

TRACTION MEN DEMAND STRIKE TO DEFEND UNION

DOLLAR-DONATION
SENT TO "DAILY"
FOR NEW DEFENSEPhiladelphia Builders to
Hear Ravitch Tonight

PHILA., Mar. 1. — To stimulate the national campaign to obtain 10,000 new subscribers for THE DAILY WORKER in District 3, A. Ravitch, circulation manager of the paper, will address a meeting of "Daily Builders" at 531 N. 7th St. tonight. Subscribers, readers and sympathizers are invited.

The importance of a strong "Builders Club" in the campaign to defend THE DAILY WORKER against the attacks which the United States government is directing against the paper, will be stressed by Ravitch in his talk. Steps will be taken at the meeting to remedy the lack of such an organization in Philadelphia.

Second Meeting.
A second meeting of DAILY WORKER agents on Saturday will hear Ravitch discuss plans for speeding up the national subscription offensive in the Philadelphia district. All DAILY WORKER agents should be present at this important meeting.

Scores of workers are sending in their dollar donations to defend the paper from the attacks of the American capitalists.

C.C.N.Y. STUDENTS
ASSAIL FACULTYStill Recognize Gerson
as President

The action of the faculty in arbitrarily ordering the resignation of Simon W. Gerson, a leader in the campaign against militarism, was severely condemned yesterday at a so-called "illegal" meeting of the Special Problems Club of the College of the City of New York of which he is president.

The faculty has without explanation ordered him to give up all extra-curricular activities and since his position as president of the Social Problems Club is his only such activity, it is obvious that the order is an underhand attack on his activities in the organization.

Gerson Speaks First
The meeting, held at the college, had been announced by handbills. Gerson who is a member of the Young Workers' (Communist) League of America, made a statement which follows in part:

Fight Imperialists
"It is no accident, I feel, that this arbitrary action comes only two weeks after the school authorities inserted evidence into a case against me in a Brooklyn court, a case in which I was arrested for marching in front of the Brooklyn Navy Yard, in a demonstration of the Young Workers' League, protesting against the invasion of Nicaragua, and had me convicted."

"This comes at a time when American troops are engaged in the rape of Nicaragua for the interests of predatory capital. This comes at a time when a greater and deadlier

Workers School Concert
Next Sunday Evening
at Davenport Theatre

Teachers, students and friends of the Workers' School, 108 E. 14th St., organized into the "Workers' Social Club" will celebrate the most successful term in the history of the school by a concert on Sunday evening, March 4, at the Davenport Theatre, 27th St. and Lexington Ave.

The program includes dance numbers by Blanche Evan and group; vocal selections by M. Sasanoff, formerly of the Odessa and Metropolitan Opera House; and piano solos by Rebecca Davidson, who has appeared many times with the New York and Philadelphia Symphony Orchestras. Bertram D. Wolfe, director of the Workers' School, will make a brief address.

Women's Week
Celebrations
Are Planned

Women's Week will be marked by intensive work by women workers in the miners relief drive. Collections of clothing and money will be made all over the country during this week for the starving women and children of the mine districts. Tag Days, clothing drives and other activities will be carried on throughout the country.

In New York the girls working in candy factories, box factories, department stores and other centers of exploitation will hear the world wide call to international solidarity through tens of thousands of leaflets that are being distributed before shops in the factory district.

New York will celebrate Women's Day on March 4 with a mass meeting in Central Opera House. This meeting is held under the auspices of a committee of working women's organizations and a large attendance is expected.

BOSSES TO HELP
UNION WRECKERSTry to Mulet Money
from Cloakmakers

The flagrant manner in which the cloak manufacturers are cooperating with the right wing forces in the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, in their joint campaign to fight against the workers' efforts to rebuild their union and destroy the dual "Joint Board" established by the right wing is illustrated by the latest united tactic of the Sigmanites and the employers.

The latest "cooperative" stunt is a money-raising scheme to provide funds for the bolstering up of the rapidly disintegrating Sigman machine. How badly this money was needed was not only known by the employers and Sigman, but by everyone else. The DAILY WORKER recently published a facsimile of a letter sent out by a colleague of the right wing which admitted Sigman's inability to pay wages to his bookkeepers for six weeks at a time.

Sound and Fury.
Several days prior to last Saturday, the Jewish Forward, the right wing organ began noisy announcements of the fact that the Sigman "Joint Board" was to hold a meeting of all shop chairmen. Letters were sent out. Business agents of the right

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UNEMPLOYED WILL
NOT SCAB ON I.R.T.

An appeal to all unemployed workers in New York City not to act as strike-breakers in the coming I.R.T. strike has been issued by the New York Council of the Unemployed, with headquarters at 60 St. Marks place, through its secretary John D. Santo.

"From reliable sources we have received reports," the appeal states, "that the officials of the Interborough Rapid Transit Co. are attempting to capitalize the present unemployment crisis in the city by seeking to enlist unemployed workers as strikebreakers in the strike which now looms on all I.R.T. lines."

"The New York Council of the Unemployed condemns such unprincipled tactics and appeals to the unemployed workers of New York City not to be cajoled or browbeaten into such treacherous action. The fight of the I.R.T. traction workers is the fight of all workers, whether employed or unemployed. The loss of the strike by the traction workers would mean a loss to all workers and an increase, not a decrease of unemployment."

Youth Meet
The appeal was also made by Di Santo in person at a meeting of unemployed young workers at the Church of All Nations, First St. and 2nd avenue, yesterday. The meeting was held under the auspices of the Youth Committee of the New York Council of the Unemployed. The

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LEWIS - CAPPELINI
GANGSTERS PLAN
FURTHER KILLINGSGrow Desperate Before
Rise of Progressives

PITTSBURGH, Pa., March 1.—New shootings by the Lewis-Cappellini machine gun crew of killers are being predicted here on all sides by mine workers who have witnessed that gang's activities in the past few months.

Big Meeting Sunday.

A huge mass meeting planned for Sunday by the Save-the-Union Committee will be held despite the efforts to prevent it by Mayor William H. Gillespie, who has been working together with mine owners in seeking to thwart the rising power of the progressive miners. Thousands of miners are expected to attend. The mayor, it is believed, will be forced to accede to the workers' demand.

Fear of the rising resentment of the workers caused Mayor Gillespie Wednesday to send a wire to John Lewis virtually demanding that Lewis call off his gang of gunmen who have created the "reign of terror" in the mine districts. So far Lewis has failed to respond.

Progressive Power Grows.

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., March 1.—Resentment of the miners and the people generally in Pittston, Wilkes-Barre and vicinity, is rising rapidly against the elements responsible for the murders Wednesday of two leading progressive miner officials, Alexander Campbell and Pete Reilly. Cappellini and his machine are being directly held responsible everywhere and denounced as the instigators of the murderous regime against opposition forces in the miners' union which are fighting against the contract system and wage cuts.

Beginning of New Rally.

The funeral of Campbell and Reilly is scheduled to take place on Saturday morning, March 3rd. All indications are that the funeral of the brave progressive fighters will resolve itself into a huge demonstration against the Cappellini machine, the like of which has not been witnessed before in the anthracite. The rank and file miners instead of being terrorized and intimidated by the rule of blood and iron of Cappellini and his gunmen, are showing a steely determination to clean out the Cappellini and the Lewis gang.

Local Union 1407, District 1, South Wilkes-Barre U. M. W. A., at its meeting last Tuesday night, passed a rousing resolution against the corrupt and murderous Cappellini rule. The miners declared their intentions to support the defense of Sam Bonita, who is in jail on a charge of murder

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Benjamin to Talk at
Co-op School Concert

D. Benjamin, assistant director of the Workers' School, will speak on "Workers' Education Today" at the conclusion of the concert being arranged by the Cooperative Branch of the school, 2700 Bronx Park, E., tomorrow night, to celebrate the opening of the spring term. The 25 members of the National Training School will be among the guests, it is announced.

Over 150 students were enrolled in cooperative branch during the past term.

RUTHENBERG, REVOLUTIONARY CHIEF

Appreciation of the Founder of Workers (Communist) Party

By JAY LOVESTONE
Lenin once wrote for DAILY WORKER, "The Communists of America prove by their long prison terms to which the bourgeoisie sentence them for communist agitation and propaganda, what capitalist democracy really means. They are tearing the masks from it and are exposing it as a reign of trust kings and speculators amid the subjection of the masses." Truly, no one symbolized this truth uttered by Lenin more than Ruthenberg did. He was thus often

Ruthenberg Fund for Daily Worker Grows
MEMORIAL MASS
MEETINGS HONOR
C. E. RUTHENBERGFind New Means to Aid
Daily Worker

On the eve of the anniversary of the death of C. E. Ruthenberg yesterday, members of the Central Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, preparing for the big Ruthenberg Memorial meetings which are to be held in all important cities of the United States, expressed their gratification with the prospects of success.

These memorial meetings will be the high point in the Lenin-Ruthenberg drive of the Party for 5,000 members and 10,000 new readers of the Daily Worker, the central organ of the Party.

"Not only is this drive, with the consequent strengthening of the Workers Party and of its organ, the Daily Worker, supremely important to the Party," said Jack Stachel, organization secretary, yesterday, "but the most gratifying thing about it is that it awakens a lively interest among the workers who are fighting the fight of their lives against reaction in the coal fields and for the saving of the United Mine Workers Union from betrayal and destruction at the hands of reactionary 'labor' leaders and their paymasters, the coal operators."

"From November 1927 to February 1928, the proceeds of the Ruthenberg sustaining fund of Section 1, New York City, leaped from \$78.50 to \$209.12 a month and are just beginning to rise," declared Leo Kling, DAILY WORKER defense organizer of the section yesterday. "What has been done by this small section can be repeated, and bettered, in every section of the Workers (Communist) Party in the United States," Kling added.

Abolishes Old System.
Abolishing the old system by which members were given sustaining fund cards that they forgot to bring to meetings with the result that their indebtedness accumulated past the point where they were able to pay in full, the DAILY WORKER defense organizer of Section 1 carried all the cards of the members in his own pockets.

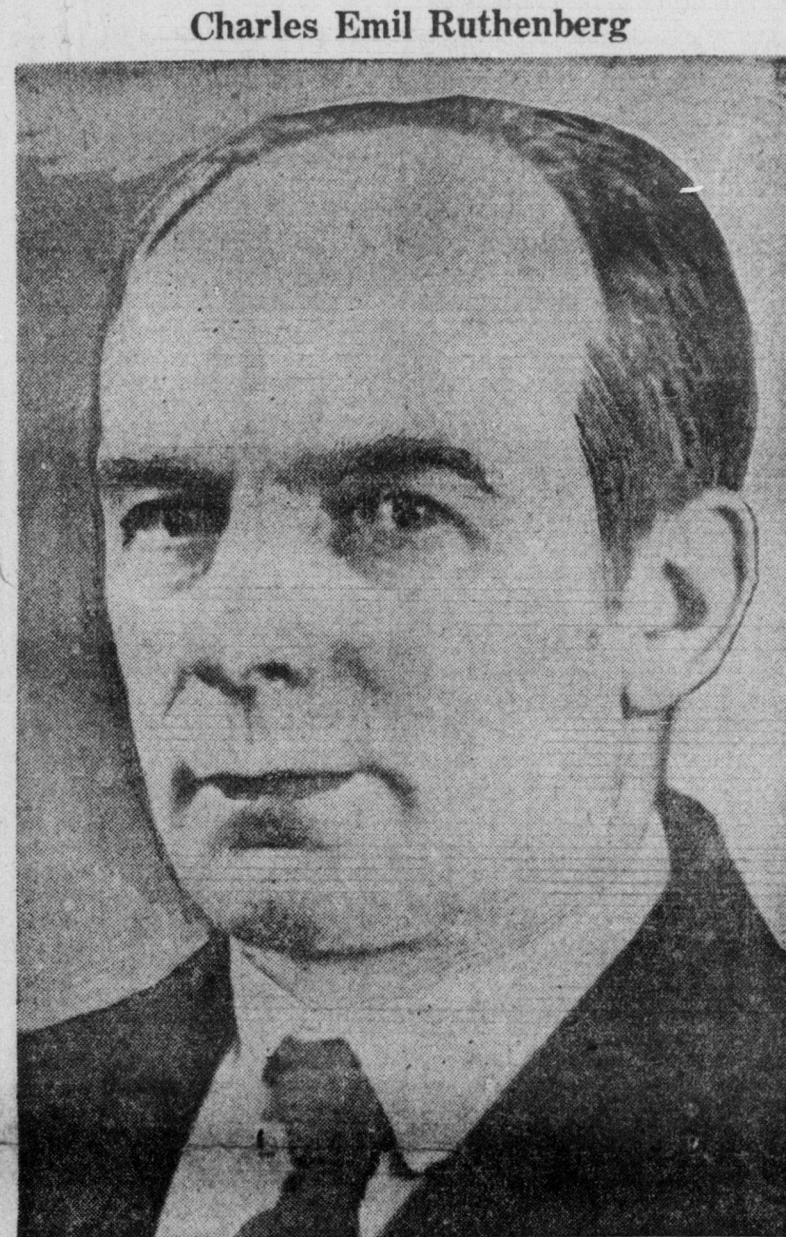
"The system is important because it is so simple and can be accomplished," Kling said.

CANNON SPEAKS
AGAINST FRAMEUP

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.
PITTSBURGH, March 1.—The first speech in the nation-wide speaking campaign against the frame-up system was delivered here tonight by James P. Cannon, national secretary of International Labor Defense, at the Labor Lyceum.

The speaker traced the development of the technique of persecuting militant labor leaders from the trial and execution of the Haymarket Martyrs in the Cook County jail, forty-one years ago, to the attempt to railroad the two anti-fascist workers, Greco and Carrillo to the electric chair. Cannon brought out the fact

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Charles Emil Ruthenberg

"Tell the Comrades to close their ranks, to build the Party. The American working class, under the leadership of our Party and the Comintern, will win. Let's fight on."

—Last words of Ruthenberg.

RUTHENBERG'S MESSAGE
His Struggles and His Achievements

Statement of the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party.

Fellow workers! Comrades!
One year ago, March 2, 1927, death took Charles E. Ruthenberg from our midst.

He passed away with his dearest wish on his lips: carry on until the final victory of the working class.

Death robbed the American workers and the working class the world over of a militant and courageous fighter, a loyal comrade and a great revolutionary leader.

Ruthenberg the man is dead. On the Red Square in Moscow, in the heart of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, the pride, hope and inspiration of the oppressed masses the world over, his ashes rest.

But the working-class movement, in the service of which Ruthenberg lived and died, is alive. The Communist International and its American section, the Workers (Communist) Party, which Ruthenberg helped to build and guide, are becoming ever stronger and more powerful.

Commemorate the life of Ruthenberg by carrying forward his struggles against capitalism under the banner of the Communist International and the Workers (Communist) Party of America.

Struggle against capitalism until its complete destruction; this is the lesson of Ruthenberg's life. This is the message of the Party which he formed and led.

Make no peace with imperialism and imperialist war. Fight to the finish the domination and robbery of Wall Street in Latin America, China and other countries. Defend the Union of So-

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Books Wanted For
Annual I.L.D. Bazaar

The Downtown branch of the International Labor Defense will conduct a book booth at the bazaar.

Contributions of books are desired by the branch—fiction, sociology and history.

Books are to be mailed or delivered to the New York International Labor Defense, 799 Broadway.

4 Workers Near Death

Four workers may die as the result of the explosion of a gasoline torch in the plant of the Woodhead Manufacturing Co., 10 Lexington Ave., yesterday.

ATTACK LEADERS'
MANEUVERS WITH
TAMMANY MAYORForm Shop Committees
For Defense

A city wide traction strike which will tie up the whole of Greater New York's transit facilities now appears to be certain.

Twelve hundred strike-breakers, finks, professional gunmen and thugs of varying prowess were yesterday herded by the Interborough Rapid Transit Company into their shops at 147th St. and 7th Ave. in anticipation of a strike call which now appears to be inevitable unless the company reinstates the twenty Amalgamated union members who have been fired for their union activities.

Throughout the entire day and last night truckloads of supplies and equipment for the strikebreakers were sent into the shops heavily guarded against possible attack.

Over three thousand city police have been assigned "to protect the company" should a strike occur.

A constant stream of newly employed men is flowing into the headquarters of the railroad. Over two hundred company "beakies," spies, and regular "spotters" besides the delegates of the company union are now riding the railroad to prevent any organization work and to pick off any strange characters who may appear on the lines to speak with the men.

