

Riot Squad Clubs City College Students

The Riot Squad broke into Room 126 of the College of the City of New York yesterday, beat two girls unconscious, injured about 20 students and beat up several speakers, including Donald Henderson.

ARREST I.L.D. ATTORNEY DENVER, Colo., Oct. 25.—Samuel Menin, International Labor Defense attorney, was arrested in county court of appeals here yesterday on order of Judge Luxford, when he objected to illegal procedure in the hearing on a motion for new trials for George Kaplan and Charles Guynn, arrested in connection with the Washington Park anti-Jim Crow demonstration.

Sentence of fourteen days originally passed on Guynn on framed charges of vagrancy was increased to ninety days by Judge Luxford. Guynn, a reporter for Federated Press was arrested after he testified to the police brutality in the original trial of twelve workers who took part in the anti-Jim Crow demonstration.

BROWDER SPEAKS NEWARK, TONIGHT

Preliminary Rally in Military Park

NEWARK, N. J., Oct. 27.—Between 50 and 100 automobiles full of workers will meet Earl Browder, Communist Candidate for U. S. Senate in New York, when he arrives here at the Hudson Hotel today for a Foster and Ford election rally at 8 p. m. tonight at Laurel Gardens, 457 Springfield Street. Tonight's rally will be preceded by a preliminary rally at 4:30 p. m. in Military Park; to be followed by a parade to Laurel Gardens.

6,000 HEAR AMTER IN GARMENT AREA

Prolong Lunch Hour 20 Minutes

About 6,000 needle trades workers in the garment district at 29th St. and Seventh Ave. greeted Earl Amter, Communist candidate for Governor of New York State, at the noon hour election rally yesterday addressed by Amter.

When the meeting lasted after one o'clock, about 5,000 of the workers in their enthusiasm, did not return to the shops till 30 minutes after one, when the meeting ended.

Roosevelt Dodges Workers Protest

Astor Hotel Meeting Scheduled for Today Is Called Off

NEW YORK.—Roosevelt, Democratic candidate for President, came into New York yesterday. He had been scheduled to arrive today, and employed and unemployed workers were preparing to come in front of the Hotel Astor, where he was scheduled to be at 8 p. m. tonight, and demonstrate in protest against the Democratic Party program, as shown in its administration of this state and this city.

VOTE COMMUNIST FOR:

- 1. Unemployment and Social Insurance at the expense of the state and employers.
2. Against Hoover's wage-cutting policy.
3. Emergency relief for the poor farmers without restrictions by the government and banks; exemption of poor farmers from taxes, and no forced collection of rent or debts.

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(Section of the Communist International)

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CITY EDITION

Price 3 Cents

VOTE COMMUNIST FOR:

- 4. Equal rights for the Negroes and self-determination for the Black Belt.
5. Against capitalist terror; against all forms of suppression of the political rights of workers.
6. Against imperialist war; for the defense of the Chinese people and of the Soviet Union.

CHICAGO, ST. PAUL VETS RALLY FOR BONUS MARCH TO WASHINGTON, DEC. 5

Joseph Gardner, Negro Vet and Leader in Last Bonus March, to Head Chicago Contingent

Rank and File of St. Paul V. F. W. Post Will Support March

CHICAGO, Oct. 26.—In preparation for the new bonus march to Washington, the Workers Ex-Servicemen's League held a general membership meeting here Oct. 22 and elected its new Chicago executive committee.

Joe Gardner, militant Negro veteran and commander of Chicago's contingent of ex-servicemen on the last march to the national capital, was chosen as chairman of the committee. John Haino was elected to take over the duties of organization secretary, while Leslie R. Hurt is to act as general organizer for the area.

Suppressed Report Shows Mooney Framed

NEW YORK.—The suppressed Mooney-Billings report of the Wickersham Commission is being published by Gotham House, 68 Fifth Ave. Advance notices show that this section suppressed until now, for 14 months, by orders of President Hoover himself, show that the sub-committee of the Wickersham Commission, investigating methods of law enforcement, found the Mooney-Billings conviction to be an outrageous frame-up, though apparently they did not use those exact words.

What they did say in a 600-page report of their investigations was that Mooney and Billings were convicted by flagrant violations of the California law by the prosecution, by denial of all legal rights to the defendants, by illegal search and seizure, etc.

TRADE UNION UNITY LEAGUE SUPPORTING NAT'L HUNGER MARCH

Foster, In Name of National Committee, of League, Calls All Workers to Back Demands

The Trade Union Unity League, through its general secretary, William Z. Foster, in the name of its National Executive Board, has issued a statement pledging complete support to the National Hunger March on Washington.

WHO STRUGGLES AGAINST IMPERIALIST WAR?

Published Statements Show How Hillquit, Other Socialist Leaders Backed Wall Street War

Same S. P. Leaders Now Aid New War Plans by Pacifist Talk; Only C. P. Fights Imperialist War

During this election campaign the Socialist Party is constantly referring to its "anti-war record." What is this record? The following are documented proofs showing not only how the Socialist Party leaders supported the imperialist war after it was declared, but also gave categorical assurance to the capitalist class that it would support the war EVEN BEFORE IT WAS DECLARED.

This refutes conclusively the claims of the Socialist Party that it had an anti-imperialist war record. Moreover, this is only the background of the Socialist Party which, at the present time through its pacifist phrases is actually helping the capitalists prepare the way for a new bloody slaughter.

Workers—give your reply to this? Vote Communist on November 8!

MORRIS HILLQUIT, national chairman of the Socialist Party and its present candidate for Mayor of New York City, stated over his signature in the New York Times of Feb. 11, 1917 three weeks before President Wilson declared war:

"Socialism in the United States will not handicap the government by strikes. If the armies are raised by conscription, of course, we will have to serve as other citizens. I do not believe that the Socialists will advocate any general industrial strike to handicap the country in its war preparations, and I do not believe there will be any such strike."

But Victor Berger and the Milwaukee Leader had not waited for American entry into the World War to protect the billions of Wall St. loans to the allied governments in order to declare loyalty to and support of American imperialist aims.

As early as 1915 the Milwaukee Leader and Berger were calling for the conquest and annexation of Mexico.

It was a "perfidious illusion," said the Milwaukee Leader, to believe that "American intervention can and must be prevented." It continued to boost "Black Jack" Pershing as the organizer of Mexican workers for the American Socialist Party.

"If Mexico is annexed, the Mexican people will lose their national independence, but they gain admission to the American labor movement and the American Socialist Party."

Denying out imperialist war in the tawdry tinsel of social-patriotism is the particular job of the Socialist Party and its press. It did not fall Wall Street imperialism in 1917. Imperialist slaughter was in itself

LABORITES FIRST TO CUT UNEMPLOYED DOLE SAYS MACDONALD IN LONDON

3,000 British Hunger Marchers Lead Huge Demonstration Today

National Hunger Marches in U. S. and England and Communist Votes Will Hit Misleaders

Marchers Warn They'll Seize Lodgings

LONDON, England, Oct. 26.—The government has refused to provide lodging for the National Hunger Marchers after today. The Hunger Marchers answered: "If we are not given places to stay we will seize an adequate number of buildings. We hope the police will not attack us, but if they do we will defend ourselves."

New York, Oct. 26.—The following cable has just been sent to the British Hunger Marchers: "The United States Hunger Fighters greet the splendid struggle of their British fellow fighters. Your Hunger March stimulates the preparations for our March to Washington on December 5. Consolidate your gains and build a mighty United Front Movement. Forward in the struggle against the capitalist class and their agents fit right to live."

National Committee Unemployed Councils, Herbert Bejani, LONDON, England, Oct. 26.—The 3,000 national hunger marchers from all over England, Scotland and Wales are camped now in the suburbs of London. They sleep in school houses, public halls, and other buildings, and are ready to lead the demonstration tomorrow of a hundred thousand London jobless workers against cutting off of the dole through the Means Test.

"Smash Means Test" Huge chalked signs appeared last night on the streets of London, giving assignments for the masses of demonstrators, and carrying slogans in letters a foot high: "Smash The Means Test."

Like the American National Hunger March which will culminate in Washington December 5, the British march seems likely to be a very militant and determined affair.

Both marchers are against cutting off of relief, both demand real unemployment insurance and winter relief. The march in U.S.A. demands \$50 winter relief to supplement local relief.

In line with its recent congress and its attempts to once more pose as a party fighting for the workers, the British Labor Party members of Parliament yesterday opened an attack on the MacDonald government, charging it with throwing a million unemployed workers off the dole by the Means Test, which provides that anyone getting a dole must prove he has no savings, no means of support whatever.

Lansbury Admits Charge True And so far was Lansbury from denying his share in slashing relief that he shouted back: "I am not such a contemptible skunk as to want to get out of it!"

American readers should remember that the Labor Party is a brother party of the American Socialist Party, and the Labor Party's recent congress was lauded to the skies in the New Leader, organ of the Socialists here. In support of the Labor Party of England, the New Leader article even condemned the Independent Labor Party, which tries to be a kind of Musette wing of the British labor movement.

The Communist Party of Great Britain leads a struggle and will call for votes in the next election against the openly capitalist parties and also against the treacherous leaders of the Labor Party, just as the workers in America should vote Communist, against Republican, Democratic and Socialist parties.

Meanwhile the London county council had before it the demand of the Unemployed that a delegation be received by the county council to hear the demands for no Means Test, for more relief, for coal to the jobless, food for school children, etc. The county council finally voted not to receive the delegation, but at the same time, to make some provision for the 3,000 marchers.

Against Popular Rule Label MacDonald, the daughter of Ramsay MacDonald, was one of the most vigorous opponents of the jobless meeting: "If we do receive this delegation it will mean that people who kick up a row outside can by so doing secure their way inside and get down what they want done."

