

## Protests Grow As Thaelmann's "Trial" Nears

### Eight Arrested at Mass Picketing of N. Y. Nazi Consulate

### PROTEST GROWING 'Free Thaelmann' Flag Flies in Chicago

NEW YORK.—July 2 and the days immediately following will be a period of nationwide outcry against Nazi terror and its latest embodiment in the lynch tribunal—the bogus "People's Court"—set up by Hitler to rush Ernst Thaelmann, heroic leader of the German working class, to summary "trial" and execution. The murder court begins functioning July 2, with Thaelmann slated as the first victim. It will also pass sentence on 6,000 other anti-fascist fighters.

Warning that the lives of Thaelmann and thousands of other fighters for human freedom are in immediate danger, the National Committee to Aid Victims of German Fascism is urging all organizations and individuals to organize vigorous protest demonstrations and conferences throughout the country around July 2. Printed material for this campaign is available at the offices of the Committee, 870 Broadway, as well as signature lists for the campaign for a million signatures to protest the hideous murder plans of the Nazi butchers.

### Signatures and funds must be collected immediately, the Committee stated, in connection with the sending of a group of American attorneys to defend Thaelmann.

Organizations are also urged to elect delegates and raise funds to defray their expenses to Germany to visit Thaelmann and be present at the "trial."

### 8 Pickets Arrested at N. Y. Nazi Consulate

NEW YORK.—Eight young workers were arrested yesterday when police attacked a mass picket line, organized by the Young Communist League, in front of the Nazi Consulate at 17 Battery Pl. Defying the police attacks, comrades of the arrested workers continued the picketing throughout the afternoon, demanding the freedom of Ernst Thaelmann and other German anti-fascist fighters slated for early butchery by the Nazis.

### Free Thaelmann Parade in Bronx Tonight

BRONX.—The Bronx Committee of Jewish Workers Clubs is holding a Free Thaelmann demonstration and parade tonight at Intervale and Wilkins Aves.

Delegates from Bronx mass organizations will visit Mayor LaGuardia this Sunday, 12 noon, to protest police attacks on Free Thaelmann meetings in the Bronx. Thaelmann protest meetings will be held Monday night, 8 o'clock, at 141st St. and Cypress Ave.; 156th and Cypress; 161st and Prospect; Dawson and Longwood; McKinley Square; Wilkins and Intervale; 170th and Walton, and 167th and Gerard.

### Picket Brooklyn Subways With Free Thaelmann Signs

BROOKLYN.—Pickets with sandwich signs demanding the release of Ernst Thaelmann patrolled Brooklyn subway stations yesterday in preparation for an open-air demonstration in Boro Park, 44th St. and 13th Ave., Friday night.

Three of the pickets were arrested yesterday in Ridgewood and will be tried in magistrate court at Smith and Schermerhorn streets this morning.

The demonstration, organized by the Boro Park Branch of the American League Against War and Fascism, will be addressed by Norman Tallentire, John Howard Lawson, Charles Alexander and others.

On Thursday night an automobile torchlight parade will show open-air neighborhood with short open-air

### Leader of Farmers



"Mother" Ella Reeve Bloor, arrested in Loup City, Iowa, with two Negro workers, for leading the fight for the impoverished farmers.

### Trial of Mother Bloor Opens in Loup City, Neb.

### Two Negro Workers Are Re-Arrested After Release

(Special to the Daily Worker) LOUP CITY, Neb., June 25.—Mother Bloor was released on bond last night and is now in the court room as the state opens prosecution after the "selection" of a jury of six picked up on the streets by Sheriff Saunders.

Floyd and Loretta Booth, Negro workers arrested with her, were released last night on their own recognizance by County Judge Mochner, after Floyd's shock died as a result of terror, fatter and worry over the arrest and threats by fascist gangs to lynch the two Negro workers. Both of the Booths were immediately re-arrested by the sheriff, who brought them 60 miles to Northwest Grand Island today for trial with seven others for "inciting to riot" and "unlawful assemblage." Mother Bloor had refused to leave the jail until they were released and did not learn of their re-arrest until today. She was released on bond put up by a 90-year-old Socialist farmer.

Bentel, International Labor Defense attorney from Chicago, assisted by local attorney, is conducting the defense. Assistant Attorney General Wright of Lincoln has come here to assist County Attorney Line for the prosecution. The courthouse and rooms are guarded by a horde of deputized thugs whose presence has not prevented thousands of farmers from packing the courthouse, corridors and court-house lawn.

All defense objections were overruled today. Gov. Bryan is backing the Fairmont Creamery Trust in the prosecution of defendants who supported chicken pickers in their strike. Farmer defendants have been released on their own recognizance. The prosecution is being entered on so-called "outsiders."

### Ford Thugs Arrest "Daily" Builder; Trial on Friday

DETROIT, June 26.—Karo, "Daily Worker" seller, was arrested Friday night by Ford gunmen wearing Dearborn police badges, taken for a long ride along the river through woods while the thugs threatened to shoot him and throw his body in the river.

He is now held incommunicado under \$500 cash bond on charges which provide for a maximum fine of \$10 or ten days in jail. He was not permitted to wash until yesterday. He is charged with violation of the newspaper ordinance, although he has had a license to sell papers for over three years. Trial has been set for Friday.

A protest meeting yesterday adopted a resolution for presentation to the City Council tonight.

### CZECH DICTATORSHIP EXTENDED

PRAGUE, June 26.—The plenary powers of the present (decree-law) government were extended until June 30, 1935 by an order issued on June 23, it was learned today.

### MARTIAL LAW IN CHINA

AMOY, June 26.—Amoy has been under martial law for several days in an attempt to put an end to continuous anti-imperialist demonstrations under the leadership of the Communist Party, it was learned today.

## Prominent Socialist Party Worker Calls On Other Members to Follow Him Into Communist Party

### States That the Detroit Convention Reveals S. P. Bankruptcy

NEW YORK.—In a statement tendering his resignation from the Socialist Party as a result of the events at the recent Detroit Convention of the Socialist Party, Donald Reiff, one of the authors and signers of the well-known declaration of the Revolutionary Policies Committee of the S. P., declares his support of the Communist Party as the only Party truly fighting for the interests of the American working class.

Reiff, who was prominent in the affairs of the Socialist Party, will be one of the speakers at the meeting Wednesday night at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. 4th St., where Earl Browder, General Secretary of the Communist Party, will discuss the Socialist Party convention.

The full text of Reiff's statement, addressed to his fellow members of the Socialist Party, follows:

Editor Daily Worker, Dear Comrade: Through the columns of the Daily Worker, the only real working class

paper, I wish to make the following statement to my fellow-workers of the socialist Revolutionary Policy Committee and all other militant socialist workers.

The Socialist Party National Convention is over and we have ample proof of the reactionary and opportunist stand which social-democracy takes. The S. P. has failed completely to grasp the full facts of the economic-political warfare

### Browder and Reiff to Speak On Socialist Party Tonight

NEW YORK.—Earl Browder, the national secretary of the Communist Party, will speak Wednesday, June 27, at 8 p. m., on the Socialist Party Convention at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 East 4th Street.

Donald Reiff, co-worker and signer of the "Revolutionary Policy Committee" platform, who recently joined the Communist Party will speak and Joseph Brandt, organizer of the Down-Town Section, C. P., will be chairman.

Comrade Browder will explain how the Socialist Party differs from the Communist Party, the only working class Party and will answer the questions:

Did the Socialist Party Convention go left, or was their radical talk a cover for their anti-working class program? Who are the "lefts" and rights in the S. P. Convention? Workers are invited to come to the meeting, bring their friends and shopmates and participate in the questions and discussion period. The members of the Socialist Party, the Young People's Socialist League and of A. F. of L. unions are also invited to this meeting

between capitalism and the working class. A true revolutionary view was unacceptable to them. For this reason, I and many others, find that we can no longer put up with this sham and deceit which paves the way for fascism.

"Socialist Convention Goes Left," "Thomas Leads Militants to Victory," and other captions headed the press reports of the S. P. convention. Such misleading statements demand an expression of the viewpoint of one of the writers and signers of the R.P.C.

### Reactionary Union Policy

That the so-called "Revolutionary Program" was a very incomplete and inadequate jumble of words is obvious. The trade union section especially was the most opportunist sort of tripe. A real militant stand on trade union policies was spurned by the Lovestonites who control the R.P.C. The weak exposure of the selling-out tactics of the labor-faking Greens, Wolls, Lewises, etc., was

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## Pipe, Steel Men Talk Strike in Birmingham

### Butchers Discriminated Against in NRA Sell-Out

(Special to the Daily Worker) BIRMINGHAM, Ala., June 26.—Only about half of the A. and P. and Hill Company butchers on strike here got their jobs back when a sell-out agreement, engineered by C. L. Richardson, Department of Labor representative, left wages to arbitration after ten weeks of militant picketing.

Pasteurizing and raw milk distributors were demanding better wages and improved conditions, charging discrimination against workers engaged in union activity. Strike tentacles grow while Richardson tries hard to head off the strike of pipe workers also.

The T. C. I. Blast, Communist Party shop paper, has appeared with an exposure of the T. C. I. company letter to foremen, announcing a shutdown of the Ensley Blast, Ensley Rail and Ensley Sheet mills on July 16 for at least three months. Blast is backing H. R. 7598, the workers' and farmers' unemployment insurance bill.

White and Negro longshoremen at Gulfport, Miss., voted solidly not to touch cargo from ships loaded by scab labor in Mobile. They also voted not to handle any cargo for less than 70 cents per hour, \$1.05 for overtime.

(Special to the Daily Worker) BIRMINGHAM, Ala., June 24.—A new flare-up of the wave of strikes in and around Birmingham is indicated by the latest events in a number of industries.

It is rumored that workers of two of the three cast-iron shops here have already taken a strike vote for their demand of a wage increase of 10 cents an hour, union recognition and collective bargaining. While the companies offer an increase of only three cents, the union leaders are willing to compromise on five

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### CHOOSE YOUR CAREER

NEW YORK (FP).—American colleges are graduating twice as many young men as there are jobs for, Dean Z. W. Combs of Worcester Polytechnic College, told educators preparing for a Choose-a-Career Conference.

### THE happy hunting grounds of Samuel (Capone) Insull and Scarface (Insull) Capone, now the scene of American Capitalism's Roman Holiday—the World's Fair—must become a spearhead in the drive to get 20,000 new Daily Worker readers in the next two months.

The Chicago District has gone to work on the campaign, and results are being achieved, but a new and improved plan must be made. Chicago has announced that it will get 3,000 new readers by January 1, but this announcement does not take into account the quota of 2,000 new Daily Worker readers within the next two months. An intensive drive for Red Builders must proceed at once. Section and unit quotas must be set immediately. Every phase of Party and organizational life in the mid-west metropolis must be drawn into the drive.

Agents' Meeting Meetings of the Section Daily Worker Agents have been called, and section quotas and activity taken up. As a result of this, some sections have already started work, issuing challenges and offering prizes for those raising the most subs. It is reported that a number

## Dockers, Seamen Keep Ports Closed in Face of Armed Cops, Gangsters

### Boston Dockers Vote to Support the West Coast Strikers; Strikes in Mobile and Birmingham; Leviathan Stewards Win Demands

SAN FRANCISCO, June 26.—Police and gangster violence is spreading in the Frisco Bay district against the striking maritime workers and their sympathizers.

Three striking seamen were beaten and badly injured by strikebreakers, or by gangsters hired by the shippers. Another seaman was stabbed in the back. Five members of the Woman's Auxiliary of the International Longshoremen's Association were arrested for distributing pamphlets. George Butloff, a striking longshoreman, was given 90 days in jail for resisting an officer.

Nine John Doe kidnapping warrants have been issued against strikers. The National Guard may be called "to protect free passage of commerce through the port of San Francisco," Gov. Frank Merriam has threatened.

### Blockade Continues

Emeryville manufacturers are attempting to break the blockade which the strike has caused by running freight through to Oakland in police-escorted trucks manned by men with lengths of steel pipe. The blockade still holds, however, five trucks having been forced back to Emeryville. The teamsters' union refused to man trucks carrying armed guards, and trucking companies stated that they would not handle freight moved by strikebreakers.

### Revive "Loitering" Ordinance

Oakland has revived an old ordinance to end picketing by a "move on" order. Men "loitering" on the waterfront are subject to jail sentences and fines up to \$1,000. Six strikers have already been arrested under this law. Oakland machinists have voted not to work at the Moore Shipyards during the strike. Welders have already refused to work on "scab" ships at the Moore yards.

### UNION SUPPORT STRIKE

The Window Cleaners Union, local 44, and the Waiters Union, local 30, have voted to support a general strike in sympathy with the waterfront workers if one is called, it has been announced on the floor of the San Francisco Labor Council. Cloak-

makers Union, local 8, International Ladies Garment Workers Union, informed the council that its delegate had been instructed to vote for a general strike if the matter should come before that body.

The San Francisco Labor Council, led by old-time reactionaries like Michael Casey and Paul Scharren-

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## Y.C.L. Confab Closes; Elect New Executive

### Canadian Communist Youth Brings Greetings

NEW YORK.—Inspired by the results of their fruitful discussion and girded to greater tasks in building a mass Young Communist League in the United States, the delegates to the Seventh National Convention of the Y. C. L. closed their deliberations with a stormy outburst of enthusiastic cheering, singing and shouting.

