

Defense Protests

"Sure it can. How many witnesse

(At the trial this Spring it took

The two-score spectators in the

Norris, dressed in a blue shirt and

boys have been kept since they were brought here last Sunday.

George W. Chamlee, associate de-

of Hamlin Caldwell, Jackson County

(Continued on Page 2)

on the projects. He would make no while to permit this to go through, promise to this effect. Now all single and then unemployed are treated as "tran- deeper infi sients." The City Unemployed Coun-cils urged all single workers to crowd the Home Relief Bureaus demanding they be registered and be given jobs the same as those who registered be-for Nov. 7.

Richard Sullivan, secretary of the City Unemployed Councils, in a state-ment issued today, urged all orkers organizations, trade unions, block committees, to elect their delegates to the Unemployed Conference to fight Forced Labor, demanding union wages on all relief jobs. The Con-ference will be held Sunday, Decembr 10, at Irving Plaza.

Roosevelt Sets \$9 Weekly Wage for Jobless Women

By MARGUERITE YOUNG

Daily Worker, Washington Bureau WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 24.— Unemployment relief a la Roosevelt means, among other things, a nine dollar a week wage for women white-collar workers. This was disclosed today by none other than Harry L. Hopkins, director of both the Federal Relief and the new Civil Works Ad-ministration. In charge of the Roosevelt project to improve the morale of the despairing unemployed by letting them work for what they get (coolie wages), Hopkins tossed off "hunch" that 4,000,000 will get this dose by Dec. 7.

Hopkins Doesn't Care He confirmed also that foremen on the civil works projects may hire and the civil works projects may fire and fire at will. And when he was asked, "Fired back to relief?" he replied innocently, "I don't care where they're fired to. I just don't want anybody working on one of these work in this country. projects because somebody feels sorry for him."

It was Hopkins' regular press conference. He began it proudly by an-nouncing that he had sent out a Detroit, Chicago, Boston, New Haven memorandum announcing that women on fancy projects under federal relief rates.' and in no case less than 30 cents literature in the class struggle, are an hour.

"Mr. Hopkins, that means nine dollars a week," a capitalist woman reporter put in, "because you have already provided a limit of 30 hours Against War and Fascism, to edit work a week. Do you mean that fessional women will get \$9, when Monde, and to write two books, one

(Chuthand on Page 2)

unemployed anticipation of the coming govern-union wages ment financing, will maneuver for a terday and drove out the scabs. workers be employed at union wages ment financing, will maneuver for a will drive ahead toward deeper inflation.

Smith Criticizes Alfred E. Smith today, criticizing Roosevelt's inflation policy, came out in favor of "a certain amount of de-flation" if necessary. In this state-

Roosevelt in the exact way to protect capitalist profits, Roosevelt favoring indirect as well as direct wage cuts, while Smith openly approves only the direct method, because he is fearful of the risks to the capitalist class involved in inflation.

Rivalries Grow The Roosevelt inflation is aggravat.

take the necessary measures to com-bat the Roosevelt inflationary attack, since Canada and Australia are be-ginning to feel the effects of the cheap dollar to the detriment of Brit-ish exports.

ment he expresses his difference with

ing international imperialist rivalries. Britain today declared itself ready to

France is losing gold steadily, hav-

Henri Barbusse Departs

GLOVERSVILLE, N. Y., Nov. 24. One hundred and fifty coastwise

longshoremen members of the I. L. A. struck this week on the Munson Line Docks for an increase in their wage Docks for an increase in their wage to work without union recognition, Pledging active support to the threatening to employ state troopers to break the strike if they refused. strike, the Marine Workers' Industrial Union succeeded in calling on strike the created of the freighter human decided to continue the strike. Three the crew of the freighter Munloyal, owned by the Munson Line. The hundred strike deputies have sworn in including city relief workers. rew has raised the demand for a Over 1,000 leather strikers sur-\$10 monthly wage increase. rounded the tannery of Richard Young, imprisoning the bosses and Rank and file longshoremen, inspired by the recent strikes led by scabs inside the plant for eight hours. The boss was forced to wave the white

the Marine Workers industrial to have to a compelled the officials to agree to a a strike and to united action. Through their pressure the officials were forced duration of the strike. to supply a launch by means of which The strikers smashed factory win

contact was made with the crew of dows at the Young mill and the po-the Munloyal. Local I.L.A. officials lice did not attempt to attack the were also reported as seeking the aid large number. Every striker now of the International Labor Defense. Latest reports indicate that the of-to smash strikes in favor of the ficials may decide to settle the strike hose

for the longshoremen and leave the Mass picketing of men and women France is losing gold steadily, hav-ing lost over \$750.000,000 watch in the last few weeks. The danger of going off the gold standard is looming very close. In the standard is looming very close. In the standard is looming very shoremen. In the standard is looming very close to negotiate the demands of the long-shoremen. In the standard is looming very close to negotiate the demands of the long-shoremen. In the standard is looming very close to negotiate the demands of the long-shoremen. In the standard is looming very close to negotiate the demands of the long-shoremen. In the standard is looming very close to negotiate the demands of the long-shoremen. In the standard is looming very close the standard very close

Party's analysis of the N.R.A. is cor-

Ienri Barbusse Departs Today Following Tour

Visit Here Spurred Anti-War, Anti-Fascist Roosevelt Recalls

Wells from Cuba

WARM SPRINGS, Ga., Nov. 24.-coosevelt announced today that humner Welles, American Ambassa-

dor to Cuba, will be replaced by Jef-ferson Caffery, now serving as As-sistant Secretary of State. Welles has been the subject of con-

tinuous attack by the Cuban masses, who see in him the tool of American imperialism. Roosevelt and Grau hope that the appointment of Caffery will give the masses the illusion of change in policy and will succeed in establishing some kind of unity among the various bourgeois groups in order the better to proceed against the Cuban masses whose resistance to the present Grau govern-

ment grows daily. It was pointed out that the appointment of Caffery will not mean any change in the Roosevelt impe-rialist policy in Cuba, but rather an intensified effort to crush the Cuban

Send mo Immediately Room 430, 80 E. 11th St., New York City.

> St., thence east to Fifth Ave., north to 137th St., west to Seventh Ave., down to 125th St. and then to 131st St. and Lenox Ave. where a huge test meeting will be held, with Negro and white leaders of the revolutionnovement addressing the crowd. ary **Mobilization** Points

Unorganized worker mass at 126th St. and Lenox Ave.

Clarence Norris, Scottsboro Ne-gro defendant, who was arraigned Organizations should me with their placards and banners in the following streets at 1 p.m. sharp oday, ready to march: Women's Council, Section 1 and

3 of the Communist Party: 118th St. and Lenox Ave. I.O.W., 118th St. and Lenox Ave.

F. S. U., all I. L. D. sections, W. K. S. L., 119th St. and Lenox Ave. All trade unions, 120th St. and

Lenox Ave. City Clubs, Jewish and English, ction 5 and 15, Communist Party, 121st St. and Lenox Ave. Section 4. Communist Party: Fin-

Federation and L. S. N. R., 126th St. and Lenox Ave.

Next Wednesday in Brooklyn another mass demonstration to de-mand the release of the Scottsboro boys will be held. It is called by the Brownsville section of the In-ternational Labor Defense and the League of Struggle for Negro Rights

Three columns of marchers will converge on the Brooklyn Palace at Fulton and Rockaway for a mass

Litvinoff to Sail

Today; Speaks Over Radio in New York NEW YORK, N. Y .- Maxim Litvinoff, Soviet Commissar of Foreign Affairs, sails for home, via Italy, today. Litvinoff was to speak last night at a dinner given in his honor at the Waldorf Astoria by the American-Russian Chamber of Commerce. The talk was to be broadcast at 10 a.m. by the National Broadcasting Co.

Litvinoff spent a secluded day in New York, refusing interviews and visiting friends and viewing points of interest in New York City. Thursday night, in the presence of a representative of the International Labor Defense, Ruby Bates told a Norris will be picked, he announced Daily Worker reporter of her arrival that he would set the trial date fo in the hospital, and the operation

"I knew about my condition, but I didn't tell anybody just how bad it was, until I was forced to come to the hospital," she said. "Then when I realized its."

amiably, "we're going to make speed." "Judge," Leibowitz insisted earnest-"Then when I realized I'd have to be operated on, I came here, and notified Mr. Patterson of the I. L. D. "You know I was forced to testify and defend the accused properly. against the boys in the first trial. I told the truth at the last trial in Decaur, because I didn' want those boys to die on account of a lie I told. "I say it can't be done," Leibowits

I have received threats that I will repeated. of that, if it were necessary, and if i were able, I would go back and testify in Decatur. I would be afraid, because I know they are after me. (At the trial this Spring it to the be lynched if I return, but, in spite

But if I could, I would go.

three days to examine and cross ex-"I have just heard that Knight will put Ortille Gilley on the stand to testify against the Scottsboro boys, in this trial. I know they have filled The two-score spectators in the BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 23 .- John B. Murphy, unemployed worker who worked for 14 years in Lever Brothhim full of lies. They kept that the judge's insistence that the cases the jail with us in Scottsboro, but they never dared put him on the stand. Tushed through. Norris had been arraigned before, Norris had been arraigned before, him full of lies. They kept him in ers, soap makers, died of heart fail-ure brought about by starvation and

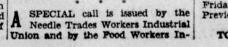
responsive during the recent cold wave in New England. Patrick Martin, unemployed and homeless laborer, froze to death in a brickyard where he had sought shelter. The body of George Pro-ter the truth of the term of te

shelter. The body of George Pro-vost, unemployed laborer, was found lying across a grave in Worcester during a recent snowstorm. blue overalls, was called before the bench to hear himself arraigned. He stood there, twisting a worn and frayed cap nervously in his hands. As soon as the arraignment was over, he was taken back to the Morgan County fail, where he and the other



JACK STACHEL, Acting National |dustrial Union to all workers, regard-Secretary of the Trade Union less of party affiliations, to contribute, Unity League, issued an appeal yes- to approach workers in the shops, on terday to all union members to par-ticipate in the Daily Work tag days lection boxes to raise funds for the Writers' Group to today and Sunday.

Join the "Daily" Tag Day volun-"The Daily Worker has shown members of the T.U.U.L., of the A. F. o:f L., of independent unions, and unorganized workers that it can always be counted on in their struggles. It counteracts the lies of the capitalist press about our strikes. It aids us in every way to fight boss and government ter-ror. Without the Daily Worker the struggles of the American workers would be seriously crippled. The Daily Worker must be saved!" states the T.U.U.L.



Go to Decatur Trial

NEW YORK.—The first group of a delegation of writers will leave New York tomorrow for Decatur as "un-official observers" of the trial of Haywood Patterson which begins on Mon-day, the National Committee for the Defense of Political Prisoners an-

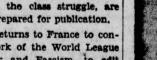
Included in the delegation will be Erskine Caldwell, author of "God's Little Acre," and Edward Dahlberg, author of "From Flushing to Calvary. The National Committee is inviting all writers, professionals and others to join the delegation.

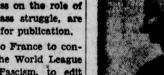
teers! Out in the streets with Tag Day boxes today and Sunday! Philadelphia Challenges Chicage PHILADELPHIA, Pa. (By Wire). -After a meeting of Party members and close sympathizers, Phil-adelphia pledges to raise \$500 over its quota of \$2,000. We challenge Chicago to raise its quota. nounced today. SAM MILLS.

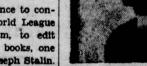
District Organizer. Friday's receipts\$ 284.46 Previous total 27,102.27

TOTAL TO DATE \$27,386.73

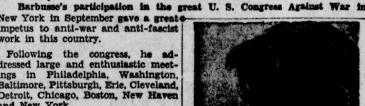
The other will be a novel.







HENRI BARBUSSE



Activities: Addressed Many Meetings

NEW YORK.—After a vigorous speaking tour for the League Against War and Faselsm, which took him to leading cities of the East and Midwest, Henri Barbusse will leave for France today. He will sail at noon on the Ne

dressed large and enthusiastic meet-ings in Philadelphia, Washington,

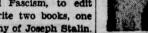
and New York. His speeches on war and fasc will receive "prevailing wage His speeches on war and fascism, And then came the joker: as well as his address on the role of

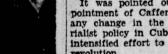
now being prepared for publication.

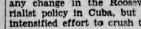
Barbusse returns to France to con-Against War and Fascism, to edit

of them a biography of Joseph Stalin.

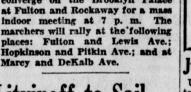
de France.

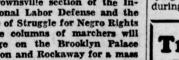


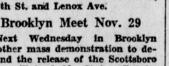




(More Cuban News on Page 8)







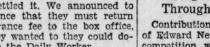
in Morgan County court yesterday as part of the prosecution plan to railroad all the framed-up boys to the electric chair.

Unemployed Workers Die of Starvation

Clarance Norris







DAILY WORKER, NEW YORK, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1933

Armour Scabs Held **Prisoners; Strikers** Stop All Production Pelham D. Glassford, diletante artist, diplomat, society idol and man about Washington is a prospective candidate for Police Chief of New York. Major LaGuardia likes Gen-erals. He thought Glassford handled the Bonus Army with tact and sym-

Farmers Holiday Association in 14 Counties Withholds Livestock from Plant: Three Are Arrested

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 24.—The Armour packing strike entered its should have a vote in the matter. second week on Thursday with production still at a standstill and the picket All those in favor of a GENERAL ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 24 .- The Armour packing strike entered its lines being maintained day and night. Three strikers were arrested, and one strike-breaker, who was caught by pickets trying to get through the lines with

a gun, was arrested. Meanwhile Swift workers were awaiting an answer to the demands presented by their committee to the Swift management. which will be reported at a Swift workers special meeting Thursday Workers in the Cudahy and United Packing Plant are awaiting the action of the Swift workers, before taking a strike vote.

Scabs Are Prisoners.

The newspapers are carrying on a vicious campaign against the strike. Reports are appearing regularly in the press that the Armour plant has hundreds of scabs working, but this is not true. There is a handful of scabs inside, practically prisoners, who eat and sleep there, but no work is being done as the skilled labor the prisoner of the paterson silk strikers. They have been striking over three months. needed to start the killing floors refuse to go back to work.

The A. F. of L. leaders, McCoy and Carpenter, are desperately attempting to get their members into the plant to scab, but have so far failed. Most of the A. F. of L rank and filers refuse to scab, sticking with the Packinghouse Workers' Industrial Union which called the strike, and the few who want to go back to work are unable to get through the watchful picket lines.

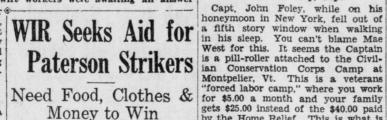
Workers Reject Company Union.

N.R.A. representatives have held several conferences with the strike committee and the Armour management, but at Thursday noon no definite developments toward negotiations had started, with the strikers rejecting arbitration and insisting on direct negotiations, and the Armour officials refusing to negotiate with the strikers and insisting on dealing with the Armour Conference Board, a fake recognition of the union or shop comcompany union which the workers refuse to recognize. The Conference lar successes in a number of Brook-Board members tried to crash the picket lines on Wednesday to have a campaign. conference with the Armour officials, but the strikers refused to allow them to go through

bring in the "red issue" to frighten the workers, but this maneuver had no effect on the strikers. The Pioneer which time the policies and program on rehashing old material too much. Press, issued an appeal to the Presi-dent and the Governor to intervene and smash the strike. Huge paid add of Armour & Co. are appearing in all newspapers against the strike

that they are calling on all farmers to withold their stock from South St. Paul for the duration of the strike, and picketing of the highways will soon begin.

Chicago Mass Meets for Meat Strikers workers.



PATERSON, N. J .- The Workers' International Relief and the National Textile Workers' Union have issued an urgent call for food, clothes and money for the Paterson silk strikers. These should be sent immediately

to any of the three headquarters: The N.T.W.U. Relief Committee, 222 Pater-son St, Paterson, N. J.; T.U.U.C., 799 Broadway, N. Y. C.; W.I.R., 870 Broadway, N. Y. City.

Push Union Drive in **Brooklyn Metal Shops**

NEW YORK. — The organization drive of the Steel and Metal Workers Union in the Brooklyn metal shops has resulted in substantial improvements in the conditions of the

workers. In the Star, Karp, General Metal Box shops and in the Federal Steel Products Co. in Newark, the workers, through stoppages and strikes or preparations for a strike, have won wage increases, reinstatement of fired workers, division of work and recognition of the union or shop committee. The union is achievin ; s.n.lyn machine shops as a result of its

Workers in metal box shops, in electrical switchboard and allied lines of work, and unemployed work-The Armour company and the capi- ers of the industry are called to an reno.

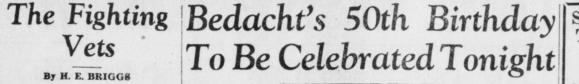
> which time the policies and program of the Steel and Metal Workers Industrial Union will be explained

Armour & Co. are appearing in all newspapers against the strike The Farmers' Holiday Association of Faribault County and 13 other counties informed strike headquarters NEW YORK.—To counteract the

NEW YORK.—To counteract the comes to us that it was carried activities the chain shoe repair com- through. Local Pennsylvania veterpanies, such as Kliens and others, ans can thank themselves and their who are organizing their workers into rank and file committees for gaining an A. F. of L. company union, the Shoe Repair Department of the Shoe

sify its drive to win the shoe repair workers. tional Bonus, relief, disability allow-ances, etc., could be defeated.

The department calls all shoe re- The Pittsburgh Rank and File Com-



Central Committee of C. P. Lauds His 30 Years of Workingclass Activity in Statement

NEW YORK .- Max Bedacht, member of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of U. S. A., and National Secretary of the Inter-national Workers' Order, will be the guest of honor at the banquet tended him tonight upon the celebration of his 50th birthday and 30th year in the revolutionary movement.

The banquet, which is being given by the New York District of the Communist Party and the Central Committee of the I. W. O., is expected to be attended by hundreds of workers. Speakers include Earl Browder, Clarence Hathaway, James W. Ford, William Wiener, and Charles Krumbein.

A musical program with Andre Cibulski, Soviet singer; Eugene Nigob, pianist; Miss Gressler, violinist, will be part of the affair, which will be heid at Irving Plaza Hall, 15th Street and Irving Place.

COMRADE MAX BEDACHT, Revolutionary Leader of the American Working Class.

Statement by the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the U.S.A., on the Fiftieth Annivery of Comrade Bedacht.