Vote Down Non-Confidence The vote was 462 to 55 against the motion of "non-confidence" in the house of commons.

VOTE COMMUNIST Against capitalist terror; against all forms of suppression of the political rights of workers.

TRADE UNION UNITY LEAGUE SUPPORTING NAT'L HUNGER MARCH

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'GEORGIA NIGGER' SHOWS C.P. PROGRAM ON NEGROES CORRECT--Michael Gold

Cullen, Negro Poet, 2 Other Leading American Writers Also Denounce Conditions Revealed in Book

Four leading American writers yesterday joined in issuing statements protesting against the inhuman conditions revealed in John L. Spivak's book, "Georgia Nigger," proving that thousands of Negroes in the Black Belt are living under a system of chain gang terror and legalized slavery. The writers are Michael Gold, author of "Jews Without Money," and one of the editors of the New Masses; Countee Cullen, noted Negro poet; Robert Morris Lovett, an editor of the New Republic and head of the Department of English at the University of Chicago; and John Cowper Powys, novelist, lecturer and critic, author of "Wolf Solent."

Rush Funds for National Hunger March Expenses!

Funds are needed for the National Hunger March organization expenses.

Until the arrangements are made for special bank accounts, all funds collected for the National Hunger March expenses should be sent immediately to the nearest Workers International Relief office, marked "For National Hunger March."

The Trade Union Unity League endorses the proposals of the National Committee of the Unemployed Councils for a national hunger march to Washington to present demands to Congress at the opening of the short session December 8th.

The Trade Union Unity League calls upon its entire membership, upon its National Executive Board of

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MICHAEL GOLD



COUNTEE CULLEN

Stone, Workers' Candidate, Has Fighting Record

Milton Stone, Communist candidate in the 14th Senatorial District, was one of the initiators of the Downtown Unemployed Council, has been imprisoned and beaten for fighting for jobless relief, and has been in the forefront of the struggle against crooked employment agencies. A detailed record of his activities in the interests of the working class follows:



Milton Stone

1. One of the first organizers of the Downtown Unemployed Council.
2. A member of October 16, 1930 Unemployed delegation to City Hall to demand relief; was brutally attacked in the Board of Estimate Chambers by the order of Jimmie Walker, jailed and charged with "inciting to riot and unlawful assembly." A million dollars was voted by the Board of Estimate for relief after this demonstration.
3. A member of an Unemployed Committee to Washington, D. C., February 10, 1931 to demand unemployment insurance from the federal government.
4. A chairman of a delegation to City Hall on September 16, 1931, to demand relief for the unemployed; appeared before acting Mayor McKee.
5. A member of the "Unemployed Public Service Commission," September 1931 to demand that the dollar minimum charge for the use of electricity be abolished. As a result workers have refused to pay this tax.
6. Appeared before the Home Relief Bureau in the 14th Senatorial District, on delegations of the unemployed to demand relief. He has been forced to pay for those who had been previously refused, and forced the registration of single workers, etc.
7. On a committee to Wm. I. Sirovich, Congressman of 14th Senatorial District, to demand that he endorse the Workers Unemployment Insurance Bill.
8. One of the field organizers for the last National Hunger March to Washington December 7, 1931, and a member of the "Hunger Marchers' Committee" to Washington. Helped form many councils.
9. Helped to put back furniture of evicted workers, mobilize workers to resist evictions, and helped to organize these workers into block committees.
10. Member of a delegation to Commissioner of Public Welfare, Frank J. Taylor, to demand relief for the unemployed. Also, lead the struggles of the workers on Municipal breadlines. Has breadlines and the Gold Dust Lodge. Helped to organize the workers of the city free employment agency for relief such as free carfare, free lunches while waiting for job assignments.
11. Has been in the forefront in fighting against gyp methods of chark employment agency, and has been successfully won back for workers' money taken from them by these agencies.

PAWNAURRIERS' JOBLESS COUNCIL Call Meet Tomorrow Afternoon

The furriers are calling all unemployed workers to meet tomorrow at 1 p. m. at 131 West 28th St., where an unemployed council will be organized.

The unemployed movement among all needle trade workers is beginning to develop. The dressmakers have organized an Unemployed Council

Be Sure Delegates Attend United Front Relief Conference

All workers' organizations, their executive committees and officers are urged to make sure that delegates are elected in all branches to attend the Conference for Winter Relief, Sunday, October 30, at 10:30 a. m. in the New Star Casino, Park Ave. and E. 107th St. If no meetings are to be held before Sunday, delegates must be assigned by leading committees or functionaries and instructed to report the results of the conference to the membership.

and are mobilizing the workers for meetings and have already been held, and a declaration has been issued which calls upon all workers to organize in unemployed councils regardless of union affiliations. A mass meeting is being called for Tuesday, Nov. 2, in Bryant Hall at 2:30 p. m. of all unemployed needle trades workers.

Nesin Speaking on U. S. S. R. Tonight

Sam Nesin, one of the leaders jailed with the Oct. 16, 1930, unemployed delegation, has just returned from the Soviet Union and will speak at an indoor mass meeting at Stuyvesant Casino, 142 Second Ave., at 8 p. m. tonight. Milton Stone, Communist Senatorial candidate, will be another speaker. A parade, to start at 7 p. m. at Seventh St. and Ave. A, will march to the hall, where the meeting is to be held under the auspices of the Downtown Unemployed Council.

Red Candidate, In Symposium Tomorrow Night

William W. Weinstein, Communist candidate for the U. S. Senate, will present the Communist Election Program as a way out for the workers from capitalist misery at an election symposium at Christ Church, 344 W. 38th St., tomorrow at 8 p. m. The Republican, Socialist and Democratic Parties have been invited to send their representatives to this symposium.

Anti-White Guard March Postponed

Because two other important demonstrations are being held on Saturday, the Anti-White Guardist Demonstration, originally arranged for Saturday, has been postponed. It will be held two weeks later, on Saturday, November 12, at 2 p. m.

Yonkers Election Parade on Friday

YONKERS, N. Y.—The United Front Election Campaign Committee for the support of Communist Candidates will hold a parade through working class sections of Yonkers on Friday, Oct. 28th, at 8 p. m. There will be two rallies, one at Lockwood Ave. and Saw Mill River Road, and one at Main and Warburton at 7:30 p. m. with the main rally at 9 p. m. at 27 Hudson St.

Candidates Challenged to Appear at Shoe Workers' Meet Tonight

Charging that Brann, the Democratic Governor-elect of Maine, and Senator Holmes of the same state, were behind the campaign to break the back of 4,000 shoe workers in Lewiston, Maine, the Shoe and Leather Workers Industrial Union has challenged the Democratic Party to send a representative to defend its position and election platform in relation to labor, at a mass meeting of shoe workers which the union will hold in Irving Plaza, 15th St., and Irving Place this evening at 7 p. m. A similar invitation was sent by the union to the Republican and Socialist Parties. The Communist Party, also invited to send a speaker, will be represented by Israel Amter, Communist candidate for Governor.

CITY ELECTION NOTES

- THURSDAY, OCT. 27**
- Brighton Beach Ave. and Fourth St. Speaker: Max Schnapp, 19th Ave. and 49th St. Speakers: Joe Sagarelli and I. Renick.
 - Kings Highway and 14th St. Speaker: Clara Shalton.
 - 18th St. and Fifth Ave. Speaker: I. Oshin and H. Liechtenstein.
 - Rally at 86th St. and 21st Ave. Speakers: Molly Picheny, D. Loew and S. Bylaroff.
 - Central Election Rally, Houston and Clinton Sts., 10th St. and 10th Ave., B and Fourth St., Ave. C and Fourth St., Second Ave. and Fourth St., Ave. A and Fifth St., Ave. A and Seventh St., Ave. C and Seventh St., Houston and Clinton, Ludlow and Rivington, Montague and E. Broadway.
 - Shop-gate meetings at Lafayette and W. Fifth St. at noon. Speaker: Abraham Markoff, candidate in the Fourth Congressional District.
 - 33rd St. and Second Ave. at 8 p. m. Speaker: Lelina.
 - Sixth Ave. and 19th St. at 12, noon. Union speakers.
 - Longwood and Dawson St. Speakers: Kell and Roman.
 - 14th St. and St. Ann's Ave. Speaker: Maxie.
 - 16th St. and Prospect Ave. Speaker: Ciperman.

"CITY BUDGET CUTS OFF RELIEF, CUTS DOWN CARE OF CRIPPLED CHILDREN"

"Economises at Expense of Hungry Workers for Benefit of Bankers," Says Patterson, Communist for Mayor, at City Budget Hearings

Hillquit, Pounds, in Love Feast, Say Nice Things About O'Brien; 3,500 Hear Communist Demand for Tax on Rich, Relief for Jobless

NEW YORK.—A meeting held by the Citizens Budget Commission in Carnegie Hall Tuesday night to discuss ways of economizing in the cost of running the city of New York for 1933, was a dull, drony affair that brought many yawns from an audience of about 3,500 until William L. Patterson, Communist candidate for Mayor, stepped on the platform to state the Communist position on the budget. Patterson launched an attack filled with ridicule and condemnation of the Socialist, Republican and Democratic politicians whose proposals for economies in the budget, Patterson showed to be "economies which protect the bankers' investments in the city's bonds but saddle the workers of New York with additional misery."

About one-third of the audience showed its definite sympathy with the revolutionary message of the Communist candidate by applauding him vigorously throughout his speech. Patterson pointed out that in the New York budget for 1933 not a cent was appropriated for the relief of the 1,150,000 unemployed workers in the city. Taking up one by one the economies proposed for the 1933 budget, Patterson mercilessly exposed the cuts in care for handicapped children, ambulance maintenance, teachers' training school, reduction in the staff of temporary employes as proof that the capitalist politicians were willing to economize at the expense of the workers but not at the expense of the bankers, corporations and large property holders.

