

AMERICAN MINE OWNER INVOLVED IN DONETZ PLOT

Krijanovsky Conspirator, Received a Salary of 300 Rubles a Month from U. S. Capitalist

Forced to Admit His Guilt After Severe Cross-Examination by Krylenko

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., June 19.—Engineer Krijanovsky, accused of criminal sabotage in the Soviet Union, admitted upon had been paid a salary of 300 rubles (\$150) a month by an American firm known as Stuart's, and that he had participated in the plot to destroy the coal industry of the U. S. S. R.

His admission of guilt followed a long statement against him by Prosecutor Krylenko of the Soviet Government, who had accused him of having continually backed the American Stuart firm in preference to that operated by the Soviet Union, in consideration of the monthly salary.

Following the adjournment of the trial this afternoon, the American, Stuart, in a statement to American newspaper men tried to excuse his action by asserting that he had merely paid the Soviet engineers "in strict accordance with the terms" of their contract, and for nothing more.

CONFER ON PLANS TO FOOL VOTERS

Hoover, Curtis Meet; Borah Backs Ticket

WASHINGTON, June 19.—Plans for spinning the great web by which millions of votes will be lured to the side of American capitalism's efficiency engineer were discussed this afternoon at the first conference between Herbert Hoover and Senator Charles Curtis, candidates for president and vice-president, respectively, of the republican party. A formal conference will be held Thursday with the republican national committee.

Tentative plans call for an extensive stump-speaking tour by Curtis, who is expected to concentrate on the farmers. Among those who visited Hoover at his home today were Secretary Mellon, millionaire boss of the republican party, and Senator Borah, alleged "progressive" and "insurgent" who expressed great satisfaction with the republican ticket and offered to stump in its behalf.

Smith to Pick Successor. Al Smith will take a little time off from his personal campaign for the democratic presidential nomination to name the Tammany Hall candidate for his job as governor of New York state.

Among those mentioned as likely candidates for the Tammany reward of the governorship is Aldermanic President Joseph V. McKee, who was active in putting thru the traction betrayal and also backed the bus franchise sell-out to the Morgan controlled Fifth Avenue Bus Co.

Another possible choice is Controller Charles W. Berry, a close friend and admirer of Governor Smith and one of the most faithful servants of Tammany Hall.

MUST HEED LAST CALL OF "DAILY"

Workers Urged to Make Final Effort Today

The last call for contributions to raise the \$10,000 fund to save The DAILY WORKER is out today. This will be a final test of the devotion of the class-conscious workers of this country to their fighting "Daily." Only \$475.10 was received yesterday, leaving \$95.89 still to be raised by 6 o'clock this evening.

Workers, what will be your answer? After so many heroic sacrifices, you must not fail at the end!

The following contributions were received yesterday:

Lithuanian Fraction, \$69; J. B. Collins, NYC, \$15; 3E 3F, NYC, \$4; T. Stuppis, 3E 3F, NYC, \$4; Frank Roseita, NYC, \$2; Clara Friedberg, NYC, \$2; May Helgott, NYC, \$3.25; J. Lithinski, Brooklyn, N. Y., \$10; May Helgott, NYC, \$6; F. Grossman (shop collection, N. Y.), \$4; Love, NYC, \$1; 2A 1F, NYC, \$8; 2A 1F, J. Cooper, NYC, \$1; 2A 1F, H. Cooper, NYC, \$1; 2A 1F, S. Solomon, NYC, \$1; 2A 1F, Takin, NYC, \$3; 2E 2F, NYC, \$4.50; C. Zahn, NYC, \$2; J. Sunshine, NYC, \$1; L. Lerner, NYC, \$1; M. Kach, NYC, \$50; Russian Ukrainian Club, NYC, \$17.50; Hany Club, Endicott, N. Y., \$17.50.

(Continued on Page Three)

Fund to Save the Daily Worker Lacks \$695, Must Finish Today

To the Readers of The DAILY WORKER.

Comrades: Yesterday's receipts in the campaign to save The DAILY WORKER were \$475.10.

Today is the last day allowed by the ultimatum of creditors under the terms of which these creditors refuse to continue the mechanical production of The DAILY WORKER unless we complete the raising of the \$10,000 before tonight.

As these words are being written a message was again delivered from these creditors who insist on an answer to the question whether this is to be the last issue of The DAILY WORKER.

Our reply is: No! This is not going to be the last issue of The DAILY WORKER. The splendid response of the militant workers determined to save their revolutionary paper must be successful. The DAILY WORKER must live and fight.

We have come within less than \$700 of the total of \$10,000 which we are obliged to have raised before the end of this day.

The receipts of the campaign up to last night are:

Table with 2 columns: Day, Amount. Monday \$161.99, Tuesday 464.55, Wednesday 556.30, Thursday 576.60.

Week beginning June 3:

Table with 2 columns: Day, Amount. Monday \$161.99, Tuesday 464.55, Wednesday 556.30, Thursday 576.60.

Back From Soviet Union

CAR STRIKE FOR UNION RIGHTS

Demands Include 8-Hour Day

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 19.—Tramway transportation throughout central and western Connecticut will be tied up if the Connecticut Co. continues its refusal to recognize and deal with the street car men's union. A strike vote has authorized officers to call out thousands of trolley men as soon as international headquarters at Detroit gives its approval.

STRIKE AGAINST "LIBERAL" RULE

Communists Defend Swedish Workers

STOCKHOLM, June 19.—Despite protests, including a strike, by the labor movement, and vigorous opposition by the Communist Party, the liberal government has driven through parliament its two bills establishing an industrial court and making compulsory the exact observance of all labor agreements now in existence.

PASSAIC MEET TO AID MILL STRIKE

Plan Tag Day for New Bedford Relief

Answering to the call sent out by the New Bedford textile strikers, 60 delegates, representing 32 organizations in Passaic, gathered in the Polish People's House on Monroe St. and organized a New Bedford Relief Conference in Passaic, as a permanent machinery to solicit funds for strike relief.

AGAIN REPORT DEATH OF CHANG TSO-LIN

LONDON, June 19.—A Central News dispatch from Tientsin tonight stated that the Mukden authorities have officially announced the death of Chang Tso-lin, former dictator of the Chinese northern government.

MELLON SCABS KNIFE A MINE PICKET

Coal Diggers Force Demand for Expulsion of Strikebreakers

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 19.—While Raoul Daniel of McDonald, Pa., is in Mercy hospital here recovering from knife wounds inflicted by three scabs of the Pittsburgh Coal Company who attacked him near his home late last week, workers of McDonald are clamouring for the expulsion of

Table with 2 columns: Day, Amount. Friday 695.00, Saturday 705.77, Last week (beginning June 10): Monday 1,660.40, Tuesday 661.20, Wednesday 712.65, Thursday 670.40, Friday 716.81, Saturday 741.86.

Total to last night \$9,304.11. Must raise today \$695.89.

This \$695 we are sure the militant working-class friends of The DAILY WORKER will contribute before this day is done. The office will remain open tonight until the balance is received. Today we urge all comrades, sympathizers, working class friends to do their best to carry us over the crisis.

New York City comrades and friends are urged to bring the funds directly to the office (the office in the Workers Center at 26-28 Union Square) of The DAILY WORKER. All others are urged to rush funds by telegraph, air mail or special delivery to The DAILY WORKER, 33 First St., New York.

THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE.

MINER SMOTHERED BY FALL OF COAL

Operator Neglects Safety Provisions

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.) WILKES BARRE, Pa., June 16. (By Mail).—News was received here today of the death of Anthony Morishus, a coal digger of Minersville who was smothered by a fall of coal while at work at the Thompson Colliery.

Rescue squads were sent to the scene but were too late to save his life. Insufficient supports to the roof and improper safety precautions by the company are believed to be the cause of the accident. Morishus was 35 years old and unmarried.

RUSH PLANES FOR NICARAGUA "POLL"

Officers Will Command Sections; Rush Bomber

MANAGUA, June 19.—Following the report that a fifth army bombing plane is on its way to this country from the Anacostia air station in the United States, plans are being perfected for rushing the operation of the electoral machinery in preparation for the approaching elections.

MOTHER GITLOW TELLS OF ROLE OF USSR WOMEN

Six months in the Soviet Union have been six months increasing revolutionary inspiration to Kate Gitlow, secretary of the United Council of Workingclass Women and one of the leaders of the class-conscious women workers in this country.

Mother Gitlow as she is known is back in New York now after what she terms one of the greatest experiences in her life. Leaving New York in the latter part of October to attend the 10th Anniversary of the first workers' and peasants' republic as the delegate of the United Council of Workingclass Women, she remained there for six months, studying conditions there and particularly the conditions of the workingclass women.

Her eyes glowed with enthusiasm as she sat in the office of The DAILY WORKER yesterday telling of her trip. "The spirit of the workers and their faith in the Soviet government are beyond belief," she said. "There is absolutely no doubt that socialism is being built in the Soviet Union. The first impression that one gets everywhere is that this is a workers' country where the workers rule and

TO KILL 48-HOUR LAW IN LOUISIANA LEGISLATURE

NEW ORLEANS, June 19.—The bills introduced in the state legislature here, restricting the working hours of women to 48, are expected to get short shrift since it was learned that the Association of Commerce has signified its desire that these bills be killed.

The chamber of commerce also turned thumbs down on a measure which provides that employers pay 20 per cent of lawyers' fees in suits to collect back wages. Boss control of governmental machinery is so arrogant here that they don't even pretend to hide the hatred of labor.

BERKELEY PICNIC ON NEXT SUNDAY

BERKELEY, Calif., June 19.—An unusually attractive program and entertainment and talks is promised for the annual DAILY WORKER picnic to be held at Neptune Beach next Sunday, June 24.

LENINIST ATHLETIC CLUB WINS FROM LUXEMBURGS

BALTIMORE, Md., June 19.—After a hard fight watched by 800 people at the Cooperative Shore of Baltimore, the Lenin Athletic Club defeated the Luxemburg Athletic Club in a well-played game to the score of 5 to 1.

JOBLESS PAINTER A SUICIDE

ABRAHAM RABOWITZ, 48, an unemployed painter, committed suicide by slashing his throat with a knife yesterday in the bathroom of his home at 246 Clinton St.

Mrs. Rabowitz said that her husband had been despondent for weeks because he had not found work.

MINE CONVENTION COMMITTEE CALLS FOR LABOR'S AID

Chairman Watt Predicts Lewis Will Get Knock Out Blow at September Meeting

Appeals to Workers to Support Coal Diggers in Difficult Task of Building Union

(Special To The DAILY WORKER.)

PITTSBURGH, June 19.—Calling upon the labor movement as a whole to make the miners' struggle its own, John J. Watt, chairman of the National Miners' Convention arrangements committee, and one of the leaders of the movement for a new mine union, yesterday issued a call for support in making the coming mine convention a success.

