

MOBILIZE!
For Daily Worker Tag Days
Nov. 24th, 25th and 26th!

Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Communist Party U.S.A.
(Section of the Communist International)

America's Only Working
Class Daily Newspaper

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HATHAWAY EXPOSURE PUTS CAPITAL NAZI QUIZ IN FUROR PLAN MURDER OF SCOTTSBORO BOYS ON EVE OF TRIAL

KNIGHT LEADS ORGANIZING LYNCH MOB; JUDGE IN CASE DENIES ALL PROTECTION

Birmingham "Age Herald" Admits in Editorial
Lynch Danger Great in Decatur

Lynchers Fear Organization of Defense by
6,000 Organized Negro Share-Croppers

(Special Correspondence to the Daily Worker.)

DECATUR, Ala., Nov. 15.—Alabama seems to have set the stage here for the bloodiest massacre in recent American history when the Scottsboro boys and International Labor Defense Attorneys Samuel Leibowitz and Joseph Brodsky appear in this little town for the arraignment and the trial of the internationally famous case on November 20 and 27 respectively.

So tense is the situation which would make it possible to slaughter the defendants and their attorneys that a number of civic leaders of the state, fully aware of the danger, have been trying desperately to persuade Attorney-General Thomas E. Knight, Jr., and Circuit Judge W. W. Cullahan to postpone the trial until the tension is at least somewhat alleviated. The Attorney-General says that he "see no reason for a postponement." And the judge who will preside has no comment to make.

When one considers the line-up which faces the defendants and their attorneys at the coming trial, it is difficult to see how trouble can be avoided.

Officials Seek "Quick End" of Case
Leibowitz and the I.L.D. are hated with a fervency bordering on fanaticism by a great many Morgan County citizens not only because Leibowitz and Brodsky are "northern Jews defending niggers," working for an alleged Communist defense organization, but because Leibowitz had figuratively slapped their faces at the conclusion of the last trial by a statement attributed to him which referred to them in uncompromising phrases.

2.—Decatur and Alabama are heartily sick of the Scottsboro cases. Negroes as a result of this famous case are becoming "cocky," to employ the expression used by one of Alabama's leading white citizens, and "too damned uppity," to use the phrase of Morgan County citizens. Alabama wants to see this case ended and the sooner the better.

Lynchings Prepare Trial Atmosphere
3.—Intense feeling exists here since this spring, when the conviction of Heywood Patterson, one of the nine defendants, was set aside by Judge Horton. Since that trial one Negro was shot down in Decatur by a mob of hoodlums whose identity was never investigated; feeling runs rife that "northern Jews and the International Labor Defense" by defending the Scottsboro boys are "encouraging niggers and trying to put them on juries."

To put Negroes on juries would mean that the black man would get a finger into the operation of the law, sooner or later the white South, which now zealously controls the operations of the law, would have to face a showdown on this question of allowing Negroes to participate in the legal life of the county and state and the general sentiment is that if

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Tannery Strikers Disarm Guards of Burns Scab Agency

GLOVERSVILLE, N. Y., Nov. 15.—Burns detective guards sent here to break the strike of the 200 tannery workers, were disarmed by the strikers today.

Special deputies have been sworn in against the leather workers. The Mayor of Gloversville asked the Governor for state troopers.
Meanwhile, the tannery bosses are preparing to open the mills Thursday and are mobilizing scabs. The strikers are mobilizing for struggle. They enthusiastically support their militant leader Solomon. Strikers have warned the police and city officials that they will hold them responsible for the safety of their leaders.

Anthracite Miners Vote to Tear Down All NRA Signs in City

EYNON, Pa., Nov. 15.—The miners in regular meeting of their local union of the anthracite miners here voted unanimously to see that all N. R. A. signs were taken down from all business places, and from all homes.
This was followed up by the miners going to business places and tearing down the signs. The action was taken because N. R. A. promises had been broken by representatives of the N. R. A. about the workers having the right to join their own union, and then being beaten up on the picket lines because they were striking for recognition of the union.
There is real resentment against the N. R. A. and all that it represents in this mining town, and they are expressing this in a more and more militant form every day.

Farm Conference Opens at Chicago With 750 Delegates

Hathaway, Bloor and
Amter to Address
Mass Meeting

CHICAGO, Nov. 15.—The Second National Farm Conference, with 750 farmer delegates, opens here today. Delegates and farm organizations from over 40 states are present to decide on a program of action against mass farm ruin.
Clarence Hathaway, editor of the Daily Worker, will represent the Communist Party at the tremendous worker-farmer solidarity mass meeting, which will be held at the Coliseum in Chicago on Friday evening, Nov. 17.

This meeting will climax the historic Farm Conference which opened here today with over 700 delegates from 40 states.

Among the speakers will be Mother Bloor, known to hundreds of thousands of farmers all over the country as a militant organizer of farm struggles; Len Harris, Executive Secretary of the National Committee of Action; Joe Weber, of the Trade Union Unity League; Israel Amter, National Secretary of the Unemployed Councils; John Marshall, of the Ohio Farm League; Harry Lux, and many farmers and workers, including farmers who have driven here from the farm strike picket lines.
(SEE PAGE 3 FOR MORE FARM NEWS.)

USSR Recognition Talks Progressing, Says White House

Washington Liberals
Protest Fish Red-Baiting

By MARGUERITE YOUNG

(Daily Worker Washington Bureau)
WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Over real difficulties in the Soviet-American conversations Maxim Litvinoff and Franklin D. Roosevelt talked twice today seeking a solution which everyone fully expects will bring formal recognition of the Soviet Union, but only after prolonged deliberation.

The President carefully advised the press not to anticipate a breakdown in the negotiations even if nothing is signed, sealed and delivered by Friday or even next Monday. He said that the talks are progressing normally, but clearly indicated that what he means by progress may be carrying over while he sums himself in his Georgia retreat for about ten days following Friday.

The Soviet Commissar had just spent about 45 minutes with Roosevelt. Litvinoff returned in the afternoon for a 30-minute talk. He eluded the thronging correspondents with the astute comment: "The President says we are making progress. I corroborate the President."

It is evident that the precious pack of enemies of the Soviet Government and of peace, from professional red-baiters such as Hamilton Fish to extreme militarists, such as American Legion leaders, are organizing to take advantage of the delay—so much so that friends of the U. S. S. R. and of peace cannot escape the necessity for raising their voices anew. Liberal bourgeois elements here responded to news of Fish's "American Alliance's" new trouble making efforts with the announcement that they, too, would get busy.

Anti-Soviet Meet Is Called by Assailants of Soviet Consul

F.S.U. and C.P. Urge
Strong Turnout
Saturday

NEW YORK.—The White Guard demonstration against recognition of the Soviet Union, scheduled for Saturday at 10 a.m. in Washington Square, is actually called by the organization responsible for the shooting of Mollo, secretary of the Soviet Consulate in Lemberg a month ago, it was revealed yesterday.

The "United Ukrainian Society," which called the anti-Soviet demonstration, is controlled by the "Organization of Resurrection of Ukrainian States," the American branch of the "Nationalist Carnivorous Ukrainian Nationalist group financed by the German Nazis."

The United Ukrainian Society has asked the New York branch of the German Stahlhelm society to supply 100 storm-arm men to protect Saturday's demonstration.
The Communist Party yesterday called on all its members, and all enemies of Fascism to support the counter-demonstration called by the Friends of the Soviet Union, to be held at the same time and place—Washington Square, 10 a.m., Saturday.

Pittsburgh Packing Strike Solid; Only One Shop Has Scabs

Strikers Demand City
Council Withdraw
Deputies

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Nov. 15.—The general strike of the packing house workers here continues solid, excepting in one shop, where some scabs are working under the heaviest police mobilization.

Today the boss press came out with a headline, "Reds Linked With Meat Strike," claiming that officials of the Trade Union Unity League National Office in New York, said that the Packing House Workers Industrial Union in Pittsburgh was affiliated to the T.U.U.L. This is denied in an official statement by the union today, while no denial was made that some of the leaders of the strike are Communists and actively participating in the picket lines and in the leadership of the union.

Today, a delegation of 200 strikers, headed by Harry Rich, presented the following demands to the City Council: 1. The release of all arrested strikers; 2. The removal of all deputies; 3. Right to picket without the interference of the police; 4. Cancellation of all terror.

Rich, speaking for the delegation, said: "We take no responsibility for any violence, which is most likely the acts of alien elements of the strike. In spite of the fact that we make these demands to you, and regardless of your decisions, the strikers will insist and carry out the right to picket at all times."

Demands to Council
The strikers voted at the Council to summons Chief Inspector of Police to the hearings where he attempted to deny that the police were intimidating the strikers. One of the Council Democrats, McCordie, stated.

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Boston Goes Over the Top!

BOSTON is the first to raise its quota in the Daily Worker \$40,000 Drive. Boston rushed an additional \$27.76 yesterday to save our Daily Worker and passed its quota. Boston now challenges all other districts to beat it by raising the largest sum over their quotas.

What do you say, comrades of New York, Chicago, Detroit, Seattle, Philadelphia, and of the other districts? Which will be the next to raise its full quota? Which will accept Boston's challenge to pass the quota? Rush your acceptance of the challenge.

PHILIP LIRA and Faustino Gonzalez, both of New York, were the first to answer Angelo Herndon's appeal to save our "Daily." Each one of them brought a dollar to the Daily Worker office yesterday to equal

Bankers, Congressmen Aid Nazi Plots in U.S., Charges Daily Worker Editor

Dimitroff Demands Right to Defend Himself in Trial

Nazi Court Says Counsel
Is Compulsory for
Dimitroff

AT GERMAN FRONTIER
(via Zurich, Switzerland), Nov. 15.—Dimitroff's 70-year old mother was present in court today and heard her son demand the right to defend himself despite the order of the court that he must have compulsory counsel. Dimitroff insisted on the right to the stenographic copy of all testimony and all the records in the case, so he could conduct his own defense.

The Communist Deputy, Kerff, held in the Sonnenburg Nazi concentration camp, was brought to the stand today on the thirty-ninth day of the Reichstag fire trial. Kerff, asserted the Nazi witness Kunzack, participated in a secret conference in Dueseldorf with Van der Lubbe and Heinz Neumann, Communist leader.

Kerff stated he met foreigners repeatedly in 1924 and 1925, among whom were the Dutch Communist Deputy Devisser, and the Englishman Gallagher.

The prosecutor interjected that the Communist Party frequently tolerated

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Communist Party Urges Thousands to Protest Monday

Workers Throughout
Nation Mass in
Protest

NEW YORK.—An urgent call to all workers, to all enemies of Fascism and anti-Semitism to rally in mighty numbers in a demonstration against the Nazi murder regime, Monday, Nov. 20, at 11 a.m., has been issued by the Communist Party, New York district.

