

- 1. Unemployment and Social Insurance at the expense of the state and employers.
2. Against Hoover's wage-cutting policy.
3. Emergency relief for the poor farmers without restrictions by the government and banks; exemption of poor farmers from taxes, and no forced collection of rent or debts.

- 4. Equal rights for the Negroes and self-determination for the Black Belt.
5. Against capitalist terror; against all forms of suppression of the political rights of workers.
6. Against imperialist war; for the defense of the Chinese people and of the Soviet Union.

REPORT N. C. STRIKERS CALLED

The capitalist press reports that the High Point, N. C., Steinhilber mill strikers and the Thomasville Chair Co. strikers at Thomasville, N. C., have been led back to work by a wage agreement negotiated by Governor O. Max Gardner.

KIDNAPPED SON OF BROKER RETURNS

NEW YORK.—Police continued to question John Arthur Russell, 8-year old son of a broker who it is believed was kidnapped yesterday. The child returned after being away for 11 hours.

OPEN WORLD'S LARGEST STEEL MILL

MOSCOW, Sept. 20.—The first steel mill in the world's largest steel mill went into production at Stalinsk (formerly Kuznetsk) Siberia, today.

LYING CORRESPONDENT EXPELLED FROM U.S.S.R.

MOSCOW, Sept. 20.—Rhea Clyman a Soviet correspondent for the London Daily Express has been ordered to leave the U.S.S.R. in 24 hours because she wrote lying stories about prison methods and the existence of "forced labor" in Soviet timber camps.

FRANCE SPEEDS NAVY BUILDING

PARIS, Sept. 20.—The 2,400 ton submarines and one 2,400 ton destroyer will be launched by the French imperialist war machine before the end of the year.

HUNT \$10,000,000

BALTIMORE, Md.—Two salvage vessels are engaged in the search for \$10,000,000 in gold supposed to be contained in the hull of the British sloop of war De Braake, which sank in 1798.

SEES MOTOR BOAT RECORD

ALGONAC, Mich., Sept. 20.—A new record of 124.81 miles an hour was set for motorboats by Gar Wood with the Miss America X on the St. Clair River today.

REX STRIKERS REJECT SPLIT

Boss Trick Exposed; Mass Picket Tonight

NEW YORK.—The Rex Products boss, whose 200 workers have been striking for two weeks now, proposed to talk terms on the basis of the Spanish workers not being taken back.

The strikers meeting yesterday went on record by a standing vote against any such discrimination, and branded the proposals as a strike-breaking trick, a maneuver to split the ranks of the strikers.

The strikers then proceeded to eliminate from the strike committee those elements that were playing the boss' game by urging acceptance of the company's terms.

The Company is receiving the full cooperation of the Tammany police, who continually terrorize the pickets through arrests and by breaking up the mass picket-lines.

The Spanish and Porto Rican workers, who are for the most part the unskilled, are the special target of the boss because of the splendid fighting spirit they have shown throughout the strike.

They were most bitterly exploited, were the first victims of the Company's numerous wage-cuts, and were the first ones to come out on strike.

The attempt of the boss to discriminate against these militant workers has aroused the rest of the strikers who pledged not to return to work on any other basis than all Spanish and all other strikers are taken back.

John Steuben, organizer of the New York District of the Metal Workers Industrial Union which is conducting the strike at the Rex Products Corporation, calls upon all class-conscious workers to come to the mass picketline this evening at 5:30 p. m.

Praise Hoover Hunger Program on Radio

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 20.—Hoover's record of hunger and starvation was extolled by Senator Fess in a radio speech here. The senator credited Hoover with the greatest achievement since the civil war, namely that of having prevented the enactment of social insurance.

JERSEY DRESSMAKERS ON PROTEST STRIKE AGAINST MURDER OF STRIKER'S BOY

Mass Funeral to Be Held Thursday; Workers International Relief Calls for Food

Whole Town Supports Victorious Strike; Demand That Killers Be Punished

SOUTH RIVER, N. J., Sept. 20.—Following a decision made by the strike committee today that the dressmakers will continue their strike until next Monday as a protest against the brutal police violence, the committee announced that a mass funeral of the murdered child, Walter Rojek, will be held Thursday morning at the Polish National Hall.

Relief has now become the most urgent aspect of the strike. State troopers today attempted to stop the trucks of the Workers International Relief to allow the W.I.R. to continue its relief activities.

It was announced today that a representative of the union will address the workers at a dance which will be held by the strikers Saturday night at the Polish National Hall.

SOUTH RIVER, N. J., Sept. 20.—The entire working population was aroused here today over the brutal police and deputy attack on the striking dressmakers which resulted in the murder of Walter Rojek, 11-year-old son of a striker, who was shot in the head with a bullet from a deputy's gun.

TO ALL WORKERS' ORGANIZATIONS. TO ALL WORKERS. GIVE SUPPORT TO THE PROTEST STRIKE AGAINST THE POLICE TERROR AT SOUTH RIVER.

Whitewash Killers The state police escorted the be-gasted deputies out of town and had lodged them in the New Brunswick jail. It is obvious that this was merely a gesture to make the workers think that the state will take action against the murderers.

The strike committee of the South River Dress strike have answered the brutal murder of Walter Rojek, son of one of the strikers, in the shooting of Monday, with a protest strike. This action was taken to stop the brutal terror which the city and state police aided by hired gangsters instituted to break the morale of the workers and stop the spread of the strike victory.

The workers are employing a new weapon to stop the terror against strikes and demonstrations which is growing throughout the United States. This action should be welcomed and endorsed in the ranks of all workers' organizations, and find militant solidarity and support. Give your support to this protest strike. Adopt resolutions against the shooting and express your backing of this strike. Elect delegations to the mass funeral, Thursday, to bring greetings and solidarity to the striking workers. Send relief to these valiant workers.

At noon cars of thugs recruited from the Manning Industrial Detective Agency of Newark arrived in town. They had been hired by the Boro authorities who had no power to deputize them. The mayor and Boro Council had advertised in the New Brunswick Home News on Sunday that mills would open with "protection." This was done in an attempt to stop the spreading of the strike victory and to keep the workers from returning to work knowing that the workers had won their fight.

The thugs stationed themselves at (CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE)

GYP JOB AGENCY IS LICKED AGAIN

Unemployed Council Wins Refunds

NEW YORK.—Two gyp agencies in the Job Agency district on Sixth Ave. were forced yesterday to reimburse fees they had fraudulently taken from three workers after the Job Agency Committee of the Unemployed Council, 58 W. 38th St., accompanied the deputed workers to the agencies and demanded that their money be refunded.

Walter Stakowich, a metal polisher, paid \$8 to the Williams Agency on 747 Sixth Ave. for a job at which he was told he would work eight hours a day. When he learned that he would have to work 16 hours a day he demanded his fee back from the agency but was refused. The agency refunded the full fee when the Job Agency Committee appeared on the scene.