. . .

by the Home Relief. This is what is known as a relief measure. But every-THE Central Committee of the Com-I munist Party of the U.S.A. extends thing is not "Rosie." We have inside its revolutionary greetings to Com-rade Bedacht as member of the information about several demonstrations by the vets and boys in these Central Committee and one of the C. C. camps, protesting against the leaders of the revolutionary labor bad food, back-breaking work and lack of medical attention. Maybe movement in the United States of America.

Capt. Foley was worrying about these protests. Now about that fractured protests. Now about that fractions ent time, Comrade Bedacht usrout. leg Captain, just take one of those ent time, Comrade Bedacht usrout. C. C. pills; the kind you give the all his energy and his fruitful work to advance the interests of the prole-time of a proletarian, earntariat. Himself a proletarian, earn-ing his living by his labor, he gave

No Friend of Ours We don't like to advertise all these generals, captains, and majors in the First in Switzerland, where he came all his free time and all his attention news this week, but it is our duty to comment on the doings of these from his native Bavaria as a young worker, then in the United States, parasites, as a sort of warning ex-ample. Imagine these parasites call-he was engaged in the work of or-he was engaged in the work of or-

ing us friends, especially Major von Stuepnagel. He just arrived from the land of the "Brown Brutes" to be leader of the American and Canadian ganizing labor unions and leading strikes of workers against their exploiters. Having joined the Socialist Party in America, he soon found Steel Helmets. He will reside in Bronxville. We hear the residents, himself in opposition to its reformist leadership. A labor leader in San Francisco, he consistently fought on especially the veterans have arranged to greet him at reveille and retreat the side of Tom Mooney against the leadership of the Socialist Party of California, which insisted on diswith their famous cheer. When in-terviewed by reporters, the Major avowing Mooney and expelling him from the party.

D^{URING} the war he occupied an internationalist position, exposing scists like you for a ride.

A Diplomat's Reward

pathy, especially the murder by Glassford's Police of Hushka and

Glassions Fonce of Additional Carlson. Such diplomacy must be rewarded. What d'ye say, Buddy?

All you fellows on the Bonus March

demonstration signify by the usual

Watch Ya Step, Cap!

sign.

Us Veterans the reactionary imperialist nature of America's participation in the war, The best attempt at a veterans and advocating a revolutionary strug-gle by the American workers against newspaper to reach us comes out of he rank and file committee in Pittsthe war. For his revolutionary stand burgh. The editor is Comrade Car-reno. The make-up is fairly good, on many vital problems, he was hated by the reformist leadership of the Socialist Party, but he gained the confidence and respect of thousands upon thousands of rank-and-file workers who later formed the foun-dation of the Communist Party of the One of the best pieces is the review of the local fight for the State bonus. U.S.A.

The paper points out that the local, just as the national backers of the Since the foundation of the Communist Party, in which Comrade Bedacht is a charter member, he has

is a good start in the right direction. What it lacks proves again the need for a National Veterans Newspaper We hope to bring out in the future such a paper and hereby extend an bis. If this State fight was carried out on a national scale, through rank invitation to every veteran in Amerand Leather Workers Industrial and file organization, these enemies Union announces that it will inten- who oppose State grants and the Naica to send in their ideas and material for it.

Let Us Give Thanks

CHICAGO, III—Two mass meet-ings in sympathy with the strike of the packinghouse workers in St. Paul and Pittsburgh have been arranged for Sunday, Nov. 26, by the Packing House Workers Industrial Union of Chicago. The meetings will be held at Sik-ora Hall, 4758 S. Marshfield Ave., at 3 p. m., and Forum Hall, 323 E. 43 St., at 7:30 p. m. The department calls all shoe re-pair workers, employed and mean ployed, to a mass meeting at Irving plaza on Sunday, Nov. 26, at 9:30 a.m., to take up the many problems onfronting the workers during the source target of the Communits Party, the Central and file. The prominent display of the packing house to the academic action and to strengthen the union in preparation for any at-tempts by the bosses to beat down the at 7:30 p. m. The department calls all shoe re-pair workers during the source target and to strengthen the union in preparation of the workers. The discertance to eat, at 7:30 p. m. The department calls all shoe re-pair workers during the source target action and to strengthen the union in preparation for any at-tempts by the bosses to beat down the at 7:30 p. m. The department calls all shoe re-pair workers during the source target action and to strengthen the union in preparation for any at-tempts by the bosses to beat down the at 7:30 p. m. The department calls all shoe re-pair workers during the source target action and to strengthen the origon and conditions of the workers. The discertance target at 7:30 p. m. The discertance target at 7:30 p. The W.E.S.L. is out with the firing

Seattle Unemployed Thank Communists for Aid in Strike

SEATTLE, Wash., Nov. 24.-A letter, unanimously voted upon at a meeting of 100 members of the Unemployed Citizens League of Bothel, thanking the Communist Party for its help and leadership in the recent strike o the relief workers of Seattle and King County, was received here today by the District Office of the Communist Party.

The letter states that: "We, the Unemployed Citizens Learue of Bothel, have unanimously decided to thank you for the help that you have given the unem-ployed in this forced labor strike."

As a result of the three-week strike against forced labor in Seattle, the relief officials have been made to give cash for all relief work of the unemployed.

National **Events**

DAILY WORKER BANQUET IN PHILADELPHIA

nent speaker will address the Daily Worker Victory Banquet here this Sunday evening at Jefferson Manor Hall, Broad and Jefferson

An outstanding entertainment program will include Bella Dorfan, of the Artef, the Workers Laboratory Theatre and a play by the local John Reed Club. All workers, all friends of the Daily Worker are invited to attend.

Talk on C. P. and Fascism NEWARK .-- Rebecca Grecht, Dis- wondering what it's all about. Rerict Organizer of the Communist Party of New Jersey, will speak at Reporters seem to be in constant the Workers Forum this Sunday, Nov. dither about the gestation of the 26, 1933, a 3 p.m. at Kreuger's Audi-torium, 25 Belmont Ave. Her topic will be "The Communist Party and the Struggle Against Fascism." the Struggle Against Fascism."

Literally, tons of publicity releases Patterson at I.L.D. Banquet much of which is reprinted word for ROXBURY, Mass.—William Pat-terson will be the main speaker at Everything from the continually re-terson will be the main speaker at Everything from the continually rethe I.L.D. banquet and dance on Thanksgiving Eve, Wednesday, Nov. peated demagogic falsehood that "85 per cent" of the "Public Works" war 29, New International Hall, 42 Wen-

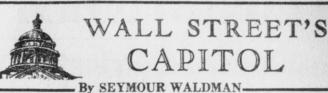
WASHINGTON BOOK SHOP ANNOUNCES FALL SEASON SALE best department store method of im-

Good news for Washington work- personating Santa Claus. of the gravest crisis in the history of ur Party, by his relentless struggles the rapidly changing economic and Part of the N. R. A. ballyhoo consists of mimeographed releases on rarby, by his relations struggles of the taplity changing obtained to prepare in the renegades of every shade. Com-rade Bedacht has won the love and is the "good news." The Interna-rade Bedacht has won the love and is the "good news." The Interna-No. 1482 (we're now in the 1800s) day.

First Season Sale, to begin on November 25, and continue through

N THE last few years, Comrade December 5. There will be a 15-20 Bedacht has done good mass work as one of the leaders of the Inter-national Workers Order of which he has been elected General Secretary at its last convention in Chicago.

large numbers of workers, a symbol since the recognition of the So-of revolutionary activity, a symbol of viet Union an increasing number



WASHINGTON is a happy hunting ground for bankers and industrialists, ambitious liberals, intellectual racketeers, outright labor fakers, labor "experts," and hack politicians. With the possible exception of the World War period, the present evergrowing government --

pureauocracy is the greatest in the is entitled "Radio Interview With The "New Deal" pork barrel has Senator from New York and Chair-

many staves. Theodore Bilbo, will be interviewed by two of his fellow members on the Board, Walter C. Teagle, Chairman of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, and ex-Governor of Mississippi, whose regime reeked throughout the William Green, President of country, is now American Federation of Labor, the the \$6,000 a year interview being broadcast over a na-Special Agent in tional hookup by the National Broadthe Division of casting Company."

Publicity and In- "Senator Wagner: My only regre formation of the is the absence tonight of the other Agricultural Ad- members of the Board, including justment Admi- those outstanding leaders of indus nistration. Special try; Gerard Swope, Edward N. Seymour Waldman Agent Bilbo helps Hurley, Louis C. Kirstein, and Austin to "adjust" things for poor farmers, Finch; and those able spokesmen for

that is, he supervises a staff of news- Labor; Dr. Leo Wolman, Father Francis J. Haas, John L. Lewis, and Major George L. Berry . . . Mr. Green: Mr. Chairman, what N. R. A. (approximately 1,500 are

on its capital payroll) has a pub-licity department of about 150 adabout all these strikes which have een taking place since the establish vertising and newspaper men, a press "intelligence" service for noting and ment of the Board? Do you con-sider the number alarming? clipping the views of 400 daily pap-ers, hundreds of expensive desks,

"Senator Wagner: I do not . . . "Mr. Teagle: Do you mean, Senator that you are satisfied with conditions as they are?

"Senator Wagner: By no means: all I am trying to point out is that the situation is not so serious as to banish hope. Of course, I am not satisfied with conditions which reflect philosophies of conflict and hatred, for they can never be the basis for economic reconstruction . . "Mr. Teagle: Senator, how would you characterize the Board's method of dealing with disputes over recognition of employees' representatives' "Senator Wagner: Just one word necessary-democracy. taking the American ideal of political government and projecting it into the industrial field. Whenever a question arises as to who shall the recognized spokesman of the workers in a particular plant, our solution is simple. We supervise a free, secret ballot of the under such circumstances that there can be no coercion and no unfait electioneering. We have supervised over twenty elections and they have

as recent releases on sight-seeing S^o "successful," indeed, that the buses in India and another on the best denotion the store method of the tactic of ordering "elections" as

able to weed out the strike leaders is one of the Labor Board's most effective strike-breaking weapons. When ballyhoo and "elections" fail bullets will be on the order of the

The RIVIERA

Tone control and

3-tube perfo

Majestic the Sinart Set of Radio

MAX BEDACHT been one of the outstanding leaders.

Comrade Bedacht occupied various positions, but he has always remained in the front ranks of the Communist movement. From the foundation of the Communist Party. He has been a member of its Central Committee and during the last few years a memer of the Political Bureau. By his indomitable energy, and

by his indominable energy, and burning devotion to the cause of the Communist Party and the working class, by his ideological struggles in he first ranks of the Party, by his "aithful following of the line of the Communist International at the time onah St.

respect of the membership of the tional Book Shop, 806 Eye St., N.W., Communist Party and revolutionary in Washington is announcing its

workers.

Comrade Bedacht has become, for in.

Communism. In greeting Comrade of people are asking the question, Bedacht and wishing him many more "What is life like in the land with

PHILADELPHIA, Pa .-- A prom-

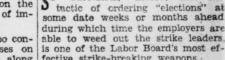
hairs and lounges, a special library, imousines, and other comforts of recovery" which thus far have cost the people, for administrative ex-penses alone, about \$5,000,000. And

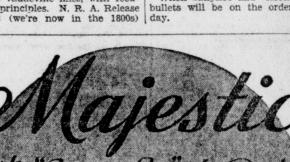
every day sees the arrival of more labor fakers, politicians, professors, and other Roosevelt salesmen-careerists.

HOST of bright young lawyers A and other practitioners fresh from Harvard, Yale, Princeton, Columbia and other points wander around leases are issued around the clock.

NRA X

program goes to "labor," to daily Commerce Department blather such all been successful . .





Page Three



paper clippers!

"Letting Power Out of One Hand, To Catch It in Another" -- Marx

Fear Only the Communist Party

By JACK STACHEL

ward on the so-called Forgotten Man's Ticket. These are the methods In a recent article that appeared used by the capitalists. But this is not an American invention. It is in the Daily Worker dealing with the city elections throughout the the method used by the bourgeoisie country, we pointed out that almost everywhere the "ins" were turned out throughout the world.

Marx's Prediction

"Letting power out of one hand in

already in the year 1855 by the founder of scientific socialism, the

greatest thinker of all time.

and the "outs" were turned in. We pointed out that this was one of the expressions of the growing dis-Karl Marx in the year 1855 already saw this and wrote about it content of the masses expressing itin connection with the developments self in the face of the lack of poli-tical maturity of the masses, through as follows: in England at that time. He wrote as follows: "The oligarchy perpetuates it-self not only through the aid of permanently keeping power in the same hands, but also by turn and turn about, letting power out of one hand in order to catch it in the other."

the traditional two party system This situation was seen in the city of New York where Tammany was defeated by the Republican-Fusion forces, in Cleveland where the Re-publicans again took power from the Roosevelt Democrats, in Pittsburgh and Philadelphia, where the Mellon and Vare machines were defeated by the Democrats, and in Bridgeport, where the Socialists were elected against both of the two old parties. We pointed out that so far as Bridgeport was concerned the capitalists could no longer fool the workers with the two old parties and resorted to S. A., but throughout the world. the use of the third party of capi-talism, the Socialist Party. Without understanding this method used by the capitalists it would be

aproduct the part of how the partially the teaching of Marx and especially the teaching of Marx that the history of class struggles. The second part of the capitalists parties between the oblicies that Roosevelt is system in the interests of both the exploiters. Roosevelt the second many less than the Republican party of Hower and Mellon. He claims that the capitalist system in the interests of the real of the capitalist parties between election as the crisis con-riting class that no of the oblicies that Roosevelt is postent the solutions are the policies that Roosevelt and the exploiters. Roosevelt is system in the interests of the realitalist candidate for maximister the capitalist are the policies that Roosevelt is system in the interest of both the exploiters. Roose-riting class that no of the oblicies that Roosevelt is soluting in those places where the solutions the the oblicies that Roosevelt and interaction is a class, and that they have made the cliss con-ruling class that now rules through the case in the State to the two clip parties. They are the policies dictated by the role and the exploiters. Roose-the socialist parts as is the case in the obler? "What is a strugple against the Party that and foremost with or ruling class continues to rule through the fore through the case in the State there were the reacting parts of the through the reacting parts of the reacting parts of the reacting parts of the reacting part is the reacting part of the reacting parts of the reactin

parties as is the case in the State of Minnesota, where the Farmer-Labor Party is the ruling party. In the recent Detroit elections a can-didate for Councilman was put for-

through O'Brien and Walker. So it play the game of "letting power out is in Pittsburgh. The Mellon in-terests will continue to rule through the other." This has already hap-McNair just as they did through pined in the Cleveland elections Herron and Cline. And so it is in where the Roosevelt Democrat Miller Bridgeport where the capitalists, as in Milwaukee, have helped to bring didate. the Socialist Party to rule for them. D

Don't Fear Socialist Party Don't Fear Socialist Party As for the Socialist Party. The capitalists no longer fear the Soci-Of course the capitalists will shout that the new rulers are for the masses in order in that manner to allst Party. After the lessons of the be able to better maintain their rule. role of the party of Hilquit during In Pittsburgh the Democratic Party made its main election slogan against the war, and especially after the war and the Russian revolution the capi-talists have recognized the Socialist the Mellon control. To be sure here and there the special immediate in-Party as the third party of capitalterests of the various sections of the ism. They have not been blind to ruling class may be in conflict on the fact that it was the Social Demodefinite questions of policy. But this crats who supported their govern-does not in the least alter the fact ments in the last world war. They

that the elected officials will be the representatives of the ruling class as a whole fighting to maintain the rule of private property, of exploitation and oppression of the toiling masses. Probe Class Program It is cally by inquiring into the Probe Class Program

It is only by inquiring into the class character and class program of a political party that we can de-termine the interests that a given political party represents. The two cld parties openly stand for the con-seen that the Socialist Party is do-seen that the Socialist Party is do-termine the socialist Party is do-seen that the Socialist Party is do-seen that the Socialist Party is do-tinuation of canitalist rule. tinuation of capitalist rule. This ing ever means that they stand for the rob-This ing everything in its power to fight.

terests of the exploiters. Roosevelt Whalen and Fish was the bitterest theless can record progress in many cost of the capitalists system, the recent Socialist candidate for over new strata of masses to the

erisis and the apparent failure of fight against the victory of Socialism. And for that reason the capi-capitallists are more openly bringing forward the Republican opposition to socialism. Condidate for President, and the Republican opposition to supports James McLevy when the supports James McLevy when the support present the support the time ments of socialism. The second support the support of the support the support

Trundles Forth Socialist Party When Two Old Parties No Longer Popular; Capitalists States. The bankers and real estate Guardia just as before they did Guardia just as before they did States. The bankers and real estate Guardia just as before they did States. The bankers and real estate government, when the disillusionment of the government, when they will again Maintain Power in Face of Mass Anger at Unemployment and NRA Misery

> Democrats or Republicans in Bridge- | where important struggles have taken place recently the Party through the application of the united front tac-

> Fear Communist Party There is only one party that the capitalists fear — the Communist Party. In this the capitalists show a full understanding of their class

port.

a full understanding of their class interests. The Communist Party case in Dearborn, Mich.; in Helper Utah; in Lynn, Mass.; in Hamilton interests. The Communist Party openly proclaims as its aim the abolition of capitalism. And it is proving its understanding, devotion and sacrifice to this cause in the chilly struggles in the interests of the workers and other toilers. Our Francisco.

Party must clearly bring before the masses these elementary truths re-garding the class struggle and the This shows that once our Party improves its methods of agitation class character of the various poli-tical parties. It must expose the methods through which the capitaland propaganda, in exposing the various capitalist parties, and above all the role of the Socialist Party, ists maintain their rule. It must once our Party learns to improve it prove to the masses that only the leadership in the mass struggles and unist Party is the party of the to combine the daily struggles in working class. defense of the economic and political

Communist Vote Grows

interests of the masses with the teaching the masses the only way In this connection the recent city out of the crisis in the interests of elections though far from being satisfactory as far as our activity in enlightening the masses as to the the masses, that our Party can rapidly become the mass party of true issues, and mobilizing them for struggle and teaching them the truth the American working class. The working class does not have

through their own experience, neverto go through the experiences of the treachery of the Socialists as did the workers in Germany. Drawing the lessons of the inter-national and home role of the Socicause of Communism and the strug-gle under the banner of the Comalists we can expose it before the masses as one of the capitalist parmunist Party. And in the same way it is en- ties through which the ruling class

couraging to note that where seri- rules "by letting power out of one ous efforts were made our Party was hand and catch it in the other" able to show a growth of influence much greater than that of the Socialist Party. In the New York elec-tions the top vote for our Party of some 31,000 was almost half the top vote of the Socialist Party, though the previous year the vote for the

Socialist Party was more than ten ments of Socialism, and Norman



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Improved Methods



... the new Majestic RIVIERA with amazing Duo-Valve tubes

Many have called this new Majestic the most beautifuland the smartest-radio design ever created. Very modern, but not extreme. Very colorful, with its contrasting wood tones-rosewood, walnut, natural, and ebony-but a most restful, satisfying piece of furniture to live with.

