$2,000,000 by the venture.

**\$200,000,000 Gains.**  
Think of what this has meant to the multi-millionaire capable of purchasing not 100 shares but 10,000 shares early in the history of the concern! General Motors would have expanded this man's wealth by nearly \$200,000,000, the greater part of the gain accruing in the last few years.

The 1927 profit for General Motors common stockholders after all charges and preferred dividends amounted to \$225,995,496. This is reckoned a return of \$12.99 a share on the \$25 par stock. Without further investigation this represents a return of more than 50 per cent for the year. But a glance at the balance sheet shows that in the common stock had a book value of \$258,079,950, just a little more than the 1927 profit, and the greater part of the expansion in the last 2 years was accomplished by a 50 per cent stock dividend in 1926.

The 1927 report shows that in the last 3 years \$324,091,880 additional capital has been invested in the business and that \$112,255,382 of this has come out of excess profits, that is, from profits over and above the huge cash dividends which the giant corporation has disbursed.

Cash dividends to common stockholders during this 2-year period have totaled \$900,992,295, those in 1927 alone amounting to \$134,836,061.

The 1920-21 price slump caught General Motors with about \$80,000,000 borrowed from the big bankers. This leverage finally gave the duPont-Morgan combine complete control. In 1922 stockholders were given 1 share of new \$50 par common for every 4 shares of no-par stock and in 1926 a 50 per cent stock dividend was declared. Finally in 1927 the common share capitalization was again revised and the owners received 8 shares of \$25 par stock for each \$50 par share which they held.

### Controls 2,000,000 Workers.

General Motors operates as a decentralized federation of manufacturing divisions. The 5 automobile manufacturing divisions produce Chevrolet, Pontiac, Olds, Oakland, Buick, LaSalle and Cadillac cars. There are the Fisher Body Corporation and 13 other divisions manufacturing accessories, components and other products including Frigidair electric refrigerators and Deleo farm lighting outfits. The combine employs directly about 150,000 workers and in addition markets through 18,000 dealers. Altogether it controls the economic well-being of some 2,000,000 people.

It boasts the wide distribution of its stock among 60,000 stockholders. But according to Barron's Weekly: "The duPont Company with 23 per cent of the capital stock and large holdings of individuals in the management give it a unity of control not possible where stock is widely distributed." In other words, the control of this giant, with sales totaling over \$1,250,000,000, is securely held by the dominant multi-millionaire interests centering around J. P. Morgan & Co.

# ST. LOUIS MINE RELIEF MEETING

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 12.—The Pennsylvania-Ohio Miners' Relief Committee will hold a concert and mass meeting next Saturday at 7:30 p. m. at Sokol Hall, 1439 Chouteau Ave.

The speakers will be H. Schmidt, general organizer, Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America; Martin Uman, educational director, Missouri Federation of Labor; Steve Loyal, South Slavic Section, International Labor Defense; Luke Coffey, president, Local 768, United Mine Workers of America; and Ella Reeve (Mother) Bloor, field organizer, of the relief committee. Charles Blome, president, St. Louis Metal Trades Council, will preside.

### ESTATE STOVE CO. STURBORN.

HAMILTON, O., March 12 (FP).—Despite efforts by Pres. Wm. Green of the American Federation of Labor, the Estate Stove Co. refuses to merge with the Stove Makers' Union in conference. The company is therefore not entitled to union's patronage, Green declares.

# Levine Still Indulging in Publicity Hunting Aviation Stunts



Charles A. Levine, former junk king, and now in the airplane line, has a seemingly insatiable appetite for seeing the name of Charles A. Levine in print. He has to his credit a transatlantic flight, several fist fights, and a suit brought against him by the government to recover part of the huge profits made by Levine in salvaging deals during the war. Now he is apparently bent on one of those "good-will" flights to Latin America.

# N. Y. JOBLESS DEMAND RELIEF

Orders and warnings from police officers Saturday at Union Square, where 4,000 jobless workers had assembled, showed that the Tammany Hall administration is planning to use police power in an effort to check the growing organization movement among New York's many thousands of unemployed.

The 4,000 workers at the Square had responded to a call from the New York Council of the Unemployed for organization and protest.

**Police Issue Orders.**  
"If you're going to let radical speakers talk at these meetings you'll have to call them off altogether," Inspector Patrick S. McCormick said to John Di Santo, secretary of the council, while the meeting was in progress.

