

U. S. Imperialist Government Wants War, Not Peace!

Every worker in the world who is loyal to his class should fix his eyes attentively upon the present developments toward the next World Imperialist War.

Manchuria is the geographical center. The private offices of the biggest bankers in New York are the political center, with the department of state at Washington as a "bucket shop" to cover the operations.

President Hoover and Secretary Stimson, acting as the agents of the finance-capitalists of Wall Street who control every act of the United States government, have made giant strides toward the next imperialist World War during the past ten days.

They have succeeded in covering every step of this death-laden "progress" in the most skillful manner. Every step towards war has been screened behind words of "peace." The present triumph of the criminal war-making diplomacy of Hoover and Stimson is in perfecting a world-wide war maneuver under the name of the Kellogg "Peace" Pact.

That is what the Kellogg "Peace" Pact was originally intended for, by the imperialist United States government—a maneuver for the most favorable position for the coming World War.

The Kellogg Pact was conceived as a means of American imperialist operations as opposed to the League of Nations under the influence of the rival British imperialism. Like the League of Nations, it was planned as an international instrument of imperialism against the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, but under United States control instead of the British.

What is the interest of the United States capitalist class in Manchuria? It is and can only be the imperialist interest of exploitation of the populations of Asia and the seizure of natural resources, with, of course, the wider political and military considerations that go with these purposes. American imperialism is driven by the narrowing world-market to attempt to crowd British imperialism out of its points of vantage in China and even to plan to take over the British colonies. At the same time the greatest urge of the whole capitalist world, including the United States, Great Britain, France, Germany, Italy and Japan, is toward the crushing life out of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics—the free workers' and peasants' revolutionary government which takes one-sixth of the whole world out of the capitalist system.

The present industrial and financial crisis in the United States has given the Wall Street government another warning that capitalism can live only by further imperialist wars and conquest, and the present crisis has therefore further sharpened the imperialist war appetite.

Every informed person knows that the United States capitalists have spent many millions of dollars in financing Chinese mercenary counter-revolutionary armies. The American imperialists have made many maneuvers in the past few months looking to establishing a hold upon the Chinese Eastern Railway. It was not only cheated of this by a sudden counter move by Japanese imperialism, but the basis of U. S. maneuvers, the Nanking government was attacked by British and Japanese lackeys and America faces a freeze out game which it hopes to break down by leading a war move and re-establishing itself on Chinese, preferably Manchurian soil.

Thus, when the cut-throat bandit governments of Nanking and Mukden seized the Chinese Eastern Railway on July 10, the imperialist government at Washington felt itself nearer to the goal. When the mercenary armies of Chiang Kai-shek and Chang Hsueh-liang conducted wholesale slaughters of Chinese workers and Soviet Russian citizens, the state department at Washington merely rubbed its hands in glee. When bandit troops commanded by counter-revolutionary Russian officers crossed the frontier of Soviet Russia to pillage and murder—Hoover and Stimson were well satisfied—that was "peace" (for them) because it meant that the bribed militarists in the employ of the American bankers were tightening their hold on the Chinese Eastern Railway. It meant the possible conquest of a favorable position for the Wall Street government in the coming war, and at the same time it gave the basis for precipitating war on a bigger scale against the Soviet Union.

But then the Red Army struck back. By a swift counter-attack it scattered the mercenary armies of the imperialists like chaff in the wind, and the Mukden government consented to cease its warfare for the time being, to restore the status quo ante, and to negotiate. Then the Red Army ceased all hostilities and returned to its territory.

For the first time during the whole affair there came peace. But as soon as peace was restored, the United States government flew into a fury of activity to restore—"PEACE!"

What the United States government wants is not peace but the Chinese Eastern Railway. Not peace, but a favorable position for the forthcoming war which is being planned in Wall Street and Washington. Not peace, but the destruction of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics—with the restoration of the old Russian landlords and capitalists under the hegemony of the big finance-capitalists of Wall Street—is what Hoover wants.

That is why it was that after every gun is silenced Hoover shrieks for "peace."

Now the workers of the whole world can see the Kellogg "Peace" Pact in action for its real purpose. First, Hoover has made a shrewd move by which the Kellogg Pact and not the League of Nations becomes the instrument—under the leadership of the Wall Street government and not the British. Second—most important—Hoover has made a giant stride toward the formation of a united imperialist front against the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics—an international move against the working class of the world of tremendous importance.

It is done under the "peace" cover throughout the world—and under the "socialist" cover of the yellow "labor" government of Great Britain—the most dangerous cover that could be found because it enables all of the dishonest or weak-brained "pacifists" and all of the sly professional betrayers of the working class to support this bloody imperialist war, as they did the past one, among the working class with some success.

The working class must stir out of its illusions of "peace." Imperialist war is in the air. The most flagrant imperialist crime—a bloody world-war directly against the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.

Every conscious worker must work incessantly to win his class brothers and sisters over to the understanding that every sacrifice must be made, to defend the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.

There will be new Red Armies to come out of the impending war, in many countries, for the program of the conscious working class is to transform the imperialist war between nations into civil war between the classes—the overthrow of capitalist rule.

Capitalists Promised Aid of Socialists in Fight on Communism

Two new developments in the "socialist" party point out the rapid acceleration of this third capitalist party.

Sam Kiffin, chairman of the national executive committee of the fewish "socialist" federation, declared, in effect, that the capitalists fight on "Communism" met with their hearty approval. He said that the "socialists" could now build the proper kind of organization—that a "socialist" organization acceptable to the capitalists in every feature.

At the same time, announcement was made by the New York "socialist" party that does would be cut to \$5.00 a year. Any capitalist, such as a shop owner, fascist, labor faker, by the payment of \$1.00, becomes a "standing" socialist.

Frank Crosswaith, a Negro delegate to the special session of the New York "socialist" convention held Sunday, called upon this fascist coterie to mislead the Negro workers. Crosswaith criticized his fellow "socialists" for "not discovering" the problem of the American Negro.

MEMBERSHIP DRIVE EXCEEDS QUOTA

BERLIN, Dec. 3.—The membership drive of the Berlin district of the Communist Party, aimed to secure 4,000 new members for the Party by December 1. The aim was exceeded by 600 over the 4,000.

For every one who has been recruited by the party, it has established a new organization. More and more workers are being organized up into the great benefits coming from the party and directly into the party's program and practice.

NMU RUSHES ALL FORCES TO THE ILLINOIS STRIKE

UMWA Officials Betray Strike of 1,500 in Anthracite Field

N.M.U. Calls for Fight Rally Around Illinois Strikers, Own Union

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Dec. 3.—The National Miners' Union national office here is rushing all available organizers into the Illinois field, where the Tri-State convention held Sunday at Seigler voted for a general strike throughout the state, to start Dec. 9. National Secretary-Treasurer Pat Toohy is leaving immediately for Illinois. Acting President Boyce is already there. Vincent Kamenovich, organizer for Illinois, is returning at once. Thirty thousand copies of the strike call are already being distributed through N. M. U. locals.

The strike is against the speed-up, for rest periods in every hour, against discrimination and unsafe conditions, against wage cuts, for equal pay for young miners and Negro miners, for social insurance for the unemployed, for bigger crews on mining and loading machines, against the check-off, and for the six-hour day and five-day week. Other grievances of the miners are also to be remedied. The strikers will mass picket, and march from mine to mine to bring the 50,000 Illinois miners all out on strike. Miners of other districts will help.

OLYPHANT, Pa., Dec. 3.—A strike of 1,500 in the Hudson Coal Co. mine here has just been betrayed by the district administration of the United Mine Workers of America, and the men driven back to work with a wage cut.

These miners held a meeting of Local 1691 of the U. M. W. A. last Friday, and voted the strike against a reduction of wages, and because of other grievances. The entire colliery was shut down.

John Boylan, district president of the U. M. W. A., immediately rushed into the situation, called a special (Continued on Page Three)

Prominent Attorney to Join Accorsi Defense

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 3.—John Henry, a well known lawyer in Western Pennsylvania, has been retained by the International Labor Defense to join Jacob Margolis in the defense of Salvatore Accorsi, who goes on trial for his life next Monday, December 9, in Pittsburgh.

Conferences by Accorsi defense committees working in conjunction with the I. L. D. will be held all through the week in western Pennsylvania and through the coal fields generally.

'Daily' Will Begin Vivid Portrayal of Class War in South

How does the Southern mill worker exist on the \$10 a week thrown him by his exploiters after they sweat countless profits from him at the looms? How is he organizing, under the fighting leadership of the National Textile Workers Union, for struggle against the starvation wage and the speed-up, for struggle against the A. F. of L. and its Muste agents who would lure him back to the mills on the masters' terms? These are only incidental questions answered in a vivid picture of the class struggle in the South—"Southern Cotton Mills and Labor"—by Myra Page, which starts tomorrow in The Daily Worker. Bill Dunne, Southern organizer of the N. T. W. U., has written an introduction.

Southern Textile Workers Find Another Fake 'Friend'

GREENVILLE, S. C., Dec. 3.—The textile workers of the South are rapidly finding out and losing all their respect for those "liberal" professional class elements which flit with and dally about the labor movement and then betray it at critical points. The action of Attorney Jimison, who seized the bill money of the Gastonia case defendants and conspired to keep Major Bulwinkle and Gastonia City Solicitor Carpenter from being exposed as leaders of a lynch mob that attacked National Textile Workers organizers, convinced many workers that such men cannot be trusted.

WORKERS!

Help the Communist Party Organize the Struggle Against the Capitalist Attacks!

\$50,000 Emergency Fund Must Be Raised for Daily Worker and for Mass Campaigns!

Comrades:

This is an earnest appeal to every worker active in the class struggle, and to every member of the Communist Party.

It is an appeal to help the Party to meet the great tasks placed upon it by the sharpening class battles, by the necessities of organizing the unorganized, by the forward movement of great masses of workers.