STRIKE IN GREECE SPREADS WHILE FIGHTING RAGES

Government Despatches More Troops

PARIS, June 19.—Admitting that the situation throughout the country is crucial for them, the Greek authorities, in spite of a severe censorship, yesterday indicated that martial law has been proclaimed in all sections where street fighting is going on, troops have been called out, and that a number of warships are being rushed to Lesbos, in the island of Mytilene, where a squadron of the fleet has mutinied in support of the striking tobacco workers and others.

While almost no news is being permitted to filter thru the rigorous censorship, which the government has clamped down, reports that the seamen have joined the general walk-out of all industries have been substantiated.

Spreading thruout the country from the Piraeus to northern Macedonia, the general strike is bringing all sections of the workers out in a militant movement, which is unusual for its spontaneity. Actual call for a general strike has not yet been issued but it is thought that the spontaneous walk-out of the workers will force the leadership of the Federation of Labor to act today.

Reports of casualties due to the fierce fighting between the police and the workers in the struggles of yesterday and two days ago are being completely suppressed, but it is believed that they may have been considerable.

FRANC STABLE AT LABOR'S EXPENSE

PARIS, June 19.—The stabilization of the franc promised by Poincare will be realized Saturday according to a decision of the French government, but at the expense of the workers.

The present exchange value of the franc is slightly above four cents instead of its normal rate of nineteen cents. This means that to satisfy the interests of French bankers and foreign creditors the French workers must permanently accept their wages with money less than one-fourth its face value. The French workers are living under a terrible system of exploitation and now they are assured of an indefinite continuation of their condition by the "stabilization" program of the Poincare government.

BERKELEY PICNIC ON NEXT SUNDAY

Workers! Come to our aid. This fight is your fight also! Without the aid of the entire working class we are doomed to fail. We promise you that nothing will stop us to bring this struggle to a successful conclusion. You must give us your support. We need funds at once.

Send help to Convention Arrangements Committee, 119 Federal St., N. S., Room 411, Pittsburgh, Pa. JOHN J. WATT, Chairman.

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# Piece Work System Is Shown as New Source of Graft in the Amalgamated

## GIANT CAMPAIGN IS ORGANIZED BY POWER BARONS

### Reveal Nation-Wide Drive in Schools

WASHINGTON, June 19. — A giant campaign by organized electric power and gas interests to seize control of the country's entire educational system, clearing the way for domination of economic and political action, was disclosed yesterday.

The immediate object is to instill "sound" doctrine into all Americans from the child of seven to "political, legislative, administrative and regulatory bodies."

To this end propagandists of these interests are "in contact with school and college students in more than 30 states," re-enforced by powerful pressure upon textbook writers and publishers and the hammering home of "sound" ideas in thousands of columns of free newspaper space.

Of such overpowering proportions is this movement that one of the leading propagandists boasted that in a few years he and his fellows would "create for the first time in the long history of mankind, a definite, sound school of economic thought, not only among economists, but among all the people."

These disclosures were made in a hitherto secret document subpoenaed by the trade commission, reporting in fullest detail the proceedings at a meeting of 19 directors of the propaganda activity gathered together from all sections of the country.

This document is considered in official quarters a master key to propaganda activities which for eight years past, in mounting volume, have flooded with material what the power interests demanded should be thought.

It throws wide doors the commission has opened little by little, and summarizes and interprets — in the language of the power spokesmen themselves—reams of written reports which have gone into the commission's record piece-meal.

The extravagant prophecy that the first "sound school of economic thought" in history was to be set up was made by J. B. Sheridan, of St. Louis, director of a network of propaganda in Missouri which has reached out to virtually every section of the country. He will be a witness in the investigation tomorrow.

The power interests delegated to this man, the task of reviewing the textbooks on civics and economics used in all parts of the United States, to find out what was being taught that they did not want taught, and how to have it "eliminated."

His accomplishments and his aims were set forth at the meeting described in the document. It was held during the seventh annual convention of the American Gas Association in Atlantic City in October, 1925, with many utility leaders sitting in with the propagandists at their session.

Since that time, the commission's record shows, hundreds of thousands of dollars have been poured into propaganda work, and every form of it has been extended.

## Bomb Injures Seven In Detroit Building

DETROIT, June 19.—Seven persons were injured today when a bomb exploded in the corridor of the County Building here. The bomb was discovered in a lavatory and carried into the corridor where it exploded while several people were throwing water on it. Three men seen running from the scene were arrested.

## SLAVES IN BYNUM'S COTTON YARN MILL

### "I'm So Tired," Complains Girl Worker in Carolina Village

BYNUM, N. C., June 19. (14) — "This is a cheap place," exclaimed an 18-year old night worker in Bynum's cotton yarn mill. "They won't put electric lights in the houses or do anything much for you. And they don't pay as much as some other places."

With electric street lamps nearby, she thought the J. M. Odell Manufacturing Company could put lights into its village houses. Only the super's house has electricity. The workers and under-bosses have to use coal oil lamps.

Tired. "I'm so tired," the girl complained wearily. "Tending 14 sides (spinning) is hard work." She had worked from 6.20 p. m. to 5.40 a. m., the previous night and was up at noon. "Can't sleep any more after I'm once awake," she said listlessly, slumping into her chair. "I hate cotton mill work—not going to do it all my life, if I can help it."

This girl, with her two sisters working day shift, are the chief

## "SCRIP" IS SYMBOL OF THE PEONAGE AMONG THE COAL MINERS

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 19.—Two hundred and fifty non-union miners of the Sonmon Shaft coal company in Sonmon, Central Pennsylv-

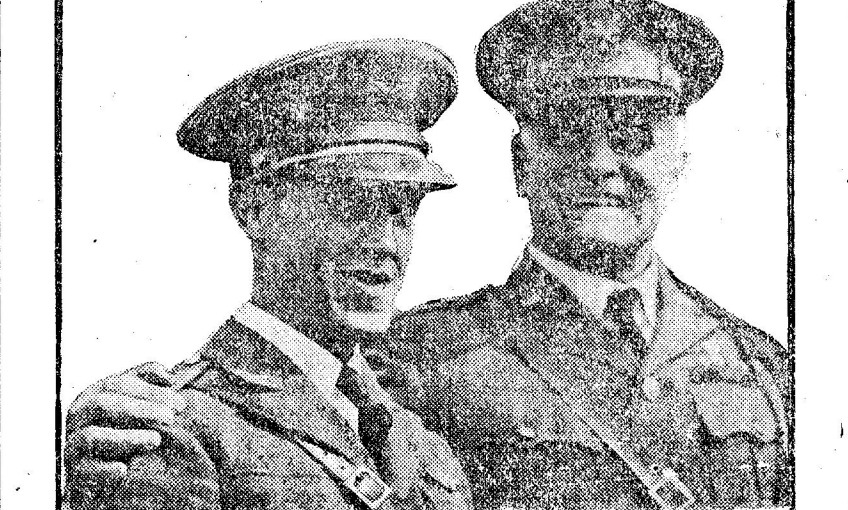
ania, will receive their next pay in "scrip," or company money, it was reported here yesterday by the National Miners Relief Committee. "Scrip," little brass tokens, which are worthless except in company-owned stores, is a symbol of the

peonage of the miners, and they so consider it. The announcement follows on the heels of the third wage-cut made by the company since the beginning of the year. Daymen at the diggings are receiving \$5 a day. Loaders are paid for net tonnage though they load

cars which are designed to hold three gross tons. None of the loaders knows the exact pay he receives for a ton. Unable to trade elsewhere, miners paid in scrip must pay exorbitant prices at the company stores. The mine management is generous with

advances to employes between pay-days, which come only once in two weeks. The miners often find themselves with no money and in debt to the company when pay-day comes. An attempt to leave town under such circumstances means a beating and a jail sentence.

## U. S. Militarism is Proud of Him



Capt. Emilio Carranza is being employed by American and Mexican interests to play the role formerly given to Col. Charles Lindbergh. Carranza's recent flight from Mexico to the United States reflects the growing understanding between the big business interests of both countries which led to the neutralization of the oil legislation. The picture shows Major-General Hanson Ely, notorious militarist, with his hand affectionately embracing the Mexican flagging.

## WORLD TOURIST "BUILD THE CAMP" PRAISES U.S.S.R. STAMPS NOW OUT

### Cites Value of Soviet Union for Americans

"Russia is still a closed book to the millions in America, and a sensible method of building up a firm basis of friendship between these two great countries, is closer personal contact and the sweeping away of distorted pictures of each other's lives," said M. Maurice, a director of the World Tourists, Inc., of 69 Fifth Ave., New York City, who spent the past winter in Soviet Russia securing the renewal of the contract given to the World Tourists, Inc. to arrange tours thru-out the Soviet Republics in cooperation with the official travel bureau of the Soviet government.

"No country has more beautiful natural wonders or greater treasures of art than Russia," continued Maurice. "One can within a week, browse thru the sub-tropics of Tiflis and Crimea, travel thru the scenic marvels of the Caucasus and track the rick soil of the Volga district."

The World Tourists, Inc., at once visualized the tremendous tourist possibilities of this vast country and was the first company to bring this field of unusual tours and interest to the American people.

## DEGREES FOR POLITICIANS

HANOVER, N. H., June 19.—Former Secretary of War Newton D. Baker and United States Senator George H. Moses were among those receiving honorary degrees today at the 150th annual commencement at Dartmouth College. They were awarded the degree of Doctor of Laws.

## KILLED BY TRAIN WRECK

ONTARIO, Cal., June 19.—One man was killed and two others are believed to be dead as a result of the derailment of a Southern Pacific fast freight train, one half mile west of here today.

## DONN BYRNE DEAD

CORK, Ireland, June 19.—Donn Byrne, short story writer and novelist was found dead today by his secretary beside his overturned automobile.

## "BUILD THE CAMP" STAMPS NOW OUT

### W.I.R. Builds Vacation Place for Children

"Build-the-Camp" stamps to aid in the building of the new children's camp of the Workers' International Relief are now ready for distribution, it was announced last night.

The fund to establish and maintain this workers' children's camp must receive immediate support, if the project to invite non-paying children of strikers and unemployed workers is to be carried out, it was stated.

"Build-the-Camp" stamps come in twenty-five, fifty and one dollar denominations. It has an attractive green-tinted woodland picture of a camper's tent out of which six healthy youngsters peep merrily. These stamps are to be sold to those labor organizations and individuals who realize the importance of providing the children of the working class with a camp where they may vacation in an atmosphere friendly to labor.

Those interest may apply for the stamps at the Workers' International Relief Headquarters, Room 604, 1 Union Square, New York.

## Plan General Strike in Bogota; Phones Tied Up

BOGOTA, June 19.—In spite of assurances by representatives of the British telephone company that they will grant the wage increase for which their operators have been on strike for some weeks, the strikers are going ahead with preparations for a general strike and boycott, in view of a breaking off of negotiations by the company.

The walk-out of the telephone workers, which has tied up telephone communications in Bogota for some time and has caused considerable losses to the British interests has had the full support of all sections of the Colombian workers. A recent drive to raise funds for the continuation of the strike brought about an unusual demonstration of solidarity with the strikers.