Capt. William Ward told Di Santo also that in the future he would not be permitted to hold a meeting by notifying the precinct station of the time, place and purpose.

"You'll have to get your permit directly from the police commissioner after this," the captain said.

**Speakers Describe Hardships.**  
The inspector and captain were in charge of the police detail assigned to watch the meeting. Both told Di Santo at 3:30 p. m., moreover, that the meeting must end by 4 p. m. A fire which brought a quantity of apparatus to 31 E. 17th St. made it necessary for the crowd to disperse and the meeting to end shortly before 4 o'clock.

"Work or wages" was the demand voiced by the assembled workers. The speakers who addressed the workers from three platforms described how thousands of men and women are forced to undergo the worst humiliation for a night's lodging or a crumb of bread.

**Workers Demand Relief.**  
A resolution unanimously adopted presents a program for immediate relief. It demands unemployment insurance and the opening of shelter stations for the unemployed.

Banners on display read: "We Demand Free Rent for the Unemployed," "We Demand Food and Shelter," "We Refuse to Be Footballs for Politicians" and "Millions for Battleships; Starvation for the Unemployed."

The resolution made the following demands:  
"1. Unemployment insurance to be supported by a tax upon the employers and to be administered by a committee representing the unemployed.  
"2. The opening up of trade relations with the Soviet Union, so as to take advantage of the enormous demand for American manufactured goods and thus give employment to thousands of American workers, and  
"3. For Immediate Action.

"Be it further resolved that we call upon the labor movement of this city, state and nation to immediately take up the urgent question of the unemployment crisis which exists, to support the unemployed in pushing the above demands upon the government, and that the labor movement immediately take the following steps in order to relieve the present suffering among the unemployed workers:  
"Against Speed-up System.  
"1. A campaign for the five-day 40-hour week in all industries.  
"2. A campaign against the speed-up system, night work for women, overtime, child labor and such other devices and methods utilized by the employers to increase the army of unemployed.  
"3. A campaign for a Labor Party as a political instrument with which to take up the struggle for the demands of the unemployed, and  
"4. Be it further resolved, that we condemn as an insolent gesture of contempt for the unemployed and for the working class as a whole, in the face of the present crisis confronting the workers, the lavish expenditures of Mayor Walker in arranging an expensive welcome for the representatives of the bloody Horthy government, and the still greater expenditures now proposed by the United States government for a huge army and navy."

### UNION FIRMS ENOUGH.

CHICAGO, March 12 (FP).—Most of the tombstone works in the Chicago cemetery district are non-union, the Granite Cutters' Union reports; but says there are enough union cutters to supply the need of union cutters for tombstones.

# Law Changes but Not Virginia Lynchers

RICHMOND, Va., (FP) March 12.—By the signature of governor Byrd on the bill passed by the legislature, lynching becomes a state crime in Virginia and participants in a lynching can be prosecuted for murder. Virginia "gentlemen" are considering the law as a "necessary evil" and regard it in the light of a gesture for northern consumption rather than a benefit for the Negro.

# MINERS TO WAR ON CONTRACTORS

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., (FP) March 12.—Coal diggers' indignation against the murder of Alex Campbell and Peter Reilly, Pittston union leaders, is being directed against the contractors who are accused of responsibility for their death. Several of the contractors have skipped the region till feeling has lowered. But the pumping killers have also skipped and the police seem to be far from their trail, and this keeps the emotional temperature of the hard coal zone at high pitch.

Cappellini, who was openly accused of an alliance with the contractors, has now come out with the statement against the system, and his executive board says that the matter will be brought before the coming meeting of the anthracite board of conciliation. Umpire Charles P. Neill of the board will be asked to rule on the legality of the contractor method of operation which enables the companies to dodge enforcement of union conditions in the mines.

The contractor system has been flourishing for years and has played havoc with union welfare and working conditions. Some of these petty employers have grown very rich at the expense of the workers. The contractors take over the operation of whole sections of a vein at a low tonnage rate and then hire their own labor, individually, and as cheaply as possible. Some contractors have only half a dozen men; one man employs 150. There are contractors who run open shops, but the majority belong to the union themselves and seek to control its policies in order to maintain their special privileges.

Colliery No. 6, where Campbell was checkweighman, is still idle, the men refusing to accept wage cuts. For two months 1200 men have been locked out. The contractor system was particularly vicious at this colliery and the company may be unable to start the colliery at any terms unless the contractors are eliminated.