Compared with its tasks, the Party's financial resources are entirely inadequate and the struggles in which we are engaged, of historical importance, suffer severely from this fact.

Let us remind you of a few of these great tasks:

We are driving into the South, not only with the revolutionary unions but also with the Party organization. The A. F. of L. said it must have a million dollars in order to be able to do anything, and with all its money it does nothing but sabotage the struggle—but our Party and its sympathizers, with the few stray dollars we could scrape together are ACTUALLY ORGANIZING THE SOUTH. The Gastonia struggle placed enormous burdens on the Party, at the same time that it provided the central rallying point of the movement in this period. The August First Anti-War Demonstrations, the Cleveland T. U. L. Convention, the big developments in the mining fields, especially Illinois—all these mobilizations of the working class, give opportunities and tasks to the Party which require the utmost mobilization of its resources.

We have made gains in mobilization of our man-power. But we have lagged behind in mobilization of finance, which is one of the most necessary features of the work. Especially in the support of the Daily Worker, which is our principal instrument for mass work, we have lagged behind.

Added to these financial problems, has been the legacy of financial chaos left behind by the Lovestone renegades when they attempted to split our Party. The cleaning up of Lovestone's leavings has been an added burden which will not be repeated, but which leaves the Party financially weakened for the time.

Now the multiplication of opportunities for work, requires a real mobilization of the membership AND OF FINANCIAL SUPPORT. The membership drive, for which a quarter-million leaflets and fifty thousand pamphlets have been issued, provides the basis for this task. The reorganization of our dues-system, upon a weekly payment basis and the rate of two per cent of earnings, according to the international practice of all important parties, will stabilize the Party finances in the coming six months, and will relieve the membership of many irregular demands now made in the units. The economic crisis and growing unemployment will hit many of our present members and supporters, but will greatly widen the circle of workers who are ready to listen to our program and join in our work; and the Party's publication of 250,000 leaflets and 50,000 pamphlets on UNEMPLOYMENT provides the basis for a mass campaign, which will further widen our base and help solve the next problems. The improvements which are being rapidly made in the Daily Worker constantly help to enlarge its circle of readers and supporters and lighten its financial burden on the Party.

For solving all these problems, and providing a strong central direction with strict accounting of finances, a strong FINANCE

COMMITTEE with wide powers is supervising and controlling all income and expenditure of the Party and its institutions. Order and system are being brought into all our financial affairs.

But the full realization of the results of our growth, our mass work, and our reorganization measures, will take many months to materialize. In the meantime, the necessities are great, and a special fund must be built up to guarantee the successful execution of all these tasks. Such a fund must be realized at once!

Comrades! This appeal is made to every individual member of the Party, to every sympathizer, and to every Party unit. Take up YOUR part of the task of solving this financial problem. We must raise \$50,000 within the next six weeks. We ask every individual member and sympathizer to IMMEDIATELY SEND IN A SUBSTANTIAL DONATION TO THIS FUND AT ONCE.

Every member of the Party is going to be assessed an amount, according to his ability to pay, as his part of this task. All donations sent in directly to the National Office will be credited against the assessment which will be levied by the Party committees, so that no member is called upon to pay twice.

District organizations must immediately prepare their assessment upon each individual member for the Emergency Fund. Every individual member, without waiting for the assessment, must send in a donation at once, which will be credited against the assessment.

This appeal is also directed to sympathizers, not only to Party members. Every worker who realizes the importance of the work we are doing should especially be ready to donate to the Emergency Fund, because his contributions in the past have not been so great.

Workers' clubs, fraternal organizations, trade unions—all such organizations should take up this question, and make substantial donations from their treasuries to the Emergency Fund.

This Emergency Fund is not a part of the day's pay assessment, which was a uniform assessment on all members. The present Emergency Fund is an appeal to and assessment upon every one WHO IS ABLE TO DO HIS PART IN OUR WORK BY HELPING PAY THE BILLS. Hundreds of our comrades are daily risking their lives and liberties in the class battles; this is an appeal to those not in the front lines to back them up with money.

SEND IN YOUR CONTRIBUTION AT ONCE TO THE EMERGENCY FUND!

HELP ORGANIZE THE WORKERS OF THE SOUTH! DEFEND THE GASTONIA FIGHTERS!

BUILD THE REVOLUTIONARY TRADE UNIONS! FIGHT AGAINST UNEMPLOYMENT!

HELP ORGANIZE THE FIGHTING MINERS OF ILLINOIS AND THE ANTHRACITE!

HELP EXPAND THE DAILY WORKER! DEFEAT THE REFORMISTS AND RENEGADES! BUILD THE COMMUNIST PARTY!

(Signed) Central Committee, Communist Party of the U. S. A.

Send all remittances to Communist Party of U. S. A., 43 East 125th St., New York City.

JOSEPH STALIN



Who writes of the great achievements of the first year of the Five-Year Plan in the Soviet Union; the plan for the building up of Socialism in the fatherland of the world's workers—the Soviet Union; the plan which is laying the basis for the establishment of the new classless Communist society. See the article: "The Year of the Great Change" by J. Stalin, on Page 4.

U. S. ARMS FOR WAR, HOOVER MESSAGE SHOWS

Outlines Fascist Plan of Trusts

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 3.—Under a heavy smoke screen of pacifist phrases, President Hoover, in his message sent to congress today, exposes the vast war preparations of American imperialism.

Using the same lies which Stimson employed in his note which covered the threatened armed attack against the Soviet Union in Manchuria, Hoover drapes the war maneuvers of United States imperialism with the soiled rags of the Kellogg pact.

"Our army and navy," boasts the imperialist chief, "are being maintained in a most efficient state, under officers of high intelligence and zeal." War expenditures have grown from \$267,000,000 in 1914, the message revealed, to \$730,000,000. "Programs now authorized," said the chief capitalist executive, "will carry it to still larger figures in future years."

While glibly talking of alleged high hopes for "peaceful" results of the London naval conference, Hoover reports that billions will be spent for naval armaments. "If we shall be compelled to undertake the naval construction implied in the Washington arms treaty," threatens the president, "... we shall be committed during the next six years to

(Continued on Page Three)

COURT DENIES CANTOR APPEAL

Backs Up Railroadings of Boston Worker

BOSTON, Mass., Dec. 3.—The Superior Court has backed up the action of the late Judge Robert F. Raymond in railroadings Harry J. Cantor, member of the Communist Party, to one year in prison on charges of "libelling" Governor Alvan T. Fuller, in carrying a sign stating that Fuller was guilty of the murder of Sacco and Vanzetti. The Superior Court has handed down a decision that "Judge Raymond did not err in refusing to accept the testimony of Cantor" at Cantor's trial.

Cantor has now served nearly six months of the one year sentence. He was the Communist Party candidate for mayor of Boston in the elections in November of this year, but the Boston bosses had his name taken from the ballot.

REPORT MUKDEN RECALLS PEACE ENVOY TO USSR

U. S. War Threat Upon Soviet Encourages Renewed Warfare

Get 300 White Guards

U. S. Presses for War; Nanking Collapsing

(Bulletin) (Wireless by Impecor)

MOSCOW, Dec. 3.—Three hundred Russian white guards, counter-revolutionary mercenaries and supporters of attempts to overthrow the Soviet Union and re-establish capitalism, were captured by the Red Army when it took Manchuli on the Manchurian frontier. These scoundrels who had been leading the invading raids into Soviet territory, and among whom are included notorious counter-revolutionary leaders and torturers of Soviet citizens, are taken into the Soviet Union to be tried by court martial.

Report Peace Negotiations Off

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—The interference by American imperialism in the peaceful settlement of the Sino-Soviet dispute by negotiations at Harbin, Manchuria, agreed to by the Mukden, Manchurian government, appeared successful to American imperialism today as news from Harbin arrived, stating that Harbin had heard "from Japanese sources" (!) that the Chinese representative on the way from Mukden to Harbin for conference with the Soviet representatives as agreed, had been recalled by Chang Hsueh-liang, militarist "governor" of Manchuria.

It is reported that the Mukden representative stopped en route to Harbin, at Nikolai and turned back to Harbin. This it seems that Secretary Stimson's pretended desire to "maintain peace" has actually been to prevent peace. Peace in the Far East is not now desired by the United States, which with the collapse of the Nanking government has nothing to lose and everything to gain by continuing old wars and starting a new one against the Soviet Union, in the expectation of grabbing, under cover of war, new markets and spheres of control to make up for the loss of Central China by the caving-in of Chiang Kai-shek's "government" at Nanking.

Nanking Collapsing

The perilous position of Nanking, and hence of American interests, is seen in dispatches stating that the Twenty-fourth Division of Chiang Kai-shek's army mutinied today at Pukow, just across the river from Nanking itself. This division has just returned from Honan, where also, and in spite of the \$10,000,000 bribe given by Chiang Kai-shek to Feng Yu-hsiang commanders, fighting is still going on. The division was waiting steamers to transport it to Canton, where also heavy fighting was reported with wounded streaming into the city which is sought for capture by Chinese militarists backed by Britain.

At last reports, Japan was still (Continued on Page Three)

Kidnap, Beat Negro Organizer for Labor Congress in Maine

TOGAS, Maine, Dec. 3.—Last Friday night a gang of armed hoodlums broke into a meeting of the American Negro Labor Congress, called by Percy West, a Negro worker, for the purpose of organizing the Negro farm workers in this district.

The boss farmers who composed the mob who broke into the meeting carried shotguns. They kidnaped Percy West and forced him to take a train out of town. They told him "to get the hell out of here; we don't want the Negro farmers organized!"

Allen Littlejohn, a Negro farmer, who attended the meeting of the American Negro Labor Congress in Togas was attacked by the armed gang in Augustus, Maine, and was severely beaten for his efforts to organize his fellow farm workers.