And what performance! The Riviera employs the new, exclusive Majestic Duo-Valve Self-Shielded tubes, which add the efficiency of two extra tubes. See this wonderful radio!



MAJESTIC CENTURY SIX Stunning modernistic table set, in black walnut, lacewood, and polished chromium. 8-tube performance. Tone control, automatic volume control. Police calls

Other 1934 Majestics \$29.00

Page Four

MINERS FIGHT STARVATION; RESIST U. M. W. A. MISLEADERS

Publisher and Priest Give Strike Against Miners Sympathy But No Aid **Forced Labor**

ER Bas (1)

Men Defy Bosses' Demands That They Give Their Dues to Boylan and Lewis

(By a Mine Worker Correspondent) PLYMOUTH, Pa.-We are on strike up here. The Glen Alden is shut own tight. Delaware and Hudson also. And part of the Pittston Coal No. But the Lehigh & Wilkes Barre and the Pennsylvania Anthracite Coal o, won't come out,

We are holding a convention in the Y. M. C. A. building in Wilkes-

arre. We have invited the public o hear our grievances and see the vidence. So far we have invited the ederal and state and municipal cad of the government. But none as showed up yet. General John-on and Senator Wagner and also fiss Perkins didn't even give the ourtesy of a reply. We sent them nother telegram. And Miss Perkins relied that she has turned it over

curfesy of a reply. We self that nother telegram. And Miss Perkins splied that she has turned it over a the "Hon." Wagner. Finally we persuaded Col. Ernest mith and Monsignor Curran to ome. The delegates had been resenting the troubles and proving hem for a day and a half before furran or Smith came. They listened r about three hours. Then Col. mest Smith got up. He told us hat he really believed that the pub-c and government were ignorant of he condition in the Valley. He id as a citizen and publisher of the iggest newspaper in the county, he ould hardly believe it himself if it asn't for the evidence in front of im. He said we were also right in

asn't for the evidence in front of im. He said we were also right in ur stand for protection and insur-nce for our \$1 a month. He also id it was time we kept the one ing quarters as comfortable as posmillion dollars that we send y year to Indiana in our own y. But as a visiting citizen he powerless to do anything. He digging the well two workers were powerless to do anything. id us he would intercede and use overcome by gas and died at the bottom of the well before help could s influence in any place to her times John is the owner of the Times eader and a member of the An-tracite Cooperation board. Rev. Curran's Speech

Then Rev. Curran gave a speech. told us he was glad he was there this much boasted "Queen" city. The Virginia Unemployed commit-tee is busy making contacts while and hear for himself. As John Mitchell's close friends, selling Daily Workers throughout the working class sections of Virginia, to said that it is almost unbeliev-le. Why, he said, in 1867 he drove start a mass movement for immedi-ate relief and compel the Steel Trust ules in the mines. The miners at ast kept themselves and family. He controlled St. Louis County to come across with food, clothing and shelter for all unemployed. us he would go any place at time to help us. He also told when we must be sure of adjust ents before we go back to work pictured John Lewis as a shep-Warns Against UMWA Leaders Who Pretend

d who had gone and forgotten to Be in Favor of Strike Well, the delegates wanted a gen-al strike in the Valley. But Mr.

Toole came in. He is secretary to . Comerford, the chairman of the ennsylvania N. R. A. board. He ked for a meeting with our Com-that the U. M. W. A. leaders are changing their methods in speaking So we adjourned the con-until Friday. to the miners. Not long ago all of them spoke and demanded that the ntion until Friday. We heard Father Curran was miners must return to work. Now, Red to Washington yesterday. And while the big shots, Fagan and

e know the committee is in ses-on with Mr. Comerford. So there something doing. I am going to give you some of

e stuff I saw and heard myself of the strike. A man cannot take up a griev-John Kram can fight. You go in the office who spoke against strike, but now d he has three guards. If he speaks in favor of the strike. They do this because they know what hap-ts on you. And then if you are to tell the miners something about the way are committed to a committee to the something about We, you have no committee to go this guy Switcher, as I know him They are for the coal company real well.

ad get you discharged for being a disance. And of course you have o grievance. That's what John For his treachery he got a job as oylan says.

Soviet Shock Brigaders at Mine

Urged By Miner

(By a Mine Worker Correspondent) FINLEYVILLE, Pa.—The blessings of Roosevelt's New Rotten Deal for us unemployed in the Finleyville Borough and the neighboring townships such as Union, Peters, and Nothingam, are not the kind some

expected First, the unemployed ranks are not smaller, but larger. Some of the nen who succeeded in getting a day now and then working for the farm-ers are now out of jobs. Some who

went to the steel mills are working only one day a week. Others who went for jobs to the mines, like Montour 10 Nut Hole, and others are forced to ask for relief as they can't make enough to keep their

the prices went Second. tremendously. Flour is up to \$1.25 that used to be 50c a sack. Fatback, that sold 3 pounds for 25 cents, is now 12 cents a pound. Potatoes lard, etc., are raised equally or even

more. Third, during the summer we had the gardens. Coal was not needed so bad, nor as much of it, as now Children could go without shoes, and in only one cheap or made over dress or pants. There was not so much sickness among the children Families Sick

Now all this is changed. The chilren must have warm clothes and In one family there ood shoes. are three children going to school One week two were sick, the following week the third one was also ill Practically every family is in the same fix.

During the summer we did not vork on the county roads. Now with he winter weather here, we were told we must work or have our re-lief cut off. How in hell can a man

work when he has not got shoes to walk in to get relief, but must porrow them from his neighbor? The Relief Board in Finleyville, or

s chairman, a Mr. Gerry, stated hat any one who does not work will ave his relief stopped. Some of he men refused, but some went to work, so we do not know what will happen. Those who refused should organize a picket line and pull all the workers off these jobs. We should demand, shoes, clothing, coal compensation in case of an accident.

and cash payment for our the prevailing wage rates.

Bethlehem Output in Lackawanna Rises

While Jobs Decline BUFFALO, N. Y .-- You have to be a capitalist mathematician to understand the steel production figures.

The Bethlehem plant in Lackawanna, adjoining Buffalo, laid off 35 riggers last week, and 15 per

cent of the worekrs in the tool, machine, electric and blacksmith John Kramarich, better known as shops were indefinitely laid off. The 9-inch, 6-inch, 10-inch, 15inch and rail mills are not work-ing at all, 14-inch mill is working three days a week, in the chipping department 80 men have

been called in, but only to finish one job, and out of 24 open hearths, only three are working organizer of the U. M. W. A. and held it in 1927 and 1928. When the Last winter, when this plant was operating with the same number of workers, it was considered operat-N. M. U. was organized he was one ing at 18 per cent of capacity. This became a slugger himself in break-ing up the convention. He acted year it is being called 40 per cent. Perhaps the plant is figuring in the rumors that it will have as a spy by going into the Mononga-hela Hotel and identifying delegates 400,000 pounds of steel to make. for the police and gunthugs. Since he lost his job as an organently he attempted to force the president, who was a company stort pigeon and as such was kicked off. He was not successful because the He was not successful because the Tin Mills in Steubenville. Now again he is an organizer. Re- miners of Mather know him well.

United States One-Third of Miners

Have No Jobs

Soviet Fourth in Production

coal industry shows a steady upward movement. Thus, for the first half

of the present year the output of coal was 105 per cent in comparison with the first half of last year, and for the first eight months of this year,

112 per cent, in comparison with the same period in 1932. The U.S.S.R.

speculative boom following the low 1929; by 39 per cent for soft coal

and by 32 per cent for anthracite.

No Unemployment in U.S.S.R.

Every coal miner in the Soviet

Union has a job. Numbers employed in the coal industry increased from

90,000 in 1928 to 550,000 in 1932. Un-

mployment was eliminated during

If there should be unemployment again at any time in the workers'

state, every miner and every other

One-Third Jobless in U. S.

31 per cent of the 503,000 soft-coal

miners who had jobs in 1929 were

out of the industry in August, 1933 (latest figures available.) This means

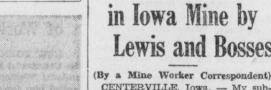
ment insurance to protect any of

these jobless miners.

Meanwhile, in the United States,

industry and by the state.

period of the first Five-Year Plan



CENTERVILLE, Iowa. - My subscription expires Dec. 4, 1933, but I am sending you \$6 for another year. My paper is read by more than me, because here are workers that have not worked for six months. Some for a year, and are not working yet, but like to see what the Daily Worker has to say.

Lists Wage Cuts

This is a coal mining town. John L. Lewis collaborates with the bosses and they cut wages of the day men from \$4.86 to \$4.56, pick digging from \$1.47 to \$1.30, loading after cutting machine from 93c to 82c per ton, etc.

A lot of miners lived on county re-lief, but because some miners started to work many have been cut off relief. One miner told me he was cut off from the relief because he is "working." In the last two weeks the mine worked 14 dows and he the mine worked 1½ days and he had to load about ten thousand pounds which amounts to not quite \$4. Other miners are in just as bad

Long live the Daily Worker!

Misleaders Help Coal Operators Break Agreement

(By a Mine Worker Correspondent) By a Mine Worker Correspondent) these dies and tools from this shop admitted by everyone at the confer-YUKON, Pa.—The workers of and other shops arrive in Detroit, ence. Huge reductions in taxes have to stop all production coming from been granted throughout the entire Yukon and vicinity are now beg ning to see the real contents of the United Mine Workers agreement, which is supposed to give so much

Yukon local held its meeting. Two know their so-colled friends have to the workers. Last Saturday the Yukon local held its meeting. Two District No. 5 chief organizers, Med-vid & Nelson, were present. Medvid something new for the miners, that although it is not a good contract, which works 24 hours a day. although it is not a good contract, it is better than we ever had, that the companies are causing them a lot of trouble and do not live up to

slate by contract at 62 cents per

went to work. But the company, having the right to hire and fire, hired three non-union men for the above price and put them in a place where they

of these mines less ore is being transported and it means that rail-until Monday, and all the single men read workers are also being laid off.

Fight Against NRA Pay Cuts Lewis and Bosses Convention Shows Iron and Copper Workers

Metal Miners of the Northwest

Are Ready to Struggle Under N.M.U.

IRONWOOD, Mich., Nov. 24 .-- Miners from Northern Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota, representing sub-districts and locals of the National Miners Union, unorganized miners from several mines, and members of the District Board of the N. M. U., met here this week and laid plans for a concentrated drive through the winter months to build a mass union among -othe metal miners by spring.

Build New Locals and Groups The conference was able to record

district to the mining corporations

Mullins Mfg. Co., the building of some new locals, in the Copper Country of Northern Mich., reorganization of some old lo-cals that had broken up, in the Iron River sub district, and the building of new provue of miscare of the Mar Salem. O., Scabbed on Detroit Strike

(By a Metal Worker Correspondent) SALEM, Ohio. - At the present me we are having a boom here in our Mullins Mfg. Corp. caused by the strike in Detroit of the tool and

are scabbing on themselves and de-feating their own purpose. Hundreds of tool and die makers were shipped from Detroit here to

Salem, O., probably workers at Dodge and Chrysler, working on new Dodge and Chrysler tools and dies, also several other jobs which are being kept secret.

these dies.

miners of the resolution and they willingly went home. At noon the

of new groups of miners on the Mes-aba Iron Range who, while not yet i nthe union, are carrying on osme work in the mine and make a good base, on which to build our union These, while they are only small beginnings, smash all arguments that die makers. I am writing this to show how the tool and die workers metal miners yet! We have the job of going out among the miners with our union and actually building a mass union that will

be able to carry though the fight that will come. Struggle for Every Day Needs Our union will never grow as a propaganda organization! We will

This is to point out that to win their strike they must organize the mines, raising the grievances of solidly, taking in every one from the floor sweepers up. To win they must call a general walkout, and when there are plenty of grievances, was

All Detroiters whose friends have These reductions mean the curtail-

ment of relief for the unemployed miners. All through the summer selves permanently taken off the em-

(By a Mine Worker Correspondent) will never get work in the mines. GREENSBURG, Pa.—The workers here returned to work only to find back to work, are faced with the here returned to work only to find that two of their brothers have been most brutal speed-up ever seen in laid off on the tipple due to the speed-up system under the NRA. are always hollering for more dirt. In are always hollering for more dirt. In After all the talk of a 6-hour day and a 5-day week the miners are plain that they cannot last under the and a 5-day week the miners are



Wages Cut

The company, knowing that they will have to lay off permanently still more miners, have introduced long

lists of "safety rules," and the break-

ing of even one of these means "up you go." The miners are actually worse off working than when they

daily through the mining company controlled publications, radios, etc., that as a result of the N. R. A., production has increased; but let us among them a group of single men, some of whom have been unable to get work since 1931. We were get-On the Mesaba Range we find that ting relief of \$1.50 a week; some the few workers working in the single men were getting \$1.25 a week; mines are being laid off. Mining some 95c a week, whatever the resome 95c a week, whatever the re-

Calls Montour 10

Miners to Join

Nikita A. Isitov at left, gives the shock brigadier of the 2nd coal pit,

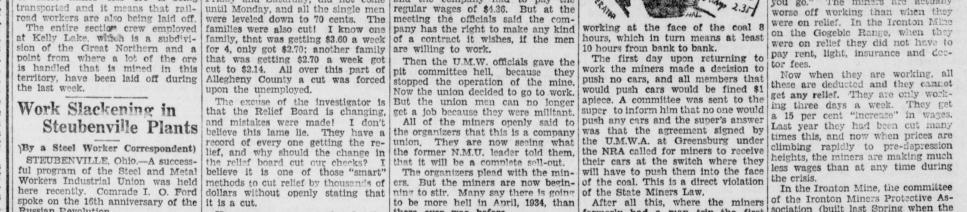
Lavrov, instructions before his descent into the pit.

Hunger March the agreement. The miners know that the union is a company union. Why? The Yukon union passed a resolution not to load a mesolution not to load state by contrast of the agreement. Against Demands of Greensburg Miners (By a Mine Worker Correspondent) So none of the union men wagon.

LIBRARY, Pa.-Here in Library there is quite a group of unemployed, could make \$5 a day.

The pit committee found out about this and next day told the three

operations are coming to a stand-still. As an example of this, we have Nashwauk where the Butler Brothers Mining Co. is laving off its forces. As a result of the closing



of a man trip.

Refuse To Pay Check-off You know we have a check-off You get your pay with of the organizers of the sluggers, and stem here. check of \$1 taken out of your pay. ou are supposed to put that in ne window for John Lewis and Well, the men are keeping ovlan. e checks and giving them to the

he bosses stand by you when you your pay. They demand your fession and continued in the role of a spy. He threatened his country-The bosses stand by you when you We have collected over 1,000 men, Croatian miners, with deporta-This time the Avondale gave ven checks to Boylan, and we got

One man worked six days, loaded tons of coal, and a pay of \$99. But is laborer's pay and powder and ploder's expense c a m e = t oSoviet Miners, On Six Hour Day, Get Doubled Wages -- U. S. Miners Starve 8.99. He got .01. Another man, mechanical contractor, loaded 650 ms of coal, a total earning of \$513. No Unemployment in Soviet Union, While in he company loaned him \$56 to pay is laborers. He got four crosses. is laborers. He got four crosses. hat's for 13 days' work. When the line Ridge, D & H, delegate got the stage he had about 20 due lls drawn in April by miners for By the Labor Research Association duced in the United States. orking from 6 to 12 days and they I received crosses on the envelopes. Soviet coal miners are reviewing This year, 1933, coal output in this heir achievements for the 16 years country rose slightly with the short showed four due bills 8 and 12 their achievements for the 16 years ys. Here are some of them: Four days, \$1.60; two days, \$.45; ght days, \$16; one day, \$.23; five Republics. Listing their gains, we low 1929; by 39 per cent for soft coal

iys, \$2.35. There are over 1,000 due bills like in employment, in wages, in benefits, em, and they call us "rebels" for the Soviet coal industry and its serting the U. M. W. A. That's workers, as compared with a decline hat John Boylan says The Payne Coal Co. demands that wages, even to the point of starvae employes buy pigs. They pay tion, for coal miners and their fami-m \$60 to \$75 for them. Mr. Payne lies in the United States. To make this comparison, we need a few fig-id a \$4 pay. They took \$2 part interest to workers who want to know 145 pay and they took \$2 for the truth about conditions here and worker is fully protected by and Boylan took \$1 for union in the country where the workers ployment insurance, paid for by the

Henchell Co. Gets The Soviet coal industry attained the pre-war level of output in 1926, and during the last four years, output Milion Dollar War has risen continuously; from 36 mil-lion metric tons in 1929, to 50 million **Order From Gov't** in 1931, to 54 million in 1932, an in-crease of 50 per cent. In 1933, the

By a Worker Correspondent AMESBURY, Mass.—The Hen-hell Co. here, after its owners had returned from Washington secured a million dollar order for naterial for the United States Navy-compasses for destroyers, legraph equipment for submarnes, telephone systems, detecting system to detect boats without the old method of the pipe stickng through the water. The local Anti-War Committee

this information, alhough the press and all authors kept quiet about it. A proest meeting will be arranged.

spoke on the 16th anniversary of the it is a cut. Russian Revolution.

Work is slackening. The LaBelle plant hardly does anything. Weirton has some departments going two days

Mesaba Range

take a look.

Mining Coming to

(By a Worker Correspondent)

HIBBING, Minn .- It is broadcast

A Standstill

On Nov. 13, the scab-herding Mayor Mather local to reinstate the local McMaster was re-elected in Steuben-president, who was a company stool ville. This is the man who gave a

Comrade I. O. Ford dollars without openly stating that ning to stir. Many say there is going of the State Miners Law. However, we are preparing for the

Allegheny County Hunger March on Nov. 26th. We have committees out getting signatures of all who will go. We are collecting money for trucks,

Soviet Miners in Athletic Meet

ticipating through a committee, since last two years

After all this, where the miners there ever was before. day, upon returning the miners had

We are collecting money for trucks, and receiving a very good response. We must get among the miners in Montour 10 and get them to support our march, through a resolution, donation of funds, and also by par-ing on this relief as they did the init may be working ath and an of a man trip. The fight for relief is the fight of all, employed and unemployed. The that very soon they will be depend-ing on this relief as they did the all their lives away to the coal opera-Trs.

terrible grind.

of the Ironton Miners Protective Asformerly had a man trip the first sociation (built last Spring when the mine closed and carried on some struggles at the time, but has been to walk out of the mine which takes the mine may be working and all one hour of time, because of the lack practically dead for months) circulated a petition among one shift of the miners, and presented only a few days ago and is a sample of the readiness of the miners to struggle. The attacks of the mining companies, through the N.R.A., are stirring the miners to action. It is up to the members of our union to show the road and lead these struggles forward and in this way we will build a strong union

Struggle for Miners' Code

The conference planned to carry the miners' code into every mine. To reach out and make a mass campaign to force the recognition of the code. That this code will really an-Wages in United States Went Down 55 Percent; swer the needs of the miners, it must be discussed by thousands, must penetrate every mine, and must be pre-sented in Washington by a delegation of miners elected by the miners accident, industrial and occupational bright. As the industry develops, themselves. This code must be made an instrument to build our union and

> For a Mass Union By Spring The conference called for an intense campaign to build a mass union by spring. It pointed out that the possibilities for building our union are great. It called for the most constant every day work by all members and sympathizers of the union.