The Reichstag fire trial judge has announced that all evidence in the "trial" of the four Communist defendants, Torgler, Dimitroff, Poroff and Taneff, must be in by Tuesday. Immediately thereafter, the long-decided death verdict is to be announced.

Only the rallying of thousands upon thousands of workers in all cities in protest against this monstrous of all frame-ups in history can save these heroic Communists.

The death which the Nazis have prepared for them is the most brazen challenge, directed at the whole civilized world.

The most conclusive evidence proves that the Nazis themselves set the fire for which they have prepared death for these four Communists.

Brooklyn Anti-Hitler Meeting
An anti-Hitler mass meeting will be held tomorrow night at the Brooklyn Academy of Music, Lafayette St. and Hanson Pl., Brooklyn, near the I.R.T. Atlantic Ave., station, under

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Reveals U. S.-Nazi Link



By MORRIS J. KALLEM
CLARENCE HATHAWAY

Nazi Murder Accomplices

YESTERDAY, the notorious secret Nazi letter first made public by the Daily Worker received its final stamp of authenticity when it was identified by a former Fascist agent, and read into the official records of the United States government.

And it is just this fact that tore away from the faces of the capitalist press the mask of their hypocrisy, the mask of their pretended antagonism to the Fascist Hitler reign of reaction and savagery.

For not a single one of these capitalist sheeps so fond of holly contrasting their rotten "impartiality" with the "propaganda" of the Communist press, dared to print the damning Nazi document in full!

And even more than that, the New York Times, rich, powerful, famed throughout the world as the prototype of everything that is supposed to be so honest, accurate and impartial in reporting events, deliberately, and purposefully LIED about the Nazi letter, distorted and diluted its terrible contents!

The New York Times, and the capitalist press, deliberately faked the Nazi letter, printing it in a censored form, without telling its readers that it was ripping out of the letter the damning evidence that van der Lubbe is a Nazi spy and tool and that the Fascist savages intend to inoculate the heroic Communist leaders, Dimitroff and Torgler, with syphilis germs!

THE paragraph that the New York Times did not dare to print reads as follows:

"I cannot find a place for van der Lubbe here; it is best if you throw him overboard into the ocean while en route to another country. Whom do you intend to hang in his place in Germany? I agree with you entirely that it would be a good thing to give the damned Communists in Leipzig an infection of syphilis. Then it can be said that Communism comes from syphilis of the brain."

The New York Times and the capitalist press, faithful tools of Wall Street capitalism, are already beginning to emphasize the "virtues" of Hitler and Fascism, at the same time that American capitalism is beginning to emulate their savagery.

How can the capitalist press and the Times find it in its heart to expose the Reichstag fire frame-up and the gruesome plots of the Fascists when they are conscious participants in the preparations for the Scottsboro lynchings, when they themselves are past masters in the art of frame-up?

It is because American capitalism begins to resemble more and more the Fascist reaction of Germany that its journalist servants strive to conceal the similarity in their countenances.

There is good reason for the Times' eagerness to shield the Fascists and their unspeakable barbarities.

It is because the Daily Worker has proof that the Fascists have the assistance and co-operation of the most powerful sections of American capitalism, from the Rockefeller banks to Ham Fish, Grover Whelan, Well, Eastley and the National Civic Federation!

It is because American capitalism is financing and abetting the Hitler murder regime, that the New York Times, as well as the Dickstein Committee, are determined that the Nazi investigation shall not go further than the mere surface.

Neither Dickstein nor the American press is interested in really exposing the true extent of Nazi plotting in America. For to expose that would be to lay bare the capitalist kinship that binds Hitler to Roosevelt and Wall Street.

The Daily Worker charges that the New York Times, by its deliberate concealment of the evidence most damaging to the Fascists, is aiding the Fascists in their hideous Reichstag trial frame-up at Leipzig, and is a party to the plans to murder our heroic Communists, Dimitroff, Torgler, Taneff and Poroff!

Fight against Fascism! Fight for the lives and freedom of our Communist comrades in the hands of the Fascist murderers! All over the United States workers, farmers, intellectuals, haters of oppression, must demonstrate against the frame-up Reichstag trial! Free our working-class heroes!

Dickstein Shuts Off Hearing When It "Gets Too Hot"

Considers Fish "High
Class, Valuable
Citizen"

By SEYMOUR WALDMAN

(Daily Worker Washington Bureau)

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Official and journalistic Washington today was startled out of its well-known apathy to investigations and melodramatic revelations by the forceful and precise testimony of Clarence A. Hathaway, youthful-looking editor of the Daily Worker who appeared as an invited and the sole witness before the second day's public hearings of the House Immigration and Naturalization Sub-Committee supposedly meeting to probe Nazi propaganda activity in the United States.

As phrased by one of the spongers' "enthusiastic" reporters, "It was Hathaway's day."

The Daily Worker editor held the rapid attention of a large assemblage of newspapermen, private and uniformed police. A dozen photographers, and mere spectators, as he carefully and brilliantly linked up Nazi activities in the United States with such notoriously prominent reactionaries as the millionaire Congressman Hamilton Fish, Jr.; Ralph Esley, head of the recently exposed Nazi ally, the National Civic Federation; Matthew Woll, prosperous vice-president of the American Federation of Labor and acting president of the Esley outfit; and the reactionary clown, Grover Whelan, infamous among workers as a clubber and the distributor of fake anti-Soviet Russian "documents."

U. S. Nazi Ties

"While this committee is directly concerned with the question of immigration and the importation of Nazi propaganda material, etc.," Hathaway frankly told the Committee consisting of Representatives Dickstein, Crowe, of Maryland, and Focht, of Pennsylvania. "Unless it ferrets out the American tie-ups with these Nazis, it will not be successful, with the large number of propagandists that have been permitted to enter the port of New York and with the bales of propaganda material which have been shipped in. It is obvious that this could not have been done without the collaboration of American holding authoritative political positions. As far as our party and our paper is concerned we intend to uncover Nazi-American assistants in the highest places."

This tying-up by Hathaway of American Nazism with such well known "patriots" significantly coincided with the firing last night of the opening gun by Ham Fish's "American Alliance" self-confessed

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Woodin Leaves; See Financial Crisis As U.S. Bonds Decline

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Secretary Woodin, whose intimate connection with the house of J. P. Morgan, did not prevent him from being chosen by Roosevelt to head the Cabinet as Secretary of the Treasury, today left "on long leave of absence," it was announced today. This is practically an announcement of resignation.

Henry Morgenthau, Jr., will take his place.

The announcement confirms rumors that Woodin represented a group opposed to the head-on inflationary measures that Roosevelt is now taking.

The dollar dropped sharply again, the pound making a new high of \$5.42. The shadow of financial inflation loomed larger as United States government bonds continued to be weak, and Wall Street capital continued to flee to safer places.

The spectre of financial crisis also grew as it became evident that Roosevelt's present sharp inflation is no longer sending prices upward. Many banks are weakening as their bond holdings are depreciating in value. The cost of living is rising as a result of the cheapening of the dollar.

Boss, AFL Gangster Tie-Up Is Revealed in Fur Union Case

Ida Langer, Widow of Murdered Leader, Testifies

NEW YORK—Yesterday's Supreme Court hearing of the injunction case against the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union ended in a hasty adjournment, at the request of the A. F. of L. plaintiff union's counsel, a testimony being given on the witness stand by Philip Brown, former member and business agent of the union, brought forward by the Industrial Union that the A. F. of L. officials acted with the bosses in a campaign of coercion and violence to force the workers to join the dummy company union.

Judge Gavegan had just refused to admit as evidence into the case an affidavit supporting this same contention, made by Louis A. Harvey, also a former member and business agent of the Joint Council, who, however, faltered when on the stand and refused to confirm the statements he had made in the affidavit, and which scores of fur workers who attended the trial remember his having made publicly, before a mass meeting of thousands of fur workers in Cooper Union last June. Brown's statements on the stand tallied with what both of them said at the Cooper Union meeting.

Ida Langer, widow of Morris Langer, leader of the Fur Dressing Department of the N. T. W. I. U., who was murdered by the bosses' gangsters for his militant work in behalf of the Industrial Union, testified yesterday. She said she had identified Jack Schulman, who is now a business agent of the "Joint Council," as one of the three men whom she saw running away from the garage where a bomb planted in his automobile killed her husband at his own home in the morning of the murder.

Null, attorney for the plaintiffs, objected strenuously throughout to her testimony, which was admitted in court, but was unable to prevent her from giving it. Judge Gavegan indicated, however, that he thought her testimony to be "slight evidence" and promised to consider it as such.

Fur workers who appeared yesterday, either to refute contentions of violence made against the N. T. W. I. U., or to tell of terrorism, beatings and murders committed by the gangsters of the A. F. of L. union, included besides Mrs. Langer, Fannie Warschafsky, 29, an active member of the Industrial Union who works as a fur finisher; Max Schwartz, Clara Nelson, Sol Jacobson, Dimsky, Paul Skolnik, Max Ostover, Mary Fleischman and George Katz.

As testimony concerning violence and gangsterism on the part of the fur bosses and their A. F. of L. agents assumed overwhelming proportions, the judge stopped it by declaring that he would hear no more evidence about violence.

Push Plans for AFL Rank and File Meet
Nov. 25 Meet to Build Opposition Center

NEW YORK—Sentiment is growing for the establishment of a fighting center of the American Federation of Labor rank and file in New York. This is being shown in the response to preparations for a conference of A. F. of L. locals and minority groups in other locals to be held Nov. 25 at 8 p.m. at Irving Plaza, Irving Place and 15th St., New York.

The conference is being called by the New York Committee, affiliated with the National A. F. of L. rank and file. Unemployment insurance and relief, the N. R. A., injunctions, equal rights for Negroes in the A. F. of L. exemption of dues for unemployed, racketeering and gangsterism in the A. F. of L. and the results of the 1932 Annual Convention of the A. F. of L. and of the Second Annual Rank and File Conference are on the agenda.

A main point will be the launching of a journal of the A. F. of L. rank and file, which is to be called the "Rank and File Federationist," as opposed to the "American Federationist" of the A. F. of L. Executive Council. A campaign for \$500 is now under way to publish the "Rank and File Federationist" by the middle of December.

A. F. of L. locals and militant minority groups are urged to send delegates to the Nov. 25 Conference at Irving Plaza. Many of these locals and groups are being visited by representatives of the A. F. of L. Trade Union Committee.