## SOVIET WOMEN PLAY BIG ROLE, SAYS K. GITLOW

### Banquet for Veteran Leader Saturday

(Continued from Page One) where the power of the bourgeoisie has been destroyed.

"The workers and the poor peasants accept the leadership of the Communist Party and refer to it as 'Our Party,' even though they themselves may not be members. And the Soviet government is a government under which women have equal rights, both political and economic, with the men. The condition of the women and children is the special care of the government. The maternity law excuses women from work two months before and two months after the birth of the child with full pay. After she returns to work, the mother is permitted to take one and a half to two hours off daily to nurse her child. The government also provides clothes for the infant and hospital care is free. Nurses for children are attached to the factories.

### Educational Program.

"A wide and intensive educational program," continued Comrade Gitlow, "is carried on among the working women and the workers' wives, as well as among the peasant women. This work is carried on by the Communist Party, chiefly thru the women comrades. The results are truly remarkable. Only those who have known as I have the condition of the working and peasant women of Russia before the Revolution can appreciate the tremendous change that has taken place. Women who five years ago were illiterate, unable to read or write, are now active on workers' newspapers and are writing leaflets and pamphlets.

"I met an old peasant woman who is now 68 years old and has learned to read and write only within recent years. This old peasant woman is the author of a pamphlet on the homeless waifs in Soviet Russia which has had a tremendous circulation."

Attended Women's Conference. Comrade Gitlow attended a number of women's conferences during her stay in the Soviet Union. She was one of the speakers at a conference of factory women's delegates at the 10th anniversary of the Soviet Union.

This gathering was also addressed by Clara Zetkin, Krupskaya and by a number of rank and file factory women. One of the most interesting meetings she attended was an All-Russian conference of the writers and readers delegates of a working women's newspaper, held in Moscow on International Woman's Day, March 8. This paper has a daily circulation of 200,000 and has 4,000

## Flies Across Atlantic



Amelia Earhart, the first woman aviator to successfully cross the Atlantic Ocean. Hopping off from Newfoundland, the airplane Friendship, in which the flight was made, landed in Wales less than 21 hours later.

## MORE JOBLESS IN SHOE INDUSTRY

WASHINGTON, (FP), June 19.—Unemployment is worse in the shoe industry this month than in May, according to the mid-June report of the U. S. Employment Service, which always is optimistic. Seasonal slackness of activity is given as the reason why shoe workers have been laid off in great numbers.

New England cities in general show a "surplus of labor" in many lines, while the middle western states report better employment in the automotive industry and in farming and road work. Textile centers report no improvement.

Significant of the permanency of unemployment in America, as machinery has replaced man-power, is the report from Anderson and Kokomo, Ind., among other towns: "All plants were in operation throughout the month, but the volume of employment was not great enough to absorb all resident workers."

women worker correspondents.

Comrade Kate Gitlow will probably have more to tell of her experience in the Soviet Union when the militant women workers of New York officially welcome back this veteran of more than 30 years in the American revolutionary movement. The welcome will be in the form of a banquet that has been arranged by the United Council of Workingclass Women for Saturday evening at 6 o'clock at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E 4th Street. A large crowd is expected at this affair.

## MAYOR RETREATS FROM Y. W. C. L.

### Workers Put Stickers on Recruiting Signs

CHICAGO, June 19.—Anti-Militarist activities of the Young Workers (Communist) League here have aroused the wrath of Mayor Edmund R. Andrews, who is wondering what he can do about the matter. Following a bitter denunciation of the league and hopes of finding those who have "defaced" army recruiting signs with posters exposing the military preparations, which was published in the capitalist press here, the major received an official letter from the league. The District Organizer, Leon Platt, challenged Major Andrews to a public debate on the subject: "Resolved, that the C. M. T. C. is against the true interests of the American youth."

The letter from the youth league stated that "failing to accept the challenge will be interpreted by us as an unwillingness on your part to defend a weak case and we will do our utmost to make this known to the youth everywhere."

The major, who has just been so anxious to find members of the league, made a quick retreat when about to meet one in flesh and blood, and refused to accept the challenge.

## STONE CUTTERS' UNION IN SUIT

### Blackstone Comp. Asks \$300,000 Damages

Following the precedent set in the New Bedford stonecutters case of last year which denied workers the right to refuse to work on non-union materials, another company has filed suit against the stonecutters' union for refusing to handle their non-union products. The company is the Blackstone Company of New Haven, which has filed suit against all organizations of the Stone Cutters' Union, both national and local, for \$300,000. The company, according to reports, has already secured federal injunctions against the union.

## BOSSSES OPENLY ADMIT CHANCES FOR CORRUPTION

### Hillman Is "Blind" to Rich Pickings

An extremely clear connection is being established, between the imminent introduction of piece work in the men's clothing industry, which the union officials are enthusiastically putting thru over the protests of the tailors, and the recent exposures of a deeply entrenched system of graft in the New York Joint Board of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' Union.

Even employes are beginning to admit openly their fear that the system of piece work will be used as an inexhaustible source of graft by the corrupt machine controlling the workers organization. It is even admitted that the graft disbursements along this line are by no means in the future, information being available to the effect that first payments have already been made.

While all this is going on President Hillman is still conducting what he terms "an unrelenting investigation." Despite all his "probing" it is stated that he also knows of officials in the administration who are on the payroll of the Contractors' Association.

There are also individuals in the union administration who are at the same time partners in certain clothing manufacturing firms. Officials have been known to receive appreciative "gifts" not only from individual employes, but from an employers' association as a whole. Heads of the machine, it is further learned, have been sent on lengthy and enjoyable vacations, paid for by money given by dotting bosses.

With all those facts easily available to Hillman, the "help president" still continues to declare that he is diligently digging for "evidence" of misbehavior.

Another interesting fact: At the recent convention of the A. C. W. in Cincinnati, the 300 delegates to the convention were accompanied by about 700 "guests." These were the paid officialdom, who did all necessary arranging for the maniacal horn-toting and hammer-banging demonstrations that remained the outstanding achievements of the convention. It was now brought to light that the money necessary to pay for the numerous parties and banquets, indulged in by the machine "guests" from New York, came from a so-called voluntary tax of one hour's work levied on the workers here. Faced with convincing arguments by the Beckerman officials, that the job would be forfeited, most workers decided to "volunteer" the one hour tax.

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PICKETS CHEER AS BEAL AND 200 TEXTILE MILL COMMITTEE STRIKERS JOIN THEIR LINES

(By a Worker Correspondent) NEW BEDFORD, Mass. (By mail).—The New Bedford textile strike is now 10 weeks old. Members and sympathizers of the textile mill committees have consistently picketed the gates of the mills every day during the strike.

at the close, march in body to headquarters on both sides of the city, where leaders of the T. M. C., Beal and Murdoch, would address the meeting. This would take place twice a day. William and Binns of the A. F. T. O. and U. T. W. urged the workers under their control to stay in bed as the best method to win the strike. However, their members protested so strongly

against this decision that these misleaders were forced to come out to urge at their mass meetings the necessity of picketing. So today for the first time in nine weeks 47 of their members picketed in front of the Pemequit mill. Two hundred of the T. M. C. pickets came on the line and joined with them, led by Fred E. Beal and Ellen Dawson, and were met by wild applause.

Frank J. Manning led the Textile Council pickets. Batty arrived by machine and joined the end of the line for one round and went back to the machine. Great crowds watched on the side lines as the cry went up that Beal and Batty were to be on the picket line together. —JOSEPH G. PACHECO.

Textile Mills Committee Has Won Strikers' Trust, Correspondent Writes

FALL RIVER WILL JOIN IN WALKOUT SOON, HE SAYS

Fight on Wage Cuts, 53-Hour Week, Spreads

(By a Worker Correspondent) NEW BEDFORD, Mass. (By mail).—The rationalization of industry, the Dawes-plan and the general European competition, the extension of the industry to the southern states, have all had their effect in putting the textile industry in a state of chronic crisis. Since the war, the history of this basic industry is the story of one wage cut after another. The average weekly wage of the cotton mill workers, according to 1926, show male \$17.48, and female \$15.89. Since then, because of more wage cuts, the average has been lowered considerably. The young workers in the industry receive as low as \$7 and \$8, and the children even less.

Workers Militant. The above conditions are not a result of the lack of militancy of the textile workers. These workers have struggled heroically, one need only mention the Lawrence, Paterson, and Passaic strikes, but because of the continued betrayal of the A. F. T. O. and the U. T. W., have remained unorganized helpless victims to the onslaught of the bosses. It is because of these betrayals and sellouts, linked together with the extensive spy system in the industry, that created an attitude of wariness and general mistrust among the workers. However, the persistent and unscrupulous attacks of the bosses have given the workers no other alternative but to fight. To the extent where even the reactionary A. F. T. O. has been forced into struggle, although betraying at the earliest possible moment.

The present struggle of the 28,000 textile workers in New Bedford must therefore be viewed from the general situation. Because of the lack of faith in unions, and because the field is divided between the reactionary A. F. T. O. and the new militant Textile Mills Committee, we find that this strike has thus far more or less assumed the character of a lockout. The "Batty outfit," afraid of struggle, and anxious to stand up to their splendid record of betrayal, told the workers to "stay home and sleep." However, today in the tenth week of the strike one can clearly see the growing influence and strength of the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union, affiliated with the Textile Mill Committees, and with this, the growing spirit, determination, and militancy of the workers.

One Mill, One Branch. The workers are fast learning that the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union under the leadership of Murdock, Beale, and Weisbord, is the only organization that fights for their interests, and that has seriously undertaken the task of uniting the industry and organizing the unorganized. Instead of having as its panacea the "Lewis and Batty" theory of "too many workers in industry," this union is marching forward under the banner of "One mill, one branch. One industry, one union."

The bosses, realizing the growing menace of this new organization of struggle, and seeing the picket lines gradually change the entire complexion of the strike, have become worried. The conference between the mill representatives and Batty behind closed doors no doubt laid the basis of the betrayal, and worked but ways and means of first crushing the N. B. T. W. U. They know very well that as long as this union continues to grow and spread courage and solidarity in the ranks of the workers betrayal is impossible.

The aim of the bosses is "no compromise." In accordance with this aim their strategy is to smash the union and with it the resistance of the workers. The following are the tactics of the mill owners: (1) Arrest and imprison all strike leaders. (2) Use the press as a means of isolating the union, and breaking the support of its followers and sympathizers. (3) Create dissension within the ranks of the N. B. T. W. U., demoralizing it from within. (4) As soon as expedient issue injunction against picketing.

