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NEW YORK, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1934

WEATHER: Warmer.

(Six Pages)

Price 3 Cents

'Industrial Peace' Plan

Is Step in Preparation

for New Price Rise

1. — To stem the mounting

strike struggles against the

A. codes, President Roosevelt

of those truly representative

large employers of labor and of

large groups of organized labor, in

order to seek their co-operation in

establishing what I may describe as

a specific trial period of industrial

Roosevelt in his sneech at the

ame time, resorted to actual dis-

clared "the extent and severity of

as been far less than in any pre-

by some of the largest strikes in

American labor history, particu-

larly the textile strike and the San

prevent the workers gaining their

als in steel, auto, coal and textile.

"I shall seek assurances of the

making and maintenance og agree-

and working conditions may be

determined, and any later adjust-

demands through struggle.

Roosevelt declared:

Repeating his promises

toward compulsory arbitration, she miserable wages of the N.R.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct.

ROOSEVELT TRUCE ACTS AGAINST STRIKES

Socialists at Anti-War Congress Call for United Action

A. F. L. REPORT SHUNS STRIKES, BACKS BOSS BOARDS

Rank and File Plans Sharp Fight Sea Strike Send Plea For Unemployment Insurance And Militant Policy at Parley

Officials Tell Workers to Submit Without Any Struggle

By Carl Reeve

NEW YORK .- The report of the Executive Council of the A. F. of L. given yesterday to the national convention in San Francisco, is a platform of abject surrender of the demands of the American workers, for which millions have been striking since the last convention, to the employer-con-trolled boards of the Roosevelt

In its 157 printed pages there is not a word of encouragement for these millions of workers who have been battling on mass picket lines from coast to coast for their elestruggle for federal unemployment urance cannot be successful.

On the contrary, the theme song William Green and company is the familiar strain of no strike, no struggle, no militant program of all strikes.

The pressure of the rank and file Needs." The militancy of the masses of Deane said that leading industrial- lice was adopted as the program for action to bring about improvement. the report strong "criticism" of the for several months, would provide results which have not been bettered, hours have scale. not been shortened, that the com-

pany unions have grown. But what is Green's answer to the question—How Shall We Secure Better Conditions? Green counsels that the workers should go back, hat in hand, to the very employerthem in this deplorable condition.

"We must provide for joint employer and employe responsibility and joint employer and employe control," says the report. "But this must come thorough a voluntary arrangement, not compulsory, through a direct participation of representative of organized labor in the deliberations of industrial administrative agencies."

about these bad conditions "There is every indication." we

ment of Section 7-a." This strikebreaking board, which Imp rtance! has perpetuated Green's sell-out of the steel workers' demands, and has encouraged the company unions, is recognized by Green as the successor to Wagner's National L.bor Board. or the latter, which has broken numerous strikes, Creen has only praise. His only cricicism was that it had not enough power. "While these Boards (the National and Regional Labor Boards) settled many disputes, they had to sufficient power to make frem effective agencies in estabis ing principles for industrial relations in the new order evolving un er the codes," he writes.

Unable to fool the workers re garding the ravaging effects of the crisis under the N. R. A., the A. F. of L. Crancil's report admits that the codes have actually worsened conditions of the workers. On the question of wages, "In many industries codes have meant a real decrease in wages and earnings. . . .'

Admits N. R. A. Ravages Regarding hours: "Many of the codes establish, in fact, a longer work week than that which has been in effect in the industry during the entire depression.

The N. R. A. has brought a growth in company unions. "Company union plans (or constitutions) legal' under the N. R. A., were worked out and the company union

(Continued on Page 6)

Philadelphia Moves Into Lead in Drive For \$60,000 Fund

Philadelphia district moved ahead of all the other districts in the Daily Worker \$60,000 drive today, when the receipts of the 15th Anniversary of the Communist Party affair, held there Friday night, totalled \$900.

This places the full sum contributed by Philadelphia so far at \$2,411.08. Its quota is

The district it has displaced is Denver. Until today Denver topped the roost with 47.6 per and Philadelphia third. But now Philadelphia has 58.7 per cent of its total.

New Wage-Cut session Buffalo mentary rights and their economic demands. There is not even recognition that this far-flung struggle is going on. The sixteen million unemployed are told that their their their terms of the more and the

A wage-slashing share - the - work entire railway industry.

The Montreal convention regisaction—but co-operation with the employers. The Executive Council's report is completely in line with Greens praise vesterday of President Roosevelt's proposal to outlaw tion, at the closing session of the through extensive organization dur- connection with seamen's demands. "1934

membership affected the report. The share-the-work scheme, which workers forced Green to include in ists have had under consideration the trade union movemer. the N.R.A. has job-sharing, with a corresponding He admits that wages reduction in wages, on a national

Deane described the plans as fol-

lows: A monthly survey would be made

ber of hours to be worked.

are told, "That the National Labor Daily Wo ser Among the Members Relations Board is going to be an effective agency for the enforce of All 7 ass and Fraternal Organization's As a Political Task of First

Struggle on Submission to Bosses and NRA Is Main Issue

By Bill Dunne (Daily Worker Special Correspondent)

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal. Oct. 1.—The fifty-fourth annual convention of the American Federation of Labor to which Samuel Gompers always referred in his opening convention remarks as "this great parliament of labor"—has opened under circumstances of crisis in the official family and in the face of an accumulation of questions for the organized labor move-

ment and the entire working class.

The only two conventions of the which for these reasons the present ession can be compared, were the where the late President Gompers In Washington received the greatest political defeat of his entire career when the convention went on record for the gram was received yesterday by the WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 1.- Plumb plan of reorganization of the

entrenched and the labor-marage-

Sharp Contradiction

The 54th Annual Convention is confronted with a sasic contradiction: The contradiction between the upward surge of the American working class against the hunger A monthly survey would be made in each industry to show the average weekly hours of employment and the official program of the American lines "...will act the fascist gang poked umbrellas at the press reports that and to declare a united front with the fascist gang poked umbrellas at the press reports that and to declare a united front with the fascist gang poked umbrellas at the press reports that and to declare a united front with the press reports that and to declare a united front with the press reports that and to declare a united front with the press reports that and to declare a united front with the press reports that and to declare a united front with the press reports that and to declare a united front with the press reports that and to declare a united front with the press reports that are the fascist gang poked umbrellas at the pickets and attempted to start a brawl. With rigid discipline the press reports that are the fascist gang poked umbrellas at the pickets and attempted to start a brawl. With rigid discipline the press reports that are the fascist gang poked umbrellas at the pickets and attempted to start a brawl. With rigid discipline the press reports that are the fascist gang poked umbrellas at the pickets and attempted to start a brawl. With rigid discipline the press reports that are the fascist gang poked umbrellas at the pickets and attempted to start a brawl. With rigid discipline the press reports that are the fascist gang poked umbrellas at the pickets and attempted to start a brawl. With rigid discipline the pickets are the fascist gang poked umbrellas at the pickets are the fascist gang poked umbrellas at the pickets are the fascist gang poked umbrellas at the pickets are the fascist gang poked umbrellas at the pickets are the fascist gang poked umbrellas at the fascist gang poked umbrellas at the pickets are the fascist gang poked umbrellas at the pickets are the fascist gang poked umbrellas at the fascist gang poked umbrellas at the fascist gang poked umbrellas at the pickets are controlled boards which have placed this would be divided the number has the National Recovery Act as wielded by the Administration to and all workers, liberals and paciof workers in each industry, and the its contral point, representing the avert the seamen's strike. . . resulting average would be the num- ext/nsion of the labor-management cr-operation theory and practice-Employers would not be required lass collaboration—the point where to comply with this average, by labor officialdom openly works as might set the work week at more part of the government machinery.

This is the controllector from or less than these hours, pring double time for hours in excess of the set number. The works, however, would receive only time and ever, would receive only time and the set number. The works however, would receive only time and the set number. The works however, would receive only time and the set number. The works however, would receive only time and the set number of the set number. The works however, however, would receive only time and the set number. The works however, however, would receive only time and the set number. ever, would receive only ame and tion resulting from the efforts of ture of the present condition of the same industry who fere employed terests of monopoly capital, and at fought certain stabilization features workers under the N. R. A., the re- less than the average hours would the same time to retain and broaden port proposes that the workers rely receive half of the nourly rate from their base in the ranks of a worksolely on the government agencies this fund, for ach hour he was ing class, whose living standard as \$50 a month code. and boards which have brought employed less t'an the set amount. a whole has been slashed by the five-year crisis and the employers' Our Res ers Must Spread the offensive under the N. R. A. to a point far below that of the living standards of 35 years ago.

(Continued on Page 2)

In All Ports

Hudson to Committee for Joint Strike

NEW YORK .- With Oct. 8, the strike date set by the calls of the International Union nearing, the strike preparations are assuming ever larger proportions.

arations Committee at South and Whitehall Streets Sunday night. The enthusiastic applause that followed the speakers clearly indicated that unity of action is the course chosen by the men.

Hudson Elected Unanimously A unanimous vote endorsed the request of the Baltimore J. S. P. C. whose telegram proposed to invite Roy Hudson to serve on the Atlantic Coast Joint Strike Preparations Committee here and in other Atlantic ports. In New York alone over 3,000 signed up.

N. Y. Committee Endorsed Joint Strike Preparation Committees set up in North Atlantic ports have wired their endorsement

and authorization of the New York committee to represent them in negotiations here. In response to the request of the A. C. J. S. P. C. the following tele-

Mobilization for Human ing the war period. From that time Our only purpose in coming to New on, officialdom became more firmly York has been to impress on shipowners the gravity of the situation Despite limited nature of my mission I will be glad to meet with you informally in Room 305 at 45 Broadway at 5 p. m. today." (Signed) Lloyd Garrison, Chairman National

Labor Relations Board. Despite Mr. Garrison's denial of program of monopoly capitalism any official influence in the secret

Olander Agreed to Slave Wage It is known that Victor Olander, secretary of the I. S. U., and the any time. The code was rejected of the freign rates, etc. But the fact is that Olander agreed to the

Olander's strong point with the Industrial Democracy. bosses is that if they do not deal Here is to be found the main grant more than they would have senting our locals here. When I radio cars which patrolled the area to, if he is aided in preventing the

Plans Grow For Unity **ToLeaders**

Unanimous Vote Elects 2,000,000 Chose 3,332 Delegates, Report Discloses

By Joseph North

(Daily Worker Special Correspondent) CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 1.—The So-cialist delegates attending the Sec-More than 1,000 seamen attended and Fascism—forty-nine of them, a meeting of the Joint Strike Prep- all braving expulsion for their efwith the announcement that they had called upon the National Ex- at vital stages of capital-labor dis- unless it is "voluntary," and said, ecutive Committee of their party to putes lurks in the new Roosevelt "I don't think compulsory arbitraofficially enter the League and "to proposal for "industrial peace" came tion is a sound permanent rela- cast Sunday night heartened declare a united front with the today when Frances Perkins, Section." She added, however, that the big trusts by his proposal to the there are "certain cases" in which use the machinery of government

> the conventions drive toward unity manent relation." proceedings: the report of the quested to state her own attitude

Gains Since 1933

The results compared with last year are: 1934, 3,332 delegates; 1933, 2,600 delegates. The delegates were chosen by the following number of workers and middle class people: 1934, 1,807,201; 1933, less than code our board has no jurisdiction 1,000,0000. This year 749 delegates were young workers and students. They had been sent to Chicago by

with the following announcement: "We, members of the Socialist gress Against War and Fascism appearing. representing either locals of the S. P., or as members of the S. P. representing other organizations at this of our Party at its Boston meeting attacked the picket line. to officially enter the American League Against War and Fascism

fists.

signed by all the Socialists here to wrest the placards from the workbe sent to their State executives ers' hands. Picketing remained "protest threats and explusions for crowd. united front activity."

administrative agencies."

After painting the blackest pical anational pool. Workers in the bureaucracy to discoved better anational pool. Workers in the streets in constant pool and criticism of the workers, declared dustrial war."

Sue Blagden, Mrs. Victor Berger, Seventy-five mounted police rode defend himself against the pointed aside the weapons common to inforce the streets in constant pool. Workers in the streets in constant pool. Workers in the streets in constant pool and criticism of the workers, declared dustrial war."

Sue Blagden, Mrs. Victor Berger, Seventy-five mounted police rode defend himself against the pointed aside the weapons common to inforce the streets in constant pool. Workers in the streets in constant pool and criticism of the workers, declared dustrial war."

Sue Blagden, Mrs. Victor Berger, Seventy-five mounted police rode defend himself against the pointed aside the weapons common to inforce the streets in constant pool. Workers are industry who were employed to the police rode defend himself against the pointed aside the weapons common to inforce the streets in constant pool. Workers are midustry who were employed to the police rode defend himself against the pointed aside the weapons common to inforce the streets in constant pool and the bureaucracy to discover better the bureaucracy to discover better police rode and the burea

(Continued on Page 6)

States and all workers, liberals and new Roosevelt N. R. A. policy-mak- both sides can't agree—and at such to effect a "truce" in all labor ing committee, said she disapproved times, the implication was she ap-This marked the high point of of compulsory arbitration as a "pre-Asked if the President's radio an- fact that industrialists invoke comnouncement that he will call on pulsory arbitration only in those "certain cases" where strike action par with the enthusiasm of the those "truly" representative of capcongress, which opened with 17,000 ital and labor to use dispute-settling is too effective to be beaten. persons at the Coliseum mass meet—machinery to stop strikes didn't Talking at great length a Talking at great length and with ing on Friday night. ItI preceded the other high lights of yesterday's Perkins hastily said, "No." Re-(Continued on Page 2)

Compulsory Arbitration Lurks

In Roosevelt 'Truce' Schemes,

Secretary Perkins Implies

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 1 .- gave a long discussion of why ar-

hint that compulsory arbitration bitration is not "true arbitration"

Green Hails President's Move

To Bind Labor Not to Struggle

Against Growing Boss Attacks

Anti-Fascist Silk Workers Workers Fight Hit Renegade Police Ban Attacks on CP Francisco general strike.

Willie Sue Blagden, of Boston, a NEW YORK.—Anti-fascist work-

Sunday night after a gang of thugs, nist Party had failed them in the strike-breaking arbitration proposemerging from the theatre and em- textile strike. Congress, or as visitors, call upon boldened by the mobilization of the National Executive Committee hundreds of police and patrolmen, that the Communist Party could

> the fascist gang poked umbrellas at American Federation of Labor were upon under which wages, hours pickets held their ranks solid, refusing to be provoked. While the

Hundreds of police swarmed into Among the 49 signers were Willie the streets clubbing the workers. refused to be provoked. Scores of 1931, he was loudly booed. Willie Sue Blagden closed her detectives, the police admitted, were with him, the rank and file will speech with the following state-take over the leadership of the strike movement and force them to would have preferred to be represented in the crowd of workers attending the mass meeting. At a strike movement and force them to

(Continued on Page 2)

PATERSON, N. J., Oct. 1.-A. J. member of the Socialist Party, ers last night massed to continue Muste, purveyor of Fascist doctrines struggles, and those threatening in brought the convention to its feet to picket the Academy of Music, wrapped in revolutionary phrases the marine industry on the East coined by the American Workers Coast that Roosevelt made his a 14th St. theatre, at which the Party, and James Cannon, Trotsky-proposals for a "truce" in order to Party of the U. S. A. in attendance National Fascist Band, headlined as ite renegade, received no sympathy at the Second United States Con- "Mussolini's Favorite Musicians," is from the more than 100 textile workers whom they tried to con-Picketing raeched violence late vince on Sunday that the Commu- workers utilized in all of his

> not provide political leadership to As they emerged from the theatre the rank and file upsurge in the ments which can be mutually relied

the pickets and attempted to start met by the audience with vehement During a question period, which agreement or in case of disagree-Protest Threats, Explusions
In addition, a resolution was limited to eight inquiries from both speakers, textile worker after textile worker made clear his discontinuous agreement or in case of disagreement, agreement or in case of disagreement, agreement or in case of disagreement, and the modification of state or Federal arbitration of State or Federal textile worker made clear his dis- agencies."

trust of the two armyless generals "Where were you during the textile stated: strike?' When Cannon, in an effort to or employes permanently to lay

pore of Milwaukee, Richard Whit- attempted to terrorize the thou- that the National Textile Workers ten, of the New Orleans Local of sands of workers who assembled at Union permitted its workers to scab lower wages will be riveted on the the S. P., who is also the National mass meetings opposite the theatre. during the strike of Paterson United workers, the company unions will head of the Students League for The workers held their ranks and Textile Workers Union members in be given added impetus, and the

(Special to the Dally Worker) LOWELL, Mass., Oct. 1. - More

(Continued on Page 2)

In order to delude the workers and the National Executive Council peaceful, however, until Mayor La of social fascism. Several workers into the belief that their right of of the Party and the Y.P.S.L. to Guardia's police swung into the asked point-blank of the speakers, strike is not taken away, Roosevelt "I shall not ask either employers

> In the meanwhile, however, fighting capacity of the unions will be crippled long enough to aid Roosevelt satisfy the wishes of the

big trusts and other employers. He is concerned primarily now, than 25 discrimination cases have with the huge strike wave gripping the country, to set the machinery of government into motion to force a truce, so that the bosses' profits will not be interfered with by the growing militancy of the workers'

strike struggles. Roosevelt's speech, carefully timed with the strikebreaking conclusion of the textile strike, and the opening of the 54th annual convention of the American Federation of Labor at San Francisco, is the unmistakable indication that Roosevelt is moving shrewdly and relentlessly toward the outlawry of strikes as the major objective of the government in its efforts to maintain the again dwindling profits of the

measure of militarizing the country's industry in preparation for Side by side with this preparation for the outlawry of strikes was a

Wall Street monopolies and as a

deliberate silence on the question of unemployment insurance.