As Patterson mentioned the cut in the appropriation for the care of the handicapped children, the hush in Carnegie Hall was punctured by cries of "Shame! Shame!" from the audience which was stirred to deep resentment of such pitiless and cynical sacrifice of the welfare of workers' children in order to satisfy the demands of Wall Street for protection of their investments.

Lashes Socialist Party After showing that both the Democratic and Republican parties served Wall Street faithfully, Patterson opened a devastating attack on Morris Hillquit and the Socialist Party. "If you think that the election of Hillquit will help the workers," Patterson said, "then look at Vienna, a city ruled by the Socialist Party, and put forward by it as a model worker city, where thousands of unemployed workers are starving, are homeless and driven by the Socialist Party into a state of beggary and complete demoralization."

"In the name of my Party, the Communist Party," Patterson declared, "I demand that there be no economies at the expense of the workers. Economies, yes! But at the expense of the rich. I demand adequate relief for the 1,150,000 unemployed, free clothing and hot lunches for school children. Let the city tax the banks, the corporations and the big property-holders to get money for running the city and for relieving the jobless workers. The Communist Party demands exemption of small property-holders from taxes, exemption from paying rent by unemployed workers, no evictions and no discrimination against Negro workers in getting jobs and relief. Let the bankers who are willing that the United States declare a moratorium on the debts owed by foreign capitalist governments to America be forced to accept a moratorium on the debts New York City owes them. The audience applauded vigorously these demands.

Turn in Today District School Applications

Registration for the District Training School in New York will begin in the next few weeks, but all applications must be sent in to the District office not later than this afternoon. Yesterday was supposed to be the last day, and the time for sending in applications will not be extended later than this afternoon.

GOLD TALKS TONIGHT

Ben Gold, Secretary of the general executive board of the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union, will speak tonight, 8 p. m. at a mass farewell meeting at Webster Hall for I. L. D. delegates to the 5th World Congress of the International Red Aid. Carl Hacker, National Organizer of the I. L. D. will also speak.

FRUIT JARS WANTED

A group of unemployed workers, collecting vegetables and fruit for the hungry, urges all workers to contribute jars for preserving the food. The jars can be delivered at 154 West 20th St. or word can be left there and the workers will call for the jars.

NO WORK; KILLS SELF

Sam Hapern, 36, a jewelry salesman of 694 E. 141st St., unemployed through the strike of 4,000 shoe workers, killed himself when laid off the day after he found a job.

BRONX BOOKSHOP TO OPEN

The Bronx Workers' Bookshop will open Nov. 2 at 1457 Wilkins Ave. with a complete line of revolutionary literature.

BRONX CLUB TO HEAR CANDIDATES

Communist candidates will address the Bronx Workers' Club, 1610 Boston Road, at a ratification meeting at 8 p. m. tomorrow night.

PASSPORT FOUND

Pesla Markovna Okna may find her lost passport by inquiring at the Novy Mir, 35 East 12th Street.

BUNDLE ORDERS FOR SPECIAL 15th SOVIET ANNIVERSARY EDITION MUST REACH THE DAILY WORKER BY NOVEMBER FIRST!

WIN PROMISE TO FEED CHILDREN

Workers Make School Board Yield

NEW YORK.—Demonstrations by the 13th St. Block Committee under the leadership of Rubin Shulman, Communist candidate in the 6th Assembly District, forced the Board of Education of New York City to announce the installation of a free lunch service for workers' children in Public School 61, Manhattan, it was announced today by D. Karr, Secretary of the Block Committee.

Demonstrate to Stop Injunction

Shoe workers are urged by the Shoe and Leather Workers Industrial Union to demonstrate today at the Kings County Supreme Court at 10 a. m. when an injunction against the strikers of the Diana shoe company will be heard. A large turnout on the picket line at the shop also is necessary, the union said.

ALL OUT AGAINST FASCISM, OCT. 29th

To Score Murder of Italian Class Prisoners

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.—A demonstration against fascist terror which is murdering hundreds of workers in Italy, and assisting in the deportation of hundreds of Italian workers from the United States, will be held before the Italian Consulate here on Saturday, October 29, at 1:30 p. m. under the leadership of the International Labor Defense and the United Front Committee for the Liberation of all Italian Political Prisoners.

All workers are called on in a joint appeal of the two organizations to rally for this demonstration, at Lexington Avenue and East 70th Street. Leaflets demanding the release of the Italian political prisoners have been distributed all over the city. The call to the demonstration, printed in this leaflet reads in part:

"The Italian consulate in New York is an espionage bureau which is the cooperation of the strike-breaking Department of Labor seeks the deportation of all militant Italian workers fighting against the dictatorship of capital in Italy and in this country. Thunders your protest against the persecution and deportation of all foreign born workers. Demand the right of asylum for all anti-fascist refugees. Protest against the activity of the Italian consulate designated to provide fascist terror with new victims!"

DISEASE INCREASE

Diphtheria, scarlet fever, measles, pneumonia and influenza increased last week over their record the previous week, the N. Y. Health Commissioner announced today. Deaths from all causes also showed a higher rate. These records are parallel with growing unemployment, more hunger and generally worsening conditions for the workers under capitalism.

Garment District

Garment Section Workers Patronize

Navarra Cafeteria

333 7th AVENUE
Corner 25th St.

COHEN'S

Eyes Examined by Registered Optometrist in Attendance
117 ORCHARD STREET
(First door off Delancey)
Hospital Prescriptions Filled

Intern'l Workers Order DENTAL DEPARTMENT

80 FIFTH AVENUE
15th FLOOR
All Work Done Under Personal Care of DR. JOSEPHSON

Classified

LARGE COMFORTABLE ROOM—All improvements; one or two. Reasonable. Goffen, 317 East 13th St., near 2nd Ave.

Bronx

MEET YOUR COMRADES AT THE
Cooperative Dining Club
ALLERTON AVENUE
Cor. Bronx Park East
Pure Foods Proletarian Prices

GET YOUR RESERVED SEAT NOW!

Speakers:
WM. Z. FOSTER
COMMUNIST CANDIDATE FOR PRESIDENT
I. AMTER
CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR
H. SHEPPARD
CANDIDATE FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR
Pageant of the Successful Completion of First Five-Year Plan
WORKERS CHORUS OF 500
W. I. R. BAND
Admission with this coupon 35 cents. At the door 40 cents. Unemployed admitted with free tickets issued by the Unemployed Councils.—ONLY 1,500 SEATS AT \$1.00 TO BE PURCHASED AT 50 EAST 13TH STREET.

Student Liberal Clubs' Vote Shows Swing to Reps

ITHACA, N. Y.—An almost equal division between the support for Norman Thomas and the Socialist Party, and for William Z. Foster and the Communist Party, was shown in the second regional conference of New York State Liberal Clubs composed of students in 12 universities. The conference took place Sunday, Oct. 23, at Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y.

A special session was devoted to "The Student and the Elections." The position for the Republican Party was presented by A. W. Feinberg, for the Democratic Party by John MacDonald, both graduates of Cornell Law School; for the Socialist Party by Paul Blanchard, and for the Communist Party by Earl Browder. After a 20-minute presentation for all workers, as is shown by the assembled delegates and spectators, a straw vote was taken. Among the delegates of the Student Liberal Clubs the vote was as follows:

Norman Thomas, 41 votes; William Z. Foster, 38 votes; Roosevelt, 6 votes; Hoover, 4 votes.
The vote, including the local guests many non-students, was:
Thomas, 92 votes; Foster, 67 votes; Roosevelt, 15 votes; Hoover, 12 votes.
The Liberal Clubs have hitherto been passive in political questions and as their name indicates, have not considered themselves even radicals.

SHOE WORKERS TO MEET

The Shoe and Leather Workers Industrial Union will hold a mass meeting at 7 p. m. tonight in Irving Plaza Hall, Irving Place and 15th Street, to mobilize against further wage cuts, against attacks on their union by Secretary of Labor Doak and the Manufacturers Board of Trade, and against the injunction menace in the shoe industry.

I. Amter, Communist Candidate for Governor of New York, will be one of a symposium of speakers, presenting the different political party platforms.

ANNOUNCEMENT
DR. LOUIS L. SCHWARTZ
SURGEON DENTIST
The removal of his office to larger quarters at
1 Union Square (8th Floor)
Suite 803 Tel. ALgonquin 4-9865

DR. JULIUS LITVINSKY
107 Bristol Street
(Bet. Pitkin & Sutter Aves.) Bklyn
PHONE: DICKENS 2-312
Office Hours: 8-10 A.M. 1-2, 6-8 P.M.

AMEO B'WAY
17th AVENUE
"GOONA-GOONA"
WATCH FOR SOVIET
10TH ANNIVERSARY FILM

WASHINGTON MERRY-GO-ROUND
in fact — contract comedy
Daily to 7 P. M. — 11 P. M. on Sat. & Sun.

WAYFAIR B'WAY
17th AVENUE
"WASHINGTON MERRY-GO-ROUND"
Daily to 7 P. M. — 11 P. M. on Sat. & Sun.

THE LAST INSULT
A Sequel to "ROAD TO LIFE"
"The picture is rich in detail... Splendid action by the youth of the Soviet Union."—DAILY WORKER.
"The Soviet producers have sent over a worthy companion film to 'The Road to Life'..."—N. Y. TIMES

AMERICAN PREMIERE—Now Playing
The Cultural Revolution in the U.S.S.R.