A CASE OF MISTAKEN IDENTITY

STOCKHOLM, Dec. 3.—The representative of the Norwegian Communist Party, Arvid Hansen, who is attending the congress of the Swedish Communist Party, has been arrested by the Swedish police. The police thought that Hansen was a representative of the Communist International.

Build Up the United Front of the Working Class From the Bottom Up—at the Enterprise!

Company Neglect Kills 3 Mexican Workers in Calif.

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 3.—Ramon Navarro, 21, 1625 Postinus Drive, Calisto Alcala, 48, 2024 Granville Ave., and Juan Contreras, 25, 1531 Beloit St., were killed when an explosion of a gas main caused a landslide in a foundation excavation at Westwood, near Sawtelle. These workers were all Mexican. Alcala was the father of four children. All three men had been digging a foundation for the new building of the Westwood Mortgage & Insurance Co. at Weyburn St. and Westwood Boulevard. Company negligence is said by workers to be the cause.

Ford "Raise" Is Scheme to Increase Rationalization

By PHILIP BART. Following the Hoover business conference in Washington Ford again issued one of his "famous" announcements, that wages of all his workers would be increased. A close examination of his carefully prepared statement and observing the conditions in the auto industry today, one can easily see that this is a scheme to further intensify the already vicious speed-up in the Ford plants and throughout the industry Ford's False Statements Well. Ford's reputation for false announcements is well known here. In Sept., 1927, we were informed that

the Ford plants would be put on a 5-day week basis. The labor fakers were jubilant and looked upon this as a great achievement for the workers. Nevertheless, it was never pointed out that Ford would only carry thru the 5-day week when he could produce 5 days' work in 5 days. Again in the early part of this year, Ford stated that 30,000 additional workers would be hired before March 1. This is not only proven a false alarm, but there has been continual lay-offs in the Rouge plant. The Detroit Free Press reports: (Continued on Page Three)

BUILDING SERVICE WORKERS CONFER ON STRUGGLE

To Push Industrial Union Friday

Steps to organize New York's 225,000 building service workers into a fighting industrial union will be taken at a conference called by the Amalgamated Building Service Workers Union and the Window Cleaners Protective Union at Irving Plaza, 18th St. and Irving Pl., at 8 p. m. Friday.

Delegates from the building service locals of the corrupt A. F. of L., whose officials split the Window Cleaners Union will join unorganized workers in launching the new organization.

After selling out the window cleaners strike, the A. F. of L. officials and the right wing in the Window Cleaners Protective Union set up a company union, styled Local 2. The organization of the new union under rank and file control and affiliated to the Trade Union Unity League will make impossible such betrayal.

The Window Cleaners Union, aided by the Workers International Relief, is conducting a drive for funds for the relief of strikers.

TUUL Protests Against British Ban on Byers, Gastonia, N. C., Striker

The Trade Union Unity League today called upon all its affiliated organizations to demonstrate in mass protest against the counter-revolutionary British "Labor" government which has banned K. O. Byers, Gastonia striker, from entering the land.

The statement follows in part: "This act on the part of the MacDonald government is only one more example for the British working class what a bourgeois Labor government is."

"The Gastonia striker is on his way back from a visit in the Soviet Union and was invited by the British Militant Labor Movement to speak among the textile workers."

"This the Labor government and

Phila. Communists, Your Party Needs the Day's Wages!

Philadelphia District Party Members!

THE PARTY decided several months ago upon a Day's Pay Assessment for every party member.

THE PARTY is faced with greater tasks today than ever before. Throughout the country workers conditions are becoming worse. Unemployment grows, capitalist militarism increases, the Soviet Union is attacked by the bourgeois, the A. F. of L. is part of the bosses' machinery against the workers, the Gastonia textile workers are sent to jail, the Party is being attacked because it is the leader of the working class and our comrades are being arrested and sent to jail in every district.

THE PARTY expects every member to assume greater responsibilities than ever before. Discipline must become more strict—demands upon the Party more and more.

The Party in the Philadelphia District has not completed its job—has not held in full the Day's Pay.

210 Party members owe their Day's Pay in the Phila. District. Are you amongst them? Run in your Day's Pay to the National Communist Party, U. S. A., 43 E. 125th St., New York City.

STREET CAR UNION FAKER GETS JOB AGIN.

SEATTLE, Wash. (By Mail).—William D. Mahon, who helped sell out many a street carmen's strike—as in New York and New Orleans—got himself re-elected at the convention of the Amalgamated Association of Street Car and Electric Railway Employees of America.

Build Up the United Front of the Working Class From the Bottom Up—at the Enterprises!

The bosses in Great Britain tried to stop. The T. U. U. L. calls upon its affiliated organizations and on all militant workers to demonstrate in mass protest against the counter-revolutionary Labor Government and in behalf of the Gastonia defendants.

—Trade Union Unity League.

I.G.W. HEAD FOR FASCIST COUNCIL AGAINST TOILERS

Convention Greeted by Strikebreaking Gov.

"Governor Roosevelt may count upon our full cooperation," said President Benjamin Schlesinger of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union when he arrived here yesterday to open the latest machine-made convention of that company unionized organization. He was referring to the New York state fascist council for the needle trades, a coarse imitation of President Hoover's grand fascist council for all industries.

Roosevelt invited Schlesinger's representatives, the delegates of the various groups of employers in the industry, and the retailers to meet with him Dec. 12, and agree to "stabilize" the needle trades on a basis of low wages, sweat-shop conditions and full control over the workers, if possible, by Schlesinger's company union.

Governor Greets Fakers.

The I. G. W. convention was welcomed today by Governor Cooper of Ohio, who paid a friendly visit to Schlesinger yesterday, and by Mayor John D. Marshall of Cleveland. William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, will add his greetings Wednesday to those of the state that called out the militia last year against the miners.

The fighting needle workers are in the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union, which demands and will carry on a vigorous strike action to win recognition of the N. T. W. I. U., and the enforcement of all its demands, the shorter work day, its wage scale and shop conditions.

Schlesinger's convention proposes to raise a slush fund of \$2,000,000 to hire more gangsters and \$500,000 to send to declassed Jewish business men in the Soviet Union, who are now forced to work for a living and don't like it.

'The Working Woman' Published; Special Issue Is Out Now

On December 1st, the Working Woman, published by the National Women's Department of the Communist Party of U. S. A., reappeared, and will be published regularly every month.

The December issue of the Working Woman is a special Russian Revolution Anniversary number telling about the Five Year Plan and its effect on women workers, showing the contrast between the freedom enjoyed by the working women in the Soviet Union, and the extreme exploitation and misery of women workers in the United States and other capitalist countries.

Many of the women workers from the steel mills, the electrical and radio plants, automobile factories and many other industries have written to the Working Woman, telling about the long hours, the speed-up, the wage-cuts, and the miserable conditions in their shops and factories.

Bundles of the Working Woman for shop, factory, club or organization can be ordered from the Working Woman, 43 E. 125th St., N. Y. C.

Workers School Forms Labor Sports Club

The proletarian banquet arranged by the student body of the Workers School was a huge success.

The Students Council now announces the formation of a sports club, consisting of the following branches: ice-skating, hiking, chess and checker clubs. The hike as arranged for Dec. 1 was successful, another is now scheduled to be held on Dec. 8, place to be announced later. A scientific tour to a museum will be held Sun. Dec. 15 at 11 a. m. under the leadership of an experienced guide.

Gastonia Defendants at Banquet Dec. 13

Fred Beal, Clarence Miller, Red Hendryx, William McGinnis, Joseph Harrison, Louis McLaughlin and George Carter, the seven Gastonia defendants, will be the guests of honor at the big Gastonia and Anti-Terror Banquet, to be held Friday evening, December 13, at 7:30 p. m., in Stuyvesant Casino, 140 Second Ave. The banquet, which will also be combined with a gala entertainment, has been arranged by the New York District of the International Labor Defense and affiliated organizations.

The banquet will also celebrate the opening of the District Convention of the I. L. D., in Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Pl., on Sunday, December 15, at 10 a. m. Working class organizations are already sending in credentials for their delegates, and many of them will be present at the banquet.

As all reservations must be made in advance, tickets should be bought at once at the office of the New York I. L. D., 799 Broadway, room 422.

Workers Fight Harvester Trust Terror in Illinois

CHICAGO, Ill., Dec. 3.—Three hundred workers have been arrested in the last three months in Chicago and vicinity mostly for meetings, distribution of leaflets and picketing. This is in addition to the numerous section warrants issued for Communists.

Every variety of workers' organization and militant activity is apparently illegal here. This is the attempt of the employers and their state and city authorities to crush the militancy rising out of the great unemployment and worsening conditions here, which make the Communist factory-gate meetings, and the organization campaign of the T. U. U. L. very popular with the workers.

'Caucasian Love' Among Soviet Film Top-Notchers

The feat of the Georgkino, the film trust of the Caucasian Soviet Republic, in producing so great a film as "Conflict," or "Caucasian Love," as it has been flaringly titled by the Film Guild management, speaks more than words can convey in testimony of the great cultural benefits the people of the Caucasus have gained since they joined the family of Soviet Republics forming the U. S. S. R.

If its actual Caucasian love you're looking for, you're going to get stung when you see "Caucasian Love" at the Film Guild. But, love or no love, this film is right at the top, among all the top-notchers of the Soviet films, when it comes to scenic beauty, fine direction, swiftness of action, and great acting.

In addition, it is historically one of the most important of the Soviet films, in that it gives a hitherto inaccessible picture to American workers, of the inroads of czarist imperialism on the fertile lands occupied by the tribesmen of the European-Asiatic borderlands.