Silent on Inflation

Roosevelt's speech was also noteworthy for its studied silence on the question of inflation and the stabilization of the dollar. With the tension growing sharper on the international exchanges, and the pressure of the competition of British and Japanese imperialism taking increasing shares of American business, this silence signifies that the Roosevelt government is planning

'TRUCE' TALK A SIGNAL FOR NEW DRIVE ON LABOR

-AN EDITORIAL-

DRESIDENT ROOSEVELT'S "fireside" radio broadcast Sunday night, greeted so avidly and enthusiastically by William Green, should arouse the whole working class to the dangers of a new attack on their living standards, on their union rights

and on the weapon of strike that confronts them. Roosevelt's speech was carefully timed with the opening of the A. F. of L. convention. Momentous problems face this convention, and every worker in the country. Obviously, the N.R.A. has smashed down living standards. At the same time, it has raised the profits of the employers, as Roosevelt and his associates boast.

Tremendous strikes have taken place against this employers' offensive under the flag of the Blue Eagle. Tens of thousands of textile workers have been blacklisted. Every effort is being made to quell the growing strike movement in marine and in other industries through Roosevelt's scheme of arbitration boards.

What did Roosevelt propose to meet the mounting struggles of the workers against the battering down of their living standards? Why did Green react so quickly in accepting Roosevelt's proposal for a truce in the strike struggles? Why was Roose-

velt silent on the most burning issue confronting the 16,000,000 unemployed, unemployment insurance? Let us look to the inspiration for Roosevelt's speech. He proposes that the entire working class cease its struggle for higher wages. Remember, Hoover in 1930, when the crisis first struck the workers, asked the same thing. Green and the other A. F. of L. officials at that time seized at the opportunity to pledge the employers that there

there would be no "wage cuts." But what happened? The whole working class of the country had its wages slashed more than 50 per cent. That truce was the signal for the most unabashed, the most vicious drive against the standard of living of the American workers.

would be "no strikes." The employers promised

Roosevelt wants to repeat this onslaught on the American workers, this time under the specific conditions of the N.R.A., under his maze and snare of arbitration boards, under the whole scheme which he has used to hike the profits of the employers and smash down the standards of living of the workers.

Here is what happened in the textile industry. Under the code, the workers living standards were beaten down so low, the speed-up increased so fast,

their union rights frittered away so viciously, that 500,000 workers came out on one of the most heroic and militant strikes in the history of the American labor movement.

Roosevelt now wants to stop this movement of struggle, while the employers bring up their heavy artillery of attack against the workers. And he does this under the guise of a treacherous truce.

Steel workers, auto workers, textile workers, aluminum workers, and all others who have felt the effects of Roosevelt's arbitration scheme, remember his previous promises. Weirton steel workers! Remember he promised you N.R.A. elections. Now you have been forced into company unions. Auto workers! Remember he promised you better conditions. Instead, he fastened on your necks an arbitration board that has helped the employers against labor. Textile workers! What did you get? You were betrayed by Gorman & Co., and you got the blacklist, the yellow dog contract, the bayonet, tear gas and the club.

Now Roosevelt wants to extend these benefits of "truce" to the whole working class, so that while the hands of the workers are tied by the collaboration of the employers and the A. F. of L. officials, the government can carry forward at greater

speed, with more daring, with more audacity, its efforts to increase the profits of the bosses at the expense of greater starvation for the masses.

The steel trust is now preparing for a 10 per cent wage cut for its workers. Under Roosevelt's truce, already accepted by William Green, who deplores every struggle of the workers for their rights, this wage cut would be put over, and the government would step in on the ground of "arbitration" and the "truce" to stop strikes or other resistance of the workers.

Roosevelt's "truce" is the first step forwards compulsory arbitratoin, a forced ending of the growing strike struggles, in order to carry forward the offensive of capital against labor.

Let us see the sources Roosevelt used to justify his schemes. He quoted Elihu Root and the deeds of the British national concentration government, the worst reactionaries, and friends of the big trusts. Elihu Root was a dye-in-the-wool reactionary Republican, a lawyer for the big corporations. Roosevelt answered the Republicans' attacks on the N.R.A. by quoting Root to prove that he was carrying out the policies of the big trusts, the poli-

(Continued on Page 2)

(Continued on Page 2)

Amter Presents Communist Answer to Workers' Needs

WORKERS AT RALLY Court Rejects VOTE TO RATIFY C.P. PROGRAM AND SLATE

Olgin Cheered as He Calls for Energetic Campaign; Briehl, Burroughs, Begun, Other Red Candidates Speak in Coliseum

NEW YORK .- Only the election platform of the Communist Party contains the essential measures of action by chain gang for the "crime" of orwhich the problem of the working class in the crisis can be solved, Israel Amter, Communist candidate for governor, told more than 2,000 workers, who with a thunderous "aye"

By Bill Dunne

(Continued from Page 1)

Report Reveals Crisis

great strike movement has involved

convention. The report discloses,

Workers, bankrupt business peo-

sexes who become of working age

Rank and File Program

thing that officialdom can do to

nance and good standing of unem-

belong to any political party, and

to be free from discrimination, sus-

pension or expulsion by reason of

this affiliation, religious belief,

point in the rank and file program.

organization of the struggle against

Challenge to Members

volved in decisive battles with rapa-cious employers and their various

government agencies in the year

that has elapsed since their last convention in Washington, D. C., by

including in those who welcomed

his position as chairman of the La-

workers by ordering back to work

during the general strike the mem-

labor-hating

central major political de-

For this reason there will be in

1,700,000.

ganizational split.

voted to ratify the New York State platform and candidates of the Communist Party on Sunday in the open air arena of the Bronx Coli-Amter blasted the pretentions of AFL Parley Fight

the capitalist parties to friendship for the working masses, and exposed the falseness of such claims by analyzing the platform of the Republican Party and the record of the Democratic Party in office. He also pointed out the gulf between Socialist Party platform as- Trades Department, a fight for pesurances and the performance of sition by officials, of such intensity Socialist Party leaders in public that it could bring about an or-

M. J. Olgin, candidate for Condeclared that "a vigorous Communist election campaign will speed the day when the great sledge hammer of proletarian revolution complete failure of the A. F. of L. crushes capitalism to bits and sets officialdom to solve the main conin its place the dictatorship of the tradiction. (These reports as a

Fred Briehl, Ulster County dairy and comment some time before the farmer, and candidate for Attorney- official opening of the convention.) General, brought "revolutionary This year the official crisis took on greetings from the class-conscious such a sharp character and the toilers on the farms."

Williana Burroughs, candidate for so many hundreds of thousands of Lieutenant-Governor, spoke briefly, as did Isidor Begun, candidate for City Comptroller. Begun pointed gram, that the release of the re-City Comptroller. Begun pointed out that Communist leaders in public office could lead the struggles of the masses outside of the halls tents before the convention. of legislative bodies far more ef-

Steel Workers In Youngstown

(Special to the Daily Worker)

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, Oct. 1.workers at a mass meeting here Saturday elected a committee to place their relief demands before County Relief Commissioner R. A. Noble ple and jobless professional elements, together with those of both and won their demands.

The relief office was forced to yearly, make a total of three to four mand is of great importance here millions of jobless people in the since for years thousands of jobless United States. since for years thousands of Jobless families have been without water in their homes. Clothing according to the control of the need, room rent for single workers, some tinkering with the methods of complete abolition of forced labor application of the N. R. A. for single unemployed workers and recognition of the Unemployment Council grievance committees were this convention, in spite of every also wrung from the relief office.

At the mass meeting, Locke Miller, prevent it, a sharp clash between Democratic candidate for Congress, the head-in-the-sand policy exspoke for the "New Deal" program pressed in the Executive Council's and was thoroughly exposed by John report, and the program of the Meldon. Ben Gray, Unemployment American Federation of Labor rank Council organizer and Communist and file committee. The rank and candidate for State Senator, was file program is divided into some elected to head the committee to the four sections, and in its concrete relief office. Other speakers were form is expressed in some twenty-Welcher, Communist candidate for five resolutions introduced by dele-County Commissioner and John Ju- gates from practically all of the lio, Communist candidate for Sher- major industrial sections of the Resolutions protesting the con- country. viction of Phil Frankfeld, Pennsylvania unemployed leader, and James the endorsement of H. R. 7598 -Eagan, national secretary of the Workers Unemployment Insurance Steel and Metal Workers Indus- Bill-stands at the head of the list. trial Union in Pennsylvania, were Demands for the establishment of

Anti - Fascists Fight Police Ban

(Continued from Page 1)

cut off all traffic leading into the racial or national origin, is a major

For the past three days, workers under the leadership of the Italian Workers Clubs, the League Against War and Fascism, and the Downtown Section of the Communist Party have picketed the theatre and meetings attended by tens of thousands of workers.

While the pickets and the thousands of workers attending the mass meetings have held a determined stand that Mussolini's black shirts shall not appear in this country, hundreds of small voluntary contributions have been received for support of the heroic Communist Party of Italy. Resolutions demanding the freedom of Gramsci, leader of the Communist Party of Italy, now held in Mussolini's dungeons were adopted by the New York

the 54th Annual Convention individuals like Vandeleur, who utilized Mayor LaGuardia's police issued a statement yesterday prohibiting all further picketing at the theatre. bor Council to make the first breach in the ranks of the Bay Counties

Classified

GIRL to care for child, 5, live in. Call bers of his union of municipal streetcar men; Paul Scharrenburg, W. 15th St. Apt. 30.

WANTED small family. Share dentist's modern apartment. Washington Heights. Federation of Labor and the International Seamen's Union, an open and avowed enemy of all move-ments of the rank and file of the membership; John Coefield, of the Plumbers and Steamfitters Union, as the personal representative of Bargain. Billings 5-6615.

HELP us furnish our office. Desks, tables, chairs, office equipment needed. League of Workers' Theatres, 114 W. 14th St. Chelsea 2-9523.

SUNNY, modern room, man. Reasonable. Vicinity Union Square, 145 Second Aye., Apt. 20. Gr. 7-2088.

Second Appeal For Herndon

NEW YORK .- The Georgia Sung of the appeal for Angelo Hern-on, the International Labor De-

fense reported yesterday.

The State Supreme Court had ruled several months ago against an appeal by the I. L. D. attorneys set aside the infamous verdict of the lower lynch court, sentencing ployed workers together to fight for terday that the fight for Herndon's complete freedom will now be caried to the U.S. Supreme Court.

Trial of Leah Young and Annie Mae Leathers, two white textile trikers held on charges similar to hose on which Herndon was convicted, "inciting to insurrection," has been set for Oct. 23, in Atlanta Ga. They will be defended by John H. Geer, Atlanta Negro attorney, who, with Ben Davis, Jr., defended Herndon, and Louis M. Tatham, white Atlanta lawyer. reason for such open and bitter

A provisional committee for their struggles as that in the Building defense is being organized in At-They are being held incommunicado in Fulton Tower Prison and denied visitors and medical aid. The I. L. D. has made an urgent

Report Reveals Crisis appeal that protest telegrams and resolutions demanding their imgress from the 23rd District, in the North Bronx, was cheered as he Council, released for publication on mediate and unconditional release Monday, Oct. 1, coinciding with the be sent to Gov. Talmadge, and Assistant Solicitor Hudson, both at

Forced Arbitration rule are released for publication Seen in 'Truce' Plan

(Continued from Page 1)

the President's proposal does mean, Miss Perkins said, "It doesn't mean he will seek pledges that there be no strikes, but simply that there port was delayed to prevent embarrassing discussion of its con-tents before the convention. be plans to use the dispute-settling machinery of the government in-The release of the report of the stead of plans for large movements

Executive Council entirely over-Here again the Secretary failed shadows the formal opening of the to explain the difference between agreeing not to plan "large movenot in formal language, but in its ments" such as strikes, and agreeing not to make strike action efcomposition and general construc-tion, the crisis of leadership in the fective by preparations.

official family. It attempts to ex-"I want to point that the unions plain away the fundamental prob-[obviously meaning American Fed-Win Relief lem arising from the continued eration of Labor union leaders] growth of the army of permanently have shown a real disposition to use inemployed and the fact that the the agencies for settling disputes, Executive Council itself, using the as in the textile case," the Secremost liberal methods of estimate, tary beamed. "In fact, there is a disposition upon the part of both can place the number of workers Three hundred unemployed steel returned to industry as a result of labor and industry to do this. The normal pattern for several months the operation of the N. R. A. at now has been to use the agencies of the government.'

Asked how she expects the Roose velt conferences, then, to influence a condition in which many great strikes have occurred despite all these friendly "dispositions," Secpromise to turn on the water in the homes of the unemployed. This de-turned to work, added to the "dispositions." Sechember 25 these friendly "dispositions." Sechember 25 the number 25 these friendly "dispositions." Sechember 25 these friendly "dispositions." Sechember 25 the number 25 "dispositions" would be "furthered" in the coming conferences, for they

Relief Lists in Illinois Now Near New Peak

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 1.—Relief lists throughout the State have continued to swell during the summer and are expected to reach an all-time high by winter. In the down-state counties, 163,456 families are now on the relief lists as ompared with 98,707 a year ago. In Cook County, Chicago, where the most concerted drive is made to slash families off relief, more than 18,500 families have been added to the relief lists since a year ago. During last October, 137,872 fam-Unemployment Insurance, and ilies were on relief in Chicago, Today about 156,372 families are the relief lists in Chicago. the ending of the World's Fair this month, 30,000 underpaid workers genuine inner-union democracy, the

will be thrown out of work at one repudiation of the official denial of right to sympathetic and general strikes, provision for the mainte-The Illinois Emergency Relief Commission has announced that the State is expected to provide only ployed union members, demands \$2,500,000 out of the estimated refor the right of union members to lief budget of \$12,000,000 for October.

of President Roosevelt's Longshoremen's Mediation Board, created to check and strangle the efforts of the Maritime Union members to obtain something better than starvation wage standard enforced mand is for the endorsement and by the waterfront employers' union organization of the struggle against fascism, and the war program of supporters of fascism, in this and whose police, financed in part by other countries, and in every form the anti-labor war fund of the in which these fascist and war standard Oil Company and other tendencies manifest themselves.

Standard Oil Company and other open shrop corporations, murdered open shrop corporations, murdered and wounded striking members of The official leadership of the A. the International Longshoremen's F. of L. by the methods of organiz-Association as well as members of ing its open session has thrown other San Francisco unions, the down the gauntlet to its dues- Executive Council of the American paying membership, hundreds of thousands of whom have been in-main issue clearly.

The Main Issue

This issue is whether the trade Textile Workers, and others were union movement in America is to taken to the Protective Union. These be an instrument of all wage work-cases are being forwarded to Washers and their chief weapon against ington regimented, cowed, and in general Bunting Company dressers are talk-"gentled" for the profit making ing strike in protest against making purposes of the employers.

In this way the basic issues have weavers plan a sympathy strike been made clear and there is going with the dressers if seven dressers to be a fight on these issues in are not reemployed. The Protective 54th Annual Convention which—no Union officials in the membership majority of the dues-paying mem- minutes by recording Sam Harzigian bership of the American Federa- as suspended. tion of Labor-and to a great ex-

'Truce' Talk a Signal for New Drive on Labor

(Continued from Page 1)

cies of J. P. Morgan, of U. S. Steel, of the Mellons, the Fords and the Rockefellers.

He heaped unstinted praise on the policy of the labor-hating conservatives of England, those who passed the Labor Disputes Bill, which ties the hand of labor and penalizes them for conducting strikes against the policies of the big trusts.

That is how Roosevelt answers his critics in the camp of the Republican Party in the trust offices in Wall Street. He says to them in substance: "Gentlemen, I am following the policy of Elihu Root, the great corporation lawyer, who worked in your interest. I am taking my precedents from the Tory imperialist government of Great Britain in their fight against the workers.'

When Roosevelt announced his program of strangling the struggles of the workers for higher wages, for shorter hours, for improved labor conditions, what did William Green say? He let the cat out of the bag. He showed the whole thing was timed to help the reactionary officials of the A. F. of L. in their drive against the upsurge of the American workers. Green declared:

"I feel that the President's address was timely, appropriate and impressive." Why is it timely to Green? The smoke of the great textile battle still hovers over the whole working class. The textile workers have been miserably, shamelessly, brutally betrayed. The "truce" is "timely" to help the Textile Labor Relations Board in its trickery of arbitration. It is "timely" in Green's and Ryan's efforts to stop the marine strike; it is "timely" in their strivings to stop a steel strike against threatening

Why is it "appropriate" and "impressive"? It is appropriate" because it suits the needs of the osses, who want this truce so that they can fasten the low wage codes on the necks of the workers, so they can fight against union recognition, so they can teach the workers a lesson. And for Green it is impressive because it gives him an opportunity to overawe, to fool, to mislead, to betray the workers by a new set of promises. He thinks the workers have short memories. He hopes they have forgotten the Hoover truce that cost them so dearly. He hopes they have forgotten Weirton steel, the steel strike, the threatening auto strike, and the hundreds of instances of stark betrayal through "arbitration" boards.

Roosevelt wants the workers to believe that if truce is called, with William Green sticking his feet under the table with the employers, that they can be assured of an improvement in their condi-

Does Roosevelt also believe that the workers are utter fools?

How did the government act in all past struggles between the workers and the employers? How many workers were shot down, wounded and arrested in strikes for higher wages? Over 60 were butchered; thousands were wounded or arrested How many employers were even so much as touched by the government? Not a single one.

The government is the instrument of oppression of the employers, striving in this crisis to safeguard the bosses' profits, under the cry of "recovery," while the most vicious and furious attack is leveled against the workers. In the period of a so-called truce, the Roosevelt government hopes to put over the employers' wishes and at the same time eliminate the resentment and resistance of the workers.