Two of the three workers were defrauded by the Eagle agency at 803 Sixth Ave. One, Helen Kaplan, paid the agency \$4 for a job as a housekeeper. The agency sent her to a false address and for a long period has been stalling her off with

How Much Is the Life of the 'Daily' Worth to You?

WE PUT this question to every worker who takes part in the struggles of his class. If you are such a worker—class conscious, alive to your own conditions, alive to the threats leveled against you and your class every day—then this question should mean, LIFE and DEATH! And if you are conscious of the necessity of meeting all attacks, blow for blow, it is doubly important that you act!

For the Daily Worker is one of the most powerful fists in all the struggles against our enemies, in our attacks on every front, without it, the main source of our strength would be gone.

Would you permit yourself to gamble on the life of a tried and trusted leader when, with some effort, you could save his life? No, you would give your own life-blood to save him. This has been done by workers in past revolutionary struggles. It will be done many times in the future.

NOW the Daily Worker is the leader in danger. Without your aid it will not continue to live. What does this mean to you?

We ask you for a small deed, which will produce great results. We ask that you—50,000 of you—contribute 50 cents to the Daily Worker. These half dollars—50,000 of them—are absolutely necessary if the Daily Worker is to continue to lead and guide you in your daily struggles. We know that you measure the value of our Daily NOT IN DOLLARS AND CENTS but in something far more vital,

Hungarian Socialist Paper Viciously Attack Mrs. Wright, Scottsboro Defense

ILL. MILITIA SENT TO BREAK STRIKE Refuse to Allow Mass Meeting of 600

TAYLORVILLE, Ill., Sept. 20.—State militia has been called here to break the strike in the four Peabody Coal Co. mines closed by a march of 15,000 miners several weeks ago.

Yesterday the militia refused to allow a mass meeting called for Miners Park. Six hundred of the miners then marched over the line into Sangamon county to hold their meeting.

Miners Park at Taylorville was entirely dominated by 120 National Guardsmen, and all admittance denied. The old "Bomb plot" trick was worked to excite the sending of the militia here. A couple of days ago harness explosions took place in front of the company newspaper heft and the office of the strike-breaking United Mine Workers sub-district officials. The sheriff immediately sent for the troops.

DOCK WAGE CUT IS ABOUT READY

Ryan and Companies Nearly Agreed

NEW YORK.—The longshoremen here will have to form their anti-wage cut committees on every dock and take immediate action or President Ryan of the International Longshoremen's Association and the ship owners will give them a wage cut of ten cents an hour straight time, and probably twenty cents an hour cut in overtime.

The last stages in the sell-out have been reached after a week of secret negotiations. Ryan in a statement yesterday openly admitted he proposed to cut the straight time from 85 cents an hour to 75 cents an hour, but says he asked \$1.10 for overtime, a cut of ten cents an hour from \$1.20 they are getting now. The ship owners agree to the 75 cents straight time rate, but ask \$1 an hour for the overtime rate.

"The only difference now separating the men and the ship lines is a matter of ten cents an hour on overtime," said Ryan in a public statement yesterday, and added: "There has not been a great deal of overtime work." He then promised to lay the matter before the men. The Marine Workers Industrial Union, in a call to all longshoremen,

NAT'L COMMITTEE MEET OF UNEMPLOYED COUNCILS TO MAP UNITED FRONT FIGHT

Delegates of All Worker Groups Called to Meet in Chicago, Oct. 9 and 10

To Work Out Demands for \$50 Winter Relief, Also Local Relief, and Against Pay Cuts

"The National Committee of the Unemployed Councils of the United States will hold an enlarged meeting on Sunday and Monday, October 9 and 10, in Chicago. This meeting will consider plans for defending the lives of the millions of American toilers whose existence is threatened as a result of mass unemployment."

This statement was issued in the name of the National Executive Committee of the Unemployed Councils, through its national secretary, Herbert Benjamin, yesterday from the national office of the councils, at 16 W. 21st St., New York.

Leader of National Hunger March. It was the Unemployed Councils which led the national hunger march on Washington, December, 1931, and the present national committee was elected at a gigantic conference of over a thousand elected delegates from all over the country which took part in the hunger march.

This, its first enlarged executive meeting, comes at a time when jobless and employed workers have been stirred by the deepening crisis since the hunger march, in the midst of countless local actions demanding relief and insurance, in the midst of a political campaign in which the bosses' parties are openly opposed to federal relief, and the Communist Party calls for building of united front struggle everywhere to win relief.

16,000,000 Jobless. The call of the Unemployed Councils declares there are now 16,000,000 jobless with many more millions on part time. It declares that this winter the Hoover government program, and the Roosevelt policies also, are "to reduce the whole working population, the employed as well as the unemployed, to new low levels of existence."

All Send Delegates. The struggle program outlined by the enlarged meeting of the Unemployed Councils National Executive Committee requires the unity of the toiling masses, wiping out of all barriers to this indispensable unity. The Executive Committee states:

"We invite national workers' organizations to participate with the National Committee in planning united action for the struggle against hunger. We especially urge local and central bodies of the A. F. of L. and other unions to participate in this important meeting. In some cities, various demagogues have set up organizations of the unemployed, in order to divert the masses from militant struggle. We call upon the rank and file of all such organizations (Unemployed Citizens Leagues, Cox Movement, Golden Circle, etc.) to also participate in working out a plan for united action.

"Those organizations that can do so, should send representatives to the Enlarged Meeting of the National Committee. They will be seated with full rights to join in all discussions and in formulating all decisions. If you cannot send representatives, we urge that you submit your views and proposals through resolutions. These will be carefully considered and acted upon."

Base for United Front. "We propose the following as a basis for united struggle now and during the coming winter:

- 1. Not promises, but immediate relief for the starving unemployed. Not one unemployed worker or his family without decent housing, food and clothing. Fifty dollars winter relief from the federal treasury for each unemployed worker, plus \$10 for each dependent, in addition to local relief. Stop the eviction of unemployed workers from their homes.

"2. Not a penny of wages, repeal of all sales tax laws, not a penny of new taxes on articles of mass consumption. Stop the capitalist attack against the living standards of the workers.

"3. Stop the billion dollar subsidies to banks, corporations and railroads. A federal system of Unemployment Insurance at the expense of the government and employers.

"4. Immediate payment of the Veterans' Bonus.

"5. Unconditional equality for the Negroes. Smash Jim-Crowism and lynching.

"6. Immediate federal cash relief to the impoverished farmers and relief from taxes and forced collection of rents and debts. Support the farmers' strike.

Farm Strike Declared in 30 Counties Out of 53 in North Dakota

FARGO, N. D., Sept. 20.—The farm strike for higher prices was declared yesterday in 30 counties of the 53 in North Dakota. This is largely wheat country. The strike here is still in the hands of the Farmers' Holiday Association, which frowns on picketing. The United Farmers' League has organizations in parts of the state, however, and calls on farmers to form united front committees to lead their own struggle, to broaden it to include demands for tax reductions, no tax sales and no foreclosures.