# CANNON TO SPEAK TO COLO. MINERS

OMAHA, Neb., March 12.—With a series of successful meetings already held in the national tour against the frame-up system, James P. Cannon, national secretary of the International Labor Defense, will swing to the points further west in his tour with a meeting in Omaha, the coal fields of Colorado, Salt Lake City and then the Southern Pacific Coast centers.

The Omaha, Nebraska, meeting takes place Friday, to be followed by a series of meetings in Colorado. The first meeting in the state will be in Frederick, Sunday at 2:30 p. m.

**A Storm Center.**  
Frederick was one of the storm centers in the northern Colorado section of the recent strike and the miners there have felt the sharp attacks of the frame-up system more than once. In the evening of the same day at 8 p. m., Cannon will speak at Windsor Hotel, 18th and Lorimer Streets, Denver. Monday, March 19, in the evening, he is scheduled to speak in Pueblo and the next evening in Walsenburg. Excellent meetings are expected in all four cities and it is certain that large amounts of subscriptions to the Labor Defender, official organ of the International Labor Defense, will be obtained. A three months' subscription is being given free to the Labor Defender with every admission ticket to one of the Cannon Meetings.

Tuesday, March 22, Cannon speaks in Salt Lake City, and then proceeds to California. His first meeting there is in Oakland, at Fraternity Hall, March 24. The next day, with morning and afternoon sessions, there is a state-wide conference of California International Labor Defense planned in San Francisco to which great importance for future work is attached. On the evening of the same day, March 25, Frisco has arranged a proletarian cabaret. Meetings follow Monday, March 26 at San Jose, and Tuesday, March 27, at Palox Alto. Wednesday March 28, at Garibaldi Hall, there is the San Francisco mass meeting held in the Italian section; followed the next day with a mass meeting in the same city. Meetings and banquets in Oakland, Berkeley and Los Angeles are to be held also.

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# SAN FRANCISCO JOBLESS FORM UNITED COUNCIL

## Relief Is Demanded for 70,000

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., March 12.—At a meeting of unemployed workers which crowded the Waiters' Union Hall to capacity, the United Unemployed Workers of San Francisco was formed.

An executive committee of 21 was elected. Representatives of this organization of the unemployed appeared before the board of supervisors the following day demanding effective unemployment relief for the 70,000 workers of this city who are out of work at the present time.

The United Unemployed Workers are holding three street meetings every night in workingclass districts where large numbers of unemployed gather and the crowds have evidenced great interest in the program presented by the speakers.

A number of unions, including the Central Labor Council, have already passed resolutions demanding the calling of an unemployment conference.

# PHILA. WORKERS' SCHOOL TO OPEN

PHILADELPHIA, March 12.—The Workers School will open its spring term next Monday at the Progressive Library, 4085 W. Girard Ave. The classes will be held Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday.

The classes and instructors are as follows: Elementary English, L. P. Lemley, instructor; Advanced English, A. Bocove; Problems of Organization, A. Sokolov; Fundamentals of the Class Struggle, Clarence Miller; Trade Union Problems, Ben Thomas; Problems of the Pioneer Movement, Clarence Miller; Principles of Marxism, B. Herman and Youth Problems, Clarence Miller.

For information in relation to the school, applications should be made to A. Sokolov, 521 York Ave.

# 600 New Members Join Pullman Porter Union

CHICAGO, March 12.—The Brotherhood of Sleepingcar Porters is not discouraged by the failure of the interstate commerce commission to help in the union campaign to substitute wages for tips, says western organizer Milton P. Webster. Webster says:

"We are going ahead with organizing work among the Pullman porters and maids, over 60% of whom already belong to the brotherhood. The application to the commission, though not successful, has drawn national attention to our grievances against the Pullman Co. and has been worth a great deal to us in making the porters realize that betterment will come only through the might of the union. Over 600 new members have joined since the application was filed. Our strength will soon compel the government to appoint an emergency board to hear our case against the company."

# WOMEN DAY MEET IN CLEVELAND

CLEVELAND, March 12.—Working women of Cleveland will celebrate International Women's Day at a mass meeting to be held next Thursday at Pythian Temple, 919 Huron Road. The celebration is under the auspices of the Working Women's Progressive League.