Ultimatum Expires Today.

The 24-hour ultimatum which the Amalgamated officials have given to the I. R. T. in which to reinstate the discharged men expires this morning. These officials have announced that a meeting will be called of the entire membership to take a strike vote although it is evident that instead of taking every precaution to protect its members and to prepare them for a strike, these officials are seeking in every direction for a way out.

Although these officials have refused to accept the condition handed down Wednesday by "mediator" Jimmie Walker, that the case of the discharged workers be referred to the legal department of the Interborough, they have at the same time indicated that they would be willing to "arbitrate" the issue. This is being taken as an indication that they are still continuing to play the game of postponement which has given the Inter-

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SHOE WORKERS
JOINING UNION

Hundreds of shoe workers are joining the Associated Shoe and Slipper Workers' Union, 51 E. 110th St., according to H. Levine of the union's press committee in a statement issued last night.

The organization drive was started Tuesday night when a meeting called by the "Committee of 40" was held at Lorraine Hall, Broadway, Brooklyn. More than 100 workers joined at the meeting. Others, fearing for their jobs, are applying direct to the union headquarters, Levine added.

Vote to Organize.

The shoe workers attending the meeting Tuesday unanimously went on record to join the shoe union and hold election of officers after one month's time, that all shoe workers who join within that period be eligible to run for officials. It was also decided that the Committee of 40 act as provisional officers until the election takes place. Max Hein is secretary of the committee.

Conducting Two Strikes.

The union is now conducting two shop strikes, Levine further reported. The demands of the workers are recognition of the union. The strikes are at the Riverside Slipper Co., 48 Walker St. where the workers went on strike on Thursday when a 10 per cent wage cut went into effect. The other strike is at the Franklin Shoe Co., 11 Hope St., Brooklyn, which was called Wednesday. Picketing is being conducted at both shops.

Ruthenberg Memorial Meeting Will Aid Defense of the Daily Worker

WORK OF LEADER TO BE DESCRIBED IN MANY CITIES

Prominent Communists Will Speak

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plished so easily in all sections," Kling stated. "I made a point of visiting every nucleus meeting and asking every member individually for his pledge. Every agent received instructions to raise the issue of the Ruthenberg Sustaining Fund at every meeting and to welcome discussion on it by the membership. The result has been an almost one hundred per cent success.

"Today the amount in the Ruthenberg Sustaining Fund of Section 1 is climbing into the upper two hundreds. In a short time it will reach three hundred dollars a month. It is the object of our section to attain a four hundred dollar a month fund and we expect to do this within two months," Kling said.

Ruthenberg's Legacy.

"Charles E. Ruthenberg left the American working class the tradition of an indomitable revolutionist to follow, equal and surpass," Kling asserted. "He also left them the duty of building and defending their militant daily press against all attacks from the American bosses. Today THE DAILY WORKER is being assaulted on all sides by the agents of American capitalism, the militarist and patriotic societies and the United States courts.

A Militant Example.

"The Ruthenberg Sustaining Fund is such a means," Leo Kling declared. "Let every section through the length and breadth of this country follow the example and the tactics of Section 1, New York in building up the Ruthenberg Sustaining Fund.

"Let the American workers follow the example of their indomitable leader, unselfishly devoting their energies and dedicating every available cent to the Ruthenberg Sustaining Fund and the defense of their daily organ."

Series of Ruthenberg Memorial meetings are being arranged throughout the United States to commemorate the work of the leader of militant American working class.

Meeting in New York.

Thousands of workers from the New York District will fill the Central Opera House, 6th St. and 3rd Avenue at 2 p. m., March 11, to pay homage to the memory of Ruthenberg. Plans are being made to seat the big crowd which it is expected will assemble in the large auditorium where William W. Weinstein, organizer of District 1, Workers (Communist) Party, William Z. Foster, Secretary of the Trade Union Educational League, Bertram D. Wolfe, National Agitprop Director, and Jack Stachel, organization secretary of the Workers Party will address the meeting on Ruthenberg's achievements.

Memorials Throat U. S.

Chicago will hold its big Ruthenberg memorial meeting on Sunday, March 4, at Ashland Auditorium, with Robert Minor and Max Bedacht as the principal speakers.

Preparations for similar memorials are being elaborated throughout the United States. Meetings will be held in Philadelphia at the Labor Institute 810 Locust Street on March 3, when Jay Lovestone, Executive Secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party will address the workers.

In Youngstown, Ohio, the Ruthenberg Memorial meeting will be held at 369 E. Federal St., at 7:30 p. m.

Pittsburgh workers hold their meeting March 2 at the Labor Lyceum, 35 Miller St., with William W. Weinstein as the principal speaker.

Cleveland will observe the Ruthenberg memorial on Sunday, March 4, at 2 p. m. with William W. Weinstein as speaker.

The Detroit meeting will be April 1, with Jay Lovestone and H. M. Wicks as the speakers.

The meeting at New Haven will be today at 38 Howe St. with Alex Bittelman as speaker.

In every city where the Workers (Communist) Party has an organization such mass meetings will be held in memory of Ruthenberg. In the Minnesota district Norman H. Tallentire and Pat Devine will speak at many meetings. In Kansas Hugo Ohler and Schoan will cover many meetings.

Marines Vainly Try to Capture Sandino

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Mar. 1.—Three separate detachments of United States marines were moving northward this afternoon, in the hope of capturing the Sandino troops who ambushed a U. S. troop train yesterday.

Colonel Dunlap and Colonel Wallace are in command of detachments from the 11th and 50th regiments, and they are supported by a provisional mounted detachment under the command of Major Rockey. Other detachments are moving northeastward from Esteli and south and west from Ocotal.

THE ROLE OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY by C. E. Ruthenberg

C. E. Ruthenberg



Born July 9, 1882. Died March 2, 1927.

The accompanying article by the leader of the Workers (Communist) Party who died one year ago today is printed by courtesy of International Publishers from a booklet soon to appear under the title "Voices of Revolt; Speeches and Writings of Chas. E. Ruthenberg."

What is the goal of the Communist Party? Wherein does it differ from other labor political parties? What is the role of the Communist Party—in this country the Workers Party—in the struggle for the emancipation of the workers? . . .

The Communists accept as their guiding policy that the world imperialist war was the beginning of the decay and disintegration of the capitalist system. Although the capitalists, financiers, and statesmen have striven mightily since 1918 to find a solution to the financial and economic problems brought upon them by the war, the process of disintegration still goes on. At times there are slight improvements only to be followed by worse conditions. Financially and economically Europe draws nearer and nearer to the brink.

The Communists point out to the working class that the capitalist system has outlived its day, that it cannot be reformed or reconstructed, that the misery and suffering which are the lot of the workers can only be ended by the workers establishing their rule and proceeding with the work of rebuilding the economic system on a Communist basis.

The Communists are under no illusion that this can be done over night. The struggle against the capitalist system may still last for decades, and even after the workers achieve power will go on for years. The Communists do not attempt to deceive the workers by teaching them that the social revolution is a pink tea affair to be achieved in the legislative halls of the capitalist government. The lesson of the one country in which the workers have attained power—Soviet Russia—shows that after the workers' government is established, an iron dictatorship must rule as the instrument through which the struggle against the exploiters is carried forward there. The Communists recognize the historic truth that no privileged class has ever given up its special position, its power to live in luxury through the exploitation of the oppressed class, without a bitter struggle in which it has resorted to every means within its power to retain its privileged position.

Everything points to the fact that the struggle against capitalism in Europe and America will not differ from the class struggles of the past and that the workers in the fight to emancipate themselves must be ready for this struggle.

In the United States the Communists today are advocating as their chief immediate proposals the amalgamation of the trade unions into industrial unions and the formation of a Labor Party. While the Communists in the United States are the

leaders in the struggle to bring about amalgamation and the formation of a Labor Party, this does not mean that when this goal is achieved the task of the Communists is at an end.

For the Communists, the amalgamation of the trade unions into industrial unions and the formation of a Labor Party to fight the political battles of the working masses of this country are but the first steps toward the ultimate goal of the Workers' Government and the Communist society.

When these means of struggle are achieved there will still remain for the Communists the task of bringing to the masses of the workers of this country the realization that the struggle against capitalism must be a struggle to abolish the whole capitalist order. It must teach them that the problem which the working class faces under the capitalist system cannot be solved through ameliorative measures won in the legislative bodies of the capitalist government or through victories won in the fight on the industrial field for better wages and working conditions. The Communists will still have the task of educating the working masses to the necessity of their establishing the rule of the workers in place of the rule of the capitalists. They will still have before them the work of bringing to the masses of the workers and farmers the understanding that the existing capitalist government is an instrument for the service of the capitalists, that it cannot be the form of government through which the workers may rule, but must be supplanted by a government growing out of the experiences and struggles of the workers, that is, a Soviet government. The Communists will still have before them the task of educating the working masses of this country to the need of their establishing a Soviet government and with it the rule of the workers—the dictatorship of the proletariat—which will use the governmental power in the interest of the workers as openly as it is now used in the interests of the capitalists.

It is because, after the first steps in the United States in the form of the organization of a Labor Party and the amalgamation of the trade unions, there will still remain these great tasks, that there must be a Communist Party—a separate, distinct organization which will have in its ranks the best educated, disciplined, and most militant workers, such as the Workers Party of America.

The role of this party is to be the battalion at the front leading the working class hosts—industrial workers and farmers—forward against the enemy in spite of all persecutions, in spite of the efforts of the capitalists to destroy it, until the victory of the workers is won.

CAPPELINI AND LEWIS' GUNMEN PLAN KILLINGS

Traction Workers Form Shop Committees

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for having shot and killed the gunman Agati in self defense.

That the reactionary officialdom of the United Mine Workers of America, the coal operators and the police fear this rising resentment of the workers, is shown in the order of Mayor Gillespie, refusing to permit members of No. 9 Colliery Local to hold a meeting last night at which it was intended, it is said, to replace the present officers of the local by the insurgent and progressive miners.

Nevertheless, a huge mass meeting of miners is called for Sunday, March 4th, at 2 p. m. at Armory Hall, Pittsburgh, Pa. Among the speakers scheduled to speak under the auspices of Save-the-Union Committee are Joe Victor, acting president, Local Union 1703, Joe Savage, financial secretary, Local Union 1703, Chas. Licata, acting recording secretary, Local Union 1703, Stanley Dziengelowski, chairman of the Save-the-Union Committee of the anthracite Tri-District, Powers Hagood, prominent rank and file leader of the miners, Geo. Papcun, secretary of the Save-the-Union Committee of the anthracite Tri-District.

The movement for the defense of Bonita and protest against the rule of Cappellini and Lewis, is growing swiftly.

C. E. RUTHENBERG AS REVOLUTIONIST

Appreciation of Party Founder

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daily struggles of the working masses. He was a realist in the Marxist-Leninist sense of the word. The bourgeoisie were driving the masses into the imperialist war. Ruthenberg replied: "Down with the Imperialist War."

There was an election campaign in Cleveland. Ruthenberg said to the workers: "Make this election count in your fight." Ruthenberg did not suffer from parliamentary illusions. He was not a victim of parliamentary cretinism. In April, 1912, he said:

"We are not in the business of electing mayors. The election of a mayor or any other party official is merely an incident in our work. It registers the increase in our strength and that is about all."

By 1920 Ruthenberg's estimate of the official Socialist Party theory of capturing power by the ballot was this: "The Socialist Party emphasizes the participation in elections and the election of certain officials. It had become more or less a vote-getting machine to elect certain persons to public office rather than an organization which sought to bring about a fundamental change of the social system."

As a Bolshevik, Ruthenberg always kept in the forefront the main objective of the Communists in the class struggle—to revolutionize the minds and struggles of the masses and to build a powerful Communist Party to lead the workers to final victory. In all his numerous activities in the daily struggles of the workers, Ruthenberg never forgot that the primary purpose of the revolutionary working class movement in the United States is to overthrow American capitalism and to establish a proletarian dictatorship.

As the years go by and the American revolutionary movement of which he was so much a part broadens and deepens among the American working class, a proper appraisal will be made of his place in the American labor movement, and the quality of his leadership will become more pronounced. But he will not only be a part of the revolutionary traditions of the American labor movement. His incomparable services to the cause of the emancipation of the workers of the world have made him a part of the traditions of the world's proletariat. "We deeply grieve with you at the loss of Comrade Ruthenberg, leader of your party and of the international labor movement, whose ashes will rest beneath the Kremlin together with the heroes of the November Revolution," called the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union to the Workers' (Communist) Party of America, when they learned of Ruthenberg's untimely death. The revolutionary honor accorded his memory by burying his ashes in the Red Square in Moscow bespeaks the esteem in which the Russian workers held the activities of Ruthenberg in the revolutionary movement of the international proletariat.

OPEN DRIVE FOR MINERS TODAY

Campaign To Continue Until Sunday

The special collection drive for miners' relief will be held today, tomorrow and Sunday by the Pennsylvania-Ohio Miners' Relief Committee, 799 Broadway, it was announced last night. Stations will be open throughout the city during the three days. The Workers' International Relief, 1 Union Square, is cooperating with the committee.

Printers Contribute.

The members of the New York Journal American and New York Journal Chapsels of the Typographical Union, Local 6, pressmen and other organized workers, have been active in donating funds and collecting clothing for the relief of the striking miners.

Several collections have been taken among them. Their largest contribution thus far is one of \$200.

The section relief committees in Harlem and Brownsville report increased miners' relief activities, the Pennsylvania-Ohio-Colorado Miners' Relief Committee, Room 236, 799 Broadway, reports. The Workers' International Relief is cooperating with the committee.

Many Affairs Arranged.

Many sympathizers are arranging affairs for miners' relief. M. Perlstein, of Local 12, United Council of Working Women, yesterday brought in \$150, proceeds of an affair for miners' relief conducted by the council. The Jewish Workers' University is also active, the students collecting relief funds on donation lists furnished by the committee. The Ukrainian Labor Club, of 17 E. 3rd St., has redeemed its pledge made at the City Conference for Miners' Relief with a donation of \$25. The Upholsterers' Union, Local 108, has contributed \$30, the result of a collection among the members. The La Fubinese Society, Inc., of 409 W. 44th St., has sent in a check for \$50 from its treasury. The Lithuanian Benefit Club has given \$85.

Bronx Dance Saturday.

The Cloakmakers' Council No. 1 of the Bronx, U. C. W. W., has arranged an affair for miners' relief to be held Saturday evening at 1472 Boston Road, the Bronx. An elaborate program has been arranged, to include a concert and dance.

The Bronx miners' relief conference scheduled for Monday night has been postponed until Sunday, March 18, at Ambassador Hall at 2 p. m., it was announced last night.

of the revolutionary political party of the proletariat—the Workers (Communist) Party. This is the lesson of the life and struggles of Charles E. Ruthenberg.

Ruthenberg is dead. But his contributions are alive in the struggles against the capitalist exploiters led and engaged in by the militant workers of America. The Party which Ruthenberg built and led calls upon you, on the first anniversary of his death:

Workers! Fight your enemy, the capitalist class and its government!

Follow in the footsteps of a great proletarian leader!

Join the Workers (Communist) Party, American section of the Communist International.

More Than 2,000 Students Now Attend Workers School

Great expansion of the Workers' School is shown not only by the tremendous increase in registration at the central school at 108 E. 14th St. but also by the opening of large branches of the school in all sections of the city.

quarters in Holland, who has watched the eleven month struggle of the coal diggers in the United States with the most cynical unconcern.

Tho the fate of American trade unionism is at stake in the titanic battle between the rank and file of the United Mine Workers of America and the coal, steel and rail barons, the reply of the secretary of the International Federation of Trade Unions to the appeal of the Pennsylvania-Ohio Miners' Relief Committee of 611 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa., is a Pontius Pilate hand-washing gesture and a falling back on rules and regulations for an excuse for this criminal lack of international workingclass solidarity.

Committee Appeals.

About one month ago, the Pennsylvania-Ohio Miners' Relief Committee sent out an appeal to trade unions and federated labor bodies in all countries in behalf of the striking coal diggers. This is the answer of the secretary of the I. F. T. U.:

Dear Comrades:

We have received your circular asking for financial assistance for the striking miners. Our rules, however, prevent us from instituting relief actions unless we have received an application from a national center to do so. In your case, therefore, it and in various New Jersey cities, D. Benjamin, assistant director, reported yesterday.