Many of these young workers had traveled far to be present at this convention, some hitch-hiking, others riding freights. Every delegate took an active part either in the discussions or in the work of the ten industrial, organization and unemployment commissions.

### New Executive Elected

A new national executive committee of 21 members and eight candidates was elected.

Earl Browder, Secretary of the Communist Party, spoke to the convention yesterday on tasks of the Communist Party in the struggles of the young workers.

One of those who greatly contributed to the discussion on the various reports was Elsie B. Dunkin of Southern California. Though not more than 18, Comrade Dunkin played an active part in the strike of 12,000 cotton pickers in San Joaquin Valley, California, last October. She was dressed in the Y. C. L. uniform worn by the California League members.

"I have been waiting," she said, "for some comrade who has participated in a strike in some factory or industry to tell us not only what they did in order to prepare for the strike, or what they did during the strike, but what they did after the strike to build the Y. C. L. units. She then described how Y. C. L. members were recruited from among the Mexican strikers in Southern California.

"Forty per cent of the workers on strike were youth," she said. "There was only one League comrade in the field at the beginning of the strike. For instance,

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## Street Car Men Begin Strike in Milwaukee

### Witness Against Jobless



Jasper McLevy, Socialist Mayor of Bridgeport, Conn., who will be a witness against Sam Krieger and Sparrow, leaders of the Bridgeport unemployed.

### S.P. City Head Aids Frame-up of Unemployed

### Socialist McLevy To Testify Against Krieger

(Special to the Daily Worker) BRIDGEPORT, Conn., June 26.—Socialist Mayor McLevy of this city declared that he would appear as a witness against Sam Krieger, unemployed leader arrested in a demonstration last spring.

Krieger, who will come up on trial with R. Sparrow, another unemployed worker, who was arrested under McLevy's orders, attacked the demonstration city snow shovelers demanding their pay.

Despite the fact that the court cited a law passed last year which ruled that "outside" attorneys would be barred, the workers won the right to be defended by a member of the legal staff of the International Labor Defense from New York.

Workers packed the court room while Socialist officials in this Socialist-administered city prepared to take the witness stand against the leaders of the unemployed.

### Department Strike in Chicago Steel Mill Stops Pay Cut

### Acetylene Men Walk Out Against Wage Cut, Win Victory

(Daily Worker Midwest Bureau) CHICAGO, Ill., June 26.—Quick, militant action smashed an attempted wage cut in the National Malleable and Steel Castings Co. plant in Cicero Saturday. An attempted 35 per cent cut in the wages of acetylene torch men in the steel foundry Friday, June 22, was answered by a walkout, which included both day and night shifts.

These men received \$17-\$18 Friday instead of their usual pay of \$27-\$28 a week. Both shifts quit at once, demanding the same wages as before.

Saturday the straw boss sent the torch men word to come back at the same wages as before. However, the \$10 stolen from the men for the best week was not returned, and another boss, House, claimed the deduction was made because the men used too much air during the week.

The torch men had been working on smaller castings than usual which caused the use of more than a normal amount of air.

The Steel and Metal Workers Industrial Union issued a leaflet to the workers in National Malleable, pointing out the result of united action, and calling for the torch men to fight to get back the ten dollars apiece they were robbed of.

The S. M. W. I. U. is putting forward the demand for a minimum of 60 cents an hour in the whole shop and 75 cents for skilled workers.

### Unemployed Councils Active on the Picket Lines

### CARE ARE ARMORED

### Bergoff Agency Sends in Armed Gangsters

(Special to the Daily Worker) MILWAUKEE, Wis., June 26.—The Milwaukee electric street carmen went out on strike this morning at 4 o'clock under the leadership of A. F. of L. unions. Pickets have been placed before all car bans and power houses. Hundreds of members of the Unemployment Councils are helping strikers to picket.

Despite last minute efforts of a "Citizens Committee" and a representative of the Labor Board to stop the strike, the union voted to walk out on scheduled time. A meeting of strikers last night heard pledges from organizations to support the strike and greeted the support volunteered by the Unemployment Councils.

The union declares some 800 have gone on strike. The company has mobilized all extra help and all shifts and thus far has managed to run some cars.

All cars are heavily armored with steel wiring and protected by police and detectives. Police have been mobilized throughout the city, all leaves cancelled and prepared for 24 hours duty. General Immel, head of the National Guard, arrived in town to look into the situation and prepare for mobilization of the National Guard.

A delegation from the Trade Union Unity League, Unemployment Councils, John Reed Club and others sent a delegation yesterday to the Socialist Mayor Hoan demanding the withdrawal of police from cars and picket lines and prohibition of provocative tactics by the street car company. The mayor referred the committee to the Socialist City Attorney, Max Raskin, who stated that the city has no authority to interfere.

The Communist Party has issued leaflets to the workers in the city to give full support to the strikers by refusing to ride the cars, and joining the picket lines. It calls upon all unions and shops to raise their own demands and give support by sympathetic strikes.

### Thugs Sent to Milwaukee

NEW YORK.—The Bergoff Detective Service, 2 Columbus Circle, admitted to the Daily Worker through E. H. Bergoff that armed guards had been sent into the "socialist" city of Milwaukee to protect scabs in the street car strike there.

"More will be sent to Milwaukee as needed," Bergoff admitted to a Daily Worker reporter.

### Paris United Front Built by Socialist, Communist Toilers

### Saar United Front Weapon Against Nazis

PARIS, June 25.—Socialist deputies today raised a storm of protest against an announced united front against fascism completed with Communists by local leaders and rank and file Socialists today.

The new united front was announced by placards, and the deputies finally decided there was nothing to do but recognize "a limited agreement as to time and scope" for the united action demanded by the workers.

According to "L'Humanite" organ of the Communist Party of France, negotiations for a joint campaign in behalf of Thaelmann have already been opened.

### United Front in the Saar

Saarbruecken, June 26.—The completion of a united front of Communists and Socialists in the Saar was greeted by workers here today.

The Nazis are working feverishly to get a favorable vote in the plebiscite Jan. 1, 1935, which will decide whether the Saar region will be under the German or French domination.

## World's Fair to Be Drive Concentration

of two-months' subs have already been secured.

Another important activity of the Chicago District is the organization of Daily Worker Clubs.

Sale of the Daily Worker has been attempted at the gates of the Fair, but sellers were driven away. Since then, carriers have been stationed on streets leading to the gates, and last week 50 papers were sold.

This number can be tremendously increased if the drive is properly carried out. An enlarged staff of Red Builders must be recruited and trained to the task of reaching visiting workers by the hundreds with the "Daily." Energy, regularity and stimulating slogans, taken from appropriate headlines in the paper, will greatly stimulate sales at the Fair.

Special bags have been made for the carrying of the papers by the Red Builders. These bags are lettered: "Daily Worker-3c," and the hammer and sickle is painted on the center of each bag. The bags can be seen from a distance and are especially appropriate for the "Daily."

### Need 50 Red Builders

On the South Side, where Chicago's Negro population is concentrated, and where the Stock Yards, scores of large factories, shops and mills are located, only one comrade is handling the delivery to newsstands and shop locations. This work is progressing, but is far too limited to get the potential distribution from this vital area. At least 50 Red Builders need be recruited to develop routes and sell the "Daily" before all the big plants on Chicago's South Side.

DAILY AT FAIR GATES.—A Red Builder sold 50 Daily Workers at the gates of the World's Fair, in Chicago. The visitors to this extravaganza are mainly workers. Seven more Red Builders are planned (though more are needed) to supply these workers with "Dailies," as part of the drive to double our circulation and get the 20,000 new readers in two months.



## Lucky Quintuplets — Canada Has No AAA, Crop Reduction Plan

WASHINGTON.—Cynicism about the New Deal is evidenced on all sides by stories that are current among minor officials and workers in the N.R.A. and other governmental offices. One of them relates to the famous crop-reduction program of the Roosevelt administration.

It's a lucky thing, is the quip, that those quintuplets were born in Canada and not in the United States. If they had been born here the mother would have had to plow at least two of them under.

# Mass Protest Meet Against LaGuardia Brutality Tonight

### Herbert Benjamin, Van Kleeck and Sullivan to Speak at Webster Hall City-Wide Meeting; Will Expose Starvation Program and Terror

NEW YORK.—Prepared to expose O'Ryan's police thugs and La Guardia's pseudo-liberal administration, Herbert Benjamin, Mary Van Kleeck, Richard Sullivan and other well-known speakers will address the large crowd of workers who are expected to be present tonight at 8 o'clock at the city-wide mass meeting in Webster Hall, 119 East 11th St.

The meeting is being held by the United Action Conference on Work Relief and Unemployment.

LaGuardia and his cabinet have increased the hunger and misery of both the employed and the jobless of New York. They have concentrated on one thing—to pay the Wall Street bankers their tremendous interest payments on time. To do this, they have ordered the lay-off of 15,000 emergency relief workers by July 1. They have dropped thousands of families from the Home Relief rolls, and reduced the food allowances for those still on the rolls. They are cutting the wages of relief workers and city employees.

LaGuardia has made no attempt to solve the unemployed and relief situation. Instead, his administration has committed a succession of outrages against those workers who have dared to demonstrate and demand their right to food and jobs. His police have clubbed and jailed demonstrating workers, and he has called press conferences to justify police brutality and to prepare the ground for further attacks. He has instituted a spy system, and workers who have protested his reign of terror have been hounded and threatened.

Many of those who will speak at the meeting have witnessed or been victims of the fascist methods of the administration. Among these are Samuel Orner, President of the Taxi Workers' Union; James Gaylor, Chairman of the United Action Conference, and Paul Crosbie, who has been a victim of LaGuardia's espionage system. Mr. and Mrs. James Lechay, Joseph Elwell, D. Jenkins and other workers who were arrested and beaten at the Department of Public Welfare on May 26, will also speak.

# Men Talk Strike in Birmingham

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The union leaders threaten to call the strike by the middle of the week, if the Regional Labor Board does not act promptly.

Two hundred and fifty workers were locked out by the Birmingham Stove and Range Co. The company denies however, that it is a lock-out, but claims this is just the regular shut-down period.

### New Bomb Blast

A provocative bomb blast at the Sunshine Cleaning Plant might be the prelude to a renewed struggle in the laundry and cleaning industry, since the code for this industry has not been renewed.

The strike at the A. & P. and Hill chain stores was settled by the Butchers Union. After the weeks of militant strike, the workers will return Monday, while the actual terms of the settlement are kept secret. The wages have not been settled at all, but are to be decided by the Regional Labor Board.

An unidentified Negro or strike picket was badly cut Friday afternoon when attacked with a knife by Will Tate, T. C. I. secretary. The police whitewashed Tate as acting in "self-defense," claiming he was attacked by "mob."

### Discrimination Causes Death of Negro Scab

A Grand Jury report criticizes the Hillman City Hospital authorities, incidentally revealing that the death of Green Patton, Negro scab, was really the fault of the hospital officials and a result of the official policy toward Negroes. The report states "From reports Green Patton, Negro, was brought to the hospital in an unconscious condition at 1:20 a.m. recently, and from the best of our information no doctor attended him until 6:30 a.m., the same morning, and he died at 7:30 a.m." The street car conductor on whose car Patton was allegedly attacked by pickets testified that Patton jumped from moving car and hit his head on the curb, thus injuring himself. The conductor also declares that Tom Barnes, one of two Negro pickets indicted for murder, was not present on the car.

# Waiter Attacked by AFL Business Agent

NEW YORK.—Alexander Tauszik, militant worker, was severely clawed about the face and neck by Max Knippel, business agent of Waiters Union, Local 1, A. F. of L., when he went last Saturday to when he went last Saturday to Toledo, Ohio, to ask for at least a day's work to keep his family from starving. Out of work for two years, Tauszik has been buffeted from restaurant to restaurant only to find the call for a waiter was a false alarm or that the place was "already filled." He and other militant workers have been especially blacklisted by the A. F. of L. officials because they are in opposition to their bureaucratic tactics and snide business habits.

# Many Prove Victory Trial Is a Frame-up

### Persecuted Negro Takes Witness Stand Today

By A. B. MAGIL (Special to the Daily Worker)

DETROIT, Mich., June 26.—The frame-up against James Victory, Negro worker and world war veteran, accused of having attacked and robbed Mrs. Carl Kaye, a southern white woman, on May 12, tottered badly today as witness after witness, both Negro and white, took the stand and testified that they saw Victory at the time the crime was supposed to have been committed.

Victory is being tried on two counts: "Robbery armed" and "Assault with intent to murder," conviction on either of which is liable to the highest penalty permitted in the state of Michigan, life imprisonment. Maurice Sugar, noted Labor attorney, is defending Victory for the International Labor Defense, which, together with the League of Struggle for Negro Rights, the Communist Party and other militant groups, has organized a mass campaign to smash this frame-up and compel the release of Victory. Sugar is being assisted by Frank Jones, Negro attorney retained by the Charles Young Post of the American Legion, of which Victory is a member, and Samuel Keene, attorney for the American Civil Liberties Union.