VET CONFERENCE DELEGATES LEAVE N. Y. IN TRUCKS

To Form Solid United Front to Demand Bonus Payment

BULLETIN. All delegates to the National Rank and File Veterans Conference upon their arrival in Cleveland must report at the Painters Hall, 242 Euclid Ave. The conference will be held in this hall.

According to latest reports, over 300 delegates are now on the way to Cleveland to attend the conference.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—"The National Rank and File Conference of Veterans which will be opened in Cleveland Friday will give a smashing answer to the latest demagoguery of Governor Roosevelt who is now attempting to get the support of the veterans by stating that he is for the bonus, but not for immediate payment," said Emanuel Levine, national chairman of the Workers Ex-Servicemen's League, in an interview today with the Daily Worker.

"This conference," said Levine, will be the broadest united front ex-servicemen's meeting held thus far in the United States. The aim of the conference will be to mobilize the great masses of veterans for a real militant fight to force the government to pay the bonus immediately and in cash. To do this we must mobilize the veterans of all organizations and the unorganized in one solid front."

Among the points to be taken up at the conference will be:

- 1. Immediate payment of the bonus.
2. Increase in disability compensation.
3. Unemployment insurance at the expense of the state and employers.
4. Against Jim-crowism of Negroes.
5. Against imperialist war.

It was reported today that a large number of delegates have left from various cities to attend the conference. The New York delegation numbering 33 left this evening in auto trucks for Cleveland.

NINE WORKERS ON TRIAL IN BERLIN

Face Death Penalty on Framed-Up Charge

(Cable by Impreccor.) BERLIN, Sept. 20.—Nine workers appeared before the Berlin Exceptional Court today charged with the killing of a fascist during a collision at Charlottenburg on August 29th.

Calm, Zweig, Schall and Sterdt were threatened with the death penalty. Heine faced a ten years sentence; Tobelin, Krueger, Beier and Kolosch, faced long hard labor sentences.

Mass Demonstration. A mass demonstration of workers took place before the court against the so-called anti-terror decree. The police was unable to disperse the demonstration until nine lorries bearing reinforcements arrived.

The judges first examined the alleged ringleader, Calm who described the situation in Berlin as the death penalty to the terror of the fascist storm detachments which had murdered 3 workers and wounded scores. The evening before the collision occurred, the fascist attacked the Communist leader. The same evening they fired shots against it, beating up a young worker. The police refused to offer any protection.

Killed by Fascists. On the way home, an anti-fascist group was attacked by the fascists from their local. About 20 shots were fired. The trial is being continued. Death sentences are almost certain. A strong protest action is being developed.

Scores Attack by S. P. on Scottsboro



J. Louis Engdahl now on a European tour with Mrs. Ada Wright in behalf of the Scottsboro boys exposed the support by the Socialist Party of the hangmen of the innocent Negro lads.

SOFIA WORKERS GIVE BIG OVATION

Children Throw Roses As She Arrives

(Cable by Impreccor.)

BERLIN, Sept. 20.—How the Hungarian Socialist Party and the press helped the authorities in their Washington-inspired attacks on the Scottsboro defense campaign in Hungary was told here today by J. Louis Engdahl, national secretary of the International Labor Defense.

Engdahl reports that the provocative, denunciatory attitude of the Budapest Socialist paper "Nepszava" against the Scottsboro Mother Mrs. Ada Wright, afforded the Hungarian authorities with the excuse for prohibiting the Scottsboro meeting in Budapest. The socialist paper carried a hostile report concerning the Kladoff affair, peddling the lies with which the Czech authorities attempted to "justify" their arrest and deportation of Mrs. Wright and Engdahl. It quoted the attack on Mrs. Wright made by the Czech paper "Vecera" including the phrases "Black Bolshevik," "Negro Woman Communist Propagandist."

In contrast to the provocation by the socialist paper, the attitude of the bourgeois press, which published photographs and a summary of the Scottsboro Case, was much better.

At a meeting organized by the Progressive Women's organizations, whose leaders are under indictment for "defamation of the nation" owing to their protests against the murder of Szallai and Puertis, these organizations promised to conduct an energetic Scottsboro defense campaign throughout Hungary.

Wright and Engdahl in Bulgaria. SOFIA, Bulgaria, Sept. 20.—Mrs. Wright and Engdahl arrived in this city yesterday, receiving a magnificent welcome from workers in a huge demonstration at the railway station.

Scores of children scattered red roses before Mrs. Wright, while thousands cheered her.

The Sofia police has refused a permit for the Scottsboro meeting arranged here. The Bulgarian Scottsboro Defense Committee forwarded an application to the central government, whereupon the Minister of the Interior answered by prohibiting all meetings and demonstrations throughout the country. The committee is organizing a protest campaign and sending a deputation to the minister to demand a reversal of this decision.

The opinion is held here that the decision was made under pressure of the United States Consul, in line with the now clearly delineated policy of the Wall Street Government of attempting to disrupt the Scottsboro defense campaign in Europe,

PROTEST BAN ON WRIGHT'S MEETS

See Interior Minister in Bulgaria

(Cable by Impreccor.)

BERLIN, Sept. 20.—The Bulgarian Minister of the Interior received a deputation protesting against the prohibition of the Scottsboro meetings. Mrs. Wright demanded the right to appeal to public opinion on behalf of the Scottsboro boys.

The Minister declared that Bulgaria is unwilling to interfere with the domestic affairs of America fearing annoyance to the American legation, that the Scottsboro case is purely judicial and must not be politically exploited, that the Communists are always bringing up such humanitarian cases but the Communist movement in Bulgaria is prohibited.

"I sympathized" with Mrs. Wright as an individual but as a statesman he declared himself unable to interfere. Finally he reserved his decision. Mrs. Ada Wright is receiving many expressions of sympathy. Urges them to vote down the wage cut entirely, and pledges the MWIU full support to any struggle they make against cuts.

SOCIALISTS PANKEN AND LEVY, ATTORNEYS FOR LANDLORD IN EVICTION

Took Job Away From Hillquit, Meanwhile Waldman Is Counsel for Tenants!

Communist Leader Scores Socialist Double Faced Policy, Pledges Aid to Tenants

NEW YORK—Jacob Panken, Socialist and former judge, and Matthew M. Levy, another Socialist, have been named in court to evict tenants from the Verband Cooperative, 808 Ade Avenue, Bronx. Panken and Levy were hired by the Verband Cooperative, an organization which holds the controlling stock in the Verband Cooperative, to oust the tenants because they are no longer able to pay rent in the case of cooperatives is paid on investment bonds.

BAKERS STRIKE FOR 8 HOUR DAY

United Front of Men In Three Unions

NEW YORK.—Three shops are on strike in the united front movement of bakers against the long hours. Monday afternoon at the regular meeting of the Bakers United Front Committee of Action, in Irving Plaza Hall, delegates reported from the A. F. L. Bakers' Union Local 79, 505 and 908 that the membership stands 100 per cent for struggle for the eight hour day, and to leave work at the end of eight hours.