It is adapted from the Georgian novelist Kazbek's "Eliso," one of the outstanding writers in a race which under czarist repression had hardly developed an alphabet, let alone a literature. And here we see

GRAHAM SPEAKS AT MEET TONIGHT

Demand Union Rights for Negro Worker

Stephen Graham, who goes to trial December 5, in Virginia, for activities in behalf of the oppressed Negro workers, will speak this evening at the mass-protest meeting at St. Luke's Hall, 125 W. 130th St., to force the admission and reinstatement of a Negro worker.

John H. Jones, who was barred from membership in the Carpet Upholsterers and Linoleum Layers Union, Local 70, affiliated with the A. F. of L.

Warrick, the "socialist" union manager, refused to permit Jones to belong to the union, even when he put up the \$100 required of white workers, and is an experienced lionel layer, and forbid the contractor to give him employment.

The mass-protest meeting is being held under joint auspices of the American Negro Labor Congress, the International Labor Defense and the Trade Union Unity League. Speakers will include Richard B. Moore, chairman; John H. Jones, Rothschild Francis, Gilbert Lewis, J. Louis Engdahl, George Lewis, I. Amter, Theodore Gibbs and Stephen Graham.

Volunteers are needed to help distribute leaflets for the meeting. They should report to Harper at 9 o'clock this morning at 235 W. 135th St.

Traitor Halonen Gang Attacks McLaughlin, Stops Gastonia Speech

SUPERIOR, Wis., Dec. 2.—By intrigue within the Superior Workers Club, and by a direct fascist attack on the speaker and members of the Communist party who accompanied him, the renegade George Halonen and his right wing gangsters prevented Louis McLaughlin from speaking before the club.

McLaughlin is one of the Gastonia defendants, railroaded through the mill owners' court at Charlotte, and sentenced from 12 to 15 years in prison because Gastonia strikers defended their lives and their families against a raid on them by the chief of police and the Manville-Jencks Co. Halonen is one of the fighting elements who objected to the self defense issue in the Gastonia case, recently published a slanderous attack on the Communist Party in the Co-operative organ, "Pyramid Builder," and led a gang to seize copies of the Pyramid Builder during the attack a Halonen supporter assaulted Carl Reeve, the Communist Party district organizer.

McLaughlin's speech had already been arranged with the Superior Workers Club when Halonen entered the case.

ADMITS WAR DANGER. "There are more potential causes for war today," said Professor Harry Elmer Barnes, pacifist, "than there were in 1914," speaking before the social-fascist Rand School on Sunday.

SPREAD CALL FOR SUBWAY STRIKE THROUGHOUT CITY

All in One Union, Is Slogan

The striking subway workers and many from parts of the system not yet struck met last night at Harlem Labor Center, at the call of the strike committee of 15 elected the day before, when the strikers seized control of the situation, left their reactionary union officials and proceeded to run the strike.

The strikers were actively engaged yesterday in spreading the call for a general strike throughout the 16,000 workers in subway construction in New York, and announced a mass meeting for today, at 6 p. m. at Ambassador Hall, 3875 Third Ave.

"If you want to get more pay and better conditions you must support and join with the fighting Grand Concourse subway strikers," says a hand bill now being distributed. "All subway workers into one union," it calls. "To fight for more pay, shorter hours, and sanitary conditions!"

Laundry Workers Get Organization Call of Shop Meetings

Many workers responded to the call to a mass meeting of the United Cleaning and Laundry Workers Industrial League, held at Irving Plaza Hall, Sunday afternoon. Speakers, including a representative from the T. U. U. L., the Youth Section and the American Negro Labor Congress, pointed out the miserable conditions under which over 50,000 unorganized and underpaid workers in the cleaning and laundry trades are being exploited today.

35 Dental Mechanic Strikers Arrested on Picket Line

Two hundred and fifty striking dental mechanics left strike headquarters in Irving Plaza yesterday morning to carry on the second week of the strike of the Dental Laboratory Workers Union. They carried large signs, and went to man the picket lines before the more distant shops. First results obtained was the joining of the strike by 40 more laboratory workers.

Police terrorism failed to halt mass picketing yesterday by the striking dental mechanics, thirty-five of whom were arrested while picketing struck shops in the Union Square, Time Square and Borough Hall, Brooklyn, sections. One of the strikers, Horowitz, was released on \$25 bail, and the others in the custody of the strikers' attorney, for trial on Friday. The strike of the dental mechanics is being extended, the Dental Mechanics Union reports.

SWEDISH COMMUNIST PARTY CONGRESS.

STOCKHOLM, Sweden, Dec. 2.—The Eighth Congress of the recognized (recognized by the Communist International) Swedish Communist Party has opened here, with delegates representing eight thousand workers, sitting jointly at the opening session with those representing twelve thousand members of the Young Communist League.

Build Up the United Front of the Working Class From the Bottom Up—at the Enterprises!

December 13, 14, 15

ANNUAL DISTRICT BAZAAR COMMUNIST PARTY OF U. S. A., DISTRICT SIX

Saturday, Sunday, December 7 and 8, 1929
GRDINA HALL, 6021 ST. CLAIR AVE., CLEVELAND

Saturday, Dec. 7 at 8 P. M. Sunday, Dec. 8, at 2 P. M.
International Costume Ball
Prizes for Best Costumes

GOOD JAZZ ORCHESTRA. Come and have fun and entertainment. Bring your shopmates and friends. The music committee. TICKETS 35c Saturday or Sunday. District Office: 2046 E. Fourth St., Cleveland, Ohio.

LABOR DEFENDER

The Only Labor Pictorial in America

In Its December Issue

Just off the press, contains much valuable information and striking stories in photos of the drive against labor, from coast to coast.

"Again—The Electric Chair," by J. Louis Engdahl; Beal's reception in Boston and world protest against Gastonia sentence; contrast page of photos, entitled "Bosses' Justice at Work," unemployment and the stock market crash. Pete Musella, one of the Woodlawn defendants, writes on his verdict; photos published for the first time of the prison camps in Manchuria, where the Soviet citizens are imprisoned; a resume of all cases being handled by the I. L. D.; "A Steel Trust Lynching," by Esther Lowell; "Brothers All," by Herbert Benjamin; "On the Ohio Front," by I. Amter; photos of demonstrations in Panama; MOPR in the USSR; in addition, Hay Bales; Voices from Prison; Building the I. L. D.; Labor Defender sub drive.

Subscribe—\$1.00 a Year.

LABOR DEFENDER, 80 EAST 11TH ST., NEW YORK

San Antonio, Texas, Workers Observe 12th Year of Revolution

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Dec. 3.—San Antonio workers held a mass meeting for the Twelfth Anniversary of the October Revolution. Thirty workers attended the celebration. The militant southern workers who attended the celebration showed their solidarity with the Soviet Union workers by passing a resolution for the defense of the U. S. S. R. Two workers joined the Communist Party. The sentiment of the workers in this section and particularly the Mexican and Negro workers, is strong for organization into militant unions.

AFL Scab Herder Has Striking Shoe Workers Arrested; Court Today

The business agent of the Boot and Shoe Workers Union, an A. F. of L. organization, yesterday brought a bunch of scabs to the Brooklyn Shoe Co. (which has recently seen fit to change its name), and then called the police and asked that the Independent Shoe Workers Union pickets in front of the struck shop be arrested. The pickets, Max Cohen and Max Korman were taken to Adams St. Court, and their hearing is set for today.

Negro Toilers' Paper Reappears Tomorrow

"The Liberator," formerly the "Negro Champion," which discontinued publication while it was being reorganized, will appear as the fighting weekly organ of the Negro workers tomorrow. It will help class-conscious workers to "help build the Liberator into a powerful weapon of the Negro masses in their struggle against capitalist oppression."

Metal Industry Mass Meet Called Dec. 4th at Irving Plaza

On Wednesday, Dec. 4, at 8 p. m. there will be a mass meeting for all workers in the metal industry, under the auspices of the Metal Workers Industrial League, at Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Pl.

Wm. F. Dunne, member of the national committee of the Trade Union Unity League, will be the main speaker. John Schmieles, former organizer of the Auto Workers Union will address the meeting. This is one of a series of meetings called to organize workers in the metal trades industries.

CHICAGO BIG ANNUAL I. L. D. Bazaar

PEOPLES AUDITORIUM
2457 West Chicago Avenue
December 13, 14, 15

Every Day Excellent Program Dancing Good Food WORKERS! ATTEND IN MASSES! Support the INTERNATIONAL LABOR DEFENSE

PHILADELPHIA
NOVEL CONCERT
given by the
INTERNATIONAL LABOR DEFENSE
featuring
JASCHA FISHERMAN, Russian Pianist
Freiheit Singing Society
German Chorus of 200
Mandolin Orchestra
and other features
Friday Evening, December 6 at 8 o'clock
LABOR INSTITUTE
410 LOCUST STREET
ADMISSION 50 CENTS

PHILADELPHIA CAPITAL BEVERAGE CO.

will take care of your entertainment and supply SODA WATER and BEER
2434 West York Street
Telephone: COLUMBIA 5335

PHILADELPHIA Physical Culture Restaurants

QUALITY FOOD AT LOW PRICES
19 North 9th St., Philadelphia
17 Berber St., New York City
21 Murray St., New York City

PHILADELPHIA American Restaurant

1900 SPRING GARDEN ST. PHILADELPHIA
Class Wholesome Food
Frequent Service. Popular Prices.

PHILADELPHIA ROBERTS BLOCK, No. 1

Glenside, Pa.
Telephone Ogontz 3185

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The work we make is good. Organizational work—our specialty.
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Bell—Market 3385
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SCAB BOSSES HEAD HOOVER FASCIST COUNCIL

Will Meet December 5; A. F. of L. in It

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—The U. S. Chamber of Commerce, which is acting for Hoover, in the formation of the fascist economic council, today published a partial list of the leading capitalists who will take part in the drive on the working class.