The speakers will be Marie Wing, former councilwoman and Sadie Van Veen, president of the Working Women's Progressive League.

# Chicago Russian Affair Postponed to April 7.

CHICAGO, March 12.—On account of the concert to be given for the benefit of the striking coal miners March 31, the Russian Branch of the American Association for the Advancement of Atheism (Bezbozniki) has postponed its Public Prayer and Dance to Saturday, April 7, at the Workers Lyceum, 2733 Hirsch Blvd. The program will be presented as announced previously. The Pioneers will participate as well as Russian and Jewish church singers. Dancing will follow the program, beginning at 8 p. m.

CHICAGO—Celebration of  
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March 17, 8 p. m., Temple Hall  
(Marshfield and Van Buren)  
**The heretic Bishop—WM. M. BROWN**  
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AL GLOTZER, Y. W. L.  
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## "WALL STREET'S BIGGEST DAY"

By Fred Ellis



While trust magnates and speculators enjoy the wildest orgy of profit-taking, production is being restricted. Millions of workers, having produced "too much," are thrown on the street to fight against hunger in the wealthiest land in the world.

## Veteran of 8-Hour Day Fight Dead

CHICAGO, March 12.—A veteran of the bloody fight for the 8-hour day in Chicago, waged over 40 years ago, died the past week. Fred H. Bergmann, a founder of the brewery workers' union, was the strike leader of his organization in 1886 for the shorter working day. He died in California at the age of 71.

When the police turned the labor struggle into a tragedy first by shooting to death pickets at the McCormick Reaper Works on the south side and then by charging a peaceful mass meeting in the Haymarket, Bergmann was among the thousands of trade unionists who rallied to the defense of the 8-hour leaders, Parsons, Spies, Engels and the rest. The prosecution, aided by the business men and manufacturers, framed up and hanged 5 defendants who became known throughout the world as the "Haymarket anarchists." Gov. Altgeld of Illinois later pardoned their imprisoned associates, declaring that both they and those hanged were innocent of bombing the police. Bergmann then became a moving spirit in the still extant Pioneer Aid & Support Assn. which helped to maintain the widows and orphans of the men who were hanged and which keeps their grave in Waldheim cemetery green.

## Who Would Repay the Graft?

It is a rule of history that whenever an extreme wing of reactionary capitalism gets into trouble, its allies of the liberal wing come to its rescue. William E. Borah has come to the rescue of the oil grafters.

Borah's letter, proposing the repayment of the graft money received by the republican party, is a model of the conduct of the typical politician of the lower ranks of the bourgeoisie. He hastens into a situation where the entire structure of government has been exposed naked as the machine for plundering the masses; he hurries in to cover the nakedness and to assure the world that what it has seen is not the usual aspect of government, but merely an exceptional aspect which can be corrected; that the political party through whose channels the United States government was bought, is not responsible "as a party." The oil graft money, the stealing of which was arranged in the "smoke-filled room" in Chicago during the 1920 republican convention, and the use of which as bribe-money was a bargain purchasing the nominations of Harding and Coolidge for the presidency and vice-presidency—which bargain Harding lived up to in the appointment of Fall and Weeks so that Fall and Weeks and Harding could deliver the stolen oil fields—and which Coolidge is living up to this day—this Sinclair money, says Borah, "was not given as an ordinary contribution." Borah is here trying to make a distinction between the purposes of millionaires in giving money to the politicians in this case where they have been caught, and the contributions habitually given and which will be given in the coming election, which are not exposed.

Of the graft which has been exposed, Borah says: "The whole transaction, even the payment to the representative of the party, had in view an ulterior and sinister purpose." This sentence is written clearly for the pretense that the payments of financial magnates "to the representative of the party" in the "ordinary" cases (and in the coming 1928 elections) do not have "ulterior purposes" but are for—let us say, the establishment of purity in government. So the money paid to the men who compose a government will have the purpose of making the government impartial as between those millionaires who pay the money and the masses who don't.

In this instance Borah sinks to the lowest point he has reached since his career started many years ago as special prosecutor in the frame-up to hang the workers' leader, William D. Haywood. His motive is clearly to protect the ring of graft and defenders of graft which now includes every national leader of the republican party. He says:

"No political party is responsible, as a party, for the wrongful transactions of individual members who in secret betray it." (Are the chairman and treasurer of the national committee and the presidential and vice-presidential candidates "individual members," Mr. Borah?) "But when the transaction becomes known to the party" (didn't you mean to say "becomes known to the PUBLIC," Mr. Borah?) "it must necessarily become responsible if it fails to repudiate the transaction and return the fruits thereof."