Over 2,000 workers are attending classes either in the central school or in one of the various branch schools. Spring terms will begin within the next week.

The following is a list of the branch schools, the courses being offered, the names of the instructors and the address of the school's quarters where registration is taking place and where information can be obtained:

BRONX BRANCH
2700 Bronx Park, East
Six classes in Elementary, Inter-
(Continued on Page Seven)

SPORTS IN BRIEF

McLarnin Challenges Mandell to Fight

Jimmy McLarnin filed a challenge with the New York Boxing Commission yesterday afternoon for a title bout with Sammy Mandell, lightweight champion, and posted the customary \$2,500 forfeit. By this move, New York obtained the edge over Chicago in the battle between Tex Rickard and Jimmy Mullen, rival promoters.

NOTES

An attractive supporting program has been arranged for the Tony Canzoneri-Andre Routsis world's featherweight bout at Madison Square Garden on March 23. Three eight round bouts will take place as follows: Sammy Dorfman vs. Dominick Petrone, Archie Bell vs. Kid Francis and Al Brown vs. Benny Schwartz.

BOSTON, March 1.—Charles E. Brickley, former Harvard football captain was today found guilty of conducting a bucket shop and of larceny by a jury in Suffolk Superior Court. He was charged with stealing

LOS ANGELES, March 1.—Joe Dundee, welterweight champion, and Max Waxman, his manager, were here today for their trial before Municipal Judge Pore on charges of false advertising.

The charges grew out of a scheduled fight between Dundee and Ace Hudkins which failed to come off last November. Dundee refused to go on without receiving his share of the purse in advance.

Labor Sports

The Labor Sports Union second annual indoor meet, held recently in Detroit far outstripped the one held last year, in regard to the number of athletes competing, the variety of events and the turnout of spectators. Over 200 athletes from nine different states in the country took part in the meet, and 2500 people were in attendance during the competition.

The high spots of the two day program were the boxing, wrestling, basketball, and the apparatus work. Ten 3 round bouts featured the boxing program, and some classy midget slugging was exhibited by the young labor athletes. Pal Moore of the Electrical Workers Local Union 58, fighting at 128 pounds won a decisive victory as did Walter Burke, a member of the executive board of the Street Car Men's Union and president of the Detroit District of the Labor Sports Union.

A high standard of sportsmanship both on the part of the athletes and the crowd prevailed throughout the course of the meet. Numerous Detroit Labor officials attended the meet and all were unanimous in endorsing the idea of labor sports activity.

Pilsudski Redoubles Reign of White Terror With National Elections Looming

FEARS LEFT WING VICTORY; ARRESTS WORKER LEADERS

Trade Union Leader in Vilna Murdered

WARSAW, March 1.—With the national elections scheduled for March 4th, the Pilsudski government has renewed its arrests of left wing leaders. The "Workers and Peasants Unity" list of candidates, which is supported by the Communist Party, however, has been confirmed by the government electoral commission because of the tremendous indignation which the annulment of the "left socialist" and "left peasant" lists aroused.

Fearing left wing successes in the election, the government has arrested numerous worker and peasant campaign speakers. At Sosnowice, a "Workers and Peasants Unity" meeting was broken up by the police. At Vilna the entire election committee of the White Russian Communist Party was arrested and one of the leaders of the militant trade union movement murdered.

In spite of the nation-wide suppression of worker and peasant meetings and the wholesale arrests, numerous demonstrations are being held at the factory gates of Lodz, Vilna, Grodno, Warsaw and other industrial centers.

The fears of the Pilsudski regime are based in part on the results of the recent municipal elections in Warsaw, Lodz and Grodno, where the Communists made big gains.

CRISIS IN FALL RIVER INDUSTRY

FALL RIVER, Mass., (By Mail).—In no industrial center has the present industrial crisis been felt more than in Fall River and Lawrence, Mass., the respective centers of the cotton and woolen industry in New England.

There are 15,000 workers unemployed in Fall River today. And when we remember that the average wages paid are only seven dollars a week, we wonder how the workers will manage to exist at all, when this pitance is cut off from them.

So far the situation has been handled only by the poor relief department and around 1,000 families are receiving weekly relief to the amount of from five to eight dollars. The organized labor movement must act in this situation and demand state aid for the relief of the unemployed. The textile workers demand justice and not charity. Only the 44-hour week and an equal distribution of work can help them to gain this.

GET SHIPS READY FOR WAR.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The house naval affairs committee today voted to recommend modernization of the battleships Pennsylvania and Arizona at a cost of \$14,000,000. The navy department proposed modernization of six ships at a cost of \$34,870,000.

ASKS EQUAL PAY.

BOSTON, March 1.—Equal pay for men and women teachers was advocated today by Miss Cornelia Adair, of Richmond, Va., president of the National Education Association.

Rumanian Fascists Doom Stefanov Despite Protest

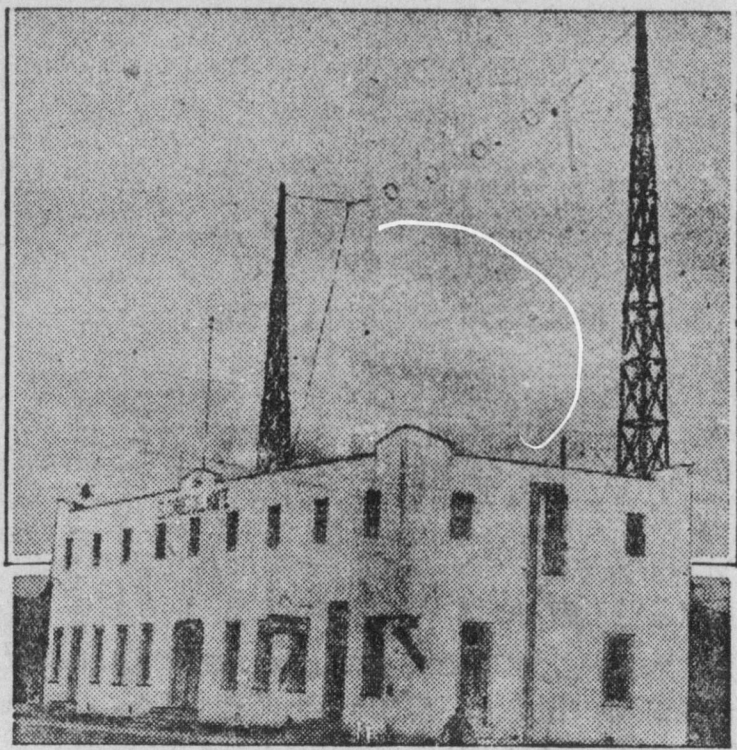
By DANIEL RENOULT (Paris).

Eight years penal servitude for Boris Stefanov, the like sentence for his "accomplice" Zuckermann and ten years penal servitude for Lisa Djour (who has fled to Turkey), because she translated the instructions of the Communist International into Rumanian—that is the sentence of the Bucharest military court on Boris Stefanov and Comrades.

Already some years ago, before the Rumanian Siguranza had succeeded in arresting Stefanov—he was to have the same fate as Pavel Tkatchenko, who was foully murdered—he was condemned in his absence to ten years penal servitude. He has already spent two years in prison "on remand," so the present sentence means nothing but the confirmation of the one pronounced previously.

With this sentence on Boris Stefanov, who was a Rumanian deputy and against whom, in spite of all the efforts of the police, no "conspiracy" could be proved, the oligarchy of the boyars have given a provocative answer to the great international demonstrations of solidarity for Boris Stefanov. They have been encouraged thereto by the "democratic" powers, England and France. These are the Powers which are preparing the way for fascism in Rumania. This is proved not only by the sentence on Stefanov and Comrades, but by the circumstances under which it was imposed.

Mexico Perfects Radio Station



At Tijuana in Lower California, improvements have been made at the large radio station a photograph of which appears above. The call letters of the station have been changed to CYE and its broadcasting radius extends up and down the Pacific coast.

Young Communist Int'l Statement on Red Army

Ten years have passed since in the middle of Civil War the Red Army came into being in Russia.—the First Army of the Proletarian World Revolution. In a few months the Russian proletariat created a mass army which in a prolonged struggle exacting enormous sacrifices defeated all the enemies of the first workers' state—the Russian generals and landlords, as well as the forces of the cruel European and American imperialism. In spite of inadequate armament, starvation and misery, the Red Army defeated the all-powerful enemy who was armed to the teeth, because it knew that it was fighting for the cause of the world proletariat.

Proud of Workers' Army.

Today, the international revolutionary proletariat is looking with pride and confidence to the Red Army, for it is a powerful weapon in the defense of the Union of the Soviet Socialist Republics.—The country of the workers of the world. The Red Army embodies all the heroism and self-sacrifice of which only oppressed are capable in the struggle against their oppressors. The Red Army is the child of revolution and the servant of world revolution.

Young workers, peasants and soldiers!

Prepare Attacks on U. S. S. R.

The imperialist states, with Great Britain at their head, are preparing for a new crusade against the Soviet Union. International industrial and finance magnates are furious at the consolidation of the Soviet power which shows to the whole world that its workers supported by workers throughout the world can manage without capitalists, building up their socialist economy and leading a free and happy life. They are afraid of the revolutionizing effect of this heroic example on millions of workers and peasants and on the oppressed colonial peoples who are still languishing under the yoke of capitalism. That is why they want to destroy the Soviet state, the bulwark of world revolution and bring the territory of the Soviet Union under capitalist domination.

The imperialists find willing aides and abettors in the camp of the

II. International who are only too willing to join the incitement campaign against the Soviet Union by libelling the proletarian state and its Red Army. The Paul Boncours in France, the Scheidemanns and Noskes in Germany, the MacDonalds in Great Britain and Vanderveldes in Belgium raise a hue and cry about the "Red Militarism" of the Soviet Union, whereas they vote credits to their own capitalists for war preparations and help to reorganize the capitalist armies.

Do not be bewildered by their bark! The Soviet Union wants peace to carry on peaceful socialist constructive work. It has repeatedly declared its will to peace and has frustrated the war provocations of its opponents. But the Russian proletariat is always ready for defense, because it knows that world capitalism will never get reconciled to the existence of the workers' state and will never give up its struggle. Only armed to the teeth can the proletariat defend the fruits of the revolution against the attacks of the imperialist robbers.

Pledge Renewed Struggle.

Young workers, peasants and soldiers!

On the Tenth Anniversary of the Red Army we pledge ourselves to reinforce our struggle in defense of the USSR. The busier the imperialists are in their war preparations against the Soviet Union, the louder will be our call: "Hands Off the Soviet Union, Down with Imperialism!" "Civil War Against Imperialism!"

Fight on Side of U. S. S. R.

If imperialists dare let loose war against the USSR do not shoot on the Russian workers and peasants; fight on the side of the Red Army against your own capitalist government!

Long live the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the country of all exploited and oppressed of the world!

Down with capitalist militarism!

Long live the Red Army, the army of world revolution!

Executive Committee,

Young Communist International, Moscow, February 1928.

DEFENSE BAZAAR PLANS GROWING

Contributions of articles have already begun to come in from various parts of the country for the booth which the Workers International Relief, with headquarters at 1 Union Sq., will conduct for the benefit of the children of the striking miners at the annual bazaar of the International Labor Defense. The bazaar will be held at New Star Casino, 107th St. and Park Ave., from March 7 to 11.

Miscellaneous articles of all sorts

will be sold. Proceeds will go towards providing food, shelter and clothing for the children of the striking miners of Pennsylvania and Ohio. The Workers International Relief has urged all sympathizers to send in contributions to its office as quickly as possible.

Commune Meeting in Boston, March 18

BOSTON, March 1.—Max Shachtman, editor of The Labor Defender, official organ of International Labor Defense, will be the main speaker at a mass meeting here to commemorate the fifty-seventh anniversary of the Paris Commune, on Sunday, March 18, at Paine Memorial Hall, 9 Appleton Street.

The meeting, arranged by the Boston International Labor Defense, will also be addressed by Carl Appel and Fred T. Douglas.

STIMSON DODGES FREEDOM ISSUE AT INAUGURATION

Filipino Masses Fight New U. S. Dictator

MANILA, March 1.—Henry L. Stimson, new governor general of the Philippines completely dodged the independence issue in his inauguration address here. The inauguration took place at the Luneta, one of the heights above Manila Bay, a few hours after Stimson's arrival.



H. L. Stimson, new czar

Beyond stating that the future of the relations between the United States and the Philippines rests "solely with the United States," Stimson meticulously avoided any reference to the Philippine struggle for independence.

Altho the appointment of Stimson has been welcomed by the conservative "leaders" of the independence movement, there is a large section of the population that is opposed to Stimson. The more conservative "leaders" like Osmena and Quezon have expressed their willingness to "cooperate" with Stimson.

Stimson repeated references to the importance of "economic progress" is generally regarded as indicating that the United States will make some move to alter the Philippine land law to permit the large scale production of rubber by the Firestone interests. There are also rich coal deposits in the island of Mindanao which the United States interests are anxious to exploit.

LOCKOUT LOOMS IN OHIO MINES

Lockout Threatened.

CHICAGO, (FP) Mar. 1.—In an attempt to undermine the resistance of the Illinois miners to wage cuts as a part of the next agreement, the coal operators are dropping hints of a lockout April 1 when the present district extension of the national agreement expires. They are also suggesting that the actual coal diggers of Illinois, as distinct from the union's state and national officials, are eager for a wage slash in order to get more work.

"The mines in Illinois will probably be idle for 30 or 60 days," says a business journal in which operator sentiment is faithfully reflected, "after which time the rank and file of the miners in the state may ask the union officials for employment under the terms of the operators."

Owners Demand Cuts.

In Indiana the operators are playing a similar game, having refused to talk business with the union unless wage cuts are included in the prospective agreement. The Illinois conference broke down Feb. 7, the Indiana conference some weeks later. Illinois as a solid union district is the keystone of the United Mine Workers of America in the soft coal field.

New Strike Threatened.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—A new strike of 350,000 union miners in 12 states is possible April 1, United Mine Workers officials reported today to the special Senate Coal Committee.

After nearly a week's investigation in Pennsylvania fields, the committee, headed by Senator Gooding (R) of Idaho, returned to Washington today to prepare a report for the Interstate Commerce Committee.

States which would be affected by the threatened walk-out include Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Oklahoma, Missouri, Kansas, Wyoming, Washington, Montana, Texas, Ohio and Northern West Virginia. In these sections some union operations have been carried out under temporary wage scales made under President Lewis' destructive policy of negotiating separate district agreements.

THIRTEEN RUHR MINERS KILLED

RECKLINGHAUSEN, Germany March 1.—Thirteen miners were killed instantly here today when the pit-cage which was lowering them down to work in a mine crashed to the bottom of the pit. Forty-eight miners were injured in the crash.

The tragedy was caused by the snapping of the ropes to which the pit-cage was attached.

Recklinghausen is in the state of Westphalia, in the heart of the Ruhr district, which is the most important coal-mining section of Germany.

EGYPT SPURNS TORY PACT Students Protest British Imperialism

CAIRO, Egypt, March 1.—Forced by growing nationalist sentiment, the cabinet last night rejected the Anglo-Egyptian treaty. The cabinet decision was preceded by a large demonstration of students who marched in front of the nationalist headquarters shouting, "We want the rejection of the treaty."

Altho the terms of the agreement, reached by Sarwat Pasha and Sir Austen Chamberlain have not yet been made public, it has steadily been opposed here as a move to impose even greater British control over Egypt.

CANNON SPEAKS AGAINST FRAMEUP

(Continued from Page One)

had remarked that if it had not been for the fact that an immediate agitation for the two frame-up workers had been begun, there would have been every likelihood that the tragedy of Sacco and Vanzetti would have taken place in this case also. The value of International Labor Defense, which had taken a foremost place in this agitation was emphasized.

Remember Mooney.

Special attention was paid to the case of Tom Mooney and Warren K. Billings, both of them confined to life imprisonment in California penitentiaries. The story of the Centralia I. W. W. members, whose only "crime" consisted in their heroic defense of their lives and union hall from American Legion hooligans, and who are today paying the penalty for their loyalty to their class by life imprisonment in Walla Walla, Wash., penitentiary, was also told. A graphic history of the Moyer-Haywood-Pettibone case and the recent Sacco-Vanzetti case was given in the speech, which was warmly received by the Pittsburgh workers at the hall.

National Fight.