The list of labor fakers has not been issued yet. But a very significant fact about the names published of the imperialists who will take the leading role in the new fascist state apparatus is that the vast majority are executives of big scab corporations.

These enemies of the working class will meet in Washington on December 5. The fascist economic council will begin its work at about the same time that Congress gets going, but Hoover will give the greatest portion of his time to his new imperialist creation.

The leading daily publications of the big capitalists are beginning to point out that Hoover's prosperity talk is the veriest bunk.

"The Journal of Commerce (Dec. 2) actually protests against the Department of Commerce's distortion of figures to make the masses believe that prosperity is still there. 'These unreliable statistics,' says the 'Journal of Commerce,' referring to the fake figures of the Department of Commerce, 'are interpreted to imply increased business activity in the face of a monstrous record of declining production of steel, coal and petroleum.'"

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The yearly subscription has been reduced to \$1. Single copies will cost two cents.

The office of the paper is in the headquarters of the American Negro Labor Congress, 235 W. 129th St.

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NICARAGUANS KILL THREE U. S. INVADERS OF THEIR HOMELAND

The Monroe Doctrine at Work in Latin America While the Kellogg Pact Is Used Against the Soviet Union—No Lie of Stimson's Can Refute Oppressed People's Bullets

TEGUCIGALPA, Honduras, Dec. 3.—More evidence to the fact that the Nicaraguan people do not share "president" Mankad's liking for U. S. Marines, appears in the announcement at Managua, Nicaragua, that "bandits," which is the term selected by American imperialists for Nicaraguan defenders of their homeland against Yankee invaders, have killed three and wounded two of these invaders by surprise attack on an outpost of ten marines at Lo Colonia, north of Matagalpa, on the morning of November 28.

REPORT MUKDEN RECALLS ENVOY

Encouraged By U. S. War Threats

(Continued from Page One) holding out against pressure, and coldly rejecting any proposal that would smelt of allowing the United States to enter the Manchurian dispute as a pretended "neutral" and "impartial" arbiter. In fact Japanese sources express distinct annoyance with the action of the United States in sending a "note" to China and the Soviet Union about such a "purely Japanese" question as Manchuria.

The world is accustomed to American imperialist hypocrisy, but Stimson's action, admittedly meant to do even more than prevent the settlement of the dispute as brought out in inspired stories in the capitalist press to the effect that its significance "goes far beyond the controversy," indicates the hostile disposition with which the United States is now imbued in forcing its way back into a leading position in the Far East, regardless of any and every welcoming the issue of war.

Unprecedented Hypocrisy. The almost unparalleled double-dealing, even in the worst of imperialist diplomacy, with which America has acted, in inciting China to seize the Chinese Eastern Railway in collaborating with Chinese militarists and Russian white guards to invade the Soviet territory repeatedly since July, and to remain deaf, dumb and blind to these violations of the Kellogg Pact, only to act with hostility toward the Soviet Union after the Red Army had punished these invasions in kind, is a new monument to American duplicity.

But even this is eclipsed by the United States, causing its Nanking lackeys to simultaneously start peace negotiations through Mukden and repudiate such negotiations at the same time. To cover up this dirty piece of crookedness, C. T. Wang, Nanking foreign minister, is made to jump through the hoop by taking the blame on himself and resigning. Of course, he can be "induced" next week to reconsider his resignation and thus "save face" for his American masters without material loss.

Germany, with the best will to comply with American demands for an imperialist united front against the Soviet Union, is reported embarrassed by its role as mediator in diplomatic correspondence going on between China and the Soviet. America, scheming out a way to send the Soviet Union a war threat without recognizing the Soviet Government, dodged the issue by, firstly, declining to call the note a "note," but only a "statement," and even sending it without signing it! Stimson maintains a clam-like silence on Japanese rejection of his proposal, while busily bringing all pressure possible to bear on Japan to consent to joint armed intervention, in which America hopes to push Japan out of its dominating position in Manchuria. If it can gain Japanese consent to intervention—and possibly even if Japan refuses—America, it is declared quite openly here, will turn the London "naval conference" into a council of war on the Soviet Union.

Nanking Admits Lying Stimson Ponders Late Cooking Up New One

SHANGHAI, Dec. 3.—Both Nanking and Mukden governments admit that the Mukden negotiations with the Soviet Union for settlement of the Chinese Eastern Railway dispute are officially authorized by Nanking. Mukden officials have given their full authority to proceed, and Nanking's foreign minister, C. T. Wang, who denied it on Friday, today admits that the negotiations in the north had the consent of the Nanking government. But neither one nor the other explains why, in view of this admission, Nanking had one policy toward the Soviet for Mukden to carry out, while Nanking itself was pressing contrary demands on Moscow.

FORD'S "RAISE" IS SPEED-UP DRIVE

More Production With Less Workers

(Continued from Page One) The increased production that has been maintained by the Ford Motor Co. this year in comparison with previous years, continued thru the month of October. It then continues, "Total production of Ford cars and trucks for the month of October was 177,483. This represents an increase of 55,801 over the record for October, 1928." In the past it took close to a year to produce a million cars, while this year Ford will produce twice that amount in the same time.

When articles recently appeared that Ford had fired 30,000 workers, his officials took special pains in stating that not a single man has been fired. But some of the statements for the past few days, as usual, contradict those of the past. During March of this year the company employed about 128,000 men. The official announcement of the Ford company in the Detroit newspapers this week state that they have 90,000 men on the pay-roll. In other words, they admit a decrease of 30,000 workers, although there has been an unprecedented increase in production.

A Trick To Intensify Production. The new Ford scheme of "raising" wages is a means to intensify rationalization in the Ford plants, due to the intense competition with General Motors and on the international field. The significance of the raise can be seen by the article in the Free Press, "that while in individual cases it might not be a large increase, in the aggregate it will amount to a considerable sum." Ford further declares that the increase will be worked out on "a percentage basis." This percentage basis only signifies an attempt to introduce some of the bonus schemes already existing in most of the plants. This is a method whereby a mad rush of production can be further intensified and the workers even more exploited.

The Ford announcement is part of a prepared government plan in this present crisis. It is known that the war department gives material aid to the aviation section, which is part of the auto industry. And it is especially necessary in the auto industry which is a war-industry to eliminate all hindrances in the war preparations. But the militant workers under the leadership of the Communist Party and T. U. L. will fight the Ford rationalization schemes and the war danger.

recommends. Hoover wants "consolidations which was the objective of the congress in the transportation act." Strengthening of the big banks is another wish of Hoover's message. "This movement of chain or group making," says Wall Street's chief executive, "is a grouping for stronger support to the banks." The entire message is an effort to consolidate the imperialist forces in a drive against the workers and to press war preparations. Hoover

COMMUNISTS OF ENGLAND CLEAN PARTY CENTRAL

Criticize Leadership for "Right" Errors

(Wireless by Impecorri) LONDON, Dec. 3.—The congress of the Communist Party of Great Britain, being held in Leeds, has unanimously decided to publish a daily paper to begin on January 1. After discussion on the political resolution ended, a new Central Committee was elected by an overwhelming majority.

Southern Textile Workers' Fake 'Friend'

(Continued from Page One)

N. T. W. organizer here, Sophie Melvin, a Gastonia defendant, because she was on the platform at the Southern Conference of Textile Workers at Charlotte, along with other organizers and officials, including Solomon Harper, fraternal delegate from the American Negro Labor Congress.

War Department Is Set for Imperialist War, Says Report

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—The report of the War Department, just published, describing the work done this year, stresses the fact that war preparations have been very rapid. The development of waterways systems, says the report, is a war measure to provide cheap and efficient means of transportation in war time.

"The nation that hopes to be prepared for future emergencies," declares the war report, "must make certain that its preparations for defense include plans for the rapid and efficient transformation of its peace power into war power."

"War," continues the report, "has entered the field of the exact sciences, and every advance of chemistry, physics and mechanics demands investigation and adoption." The document says that the war machine of American imperialism is highly efficient, has been mechanized in accordance with the latest improvement, and is ready for hostilities.

Support of British Imperialism Pledged By Zionist Group

Further help to British imperialism in its attack on the Arab masses is the subject of the Zionist Organization of America as expressed by its spokesmen in a meeting held Sunday at Temple Emanu-El.

"Palestine for the Jews should be our ideal," was the provocative slogan announced by Louis Lipsky, president of the organization. Lipsky deplored the lack of enthusiasm on the part of the Jewish masses to further the invasion of Palestine.

National Miners Union Rushes Forces to Ill.

(Continued from Page One)

meeting Sunday, and wheeled the miners back to work, "pending an immediate decision on their grievances."

Then the matter was referred to the "board of conciliation," which means that it is hurried for an indefinite time, with the miners working at the reduced wage, and nothing else improved.

The National Miners Union is issuing a leaflet to these dissatisfied miners, pointing out that this is not an isolated case. It is a regular policy of the U. M. W. A., which represents the big coal operators and maintains itself as a company union through agreement with them.

Mr. Cochran has done the workers of Greenville a service. He has unstrapped himself before their gaze of any of the garments of "friendship of labor"—which he only assumed to build his little political clique. Mr. Cochran is in good company—the faker leaders of the United Textile Workers, the Chamber of Commerce and their crowd. Real workers and real workers organizations have no use for such a these.

Forward to the building of the N.T.W.U., a real fighting union. Forward to the struggle against the life-sapping stretch-out system, for the 8-hour day, the \$20 weekly minimum wage and better living conditions.

Build Up the United Front of the Working Class From the Bottom Up—at the Enterprises!

IN THE SHOPS

More Illinois Mines Close Down; Men Joining NMU

(By a Worker Correspondent)

SPRINGFIELD, Ill. (By Mail).—There was a mine closed down here last night for ten days or two weeks. The notice says the company can't compete with the rest of the mines on the market. This is a stall to put over another wage reduction on the miners. The men asked for transfer cards to work at some other mine and the company wouldn't give them any, saying they did not recognize them as union men since they didn't send dues to the U. M. W. A.