Roosevelt utilizes the differences he has with the Liberty League and with certain sections of the employers around the demagogy of Section 7-a of the N.R.A. to further the illusions he is trying to spread about the role of his government. He says, on the one hand, there are the striking workers. and on the other, the employers. In the middle he maintains, stands the "impartial" government, By this fable of the separation of the government and the interests of the capitalist class he hopes to strengthen the hand of the government for a smashing blow against the working class.

Every worker should answer right now: "No, Mr. Roosevelt and Mr. Green, no you exploiters of labor and your labor lieutenants, you will not get away with this trick. We know that behind your honeyed words, behind your promises, lurks a more vicious onslaught against labor. You have sweated us so that you could coin profits out of our toil and blood. Now you want us to submit like slaves to your new demands. We will not do it. We will organize our own forces, the mighty arm of labor, to resist your schemes of new slavery. Your N.R.A. codes have brought us new miseries. We will fight against them. And we will fight against the traitors and betrayers in our own ranks who are so ready to unite with you in your rotten schemes that smack of Fascist attacks against the workers.'

The Communist Party from the very beginning warned the workers against the N. R. A., tore off every shred of its lying demagogic promises, and showed the naked mailed fist of the big trusts behind it. The Communist Party, back in 1930, when Green and Hoover declared their truce, warned the workers that the "no strike" agreement would mean drastic wage-cuts. That came to pass only too soon and with terrible effects on the workers.

Now, more emphatically than ever before, the Communist Party sounds the alarm, warns the workers that Roosevelt's truce means for them the most drastic attack not only on their standards of living, which Roosevelt has been whittling away with a wantonness and shamelessly never before

Silk Workers Hit

Attack on C. P.

(Continued from Page 1)

seen, but will result in the most drastic drive on every right of organization, on the right to strike, on the right to build unions, on the right to organize and struggle against the bosses' offensive.

Sixteen million unemployed and their families face the coming bitter winter without jobs, and without adequate relief. What did Roosevelt have to say to them? Did he promise them unemployment insurance? He did not. He resorted again to his lying promises delivered during his election campaign and repeated time and again since his inauguration in March, 1933. He again promised jobs to every unemployed worker.

You promised, Mr. Roosevelt, that the N. R. A. would end unemployment? But right now your own Department of Labor is forced to admit that unemployment is growing. You say there will be no permanent unemployment army in America? But for the past five years there has been one of over 16,000,000! The unemployed cannot eat your words or your promises. Why were you silent on unemployment insurance? You were not silent about profits. You assured the employers that your government would see to it that they made a "fair profit" on their investments. You proudly boast about the great rise in profits the parasites achieved under the N. R. A. But what about the unemployed? Your promised jobs have not materialized, and no one knows better than you in the present deepening general crisis of American capitalism, that these jobs will not materialize. On the contrary, with the speed-up and stretch-out, with the efforts of the employers, aided by the N. R. A., to increase profits, THE PERMANENT ARMY OF UNEMPLOYED WILL GROW.

This is the perspective that faces the unemployed and employed. And you still have nothing to say concretely about unemployment insurance. You want a truce in the struggles of the unemployed for unemployment insurance, just as you want a truce in strikes, so that the schemes of the big trusts, of the big monopolies, of the bankers and rich parasites, will not be disturbed.

We must say, Mr. Roosevelt, you have made your position clear. Your answer to the big trusts who criticized you, to the Republicans and others who found some fault with your program, will bring great joy to them. They want nothing better than a truce in the class struggle. They are sorely harried by the militancy, by the heroism, by the fighting spirit of the American workers. They were afraid that the betraying leaders who stood between them and victory for the workers would not be able to hold out against the growing upsurge in the

Every banker, every coupon clipping drone will be thankful for your silence on unemployment in-

But we say to the workers, we say to American labor, Roosevelt's speech is a challenge to you. Are you ready to accept his slave truce? Are you ready to leave your fate in the hands of Green, the National Manufacturers Association and the Roosevelt government that panders and fawns at the feet of the big trusts?

Roosevelt's truce must be emphatically rejected. It is the road to further enslavement, to lower wages, to a smashing of the unions and the rights won by the workers over decades of bitter and bloody struggles. In every union, the cry must go up: "No truce!" There can be no truce with the profit-grabbing employers and their wage slaves. There can be only struggle for the rights of labor, for better living conditions, for building the trade unions, for recognition, and against the whole lying, foul scheme of the Roosevelt government.

This is the position of the Communist Party, and one it will fight for at every turn, among the broadest masses of workers, in the trade unions, in the election campaigns, before the shop gates, in the mills, in every nook where workers gather,

The answer to Roosevelt's silence on the burning issue of unemployment insurance must be a tremendous campaign to force the government to pass the Workers' Unemployment Insurance Bill. Do not let him get away with this failure even to mention what is a life and death need for every unemployed worker and his family, and for every employed worker faded with the prospect of being flung out of a job at any moment.

Roosevelt's truce and Green's acceptance throws upon every Communist the greatest tasks of exposing its meaning to the whole working class. It confronts them with the necessity for plunging more energetically into the struggle, in the trade unions, in the shops, mines, mills, to defeat this nefarious scheme, to stop the bosses' new offensive and to drive labor ever forward for its immediate demands and for the still greater struggle against the capitalists' efforts to solve their crisis at the expense of the toiling masses.

It is this policy of "truce" and submission to N.R.A. and government attacks that Roosevelt wants the workers to vote for in the elections. Only the Communist Party's election program, and its day to day struggle, offer a correct answer to this new

Roosevelt's new offensive raises still sharper the question of the united action of the working class for the defense of its rights and for higher living standards. The Socialist leadership have shown their trend towards unity with Green, Gorman & Co. Now every Socialist must ask: "What will be the stand of his Party on the truce?" There should be only one answer: a united front of the Socialist and Communist Parties against the whole offensive of the Roosevelt regime against the working class.

NEW N.R.A. CHAIRMAN HEADS ANTI-LABOR FORCES IN SOUTH

Clay Williams Leads Board of Directors of the Reynolds Tobacco Company in Winston-Salem, Notorious Labor Exploiters

WINSTOM-SALEM, N. C., Oct. 1.—Clay Williams of this city, who was recently appointed head of the new Roosevelt board to take charge of the N. R. A., has a record of being one of the most notoious exploiters in the South. The Reynolds Tobacco Company, of which Mr. Williams

east 17,000,000 persons will have to

The number probably will be

nigher than that—how much higher,

squarely in opposition to the Work-

ers' Unemployment and Social In-

surance Bill and at the same time declared Civil Works Administration

jobs are out of the picture of the

Hopkins and by President Roosevelt

that all citizens must contribute to

He was asked to comment upon

declined to comment, saying all un-

included the Workers' Bill in that

group, however, he replied sharply,

'I said I didn't like that bill two

months ago and I still am opposed

CommunistConference

Selects County Ticket

CENTRALIA, Wash., Oct. 1 .-

Delegates representing Communist organizations in Centralia, Winlock,

Foledo and Hanford Valley, meet-

ing here at the Lewis County nom

lowing slate:

inating convention, chose the fol-

C. W. Witchey for Sheriff, H. P. Huff for County Commissioner,

District 1, and Rosella Smith for

ion went on record endorsing th

Workers' Unemployment Insurance

Bill and Initiative Measure No. 4.

by which the workers in this State

hope to bring the Workers' Unem-

ployment Insurance Bill to a ref-

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Workmen's Sick and Death Benefit Fund

erendum vote in the election.

State Representative. The conven-

in Northwestern Area

charities, Hopkins replied:

placed himself

don't know."

The official

inemployed for good.

need assistance."

was once the president and with which he is now connected as head Workers' Bill of the board of directors, maintains labor conditions in its plant that are even worse than those existing Again Opposed

By Hopkins

This company, whose dividend disbursements in the year of 1933 were \$36,000,000, paid out in wages only \$12,000,000. There is no code in the tobacco industry and the WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 1 average wage is \$5 and \$6 a week, Federal Relief Administrator Harry Any worker who is known to be a Hopkins estimated today that at union member in the Reynolds plant is immediately discharged. Most of the Reynolds employes are exist on relief this winter. He said, Negroes.

Company Controls Town

The entire political machine of the City of Winston-Salem is under the direct domination of this company which the new N.R.A. director heads. Workers' demonstrations and parades are not permitted after working hours. According to a local law, workers are allowed to parade only during the hours that they are Hopkins' estimate of 17,000,000- in the factory. At the behest of odd unempleyed, he said, counted the Reynelds Company an anti-red only those who will be on public flag law was placed on the local relief. Asked how many more he statute books. Anyone displaying expected to get aid from private a red flag in the city is liable to gencies—in view of statements by a severe chain gang sentence.

Strike Feeling High

Meanwhile strike sentiment runs handful-well, enough for them to high among the Reynolds workers. Local union tobacco workers, working under semi-legal conditions, are the Deane plan for unemployment preparing for strike action for higher wages and shorter hours and 'reserves" instead of insurance. He everything indicates that a strike will take place in the very near employment insurance schemes had future. some merit." Asked whether he

When the strike comes in the Reynolds plant Mr. Clay Williams, one of the men chiefly responsible for the wretched working condi-tions, will be the "impartial" N. R. A. mediator. How Mr. Williams will attempt to "mediate" the strike how he will act in all strike disputes, is made clear by Mr. Williams' record. His "mediation" efforts will be strikebreaking activ-

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DIO SERVICE

BY MEN WHO KNOW HOW SPECIAL DISCOUNTS TO COMPADY READERS OF THE "DAILY" SQUARE RADIO CO. WEGOANYWHERE

been complained of to the United

one worker do the work of eight

as suspended.

Although the Protective Union a fascist-like "incorporation" for the biggest Wall Street employers, is Governor Merriam, labor-hating and strike-breaking acting executive of California, whose troops occupied the waterfront in an attempt to break the maritime work-tempt to break the maritime work-temp

the workers' protest. They auto, steel, and textile strikes in the shouted, "Kick him out. He doesn't recent past, just when American labelong here." Six workers at the Communist cuts and slashes in the real pur-

Party meeting Sunday, where N. chasing power of its pay envelopes.

Sparks explained the Party's posi
Green Approves tion on the textile strike, signed applications to join the Party and paid

Roosevelt Truce all enemies, or whether it is to be a means by which wage workers are this morning, but the American Aimed at Strikes

(Continued from Page 1)

further devaluation of the dollar, more inflation, and more aggressive expansion for foreign markets.

bor faces the menace of new wage

That this plan has been worked out in close cooperation with the heads of the American Federation of Labor is indicated by the enthusias tic support which William Green im- 125 FOLDING CHAIRS mediately made public on the announcement of Roosevelt's plan.

"I feel that the address was time ly, appropriate and impressive," Roosevelt in his speech deliber-

ately falsified the situation by claiming that the present period has seen the smallest number of strikes of any comparable period. Actually, of-54th Annual Convention which—no matter how disguised or confused the form may be in which it manifests itseff on the convention floor due to the suppressive acts of officialdom—will represent the wishes and the will of the overwhelming and the will of the overwhelming and the matter how disguised or confused meeting Saturday, with 500 attending to meeting Saturday, with 500 attending meeting saturday meeting saturday. These measures can only mean in the cost of living, begins of the country's history. With the approach of the country's history. With the approach of the country's history with the saturday meeting saturday meeting saturday meeting saturday meeting saturday. This new step of Roosevelt toward tion" strikebreaking agreements, the

HATHAWAY URGES UNITY OF ALL IN FIGHT ON FASCISM AND WAR

Anti-Fascist Spirit

Among Youth

It is my first pleasure, as well

Bureau and the National Commit-

We realize that many of the

You will understand that I can

only bring you a report of the last

half year's work from personal ob-

servation for the reason that I was drafted into this work in the middle

movement in social strategy in this country was to form a League

Tells of League's Structure

the league was set up at the last session of the congress, at the first

ssion of the congress last year. It

representation. It also includes a national council which is the emer-

gency body created for the purpose

been added to the officials of the

Robert Morss Lovett and Lincoln

United Front of Class Interests

It is a united front not simply of

fact that the organization has been

able to carry on, with all it has accomplished, with what it has done

largely accredited to the devotion

work of its assistant secretary,

and work of its assistant secretary, Ida Dailes. I found an organiza-

its work without any such means

The most recent example is the

Mr.

League two vice-presidents,

Steffens. [Applause].

his united front.

ing the coming year.

The organizational structure of

[Applause].

Points to War Plans and Trend to Fascism in Congress Speech

Following is the full text of the address of Clarence Hathaway, editor of the Daily Worker, speak ing in the name of the Central Committee of Party, at the Second U. S. Congress Against War, in Chicago:

Friends, Comrades, Fellow-Fighters Against War! In opening my remarks, I want to extend the warmest greetings to every delegate and every organization represented here in the name of the Central Committee of the Communist Party. The Communist Party welcomes this Second Congress Against War and Fascism as evidence of the strong beginning of the united front in the United States. We particularly want to note the improvement in the composition of this Congress as compared with the Congress last year. resentation, particularly represenunion movement is being drawn into civil war against capitalism, for the the anti-war struggle. We also destruction of capitalism. want particularly to greet the delegates who are here from the Socialist Party and from the Young People's Socialist League.

The Communist Party has adhered to that position. The correctness of the position of the Communist Party in our opinion is proved by

clared their own personal support the Soviet Union is established.

The Soviet Union thus not set they were determined to do everything within their power to realize the united front, are certainly welindicating the sentiment among large masses of the Socialist workof Socialist and Communist workers will be realized as the first step in rallying the masses in the struggle against war and fascism. United Front Possible

The Communist Party recognizes quite clearly that there are fundamental differences between many organizations represented here. Beween Socialists and Communists, between Communists and Pacifists. between Communists and other fundamental differences and of the need of clarifying these differences, serving peace, but that this very believes that it is possible to establish and to maintain the united lish and to maintain the united front of the American workers on the issue of war and fascism and to develop the most determined mass. develop the most determined mass struggle against every step in the direction of fascism, against all the has been a period of increasing prepdevelop the most determined mass made for war and against war itself.

with the representation we have now but to go out from this convention intends to solve by means of armed individually and collectively to work military force. united front of the broadest masses on the issue of fascism and war. At must state before a gathering of this kind that it has not forgotten the past history of the working class it in most countries. the last World War and the reacmovement to that war. We want to

the Communist Party was born.

C. P. Born in Post-War Struggle formed it against the last impethat divided the working class movement. These issues in the main imperialist war after the outbreak of the war itself. The left wing in working class movement—the left wing that formed the Commuclass, and then with the working class, and then with the working Chinese people, and in its prepar-class in power to proceed to build ations for the war aimed at the should be carried back to every fac-

a Socialist society.

The leaders in the Socialist and labor movements rejected this class formation has been brought to raily huge masses of American analysis of war. They found one light that proved that the United workers to join the united front excuse after another to justify their support of their own imperialist gov-ficials are directly tied to the arma-Now comrades, while we recognize ernment in the war. They supported

trade union movement, went over completely to the capitalist class

war preparations in this country.

Furthermore, it has brought of

of Marx and of Lenin, that we



CLARENCE HATHAWAY

bers of affiliated organizations. Whenever there is occasion to dem-wider representation of interests proved conditions, for all demands of the people, trying to develop the We here already see a broader rep-to the point where they will be able to overthrow capitalism, to transtatives from a much larger number form the imperialist war then going of trade unions, showing that the on into a revolutionary war, into a

Party in our opinion is proved by the fact that today over one-sixth platform by Mrs. Berger and by Mrs. Barr, both members of the Socialist Party, in which they de- down, the working class is in control.

The Soviet Union thus not only represents the working class in power, the working class marching forward toward a Socialist society; comed by the Communist Party as but the Soviet Union, where the workers are in control, stands out today as the symbol of peace, as the ers and as proof that a united front symbol of the whole struggle against war and fascism. We state that the peace policy of the Soviet of money for his fascist enterprises Union, combined with the anti-war and that he had never revealed struggle of the international working class movement have alone prevented the imperialists from carrying forward their war aims during

Versailles a Continuation of War And comrades, at the end of the Communists and Pacifists, Communists and other But the Communist Party, I full realization of the communist Party emphasized that with the full realization of these the settlement of the last world peace itself was a form of conpreparations that are now being arations for a new world war-of openly arming for another world The Communist Party takes this war inevitably growing out of their The Communist Party takes this opportunity of urging every delegate present here not to be satisfied with the representation we have now with the representation we have now with the representation we have now relationships which each nation.

on the issue of fascism and war. At the same time the Communist Party peace of the world. Today fascism tee sent two of our comrades to of-

just recently met in Washing- stated. tion of various forces in the labor ton has partially exposed the enormous war preparations being for war and fascism in the factornote here so that every delegate made by imperialist nations—the les," he said. "If war is to stop, the can carry it out of this Congress
that during the course of the last
war there began the split in the
working-class movement the split
was the split in the breight into the limelight. And it streets. We must tell the workers working-class movement, the split it significant to note that members in the factories, on boats, that they that today leaves the working class of the commission have tried to are working against their own in in a weakened position in its fight suppress the vital facts unearthed terests and they must stop it. against faseism and war. We also in the testimony-vital things that wish to record that it was out of the would expose more clearly the part split that developed in the working- that high government officials have class movement at that time that played in these preparations for by real work in action. This is the war. The members of the commis-C. P. Born in Post-War Struggle sion are moving heaven and earth to try to ditch the significant and all universities in the United States out of the struggle of those who important facts brought out in the and all other countries on Friday findings of the commission. They and Saturday, Nov. 9 and 10, have already succeeded in postponrialist war. At that time numerous have already succeeded in postponvery fundamental issues developed ing the next hearings until after Day elections are out of the way, and then they hope to be in a position were the continued struggle against to keep further information from coming to light.