Cannon finally outlined a program for a national fight against the frame-up system. "The frame-up system, which kills and imprisons our best fighters," he said, "must be met with the most energetic and organized resistance of the entire working class. We must build an iron ring of solidarity around the victims of this typically American capitalist institution and prevent the ruling class from taking their terrible vengeance from the ranks of our militants." An appeal was made to all present to join the International Labor Defense and build a unified movement for the fight.

The next meeting in the tour of Cannon takes place in Cleveland, Ohio, from which he will go to Flint, Michigan, where he speaks Friday, March 2, at 2708 1/2 St. Johns Avenue. The Flint meeting is to be followed by a proletarian banquet in Detroit, Saturday, March 3, at 8 p. m. in the Croatian Hall, 1329 E. Kirby Avenue, and a mass meeting on the following day, Sunday, March 4, at 2:30 p. m. in the Danceland Auditorium, Woodward near Forest Aves. A large turnout is expected there.

Rows From New York To Miami, Florida

After a trip of 129 days, Charles Seitz, 67-year-old carman, of Edgemere, L. I., who started on October 23, from the Battery to row to Miami, Florida, has arrived there, according to a telegram received by Mrs. Seitz, at 1122 Grassmere Terrace, Far Rockaway.

LINDBERGH IN BOSTON.

BOSTON, March 1.—Colonel Charles A. Lindbergh arrived here from Schenectady, N. Y., today.



JUST RECEIVED

A large shipment from England

A B C of Communism

In an improved and enlarged edition

\$1.00 paper \$1.50 cloth

Short Course of Economic Science

by BOGDANOFF

A new handsome edition of this well-known book \$1.00

Order your copies from: WORKERS LIBRARY PUBLISHERS, 39 East 125th St. New York City.

Study Apes' Speech



Under the leadership of Professor Dobrogajev, celebrated Russian zoologist, a number of prominent scientists in the Soviet Union are undertaking to study the language of the apes. Monkeys and gorillas are being used in the experiments.

Burns, Spy, and Stewart Oil Crook, Get Promoted

WASHINGTON, March 1.—William J. Burns, famous stoolpigeon, now awaiting the outcome of an appeal in his conviction for contempt of court on charges growing out of the Fall-Sinclair oil conspiracy case, has been reappointed a colonel in the organized reserve of the army.

His new commission was recently forwarded from the war department. It became effective December 1, 1927, while Burns and his associates were on trial here with Harry F. Sinclair for contempt.

CHICAGO, March 1.—Col. Robert W. Stewart at a meeting of the board of directors of the Standard Oil Company of Indiana, was this afternoon reelected chairman of the board. Stewart refused recently to testify before a senate committee regarding his knowledge of the details of the huge oil robberies.

The Wind Should Have Been Arrested Also

S. Colonie, driver of an ash wagon, was fined \$10 in the West Side Police Court because some ashes blew from his wagon on Dr. Louis I. Harris, city health commissioner. The health commissioner was leaving his Riverside Drive home when the ashes "soiled" him. A detective acting as his bodyguard served a summons on the ash wagon worker.

Sentence 10 Riffians To Military Shooting

PARIS, March 1.—Ten Moroccan soldiers who were compelled by the French army to fight against their own tribes in the Rif have fled and gone over to the forces in the Riffian hinterland.

Then ten have been sentenced to death by the French military tribunal and will be shot at sight if recaptured.

New Defense Branches

Italian Branches of the International Labor Defense have been organized in Washington, Pa., with 11 members; Rochester, N. Y. with 30 members; and Casco, Conn. with eight members, the National Office, 799 Broadway, announced yesterday.

Working Women! Working Women! Come to the

International Women's Day Celebration

MASS MEETING AND DEMONSTRATION at CENTRAL OPERA HOUSE 67th Street and 3rd Avenue

Sunday, March 4, at 2 p.m.

CONCERT—FANNY LEVINE, Violinist DANCES BY DORSHA GENEVIEVE TAGGART, poetess, will recite ELLEN KENNAN will read

Speakers: WM. Z. FOSTER, Leader of the Great Steel Strike ROSE WORTIS, Cloak and Dressmakers Union ELLEN DAWSON, Passaic Textile Workers Union MARION EMERSON, International Workers' Aid RAY RAGOZIN, Women's Conference for Miners' Relief ROSE NEVIN, United Council of Working Women REGINA MEDIM ROBERT MINOR, Editor, Daily Worker JULIET STUART POYNTZ, Chairman

PALESTINE LABOR SCORES FLOGGING OF LEFT LEADER

Workers Sing "Red Flag" in Demonstration

LONDON, (By Mail).—Kolsh, a militant working class leader in Palestine, was given a flogging of twelve lashes while imprisoned in Jerusalem for his political activities, according to a wire sent by the Palestine Red Aid to the International Class War Prisoners Aid. Kolsh was then sentenced to deportation.

As soon as the news of this brutality became known, spontaneous demonstrations of protest took place in many parts of Palestine; in Jerusalem hundreds of workers paraded the streets singing the "Red Flag"; they were charged by the British police, five men and four women were seriously injured, and many workers were arrested.

Guatemalan Army Halts "U. S." Road

Three hundred Guatemalan troops have been despatched by the government to prevent the construction of a railway by the Cuyamel Fruit Company, a United States concern, according to reports received here. The company started work on the road in spite of a government order.

The company had been refused a permit to build the road, when it informed the government that it would not construct an additional spur to one of the larger cities.

MODERN INDIA by PALME DUTT

A brilliant reply to Catherine Mayo's "Mother India" by a champion of Indian freedom.

A thoro Marxian analysis of India's economic and political history.

\$1

WORKERS LIBRARY PUBLISHERS, 39 East 125th St. New York City.

Bukharin Asks for Greater Efforts by Party to Honor C. E. Ruthenberg

MUST MOBILIZE WORKERS FOR GREAT STRUGGLE

Funeral Oration Called for Stubborn Fight

There is the address delivered by Comrade Bukharin at the funeral of Comrade C. E. Ruthenberg in Moscow, April 26, 1926.

COMRADES, we are lowering into the grave today the ashes of Comrade Ruthenberg, the leader of the comparatively small but energetic Communist Party of the United States of North America.

In the entire world, comrades, there exist two opposite poles of a struggle, two fundamental, powerful historical forces, around which secondary and weaker forces group themselves and unite: these two poles are on one side the United States of America—the forces of the old, the forces of capitalist counter-revolution, the forces of imperialism; on the other side the Union of Socialist Republics—new forces, the forces of the Communist Revolt, the forces for the construction of socialism. And while our country which only ten years ago was the stronghold of the most barbarian, the most despotic tsarist reaction, has been transformed into the great land of the Dictatorship of the Proletariat, at the other pole of the earth, in the United States of America, there still reigns, still flourishes, still rules the most powerfully armed, the most highly developed imperialistic capitalism. The bourgeoisie of the United States at the present time represents the hegemony, the leadership of all the plundering, reactionary, counter-revolutionary forces of the entire world, of everything tending to support the old order. And in the great events of the Chinese revolution we see the United States of America in league with Great Britain pursue their "peaceful" policy of robbing and torturing the Chinese people.

A great symbol is hidden in the present occasion. The fact that the ashes of Comrade Ruthenberg are now here, that Comrade Ruthenberg, the leader of our American Communist Party, which carries on the struggle under the most difficult conditions, will be buried in Moscow; that his ashes were brought here under our red banners; that his remains will rest side by side with the remains of our best fighters, side by side with Lenin, side by side with scores of other great proletarians, who raised the banner of revolt in the days of October and who sacrificed their lives on the barricades, fighters whose bones paved the road for the growth of our great future—in all that there is a great symbol hidden.

OUR leader died in a country which at present is the main support of international capitalism. He will be buried in a country which is incomparably weaker than his native country, which is a so-called "civilized" country, a country of refined executioners of the working class. In this there is a great symbol. Here is hidden the profoundest historical idea of unity of the world proletariat, the symbol of solidarity of the working class, the symbol of the Proletarian Dictatorship. The proletariat, the symbol of solidarity power directed against the enemies of the working class, is the embryo of the great brotherhood of all toilers, and it is easily understood that the workers of all lands, all nations, all languages, of all races see in the Communist International their banner, see in Moscow the capitol of that great country which will finally become the mother-country of the entire world. In the graves of the great fighters of the revolution, at the Kremlin wall, they see the commune of the dead martyrs, who sacrificed their lives for the brotherhood of the working class.

COMRADES, we are particularly grieved over the loss of our comrade Ruthenberg. American capitalism is still powerful. Bourgeois ideology is still penetrating the American working class. Our American Party is still small, her leaders are few in number, the Communist movement is just beginning to develop in America. There is a great future before them, but before they will reach that future, the fighters for American Communism will be compelled to pass many difficult roads and overcome many obstacles. Communism in America is just being born, and the Communist Party is passing through its period of childhood. The Party is growing day by day, but it is still small, while its enemy is the most powerful on earth. That is the reason for our great grief over the loss of the leader of the American Party. But we also know that our grief is not the grief of the people who are ready to shed tears. When we mourn the death of our leader, when we today mourn the death of Com-

Fund to Buy Books for Labor Prisoners is Organized Here

With request at hand from a number of class war prisoners confined in capitalist penitentiaries for their loyalty to labor and its cause, the International Labor Defense, 80 E. 11th St., today made an appeal to all friends of the labor movement and sympathizers with the class fighters to contribute toward a fund for books on the labor movement for the prisoners.

Tom Mooney, one of the best-known of the labor prisoners, who has been in jail or prison for 12 years, writes the International Labor Defense, in a letter just received: "I realize it will be difficult for you to furnish all the books I want. But I want to make up for lost time in my reading."

Mooney's List.

Among the books he asks to have sent to him are "The Life and Death of Sacco and Vanzetti," by Eugene Lyons; "Social Forces in American History," by A. M. Shmons; all six titles in the "Voices of Revolt" series; "Literature and Revolution," by L. D. Trotsky; "Ten Days That Shook the World," by John Reed; "Russia Today," the report of the trade union delegation; "Oil Imperialism," by Louis Fischer; "Foundations of Christianity," by Karl Kautsky; "Education in Soviet Russia," by Scott Nearing; "Chains," by Henri Barbusse and 22 other titles.

I. L. D. Is Praised.

Claude E. Merritt, in San Quentin (California) Prison, writes: "I look forward to these (the books) with great anticipation."

Leo Ellis, an I. W. W. prisoner at Redlands, California, Prison, writes: "Billings and I wish to commend the I. L. D. for its thoughtfulness in behalf of the class war prisoners. I appreciate very much the spirit of solidarity the various groups of workers in the I. L. D. have shown us."

Other class war prisoners, including Joe Neil, at Lansing (Kansas) Prison, and Henry Corbushley, at Menard (Illinois) Prison, have sent in requests.

Books Are Permitted.

Prison rules do not permit prisoners to receive books from individuals but warden permit the dispatch of books to prisoners by regular publishers. The I. L. D. has therefore instituted a Prisoners' Book Fund, out of which all the books requested by the prisoners will be bought and sent them through the publishers. All friends are urged in the I. L. D. appeal to contribute to this fund and help the prisoners in their solitude to strengthen their class education. Money may be sent to the Prisoners' Book Fund, I. L. D., 80 E. 11th St., Room 402, New York City.

Comrade Ruthenberg; when we assembled here today and bent our mourning draped banners over a new fresh grave,—this gathering, this funeral, this meeting ought to serve as a signal for a more energetic fight for our ideas, for our aims, and slogans, under whose banners Comrade Ruthenberg carried the fight.

COMRADES, again the world is entering a difficult stage in its development. Again we hear the march to battle, again are ripening powerful historical events. And now together with the growing Chinese revolution, with the conspiracy of the imperialists against U. S. S. R., together with the threatening danger of war, we hear the growing widening call of the communists, a call to carry on a systematic stubborn fight, a call to organize our forces, a call to raise the banners still higher, so that the working class of all countries, the oppressed peoples of all lands, the toiling peasants of the entire world, will meet the terrible hour in a different manner from the one in 1914 when the working class was fooled and stupefied by the bourgeoisie and deceived and betrayed by the social democrats. This preparatory work of mobilizing our forces can be done as it should be done by Communist Parties only, and only the Communist International, as the great international brotherhood of the working class, which is marching towards emancipation. Not for a moment, not for a second shall our energy become exhausted. On the contrary, again and again we say to ourselves, with the death of Comrade Ruthenberg we lost one of the most active workers of the Communist International. But we will answer this loss with still greater efforts on our part. We will answer this loss with still stronger mobilization of our forces. We will answer this loss with a more energetic organization of our great struggle, the struggle for the overthrow of the capitalist yoke, the struggle for the emancipation of the entire oppressed humanity, a life and death struggle against the forces of imperialism, a life and death struggle for a Communist society, for the emancipation of all humanity. And at this time we say to ourselves:

Comrades, workers, proletarians of all countries unite.

Courageously and fearlessly carry on the great struggle.

Long live our victory.

Long live the International Revolution.

DEFENSE BAZAAR PROFITS \$3,000

BOSTON, March 1.—An announcement made yesterday by A. Rogers, in charge of the arrangements of the recent 3 day bazaar held here by the Joint Defense and Relief Committee of the Cloakmakers and Furriers, states that the income of the bazaar far exceeds the amount hoped for by the most optimistic members of the committee. Slightly over \$3,000 clear profit was realized.

Two hundred dollars of this amount will be given to the Miners' Relief Committee, which represents the profits of a special booth maintained by them. The announcement of the income derived was received by the workers in the needle trades market with extreme gratification, since many of the workers did not believe that the progressive needle trades movement was powerful enough to carry thru so big an affair due to widespread unemployment. The merchandise on sale was completely sold out.

March Labor Defender Features Mine Strike And 1871 Paris Commune

Twenty-four illustrated pages of material which furnishes a mirror of the struggle in the United States and other parts of the world compose the March "Miners' Strike Number" of the Labor Defender.

The cover of the magazine is from one of the photographs made famous by Lewis Hines, showing one of the miners now out on strike, his face seamed with coal dust and toil, mounted with the miner's cap and lamp. The coal strike is further illustrated by a double-page spread of photographs from the strike zone, and a contrast picture that compares the conditions of the rich idlers at Miami Beach, Florida, and the barracks-housed miners of Pennsylvania and Ohio. T. J. O'Flaherty, well-known labor writer, has written an article from the field for this issue which describes the conditions of terror and misery under which the miners are conducting their heroic struggle.

The anniversary of the Paris Commune is aptly commemorated by an article from the pen of Harry Gannes, which is illustrated by some rare photographs, hitherto unpublished in the United States, of scenes during the Commune, showing barricade fights, and pictures of some of the leaders of the first workers' republic.

Debts Are Crimes

NEWARK, N. J., March 1.—Mrs. Elsa Jones, a public school teacher here, has been dismissed "for conduct unbecoming a teacher." The charges made against her by the

"Lame Ducks" Find the Water Fine; Coolidge Helps Veteran

WASHINGTON, (FP), March 1.—Finding places for "lame ducks" was a sort of a problem to the present administration until some of these "lame ducks" found that they could sell what political influence they had to powerful corporations and get more than they could out of any sincere that the administration would find for them. Instead of occupying positions that pay little, these "lame ducks" may be seen anytime a bill affecting public utility or other corporations is on mingling on the floor of either House, talking to their former colleagues. Lenroot, former Senator of Wisconsin, was the most recent addition to this group of "lame ducks."

A "lame duck" is a representative who has been defeated, but remains to serve out his term. But the problem of getting positions that will remove from activity Congressmen who get elected and re-elected, but who are not much of a help to the administration, and when they reach powerful committee positions, by reason of their seniority, are a decided hindrance, is now undergoing the process of solution. Representative Green, of Iowa, although chairman of the powerful ways and means committee, opposed some of the demands of big business, and particularly, the repeal of the Federal inheritance tax. His influence on the committee defeated the tremendous propaganda of the advocates of the abolition of that tax. Accordingly, he was appointed a judge on the Court of Claims bench—although he is two years beyond the retirement age. The realization that he was getting along in years, and would probably find himself in old age dependent on the administration for some lame duck appointment—which his irregularity might have prevented him from getting—he decided to accept. And the anti-Federal estate tax people are happy.

PACIFISTS AID COOLIDGE PLAN FOR HUGE NAVY

Aid Victory of "Big Navy" Group

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Prospect of even more rapid naval building was believed insured today after the provision requiring completion of the 16 proposed ships in six years was eliminated yesterday in compliance with the request of President Coolidge.