Strikes and lockouts in Bodenstein Bros. of 800 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, Turners of 68 Ave. C, and Heimann and Kleinman of 100 Ave. C, are going on. The Bodenstein boss attacked his workers and one of the committee, Weigarten, lost a finger in the fight.

The United Front Committee decided to immediately put all forces into the struggles and mass meetings are being held with speakers from the A. F. L. locals, from the Amalgamated Food Workers, and from the Food Workers Industrial Union.

What's On—

Registration is now going on for the fall term of the Workers' School, 35 E. 12th St., third floor.

Volunteers are needed by the New York State United Front Campaign Committee. Comrades willing to help should apply at Room 208, 50 East 13th St.

Volunteers wanted to distribute posters and leaflets for the Workers' School fall term. Call at 35 East 12th Street, third floor.

Wednesday, Sept. 21, East Side Workers Service-men's League will have a meeting at Rutgers Square at 8 p. m. All ex-servicemen are urged to attend.

A class in political economy will be given at the Bridge Plaza Workers Club, 235 Broadway St., Brooklyn, at 8:30 p. m.

The following open air anti-war meetings under the auspices of the FDU will be held:

Stalin Branch, 7th St. and Avenue A. Speaker: Trebat.

Yorkville Branch, 86th St. and Lexington Ave. Speaker: Plazal.

West Bronx, 170th St. and Walton Ave. Speaker: Henderson.

Romania Branch, Lydig and Crutcher. Speaker: LeRoy.

Eastern Parkway Branch, 257 Schenectady Ave. Speaker: Kirk.

Nature Friends Branch, lecture, Queens Labor Lyceum, Forest and Putnam Aves., Brooklyn. Subject: "Life in the Red Army." Speaker: Morris.

The American Workers Club will hold an open air meeting at Freeman St. and Vyse Ave., Bronx, at 8 p. m.

Comrade Max Schnapp, leader of the Unemployed Council of Boro Park, just released from jail, will speak at a mass meeting at 1373 43rd St., Brooklyn, at 8:30 p. m., under the auspices of the Unemployed Council and the South Brooklyn Section of the I.L.D. Admission free.

An open air meeting under the auspices of the Greenpoint Polish Branch, I.L.D. will be held at Driggs Ave. and Russell St., Brooklyn, at 7:30 p. m. Speaker: Morgan.

The Nick Spanonchaki Branch, I.L.D. will have a meeting at a meeting held under the auspices of the Unemployed Council and the South Brooklyn Section of the I.L.D. Admission free.

Alfred Levy Branch, I.L.D. will meet at 411 Pennsylvania Ave., Brooklyn, at 8 p. m.

Can You Type?

The Daily Worker will appreciate an hour's time of comrades who can typewrite letters accumulated in the financial campaign. Call at office on 8th floor, 50 East 13th St. Volunteers need have no previous experience—only typewriting ability. Gratitude guaranteed.

Labor Union Meetings

HOSPITAL WORKERS
The hospital section of the Medical Workers League will hold a meeting Wednesday, Sept. 21, at 8 p. m., at 108 E. 14th St., room 402. The meeting will discuss a plan of action against the wage-cut that are being put into effect in all the city hospitals and institutions managed by the Federation of Jewish Charities. It is expected that all city and Jewish Federation hospitals will be represented at this meeting.

JAMAICA CARPENTERS
A mass meeting of unorganized carpenters will be held at 8 p. m. Wednesday night at the Finnish Hall, 109-26 Union Hall St., Jamaica, under the auspices of the Independent Carpenters League. The meeting will discuss the general situation in the trade, what is to be done to fight the wage cuts and the possibility of establishing an Independent Carpenters League in Jamaica.

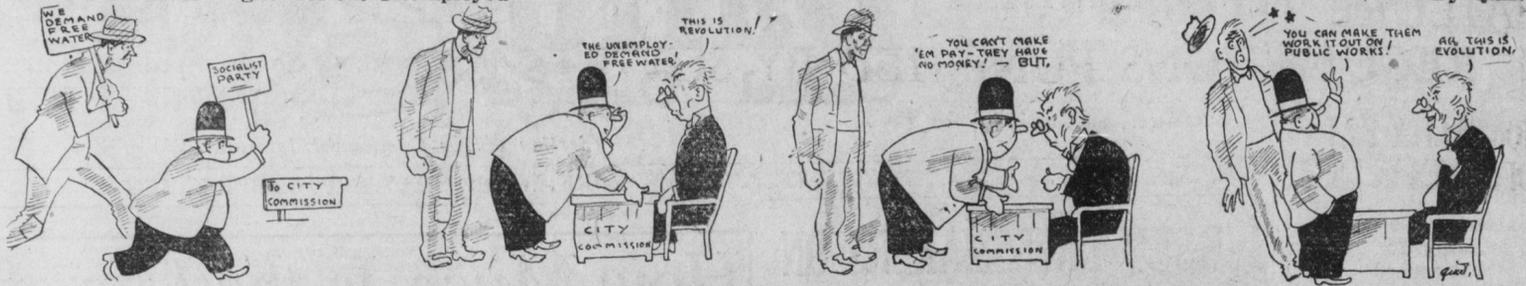
WASH. WAY TO LECTURE
Clarence Hathaway will speak on the "political parties and their relation to the working class" at a meeting held under the auspices of the Office Workers Union at the Labor Temple, 242 E. 14th St., Thursday, Sept. 22 at 8 p. m.

KNIT GOODS DEPT.
The Knitgoods Dept. of the Industrial Union is calling a mass meeting Thursday night after work at Irving Plaza to the past victories and work out plans for spreading the organization drive to the other unorganized shops.

DRUG STORE WORKERS
An important meeting of the drug store workers will be held tonight at 108 E. 14th St., Wednesday, Sept. 21.

MILINERY WORKERS
A membership meeting of all military workers will be held at the office of the Industrial Union Wednesday night.

How the Socialists "Fight" for the Unemployed



To Try Workers Today for Fighting Jim Crow Tactics of Socialists

NEW YORK.—Lillian Naurize, who was arrested last Thursday while picketing the Claridge Hotel to protest against the Jim-crowing Negroes by the socialist propagandist station, will be arraigned in the West Side 54th St. Court today at 10 a. m. on a charge of assault.

CLUB WORKERS, AID SOCIALISTS

NEW YORK.—A Communist Party election rally held Monday night at the corner of 170th St. and Walton Ave. Bronx, was broken up by police and four arrested. The police led a Socialist Party meeting right across the street continue. The socialist speakers never paused nor called attention to the fact that police clubs were raining on the heads of the workers within a few feet of them. The socialist took it as a matter of course that the capitalist police should smash a meeting of opponents of the socialist program.

Police Show Which Is Bosses' Party

NEW YORK.—A Communist Party election rally held Monday night at the corner of 170th St. and Walton Ave. Bronx, was broken up by police and four arrested. The police led a Socialist Party meeting right across the street continue. The socialist speakers never paused nor called attention to the fact that police clubs were raining on the heads of the workers within a few feet of them. The socialist took it as a matter of course that the capitalist police should smash a meeting of opponents of the socialist program.