U. S. Prepares for War

Already we can glean from the nist Party-took the position that news brought out that the U.S. war grew out of the very develop- government is rallying around it-ment of imperialism, and that the self all the great manufacturers struggle against war must neces- all the great munition manufacsarily be conducted by waging the turers and all those who aid in class struggle against the capitalist the preparations of war or war system. Our position during the materials. It shows armament period of the war was based on the manufacturers working hand and necessity of the working class glove with the State Department, waging their struggle against the capitalist class to gain political power, to take advantage of the war situation, to overthrow the actually being used as salesmen in capitalist class and to destroy their the re-arming of Hitler's fascist rule, to work for their defeat in the government, in the sale of war mu-war, always with the objective of nitions to Japan for its intensive establishing the rule of the working campaign being waged against the

Soviet Union. ment ring in this country, and that that there are fundamental differtheir own "fatherland," as you call they are taking advantage of the ences among us, we again reiterate tense international situation and that the emergency of the danger

Furthermore, it has brought out to and aided in the mobilization for the role these war manufacturers working-class movement To Turn Imperialist Into Civil War military equipment for use against Fascism—to appeal to workers to The left wing in the labor movement, out of which developed the Communist Party, took the position of Mary and of Lepin that we distribute the strikers and against all people who night against starvation and immust pick up every issue before the have developed during the crisis. have had it expressed in the use possible working conditions which more of an issue every day.

Cites Record of Communism On War Issue CALLS FOR UNITY Anti-Fascist Dr. Harry F. Ward Calls for Strengthening On War Told By Frenchman Of Anti-War Forces at Chicago Congress By Mrs. Barr

Barbusse's Greetings to Chicago Parley

CHICAGO, fil., Oct. 1.— CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 1.—Dr. Harry Louis Perrigaud, speaking as sec-F. Ward, national chairman of the retary of the International League American League Against War and has been supplemented with large Against War and Fascism, brought Fascism, professor at the Union numbers of volunteer workers. [Ap-Against War and Fascism, brought Fascism, professor at the Union numbers the greetings of Henri Barbusse, Theological Seminary and author of plause]. who could not attend, he said, be- "In Place of Profit" and other cause of illness, to the Second books, delivered the opening address American Congress Against War and Fascism. "He told me to tell our friends, he said, "what we expect from the American to the Second does, derivered the opening address at the U. S. Congress Against War and Fascism, which closed here yespect from the American to the Second does, derivered the opening address at the U. S. Congress Against War and Fascism, which closed here yespect from the American Told and the Second does at the U. S. Congress Against War and Fascism, which closed here yespect from the American Congress Against War at the U. S. Congress Against War and Fascism. pect from the American League." Perrigaud reviewed the progress of the anti-fascist fight throughout the world. "Our French committee is one of the strongest," he denot including those who are mem-

onstrate against fascism they go than we had at the Congress a year into the streets. "There have been hundreds of such demonstrations, such as the one of Feb. 12, when fifteen of our comrades were killed by the French one of Feb. 12. When fifteen of our comrades were killed by the French one of Feb. 12. When fifteen of our comrades were killed by the French one of Feb. 12. When fifteen of our comrades were killed by the French one of Feb. 12. When fifteen of our comrades were killed by the French one of Feb. 12. When fifteen of our companies of the cant are first: The development of the cant are first: police. In Paris, Toulouse and Marseilles, everywhere in France where fascists were demonstrating, we had anti-fascist working-class demonstrations organized by our com-

Fascism In France

The French speaker emphasized that the February days had shown how close fascism was in France. It country was to form a League was these demonstrations, these Against War and Fascism that anti-fascist actions of hundreds of thousands, which drove fascism back, he pointed out. "There is still a danger," he declared, "unless on trefuse this duty to other duties. they continue to fight against fascism, daily, hourly."

Briefly reviewing fascist develop-ments in other countries, Mr. Perri-Mosley in England had a great deal where this money came from. "We know he got it from the English capitalists," he said.

In Spain, the Committee Against War and Fascism is a united front of all tendencies: anarchists, socialist, Communists, he stated. The fascist organization in Madrid had attempted to hold a big meeting, but a general strike call issued by united front committee spiked the fascists' guns. "Students and members of the middle class joined the workers in the streets demonstrating against fascism," he said.

Cites Fight In Germany

Speaking of Germany, M. Perrigaud hailed the heroism of 6,000,000 who voted "no" to Hitler in the recent election. He told how thousands of workers were risking their lives to distribute illegal and anti-

military force.

Today, comrades, the point has been reached where war is the despite the terror of the Bulgarian has either been established openly. fer legal help to 40 anti-fascist or we see the marked beginnings of prisoners who had been sentenced to die. These two comrades were The Nye Commission that has put in prison and tortured," he

"Everywhere they are working must boycott Hitler and Nazism. We can do it everywhere, as we have in France, not by speeches but

"Henri Barbusse told me to in-form you that all the World Committee is expecting special work in the last six months, must be very from the American committee during the coming year. You are one of the most important countries. If you do your work well, it won't be tion which was without any finanlong before we get to the final vic- cial basis, which was carrying on

the country-into every village and | hamlet, into every organization and Textile Strike, which in three weeks trade union—for they point to the of the workers' fighting for their closeness of war, to the acuteness of most elementary demands cost the

Unite Ranks Against War Comrades, a little later on Seymour Waldman will present to you very concrete facts concerning preparation for war by the Roosevelt administration. These facts presenttory and to every mill in the country

During that period a large section of the working class movement, of the Socialist International, of the tries and at the same time for vast to unite our ranks and to go out this

unite the ranks of the

the preparations for another world lives of sixteen American workers, who were murdered by police, sheriffs and National Guards acting for the textile bosses. In every strike of the workers, in every effort of the workers to improve their conditions, terror has been the main weapon of the bosses. They the ranks of the workers—they have done this by work-This is the first time that in- and used by you in your fight to ing hand in glove with the A. F. of L. bureaucracy, who every day show that they work more closely with the bosses and the government
using all its power to split the ranks of the workers and to carry hrough the New Deal program of Roosevelt-a program which means big profits for bankers and starvation for the workers. These are warfing sig-Congress determined hals in the rapid advance of Fascism in the United States, and it is this that our movement must playing in building up huge whole on this issue of War and make an intensive struggle agains. This fight against Fascism is not a problem of waiting until some Hitler arrives on the scene and marches down to Washington and says, "I am here to take over the rains of government." If we wait until that workers, all their immediate prob- The facts they have brought to of government troops against strik- point we will not carry on a struglems in the factories, their griev-light should be picked up and, after ances arising from the war; we this convention, they should be civil rights of the masses of work-must attempt to develop a mass brought to the far corners of ers.

Or government troops against strik-ers, in the growing denial of the civil rights of the masses of work-will not be able to prevent it.

(To Be Continued)

Cites Aug. 4 Demonstration Bureau. That body has recently New York some 20,000 paraders, been enlarged from seven to nine to include the wider representation. That was something New York had not seen before and which it will

concrete problem is one of the major interests of this Congress. The organizational structure of the League is on a two-old basis. Last year the Congress met under the imminent threat of war, both ganizations; it is a united front also of certain class interests, and in the Far East and in Europe. At those class interests are divided the present time both of these danagain into certain vocational groups. gers have been temporarily post-So, we have before us the organponed, because the balance of politzational problem of working out the ical power and diplomatic relations elationship of these two aspects of has been shifted in Europe in the last few months. The fact of the In that regard the first thing has entry of the Soviet Union into the been experimental. The problem is League of Nations is one of the fac-still before us as to which policy tors which has led to this shifting to pursue at this congress and dur- of forces and also to the modifica-When I took over this work I diate war danger in the Far East. found an organization that was The isolation of Nazi Germany. conducting itself with almost no executive secretaries except the assistant executive secretary, and the

politically, is one of the results. staff. For the last year and a However, this, of course, is only a half the organization has had no temporary shifting of forces. These must and will soon be a realignment. We have temporarily a breathing space, a truce if you will for the moment, but in that breathing space and truce it is perfectly obvious that we must continue our struggle all along the line. The main forces underneath are driving them irresistibly to the next war.

In view of this situation which I have recorded briefly for you, what is the immediate necessity in our task? I would put first and always the necessity of broadening the basis of the movement. We are confronted, as you know, with a situation in the plans of the war mongers in which they expect to mobilize the entire population on the base of its vocational capacity for the carrying on of the war. The only effective answer to that is to mobilize the whole population, as far as we can, on the same basis of vocational capacity to stop the have tried desperately to split war. [Applause.] That means, of course, that we must broaden the basis of this movement politically, and that doesn't mean that this movement lives or dies because of its ability or failure to bring gether the political groups. At the present moment it is perfectly clear in this congress, as in the work of the League, that our basis is much broader, on class lines, on vocational lines, than it is on political or organization lines. If I may be permitted to express, not simply the hope that was expressed last night at the mass meeting speakers, but my belief that there will be a much broader political front to this movement in the immediate future. [Applause.]

representation, that we are able to

Louis Perrigaud Brings Reviews the Spread of at its disposal. The work that has get the left wing in the political as been done under such conditions, well as in the vocational groups to and under such circumstances, has co-operate on this united front re-

There is no question at the

Cites Browder's Speech

leaders had spoken as asked,

plause.]

one question in passing especially for the benefit of those delegates. I want to speak now, not simply as Praises Magazine "Fight" want to speak for a moment as the The most significant achievement representative of the non-political of this work has been shown first, group in that bureau. I want to and which we must regard as first, the magazine "Fight." I don't respeak to the point of the fears of a good many people, both in political call in my own experience any similar case in which a magazine has and other groups, concerning the reached the circulation, has reached one political party. I want to say as my duty, to bring the greetings the eminence which has been of the bureau have not seen a single achieved by this magazine, and for manifestation of any attempt of that we must place credit on the brilliant shoulders of its editor, domination of this League by one political party. I want to say to you that as the broadening of the The other two developments of base of this movement, as well as the year that are extremely signifithe broadening of the representacant are first: The development of tion in the governing body grows, it any political party to dominate this League even if it wanted to do so.

been a marvel to me. It has only gardless of what the national head-been done because of the fact that quarters is going to say or do to it.

Congress. They are all here this morning. You were told last night that this youth session had 1,000 delegates. That represents the exdrafted into this work in the middle of the year in an emergency situation. [Applause].

Having for several years been of the opinion that the only essential the opinion that the only essential country, as the student strike that the opinion that the only essential country, as the student strike that the opinion that the only essential country, as the student strike that the political groups. It is quite illegitimate as well as nieghbors. occurred this year against war. [Apmate for any political group to seek plause]. And also it must be re-garded that both 'nationally, and in parties and purposes. If we get any some cases locally, the youth section has succeeded in breaking through the large barriers, includtion I ever had of any move in that direction at all comes from only. ing political barriers, that has hereand very seldom, local incidents tofore existed between a real united where zeal outruns knowledge. In front in this country. That is a every case where that happens it is every case where that happens it is matter in which they have taken promptly dealt with by the national the lead and shown the example to those of us who are a little older. top whatever on that point.

the staff worked regardless of sal-

ary, whether they got it or not, and regardless of the hours. This work

The other significant achievement involves as the delegates must clear-ly bear in mind, the fact that the of the development is the women's work. It is now strongly organized. League in its structure, in its program, in its policy, is a creature of the congress, which this congress is women's congress, by sending forty still deevloping and which will make delegates to Paris, and it is now in the program and policy of the an organizational shape to extend itself further, not only in women's Now, this structure includes a na-tional executive committee selected women of the country in every

on the basis of the best possibe field of life. On the organizational field, lo-cally, the New York organization of being able to function in the event of such an emergency as a state of war, or something similar so that it could act as a delegate of the representatives of the oranizations of the Congress. In be- ganizations in other cities. Among tween there is the National Execu-tive Committee which has power to the demonstration of last Aug. 4, act as the delegates of the National when it called upon the streets of

In addition there has recently ganizational set-up, and the organizational approach in states and cities with a concrete program of organizational development.

> this League, and they are entitled to do. League Is "Testing Ground" which this League becomes the competitive testing ground of all political groups who profess to offer their own leadership in the struggle against war and fascism. Let them all come in. Let them throw all program, in the carrying out of the in new directions. program, in the work of the League. and as they demonstrate their capacity for leadership, as they show us that they can do so, they are entitled to reap any political action later which they can. I will add one more word to that and that is this: If anybody can correctly assess the temper of the

We have here a mass of represen-

tatives in a personal capacity and some times from other local organizations, or political groups, which are not vocational, in this organization. That situation means, just as it means in regard to our vocational

of Vast Propaganda Organization

Activity Determines Leadership classes and among the intellectuals. and the oppressed minority groups, In order to accomplish this broadening of our base, it is necessary that we build an adequate propaganda machine. The makers of war have a very competent propaganda machine and we must have one which should be comparable to zine, which is second to none. We must add to that pamphlet material which is adequate to the needs of the growing situation. We must add able to reach certain sections of the I want to say one more thing, press and get hold of the interests and this time I speak not repreof movements and get ready to get senting a political group, but simply his message to larger sections of representing myself. I am offering the American people. a personal and purely a personal opinion. I want to say that there

So there are the following items n our work upon which we must concentrate: first, the broadening of our base; second, the building of uniting our forces for the defense of the workers' and farmers' rights wherever they are attacked in this

that we shall be able not only to will destroy Hitler and fascism in develop and to broaden our base, Germany," said the speaker. This Cites Browder's Speech

There is no question whatever that cheers. Mrs. Barr visited the grave in many localities it is impossible of a son of a German woman. to prevent such things as have re- Standing at the grave, the mother this organization by political groups cently happened in the raiding of said: "I feel responsible for my have heard the speech of Earl the workers' headquarters and the son's death. I did not listen to my Browder last night. You all heard destruction of their property unless son when he became a Communist. him make a clear historical judgwe have a sufficient and aggressive I did not believe in a united front ment that there was only one choice defense beforehand. It is not enough and thought the Communists were between and before mankind now and that was their choice between It has become necessary to take care that my son died for a new Ger-Fascism and Communism. Now, of our civil rights in advance, and many and I did not know it. If when Earl Browder pointed out where the authorities refuse to pro- you don't unite against war and directly that humanity now has to vide us with protection under the fascism, you people of the United choose between the Fascistic and Constitution, it becomes necessary States, you will get the united front Communistic type of organization for us to organize our protection we have here, a united front in of society, he neither made or implied that we all had to join the

Communist Party if we were not going to turn Fascist. He then, you of workers and farmers to fight will remember, went on to point against war and fascism, we must with pardonable pride, as he was have adequate fund resources. One of our major tasks is to provide a perfectly entitled to do, to the achievements of the Communist budget for this organization. We Party throughout the world in of-fering very effective resistance to cannot live, we cannot do this work, unless your organizations and you as individual members and supthe development of Fascism. [Apporters of this League will provide Now, if other political groups Germany at the risk of their lives. In Austria there is a strong committee, and in Bulgaria the comIn addition there has recently the problems of this Conmittee, and in Bulgaria the comline represented thereon.

Now, if other political groups whom we have invited here had to address yourselves, and that is mittee, and in Bulgaria the comline represented thereon.

Now, if other political groups whom we have invited here had costs have the war-makers and the powers of the state, as well as all would have been entitled to do the We have only the meager resources same thing, if they could. [Ap- of the workers, farmers, and the honest intellectuals. But these re-Now, when it comes to particisources are sufficient because we can pation of different political groups add to these resources the spirit of in this movement, my own personal our voluntary workers. If we can position is this: legitimately, the begin to do this, we will this year group which can offer to this movement the most valuable suggestions development of this League and in concerning the program and tac- the development of forces which will tics, which can offer the most dyna- finally stop war. We can go far mic active force for carrying it out, with this. In contrast with the will gain political activity out of it forces of death, there will go forward the forces that are capable of leading this nation into the new life of building the new society. In want to point out then that this sense, the task of this League ere is, in a sense, something in is not simply of waging a defensive war against fascism. In waging this defensive war, we shall discover and turn over in time to develop political and economic leadership as it emerges in this country, develop in our population, which has the capatheir forces in the making of the city to organize on a new basis and

the Women in Fascist

Countries

CHICAGO, Oct. 1.-Mrs. Helen so shall we divide the potential Barr, prominent Milwaukee Socialoperations of fascism in this coun- ist who was one of the leaders of try. This is evidently one of the the American delegation to the key positions which we must storm, Women's International Congress because if we can split the middle Against War and Fascism held in plass on this issue and join a sec-Paris in July, gave a stirring report tion of them to the working class of the meeting in the Saturday and the oppressed minority groups, it becomes certain that in the strug-til becomes certain that in the strug-United States Congress Against War and Fascism

She said the Congress was the greatest ever held by women, in ganizations represented. nists. Socialists, peasant women and housewives came from every counfrom Fascist Germany. There were 19 women from Italy, Mrs. Barr

One of the women from Austria to it a publicity machine which is hitch-hiked in peasants' wagons to get to Paris after her husband had been hanged because he defended the building in which his and other family was compelled to witness his

Mrs. Barr was a member of an investigation committee to go to Germany after the Congress. They or families who had relatives in concentration camps or in prison One woman, whose husband-a sechad been beaten to death, was offered a ticket by the delegation to It is around this concrete or- escape to Paris. She refused to accanization of our potential forces cept the ticket, and remained in for the protection of these rights Germany. "It is such a spirit that but also to make actual our unity. was greeted with applause and prison and concentration camps and that is what you will deserve." ening our base, building the rights Ars. Barr ended with an appeal to Americans of all parties to unite in determined struggle against fascism.