THE WORKERS' ACME THEATRE
14th Street and Union Square

JEFFERSON 14th Street
and 3rd Ave.
Wednesday to Friday—2 Features
"ISLE OF PARADISE"
Romance of Island of Hell
"THE CROOKED CIRCLE"
with Ben Lyon and Irene Parcell

ATTENTION COMRADES!
OPEN SUNDAYS
Health Center Cafeteria
Workers Center — 50 E. 13th St.
Quality Food Reasonable Prices

LIDO DELL' EAST
Italian Restaurant
325 EAST 11TH STREET
New York City
COMRADELY ATMOSPHERE

SOL'S SANDWICH LUNCH
103 University Place
(Just Around the Corner)
Telephone Tompkins Square 6-9280-9281

TUUL CALLS FOR BIG NOV. 6 RALLY

Special Sections for Workers' Groups

A call was issued today by the Trade Union Unity Council, urging all workers in New York City and surrounding territory to hurl a defiant challenge to the capitalist class of America by filling Madison Square Garden, 50th St. and Eighth Ave., on Sunday, Nov. 6, at 7 p. m., when the Communist Party will hold its final election rally and celebration of the 15th Anniversary of the Soviet Union.

"The workers must counteract especially the Socialist treachery," the call stated, "by jamming Madison Square Garden on Sunday, Nov. 6, when William Z. Foster, Communist candidate for President, leaving his sick-bed to address the workers, will voice the determination of the workers to put up a vigorous struggle against the Wall Street program for oppressing the workers through their Socialist, Republican and Democratic lackeys."

William L. Patterson, Communist candidate for Mayor of New York City, and Israel Amter, candidate for Governor, will also speak from the platform with Foster.
In addition to the Trade Union Unity Council, other mass organizations, including the International Workers' Order, Women's Councils, the John Reed Club, the Young Pioneers, the Young Communist League and fraternal bodies have issued calls to workers to rally to the Communist Rally in Madison Square Garden.

Special sections in the Garden have been set aside for members of the Workers' Ex-Servicemen's League, of Unemployed Councils, Young Communist League, Young Pioneers and others.
A Workers' Chorus of 500 will sing revolutionary songs, and a mass pageant will be staged by the Workers' League Theatre.

Fifteen hundred seats have been reserved at \$1 each and can be secured on the fifth floor, 50 E. 13th St. General admission is priced at 40 cents.

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103 University Place
(Just Around the Corner)
Telephone Tompkins Square 6-9280-9281

THE GROUP THEATRE presents
SUCCESSORY
BY JOHN HOWARD LAWSON
Maxine Elliott's Theatre, 39th E. of B'way
Evs. 8:30 Matinee Wed. & Sat. at 2:30

COUNSELOR-AT-LAW
WITH
PAUL MUNI ELMER RICE
PLYMOUTH THEATRE, W. 45th St. 4-4729
Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30

BUNDLE ORDERS FOR SPECIAL 15th SOVIET ANNIVERSARY EDITION MUST REACH THE DAILY WORKER BY NOVEMBER FIRST!

GET YOUR RESERVED SEAT NOW! Speakers:
WM. Z. FOSTER
COMMUNIST CANDIDATE FOR PRESIDENT
I. AMTER
CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR
H. SHEPPARD
CANDIDATE FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR
Pageant of the Successful Completion of First Five-Year Plan
WORKERS CHORUS OF 500
W. I. R. BAND
Admission with this coupon 35 cents. At the door 40 cents. Unemployed admitted with free tickets issued by the Unemployed Councils.—ONLY 1,500 SEATS AT \$1.00 TO BE PURCHASED AT 50 EAST 13TH STREET.

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International Notes

By GEORGE BELL

ANOTHER COMMUNIST ELECTION GAIN IN GERMANY

SONNEBERG. (By Mail).—Municipal elections took place in the nearby town of Koenigsdorf on Sunday, Oct. 2. The Communists are now the biggest party in the Town Council, with 5 Councilmen. While the Socialists dropped from 3 to 2. The Nazis have 3 and the combined bourgeois block has only 1. The Communists captured 40 per cent of the total vote, while the Nazi vote was half what it was in the recent Reichstag elections. These municipal elections foreshadow the results of the coming Reichstag election on Nov. 6—huge losses for the Nazis and Social Democrats and big gains for the German Communist Party.

EMILE ZOLA MEETING SUPPRESSED

BERLIN.—The Berlin local group of the thoroughly bourgeois German Authors' Association, scheduled a public meeting on "Emile Zola and His Relation to the Present Day." Among the speakers announced were Heinrich Mann, German novelist, and Karl A. Wittfogel. The police prohibited the meeting on the ground that it was a political meeting. (1) Another instance of cultural decay in Fascist Papen-Germany.

BRITISH HUNGER MARCH

LONDON.—Hunger marchers are converging upon London from all over England, Scotland, and Wales. The Newcastle and Tyneside marchers in passing through Durham County sold over 400 copies of the London "Daily Worker" and 200 copies of the "Unemployed Special," while \$45 was collected by the bystanders. The marching contingent from the River Tees met the Newcastle group at Darlington. The Scottish marchers are covering a stretch of more than 400 miles on foot. They are being greeted with enthusiasm all through Scotland.

CONFISCATE MACHINERY OF COMMUNIST DAILY

BERLIN.—The Attorney-General of Germany ordered the confiscation of all the printing machinery of the Bremen "Arbeit-Zeitung," Communist daily, thus preventing its publication. This was done without even seeking to prohibit the paper. First Magdeburg, and now Bremen, Fascist Germany is endeavoring to stifle the voice of the Communist Party by wholesale confiscation of all Communist printing plants throughout the country. The printing works were under Communist leadership, the coming Reichstag election, and the growth of the united front over Germany will be the proletarian answer to these terroristic measures.

GERMAN COURT UPHOLDS PAPAN "Socialists Did Use State to Fight Communists"

(Cable by Inprecors) BERLIN, Oct. 25.—The Supreme Court today announced its verdict on the petition of the Prussian Government to the Reichstag to oust von Papan as Justice on July 20 when a Federal Commissioner was appointed to take over the state power.

The verdict of the Supreme Court holds that the July 20 decree depriving the Prussian government of the right to exercise power was in accordance with the Constitution; but maintaining that the complete dismissal of the government had no constitutional justification. Practically the judgment of the Supreme Court represents a compromise conciliating the socialist ministers of the deposed government with the shadow of offices while the Federal Commissioner Bracht continues to hold complete administrative power. The deposed Prussian government is allowed to sit in the state parliament and appoint representatives to the Prussian Council.

The Supreme Court further declares in its judgment that the change that the socialist ministers failed while in power to make full use of the state against the communists, is without basis.

The political significance of the verdict is that it clearly shows the unwillingness of the bourgeoisie to abandon the socialist weapon in the struggle to maintain capitalism.

Immediately after the coup which ousted the socialist ministers and deposed them of state power, the Supreme Court refused to grant an injunction forbidding Von Papan from leaving the Federal Commissioner appointed by him until the petition of the deposed ministers had been heard. The court, however, decreed that the socialist ministers were entitled to appeal against Von Papan's putsch.

Japan Plans New Huge War Fund; Sets Up Jehol War Base

Japanese government officials yesterday discussed plans for new huge war appropriations for use against the Manchurian masses. The discussion took place at the home of Japanese War Minister Sadao Araki, one of the leaders of the Japanese fascist movement. The Japanese military aim to establish a principal Japanese military base near the borders of Jehol Province and North China and to also increase the strategic disposition of Japanese forces for a swift invasion of the Soviet Far East. Such a strategic disposition of Japanese troops has been under way for several months.

TOWARDS 15th ANNIVERSARY OF RUSSIAN REVOLUTION!

TWO NEW FREIGHT SHIPS TO BE LAUNCHED AT KIEV, SOVIET UNION ON NOVEMBER 7

Ship-Building Workers in Letter from Soviet Union Describe Preparations for 15th Anniversary of Russian Revolution

Worker Correspondents Tell of Forced Labor

Negro Workers in Garner's State Kidnapped Into Slavery

(By a Worker Correspondent) KANSAS CITY, Mo.—The following excerpt from a letter from a comrade in Dallas, Tex., the State of "Black Jack" Garner, will give you an idea of how the Democratic nominee for vice-president treats the workers: "On Monday last (in September) I went to see K. and he told me I had come just too late to see the show. His shop is on Central Ave. where most unemployed Negro workers hang around. Two policemen came and asked of the crowd who was working and who was not. They separated them and the ones who were not working they took to jail. "At the jail the farmers came up and paid \$5 fine for each Negro and took them to work for him. One of the Negroes came to K. and asked him to tell the police he worked for him as if he did not want to work on a farm for nothing."

This is the fare that the Democratic city government of Dallas, which nearly lynched two white organizers in 1931, has for the Negro and white workers in 1932. Can Mr. Garner explain why it is that he can pose as a friend of labor when these autocracies are being committed in his own state against the rights of the workers for the benefit of the rich plantation owners and landlords?

FORCED LABOR IN KANSAS CITY

(By a Kansas City Worker) KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Unemployed men in Kansas City this winter will be expected to "earn" the groceries given them by the city according to W. Rickert Fillmore, general chairman of the charities campaign. Part time work on the project by the unemployed, to expand the zoo in Swope Park, will save the Zoological Society the hiring of 2,500 to 3,000 men, and payment will be made only in groceries. Mayor Brace lets the cat out of the bag in an official statement, in which he says: "Thus if the projects carried out under this exchange plan would have cost \$50,000 in labor, that money will be saved, and it can be used for some other development at the zoo."

Killed in Chicago Flop House

CHICAGO, Oct. 16 a report came to the Unemployed Council, Branch C-1, that someone got knocked off from a window at the flop house at 216 Greene St., and died at the Cook County Hospital the next day. A committee from Branch C-1, was sent to investigate and no one could give any information as to who did it. The committee then went to the Cook County Hospital to find out the dead man's name and how it happened, but the man in charge of the county morgue didn't know. He he pulled out every dead man (just think of 60 stiff lying in the county morgue). "Pick out your man."