Trick Wins Pacifists.

The removal of the time limit, in addition to the apparent reduction of the number of vessels, has given an opening to the pacifists who are now giving more open support to the proposed program. But in reality the doing away with the time limit does not mean a slowing down of the program. Rather it means a chance to carry out the full 71 ship program by building these 16 ships immediately, which was the interpretation of Coolidge, offered when opposing the time limit and at the same time urging the immediate laying down of all the cruisers and the airplane carrier.

Rear Admiral Beuret, chief constructor of the navy department, also made representations before the house committee favoring doing away with the time limit and was supported in his arguments by Assistant Secretary of the Navy Robinson.

No Conference Till 1931.

President Coolidge in commenting on the proposed program stated yesterday that in his opinion there will be no new "disarmament" conference until 1931, indicating that during the coming three years the building could go ahead full speed without any interruptions. That many improvements are planned to supplement the huge building program was indicated in the proposals before the committee by Admiral Beuret that the bill provide for elevating the guns and otherwise reconditioning of the battleships Pennsylvania, Arizona, New Mexico, Mississippi and Idaho, which is expected to be favorably reported later in the week.

BOSTON, March 1.—A fourteen-inch gun is enroute from Worcester, Mass., to the Panama Canal to increase the already strong fortification there, according to an announcement yesterday by the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad, which is transporting the huge gun to the Brooklyn Navy Yards in New York for shipment to the Canal Zone.

The gun, which is mounted on a special U. S. government carriage, weighs 440,000 pounds with the carriage. There is also a car of the most modern apparatus weighing 290,000 pounds.

board of education were that she paid \$6.50 for hosiery and \$32 for a hat. She was also charged with having been unable to pay debts which she had contracted. Mrs. Jones will fight the dismissal, she said, because her debts and what she paid for purchases were her private affair.

Defenders of THE DAILY WORKER

A. M. Gross, Washington, N. J.	2.00	A. Kamenoff, Detroit, Mich.	20.00
W. P. Seckut, Chicago, Ill.	1.50	D. Vasiladis, Detroit, Mich.	10.00
J. Hlovac, Detroit, Mich.	1.00	S. Miller, Detroit, Mich.	3.00
P. Grekin, Detroit, Mich.	3.00	Sigrid Olson, Claremont, Va.	1.00
J. Shilkevsky, Detroit, Mich.	3.00	E. Markezey, Wilmington, Del.	2.00
L. Cetowsky, Detroit, Mich.	5.00	A. Bernadino, Wilmington, Del.	1.00
Dr. Benish, Detroit, Mich.	10.00	J. Farnaro, Wilmington, Del.	1.50
M. Klans, Detroit, Mich.	10.00	B. Benniditte, Wilmington, Del.	1.00
S. H. Babcock, Conneaut, Ohio	2.00	J. Breda, Wilmington, Del.	1.00
J. Radwojkevic, Butler, Pa.	3.00	T. Tofis, Wilmington, Del.	2.00
G. Albert, N. Y. C.	2.00	I. M. Thomas, Barberton, O.	3.00
Dr. Muslig, N. Y. C.	5.00	F. Dudonis, Folsom, Pa.	5.00
L. F. Heiss, Sr., Worcester, Mass.	2.00	F. Canter, Bronx, N. Y.	1.00
E. Shapiro, Chicago, Ill.	1.00	W. Paananen, W. Concord, N. H.	10.50
Street Nucleus No. 22, Chicago, Illinois	15.73	G. W. Davidge, B'klyn, N. Y.	5.00
T. R. Chujarina, North Chelmsford, Ohio	10.00	Ukrainian Educational Club, Rochester, N. Y.	22.50
Wm. Are, Cincinnati, Ohio	1.50	New Haven Br. W. P., New Haven, Conn.	100.00
F. Garcia, Park City, Utah	1.50	P. Babich, West Allis, W. V.	5.00
J. Gruzelovski, Cleveland, Ohio	2.00	A. J. MacDonald, Flat River, Mo.	2.00
J. H. Jensen, Los Angeles, Calif.	1.00	L. Woroshloff, Golden, Colo.	2.00
A. Lehan, Chicago, Ill.	5.00	F. Lehti, Fort Meyers, Fla.	2.00
G. Rupert, Las Vegas, N. W.	5.00	A. Cumming, Fort Meyers, Fla.	1.00
T. Mitsos, Cleveland, O.	2.00	Swedish Study Club, Vinalhaven, Texas	7.50
J. Zuparko, Hillsdale, N. J.	5.00	J. H. F. Wengel, Austin, Texas	6.00
A. Kohn, Miami, Fla.	2.00	A. J. Hauser, Newport News, Va.	7.00
A. Arvidson, Glen Cove, L. I.	1.00	J. Katchmar, Watervliet, N. Y.	3.00
C. J. Brown, Louisville, Ky.	4.00	S. Chapko, Troy, N. Y.	2.50
H. Person, Hicksville, N. Y.	1.00	F. Jilek, St. Paul, Minn.	2.00
F. Person, Hicksville, N. Y.	1.00	L. P. Lemley, (col.) Phila., Pa.	12.90
T. Henky, Crestwood, N. Y.	1.00	S. M. Grabovac, B'klyn, N. Y.	2.00
C. A. Peterson, Glenmere, Maine	1.50	A. Schlemmer, Chicago City, Minn.	4.00
S. Holnberg, Glenmere, Maine	1.50	A. Starring, Chicago City, Minn.	1.00
M. Slochic, Chicago, Ill.	3.00	J. Miller, Chicago, Ill.	5.50
T. Solar, Kearney, Nebr.	2.00	G. Bruynell, Paterson, N. J.	5.00
L. Krassich, Kearney, Nebr.	1.00	An ex-marine, New York City	5.00
S. C. Zywewski, Northampton, Mass.	2.00	E. Miller, (col.) Chicago, Ill.	5.00
L. Calvert, Maywood, Ill.	1.00	Young Worker Social Culture Club, 123 Riverdale Av., B'klyn, N.Y.	25.00
C. M. Meyer, Milwaukee, Wisc.	1.00	M. Grand Rapids, Mich.	1.00
C. F. Knappe, Milwaukee, Wisc.	1.00	D. Dill, Plaster City, Cal.	5.00
W. P. Nucleus, No. 2, Worcester, Mass.	10.00	L. Payes, New York City	1.00
C. Eyles, Wildwood, Pa.	1.00	K. Wynne, Chicago, Ill.	1.00
B. Alerson, Little Falls, Minn.	2.00	B. Michallson, New York City	3.00
R. E. Peels, Townville, Miss.	4.00	Central Com. of Njolaire Society, New York City	10.00
A. H. Johnson, Chicago, Ill.	2.00	F. Jarrell, Valga, W. Va.	1.00
E. Higgins, Chatanagua, Kansas	2.00	Mrs. M. Niemiaw, Mass, Mich.	4.00
M. Lefson, Bronx, N. Y.	5.00	A. Stavianudakis, Gebo, Wyo.	28.10
J. Zatk, Hoboken, N. J.	1.00	G. Gravitt, Bloomville, Wis.	1.00
P. Pajaron, Hattenrock, N. J.	1.00		
F. Peterson, Stratford, Conn.	2.00		
J. Goldberg, B'klyn, N. Y.	1.00		
J. Wild, Gloversville, N. Y.	2.00		
K. Ahrens, Oakland, Nebr.	1.00		
C. P. Wilson, Jose, Calif.	1.00		
A. Chowske, Detroit, Mich.	1.00		
O. Wennary, B'klyn, N. Y.	1.00		
E. Hirsch, Cincinnati, Ohio	2.00		
C. F. Wu, Madison, Wis.	5.00		
G. Gavron, Erie, Pa.	10.00		
V. S. Ware, Long Beach, Calif.	3.00		
Bulgarian Fraction, Pontiac, Mich.	20.00		
J. Saboda, Passaic, N. J.	5.50		
P. D. Quimby, Westport, Conn.	1.50		
S. P. Rasmussen, St. Paul, Minn.	1.00		
S. Fladinas, Boston, Mass.	1.00		
W. N. Patterson, Zanesville, O.	5.00		
T. Richtner, Fordson, Mich.	5.00		
S. Laskoski, Phila., Pa.	2.00		
T. Hodak, Barberton, O.	1.00		
J. Herman, Barberton, O.	1.00		
J. Yerman, Barberton, O.	1.00		
L. Laves, New York City	50.00		
A. Friend, N. Y. C.	2.00		
J. W. Palmer, Oakland, Calif.	1.00		
R. Jureich, Opekiska, W. Va.	1.00		
G. T. Smith, Toledo, Ohio	1.00		
T. Rach, Bellaire, Ohio	2.50		
J. Janson, Balto, Md.	2.00		
Jos. Forsen, Phila., Pa.	1.00		
Lithuanina "Aida" Chorus, Detroit, Mich.	11.26		
E. Kindstrand, Detroit, Mich.	20.00		
F. Dikneft, Detroit, Mich.	15.00		
M. Popovich, Detroit, Mich.	1.00		
Reveria Restaurant, Detroit, Mich.	10.00		

RAILROADS DEFY GOVERNMENT ON PROFIT RULING

Commerce Commission Submits

WASHINGTON, March 1 (FP).—Every railroad in the United States which operated at a profit last year has been asked by the Interstate Commerce Commission to report such earnings and pay over to the government, in accordance with the recapture clause of the Transportation Act of 1920, one-half of profits in excess of 6 per cent.

The order just issued by the commission is identical with the orders that have been issued each year, but which the railroad companies, with very few exceptions, have refused to comply with. Most of the railroads have carried their cases into the courts, where they are still pending. Members of the commission are not optimistic about receiving any of this money from the large railroad companies.

Valuation Made.

After fifteen years of figuring, the Interstate Commerce Commission has completed its tentative valuation of the railroads of the United States, it has just been announced. The resolution calling for a valuation of the railroad properties was sponsored by the late Senator Robert M. LaFollette, and it passed congress in 1913. The commission has spent \$130,000,000 in complying with the terms of the resolution.

In view of the length of time that has elapsed, it will now be necessary to do some more figuring so as to bring the valuation up-to-date. All valuations are as of dates ranging from 1914 to 1919.

A. F. L. FORCED TO TALK OF RELIEF

Second Plea Follows Weak First Move

WASHINGTON, Mar. 1.—A second appeal for miners' relief has been issued here by the American Federation of Labor. Support is asked in the form of money, food and clothing for the striking miners of western Pennsylvania, Ohio and northern West Virginia.

This second appeal is interpreted as an indication of the seriousness of the crisis in the miners' union of which even the reactionary A. F. of L. officialdom backing the Lewis machine is forced to take account.

The first appeal which brought small results has remained unorganized. Its failure was due to it being, partly to the ineffectiveness of the A. F. of L. methods and partly to the distrust of the rank and file of the labor movement.

Nearly eight months of the strike passed before the A. F. of L. even spoke of general relief.

JOIN IN A REAL FIGHT!



LENIN RUTHENBERG DRIVE



- | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| FOR | AGAINST |
| 1. Organization of the unorganized. | 1. Injunctions. |
| 2. Miners' Relief. | 2. Company Unions. |
| 3. Recognition and Defense of the Soviet Union. | 3. Unemployment. |
| 4. A Labor Party. | 4. Persecution of the Foreign Born. |
| 5. A Workers' and Farmers' Government. | 5. War. |

Join a Fighting Party!

Join the Workers (Communist) Party of America

Application for Membership in Workers (Communist) Party
(Fill out this blank and mail to Workers Party, 43 E. 125 St., N. Y. C.)

NAME
ADDRESS No. St. City State

OCCUPATION
If you are on strike or unemployed and cannot pay initiation fee please check this box. ☐

UNEMPLOYED AND STRIKERS ADMITTED WITHOUT INITIATION AND RECEIVE DUES EXEMPT STAMPS UNTIL EMPLOYED.
(Enclosed find \$1.00 for initiation fee and one month's dues.)

3rd and 4th Block Cooperative Houses

Opposite Bronx Park

are being built in the

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Come right now and select an apartment of

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AIRY, SUNNY, SPACIOUS ROOMS

Educational facilities as in the first and second block houses.

Office: 69 — 5th Avenue, corner 14th Street.

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General New England Textile Strike Demand of Worker Correspondent

TIE UP OF ALL MILLS VITAL TO DEFEAT BOSSES

Progressives Appeal for Action

(By a Worker Correspondent.)

FALL RIVER, Mass., (By Mail).—The city of Fall River with a population of 35,000 has become the center of the fight in the textile industry between the open shop forces and the unions.

Strike for Fired Worker.

The Arkwright Mills and the Parker Co., of Warren, are both engaged in a fight to smash the unions. In the Arkwright Mills the bosses have fired some union men, and the union has replied with a strike, affecting 475 workers.

In Warren, the company shut down their plant and re-opened on Monday on a non-union basis. The union replied with a strike and the workers answered the call 100%.

General Strike.

The only reply that the workers can give is to call a general strike

Textile Workers of New England!

Fellow Workers:

In view of the wage slashing, union smashing campaign of the bosses for the past three months; in view of the prevailing miserable conditions amongst the textile workers of New England; and in view of the excellent spirit being shown by the workers of Fall River in resistance to the wage cut, which the bosses would make general, the time has arrived for preparation on a district scale for a fight for a decent livelihood. We have waited too long! The official leaders of the union movement have failed to act! Now is the time for action!

All textile workers' organizations: local unions, factory groups, internal and social clubs and members political parties are asked to send delegates to a provisional conference on Sunday, March 11 at 10 a. m., at 93 Staniford St., Boston.

Delegates are requested to come forward early and not delay the conference.

Fill out enclosed credentials and return to W. T. Murdoch, secretary, Progressive Committee, Textile Workers, 20 Olneyville Sq., Providence, R. I.

(Editor's Note: The above appeal is being sent out by the progressive committee of the textile workers to call the exploited New England textile slaves to the fight against the bosses who are bringing starvation to thousands and attempting to smash the labor organizations.)

in the city. This alone can stop the attack of the bosses and enable the workers to retain their present very meagre wage scale.

The progressive textile workers' committee has issued 20,000 leaflets calling upon the workers to strike, using the Arkwright and Parker Mills as a basis. The strike must be extended from one mill to all the mills, and the issue should be restoration of the wage which has been cut, the 44-hour week, and an end to the speed-up system.

Union Officials Alarmed.

So effective has the agitation been, and so great the pressure of the workers on their leaders that the U. T. W. (United Textile Workers), has been forced to initiate a real organization campaign and adopt the progressive committee's slogans of a general strike against the wage cuts and the 44-hour week.

"Progressive" Reactionaries.

Horace Revere, who lays claim to all the fighting blood in the U. T. W., said at a mass meeting last night that the U. T. W. is the only progressive union in the textile industry. He called upon the workers to join on this basis.

The word "progressive" has suddenly become popular with the U. T. W. but the workers will watch the action of these sudden "converts." Five thousand workers are expected to strike. When will the call come?

—W. A. TEXTILE WORKER.

Ambulance Chasing

MILWAUKEE, Wis., March 1.—Disbarment proceedings against three lawyers here have been recommended as a result of an investigation by three circuit court judges of ambulance chasing. The three lawyers, Raymond Cannon, attorney for Jack Dempsey, Julius Kiefer and Louis Koenig, are charged with having taken fees as high as 70 per cent of the awards given injured workers.

Negro Labor to Build Chicago Trade Council

(By a Worker Correspondent.)

CHICAGO, (By Mail).—The American Consolidated Trades Council, composed of local unions of colored plumbers, electricians, plasterers and others, has been organized in Chicago.

The organization is to be further enlarged by active workers in the various building trades among Negro workers with the object of developing more union solidarity and also to strengthen their forces in order to secure better recognition from the A. F. of L.

Edward L. Doty, a plumber, secretary of the plumbers' union is one of the leading forces in the new organization. Doty is an experienced trade union worker and has been for years active in trade union work among Negro workers.

—J. W. F., A NEGRO WORKER.

Iron Bosses Get Workers' Money By Insurance

(By a Worker Correspondent.)

LONG ISLAND CITY, (By Mail).—I am an ironworker at Sexauer and Lemke, Vern Ave., Long Island City. I am a union man. This company has issued a proclamation to the workers in its shop, telling us we should save for a rainy day, and insure ourselves in the Protective Income Plan installed by the iron bosses. We are asked to pay \$1 a week out of our wages to the boss, and in 10 years we will get \$500. Clever idea, isn't it, to tie us down on the job and kid us into thinking we are really getting something from the boss. Instead of raising the wages of the workers, so we can make a decent living and save something, the bosses want us to pay them back \$1 a week from our lousy wages, about \$36 a week.