To "return the fruits" of the steal when found out, is the remedy of the "liberal" Mr. Borah by which to enable the thieves to continue to rule the country. But how will this be done? Who will return the money, Mr. Borah?

None but a child will dream that the money would come from the end of the rainbow; Mr. Borah knows and intends that the money will come, if his plan of white-wash is adopted, from big financiers other than Sinclair and Doheny.

Is it an accident that John D. Rockefeller, jr., is now being touted in the big capitalist press as "the outstanding proponent of honesty in business," after having given the public a fiction story on the witness stand before the senate committee with the benign assistance of the committee? Is it an accident that Standard Oil is a competitor of Sinclair Oil? Is it an accident that Senator Wash, chief of the committee, owes his political existence to the Standard Oil Co.?

When the money is supplied by Morgan, Rockefeller, Mellon and a galaxy of their kind, to refund \$3,030,000, or \$750,000, or whatever the sum of the bribery may be,—who will then own the government, Mr. Borah?

Borah here exposes himself as a defender, perhaps not of the Sinclair section of the grafters—but of the men higher up, the republican party, the Coolidges, and above them, the Morgans, the Rockefellers, the heads of finance capital who own and can use either or both of the capitalist parties and who can very nicely drop the Coolidge tool and pick up either the Borah tool or the democratic Walsh tool whenever the publicity situation demands.

Meantime \$750,000 of the loot of the "Continental" deal is untraced.

Some months ago a vague report that no unusual sums of money were added to Harding's bank account during the period when Fall, his cabinet member, took bribes from Sinclair and Doheny, and, more recently, vaguer reports of the condition of Coolidge's bank account were published.

Who will put up the money to refund the graft to Sinclair? Who will buy the next administration at Washington?

## Bloody Horthy

The arrival today in New York of 572 representatives of the bloody Horthy government of Hungary is a striking incident of a present campaign to popularize fascism in this country.

The Horthy delegation hopes to rally the support of Hungarian workers in this country to the support of fascism and to hoeddie a loan out of Wall Street.

Agents of Mussolini, both Italian and American, are also busy boosting fascism in this country. Samuel S. McClure, founder of McClure's magazine, openly hawked fascism in a debate in New York Saturday. Otto Kahn (who is sponsoring a huge monument to Mussolini in New York City) and Herbert Hoover (who overthrew the Hungarian Soviet Republic) are also boosting fascism here.

The Tammany tiger will lick the bloody hands of the Horthy delegates when they arrive today on board the Olympic; but Hungarian workers whose relatives have been butchered by the white terrorists will join in a nation-wide protest of all conscious workers against the fascist cut-throats who are railroading militant workers to the gallows.

# The Miners' Call to the Labor Movement

By JOHN L. SHERMAN.

The call by the Save-The-Union Committee for a conference of delegates representing 800,000 organized and unorganized coal miners is a message not alone to the mine workers but to the whole labor movement.

Upon the outcome of this conference at Pittsburgh on April 1, will depend in great measure what course will be taken in the immediate future by three millions of workers who still answer to the name of organized.

Upon its accomplishments in perhaps even greater measure will depend the direction and immediate destiny of a score of other millions of unorganized workers.

### Trumpet Note of Struggle.

This is by no means an exaggeration. For just as the present crisis in the labor movement comes at the end of a definite historical period in American development so the call from within the ranks of the largest militant section of that movement comes as the trumpet note to the opening of an entirely new period.

If we should make the mistake for a moment of regarding the miners' call merely as the message of the Save-The-Union Committee, or if we should fall into the error of conceiving it in the narrow sense as a movement against a corrupted and treacherous leadership, we shall fail to make the necessary preparations for its success and shall lose for the moment the opportunity of directing those forces which in the near future are destined to remake the American labor movement.

### Energies of Struggle.

Those forces are already in motion. Large-scale and country-wide unemployment, rapidly on the increase, is creating energies of the greatest power for the development of the working class. Unemployment brought about by the large-scale destruction of capitalistic instruments of production and their replacement by another more efficient set, has, moreover, become a permanent fact in American economic development. The capitalist system in the United States has reached the point where it can no longer create new industries for the absorption of rapidly increasing armies of unemployed thrown out by the rationalization of other industries.