Following the sensational revelation made by Sugar yesterday that an official police document had been altered over the week-end, the D. attorney continued today with the examination of defense witnesses. The outstanding witness was the Negro worker, James Spain, who testified that he saw Victory shortly after he quit work on the evening of May 12 and gave detailed information as to what he and Victory did together during the next three-quarters of an hour, covering the time between 8:15 and 8:30 p.m., when the crime was supposed to have been committed.

The truth of Spain's testimony was then corroborated by witness after witness who saw him and Victory together at various points on the evening in question. Despite the clear frame-up character of this case, the experience of Scottsboro, of the Sacco-Vanzetti, Mooney and other frame-ups shows that only the broadest and most determined mass protest can free Victory. At a meeting of leading functionaries last night, the Communist Party decided to throw all its forces into the Free Victory Campaign and also to intensify the movement for the freedom of Ernest Thaelmann, leader of the German Communist Party.

### Zausner's New Policy

Zausner has adopted a new line of attack against the rank and file candidates. In his latest leaflet, issued by a so-called Interlocal Campaign Committee, the little czar of the painters advises the union men not to take "chances with experimental administrations." "We must re-elect Philip Zausner, if we are to have a strong and effective union in the trade," Zausner declared.

Just what kind of a union Zausner wants was made clear in 1932 when Zausner, as a boss painter, stated that he could not pay the union scale and, in fact, did not pay the union scale on a Brooklyn job. To elect Zausner as secretary-treasurer would be to elect one whose interests lie with the bosses and not the men.

### Leaders of Rank and File

The rank and file candidates—Louis Weinstein for secretary-treasurer, Frank Wedl and L. J. Stevens for business agents—have been the leading fighters in the union against the anti-labor policies of the Zausner clique. Zausner aims to defeat this rank and file group by calling them "experimenters."

### Zausner, indeed, has experimented enough with the union. He has thrown the painters at the mercy of the bosses. The painters are learning that it will be no experiment to elect a rank and file leader. It will be a long step toward winning union conditions, for uniforms. The action was led by a committee elected by the men and was supported by the Marine Workers Industrial Union.

### Stewards on the "Levi," as the seamen call the Leviathan, were forced to pay \$4 a month for uniforms. When the ship sailed in, organizers of the M. W. I. U. met with members of the crew and helped them organize a committee which presented demands to the chief steward. The price of the uniforms was cut to 75 cents a month.

### Seamen reported that two members of the crew, Boatswain's Mate Genson and a seaman, both union men, were murdered in Le Havre, France. The union men were attacked by fascists. The seaman was stabbed to death and the boatswain's mate was shot by a gendarme while attempting to rescue his shipmate, seaman say.

### Hackmen Spread Company Unions Fight Against

NEW YORK.—The fight of the taxi drivers against the company union menace is flaring up throughout the city and is spreading from garage to garage. Yesterday afternoon a series of protest meetings were held by the Taxicab Drivers' Union of Greater New York in front of four garages. Today the union has urged the hackmen to pack the 57th Street Magistrates Court to protest against an attempt of the fleet owners and the city administration to railroad Samuel Orner, Joseph Gilbert and William Gandall, leaders of the union, to jail for holding a meeting in front of Arthur's Garage on 23rd Street.

### The union has issued a call for a mass demonstration in front of Arthur's Garage, 23rd Street, near First Ave., to be held tomorrow at 3 p.m. to protest against the firing of A. Rabin, leading union member, who refused to join the company union.

### To Hit Injunction in Mass Demonstration in Brooklyn Tomorrow

NEW YORK.—To smash the injunction gotten out against 11 strikers of the Karp Brothers Fruit Market, West 6th and 65th Street, Brooklyn, the Communist Party is calling a mass demonstration in front of the establishment tomorrow at 8:30 p. m. For many weeks the workers of this market have been on strike under the leadership of the Food Workers Industrial Union for shorter hours, recognition of the union and security of the job.

### Win Demands On Leviathan; Union Men Murdered in France

NEW YORK.—Stewards aboard the S. S. Leviathan, which arrived here this week from Europe, forced a cut in the price they had to pay

### Boston Men Support West-Coast Strike

(Special to the Daily Worker) BOSTON, Mass., June 26.—Local 800 of the International Longshoremen's Association by a standing vote went on record not to handle scab cargo coming from the West Coast. Two other locals are to take up the question of refusing to handle cargo from the strike area at their next meeting.

### Shoe Workers Meet Tonight

NEW YORK.—A general membership meeting of the Shoe and Leather Workers Industrial Union will be held at Irving Plaza Hall today at 5:30 p.m. to discuss the question of a new agreement.

# GUTTERS OF NEW YORK



"Mayor La Guardia proposes part of Welfare Island as a public park."—NEWS ITEM.

# Rank and File Painters Win Three Pre-Election Victories

By H. R.

NEW YORK.—Rank and file members of the Painters (A. F. L.) Union chalked up three new victories against the Philip Zausner regime Monday night. Local 499 elected an entire rank and file slate; Local 448 elected two rank and file candidates and in Local 454 the Zausner crowd was defeated.

Reports from the 14 locals of District Council 9 show that Zausner's campaign of slander against Louis Weinstein and other rank and file candidates, his raising of the "red scare," has not advanced his position in the union. Truth is what will count in the elections Saturday. And through the thin veil of Zausner's lies, painters of New York are seeing the truth.

Zausner, the ex-boss who hired union painters below the scale, who spent union funds to hire gangsters to smother the voice of the rank and file, has been forced to drop the cry of "Reds! Reds! Reds!" For Louis Weinstein, the rank and file candidate for secretary-treasurer whom Zausner was trying to defeat with such wild shouting, has proven by his work in the union that he represents the wishes and will of the rank and file to end racketeering and build a fighting union that will assure workers of union conditions.

Zausner's New Policy Zausner has adopted a new line of attack against the rank and file candidates. In his latest leaflet, issued by a so-called Interlocal Campaign Committee, the little czar of the painters advises the union men

# Dockers Keep Ports Closed

(Continued from Page 1)

berg, voted 192 to 22 to condemn "Communist control" of the I.L.A. and to repudiate connection with the Marine Workers Industrial Union.

### Negro Docker Injured In Mobile Strike

MOBILE, Ala. (AP).—A Negro dockworker was critically injured as a result of the first clash in Mobile between striking union longshoremen and strikebreakers. The strikers, members of the International Longshoremen's Association, are demanding the New Orleans wage scale of 75 cents an hour and \$1.10 for overtime.

Patrolling the waterfront are 22 special police officers added to the police force after the strike was called.

### Great Lakes Dockers To Vote on Strike

TOLEDO, O. (AP).—About 28,000 dock hands on Great Lakes ports will be called to vote on a proposed strike in sympathy with striking tugmen. The tugmen and dredgers, who have been out for more than a month, are demanding higher wages, an 8-hour day, a 6-day week and at least 200 working days a year. The employers denied all demands except that for a guarantee of 200 working days a year.

### Dock Strike in Birmingham

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., June 26.—The Birmingham Inland Waterway Loading Dock on Warrior River was tied up today, the entire crew of about 75 workers striking for the dismissal of two foremen. The Gulfport-Mississippi longshoremen strike has shut the port solid. Major Dent, President of the Port Commission, said the port would remain closed until organized labor is willing to meet their terms.

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### Win Demands On Leviathan; Union Men Murdered in France

NEW YORK.—Stewards aboard the S. S. Leviathan, which arrived here this week from Europe, forced a cut in the price they had to pay

# Y.C.L. Convention Ends With Election

(Continued from Page 1)

in the Corcoran Camp, where 4,000 were camped, we found the young workers organized into defense squads. We made the mistake of not organizing a youth section in the union. After the strike, though many of our comrades were in jail, we began to build the League units, and we established four of five after the strike when the union was re-organized, the question came up of what we were going to do with the new recruits. We started classes. We took up the struggle for relief for the unemployed. We formed a basketball team, ran socials for them."

Dealing with the question of the struggle against imperialist war and training for new forces for the League, she said:

"No one raised the question of developing girl comrades for leadership in the Y. C. L. There are two girls in the whole committee of District 13. I'm certain that is the situation throughout the country. We have no girls developed sufficiently to take the place of boys in League activity in case of war."

Comrade L. Patterson, reporting on struggles of unemployed workers, said: "Our immediate tasks in the unemployed field are to mobilize the toiling young generation for a militant, organized struggle for relief for the unemployed youth, and for the adoption of the workers' unemployment insurance bill, against mass lay-offs, forced labor, and for the right of the unemployed to elect committees to administer and control and distribute their relief."

### Canadian Y. C. L. Greeting Meet

Greetings were brought to the convention from the Canadian Young Communist League. Another occasion for cheering and applause was the reading of a telegram from the Cuban Y. C. L., which said:

"Greetings to the convention of the Y. C. L., which in the homeland of imperialism has been carrying on the fight against imperialist war, against fascism and for the liberation of colonial peoples. We are confident you will succeed in transforming the league into a mass fighting Y. C. L. under the leadership of the Young Communist International, and win the tollers of both continents under the leadership of the Communist Parties for a Soviet America."

A growth of the Young Pioneers from 4,000 at the time of the last Y. C. L. convention to 12,000 at the present time, was reported by Comrade Kaplan who spoke on work among children. The circulation of the "Young Pioneer" now averages over 14,000. Comrade Kaplan described the "Young Pioneer" as the best magazine for children in the world revolutionary movement.

"We have made a great change since our last convention," he said. "Then we were still unclear. We are beginning to break through our sectarianism and our bad mistakes. We are laying the base for a mass federation of workers' and farmers' children's organizations." He said there were 550 leaders in the Young Pioneers, most of them more mature than at the time of the last convention. A leaders' publication, "The Worker's Child," is now issued regularly. "The Young Pioneers," he said, "must become the leaders of the children in the schools. We cannot force our viewpoint down the throats of the children. We know what we want. We must find what interests the child and infuse a class viewpoint and understanding into those interesting activities and games. We must find the forms of activity, the games, etc. which at the same time will teach them the elementary lessons of the class struggle. Further progress depends on the Y. C. L. giving day-to-day guidance and leadership to the Young Pioneers."

Telegrams of greeting were sent to Y. C. L. members in jail in Imperial Valley, and to Comrades Immonen and Berman, in Marquette penitentiary, Michigan, for raising a Red Flag in a Pioneer ADD ONE

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Herby notices all carpenters who have dropped out of the Brotherhood of Carpenters and also all carpenters who have never belonged to the Brotherhood that for the next two months they may join Local Union 2090 for the sum of five dollars initiation fee. Office of L. U. located at 1000 Broadway, 247 E. 94th St., N.Y.C. Open every day from 9 A.M. to 5 P.M. Meetings of Local are held every Thursday at the same address.

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# SPORTS

WILLIAM FUCHS

### Items

FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT and "Putzy" Hanfstaengl are invited to attend (and attend) the Yale-Harvard boat race. . . . "J. P. Morgan brought the Corsair. . . . And between Morgan on the one hand and President Roosevelt on the other. . . . It was a splendid sight."—The World-Telegram. . . .

### AUSTRIA Outlaws Its Sport Clubs to Aid 'New Deal'

—Headline in the New York Post. "Their outlawry was inevitable, for athletics had become exceedingly popular among the workers, and there were workers' football clubs and workers' sports associations and the like in practically every commune" (The Post). . . . "Sports in Russia also has been regimented by the Moscow Brain Trust," Donald Day in the Chicago Tribune. "The yachts, in which the merchants and other bourgeois inhabitants of St. Petersburg once sailed the Finnish Gulf, are now in the possession of Leningrad workers' clubs." (Mr. Day)

### Prospect W. C. Plays In Finals, Sunday, for Tom Mooney Trophy

NEW YORK.—The Prospect Workers' Club, Eastern District winners in the soccer competitions for the Tom Mooney Trophy and the winner of this Saturday's game between the Chicago Linneas and the Cleveland Aircraft team will meet in Cleveland, Sunday, for the national final. The Linneas and the Cleveland boys play the Western semi-finals in Chicago. The Prospect team won the Eastern District championship by defeating the Gravesend A. C. 3-0, at Crotona Park, last Sunday afternoon. The winners of the Western District will have to contend with the strong defense of Fusha, the Prospect left fullback, and they will have to be up to their mettle against Des Rubin, who scored 2 of the 3 goals against the Gravesends. In the second division game last Sunday the Valley A. C. defeated the Spartacus A. C. 2-0.

### MEMBERS of the International Olympic Committee are unanimously convinced that Germany will keep her pledge to show no discrimination against Jewish athletes in the 1936 Olympics.

—William May Garland, American member of the Committee, as quoted in the Herald-Tribune. "When the meet takes place Jews will be on a par with other contestants." (Mr. Garland). . . .

### THE best way to treat Hanfstaengl is with silent scorn.

—Heywood Brown, in the World-Telegram. . . . (Perhaps "Putzy" will be come ashamed of himself—Ed.).

### "JUST what were Tunney's present interests? (I asked)—Richards Vidmer, in the Herald-Tribune, interviewing Gene Tunney. "The acquisition of wealth," he (Tunney) answered. . . . It is always enlightening to chat with Gene Tunney" (Mr. Vidmer). . . .