Send-Off Tonight for N. J. Delegates

NEWARK, Nov. 15.—A mass send-off for New Jersey delegates to the Anti-Lynching Conference in Baltimore, Nov. 18 and 19, will be held tonight at 8 o'clock at the Dreamland Academy on Beacon St. The meeting will be addressed by Louise Thompson of the National Council of the League of Struggle for Negro Rights, Sam Strong, district organizer of the International Labor Defense, and Guyer Manigo.

Huge Needle Trade Protest in Arena

NEW YORK—Thousands of needle trades workers will pack Lincoln Arena, 69 W. 68th St., tonight in a huge protest meeting to voice their opposition against the latest attempts of the bosses and A. F. of L. bureaucrats, Socialist leaders and state and federal governments to smash their fighting Industrial Union.

Irving Potash, secretary of the New York District of the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union, will be chairman. Among the speakers are Ben Gold, Louis Hyman, Joseph Winogradsky, Mary Nigrelli, Lyndon Henry and Fred Biedenkapp, president of the Shoe Workers Industrial Union.

Heads of Communist Party Bid Farewell to Mann, Barbusse

Send Greetings to European Workers at Banquet

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—"I have seen Uncle Sam's show once more. I was here 50 years ago, 20 years ago, and I expect to return in perhaps 10 years."

These were the words of Tom Mann, veteran labor leader and Communist at the farewell lunch arranged for him on the afternoon of his departure for England.

In the Workers Center, on the second floor, this last get-together was arranged by the Central Committee of the Communist Party to honor the revolutionary visitors from abroad, Tom Mann and Henri Barbusse.

"When I return to England I shall convey both by tongue and pen the greetings that have been extended to me here in America. I take these greetings not only for myself but for the toilers in England," continued Tom Mann.

James Ford, chairman, struck the keynote of the gathering by warmly expressing thanks to these two comrades for their excellent work in relaying the American workers against imperialism and against the system that breeds war. "We have taken time off from our endless round of activity to bid 'good-bye' and express our solidarity with the workers of your countries," declared Comrade Ford.

Henri Barbusse greeted Tom Mann. In the easy flow of words typical of Barbusse, he expressed admiration of so brave and good a comrade as Tom Mann, for his splendid activity. He said that he was honored to be at this gathering not only because Tom Mann was an old friend of his, and an old comrade fighter, but because he, an intellectual of bourgeois origin, and Mann, of proletarian origin, a worker for the past 69 years, have together toured the country in the interest of the fight against imperialism and capitalism.

The fraternal salutations of the French workers were extended in his farewell to this labor leader of England.

Joseph Freeman, editor of the New Masses, and staff writer of the Daily Worker, who toured the country with both Mann and Barbusse, conveyed the greetings of the "Daily" and its thousands of readers to the workers of France and England.

"Here is one," he said, "a worker for more than half a century, an organizer, labor leader, with the mind of an intellectual. Here is the other, an intellectual, a writer, a poet, with all the fighting spirit of a militant working-class leader. This symbolized the unity of workers and intellectuals and their welding together into Communist fighters."

Anna Shultz, exile from Nazi Germany, spoke briefly and vividly of the bravery of Dimitroff, Tanoff, Torgler and Popoff. Her words were closed with the fighting slogan of the German working class, "Rote Front!" Other speakers were Charles Krumbelt, district organizer of the Communist Party; William Patterson of the I.L.D., and Miss Mary J. O'Leary, editor of "The Freiheit."

Photo Workers Hold Meet on NRA Code

NEW YORK—Photographic workers met last night in a mass meeting of the entire trade at 5 E. 19th St. to consider developments in the N. R. A. code affecting retouchers and printers, who are raising demands, through their Photographic Workers' Union, for \$35 per week, as against \$14 and \$15 offered by the code, 40 hours instead of the 48 which are proposed by the bosses, union recognition and other demands.

At a hearing before the N. R. A. Board Nov. 13, the Wheelman Studios, there was a strike of the photographic workers has been in progress, were found guilty of violation of Section 7-a of the N. R. A. code, which refers to collective bargaining, and were warned by the administration that unless they recognize the union, put the men back to work, and get rid of the scabs, they would be liable to a fine.

Strike for More Pay at Fruit Warehouse

NEW YORK—Because they were unable to earn more than \$2.50 to \$4 a week under a piece-work system established at the Prince Dried Fruit Co., 83 Crosby St., nearly 100 workers of the crew of 125 here went out on strike Monday. The strikers are led by the Food Workers Industrial Union.

Yesterday hired gangsters and police protected scabs entering the plant and tried to break up strikers' picket lines. Cops ordered the strikers to cross the street to prevent mass picketing and permitted only two strikers in front of the warehouse. The owner of this firm is a brother of Judge Prince, notorious anti-labor Judge of Tammany Hall.

The strikers are appealing to all young workers to aid them on the picket line. Strike headquarters are at 15 E. 3d St.

Investigators Back From Alabama; to Report in Baltimore

Attempt by Knight to Block Inquiry Scored

NEW YORK.—"What struck us most forcefully about our trip to Alabama to investigate lynchings in Tuscaloosa, Ala., was the hostile reception accorded to us by Attorney General Thomas E. Knight, Jr., when we called on him at the State House in Montgomery, on Tuesday, November 7," Barbara Alexander, descendant of a Georgia family, told newspaper representatives yesterday afternoon at the office of the National Committee for the Defense of Political Prisoners, 156 Fifth Avenue.

Miss Alexander had just arrived in New York City, with H. Hirsch, head of the delegation which was organized by the National Committee. Other members of the delegation had dropped off in their respective states. Four of the delegates, three of them women, were from the South. Miss Alexander and Mr. Hirsch intend to leave this week for the Anti-Lynching Conference in Baltimore, Nov. 18 and 19, where they will present a detailed report of the findings of the investigating body. Before leaving this city they expect to be in possession of the notes of other members of the delegation, who were in charge of various aspects of the investigation.

The delegation, Miss Alexander said, defied the lynch threats of Attorney General Knight, who made the sinister statement that if they went on to Tuscaloosa "no one can tell what will happen."

Information received in Tuscaloosa indicated that Dan Phipps, Sr., father of Dan Phipps, Jr., one of two youths lynched on August 12, had "disappeared." Several sources indicated that he has been killed. This information was volunteered by both white and Negro residents. Attorney General Knight refused to let the delegation examine the secret Grand Jury records on the indictment of Dan Phipps, Jr., on a framed charge of murdering a white girl.

Further information was obtained on the case of Dennis Cross, a semi-paralytic who was lynched on September 24. Cross was one of three Negro witnesses to the murder of another Negro by a white grocer by the name of Hinton. The other two witnesses were sentenced from 17 to 20 years in prison on charges of "having broken into and rifled Hinton's store." Cross remained as the only witness to the murder. He was charged with "grabbing" at a white woman, but was released on \$300 bail furnished by Hinton. Two days later he was taken out of his home and lynched. The delegation was informed that the automobile trial led to the scene of the murder displayed the tread of new Goodyear tires. Hinton's car also had new Goodyear tires.

The next witness was the author Rosner, who came from Prague, on Dimitroff's demand. He stated he was frequently in the Bayreuth with Dimitroff. He was emphatic in his statements that Van der Lubbe never was at their table. He said he met Dimitroff often but never saw Van der Lubbe.

Shows Contradictions
The Nazi waiter, Helmer, who previously testified concerning meetings in the Bayreuth, was recalled. He said it was impossible to confuse Rosner with Van der Lubbe. Dimitroff pointed out the contradiction in Helmer's previous testimony with the testimony of the Nazi Major Schroder, who declared Helmer mentioned suspicious foreigners before the fire but did not mention Van der Lubbe.

Dimitroff raised the fundamental question in his defense, saying: "I reject any tutelage and will defend myself. I make no reproach against Teichert."

The presiding judge stated that every defendant before the Supreme Court must have official counsel. Dimitroff interrupted declaring: "That is compulsory counsel. I demand the stenographic report of the testimony and the records, and I will defend myself as I think best."

The appointed counsel for Dimitroff, Teichert, opened a heavy attack on Dimitroff, stating Popoff and Tanoff did not agree with Dimitroff's agitational kind of defense. Before Tanoff and Popoff were given an opportunity to reply, fresh witnesses were called.

Never Saw Dimitroff
The Communist Deputy Neubauer was put on the stand and declared he never saw Dimitroff. The Reichstag elevator man Kaufman maintained that he saw Dimitroff in the Reichstag elevator with Julius, chief editor of the International Press Correspondence, who resembles Dimitroff.

The next witness was a Russian woman physician from Leningrad, the manager of the Crimea Sanatorium, who treated Popoff from the 3rd of August until the 13th of September, 1932. The sanatorium sent on demand the certificate of Popoff's sojourn, which is the official document, as there are no private sanatoria in the Soviet Union.

Dimitroff submitted the certificate of his stay in the Soviet sanatorium in May, 1932.

Looks Like Tanoff
The next witness, Bernstein, from the concentration camp in Sonnenburg, stated he brought a document about police occupation of the Karl Liebknecht house to Torgler in the Reichstag on the 24th of February. Bernstein is conspicuous in his resemblance to Tanoff.

She declared Tanoff was the next witness. She declared Tanoff was in the Soviet Union in the summer of 1932, and returned to Bulgaria in November, where he remained until the 21st of September, 1932.

Dimitroff's mother, 70 years old, attended the proceedings today. The proceedings in the Reichstag building, Berlin, closed and the sessions of the court will be continued in Leipzig Friday.

Modern Revolutionary Heroes

—By del



Some time ago the comrade pictured above was arrested and jailed for selling copies of the Daily Worker in the subway.

Somehow, his sojourn in the capitalistic calaboose has failed to dampen his fighting spirit, for last night we found and sketched him at the same old stand.

Dimitroff Demands Communist Party Right to Defend Himself in Trial to Protest Monday

(Continued from Page 1)

people like Van der Lubbe in its ranks, and maintained such connections.

"Lubbe Isn't a Communist"
Kerf contradicted this statement, saying he could not comprehend how anybody could commit such a crime as the Reichstag arson, but still more it is incomprehensible how anybody believes Van der Lubbe is a Communist.

The next witness was a landlady who stated she does not recognize Popoff. She declared he never rented her rooms. She said she believed her neighbor, Mrs. Hartung, perhaps had a love affair with Popoff.

Popoff protested against this statement. Investigation showed that this testimony was based on reciprocal gossip among the neighbors. The witness declared she even accused him of arson.

The next witness was the author Rosner, who came from Prague, on Dimitroff's demand. He stated he was frequently in the Bayreuth with Dimitroff. He was emphatic in his statements that Van der Lubbe never was at their table. He said he met Dimitroff often but never saw Van der Lubbe.