In the meantime the bosses will do business with our money, and make a profit on it for themselves. Clever plan—for the bosses. Do you think we ironworkers are fools enough to fall for it? The iron bosses are all trying to cut wages. They are taking advantage of the unemployment situation to hire non-union workers at wages of \$28, \$25 a week and less. This Protective Income Plan is a scheme between the iron bosses and the insurance sharks to defraud the workers.

By trying to make the workers believe they are getting "benefits" from the bosses under this fake group insurance proposition, they hope to keep the workers' minds off their real conditions, such as long hours, low wages, single time for overtime, speed up, accidents, and the iron bosses' stool pigeons.

That's what we have in Sexauer and Lemke and in all the ironworks. If the workers fall for this fake insurance scheme they expose themselves to any wage cuts the iron bosses want to make. For the bosses will have money of the workers in their possession, and will use this fact to keep them down. Iron workers, don't fall for this scheme.

P., AN IRON WORKER.

Feudalism in U. S.

AIKEN, S. C., March 1.—Hundreds of jackrabbits have been sent to this winter resort of the rich to be killed for the pleasure of the wealthy "sportsman" hunters. They were turned loose in a 6,000-acre private wood for beagle hunts. Not far from here tens of thousands of southern workers, white and Negro, are in a condition of slavery in the cotton mills and cotton farms, where wages do not average more than \$12 or \$14 a week. Many thousands of children are at work in the mills down here.

Farmers Lose

CHICAGO, March 1.—Mid-west farmers are finding that instead of making profit from their hogs this year they are losing money because of the great slump in hog prices. They are forced to feed a great deal of good 95 cent corn to hogs that sell at only 87 to 88.

NEGRO WORKER INJURED

BAYONNE, N. J., March 1.—Robert Woodward, 50 year old Negro worker, sustained a fractured skull and internal injuries when he fell from a building he was helping to demolish yesterday in the plant of the Tidewater Oil Co. here. The house-rocker was using a crowbar to pry loose a board on the roof of the structure when he lost his balance and fell.

55 HOUR WEEK IN SOUTH.

COLUMBUS, Ga., March 1 (FP).—At least \$4,000,000 worth of mill construction is going on or will be soon in Alabama and Georgia. This includes enlargements to cotton mills as well as establishment of new mills. Most of the cotton textile mills of Alabama and Georgia are returning now to 55-hour week schedules after a period of several weeks curtailment to 40 and 50 hours per week.

JOBLESS MEET AT PAINTER CLUB; DISCUSS DEMANDS

Progressives Tell of Official Corruption

(By a Worker Correspondent.)

A larger hall was necessary to admit the hundreds of unemployed painters who turned out to the open forum meeting called by the Inter-Local Club of the Painters to discuss the unemployment situation in the trade. The hall was secured and everybody got admission.

The meeting was opened by Brother Rappoport, secretary of the Club, who outlined the situation and the purpose of the meeting.

Calls For Union Control.

Brother Melnick, a member of the Club was the first speaker who declared that in order to remedy the situation the union must undertake an organization drive and enforce union control on the job with shop-chairmen's meetings, called by the union. "Our union officials must show that they are willing to do work and the members will give them full support," Melnick declared.

Official Agent "Couldn't" Talk.

Brother Hilfertz, a business agent for the union then when requested to speak stated that he had been "sent up to listen and report" and so was unable to tell his plans for solving the unemployment situation.

Brother Jack Paul, a member of the Brotherhood of Carpenters, spoke in detail about the building trades situation as a whole.

When he began to speak there was some opposition from a few members who objected that a carpenter should speak, but as soon as he began to speak everyone sat and listened with attention to his interesting address. He pointed out that the post war boom is over and the building trades are facing a big slump.

Unemployment Faces Whole Trade.

"Unemployment is not a painters' evil only, but an evil which faces every building trades employee," Paul declared. "It is necessary for us building trades workers to face these problems because we do not intend to go into business as many of our past and present officials do, but we'll have to stick to our trade by making our living with the hammer and the brush."

He pointed out the corruption among the officials of the building unions and appealed for a young and progressive leadership. "We need young people who don't go thru the graft school to lead us," he asserted.

5 Hour Week For All Builders.

For the present he emphasized the importance of helping the other building trades to obtain a five day working week. But in order for you painters to have a five day week it is necessary for all others in the building trades to have it also," he stated.

He concluded with the importance of having a building trades council, composed of workers, and not as at present of business agents. He also stressed the need of every union establishing an unemployment bureau and an unemployment fund.

State Demands.

During the discussion which followed Brother Margolis outlined a number of demands: 1. City work under union control; 2. Unemployment fund organized and controlled by representatives from the local unions; 3. Division of work; 4. Unemployment statistics to be kept by the union; 5. Request that the District Council action these demands.

During the discussion a member of the Unemployed Council showed that unemployment is general thruout the country.

Other demands of his which were especially greeted by the workers present were: 1. No eviction for unemployed workers; workers shall not pay rent when they are unemployed; 2. Government insurance for the unemployed.

The speaker also stressed the need for a Labor Party which could realize these demands.

Officers of the Club stated that the next meeting will be held next Wednesday in the same hall.

—D. R.

R. R. Workers Hurt

JERSEY CITY, N. J., March 1.—Two railroad workers here are at the point of death as a result of being struck by trains while at work. Alphonse Waddleton, 34, a laborer on the Erie Railroad, is not expected to live, after having had both legs cut off when a locomotive struck him Tuesday. Michael Lesink, 32, a switch tender in the Pennsylvania Railroad yards, lost his left leg when hit by an engine Monday and his condition is critical.

THE COST OF THE WAR.

"The total money cost of the World War to the United States government from April 6, 1917, to June 30, 1927, was \$47,957,272,333; while the net war cost was \$35,119,622,144." Annual report of Secretary McLean, 1927.

Hold Big Labor Party Meet in Pennsylvania

(By a Worker Correspondent.)

ARNOLD, Pa., (By Mail).—A very successful meeting of the Labor Party was held here yesterday at the Umbria Hall, 1714 Third Ave.

Representatives of about 25 labor unions and organizations and various groups and individuals from other towns around here, representing the township's Labor Party councils, and many workers who support the Party, were present.

Brother Horachek of the Machinists' Union, and a member of the Allegheny county board of the Labor Party, addressed the meeting. Horachek outlined the need for a Labor Party. Brother A. Bowling, a Negro, of the Cleaners' and Pressers' Union, and an active and influential member of several Negro organizations, pledged full support to the Party.

Other representatives spoke, and pledged their support and co-operation to the Labor Party condemning the brutalities of the coal and iron police, the courts and the judges who are tools in the hands of the democratic and republican parties. These parties work hand in hand against labor to smash the unions and drive down wages to the starvation level.

The conference then elected candidates for the various offices, to run in the coming primaries on the Labor Party ticket.

The Labor Party platform will be printed in leaflets and distributed in a short time.

—J.

PATERSON HOLDS 8-HOUR DAY MEET

PATERSON, N. J., March 1.—The Eight Hour Day Conference will hold a mass meeting at Carpenters' Hall, 56 Van Houten St., tomorrow at 8 p. m.

The speakers will be Robert W. Dunn of the American Civil Liberties Union; Thos. F. McMahon, president of the United Textile Workers' Union; A. J. Muste, director of the Brookwood Labor College; Henry Berger of the Paterson Typographical Union and James Ratcliffe of the Horizontal Wapers' Union. Fred Hoelscher of the Associated Silk Workers will preside.

The meeting will begin a campaign against the wage cut program of the employers and according to its sponsors will raise the slogan: "Not more hours, but more wages!"

Amputation Feared

BAYONNE, N. J., March 1.—Lucius Jenkins, a Negro worker at the American Radiator Co. plant here, will probably lose his left leg as a result of burns he sustained when shaking out a casting yesterday. Some of the molten metal fell on his left foot.

Ice Cutter Drowns

LAKE HOPATCONG, N. J., March 1.—John Gurda, 19, was drowned yesterday while cutting ice for the Mountain Ice Company on Lake Hopatcong. He was walking on the ice towing a scow in an open channel, when the ice gave way.

Raise Your Voice Against:

Marines in Nicaragua
Gunboats in China
Five Billion Dollars for the Navy
A New World War in the Making

RUTHENBERG MEMORIAL MEETING

Honor the Memory of C. E. Ruthenberg who went to jail fighting against the last World War

Sunday, March 11, Doors Open At 1 P. M.

CENTRAL OPERA HOUSE
67th Street and Third Avenue

Speakers:

WILLIAM Z. FOSTER BERTRAM D. WOLFE
WILLIAM W. WEINSTONE

Freiheit Mandolin Orchestra Dramatic Features

Auspices of the Workers (Communist) Party, 108 E. 14th Street.

ADMISSION 25 CENTS.

SHOE OPERATORS URGE UNION TO END MILLER FAKE

Company Substitute Is Owners' Tool

(By a Worker Correspondent.)

Some time ago there was a strike in the I. Miller Shoe Company factory which made quite a dent in the profits of the Miller family. I. and Charles Miller have pursued a vicious policy against their workers. They have instituted a policy of wage cuts and worsening of conditions that is about the worst in the entire industry. Among one of the I. Miller slick schemes is his company union.

The company union has tried to collect dues but had to stop because the workers did not want to pay. It calls no meetings, elects no officials, pays no benefits, gives no strike relief, does not believe in collective bargaining and, to add insult to injury, it takes \$50 from every member as a deposit for the member's good behavior.

The company union officials, appointed by Messrs. I. and Charles Miller, are Superintendent Winkle and Co. These company union officials sign agreements with I. Miller and Sons, Inc., which are written by Miller but which are binding on the workers and are signed by our name.

The company union's constitution and agreements are so arranged that only individual workers can make complaints. If any group of workers or any department or section of a department having a grievance goes to the company union officials or to the bosses they are fired out of the shop and expelled from the "union" with the loss of their \$50.

In September 1927, the well department requested that the ten per cent wage cut be restored to them. The thirty workers were taken to the office, where they were forbidden to talk. One by one, the general chairman of the company union, who gets a vacation of several weeks with pay, picked them out from tack-pullers to leathers, and sent them in to be questioned by Charles Miller and "Big Chief" Winkle. Miller told them that because business was good he was going to be big-hearted and give back 7½ per cent and only steal 2½ per cent for himself. But this time the well-lasters department has already got back their full 10 per cent.

The men do not like the "company union" and many of them do not belong to it. Since the Workers (Communist) Party has been distributing THE DAILY WORKER in front of the shop the foremen have been bringing more pressure on the workers to force them to become company union members.

By demanding a better piece of work on every pair of shoes so that the time is doubled on every pair, the bosses have cut wages in half. Only by working long hours can the workers make a decent living. They come in at five and six in the morning and leave at eight, nine and ten at night.

Workers of the I. Miller shop should join the Associated Shoe and Slipper Workers' Union, a progressive union, led by bona fide progressives, of, for and by the workers. Then you will be able to write agreements and dictate conditions which will not be in the interests of I. Miller and Sons, Inc.

—A SHOE WORKER.

DRAMA

Piscator and the People's Theatre

WILDA BENNETT.



Is playing the prima-donna role in "Lovely Lady" the musical play at the Sam H. Harris Theatre.

New York cast will be seen in these cities: In October Arliss will open another season in "The Merchant of Venice," which will take him to the Pacific Coast.

Broadway Briefs

Michael Gold, author of "Hoboken Blues," now playing at the New Playwrights Theatre, will speak on "The Insurgent Theatre in an Insurgent Age" at the League of Youth of the Community Church tonight. The meeting is held in the Church House, 512 Park Avenue, and is open to the public.

"The Last Woman," a new play, will be presented this evening under the direction of Miss Lillian Browne at the Four Arts Club at the Pythian Temple. The program also includes Senor and Senora Jose Diaz in Argentine tango dances; Mera Abramoff, Lillian Newman and Peter Klugenkamp van Toorn in Dutch folk dances and Cecile de Nippell, soprano, in a group of songs.

George M. Cohan has withdrawn from the cast of his production of "The Merry Malones," at Erlanger's Theatre, and the part is now being played by Henry E. Dixey. Mr. Cohan entered the cast just before the opening in Boston last August, following the death of Arthur Deacon at a dress rehearsal.

AMUSEMENTS

Winter Garden Eves. 8:30, Mat. 5. Tues. & Sat.
WORLD'S LAUGH SENSATION!
Artists & Models

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ALICE ALLEN
AFTER 35 YEARS
Held over by popular demand
in new song program
Coram & "Jerry"—Other Acts
Reginald Denny in "On Your Toes"

HUDSON Theatre, West 44th Street.
Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
THE NEW COHAN FARCE
WHISPERING FRIENDS

W. THROP AMES presents
JOHN GALESWORTHY'S
ESCAPE WITH LESLIE
BOOTH
Thea. W. 48th St. Eves. 8:40
Mats. Wed. & Sat.

Broadhurst Thea. W. 44th St. Eves. 8:30
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
GEORGE ARLISS
in THE MERCHANT OF VENICE

National Theatre, 41st St. W. of B'way
Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30
"The Trial of Mary Dugan"

By Bayard Veiller,
with Ann Harding-Hex Cherryman

The Theatre Guild presents
Eugene O'Neill's Play,
John Golden Thea. 58th St. E. of B'way
Evenings Only at 5:30.

Bernard Shaw's Comedy
THE DOCTOR'S DILEMMA
Guild Th. W. 52d St. Eves. 8:30
Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30
Week of Mar. 5: "Marco Millions"

PORGY
Republic Th. W. 43d St. Eves. 8:40
Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30

DRACULA
FULTON B'way, 46 St. Eves. 8:30
Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30
"BETTER THAN THE BAT"

ERLANGER'S Thea. W. 44 St. Eves. 8:30
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
THE MERRY MALONES
with GEORGE M. COHAN

MUSIC AND CONCERTS

AMERICAN OPERA COMPANY
1st N. Y. SEASON, SUNG IN ENGLISH
GALLO THEA. Eves. 8:20. Mats. 2:20.
54th St. W. of B'way. PHONE COL. 1140.
MARTHA. Thurs. Wed. Fri. Sat. Eves.
PAULST. Thurs. Eves. & Wed. & Sat.
Mats. CARMEN.

It's a Circus!

JUGGLE your finances, throw dull care to the winds—take the whole family to see the circus in "Hoboken Blues." A delightful new musical comedy by Michael Gold at the New Playwrights Theatre at 40 Commerce St. (Call Walker 5851.) You can get a 10% reduction on tickets for all performances at the local Daily Worker office, 108 East 14th Street. (Call Stuyvesant 6584.)

There's music, song and dance—and even peanuts and lollypops (it's a circus) in this play that every worker will enjoy. Get tickets today for



Hoboken Blues

UNEMPLOYED WILL NOT ACT AS SCABS

Statement Issued by the New York Council

(Continued from Page One)

need for organization was emphasized and the general demands of the Council were introduced. Speakers condemned especially the utilization of unemployment for the purpose of getting the working-class to join the U. S. army and navy.

The speakers at the meeting were, Phil Frankfeld, of the North Committee, chairman; Phil Bart, Roy Stevens, Asst. secretary of the New York Council of the Unemployed, Di Antonio, Minnie Lurye, of the Youth committee, and Charles Wilson.

To Open Soup Kitchen

Announcement was made that the Workers' International Relief will open a soup kitchen at 60 St. Marks place, next Thursday, at 1 p. m. It was emphasized that this would not be a mission, or any other charitable institution. The workers who are employed will contribute thru this organization, to their unemployed comrades. The children of unemployed workers will be first to be served here. All unemployed women are also urged to come for assistance.

Meeting Today

An open air meeting will be held today at 2 p. m. at Union Square. It is one of a series of meetings arranged by the New York Council in preparation for the huge mass meeting to be held in Union Square, Saturday, March 10.

USSR SHOE TRUST DELEGATION HERE

Tells of Shoe Production in Soviet Union

A delegation from the Leningrad Leather and Shoe Trust, producing 9,000,000 pairs of shoes a year, has arrived in this country to study the equipment market in connection with the construction at Leningrad of the largest shoe factory in Russia, to cost \$4,500,000. The delegation, consisting of A. Rossin, vice president of the trust, and B. Poliak, director of the research department, will also acquaint itself with American production methods. The factories of the trust are scheduled to increase production 60 per cent next year.