Forward to a mass union and mass struggles.

U.S. Navy Orders 45 Trucks to Be Used in Cuba

By a Worker Correspondent

CLEVELAND, O .- The White otor Co. is now working on an order for the United States Navy for which it is making 45 trucks. In this order, there are six trucks to be used for service in Cuba. They are to be sent there in January. Three of them are to go to Havana and three to San-

I believe it will be of interest to the workers and peasants in Cuba to know that the United States Navy is making trucks which will most likely be used to transport American sailors and narines to shoot down the Cuban masses. We in the White Motor are organizing the work-ers to fight together.

the Tcherembas (East Siberia) coal fields during the Spartakiade, athletic field day, of the coal miners of the Soviet Union.

miners in the United States (that is than what he is allowed by the law. payroll totals) were 56.7 per cent The miner in the United States in 1931. (See Mining Notes, October lower in August, 1933, than the av- who becomes ill or too old to work 1933). Instead of the 6-hour day, the Wages Down 55 Per Cent Here In the United States, on the other fared no better; their total wages in Miners see their children slowly dy-

France within the last two years. In the United States from 1929 to 1932, output of bituminous (soft) coal for nearly 30 years, since 1904, has so little bituminous (soft) coal so little bituminous (soft)

In U.S.S.R. Wages Went Up 100 Per Cent In Last Five Years include social insurance for illness, | To the Soviet miner the future is

diseases, old age pensions, free med-lcal aid, and supplementary benefits for retirement and death. None of the workers receiving the benefits of and shortened working day, while social insurance contribute to the new homes, bathhouses, laundries, insurance funds, which are provided kindergartens and children's playby the industry and by the state. grounds are built near the pits. The Every mine worker has an annual miner's working day is only six hours holiday of two weeks, and all under-ground workers have a month's vaca-traveling time from the mine mouth ion, with full pay. For the miner's to the working face and back to the wife, who is expecting a baby, there surface. The miner knows that in are also maternity benefits, free med- the Soviet Union industry and gov-Ical care during pregnancy and con-finement, a lump sum for the baby's His wages will increase from year to clothing, and a supplementary sum year and his living and working con-for feeding the mother and the child ditions will improve surely and steadfor nine months after the birth. ily.

the miner's average daily earnings

1933). Instead of the 6-hour day, the

code keeps the miners at work eight

hours at the working face, in addi-

the tion to traveling time. The Anthra-

For miners in the United States, No Insurance In U. S. the outlook is exactly the opposite. Of all these benefits, the only one Instead of improving conditions, the National Recovery Administration is known to miners in the United States is workmen's compensation for accifixing wages at a level far below the dent or death, and this one "benefit" that nearly 160,000 were totally un-employed, after six months of the Roosevelt "New Deal," in addition to the 200,000 who were dropped from the 200,000 who were dropped from West Virginia, are even lower than

Total wages paid to soft coal offices that the miner often gets less county nor the state nor the fed- cite code, as proposed by the opera-

producing countries, having passed France within the last two years. In the United States from 1929 to 1932, output of bituminous (soft) coal fell by about 43. Before the States from 1923. Before the clined from \$7.02 in 1000 to 1

the coal industry between 1923 and miners' wages was planned for the 1929. (See Labor and Coal, chapter on current year, 1933, and will be shown "The Changing Job and Jobless in later figures on the industry's rec-Miners.") There is no unemploy- ord for this year. Wages Down 55 Per Cent Here

Nikita A. Isotov, miner-athlete, is shown in conversation with the athletes of

CELEBRATING SIXTEEN YEARS OF SOVIET RULE

SOVIET WORKERS WRITE TO AMERICA OF NEW, HAPPY LIFE

"We Are Not Wage Slaves," Shipyard Man Writes in Letter

Workers Get 2-4 Weeks Vacation With Full Pay: Government Provides Free Tuition and Books for Evening Classes

Odessa, U. S. S. R.

Comrade Workers of the Sun Shipyard, Chester, Pa. Dear Comrades:

Wishing to enter in communication with you workers of the Sun Shipyard, we, the foreign workers and specialists of the Andree Marty Shipard, Odessa, will describe some of

or ovements in the living conditions of the workers of the Soviet Union. On the eve of the Sixteenth Anni-rersary of the October Revolution, al-

i5 per cent consists of repair work. We build ships up to 1,500 tons, and imploy about 4,500 to 5,000 workers. The works is managed by an adninistration at whose head is a plain ex-machinist. The chief engineer is a worker's son, who completed and graduated his study during the Revo-

Our factory (Trades Council) comcomposed of selected workers of all trades, has the right and duty to control and supervise all the actions of the administration, as well as to execute all decisions taken by the workers at the production meetings. The watchful eye of the factory is the Party Committee, which looks after the political progress, as well as the achievements and developments of the factory. Administration, factory and party committees form the

so-called Factory Triangle. each worker with two hot meals. Our soever in life. food comes from a collective farm, consisting of about 509 acres, which is controlled and planted by our own workers. At the farm we have a pigsty and we also raise rabbits by thousands. At harvest time many of cur workers join willingly and enthusiastically the workers of the farm, to help the provision of

the food for our factory. In every shop there is a Red Corner-cultural spot of the shop. There, after work the workers read, study, or have profition meetings at which our shortcomings and troubles are

discussed and eliminated. The workers are divided in brig-plice. Those brigades that excel in production are called Shock Brigades,

apprentices and workers we special schools, where our Red teach them how to improve the technique of shipbuilding. Every worker is interested and works for the development and improvement of our shipyard. Special children nes are provided for those chil-

dren whose mothers wish to work. We are not wage workers as you are in the capitalist countries, but workers taking part in the admin-Istration of the factory; workers being

he achievements of the Russian Proletariat. We notice daily the im-Has Never Deceived pletion of the First Five-Year Plan and the 16th Anniversary of the Bolshevik Revolution. ow us to describe to you our achieve-nents and the way our shipyard is Us," Peasant Says Stalin On Results of Half our accomplished work, to be nore exact, 45 per cent, is new, while Farm Woman Tells

of Benefits of Collective Farm

Dear Comrades! I am no longer a young woman. For all the years of my wretched life I am only now in the Kolhoz be-ginning to feel like a human being.

When I was only a child, I was given in marriage to a miserable drunkard. All that I was able to earn on the side working in the fields my hus_ band used up in drink. If I was able to get enough pennies together to uy a chicken, my husband would sell the chicken, and drink up the small sum he had received for it. One time he went away to the city and Five-Year Plan have shown that the Five-Year Plan have shown that it never came back again.

With a baby in my arms, and no help, my life was a hard one. And (2) The results of the Five-Year then, when my daughter grew up Plan have smashed the well-known In our shipyard as well as in all and went off to the city to earn factories of the Soviet Union there her living, things became even worse is a dining hall which supplies daily for me, for then I took no joy what-

Things dragged on in this way until 1931, ... until a kolhoz was or-ganized in our village of Stenkino. the children's nursery. Real Life Began

receive still more. My own garden gives me a good many vegetables. What can I do with so much? I can sell my extra

(From Comrade Stalin's Report of destroting the old. he results of the on the First Five-Year Plan). thing new as to destroy the old.

(1) he results of the Five-Year Plan have refuted the assertions of the bourgeois and social-democrat's

(2) The results of the Five-Year U.S.S.R. bourgeois "symbol of faith" that the

anything new, that it is capable only supplies in the market place. And ranized in our village of Stenkino. I wrote out a declaration that I wished to join the Kolhoz. I was accepted. And I began to work in the children's nursery. as long as possible.

From that time forward my real In the period before I had joined ife began. I felt a new strength. the kolhoz many whisperers, Kulaks, I grew younger. I worked for a said to me: "Eh, Fickla, don't join while in the kolhoz nursery, and then asked that I might work out on the spell misfortune for you!"

asked that I might work out on the fields with a brigade group. For my work, only to the first of September, I received 341 kilograms of rye, 32 kilograms of wheat, 90 kilograms of oats, 22 kilograms of beas, 13 kilograms of Black Casha, 500 kilograms of cabbage, 50 kilograms of cucumbers, 35 kilograms of carrots, and besides all this money as well. And at the end of the year I shall receive still more.

Five-Year Plan show that the working class is as well able to build some-

(3) The results of the Five-Year Plan have smashed the social demoleading men that the Five-Year Plan cratic thesis that it is impossible to We have here no unemployment was fantastic, delirium and an un- build up socialism in a single country now. attainable dream. The results of the taken by itself. The results of the every year.

The Red Square in Moscow as Millions of Soviet Workers and Peasants Celebrated the Victorious Com-

working class is incapable of building

-Fickla Barishnikova. A Shock Brigade Worker. Kolhoz, "Paris Commune." Ryanskovo Region.

ried out.

"Glad to Get Letters fromClassBrothers" First Five-Year Plan Moscow, Sept. 25, 1933. Dear Comrades:

I and all the other workers of Murmansky Port are very glad when we receive letters from our foreign class brothers.

in our wall newspapers to make it possible for all the workers to read them.

Our economy grows stronger

You know that in the pre-revoluionary time there was in the north ciety in a single country, because the economic foundations of such a so-marshes and the bare rocks. It was two open-hearth furnaces, blooming so up to the October Revolution. But now we have destroyed the

(4) The results of the Five-Year Plan have refuted the assertions of Such giant farms as "Industry" con-Plan have refuted the assertions of firm the words of our great leader-bourgeois economists to the effect firm the words of our great leader-comrade Stalin—that "there are no the Soviet Union. First of all, the that the capitalist system of econo- difficulties which the Bolsheviks workers do not worry who is going

In spite of the predictions of our and bourgeois scientists about the indifficulties connected with economic development. The results of the Five-have now the material evidences of the owner wear a worker cate a vector Year Plan have shown that it is the our victories: It is the cucumbers, the capitalist system of economy that is turnips, the salad, the tomatoes, the bankrupt and unstable, that it has potatoes, the peas, etc. All these become obsolete and must give way to another, higher, Soviet socialist already proved the possibility of culsystem of economy, that the only tivation in the districts of fodder

Can Now Grow Cereals

beyond the polar circle can also be cultivated cereals such as barley, rye,

With the proletarian greetings. U.S.S.R. ny Transport."

U.S. Worker HIGH WAGES FOR SOVIET LaudsUSSR WORKERS IN MACHINE SHOP Steel Plant

Angry at American Papers Distortions of His Opinions

By an American Worker Who Has Worked in the Soviet Union

STEUBENVILLE, O .-- I was in the Soviet Union 11 months in Magnito-gorsk, where I had been working for

The steel mill occupies 15 square kilometers. There have been built many different factories after the big mill was constructed. As I understood, there will be locomotive plants. air plants, a coke plant and an auto-

nobile plant. lfilling our program. I was questioned when I was in the Soviet Union by many Soviet January to June, we had a plan to workers, "Do you think the Soviets enforce production to the amount of will catch up in 15 years with Amer-ica?" I said, "Yes," and it will, be-cause anybody can see how rapidly tober, November and December to tober, November and December to bring our production up to the standconstruction is going on in these 16 years.

About Housing Shortage I have been questioned about the For the entire year of 1933 we have shortage of houses. It's easy to see, set ourselves the task of meeting set ourselves the task of meeting a plan of production to the amount as I mentioned a while ago, that Magnitorgorsk has a population of 0f 15,000,000 rubles. 300,000. We must ask, how can they And in 1934 we s And in 1934 we shall have a program calling for production to the have four or five-rooms for the famamount of 34,000,000 rubles. We are ily? They cannot at present, but they

at present preparing ourselves to meet and fulfill our plan for the are erecting a building so that every at present worker will be supplied as many rooms as he needs. year 1934. I work in the Thermal Section on the plan-distributing bureau, as a

technician. I earn 350 rubles a mill, electric plant, coke plant, ship-ping mill, ore mine and a great dam month. Our section, the Thermal Section, which supplies water for the mill and Leader of World

to pay the bill in time of sickness, hospital and other medical attention is coming just the same, but he has Also, every year a worker gets a vacation for a month with his expense paid. I was very sorry that I came back, but I am planning to go back in the near future, Yes, my discouragement taught me a big lesson, but mother nature couldn't control something of my will power to behave myself.

I noticed that someone quoted me The experiments have proved that in the Sun-Telegraph as saying different things. It is a wrong interpretation. It is very bad to inter something which is not so of the

> misrepresent my opinion. Sincerely

Walter Drozich.

Workers Not Afraid of Difficulties; Get Best of Everything; Good Homes for Families; Accident Insurance

Moscow, September 25, 1933.

Page Five

Dear Comrades: You are interested in life in the U.S.S.R., concerning which you read a great many untruths in the capitalist press; for this reason I would like to carry on a correspondence with you, in order to become acquainted with your life and has been organized in the very latest

to acquaint you with ours. the Soviet Government. In 1929 Magnitorgorsk was nothing but grass growing. Today there is a population of 300,000. The buildings are four-tories high where the work-ing people, and the older workers enrolled in the higher courses, study. I am 21 years of age. I work in the factory must pass through our the factory must pass through our and circuses where the workers spend their leisure time. The steel work evenings I study at the Moscow Ma-chine-Building Workers' Institute, section which is conducted in connection

Last year we were far behind our with work in the factory. Our new factory was opened the of the entire factory. But our work-ers and technical staff gave their irst of May in the year 1932, but efore this we were already experiword before a conference of all the workers to make up their back work, enced in technical production and and to fulfill the program, and to For the first six months, from

lower the percentage of rejected, spoiled produce. After a period of concentrated ef-fort we made up our back work and

instance during the months of Oc-tober, November and December to all the while to reduce to the lowest percentage the rejected, possible ard previously set in the first six spoiled produce. months, to the sum of 5.500,000 rubles. Win Red Banner

The first of May our section was recognized as the best division in the factory, and we were presented with the Red Banner of the factory, given to the section producing the best work, and passed around from one section to the otner.

We work seven hours in the day. Our factory restaurant is found on the factory territory. The workers in the restaurant produce good meals. We usually finish our dinner in 25 or 30 minutes, and then we have a half an hour in which we may rest or do whatever we choose. The in-terval allowed us for dinner is one hour.

Evening Classes

After the end of the working day a large number of the workers prepare to attend evening classes which commence at six c'clock. The two hours interval from four c'clock, the end of the working day to the time of the beginning of the first class the worker is able to return home rest a little, and collect his books and reach the building in which the classes meet by six o'clock. The workers in our factory number

4,000; from this number 1,271 are studying:

(1) On the Workers' Faculty...200 (2) In the Institute.....(3) In the courses of Political

(4) Workers' Technical School.300 (5) In the Higher Courses.... 80 (6) In the Technical Courses...489 and at six o'clock I am again at the

Institute. 1,500 At Institute

Moscow. Technicians, qu inetmakers, locksmiths,

One thousand five hundred people study at the Institute. All the students are taking part in the mos important work being carried on in

inetmakers, locksmithe, smelter, blacksmith shock workers. Where I study during the secon

semester there are 28 other workers

workers who during the day worl

ies in the classroom with the prac-

tical work he is doing every day al

qualified cab-

smelters

any other system is unstable, and incapable of standing the test of the difficulties connected with economic

system of economy that has no fear grasses. of crises and is able to overcome dif-

ficulties that capitalism cannot solve -is the Soviet system of economy. oats, etc.

(5) Finally, the results of the Five-Year Plan have shown that the Party is invincible IF it knows its goal and how to lead to it, and if it is not afraid of difficulties.

tion of the Soviet Government.

These letters are usually published New Sources of Food

the workers.

Soviet Union. (There follow six signatures) Moscow, Maxim Gorky St., 3 "Vod-

Proletariat

enemies in the capitalist countries While the worker is sick his pavroll

This is my answer to those who

responsible and deciding factors for our welfare.

to a four weeks vacation,

A Classless Society The First Five-Year Plan we finished successfully in our shipyard, and we expect and will finish the first year of the Second Five-Year Plan according to our own counterplan. At the end of the Second Five-Year Plan we will have the classless society, which means elimination as a class of those elements which are remnants of the capitalist system.

We, the foreign and Russian workers of A. Marty, are highly intereste? in the work and living conditions that you lead in the capitalist countries and we wish and hope that you inform us about your struggles. In our next letter we will describe to you the history of the development of our shipyard. We send you our oletarian greetings and assure you of our solidarity.

WORKERS OF ANDREE MARTY SHIPYARD, ODESSA.

Soviet Sailors Greet U.S. Seamen; Tell of High Pay, Good Food

The Crew of the Ship "Sokrat" Answers the Letter of Comrade King Moscow

Dear Comrade King:

We have received your letter and have read it before the general meeting of our crew. Out of your letter we see how the American seamen are living now. We were indignant when we read about the treatment of seamen by the shipowners and about their tricks to excite hostility among the crew.

A sailor receives on our ship 115 roubles a month. Beside this he receives 45 roubles for meals. A fireman gets as much as a sailor. A mechanic receives 135 roubles and 45 roubles for meals.

On all the news ships there are separate cabins for the crew, one cabin for two seamen. The most difficult time is already

over, as Comrade Stalin said. Each ship has an exact plan to fill,

and according as its plan is accom-plished the ship is rewarded with a There is on each of our ships a Red

Corner, where we can read several newspapers and magazines. Besides this, there is a radio on our ship. In the name of the general meeting

of the crew of the tanker "Sokrat." -Saraev. U.S.S.R.

Moscow, Maxim Gorky St., 3 "Vodny Transport."