Negro Child Labor on Slave Farms

UNDER A BROILING SUN—This Negro boy, hilling tomatoes with a mule and shovel-plow in Florence, S. C., is one of the thousands of Negro children who, together with their parents, are little better than slaves of the white plantation owners. In his sensational book, "Georgia Nigger," John L. Spivak exposes the inhuman conditions on slave plantations and chain gangs in the South.

Four Writers Hit Conditions Revealed in "Georgia Nigger"

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE) of the Communist election platform, can put an end to such conditions. Lovett's statement declares, in part: "In 'Georgia Nigger,' Mr. Spivak has written an appalling indictment of the system of peonage by which the Negroes of the South are exploited. Conditions are worse than under chattel slavery, for whereas a slave was worth \$1,000 and had to be kept in good condition, a peon can be bought for a few dollars advance against wages and worked and tortured to death. The account of the sufferings of his imaginary hero, Mr. Spivak, supports by photographs of instruments of torture and reproductions of signed documents.

"Huge Profits from Chain Gang" "The state of Georgia is directly responsible for this condition. Its officers of justice recruit labor for the planters by arresting Negroes on false charges. The operation of the chain gang netted the state a profit of \$3,269,098.70 in four years. "The United States is also responsible. The federal government freed the slaves and passed constitutional amendments for their protection, but the Supreme Court has shown great reluctance to apply these amendments for the purpose for which they were passed."

CALL FOR FIGHT AGAINST NEW WAR

Inquire About Lot of U.S. Shipyard Workers

The shipbuilding workers of Kiev, in the Soviet Union, are preparing to celebrate with the other workers and peasants the 15th anniversary of the triumphant October Revolution. In the following letter they tell how they plan to launch two new freight ships on this anniversary which, in their own words, stands on the boundary between the first and second Five-Year Plan of socialist construction. For the purpose of cementing a strong bond of solidarity between the workers of the Soviet Union and those of capitalist countries, the shipbuilding workers of Kiev call upon their foreign class brothers to enter into a regular exchange of letters with them.

Dear Comrades: We workers of the shipbuilding works, send you our bolshievt greetings. In connection with the anniversary of October Revolution we would gladly organize a regular exchange of letters with you. We know very well in what miserable conditions you are working, we know your wages have been several times reduced. The cause of it is that the state power in your country lays in the hands of capitalist and their lackeys. These elements would gladly if they only could do it, oppress the whole workers movement and destroy the Soviet Union—the fatherland of the world proletariat and the cradle of the world revolution.

Describe New Life The 15th anniversary of October Revolution will be marked with the starting of many new giant factories and works. Our shipbuilding works in Kiev will start two new freight ships: "Thalman" and "Litvinov." Now we are preparing ourselves to the winter ship-repairing campaign. For the purpose of organizing exemplary working process we decided to carry out the general inspection of all the sections and guilds of our works. In comparison with the pre-revolutionary time our mode of life has completely changed. We can now send our children to the children-garden and public nurseries. While in the capitalist countries the workers' meetings and demonstrations are forbidden, we are preparing freely and joyfully for the celebration of the 15th anniversary of October Revolution. We are decorating our club and preparing presents for the children. Several foreign workers and specialists will be distinguished at this day with the Order of Red Banner for the heroic participation in the socialist construction work.

Call for Struggle Against Boss War Dear comrades, the 15th anniversary of October Revolution is an historic day, because it stands on the boundary between the first and second Five Year Plan of our socialist construction work. We call also on you, our foreign brothers in class, to close your ranks around the Communist Party and to demonstrate at this day your solidarity with our cause. Protest against the preparation of armed intervention in the Soviet Russia. Carry together with your wives and children an organized struggle against the munition transport, which is intended against your own brothers the foreign countries. Strengthen the defense of Soviet Union and prevent the capitalists from killing the Chinese workers and peasants.

Long live the world October Our strength consists in our unity. The workers of the shipbuilding works of the name of Stalin in Kiev. Moscow, Tverskai 3 "Vodny Transport" U. S. S. R.

Workers' Sports Club

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—The Spartacus Workers' Athletic Club is being organized in Kensington to spread the workers' sports movement and thus counteract the influence of the bosses' athletic organizations. All workers interested are requested to apply to William Carson, 2901 N. Orkney St., Philadelphia.

Those Who Keep Quiet Also Responsible

"Have we all become afraid of the officials and the custom behind the officials, that inflict such tortures in this country, that we can only stop our eyes and our ears, and go about our business as the people formerly did—frightened like sheep—under the ancient tyrants? "Does anyone who is brave enough in America to call torture by its true name run a serious risk? Have we reached such a point that upon certain subjects it is safe to keep our mouths shut? "Well, at any rate, the author of 'Georgia Nigger' has refused to keep his mouth shut—and I for one most heartily commend his courage. He has at any rate recognized that we also are responsible to look on and say nothing while these systematic abominations are allowed to proceed."

Internal War In Brazil



These Federal troops of Brazil were used by their capitalist masters to defeat the rebellion of the coffee states which had lasted three months. They were snapped as they left Rio de Janeiro. (F. P. Pictures).

U. S. SENDS WAR SHIP TO COLOMBIA

NEW YORK.—The American steamship "Bridgeport," sold to the Colombian Government and refitted as a war vessel with the consent of the Wall Street government for service in the developing war situation between Colombia and Peru, is reported ready to sail for South America. The vessel has been refitted with gun turrets and several three-inch guns at the dry dock of Tietjen & Lang, in Hoboken. It is to be manned by an American captain and crew for its trip up the Amazon River to Puerto Colombia, where it will be taken over formally by the Colombian Government.

All details of the operations have been refused at the Hoboken yard, and at the offices of the Colombian Consul and the former owners of the vessels. As in the case of the huge shipments by the U. S. imperialists of war supplies to the warring South American governments and Japan, the whole affair is shrouded in a veil of secrecy. These shipments of munitions and the sale to Colombia of the "Bridgeport" expose all the hypocritical peace pretenses of the Wall Street Government.

TUUL ENDORSES HUNGER MARCH

Foster Calls Workers to Back Demands

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

on the workers organized within the American Federation of Labor, upon the unorganized masses of unemployed and employed workers to rally to the support of the Unemployed Councils in the organization of this movement to demand relief for the starving unemployed, and the passage by Congress of the Workers Unemployment Insurance Bill.

"Throughout the country the local and state governments are cutting down and restricting the meagre relief that was given up until now. Instead of increasing the amount of relief as the masses grow more poverty-stricken, instead of taking care of the millions that are in need, the local governments are everywhere cutting unemployed off the relief lists, cutting down on the baskets, taking the milk away from the children. Everywhere this is being done in the name of economy in order to satisfy the bankers who are in control of the governments. This whole policy of the local governments is in line with the policy of the federal government, everything for the rich and nothing for the poor.

"But the workers have already shown in a number of instances that through their organized pressure they can compel the bosses to give relief. The best instance was the successful struggle of the Negro and white unemployed of St. Louis who through a continuous fight lasting three weeks in which they did not retreat even in the face of the bloody attack made upon the unemployed. There the government which had cut off 13,000 families from the relief lists on the ground of 'no funds' was compelled to place the workers back on the relief lists and 'find' the funds. Not for a moment must the unemployed accept the lying pleas of the local governments."

"St. Louis shows the road to secure local relief everywhere in all communities. "But the local relief must be supplemented by immediate federal aid to the unemployed. Also the workers must fight for the adoption of a genuine system of unemployment insurance. Now in the fourth year of the crisis which is still sharpening it is quite clear that unemployment is no temporary affair. Already more than 15 million are unemployed with many millions on part time. Adequate relief must be provided. A system of unemployment insurance must be provided. The masses of toilers can not bear the whole burden of the crisis. We must place the burden where it belongs upon the shoulders of the capitalists and their governments. Hoover Hunger Policy "The policy of the Hoover government is one of handing over billions in subsidies and loans to the bankers, the rich but not a cent of relief to the unemployed. The masses must fight against this hunger policy of the Hoover government. Roosevelt Gives Nothing "That the workers can expect nothing from Roosevelt if elected,

PREPARING NATIONAL HUNGER MARCH

WORKERS RELIEF GIVES PLANS FOR SUPPORTING NAT'L HUNGER MARCH

In Every Locality W. I. R. Committees Unite With Jobless Councils on Preparations

Special Tag Days Start West of Chicago On Nov. 12; United Front Committees Formed

The Workers International Relief is throwing its whole nation-wide organization into the task of supporting, feeding and housing the 3,000 National Hunger Marchers on the way to Washington. A set of directions issued by the WIR national office here states: "The Hunger March campaign should be conducted jointly in each city by the W. I. R. and the Unemployed Council." Leading committees of each organization in every city and district should work out jointly the local tasks in rallying mass support of the march, and caring for the marchers as they go through.

United Front Committee. There is to be a broad united front committee in each center with representation of W. I. R., Unemployed Councils, union locals, fraternal organizations, etc., and sub-committees on finances, food and clothing, transportation, and one on publicity, agitation and propaganda. Even before this committee meets and the sub-committees are formed, leading committees of the two organizations should meet and arrange for a bank account for finances, with two signatures required to draw out funds, and collection of funds, to be used only when the march begins.

Tag Days. Important in the collection of funds is arrangement of tag days. Cities west of Chicago should have tag days Nov. 12 and 13. Chicago and cities east should hold tag days Nov. 19 and 20. Farewell affairs should be arranged with admission in the large cities 25 cents at the door and 15 cents in advance and with blocks of tickets taken by organizations and sold far in advance of the affair.