### "KARL MARX, Lenin and William Green, enemies of capitalism"

—John Lardner, in the New York Post. . . .

### "BECAUSE Dr. Hanfstaengl is . . . on personal business . . . the American Jewish Committee, the American Jewish Congress and the B'nai B'rith (have) decided that Dr. Hanfstaengl should be shown no discourtesy."—The World-Telegram . . . (Punellio—Ed.).

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All Comrades Meet at the

# "One United Union For Auto Workers" - Open Letter of A.W.U.

## Militant Union Appeals to A.F.L. Conference Delegates

DETROIT, Mich., June 26.—An open letter sent by the Auto Workers Union to the delegates to the National Conference of Federal Auto Locals of the A. F. of L., calls on the delegates to take determined measures for a united industrial union of all the auto workers. The open letter exposes the role of the A. F. of L. officials in betraying the fight of the auto workers for their economic demands, and the fact that the Auto Labor Board has aimed its rulings against the unions.

The open letter signed by J. Wilson, national organizer, and Phil Raymond, secretary of the Auto Workers Union, declares: "The no-strike policy of the A. F. of L. leadership has proven to be disastrous. In following their advice—placing all dependence upon the N.R.A., upon arbitration, and upon the good will of the employers—the auto workers were led from defeat to defeat. As a result low wages, speed-up, discrimination against union members, unemployment, the growth of company unions still continues in the industry and is now being intensified.

"WHO STOPPED THE GENERAL STRIKE in the auto industry at a time when production was high and the auto workers were in the best position to force the employers to grant their demands? It was the A. F. of L. leaders and their pussy-footing policy of delay—delay—delay.

"WHO PUT OVER THE WASHINGTON AGREEMENT which ditched the wage demands and legalized and strengthened the company unions—the agreement which was hailed by the auto manufacturers as a great victory for them and a defeat for organized labor? It was William Green, William Collins,

## 20-50% DISCOUNT SALE ends Sat., July 7

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Following are some of the many specials. All orders must include postage.

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- CAPITAL, Vols. 1, 2, 3. \$2.50
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- COMING STRUGGLE FOR POWER (New American Edition). \$1.85
- TO MAKE MY BREAD—Lampkin. \$2.00
- CHINESE DESTINIES. \$3.00
- IN PLACE OF PROFIT—Harry F. Ward. \$1.65
- RED MEDICINE. \$2.50
- ORIGIN OF THE FAMILY—Engels. \$1.00
- ANARCHISM AND SOCIALISM. \$1.00
- FEUERBACH. \$1.00
- DIALECTICAL MATERIALISM. \$1.00
- LABOR FACT BOOK No. 1. \$1.00
- LABOR FACT BOOK No. 2. \$1.00
- TOWARD SOVIET AMERICA—Foster. \$2.25
- MENACE OF FASCISM. \$2.50
- LABOR AND INDUSTRY SERIES \$1.15
- MOLLY MAGUIRES. \$1.00
- SUMMER IS ENDED. \$2.50
- ARE THE JEWS A RACE? \$2.50
- SYMPOSIUM ON THE FIRST AND SECOND FIVE YEAR PLAN, by Stalin and others. \$1.50
- HISTORICAL MATERIALISM. \$2.50
- MATERIALISM AND EMPIROCRITICISM. \$2.50
- FOUNDATIONS OF CHRISTIANITY. \$2.50
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- BILL HAYWOOD'S BOOK. \$2.00
- KARL MARX AND THE 20th CENTURY. \$2.50
- 130 MILLION—M. Gold. \$1.50
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- PROTECTION OF WOMEN AND CHILDREN IN SOVIET RUSSIA by special arrangement with the author reduced to. \$1.00
- WOMEN AND SOCIALISM. \$2.00
- FULL SET OF LENIN'S WORKS (8 Books) now. \$11.00

# Philadelphia Announces Its "Daily" Drive

## Committees Are Named; Prizes and Check-Up Arranged

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., June 26.—On June 17, the Philadelphia district officially swung into the campaign to double the "Daily's" circulation.

A Section Daily Worker Campaign Committee is to be elected. This Committee will head section Daily Worker Committees, each consisting of a Daily Worker agent, a member of a mass organization and an active member of the section. It was planned to have each Section Daily Worker Committee hold one meeting a month, but in view of the quota set by the Central Committee for 1,000 new readers in the next two months, these committees should meet at least twice a month and every week if possible.

Unit Daily Worker Committees are also to be established, consisting of a Daily Worker agent and two comrades from mass organizations.

These will meet once a week. In addition, a District Daily Worker Committee is to be established. A member of this committee will visit one out of town section each week.

Letters are being sent to each section to check up on unit activity. A check will also be made on all shops where there are shop nuclei. Each member of a shop nucleus will be responsible for the sale of the "Daily" at his shop. In line with this, leaflets on the Daily Worker will be issued to concentration factories.

Three new Daily Worker Carriers are to be added to each Section. The District Office plans to give these new carriers free papers for one month and a training course will be developed to assist these comrades in improving their efforts.

Other points in the Philadelphia District's circulation plan include a quota of three new readers to be secured by every present reader of the "Daily." A radio set will be offered as a prize to the reader who secures the most new readers, with 15 as the minimum. Work will be conducted among language organizations and publicized in the language press.

### You Must Have Style, says Lichtenstein

"The Red Builders must pay attention to their style of selling Daily Workers. Many of them hardly let the public know that they are selling the paper. Instead of shouting slogans, these stand on street corners like statues, as though waiting for people to come around and place wreaths on them.

"But the new Red Builders, I must say, are showing the proper spirit. This is because they are young; but they have a revolutionary gusto. They move about, shout, make the paper sound as it should sound—impressive—to workers. This is the type of Red Builder who will be invaluable in doubling our circulation and in getting the 20,000 new readers within the next two months."

This is the tenor of the statement by Harry Lichtenstein, District Daily Worker agent, on the program of building and improving the Red Builders. Comrade Lichtenstein is a person with a background on this matter. He is one who rose from

## Welcome "Putzy;" Arrest Anti-Fascists



CAMBRIDGE, Mass.—Anti-fascist students who demonstrated against Ernst Hanfstaengl, Nazi publicity agent, at the Harvard University commencement exercises recently, were arrested. Hanfstaengl, or "Putzy," as he is sometimes known, was given protection by the Boston police against the wrath of the aroused anti-fascist workers and students.

## Silk Workers Out On Strike in Four Pennsylvania Mills

### New Bedford Weavers Win Reduction in Looms

(Special to the Daily Worker)

LANCASTER, Pa., June 26.—Silk workers in four mills belonging to the Baldwin Company walked out on strike at 5 a. m. today. The strikers are demanding recognition of the union.

Six hundred of the strikers are from Athens, where the company fired 25 men for union activity; 900 are out in two mills in Columbia and 200 are out in Marietta.

Conditions of the workers are very bad in these mills. Some of the workers get only 16 hours work a week. A committee from the paper, The Lancaster Worker, offered to cooperate with the strikers and urged that they carry on the fight for higher wages and the 30-hour week.

The strikers have been urged to elect a rank and file committee to lead the strike and mobilize the workers for picket duty.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., June 25.—As a result of the militancy of 60 weavers working in the Old Colony Silk Mill, the mill owners were forced to take off the two extra looms that were imposed upon the men last week, on their 4 loom jobs.

Last week, as soon as the men found out that the boss was preparing some looms for six loom jobs, the National Textile Workers Union issued a typewritten leaflet which was circulated inside of the mill on both shifts. This leaflet stimulated the men into talking strike action against the six-loom system. On Saturday of last week the United Textile Workers Union (A. F. of L.) called a meeting of these workers. The decision of the rank and file, in spite of the U.T.W. leaders, was for strike action, which was called for Tuesday. Today the men were informed, through the U. T. W. leaders, that the boss gave in to their demands for four-loom jobs.

The only way to insure this victory in this mill is through the organization of a rank and file committee, representative of all unions and of unorganized workers which must look after the interests of the workers and be ready for any action against the victimization of any of the most active workers.

The Daily Worker gives you the truth about conditions in the Soviet Union, the truth about workingclass strikes in the United States and abroad.

It is of particular importance, also, to stress the unity of Negro and white, for this is Jim-Crow Indianapolis, and there are hundreds of Negro workers in the plant.

### Terre Haute Meat Strike

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., June 26.—There are 500 workers employed in the Home Packing Co., Valentine Packing Co. and Rowe & Sons Packing Co., who have been on strike since Tuesday, June 19. Skilled workers have been working 48 to 53 hours per week for \$14 while the wages of the unskilled workers have been much lower. The

## Packing House Men Prepare Strike in Indiana Plants

### 3,000 Vote for Strike; A. F. L. Leader OK's Seabby Agreement

(Special to the Daily Worker)

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., June 26.—Over three thousand packinghouse workers in this city, "The Cross-Roads of the Nation," are preparing for struggle and strike action for higher wages and improved working conditions. Approximately 2,600 are employed at Kingan's, large, independent packers, and about 500 at Armours. The workers are organizing in the A. F. of L., Amalgamated Meat Cutters' Union.

A week ago the day shift members of the union took a strike vote, with 92 per cent of the workers voting for strike if the demands are refused. The night shift workers took similar action. The understanding is that the workers will strike if the demands are refused.

Last week the international officials of the union were down here, and wrote up a proposed agreement which was accepted by Galloway, the local leader. Galloway, incidentally, has previously been kicked out of several unions by the aroused workers for his misleading tactics.

This proposed agreement is typical, calling for the infamous "merit" clause. The only mention of wages runs as follows: "Wages are to be increased if there is a similar increase in the packing houses in the rest of the country." This will actually mean no wage increase at all.

The Communist Party of Indianapolis, in a leaflet issued to the packinghouse workers, called upon them to prepare for struggle, and pledged its support to the workers. The C. P. warned the workers against the strikebreaking N. R. A. boards, such as those which broke the Real Silk strike here, and against the splitting tactics of Galloway, who has repeatedly raised the "red scare." The leaflet further calls upon the workers, Negro and white, to unite around a real program of demands, calling first for:

1. At least 20 per cent increase in pay, minimum rate to be 50 cents an hour for common labor.
2. Guarantee of at least 32 hours' work per week.
3. Recognition of department and shop committees, and the union of your choice.
4. No discrimination on account of union membership, race or color, equal pay for equal work.
5. Against the speed-up.

It is of particular importance, also, to stress the unity of Negro and white, for this is Jim-Crow Indianapolis, and there are hundreds of Negro workers in the plant.

The workers would like to see a general strike called, and it is only their militancy that forces the fakers to keep them out. The Home Packers had offered what Galloway called a decent settlement. He did not state what the settlement was. When the strikers found out that all their demands were not granted they turned the offer down.

# Opposition in A. F. of L. Steel Union Growing

## Monesson Toilers Had Started Picketing Before Betrayal

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 26.—The rank and file of the Amalgamated Association in the Pittsburgh District are already mobilizing the real rank and file opposition against the Tighe-Green betrayal.

It is reported that a meeting was held in McKeesport with representatives from many of the lodges in the Pittsburgh District at which over 50 A. A. rank and file members were present. They adopted an opposition program, elected committees in each local union to fight for this program and organize oppositions in each local union. The resentment of the rank and file toward the committee of 10 and their part in the betrayal was expressed this week when a group of workers from McKeesport Tin Plate surrounded Forbeck, chairman of the Committee of Ten, when he was leaving the mill and called him a double-crosser and other names which steel workers use to express their resentment against such betrayers.

Several hundred workers present at this time and though only two thousand took an active part in this and threatened Forbeck with physical violence, the workers in the plant all looked on and grinned with approval at Forbeck's precarious position.

### Monesson Picket Line

On the strike day, before word had reached Monesson that the strike had been called off, without any leadership, the workers began to form in front of the mill and picketed the mill a whole night, until definite proof was given to them that the strike had been officially called off. Over 300 workers participated in this. They came to the gate with their lunch buckets and stood there the whole night in a virtual picket line, expressing their desire to strike and were much disappointed when they heard of the strike betrayal.

The A. A. claims 100 per cent organization in this plant, but the workers insist on organizing a mass meeting to organize into the Steel and Metal Workers' Industrial Union. Such a meeting was arranged for Friday, but the Mayor at the last minute maneuvered and prevented the distribution of leaflets for the meeting. Plans are being made to hold a meeting within a few days.

The work of the Steel and Metal Workers Industrial Union in taking advantage of a very favorable situation to build the union into a mass organization in the steel industry is seriously hampered by the lack of funds to carry through the necessary organizational work. This must be immediately overcome. The \$2,000 drive so far has been shamefully neglected. The good wishes of the sympathizers of the left wing labor movement is not sufficient to realize organizational results from the present very favorable situation.

Such sympathies must be in the material form. Funds should be sent to the Steel and Metal Workers Industrial Union, James Egan, National Secretary, Room 511, 929 Fifth Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

The Daily Worker gives you full news about the struggle for unemployment insurance. Buy the Daily Worker at the newsstands. Three cents a copy.

strikers are demanding 20 per cent increase in their wages, with time and one-half for overtime, 40-hour week, and recognition of their union. Weekly workers are demanding 45 hours per week and time and one-half for overtime.