Every worker is entitled each year How the Allies and the United States Tried By Military Intervention to Overthrow the Soviet Union

> By NATHANIEL BUCHWALD "The Soviet form of government is firmly established. Perhaps the most striking fact in Russia today is the general support which is giv-en the government by the people. ... The Soviet form of govern seems to have become to the Russian people the symbol of their action."

revolution. • • THE above was written fourteen years ago by William C. Bullit, recently appointed first American Ambassador to the Soviet Government. At that time Mr. Bullitt was a young man of 26, an ardent supporter of Woodrow Wilson's "ideals" and a bril-

liant member of the staff of the American Commission to Negotiate Peace. He was chosen by Wilson, with the approval of Lloyd George, to proceed to Soviet Russia to find a basis for peace between the Soviet Govern-

tionary groups fighting it. The Bullitt Mission to Russia came in for a good deal of publicity in 1919, when the Committee on Foreign Re-lations of the United States Senate, in its fight against the ratification of

the Versailles Peace Treaty, called upon Mr. Bullitt to testify on his activities in connection with the peace negotiations. The published record of that testimony affords at once a view of Bullitt's own attitude toward the Soviet Government and of the machinations of the Allied statesmen and

the hipocrasy of Woodrow Wilson in the question of peace with Soviet Russia. The Allied intervention against the Bolshevist Revolution began in the grave danger of mutiny among the

intervention troops. Mr. Bullitt laid before the Senate committee the secret "Secretaries' Notes" of a conversation among the Allied representa tives on the question of Russia, which

contained the following: "President Wilson asked to be permitted to urge one aspect of the case. As M. Sonnino had implied, they were all repelled by Bolsheand for that reason they had

placed armed men in opposition to summer of 1918, but the capitalist governments were not altogether happy about their blocdy adventure. It did not seem to further their main

them. One of the things that was clear in the Russian situation was

may be suggested, in fairness to Mr. Bullitt, that he advanced the argument of peace as a means of releasing the counter-revolutionary forces that by opposing Bolshevism with in Russia somewhat against his better judgment, just by way of "selling"

arms, they were in reality serving the cause of Bolshevism. The Allies were making it possible for the Bolsheviks to argue that imperialistic and capitalistic governments were endeavouring to exploit the country and to give the land back to the dlords, and so bring about a re-. . .

the enormity of the task of military occupation of Russia, the other was THIS statement by Wilson that "they were all repelled by Bolshevism, and for that reason they had placed armed men in opposition to them," the danger of mutiny among the intervention troops and of revolt among the working masses in their home was made on Jan. 21, 1919, after re countries. We quote from the abovebeated public assurances of the Presimentioned "Secretaries' Notes": dent about his "friendship" and "good will" toward the new regime in Russia. With his high-sounding phrases Wilson had hoped to win the confi-dence of the Russian masses and estrange them from the revolutionary government. Having failed in this, Wilson embarked on the inter-Wilson embarked on the inter-

ment and the various counter-revolu vention adventure. But intervention was proving a failure and was fraught with danger for the interventionists themselves, so Wilson and his partners were willing to consider another way of crushing the Bolshevist Government, the way of peace.

It must be stated here that although Mr. Bullitt was for immediate peace with the Soviet Government and urged the withdrawal of the intervention troops, the lifting of the blockade and the recognition of the revolutionary regime in Russia, he, too, hoped that in this way Bolshe-

uld be fought more effectively. In his report on his visit to Soviet Russia, he advances the following argument in support of his proposals "If the blockade is lifted and supplies begin to be delivered regu-larly to Soviet Russia, a more pow-erful hold over the Russian people (by the Allies) will be established. ies begin to be delivered regu-... Furthermore, the parties which oppose the Communists in principle but are supporting them at present will be able to begin to fight against

them." This should clear Mr. Bullitt of the

"charge" of being a "Communist sym-pathizer." He was merely a realist in appraising the condition of Soviet Russia and the perils of intervention. Not being a sympathizer of the It did not seem to further their main revolutionary regime, he, neverthe-purpose of overthrowing the Soviet less, believed it to the advantage of Government. Furthermore, there was the capitalist countries to recognize the Soviet Union to take part in the 16th anniversary celebrations. These workers saw the tremendous victories of the First Five-Year Plan, and the steady advance in the living conditions of the Soviet masses. Note

that regime. In a general way, he was for "self-determination of nations" and he naively supposed that troops. And he (Lloyd George) felt Wilson meant what he preached. It certain that, if the British tried to send any more troops there,

there would be mutiny." Mr Bullitt edded in his testimony before the Senate Committee that . . . in the latter part of that report, which I did not read to the committee, there was expressed

to the capitalist diplomats his idea of immediate peace with and recognivery forcibly the opinion of Mr. Lloyd George, that the populations Two main considerations prompted at home would not stand it (furthe imperialist statesmen to enterther intervention). Therefore they tain the suggestion of terminating desired to follow up further the line their intervention and making peace of making peace." with the Soviet Government, One was

We will not go into a discussion of the peace proposals brought back by Bullitt and rejected by the imperialist diplomats without the formality of official action. It is worthwhile, however, to quote from Bullitt's report on Soviet Russia. As a trained newspa-

"Now Canada had decided to withdraw her troops, because the Canadian soldiers would not agree to stay and fight against the Russians. Similar trouble had also oc-curred amongst the other Allied

Workers' Delegation to USSR

Groups of worker delegates from all over the world coming to visit

Vern Smith, Daily Worker correspondent, on extreme left of the picture.

State of the second second

critically Resorted to Professions of Friendship Toward the U.S.S.R.

"Russia today is in a condition of | acute economic distress. The blockade by land and sea is the cause of this distress. . . . In consequence, every man, woman and child in Moscow and Petrograd is suffering from slow starvation . . . on the other hand . . . the distribution of food is well controlled . . . the ter-ror has ceased. . . . Executions are extremely rare. Good order has been established. The streets are safe. . . . Prostitution has disappeared from sight. . . . The achievements of the Department of Education under Lunacharsky have been very great."

Mr. Bullitt writes on the great prestige of Lenin and deprecates that of Trotsky. He states in his report: Soviet Government." "In Russia one never hears Lenin and Trotsky spoken of in the same breath as is usual in the western **FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT was a** world. Lenin is regarded as in a tra and shared his chief's hopes that "Kolchak would arrive in class by himself. Trotsky is but one

Moscow and wipe out the Soviet Gov-"When I called on Lenin at the ernment." Fourteen years later he is Kremlin, I had to wait a few minutes until a delegation of peasants left his room. They had heard in their village that Comrade Lenin was hungry. And they had come hundreds of miles carrying 800 poods of bread as the gift of the village to Lenin. Just before them was another delegation of peasants to whom the report had come that American capitalism. Comrade Lenin was working in an unheated room. They came bearing a stove and enough firewood to heat it for three months. Lenin is tions with the Soviet Union. the only leader who receives such gifts. And he turns them into the common fund."

. . . NO BETTER proof of Bullitt's realistic appraisal of the situation is needed than the first paragraph of the "Conclusions" in his report:

"No government save a socialist government can be set up in Russia today except by foreign bayonets, and any government so set up will fall the moment such support is withdrawn."

This is, indeed, prophecy come true. Bullitt's proposal was shelved by the Allies and his report was supessed at the insistence of President ington needs a man of the Bullitt type in Moscow, and Bolshevist Mos-Wilson, Asked by Senator Harding why the Soviet proposal was not given favorable consideration," Bulcow would rather deal with a man like Bullitt than with a misinformed litt replied:

"The principal reason was entire-ly different. The fact was that just capitalist Washington.

from our factory. Often when we return home in the evenings we discuss our impressions of the loot so our studies, and so forth. at this moment, when this proposal was under consideration, Kolchak The evening classes at the Insti-tute are especially conducted for the made a 100-mile advance. There was a revolt of peasants in a district of Russia which entirely cut at the factory. And the classes are conducted in such a manner so as off supplies from the Bolshevik to give the worker a theoretical un-derstanding of his particular spearmy operating against Kolchak. Kolchak made a 100-mile advance, and immediately the entire press of cialty, so that he may tie up his stud. Paris was roaring and screaming on the subject, announcing that Kolchak would be in Moscow within two weeks; and therefore everyone in Paris, including, I regret to say, members of the American commission, began to grow very lukewarm about peace in Russia, be-cause they thought Kolchak would arrive in Moscow and wipe out the

JOSEPH STALIN

the factory. The Institute keeps track of the interests of the workers and the amount of work they are doing, and according to the progress they make in the schoolroom they are promoted in their work in the factory to positions of more importance and more responsibility. 5 Days Extra Holiday

For the faithful carrying out of our studies at the end of each semmember of the Wilson Adminisester we are allowed a holiday o five days with full pay, besides bein given yearly in our turns a vacation of from two to four weeks with ful

pay.\ We do not pay for our courses We do not pay for our courses compelled to seek normal relations with the Soviet Government in the study. The government meets al the expenses. We are given book hope of finding a new market for the prostrate industries of the country. The difference in these two attitudes at the Institute: each person re ceives five books which he may make toward the Soviet Government is a use of during the course of a month measure both of the increased eco-nomic power and prestige of the So-Through the assistance that the government gives us we are quite free to work and to study. viet Union and of the prostration of

Our most important problem is to reassure our government in its fait) The chief executive of American in us, to prove the Party's belief in us reasonable, and to make of our capitalism was finally forced to yield to reality and establish official relaselves good specialists in our par ticular fields. The appointment of William C.

After five years we will be engi-Bullitt as first American Ambassador neers, not only with a theoretica rounding, but with practical knowle to the Soviet Union is quite significant, Mr. Bullitt is unencumbered by edge as well. anti-Soviet prejudice, having had

We have many such Institutes from the very beginning a realistic conception of the Soviet regime. This which yearly turn out thousands o specialists that are more and mor lessen the danger of his "gumming up the works" for the Roosevelt adto be found out in the world taking part in the work of building Social ministration. As to the Soviet Gov-

ernment, it will welcome in Bullitt not a "Soviet sympathizer," bùt a Comrades, when next I write shall go into more detail concerning representative of American capital-from who understands the realities of until then I wish for you all manner of success, and the opportunit; to think as freely as we, and to build as we are building

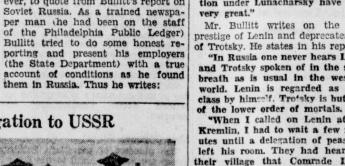
Write me of your life. JELEZNOFF.

U. S. S. R., Moscow, District 24. Koracharovo Field. Factory Kalinin (Frazer). For: Jeleznoff.

resentative of American capitalthe Soviet Union and thi boundless

devotion of the masses to the Soviet Government and to the cause of Socialism and peace. Capitalist Wash-

The History of the Bullitt Commission and the Soviet Union After Military Methods Failed, Wilson Hypo-



ALT ATT

Page Six DAILY WORKER, NEW YORK, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1933							
PARTY LIFE		White Wom	an, Former Deca	tur Rosi	dent Tells of		
	T Criticizoa	Trice Won	un, I offici Decu	and mesu	uciu, reus oj	The Significa	nce of Recent
Cleveland I. (. L. UITUCIZES	Life in Sout	h, Backs Fight fo	r the Sco	ottsboro Boys	Strike Strugo	les in the US
Lack of Party	Co-operation					Nume Mu ugo	105 III 0110 0.0.
Cites Anti-N.R.A. Mee		Finds Oppression is	Was Laundress in Decatur; Fat		"Bosses Are Getting	"United Front From	Below Will Defeat
to Show Party Negli	gence Toward Y.C.L.	Worse Than Ever on Return to Birmingham	Years in Railroad Shop in A	labama City	Harder and Harder for Negro Workers"	A. F. of L. and S. F	P. Misleadership"
By JACK ((By a Negro Worker Correspondent)	(By a White Woman Worke				DUNNE
Over 200 workers attended an anti- the Y. C. L. Unit No. 8 in Collinwo	N. R. A. mass meeting that was called	BIRMINGHAM, AlaHaving been		Flint, Mich.	(By a Negro Worker Correspondent) BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—The Negroes		Dunne, at the 17th Meeting of the communist Party, U.S.A.)
In connection with this mass meet	ting I wish to point out how the Party	born and raised in Birmingham, which I left on account of oppres-	As I am a reader of the Daily Worker, and esp Scottsboro case, I feel that I must write a few wor		here have to beg for bread in all parts of the city. The Red Cross says	Comrades, the political estimate	of the situation in the United State
In the beginning of October our I	District Committee of the League de-	sion, I was surprised when . returned there recently to find the Negro more	Daily Worker will be spread all overe- Alabama and especially in Decatur He spent ab	out twenty years of his	they, are going to put 962 men to work on the 20th of the month. They	and the immediate tasks of the Party report and in the draft resolution to	
sucu to noit several and internet	one of the main speakers Second-	oppressed man ever.	where I was raised. In reading the me in the L	L. & N. railroad shop in	say they are going to pay \$4 a day. Maybe they will put about 10 to work.	have referred to. I think we must d	raw some political conclusions from th
ity. The Collinwood unit of the	this meeting was held one day before the 16th anniversary of the Russian	for decades and during their exist-	fact I know most of them. Mr. Win- out strike a	bout 1022 and wouldn't	The Negro workers are despised by	fact that the resolution before this	meeting of the Central Committee h
in it's territory for the following	Revolution and was supposed to mo-	hoist bankrupt signs, go temporarily	on Prospect Drive she being second of sickness,	and died in 1927. My	put negro and white workers back	cussion in this pienum.	1 icaderbitapo.
CASULS. THOU, OCCURDE the stand	celebration. Our section organizer was	out of publicos, and boon arectward	door neighbor to my lather.	managed to pay for his here near three thousand	in slavery in Birmingham. And the whole thing in Birmingham is a hell.	My impression of the discussion is that with the help of the Open	These great struggles are guara tees of the militancy, the initiati
wint, is in Collinwood. Second, be-	to speak at this meeting and bring out the achievements of the anni-	to displace the underpaid Negroes.	threats still have a few meals ahead dollars, and	during sickness he bor-	They are trying every way they can to lynch the boys and I can hear	Letter and the impact of the tre-	and the innerent revolutionary co
ause Collinwood is an industrial enter.	versary, and he never showed up at	wage be paid every man. regardless	corn bread I know that is practically lars on his	home from Mr. Thorn-	the K.K.K. talk every day about the	ing place in this country our Party	class. That, I think, very briefly
I informed the section organizer of he C. P., Section 14, about our plan				er of Decatur's noted here went his home. In		is emerging, not rapidly enough, but still emerging, from the bewilder-	strike movement that we have
or a mass meeting. He said that the	Necessary	pay a living wage to a Negro. They	on it, while at the same time in 1928 other words,	, his life savings gone,	It is getting to the place where the Negro can't walk the street if they	ment with which it confronted the	
Party will give us \$1 for leaflets. Lat- or on he refused to give the dollar	Party to the Y.C.L. shows the fol-	color, who needs it more, they say.	for a family of seven, and because it Boas, Alaban	na, living under the club	look at one of the white women.	class, represented by the change from	
romised for a certain reason (which Il take up with the D. C.).	lowing: First, complete neglect of the	because of his higher standard of liv- ing. Now, unless some Moses (in the	was so-called "nigger work" in the such stuff an	eed. I just can't swallow ny longer. If I ever get	a frame-up. The bosses are getting	the crude methods of the Hoover regime to the combination of the	launched by the American ruli
Fainre to Keep Promises	estimation of our election campaign	form of the Federal government)	had to move, known only to Mr. Otta them a chas	again, I will at least give	harder and harder with the Negro workers and the workers are getting	demagogy and ruthless terror of the	sive designed to maintain what the
alked to the section organizer and	masses the building of Socialism in	Isrealites, these oncoming winter	all these exclase and believe a the Negroes	are treated throughout I know just what they	tired of the A. F. of L. The A. F.	What is the meaning of the	was of docility in the Americ working class and to create and p
old him that we have the leaflets	the Soviet Union and decaying capi- talism all over the world.	months, will be hard.	spreading the news to my lather, would say to	me if I go down there.	In the shop they say they are	taking place in this country? I dis-	serve a cowed and subservient Ame
eady; we also rented a hall. I asked im to take this up with the Party	In the name of our Unit & T thank	of the N.R.A. to cope with the hard-	is still in that good country, the American of	1-blooded southern born the working class, for	going to pay 40 to 50 cents an hour.	regard, of course, in this general	We con sour today commedee
inits and help us distribute 2,000	anavation with our unit and for the	las had to me as the nightly doings	there for a while just to tell them the working	class, black, white, for- native-born, hoping for	Truco b Harte baby the blay may.	ments as that the terror in Ambridge	mondaus mass strugglas that in H
entration point of Section 14, and	donation which helped carry out this mass meeting.	inf a selected groun of nolicemen	don't know any different they have freedom for	an one becoussord boys,		is the worst anybody has ever seen. I am willing to admit it is the worst	failed The struggles in the
ouse-to-house canvass. Our League omrades distributed leaflets at Mur-	mass meeting.	Negroes to walk the streets, though	they are suffering. Here is a part during their of a letter I got from my father a Batas speet	I could be in Decatur trial. I heard Ruby	Conton Tor Co	the comrades at Ambridge have ever seen; but we cannot take these things	lois months the living imposist
ay Ohio plant to the N.Y.C. R.R. Forkers and pasted leaflets on poles.	Editorial Note by Y. C. L.: The incident referred to by Comrade	they are taxed (in proportion) the same as members of other races.	few days ago, as follows: Bates speak acquainted w	in Flint. She is well with all my people, so if	Garton Toy Co.	as the pest expression of the line	in the face of all doubtons that t
comrade S. again agreed to help our	Cooper of Cleveland is typical of	After eleven, if Negroes are caught	"You think you are having an aw- ful time in Flint, but I hope you have like you to	in our paper. I would	Firing Over 300	of the American ruling class and its government. Some Comrade here,	tionamy along and that it has meno-
nit, but this was never carried out. Te asked the Unemployed Council	many that occur regularly in the relations of the Party to the	Squad shoots wire staples at their	a bed to sleep on. We haven't a words.	ny, and pass these few	ring over 500	was absolutely correct when he said	of militancy and initiative that ev
help us and several comrades elped to distribute leaflets from	League. In the above case the Y.C.L. comrades are completely	birds. If a Negro should chance to	bed to sleep on, or a chair to sit on, remarks arou or a table to eat on, and nothing to use my initi-	als.	(By a Worker Correspondent)	that some of our comrades in the	correctly.
ouse to house.	justified in their criticism of the	meet a friend on the street and stop to talk after the time specified, they	haven't had a pair of shoes in over	W. T. P.	SHEBOYGAN, Wis.—I am working for the Garton Toy Co. They are	when you start out contously to or-	All a deside the state
In spite of the fact that two big allies of the Democratic and Re-	Party. This meeting was a most im- portant one, not alone from the	are caught by another selected squad.	three years. We are sleeping on the P.SI'm g	oing to write Mr. Roose-			
ublican candidates for Mayor were eld in the neighborhood the work-	viewpoint of the Y.C.L., but espe- cially from the viewpoint of the	They are questioned as to where they have been, where going, and why	worse than our parn was on Prospect dad on his t	rin to his summer home	will be about 300 men laid off this	and the American government and	so far as the leadership was co
rs came to hear our candidate for	Party. The Party should have mo-	out? And if slow in responding to the questioning, they are whipped	-one eye is gone." This is the exact if Mr. Litvin	off goes with him they	Week.	the basic industry of American capi- talism. The steel trust will defend	inery of the American important
fayor, I. O. Ford, and John Little, nember of N.E.C., expose the N.R.A.	bilized all its forces to support the meeting.	with a five foot piece of water hose		n shacks enough to make	The relief station here is about the	its most outlying outpost with the	I that no formal motion was mere
Ve sold 36 "Young Workers" and 30 ifferent pamphlets.	Often we hear of complaints from Party comrades that the Y.C.L. me-	and sent on their way. In the North we are treated more			The Sheboygan Press is a "red hot	it thinks the conquest of this out-	that said this But actually this
Important Meeting	chanically divides the youth from	like human beings. Never shall I return to this damnable spot on earth		TOI	blue eagle sheet," but there are some	post means the invasion of the center; that's what you must under-	Question arise from this ve
This meeting was important for wo other points which our Party in	the adult workers. However, where such separation does exist, the	unless one of my loved ones passes away and only respect will persuade	NZ IU TOP I WO WEEK	is is Univ	take a labor man's side of the ques-	stand. We shouldn't be surprised by	The steel trust owners, the au
etcion 14 completely underestimated and neglected to carry out. First	Party is mainly responsible for it by its own attitude that "the youth	me to return then.			tion. Some are learning that the A. F. of L. is not what they thought	prised." this is a confession of in-	so-called "contine" mines have no
oint-The District Committee of our	are the concern of the Y.C.L.	Editor's Note:-This worker	Relief for Negro Fa	imily of 5	it was. The Kohler Co. laid off about 700	epiness; we should be prepared: that	to the Roosevelt administration an stated in effect. "We were right,
ions decided to carry on the elec-	alone." The Party must realize that it is the political leader of the	draws a vivid picture of oppression			men at one time, and I understand	The Strike Wave	told you to begin with that you can
n compaign for the final election	whole working class, adult as well	in the South, but his hope that	Nothing for Clothes or Cosl or	" Pont Whited	there will be further layoffs there.	While themes and over shelling on the	not proceed as you could during