Liberal Committee. A special Liberal Committee should be organized to visit individuals for donations, and to sponsor a Hunger Banquet. The John Reed Club, Na-

Jobless Seamen Place Demand For Relief at Gov't Bureaus

Find Philippines Commissioner a Perfect Traitor to the Filipino Workers

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 26.—The committee of ten seamen elected at mass meetings in Atlantic coast ports and speaking in the name of 80,000 jobless seamen placed their demands yesterday for \$1 a day jobless relief, not only at the White House, but at various other government departments affected by the jobless seamen's demands.

One of their demands was for use of the laid up ships for residences for unemployed seamen. This they called particularly to the attention of the U. S. Shipping Board, at its offices in the Navy building. They also went to the head of the Marine Hospital service, emphasizing particularly their demand that seamen, irrespective of how long they have been out of work, shall get medical care and treatment from the Marine Hospitals.

Will Be in Hunger March Their reception at these offices was about like that at the White House. They were given a pretense of welcome and handshaking by high officials, but not quite the highest, and a promise to "consider the demands." In each case they plainly warned the officials they would be back thousands strong in December with the National Hunger Marchers, and would insist on an answer.

In the House of Representatives Office Building the Jobless Seamen's delegation walked in on Pedro Guevara, one of the two Philippine Insular Resident Commissioners, a resident commissioner is a kind of unofficial representative of some portion of the American Empire, entitled to speak in the House of Representatives but not to vote there. Renegade Revolutionist Guevara was once a nationalist revolutionist, in Aguinaldo's days, but after that was bribed by a job in the Philippine constabulary, hunting

SEND YOUR PROLETARIAN GREETINGS through the Daily Worker to the 15th SOVIET ANNIVERSARY

Greet the Workers of the Soviet Union!

Form for sending greetings to the Soviet Union. It includes a header with the date and purpose, a table for recording names, addresses, and amounts, and a footer with contact information for the Daily Worker.

Daily Worker
Central Organ of the Communist Party U.S.A.

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Debs and the Russian Revolution

By ALEXANDER TRACHTENBERG

IN Debs the Russian Revolution found an immediate and sympathetic response. It must be noted, however, that although he considered the October Revolution "the greatest in point of historic significance and far-reaching influence in the annals of the race," he did not grasp its full meaning to the world revolutionary movement of workers. Debs sensed the difference between the compromising Mensheviks who supported Kerensky and all he stood for and the indomitable Bolsheviks, who forged ahead toward the proletarian revolution.

In addressing himself to the Russian Bolsheviks on the First Anniversary of the November Revolution in 1918 he wrote: "The achieved glory of your revolutionary triumph is that you have preserved inviolate the fundamental principles of International Socialism and refused to compromise. It will be to your everlasting honor that you would rather have seen the Revolution perish and the Soviet with it than to prostitute either one by betraying the worker to alleged progressive reforms, which would mean to them an extension of their servitude under a fresh aggregation of exploiters and parasites." When the name Bolshevik was spoken with derision among his party friends, Debs declared publicly: "I am a Bolshevik from the crown of my head to the tips of my toes." To the jury he defiantly declared: "I have been accused of expressing sympathy with the Bolsheviks of Russia. I plead guilty to the charge."

NOT CLEAR ON SEVERAL BASIC QUESTIONS

Debs was not clear on proletarian dictatorship as he was not clear on several fundamental problems, especially on the concept of the state as taught by Marx and Lenin. He spoke about the "unfortunate phrase" and stated that "dictatorship is a necessary evil." But he immediately explained that "there is no autocracy in the rule of the masses." The experienced revolutionist in him, even if only by instinct, led him also to the conclusion that "during the transition period the revolution must protect itself." To those of the Socialist leaders who were "for" the Russian Revolution, but "did not like certain features of it," Debs openly declared, in speaking to the S. P. committee which came to Atlanta Penitentiary to notify him of his nomination for the presidency in 1920: "I heartily support the Russian Revolution without reservations."

The S. P. has indeed very serious reservations regarding the Russian Revolution. Speaking at a public S. P. function under the auspices of its central organ, Morris Hillquit declared for his party that the establishment of the Soviet Government was the greatest calamity for the workers of the world. To be sure, the establishment, fifteen years ago of workers' and peasants' Soviets which gave the factories to the workers and the land to the peasants was the greatest calamity to the capitalists and land-owners and their henchmen in the labor movement. The Socialist Party in the United States and its brother parties of the Second International, translate their reservations into open conspiracies with the tsarist empires and the imperialist power to overthrow the first workers' republic—the Soviet sixth of the earth's surface.

In 1920, when the remaining Left Wing elements were leaving the Socialist Party to aid in building a mass Communist Party, the S. P. leaders were still trying to appear "left" before these elements in the party. Hillquit even served as legal advisor of the official Soviet Bureau headed by Ludwig Martens. At that time (Sept. 22, 1920), he hypocritically declared: "My sympathies are wholly with the government of the Russian workers and peasants." (Ten years later, Hillquit agreed to serve as legal advisor of the Russian White Guard interests, who were suing in American courts for restitution of oil properties nationalized by the Soviet Government. Hillquit is a lawyer, and, as he explained, it was only a "business transaction," for does not the S. P. stand for Russian recognition?)

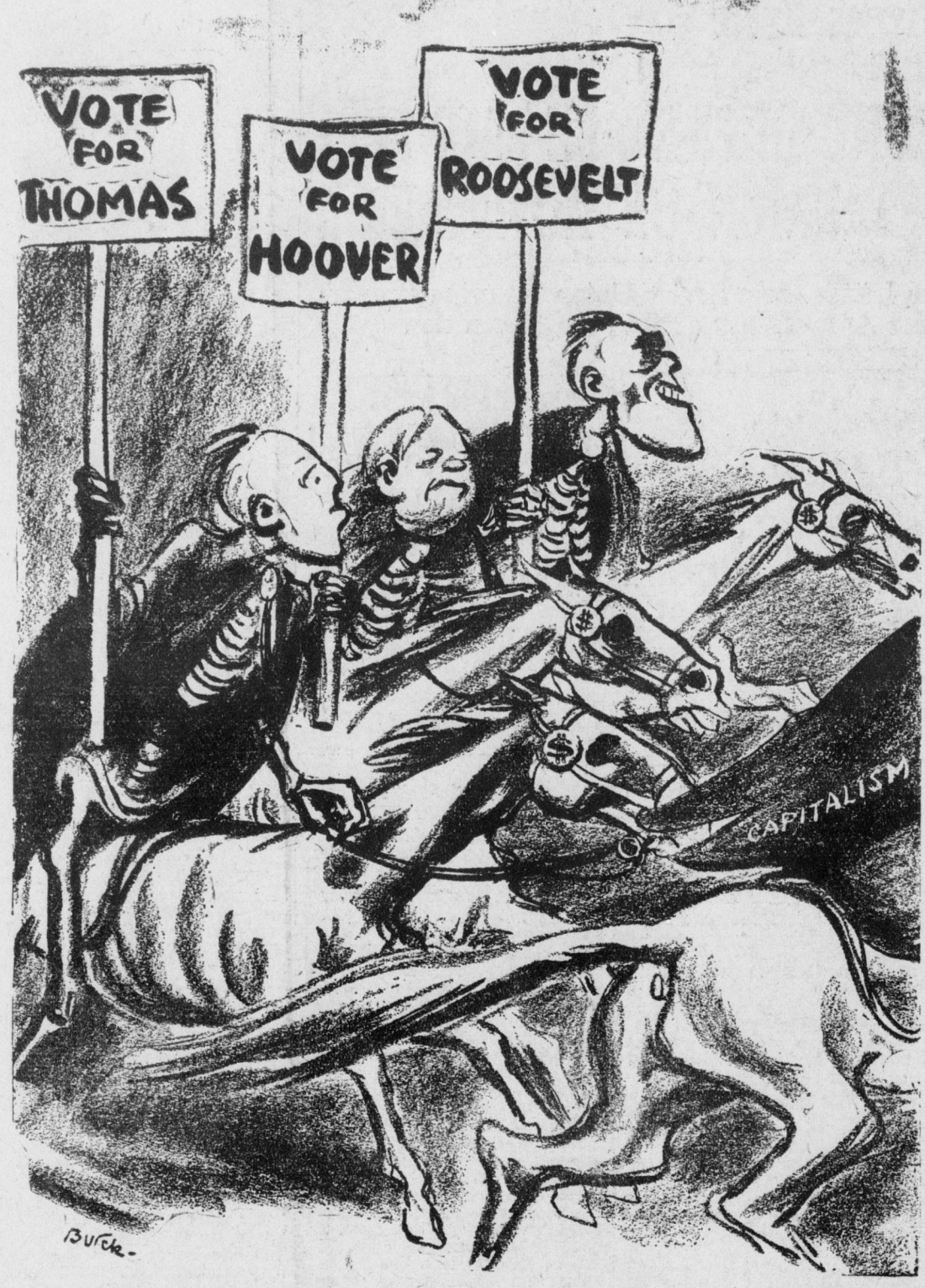
TRY TO COVER UP ANTI-SOVIET ACTIVITY

The workers must know that the "demand" for Russian recognition by the S. P. is merely to cover up its participation in the international counter-revolutionary bloc against the Workers' Republic. Norman Thomas speaks of his "friendly" attitude toward the Russian experiment (!) The "New Leader," official S. P. organ, of which Thomas is one of the editors, wrote as follows on January 25, 1930:

"The Russian underground work of today is full of heroic sacrifices; the active underground Russian Socialists are today the real martyrs. Here in the United States Comrade Abanovitch is the ambassador of this heroic task." This is the kind of friendly attitude the S. P. has for the Soviet Union—by supporting Menshevik leaders who organize against the Soviet Government, together with tsarist counter-revolutionary generals and other empires.

The workers of the world and the oppressed colonial peoples who draw inspiration for their struggles against capitalism and imperialism from the stupendous achievements of the Soviet Government under the leadership of the Communist Party, know the true role of the Socialist party and their counter-revolutionary utterances.