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JACK CARR

DAILY WORKER MORNING
FREIHEIT
YOUNG WORKER

Friday, Saturday, Sunday St. Nicholas Palace

American youth, as shown in your

youth section; if they can correctly

assess the growing movement in the

field of labor among the unions and

among the Negroes and other op-

pressed minority groups, these sec-

tions are becoming increasingly im-

patient with any movement that will

keep them out of activities on the political front. These people will

unhesitatingly consign to oblivion all

those political leaders who refuse to

come in the necessary fight in these

evils of the human race. [Applause.]

our immediate and most pressing

task, the task to which this con-

gress will be asked to give an en-

tire session or major part of a ses-

sion, the task which we have been

preparing, is to penetrate into the

rade unions with propaganda of

this League in order to raise up the activities in these operations.

to that, is the necessity of increas-

ing our strength among the middle

classes, especially among the intel-

lectuals, because of their propagan-

da value. As we increase our strength among the lower middle

Win Middle Class Groups

with that, and secondary

To get back to our point, to

Worker Rips Through Official's Demagogy at Auto Union Meeting

WORKERS' HEALTH

Daily Worker Medical Advisory Board

I.—WHY VACCINATION? What's in the Needle?

The types of immunizing substances used varies. To produce active immunity, sometimes live germs treated by heat, cultivation, etc., to make them less dangerous, are introduced. Sometimes dead germs are injected, because, in some cases, the bodies of the germs alone are sufficient to stimulate the formation of anti-bodies. Such preparations of actual germs, weakened or dead, are called vaccines. Sometimes the poisons of germs (toxins) also treated in various ways are introduced; and usually substances which neutralize the effect of the toxins, called antitoxins, are combined with the toxins before injection. This has the effect of eliminating the harmful effects power to stimulate the formation of ated. On the whole, the effects are

Is Vaccination Dangerous?

are the effects of this treatment? most people are vaccinated against bility of the presence of impurities small-pox. Furthermore, death from is negligible. rabies (disease from mad-dog bite),

from tetanus (lock-jaw) and others is no longer a certain fate, thanks to the science of immunology. For today, these diseases are treated with great success, by the injection of serums immediately upon exposure. The decrease of deaths from diptheria and typhoid fever since the use of vaccination against them is also striking evidence of its value. Furthermore, in the Soviet Union, where vaccination is used on a mass scale, as it has never been used in any capitalist country, the reduction of devastating epidemics has been so great, that its value cannot be denied. And now, you ask, what are the

effects of vaccination upon the in-

dividual? These vary with the type of immunizing substance used, and with the individual being vaccinanti-bodies. Such a preparation is rarely, if ever, serious. The reactions vary from no ill-feeling at all, to possible chill and fever with occasional ill-feeling for one or two Now, the question arises: Are days. With some types of immunizthese methods of preventing and ing substances like that used treating disease "dangerous"? What against dysentery, the reaction is are the effects of this treatment? The most outstanding example of only in known cases of exposure. the effect of practising vaccination In very rare cases there are unexupon whole communities is the dis- pectedly violent reactions due to a sensitiveness of the individual to In ancient times, and as recently the substance injected or to a posas the 19th century, whole towns sible impurity in the preparation to and villages were practically wiped be introduced. However, skin tests out by these epidemics. Today, are usually given to individuals when small-pox occurs, it is always who give a history of "sensitivity" found in localities where vaccina- to determine their possible reaction laws are loosely enforced, or tion; and with the development of where they are not enforced at all. the modern technique of prevent-And that these few cases do not ing other germs from getting into spread to epidemic proportions, is the vaccine, which is used in makexplained solely by the fact that ing these preparations, the possi-

(To Be Continued)

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IN THE HOME

By HELEN LUKE

Can We Make the Change by Oct. 8

And now-?

"At first I had stopped reading an appendicitis operation, and are your column, seeing that it had wondering what amount was netted nothing to do with 'The Home,' by the don't-say-it-with-flowers wrote Doris G. "But, as a column movement; or if perhaps, Mike will dealing with the home is very im- "Change the World" again, we'll portant for a proletarian house- set our quota at \$500 and hope for wife, I decided to write.

"Why don't you write in your dollar. column, since it is supposed to deal with the home, on how to prepare certain meals, how to cook eco nomically, what are healthy foods, how to clean a house, how to get rid of bed-bugs,-I could keep on asking you a thousand questions which I am sure a lot of your read-

ers would like the answer to. "I myself am a Y.C.L.'er that just takes 3% yards 36 inch fabric and started keeping house, and I always 1/4 yard contrasting. Illustrated look eagerly into your column in order to find something that might help me along. If you do not want to change the contents of the column, why not change the head-

We spoke of this matter in a column on Aug. 23, 24, 25, and 27, saying that after having used the space, when it was first allotted, to almost strictly household matters, mostly cooking, and finding that many readers preferred it devoted to organization and news of women, we now feel convinced that this corner should consist of two distinct divisions: a Women's Department, and a household section such as Doris describes, but this not to be a women's section especially. but one for the benefit of both women and men who have to keep

We feel a great unwillingness to forsake altogether the organizational, newsy, and critical material such as we have offered, especially when the efforts are rewarded by lines such as these from a Chicago comrade active in building the United Women's Committee Against High Cost of Living: "The work is going on. . . . The Scandinavian omen, who by the way, came to the first Delegate Meeting by noting the call in the Daily Worker, are arranging a neighborhood meeting next Wednesday, Oct. 3."

If Doris is a Y. C. L.'er, surely she will recognize the need for utilizing the Daily for such work (organization being the fundamental task of the paper): and yet as she says, a practical household section is necessary to help readers cope with home problems and to draw new readers. (Possibly, too, more women should be drawn into the editing of two divisions.)

Once more we repeat, the advisable division could be better effected if we had more space: this is possible only through an enlarged paper: this in turn depends on the ecess of the financial drive. So for this Anne Adams pattern. Write we are inevitably back on the sub- plainly name, address and style ject of the inter-columnar com-

SIZE. While we are anxiously awaiting Address orders to Daily Worker the reappearance of Comrade Gar- Pattern Department, 243 W. 17th lin, who went under the ether for Street, New York City.

know you will stick by me. . . ."

International Labor Defense

Room 430, 80 East 11th St.

New York City

Free Herndon and Scottsboro Boys!

if I did receive unpleasant news a few minutes before. It

didn't weaken my courage and faith whatever so long as I

watter from Haywood Patterson, Kilby Prison, June 29, 1934.

\$15,000 SCOTTSBORO-HERNDON EMERGENCY FUND \$15,000

"It pleased me greatly to have received your letter today

By a Worker Correspondent WEST BRIGHTON, S. I.—The

tactics used by the capitalist class consistently lower the already miserable standard of living of the workers are many and varied.

In nearly all shipyards, especially those that have navy contracts, the bosses used the lie that there was a shortage of welders, as an excuse to break in young workers on that class of work. When activity slackens at the yards, the old weld-



the trade, are fired and the students are kept on. The reason for this is the fact that the students receive a maximum of 62 cents an hour, while the welders get 80 to 90 cents. In other words, it is simply a scheme to cut wages, because the yards haven't the slightest intention of raising the wages of the students to conform with the existing welders' rate.

Another of the bosses' reasons for flooding the market with welders is the fact that nearly all material used in the construction of navy craft is galvanized.

the process of welding galvanized steel, the fumes, consistabine with the welding flux, making a very poisonous mixture. \$18,000. These fumes practically burn out make sure he will have a man to

replace him.

The instruments of destruction start to destroy workers' lives before they are even placed in the water.

the same boat, students included. When we become members, of socalled "unions" designed for inammunition fighting with other crafts (a la Mr. Green) which should be directed at our common enemy-Capital.

LETTERS FROM **OUR READERS**

stores, died of heart failure at a auto industry to head the council, panies. general meeting of employees, at which the president announced a

ment was made that there would be no wage cut.

he worked under, knew that he died a victim to years of miserable ploitation of the Silver Rod com-

"FIGHTERS IN THE FRONT LINE TRENCHES"

there is one thing that puzzles us, and would appreciate your enlightening us a bit as to the following:

What is the difference between Communist Party and the Socialist Union. Party? They both seems to be for the abolition of the capitalist system, and both say they represent the working class. In short, they both talk the same language, and yet they are separate parties.

We must also heard some speakers on the Communist platform remark, "we want a socialist society," and yet represent the Communist Party. We are therefore somewhat in the dark and a bit confused as to which party to support. Frankly, we are more in sympathy with the Communist Party, as we feel that they are better fighters and are always in the front line trenches whenever it concerns the working class. Nevertheless, we would appreciate your en-

lightening us a bit as to the above: May we also suggest that the Daily Worker devote a column or two every day to the teachings of Communism. This would attract many workers to the movement if they knew what Communism stands for. Many workers we speak to about the evils of the system admit to us that conditions are bad and the present system is rotten, but what has Communism got to offer, what is its program, how will it function, how will the workers benefit by it, and how do we know they

Fraternally yours, A FEW RAILROAD WORKERS

are sincere, etc., etc.

NOTE: Communism is defined as a society in which all traces of

Use Students To Cut Pay of Ship Welders Greer Leaves Hastily AsRankandFileMeet Profits Go Up, Workers Get 13c Hour Wage On Railroad Concentration **ChallengetoSpeakUp**

Union Leader's Move to Set Up Rubber Stamp fare dependents has not decreased Council Exposed at A.A.W. Meeting in Flint

America, the organization that split ber-stamp council. away from the A. F. of L., held an

Greer explained that his union was an industrial union, with 100 started to clear his throat. connected with the Hudson com- the floor again and said: pany union in Detroit, but said he defeat the company later.

Of course, he said, if the men would join his union, they would be free to act in their local as they saw fit; there would be no dictation from the top leaders. Only a couple of rules from the top leadership would have to be obeyed: one, a five-cent per capita tax; two, a majority rule in all matters. His mild attack on the A. F. of L. was that Collins, A. F. of L. organizer, started to draw a salary of \$1.21 ing of sulphuric acid and zinc, per week, and at the end of the year Collins' salary amounted to

In his speech Greer quoted a the lungs of the welders. When story he had heard. He said there the welder becomes too sick (or is a man with a wishbone, a man dead) to work, the boss wants to with a jawbone and a man with a union would get him a raise in wages, etc., but he never says anything. The man with the jawbone chews about how the officers spend As a means of combating this too much of the local union's and other workers' evils, I would suggest that all shipyard workers join the S.M.W.I.U. We are all in their talking on the street corner, their talking on the street corner, in the factory, in the pool rooms, etc., never on the floor of the local "But the man with the dividual crafts, we use precious backbone," Greer shouted, "he is the man that gets up on the floor of his local union and speaks his mind. These are the kind of men we want and need in this union."

In the discussion a worker got

By a Worker Correspondent | and it was the opinion of a large FLINT, Mich.-Local 5 of the part of the delegates there that ssociated Automobile Workers of you, Greer, wanted to head the rub-

The worker pointed his finger families. open meeting here at Moose Hall straight at Greer and went on: A. A. W., was the main speaker. Your resolution, you answered by cern has got all other factories lution states, "To give special attention to such workers as the that Mr. Greer was exposed by refused to fight. Will you tell us vation wages and long hours. workers from the floor and made why you didn't fight for your resolution?"

Greer got up from his chair and per cent democracy. He spoke stammered and coughed and be-24. He admitted that he had been he sat down. The same worker took cents per hour.

"Greer asks men with backbone did this for a purpose; his pur- to join this union while he has none pose was to gather information to himself. Didn't Collins invite you to speak for your resolution? What was your answer? You have no backbone. Fellow-workers, here is a man who poses as a leader, who class (slaves) that the N. R. A. or thermore, I myself and two other rich and the poor at the same delegates tried to contact Greer's time. And if we workers want to delegation at the conference, but better our conditions at all, it has we found that you, Mr. Greer, had got to be done by ourselves. them bound hand and foot. And this is the man that tells us that his union is built on workers' that extra S. to the U.S. A. democracy.

At this point Greer said to the and went to the rear of the hall, but he sat down for a minute. The worker said he had some more questions to ask, and Greer got up backbone. He said the man with a and made for the door, his face wishbone always wishes that the red. Another worker arose and said he had a question. Greer stopped. "Is it true," this worker said, "that you served in the United States Secret Service?"

Greer answered: "I did serve in the Intelligence or Secret Service of the United States government during the war, but all of my service was overseas," and he began to say how proud he was that he had served his country. (Who knows but what Greer still is in the same

Automobile Workers should get wise to Mr. Greer. He is no different up and said: "I was a delegate from of L. Some of the A. F. of L. locals the Buick Local to the A. F. of L. have started a movement to put conference on June 23 and 24 in the rank and file in control. This Detroit. So were you. Didn't you is the movement that all auto submit a resolution calling for the workers should support and they CORRECTION:—On August 31, same thing as Green and Collins should try to unite the members letter was printed in this column, did—a rubber-stamp Executive of all unions in one real industrial reporting that Sol Gothofsky, an Council? The only difference was union that will fight for their inemployee of the Silver Rod chain that you wanted a worker from the terests and not serve the com-

A correction is made by an employee of the company to the effect R. C. A. Victor Workers wage cut before the meeting was called, and that Sol Gothofsky due to the foreman work; and even here it dropped dead when the announce-

graph of the original letter, which has not been denied: "Those of us beginning of the N. R. A., the same beginning of the N. R. A., the same agents agreed to merge both ditions, which are spreading all working conditions and to the exdustrial Union (an independent union) felt that they were as yet sentation plan and compelled the company to deal in these various departments, with officers of the Communism and Socialism, and the Radio & Metal Workers Industrial

was thoroughly exposed, the com- sentation plan were exposed pany, through their trusted flunky, Mr. Kline, who was also the chair-

as in all other big corporations, the R. C. A. Victor, has called for elections to a representation plan.

The Redic & Metal Workers Inpeared in all departments calling only by unity and struggle can the upon the workers to participate in workers obtain from the bosses an election for representatives to what constitutes the right of detoo weak to call upon the workers be held on Aug. 30 and 31. The to be delections. They succeeded through participation in the elections to elect quite a numtie to choose their representatives. The poster, to encourage the control of th Dear Editor: Jamaica, N. I.

A few friends and myself have begun to read the "Daily" lately ber of R. & M. I. U. members into the representation plan. After a short period of work, they consider the workers as to role of and independent." The men in the representation plan and then resigned as members of the representation plan and then resigned as members of the representation plan and independent. The men in charge of the new plan were the same Mr. Kline and his supporters. On Aug. 30, early in the morn-Victor Plant, received leaflets signed by the Radio & Metal

ing, we workers in the R. C. A Workers Industrial Union. The en-When the representation plan tire role of the old and new repre-In spite of all the terror campaign of the company, such as tak-

man of the representation plan, or- ing down the clock numbers of ganized a so-called independent those members who refused to vote, union, the "employes union," with the ballots being handed out by dues on a voluntary basis. This supervisors, the workers supported new form of the company union the Radio & Metal Workers Interrorized the girls, particularly in dustrial Union. In many buildings the unskilled departments, to join such as the tool shops, Photophone, However, this new outfit, was and even in some floors in Buildexposed by the Radio & Metal ing No. 10, considered the strong-Workers Industrial Union, with the hold of the company union—not on relief. result that it was losing ground a single ballot was cast.

tatorship, through Soviet power. In the Soviet Union today, the proletariat has already laid the basis for a Socialist society, but they are still on the way to a Communist society.

The Communist Party, therefore, we can see, fights both for Socialism and for Communism. It fights for Socialism as that form of society to be set up by the proletariat after the overthrow of capitalism.

The leaders of the Socialist Party, while they speak about the abolition of capitalist society, do not propose to smash (as Marx said) the capitalist state machine and set up in its place a proletarian state. On the contrary, depite all their phrases about abolishing capitalism, they teach the theory of a peaceful path to Sopare the working class for the smashing of capitalism and the setting up of a Socialist society. The Social-Democratic (Social-

ist) parties actually help to preserve capitalism by restraining the masses from mass revolutionary struggle against the capitalist state and against the capitalist way out of the crisis. For example, in Germany they

gave the greatest support to German capitalism in the name of the German Republic, and urged the voters to vote for Hindenburg, who ushered in Hitler. In the U.S. they "criticize," nevertheless they never attack Rooseveit as the agent of the Wall Street capitalist dictatorship. In fact, Norman Thomas declared that "The 'New Deal' opens the possibility for transition to Socialism." .. Thus, in

By a Worker Correspondent DETROIT, Mich.-If the N. R. A. nas done any good to the working

class of Detroit it is not shown by The work in the automobile fac-

But I want to make special menon Sept. 22, at which the Big Shot, "When Collins invited you on the tion of one factory, the New York ing of the tasks facing our Party in Arthur E. Greer, chairman of the floor of the conference to fight for Spring Mfg. Co. This slaving con- the present strike wave the Reso-

The N. R. A. did not change the

He joint is working their men 91/2 about the way Collins and Green gan to try to answer by saying the week, and pays some of their men ously if the Party is to entrench ithours per day, 51/2 and 6 days per had railroaded the A. F. of L. auto conference was run by a machine as low as 13 cents per hour, some self in these basic industries. conference in Detroit June 23 and and that he had no chance. Then men 15 cents, and some 18 and 20

big profits, but the workers are road workers. just as hard off as before.

We can tell the whole working has no backbone to fight for him- any other A. B. C., etc., devised by self, let alone the workers. Fur- the Roosevelts, cannot favor the

Let us follow the example of the

chairman: "I am late, I must leave," and he got his briefcase Metal Workers Achieve Gains Through Unity ers for the Party. This task means first of all systematic concentration

By a Worker Correspondent BROOKLYN, N. Y.-We, of the Presto Lock Corp., in the comparatively short time of membership in our Local Union 301, can to some extent boast of certain gains and advantages that are coming our way. The spirit of unity and friendship has arrived at last to our departments. A year ago we were not organized, now almost every individual can point out some of the changes that has taken place toward the betterment of conditions in the shop. All this has come through the militant and honest ways in which our union

To put forth some example of tion. how we were abused in our jobs. The railroad comrades reported that a beginning had been made to say, but the piece-workers never New shop units had been formed. knew how much they were get-ting on the jobs they were doing of the lodges. Some good work in piece and time workers used to get the same wages at the end of the week as those not working piece-work.