This tremendous strike wave, with war, when there was no Communist not proceed as you could during the ts militancy, with its daily evidence Party in this country; that to allow At mintancy, with its daily evidence of the great initiative right from the ranks of the American workers, has demonstrated indisputably that whether these workers beling to the T. U. U. L. unions, the A. F. of L. unions, or independent unions, there is no perceptible dividing line be-tis no perceptible dividing line between their sentiments, between their tween their sentiments the tween tween the tween the tween tween the tween tween the tween the tween tween the tween the tween tween tween tween the tween the tween tween

while there was no Communist Party. but it cannot be carried through now without the greatest resistance. So what do we see now? Read the daily press. That is all you have to do. Roosevelt, Pinchot, Johnson, are demanding the end of these **Communist Party** 35 E. 12th STREET, N. Y. C. strikes. There is going to be more terror and less demagogy. Of course, Please send me more informathere will be a certain amount of demagogy. The crushing of strikes tion on the Communist Party. by treachery and terror is to be in the interests of national recovery. There will be more emphasis on co operation, company unions, merit clauses and "peace in industry." But workers will understand this dema-Street gogy. (To be continued)

district right after the primary elections decided to carry on the elec-tion campaign for the final election Nov. 7, and place our candidates on the ballot with stickers. This decision remained on paper as far as Section 14 is concerned. No meetings, no leaflets, as though our campaign was over and we were defeated. Such an attitude must be sharply criticized by the district. Our meeting was held one day before elections, Nov. 6, and as I mentioned before, our Communist candidate for Mayor, I. O. Ford, was



recur.

There are a number of "loose ends" I feel I should pick up today instea

of devoting the column to any one subject. To begin with: The Young Pioneers sent an invitation to my readers and me to be present Saturday evening (tonight) at the performance of "Strike Me Red" at City College, saying, "Come and see what happens to the family in the last act-you'll get the surprise of convinced that the movement stands Love the Blue Eagle your lives!"

see what happens to the family in the convinced that the movement stands desperately in need of a Red Paint Book for the kids. I shall begin to work on it. What should be in it? On one page should be paper dolls with Yang I shall be there! There are 50 children, both white and Negro, playing in this. The Women's Councils

(By a Negra Worker Correspondent) BIRMINGHAM, Ala .- The Department of Public Welfare of Jefferson County here gives us three days work every other week. We are supposed

Birmingham Worker

to get 30 cents per hour for seven hours per day, which is \$2.10 for seven hours. But we do not get any cash. We have to take what we can get for our work, which is a small food order. It is supposed to last two weeks, but we don't have enough to last hardly one week. Indian Chief Destitute

we get no more until the two weeks come around. When we ask With Family Broken up

weeks come around. When we ask for more here is what we get: "You all sure eat a lot. There's no need wasting food as you do." There are five in my family, and they call that terday, I had the pleasure of in-

there will be further layoffs there. Letters from

VETERAN DAILY WORKER READER REGISTERS APPROVAL. Comrade Editor: Spokane, Wash. A number of years ago I was a reader and subscriber of the "Truth" of Duluth. When the subscription list was taken over by our Party, I received the "Weekly Worker" and helped to start the "Daily Worker"

Our Readers

all sure eat a lot. There's no need wasting food as you do." There are five in my family, and they call that wasting. It is cold weather, and we need clothes and coal, but we can get neither clothes nor coal. When we go to the welfare to ask for relief, they tell just write and order what you need and we will send it to you, and that is the last of it. There are so many here in the There are so many here in the

JOIN THE

Nothing for Clothes or Coal or Rent, Writes

analogy goes further because in both cases it was the recognizer and not the recognized that was honored. (My delay in making this contact with the Women's Councils is really inexcusable)

Moreover, I had the satisfaction of being present at the Bronx Confer-ence Against the High Cost of Living, called by the United Councils of Working Class Women: there a fight against high pricecs was mapped out. Our column will do its best to keep in touch with the progress of this struggle

Russian Blouses

I wish to tell the "comrade without a Russian blouse" we shall locate such patterns as she asks for-I do not think the service we are using has them, but shall check on this.

The two comrades in Syracuse have not been forgotten,-we are working on the budget, counting the calories, and experimenting.

in the home that it is time to begin And I wish to remind the comrades prepare for the Annual Bazaar of the New York District of the International Labor Defense, taking place the middle of next February. Those who can do so will be of great help If they will make neat and simple dresses, blouses, pyjamas, aprons, and the like, for sale at the Bazaar. Best begin now so as not to have to rush at the last minute. Out of town comrades could also send little things for this, if they like. (I.L.D., 870 Broadway.)

What else? Only one more thing: the letter from Comrade Enos and the article by Alice W. L. on amusing the children have got me to thinking about the subject, and I am

Helping the Daily Worker Through Helen Luke

Contributions received to the credit of Helen Luke in her Socialist competition with Michael Gold, Dr. Luttinger. Edward Newhouse and Jacob Burck to raise \$1,000 in the \$40,000 Daily Worker Drive. Mrs. H. Werme, Kolryn\$ 1.00 Previous total 93.22

whole working class, adult as well

as youth. It must give leadership to the Y.C.L. in its work among the

youth and must further mobilize

its own members and the whole revolutionary working class for

winning the young working class

generation for Communism. Once

the Party understands its revolu-

tionary duty in this respect, such incidents as the above will not

16, 18, 20, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 and 42. Size 16 takes 33% yards 36-inch fabric.

(Continued) Grischa: "I'd like to make an auto, but there's no time. Besides it's a bother taking an auto home in the but there's no time. Besides it's a bother taking an auto home in the but there's no time. Besides it's a bother taking an auto home in the Amischa: Sure timing. Come on over to the showers. I'll read you a let-to the showers. I'll read you a let-to the showers. I'll read you a let-to the showers. Got it from my cousin Mary, who's a Pioneer in America. Gee! What she told me train. Just teach me how to run the rolley Mischa: "Let's walk over to it. See, there it is! You'll learn in a jiffy. Hey, comrade engineer! Move over. I want to show my friend how to run the trolley.' handle. If you want to start, push it over to you. If you want to stop, push back. Press this button with your foot to sound the bell." to run the thing though." Mischa: "Go ahead. I'll be your conductor. All aboard! All aboard! Gorki Street next stop! See, Grischa, Gorki Street." Where do we stop next?" Mischa: "Stop at the Street of the Five-Year Plan. You'll see the sign. We'll get out there and give some other boy or girl a chance to be the engineer and conductor." Grischa: "Well, Mischa, that was peachy. Say, I'm going to enjoy this. What did you say we can do here in the Children's Town?" Time Adams 1532

the Children's Town?" Mischa: "I promised you a swell time, didn't I? What do you want to do now? Play some stick ball, checkers, chess, volley ball, go rowing? Send FIFTEEN CENTS (15c) in coins or stamps (coins preferred) for tree here, you know. Or we can go write in the make something in the plainly name, address and style num- airplane room or carpentry shop or ber. BE SURE TO STATE SIZE.

the Federal Government or the N.

R. A. may be induced to do some-thing about it only gives rise to an

illusion under which the ruling class

tries to weaken the mass struggles

of Negro and white workers against

this oppression. The government in Washington is just as much a tool

of the capitalist ruling class as is the state government of Alabama

or the city government of Birming-

ham, and only the united struggle of Negro and white workers will

defeat the N. R. A. and government program of discrimination and op-

Also, while the oppression of the Negro in the North is not shown in such open and brutal form as in the South, discrimnation on the job and in the neighborhoods is just as widespread and is based on the

Why Oil Companies

(Continued)

Mischa: "Now, Grischa, take this

Grischa: "That looks easy. I'd like

Grischa: "Say this is swell, Mischa.

"All right."

oppression in the South.

pression.

The Women's Councils Also, on the same day that recog-nition was given to the U.S.S.R. by the American government, the Wo-men's Councils were given recognition by our In the Home Column (I was present at the splendid celebra-tion at Irving Plaza, of ten years of analogy goes further because in both cases it was the recognizer and not

Pattern 1532 is available in sizes 14, ult., and effective Sept. 2 this year." shoes, clothes, and coal.

WITH OUR YOUNG READERS

The Adventures of Grischa and Mischa, Two Soviet Pioneers (Continued) bit in the library and play after-wards. And didn't you say at night we could go parachute jumping?" Mischa: "Sure thing. Come on over

about Thanksgiving in America!"

The pioneers of the Clara Zetkin Troop are very thankful to the Daily Worker for their Pioneer Column. We

Dear Comrade Editor:

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Announcement

America.

sults.

Corner.

They Shall Not Die!

By PY NEIR

Ι.

For the entire world to see, That our nine Negro friends are in-nocent and should be set free.

II.

Nine Negro lads, framed up to die

We'll have to wait till next Satur- Because of one witness, who told lie

day to find out what's so surprising to Mischa about Thanksgiving in The other witness, exposed the whole

workers' children into our Pioneer movement and help us build bigger And we must smash the bosses' lie

and more militant troops. We ex-pect all workers' children to take part The Scottsboro boys shall not die!

struggle. It should have been eight

pages, but this rests with the members and sympathizers of our movement.

Enclosed is my check for \$12.50 for support of our paper. If Comrades Gold and Luttinger were running Name even, then I wouldn't know whom to credit with this remittance. Dr. Luttinger brings in the rear. I wish City you would credit him in the contest

with this sum. -H. T. Ahrens. CRITICIZING A CARTOON Milwaukee, Wis.

Dear Comrades: I wish to take objection to the cartoon that appeared on the editorial page of the Daily Worker, on Monday, Oct. 23. The cartoon, under the caption: "The old gentleman ain't so dumb," portrays Wall Street sitting with the map of the world in front of him and holding the U.S.S.R. in one hand ready to place the U.S.S.R.

in a certain vacant space as if in a in a certain vacant space as it in a jig-saw puzzle. I have talked to a by Dr. PAUL LUTTINGER, M. D. better stick to a strict vegetarian diet number of workers and they seem to have the same impression as I have.

Jeroz-Any kind of bran is useful in First, the cartoon conveys the impression that the U.S.S.R. is just a certain forms of constitution; but missing piece of the capitalist world the constant taking of bran may and that Wall Street has now de-cided to take that plece, the U.S.S.R., who have delicate stomachs. to do with it as he pleases and place it in connection with the rest of the -Kidney Trouble Worker for their Pioneer Column. We feel that such columns will draw the workers' children into our Pioneer movement and help us build bigger And we much smach the heaven it it in connection with the rest of the workd. I suppose the gentleman is not dumb, because he has an ulterior bal" sandwich is one made of hashed

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

motive for doing what he does. raw meat and raw onions. The Tar-But, comrades, the matter is not so simple. First of all, the U.S.S.R. is not a passive force that can be picked up by any gentleman, dumb or smart, and just allowed recogni-

tion. The Soviet Union has com-pelled the Wall Street Government The question of the Soviet Union to recognize it. Though Wall Street is of such importance, especially now,

may profit for the time being through when millions of American workers economic gains, etc., nevertheless, the and farmers are thinking about fact of the matter remains that after American-Soviet relations, Therefore, 16 years of stubborn opposition to it is our task to picture the situation the workers republic, American im-perialism is compelled, because of the crisis and the general situation of Soviet Union, it is not because the the ciptalist world, and the strength Soviet Union is weak and defense-of the Soviet Union, to talk of dip-less. The Soviet Union has plenty

lomatic relations, etc. omatic relations, etc. The artist or the one who inspired itself against the capitalist world. But this cartoon may have wanted to we raise that slogan, being fully and Del to raise \$1,000 in the \$40,000 convey to the readers of the Daily, conscious of the fact that the Soviet Daily Worker Drive: that even though there may be rec- Union is the base of the world revoognition, still Wall Street has some- lution-and for this reason it is nec thing up its sleeve. As the thing essary for all workers of the world

was placed, it conveys the opposite to rally around. You will excuse me if I am too impression



and leave the cannibal sandwiches to the canniba

Mineral Oil and Dry Skin Mrs. K., Woodridge, N. Y.--Mineral cil has no effect whatsoever on the dryness of the skin. The reason is that mineral oil is not absorbed into the body but acts as a lubricant for the intestinal canal. The same amount of mineral oil that is taken in by mouth leaves the body. Sometimes it leaks out when we least expect it to. If you wish to influence your dry skin you must use vegetable oils such as olive oil which you can eat as well as rub into the skin, several times a day.

Where To Get Circumsized

A Worker-Any surgical clinic in New York City will circumsize you, free of charge, if you apply for the operation. Thanks for your contribution to the Daily Worker.

Helping the Daily Worker Through Dr. Luttinger

Contributions received to the credit of Dr. Luttinger in his Socialist competition with Michael Gold, Edward Newhouse, Helen Luke, Jacob Burck

	Group of workers\$	1.00
	G. Pails	1.00
	R. Stergios	2.00
	T. Goulios	.35
0	Previous total	320.80

tions were previously received but not listed in this column.

this Anne Adams pattern. Write

Total to date \$94.22 Street, New York City.





in the struggles of their parents. The Young Pioneers always stand ready That must be our battle cry! (Why not tell us who you are?) to lead them in their fight for better conditions. when I pull the string you start. That's it, Grischa. Keep it up. You-ve got the idea ... Stop, Grischa. be a great help to us and we hope New York Pioneers on Their "Trip to Crosby" to Save the you will continue it with the best re-**Daily Worker** Progress since November 17th. Harry Eisman Troop\$16.18 Hyman Ruchelman, Clara Zetkin Troop. (They are traveling back by airplane too) Red Brigade, speeding by train. . 9.20 We know that many children J-10 Coop (IWO) on bike haven't had time enough to answer our question column in last Saturto Detroit day's "With Our Young Workers" since all material goes in Tuesday. Fred Bell Troop on bike to So we give you another week to do it. Let's get some swell answers this roller skates to Cleveland 4.21 Muenzenberg Troop (W.I.R.) walking to Pittsburgh 2.50

week, and don't be bashful to tell us what you think of our Children's Previous total\$53.93 This Week 9.95 **Detroit** Pioneers

DAILY WORKER, NEW YORK, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1933



HERMAN BLANC

VORDAN

YASHA N. KOGOSEFF

Caucasian 8-dagger dance

119 East 11th St.

TICKETS \$1.00 IN ADVANCE \$1.50 AT DOOR

BOXES \$10.00

VERNON ANDRADE'S ORCHESTRA

SATURDAY, 8 P. M

IRVING PLAZA

15th St., cor. Irving Place

TICKETS \$1

at WORKERS' BOOK STORE

50 East 13th Street

OR AT DOOR

FRIDAY EVE.