THE FOUR HORSEMEN



Wall Street Loans Behind the War in Colombia and Bolivia

J. P. Morgan and Rockefeller Prime Movers; Communist Party Election Program Fights Imperialist War Drive

By ROBERT DUNN

WALL STREET interest in the wars over "disputed areas" in South America is directly connected with American investment in the countries involved. Let us consider Colombia and Bolivia as examples of countries in which large Yankee interests are at stake.

Colombia: The president of Colombia, a law which enables big American oil companies to enjoy full the loot they had staked out for themselves in earlier years through the famous Barco Concession.

OIL COMPANIES INVOLVED

The oil companies involved in this historic concession are the South American Gulf Oil Co., a Mellon company, and the Carb Syndicate controlled by J. P. Morgan & Co. These companies in their sharp fight with the British companies—Royal Dutch Shell and Anglo-Persian—were compelled to resort to the usual imperialist methods of bribery and overpowering economic pressure. The way they did it in this case was to have Secretary Stimson at the U. S. State Department bring pressure to bear upon the National City Bank of New York to speed up the granting of a short term credit to the Colombian government.

When the Colombian Congress had validated the concession, June 19, 1931, ten days later \$4,000,000 was paid over by the New York bankers at the behest of the State Department. Thus the State Department obligingly performed a service for the Mellon-Morgan oil company which clinched the claim of these companies to 500,000 acres of the richest oil land in the world.

There are dozens of other U. S. oil companies operating in Colombia, but this is the major oil investment, and the one involving the most political implications.

In addition to this major investment in oil, Wall Street has dug its way into the riches of Colombia in other ways. Up to the beginning of the world economic crisis, over \$200,000,000 had been invested in foreign bonds of the central government, of the Agricultural Mortgage Bank and of the various departments and municipalities. Together with the direct investment in mining and industry this brings a total Yankee investment in the country of over \$300,000,000.

Other direct investments in the industries of the country, other than those in government bonds, are to be found in minerals (the South American Gold & Platinum Co.—Levisohn interests—Colombia International Corp., Colombia Emerald Development Corp. and others), in fruits (United Fruit Co.

and Atlantic Fruit Co.) and public utilities (West Indies and Colombia Electric Co. and American and Foreign Power Co.) in addition to coffee and sugar interests.

It was on behalf of the United Fruit Company's investment in Colombia that Colombian troops killed at least 1,000 workers and wounded 3,000 in the strike on the banana plantations of Santa Marta in 1928. Similar strike-breaking services were performed by the Colombian government for the Tropical Oil Co. in 1927.

THE BANKERS CLAIM IN BOLIVIA

Bolivia: The chief American investments in Bolivia, which total at least \$120,000,000, center around minerals such as tin, lead, copper, silver and oil. The chief American companies involved in the exploitation of the country are the Standard Oil Co. of New Jersey which has a concession for the exploitation of 7,500,000 acres of oil land, near the border of Paraguay, the National Lead Co., which controls about 80 per cent of the tin production of the country, which ranks second only to the Straits Settlements in the production of tin.

There is also a Guggenheim-controlled tin company with a capital of \$40,000,000, the International Mining Co., organized by W. R. Grace & Co., and several other Yankee mining investments. Light, power and construction companies also have large interests in the country.

BOLIVIA A U. S. COLONY

Bolivia has been practically a colony of the United States ever

since 1922 when a loan for \$29,000,000 was put through by the Equitable Trust Co., a Rockefeller bank heading a syndicate of bankers. Under the terms of this loan the U. S. government has mortgaged on the chief taxes and income-bearing wealth of the nation. U. S. bankers dictate the raising and expenditure of Bolivian revenues. Since that time oil has become increasingly important and it is for this oil that the blood of Bolivian and Paraguayan workers is now being shed again.

The very close relations of the bankers' loans and the preparations for war comes out in the facts surrounding the \$23,000,000 loan of 1928 floated by Dillon, Reed & Co., Wall Street bankers. Over \$5,000,000 of this loan was used to pay Vickers Ltd., the leading British arms manufacturer. Another \$1,500,000 went for the building of military roads near the border of Paraguay in preparation for the Chaco war now in progress, which is fought in reality to advance the interests of the American oil companies in their conflict with British oil companies. Bolivia wants to extend her territory down to the Paraguay river to the Paraguayan capital, Asuncion. If this were done the Standard Oil could ship its products out more easily than at present thus making huge gains in "operating economies."

Thus behind the Bolivian war and U. S. State Department aid to Bolivia stands clearly the form of Rockefeller and the Wall Street oil interests.

Questions and Answers

QUESTION

J. S., of Kansas City, wants to know why the Communist Party supports the fight of the veterans for their back pay known as the "bonus," when these very soldiers took part in an imperialist war, and did not follow "radical" teaching to resist the draft in 1914-1918.

J. S. also is afraid the bosses will make the workers and farmers bear the burden of the bonus.

ANSWER

Many workers were driven into the bosses' war of 1914-1918. As long as capitalism exists wars will take place. Revolutionary organizations can only postpone the struggles, but only by overthrowing the capitalist system can wars be done away with. Therefore we cannot hold workers responsible for the fact that they were compelled to enter into a reactionary war. If war breaks out, then of course, workers cannot stand aside. Capitalism will drive workers into war again and it will be necessary for revolutionary class conscious workers not to adopt the position of

"conscientious objectors" but to go in and fight side by side with their fellow-soldiers to turn the war into class war. Many workers in the last war joined the war because they were fooled by the lies that the war was a war for democracy.

When the last war was over, the workers began to see through the lies, and they began to demand that the bosses keep their promises. One promise was to pay them their back wages. The bosses were scared and so they passed a law to pay the back wages, or the "bonus," as they called it, in 1925. This was only a small drop in the vast millions coined by the bosses out of the world slaughter.

Give the bosses were forced to give some of the back pay at once. They still hold on to the big share.

The Communist Party backs the veterans' demand for their pay now, and not in 1945 when many of them will be dead. It fights for it because the veterans, like the rest of the toilers, are hungry and starving. It supports these demands because through struggle for them it can arouse consciousness of the workers and enable them to

How the Socialist Party Helps Bosses Cut Wages

S. P. Leaders in Unions Knife Workers; Vote Communist on November 8!

ON October 7, 1931, the American Federation of Full Fashioned Hosiery Workers, affiliated with the American Federation through the United Textile Workers of America, accepted a wage-cut of from 35 to 50 per cent. The President of this union, Emil Rieve, and other officials are prominent members of the Socialist Party. At its recent national convention the union renewed this wage-slashing agreement with the manufacturers for another year, expiring August 31, 1933. Among those voting for the renewal of this agreement were all the 11 Socialist delegates from Milwaukee. When the cut was first put over, it was hailed in an editorial by the Socialist Milwaukee Leader (October 26, 1931), which said: "... we rejoice with them in their victory for collective bargaining and a voice in their industry."

Milwaukee has a Socialist Mayor, Daniel Hoan, as well as other officials in the administration. The Milwaukee Leader, July 26, 1932, reported that: "After a prolonged fight of several hours, during which numerous amendments were proposed and rejected, Socialist aldermen succeeded in passing their proposal for a 10 per cent wage and salary donation by city employees."

In West Allis, Wisconsin, there is a Socialist Mayor, Baxter, and several other Socialists in the city council. The Socialist Milwaukee Leader, August 31, 1932, reported the following:

"West Allis Common Council approved a general cut in pay by means of voluntary contribu-

tions of 10 per cent for all city employees earning over \$1,000 a year."

NEEDLE TRADES UNIONS

Among the leaders of the needle trades unions are many prominent members of the Socialist Party, notably, David Dubinsky, head of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union. These unions are usually referred to in the trade as "Socialist" unions.

"A general strike in the Montreal cloak industry has just been averted by the signing of a collective agreement between the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union and the Montreal Cloak Manufacturers' Association. The Montreal workers, the union official stated, accepted a 10 per cent reduction in wages." (Women's Wear Daily, January 29, 1932.)

"WAGES in the local (Philadelphia) clothing market will be reduced 10 per cent, beginning Tuesday, July 5, according to a ruling by Judge Horace Stern. "The present reduction in wages follows a reduction of 7 per cent made in 1931. Copies of Judge Stern's ruling were given to Morris Wolf, counsel for the manufacturers, and Charles Weinstein, chairman of the Philadelphia branch of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America." (Daily News Record, June 29, 1932.)

"Our organizations in Chicago, Rochester and Cincinnati have been obliged to take a 10 per cent wage-cut." (Advance, June, 1932, official organ of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers.)

Lamson, Former 'Wobbly,' Is Red Candidate for Congress

Leader of Chicago Unemployed Council Tells Of Hard-Fought Struggles

By MARTIN MORIARTY

CHICAGO, Ill.—"Sore foot?" I asked Warren Lamson, city secretary of the Unemployed Council, Lamson limped.

"No," he said. "One of them's wood."

A freight train had chopped off his foot when he was leaving San Diego after an I. W. W. free speech fight. That was back in 1912 when Bill Haywood was leading the Lawrence textile strike.

SUFFERING IN CHICAGO

Today, Lamson is Communist candidate for U. S. Representative, Ninth Congressional District.

"You can see the most intense suffering in that district," he said. "Take the 42nd Ward, for instance. Unskilled Mexican, Negro and Italian workers—their living standards were low enough before the crisis, let alone now. And from the same hovels you can throw a stone and hit the wealthy homes of the Gold Coast, the palaces of the Rockefellers, the McCormicks, the Insull swindlers.

"Before these homes, before the homes of the rich, the Unemployed Councils will lead great demonstrations this winter in the fight for immediate relief.