One need not go very far to show these tactics in action. The jail sentences looming before Murdock, Beale, Porter, and others, is a sign of the attempt to remove the leadership from the field, and to demoralize the picket line. The reading of the New Bedford Mercury, Times, and Standard for the past week shows the malicious intents of the press. The most assiduous action, however, has been the attempt to create inner dissension which was for a time used by stool-pigeons and spies working within the ranks of the union. However, in all of these attempts to crush the union,

Type of Strike Appeal Issued to Lumber Workers

NOTICE OF STRIKE

At Schafer Bros. Shingle Mill

Montesano, Washington.

This is a strike based on the following points:

- 1st. Wage reduction on three machines, equal to \$1.00 to \$1.50 per day. Slugging of a sawyer by the foreman, Bob Shores.
2nd. Re-instatement on job of a sawyer whose work was up to grade but was dismissed to place a man on job who refused to work under a union card.
3rd. This is a strike to prevent disorganization of a union crew by introducing on the job of a man who is unfair to Union Labor.

YOUR HEARTY SUPPORT IS EXPECTED TO WIN THIS STRIKE

Above is a reproduction of the strike handbill issued to the workers of the Schafer Brothers Lumber mill who are striking against their bosses in the heart of Washington, one of the most reactionary states in the Union. The handbill was sent us by the Worker Correspondent whose letter appears below.

LUMBER WORKERS TIE UP WASHINGTON MILL

(By a Worker Correspondent) MONTESANO, Wash. (By mail).—Owing to the strategical position of the workers in the Schafer Brothers' shingle mill, they have a good chance of winning their strike.

This is the same town where the members of the I. W. W. were brought in from Centralia under armed guard and tried by a jury that had been warned by the respectable ruffians of law and order, made up of lumber barons and business men and their lackeys the American Legion, that unless they brought in a verdict of guilty they would never leave the courtroom alive.

I am, of course, referring to the bosses did not reckon with their host.

Wins Confidence. The union has well counteracted all these attacks of the mill owners, and proved itself worthy of the confidence of the workers. The union, by the obvious attempt of the spies to destroy it from within, has only been strengthened, for all sincere workers can see thru this trick. The union has weathered the storm thus far, but it has a thorny and rocky path to travel before victory.

One of the healthiest factors in this new movement in the textile industry is the militancy and leadership shown by the young workers. In New Bedford, where the struggle is sharpest at this moment, the young workers play an integral role. Some of the finest fighters and leaders of the union are young workers. It is these young strikers that guarantee that whether the strike is won or lost, a strong militant union will stay in New Bedford.

In Fall River, where the A. F. T. O. refused to go on strike after its membership voted for strike by an overwhelming vote, the Textile Mill Committees are preparing the ground for the coming battle. The rise of the Fall River workers is inevitable, it is only a matter of time. In this center of gravity also the young workers are in the foreground. They have not had the sad experiences and gone thru the betrayals of the older workers. They have less dependants, and they are so much more exploited, that this section of the textile workers is by far the most militant and aggressive. Not only in Fall River, but in Providence, Taunton, Pawtucket, and thru the entire field one can see the start of a real textile union, and here as in New Bedford, the guarantee for the organization of the unorganized, for abolition of the wage cuts, for abolition of the 53-hour week, lies in the hands of the young workers. It is they who are laying the foundation for a militant mass textile workers' union. —GILBERT GREEN.

ELY, LEWIS TOOL, JANITOR WANTED; RUNS AS MONTANA BOARD MEMBER AFTER EACH JOB

Has Been in Mine for Years

(By a Worker Correspondent) ROUNDUP, Mont. (By mail).—Renegade Stephen Ely is again seeking favors at the hands of progressive miners of Montana. Posing as a progressive he is trying to force the Lewis faction into line, and at the same time trying to play ball with the progressives.

"Fence Fixing." Ely has been away from the pick so long that he should not be qualified to run for office in Montana. But a good subservient tool of the "Lewis machine" easily secures an organizer's commission near an election time when the machine needs some "fence fixing" done.

Ely as an organizer, as such, claims he is entitled to a place on the ballot irrespective of how far he has drifted away from knowledge of conditions. Running for international board member from Montana, Ely is touring the mining camps of Montana trailing with Neil Ferry and Van A. Bittner, two members of the United Mine Workers, who are here in the interest of Senator Wheeler's candidacy.

They Know Steve. The boys in Montana, knowing Ely to be a staunch Coolidge supporter, are wondering just what kind of a game "Slipper" Stephen is playing and how he will square himself with his copper-collared friends in Montana. Realizing that there is a double-cross in the offing, the progressive miners of Montana are being warned to be on the lookout for slippery Steve since his schooling in the Lewis machine has taught him the ways and means of gaining his personal ends as is demonstrated by his state federation fiasco.

Ely is the president of the Montana State Federation of Labor, by the grace of manipulation, and it is often said that since his ascendancy to this position, the state federation has been in a sorry state of affairs.

Rumor has it that he will be unseated at the coming convention to be held at Roundup, Montana, June 26th, 1928, if someone does not become so subservient as to sprag the wheels of honest expression. —S. J. M.

JANITOR WANTED; 20 APPLICANTS AFTER EACH JOB

Lucky Men Put on Half Rations

(By a Worker Correspondent) LOS ANGELES, Cal. (By mail).—A little army of 150 men will be employed as janitors in the new city hall. The salary rate calls for \$100 to \$115 per month. Official reports show that 3,000 applications had been received a week ago. Undoubtedly, the number of candidates has greatly increased by this time.

For examinations before the civil service commission, the applicants will be assigned to various places, including a number of school buildings, for the two hours of written work. To be eligible, the applicant must be between 21 and 55 years of age, a citizen and a voter. He must be physically fit. He must have resided in Los Angeles at least one year, soldiers, sailors and marines excepted, and must have had a year's experience at janitor work "or aggregate, including work in marble, tile, furniture or vacuum cleaner jobs," or similar work.

Well, 150 jobs and 3,000 job-seekers. That means 20 men in line for each job. The number of applicants may be doubled before the examination takes place. In that case 40 workers will compete for each of the 150 jobs. When the qualifications, mentioned above, are taken under consideration, 40 to 1 or even 20 to 1 is a very high percentage against the workers and in favor of wage-cutting interests of every description. Suppose, for the sake of argument, that every man in this city between the age of 21 and 55 was given a chance to try his or her luck before the civil service commissioners, the number of applications would no doubt be 50 times 3,000 or 150,000. Such a figure would give a fair illustration of the labor situation in this city of fallen angels, invisible government and the greatest crime center in the world, according to a vice-crusading morning paper.

Janitors on Half Rations. The so-called living wage in this country is about \$2,200 a year. So this Mayor Cryer's oasis of abundance places its \$100 to \$115 a month janitors on a little more than half rations—the starvation point.

The invisible government is well organized. Janitors and other victims of the present day society of abundance are to do the same. The interests ought to do the same. The process of cleaning up a rotten society is a far more important job than the polishing of marble and brass, etc., in a master class institution like the new \$9,000,000 city hall—with its 400 feet high tower pointing, hypocritically, towards the heaven of our missionized soup-house keepers, too numerous to mention.

City Jobs to Pay More. On May 25 the city council raised the salaries of 247 city employees of a "higher" class. On May 31 came the turn for a raise to 800 technical men and 1,100 laborers. The latter were granted a raise from \$5.75 to \$6.00 a day. The lowest paid workers were forgotten altogether by the mayor and the efficiency director. The city council, however, increased their wages, on June 1, from \$4.75 to \$5.00 a day. So this class of workers are now better off than the janitors. How long will the "dust-eaters" in the city hall stand for it? Fear was expressed in the city council that the lowest paid city workers may join the forces of organized labor. The Los Angeles Times is keeping a close watch on the "dangerous" situation. —L. P. RINDAL.

Worker Dies in Tank of Boiling Chemicals

Struck by a swinging bucket yesterday in the Bronx repair shop of the New Haven Railroad, James Reilly, an employee, plunged to death in a tank of boiling water and chemicals. Fellow workers were forced to drain the vat to recover the body.

The cauldron was used for cleaning grease from motor parts, which were lowered into it in buckets suspended from a crane. Reilly was standing at the edge of the tank when the bucket struck him, toppling him over. Reilly, an employee of the road for the past 24 years, is survived by four children.

Child Injured in Fall

His skull fractured by a fall down a 35-foot deep subway excavation near his home, Donald Pezzutti, 3, of 85 Sixth Ave., is in a serious condition today in St. Vincent's hospital. He crawled through a guarding fence and dropped through an airhole in the asphalt roof.

DRAMA "Elmer Gantry", "Jarnegan" Scheduled for Early Showing

AMONG the new productions listed for next season and scheduled for early opening here are "Jarnegan" and "Elmer Gantry."

Patrick Kearney made the dramatization of the Sinclair Lewis novel, which Joseph E. Shea will present at the Playhouse Monday, August 6. The play is now running in Cleveland. The Jim Tully story "Jarnegan" was adapted by Charles Beahan and Garret Fort, and is scheduled to open at the Longacre Theatre the week of September 3, after a tryout in the suburbs.

Charles Hopkins has a new play by T. C. Murray titled "The Blind Wolf," which was recently produced by the Abbey Theatre, Dublin. Murray's "The Wheel of Fortune" and "Autumn Fire" were produced here some seasons back.

"The Lawyers' Dilemma" by Seaman Lewis will be produced by S. L. Simpson at the Belmont Theatre on Monday, July 9. Stanley James will head the cast.

The 10 per cent government tax on theatre tickets costing \$3 or less will be discontinued in legitimate theatres on Friday, June 29.

Jocelyn Lee has been signed by Universal to play an important role in "The Night Bird," Reginald Denry's comedy of the prize ring, which was written by Frederic and Fanny Hatton.

Milton Sills is next to play a railroad man. "The Wrecking Boss," written by Frank L. Packard, will be started upon completion of the current Sills' film, "The Barker."

Asher, Small and Rogers plan to make a film of "The Revolt of Modern Youth," by Judge Lindsey, as a sequel to "Companionate Marriage," on which they are now working.

"Batter Up!" is to be the title of the musical production which will be launched by George M. Cohan as soon as the Nugent play, "By Request," is out of the way.



In "No Other Woman" the screen feature at the Broadway Theatre this week.

John Cumberland has been engaged for the new Chopin operetta, "The Charming." Mr. Cumberland was recently seen in "Furies" with Laurette Taylor, and in "Pickwick."

"Annabelle's Ancestors," a comedy by Frank Russell and Julian Thompson, is being placed in rehearsal by Oliver D. Bailey, lessee of the Republic Theatre. This will be the first play that Bailey has produced in some years. It will open on June 25.

Grace George, it is said, is considering a plan to produce a season of plays in New York next season, the organization being similar to that which she sponsored some dozen years ago at the Playhouse. During her year as an actress-manager she put on such plays as Langdon Mitchell's "The New York Idea," James B. Fagan's "Earth," and "Captain Brassbound's Conversion" and "Major Barbara," by Shaw.