We reprint here the final para- By a Radio Worker Correspondent steadily. The situation reached things are quite different. Our jobs Chicago and North Western. PHILADELPHIA. — With the such a bad stage, that in the beare secure, we know how much

cent working conditions.

Radiator Co. Shut Down, 250 ThrownOut of Work in Newcastle, Penn.

By a Worker Correspondent NEW CASTLE, Pa.—Here is a bit of news which was not published

in our local capitalist paper. The National Radiator Co. closed down its plant, putting 250 employees out of work. One year of Total the N. R. A. has so greatly lessened the workers' gross earnings that almost all of them are trying to get on our local, already crowded, relief roll. Also our relief bureau has instituted an espionage system where-

to check against the list of those A letter was sent from this city to the relief headquarters at Washington, D. C., in regard to the surplus food commodities for distribution. It was answered in this man-

relief officials with their monthly

or semi-monthly payrolls in order

The food commodities have been available at all times but the officials have not bothered themselves to order and distribute them.

NOTE

We publish letters from steel. metal and auto workers every Tuesday. We urge workers in these industries to write us of their conditions and the efforts to organize. Please get these letters to us by Saturday of each

Every day of the Roosevelt New Deal shows the growing need of the Daily Worker. But the Daily Worker needs \$60,000 to be able

On Railroad Concentration

Railroad Workers School Opened in Chicago-Greater Effort Urged in Key Activity

The Central Committee Resolu- namely: tories is only for a few months tion on recent Strike Struggles per year, and the cost of living is printed in the Daily Worker of going up to a point where even the Saturday, Sept. 15, emphasizes, ones that are lucky enough to have among many other things, the imjob, can hardly support their portance of intensified work by the Party in its concentration work on transportation industries. In speakteamsters-to increase work among railroad workers."

conditions there: neither in wages nor hours, so this slave making the Chicago district that have rail-The Party sections and units in road for their points of concentration must take this decision seri-

In this article we are attempting to show what the immediate prob-Since the N. R. A. the price of lems are that the Party must untheir products have increased dertake to solve before it can carry plenty, and they are hogging in on proper work among the rail-

Party Must Clear Track

The railroad workers are of strategic political importance. special place in the productive ress made in the C and N. W. must machinery of the country ties them up with the political life of the land. The Grand Lodge chiefs understand this and consequently crowd their official paper, Labor, and other rail papers with a skillful combination of "radical" phraseology and the most reactionary endorsement of capitalist political

Our Party has the task of clearing the tracks for the locomotive of railroad labor. We must bring our program to the rails and win the majority of the railroad workfirst of all systematic concentration of the Party forces with Party literature and press; it means establishing the most intimate contact with the railroad workers; it means trying to understand their problems, to learn of their smallest grievances and as a Party giving them leadership in helping organize struggles around these grievances.

Concentration Behind Schedule

The special District Conference held on Aug. 11 and 12 in Chicago raised some special problems in connection with our concentration work. With the exceptions of mining and railroad, the general situleaders have conducted the whole ation showed our district lagging behind at the shops of concentra-

piece-work and time work, strange since the last District Convention. (by the gross). In other words, concentration was recorded on the has railroad lodges in its territory,

No matter how hard one would points of concentration. Only one must be sold at every lodge meettried to save the boss' capital. Now was mainly the work of comrades Party schedule of concentration and that we belong to the S.M.W.I.U. in the concentration units on the

The experiences brought out at fascism.

the conference proved two things,

1. The railroad workers are basically the same as other work-

2. The application of correct methods of concentration brings results.

The conference, however, emephasized the need for convincing the Party of the importance of carrying on concentration work. this article we must point out that the proper understanding of this task has not yet penetrated the Party, especially at the points of

concentration. What Is Really Missing? Does the Party membership understand the importance of con-centration? The answer is found in the fine work done by one street nucleus in Section Five which concentrates on the Chicago and North

Western. The Section worked on this unit for three months and with the help of the railroad comrades succeeded in changing it from a "dead" body into the liveliest unit in the section. As a result, most of the prog-

be credited to this unit. The membership will carry concentration work when the leadership will give proper guidance. Sections must change their irresponsible approach and work more closely with the units at the important points of concentration.

Towards Better Understanding We can best understand this failure of sections to do better work on railroad concentration when we see with what stubborn resistance some sections face this task.

The special Railroad Conference recently called by the District had only two section committees represented. This is unfortunately true of all our city Party railroad meetings. It is one reason why some sections do not understand the problems of the railroad workers. How then can they convince their membership to carry the work of concentration?

The Railroad Workers School which opens on Oct. 1 at 3911 W. Chicago Avenue, will go a long way towards solving this problem. The school will deal with the history and problems of the railroad workers and will serve as a center of mobilizing railroad workers for struggle on the job and in the rail-

Railroad concentration sections, units, shop nuclei, etc., should send students to this school. 10 Railroad Lodges at Anti-War

Conference This was the pledge made by the railroad comrades at the District Conference. This goal can and must

must send in its speakers. Calls to But the comrades recognized that the Congress must be brought into this was true only in one or two every lodge! The magazine "Fight"

> Fulfilling this task will speed the will help win the railroad workers for the struggle against war and

THE \$60,000 DRIVE

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| ved Sept. 29 busly received | \$ 116.50 10,089.59 | Individual Donation Under Section | ns Previously I | dsted |
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Totla to date Here Is My Bit Toward the \$60,000! AMOUNT ADDRESS Tear off and mail immediately to DAILY WORKER

50 EAST 13th St. New York, N. Y.

(To Be Continued)

I contribute \$......for the Scottsboro-Herndon Appeals classes and class antagonism have disappeared. Socialism is defined cialism, a path which does not in-clude the essential step of the revthe name of Socialism the Amerto deal more fully with the strug gles of the working class. Support the Daily Worker! Send your conican Socialist Party leaders urge as that society which is transiclutionary seizure of state power, the workers to accept the intensitional to Communism, a society in and the setting up of a Soviet govfied exploitation of the N. R. A. tribution today to the \$60,000 drive and the capitalist way out of the which the ruling class is the proernment. In this way, the Socialletariat, governing through its dicist Party does not seriously pre-Get Daily Worker Subscribers!



CHANGE

MARLIEST days of the Russian Revolution. The skies rained blood, and on the Volga the interventionists had created one of the most horrible famines in history. Primitive civil war decimated the fruitful lands. The faint-hearted whimpered that the workers' cause was lost. It was then the great Lenin announced his "fantastic" program for the electrification of Russia. And he found time to say, also, this proletarian general and genius, to the artists, "of all the arts, the most important for us is the cinema."

Today Soviet Russia is rapidly being electrified and equipped with the giant machines that will shortly make it a land of mass-luxury. And its cinema and theatre surely lead the world. The young Soviet industrialists began their labors during the famine days; the men of the theatre, hungry, ragged and desperate, performed the same act of faith. Yes, it all began with nothing-nothing but the proletarian will.

Some of the same miracle is taking place under our noses in America today. In this famine period, with the workers literally fighting for the right to live in every sector of the nation, the beginning of a mass Communist Party is apparent—disciplined, mature, courageous. And in the same period may be noted the rise of a workers' theatre such as we have never believed possible in America.

Theatre and Movies As Weapons

IN DISCUSSING it here, may I include in a few personal memoirs? I have known for many years that theatres and movies were the most effective tools one could use next to the newspapers for workers' education. I believe I wrote the first revolutionary movie criticism some twelve years ago in the old "Liberator" when the picture "Covered Wagon" appeared. Most of us despised the movies so heartily then that to confess having even seen one was like admitting that one had slept with a prostitute.

In the theatre there had been some stirrings of decency and conscience. The tiny Provincetown stable-theatre in Greenwich Village, founded by John Reed, Floyd Dell, Mary Heaton Vorse, George Cram Cook, and a group of bourgeois writers, was an honest attempt to "go to the masses," and to re-discover the real America. Carl Sandburg, Sherwood Anderson and Theodore Dreiser were groping along the same path in literature. There was also a great Socialist and antiwar movement at the time. When the war to save democracy had been finally won by Mr. Morgan, all these attempts to restore bourgeois democracy in life and the arts had been wrecked.

I wrote three one-act plays for the old Provincetown. This was done while I still was slaving on some dirty capitalist job for twelve hours a day. It was my introduction to the world of the theatre. Years later I wrote two full-length plays which were produced on Broadway, and by the New Playwrights Theatre.

A New Theatre Emerges

WAS never stage-struck, but I did feel that I must write plays. Five years ago I tore up a play manuscript I was working on, and vowed never to write another or even enter a theatre. Three months ago I finished the first draft of a play to be offered the playreading committee of the Theatre Union. I find that I have fallen in love again with the theatre. She is no longer the filthy, golddigging whore I learned to hate in my brief experience with Broadway. A new woman has appeared whom one can love-a clear-eyed, brave, husky, beautiful and sometimes naive young darling who appears in every strike and demonstration of the workers—who hasn't a miserable drop of tained commercial blood in her body-who laughs, who starves, who fights, who works hard and dreams nobly-yes, I mean, our Workers' Theatre.

There had always been groups among the radical workers that put on little shows. This was true especially of the foreign-born workers, nurtured in an older culture. Their plays were generally of a bourgeois content, peasant farces out of the old country, or drawing-room tragedies a la Ibsen. The basic theory of a purely proletarian theatre had not yet crystalized.

I can remember one of the pre-war attempts to establish a Socialist workers' theatre, in English, in the Rand School. The classcollaborators smeared their amateur faces with grease-paint and put on an evening of three one-acters; the first, a feeble, pacifist protest against war, the other two, as I remember it, boudoir fantasies from the pen of Oscar Wilde, "The Happy Prince," and "Birth-

That was an entertainment, above the crude workers' struggle, like ice cream soda or a visit to the Bronx Zoo. It was not a weapon in the strong hands that must build a better world. It was a source of confusion, even degradation, not a clear bugle call to courage. Conceived in this sickly womb of yellow socialism, without a spark

of proletarian pride, or honor, or vision, it is no wonder nothing came of all these half-hearted attempts. The workers were amused, perhaps, but they were not stirred to any loyalty. After one or two performances, most of these theatres lay wearily down and died. Today there remain perhaps a dozen of these theatre groups

under Socialist or conservative trade union auspices in America.

An Audience of Two Million Workers

BUT there are approximately 375 revolutionary theatres, with some 5,000 active members who write, play, direct or organize. It has been estimated that they perform for audiences of workers, farmers and lower middle class-averaging about 0,000 a week-which, multiplied by 52 weeks, gives one a yearly total of some two million. It is hard to believe such figures, but they were not compiled to impress anyone. They are from the records of the League of Workers' Theatres.

This figure excluded the 200,000 and more persons who have paid their way into the performances of the Theatre Union in New York, which is a revolutionary theatre on a professional basis, having the same back-breaking overhead bills to meet as any Broadway speculator. In addition, there is the proletarian movie audience. Garrison

Films, a commercial organization which distributes Soviet and other European films made for the working-class, stated recently that their audiences among American workers and farmers last year numbered approximately 400,000. And the workers' dance league has crowded theatres when it per-

forms in some of the bigger cities, and there are nights of proletarian music by the composers guild, and John Reed Club performances-a new cultural life is in the making.

A Red Riddle

TO ME it is infinitely more fascinating than anything on Broadway and thousands of others are finding it so, even the bourgeois aesthetes. Many have begun to write floundering essays trying to solve this red riddle. The proletarian "Mob," whom they learned to despise with Mencken, has begun to love and produce art. And some of it is better art than their own. Mystery!

Contributions received to the credit of "Change the World" in its Socialist competion with Harry Gannes and the Medical Advisory Board in the Daily Worker \$60,000 drive.

A Sympathizer \$1.00 Ida Haavisto 4.00 Proviously Received 34.65 TOTAL TO DATE\$39.65

International Children's Week To Be Celebrated in Los Angeles protection.

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 28.—International Children's Week celebrations in Los Angeles, taking place the week of Oct. 3-15, will be concerned with issues particularly affecting workers' children. The week originated in 1920, when children all over the world organized in 1920, when children all over the world organized in 1920, when children all over the world organized in the families scouts to send relief to Russian workers' children who were being attacked by foreign interventionists and capitalist white guards.

It has developed into a period of strike, LOS ANGELES, Sept. 28.—International Children's Week celebraa world-wide scale. Among the
tions in Los Angeles, taking place
events on the program will be an

A Stirring Message From Maxim Gorky 'We Must Strain Every To 2nd Anti-War and Fascism Congress

Capitalism a Cancerous Growth on Toiling Mankind

(Special to the Daily Worker). MOSCOW, Sept. 28. (By Wire--In a letter of greeting sent to the Second American Anti-War and Anti-Fascist Congress, which closed yesterday in Chicago, by Maxim Gorky, world-famous Soviet writer, he compares the decay of capitalism with the fresh health of Socialism in the Soviet Union. Among other things, Gorky de-

"Capitalists are zealously prepar-ing for a new world slaughter. This means that tens of millions of workers and peasants will again be de-stroyed, that millions of tons of metal will be used for slaughtering people, that the fruitful soil will be poisoned by gases and that many cities and towns will be destroyed

"The leaders of fascism, which carries out the criminal will of capitalists, claim that war will accompany the history of nations for cen-turies. The term 'nation' means. in reality, many tens of millions of manual laborers working for the benefit of a few thousand bankers, money-merchants and manufac-turers who, by means of the hands of half-starved workers, prepare weapons, footwear, clothing and food for themselves," Gorky states.

A Nation-Serving Capital "The term 'nation' includes millions of brain-workers who labor to enrich capitalists, to strengther their power and to amuse them. Every intelligent person who is de-termined to think honestly about the meaning of the relationship of capital to labor must inevitably realize that capitalism has 'done all it can' and is now a cancerous growth on toiling mankind, and that capitalists represent an interna-tional organization of thieves and murderers," he continues.

"A whole series of facts indicates that 'brain workers' become entirely superfluous ballast in capitalist culture. Here is one more 'fresh' fact illustrating fruitless labor for capitalism:

"September 12: At a meeting of the British scientific association, Engineer James Henderson made a very interesting disclosure, which characterizes the conditions under which the scientist must work in capitalist

"Henderson complained that large firms are buying up inventions and then deliberately destroy them, in order to avoid the expense of development, and at the same time keep the inven-tion out of the hands of their competitors. Thus have been lost many valuable inventions. Henderson declared that the owners

MWIU Pamphlet

Werkers Industrial Union. Price cause of insufficient space.

Reviewed by J. A.

terest and value to every worker, East 12 Street. Clarence Hathaway, not only longshoremen and seamen. cditar of the Daily Worker, will lec-It shows a method of creating the ture on The Economics and Politics united front in the trade union field, of Fascism and Social Fascism. This and on the job.

The program for the Centralized Shipping Bureau or Hiring Halls, in which is an important feature of the case of longshoremen, was one the School, will begin this Sunday, of the major demands of the Pacific October 7th, on the 2nd floor. Com-Coast strike. Enthusiasm for it is rade Jack Stachel, Acting National sweeping the Atlantic Coast sea- Secretary, Trade Union Unity tions for it in one day in New York Wave of Strike Struggles and the

This pamphlet contains really two stories. One is how the longshoremen of Everett, Washington, developed the hiring hall, where each man got work in turn, without any discrimination or graft, and that of the seamen in Baltimore, who conducted a similar organization.

An elected committee of seamen, regardless of union affiliation, ran the bureau. They registered all seamen and the mass of men stood by their committee. Thus for a period their crews through the bureau. This meant to the seamen that they could ship without fear of black-

not like this. It is almost like read-ing a "thriller" to read of the steps who cannot attend the evening urged to register early. took to break the bureau. Rivers of free whiskey, prostitutes, government agents, nothing was barred by the bosses in their efforts to demoralize the men. But the men stood firm and wiped out the Tuesday dives created by the agents of the besses. They stood firm with their committee until the end.

It was the failure to build similar bureaus in the other major ports Singer that resulted in the temporary defeat of the Baltimore bursay. bosses stopped hiring in Baltimore and at great expense brought in scabs from other cities, under armed

The pamphlet is part of a cam-



MAXIM GORKY

are interested only in the inventions that cut down the cost of production, and enable the displacement of workers.

"Henderson was immediately nswered by Josiah Stamp, answered director of the Bank of England

What's Doing in the Workers Schools of the U.S.

3,000 STUDENTS AT NEW YORK WORKERS SCHOOL

With the first week of the fall term over we find that 3,000 students attended classes at the New York Workers School, 35 East 12 Street. Of this number 1,300 are registered for Principles of Communism. This course is so popular that the twenty classes originally prepared were immediately filled necessitating the opening of eight additional classes in Principles which in turn were also filled in two evenings of registration. Only the lack of space prevented the opening of more such classes. Due to this unfortunate fact, hundreds were turned away. It is quite clear Explains Program that an important task of the New York Workers School, in order to satisfy the needs of the future army Of Hiring Halls of workers seeking the weapon of theory in the class struggle is to exert every effort and sacrifice for the erection of a Workers School been introduced which will start in CENTRALIZED SHIPPING BUREAU, published by the Marine
Weekers Ledustrial Union Price

Read Union Price

Ledustrial Union Price

Read Union Price

Ledustrial Union Price

Led

The first of a series of Short-Term Courses will begin this Sat-Here is a pamphlet that is of in- urday, October 6th, 2 p.m., at the Workers School of New York, 35 course is still open for registration.