Shows Contradictions
The Nazi waiter, Helmer, who previously testified concerning meetings in the Bayreuth, was recalled. He said it was impossible to confuse Rosner with Van der Lubbe. Dimitroff pointed out the contradiction in Helmer's previous testimony with the testimony of the Nazi Major Schroder, who declared Helmer mentioned suspicious foreigners before the fire but did not mention Van der Lubbe.

Dimitroff raised the fundamental question in his defense, saying: "I reject any tutelage and will defend myself. I make no reproach against Teichert."

The presiding judge stated that every defendant before the Supreme Court must have official counsel. Dimitroff interrupted declaring: "That is compulsory counsel. I demand the stenographic report of the testimony and the records, and I will defend myself as I think best."

The appointed counsel for Dimitroff, Teichert, opened a heavy attack on Dimitroff, stating Popoff and Tanoff did not agree with Dimitroff's agitational kind of defense. Before Tanoff and Popoff were given an opportunity to reply, fresh witnesses were called.

Never Saw Dimitroff
The Communist Deputy Neubauer was put on the stand and declared he never saw Dimitroff. The Reichstag elevator man Kaufman maintained that he saw Dimitroff in the Reichstag elevator with Julius, chief editor of the International Press Correspondence, who resembles Dimitroff.

The next witness was a Russian woman physician from Leningrad, the manager of the Crimea Sanatorium, who treated Popoff from the 3rd of August until the 13th of September, 1932. The sanatorium sent on demand the certificate of Popoff's sojourn, which is the official document, as there are no private sanatoria in the Soviet Union.

Dimitroff submitted the certificate of his stay in the Soviet sanatorium in May, 1932.

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Communist Party Urges Thousands to Protest Monday

(Continued from Page 1)

the auspices of the International Labor Defense and the N. Y. Committee to Aid Victims of German Fascism. Speakers will be, David Levinson, I.L.D. attorney recently returned from Germany; Walter Orloff, American student recently released from Nazi jails; Herbert Klein, Berlin press correspondent, and many others. Rabbi Louis D. Gross will be chairman.

Yorkville Meet
A mass meeting to protest the Reichstag trial and to save Dimitroff, Torgler, Popoff and Tanoff will be held tonight at the Labor Temple, 243 E. 84th St. Anna Schultz, who recently escaped from Germany, will speak.

Three Chicago Meets
CHICAGO, Nov. 15.—Workers, farmers and students will rally in two meetings on Nov. 19 and one huge demonstration on the 22d to protest against the murder plans of the German fascists and to demand the release of Dimitroff, Torgler, Popoff and Tanoff. The meetings will be held in Bigelow Hall, 211 Odd Fellows Temple, Elm and 7th Sts.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 15.—In preparation for the mass protest meeting scheduled for Sunday, Nov. 19, six meetings have been arranged during the week. Sunday's meeting will protest the Reichstag trial and demand the immediate release of Dimitroff, Torgler, Popoff and Tanoff. The meeting will be held in Bigelow Hall, 211 Odd Fellows Temple, Elm and 7th Sts.

Six Cleveland Meets
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Speakers will be W. C. Harrison, Ohio State Senator; W. Straus, German Krankenkasse; John Williamson and others.

The secretary to the German consulate here admitted to a workers' delegation that numerous protests had been received against the Reichstag trial and demand the immediate release of Dimitroff, Torgler, Popoff and Tanoff.

When the delegation first appeared before the consul's secretary, they were told that the consul refused to see them. Not to be denied, the delegates, led by Albert Mallingier of the American League Against War and Fascism, brushed by the secretary, confronted the consul in his private office, and made their demands.

After he had been forced to listen to the end, the consul handed out the slanderous books, "Down with Hitler" and "Long Live Soviet Germany!" the delegation left just as the police, called by the frightened officials, were arriving.

I. W. O. Meeting
Branch 506 of the International Workers' Order will hold its meeting tonight, 8:30, at 50 E. 13th St., room 204.

Furniture Workers Meet
The Upholsterer Section of the Furniture Workers Industrial Union will hold a meeting tonight, 7:30, at union headquarters, 812 Broadway.

Celebrate Birthday of Comrade Bedacht with Banquet Nov. 25

NEW YORK.—The fifteenth birthday of Max Bedacht, member of the Central Committee of the Communist Party and National Secretary of the International Workers Order, will be celebrated at a delegated testimonial Banquet, Saturday evening, November 25, at Irving Plaza Hall. The celebration will also mark the thirtieth year in which Bedacht has participated in the revolutionary movement.

The speakers at the banquet will be: Earl Browder, General Secretary of the Communist Party; James W. Ford of the T. U. U. L. Clarence Hathaway, editor of the Daily Worker; William Weiner, president of the I. W. O. Charles Krumbelt, district organizer of the Communist Party will be the chairman.

Besides the speakers an exceptional program has been arranged. Andre Cibulski will sing popular Russian melodies. Eugene Nigob, famous pianist, and Miss Fresser, violinist, will play.

Terzani Protest Meetings Tonight

Tag Days Called for Friday and Saturday

NEW YORK.—With Brooklyn workers preparing to hold a series of Terzani protest meetings this evening to demand the release of Athos Terzani, young anti-fascist, framed in connection with the murder of the comrade Anthony Pierre, the Terzani Defense Committee called for volunteers to help collect funds for the defense this Friday and Saturday, as a further step in the fight to free Terzani.

Tonight's meetings will be held as follows: Workers' Center, 5111 Fifth Ave., Brooklyn; Workers' Center, 87 Bay 26th St., Brooklyn; Labor Union, 137 42nd St., Brooklyn, and Workers' Center, 2874 W. 27th St., Coney Island.

The following stations are listed for the Tag Day collections, where volunteers can secure cans and credentials:

MANHATTAN—49 Fifth Ave., 7 E. 15th St., 100 W. 72nd St., 1184 St. Nicholas Ave., 2005 Seventh Ave. **BROOKLYN**—Downtown, 151 Montross St., Bensonhurst, 87 Bay 26th St.; Boro Park, 137 42nd St.; Brighton, 1113 Brighton Beach Ave.; Brownsville, 210 Sackman Ave.; Coney Island, 202 Mermaid Ave. and 333 Sheffield Ave.; Flatbush, 844 Ulleva Ave. and 2239 Church Ave.; Williamsburgh, 269 S. Third St. and 167 Tompkins Ave.

BRONX—W. 170th St., 809 Westchester Ave., 2700 Bronx Park East, 792 East Tremont Ave. **QUEENS**—4206 27th St. (near Queens Plaza), Long Island City. **RICHMOND**—Addresses of Staten Island can-centers can be obtained by telephoning Algonquin 4-2594.

Brooklyn will have a third tag day, Sunday, because of the assembly of certain large crowds there that day.

Free T. H. Stone in Richmond, Va. Strike
Dockmen Fight NRA; Free Organizer

RICHMOND, Va.—Packing the court room, longshoremen and other workers forced Judge Hadden to dismiss the case against T. H. Stone, organizer of the International Labor Defense, who had helped 125 striking dock workers fight an N.R.A. wage slash. During the two-hour trial, Stone, assisted by an alliance of big business with N.R.A. to reduce the workers' standards of living.

When the wages of the longshoremen were cut in compliance with the N.R.A. to an average of 15 cents an hour, they formed the Marine Workers Industrial Union to help them fight their demands of 65 cents an hour, 25 cents to the sling, and recognition of the Workers Committee.

The Richmond Unemployed Council and the I.L.D. were mobilized to help the longshoremen win their strike. With all but two of the 125 strikers out on the picket line the workers rejected boss Potts' compromise offer of 35 cents an hour. After with interfering with the police.

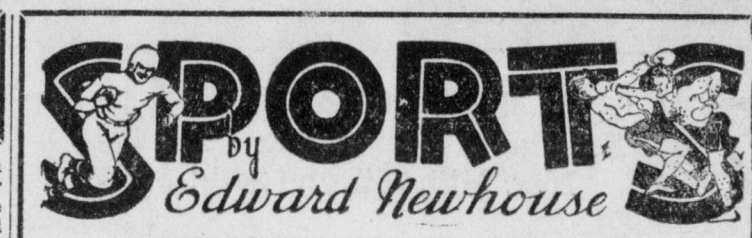
City Events

Talk on Cuba
The present situation in Cuba will be the topic of a lecture by O. Bruno, N. Y. Secretary of the Anti-Imperialist League in the Cooperative Auditorium, 2700 Bronx Park East, tonight at 8 p. m.

Anniversary Celebration of Women's Council
The United Councils of Working Class Women will celebrate their 10th Anniversary tomorrow night at Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Place, City. An excellent entertainment program has been arranged.

Inaugurate Rose Pastor Stokes Branch, I. L. D.
All professionals and intellectuals are urged to attend the opening of the Rose Pastor Stokes branch of the I. L. D. tomorrow night, 8:30, at 53 E. 11th St., rear building. This branch is being organized by Adolf Wolff, sculptor, in memory of Rose Pastor Stokes.

Furniture Workers Meet
The Upholsterer Section of the Furniture Workers Industrial Union will hold a meeting tonight, 7:30, at union headquarters, 812 Broadway.



Max Baer, Your New Idol

THERE are so many more fruitful points of departure from which a review of Max Baer in "The Prizefighter and the Lady" could be written that it seems a pity to confine oneself to the sports angle. I confess I hastened to see the picture in expectation of a visual treat at least. Hollywood has done beautiful fight photography.

Then the reviews were so unanimously enthusiastic. Baer was "two hundred pounds of curly-haired dynamite" and a "personality," a real back to fundamentals ideal of womankind. Now I have seen the boy in the ring and at dressing room range and although I have a notion about just how much press agents can do, such a complete reversal of opinion was mildly puzzling. Baer had struck me as a third-rater who's too dumb to know he's hit and the color angle I filed with the National Recovery Act, Carvel Wells and Carnera's "terrific right uppercut."

The real ecstatic raves were pulled by the syndicated lady reviewers who seem to have a corner on the market for all sorts of appealing circumstances. He's a handsome fellow, they were also more than appreciative. I still fail to explain that complete surrender of even their own technical and what one, for immediate want of a more accurate term, may call horse-sense standards.

NOTE the commanding admiration, a desire and nostalgia for easy money. Robin Hood and D'Artagnan never had the glamour and impressiveness of the Hollywood gangster. He's no longer the swaggering bully along Capone lines or the Public Enemy of Wallace Berry days. The trigger man of "The Prizefighter and the Lady" is an attractive-polished-generous-dangerous-sensitive Otto Kruger. He's the vehicle for the conviction of the Hollywood writer that "the love stuff you read about in books is boloney." He's too honest for that. When his "adopted son" and bodyguard (aged 60, how original, how quaint) offers to spill Maxie's guts into some alley Otto shakes his head, puts up the fighter's \$25,000 guarantee for the Carnera bout instead. He gives the boy chance after chance to prove his love for the boy and when he's satisfied, you get the sort of graceful exit you have learned to expect from Cyano de Bergerac, not Legs Diamond.