"We shall demonstrate, too, before the homes of local boss politicians, before city and state authorities. In line with the decisions of the recent conference of unemployed councils from throughout Illinois, we shall mobilize the greatest masses of workers—single home owners, bank depositors, ex-servicemen, especially the women and children.

MUCH of Lamson's campaign is devoted to a sweeping exposure of one of his opponents, Congressman Fred Britten, Republican, of the Ninth District.

"Britten voted for the Dies Bill," Lamson said. "Yet he has the gall to ask for votes from the Mexican, Negro and Italian workers in his district—the very workers he proposes to deliver to the howling squads of deportation Doak. This demagogue is also out to snatch votes from the unpaid teachers here. He wants their support, because he pleaded before the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, not for a direct appropriation to pay the wages of the teachers—no, he begged only for a loan.

"This hound of the foreign-born is naturally a fierce American jingo. He is a friend and ally of William B. Shearer, the publicity man who got \$25,000 from the ship-building corporations for his propaganda for big navies at the Geneva conference in 1927. Britten is interested in a real estate company which is pushing the development of Montauk Point, Long Island, as a shipping port. It was Britten who had the Navy carry on its munitions movement as a pretext for getting information and also for the bases of a swindle.

strengthen themselves so as to get rid of the entire system of capitalism and their wars. To reject this demand means to aid the capitalists who see in the demand and struggle for the bonus, a real menace to their profits and the system it represents.

The Socialists hypocritically oppose the bonus because they say it arises out of wars, but the Socialist Party of 1920 favored payment of the debts arising out of the war and now they oppose this debt of the capitalists to the workers not because they do not wish to soil their hands but because they are helping the capitalists to overcome the difficulties arising out of the

ist Party and the Unemployed Councils Lamson brings a rich background of working class activity. A militant in the old Socialist Party in Lake Charles, Louisiana, in 1908, he later joined the I. W. W. Arising from activity in a strike of the orange pickers near Los Angeles, he was indicted for criminal syndicalism. He helped a unionizing campaign among the workers of the Rock Island Railroad in Maryland, Kansas.

He was arrested 35 times, spending anywhere from a day to two months in jail, while secretary of the I. W. W. branches in Los Angeles during the war.

In those days, Lamson recalled, the I. W. W. was a militant organization of which the workers could be proud. The I. W. W. has since degenerated into a bitter militant clique, and has been engaged in active strike-breaking, as in the Illinois miners' strike and in other struggles. On the most pressing issues of the day—unemployment insurance, immediate relief, housing instead of flop houses, the I. W. W. has fought every militant action of the workers. Of course, their best members joined the Communist Party long ago.

fluence of the Communist Party among the workers, Lamson remembers the time when enemies used to sneer at the Party as a base only for the immigrant.

"No enemy can fling such sneers now," he said. "We are building ourselves more and more into the life of the American workers. And the American workers are beginning to see that they have no other way out of the crisis but the revolutionary way of the Communist Party."

STRUGGLE AGAINST PROVOCATION

ROBERT NORTON, of New York City, also known as Milton Schacht, Comstock and Sawyer. He is easily deceived, because he is crippled by paralysis and can walk only with the aid of two crutches.

In August, 1931, he came as a volunteer worker to the National Office of the Workers' International Relief—in time he proved himself an efficient clerical worker and was given more responsible work. With the end of the Kentucky Relief Campaign, the W.I.R. released his services and soon thereafter found out that Norton had made duplicate lists of contributing organizations and individuals that he had set up an office at 1270 Broadway and sent out fake circulars soliciting funds under the pretext of unemployed workers' relief and using the name of "Workers' Relief International Order," and signing as Milton Schacht, Sec'y Social Insurance Campaign.

Upon further investigation it became clear that he is a stool-pigeon and that he used the workers' relief movement as a pretext for getting information and also for the bases of a swindle.

last war, and the present capitalist crisis

The bosses steal as much as they can from the workers and farmers. Only the organized pressure of the workers and farmers will fight the bosses' thefts. Therefore we do not say to the veterans, "Do not take your back pay, because the bosses will rob it from the workers and farmers." We support the veterans in the fight for their back pay, and we organize the workers and farmers to fight the bosses' robberies. That is the only program by which the working class can overthrow the boss class and establish a socialist society.

The Special Role of Mr. Alfred E. Smith

AL SMITH is an outstanding example of the ability of the propaganda machine of American capitalism to make a black reactionary appear as a tribune of the people.

Allied with the wealthy hierarchy of the Holy Roman Catholic Church and a creature of American finance capital, Smith has made a science of the use of religion in politics. At the same time, with the help of the press, he has made himself appear as a martyr persecuted by the agents of Satan disguised as politicians of opposing Democratic Party factions.

He is an expert at the game played by the capitalist parties with the working class—heads I win, tails you lose!

SMITH has been assigned a special role by finance capital.

His humble origin, his rapid rise to wealth, fame and political influence seem to bear out the Horatio Alger stories of limitless opportunity for the capable individual in America. His demagogic oratory, his ability to arouse himself to heroic battle against nothing in particular, his capacity for apparently identifying himself in words with the interests of the masses while being at all times the mouthpiece of the bankers, make him invaluable to finance capital which bought him while he was still cheap.

His special role is to keep in the capitalist camp, in a wing of the Democratic Party, the immigrant workers, mostly of peasant origin—and especially Irish Catholic workers and their offspring. The overwhelming majority of the foreign-born population are workers. The overwhelming majority of them work in decisive industries.

They are feeling the terrible burden of the crisis. It presses even heavier on the foreign-born than on the native-born American workers. Millions of them are unemployed.

Smith's job is to keep them lined up for capitalism. His insistence on making beer and bigotry the two chief issues in the election campaign as he did in his Newark speech on Oct. 25 represents a studied attempt to distract the attention of these workers from unemployment and mass misery by creating the belief that suppression of criticism of the Catholic Church and its reactionary teachings and practices, coupled with a free flow of beer, will float the working class to security and comfort on a flood tide of prosperity.

WE do not need to speculate about the social creed of Al Smith. In the heat of his fight to carry the banner for the Democratic Party and in order to dissipate any idea that his demagoguery was to be taken seriously by the big bosses, he wrote in the New Outlook (a magazine which few workers will read):

"We should stop talking about the Forgotten Man and about class distinctions. There is no other country in the world where individual initiative counts for so much, where opportunities to rise are so great, and where class prejudice is so unimportant.

Just now all of our people are in trouble. The old rich are the new poor. What is needed in the crisis of today is the united, cooperative effort of all good citizens of whatever class or creed to fight our way out of the bog of depression to the solid ground of good American enterprise and prosperity.

"The Forgotten Man is a myth and the sooner he disappears from the campaign the better it will be for all concerned."

EVEN the demagogic and backhanded reference to the working class made by Roosevelt in his "forgotten man" speech evokes the ire and a warning from his companion-in-arms, Al Smith. He insists that the welfare of the working class is bound up with that of the capitalist class and its robber system. He puts the interests of the 15,000,000-16,000,000 unemployed and their dependents on the same plane as that of the bankers, bosses and their government responsible for their suffering.

He places the seal of approval upon the leadership of the American Federation of Labor whose betrayal of the interests of the working class, whose fight against unemployment insurance, whose endorsement of the Hoover slayer plan, whose support of the Hoover-Doak deportation campaign, whose slander of the Soviet Union exceeds that of the capitalists; whose sabotage of strikes, whose hostility to the Negro masses, whose support of every reactionary measure of finance-capital, brand them as servants, spies and slave-divers for American capitalism.

Al Smith demands that the American masses starve in silence until his masters, the overlords of finance and industry, are ready to give them work again. He demands that workers go hungry and work for starvation wages so that on their backs the structure of huge profits can be built again.

HOOVER says the same thing. Through Al Smith, Roosevelt speaks. Smith peddles the reactionary idea that in the United States, the classes are coming closer and all are suffering from the crisis. The emphasis of Norman Thomas and Morris Hillquit on the necessity of protecting the interests of "the public" as a whole and saving the "community" from capitalist crisis is the same deception of the workers. Thomas and the socialists are bent on suppressing the rising tide of class struggles. Here they receive the praise of the boss class.

Hoover, Roosevelt, Smith, Thomas—all are united in trying to solve the crisis at the expense of the lives, living standards and liberties of the working class.

Vote Communist!

Fight Against Terror Builds Party in Manchester, N. H.

By FRED B. CHASE.

HILLSBORO, N. H.—During the signature drive in New Hampshire, two of our young comrades went to Manchester and with some local help secured 700 signatures. When these signatures were submitted to the registrars for certification, they put the matter off for a few days and then said the people who signed the papers did not know what they were signing, and that many names were written in the same handwriting.

The comrades in charge of collecting signatures appeared before the registrars and denied the charges. Then the board of aldermen called a special meeting and started a police "investigation" in the course of which many signers were visited and intimidated by the politicians, and driven to come to the city hall and scratch their names off the nomination papers.

In the meantime the section organizer and other comrades got busy and protested to the secretary of state, and to the attorney general, and demanded that the signatures be certified. Also a meeting was held in the Manchester city hall by the party, and a protest against the action of the registrars was the principal topic of the meeting.

The workers filled every seat in the hall, and many were standing. John J. Ballam and the local speakers scored the officials for their intima-

tion. One of the registrars was shown to be an official of the Amoskeag Corporation.

As a result of the meeting, several applications for membership in the Party were received, and the Manchester unit was started into real activity again. Also about 400 of the signers were certified.

As a result of the section immediately fighting back against intimidation, our party has made substantial gains.

BILL GREEN'S "DOLE"

William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, draws \$1,000 a month in salary and \$667 a month for traveling expenses, or a total of \$20,000 a year, in addition to unspecified "honorariums" for addresses before colleges, Rotary clubs, Chambers of Commerce, and similar organizations.