The pressure upon the capitalist class, forced by European competition, to lower the production costs of commodities and to depress wage levels is the creator of additional energies of struggle on the part of the working class. This factor, too, will remain a permanent one.

The government is forced more and more to expose itself as the tool of the big business interests. In the events on the international scene no more than in the incidents at home; in the sending of marines to Nicaragua no more than in the carefully veiled proceedings at the senate mine investigation now being conducted at Washington.

In the one case the "enlightened" Borah sanctifies because of a previously made "agreement" with the Nicaraguan "liberals" the imperialist policies of the (black reactionary) Mellon; in the other case Secretary of Labor Davis in an aside during the first session of the senate hearings, blurts out his anger at the testimony of that outstanding "radical" John L. Lewis: "What do these fellows want?" In Penrose's time they would not even have got a hearing.

And from West Virginia come reports that John W. Davis, democratic nominee for president in 1924, has been employed by the coal operators of Ohio, Indiana, and Illinois to direct their fight against the miners. Yesterday he ran for president; today he openly heads the attack against the working class.

These facts are being noted, digested and retained by the body of the American working class. And they are creating an energy which will drive that awakening giant into all the more rapid activity because he has thus far been motionless and inert.

Coming to the fourth great source of power for the working class we have before us the accumulating evidences of a widespread reaction to the corrupt and treacherous labor official-



Matthew Woll, the "philosopher" of the A. F. of L. provides the theoretical basis for the Federation betrayals.

dom. As the leaders of the organized labor movement have moved steadily to the right they have of course, alienated an increasingly larger section of the workers. Never in the history of the American labor movement has the betrayal of the leadership been more open and vile. Within the past few months the Woll-Green ruling clique, notwithstanding any superficial differences any of its members may have between themselves, has been exposed in a half dozen deals with employers, the government and with one or the other of the old political parties.

### "Deals" With Reaction.

Among these is the recent revelation that the A. F. of L. executive council supported the power trust lobby, cooperating with such agencies as the Inull gang in Chicago; the move for a national anti-strike law, undoubtedly a government inspired and probably a government directed move to bind the organized workers and to prevent the organization of the unorganized; in the hearings on the mine situation now being conducted by the senate committee, evidences are constantly coming into the open of the intention in which Lewis and the A. F. of L. machine is cooperating, to prepare the way for government legislation and anti-strike machinery; in New York State, the Green-Woll clique has made a deal with the Tammany Hall machine and Al Smith, one of the main conditions of which is that no strike shall be called on the New York traction lines, another is that the A. F. of L. machine shall endorse Al Smith for president; in return a "concession" has been made to the A. F. of L. on the injunction issue.

### Workers Understand.

That these events have caused millions of workers to reject some of their old notions is admitted in a sort of left handed way by Green himself when in referring to the "industrial

warfare" carried on by the Interborough Rapid Transit Company for which he himself has paved the way, he declares that such acts "tend to develop class hatred, class war and Bolshevism." That is correct.

It is against this background that the miners' call to the labor movement has come. It is from these sources that the energies to make it successful have already been provided.

It is, of course, insufficient to say, "the basis for the movement is here; it will develop of itself."

Activities of the most energetic and unceasing character between now and April 1 are necessary.

### Labor Must Act.

The miners' call is a call to the labor movement. And it is the labor



William Green, a former miner now president of the A. F. of L. and John L. Lewis, blackest reactionary in the labor movement, who is now angling for a government job.

movement that must respond. The issue must be brought to the fore wherever workers assemble and wherever union meetings are called. In some cases it may be possible only to make mention of the fact in the most careful manner; in others it may be possible to pass resolutions of support. But in all cases the atmosphere must be created which will provide a supporting background for this most important event.

Assistance to the striking miners, contributions to the Pennsylvania-Ohio Miners' Relief Committee, 611 Penn Ave., Room 514, Pittsburgh, Pa.; above all support of the Save-The-Union Committee in its heroic battle. The committee should be made to understand that not only is a larger section of the labor movement behind its efforts but that the labor movement expects it to conduct a militant program of class struggle; no wavering and no concessions. Mass picketing in spite of injunctions; spread the strike; open meetings at all costs; resolutions against the Lewis-Fishwick-Hall-Cappelin machine; delegates, representatives, rank and file members to the Pittsburgh conference: All eyes on Pittsburgh April 1.