THESE are your Hollywood heroes, the American institutions which Franklin D. Roosevelt thinks are "still sold as the Rock of Gibraltar." Max Baer, your next heavyweight champion, the swaggering moron pug. The glittering woman who has lived but transcends her past to become subordinated to her husband's career, woman's Great Function. The glorified gambler. And the press of check and double check. The Rock of Gibraltar is all wet at the bottom.

Helping the Daily Worker Through Ed Newhouse

Contributions received to the credit of Edward Newhouse in the Socialist competition with Michael Gold, Dr. Luttinger, Helen Luke and Jacob Burck to raise \$1,000 in the \$40,000 Daily Worker Drive:

House party \$ 2.51
Previous total 143.26
Total to date \$145.76

DR. JULIUS LITTINSKY
107 BRISTOL STREET
Bet. Pitkin and Sutter Aves., Brooklyn
PHONE: DICKENS 2-3012
Office Hours: 9-10 A.M., 1-2, 6-8 P.M.

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OFFICIAL Optometrist OF THE I. W. O.
106 EAST 14TH STREET
Near Fourth Ave., N. Y. C.
Phone: Tompkins Square 6-8227

DR. J. JOSEPHSON
Surgeon Dentist
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207 East 14th Street
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ARRANGE YOUR DANCES, LECTURES, UNION MEETINGS
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New York City
RESTAURANT and BEER GARDEN

ENTERTAINMENT AND DANCE
given by the United Front Supporters
at NEW WEBSTER MANOR, 125 East 11th Street
FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 17, at 9 P. M.
Program: Anastasia Rabinoff, prominent Russian Soprano; Red Dancers

FOR BROWNVILLE PROLETARIANS
SOKAL CAFETERIA
1889 PITKIN AVENUE
WORKERS—EAT AT THE Parkway Cafeteria 1633 PITKIN AVENUE Near Hopkinson Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y. Williamburgh Comrades Welcome

De Luxe Cafeteria
84 Graham Ave., Cor. Stiegel St. EVERY BITE A DELIGHT

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Chicago Workers, Farmers Pledge Unity at Coliseum Meeting!

THIRTY-TWO JAILED WHEN YOUTH DEMAND RELIEF IN DETROIT

Demand Four Dollars Cash Relief; Rent and Clothing; Fight Discrimination Against Negro Youth

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 14.—Thirty-two jobless youth, Negro and white, girls and boys, were arrested today by the Detroit police because they refused to leave the Boys' Bureau on 556 E. Jefferson, until given relief. Some months ago the city was forced to open this Boys' Bureau because of the growing insistence on the part of Detroit jobless youth and their parents, led by the Unemployed Council and the Young Communist League. Eight workers are still being held in jail. However, only a minimum number of youth actually have been receiving relief. Four weeks ago the auto plants closed down once more, throwing the youth out of work. The high prices and old debts have eaten up the few dollars that they made while working.

The members of the Y. C. L. and the youth of the Unemployed Council have been instrumental in winning relief for hundreds of Detroit youth. Some work ten hours a week for \$5.50, while others receive \$3.50 in grocery checks for two weeks, plus 8 cents of milk.

Since attempts to bribe the leaders of this movement by giving them jobs and extra amounts of relief have failed, the Boys' Bureau officials are now trying to scare the hungry youth into submission by failing and terrorizing them. Only the intervention of the other youth saved Nat Young, a member of the Young Communist League and one of the leaders of the group, from getting cracked on the head with a cop's gun. Paul Kirk, Youth Organizer of the Council, also a leader of the group, is a young Negro. "First group were also fighting for relief for Negro youth, who have been constantly discriminated against in giving of jobs and relief. The arrests have not succeeded in the purpose of scaring these youth into accepting starvation. On the contrary, energetic preparations are being made for a city-wide demonstration on Monday, Dec. 4, for \$4 cash relief, plus rent, plus clothing, for all youth, including Negro and girls, and against discrimination against Negro youth in giving out of jobs. We call upon the adult workers, the mothers and fathers of Detroit youth to join in support of our fight."

The investigation showed, it was announced, that after the gangsters lynched Moore, Deputy Richard came to Thibodeaux's grandmother's home, where he was sleeping. Approaching the bed, he said: "Get up and dress, Nigger. We are going to take you out and hang you. You are the one who wanted a white woman."

He was thereupon taken to the bridge from which the body of Moore was already hanging, and strung up beside him.

During the lynching, Sheriff Heime, who knew about the preparations, and had even warned Moore's mother to get out of town, stayed away carefully at home.

The fall in which Moore was held was left in charge of one deputy, Landry, a decrepit old man of more than 60, who offered no resistance in any case, but handed over the keys to the lynchers, among whom were many deputies from Labadieville and other towns.

Armed guards were placed over the homes of all Negroes in Labadieville while the lynchings were taking place.

The official excuse for the arrest of Moore, which was preparatory to lynching him and Thibodeaux, was the murder of a white girl neighbor and friend of Moore's, whose body was found in a cane-field. Suspicion in her death pointed definitely to several white men, including her step-father.

Investigators pointed out that the body was found in the dark by a deputy-sheriff who drove straight to the spot on the road nearest by, stopped his car, went into the cane-field, and announced his discovery.

The parish authorities have announced that they are holding "bloody" clothes of Moore, which his mother, Mrs. Lillie Moore, they say, surrendered to them.

Mrs. Moore, now in New Orleans, is quoted by the "Louisiana Weekly," a local Negro paper, as saying the sheriffs came to the house looking for bloody clothes, did not find any, and returned later and seized her son's ordinary work clothes.

"If there are any bloody marks on those clothes," she said, "they were put there after they were taken from my house."

It is reported from Terrebonne parish that Deputy Richard is calling on all the rich planters to make sure of their support in case charges are laid against him in connection with the lynching.

Workers Win Bread Strike in New York By Mass Picketing Price Lowered When Injunctions and Arrests Fail

NEW YORK, N. Y.—The workers of the Allerton Ave. neighborhood won their four-day bread strike, forcing the reduction in the price of bread from nine cents to seven cents a pound and of rolls from 24 to 20 cents a dozen. The strike was under the leadership of the Unemployed Council, Women's Council, and the strike committee elected by the workers. All four bakeries concerned have given in, in spite of injunctions and arrests used against the strikers.

Union Shop Settles
The first and only place to settle with the Strike Committee on these prices was the Modern Bakery, a Food Workers' Industrial Union shop. The other three bakeries, Pato's, French Mold and Daylight Bakery, all on Allerton Ave., have also been forced to reduce their prices to 7 and 20 cents, but have so far refused to sign up with the Strike Committee.

The Modern Bakery, the Food Workers' Industrial Union shop, is donating 10 per cent of its profits for the next three days to the Daily Worker. A big role in forcing all of the bakeries to come down in prices was played by the Concoops Grocery Store, which showed its solidarity with the strikers by selling bread at six cents and 18 cents, thus forcing the other bakeries to reduce their prices.

Meeting Tonight
The workers of the Allerton Ave. neighborhood put up a splendid struggle in picketing all bakeries en masse in spite of the injunction issued on Friday afternoon when the police rode through the streets on rollerskates announcing the strike and mobilizing the people. During the picketing, three workers were arrested and served two days in jail.

A mass meeting is to be held tonight (Thursday) in the Sholem Al-Chen Schule on Allerton Ave. to celebrate the victory and map out plans for broadening the movement to a fight for a reduction on other commodities. The need of organization on every block to guarantee the victory for the future and win other gains will be stressed at this meeting.

J. W. O. Conference to Demand Food, Clothing for Chicago Children

CHICAGO, Ill.—A conference to demand food and clothing for the children attending public schools will be held Sunday, Nov. 19, at the People's Auditorium, 2457 W. Chicago. The conference is sponsored by the International Workers Order.

The training school for comrades who intend to do children's work will commence the same day at 2 p.m.

Shoe Workers Fight NRA Distortion of Strike Gains

Labor Board Protects Scabs by No-Discrimination Clause

By FRED BIEDENKAPP
Secretary of the Shoe and Leather Workers Industrial Union

The Nov. 2 decision of the National Labor Board in connection with the New York shoe strike showed clearly that unless the workers used their united effort and mass pressure, they could force little from the Board. If there was any doubt in the mind of any of the shoe workers that the National Labor Board was as much a boss organization as is the Chamber of Commerce, that doubt was completely eliminated by the latest decision of the National Labor Board resulting from its interpretation of its own ruling, at the request of and to suit the manufacturers.

Among other things, the November decision clearly states that the strikers

Oranges Selling for \$8, Net 1-2 Cents to Growers

Seffner, Florida.
Editor, Daily Worker:
We are as poor as they make 'em, but we have to keep our only workingman's paper going, even if it takes our last dollar, and here is a dollar to help along.
The N. I. R. A. stagger plan seems to have made things worse. Last year we averaged 1 1/2 cents a box for oranges, which sold at retail in the North for \$6 to \$8, and this year it is worse. That is the "new deal" for the farmers. We must fight the fascist terror, or get the same deal as the German workers.
S. O. B.

Militant Seaman Faces Deportation to Fascist Germany

NEW YORK.—Fritz Liedtke, member of the Marine Workers Industrial Union, and active in the 1923 revolution in Germany, is facing deportation to fascist Germany, where he faces torture and imprisonment, and perhaps death, at the hands of the Nazi murderers.

Liedtke was arrested Saturday night as he was leaving the Seamen's Church Institute. An order was at once issued for his deportation to Germany. The union has succeeded in getting a stay of ten days, thus blocking the plans to deport him yesterday. While in the dormitory at Ellis Island two days ago, Liedtke was threatened by Mrs. Schneider, an agent of the German attorney for the Nazi church organization, who entered the dormitory shouting "Heil Hitler" in celebration of the "victory" in the bayonet poll last Sunday. Liedtke, who denounced the fascist agent, was told by Mrs. Schneider, "It's all right, you will be in the concentration camps within a month."

A joint committee of representatives from the union, the International Labor Defense and the Committee to Aid Victims of German Fascism, has initiated a campaign for the right of voluntary departure for Liedtke, to save him from the bloody Nazi regime. All workers are urged to support this campaign and to help in raising the \$150 necessary for his transportation. Members of the Activists Section of the International Seamen's Club have already donated ten dollars. All organizations should write protests to Mrs. Frances Perkins, Roosevelt's Labor Secretary, protesting the arrest of Liedtke and the attempt to throw him into the hands of the fascist butchers. Liedtke's case is significant as the first attempt by the Roosevelt government to deport a worker to Germany since Hitler came into power.