From the start, Fred Galloway, National Organizer for the Amalgamated Butchers and Meat Cutters of North America, affiliated to the A. F. of L., assumed control of the strike. This leader has pursued the same line as the A. B. M. C. N. A. in New York and Los Angeles strikes. In spite of the militancy of the workers there has been no attempt to broaden the strike.

The workers would like to see a general strike called, and it is only their militancy that forces the fakers to keep them out. The Home Packers had offered what Galloway called a decent settlement. He did not state what the settlement was. When the strikers found out that all their demands were not granted they turned the offer down.

# Chicago Kids Chalk Slogans Near Luther Street Building Crash

## Demand Hospital Fees Be Met by City; Cops' Cars Cruise Section

(Daily Worker Midwest Bureau) CHICAGO, June 26.—"Pay Victim's Hospital Bill."

"Tear Down All Old Buildings." "Pay Jenny's Hospital Bill." These slogans and similar ones are chalked on every wall on Luther St., where seven children were crushed Friday in the collapse of a condemned building. The resentment of the neighborhood children is so great that cruising squads of cops that have patrolled the district hourly since the crash have been unable to prevent the chalking of slogans.

In spite of the slanders of the police, who claimed it was the children's fault, feeling among the residents is very high. Families, trying to catch a breath of air on the hot Sunday, Saturday and Sunday night talked of nothing but the fall of the building and the rotten system that caused the injury to the seven.

The building, which was deserted, had been condemned and ordered repaired or destroyed in May. The owner, Albert Macho, a wealthy building and loan shark, refused to do anything about it. He is a brother of an Assistant State Attorney, and naturally, no steps were taken to enforce the order.

The building remained unguarded, a menace to the safety of neighborhood children, for over a month. Lack of playground facilities and the desperate need of the impoverished families (you don't live on Luther St. if you have any money) for fuel, made a double reason for the children to play and seek wood in the abandoned structure.

The final crash followed a heavy rain which weakened the structure. Almost a dozen children were trapped, and seven of these were hurt, two of them perhaps fatally.

The police intimidation and slander against the children followed immediately, and frantic mothers, desperately trying to locate their children, were brutally driven back by the cops.

Gouging hospital officials forced the almost penniless families to raise \$7 to pay for X-ray fees.

Investigations from the Young Pioneers were on the scene a few hours after the accident, and on Saturday the Ruthenberg troop of the Y. P. A. draw up a leaflet at a special meeting called during a picnic in Douglas Park, which was read to and approved by over a hundred people present. This leaflet was distributed Sunday to the children in the neighborhood.

Demands that are being raised in connection with the case are:

1. Free hospital care for the injured.
2. Removal of the wreckage which is still a menace to the safety of children on the street.
3. Roping off of the street, to keep out the hordes of sightseers' autos which have made the neighborhood unsafe for children.

## To Hear Reports on I.L.G.W.U. Convention in New York Tomorrow

NEW YORK—Reports on the recent Chicago Convention of the International Ladies Garment Workers Union will be given at eight section meetings to be held Thursday night under the auspices of the Left Wing Group of Local 22.

The meetings will be held at the following places: Bronx—Ambassador Hall, 3875 Third Ave.; Labor Center, 802 Westchester Ave. Harlem—New Harlem Casino, 100 W. 116th St.; St. Lukes Hall, 130th St. and Lenox Ave. Downtown—Stuyvesant Casino, 140 Second Ave. Brooklyn—Amalgamated Temple, 11 Union Pl.; Brownsville Labor League, 219 Sackman St.; Borough Park Labor League, 1377 42d St.

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# Steel Union Demands Guarantee of Workers' Rights in Elections

## Delegation in Capital Demands Dispersal of Armed Forces

WASHINGTON, D.C., June 26.—The delegation of the Steel and Metal Workers' Industrial Union, which included James Egan and Pat Cush, secretary and president of the S. M. W. I. U.; William P. Dunne, of the National Committee of the Trade Union Unity League, and a number of steel workers from the mills, yesterday presented to the Department of Labor in Washington the following proposals for the carrying through of elections in the steel industry. These proposals cover the question of the necessary guarantees to establish the right of workers to organize into unions of their own choice and elect union representatives.

1. Basic guarantees shall be set up so that all iron, steel and tin workers shall have the full and unrestricted right to vote for what union and for such union representatives as they choose.
2. The purpose of these guarantees is to give to workers the same unrestricted right to vote for the form and kind of union organization and the representatives they want as is

supposed to prevail in election for city, county, state and federal government officials. Such guarantees must include: (a) The unqualified opening up of all company towns, steel industry communities, plants, mills and all auxiliary enterprises for full and free discussion of the issues involved, i. e., the right of workers to organize in unions of their choice; the right to deal with their companies through their chosen representatives; the question of the difference between genuine unionism and company unionism, the right to strike and picket, etc.

2. The immediate disarming, discharge and dispersal of all armed forces maintained by the companies whether or not they have been given a nominal legal standing by being sworn in by sheriffs, police chiefs, county attorneys or other local, state or federal officials.

3. The immediate abolition of the company spy systems. A list of all employees or others serving in this capacity shall be published with identifying photographs opposite each name.

4. The abolition of the practice of blacklisting. No worker shall be discharged or refused employment because of political opinions or union activity.

(a) Additional guarantees shall be set up to prevent discrimination against Negro workers and foreign-born workers.

5. All workers, employed and unemployed, who were employed of any concern in the industry in the years 1928-29 shall be eligible to vote in the elections.

(a) The office staffs of the various companies shall have their votes tabulated separately. These votes shall not be included in the total vote of this category of employees shall apply only to their special category.

6. The ballot shall be worded in substantially the following manner:

a. Are you in favor of the trade and industrial unions controlled by workers, which are part of the American labor movement? Vote Yes or No.

b. Are you in favor of so-called employee representative plans—commonly called company unions—having no connection with the American labor movement. Vote Yes or No.

c. I vote for the following candidates (list of candidates to be appended):

7. The elections shall be held sooner than 90 days from the date

of the adoption of these proposals.

8. During this period additional special guarantees shall be established so that all unions, their members and their representatives shall have full freedom to organize and hold meetings, debates, to distribute newspapers, other literature, leaflets, pamphlets, etc. for the posting of placards, handbills, etc. in the plants, mills, auxiliary enterprises and all the incorporated and unincorporated villages, towns, cities, and in all counties and states where there are steel plants and mills and subsidiary enterprises. There shall be no interference by the civil or military authorities with the aforementioned activities.

9. In order that all issues involved shall be clearly put, and in order that all workers may know exactly the program and the kind of organization which candidates for representation support, all candidates shall be required to state unequivocally whether they are for or against company unionism or for genuine trade or industrial unionism.

No confusing of this issue shall be tolerated. Any attempt on the part of candidates who favor company unionism to masquerade as advocates of genuine unionism shall automatically disqualify themselves as candidates. Their names shall be stricken from the ballots.

## Call for Abolition of the Blacklist, Spy System; Rights for Negroes

are in no way contrary to the theory and method under which elections, often on issues of far less importance to workers than those involved here, are supposed to be conducted for the various government offices.

It is also necessary to point out that even should these proposals be adopted and enforced in toto, the steel companies have still the immense advantage of the ownership and control of the industry and the natural resources which it uses, with the gigantic power which this gives them under the present system of production for profit only.

Nationwide organization, honest and militant leadership directly responsible to and removable by the rank and file, unity of all steel workers in the constant struggle for decent living conditions and against the continual encroachments upon and denial of elementary workers' rights by the companies, is the only effective weapon of the workers in this key industry of American capitalism. The proposals of the S. M. W. I. U. are intended to make possible the rapid forging of this necessary weapon for the steel workers.

# Thugs Threaten to Slug Woman Farm Organizers in N. J.

## Eleanor Henderson and Vivian Dahl Leading Farm Strike

BRIDGETON, N. J., June 26.—Eleanor Henderson and Vivian Dahl, two leading organizers of the agricultural workers in the present strike at the Seabrook Farms were threatened by thugs and gunmen yesterday who warned them that they would "have their brains beaten out," if they did not stop organizing the farm workers for higher wages.

More than 400 farm workers are now picketing the Seabrook Farms, the largest corporation farm in the East, striking to maintain the wage increases won in a successful strike in April. The Agricultural Workers Union (T.U.U.L.) is leading the struggle.

Several workers have been arrested and many were slugged in a terrorism drive unleashed by the Seabrook Farms and the local police authorities.

"THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE FOR TIME!"

Jacobson

# JACOB

## RUDDER BEER

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MELLOW WITH AGE

# United Shoe Leaders of Boston Help Bosses Put Thru Wage-Cut Scheme

## Try to Substitute Legal Dicking for the Picket Lines

By a Shoe Worker Correspondent  
BOSTON, Mass.—The Arrow Shoe Co. of E. Boston, employing some 300 workers moved to Denver, Mass., an organized town, in the hope of cheap labor. And already a company union was formed in the shop, where the workers are paying 10c a week, presumably for a sick fund benefit.

This is a pre-arranged maneuver on the part of the manufacturers, to force upon us starvation conditions, through the threat of moving out. Months before the Arrow Shoe Co. made public its intention to move, the J. C. of Boston was approached by workers of the shop, that they should take some definite action on this. There was a lot of talk that if a shop will attempt to move a strike will be called to stop them. But this only remained talk, and no action was taken.

This Monday morning a meeting of the crew took place, and a motion was unanimously accepted to declare the shop on strike, and send a mass picket to Denver, to force the firm to live up to the agreement. Even at this hour the officials are still willing to play good fellows, and so the chairman of the J. C., Paul Salvaggio, tried to dissuade the workers from mass picketing, giving the reason "That it may cause unnecessary arrests." Evidently he was afraid that it will not meet with the approval of the Socialist Party and A. F. of L. lawyer Bearek, who is also the lawyer of our union.

It was also reported that the lawyer was taking out an injunction against the firm, and much hope was placed in legal procedure. This again proves the reformist basis of part of the leadership of our United Shoe and Leather Workers Union, who think that they will win the offensive of the manufacturers through courts and injunctions. Of course, this is consistent with the whole policy of this group, who are unwilling to mobilize and lead the shoe workers in one solid fight for better conditions, but on the contrary rather agree, and a majority of them stood up for a mass picketing on Tuesday morning in Denver.

## Refuse to Fight for the Wage Increases as the Agreement Expires

By a Shoe Worker Correspondent  
BOSTON, Mass.—On reporting to work on Monday morning in several shoe shops, the workers were told to take their tools and leave until further notice. In some shops they were told that unless the union agrees to a wage cut the shop will either move, or shut down. In one of these shops, the Harvard Shoe, the crew of 500 was given a wage cut of 7 1/2 per cent only last week. No official reason for the lay-offs or lockout has been given so far either by the manufacturers or the union.

With several weeks off from the expiration date of the present agreement, August 1st, the shoe manufacturers attempt to demoralize by layoffs, lockouts and demands for reductions the ranks of the shoe workers, who demand increases in wages.

The shoe workers are disgusted with the way things run, because they expected that after the amalgamation convention a real effort will be made to prepare for a fight for improved conditions and wage increases. Many shoe workers believe that the real reason for the layoffs or lockouts is to help in the demoralization of the shoe situation and help the General Officials to stampede the shoe workers into a proposed 18 months agreement, which carries with it the out decision handed down by the United Board of Arbitration of November 6, 1933.

"reds" but respectable union leaders.

In contrast to the wishes of these officials, the workers of the Arrow shop greeted the motion for a strike with loud applause, and a majority of them stood up for a mass picketing on Tuesday morning in Denver.

# ILGWU Lets White Goods Pay Be Cut

By a Worker Correspondent

NEW YORK.—The White Goods Workers of Local 62, International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, are fast learning what is an A. F. of L. reformist trade union.

We are supposed, according to the agreement, signed after a general strike last September, to get \$21 for operators and 17 for pressers and examiners for a week's work. What actually are we getting? \$14 to \$15 for operators for week workers and \$12 to \$15 for examiners and pressers.

There are four legal holidays in the year that we should get paid for. On May 30, some of the bosses did not pay the workers. In the Gussow shop, at 122 Madison Ave., the workers refused their pay envelopes unless they were paid for the holiday. The boss at Styleroff also refused to pay for the holiday.

Mr. Poll, business agent, told the Gussow girls that they should not ask the boss for the day's wages. "The condition your boss is in, I would be ashamed to ask for that day's pay," he said, and walked out of the shop meeting. In spite of this, the workers will demand a fight for this day's wages. There are many incidents in which the I. L. G. W. U. officials have openly sided with the bosses.

We must build a strong rank and file movement in Local 62. Together we will succeed in driving out such officials and make our bosses understand that we, the workers, rank and file, will fight to better our conditions, and when we do that, we will fight to keep what we have won.

# Deprived of Work While Wife Slaves In Cigar Factory

LANCASTER, Pa.—In the last three years I have done no work except for the local commissary behind the counter. I got \$2 a week, but it was snatched by the landlord first shot. It took months to get shoes and other needed things. They tried to pawn off old third-hand clothing.

Many times meat, lard and butter spoiled for lack of ice. Cans of corn and tomatoes burst because of the rotten condition of the contents when canned. The stuff was good for nobody but the unemployed!