## Workers Pay for Graft of Power Trust

WASHINGTON, March 12. (FP)—In the fight for public operation of Muscle Shoals Power Plant, there was placed in the Congressional Record for March 9, at page 4569 a chart entitled "Why This Difference." This chart is worth several hundred million dollars per year to wage workers in the United States if they will study it and act upon the logic it presents. The chart shows that the cost of residence electricity in the United States is at least five cents per kilowatt-hour too much. The chart has a heavy line showing how the cost of electricity came down from 9.1 cents in 1910 to 7.4 cents in the average of 82 American cities in 1926. It shows, by contrast, that the price in electricity came down from 9.3 cents when Ontario went over to government ownership in 1910, to 1.6 cents in the average of 21 Ontario cities in 1926.

Below the chart the author suggests that 0.8 cents might be added to the Ontario price to explain reasonable differences from the price in the United States. He figures that 10 per cent for taxes and 10 per cent for profit, and 30 per cent to account for the difference between water power and coal production of electricity, should be added to the Ontario cost which is 1.6 cents. This brings the total reasonable American price to 2.4 cents. It leaves unexplained the additional 5 cents required to make up the American price of 7.4 cents.

At Ontario light rates the American electric lighting bill for 1926 would have been \$713,000,000 less than was actually paid. A big share of this extortion was taken from American wage-earners, either directly or through their landlords' payment of electric bills.

Most of the privately owned electrical plants in the United States are run on an anti-union basis. They rob the worker of the right of organizing, and then they rob him again in his electric light bill.

## Advertising the Daily Worker

There are thousands of workers who do not know that such a newspaper as The DAILY WORKER exists. There are thousands more who have read in the capitalist sheets and in the "labor" and socialist press articles denouncing The DAILY WORKER for its militant fight in the interests of the workers and poor farmers, but who have not the initiative to get even one copy of The DAILY WORKER to see for themselves what it is like. In other words they have never set eyes on The DAILY WORKER.

It is up to all the comrades to make the workers see The DAILY WORKER and to get them interested enough so that they will want to read it. We can do this by attracting the attention of the masses from the capitalist and labor-faking press and attract their attention to our own press.

### Must Advertise

On the subway, elevated and surface lines we see the workers reading the enemy press, very seldom if at all, do we see any one reading The DAILY WORKER. One of the best places to advertise the party press is on the traction lines, where thousands of workers gather every day. Comrades have the habit of keep-

ing The DAILY WORKER in their pockets unless they are at home or at a party affair. If they do read The DAILY WORKER, they fold it up so that only the article they are reading can be seen. This is wrong, comrades. We must openly display The DAILY WORKER wherever and whenever possible. We must not be afraid of being seen reading our official organ. The party is not illegal yet, and we can use this opportunity to bring our press before the masses.

Each comrade must display The DAILY WORKER. We must take the role of a "wall-newspaper." Especially important is to hold The DAILY WORKER while reading it, or pretending to read it, so that the front page or the back page will catch the eyes of our fellow travelers. The front page carries the name of our paper, big headlines and pictures, which are visible at long range. The back page is attractive because of the pointed and inspiring cartoons, which are more eloquent than words.

### Talks to Many.

By thus displaying The DAILY WORKER I have caught the attention of hundreds of workers who, for the first time, saw a DAILY WORKER.

I have started conversations with many of them who sat next to me. I told them of the militant fight The DAILY WORKER was carrying on in the interests of the workers. If the worker happened to be a Negro, I would show articles on Negro questions, and tell him, or her, that The DAILY WORKER fights in the interests of all workers, regardless of color or creed. In many cases it was not necessary to urge them to take my copy of the paper—they took it gratefully. I told them they could get The DAILY WORKER at most news stands, to get it and become a steady reader of the only militant labor daily in the English language.

Whether we are traveling to and from work, meetings, entertainments, etc., we must not fall asleep, or look at the ads in the cars. We must display The DAILY WORKER, regardless whether we have read it or not. This means also that all comrades should read The DAILY WORKER and carry a few copies with them.

All comrades — advertise The DAILY WORKER. Each comrade a "wall-newspaper." The DAILY WORKER to the masses.

—MAX KAGAN,  
Organizer Unit 1F 522.