Liedtke has been persecuted by the immigration authorities for the past year. Last spring he was held on Ellis Island for three months until mass protests forced his release.

Minnesota Jobless to Demand Action on Relief Program State Confab Exerts Pressure on "Farmer-Labor" Governor

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Nov. 15.—Following upon Governor Floyd Olson's announcement that a special session of the State Legislature would enact liquor control legislation would be called for Dec. 4, the Minnesota State Committee of the Unemployed Councils issued a call for a State Unemployed Conference of all workers organizations, employed and unemployed, to be held on Sunday, Dec. 3.

The conference will adopt an unemployment relief program and elect a delegation to demand of the Legislature that relief shall be placed on the agenda first, instead of liquor control, and to present a relief program for the unemployed. Olson, Farmer-Labor Party leader, has consistently fought against granting relief to the unemployed.

Twenty-five thousand leaflets have been distributed by the State Committee for this conference, in many workers organizations are adopting resolutions demanding of Governor Olson that unemployment relief be placed on the agenda of the special legislative session.

The Unemployed Councils will submit to the conference a relief program, including the following demands:

1. Emergency appropriations for winter relief for the unemployed.
2. Amend the state law to permit unemployment relief to be given out in cash, instead of grocery orders, as is required at present.
3. Abolition of forced labor for relief.
4. Stopping of foreclosures, tax sales, evictions, and shutting off of light and water, for all unemployed and part-time workers, since the house owners, and impoverished farmers.
5. Pending similar action by the Federal Government, enactment of the Workers Unemployment Insurance Bill.

Amter Opens Chicago Unemployed Bazaar

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 15.—The first Annual Bazaar given by the Unemployed Councils of Cook County in the United Negro Improvement Association, Hall at 3001 S. State St., opens at 6 p.m. Saturday, Nov. 18. Amter, will open the Bazaar at 6 p.m. on the 18th.

Coal, Clothes Orders Won by Philly Meet

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—Workers from the Kensington and Richmond neighborhoods in a demonstration at the local Relief Bureau compelled the supervisor to issue coal and clothes orders to needy cases.

Pittsburgh, Pa. Jobless Councils Vote 25 P. C. Dance Income to Daily

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—Close to 200 regular delegates to the Allegheny County Committee of the Unemployed Councils voted unanimously to contribute 25 per cent of all net profits to be made at the Saturday, Nov. 18, dance arranged by the Councils in support of the County Hunger March. The dance will be held at Superior Hall, 35 Miller St.

After a thorough discussion on the role of the Daily Worker in all major and minor struggles of the unemployed throughout the country, and how the Daily can and must be utilized in preparation for the County Hunger March that will take place, Tuesday, Nov. 23, a motion was made and carried to further support the financial and circulation drive of the Daily.

Utah Miners to Protest Guynn's Arrest in Gallup

HELPER, Utah, Nov. 15.—Mass protest meetings are being called in the Utah coal fields against the arrest of Charles Guynn, National Miners Union leader, who was dragged from the home of a miner in Gallup, New Mexico, and thrown into the military stockade.

A district board meeting of the N. M. U. is to be held here Thursday. Miners are demanding Guynn's release, needing his leadership here, and the fight against the U.M.W.A. leaders' sell-out agreement with the operators.

Jobless Confer Nov. 19 in Phila.

PHILADELPHIA.—With the city council postponing any action on relief appropriations and evictions increasing daily, the Unemployed Councils have called a conference for Sunday, Nov. 19, 2 p.m., at New Carroll Hall, 507 S. 8th St., to plan the fight for cash relief, coal, housing and the Workers Social and Unemployment Insurance Bill.

A call has been sent out to all unemployed organizations, trade unions, youth, women, fraternal and cultural organizations. All organizations that have not been reached should send delegates to this conference. The call states that unemployment insurance is of vital importance to all categories of workers; therefore, they must participate in its attainment.

F.S.U. Recognition Meeting

CLEVELAND.—Bishop William Montgomery Brown of Gallion, Ohio will be the main speaker on the recognition of the Soviet Union tomorrow night, 7:30 at Moose Hall, 1029 Walnut Ave., under the auspices of the Friends of the Soviet Union.

FARMERS GATHER AT CHICAGO IN HISTORIC FIGHTING CONFERENCE

Worker-Farmer Solidarity Mass Meeting to be Held at Coliseum, Friday Night; Farm Leaders, C.P. Representative to Speak

By SENDER GARLIN.
CHICAGO.—First-hand reports of the farm strike front in Wisconsin, Minnesota and Iowa will be made by delegates fresh from the picket lines, at the Wednesday afternoon session of the Farmers' Second National Conference in session at the People's Auditorium, 2457 W. Chicago Ave. With approximately 750 delegates in attendance—including 20 farm women—the farmers will come united for immediate relief for the poverty-stricken population on the countryside.

Chicago workers from basic industries in this area will greet the farm delegates at a mass meeting in the Coliseum this Friday evening, Nov. 17.

Frost-bitten farm delegates came to Chicago in battered cars and trucks, representing farmers from more than 40 states, including centers of struggle like Iowa, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

Harris Opens Meeting
The conference will be opened by Lem Harris, Executive Secretary of the Farmers National Committee for Action, who will review the militant struggle of the farmers struggling against debts, evictions and foreclosures. Harris will be followed by farm delegates who will report on the struggle in their own localities.

Bloor to Speak
During the afternoon session, also, Mother Bloor, organizer of Iowa farmers, will pay a tribute, on behalf of the delegates, to two members of the National Committee who died since the last conference—Fred Chase of New Hampshire, and Arnold Meyer of South Dakota.

A Program and Resolutions Committee will be elected at the evening session on Wednesday. This committee will receive the recommendations from the delegates. All sessions of the committee will be open, and delegates are being invited to listen in on any or all discussions of the committee and submit in writing any recommendations which they wish to make.

Form Sub-Committees
The delegates at the same session will elect a Finance and Organization Committee, charged with drawing up plans for financing the work for the following year and drawing up practical organizing plans, including a national campaign for developing a mass circulation for the "Farmers' National Weekly."

On Thursday morning the conference will divide itself into sub-sections, according to the following crops: 1. Dairy; 2. Grain; 3. Cotton; 4. Corn and beans; 5. Crop specialties, including poultry, fruit and potatoes. These sub-sections plan united action by different sections interested in the same crop and their suggestions relating to sections interests will be submitted to the Program Committee.

The afternoon session on Thursday will be taken up with the presentation of the farm programs of the five political parties. Representatives have been invited from the Republican, Democratic, Socialist, Farmer-Labor and Communist Parties.

Only the Socialist and Communist Parties have thus far accepted the invitation of the Executive Committee of the Farmers' National Committee to the Farmers' Holiday Association and Democratic Parties have declined to send representatives, and have instead sent copies of their program, which they ask to have read to the conference.

A Soviet film showing the life of the city workers and farmers in the U.S.S.R. will be shown the delegates during the early part of the evening session on Thursday. At 9 o'clock a youth meeting and a women's meeting will be held.

Hathaway to Speak
Delegates will discuss the national program and resolutions during the morning and afternoon sessions on Friday.

In the evening the conference will adjourn to the Coliseum, where Chicago workers will greet the farmers at a Farmer-Worker Solidarity Mass Meeting. Speakers will include Lem Harris, Secretary of the Farmers National Committee for Action; Joe Sharp, of the Alabama Sharecroppers' Union; Alfred Tiala, National Secretary of the United Farmers League; Mother Bloor, of the Holiday Association of Iowa; Harry Lux, State Organizer, Holiday Association of Nebraska; John Marshall, president of the Ohio Farmers League; Joe Weber, of the Trade Union Unity League; Clarence Hathaway, of the Communist Party, and I. Amter, National Secretary of the Unemployed Councils of the U. S. A.

At the morning session on Saturday the delegates will discuss the recommendations submitted by the Finance and Organization Committee. They will conclude the discussion on organizational questions at the afternoon session, and before adjournment elect the new National Committee for Action as well as a Secretary.

The newly-elected National Committee for Action will hold its first sessions at the morning session on Sunday, and at two o'clock meetings of delegates from various organizations will be held to discuss their program in the light of the lessons of the Conference. These organizations include the Farmers Holiday Association of Nebraska (Madison County Plan); United Farmers League; United Farmers Protective Association, and others.

Demand Cancellation
Many of the farmers came to the Conference with mandates from their organizations back home to demand cancellation of farm debts instead of

Fight Through Snow

(By a Farmer Correspondent)
NEW ROCKFORD, N. D.—The delegates to the Farmers 2nd National Conference from northeastern Montana are already on their way. At Bergen, N. D. two delegates joined us and here we picked up another, so our caravan now carries 26 delegates in two cars and a truck. Four of these delegates are women from Sheridan County.

Had a hard time yesterday—stuck in snow several times. Women out helping to push sometimes. At one place a farmer with a team of horses pulled our car for a mile through deep snow, but we finally reached New Rockford in time to attend the Farmers' Relief meeting there.

It was a fine, enthusiastic bunch of farmers there. They sent a message to Governor Langer that if relief was not forthcoming at once, they would raid the stores. It's encouraging to know that people are alive to the situation in other places as well as in Sheridan County.

Attacks Militant Farmer

(By a Farmer Correspondent)
MUSKEGO BEACH, Wis., Nov. 13.—Barraged at the announcement of the coming Conference came at the microphone by Hugo Fischer, member of the United Farm League, at a joint meeting of the Milk Pool and the Holiday Association here. Walter Singer, president of the Milk Pool tried to make a physical assault upon the militant farmer. The attempted attack came after Singer had devoted almost the entire meeting to a vicious series of "red-baiting" remarks, which had little effect on the farmers.

The Socialist sheriff, Al Benson, of Milwaukee, came to Singer's assistance.

H. H. SENDS DELEGATES
NILESBO, N. Y.—New Hampshire has sent six farmer delegates to the Farmers Second National Conference to be held in Chicago. The New Hampshire delegation is composed of four dirt farmers and two farm laborers. The delegates collected fruit and vegetables to take to Chicago.

New Hampshire delegates met other New England delegates in Greenfield, Mass., where they left by truck on Saturday, Nov. 11. The truck carried 16 delegates. A farm woman delegate will join the truck in New York state.

OUT OF TOWN AFFAIRS

FOR THE
Daily Worker
Control Organ of the Communist Party U.S.A.

Cleveland

November 18th:

House Party arranged by Unit 14-2 will be given at the home of M. Martucci, 15508 St. Clair Ave. at 1 P. M.
Entertainment held at 12306 Oakfield Ave., 8 p.m. Adm. \$5. Good program.
The Finnish Educational Club will hold a Dance at the Workers Hall, 138 W. 35th St. Good music and a good time.