This is a crazy system! While my wife got work at a local cigar factory making about \$8 a week, I stay home and take care of the little children. I wash, do the scrubbing, etc.

My wife and her fellow workers must work at top speed in a hot, moist unclean atmosphere. On many occasions, particularly during the summer, the girls keel over from extreme fatigue—but they're so afraid of the pink slip that they dare not rest.

Before the N. R. A. they got \$4.50 a week, but even double this is far too little for a decent standard of living. The work has been speeded up since the N. R. A.

At last I have learned that there is only one thing left for me to do, that is to join the C. P. in their organization that is exposing this rotten condition under which able-bodied men and women are forced to starve in the midst of plenty.

The Communist Party is fighting for the overthrow of this rotten system (and for the building up of a workers' rule where no starvation and unemployment will exist, and no rich parasites make profit off of us.)



## LONG LIFE AND MORE POWER TO OUR FARM SISTERS

Besides the already mentioned hardships of rural women, there's also the basic economic situation—the mortgages, the increasing debts and number of farm foreclosures. And in addition to Roosevelt A. A. crop reduction measures that descended upon us the disastrous drought. In the checkered afflicted areas I have seen, Washington state seems to have escaped, but the reverberations are bound to be felt there as elsewhere.

There is the burning issue of the price of milk, as dealt with in the new booklet by Lief Dahl, as well as in other papers. Here is an issue on which it is possible to bring about an understanding of their unity of interests in city and country workers.

Agitation for the payment of five cents per quart (for Grade B milk) to the farmer, and a retail price of eight cents for the consumer, should be carried on, and is being carried on, simultaneously among city and farm workers. This demand includes points one and two of the program of the U.F.P.A. The other points are of equally high importance: the abolition of the "basic surplus" (or classification system) of buying milk, the purchase and distribution of all surplus milk by the government to destitute workers, the passage of H. R. 7598 (purchasing power thus given to other workers will benefit farmers) and passage of the Farmers' Relief Bill, which provides for cancellation of secured debts, mortgages, back rents or taxes, feed and seed loans of smaller farmers, and cash.

In addition to this there is the work of publicizing and supporting the Women's International Anti-War Congress meeting in Paris, July 28 to 30. If possible build a Farm Women's Anti-War Committee there. In connection with this, small lapel-buttons have been made, which Comrade B. B. B. could sell; she would have a profit of two cents on each, and could thus raise a fund for literature and other organizational needs. The button retails at five cents.

Just what other forms of organization will be met under the circumstances, we must leave to Mrs. B. B. B.'s best judgment. She will know best whether she should begin by having sewing circles or quilting parties or such gatherings where discussion may begin and suitable literature brought, or if there should be regular mass meetings, or if she can build anti-foreclosure leagues, or an I. L. D., or F. S. U. branch.

We think it would be good to establish communication through the "Daily" or the Working Woman magazine, "Rank and File Coal Digger" or other papers, and women in the cities and in the mines, thus building the solidarity of all workers, mining, rural and city.

A new issue of the Working Woman will be off the press in a few days. Helpful material will be

Send FIFTEEN CENTS (15c) in coins or stamps (coins preferred) for this Anne Adams Pattern. Write plainly name, address and style number. BE SURE TO STATE SIZE. Address orders to Daily Worker Pattern Department, 243 West 17th Street, New York City.



# Open Letter to Sidney Hillman

## Misleader of Clothing Workers Responsible for Piece Work

By a Worker Correspondent

NEW YORK.—An Open Letter to Sidney Hillman, president of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers:

Dear Sir: As a member of the Amalgamated since the first day of its existence, I am taking the privilege of pointing out a few facts as to the past and present situation in your union.

At the recent convention held in Rochester you rejected resolutions for week work in all clothing centers. You were against a minimum wage scale, and other resolutions

proposed by the rank and file workers, but you favored the present check-off system. Your attitude in the Joint Board in the period of 1925 towards week work could still be recalled by the delegates of the joint board, when you argued to stabilize the clothing markets of Chicago and New York because of competition, i.e., the cost of production of the garments was higher in New York than in Chicago. Finally you found the solution—to impose piece-work on the New York tailors instead of establishing week-work for the workers of Chicago.

The results of your proceeding was the enforcement of sweat-shop conditions, namely the terrible speed-up, continual wage cuts, and more misery for the workers instead of better conditions. You went further in adopting the policy of terror toward the protesting workers who had dared to expose the betrayals.

At the stoppage in 1932 you and the honorable J. Panken, addressing the tailors at a meeting in Manhattan Lyceum, shouting revolutionary phrases, promised week-work for the tailors for the next season, but the results were that workers went back into the shops with a 10-15 per cent wage slash.

At this National Convention, which was staged exclusively for your delegates to satisfy them, instead of the thousands of workers who are working for starvation wages of \$10-\$12 per week, the workers had nothing to expect.

You had nothing to offer the workers but the N.R.A. which is a scheme to exploit the workers and assure more profits for the masters. Your class collaboration policy against the workers is leading the workers to ruin and destitution. The workers in order to achieve better conditions and a decent living must organize themselves in the shops and fight against the present misery and starvation, and in a militant union controlled by the workers.

Send any amount, however small, to: Committee for Support of Southern Textile Organization, 509 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

The Committee has arranged a benefit affair for Friday night, June 29, at Steinway Hall. Included on an excellent program are Del of the Daily Worker, Bromberg and Carnovsky of "Men in White," the Workers Laboratory Theatre, New Dance Group, Strike News Reels, Ray Yeats of "Stevodore" in North Carolina Songs, Don West, Alabama proletarian poet, and A. J. Iserman, of the International Labor Defense.

It is not lack of leadership—it is not even the blacklist—it is an absolute lack of funds that does not allow these workers to organize. Since the southern worker is so miserably paid, he is unable to contribute to the support of his own union. We must give him a start. To overcome these organizational obstacles there has been founded in the North the Committee for the Support of Southern Textile Organization. We solicit your help.

No section of the workers in the textile industry can win any security unless the southern workers are under militant leadership. For this they are not only ripe but they actually plead for it. In May alone they conducted 22 strikes. There are capable worker leaders in the southern mills who are anxious to organize and lead their fellow workers in struggle.

But the blacklist of the monopoly capitalists instantly crushes the man who dares to raise his voice. In true fascist style they blacklist not only the worker himself but in many cases his entire family.

proposed to accept his recommendation without discussion, send it to the Executive Board and adjourn the meeting, without allowing the members to expose their opinion.

However, their prepared maneuver didn't work. We succeeded in bringing out the main problem against their will. We brought out that the main problem was the reformist practices (running with every question to the N. R. A. board instead of fighting it out, or making paper decisions without attempting to carry it out) of our organizer. The workers here are just as militant as everywhere. They demonstrated by the last strike, and if given able leadership, they would have a strong union by now.

The question is not of money but of planned system activity. It is interesting to note that our organizer did not answer this accusation. Why should he? He himself knows that he is here against our will, depending only on the support of the officials of the Executive Board.

Workers will have to solve the problems themselves, since the Planning Board was not able to do it for them.

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By a Worker Correspondent

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## Electrician in the U.S.S.R. Praises Improved "Daily"

By a Worker Correspondent

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R.—Comrades, I wish to express my heartfelt congratulation on the improved Daily Worker. I have been a constant reader of the "Worker" for the past two years. The new "Daily" has pep and punch, and truly I find it intensely interesting here in Moscow.

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# PARTY LIFE Calls for "A Unit on Every Big Dock in 'Frisco Port'"

By W. L.

In June, 1933, when the International Longshoremen's Association was first organized in this port, we did not have a single longshoreman in the waterfront section of the Party. We had loose contact with about six longshoremen, who participated in the publication of our rank and file syndicate paper, the Waterfront Worker.

With the formation of the I. L. A., these contacts became the center of a rank and file group within the union. It was not until about three or four months later that any longshoremen were recruited to the Party. At this time four were recruited and a unit was formed. Of these, only two worked on the same dock, and because the members were recruited through our opposition work within the local the unit from the start functioned as a Party fraction. As a fraction the members carried on a successful campaign for the issues of the rank and file and gained a close influence over about 60 members and finally the confidence of the majority of the local. From the rank and file group some more were recruited up until the time of the strike, making a total of ten in the unit.

During all of this period, of course, several attempts had been made to emphasize the necessity of establishing the Party on the job by concentration on the American-Hawaiian, the Admiral and the Matson docks. Just previous to the strike, five workers were recruited from the Matson dock, but were not formed into a unit until after the strike started. Because of our failure to sufficiently emphasize the necessity of building the Party on the docks around job grievances, we only succeeded in developing our unit members into trade union activities against the majority of the union. In that role they certainly did a good job and were the main factor in forcing the officials to call

a rank and file conference for the West Coast. This method of work unconsciously developed in these workers an attitude of superiority toward their fellow workers in the I. L. A., who were not able to express themselves on the floor of the union meetings. The Party as a political apparatus always remained secondary and separated from their trade union group in importance.

Since the strike the situation has improved both in recruiting and in a clearer understanding of the role of the Party. Another 22 longshoremen have been recruited. These have been drawn into the Party on the basis of their militancy on the picket line, or activity on the Strike Committee. Because of the role played by the city and national governments as direct allies of the shipowners, the need of a political working class party is no longer an abstract theory to them. But considering the prestige the Party has gained ideologically among the longshoremen, we have not even scratched the surface in recruiting.

Three units on the Matson, the Admiral, and the American-Hawaiian have been formed. If we increase our efforts now, much more than this can be accomplished. Our slogan should be now, "A unit on every big dock in the Frisco port before the end of the year."

Join the Communist Party  
36 E. 12th STREET, N. Y. C.  
Please send me more information on the Communist Party.  
Name .....  
Street .....  
City .....

## Letters from Our Readers

FILM TO BE REVIEWED SOON  
New York City.  
Today at the Brooklyn Strand Theatre, I saw a movie entitled "The Merry Funks." It deals with the life of an average American family and in the picture the son is portrayed as a Communist. The son is not shown in a particularly ugly light, but is constantly ridiculed in a subtle fashion. The Communist is shown in about twenty-five different scenes, one of the jokes being—he is being introduced to a son of a rich department store owner, he refuses to shake his hand saying "Some day the department store will be in the hands of the workers," and the owner's son replying "That will be a good idea, my father is losing money now." The picture must be seen for a complete review.

—A WORKER.  
(This film will be reviewed shortly in the Daily Worker.—Editor.)

AWAKENING IN THE SOUTH  
Birmingham, Ala.  
Dear Editor:  
I am a relation of one of the Thomas strikers and a student at Howard College. I have been reading Communist literature for the last two or three years and have become intensely interested in the movement. Although I accepted a great deal, there were some things that I was doubtful of, but since the Thomas strike, which I have seen at first hand, these doubts have vanished. The police brutality, the private arming of the Republic Steel Corp., armed with pistols, rifles, gas and machine guns, and the demonstration of the Birmingham Police Department on May Day have convinced me that the only hope of the working class lies in a militant movement such as the Communist Party has shown itself to be.

Even if the Thomas strike had not occurred, I think the May Day affair would have been enough to prove the Communist cause. This shameful show of armed force against free speech and other tra-

ditional American liberties shows, more than anything else I have ever witnessed, the need for a drastic change in government. Again in another thing, the Thomas strike has opened my eyes. The government, as shown through the Thomas strike and many other strikes throughout the entire country, is against any effective labor movement and, in reality, the primary purpose of the Roosevelt administration is to bolster up the dying capitalist system.

I would appreciate any literature about the movement you could send me and I would like also to establish a contact with some Party member as a means for possible affiliation with the Party itself or some of its branches.

Yours truly,  
(Signed—name withheld)  
Howard College Student.

LOVES TO READ THE "DAILY"  
Decatur, Illinois  
Dear Comrades:  
My husband and I love to read the "Daily," but for the past five or six days we have failed to get it. We have been worrying about it, but today it came. A kind friend of ours who is fortunate enough to be working has kept it coming to us since the C. W. A. work stopped. This friend is not our friend alone, but a staunch friend to the class struggle. He is responsible for all the "Dailies" that come into Decatur, paying for most of them out of his own pocket. I would love to tell his name to all for his good deeds, but under the circumstances cannot do so.

This city is slow in the class struggle movement, but I hope this good comrade's work will bear fruit in the future, that he may know his good deeds have not been in vain. There cannot be too many credits given the "Daily Worker." It gives the facts about life of the working class in all of its grim warts and misery which today runs rampant through our (free?) United States.

Comradely,  
—Mrs. H. O. R.

For the Time of Your Life!