The regular Sunday forums Over 700 seamen signed peti- League, will speak on "The Present Tasks of the Trade Union." Admission is 25 cents. Students who present their Workers School admission cards and members of the Friends of the Workers School who present their membership books, are admitted for 20 cents.

OPEN AIR CLASSES IN BROWNSVILLE

In order to reach large numbers with five more opening later. of workers who are not yet con-

classes. The class will be held Wednesdays from 4 to \$5.30 p.m.

The Harlem Workers School, 415 Lenox Avenue, has a total of 350 tudents registered for the Fall term. This is the largest registration in the history of the School. The School will begin shortly a eries of Sunday afternoon Forums. Watch this column for further information. The Buffalo Workers School, 760 Main Street, opened the Fall term

September 27th. As yet we have not received the final reports since students are still continuing to register. The following courses are being taught: Principles of Commu-nism; Political Economy; Trade Union Strategy and Tactics; Organizational Principles; Negro Prob-

WORKERS SCHOOL IN WASHINGTON, D. C.

The whole revolutionary move-ment of Washington is being mobilized for the support of the newly first time a revolutionary institupractice is being established right the land." fin the heart of Wall Street's cap-

The School will be officially open-Liberation Movement, Survey Marxian Economics and English.

WORKERS SCHOOL OF SAN FRANCISCO OPENED CLASSES FOR FALL TERM

The San Francisco Workers opened September 24th, at the new Republic," a reel of colorful and inheadquarters at 675 Minna Street. Six classes have already started,

One of the classes, given under nected with the revolutionary move- the auspices of the Young Commument the Brownsville Workers nist League and including one hour School, 1855 Pitkin Ave., will hold of drill and one hour of political of time, 85 per cent of the ships sailing out of Baltimore had to get week one of the instructors will de- be given at 1223 Fillmore Street liver a lecture on some Marxis - every Monday. Other classes Leninist subject to be linked up scheduled to open include. History shipping sharks, that union men with the election campaign. In ad- of the Three Internationals, Trade dition the Brownsville Workers Union Organization, Reformism School proposes to start a class in and the Labor Unions and classes pany of sixty, including Frank Willer, etc.

Of course, the shipping owners did ternoon for unemployed workers and Russian. Students are man and a chair of voices providing workers and Russian. Students are man and a chair of voices providing

WHAT'S

Tuesday

OPEN Unit Meeting on 15th Anniversary C.P. at 261 Schenectady Ave., 9 p.m. Speaker: Leo Benson. Questions and Discussions. Adm. free. Auspices: Unit 5 Leo. 16.

Editor. Friday, Oct. 5, 7 p.m. at Roger Smith Grill, 40 E. 41st St. Subc. \$1.28. SYMPOSIUM at P. 8. 63, East Third St. between First Ave. and Avenue A, held by Praternal Poderation for Social Insurance. Candidates of all parties to present visus Sec. 16.

SOVIET Film Satire "Marionettes." New Songer Theatre, Stone and Pitkin Aves., I p.m.-11 p.m. Adm. 10c daytime: 20c eve. Arranged, Brownsville School Dist. I.W.O.

Brain Workers Must Now Decide Where They Stand

the accusations were correct, but, by way of justification, argued that these new inventions would make obsolete very expensive productive equipment."

"A Simple Christian Calculation" "Apart from crimes approved by bourgeois laws, such as plundre through the system of direct and indirect taxation, stock-exchange money-juggling, the manipulation of commodity prices and the destruction of manufacturers' surpluses before the eyes of the semistarving workers, the creation of mass unemployment, etc., we member that during 1914 and 1918 the war-industrialists of France, Great Britain, Germany, etc., traded with each other in metal, and ex-changed inventions for the better destruction of soldiers," Gorky adds

"Such exchanges, such business trades, are substantiated facts. No doubt they will be repeated in future wars. For, notwithstanding competition among themselves, the nunitions magnates are not nearly so much interested in the victory of one over the other, as they are in trade with each other. Furthermore, they begin to realize that the best that the history of the growth of capitalism has produced, is the growth of revolutionary proletariat. Therefore—the more proletarians are destroyed, the longer will be put off the final doom of capitalism-a simple and clear Christian calculation.

"Every war of national groups of pitalists is inevitably the war of the proletariat against itself. proletariat is the only force capable of changing the world for the common welfare of its entire toiling people. It is time that 'brain work-ers' understood this," Gorky adds

"History constantly brings all mankind closer and closer to a de-cisive clash between the proletariat and capitalism; and we need not be prophets to state confidently that this clash will terminate with the death of capitalism," he emphasizes.

"The inhuman and senseless actions of the capitalists are incorrigible. The rapidity of the de-struction and the fall of the weight of the capitalist world is governed by this inexorable law of physics the lower a weight falls, the faster

"Alongside this process, the organization of the Socialist State by the proletariat on the enormous area of the Soviet Union proceeds more and more rapidly. The success of this work has the unquestionable aim of the emancipation of the toilers of the whole world. It is time that brain workers decide on which of the two sides they stand."

Stage and Screen

Back to the Land Theme of "Our Daily Bread"

With "Our Daily, Bread," which United Artists brings to the Rialto for a preview tonight, King Vidor becomes a full-fledged producer in organized Workers School. For the his own right. Taking up where "The Crowd" left off, this tion of Marxist-Leninist theory and ture follows the theme of "back to

Featuring Karen Morely, Tom Keene, Barbara Pepper and John The first public undertaking of Qualen, "Our Daily Bread" ing of "Ten Days That Shook the been given a special musical score by Alfred Newman. Following the World." lead of the Soviet and German directors, King Vidor uses this mued October 15th. Courses will be given in Principles of Communism, his effects, especially in the climax Organizational Principles, Trade where there is practically no dia-Union Strategy and Tactics, Negro logue—sound carrying out almost of the entire emotional buildup. As in his other successes, King Vidor strives for camera effects, and

Planck's photography in "Our Daily Bread" has been hailed as outstanding. Supplementing the run of "Our School, raided on July 17th, re- Daily Bread" at the Rialto, "Red

timate closeups of the Soviet Union

by Margaret Bourke White, will be

"Roll, Sweet Chariot" Opens Tonight at Cart Theatre

"Roll, Sweet Chariot," a symhonic drama of the Negro people by Paul Green, who won the Pulitzer Prize in 1927, opens tonight at the Cort Theatre with a Negro comman and a chair of voices providing a musical background. The play has been directed by Emjo Basshe, with Dolphe Martin, composer, conduct ing the choir. Margaret Hewer sponsors the work, which has for its theme the visitation of the legendary John Henry upon the Negroes of Potters' Field.

Strauss Music Pleases in "The Great Walts"

Sec. 16.
SOVIET Film Satire "Marionettes." New Singer Theatre, Stone and Pitkin Aves. I p.m. 11 p.m. Adm. 10c daytims; 20c eve. Arransed, Brownsville School Dist. I.W.O.

Wednesday

GENERAL Membership Meeting. Friends of the Workers School. 116 University Pl. (18th St.) 8 p.m. Lecture by J. Beaun on "Election Campaign." All invited No admission charge.

GREET the New York Daily Worker. Delegated Mass Meeting, Sunday, Oct. 7, 8 p.m. General Mark Shops.

GREET the New York Daily Worker. Delegated Mass Meeting, Sunday, Oct. 7, 8 p.m. General Mark Shops.

Chicago III

Muscle That the Daily May Live and Expand'

(Author of "The Disinherited")

THERE has never been a time when "care nothing about jails because the Daily Worker was more this magnifies their phoney martyreded than now. I remember some dom. lines from one of Mike Gold's earlier poems: "Newspapermen eat exrement and grow fat and laugh...

They hounded a woman to the odds, against his thieving and swingrave and received a raise in salary; ish employers, against the hypocritisish employers and hypoc



cusses the San Francisco strike. could be easily secured for try, but you would be surprised at the amount of Whites [read Fascists and Vigilantes.—J. C.] when the

TUNING IN

1:15-WEAP—Gene and Glenn—Sketch
WOR—Comedy; Music
WJZ—Tintype Tenor
WABC—Just Plain Bill—Sketch

1:45-WEAF—Frank Buck's Adventures
WOR—Studio Music
WABC—Baseball—Mickey Cochrane,
Manager Detroit Tigers
3:00-WEAF—Reisman Orchestra; Phil
Duey, Baritone
WOR—Campaign Talk—Judge William Dill

liam Dill WJZ-Lead Close-Up-Sketch WABC-Concert Orchestra: Frank Munn, Tener; Hazel Glenn,

Orchestra
WCR—Lum and Abner—Sketch
WJZ—Ganadian Concert
WABC—Troopers Band
-WOR—Eddy Brown, Violin

war and murder! It keeps the news-As workers, caught in the grip of the crisis begin to fight the main on earth. But in this fight back, the full bond, some means of communicating words of good cheer, news of the communicating words of good cheer, news of the communicating words of good cheer, news of the communication with the communication of the talistic press is being heaped heaped heaped being heaped struggle, the comradely hand of

York man-about-town, O. O. Mc-

Intire, had to blow his venomous

wad about strikers and radicals who

upon them. Such a jovial and try to the other, from every battle "real folks-ey" front. The Daily Worker is that columnist as Will bond. It should print 12 or 16 pages Rogers snarls a day to contain all the really valulike an angry jackal when he dis- able and entertaining features that "There is lots of Reds in this coun- space, but it finds it difficult to print

real showdown comes," gloats Will, a something, however little, to the and tells of delivering General \$60,000 campaign will do to. So Johnson's pants to him in his hotel many can give nothing, and the when "he was going to start out this morning to break the strike." this last epoch of capitalism in The Hearst philosopher, Arthur America is written, the days we are Brisbane, applauds the vigilantes in living now will loom large, and the California, and calls for violence vital role of the Daily Worker in against the strikers. Even the New these struggles will be properly evaluated. The thing to do now is to strain every muscle and exhaust every resource to see that the Daily, the workers' only daily English language paper in America, lives and expands. It will take hard work and sacrifice on the part of all its 7:00 P. M.-WEAF—The Olympic Games— Representative Emanuel Cell of New York

Amusements

WOR—Sports Resume—Ford Frick WJZ—Amos 'n' Andy—Sketch WABC—Myrt and Marge—Sketch ONLY 4 WEEKS to see WEAF—The Crisis in Local Government—Charles A. Beard, Economis
WOR—The O'Neills—Sketch
WJZ—Edgar Guest, Poet: Charles
Sears, Tenor; Concert Orchestra
WABC—Jack Smith, Songs
WEAE—Frank Bucks, Advantures

D'OYLY CARTE GILBERT & SULLIVAN OPERA COMPANY from London OPERAS. This Entire Wk.-Evs.8:15.Mats.Wed&Sat2:15 "THE GONDOLIERS"
WEEK Oct. 8 (Mon.to Wed.)-"Cox and Box" and "THE PIRATES OF PENZANCE"
Thurs. to Sat. (By Request)-"PATIENGE" Thurs. to Sat. (By Request)—"PATIENCE"
MARTIN BECK THEA., 45 St., W. of 8 Av.

Munn, Tenor; Hazel Glenn,
Soprano
8:30-WEAF-Wayne King Orchestra
WOR-Variety Musicale
WJZ-Lawrence Tibbett. Baritone;
Concert Orchestra; John B. Kennedy, Narrator
WABC-Lyman Orchestra, Vivienne
Segal, Soprano; Oliver Smith,
Tenor NEW THEATOF MAGAZINE Can you hear THEIR VOICES"

hy the Jack London CLUB of CLEWARN - A FLAY BY HALLIE FLAMAGAN Tenor

9:00-WEAF-Ben Bernie Orchestra

WOR-Dave Vine, Comedian

WABC-Bing Crosby, Edngs: Boswell

Sisters Trio; Stoll Orchestra

9:15-WJZ-Story Behind the Claim; The

Boys' Escape-Sketch

9:30-WEAF-Ed Wynn, Comedian; Duchin
Orchestra ADAPTED FROM THE WHITAKER GHAMBERS 2 LILLIAM SHAPIRO WA DANCE-

"GOOD MORNING REVOLUTION"

BABBIE MITCHELLAND STINER HALL

OF "STRYEBORE" IN SONGS and SPIRITURES TWO PERFORMANCES AFTERNOON 2.45 EVENING B.A.S.

9:45-WOR-Eddy Brown, Violin
WABC-Fray and Braggiotti, Piano
10:00-WEAF-Operetta-Miss Springtime,
With Gladys Swarthout, Soprano;
John Barclay and Others
WJZ-To Be Announced

SINDAY OCT 7

Control of the Street of MEN THEATRE- HY WHYST BOO

Red Russia Comes to America!



A PICTURE for every radical . . . every reformer . . . every extreme proponent of change in the social . . . civic . . . industrial life of America!

A PICTURE for the proletariat . . . of the masses, fer the masses and by the masses!

EXTRA! First New York Showing! Margaret Bourke-White's "RED REPUBLIC" Exclusive Russian Pictures.

Tonight at 9 • RIALTO • B'way & 42d St

Hailed by Paris, London, Some! CHEERED IN NEW YORK OSTROVSKY'S

"Thunderstorm" Saviets Greatest Film

Directed by Directed by Directed by CAMEO TILL 19M 250 ACME 14th Street & Union Sq.

Dostoyevski's "Petersburg Nights" (English Titles)
The DAILY WORKER says: "New Russian film worthy addition to Soviet

SOVIET SUPER TALKING FILM

"America's Only Working Class Daily Newspaper

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TUESDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1934

Mr. Green Reports!

THE report of the Executive Council of the A. F. of L. to its national convention, continues the policy of co-operation with the employers; a policy which has lost the demands of the workers whereever William Green and his lieutenants have been able to put it into effect.

Green, in his report, includes many pages which describe miserable conditions, low wages, growth of company unions and long hours. These sections of the report "criticize" the codes.

But these criticisms are a cover for the maintenance of illusions that the problems of the workers can be solved within the N. R. A. machinery. The Green report proposes as a remedy for the miserable conditions described, only further reliance on the N. R. A. boards, and on Roosevelt.

The report tries to make the workers believe that they can win their demands by dropping their strike struggles and by relying on these government boards. It claims that the demands of the workers can be won by merely adding a few labor leaders to the N. R. A. boards. Green proposes, not the scrapping of the whole strike-breaking N. R. A. program, but a little tinkering with the N. R. A. Green claims that Roosevelt and the federal government are impartially working in labor's interests, and that the N. R. A. is being "violated" by a few "bad" employers.

The facts are, of course, that the N. R. A. is fulfilling the purpose for which the employers and their government created it. The N. R. A., entirely in the hands of and a creature of the employers, is keeping down wages while living costs soar; it is developing the company unions; lengthening hours, increasing speedup, and is continuing a fascist terror against strikes and unemployed strug-

The report of the Executive Council of the A. F. of L. brazenly ignores the strike wave in which the workers are engaged. It comes out openly against federal unemployment insurance for which the workers are fighting. It pleads for co-operation with the government, whose armed forces are murdering strikers on picket lines. It advocates "peace" with employers who are starving masses of workers

The report is in line with Green's whole policy of betrayal of the workers' struggles. Green advocates arbitration. It was under this slogan that Green, together with Roosevelt, sold out the demands of the auto workers, the steel workers, the coal miners and now the textile workers. Arbitration has meant to the workers that they go back work before any of their demands are granted; that they agree beforehand to place their demands in the hands of a government board which is controlled by the employers.

Arbitration is the slogan under which the textile workers are now suffering blacklist, speed-up, low wages and long hours. The Roosevelt arbitration boards, agreed to by Green and company, are set up for the express purpose of maintaining the profits of the employers and maintaining the miserable conditions of the workers.

Arbitration is the only remedy which is proposed by Green and his Council. But the rank and file has another remedy. They demand a militant fight for the rights of the workers to organize, to strike, to meet and to picket. They demand an end to government terror against strikers and unemployed. They demand the development of the strike wave in order to secure these eliminary rights, as well as higher wages and better conditions.

The rank and file of the A. F. of L. opposes to Green's employer-policy of no-fight the policy of militant struggle for all of the demands of the

The rank and file in every local and in every union should take their union into their own hands, kick out the Greens and Gormans and all the betrayers, and institute a real fight for their demands.

The Statement of 41

CUNDAY'S declaration by forty-one mem-D bers of the Socialist Party at the Second U. S. Congress Against War is a most important statement. It is, actually, the voice of the membership of the Socialist Party, expressing the deep desire of the socialist workers for that united front between Communists and Socialists that will mark the beginning of an ever-widening unity of labor against developing fascism. Many more such expressions will be heard in the near future.

This is the voice of the membership. But what can be said of the National Executive Committee of the Socialist Party, which was elected on the basis of a "left" platform and a struggle against the right wing at the Detroit Convention? Not only did the N. E. C. of the Socialist Party refuse to join in the splendid united front being welded at the Chicago Congress but threats of expulsion have been made against those courageous Socialists who have insisted on joint action with Communists.

What can one say of the developments in Milwaukee? There Mrs. Victor Berger was threatened with expulsion for her decision to attend the Anti-War Congress, as was the Rev. Ralph M. Compere, another Socialist who is a supporter of united ac-

With whom was Mrs. Berger uniting when she went to Chicago? As the report of the credentials committee at the Congress indicates, there were trade unions, peace societies, churches and hundreds of other organizations represented. Does the National Executive Committee or the Milwaukee leadership of the Socialist Party oppose united action with these varied elements of the American population who wish to fight against war and fascism? If Methodists, Republicans and Democrats do not object to working side by side with Communists in the struggle against the danger of a new Wall Street war, why can the S. P. leadership

As for us, we repeat what we have said time

and again: We still urge passionately the speed building of a united front in the struggle against war and fascism and in the fight for the elementary democratic rights of the American workers.