Defenders of THE DAILY WORKER

Table listing names and amounts: E. Sava 50, Annonymous 50, C. Kapp 1.00, J. Nott 3.00, J. Brishler 2.00, E. Schmitter 2.00, R. Morshoni 3.00, J. Minklemeyer 1.00, J. Green 2.00, S. Selminitz 1.00, L. Kakuk 1.00, E. Schneider 1.00, A. Goldberg 1.00, A. Flesch 1.00, A. Anneloo 1.00, J. Erb 1.00, A. Baker 1.00, S. Spiegle 1.00, A. Kraft 1.00, B. Rezb 1.00, M. Parison 1.00, C. Porsche 1.00, H. Brown 1.00, C. D. M. Lemann, Seattle, Wash. 1.00, A. L. Kaplan, St. Louis, Mo. 1.00, W. P. Sukut, Chicago, Ill. 25, Lithuanian Working Women's Alliance of Astor, Bklyn, N. Y. 25.00, Bakers' Local 164, N. Y. C. 8.00, I. L. D., Wilmington, Del. 25.00, H. Shulman, Worcester, Mass. 2.00, J. Mostadt, Cleveland, O. 2.25, J. M. Cummons, Napa, Cal. 5.00, P. Senjo, Chicago, Ill. 3.00, M. Karsch, Los Angeles, Cal. 3.00, S. Friedman, N. Y. C. 2.00, H. L. Benrons, N. Y. C. 1.00, Kora, Chicago, Ill. 1.00, L. South, Los Angeles, Cal. 2.00, J. C. Taylor, Oakland, Cal. 3.00, Farmers' Club, Lawler, Minn. 12.62, Ukrainian Work. Wom. Society, Hamtramck, Mich. 23.22, C. M. Chokins & family, Demings, N. Y. 5.00, E. B. Leete, N. Y. C. 1.00, L. Schwartz, Monticello, N. Y. 1.00, E. Scheier, Jackson Heights, L. I. 1.50, W. P. Nucleus, Milwaukee, Wis. 53.62, Amer. Lith. Literary Society, Br. 103, Hudson, Mass. 5.00, A. W. Nelson, Rose Lake, Idaho 6.00, G. Repressa, Chicago, Ill. 5.00, S. Johnson, Wapello, Iowa 1.00, L. Colvert, Mapwood, Ill. 1.00, F. Kmiec, Milwaukee, Wis. 1.00

AMUSEMENTS section containing advertisements for Porgy, Good News, Grand St. Follies, Station Master, and Luna Park.

ACTIVE PRESS advertisement for printing services, including contact information for Orchard 4744 and address 33 First Street, New York.

# POLICE DRAWN IN N. Y. AMBULANCE CHASER INQUIRY

## Worked With Corrupt Lawyers and Doctors

Policemen work hand in hand with negligence and injury case attorneys and corrupt physicians, according to testimony rendered yesterday in the ambulance chasing investigation.

Detailed notes were taken while five witnesses before Supreme Court Justice Wasservogel declared that policemen came to their aid in accidents had asked them if they "wanted a good lawyer."

The injured are said to have been directed to Albert Schlaet, of 150 Deane street.

The testimony of other witnesses showed that Schlaet, as well as many other lawyers involved in the huge graft, had taken fees in excess of those ordered by the court in infant ones, and that he had also settled cases without obtaining court orders permitting compromise settlements.

An investigation of ambulance chasing doctors, blood-brothers of the legal shysters recently exposed in supreme court, is indicated in an article on the medical practice written by Sol Ullman, deputy attorney-general of New York state, for the Panel, the official publication of the Association of Grand Jurors of New York County.

He said that recent disclosures have established that a so-called "ring" of physicians has been in league with a number of ambulance-chasing lawyers. These physicians, who generally received as part of their compensation part of the settlement or recovery in negligence claims or actions, were at all times ready and did make false statements, false affidavits and false certificates.

In many cases the physicians who had not seen the alleged injured testified concerning fictitious injuries. They were invariably ready to perform any act required of them in

# DECLARE STRIKES IN 2 CLOAK SHOPS

## Call All Cloakmakers to Picket Duty There

The cloak manufacturing shop of Shapiro and Sons, 1333 Broadway, which was reported in these columns yesterday as having discharged a worker for his refusal to register in the Sigman cloak union, was declared on strike yesterday by the Joint Board of the Cloak and Dressmakers' Union. Also, beginning with this morning, the shop of Bressler and Friedman, 104 W. 27th St., is also declared on strike for refusing two workers for refusal to register.

The strikes in these two shops are the first shots to be fired by the Joint Board in the newly launched offensive to rebuild a workers' organization in the cloak and dress manufacturing industry in New York. Due to the "reorganizations" started 18 months ago by the socialist officialdom of the international union, the trade was driven into a chaotic condition, it being completely swamped with open shops.

**Had Fired Worker.** The first mentioned firm had dismissed Martin Feldman, an active union member, because of direct orders from the Sigman office, which threatened to call a strike if the boss continued to employ him unregistered. The employer sent the worker a letter admitting therein, since he was an able mechanic, that he would not have been dismissed but for the insistence of the right wing union. The Joint Board in calling a strike demands his immediate reinstatement and the reestablishment of union conditions, which the Sigman union permitted the boss to dispense with.

The strike called in the other shop is for similar reasons.

**Call to Picket.** In calling the strike the Joint Board appealed to the active union members to report for picket duty before the buildings where these shops are located. Cloak and dressmakers are asked to report early. It is also pointed out that the shop of Shapiro and Sons has two entrances, the most important one being the employees' entrance, 137 W. 35th St. and not the Broadway entrance.

**Committee of 500 Meets.** The chief work of the meeting of the Committee of 500 held last night at the Joint Board headquarters, 16 W. 21st St., was a discussion of ways and means to be adopted in launching a drive to organize the majority of shops in the trade, which is now non-union. The strike calls reported above received particular attention at the meeting. The problem of assigning the members of the Committee of 500 to their respective units of ten each, which was begun before the meeting, was also completed yesterday. It was also decided to recruit additional volunteers for membership in the committee.

**Bronx Cooperative Will Be Scene of Banquet**

Section 5 of the Workers (Communist) Party will hold a banquet on Friday, at 8.30 p. m. at the United Workers Cooperative Restaurant, near the Allerton Avenue station, the Bronx, to celebrate the installation of the new section executive committee. Part of the proceeds will be donated to The DAILY WORKER.

**OIL OUTPUT INCREASES.** Oil production in California last week averaged 647,500 barrels, an increase of 1,500 daily.

# Plane in Which Wilkins Flew Across Polar Wastes Arrives in New York

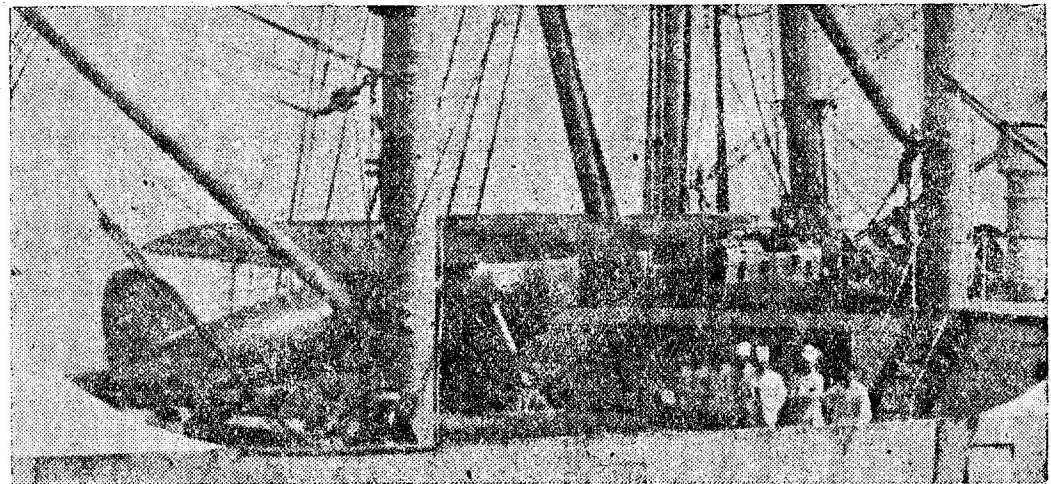


Photo shows the Lockheed-Vega monoplane in which Capt. George Wilkins made his flight to the polar north, as it arrived in New York on board the Bergensfjord. Wilkins discovered new land in the ice-covered wastes.

# TAMMANY CLEARS OWN DEPARTMENT

## Rogers Gives Whitewash to Smith Fences

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.) ALBANY, June 19.—Once more an "investigation" has been made to serve the cunning purposes of the politicians—this time of the Tammany graft Governor, Al. Smith, whom the republican politicians tried to embarrass last year through the revelations of corruption in the administration of the workmen's compensation bureau.

In the announcement yesterday of the results of the "investigation" by Lindsay Rogers, special Moreland commissioner appointed by Smith to investigate the department of labor, are seen the results of a republican and democratic deal to hush up a graft scandal which the republicans were at first intent upon making public.

The workmen's compensation law is being honestly administered, Rogers declared in his report. Charges of fraud are unsubstantiated and there is no evidence to show any employe of the bureau has been corrupt.

Last winter the industrial survey commission, a republican-controlled organization dominated by the open shop interests of the state carried out a series of investigations calculated to expose the widespread graft in the compensation payments by the insurance companies. As a matter of fact, numerous instances were uncovered by Henry D. Sayer who is the executive secretary of the survey commission, but the purpose of the "investigation" was to discredit the compensation laws and to prepare for changes in the interest of the employers and the private insurance companies. This fact was at the time exposed by the DAILY WORKER.

Following this first step the members of the industrial survey commission, Senator James S. Truman, chairman of the commission; Jasper W. Cornaie, another member and Sayer, issued a series of statements to the press charging widespread graft in one of Al. Smith's departments. Thereupon Smith instituted his "investigation" into the department. The meaning of this move soon became clear to the members of the industrial survey commission each of whom, and especially Sayer, had more than a little to hide themselves.

Governor Smith appointed his personal friend, Lindsay Rogers, to do the trick for him. Rogers was originally professor at Columbia University, later he served Smith well as the creator of the infamous governor's commission report in the needle trades issue, still later he became the "impartial" chairman in the cloak making industry and finally being made executive chairman of the Skirt and Dressmakers' Association of this city, a job which he still holds. Rogers began the job for Al. Smith.

Thereupon the three republican "investigators" for the open shop interests and the insurance companies promptly denied any knowledge of graft in the department and repudiated their interviews to the press, although one after another of newspaper correspondents swore on the stand to the accuracy of the reported interviews.

The report now issued by Rogers, right hand man of Al. Smith, head of Tammany graft, completes the circle and ends the deal. Ten counts have already been made public in Rogers report each of which whitewashes the department of labor under which the compensation claims are handled. Everything is thorough and good according to Rogers, in spite of the fact that thousands of working men yearly are cheated by insurance lawyers of their real claims, kept waiting endlessly and deprived by others of large rake-offs for "services."