The Unemployed Council of Collingwood will hold a house party and entertainment at 1725 Saranac Rd. at 9 P. M. Slide show on Ohio Relief March and from the Soviet Union will be shown.

November 19th:

Dance and Entertainment given by Sect. 2 at the Scandinavian Workers Center, 7019 Wade Park Ave. Admission 15c.

Philadelphia

November 18th:

Concert and Dance given by Sect. 13 at 935 N. 24th Street. Adm. 15c.
House Party given by Unit 301 at home of Comrade Whites, 5113 Aspen Street. Good time assured.

Furniture Workers! Subscribe!

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THE FURNITURE WORKER

National Publication of the Furniture Workers Industrial Union

Affiliated with the Trade Union Unity League

Published Monthly at 818 Broadway, New York City

Editor JOE KISS

Subscription 50 cents a year Single copies 5 cents

CITY AFFAIRS

BEING HELD FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE

Daily Worker

Friday, Nov. 17th:

Dance and Entertainment given by the United Front Supporters at Webster Manor, 125 E. 11th St. Ed Newhouse, Master of Ceremonies. Admission 50c in advance; 75c at door.

Saturday, Nov. 18th:

Extraordinary Concert given by the Middle Bronx Workers Club, 383 Third Ave., Red Dancer, Worker Laboratory Theatre, Good Dance Orchestra.

DOWNTOWN

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OUR SOLE AIM IS TO GIVE YOU

HIGHEST QUALITY FOOD

AT LOWEST PRICES

What Are Conditions in the Dress Trade After the Strike?

ILGWU Leaders' Deeds Opens Way for Sweat Shops

By J. ABRAMS.

Three months ago the dressmakers came out on strike at the call of the International Ladies' Garment Workers Union and the Needle Trades Union. The response of the dressmakers to the strike was the biggest in history of any dress strike in New York City.

At the conferences with the bosses, our "leaders," Hochman Dubinsky and Zimmerman said to it that only they should represent the strikers, not consulting the workers beforehand on what our demands to the bosses should be. The chief demand that we, the dressmakers fought for, were as follows: a minimum wage scale, a 35-hour week and limitation of contractors. In the main the I. L. G. leaders demanded that their union be recognized as the only union in the dress industry, even though there were thousands of workers striking under the leadership of the Industrial Union. The conferences were held in secret. No information was given to the strikers in the halls on the proceedings. Only because of the Left Wing workers who were militant on the picket lines and in the halls were the bosses compelled to give in to some of the strikers' demands.

The I. L. G. leaders as well as the N.R.A. Commissioner Whalen ask for a quick settlement, being afraid that the Left Wing workers would take over the leadership of the strike.

The strike lasted only four days and demands won were a minimum wage, recognition of the I. L. G. and the 35-hour week. Limitation of contractors, which might have been won in time of the strike, had our leaders fought for it, was left to the Washington authorities. The workers were sent back to work.

Two months passed, conferences with the bosses were held secretly, without mobilizing the workers in the least for this demand of limitation. In their leaflets the administration of Local 22 said very little on the fight against the bosses and attacked only the Left Wing group for demanding this limitation as a step towards abolishing sweatshops. The code has already been signed and approved by Roosevelt, but all our chief demands won during the strike and also limitation were given up.

On the question of hours, for which the dressmakers have so bitterly fought, the 35-hour week, one of our chief demands, has been done away with. There is supposed to be no overtime done, but read the code. "Exceptions . . . may be allowed by the code authority for a period of not more than six weeks in any one season, provided that the employer shall be required to pay one and one-half times the normal wage for such overtime work." No season in the dress industry lasts as long as six weeks; secondly, if there are four seasons during the year, then in the main, the majority of the industry works piece work, so the workers will not get paid time and a half for overtime. Thus we see how our leaders have given up the 35-hour week.

What about limitation? The code reads, "Manufacturers and jobbers, who cause their garments to be made by contractors, shall immediately designate the number of contractors to meet their business requirements. Within one week at the effective date of this code the manufacturer and jobber shall register any and all subsequent changes . . . This does not abridge the right of manufacturers or jobbers to add to, subtract from or change their contractors, provided that these are not made for the purpose of evading the established wage scale." If the demand of the workers for limitation had been met, wage scales could be more easily controlled and competition between contractors would be reduced, thus reducing the danger of continued sweatshops.

Severe Competition.
Dubinsky himself admitted that there is no limitation in the dress industry. It means competition will go on as ever. The contractors who do cheaper work will get the work and

Only Opposition Group Can Lead Fight for Conditions

If the jobber finds that workers in a given shop are fighting against wage cuts and for union conditions he will not send work to the shop.

The code as a whole exposed the conspiracy of Dubinsky, Hochman and the so-called progressive Zimmerman with the bosses. They brazenly told us to be patient and all would be well. They did not mobilize the dressmakers to strike for our demands.

Only Fighting Force.

Against these betrayers there is only one force which will fight for our union conditions, code or no code, and that is the Left Wing opposition of the I.L.G.W.

The Left Wing proposes that jobbers' committees be set up immediately, that shop meetings be held at least twice a month in each shop to enforce our conditions, that an unemployed council be set up for the jobless dressmakers at once to force the city to provide relief and that the union set aside funds for weekly payment to the unemployed. The Left Wing is also fighting for exemption of the unemployed from dues' payments and for the endorsement of the Unemployment Insurance Bill of the A. F. of L. Committee for Unemployment Insurance.

Renegades Go to Aid of Bosses Against Strikers

The strikers have made several concessions in their demands in an effort to reach a satisfactory settlement of the strike, and while it is true that at present there is very little work in the shops and because of that the manufacturers have a big advantage, the shoe workers are nevertheless determined that no matter what the cost may be, they will never agree to a policy of discrimination, which has no other object than to break the ranks and the solidarity of the workers.

N. R. A. Supporters

Not only are the shoe workers confronted with a combination of the Boss and Shoe officials, the bosses and the N. R. A., but now again come the renegades in the labor movement, such as the Zimmerman and Bixby, who, under the guise of a new organ-

WHAT A WORLD!

By Joseph Freeman

FORD is a byword throughout the world. It is the name of a cheap, therefore popular, car. It is also the symbol of a production system. Before the crisis it was fashionable for capitalist apologists in Europe and America (and this includes Socialists) to speak of Fordism as the antidote to Leninism. Ford was the symbol of that "enlightened" capitalism which was the best safeguard against the "catastrophes" of Bolshevism.

This illusion was fostered by Henry Ford himself. Ford's workers did not need a union. They were happy at his beltline; they had no grievances. Every Ford worker got \$3 a day, owned his home, and was the proud possessor of a car. Naturally, a Ford.

The crisis exploded this fairy-tale. The mask fell from the ruddy face of Dearborn's "benevolent" despot. Ford's industrial tyranny—pointed out for years by militant workers—now became manifest to the world at large. In April 1932, thousands of unemployed Ford workers crossed the line between Detroit and Dearborn and marched to the Ford plant on the River Rouge. They came to make peaceful demands. They wanted work or bread.

From Bridge No. 3 leading into the plant, Mr. Sorenson, the general manager, and Mr. Edsel Ford, the president of the company, watched the Ford private police open machine gun fire on the hunger marchers.

Joe York, a member of the Young Communist League of Detroit, and three other workers were killed. The day of their murder by the Ford police is remembered as "Bloody Thursday."

WHEN I visited Detroit in August of this year, and again in October, workers took me to see the graves of Joe York and his comrades. These martyrs of the Ford Massacre are buried in a cemetery near the River Rouge plant. The militant workers of the automobile capital plan to erect a monument on the graves of Joe York and his comrades—a tall shaft which can be seen from the River Rouge plant.

This inscription will be a warning to the Ford autocrats and a battle-cry to their slaves.

During both visits I went through the Ford plant. In August it was a melancholy sight; in October it was nearly desolate. Hundreds of machines were idle. Entire departments were empty. It was an industrial graveyard. The most famous plant in America was operating at 25 per cent of capacity, symbol of the capitalist crisis.

FROM workers, from minor officials of the Ford company, from observation, I learned a few things about "benevolent" capitalism.

In "prosperity" when the Ford plant was working at full capacity, the ratio of overhead to payroll was about 15 to 10. Now the plant is operating at about 25 per cent capacity, and the ratio of overhead to payroll is 4 to 1. The worker is therefore being exploited more than he was in 1928-29. But this increased rate of exploitation is not enough for Henry Ford. He has been cutting wages and increasing speedup to an unprecedented degree. He wants a still bigger rate of profit.

He has also worked out some new ways of cheating workers. Ford is nothing if not original. The average daily wage of the Ford worker today is \$4. But Ford employs nearly 2,000 workers at about \$2.50 a day.

This is how he does it. Thousands of Ford workers fired during the crisis are compelled by starvation to apply to the "welfare" agencies of the city of Detroit. Some of them are sent back to Ford. He re-hires them not at the regular wage, but at the "welfare" wage—\$1 a day. In addition, the "benevolent" magnate gives them a place to live in rent free, and groceries from his stores.

Altogether, experts have computed, this totals \$2.50—or \$1.50 a day LESS than the regular wage. It is only the fear of a scandal that prevents Ford from hiring more than 2,000 workers trained in his plant on this practical basis.

HERE is another cruel trick. When you go through the Ford plant you can see a number of cripples around the place. They are supposed to be working. But they are so helpless they cannot possibly do any work. Ford knows this.

Why are they there? I was told these were men maimed for life while at work in the Ford plant. They are receiving some slight compensation. But Mr. Ford is "on principle" against workman's compensation, against the dog. Therefore, though these men can do absolutely nothing, they are compelled to report to the plant and to pose as "workers." Let the world know that in Henry Ford's "enlightened" system nobody gets anything for nothing!

In order to create the impression that they are working, the cripples must not talk; they must not read newspapers. They are prisoners for eight hours a day.

Mr. Ford, however, has a kind heart. Since these cripples cannot walk, he helps them get to "work." Their families place them on street-cars going to the River Rouge plant. From the street-car stop they are transported to the factory in Ford automobiles, generously provided for this special purpose by their master.

AS YOU go through the departments where men are at work, you can see for yourself that the phrase "industrial slavery" is brutally literal. Hated for their masters is cut visibly into their drawn, sallow faces. They resent Henry Ford more bitterly than most workers hate their bosses. They hate his "benevolent" capitalism. They loathe his repulsive pretense of being a "benevolent" capitalist.

When the foreman passes by, the men lower their heads, or look the other way. Hostility hangs heavy between the slaves and the straw boss who yells, "Step on it!" and ratchets them by socking his fist into their ribs.