Overlooked by Thomas

Speaking before the Scholem Aleichem tenants Monday night, Norman Thomas, Socialist presidential nominee, delivered a tirade against "landlordism and predatory employers," but said not one word against his fellow Socialists Panken and Levy for helping the Verband landlords evict unemployed workers.

Addressing the same audience, Matthew M. Levy, while attacking Judge Morris' order for the eviction of the Scholem Aleichem tenants, kept quiet about his own action in helping the landlords evict the tenants from the Verband Cooperative. "The tenants of both the Verband and Scholem Aleichem Cooperatives are at present the victims of Socialist treachery," Amter declared. "Not only in such cases, but also in national emergencies, Socialist leaders repeatedly turn against the workers and disarm them in their fight for the right to live. Workers living in the Verband and Scholem Aleichem Cooperatives must kick out these Socialist lawyers who are robbing them while pretending to defend them, and organize under working-class leadership against eviction by landlords and Socialist attorneys."

STRIKER'S ONLY SON

Shot by Thugs While at Play
By JOHN ADAMS.
SOUTH RIVER, N. J., Sept. 20.—A big little worker took me to his Rojek home.
We entered the home. There were three bleak rooms. The father brought me a chair from the dining room, the only room with furniture. Women and men to whom I had spoken earlier told me how the father and mother had hoped their young-

friends. They started playing marbles in the dirty streets. The streets were unweaved where the workers lived, in contrast to the well paved streets in the neighborhood uptown, where the bosses' families lived.
Bullets splattered in the dirt. The factory is only about 250 feet away from where they were playing. The kids scattered until the shooting stopped. Then they with women and men from the surrounding homes came out and picked up nine-year-old Walter Rojek. His frail little body had been riddled by the bullets of the bosses' hired assassins. He was rushed to South Amboy, where he died. His body was taken to New Brunswick.
"Will you bury him here, where all the workers can come?" I asked.
"Sure, sure, his mother answered, after some words in Polish with the daughter who acted as translator.
"Why did these men shoot?"
"I don't know. We go back to work. Everything settled. Better wages. These fellas come. Pick fight, my boy killed."
Her toll-worn body was shaking as she sobbed. The father and daughters were dry-eyed in their sorrow.
In this home, as everywhere else I went, the idea of stronger organizing to hold the victories secured and win more was voiced. The women and men felt that the murder of the boy was a signal for greater attacks by the bosses and their boro council government.

DOAK MOVES AGAINST MINE, JOBLESS LEADERS

Hearings Today for Mills, Borich and Kemenovitch
"I will maintain my right to organize the workers against misery and starvation, for social insurance and against the wage-cutting offensive," declared G. W. Mills, leader of the historical National Hunger March, whose case comes up for a hearing before Immigration Commissioner McIntosh at Ellis Island today.

Mills revealed that the cases of Borich and Kamenovitch, respectively, National Secretary and District Secretary of the National Miners' Union, also come up today in Pittsburgh. They were arrested in connection with the struggle of the Pittsburgh miners.

Part of General Offensive.
Stating that his deportation, as well as the deportation of Borich and Kamenovitch, is being sought by Secretary of Labor Doak as part of the general offensive of the bosses against the workers in the face of the fourth winter of the economic crisis, Mills said yesterday:

"I will never cease to believe that only through the struggle of the employed and unemployed workers against Hoover's hunger policy, is it possible to win concessions. The example of the St. Louis workers show this clearly."

Persecution of Workers.
"Despite the terroristic campaign being carried out by the bosses and their agents in an effort to weaken the struggle of the starving workers, I will continue to organize and mobilize the workers for this struggle. While handing millions upon millions to the bankers, the government is determined to starve the workers who have only one way open to them—the way of untiring, relentless struggle."

In concluding, Comrade Mills affirmed that "Neither jail nor deportation will stop the workers from fighting against hunger and misery."

Unemployed Councils Call for Struggle.
Herbert Benjamin issued a statement on behalf of the National Committee of the Unemployed Councils, calling upon the workers to carry on the struggle for the defense of Comrade Mills, who is an active member of the committee.

The workers are urged to flood the Secretary of Labor, Doak, with telegrams of protest against the deportation of Borich and Kamenovitch, Edith Berkman and Mills, and demand their immediate release.
Through their mass organizations the workers throughout the country must serve notice upon the capitalist government that a fierce struggle will be carried on for the release of all workers now in the clutches of Deportation Doak.

VOTE COMMUNIST FOR Unemployment and Social Insurance at the expense of the state and employers.

Seaman Bros.
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English Unemployed Force Government to Increase Relief Funds

LONDON, Sept. 20.—The militant demonstrations in Birkenhead for increased relief from the government have resulted in a complete victory for the workers. The maximum for unemployed men has been raised from 12 shillings to 15 shillings and three pence, and for women to 13 shillings and 6 pence.

As the result of fighting between the demonstrating workers and police, who attacked them, more than 100 additional police were sent to Birkenhead from Liverpool.

Continue Shoe Strike Despite Boss Threats

NEW YORK.—An attempt of the boss of the Le Presti Shoe Co. to break up the militant strike declared on this shop by the workers by restoring to the old stunt of telling the workers that they would close the shop, has failed utterly. The workers are continuing their strike stronger than before under the leadership of the Shoe and Leather workers Industrial Union.

The strikers are demanding recognition of the union no discrimination and recognition of a price committee in all departments.

INVADe 'HOOVERVILLE'

Cops Arrest 60 in Hunger Colony
NEW YORK.—Preachers and Salvation Army "lassies," sent to Hooverville to divide the workers who have been fighting under the leadership of the Unemployed Council for relief from the city, were the immediate cause of 60 residents of the hunger colony being arrested Monday by immigration authorities. Nineteen of these workers are being held at Ellis Island for deportation. They are being defended by the International Labor Defense.

Hooverville is a colony in the Red Hook section of Brooklyn where 400 workers, unemployed and impoverished, have built themselves shelters of wood, tin and paper. Because these workers, many of them starving, demanded of the Home Relief Bureau that the city provide them with relief, police are terrorizing them by threatening eviction and have arrested 60.

A preacher Holmes and his aides, with the help of the Salvation Army Women, persuaded the members of the hunger colony to fill out white cards under the promise that it would "make it easier" for him to distribute relief to the entire colony. The preacher immediately took the cards to the police department and the immigration authorities.

Not only did the preacher fail to bring any relief, but he prevented them from getting the stale bread which they usually get from the Raulston bakery nearby.

The entire colony is aroused and is determined to continue to struggle for immediate relief under the leadership of the Unemployed Council.

TAILORS MAP PLANS TONIGHT AT COOPER UNION

Unity Committee Asks Ben Gold to Address Mass Rally
NEW YORK.—The Dressmakers Unity Committee, composed of workers from the International Union and the Industrial Union, issued a call today for all dressmakers to come to a mass meeting to be held tonight at Cooper Union Hall. The meeting is called to spread the united struggle of the dressmakers against sweatshop conditions, against starvation wages, for higher prices and decent working conditions in the trade.