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# ANTHRACITE MINERS OPPOSE MISLEADERS

By B. K. GEBERT. John L. Lewis, the misleader of the United Mine Workers of America, after the conference with the whole officialdom of District one, from his capital in Indianapolis, issued a statement in which he gave full support to the District President Rinaldo Cappellini, the tool of the contractors and coal companies, to the little Mussolini of the anthracite and repudiated the special district convention held recently in Scranton. Messrs. Brennan, Harris and McGarry, who controlled the convention and who fought only against Cappellini and did everything to prove they were loyal to Lewis, were condemned by Lewis, Lewis showed that he cannot tolerate anybody who questions his policy.

Brennan and company did their best to prove that they are for Lewis. They ejected from the convention hall George Papcun, the leader of the Save-the-Union movement. They condemned the rank and file movement. Yet this was not sufficient for Lewis.

**Action Predicted.** John L. Lewis' fullest support to Cappellini and condemnation of the action of the special district convention of District one was a natural result of his policy. This outcome was pointed out by the Save-the-Union forces, but Harris, McGarry, Brennan could not see it; they were sure that Lewis would recognize them as they believe that they can better deceive the membership than Cappellini and therefore serve Lewis more faithfully.

But Lewis cannot stand even for such demands as those which would eliminate the contractors from the union and expel them from the union, because he has based himself on the contractors in the anthracite. He cannot stand for the shortening of hours, (the convention demanded a 6-hour day, five-day week). Because Lewis is for the coal baron's policy of eliminating 250,000 miners from the industry, Lewis can never agree to a policy of restoring to membership those whom he expelled from the union. Lewis cannot stand for improving working conditions and raising wages for the young miners. All these demands Brennanites were forced to accept by the pressure of the Save-the-Union forces.

**Upholds Murder.** Lewis is for Cappellini, who is for the contractor system, which is responsible for the deaths of such militant rank and file leaders as Alex Campbell, Peter Reilly, Thomas Lillis, the shooting of Sam Greco, the frame-up of Sam Bonita and Steve Mendola. For deaths of these militants both Lewis and Cappellini are responsible.

Lewis is the arch enemy of the mine workers, a friend of the bosses; so is Cappellini. Cappellini knows his boss and knows how to serve him. The Brennanites who say that Cappellini is bad but that Lewis is different, fought against those who exposed Lewis. Now the Brennanites seem to be discouraged and cannot understand why Lewis does recognize them? But Lewis understands very well that Brennan, Harris and McGarry will serve him even when they are condemned and they will fight against the best interests of the miners.

Lewis warned the Brennan forces not to call the special convention and to withdraw from the activity "before it is too late." The convention was called in spite of Lewis and Cappellini. Brennan went thru with the convention because he was afraid of being pushed aside by the rank and file if he did not call the convention; he figured that by calling a special convention controlled by them, he could best serve Lewis; otherwise, they believed, the Save-the-Union forces would go through with the convention and overthrow not only Cappellini but Lewis as well. The Brennanites did their best to serve Lewis and now they are not recognized! What a tragedy for these fakirs.

**Afraid of Effect.** Lewis cannot recognize rump convention in District one for another reason; this would justify the special conventions already held by the rank and file in Districts 12, 6, 5, 2 and in other fields where the district machine has been overthrown and Lewis ousted.

Having failed to get recognition from Lewis, the Brennanites are proceeding with another "wise policy," to the courts to fight for the establishment of themselves as officials in the District. They are going to the capitalist courts on the ground that at the convention 81 out of 139 locals were represented; a majority of locals and this convention did elect new officers. But courts are in the hands of the capitalists, and Lewis and

**Grand Jury in Chicago Returns 16 Indictments**

CHICAGO, June 19.—Sixteen indictments naming twelve men were reported ready to be returned to Chief Justice Broderick by the Special Grand Jury now investigating the crime wave in Chicago. The indictments are the first results of an inquiry, financed by one group of Chicago capitalists, into murder, kidnaping, slugging and ballot irregularities, financed by other rich men, in recent elections.

The first batch of indictments was understood to be the outcome of the Grand Jury's inquiry into the murder of Octavius Granady.

# 5 TAMMANY MEN HELD IN STREET CLEANING CRAFT

## Smith's Tool Refuses to Act

Five street cleaning department officials of Manhattan were yesterday indicted in the second forced roundup of the great \$200,000,000 Tammany graft scandal as a result of which there has been involved mayors, street cleaning commissioners, superintendents, foremen and others more remotely connected with the department and involving, it is believed, even the Tammany mayor, Jimmie Walker, who at one time compared himself in honesty to some of those now implicated in the graft.

The five indicted are attached to Stable D in East 116th St., who recently have been doing "clever" work in extensive payroll operations. They are James Purchio, former of the stable, Albert A. Allen, assistant foreman, Charles Hoffmeister, assistant foreman, John Tyrell, driver and John Maher, stableman.

All five were named in one bill charged with the violation of the penal code. Judge Donellan, before whom they were arraigned in general sessions, fixed bail in each case at \$1,500.

Numerous names on the lists made up at the stable never received the wages credited to them but the money was as in other cases turned over to those "higher up."

Max Schmillowitz, section foreman and James Gevlin, who were indicted last week, pleaded not guilty today before County Judge Cohn. Their case will probably come up next week for trial.

Gasoline has been known to have been stolen from city supplies, other city supplies have disappeared, trick specifications have been tolerated, payrolls padded, city automobiles have been used for private purposes, supervision has been avoided, records falsified, but still old Tammany, new Tammany does nothing but cover up its trail.

# ZARITSKY RAPPED TACTICS AT MEET

## Call Local 24 Members to Bryant Hall

Thousands of circulars flooded the millinery manufacturing district yesterday, calling upon the millinery workers who are members of local 24 of the Cloth Hat, Cap and Millinery Workers' International, to attend a mass meeting held at Bryant Hall, Sixth Ave. and 42nd St. to hear how and why their international officials are causing the destruction of their organization.

Beginning a few months ago, President Zaritsky and the general executive board under his control, decided to emulate the tactics of the right wing head of the cloakmakers' union, Morris Sigman. They began a campaign of removing from positions of leadership in the organization all officers disagreeing with his policy of installing the piece-work system and relinquishing the 40-hour week to the 44-hour week demand of the employers.

The rank and file committee of operators and cutters, which sponsored the meeting, explained this among other things as the real reason for Zaritsky's attempts to remove the militant leadership of the Millinery Hand Workers' Local 43, the Chicago Capmakers Joint Board and the Boston Capmakers' Union.

# CENTER BARBERS TO AID "DAILY"

## Workers Urged to Come to Non-Tip Shop

In order to aid it during its present fight for existence, the Non-Tip Barber Shop, at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square, will contribute 25 per cent of its income to The DAILY WORKER during the present week, it was announced last night.

The shop is located on the second floor of the Center, and is a neighbor of the "Daily" business office and the district office of the Workers (Communist) Party. It is one of the most modern and sanitary in the city, and five barbers are in constant attendance.

Especially for this week, and in order to accommodate readers of The DAILY WORKER, the barber shop will be open from 8 a. m. until 8 p. m., instead of the customary hours. All readers and friends of the "Daily" are urged to patronize the shop and thus give material assistance to the paper.

**CLAIM ARBITER CHOSEN.** MEXICO CITY, June 19.—Prof. M. Sindball, of the University of Copenhagen, has been named arbiter of the Mexican-American General Claims Commission.

# Workers' Calendar

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements are published in the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

**District Y. W. L. Anniversary.** BOSTON.—District 1 will hold a truck party and picnic Sunday, June 24, at Vanikens farm, Cushing St., Hingham.

**Pittsburgh District Picnic.** PITTSBURGH, Pa.—The third annual picnic of the Workers (Communist) Party, District 5 has been postponed from July 4 to July 8. It will be held at Nicholson Farm, Swissvale, Pa.

**CLEVELAND I. L. D. Picnic.** CLEVELAND.—Wednesday, June 20, all three sections of the Workers (Communist) Party of Cleveland will hold section membership meetings. Section 1 will meet at the Hungarian Home, 4309 Lorain Ave., Section 2 at South Slavic Hall, 5607 St. Clair Ave., and Section 3 at Workers Home. There will be no general membership meeting that night. The election campaign will be organized at the section meetings.

**Roxbury Carnival and Ball.** ROXBURY, Mass.—The Massachusetts campaign committee for a workers' children's camp has arranged a carnival and costume ball, to be held June 22, at the New International Hall, 42 Wrentham St., here. The proceeds will go to the camp fund.

**Cleveland I. L. D. Picnic.** CLEVELAND.—The International Labor Defense arranged a picnic and dance at Triangle Park, 4100 South Broadway, on July 4. Dancing, refreshment, games and athletic contests have been planned.

**Boston District Y. W. L. Anniversary.** District 1 will hold a truck party and picnic Sunday, June 24, at Vanikens farm, Cushing St., Hingham, Mass., to celebrate the sixth anniversary of the founding of the Young Workers (Communist) League.

**Chicago I. L. D. Picnic.** CHICAGO.—The Chicago local of the International Labor Defense will hold picnic at Zahora's Grove, Ogden and Custer Aves., Lyons, Ill., on June 24. The grove opens at 12 o'clock, noon.

**Philadelphia Miner's Relief.** PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—Philadelphia Miners' Relief Conference here has arranged a picnic for July 29 at Maple Grove Park.

**St. Louis Picnic.** ST. LOUIS.—The Young Workers (Communist) League will give a picnic and dance at Triangle Park, 4100 South Broadway, on July 4. Dancing, refreshment, games and athletic contests have been planned.

**Youngstown Picnic.** YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio.—The Seventh Annual International Picnic of the Youngstown Workers (Communist) Party will be held on June 24. Those wishing to attend should stop at 28 Sharon Line. "Why the Workers' Party is in the Presidential Campaign" will be the subject of a talk by a national speaker.

**Cleveland Miners' Relief.** CLEVELAND, Ohio.—The Cleveland Conference of the National Miners' Relief Committee will be held on June 23. All wishing to participate should report at the South Slavic Hall, 5607 St. Clair Ave., at 2 p. m.

**Hammond Miners' Relief.** HAMMOND, Ind.—A picnic will be held here at Gruener's Grove, on Shiloh Ave. on June 24, for the benefit of the striking miners' relief. All have been invited to attend.

**Philadelphia I. L. D. Meet.** PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—The Kensington and English branches of the International Labor Defense will meet on June 21, at 8 p. m. at the Kensington Labor Lyceum, 2nd and Cambria Sts.

**Astoria Hungarian Workers' Dramatic Club.** ASTORIA, O.—The Astoria Hungarian Workers' Dramatic Club will hold a Goulash Picnic on June 24, starting at 10 a. m. in the Astoria Small Wood. Those who wish to attend will meet at the Hoyt St. station from 9:30 to 10 a. m.