Production Tripled.

"Although factory production of shoes in Russia is now triple of what it was before the war the demand is not being filled and new factories must be constructed," Rossin said here at the offices of the Amtorg Trading Corporation. "Aside from the factory to be built by our trust, which accounts for one-half of the total shoe factory production, large factories are to be built at Kiev, Ukraine and in Siberia. The Leningrad factory is to produce annually 9,000,000 pairs of shoes while the other two will have an output of 3,000,000 pairs each.

Rossin and Poliak will stay in this country about two months and will visit Boston, Chicago and other shoe centers.

Scudder Is Ousted from Queens Sewer Graft

ALBANY, N. Y., March 1.—The Court of Appeals held today that Justice Townsend Scudder could no longer continue the investigation into the \$29,500,000 Queens sewer graft under Borough President Maurice Connolly, inasmuch as it imposed upon him "a duty of a non-judicial nature."

Retail Clerks Meet

An organization meeting of grocery and dairy clerks will be held tonight at Stuyvesant Casino, 142 Second Ave. at 8 p. m. by the Retail Grocery and Dairy Clerks Union.

JAIL CHAUFFEUR PICKETS.

Two striking funeral chauffeurs were arrested yesterday for picketing the undertaking establishment of Peter Farrell at 101 Third Ave. and charged with disorderly conduct. Rubin Scher and Philip Goldsmith were walking up and down in front of the shop with a sign calling attention to the strike when they were arrested.

CLOAKMAKERS OPEN FORUM IN CONEY ISLAND SUNDAY.

Cloak and dressmakers living in Coney Island are called by the Joint Board of the Cloak and Dressmakers Union to attend an open forum arranged for Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. The forum will be held in the hall of the Knights of Pythias building, 2864 W. 23d St., Coney Island.

The subject for discussion will be "The Latest Manoeuvres of the International Clique." The discussion will be led by officers of the union.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., March 1.—"Whither China" will be the topic of a lecture by P. T. Lau, Sunday at the Workers' Forum, 1628 Arch St. Lau was formerly secretary to the governor of Canton, China.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Coney Island Concert.

The Coney Island Section, Freiheit Singing Society, will hold a concert and dance Saturday, March 3, at Pythian Hall, 2864 W. 23d St., Coney Island.

Fundamentals Class in Spanish.

The Workers' School is starting a class in "Fundamentals of Communism" to be conducted in the Spanish language. The course will start March 12 and will continue every Tuesday for 12 weeks. The class will be conducted by Alberto Moreau at 143 E. 103rd St.

L. L. D. Bazaar.

The annual bazaar of the International Labor Defense will be held for five days beginning March 1, at New Star Casino, Park Ave. and 107th St. All articles and contributions should be sent to 799 Broadway, Room 422.

Workers' School Club Concert.

The Workers' School Club has arranged a concert for next Sunday at 8:30 p. m. at the Davenport Theatre, Lexington Ave. and 27th St. The program will include an Evan and group in local roles M. Sasanoss, formerly of the Metropolitan Opera Company and a piano recital by R. Davidson, formerly of the New York and Philadelphia Symphony orchestras.

Boro Park Concert.

The Workers' Club of Boro Park will hold a concert and package party at 1373 43rd St., Saturday, March 10.

Hike On Sunday.

The Junior Section of the Friends of Nature will hike this Sunday together with the Senior Section of the Nature Friends to Franklin Lake. A. Loy will lead.

Rebel Poets Night.

The Poets' Forum will conduct a Rebel Poets Night at the Labor Temple, Second Ave. and 14th St., Tuesday, March 13, at 8:15 p. m.

Brooklyn Lecture Tonight.

E. Wattenberg will lecture on "Labor and the Law" at the Young Workers' Social Club, 123 Riverdale Ave., near Amboy St., Brooklyn, tonight at 8 p. m.

Miners' Tag Day.

Tag Day for miners' relief will be held in Harlem on today, tomorrow and Sunday. Volunteers should report at 143 E. 103rd St., Room 1.

Brownsville Miners' Relief Drive.

The Brownsville Miners' Relief Committee will hold special collection days on today, tomorrow and Sunday. Clubs and individuals are asked to register immediately at 1844 Pitkin Ave.

Theatre Party for Unemployed.

The Workers' International Relief will have a benefit performance of "Hoboken Blues" by Michael Gold at the New Playwrights' Theatre, 40 Commerce St., on March 15, to raise funds for the unemployed workers of New York.

Brooklyn Affair Saturday.

The Cooperative Branch of the Workers' School will hold an affair Saturday evening at 2700 Bronx Park East.

Lecture on Colorado.

George Saul will speak on "The Colorado Struggle" tonight at 8 p. m. at 350 E. 81st St.

Mohegan Modern School.

The Mohegan Modern School will hold its fifth annual bazaar, dance and concert Friday, March 3, at 8:30 p. m. at Beethoven Hall, 210 E. Fifth St. Proceeds will be used for a new school building at Piskill, N. Y.

George Saul will speak on "The Struggle in Colorado" Sunday at 8 p. m. at the Bronx Open Forum, 2075 Clinton Ave., the Bronx.

Biedenkapp Lectures.

Fred Biedenkapp, secretary, Workers International Relief will lecture on "How Labor Should Organize," Sunday at 8 p. m. at the East Flatbush Culture Club, 1111 Rutland Place, Brooklyn.

Lectures This Week.

Tonight at 8 p. m. at Harlem Forum, 143 East 103rd St., Richard Moore will speak on "The Negro Problem in America."

Tonight at 8 p. m. at Bronx Hungarian Workers' Club, 708 Jackson Ave., M. Goodman will speak on "The Foreign Born Worker in America."

Sunday at 8 p. m. at the Lower Bronx Forum, 715 E. 138th St., Robert Mitchell will speak on "Will the Seven Cent Fare Steal Go Thru?"

Sunday at 2 p. m. at the Downtown Forum, 60 St. Marks Place, Bert Miller will speak on "The 1928 Presidential Elections."

Sunday at 8 p. m. at the Brownsville Forum, 1844 Pitkin Ave., Brooklyn, J. O. Bentall will speak on "The City Workers and the Farmers."

Sunday at 8 p. m. at the Williamsburg Forum, 29 Graham Ave., Brooklyn, Tom Fleming will speak on "Recent Trends in the British Labor Movement."

CCNY Students Assail Faculty For Expulsion

(Continued from Page One)

navy is being prepared for more imperialist aggressions.

"I feel that, despite suspensions, despite ignorant prejudice, despite all other obstacles, intelligent students will struggle against military in the college.

"In these struggles they will be given all aid possible by members of the Young Workers League—who struggle against military training wherever they are. These members of the Young Workers League will always find themselves discriminated against for their political opinions, just as in the present case.

"It is characteristic that the beginning of the attack on students who fight militarism and hit a member of the Young Workers League first. They are generally the most militant fighters against militarism and imperialism."

Received Enthusiastically.

This statement was received with great enthusiasm and was heartily endorsed by the large group present. A resolution was introduced from the floor condemning the action of the faculty as "political persecution" and stating that "we affirm that we recognize Gerson as president of the Social Problems Club." The resolution was unanimously adopted.

An effort will be made to hold a "legal" meeting next week, but if this permission is again refused, the meeting would be held anyway.

The Social Problems Club has been the leader of the student movement against military training in City College.

TRACTION STRIKE LOOMS ON I. R. T.

Workers Form Own Shop Groups

(Continued from Page One)

borough the necessary time to prepare for a strike.

Rank and file traction workers have been quietly forming their shop committees of action during the past few days in order to insure themselves of a 100 per cent strike when the call comes. At the same time it became apparent from the testimony of a number of workers on various parts of the road that the attempt to force them to work with strike-breakers will be the signal for an immediate walkout. This in fact has been what has occurred in other strikes.

Information which THE DAILY WORKER can state is reliable confirms the fact that the power houses, the shops and the workers in the signal department will go out at the very first call. The motormen and switchmen have, of course, always been the most aggressive and their attitude is assured. It seems certain that the conductors and ticket agents after the lesson of the 1926 strike will likewise join with their brothers in the walkout. The strike will therefore be general.

The word has been passed along the lines, "No working with scabs," "No breaking in of strike-breakers."

Enemies of Work.

But while the workers have shown all signs of their preparedness to act in the fight for trade union status, certain forces against which they have been warned are now seeking to break their ranks.

Mayor Jimmie Walker, who is now seen to have played his prearranged role in support of the traction interests by delaying the union with conferences until the Interborough could muster its strikebreakers, yesterday stood even more openly his role as stool pigeon to the companies. He made a direct attack upon the union in the form of a criticism of the 24 hour ultimatum. "I am not satisfied with any statement that puts an arbitrary time limit on our efforts to stop the threatened strike."

The mayor wishes further to delay the workers' action and to tie their hands. He attacks them after already having betrayed their interests. He says nothing against the Interborough herding its hundreds of strikebreakers, gunmen and thugs. He further puts at the disposal of the company the thousands of the city police, the industrial squad which in 1926 beat up the workers and in general plays the part which THE DAILY WORKER has warned the traction workers he will play.

THE DAILY WORKER must further warn the traction workers against a danger from another direction. The union officials who have already shown by their playing with the mayor that they are ready to accept their policies from the Tammany Hall politicians. Today Maon and Fitzgerald are again to meet with Jimmie Walker who has already betrayed the traction workers.

Such maneuvers will lead only to further defeat. The workers must organize their shop committees in self defense. They will find at the right moment their honest and correct leaders some of whom have already sacrificed for them in the past.

Demand Tried Leaders

The traction workers will not be leaderless or unsupported. They will receive the support of the thousands of organized workers in the city. Already word has gone out from the New York Council for the unemployed that "The Unemployed Will Not Scab on the Traction Workers."

1. The traction workers must demand at their meeting that the discharged workers who have sacrificed for them be reinstated immediately.

2. No working besides scabs; no breaking in of strike breakers.

3. A strike, not for the traction companies in their increased fare move, but a strike for our own demands: "Our Own Strike Under Our Own Control."

4. Shop, barn and terminal committees to carry out these demands and insure rank and file control.

5. Leadership from among the men who have sacrificed and have led other strike movements: "Tried Leaders."

6. Finally the instruction to the Amalgamated officials. No more maneuvers with Tammany Hall. Victory through our own efforts!

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Labor Minstrel at "Red Revue"

A proletarian minstrel show will be one of the numbers on the program of the "Red Revue" to be given at the New Star Casino, 107th St. and Park Ave., on Friday evening, March 16, for the benefit of THE DAILY WORKER. The blackface comedians will among other things, poke fun at the leaders and misleaders well-known to the audience and the labor movement in general. Full of snappy satirical skits, all with a new "red" angle the number will be one long laugh. And yet this is only one number to be put on this gala evening. There are seven other such novel acts.

2,000 STUDENTS AT WORKERS SCHOOL

(Continued from Page One)

mediate and Advanced English. Sonia Ginsburg and Fannie Replansky, instructors.

Fundamentals of Communism. I. Stamler.

History of the United States. Tom Foley.

Upper Bronx Branch, 2075 Clinton Ave.; 2 classes in Elementary and Intermediate English. Brooks and Levy, instructors.

Fundamentals of Communism. Ziegler.

History of the United States. Max Goldberg.

Current Events every Sunday evening.

LOWER BRONX BRANCH
715 E. 138th Street
Current Events, every Sunday evening.

HARLEM BRANCH
143 E. 103rd Street
English, Elizabeth B. Miller, instructor.

Fundamentals of Communism. V. V. Dart.

Current Events every Friday evening.

YORKVILLE BRANCH
350 E. 81st Street
English, Shirley Plat, instructor.

Current Events the last Friday evening of the month.

BROWNVILLE BRANCH
1844 Pitkin Ave., Brooklyn
Classes in Elementary and Intermediate English. H. Oncher and A. Burroughs, instructors.

United States History. Joe Spear.

Fundamentals of Communism, instructor to be announced.

Current Events, every Sunday evening.

WILLIAMSBURG BRANCH
29 Graham Avenue.
Current Events, every Sunday evening.

YONKERS BRANCH
252 Warburton Avenue
English instructor to be announced.

Principles of the Class Struggle. V. Cibulsky, instructor.

Government and Civics. Klein.

Current Events, every Sunday evening.

NEWARK BRANCH
52 West Street
Two English classes. Mae Caplin, instructor.

Fundamentals of Communism. Tom Fleming.

Trade Unionism. I. Freiman.

Current Events, every Sunday evening.

JERSEY CITY BRANCH
42 Mercer Street
English class. N. Honig.

Many Forums.

In addition, the Workers School has forums in various parts of the city and in New Jersey cities, also cooperates with workers' organizations in running forums, such as in Coney Island and Bath Beach; and cooperates with workers' organizations in establishing classes such as in the Harlem Cooperative and the Center of Cultural Development in Brownsville.

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CLOAK BOSSES TO AID RIGHT WINGERS

Seek to Wreck Workers Organization

(Continued from Page One)

wing were dispatched to the shops of the employers' association to warn the chairmen that they must attend the meeting. Telegrams were sent to the chairmen of the big shops. The announcement was that something of momentous import was to be decided upon.

The meeting which was to be held in Arlington Hall was a miserable fizzle. A small handful of the Sigman "union" functionaries were the only ones present. These were sent out to the various right wing offices to round up anybody to be found there and drag them to the meeting.

Lies as Usual.

All this, however, did not prevent the "Forward" from declaring the following day that over 1,000 shop chairmen had enthusiastically and unanimously voted to have their shops work on two Saturdays, March 3rd and 10th, and donate the earnings of one Saturday to the Sigman "Joint Board."

A little background. The agreement won by the cloakmakers after the cloakmakers' general strike of 1926 calls for a 42-hour 5-day week. No work is permitted on Saturday. As a result of the pogrom of the right wing, and the employers on the left wing controlled Joint Board, union conditions in the industry were completely destroyed. In fact, workers were lucky to find even Saturday work.

Sigman's Campaign.

Sigman declared for several weeks that they were carrying on a campaign to stop Saturday work. This campaign consisted only in making statements three columns wide in the "Forward." There were many reasons for this fake drive. One is an attempt to hide the imminent collapse of the so-called Joint Board. Another is that he intended to openly yield the 40-hour week, which is to go into effect in July, according to the agreement, in order to retain the bosses' support.

The shop chairmen meeting referred to was the climax of the "drive" to stop Saturday work. But the right wing knows well enough that a motion, no matter how loudly announced, if passed at a meeting of a small group of henchmen does not produce money.

But Sigman and his clique also knows the slim chances of getting money from the cloak and dressmakers. So a plan was mapped out to get this "donation."

New Scheme.

The employers are just as anxious to help the Sigman union as is Sigman himself. They know that carrying on the pogrom campaign means continued open shop conditions. They will gladly cooperate, said a letter from the employers' association to the right wing, recently.

All these elaborate plans are doomed to failure, however, for the sentiment of the workers in the association shops is such that the individual employers having enough work will be afraid to provoke the open revolt that needs but a spark to touch it off.

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WORKERS PARTY ACTIVITIES

NEW YORK—NEW JERSEY

Secretaries Attention!

All announcements for this column must reach THE DAILY WORKER office before 6 p. m. on the day before publication.

Paris Commune Celebration.

Sections 2 and 3 will celebrate the Paris Commune at an entertainment and dance Saturday evening, March 17, at New Harlem Casino, 116 St. and Lenox Ave.

Jersey City Y. W. L.

The aims and purposes of the National Training School will be discussed at a meeting of the Jersey City, Y. W. L. tonight at 8 p. m. at 160 Mercer St.

Volunteers Wanted!

All unemployed workers are urged to devote several hours a week to the unemployment campaign of the Party. Report to 108 E. 14th St.

Freiheit Anniversary Celebration.

The Freiheit sixth anniversary will be celebrated in Madison Square Garden on March 25 at 2 p. m.

Subsection 2-A.

A meeting of Subsection 2-A will be held Monday at 6:30 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

Upper Bronx Dance.

The Upper Bronx Y. W. L. will hold a spring dance Saturday, March 24, at 1347 Boston Road.

Section 3 Attention!

All members of Section 3 must report at 101 W. 27th St. at 10 a. m. tomorrow to participate in the miners' relief drive.

FD2 2-E.