The Committee which is leading the struggles has invited Ben Gold of the Industrial Union to tell the dressmakers how the workers in the fur trade have carried thru their united struggle and the gains they have won in their strike.

Representatives of the Joint Board and locals of the International are called to come to this meeting to state before the workers why they oppose the united struggle of the workers for better conditions.

Twenty-three shops have gone on strike under the leadership of Unity Committee and a number of shops have already settled, the workers winning better conditions.

PLAN DEFENSE OF NEWARK NEGROES

ILLD to Aid Fight on Deportation
NEW YORK.—Foundations for a broad mass movement to fight against the attempt to deport all Negroes out of Newark to the south were laid at a conference here last week, attended by 44 Negro and white delegates from 25 workers organizations.

William L. Patterson, Negro labor leader and member of the National Executive Committee of the International Labor Defense, called for a united front struggle against this form of terror against Negroes, and pledged the support of the I.L.D. in the fight.

In his address to the conference, Patterson denounced the policy of Thomas J. Puryan of the Urban League, who had endorsed the illegal moves of the police to deport Negroes from the city.

"The labor movement will gain the upper hand and show the way to peace and socialism," LENIN.

New Upholstery Shop Out on Strike; Mass Meeting Tonight

NEW YORK.—The upholsterers of the Globe Parlor Suite Co. at 884 Park Ave., near Broadway in Brooklyn have followed the men of the Ideal Chair Co. and the Rockford Co. and joined in the strike for week-work increases in pay, for recognition of the union.

A mass meeting of the upholsterers is called for tonight, Wednesday, Sept. 21, at 7:30 p. m. at Manhattan Lyceum, 68 East 4th St., New York City. A report of the strike and a plan how to spread the strike to other shops will be given. All upholsterers come to the mass meeting at Manhattan Lyceum tonight!

PATERSON DYE HOUSE STRIKE

Fight Eight Cents An Hour Wages
PATERSON, N. J., Sept. 20.—95 per cent of the workers in the Wanderweigh Dye Shop are on strike against the attempt of the boss to introduce a new process which would throw men out of work, and against the horribly low wages and bad conditions.

Workers here get as low as 8 to 16 cents per hour.
Militant picketing has so far prevented the boss carrying out his plan to recruit scabs through the employment agencies. Almost all the workers have joined the National Textile Workers Union.

TACOMA NEGROES AT FORD MEETING

Workers Come from All Around
TACOMA, Wash., Sept. 20.—The Communist candidate for Vice President received a warm and impressive welcome in Tacoma on the night of Sept. 14th by a large crowd of workers, many of whom were Negroes. The big hall was filled to capacity.

Ford gave a thorough explanation of the Communist Platform, principles and line of action, with special emphasis on the fight for Negro rights and the Bonus Drive for the veterans.

A good collection was received, and although the meeting was a grand success, and will no doubt be a great aid in building up the Party, as many were present from Olympia and other surrounding districts of the State.

AMUSEMENTS

JEFFERSON 14th Street and 3rd Ave.
Wednesday to Friday—Double Features
Condemned to Death
With ARTHUR WONTNER
"Tangled Destinies"
With Glenn Taylor and Vera Reynolds

AMEO 42nd St.
Photoplay Magazine Bonus Over
"GOONA-GOONA"
A Weird Drama of Primitive Passion

RAY 14th Street and Union Square
Last 2 Days American Premiere
"The Eagle & Cacus"
"Gripping, Dynamic"—Morning Freiheit
Added First Showing of All-Talking Feature Cartoon "THE TRAFFIC COP"
WORKERS Acme Theatre
14th Street and Union Square

COUNSELOR-AT-LAW
WITH PAUL MUNI ELMER RICE
PLYMOUTH THEATRE, W. 40th St. LA. 4-0720
Even. 8:30 Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30

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Patronize the Health Center Cafeteria
and help the Revolutionary Movement
BEST FOOD REASONABLE PRICES

INTERNATIONAL WORKERS ORDER
DENTAL DEPARTMENT
80 FIFTH AVENUE
15th FLOOR
All Work Done Under Personal Care
of DR. JOSEPHSON

JOHN'S RESTAURANT
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A place with atmosphere
where all radicals meet
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Hungarian Peasant Dances—Many other events—Come and have a wonderful time
DIRECTION—Astoria "U" or subway to Hoyt Avenue Station, walk 2 blocks up
on Second Avenue to Woolsey. WATCH FOR POSTERS!

By Quirt

Socialists Aid Attacks on Scottsboro Campaign

THE shameful anti-working class role of the treacherous Socialist International is again glaringly exposed in the latest attack by the European socialists on the Scottsboro Mother and the world-wide mass fight to smash the legal lynch verdicts against seven of the innocent Scottsboro Negro boys.

It is no accident that the socialist newspaper "Nepszava" of Budapest, Hungary, publishes the most provocative attacks on Mrs. Ada Wright, deliberately aiding the Hungarian authorities in their attacks on the Scottsboro campaign in Hungary. The Hungarian Socialists are carrying out the role of assistant henchmen to imperialism against the toiling masses, and especially against the Negro and colonial masses.

This is the same role carried out in Germany by the socialists in their attacks on Mrs. Wright's tour in that country, in their sabotage of the anti-fascist struggle, in their support of Hindenburg and the German Junkers on the hypocritical theory of "the lesser evil." It is the same role engaged in by the American Socialist Party in alliance with the Negro reformists in the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, and in joint service with these reformists to the imperialist lynchers and oppressors of the Negro masses.

Both in Europe and in the United States, the socialists and other reformists are intensifying their attacks on the Scottsboro defense campaign as the date nears for the hearing before the United States Supreme Court on October 10. These attacks are timed to render the greatest aid to the lynch courts.

A Vote for Roosevelt Is A Vote for Hoover

THE workers who really believe that Roosevelt is the "champion of the forgotten man" should ask themselves the following question:

Would a Roosevelt victory be cause for anxiety on the part of the financiers and industrialists? The Commercial and Financial Chronicle candidly admits that it would not. "Is it not a fact," the Chronicle asks, "that on all the leading questions of the day the two parties are in essential agreement, at least as far as can be judged by their political platforms, and that the ordinary man has difficulty in choosing between the two?"

Colonel Ayres, a leading banker, answers quite frankly: "Either party could without embarrassment accept the economic platform of the other. Apparently business has little to hope for or to fear in the coming political campaign."

In commenting upon Roosevelt's address on the railroad situation, the "Journal of Commerce," another leading organ of Wall Street, states that the speech is conspicuous for its "approval of what Hoover has done for the railroads," and concludes editorially: "Roosevelt wishes merely to amend and extend the present policy rather than to effect any revolutionary changes in the handling of the question."

This clearly indicates that the Communist Party platform is correct when it states that Roosevelt and Hoover are both representatives of the finance capitalists. The bankers and industrialists know that Roosevelt will pursue the same hunger, terror and war policy which is now so persistently and consistently followed by Hoover.