The Ford autocrats do not mind this hostility. They like it. They even insist on it. Here is a story some Ford workers told me:

Last year Messrs Sorenson and Martin, general managers of the plant, visited the superintendent of Building B.

"We want you," they said, "to fire 25 men in your department, at once."

"Which 25 men?" the superintendent asked.

"Any 25 men. It makes no difference."

"And why should I fire 25 men?"

"Here's the reason," Messrs. Sorenson and Martin explained. "You are the only superintendent whom the men like. They don't turn their heads away when you pass. They sometimes even smile to you. It has even been reported that you occasionally smile back. We don't want that kind of superintendent. We want a man behind whose back the workers say: 'There goes that son of a bitch!'"

The superintendent ripped off his badge and quit. Several weeks later the Ford company asked him to come back; he was too capable to let go.

But he lost his job in the end anyway. On "Bloody Thursday" it was discovered that his brother was a Communist who was active in the hunger march.

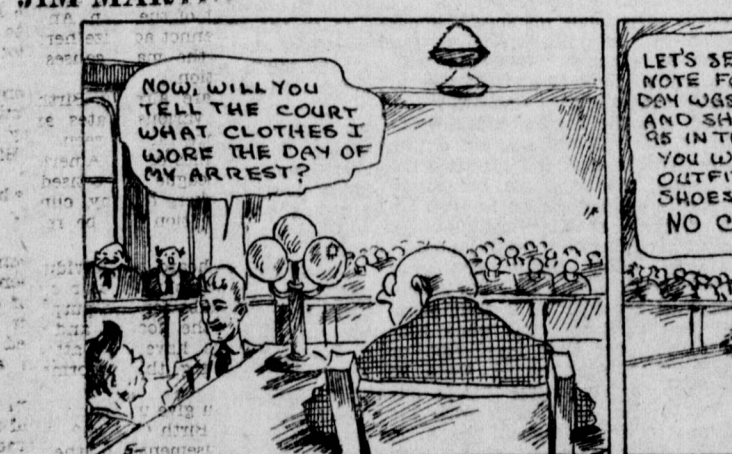
Helping the Daily Worker through Michael Gold.

Contributions received to the credit of Michael Gold in his Socialist campaign with Dr. Luttinger, Edward Newhouse, Helen Luke, Jacob Burch and Dr. L. to raise \$1,000 in the \$40,000 Daily Worker Drive:

(NOTE: A contribution of \$5.55 previously listed from the Irish Workers' Club was from this Club located in the Bronx.)

H. B.	20.25	Anonymous	1.00
O. K.	50	F. U.	1.00
C. L.	50.25	M. Radoff	1.00
Stettin B. I. D.	\$20.00	Boro Pk. Wks. Ensemble ..	1.50
M. B. Stevens	3.00		
A. Jacobson	1.00	Previous Total	\$379.27
TOTAL TO DATE			

JIM MARTIN



Field to Represent John Reed Club at Chicago Farm Meet

NEW YORK.—As part of its immediate program to draw writers and artists closer to the embattled workers and farmers, the John Reed Club is sending Ben Field to represent it at the Farm Conference in Chicago. Field is a former farm hand. He has written many stories, sketches and articles, which have appeared frequently in the Daily Worker, New Masses, Producers News and other publications.

Stage and Screen

"The Drums Begin" Coming To Shubert Theatre Nov. 24

"The Drums Begin," a new play by Howard Irving Young, will open at the Shubert Theatre on Friday night, Nov. 24, a week ahead of the original schedule. The cast is headed by Judith Anderson and includes Kent Smith, Lionel Johnston, Jose Ruben and Mollie Standish. "The Drums Begin" is now playing at the Shubert, will move on Monday to the Forty-fourth Street Theatre.

Robert Sinclair, director, and Michael Blinckoff, assistant director, have filled the seventy-two speaking parts of "Peace on Earth," which the Theatre Union will present at the Civic Repertory Theatre on November 29. The cast includes Robert Keith, Clyde Franklin, Walter Vonnegut, Hallam Bosworth, Thomas C. Cooke, Frank Tweddell, Donald A. Black, Millicent Green, Ethel Intropidi and Carolyn Newcomb.

"Growing Pains," the Aurania Roulver comedy, will open at the Ambassador Theatre on Thursday, Nov. 23, instead of Friday, as originally announced. "The Curtain Rises," now at the Ambassador, will be transferred to another theatre. Recent additions to the company include Patricia Morrison, Murry Rhynes, Loraine Hays and Claire McQuillen.

Richard Maibaum's "Birthright," a play of life under the Hitler regime, now playing in Newark, is announced for next Tuesday night at the Forty-ninth Street Theatre. Sylvia Field, Thais Lawton, Harold Elliott and Alan Bunce are in the cast.

"Deluge" To Be Shown At Jefferson Theatre Saturday

"Deluge," with Peggy Shannon, Sidney Blackmer and Lois Wilson will be the principal screen feature at the Jefferson Theatre beginning Saturday, "Torch Singer," with Claudette Colbert, Ricardo Cortez and David Manners will be shown on the same program. Beginning Wednesday, Nov. 22, the Jefferson will present "Captured," with Leslie Howard, Margaret Lindsay and Douglas Fairbanks Jr. "Ladies Must Love," with June Knight, Neil Hamilton and Sally O'Neill is on the same program. George Brent and Margaret Lindsay play the leading roles in "From Headquarters," a new Warner Bros. screen drama now playing at the Strand Theatre. The picture was directed by William Dieterle from a story by Robert N. Lee.

Workers Invited To Photo Exhibit, "America Today"

NEW YORK.—The national photo exhibit, "America Today," which opened Wednesday night at the headquarters of the Film and Photo League, 116 Lexington Ave. (near 28th St.), will be on view every night in the week from 8:30 p.m. to 10:30 p.m. (except Mondays and Thursdays) and from 2 p.m. until 10:30 p.m. on Saturdays and Sundays. The exhibition will close Dec. 15. All workers are invited. Admission is free.

Withdraw the "Red Front" Magazine from Circulation!

(AN EDITORIAL.)

IN A publication called "Red Front," published by the Central Committee of the Red Front Fighters' League and dated November 1933, there is a first page article the intent of which seems to have been to fight Fascism. But the article serves a directly opposite purpose. It aids Fascism!

After describing a document sent out by supporters of Hitler in the United States, the article in "Red Front" says:

"Sixteen million Germans of American birth—16,000,000 potential, if not already actual, Fascist, aided and abetted by such strongholds of bigotry as the Ku Klux Klan, KKK, Shirts, Silver Shirts, and so forth, is a serious menace to the workers in their struggle to organize and defeat plans to outlaw their unions."

Should such a statement appear in the capitalist press we would not hesitate to brand it as a vile slander against the millions of workers and farmers of German descent who live in this country. Evidently the editors of "Red Front" proceed on the assumption that whatever happens in Germany meets the approval of all those of German blood everywhere.

Such an illusion does not expose Hitler, but supports him and the Fascist myth that the German people support the Hitler tyranny.

Nowhere in the entire article is there one word about the class character of Fascism as a defense of decaying capitalism and a fierce assault

IT HAPPENS EVERY DAY

Short Stories from the Experiences of a Home Relief Bureau Investigator as told to HELEN KAY

The Deserter

"I WAS in the Navy for four years. I was on a destroyer," the man answered my question in regard to military service.

I hesitated. To break the monotony of the endless questioning necessary for my report, I stated in question form, "That must have been interesting work?"

The man turned pale. "Yes," he replied, "very interesting. It destroys a lot—and it sure destroyed me." He walked over to one of the drawers and pulled out a picture. "Look," he said, "can you recognize me?"

I looked at the picture. It was one of youth and health. I couldn't possibly reconcile the stalwart young man of the picture with this emaciated skeleton who held the photo in his trembling hands.

This man had come many times to the Home Relief Bureau to ask for aid. After every plea he was promised an "investigation."

He finally stopped coming. One day, a nurse from the Visiting Nurse Association, and a public school teacher called the office and in indignation, reported that the family was desperately hungry, and facing eviction.

IT WAS only then that was given instructions to "investigate" this family's case. I found this man, a war veteran, sick, his wife pregnant, on her knees scrubbing the floors of the large hallway. This, in addition to taking care of the heaters, was to make up for part of the rent.

It was this man, the head of the family, jobless, starving, that I must ask questions concerning background, relatives, property, insurance policies, and everything about him and his family. Then I would have to fill out the report, and perhaps he'd get relief of some sort.

TUNING IN

TONIGHT'S PROGRAMS

WEAF—660 Kc
7:00 P. M.—Mountains Music
7:15—Bach—Sketch
7:30—Lum and Abner
7:45—The Golden Rule—Sketch
8:00—Valley Orch.; Solists
8:15—Captain Henry (New Boat); Charles Wininger; Larry Ross, Tenor
8:30—Current Events—Marion Eugene Reed
8:45—The Jolly Rascals
9:00—Weather Report
9:15—Jazzband
9:30—Children
9:45—Bestor Orch.

WOR—710 Kc
7:00 P. M.—Sports—Frank Price
7:15—News—Gabriel Heister
7:30—Torch Singer—Sketch
7:45—At and Les Relier, Piano Duo; John Kelvin, Tenor
8:00—Current Events; Frank Sherry, Tenor
8:15—Little Old New York—Harrison Grey Pike
8:30—Lone Star Rangers
8:45—Jack Arthur, Songs; Ohman and Anderson, Piano
9:00—Welfare Committee Dinner
9:15—Alfred E. Smith, Mrs. Dwight Morrow
9:30—Saxophone Quartet
9:45—Current Events—Marion Eugene Reed
10:00—The Jolly Rascals
10:15—Weather Report
10:30—Jazzband
10:45—Children
10:55—Bestor Orch.

WABC—860 Kc
7:00 P. M.—Myrt and Marge
7:15—Paul Kelly—Sketch
7:30—Jeanie Lang and Paul Small, Songs; Denny Orch.
7:45—Paul Kelly, Tenor
8:00—Elmer Freese, Tenor—Sketch
8:15—Singer Sam
8:30—Hall Johnson and His Orchestra; Hopkins Orch.
8:45—Children's Family Welfare Committee—Talk
9:00—Kate Smith, Songs; George Gerishwin, Piano; Harry Richmond, Songs; Helen Morgan, Songs; Morton Downey, Tenor; Rajah and Dolly Orch.
9:15—Adm.
9:30—News Bulletin
9:45—Concert Orch.; Gladys Rice, Soprano
10:00—Children
10:15—Jazzband
10:30—Jazzband
10:45—Children
10:55—Bestor Orch.

WJZ—760 Kc
7:00 P. M.—Amos 'n' Andy
7:15—The Three Musketeers—Sketch

WABD—860 Kc
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