**Shachtman China Lecture Tour Dates.** Sunday, June 24, Passaic, N. J. Workers' Home, 27 Dayton St., 7:30 P. M.

**EARTHQUAKE IN MEXICO.** MEXICO CITY, June 19.—Hundreds of houses were damaged or destroyed by a series of 32 earthquakes in the state of Oaxaca yesterday according to advices from the city of Oaxaca this afternoon.

# DRIVER OF TAXI DIES FOLLOWING POLICE ASSAULT

## Tammany Fails to Act in Violation

Samuel Zorn, for 14 years a taxi driver, and one of four cabmen who, police claim, they mistook for gunmen during a hold-up on May 28 of the Actors' Inn, died at Bellevue hospital following a severe beating administered to him by Officer Hertz of the East 5th St. police station.

Zorn is the second driver to die as the result of this hold-up and of the Tammany police practice of beating up and slugging workers at will, without waiting to find out if the taxi driver whom he suspected had anything to do with the hold-up. Upon reaching the scene the officer took out his gun from his holster and started firing point blank at the innocent hackman.

**Beat Up Drivers Also.** Not satisfied with the deadly effect his gat had on the drivers, Hertz, with the aid of patrons began to club up the cabmen, also they offered no resistance and were trying to explain that a mistake had been made and begged the cops to stop firing and clubbing them.

Louis Mishkin, a taxi driver and formerly a garment worker, also shot by Hertz, died a few hours after being transferred to the hospital. Isidore Temes received a severe beating and was seriously wounded. Harry Halpern, the fourth driver, escaped with a few scars and bruises.

The bandits who held up the place approached in a touring car and forced the drivers, who were hacking in front of the inn, to remain in their places.

**Families Destitute.** As a result of the shooting Zorn's and Mishkin's families are left destitute and friends of the dead hackmen are raising a fund for them.

No action has been taken against Officer Hertz by the Tammany police commissioner, Warren, although Hertz had violated the order from the police commissioner's office that policemen must first give warning by firing a shot in the air before firing directly at any person.

# HOUSE WORKERS GO ON STRIKE

## Protest the Dismissal of Superintendent

Twelve striking employes of the twelve-story apartment at 645 West End Ave. picketed the place today while scabs worked in their places.

Yesterday the entire staff of employes, elevator men, porters and doormen walked out in protest against the dismissal of Robert Jensen, superintendent. Joseph Friedman, owner of the house, was threatened with strikes in his other buildings.

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## These Ocean Flights

Across the Atlantic flies a woman in a frail shell on wings. Across the frozen top of the world flies another plane. The lighter-than-air ship, Italia, wanders or lies in the perpetual ice of the Arctic. An airplane flies from California to Australia.

Almost within the life-time of a single man, the means of travel has been developed from the horse-drawn wagon and the sail ship used by the ancient Phoenicians to the degree that makes possible a 22-hour trip by air from the Western hemisphere to the Eastern.

At the same time within human society there has begun the process of the most violent and fundamental transformation that has ever been produced by history—the transformation of human social organization by revolution from hereditary absolute monarchy and capitalist class republicanism to the overthrow of these old forms and the establishment of the Soviet form of state ruled by the formerly enslaved classes. This also has begun rapidly—the first stage being accomplished in a revolution from absolute czarism to proletarian dictatorship in the largest of the world's nations within a single year.

What will be the effect of these trans-oceanic flights—made at this particular period—upon the course of human history?

The social revolution will, of course, ultimately claim the entire heritage of all attainment in science, in the knowledge and the control of nature, in the developments of mechanics and engineering by which man becomes the master of distance, of climate, of life.

But these present scientific and engineering conquests are being made, not in an abstract world, but in the same world in which the whole of human society is divided into classes. These classes are in violent antagonism, the class struggle determines the whole course of history—revolution and counter-revolution flame throughout the world and take as fuel all that exists in human affairs.

The flights across the oceans and over the frozen top of the world cannot be taken out of relation to these all-controlling social struggles of the classes.

The highest point in the development of air travel was reached in the struggles of imperialist nations in the world-war for the conquest of the globe by the various imperialists. Unquestionably the first large-scale use of the knowledge developed from ocean flights will be in the transport of fleets of heavily-laden bombing planes.

If the conquest of the Arctic for air travel is made in early time, there is no wild stretch of the imagination in the picture of monster fleets crossing the North-polar regions for quick military attack upon that which expresses all that is hated by United States imperialism—the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.

The conquest of the air in general will be the heritage of a human race when it is emancipated by revolution. But the conquest of the air by the imperialist nations and at this time, in the period of imperialism and the proletarian revolution, means the danger of even more ghastly suppression of the masses of all the world.

Lindbergh in the abstract might be called "the flying fool" the reckless hero conquering the skies "for mankind." But in the world as it is, Lindbergh is the imperialist acrobat leading the way for the death-machines of United States imperialism; those who fly the Atlantic are blazing the trail of war for the attempted conquest of Asia; the adding of a thousand miles to the radius of a war-plane (and all planes are potentially war-planes) means a further step toward enemy objectives in the bloodiest of all wars which is coming.

But in this world of concrete facts not all nations are capitalist nations. In the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics the unequalled creative power turned loose by revolution bends its attention also to the development of air travel. Scientific and machine development are spurting forward at a speed never before known. If the degree of machine development inherited from the old czarist Russia was of a low level, the released energies of the liberated proletarian class have a capacity undreamed of by the enemies of revolution.

It is the great good fortune of the working masses of all countries that during this period there exists the powerful proletarian state which also fosters the technique that will be used by it on the side of the exploited masses of the world in the all-embracing conflict that is coming.

All workers in capitalist nations should understand, however, that the "Lindy" and "Lady Lindy" heroes of the imperialist governments are developing a means of warfare against the working classes of all nations.

## LABOR ENEMY IS HOOVER'S LEADER

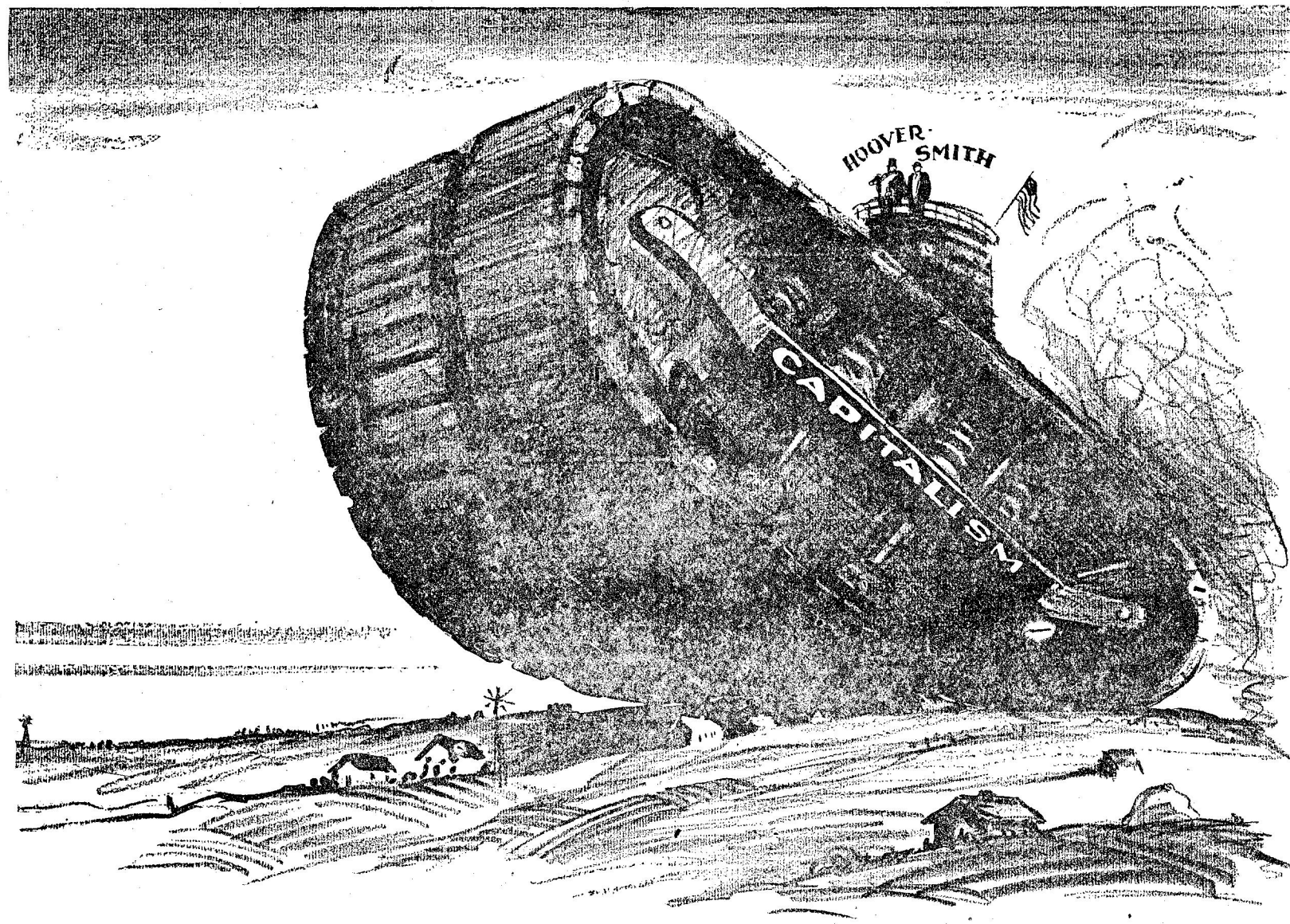
WASHINGTON, June 19 (FP).—The Building Trades Defense League recently circularized the entire country with protests against the letting of the contract for the \$500,000 new British embassy in Washington to Wardman. The scab builder is English-born, and is frequently shown honor by the ambassador, Sir Esme Howard.

## MORE WORKERS ARE KILLED ON JOB

The number of workers killed at their occupations during May has increased greatly over the figures for April, according to the New York State Department of Labor. In April 145 such workers were killed. In May 191 were killed.

Of this number 8 were electrocuted, coming in contact with live wires. Thirteen were killed in falls; twenty-three other deaths followed injuries received in falls. The workers killed during May left 101 widows, and 94 children and 36 other dependents.

## DOWN ON THE FARM



# Foster's Acceptance Speech

Comrades: It is a very great honor offered me, when the Workers (Communist) Party asks me to be one of its standard-bearers in the national presidential elections. In accepting the nomination for president, I do it with full appreciation of this honor. By the fact that it is deemed I can be of service to the Party in such a role, I feel that I am a thousand times repaid for such efforts as I may have put forth in the course of my experience in the struggles of the workers. All I can say is that it will be my best ambition in the coming campaign, and in the years of work before me in the class struggle, to be worthy of this great honor conferred upon me by our Party.