The Socialist Party, similar to the reactionary officialdom of the American Federation of Labor, is an agency of capitalism among the workers for putting over the capitalist way out of the crisis (the program of Hoover and Roosevelt). Its special task is to cover up the same program with the mask of socialist phrases, and thus to prevent the awakening workers from organizing for a really effective struggle! (Communist Election Platform).

The Communist Party is the only Party in the present elections representing the interests of all men and women of the working class and of all who suffer from the capitalist attack. It presents a program for the consideration of these masses upon which they can unite and organize and win the demands meeting with their immediate needs. As against the capitalist way out of the crisis, the Communist Party presents the revolutionary way out—the overthrowing of the rotten capitalist system and the establishment of a Soviet Government in the U. S. A. as the first step towards the building of the classless Communist society.

Letters from Our Readers

Election Propaganda Proud of Daily
 New York. New York City.

Editor, Daily Worker: Dear Comrade—In connection with the election campaign, I will take the liberty to give you a few recommendations in order to reach more workers with our propaganda:

1. The Party should print leaflets with the pictures of all the main candidates.

2. Also local circulars should carry the pictures of the main and local candidates. When a worker picks up a leaflet with pictures then he reads it more carefully.

3. Our open-air meetings are disturbed by our sympathizers and even Party members by having discussions while the meeting is going on. This must be remedied. The Daily Worker and also the other language papers should have special articles about this matter.

I hope that the Party will take all this into consideration.
 Comradely,
 E. Fischer.

The Party is carrying the pictures of the main candidates on its leaflets, but not in all cases. It is advisable, as this worker points out, to do so, but it need not be done in all cases. In order to enliven the literature, illustrations should be used.

The complaint that our correspondents makes about the disturbances at meetings as a result of little discussion groups being organized in the course of the meeting, should be taken in hand. Party members must help the discipline of a meeting. They should attempt to establish contact with workers, but must do it skillfully so as not to break up the meeting into small knots. They should get the reaction of the workers at the meetings and should continue the discussion with these workers after the meeting. Loose discipline at meetings does not help to carry through the purposes of the meeting and very often causes workers to leave because they are unable to concentrate upon the remarks of

the speaker. Party members who persist in this loose talk should be taken to task by the Party units.

OP'S NOTE.

Problem of Cadres in the Party

(Installation III)
 By TZIRUL

Where are the forces for such consolidation to come from? They must come from the ranks of the Party masses themselves. Lenin's remark in the article "New Work, New Forces" that "as soon as new tasks arise before the Party, new forces for their solution sprang up as if out of the ground" is true for all the Communist Parties. One must only be able to see and understand these new forces. In the last years there were strike waves and demonstrations everywhere, as well as unemployed meetings and other mass movements. In all of these new forces came to the fore, capable of leading the masses. These are the cadres, connected with the masses, that can and must strengthen our Party organs, and must be promoted to leading work in the Party. This is not a new task. It is stated clearly in the Resolution of the V. E.C.G. I. Plenum on Bolshevization that: "One of the foremost tasks of every Communist Party should consist in selecting very carefully the leading cadres among the more advanced workers distinguished by their energy, capability, knowledge and devotion to the Party. . . . These workers must be systematically helped to become real organizers of the masses, Party and trade union leaders. . . . Working class leaders should be treated with patience and care and encouraged to work for their own improvement, given opportunities to prove their worth by the allocation of more important and increasingly responsible work."

The Parties have not yet taken up properly the carrying through of this directive. To bring to light the abilities of the new activists, and to promote them to more responsible leading work, to help them systematically in their work, must be now the most important part of the organizational work of all Parties, their organs and above all, of the central leadership of the Parties. It is essential that the C. P. and the district committees should make a study of basis for cadres, registering all comrades who distinguished themselves during strikes, demonstrations and through their Party activity in general—all these who have shown capacity as organizers and have influence on the masses. This can be attained through the instructor-apparatus, by visits of leading party functionaries to the organizations, by receiving reports from the basis organizations. PARTY MUST KNOW ITS FORCES.

The Party leadership must know its cadres, must be able to allot everyone his proper place where he is most suitable and most needed, —this is the crux of the matter. To enable the Party leadership "not only to advise (as this has hitherto been done), but really conduct the orchestra, one must know exactly who is playing first or second fiddle, where, what instrument he was taught, where and how, where and why he plays out of tune (when the music begins to try to ring the ear), and what changes should be made in the orchestra so as on this subject. (Letter to a comrade on our organizational work.)

Mistakes in Sale of Literature

By DOROTHY ROSS
 (Section I, Chicago)

FROM many experiences I know that workers are willing to buy and read our literature. In fact, unemployed workers, who have nothing to eat, will give their last penny to buy the Communist Party Election Platform and other literature.

At an open air meeting with about 500 workers present, workers came to our comrades who were holding literature for sale, and asked them, "Say, can I have a few of these pamphlets. . . . Don't you sell them?" The comrades who were supposed to sell the literature were, however, listening to the speaker.

While collecting signatures I found that when the workers are properly approached and made clear as to what a pamphlet is about they are ready to buy it. One worker who for a number of years had been voting the socialist ticket, bought six pamphlets from us.

IN many cases workers who are not ready to sign the petition list to put the Communist ticket on the ballot, gladly buy our literature.

CAUSES OF POOR SALE.

Literature sale in our section has been poor for a number of reasons: (1) The unit members do not yet realize the importance of spreading our literature among the workers; (2) The Agit-Prop department and the section committee have not carried on a campaign of enlightenment in the units; (3) no adequate suggestions or instructions have been given to the units on how to organize the sale of literature; (4) no mass organizations have been visited; (5) no Republican, democratic or socialist meetings have been covered; (6) at open air meetings arranged by our unit the sale of literature is not properly organized.

WHAT SHOULD BE DONE?

In order to fully utilize the open air meetings for spreading our literature among the workers, this is necessary: (1) Good literature committees should be elected at the unit meetings and these committees should be instructed to do no-

"I JUST PLUGGED A KID, BOSS!"



Thugs hired by the South River, N. J. local government in behalf of dress manufacturers killed one 9-year-old boy and wounded a man, a woman and another child.

Behind the Scenes of Second International

The Resolution and Discussion on the U. S. S. R.

League of Nations for the appointment of a court of arbitration. There is no higher court of appeal than the League of Nations. And for the rest, Soviet Russia is almost as much to blame at Japanese militarism.

Gilles (Great Britain): For thirteen years there has been talk of the threat to Russia. That slogan won't work any more. We must have confidence in the League of Nations which will settle the conflict.

The Russian Menshevik Abramovich: We must under no circumstances make common cause with the Bolsheviks. After the completion of the Five Year Plan Stalin might very well get the idea of waging war in the Far East.

Liebermann (Poland): I must admit that up to the present I have believed in the neutrality of Poland in case of war, but now I don't dare to support this view any longer. However, this does not mean at all that if Soviet Russia is attacked we must support it unconditionally.