FD2, 2-E will meet tonight at 6:30 o'clock at 126 E. 16th St.

Enlarged Executive 1-B.

The enlarged executive committee of Subsection 1-B will meet Monday at 6 p. m. at 789 Broadway, Room 422.

Dancers Wanted.

All those who participated in the Lenin Ballet and all others who have dance training are asked to participate in the Freiheit ballet at Madison Square Garden, March 25. First rehearsal tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock at Irving Plaza, Irving Place and 15th St.

Brownsville Y. W. L. Attention!

All members of the Y. W. L. of Brownsville must report Saturday and Sunday at the Youth Center, 122 Osborn St. to participate in the miners' relief drive.

Dance April 7.

The Y. W. L. of Brownsville will hold a dance April 7 for the benefit of "The Young Worker."

Y. W. L. Youth Fractions.

A meeting of all Y. W. L. youth fractions will be held tonight at 6:30 p. m. at 108 E. 14th St.

Women's Meeting Saturday.

A meeting of organizers of women workers and others interested in that activity will be held Saturday at 1:30 p. m. at 108 E. 14th St. to make arrangements for the International Women's Day meeting.

IF SS 2A.

Max Kagan will speak on the traction question at the meeting of IF SS 2A, tonight at 6:30 p. m. at 108 E. 14th St., Room 42.

Downtown Concert.

Unit 3, Section 1, will hold a concert March 17 at 99 St. Marks Place.

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"C. E."

For reasons buried in his boyhood past, Charles Emil Ruthenberg disliked his first name, and therefore was known to a hundred thousand or more of American workers by the simple designation, "C. E."

Those of us who knew and loved him as our leader—which means for the entire Communist Party—never had an impression of softness about "C. E." He was the sharp fighting edge of an instrument of battle. At times this hardness was none too pleasant for those comrades against whom, for some laxity or error in party work, it became necessary for Ruthenberg as official executive of the Party to bring to bear the party discipline. But the peculiar thing is that we always knew that, no matter what the conditions, the actions of Ruthenberg were purely and simply the actions of the Party. He had no other motives than party motives, certainly in his political life, and those who lived and worked by his side these many years find it hard to recall even any phase of his personal life where any motives governed him except those of the revolutionary labor movement.

It was this rare quality of "C. E." which made it possible for him to play many times the function of arbiter in the little and big frictions which inevitably come to light in the process of formation and maturing of the revolutionary party.

Not that Ruthenberg was never himself in controversy in the Party. On the contrary, many times he was the most active leader in sharp internal fights beginning with the first days in the formation of the left wing in the socialist party, or in the period of struggle over the legalization of the Communist Party, or in the many more recent questions relating to forms and methods of mass work of the more mature Communist party.

The whole history of the development of what used to be called revolutionary socialism, and what is now called the Communist Movement, is also the history of the life of Charles Emil Ruthenberg. It became impossible for any who knew him to think of him separate and apart from the Communist movement in the political sense and the organizational sense. Nor was it possible to think of the Communist Party as separate from C. E. Ruthenberg. It seemed as though there were an organic connection between the man and the thousands who composed the party.

Ruthenberg has often been compared with Debs, and there is some reason in doing so. There was always a deep mutual respect between these two; but to fail to note the differences between them would be to miss a whole historical epoch in the development of the American labor movement. Debs was the old. Ruthenberg was the new on the revolutionary horizon. If when the great day came, when the first Socialist Republic sprang from the social volcano in 1917—if then the grand old Debs could say "from the crown of my head to the soles of my feet I am a Bolshevik," it took a younger man with a clearer revolutionary Marxian understanding to be, and not merely to speak of himself as the Bolshevik.

Debs, with honor to himself, was never identified as a homogeneous part of the socialist party leadership which betrayed the socialist workers of this country by apparent concessions toward the Communist International, only to lead them back into the Scheidemann international of treason. But Debs symbolized the semi-Marxian culture of a by-gone generation, the vague, confused ideology mixed with proletarian revolutionary emotions, which reigned over the prairies of this big, raw, undeveloped country, growing out of the big strikes of the eighties and nineties and also partly out of the agrarian reform movements of that time.

Ruthenberg was the embodiment of a newer phase of proletarian development. Of a sharp, ruthless logical mentality, his powerful emotional impulse toward the revolutionary movement were not wasted in confusion. He was capable of growth, he was capable of scientific Marxian analysis in the field of theory and practice where Debs was lost.

Thus it was that the history of the American proletarian revolution must write big the name of Ruthenberg—of our "C. E." Thus it is that the work that was done by Ruthenberg marks a path upon which we find our feet when we move forward in the big struggles of the American workers, in the big fight of the mine workers against bosses and bureaucrats, against capitalism, for the powerful labor movement which will finally win.

When our Comrade Bukharin, representing the Communist International, placed his ashes in the Wall of the Kremlin, and the soldiers of the Red Army fired the last farewell salute, the ceremony was one of binding the American proletariat to the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.

Miners Must Resist Terror

The Lewis-Cappellini policy of betraying the miners into the hands of the operators and emasculating the once powerful United Mine Workers union into a tool of reaction, culminating in the anthracite in wholesale murders, is a part of the same anti-union conspiracy that is manifested in open struggle in the soft coal regions of Western Pennsylvania and Ohio, and that is provoking the miners to fight in Illinois and other coal regions.

The fight of the anthracite miners is a struggle on behalf of every member of the United Mine Workers of America. Unless the other miners of the country and the advanced section of the labor movement generally rally to the defense of the victims of the murder machine in the anthracite, every district in the country will face similar ghastly conditions. This terror must be resisted by the membership of the union. The demand that *Lewis Must Go* must ring throughout every local of miners and become crystallized organizationally into a formidable force that will sweep these monsters from office and place the union in the hands of the membership.

The capitalist press reports that throughout the region on the day following the latest outbreak of fascism "one name was on almost every tongue as the man responsible for the murders. He was declared to be a prominent union official."

Yes, the name of one man, the man known to be responsible. That name is RINALDO CAPPELLINI! But the name of his chief is JOHN L. LEWIS! Both of them are equally guilty! Both, with all their henchmen, must go!

"CLOSE THE RANKS AND FIGHT ON!"



The last words of Comrade C. E. Ruthenberg are particularly appropriate to the present situation in the miners' union. Two of the progressive leaders have been assassinated by right wing gangsters, but the militants will close the ranks and fight on.

Ruthenberg, an Outstanding Leninist

RUTHENBERG was a Leninist and a Bolshevik. He studied Leninist theory and practice and waged a successful struggle to convert the advanced sections of the American working class to the Leninist ideology.

This leader of American workers studied Leninism, not for academic purposes but for the purpose of applying the theory and practice of the world revolutionary movement, as embodied in Leninism, to the concrete conditions of the class struggle in America and for building up a militant labor movement and a powerful Communist Party in the United States to lead the oppressed masses to victory and freedom.

From Left-Wing Socialism to Leninism.

RUTHENBERG was for many years a leading militant left wing socialist in the ranks of the Socialist Party of America. As such, he exerted tremendous influence for maintaining the working class character of the socialist party and for pressing its official leadership to militant struggle against capitalism and the capitalist government.

But Ruthenberg did not stop at socialist left wingism. For him it was a transition to a complete working class revolutionary philosophy and practice—Leninism.

The late imperialist war, which he combatted bravely and systematically, the working class revolution in Russia and the formation of the Communist International, all contributed towards clarifying his point of view and towards bringing him into the position of one of the outstanding leaders in the Communist movement of the world.

Founder and Builder of the Workers (Communist) Party.

RUTHENBERG was one of the first working class revolutionaries in the United States who had drawn practical implications from the experiences of the working class during the war to the concrete situations of the class struggle in the United States.

The first of these practical conclusions was the idea of breaking definitely with the opportunists, reformists and traitors in the socialist party and of mobilizing the advanced sections of the American working class into a Communist Party. Thus Ruthenberg became one of the chief founders and most energetic builders of the Communist movement in America.

Implacable Enemy and Courageous Fighter Against Imperialism and Imperialist War.

RUTHENBERG's role in mobilizing the masses in open struggle against the late imperialist war was shown by his achievements in leading the mass opposition to the imperialist war in Cleveland and in his consequent trial and imprisonment.

Ruthenberg was the outstanding leader of the left wing at the St. Louis convention of the socialist party, which, despite the opposition of Berger and the other social-patriots adopted an anti-war resolution. The St. Louis resolution was a tremendous step forward in the development of the American labor movement, but because of the general backwardness of the American working class and the petty bourgeois pacifist illusions which predominated in the movement, the St. Louis resolution contains several serious defects from the point of view of a correct Bolshevik stand. Chief among these

defects is the failure to formulate the slogan of Civil War against Imperialist War.

The experiences of Ruthenberg and the militant workers associated in the struggle against the imperialist war contributed greatly towards the revolutionizing of the American working class and the eventual crystallization in America of a Communist Party—the section of the Communist International.

The American working class must remember the tradition of resistance to imperialist war symbolized by Ruthenberg and by the mutiny of the Detroit regiment in Archangel and the strike of the Pacific coast longshoremen against sending munitions to Kolchak, etc.

Ruthenberg and the Soviet Union
In line with his revolutionary outlook and his rapid development towards Bolshevism in that period, Ruthenberg was one of the first and staunchest supporters of the Soviet Union.

He realized the revolutionary role of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, its place (as the bulwark of working class power) to inspire and mobilize the American masses. With this consciousness he worked tirelessly for the recognition and defense of the Soviet Union.

Treachery of Officials.

Accordingly, in order to be safe within the bounds of the constitution, "our leaders" have fallen upon a most ingenious plan. They have devised a means by which they may both eat the cake and have it. They can announce a measure to fight injunctions and in effect not fight them! They can continue drafting "anti-injunction" bills without providing for the abolition of the injunction. It is only a matter for wonder that they have not thought of this before. Still, better late than never. And so—the Byrne bill!

This bill by its very title "Injunction Regulation Bill" constitutes a sanction of injunctions. It does not dispute the right of judges to issue injunctions. It merely wishes to amend the present practice of granting injunctions by providing that a hearing be given before an injunction is issued. This is a complete renunciation of the anti-injunction position. Coming as it does at a time when the workers throughout the country are indignant to a point of militancy as a result of the increasing number of injunctions, this action of the New York labor chiefs is treachery. Backward as the American workers are politically, they are nevertheless sufficiently conscious of the grave menace in the anti-labor injunction.

When they see that during the shopmen's strike in 1912 over 300 injunctions were handed down against the workers, not a single application being denied to the bosses, when they see that during the year 1927 more than 600 injunctions were issued against the workers, when they see that not a single strike, great or small, is called without a wall of injunctions standing in the way of the strikers, when there are injunctions against joining trade unions, against peaceful picketing, against free speech, against announcing the existence of a strike, against cessation of work, against strike relief, against financing strikes, against picketing by foreign-born workers (as in a federal injunction handed down in Ohio), against peaceful persuasion of strike-breakers,

shorem against sending munitions to Kolchak, etc.

Ruthenberg, the American Labor Movement and the Every-Day Struggles of the Workers.

As a Leninist, Ruthenberg fought consistently for revolutionizing of the American labor movement, for developing its mass organizations (trade unions, etc.) into militant organizations of class struggle.

His whole life is an unbroken chain of hard, strenuous work and struggle in the interests of the working class and the labor movement.

As a Bolshevik, Ruthenberg never lost sight of the chief objective of Communists in the class struggle, which is to revolutionize the minds and struggles of the masses and to

build a powerful Communist Party to lead the workers to final victory. Ruthenberg and the Capitalist State

RUTHENBERG was one of the most persecuted proletarian revolutionists in the United States, as evidenced by his trials and imprisonment in Ohio for anti-war activities, in New York for organizing the left wing and the Communist Party, in Michigan for his activities in the Communist movement, etc. As a true Bolshevik, he made no concessions to the capitalist state and the capitalist courts. He utilized the trials for effective propaganda against capitalism and for the working class. He utilized his terms of imprisonment for equipping himself still better for struggle and leadership in the working class movement.

Ruthenberg represents the model of how a proletarian revolutionist must behave and conduct himself before capitalist courts.

Ruthenberg and the Labor Party
RUTHENBERG was one of the most prominent and consistent leaders in the struggle for a labor party in the United States.

Based upon his Marxist-Leninist theory and his Marxist-Leninist analysis of the conditions of the class struggle in the United States, he reached the conclusion of the need of a labor party for the American working class.

He fought for a labor party as a Communist should—that is, realizing all the limitations of a labor party from the point of view of the revolutionary struggle for power, but in the full conviction that the Communist Party will utilize the labor party movement for developing politically the American working class and in the process of building up a powerful Communist Party in America.

As a Proletarian Revolutionist

IN ALL his manifold activities in the every day struggles of the American working class, Ruthenberg never forgot the chief objective of the working class movement—the overthrow of American capitalism and the establishment of a proletarian dictatorship.

He was therefore a true proletarian internationalist and a loyal and capable leader in the Communist International.

Ask Study of Old Age Poor
New York state needs a "genuine, adequate, official study of the non-institutional poor" to shed light on the problem of old age pension legislation, indicates the American Association for Labor Legislation in an appeal to the editor. There are half a dozen old age pension bills before the state legislature, all apparently based on the draft of a standard bill prepared at the legislation's association's conference in 1922. But benefits and administration details vary widely in the proposed bills.

An official commission, working for 2 years with an appropriation of \$5,000 yearly, has just reported on aged dependents in institutions. The American Association for Old Age Security maintains that the group outside institutions is more important.

By Fred Ellis

Story of First International

INTERNATIONAL PUBLISHERS, 381 Fourth Avenue, New York, have just published the first authoritative history of the International Workingmen's Association, the "First International."

For many years English-speaking students of the labor movement have been denied the possibility of studying one of the most important and interesting periods in the history of the international labor movement, because nothing was available in the English language that gave any account of the first attempt at international organization of labor, that was founded by Karl Marx in 1864.

The book just published under the title of "The History of the First International," was written by G. M. Stekloff, a well-known writer and translator of historical and Marxian writings. The book has been translated from the third Russian edition by Eden and Cedar Paul. It is one of the most detailed studies, not only of the International Workingmen's Association during the period of its existence, but contains also a great deal of material interpreting the conditions and the period which gave rise to the First International.

The book, which has altogether 463 pages, contains a great many explanatory notes, the constitution of the International, as well as the names of the first Central Council. No student of the international labor movement or Marxism should be without this first authoritative and complete study of the First International in the English language.

against the singing of songs. (In one case it was "Onward Christian Soldiers," sung on church ground by strikers.) In such a state of affairs what would not the workers do, if led by true leaders, to destroy one and for all this powerful weapon in the hands of their enemies?

But as in every crucial moment in the life of the American working class, the officials of the A. F. of L. have in this instance again given evidence of their loyalty . . . to the bosses. Said the President of the New York State Federation of Labor, Mr. Sullivan, in his opening remarks at the meeting in Cooper Union on Sunday, February 5, "We don't want the people of New York to get the impression that we are asking to stop the issuance of injunctions. All we are asking is to regulate the issuance of injunctions." And this note was taken up by all the speakers that followed him, from Green to the visiting clerics. The labor chiefs have begun to realize that the anti-injunction sentiment among the workers might develop into revolt against existing conditions and they decided to stifle that revolt, by diverting it into a hope and a faith in the civilization of the judges. No injunctions before a hearing! is the slogan of the labor bureaucrats. As if a hearing of workers and employer in a strike situation could bring the judge to side with labor! As if the workers could ever hope for redress before the bar of capitalist justice! Is it possible that the labor bureaucrats themselves believe it? Only a fool could be persuaded of this. The misleaders of labor resort to this Jesuitical method because in it they see a chance to turn aside the accumulated resentment of the workers against the injunction.

Workers Reply.

What shall be the answer of the workers?

At Cooper Union, on February 5 the workers to a man shouted their answer to the panic-stricken bureaucrats on the platform: "Down with all injunctions!" "No faith in the bosses' parties!" "We want a labor party!" This should be the answer of the workers of America to the traitors at the head of the labor movement. No retreat in the face of injunctions! Only the complete outlawry of the injunction will satisfy the workers. Until then—mass violation of injunctions! Only by conscious labor action, only by driving the bureaucrats out of the office and electing a strong left-wing leadership, only by deserting the parties of the bosses and creating a powerful Labor Party that will represent labor's interest will the death-blow be dealt to injunctions.

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