The miners here are coming into the N. M. U. much more rapidly now in the last two weeks, and we intend to have a local in every mine by the time we are ready for action, which will be in a few more days.

National Miners Union Rushes Forces to Ill.

(Continued from Page One)

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Miami, Fla., Workers Are Waking Up, and Start Communist Unit

(By a Worker Correspondent)

MIAMI, Fla. (By Mail).—Miami, the magic city, as it is known, is not what it is cracked up to be. There you will find some of the worst conditions in the South. While it is not an industrial town, and the large mill and factory owners, because of their absence, do not exploit the workers directly as they do elsewhere on their well-known large scale, the little fellows make up for the big corporation bosses' absence.

It is quite common to see an ad in the paper calling for an able-bodied laborer at 25 cents an hour. The other day there appeared an ad for ten strong men, who should be "not afraid to work," at \$1 per day. The postscript added that "duffers are not wanted, only steady men need apply."

Men in the food industry work for pitiful wages, barely getting enough to live on. Women are exploited as well as the men, and because of the terrible conditions are forced to make their living on the streets.

A yellow sheet, the Miami Herald, carries regular lying stories about the Communist Party, but in spite of the lies it tells, in spite of the Ku Klux Klan, the workers are going to get busy and throw out the whole shooting match and follow the example of real human beings and as the workers of the Soviet Union are doing now.

There is already a nucleus of the Communist Party formed, and an International Labor Defense branch is functioning. I have got several workers lined up for action in the food industry, and eight boys and three girls are already strong. They are taught the principles of our Party by our adult workers, carrying on altogether without stopping till the final victory of the working class.

Standard Oil Invades British Home Market, Buy Distributing Co.

The Standard Oil Company of New Jersey has taken an important step for further invasion of the British market by acquiring open control of the Anglo-American Oil Company, Ltd., which is chartered in England.

The Anglo-American Oil Company, which has a capital of \$50,000,000, is a marketing corporation and has been controlled largely by

AS PART OF THE PARTY RECRUITING and DAILY WORKER BUILDING DRIVE

We Now Announce the Special Sixth Anniversary Edition of the Daily Worker

(To Be Issued in January) All Units, Sections, Districts of the Communist Party of United States; All Sympathetic Organizations; All Party Members and Sympathizers Are Requested to Insert Greetings in This Special ANNIVERSARY EDITION

1. Congratulating the workers of the Soviet Union on the success of the Five-Year Plan and promising cooperation. 2. Firmly resolving to mobilize the masses of workers to defend the Soviet Union. 3. And to fight the war danger. 4. And to fight social reformism. 5. And to fight the speed-up and wage cuts. 6. And to build the Party into a mass Party, and the Daily Worker into a mass organ to give adequate leadership to the workers in the coming struggle.

Greet the Workers of the Soviet Union! A special printing in the Russian language of the Sixth Anniversary Edition of the Daily Worker will be sent to the Soviet Union for distribution in the shops and factories. Strengthen the bond of solidarity with the workers of the Soviet Union by sending them a message which reads: "We shall help defend the Soviet Union against the attack of the imperialists! We congratulate you upon the wonderful success of your Five-Year Plan! We shall enter the mines, mills and factories in the United States, participate and give leadership to the workers' struggles, recruit the Party; build the Daily Worker, so that ever larger masses of workers may be mobilized to fight the war danger, rationalization, social reformism!"



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PARTY RECRUITING DRIVE

Some Aspects of the Recruiting Drive

By SAM DON.

THE C. I. told our Party that "Its past still weighs upon its present," and the social and national composition of the Party shows that very clearly. Very little progress was made in "Shifting the Party's base from the immigrant to the native American employed in the basic industries. It has done still less in relation to the millions of Negro proletariat!" Since the war and especially in recent years, with the stoppage of immigration on the old mass scale, with the millions of farmers and Negroes who came to the industrial centers, and especially with the present intensified agricultural crisis and above all intensified rationalization, there is developing a decided shift in the composition of the American working class both towards national and social homogeneity. While we must not forget that the foreign born workers still occupy a strategic position in many industries and represent the unskilled workers, however, the post war factors in American economy and rationalization have created a very large army of native unskilled and semi-skilled workers, to be found in many of the strategic industries in the country as auto, traction, transportation, ammunition, electric, metal, public utilities, etc. The present composition of the Party membership does not reflect this change. The composition of the Party is still largely needle trade and building trade. The recent struggles of the traction workers show clearly to the Party the relationship between assuming leadership over these struggles and the almost total absence of the traction workers in the Party.

In many sections of the Party, the Party appears because of its composition, as a Party of skilled workers. If we take a city like Detroit we find proportionately too many skilled workers of the auto industry who never work on the belt, as tool and dye makers, carpenters and electricians. Thus we see that the most rationalized industry in the world with the largest number of unskilled and semi-skilled is not reflected in the social composition of the Party. And if we take the building industry we know that as far as laborers are concerned their numbers in the Party are absolutely insignificant.

In connection with rationalization it must also be born in mind that young workers become the dominant type in the industry. Yet our Party does not reflect it and it is still in many instances largely a Party of old men.

The national composition of the Party is closely linked up with the social composition. In most districts, the national composition of the Party membership does not reflect the national composition of the working class in their respective districts. The C. I. correctly tells the Party that while we must concentrate on

the native workers, we must also retain our position amongst the revolutionary immigrant workers. However, so far as immigrant workers are concerned a great deal is to be done yet. For instance in New York City 19.3% of the foreign population is Italian. The Italian workers are in most cases unskilled and semi-skilled. A very large number of them are employed in the building and construction industries, however, when we consider the composition of the New York Party membership it is largely Jewish. Other districts show similar situations.

It is precisely the poor social and national composition of the Party that is one of the main factors in existence and breeding of the right danger. This must be overcome in the recruiting drive.

In this drive a great deal of attention must also be paid to the problem of keeping the newly recruited members in the Party. This question is of great importance and consideration should be given to it in special articles.

Hand in hand with the recruiting drive must go a complete, literally so, overhauling of the units organizationally and a real beginning must be made in making the units live the life of the Party and give them political life and content. This will keep new members in the Party.

The problem of recruiting and keeping the new members is part and parcel of the problem of cleansing the Party of social alien elements in a Bolshevik organization.

In connection with the organizational and political strengthening of the units, as a very important phase of the recruiting drive, stands out the problem of functionaries and the development of young proletarian cadres. We will not deal with this problem at length, it is raised for purpose of discussion. As yet the Party in the various districts while being faced in a very acute form with the problem of proletarianization of the functionaries and the creation of new cadres, very little was done in this direction. Altogether in too many instances, we find that a very large number of the unit and section functionaries is composed of office workers, salesmen, paid functionaries of various auxiliary organizations, all shades and forms of intellectuals and professionals, housewives, etc. As poor as the composition is, there are plenty of good young proletarian elements who with the proper guidance and direction on the part of the leading committees (and not mere bureaucratic and superficial guidance) constitute excellent material for a new cadre of functionaries. More courage, more persistence, unyielding attitude, in drawing proletarian elements into the active work of the units and into the entire Party organism. Patience combined with sincere attention and political guidance must accompany the line in drawing them in.

Recruiting will not stop with the recruiting drive. The present drive must be considered as a special effort to turn the face of the Party to the masses and to change its present poor social and national composition.

The Bridge for the Invasion of Soviet Union

By F. Ellis



The Year of Great Change

By JOSEPH STALIN.

The past twelvemonth was one of great changes on all fronts of Socialist development, changes which once more ensued in the form of a great offensive of Socialism against the capitalist elements in town and country. The characteristic peculiarity of this offensive lies in the fact that it has already entailed a series of decisive achievements in the main realm of the Socialist construction of economy. It follows that the Party has succeeded in making good use of the retreat effected in the first stages of the New Economic Policy, with a view to the subsequent organization of a change and a successful attack on the capitalist elements.

The success attained on the front of economic construction is to be seen in three different ways.

Firstly, we have a decided change in regard to the productivity of work, which has found expression in the display of a creative initiative and a tremendous enthusiasm for work on the part of millions of workers on the front of Socialist development.

The development of creative initiative and of zeal for work on the part of the masses has ensued along three parallel lines, viz. a fight against bureaucracy by means of self-criticism, a fight against the shirkers and slackers and underminers of proletarian discipline by means of Socialist emulation, and a fight against routine and against backwardness in the works by the organization of the uninterrupted working week. The result is to be seen in great successes on the working front, in enthusiasm and mutual encouragement of the millions of workers throughout the immense country. The significance of this achievement is really inestimable, for it is only by the impulse to work and by the enthusiasm of the millions of workers that a guarantee can be provided for that progressive enhancement of productivity, without which the ultimate victory of Socialism over capitalism is inconceivable.

With this first achievement of the Party, its second achievement is indissolubly connected. It lies in the fact that in the course of last year we have arrived at a satisfactory solution of the fundamental problem of an accumulation for big constructions of the heavy industries, while at the same time attaining an accelerated rate of development in the output of means of production and creating the premises for the transformation of our country into an area of metallurgical production. The significance of the achievement of the last twelvemonth lies in the fact that the hopes of the capitalists have been completely dashed. The past year has proved how, in spite of an open and covert financial blockade of the Soviet Union, we have not sold ourselves to the capitalists but have of our own strength solved the problem of accumulation, laying the foundation-stone in the realm of the heavy industries. This is a fact that not even the most obstinate enemies of the working class can any longer deny.