December 1st

ORDEB TICKETS BY MAIL OR PHONE: NEW MASSES, 31 E. 27th ST. CALEDONIA 5-8524.

you of how he entered the strike thinking he was a revolutionist and of coming out of it, knowing he was nist Party of the United States. Minute Movie Review Eat 'Em Alive If you like to watch life-and,

THANKSCHUNG DAWNCE and Entertain-ment given by the Young commanist League Peter Kohler Co. plants came out at Workers Center, 1813 Pitkin Ave. Music by Superba Troubadours. Admission 25c.

workers Center, 1613 Pitkin Ave. Music to a man and struck. MANDOLIN CONCERT and Dance given y the Progressive Workers Cultura Club, of Summer Ave. Dancing by good band. DANCE AND ENTERTAINMENT given by tot Jazz Band. Piay "Broadway 1933." kits by a Wise Cracker at 1009 Winthrop the Admission 15c. Content of the soft spring air hid the wielding of police truncheons and the flow of workers' blood. Almost every worker in the French section wess out

Ski s by a Wise Cracker at 1009 Winthrop St. Admission 15c. PARTY GIVEN by the I.L.D. Chorus at 218 Van Sicklen Are., Brooklyn. Refresh-ments free. Admission 25c. A RED CABARET and DANCE is arranged by Council 10 at 57 Bay 35th St. Dancing and interesting program. VETCHERINKA and CONCERT given by the W.I.R. at 421 Stone Are., at 6:30 p. m. Admission 15c in advance; at door 20c. (Downtown) With Council Interesting Control of the Control

M. J. OLGIN lecture today, at 3 p. m., at the Workers School on "What's Happen-ing in Russia," at 35 E. 12th St. GALA CONCERT and Dance celebrating Thanksnothing in the Clarte, French Work-ers Club, 304 West 55th St. Good Program, plano and violin soloists. Costroom 200. CHAMBER MUSIC Concert of the Freiheit Mandolin Orchestra, at 106 E. 14th St. Trogram mandolin ensemble, Mathew Kaha, conductor, David Freed, violi cellox solo. HOW our Scribe did this I shall explain tomorrow. Meantime I should like to say that while Voices of October said nothing about RAPP in 1930 because I was out of touch with the Soviet literary scene, I soon had occasion to learn a great deal about RAPP from several sources. On the one hand, I was in correspondence with several RAPP leaders whom I had known well in Moscow. On the other hand, I heard from various

fellow-travellers and liberal newspaper correspondents who were opposed The law also stated that recruits. flicker that has come along in many to attend. But perhaps the best picture I got of the Soviet literary situation Sunday at the "exact mathematical center" was from Boris Pilnyak. From March OPEN FORUM on "What Is Happening 12 to August 3, 1931 Boris Pilnyak lived at my house. I saw him lit-Today in Germany, "given by Comrade Otto Durick, editor of German Weekly "Der Arbeiter" at Estonian Workers Hall, 27 W. 115th St. GETRUDE HUTCHINSON, Associate Edi-tor, Moscow News, will speak on "Women in Soviet Russia" at Young America Institute, Steinway Hall, 113 W. 57th St., at 8:30 p. m. LECTURE AND SOCIAL given by the Needle Trade Workers Dance Group at Collective Dance Studio, 77 Fifth Ave. Lec-ture om "Indictment of Industrial Union Leadership," by J. Goldman. "ITTERATURE AND WAR," lecture by H. E. Briggs, at the Middle Bronx Workers Olub, 3383 Third Ave., at 8:30 p. m. "ROF. OAKLEY JOHNSON will lecture on "Soviet Diplomacy," at the Pelham Fark-way Workers Club, 2179 White Plains Rd. Admission 100; unemployed free. LECTURE on "The Sectistore Boys--Who Next," at 951 Leggett Ave., auspices Unit 3 Y.C.L. Speaker worker delegate from Mary-land. Today in Germany," given by Comrade Otto TUNING IN 10:15—Piano Duo 10:30—Organ Recital 11:00—Weather Reports 11:02—Trini Orch. 11:30—Lane Orch. TONIGHT'S PROGRAMS WEAF-660 Kc 12:00-Robbins Orch. 7:15 P. M.—Football Scores 7:20—Donald Novis, Songs 7:30-Circus Days-Sketch 7:45-Mountaineers Music 8:00-To Be Announced WJZ-760 Kc -Antobal Orch. SiO-Jack Pearl, Comedian; Goodman Orch.; Demarco Sisters, Songs; Robert Simmons, Tenor; Leaders Trio
 SiO-Yecht Club Boys; Vivian Ruth, Songs; LECTURE on "Is the Family Broken Up in the Soviet Union," given by Women's Council No. 38, at 501 W. 161st St., at 7:30 3:0-Yacht Club Boys; Vivian Ruth, Songs; Reismann Orch.
10:00-Rolfe Orch.; Men About Town Trio; Lew White, Organ
11:00-One Man's Family-Sketch, With Anthony Smythe
11:30-Hollywood on the Air
12:00-Wilson Orch.; Doric Quartet; Mary Wood, Soprano; Tommy Harris, Ennes; Cynthia, Blues Singer; Ryan and Rob-lette, Comedy; Senator Fishface, Come-dian Council No. 38, at 501 W. 161st St., at 7:30 1 p.m. LECTURE by Sidney Bloomfield at Ad-vance Guard Cultural Club, 935 E. 163th St., at 2:30 p.m., on "Class Conflict in Society." 1 PHILA. CONCERT at the Italian Progre-sive Institute, 1208 Taskerst St., at 8 p.m. On Sat., Nov. 25th. ISRAEL AMTER will speak on "The Strug-gle for Unemployment Insurance and the Role of the Communist Party," at Bronx. LECTURE on "Significance of Russian Recognition by the U. S.," by M. Shulman at J. Louis Engdahl Workers Club, 3092 Hull Ave., Bronx. . . . Ave., Bronz. COMRADE "DEL," Daily Worker Cartoon-ist will speak at the open forum of the Tom Mooney Branch I.LD., at 3 p. m. at 103 E. 14th St., room 202 on the "Labor SYMPOSIUM on "Theme and Style in Revolutionary Literature" with Maxwell Bodenheim, Philip Rahv and Alfred Hayes, at the John Reed Club, 430 Sixth Ave., at James Ford. HARLEM WORKERS School Tom WOR-710 Kc WABC-860 Kc 8 p. m. HARLEM WORKERS School Forum; James Ford will lecture on "The Negro People and the Struggel Against Imperialism-American, African and the West Indies." at 200 W. 135th St., room 214A. Admission 10:00 WILLIAM GOETZ will speak at Finnish Hall, 5969 14th St. on "What He Saw in the Soviet Union." Admission free. Time 3 p. m., on Nov. 26th. Philadelphia Detroit Design and the Struggel Against Imperialism-
American, African and the West Indies." at
200 W. 135th St., room 214A. Admission
free.Design and
Design and the West Indies." at
Soviet Union." Admission free. Time 3Hall, 5969 14th St. on "What He Saw in the
Soviet Union." Admission free. Time 3Hall, 5969 14th St. on "What He Saw in the
Soviet Union." Admission free. Time 3How is the saw in the
10:45-Leaders in Action-H. V. Kaltenborn
11:00-Jones Orch.
11:15-Little Orch.
11:15-Little Orch.
11:15-Little Orch.
11:15-Little Orch.
11:15-Mined Dedication Program
12:00-Portland Junior Symphony Orch.,
Jacques Gerehavitch, Conductor
12:00-Hopkins Orch.THE NATURE FRIENDS hike to Timp
Torne Bear Mountain. Meet at 42nd St.Admission 25c.St. on Sat., Nov. 25th.
Admission 25c.Heat to Antarctic; Music From New
York

WHAT'S ON

Saturday EXTRAORDINARY PARTY and Entertain ent at Film and Photo League, 116 Lexin n Ave. at 28th St. Free photos, refres. ents, dancing, surprise and unique ente ng, surprise

simment. Admission 25c. CONCERT and DANCE given by the Pock-tbook Workers Rank and File at Workers enter, 50 E. 13th St., at 8 p. m. THRD ANUAL BARN DANCE and Enter-imment — Marriage Performing County udge-5 Piece Danceland Orchestra-Folk ances — Refreshments — American Youth Comparison 20 St Marks Placet 2020 The following is an incident which brought the reality of the capitalist state power as the enemy of the working class before a mili-Judge-5 Flete Danceland Orchestra--Folk Dances - Refreshments - American Youth Federation, 20 St. Marks Place, at 8:30 p.m. THE PARLOR FRAME WORKER is having s Banquet and Dance at the Manhattan Lyceum, 60 E. Fourth St. All furniture workers are urged to come. DANCE AND CONCERT at Workers Cen-ter, 50 E. 13th St., at 8:30 p.m., given by the International Workers Order Branch 19, celebrating their 4th year. ENTERTAINMENT AND DANCE given by Unit 5, 6, 8 and 9 at 95 Avenue B, at 8 p.m. Admission 15c. one had to live in his house, eat in today, twenty-six years later, is a member of the Central Committee of the Communist Party, and whose 50th birthday and 30th year in the revolutionary movement will be celebrated at a banquet in his honor in Irving Plaza Hall tonight.

Unit 5, 6, 8 and 9 at 93 Avenue B, at 8 p. m. Admission 15c. ENTERTAINMENT AND DANCE given by the Neckwear Workers S. & A. Club, at 5 E 19th St., at 8:30 p. m. DANCE AND ENTERTAINMENT given by the Opposition Local 621, White Goods Workers, at Astoria Hall, 62 E. Fourth St., at 8 p. m. The first public affair of the group. lem of bread. Work for a boss and

NOVEMBER BALL and ENTERTAINMENT one had to lvie in his house, eat in

class thought. Many problems where since and state of the second s own. But even in the heated con- Bern.

Workers Club, 3652 Third Ave. Mandolin Orchestra of 50; dancing by a good band HERMAN BLANC, Russian singer, Yasha Nikogossef, Caucasian Dance, Vardan, Cau-casian, singer, Parker Watkins, Negro Spirit-uals and Del, Daily Worker cartoonist will be on the program at 792 E. Tremont Ave. near 177th St. Subway Station. There will also be dancing. Admission 15c. CONCERT AND DANCE at the Prospect Worker Center, 1167 So. Boulevard, Prospect Dancers. Dancers. CONCERT AND DANCE at the Advace Guard Cultural Grop, 936 E. 166th St. DANCE AND ENTERTAINMENT tendered by Nat Turner Club at 558 Morris Ave, belonged to the Swiss Party. Other-Lively jazz band. Excellent entertainment, wise though, there were no stringent twenty-four year old German who

refreshment. Admission 25c. CONCERT AND PARTY given by Women's Jouncil 30, Unit 29, Section 5 and Branch 190 I.W.O., at Westchester Workers Center, The head of the barber shop own-48 Westchester Ave. CONCERT AND DANCE given by the Tre-also a member of the Social-Demood Jazz Band, fine concert, proletarian cracy. He was leading the opposi-

BALLOON DANCE given by Jackson Workers Club, 735 Westchester Ave. (former-ly Union Workers Center). Good band. Good time. PARTY given by Y.C.L. Unit 5 at 1451 Crotona PI, apartment 16, bet. 171st and St. Paul PI. Good time time assured. Crotona PI, apartment 16, bet. 171st and St. Paul PI. Good time time assured. tion against the strikers at the same

dropped their tools, painters left their scaffolds hanging in mid air,

(Brooklyn) THANKSGIVING DAWNCE and Entertain- the chocolate workers of the large

THE TURNING POINT

An Incident in a Revolutionist's Life BY ALLAN GILES

| service for several weeks, were never to be used for "internal disturbances." But time pressed and the govern-ment could not wait for the militia to be mobilized. The twenty-four year old youth

> with the military officers, demand ing that they retire and permit the workers to exercise their right to meet in the building. The young German had never seriously con-

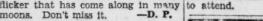
thirty days in which a bread and

Central Committee of the Commu-

leath wrestling bouts between desert snakes, where the victor absorbs the victim and drags him hom to finish the digestive process at leisure dur-ing the ensuing months, then don't fail to see "Eat 'Em Alive" now playing at the Cameo Theatre. All snake. And if you can sit still in you seat while a centipede is tearing

there are excellent editorial com-ments under the heading, "At the Point of the Needle."

'Daily' Affair Tonight the ordinary variety of reptiles you find so abundantly in Tammany and Wall Street. At least the desert rat is not protected by the "law." "Eat 'Em Alive" was photographed by Herold Austin on the Norodo by Harold Austin on the Nevada benefit of the Daily Worker's \$40,000 Desert with the aid of a telephoto specifically stated that workers had lens to get closeups of the battles and P.M., at 792 Tremont Ave., the Bronx. the right to enter their own hall. is about the best animal-eat-animal All neighborhood workers are urged



NEW YORK .- Units 8 and 28, Section 15 of the Communist Party, have arranged a concert and dance for the Drive, to be held this evening. 8:30



in pretty good shape. Personally I found it a pleasure Lines of marchers poured in around and rats that were somewhat out of D it is a pleasure 2 Bronx Units to Hold

your doubts about snake being able to swallow snake will vanish comletely when you see this film. You'll be surprised to see how easily a sixteen-foot rattlesnake can slip through the tonsils of an eighteen-foot king_

erally 24 hours a day. He could not speak English, did not learn it, and therefore could not be left alone.

Despite differences in character, outlook and even politics, Pilnyak and I liked each other. He talked to me a great deal and with unusual candor. To these circumstances I owe an improvement in my knowledge of the Russian language and of Soviet literature.

WHAT

By Joseph Freeman

IN our last installment of this serial which deals with the slanders against

"Stalin's Literary Inquisition" misquoted and falsified in the most un_

Grover Whalen's forgeries. He objects to what he calls my "wonder

story" about "everything going fine, and everybody glorlously happy and

productive," and proceeds to jumble together phrases from my chapter

instead of into the falsifications of the Modern Monthly, will see that I did not say "everything was going fine," or that everybody was "glor-

iously happy and productive." Here is the passage which our Scribe

ation of literature following the controversy of 1924 has resulted in tremendous growth," I said on page 58 of Voices of October. "The

five years that have passed since the Party resolution stilled the troubled

waters of controversy over the dictatorship of proletarian literature have

winessed new poems, plays and novels, powerful and finely wrought, many

of which can be justly called 'proletarian literature,' and all of which, in

and which he tears out of its context. I urge the reader (and even our

Scribe, if he has any intellectual integrity left) to consider the very next

poets and novelists, will be considered concretely. IT MUST BE POINTED OUT. HOWEVER, THAT SOVIET LIFE CHANGES RAPIDLY; WHAT

IS TRUE TODAY MAY NO LONGER BE TRUE TOMORROW. Where

social life is so consciously and ruthlessly directed by the organized

working class, decades may be leaped over in a year. THE ARTS ARE CONSIDERED IN THIS BOOK ONLY AS THEY WERE AFFECTED

BY THE OCTOBER REVOLUTION AND THE INTRODUCTION OF

THE NEW ECONOMIC POLICY. As this book goes to press, the first

reports of the operations of the Five-Year Plan indicate that a new

period of development in Soviet life has opened, to be followed, it may be

NOW why did our literary jesuit of the Modern Monthly omit this

what I said. Had he cited what I actually did say he would not have

a leg to stand on. For what I said in so many words was that Voices

of October dealt with the "arts as they were affected by the October

The answer is simple. He could make out a "case" only by falsifying

Even a rabid partisan ought to know that the New Economic Policy

It is true that Voices of October was published in 1930. That was due

to various accidental factors. But it is also true, and I said so specifically, that the book deals chiefly with the October Revolution and the N.E.P.

I also said that we may expect "a new turn in Soviet art and literature"

as a result of the Five-Year Plan, but that new turn is NOT discussed

for I believe my knowledge of and contacts with the Soviet literary scene

would have enables me to form valid opinions from the Soviet press

and irom letters. But I had spend part of 1929 in Mexico, was out of

touch with Soviet literature, and therefore confined my own statements

to the period which I knew first-hand, I took the trouble to say just that in some many words. And our indignant Scribe in the Modern Monthly

But why should I complain about having my statements twisted out of context by the Modern Monthly? Who am I to be spared when our

I would not have hesitated to discuss the "new turn" in New York,

N passage? Why in particular did he omit the words in CAPS?

ended in 1927, three years before his "exact mathematical center."

"In the following chapters," I said, "this life, as described by the

lines which follow immediately after the passage cited above.

sumed, by a new turn in Soviet art and literature."

Revolution and the New Economic Policy."

took the t rouble to OMIT those very words.

Scribe does not spare Lenin himself this indignity?

in Voices of October.

to RAPP.

This is the passage which our Scribe points to as an example of falsifying the facts of the "exact mathematical center" of the "literary inquisition." He points to it, however, in a form which he recompenses,

one way or another, reflect the new life ushered in by the Revolution."

But anyone who will take the trouble to look into Voices of October

"The diversion of energy from the politics of literature to the cre-

scrupulous manner my first chapter in Voices of October.

which he asserts claims that.

misquotes

revolutionary literature, we saw how the author of an article called

The example I gave, however, by no means exhausts our literary

For five months I heard, day in and day out, from a master of language and image, stories about Soviet life and Soviet literature. I learned many things about Soviet literary groups and personalities which you will not find in print.

Pilnyak was a fellow traveller. RAPP did not like him and he did not like RAPP. He told me a number of stories which were not to RAPP'S credit, and gave a rather vivid account of methods which eventually led to RAPP'S dissolution. He also revealed those characteristics of the fellow-traveller which led to the rise of RAPP.

But quite different from the Modern Monthly's diatribe was the picture Pilnyak gave me of the role of the Communist Party in literature. Instead of being "persecuted" by "Stalin's literary inquisition," the fellowtraveller was protected against RAPP'S excesses by the Party. Pilnyak showed me documents in which the Party reversed various of RAPP's actions against him.

"Stalin's literary inquisition" was a bulwark against excesses which RAPP was committing against certain writers, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THEY WERE PARTY MEMBERS OR NOT. The Party was acting as a brake against a literary group which had its uses as well as abuses. Eventually the Party abolished that clique.

According to our noisy toy-pistol of the Modern Monthly, the Party stepped in on April 23, 1932 and abolished RAPP. Yet one year before that, in April 1931, I heard from one of RAPP's bitterest opponents, documented stories of how the Party protected fellow-travellers against RAPP.

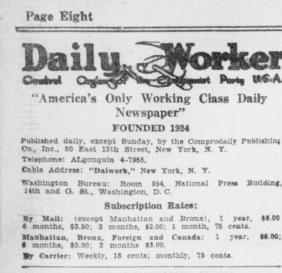
Helping the Daily Worker through Michael Gold.

Contributions received to the credit of Muchael Gold in his Socialist competition with Dr. Luttinger, Edward Newhouse, Helen Luke, Jacob Burck and Del to raise \$1,000 in the \$40,000 Daily Worker Drive: R. Herkkiner\$0.50 Icor Br., New Brunswick 9.64 'Total to date\$450.16





DAILY WORKER, NEW YORK, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1933



SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1933

Roosevelt's Forced Labor

IN the short period that the so-called Civil Works (forced labor) Program of the Roosevelt administration has been in effect, it is already apparent beyond a doubt that every one of the high falutin' promises of Roosevelt and Federal Relief Director Hopkins have been broken. The Civil Works Program is already put into practice, means not only millions of jobless cut off from relief. It means forced labor at wages below the existence level.

In New York City, 200,000 were promised jobs. Ten thousand unemployed stormed the relief offices and not one was given a job. Workers are being "registered" and given more promises of jobs in the future. This occurred not only in New York City. In Lynn, Massachusetts, where two-thirds of the shoe workers are jobless, Roosevelt's program operated one day and then all Lynn workers on forced labor were fired. In Nebraska and Arkansas two-thirds of the unemployed are deprived of relief and deprived of forced labor jobs as well.

The promises of Roosevelt of steady work for millions are seen to be false right from the start.