**A Wonderful Convention.**  
Comrades, as we live through this wonderful convention, we must realize the great progress our Party has made. What wonderful enthusiasm, what a splendid fighting spirit. Here we have a fine delegation of militants in the class struggle, from almost all the states, from all the important industries. This shows the grip our Party is getting amongst the very best elements in the American proletariat. This convention marks a new stage in the growth of our Party.

In the recent elections in Germany, in France, and in Poland, the Communist Parties showed greatly increased strength, and I am certain that our Party in the coming election will also register an important increase in strength over the showing we made in the national elections of 1924. (Applause.)

**Party Plays Leading Role.**  
Since 1924 our Party has had much mass experience. We have played a leading role in all the important struggles of the American working class, in the mining, shoe, needle, textile, and other industries. Every effort of the workers in the direction of a labor party has found us in the forefront. We have led the fight against imperialism. During these struggles, we have created around our Party a large body of sympathizers, and in the coming election period one of our principal tasks must be to mobilize these workers politically in favor of our platform, and behind our candidates. It is not enough that these workers follow us in strikes and general wage movements. We must also teach them to actively accept the leadership of the Workers (Communist) Party in its broad political struggles. We must draw these workers into this general political campaign, and induce them to vote for our candidates. We must draw them into membership in the Workers (Communist) Party. These are among the basic tasks confronting us in the present election campaign.

**Our Revolutionary Purpose.**  
We are not going into the national election campaign solely for the purpose of getting votes. It is of course important that we register the extent of our Party's support in the working class by mobilizing the maximum number to vote for our candidates. It is also important, should the possibility present itself in any of the state or local elections, to elect Communist candidates, so that they can utilize the legislative bodies as a forum wherefrom to acquaint the workers with the iniquities of cap-

italism and the necessity of the Communist program. But we also have other, bigger objectives in the national election campaign. Our aim must be to arouse the class consciousness of the masses in a political sense and to mobilize them for struggle on all fronts. Vote-getting is only one aspect of this general mobilization of the workers.

Our Party, different from the socialist party, creates no illusions amongst the workers that they can vote their way to emancipation, that they can capture the readymade machinery of the state and utilize it for the emancipation of the working class. On the contrary, we must utilize this campaign to carry on a widespread and energetic propaganda to teach the workers that the capitalist class would never allow the working class peacefully to take control of the state. That is their strong right arm and they will fight violently to the end to retain it. The working class must shatter the capitalist state. It must build a new state, a new government, a workers' and farmers' government, the Soviet Government of the United States. (Applause.)

No Communist, no matter how many votes he should secure in a national election, could even if he would become president of the present government. When a Communist heads a government in the United States—and that day will come just as surely as the sun rises (Applause)—that government will not be a capitalist government but a Soviet government, and behind this government will stand a Red Army to enforce the dictatorship of the proletariat. (Applause.)

**As to Immediate Demands.**  
Our convention has just adopted an election platform. This platform outlines a whole series of immediate measures, advocated by us to relieve unemployment, low wages, long hours, discrimination against the foreign-born, women, youth, Negroes, etc. I shall not, in the brief time at my disposal, review these demands. What I wish to say about them now is that we must lay great stress on

these demands during the campaign. It is not enough that we simply put forward our revolutionary slogans. We must also organize and lead the workers in their everyday struggles against the most acute evils under capitalism. Our platform demands point the way to do this.

But on the other hand, we must not put forth our immediate demands in the sense that they of themselves make for the emancipation of the working class. In all our agitation around these demands we must emphasize the absolute necessity for the proletarian revolution. Our strategy is to utilize these immediate demands to educate and organize the masses in preparation for the final revolutionary struggle, which will abolish capitalism altogether. Reliance upon immediate demands would lead us merely to reformism. Our Party is a revolutionary Party. It aims not simply to ease conditions a bit under capitalism for the workers but to abolish capitalism altogether. (Applause.)

Permanent improvement in the conditions of the workers under capitalism is impossible. The inevitable crises born of the contradictions in the capitalist system of production and distribution, deepening and sharpening as world capitalism goes into its period of decline, and marked by chronic unemployment and organized attacks on the workers' living standards by the employers and the state, sweep away like chaff such reforms as may have been secured by the workers during the periods of capitalism's upward swing. The only way the workers can permanently better their conditions is by wiping out capitalism altogether and by laying the basis of a socialist system in which the capitalist principle of the exploitation of the great masses of producers for the benefit of a relatively few owners of the industries shall be unknown and where the workers will receive the full social value of what they produce. All this, and the whys and wherefores

of it we must tell the workers in our election campaign.

**Reformism Futile.**  
The working class of the world has had a vast experience with reformism and it all goes to show the utter futility of such reformism. All the conquests, all the little improvements in wages, hours, and working conditions that were secured by the reformist policies and organizations in Germany, England, France, etc., during the upward period of development of capitalism in these countries, in the pre-war days, were swept away with one great sweep in the breakdown and decline of European capitalism in the post-war period. About all that is left now of that period is a reactionary leadership, which after betraying the workers in the world war and defeating their revolutionary efforts just following the war, remains fastened upon the organizations of the workers and which now stands as one of the principal obstacles in the way of the emancipation of the working class. Although we advocate actively our immediate demands, we must always do it in this sense: that the workers should fight and struggle for these demands in the present period but that they must educate and organize themselves to put into effect eventually the full Communist program—the abolishment of the capitalist system itself and the establishment of a Workers' and Farmers' Government.

On the other hand—if limiting ourselves simply to a program of immediate demands would lose us in the swamp of reformism, failure to put forward such demands would condemn us to sectarianism. It would cut us off from the masses. It would make it impossible for us to participate in the actual every-day struggles of the workers and thus to educate, organize and lead them. The Workers (Communist) Party is a Leninist, Marxist Party. It knows how to participate in the daily struggles of the workers, even for the smallest demands, and it knows how to utilize all these struggles to develop class consciousness, organization and revolutionary leadership among the masses and thus to begin their mobilization for the eventual overthrow of capitalism.

**Our Many Tasks.**  
The Workers (Communist) Party does not go into this campaign simply for the purpose of getting votes or merely to propagate our general Communist program. We enter the election campaign to further all our Party tasks, mobilizing the workers for struggle on every front. And in this period of militant American imperialism, of crisis in the labor movement, of widespread depression in industry, we have many and great tasks. History does not ask us whether we are a big Party or a little Party when it thrusts these tasks upon us. Small though our Party may be at the present time it must go forward bravely and energetically to the accomplishment of these tasks, however great they may be. I shall touch briefly upon some of the more important of these problems.

(Comrade Foster's speech of acceptance will be continued in tomorrow's DAILY WORKER. In the next installment he describes the Communist Party's attitude to problems facing the working class.)

Eighty thousand dyers in the Bradford district are on the verge of a strike for a new agreement increasing wages. Friction between several of the unions involved has delayed the union.

MANCHESTER, England (FP). By Mail—In cotton, wool, silk and jute, workers and bosses are at swordpoints, with lockouts, strikes and protests flying thick through Lancashire and Yorkshire. At Nelson 16,000 weavers have been locked out in every mill because workers at one mill struck against the discharge of a woman. In Yorkshire, wool dyers are on the verge of strike to gain collective piece work or higher time rates. They have been operating without an agreement for six months. In Macclesfield, an important silk center, women workers complain that they are forced to go to work at 6.30 a. m. and must work 50 to 55 hours a week, in place of the agreed 48. Tuberculosis is making heavy inroads among their children. Public medical officers blame it on the use of mothers taking their babies from warm beds in early morning hours to place in nurseries while they work. Women in the silk mills, through their union, are trying to get 30 shilling (\$7.50) minimum wage.

In Glasgow jute mills, operatives complain through the jute and flax workers' union that employers are nibbling at the 48-hour week by adding 15-minute periods both in the morning and at noon to work periods.

A Lancashire wide lockout of 500,000 cotton spinners to force a 12 1/2 per cent wage cut and to increase the working hours above 48 was only avoided when the Federation of Master Cotton Spinners split badly on the issue. The mill barons in the American yarn section spinning coarser counts, voted 66 per cent for the lockout.

By Fred Ellis

# HANDOUTS

Rear Admiral William A. Moffett, desk chief of the navy's air forces, is apparently satisfied with the lucrative graft offered by militarism. He is determined that his son will not go without the advantages of swashbuckling corruption. His offspring, George H. Moffett, graduated last week from the U. S. Naval Academy.

Understanding of the complications of modernism by the magazine Times is indicated by the statement that the Boulder Canyon Dam bill has not been passed due to "the difference in the culture of Arizona and California-rancher v. realtor." It might be added that a million dollars spent by a highly organized power trust in corrupting senators, bribing newspapers and spreading propaganda has some small bearing on the matter.

Inability of the republican politicians to completely submerge the relationship between oil and government is seen in the fact that one of the delegates to the G. O. P. convention is William Samuel Fitz Patrick, Kansas. Fitz Patrick is chairman of the Prairie Oil and Gas Company, whose previous chairman James E. O'Neil was caught in the oil scandals and departed without leaving an address. This indication of the wedding of oil and government that is wished compares to the invisible part as a periscope compares to the rest of a submarine.

A rotting carcass will draw a lot of strange birds. Among the delegates at the republican convention are Joseph Schenck, the movie producer and William H. Vanderbilt, Newport society devil.

The renowned worm fisherman and hobby-horse cowboy Cal Coolidge will have fourteen house servants at his summer home in Brule, Wisconsin. In order that he won't wander off the grounds and get lost or fall down and bend his nose he will be guarded by ten detectives and sixty infantrymen from Fort Snelling.

## Toiling Royalist



"Oh Mama, who is the man in the white pants?"  
"That's Frederick Wilhelm, darling."  
"Does he work at Childs'?"  
"No, Adolph. He's the former crown prince of Germany."  
"Well, why is he posing like that?"  
"He's playing tennis."  
"Is that all they can use him for?"  
"No. He can still draw a few dollars from American women when he's exhibited at a soiree."  
"He wouldn't be a very good show, I'd rather go to Forty-second Street and see the flea circus."

The Griest Bill, reducing mail rates for newspapers has been passed. A senator must co-operate with a newspaperman if he wants to get his name in the paper.

Desire of the republican party to win purity at any cost is apparent in the fact that it has hired four preachers to pray for it at its convention. In order that there will be no doubt about making connections with God, four different denominations have been employed.

## Borah Seeking a Fat Reward for Treachery

WASHINGTON (FP).—Sen. Borah, who last December announced himself spokesman of the progressives, and that Norris was their presidential candidate, and who turned up in Kansas City as a Hoover manager, is expected to be offered the secretaryship of state if Hoover should win. He is expected also to drop the idea of Russian recognition.

CAL'S SON GETS "SHEEPSKIN."  
AMHERST, Mass., June 19. —Among the seniors receiving graduation degrees from Amherst College today was John Coolidge, son of the president. His future plans were not announced. Last year he got into the headlines by engaging in a boxing bout in the college "gym."  
A member of the Coolidge cabinet was awarded the honorary degree of doctor of laws by Amherst, as a reward for his services to American capitalism.