## CAMP NITGEDAIGET

BEACON-ON-THE-HUDSON, New York

Our Swimming Pool is Fed by Mountain Springs  
Play Tennis, Handball, Baseball, Volley — All the Sports!  
SEE THE PRIZE WINNING NEW DANCE GROUP  
(Return engagement because of popular demand)  
Solos — Group Dances — Saires — Folk Dances — Jazz  
See Theatre Brigade in New Plays

MOONLIGHT BIKES — TREASURE HUNTS — TOURNAMENTS  
RATES: \$14 A WEEK  
Beautiful trip up by boat or auto. Leaves 2300 Bronx Park East daily 10:30 A.M. Also 19 A.M., 3 & 7 P.M. Friday & Saturday. Estabrook 8-109

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Nope! It's Not the Dinner Bell!  
IT'S THE SCHOOL BELL!  
Camp Unity is Proud to Announce the Opening July 1st of a Summer Branch of the N. Y. WORKERS' SCHOOL  
Comrade Arnie will conduct two-week courses. There will be no charge above the regular rate of \$14 a week. Also individual lectures by leading speakers. JOIN UP!  
Wingdale  
CAMP UNITY New York  
—And, of course, excellent entertainment, all the sports, the best food available and comfortable accommodations. Cars leave from 2300 Bronx Park East daily at 10:30 A.M. and Friday and Saturday 10 A.M., 3 and 7 P.M. Phone ALgonquin 4-1168. Rates \$14 a week.



## LONG LIFE AND MORE POWER TO OUR FARM SISTERS

Besides the already mentioned hardships of rural women, there's also the basic economic situation—the mortgages, the increasing debts and number of farm foreclosures. And in addition to Roosevelt A. A. crop reduction measures that descended upon us the disastrous drought. In the checkered afflicted areas I have seen, Washington state seems to have escaped, but the reverberations are bound to be felt there as elsewhere.

There is the burning issue of the price of milk, as dealt with in the new booklet by Lief Dahl, as well as in other papers. Here is an issue on which it is possible to bring about an understanding of their unity of interests in city and country workers.

Agitation for the payment of five cents per quart (for Grade B milk) to the farmer, and a retail price of eight cents for the consumer, should be carried on, and is being carried on, simultaneously among city and farm workers. This demand includes points one and two of the program of the U.F.P.A. The other points are of equally high importance: the abolition of the "basic surplus" (or classification



Daily Worker

CENTRAL ORGAN COMMUNIST PARTY U.S.A. SECTION OF COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL

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WEDNESDAY, JUNE 27, 1964

What Kind of Anti-Nazi Boycott?

DELEGATES from Jewish labor unions yesterday voted resolutions, with the approval and support of William Green, Charney Vladeck, Joseph Schlossberg, etc., calling for a boycott of German products.

The question is, what is the significance of these resolutions in the fight against the monster of Fascism? Do these resolutions really mean that the top officials of the A. F. of L., the Greens, Mahoneys, Lewises, etc., is really striking a blow against Fascism?

The workers hate Fascism. The Jewish workers, no matter what their political sympathies, are all ready to strike a blow at the hideous rule of the Hitler Fascists.

But do these resolutions, passed by the A. F. of L. officials, carry out the wishes of these anti-Fascist workers? It is a remarkable fact that these paper resolutions allegedly against Fascism do not call for the slightest actions to free Thaelmann and the anti-fascist fighters of the revolutionary working class.

On the contrary, the Greens, Vladecks, Mahoneys are the most vicious attackers of the very people who are leading the revolutionary struggle against Hitler.

THE Communist Party is the very front rank of the fight against Fascism, abroad and at home. Communists support and assist any and every movement which truly strikes blows at Fascism, no matter what the political connections of these movements.

But the Communist Party mercilessly exposes any and all attempts of people who are trying to put over a fake fight against German Fascism in order to cover up their support for the reactionary government at home.

Of such a character are these resolutions passed with the support of the William Greens, etc. In the first place these resolutions remain nothing but paper resolutions, not the slightest measures ever being taken to guarantee the execution of these boycott resolutions.

In order for the boycott of German goods to be effective these A. F. of L. officials would have to organize and lead transport strikes right here at home, they would have to call for marine and railroad workers to strike wherever Nazi goods are carried or delivered, forming a real economic blockade of Germany.

But this is one thing they never do. They pass paper resolutions, which hurt no one, but strangle any attempt to actually carry through the boycott in action, in strikes.

FASCISM is the rule of the big capitalists, based on open military violence. Every capitalist class, whether in Germany or the United States, is ready to unleash its military terror against the masses if it cannot maintain its dictatorship through the frauds of capitalist democracy.

It stands to reason that a person who supports the reactionary rule of the capitalists here at home cannot be a sincere fighter against the capitalist class abroad.

This is precisely what exposes the paper resolutions of the A. F. of L. on the boycott. The William Greens, etc., use the anti-fascist hatred of the masses here to bind them to the rule of Wall Street.

Green and the Socialist Party leaders urge the masses to depend on Roosevelt to "protest" against Fascism, thus concealing the fact that in this country it is none other than Roosevelt who is ushering in the preliminary steps toward American Fascism.

Further, these boycott resolutions come in very handy to the American manufacturers who are thus given an advantage in robbing the American consumers. The Greens, etc., would be the first ones to stop a real boycott that expressed itself in strikes, because this would hurt the interests of the American Wall Street capitalists!

WE SUPPORT a real boycott. But we point out that this alone will not overthrow Fascism. We point out to the masses who hate Fascism that the boycott must be supported and extended by transport strikes, by street demonstrations, by mass campaigns, by shipping strikes, by refusal to load or unload ships carrying Nazi goods.

But such militant actions, which are directed against the reactionaries both here and in Europe, the fake signers of paper boycott resolutions will always knife in the back, because they fear that the militancy of the masses will begin to hit the Roosevelt reactionaries at home whom they support.

A boycott isolated from such mass struggle is a swindle calculated to deceive the masses and keep them from real mass struggle against Fascism, to lull them into a feeling that a blow is being struck against the enemy they hate.

Nothing but a simultaneous struggle against the Fascists right here at home, the Roosevelt and the Johnsons, as well as a struggle against German Fascism can be of any use to the German working class and to the working class here.

Crosbie to Preside At Vets Conference Tomorrow Night

NEW YORK.—On Thursday evening, June 28, at 8:30, the Workers' Ex-Servicemen's League will hold a mass meeting at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. 4th St. A mass meeting will be held in Union Square and the veterans will march from Union Square to Manhattan Lyceum.

At the mass meeting a report will be given by the Veterans National Rank and File convention that was recently held in Washington, D. C. Emanuel Levin, chairman of the

Workers' Ex-Servicemen's League will give the report on the convention. Paul Crosbie, of the American League who exposed Police Commissioner O'Bryan's spy system will be the chairman. A report will be given on the Workers' Ex-Servicemen's League in New York City by C. Cachione, chairman of the city committee. The Workers' Ex-Servicemen's League has called upon members of the American Legion, Veterans of Foreign Wars, Disabled American Veterans and all other veteran organizations to come to this meeting and hear how to build rank and file committees in their respective Posts. The three point program of the Washington convention is: 1.—Payment of the bonus. 2.—Passage of the Economy Act. 3.—Rescission of the Workers' Unemployment Insurance Bill.

Dangling Bait Before the Jobless

THE shrewd publicity experts at the White House are not losing any sleep as the Roosevelt government gets ready to appear once again before the masses in the November elections as a "social-minded" government.

The latest move is the announcement by Roosevelt's relief administrator, Hopkins, of a new four-point program for "social welfare," a program that repeats some of the points Roosevelt trundled out several weeks ago in his "social" program designed to catch the votes in the Autumn Congressional elections.

Hopkins talks about the need for some kind of "unemployment insurance," about old age pensions, and what he calls a plan "to decentralize industry."

The most significant admission in Hopkins' report is the statement that the starvation of the vast army of unemployed is not the "temporary" phenomenon which it was cheerfully described to be last year, but a permanent feature of American life from now on. American capitalism has reached the stage in its crisis where it can no longer find a place in its profit economy for about 10,000,000 workers and their families. A vast army of jobless permanently facing starvation—this is one of the results of the development of the most highly developed capitalism in the world.

Nothing could be a more damning indictment of the entire system, and more eloquent evidence of the need for smashing it than this admission of Roosevelt's relief official.

HOPKINS, of course, has not the slightest interest in the public or any intention of providing adequate relief and insurance for them. His actions during the past year have been sufficient evidence of that. He has carried through Roosevelt's relief program, which is the Wall Street program of giving the starving as little as they will stand for.

Hopkins is opposed to the only bill that really would give the jobless relief, the Unemployment Insurance Bill. This alone exposes his "social program" as vote-getting fraud.

Hopkins' "decentralization" plan for industry, harmless as it looks, masks a brutal, reactionary program of tying the workers to the factories of the Wall Street monopolies in isolated districts, where the workers will be forced to grow their own food, in addition to slaving in the factories, a plan calculated to drive the workers' wages far below their present starvation levels. It is a plan to increase monopoly profit, like all of the Roosevelt government "social" legislation.

Roosevelt has not done a thing to feed the drought-stricken impoverished farmers or the jobless army in the cities. His sole concern has been to keep the Wall Street bill for relief as small as possible.

His latest "Social" schemes are only the callous, heartless trickery of a Wall Street agent, who will traffic in starvation to get votes for the coming Congressional elections.

Support "Der Arbeiter"

ONE of the most urgent tasks which the working class of the United States has before it in its decisive fight against the growth of fascism in this country, is the mobilization of the German-speaking workers, as part of a powerful, nation-wide Anti-Fascist front.

Hitler's agents are making every effort to bring the small tradesmen and the workers of German descent into their Nazi organizations. Ambassador Luther and his agents are spending millions for the financing of these Nazi activities as even the investigating committee of Congress had to admit. The Nazis in the United States are closely connected with all reactionary and fascist elements here in the United States, like the Silver Shirts, Hamilton Fish, etc. Be they German or American, the fascists are brothers under the skin.

In order to fight this fascist offensive, to win the German-speaking masses for the Anti-Fascist front, to uncover the empty boasts of Roosevelt's "New Deal" and for the revolutionary way out—the struggle for a Soviet America—the working class needs a powerful, widely circulated fighting organ in the German language. The "Arbeiter," published by the German Bureau of the Communist Party of the U. S. A., is today the only fighting organ of the German-speaking workers in this country, but it must reach more tens of thousands of workers, in order to really become the agitator, the organizer of the whole working class. The press is our strongest weapon in our struggle for a proletarian world. It is up to the German workers in the United States with the help of all other workers, to build the "Arbeiter" into a mass paper which reaches every shop where German-speaking workers are employed, every home where German is spoken.

The "Arbeiter" has begun a circulation campaign, to get 3,000 new readers by September 1. All efforts must be made to reach and surpass this goal. This circulation campaign must be the starting point of increased efforts to bring the "Arbeiter" to a point where it can be published as the only daily workers' newspaper in German.

Only if every reader makes this circulation campaign his own personal affair, himself gets new readers and spreads the "Arbeiter" wherever German-speaking workers congregate, shall we be able to make our German paper the thousand-tongued voice of the revolutionary anti-fascist movement in the United States.

CENTRAL COMMITTEE, C. P., U. S. A.

Anti-Soviet Campaign in Japan Press

Papers Fake 'Charges,' Anti-U.S.S.R. Film Is Shown

(Special to the Daily Worker) MOSCOW, June 26.—The Japanese press is continuing its wide anti-Soviet campaign directed openly toward aggravating Japanese-Soviet relations. Sunday's newspapers published a number of Tokyo reports regarding the latest fabrications of Japanese imperialists which may be explained as quite calculated conscious aspiration to provoke public opinion in Japan against the U. S. S. R.

This time the Tokyo police and detectives chose the "Friends of the Soviet Union," as the object of their Anti-Soviet campaign. "The Friends of the Soviet Union" was organized in 1931 on the initiative of the Japanese writer Akita and a number of other educators and public men of art and science, existed legally and openly published its journal "Friends of the U. S. S. R.," which gave objective information concerning construction in the U. S. S. R.

In 1932, an independent group was formed from this society—Japanese-Soviet Society for Cultural Relations—which still exists, while the "Friends of the Soviet Union" ceased to exist early in 1933. Now the Japanese press accused the former chief of the press department of the Soviet Embassy in Tokyo, Galkovich, of giving the secretary of the cultural relations society "various information and material including photographs concerning the U. S. S. R."

The authors of this "charge" apparently did not think that the task of the press department of any embassy in any state is to disseminate correct information about the country it represents. Accusing Galkovich of rendering "assistance to the Communist movement in Japan" is still more absurd. For according to reports in Japanese papers, this "terrible accusation" is founded on the "fact" that Galkovich was supposed to have paid 30 yen for ten copies of the magazine published by the Society to which the embassy subscribed.

Moscow newspapers further describe in detail the contents of a new anti-Soviet film, "Supreme Will," which was exhibited recently in the biggest cinema theatres in Tokyo. The film is calculated to stimulate the militaristic, anti-Soviet moods of the spectators and openly strives to incite to the minds of the Japanese people that it must prepare for war against the U. S. S. R.

The Soviet ambassador at Tokyo has lodged a protest to the Japanese government against the new anti-Soviet campaign in the Japanese press and the showing of the anti-Soviet film.

Commenting on the new anti-Soviet campaign, the Soviet press writes:

"Japanese imperialists are unscrupulously employing any dirty methods in order to put the U.S.S.R. in disrepute in the eyes of the broad masses of the population of Japan. The peaceful policy of the U.S.S.R. in striving for friendship with neighboring countries, especially with Japan, displeases the most reactionary and militant groups of Japanese imperialists. That's why of late these groups have intensified their anti-Soviet campaign."