The promises given by Roosevelt of a fifty cents an hour minimum rate for 30 hours a week, has proved as empty and false as all of Roosevelt's promises to the unemployed. Thirty thousand New York State unemployed are already told that they must be herded into state "conservation" camps at \$25 a month, less than \$1 a day. The unemployed women have been told by Hopkins that their wage is to be nine dollars a week.

There is no minimum wage for the unemployed put on forced labor. The promise of 30 hours work a week has also been broken. .

THE unemployed workers, cut off of relief lists, and put on forced labor at worse than starvation wages, include skilled and semi-skilled workers, mechanics, carpenters, building trades workers, teachers, etc. The federal, state and city governments are taking the unemployed, and putting them to work at non-union pay on necessary construction work for which the city would otherwise have to pay the union scale. La Guardia already is providing for this by announcing that the subways will be built by the cheap forced labor of the unemployed and not by union labor.

The unemployed workers, with a bottomless level of wages, will be at the absolute mercy of the government and the officals and foremen, and when fired will not be returned to relief lists. Hopkins, the spokesman for Roosevelt, cynically stated that he did not care what happened to those fired off forced labor jobs. The Roosevelt program has definitely revealed itself as a scheme to entirely abolish all relief given by the government.

For their protection against the attacks of Roosevelt the unemployed must immediately set up committees on all forced labor jobs. These committees have the task of at once forcing the government to grant union wages and union conditions on all forced labor jobs. These committees, linked up with the Unemployed Councils, will have to lead strikes against Roosevelt's cheap forced labor-strikes which will enforce union conditions. The trade unions especially must at once take part together with the unemployed in the fight against the Roosevelt program. The forced labor plan, now going into effect, is aimed "liberals," as enemies of the open capitalist reaction that is symbolized in the people's mind by Hooverhe better to continue and intensify the Hoover policy of ruthless capitalist exploitation. Roosevelt's attempt to sugar-coat his new infla-

tionary attack on the living standards of the masses, by talk of fighting against the "Tories" and "the power-'ul influences" is a clumsy fraud. Even his capitalist colleagues expose him.

The monetary hubbub among the capitalists over inflation should not conceal from any worker their fundamental unity on driving down the living standards of the workers, on their unity on adding to the direct wage cuts, the indirect assault of rising prices, part-time, etc.

Against both, the toiling masses must organize for mass actions, for strikes against wage cuts, for higher wages, for resistance to the whole capitalist attempt to increase profits at the expense of the workers.

A.F.L. Members in Action

WHAT a well organized rank and file movement inside the ranks of the A. F. of L. locals and spirited working-class initiative can do to defeat the racketeering practices of corrupt A. F. of L. officials is excellently illustrated in the action of the Painters' Unions in New York this week.

Rank and file painters are acquainted with the notorious record of William Zausner, who eluded arrest for misappropriation of thousands of dollars of the union's funds with the aid of the bosses and was driven out of the Painters' Union by an aroused membership. His comeback was effected with the support of strong arm men and the usual coercion and intimidation in the art of which A. F. of L. leaders are well trained.

For three months Zausner and his official clique in the District Council collected a daily tax of 50 cents from every working member of the union. The tax was imposed on the membership after the leading members of the rank and file had been driven out of the union meeting at the point of guns. The tax netted the neat sum of \$125,000 and was said to be for the purpose of pushing the union's organization activity. .

WHAT did Mr. Zausner, who is so nobly defended by the Socialist daily, the Jewish Forward, do with these funds? The funds went for the purpose of hiring gangsters to beat up members of the militant Alteration Painters' Union, who were on strike, for hiring scabs to take the jobs from these strikers, for strongarm men to intimidate and terrorize the membership and smash the Alteration Painters' Union. The funds went for strengthening and building the strong arm squad which would insure Zausner in office indefinitely and make the lucrative business of fleecing the rank and file permanent,

Did Zausner do anything to compel the bosses to carry out the paper agreement he concluded with the bosses after the so-called strike? It is generally known in the union that the bosses are violating the agreement and that the rale of \$9 a day for 7 hours of work is nothing more than a paper scale. Not a cent went to the relief of unemployed painters, or which there are large numbers in the union.

When the painters realized the purpose for which the funds were being used they decided to stop paying the tax. At their own initiative 400 painters met and voted unanimously to go to their locals and put through official action against the tax. Zausner, who came to the meeting, was completely repudiated by the painters. Four local unions have confirmed the action of the 400 painters who paved the way for this revolt and the matical labors. Last week the excuse revolt is spreading by the organized activity of the was that Dickstein had left town rank and file.

.

BY MEANS of such concerted, organized action A. F. of L. workers will throw off the racketeering and treacherous leadership of the A. F. of L. bureaucracy.

The first step in the direction of consolidating the forces of the A. F. of L. rank and file workers in New York in a unified opposition movement will be taken at a conference of the rank and file today at Irving Plaza. The conference should strengthen the A. F. of L. members in their struggle for relief for the jobless and for the elimination of many of the abuses existing inside the union imposed by the A. F. of L. misleaders. It must mark a step forward in establishing a real center of all rank and file members in the New York

to Celebrate Soviet **Recognition Victory** Two Mass Celebrations

Scheduled for Next Week

NEW YORK .- The victory of the Soviet Union in establishing diplo-matic relations with the United States will be celebrated next Wed-nesday night, Nov. 29, at the Bronx Coliseum, 177th St. and West Farms, the Bronx. The Friends of the Soviet Union in conjunction with the ICOR have prepared an elaborate rogram of entertainment and phomnent speakers.

Among those who will speak and point out the facts behind the recog-nition victory will be M. J. Olgin, editor of the Freiheit; Corliss Lamont, Louise Thompson, Countee Cullen, Dr. Harry F. Ward, S. Almazov H. Goldfrank and M. Katz, Carl Brodsky will be chairman.

Unions to Celebrate

To celebrate the victory of the Soviet Union in forcing recognition from the United States, members of trade unions affilated both with the Trade Union Unity League and the American Federation of Labor will hold a concert on Friday, Dec. 1. The program will include the following speakers: C. A. Hathaway, editor of the Daily Worker; Ben Gold, Na-tional Secretary of the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union; Dr. Reuben Young, who has recently returned from the U.S.S.R. and K. Radzie leader of the Russian workers in New York. Andrew Overgaard, secretary of the Trade Union Unity Council will act as chairman.

Dickstein Hides Quiz Transcript

Hathaway Testimony on Nazis Is Suppressed

By Daily Worker, Washington Bureau WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 24.— the forty-th amuel Dickstein, chairman of the arson trial. House Immigration and Naturalization Committee, before whom Clar-ence Hathaway, editor of the Daily Worker, publicly exposed the murder, terror and propaganda machinations of Nazis operating in this country, still refuses to release the transcript of Hathaway's remarks to the press though it is nine days since they

vere made. On November 15, the day Hathaway stified at the invitation of the Committee, Dickstein denied the press the official transcript on the pretext of wanting to "punctuate" it. He said he needed two days for his gramwithout giving the clerk of the Com-mittee written authority to release the transcript. This morning, the Committee clerk, when asked by the Daily Worker correspondent for the testimony, replied: "I have not writen authority from Mr. Dickstein." "But hasn't he returned from New York since my twenty requests last

week?" "Yes."

"Did you speak to him about the atter? "Yes."

"Well, may I have the transcript today? "Mr. Dickstein left no written au-



the original drawings of Burck's cartoons: Gus House Party wins yesterday's drawing with a

having made statements to Weinber Nazi Lawyer Sent ger about securities. The presiding to Spy on Torgler, To solution to the presiding solution of the president solution of the presid Arson Trial Shows (Special of the Daily Worker)

Nov. 24 (via Zurich, Switzerland) .-

the forty-third day of the Reichstag This secret agent came to the pri-son without the knowledge of Dr. Alfons Sack, assigned by the Nazis

these frame-up methods of the pro-

The prosecutor at this point became enraged and charged that Dimitroff "misrepresents."

stag fire before they went to see a cinema also testified today. Popoff charges that the confrontation with waiters was deliberately sabotaged by Kynast and the inquiry magistrate through Popoff demanded immediate confrontation. "Identification" eight months later is obviously ridiculous, he pointed out. The three waiters were uncertain whether they saw Popoff and Taraff on the night of the Communist Party and the Soviets. Fourth will be the elections of the contral organs of the

fire, but did admit its "probability."

cution, Weinberger, now serving a sentence for bribery, testified that he

Weekly Wage for Jobless Women Another witness, Mrs. Kuessner, states that she saw an unknown man

leave the second portal of the Reich-stag shortly before the fire. (Continued from Page 1) you've set a scale of \$15 a week wage or even unskilled men?"

III., \$5. Total to date, \$288.47.

"That's only the minimum," Hopkins admitted. 50,000 to 75,000 who are working on special women-projects throughout

This secret agent came to the pri-son without the knowledge of Dr. Alfons Sack, assigned by the Nazis to "dfend" Torgler. Torgler said, "I hope the court will traw its own conclusions" and Dimit-traw its own conclusions" and Dimit-by Losenb Stalin secretary of the solution stalin secretary of the traw its own conclusions" and Dimit-by Secretary of the secretary of the the country. These projects are un-the country. These projects are un-the country. These projects are un-der the direction of a special "wo-der the direction of a special "wo-men's division," of the Federal Relief Administration--which is right in line with the archaic attitude toward women which pervades the adminis-forced to accede to the demands of

charge of Mrs. Ellen Woodward, MIs-sissippi socal worker and welfare Hold Scotts

Roosevelt Sets \$9

In accord with her social-worker background, Mrs. Woodward fosters the practice of keeping women at their regular professional activities— but at "prevailing" wages, based on the \$9 a week minimum. She has sponsored, for example, the practice

> French Cabinet, **Unable to Balance**

War Budget, Falls

Anti-Lynch Meeting

GUNS, BOMBS Prepares for War On Rising Struggles of the Cuban Masses (Special to the Daily Worker) HAVANA, Nov. 24.—As a result on

the rapidly rising revolutionary ac-tions of the masses, the Grau San Martin government is rapidly pre-paring for open war and suppression against them.

BUYS TANKS,

The government has already bought 1,500,000 hand grenades for street fighting.

Today it was announced that the wernment had ordered 16 armored tanks and thousands of gas-boinbs from British armament firms.

All these instruments are especially adapted for street fighting.

Revolutionary organizations are nobilizing the masses for protest against the expenditure of govern-ment funds for war purposes while hundreds of thousands of workers and peasants are starving.

So great has been the pressure of mass protest against the recent raid on the Confederation National (revolutionary trade union group), by Sergeant Chamizo, and the arrest of Cesar Villar that the government continues to make lame excuses, even going so far as to promise a court-martial trial for Chamizo, for unwarranted attack on the workers center. It is well-known, however, that Chamizo was ordered to proceed with his attack by the government itself.

Stop Lockout The wave of indignation and solid-arity which is rising all over the country has already resulted in de-feating the attempt of the tobacco

employers to declare a lockout. Exceedingly important is the de-velopment within the Habana Feder-ation of Labor, the reformist union controlled by renegade officials, where the secretary of the organization, who is at the same time president of the Tobacco Transport Union, was forced That is, the minimum for teachers, itericians, artists, nurses—all of the affiliate with the revolutionary unions

in the Confederacion Stop Evictions

ration. The "Women's Division" is in the moratorium on evictions for an-

Hold Scottsboro Meetings

The Young Communist League successfully arranged demonstra-tions in front of all the American Wall Street Company offices, de-manding the immediate release of the Scottshoro boys. Many offices were smashed by the demonstrators. Among the offices affected are the American Embassy Ward Steam-ship Line, the United Fruit, the United Light and Gas Company,

and many others. The meetings were all timed to take place at the same time, thus preventing the police from being

able to make any arrests. It is expected that this example PARIS, Nov. 24.—For the fourth successive time since June, 1932, a French Cabinet has fallen, due to inability to balance the budget, swol-len with war appropriations. The French Chamber of Deputies today refused to give Premier Sarraution and the second the data the second the through its committees for the the

today refused to give Premier Sarraut tion, has gained its demands in the a vote of confidence in his proposal Intsitute and the University. to reduce the wages of government employees and further increase taxes.

AT THE GERMAN FRONTIER as an "author writing a book on pri-son psychology" visited Ernst Torgler 17th Congress C. P. **USSR Opens Jan. 25** in prison, it was revealed today, on

to "difend" Torgler. draw its own conclusions," and Dimit-roff protested vehemently against Communist Party of the U.S.S.R. The secution.

A witness, Meyer, testified that he left the Communist Party before Central Control Commission-Work-

Restaurant where Popoff and Taneff had supper the night of the Reich-

Popoff and Taneff on the night of the Communist Party."

Another jailbird witness for prose

"1. The report of the Central Com-

March, 1933, because it was "getting too dangerous." Three waiters from the Aschinger Restaurant where Popoff and Taneff had supper the night of the Reich-

mittee of the All-Union Communist

the Executive Committee of the Communist International, by Manuilsky.

"The second report will be on the program of the Second Five-Year Plan, by Molotov and Kuibyshev.

The agenda for the Congress, the official announcement stated, will include the following points: worker.

of putting highly trained women art-ists at work lecturing—on art—to small children visiting museums.

not only against the unemployed by reducing their relief, but against the employed as well by lowering the general wage scale of the employed through supplying cheap labor. The revolutionary unions have the immediate duty to take leadership together with the Unemployed Councils, in fighting for union conditions on all forced labor.

The campaign for the enactment of the Workers Unemployment Insurance Bill is the answer of the workers to Roosevelt's wage-smashing, relief-cutting, union-breaking drive. Unemployment insurance and relief, not at the expense of the workers, but at the expense of the government and the employers.

With the cold of winter here, with relief cuts and forced labor imposed on workers by the Roosevelt program, it becomes imperative to intensify the campaign for the national convention of the unemployed on Jan. 13, in Washington, to build a united, solid front of all employed and unemployed organizations in the fight against starvation

On Fundamentals -- United !

WITH his customary hypocrisy and craftiness, Roose velt in the current inner-capitalist dispute over the exact kind of financial robbery to clamp down on the American masses, styles himself an enemy of the "Tories."

To continue his pose as a "liberal" fighter against Wall Street, he hints meaningfully at the "powerful influences" of the anti-inflation group af capitalists.

He tries to give the impression that in his fight for inflation robbery he is fighting against the wishes of the Wall Street masters whom the masses hate, that ruling clique of finance capital against whom Roosevelt falsely promised to fight when he was asking for presidential votes.

But it is unfortunate for him, that his so-called "Tory" enemies have already confessed publicly that their purposes are exactly the same as his-the protection of capitalist profit, and the maintenance of capitalist wage slavery and exploitation.

Here is the latest statement of Dr. O. M. W. Sprague, one of the "Tory" financial experts:

"I am very sorry about all this, because I am myself a liberal, and am greatly in favor of the social changes sought by the President.

It is the means used in the effort to attain these ends that I cannot agree."

So here we have the spectacle of the so-called money "Tories" confessing their complete unity with Roosevelt on their fundamental purposes, the purpose of guaranteeing the Wall Street monopoly capitalists their profits and interest payments, the purpose of increasing profits by driving down the wages of the American toiling masses to the lowest possible levels.

"It is only in the methods used" that these capitalist exploiters differ. On the capitalist "social ends" they agree.

And it is significant that both of these capitalist groups are anxious to appear before the masses as its betrayal of the working class revolution.

A. F. of L. unions for the purpose of guidance in forthcoming struggles and for building a strong movement for unemployment insurance and relief.

New Leader "Marxism"

THE Socialist New Leader, in an editorial, gives its readers a short lesson this week in the fundamentals of Marrism

And not only does it make itself ridiculous by a display of ignorance, but displays its hatred of the revolutionary overthrow of capitalism by a downright distortion of a fundamental axiom of Marxism. Says the New Leader:

"Class interests occasionally result in a class struggle. When the workers clearly understand that they belong to a definite class in society with their own interests to advance, they are class-conscious. That is, they know how to fight for their interests intelligently. . . . The class struggle, supplemented by basic knowledge of it, is essential to a Socialist movement.'

So class interests result only "occasionally" in the class struggle! It is too bad for the "Marxism" of the New Leader that Marx wrote of a class struggle that exists not only "occasionally" but which is the most fundamental fact of modern capitalist society, and of all previously existing societies.

Marx described the class struggle as the inevitable product of the capitalist mode of production, a struggle which is carried on

"... in an uninterrupted, now hidden, now open, fight, a fight," Marx says, "that must end in the revolutionary reconstitution of society at large, or the common ruin of the contending classes . . ."

The New Leader talks of class consciousness as if it were something that is pasted on to the proletariat from without, and not, as Marx repeated endlessly, the product of the material development of capitalist society itself.

The New Leader talks of the class struggle as if it were something that the leaders of the Socialist Party can "accept" or ignore as it pleases them, that it can ignore it as Norman Thomas did before the crisis broke, or vote to "recognize" it as the "Socialist" leaders did when the radicalization of the masses forced them to pay lip-service to it.

The New Leader fails to mention that Marx also heaped contempt upon those christian sentimental "Socialists" who "recognized" the class struggle without at the same time recognizing the necessity for the establishment of a firm revolutionary Party to lead the oppressed masses to the revolutionary overthrow of capitalism and the establishment of the Dictatorship of the Proletariat.

And it is this that explains the significant reference of the New Leader to "intelligent" action on the part of the working class. For, many times in the past, the New Leader has always used this word to justify

hority for its release" "Where is Mr. Dickstein?" "He went to New York City yesterday. You can reach him there." "I understand."

sentence for bribery, testified that he met Popoff in prison. Popoff, he said, Association is calling a protest meettold him he hadn't participated in arson, but feared sentence for high treason, and manipulating foreign securities. Popoff vigorously denied English. Association is calling a protest meet-ing against lynching and discrimina-ton on Sunday at 240 Columbia St., Sarraut's ministry, less than a tion on Sunday at 240 Columbia St., securities. Popoff vigorously denied English. Association is calling a protest meet-ing against lynching and discrimina-ton on Sunday at 240 Columbia St., securities. Popoff vigorously denied English. Association is calling a protest meet-ing against lynching and discrimina-ton on Sunday at 240 Columbia St., securities. Popoff vigorously denied English. Association is calling a protest meet-ing against lynching and discrimina-ton on Sunday at 240 Columbia St., securities. Popoff vigorously denied English. Association is calling a protest meet-ing against lynching and discrimina-ton on Sunday at 240 Columbia St., securities. Popoff vigorously denied English. Association is calling a protest meet-ing against lynching and discrimina-ton on Sunday at 240 Columbia St., securities of the city. predecessor, Daladier. securities. Popoff vigorously denied English.