If last year the capital investments of the leading industries amounted to 1600 million roubles, of which about 1300 millions were invested in the heavy industries, and if in the current year the capital investments of the leading industries figure at more than 3400 millions, more than 2500 millions of which fall to the share of the heavy industries—if, furthermore, the gross production of the big industries in the past year showed an increase of 23 per cent., with an increase of 30 per cent. for the heavy industries alone, and the gross output of the current year is estimated to increase by 32 per cent., with an increase of 46 per cent. for the heavy industries, then it is not obvious that the problem of accumulation for the development of the heavy industries is no insurmountable difficulty?

How can it be doubted that we are advancing with ever quicker steps in the development of the heavy industries and are leaving our old backwardness far behind us? Can it be wondered at in view of the above that in the past year the estimates of the Five-Year Plan were surpassed and that the maximum eventuality, which is looked upon by the bourgeois scribblers as "fantastic and unrealizable" and awakens fear in the breasts of our right opportunists (Bukharin group), has in reality come to represent the minimum eventuality of the Five-Year Plan?

The past twelvemonth has shown that the Party is successfully mastering this task and decidedly overcoming even the most serious difficulties in its path. This naturally does not mean that industry will not be faced by any further difficulties. The task of developing the heavy industries is not only rendered dif-

ficult by the problem of financial accumulation. It is likewise faced with the problem of cadres, the problem of recruiting tens of thousands of loyal technicians and experts for the work of Socialist construction and of training Red technicians and specialists from the ranks of the working class.

If the problem of accumulation may in the main be considered to have been solved, the problem of the cadres still awaits its solution. And in view of the technical reconstruction of industry this problem of cadres is a decisive problem of Socialist development. Therefore, it is the duty of the Party to tackle this problem immediately and carry through its solution without fail.

The third achievement, which is organically related to the first and second, lies in the radical change in the development of our agriculture from a primitive system of individual farms to an advanced form of collective farming, to joint tillage, to machinery and tractor stations, and to working co-operatives and collective estates based on up-to-date methods of cultivation, and thus finally to gigantic Soviet estates equipped with hundreds of tractors and combine-machines.

In this connection the great success of the Party lies in the fact that it has managed to transfer the main mass of the peasantry in a number of districts from the old capitalist path of development (by which only a handful of rich peasants and capitalists profited while the great majority of the peasantry were merely about to vegetate in misery) to new methods of Socialist development (by which the rich peasants are ousted and the middling and poorer ones equipped in a new manner and supplied with new tools, tractors, and agricultural machinery, so as to give them the possibility of emerging from their need and their dependence on the kulaks and of proceeding on a path of co-operative, collective cultivation). The achievement of the Party lies in the fact that it has succeeded in organizing this radical change in the peasantry itself and in taking over the lead of the broad masses of middle and poorer peasants, notwithstanding the tremendous difficulties placed in its way and the desperate resistance of all sorts of sinister forces, from the pope and the kulak to the Philistine and Right opportunist in its own ranks.

In this connection I may cite a few figures. In 1928, the area under cultivation in the Soviet farms figured at 1,425,000 hectares with an output of more than 6 million metric centals of grain, while the cultivated area of the collective farms was 1,590,000 hectares with an output of roughly 3.5 million metric centals. In 1929, the area of the Soviet farms under cultivation was 1,816,000 hectares with an output of about 8 million metric centals of grain, while that of the collective estates stood at 4,262,000 hectares with a production of roughly 13 million metric centals. In the year 1930, again, the area of the Soviet estates will, according to the estimate, figure at 3,280,000 hectares with an output of 18 million metric centals of grain, while that of the collective farms is to amount to 15 million hectares with an output of roughly 49 million metric centals. In other words, the commercial grain production of the Soviet and collective farms together is estimated to amount in the coming year to more than half the output of all our agriculture.

Such a vigorous rate of development is unknown even to our Socialist industry, the development of which is undoubtedly characterized by sufficiently prodigious strides. It is not obvious, therefore, that our young Socialist agriculture has a great future before it and is capable of real wonders in the way of development?

This gigantic achievement in the development of the collective farms is attributed to a number of reasons, of which the following at any rate may be mentioned. In the first place this success is to be ascribed to the fact that the Party has pursued the Leninist policy of an education of the masses and has systematically led the peasants in the direction of collective cultivation by a promotion of the co-operatives. It is to be ascribed to the further fact that the Party successfully opposes both those who sought to exaggerate this movement and to foster the development of collective farms by means of decrees (i. e. "Left" phrasemongers) and those who sought to retard the action of the Party (i. e. the half-hearted dots of the Right).

This exceptional success in the direction of constructing collective farms is, moreover, attributable to the nice perception of the Soviet authorities in regard to the peasants' growing

Lovestone---Dealer in Lies

WHAT impresses one most of the activities of the renegade Lovestone group is the incessant flow of petty lies which emanate from their headquarters and which endeavors to vove up their political bankruptcy. In this respect, Lovestone acts like the typical petty shopkeeper from Hester Street. He takes his own petty cleverness as a justification for considering everyone else a fool. Upon this assumption the petty shopkeeper Lovestone and his partners try to sell their goods under a false label.

Immediately after the Tenth Plenum the partners issued a statement in which the thesis of the Tenth Plenum was passed as being in line with the thesis of the Sixth Congress. The only complaint was that this line was expressed with less ability than in the thesis of the Sixth Congress. But then, on second thought, the partners came to the conclusion that it was difficult to sell their second-hand goods if they did not insist on a more serious differentiation than merely the form of expression. And lo and behold! The Tenth Plenum thesis which, in the first document was passed as being in line with the Sixth Congress, became, in the second document, the irrefutable proof of the revision of the line of the Sixth Congress.

For weeks and months the "partners" sold Bukharin's goods: Bukharin's line at the Sixth Congress, Bukharin's inner-Comintern line, Bukharin's Russian line, etc., etc., were the stock in trade of these Hester Street second hand dealers. Now, Bukharin issued a public declaration repudiating his line and declaring that the Communist Party and the Communist International were right and he was wrong. Our Hester Street partners went into a consternation conference. And out of this conference emanated a declaration: squirming, writhing, wriggling, twisting, lying, agonizing; the gist of declaration is, in real shopkeepers fashion: "Business as usual." Of course, the manufacturer from whom the goods were gotten made a public declaration that his goods are counterfeit, but our Hester Street

second hand dealers are not concerned much with this. Although the goods had their trade mark "Bukharinism" stamped all over them, the commercial trio of Lovestone, Gitlow and Wolfe stand by, nervously rubbing their hands and attempt to assure the prospective customers that their ware really does not come from the firm which has just publicly declared all of their goods to be shoddy. They stand there, under their shingle, still hoping, almost against hope, that Barnum was right.

In their endeavor to pass off their counter-revolutionary second-hand stuff for genuine revolutionary theory and practice, the Gitlow-Wolfe-Lovestone partnership has to contend with competition. Ludwig Lore and James P. Cannon, each for himself, had set up similar concerns previously to the Wolfe-Gitlow-Lovestone trio. This competition is annoying to the Hester Street trio. Therefore they shout that their goods have nothing in common with the goods of their competitors. But one counter-revolutionary rat smells the other, no matter how all of them or each one separately may attempt to pass off for a cat. Ludwig Lore, the virgin, has already done so much for her capitalist Faust that nothing more remains for her to sacrifice. She therefore has nothing to conceal. She speaks out what our Hester Street trio and the firm of Cannon and Co. are still trying to keep secret. Lore proclaims openly: "The three tendencies expelled from the C. P. (Ludwig Lore, James P. Cannon and Jay Lovestone) are of one opinion on all important questions; in the main, they defend the same tactical and principal standpoint, though Cannon and Lovestone may attempt to deny their 'poor relative' (Ludwig Lore)" (Volkszeitung, Nov. 23.) Lore, of course, is not disclosing any political secrets. Any political child can see the "secrets" that Lore "discloses!" Only the "proletarians" around the Gitlow-Wolfe-Lovestone partnership, from Eve Dorf to Bert Miller, cannot see it. This "proletariat" is the only justification for the Hester Street trio to still hope that Barnum was right.

requirements of new implements and a new technique, as also in regard to the hopelessness of the peasants' position so long as the old methods of cultivation were retained. By the use of tractors and machinery and the institution of tractor-stations, by the organization of common cultivation, by the establishment and promotion of the collective farms, and finally, by an all-round support of the peasant farms by the collective estates, timely aid was provided. It is the first time in the history of the world that a power has arisen, the power of the Soviets, which has proved by deeds its willingness and its ability to render systematic and continual aid to the working masses of the peasantry in their work of production. It is not obvious that the working masses of the peasantry, who have for so many years been suffering from a lack of implements and the general wherewithal of their activity will eagerly seize this aid and join in the movement towards collective farming? And can it be considered a wonder that the old slogan of the working class, "Face to the Village!" should possibly even be supplemented by a new slogan on the part of the collective farmers, "Look Towards the Cities?"

The tremendous success in the development of collective farms, finally, is the outcome of the fact that the progressive workers of our country have taken this matter in hand, I am speaking of the working brigades scattered in hundreds over the main areas of our country. It must be admitted that among all the possible propagandists for collective farming the very best from the point of view of their success among the peasant masses are the worker-propagandists. Can it still be wondered at that the workers have succeeded in convincing the peasants of the merits of collective farming in comparison with small individual farms, especially seeing that the existing collective and Soviet farms are an eloquent illustration of such advantages? It is in this way that our success in the direction of constructing collective farms was possible, a success which must be regarded as the most important and most decisive of any in the last few years. The objections of "scientists" to the possibility and advisability of an organization of great grain factories with 50,000 to 100,000 hectares of land, have proved futile. For the capitalist countries with their private landed property rights, the organization of great grain factories is impossible without the purchase of land or the payment of absolute rent, which would greatly burden production. For us, no such restrictions obtain, neither absolute rent nor the purchase and sale of land, since we have no private landed property rights. Therefore there are more favorable conditions for the development of large grain farms.