The Daily Worker gives you full news about the struggle for unemployment insurance. Buy the Daily Worker at the newsstands. Three cents a copy.

Seek Volunteers To Aid Campaign for Thaelmann's Release

NEW YORK.—The National Committee to Aid Victims of German Fascism, 870 Broadway, yesterday issued an appeal to all unemployed office workers, typists and addresses to volunteer their services in connection with special work on the Free Thaelmann campaign.

Volunteers are urgently needed to carry out the program of intensified struggle to save Thaelmann and the thousands of other anti-fascist fighters coming up for trial on July 2 under the lynch tribunals so-called "People's Courts" in Fascist Germany.

Chinese Red Army Spreads Soviet Area to Coast

Cities Captured, Nanking Division Wiped Out; Army Grows

SHANGHAI, China (By Mail).—In the month just past, the efforts of the Chinese Soviets and the Red Army have met everywhere with significant successes, from Fukien to Szechwan, giving the lie to the false Kuomintang reports on its victories.

The defeat of Chiang Kai-Shek in the Kiangsi Province called for a change in his tactics. As a result, he has moved part of his troops into Fukien, and is hoping to attack the Soviets from that direction. But the Red Army operating there upset Chiang's plan by capturing the cities of Yin-an and Kwei-hua last month, annihilating the 52nd division under the command of Lu Shin-pin. At the same time, the seven counties along the coast of northern Fukien have been Sovietized, thus creating a serious situation for the K. M. T. authorities at Fochow, the capital of Fukien.

This section of Fukien is commonly called East Fukien, and covers seven counties, all located close to Fochow. The "local committee," which was organized last

SOMETHING FOR HIM TO WORRY ABOUT



Leading Socialist Worker Joins C. P.

(Continued from Page 1)

worded in the most abstract form possible. The lack of a farm policy calling for collectivization, was another point of the heated debate between several of us who were sincerely trying to forge a real revolutionary program and the Loveland "Iron Heel" of Fascism.

The weakness and insincerity of the paragraph on the "United Front" was obvious. There were many other undesirable features in the Revolutionary Policies Committee program and many important questions were evaded entirely.

Some of us lent our names and energies to the advancement of this program, in spite of its deficiencies, in the endeavor to formulate some semblance of a unified faction of militant workers in the Socialist Party. We realized the necessity of exposing the obvious truths about the Socialist Party and its reactionary leaders.

Few, if any, of us held any hopes of even this minimum program being accepted by the Socialist Party convention. Now, after the bickering and arguments of the delegates have been studied and analyzed, we find that the opportunist and reformist elements, who call themselves "militants," have stolen many of the radical phrases from the Revolutionary Policies Committee. These terms, minus all substance, were accepted with great acclaim by the convention.

Don't Fight Fascism These militant phrases will attract many workers who have come to realize that the present system offers no hope and that they must organize and fight capitalism and its terrorist aids, War and Fascism. The workers thus attracted will be exploited to fight against Communism. Then, when the ruling class decides to clamp down on all protest, the workers under Socialist Party leadership will find themselves unprotected and helpless against the "Iron Heel" of Fascism, proving again the historic mission of social-fascism. This makes the Socialist Party a much more important adjunct to the fascist groups which are espoused by the capitalist class.

Because of these facts, I appeal to every militant socialist worker to throw off the shackles of social-fascism at once and to enter, as I have done, the ranks of the Communist Party. Don't wait until it is too late, as our valiant Austrian comrades were forced to do! Realize that the new "left-wing" ideology of the so-called "militants" is more misleading and destructive than even the reactionary "old-guard." Surely, even the famous "red-baiting" and "flag waving" attacks of Joe Sharts against the "Red Internationalists" is less deceiving than the misleadership of Krzyzski, Thomas and Co.

Join the Communist Party Every militant socialist worker, who really desires to see and work for a Workers' Republic and true democracy, must throw off the chains of social-fascism and destroy the barriers which are used to divide the working class! Recognize the historic facts which prove that only the united, militant action of the masses of workers in a revolutionary struggle can achieve victory! Align yourselves with the only revolutionary workers' force, the Communist Party, and expose the sectarian misleadership of the renegade Lovestonites and the other social-fascists!

Join the Communist Party, the only Party which is waging or can wage a real fight against the destructive forces of war and fascism. The Communist Party gives the only honest militant leadership in building a Workers' Democracy: A Soviet America.

(Signed) Donald Reiff

Tass Brands Japan's Slander of "Secret Agreement" As Lie

(Special to the Daily Worker) MOSCOW, June 26.—A new version of an alleged secret agreement between China and the U. S. S. R., reported by a Japanese News Agency six days ago, was again emphatically and categorically denied by Tass, the Soviet news agency, here Sunday.

Tass said these reports were absurd, malicious fabrications, with not one word of truth. The same Japanese news agency had reported a similar "secret agreement" on May 17, the existence of which had been immediately denied by Tass. The new version of the same fabrication had now been published in all Japanese newspapers as the latest anti-Soviet sensation.

At once and to enter, as I have done, the ranks of the Communist Party. Don't wait until it is too late, as our valiant Austrian comrades were forced to do! Realize that the new "left-wing" ideology of the so-called "militants" is more misleading and destructive than even the reactionary "old-guard." Surely, even the famous "red-baiting" and "flag waving" attacks of Joe Sharts against the "Red Internationalists" is less deceiving than the misleadership of Krzyzski, Thomas and Co.

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(Signed) Donald Reiff

FOREIGN BRIEFS

GREAT FLOODS IN INDIA CALCUTTA, June 26.—Thousands of families were homeless today as floods washed out whole villages in Bengal and Assam.

ACTIVE DIPLOMACY WARSAW, June 26.—The visit of General Maxime Weygand to London, where he contacted British military chiefs, coincided with the visit of General Debeney, former French Chief of Staff, to Poland, observers here noted.

Weygand's return to Paris was immediately followed by flying calls of Rumanian military heads to Paris, from which it was apparent that France's "peace plans" which involve desperate defense of all the spoils of the last war, are being perfected.

U.S. LOAN FOR 'IMPROVEMENTS' SHANGHAI, June 26.—Reports of a new \$30,000,000 American loan for "improvements" in several provinces coincided today with an announcement that the Governor of Kwei Chu had called on Nanking for arms and supplies to put down the Communists and General Chan Chi Tang, governor of Kwangtung, announced completion of plans to "exterminate the Reds."

The Trotskyites who croak mournfully only of the strength of fascism, and forewarn a long period of reaction in the victory of the Nazis, with the utter destruction of the Communist Party in Germany, now develop the idea of various degrees of German fascism. What is really in power now, they claim, is "plebian fascism," that is, a fascism of the toiling masses and the petty-bourgeoisie. This, they say, the von Papens, von Hindenburg and the big German land owners are not like; and this "lesser evil" of "plebian fascism" is to give way to the greater evil, the rule of the junkers (rich landowners).

They go on to picture the Von Papen incident as actually a struggle against Hitler, who is supposed to represent the middle classes, when in fact Hitler has endorsed Von Papen's speech and in no instance has uttered a word against it. The Trotskyites, along with the capitalist press, attempt to conceal the real class nature of the fascist regime—the most open, brutal, chauvinist rule of German finance capital, along with the junkers, whose interests are intertwined with finance capital (and nowhere more concretely than in the very person of Von Papen).

The whole inner crisis of the German bourgeoisie is not one of which section shall rule, but how best to preserve the existing fascist dictatorship against the growing revolutionary upsurge of the German masses, under the leadership of the Communist Party of Germany.

It is well here to recall the words of Comrade Kuusinen spoken last December at the 13th Plenum of the Communists International on the role played by Trotsky with regard to fascism in Germany. "Trotsky wrote," he said, "that a 'catastrophe' occurred and that in Germany there was maturing, not a proletarian revolution, but a profound fascist counter-revolution." Trotsky's song is an echo awakened by the greeting of the fascist storm troopers—"Hell!" But the overwhelming majority of the toilers of Germany are thinking of something different. Never before have they been imbued with such profound class hatred as they are at the present time.

Verily, the situation in Germany today is accurately described by the recent manifesto of the Communist Party of Germany to the German proletariat: "You are on the threshold of the German proletarian revolution!"

Peasants, Workers Form Big Red Partisan Detachments

In Lukiang, Anwhel, multined and joined the red forces there. Activity in Hunan and Szechwan In April, the Red units in southern Hunan displayed more activity. As the Hunan government concentrated its forces in East Hunan, in an endeavor to stave off the attack of the Red Army, the red partisans under Comrade Li Chun-pao have had a freer hand in Southern Hunan. Comrade Li effected a conjunction with Comrade Li Lin in Tsenchow and the units elsewhere, threatening to cut off communication between Hunan and Kwangtung.

In response to the activities of the Red Army in Northern Szechwan, the radicalized peasants and soldiers in Southern Szechwan (Anlai, Pookiang, Ya-an, etc.) have organized anti-tax partisans. Enlisting the sympathy and support of the peasantry, they have become increasingly active, and have led the blood-sucking militarists and their agents. According to another report, red partisans are operating in the borderland lying between Szechwan, Kweichow and Yunnan.

The Red Army in Hunan has built up strong bases around Sanchen County and recovered bit by bit the territory lost to the K. M. T. during the gigantic offensive last year. In the middle of May, Lotien, a county in East Hupeh, fell into the hands of the Red Army. The neighboring city, Chieui, was menaced, resulting in the exodus of almost all landlords and capitalists. Red units in Anwhel also have been active apparently operating in conjunction with the Red Army in East Hupeh. On May 6, about 100 militia

On the World Front

By HARRY GANNES

Whither Germany? "Plebian Fascism" False Prophets

ONE of the by-products of the growing anti-fascist upheaval in Germany is a crop of false prophets in the United States. In this case, however, the prophets are not without honor, as their prophecies are put forward for specific purposes.

Von Papen's speech of "criticism" was as much for foreign export as for internal consumption. It permits the imperialist press in other countries to argue against the growing anti-fascist struggle. It holds up, through Von Papen, the illusions of the possibility of the fascist dictatorship "reforming" itself in the image of capitalist democracy or, at least, an "orderly" military dictatorship sans anti-Semitism and with a circumscribed "freedom" of the press.

The foreign capitalist press begins to lay the basis for coming to the support of the German fascists against the rising revolutionary upsurge of the German toiling masses. For instance, we have the plethora of prophecies by Johannes Steel, a former economic adviser for the German Ministry of Economics, in a current series of articles in the New York Post. He declares the Nazi dictatorship will be succeeded by a military dictatorship. Long ago, the German Social-Democratic leaders held out this perspective as a "progressive" step. Herr Steel's prophecies, which are sensationally peddled to American readers as the real inside dope, are as worthless as his analysis of the rise of fascism. This "economic expert" puts forward the ridiculous notion that fascism grew out of a struggle between two trusts for the domination of the electrical industry. The important factor in Germany is not the top maneuvers in the ruling class (though this shows a tremendous increase in the bitter conflicts between the various capitalist groups) but the growing struggles of the masses in Germany against fascism; the desperate economic situation and the impoverishment of the German people; the rapid disintegration of the rank and file of the Storm Troopers, the growing weakness, in the face of this situation, the German bourgeoisie certainly will attempt to dress its fascist dictatorship in different clothes, but it will not and cannot change its aims, nor its whole basic policy.

The Trotskyites who croak mournfully only of the strength of fascism, and forewarn a long period of reaction in the victory of the Nazis, with the utter destruction of the Communist Party in Germany, now develop the idea of various degrees of German fascism. What is really in power now, they claim, is "plebian fascism," that is, a fascism of the toiling masses and the petty-bourgeoisie. This, they say, the von Papens, von Hindenburg and the big German land owners are not like; and this "lesser evil" of "plebian fascism" is to give way to the greater evil, the rule of the junkers (rich landowners).

They go on to picture the Von Papen incident as actually a struggle against Hitler, who is supposed to represent the middle classes, when in fact Hitler has endorsed Von Papen's speech and in no instance has uttered a word against it. The Trotskyites, along with the capitalist press, attempt to conceal the real class nature of the fascist regime—the most open, brutal, chauvinist rule of German finance capital, along with the junkers, whose interests are intertwined with finance capital (and nowhere more concretely than in the very person of Von Papen).

The whole inner crisis of the German bourgeoisie is not one of which section shall rule, but how best to preserve the existing fascist dictatorship against the growing revolutionary upsurge of the German masses, under the leadership of the Communist Party of Germany.

It is well here to recall the words of Comrade Kuusinen spoken last December at the 13th Plenum of the Communists International on the role played by Trotsky with regard to fascism in Germany. "Trotsky wrote," he said, "that a 'catastrophe' occurred and that in Germany there was maturing, not a proletarian revolution, but a profound fascist counter-revolution." Trotsky's song is an echo awakened by the greeting of the fascist storm troopers—"Hell!" But the overwhelming majority of the toilers of Germany are thinking of something different. Never before have they been imbued with such profound class hatred as they are at the present time.

Verily, the situation in Germany today is accurately described by the recent manifesto of the Communist Party of Germany to the German proletariat: "You are on the threshold of the German proletarian revolution!"