Hilferding (Germany): I am no supporter of a Japanese victory and a defeat of Soviet Russia. On the other hand I am not in favor of the opposite contingency. A victory of the Soviets over Japan would be just as destructive for European democracy and would probably result in the setting up of the proletarian dictatorship to the banks of the Rhine.

Souppak (France): Japan is not waging war against the revolution, but against Russia which might just as well be Tsarist.

The Austrian Delegate, Otto Bauer, spoke on behalf of the "left-wing" and declared that the Soviet Union must be defended unconditionally. The delegate of the I.L.P., Brodway, spoke in the same spirit.

The Swiss delegate Grimm made the following important statement: The moral defeat of the League of Nations is so decisive that we should make ourselves ridiculous if we applied to it for assistance now. If the proletariat ever finds itself in this dilemma then its overwhelmingly majority will support Soviet Russia with its whole heart. In any case, the working class would prefer to be a hundred times more unfortunate together with Soviet Russia than to tolerate the capitalist system any longer.

AFTER this the three "left wing" delegates decided not to vote for the resolution at all, and this resolution in which the Second International expresses itself in favor of "Solidarity with the Soviet Union" was thus adopted exclusively by Renaudel, Hilferding, Dan and the others who had immediately previously once again expressed their hatred and loathing for the Soviet Union. All the delegates voted in favor of the resolution with the exception of four who withheld their votes.

"I cannot vote in favor of the resolution," declared Renner Brock-

FLINT, MICHIGAN

HOOVER PROGRAM IN CHEVROLET CITY
 By GEORGE COOPER

FLINT, Michigan. — This city sprawls over the countryside, a mushroom which spread out overnight with the phenomenal growth of the automobile industry, and is now sickening and dying with the collapse of the automobile industry. Here is the main center of the enormous General Motors Corporation, where are located the plants of its chief subsidiaries, Chevrolet, Buick, Fisher Body, A-C Spark Plug, and a dozen lesser shops. But all the shops are closed. In one industry town a handful of the workers still find employment.

Two years ago there were 160,000 people in Flint; today there are 130,000. Some of those who have gone have drifted back to relatives and friends who still have some food to share with them, others have gone to other cities hunting for work and have been stranded. But a large part of that 30,000 were Negroes and Mexicans, who came to Michigan in the northward trek of wartime and the early twenties. The Community Fund crew got the bright idea of relieving the relief problem by shipping the Negroes and Mexicans back to the South. Few of these, of course, had any place to return to. Whole families had come north, leaving no ties behind. But all that the charitable souls of Flint could lay their hands on were "voluntarily" transported back to the South and Mexico. That was one means of "solving" Flint's unemployment problem.

HUNGER AND SUFFERING.

Those who still remain in Flint are little better off, unless you think it is better to starve amid familiar scenes. By the city's own count, 5,000 families are now supposed to be receiving miserable city poor relief. The Community Fund and other private agencies record another 1500 families. Add to these the untold number of families who have been refused any kind of relief, and those who, knowing the ruthless policy of the city poor relief and the Community Fund, are still trying to scrape along on the last of their savings, borrowing, pawning, or who, though already starving, cannot bear to go through the humiliating procedure of standing in lines and being herded like cattle for day after day until they shall be put on poor relief; add to these the single men, widows, widowers, and childless couples, who are not even permitted to register—and you begin to get an idea of what hunger and suffering means in Flint. By the city's own murderous standards, one in every five persons in Flint is starving. By any humane standard, three quarters of Flint's workers need substantial unemployment relief.

IN the dreary, abandoned high school building which serves as poor relief headquarters thousands of men, women and children are pressed together in long lines, waiting for the weekly dole. Three dollars for a family of five. Sixty cents a week to feed each person. To a tall, graying Scotchman, a pioneer mechanic in the automobile industry, whose reward for a lifetime of work was a place on the poor relief line, I expressed my horror at the inadequacy of the relief. He smiled bitterly. "You think this is bad, come back after election. This is just some taffy to make us vote right. After the voting's over they'll just let us starve to death altogether."

CHARITY SCENES.

Hour after hour these workers and their wives and children, crushed together in the long lines—and it was a scene repeated every day—had to wait for the miserable pittance allotted them by the bosses and politicians. Hungry children tugged at their parents' arms, begging to be taken home and fed.

NO, it is not patience that keeps these workers from hurling him and his kind out of the places of power. It is only because they still do not know how to do it. These workers need no further incentive to struggle against their oppressors. What they need is to learn how to struggle, to learn to see their own leaders, and who their betrayers. This they are gradually learning, as the growing strength of Detroit's Unemployed Councils show.

(Tomorrow: "Fresh Air in South Bend, Ind.")

Showing the Way Out for the American Farmer

THE FARMERS WAY OUT. (The Position of the Communist Party on the Problems of the Farmers) Issued for the National Election Campaign Committee by the Workers Library Publishers, New York, Price 10 Cents.

Reviewed by L. DANIELS. This pamphlet points out briefly the record of the Republican and Democratic Parties—their promises in pre-election days, and what the farmers received in return after the elections—bankruptcy and failure. In 1928 the farmers elected a republican president; in 1930 they elected a democratic congress, hoping to better their conditions. But in 1931 and 1932 things have gone from bad to worse, proving that neither of the parties will do anything for the farmers.

Have the Socialists and Farmer-Labor Parties done better for the farmers? They have shown, as soon as they were put into office, that they will do no more for the farmers than either of the two major parties.

Despite falling prices on farm products, taxes have been repeatedly raised. And, because of these two facts, our food producers have been pushed more and more into debt. While many farmers are not harvesting their crops because of no market; while the warehouses of the country are filled with food, there are about 40,000 workers and their families living on the handouts of charity.

What will be the result of "reduction"—the "way out" of the Republican and Democratic Parties? The poor farmers will be forced out—evicted—and will add to the millions now roaming the country in search of food and shelter.

THE farmers of the country feel that what they need in order to get on their feet, is release from the burden of mortgages and taxes, imposed on them by the state governments, irrespective of the party in power. The farmers have been educated by this train of events—and disillusioned by them. This is proved by the fact that the more militant farmers in different sections of the country are getting together, realizing that only by mass action can they get what they need, and raising as one of their demands, a moratorium on mortgages and taxes. Witness the present Iowa situation where the farmers striking for higher prices on their produce, give milk to the unemployed and to the hospitals. This shows they realize they are fighting not against the workers, but against the wealthy dealers, the representatives of the boss class.

Why should the farmers vote for the Communist Party candidates? Because the Communist Party comes out against any program of "back-to-the-land," or "back-to-horse"—it fights against any lowering of the standard of living of the farmers. Because the Communist Party is for: "Emergency relief for the impoverished farmers without restrictions by the government and the banks; exemption of impoverished farmers from taxes, and no forced collection of rent, debt and mortgages."

What will be the result of "reduction"—the "way out" of the Republican and Democratic Parties? The poor farmers will be