In the capitalist countries, the large grain-farming enterprises serve the purpose of attaining a maximum of profit or at any rate such a profit as corresponds to the so-called average rate of profit. In our case, on the other hand, the big grain estates, which are State property, require neither maximum profits nor average profits for their development, but can restrict themselves to a profit minimum or at times manage without any profit at all, another fact conducive to advantageous conditions for the development of such large scale cultivation.

Finally, the capitalists have neither special credit facilities nor yet special taxation amenities for their large grain-producing estates, whereas, under the Soviet order of things, which favors the socialization of the land, there are and will always be such privileges. The lie has been given to all the assertions of the Right opportunists (Bukharin group), to the effect that the peasants will not join the collective estates, that the accelerated rate of development of the collective estates can but call forth discontent among the masses and a separation of the peasantry from the working class, that the "great highway" of Socialist development in the rural districts is formed not by the collective farms but by the co-operatives, and that through the creation of collective farms and the attack on the capitalist elements in the villages the country might easily be left without bread. All this has proved untrue and fallen to pieces, like the old bourgeois-liberal rubbish it is.

The peasants have joined the collective farms—whole villages and districts at a time. The mass movement of collective farming does not weaken, but rather strengthens, the alliance of the working peasants and furnishes them with a new productive basis. Now even the blind must recognize that the peasants are turning to the new collective farms and that if there is any serious discontent among the peasantry, it is not because of the collective farming policy of the Soviet authorities but

because the later are unable to keep pace with the development of the collective system and with the requirements of the peasants in regard to machinery and tractors.

The quarrel in regard to the "highroad" of Socialist development in the rural districts is a scholastic quarrel, a quarrel of young petty-bourgeois liberals of the type of Eichenwald and Slepokov. It is obvious that, so long as there was no mass movement for collective farming, the primary forms of Socialist development, the co-operatives and associations of supply and sale, constituted the "highroad," when, however, the more advanced form, that of collective farms, appeared, it automatically took their place as the main channel of Socialization. The highroad of Socialist development in the rural districts is the cooperative plan of Lenin, comprehending all forms of agricultural cooperation, from the simplest to the most elaborate. To set off the collective system against the cooperative would mean to make a mockery of Lenin and impute to him the ignorance of his critics.

Now even the blind must see that, without an attack on the capitalist elements in the rural districts and without the development of the collective and Soviet farm movement, we should now have neither any decisive achievements to show for the current year in regard to grain provisioning nor yet those dozens of millions of poods of grain which are already in the hands of the State. Indeed, it may rather be affirmed that, thanks to the development of the collective and Soviet farm movement, we are at length emancipating ourselves from the grain crisis, if we have not already done so. And if the development of the collective farms and Soviet farms proceeds at a quicker rate, there can be no doubt but that, in a matter of five years or so, our country will be one of the greatest, if not indeed the very greatest, of the grain-producing countries of the world.

The new and decisive thing about the present collective farm movement is the fact that the peasants are joining the collective systems, not in individual groups, as was formerly the case, but in entire villages, neighborhoods, or even districts, at a time. This means that the middle peasants, too, are joining the movement. This constitutes the nucleus of that radical change in the development of agriculture which must be looked upon as the most important achievement of the last twelvemonth. The Marxist conception of Trotsky and his adherents, to the effect that the working class and the main mass of the peasantry are not able to carry out the task of Socialist construction, has broken down and proved fallacious, as the Trotskyists themselves must now know. Now it is apparent to all that those who do not believe in the Five-Year Plan of Socialist construction or in the possibility of the construction of Socialism in our country, are also not entitled to accept the Plan. The last hope of the capitalists of all countries for the restoration of capitalism and of the "sacred principle" of private property in the Soviet Union, has been frustrated and brought to naught. The peasants, considered by the capitalists as manure for the ground, are on all hands abandoning the famous banner of "private property" and placing themselves on the basis of collectivism and Socialism. The last hope of restoring capitalism is vanishing.

This fact explains the desperate attempts of the capitalist elements of our country to mobilize all the forces of the old world against the advance of Socialist, attempts which only lead to the aggravation of the class struggle. The capitalists find it impossible to stomach Socialism. Hence the furious outcry against Bolshevism raised by the various watchdogs of capitalism, such as Struve, Hansen, Miliukov, Kerensky, Dan, and Abramovitch. It is indeed, no trifle that the last hope of restoring capitalism should be disappearing for ever. Lenin said that if the peasants could be supplied with a hundred thousand tractors, the middle peasants would join the cause of Communism. The past year has shown that the Party is successfully advancing on this objective. It is well known that in the spring of 1930 we shall have more than 60,000 tractors, one year later more than 100,000 and two years after that 250,000.

What a few years ago was looked upon as "fantastic" can now be realized and even surpassed. That is the reason why the middle peasants have turned to Communism. All this shows that we are going full steam ahead to Socialism on the path of industrialization and are leaving our century-old backwardness behind us. We shall become a metal-producing country, a country of automobiles and tractors. Then let the capitalists, who boast of their "civilization," try to catch up. Then we shall see which countries are backward and which progressive.

Andrew Mellon, Steel and Sedition

By SENNER GARLIN.

(Continued.)

Mr. Robert C. Simpson is postmaster of Woodlawn and "Chairman of the Special Committee of the American Legion Post of Woodlawn Engaged in the Investigation of Communists."

It is appropriate that Mr. Simpson should be present, inasmuch as the two defendants, Resetar and Muselin, served as soldiers in the last imperialist war. And by a curious twist of irony, it was Albert Zima, a son of the third defendant, who was awarded a huge, cartwheel bronze medal by the Woodlawn American Legion for high scholarship in the local high school. And in jail, after they were first convicted, Resetar and Muselin each received two dollars from the thoughtful Ladies Auxiliary of the Legion to help make their Christmas a happy one. First they were for contemptuously returning the money, but, following a more advanced strategy, relayed the cash to the International Labor Defense, which from the first has defended them.

Mr. Simpson takes the stand to testify that he has written a letter to the "Beaver Argus," which announced to the world the following: (Vol. 1, P. 251).

"In one of your recent issues, in reporting the action of the Grand Jury regarding the Muselin-Resetar-Zima sedition case, you stated that it was reported that the Jones & McLaughlin Steel Corporation was very much interested in the case.

"Would you be so kind, sir, to state in an early issue that Woodlawn Post, No. 225, American Legion, is also very much interested in the case?"

And when Mr. Robert C. Simpson had concluded his testimony, the prosecutor shook his hand warmly and shouted: "I think I ought to move that a vote of thanks be given Mr. Simpson for having written it. I'm proud of you, Bob."

The dull-gray store of her husband's long hours of toil in the J. & L. steel mill was told by Mrs. Antonia Zima when she took the stand to testify. The defense questioned her. (Vol. I, Page 393).

Q. When did you move to Woodlawn from Pittsburgh, Mrs. Zima?

A. In 1909.

Q. You have lived in Woodlawn, then, seventeen years?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. And your husband went to work immediately for the Jones & Laughlin Co.?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. And he has worked for the J. & L. ever since?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. How many hours did he work when he worked for the Jones & Laughlin Co.?

A. Thirteen, every day in the year.

Q. That means seven days a week?

A. Yes, sir.

(At this point, Mr. Craig, the prosecutor, interrupted with: "This line of testimony is objected to. It has nothing to do with the issues of this case." (The Court: The objection is sustained!)

men of the jury, that these defendants are guilty of sedition and ought, according to the law, be locked up and chained in the state prison for five years?

Quietly, Mrs. Zima spoke: "My little girl, because I have whitewash down in that front room, and we have a pretty big room, and we went down in that room because we like it then first of all to eat; and we have flowers down; we have carpet, and we could not dance on the carpet, and that is the reason we went down; and she put that red paper up because it looked a little more happy. And we have a couple of benches with flowers down, Chrysanthemums, and I have set table, and the men around the table sat and ate, and the children—like children, they played around."

The Woodlawn case is not over. The imprisonment of the three workers must be the signal for the launching of a nation-wide campaign to bring about their release. In this Mellon-ruled state, stronghold of American capitalism, the jailing of militants goes hand in hand with the drive on the workers—wage-cutting, lengthening of hours, and worsening of conditions.

While the purely legal phase of the Woodlawn case is at an end, the legal phase to electrocute Salvatore Accorsi, also a Pennsylvania worker, is about to begin. On December 9, in Pittsburgh, this foreign-born miner will be put on trial in an attempt to frame him up for the shooting of a Pennsylvania coal and iron cop John Downey. The cosack was killed in the attempt of the state police to crush under their guns, their clubs and their horses' hoofs, the protest demonstration of the Cheswick, Pa. coal miners against the judicial murder of Sacco and Vanzetti on August 22, 1927.

As is pointed out by the International Labor Defense, "there is no doubt that the police thug, Downey, known for his extreme brutality, died in the attack on the coal miners, just as Aderholt the Gastonia police chief, died in the raid intended to exterminate the textile strikers' tent colony."

The Woodlawn defenders are imprisoned almost at the moment when Accorsi will be placed on trial. A wide protest movement of the American workers must halt the conspiracy to murder Accorsi and at the same time force the release of the Woodlawn defendants!

THE END.

Pittsburgh Starts Recruiting Drive.

The Bureau met and after discussion elected a Recruiting Drive Committee. A series of membership meetings have been arranged for discussion of the drive. It was decided to concentrate on the coal mining, metal and electrical industries and to send a special organizer into West Virginia for the duration of the drive. Another organizer is being sent to the coke region. Special leaflets are being issued to the workers in the mining and steel industries, also other leaflets addressed to the unemployed and the Negro workers.

On Negro and women's work we selected the most important sections of the district for special concentration. It was also decided to order 10,000 copies of a special Pittsburgh District issue of the Daily Worker. We gladly accept our quota of 500 new members, 500 new subs, 20 factory and mine nuclei and 5 shop papers.