The fight for this unity we will not abandon. It is the burning need of the moment. Forty-one Socialist members have shown the way. Will the Socialist Party as a whole follow? We stand ready

Defeat Ryan's Red-Baiting!

MR. JOSEPH P. Ryan, who rules the International Longshoremen Association by the law of the blackjack and the gun. is moving heaven and earth to prevent the longshoremen from walking out on strike together with the seamen. The dockers and the seamen are thus far working militantly to defeat this agent of the shipping interests. The building of a United Front Strike Preparations Committee, including members of three marine unions, has thrown the fear of strike into Ryan's heart,

Hence the new attack—the trotting out of the "Red scare," the attempt to split the ranks of the workers-in order to defeat the growing movement for a strike. Further than that, Ryan has descended to provocation of the worst sort, uttering dark hints about "Communist efforts to take over

Against these efforts to split their ranks the marine workers must set their faces like flint.

Ryan's object in raising the "Red scare" at this time is precisely that of the shipping interests in the San Francisco strike-to behead the movement of its militant leadership, split and confuse the

'Yes," the marine workers must answer, "there are Communists in our ranks-good, militant fighters. There are also workers who support the Socialist, Democratic and Republican parties. But we are all united around one issue—the carrying on of our strike to a successful conclusion. Your redbaiting, Mr. Ryan, will not divide us."

A decisive answer to Ryan's red-baiting is part of the fight to win the strike, to defeat the Ryan-Shipping Association-government maneuver of referring everything to the Pacific Coast arbitration committee. From this fight against Ryan's redbaiting the marine workers must not flinch.

'American' Relief Plans

N "AMERICAN plan to end govern-A ment aid to the unemployed" was projected Saturday by A. L. Deane, president of the General Motors Holding Corporation at the "1934 Mobilization for Human Needs," the ballyhoo conference which has been called in Washington to outline the drive for Community Chest funds.

The share-the-work scheme, another name for the stagger plan, projected by Deane as "job insurance," has as its central feature a wholesale slash in wages with the express purpose of thrusting the burden of unemployment squarely on the backs of the workers. "Unemployment insurance and other European relief schemes," Deane said, "are based on class progress.'

Deane's plan in its essential points calls for the setting up of a board to determine the amount of hours for each worker in an industry over a weekly period. In determining the number of hours to be worked, the board would divide the many hours necessary to maintain the "needed production" by the number of workers, employed and unemployed, in the industry. The resulting figure would be the number of hours to be worked.

This would mean that the present 16,000,000 unemployed would be "absorbed" into industry by further reducing the hours of those now employed.

SPEAKING at an earlier meeting of the same conference, President Roosevelt said: "It is right. I think, for us to emphasize that the American family must be the unit which engages our greatest interest and concern."

Roosevelt's preoccupation with the welfare of the American (!) is no new thing. In his June 8 message to Congress he spoke of "furthering the secur-

"You and I know," Roosevelt told two hundred social workers at the Friday session of the conference, "that it has been with reluctance and only because we have realized the imperative need for additional help that the Federal government has been compelled to undertake the task of supplementing the more normal methods which have been used for many generations."

Roosevelt then went on to say what are "the more normal methods," demanding that the individual citizen, and the city governments provide unemployment relief.

A year ago, Sept. 8, 1933, Roosevelt outlined the same proposals. Two years ago, however, candidate Roosevelt, in his election campaign, said: "If starvation and dire need on the part of any of our citizens make necessary the appropriation of additional funds which would keep the budget out of balance, I would not hesitate to tell them the full truth and recommend to them the expenditure of this additional amount."

Newton Baker, war-time Secretary of War in Wilson's cabinet and chairman of the relief conference, likewise speaks of putting "the entire burden of relief on local shoulders."

Coming at this time when his Federal Relief Administrator, Harry Hopkins, has declared that Federal funds would be withheld to cities and states which do not match Federal funds for relief. Roosevelt and Baker's statements are the official prelude to wholesale relief cuts.

EVERY force must be mobilized in the campaign for the Workers Unemployment Insurance Bill, the bill initiated by the Communist Party and incorporated in the Communist Party election platform. Regional conferences of all groups sincerely desirous of obtaining genuine unemployment insurance must be held in preparation for the National Congress for Social Security to be held in Washington on January 5, 6 and 7. The broadest possible mobilization of all forces for increased relief and the enactment of the Workers' Bill must be the answer to the relief slashing pronouncements of Roosevelt, his relief administrator, and their masters,

| Join | th. | e (| Comm | ıun | ist | Party |
|------|-----|-----|---------|-----|-----|-------|
| | | | STREET, | | | |

AFL Report Shuns Strikes, Backs NRA

By CARL REEVE (Continued from Page 1)

campaign was launched. . . . Threats were carried to union members that they would better join the company union. Discriminations began. In layoffs, in rehiring, in many kinds of preferment the union member was at a disadvantage."

But the A. F. of L. executive uncil's report clearly seeks to maintain the illusions of the workers in the N. R. A. and the Roosethe report is—"The decisions of Labor Boards reassure the rights written into the National Recovery Roosevelt government,

which mobilized federal troops in New England ready to back up National Guards, if needed, which urged the workers to return to vork under Gorman's betrayal, which sent the auto and steel workers and coal miners back to work defeated—this federal government, which has launched strike-breaking terror from San Francisco to Maine, and which refused unemployment insurance to the jobless-Green tells us to trust implicitly. The federal government, whose boards have fostered company unions and blacklisted thousands, we are told, is the sole agency to which should be entrusted the demands of the

The N.R.A., the machinery created by the employers' government with which to place all of the burdens of the crisis on the backs of the workers, we are told must be extended and made "per-manent." The N. R. A., which the employers dominate from top to bottom and which they created, is characterized as "a gigantic attempt to restore prosperity to this country," which is being carried on by "the government, labor and industry."

Deserts Jobless

The same abject desertion of the workers' struggles is seen on the unemployed front as well as in the field of strikes. The report of Green paints a heart-rending picture of the plight of the unemployed. More than 10,000,000 are jobless, his report states. Relief is inadequate.

But what about the struggle of the workers for unemployment insurance? What about the demands of the thousands of A. F. of L. members and the unorganized workers for the passage of the force the federal government to Workers. make good its campaign promises and grant security to the jobless? the union and a leading Lovestoncannot enact a federal unemployment insurance law."

The Executive Council of the A. F. of L. then endorses the Wagner-Lewis unemployment reserves bill, the and calls for state "unemployment compensation measures." The Green militants and Communists. administration says not a word regarding the Workers' Unemployment and Social Insurance Bill, which is has fought consistently. Contempt for Workers

Green and his Council regard workment sold out the auto workers strike, set up an employer controlled "arbitration" board, and through this Auto Labor Board rejected every demand of the auto workers and brought forward the company

Instead the auto workers are condemned because they are militant enough to protest against the Green-Roosevelt sell-out. Here is what Green's report says regarding the auto workers: "They are highly nervous and suspicious, entirely undisciplined, completely inexperienced in the trade union movement. They have been driven so long in the terriffic speed-up of the indus-try and forced to live so long under unfavorable conditions, that they present special problems to organizers and to union officials."

Nor can we expect to find in Green's report mention of the problems of the steel workers-of the The vital demands and problems

for the right to strike, to organize, to meet and to assemble, a struggle which is as old as the working class itself, is not mentioned in the

CORRECTION adopted by local 808 of the International Longshoremen's Associa... WE'RE MARCHING TOWARD THE MORNING!"



Lovestoneites Carry Out Green's Policy of Expulsions in Paterson

By a vote of seven for and four gainst, with one abstention. L. Valgo, militant textile worker, was workers for the passage of the Workers' Unemployment Insurance Bill. What of the campaign to the American Federation of Silk

Eli Keller, general manager of Here is Green's answer: "It is ite, is resorting to a drive of exdefinitely understood that Congress pulsion of militants in an attempt to behead the movement of revolt of the masses of members against his participation in the betrayal of general textile strike. Keller, Lovestonite, is quick to carry the out the Green expulsion policy of Lovestonite Zimmerman in the needle trades a long time ago began such a policy. This is how the Lovestonites fight for the "unity of the workers. They are every-where, in the unions, part and par-The utter contempt with which cel of the trade union bureaucracy.

What "crimes" did Valgo commit? ers who conduct a fight for their rights and their demands, creeps to a joint meeting of the executive 1. When the strike-call was read into the report when the question boards of the various departments, of organization is taken up. The known as the Strike Committee, L. report regarding the auto industry Valgo made a motion calling upon is here taken as an example. Of such a body to send a resolution course, in this section not a single to the Dyers Federation, appealing word is said about the way in which for the calling of the Dye Workfrom Washington.

Wanted Militant Action strike, L. Valgo fought for the elec- turn to work. tion of a large representative strike

S.P. Members Call

Workers on strike.

a strike committee was never elect- veloped.

strike was reported at a mass meeting on Sunday morning, Sept. 23, L. Valgo, together with other militant members of the union, rallied the workers for the continuation of the strike, and brought pressure for the may be summarized as follows: calling of a membership meeting, so that the workers could discuss and discrimination! and decide on the necessary steps. 2. Democracy in Keller and Co. refused to call any the membership meeting, with the result that the workers returned to the shops confused and demoralized.

Bosses Cut Wages

Immediately the bosses took ad-

relief apparatus, for the systematic Valgo, a member of this committee, organization of mass picketing, for the popularization of the strike de-ties. Through such independent mands, and consistently brought actions, a serious disintegration of pressure for the calling of the Dye the ranks of the union has been temporarily checked. A new spirit Eli Keller and his machine fought of militant struggle against the misagainst and practically killed all of these proposals, with the result that the betrayal of the strike) has de-

ed, the strike demands were not discussed and made known to the are convinced by a costly experimasses of strikers, no relief was ence that the Keller leadership provided, and the dyers never called must be replaced without delay by new elections, so that proven, hon-When the betrayal of the general est, intelligent and militant work- were in at the time we received the

1. Struggle against wage-cuts munist sympathizers. The poorest

votes and 50 mandates; the farmers' federation, 51,000 votes, the Communist Party increased its vote cast from 17,000 in the last election to 43,000, though not all returns report of the elections

Immediate Needs of Union The immediate needs of the union

4. Keller and his clique must go! influence, were denied voting rights. Prepare to restrike for the win-

vantage of this and began a wave county must be shown the true role Green and the Roosevelt govern- ers on strike immediately. Eli Kel- of wage-cuts and discrimination of the Lovestone renegades who ler refused to entertain the motion, against militant workers. A com- were five years ago expelled from declaring that all motions were out mittee of 25, elected at a mass the Communist Party because they of order, and that we merely had meeting called by the workers over began to travel on the road which to follow "instructions" of Gorman the head of Keller, began to carry has now landed them in the camp at the Reichstag elections, although on an independent struggle against of the most reactionary labor buthe attacks of the bosses and gave reaucrats. Keller defends Gorman, with the pay of taxes and the pre-2. Throughout the period of the guidance to the workers on their re- Zimmerman defends Dubinskythese are not isolated accidental A series of mass meetings were facts. It is but an expression of committee, for the setting up of a called by the committee of 25, and the policies of the Lovestone group. Party of Sweden is able to record

dent of the United, to meet the

An office set up for hiring scabs

picket line.

nist influence. The reactionary election laws disfranchise many Com-

2. Democracy in the union!3. No expulsion of militant mem-

ning of the demands adopted at the National Convention of the U.T.W.! The workers throughout the

> OF THE revolutionary deeds of the French soldiers in the last world war, the capitalist press says: "Now it can be told!" We reprint some of the facts, not so that it can be told, but so that it can serve as a guide, an inspiration, should the bloodsucking bosses succeed in starting a new criminal war, so that instead of meeting with defeat, it should lead on to the victory of the civil war against the war-makers. We take the following from the N. Y. Times feature: "Inside War Stories Are Still To Be Told," by

any other Party."

On the

World Front

general strike, as well as the

The seamen are the best organ-

The seamen have already enlisted

The Pilsudski government has in-

een mobilized against the dockers.

The International of Seamen and

"Dockers everywhere: Boycott all

ships coming from Gdynia. Refuse

to discharge them, load them again

or transport cargo coming from or

WE now have some more complete figures on the recent Swedish

county council and municipal elec-

new mandates in the Municipal

elections. At Kiruna, largest min-

ing center of Norrbotten, they re-

ceived 40 per cent of the vote; at

Malberget, second mining center,

they got more than 50 per cent of

The Social-democrats won 100,000

EVEN these votes, however, are not

the real expression of Commu-

voters are denied the ballot be-

cause they cannot pay taxes, and

40,000 migatory workers, among

"Ny Dag," (New Day), central organ of the Communist Party,

writes on these election results:

"The election results are a signifi-

cant success for our Party. The

figures of the votes cast for it are

much higher everywhere. In nu-merous important constituencies,

the figures were even higher than

the connection of the franchise

vented pourney of migratory work-

ers prevented them from voting in

a greater increase in votes than

their home towns. The Communist

whom there is a great Commun

destined to Gdynia."

Clair Price: "We know that 115 UNITS IN THE FRENCH ARMY WERE AF-FECTED and that all that stopped it were the wholesale executions which followed the RAISING OF THE RED FLAG BY A REGI-MENT AT THE COEUVRES DE-POT. For that one day's mutiny one mutineer out of every five was chosen by lot for execution. Of the hundreds of men who thus died at the hands of their own countrymen, practically every man mattered to him whether he died at a French firing post or on German barbed wire. Incidentally, there is a curious sidelight on the French poilu which is worth recalling in this connection, in the fact that long after the Tiger had come in and the French had been pulled out of defeat and were being driven to victory, indeed right to the end of the war, French troops could be heard going up to the line singing the 'Internationale,'

Contributions received to the credit of Harry Gannes in his Socialist competition with "Change the World" and the Medical Advisory Board in the Daily Worker \$60,000

Quota\$500.00 Total to date 1.40

the song of mutiny."

arrest of followers of Antonio Guiteras, Secretary of the Interior in the Grau San Martin regime. Dispatches from Camaguey state that serious fighting broke out there; three persons were killed and many were wounded at a demon-

Welders' Strike Stops Work

By JOSEPH NORTH (Continued from Page 1)

came to Chicago I went to the nawe didn't have a united front, and fact that Green called off the steel Comrade Senior said that the represent the majority, and we are of the rank and file find no reflec- going out strong to make the leadtion in this document. The fight ers realize that it is the majority who wanted the united front, and we are going to get it."

Trade Unionists Organize Perhaps the most important and report. The fight against the terror stirring of all the sub-commission of government police, of national meetings was that of the trade guard troops, of all the strikebreak- unions; the central emphasis this ing agencies of the government, which are driving towards fascism, are not dealt with by Green. membership of A. F. of L. unions, Th fight for rank and file control and the result of the meeting are the following two plans for solving Philadelphia organizer of the union, has been placing blind advertise-

The rank and file will have to tional bureau of the American dorsing of the arbitration efforts of League Against War and Fascism. United States Conciliator Lille, have to League Against War and Fascism. carry on this fight in the conven- This structural form is to be retion and in every local union. On the basis of a program of class line. There will be city trade union struggle, of developing and strengthening the strike wave and the fight

American League local branches.

The strike wave and the fight and strike wave an for federal unemployment insur-ance, the rank and file can win bet-plan for gaining admittance into A. The com-plan for gaining admittance into A. The com-mittee has called a conference of No ter conditions. The rotten A. F. of F. of L. and other important trade L. officialdom, with its employers' union bodies. The league is printprogram, must be driven out and ing hundreds of thousands-million the rank and file themselves take if necessary—of questionnaires for into their own hands every local reference to union locals and for

distribution in shops. This ques tionnaire asks quite simply whether the group or the individual would Yesterday's Daily Worker er- join in a national process in the roneously reported that the motion pending Fascism? Of those engaged in the transport or manufacture of war materials it asks whether they tion called for strike action on or their union would register dis- lutionary outbreak," the Mendieta October 8. It should have stated approval of impending war by re- government today suspended civil rested in Havana. that the proposed date was Oct. 5. fusal to continue work.

For United Action On Two U.S. Navy Destroyers; Picket Line Keeps Out Scabs NEW YORK.—The work on the land for Thursday, Oct. 4, at 8 p.m. construction of two destroyers for at 3030 Richmond Terrace, Mariners

Clarence Senior. I asked him why the United States Navy has been Harbor, in an effort to raise funds completely stopped by the strike of to aid the strikers. fact that Green called off the steel workers called off the steel workers strike, left their demands in the hands of a Roosevelt Board, in the hands of a Roosevelt Board, the members of the Socialist Party Mechanics and Welders, employed dustrial Union, the first to respond and thus kept them from winning a single one of their demands.

did not want a united front. Those of us who are here, feel that we do in the limited Dry Docks, Inc., Marton as the United Dry Docks, Inc., Marton as the Uni strike is solid in its second week, The agreement of J. Paul, presiaccording to a report yesterday. The demands of the striking union committee last Friday, was

welders are for \$1.50 for new work, postponed for some time this week. \$1.62 for repair work, proportionate The committee views this postponeincrease for all apprentices, instal- ment as a conscious stall by lation of suction blowers on gal- management in the hope that this vanizing work, and no discrimina- will weaken the now excellent tion in reemployment after the morale of the strike committee and Attempts of the company to break

the morale of the strikers as well as the efforts of Lewis Sudhoff, room 3735, 70 E. 45th St., New York, of the unions, the fight against it:

racketeering and gangsterism, is passed by in silence. The demands of a national trade union committee to work directly with the national trade union committee to work directly with th failed completely.

International Brotherhood of Boiler-The Executive Doard of Local 13 makers, Shipbuilders and Helpers, met Sunday and worked out a de- A. F. of L., the president of which, termined to continue the strike un- law." The man refused to give his mittee has called a conference of No scabs have been brought in all labor organizations in Staten Is- ino the yard to date.

Mendieta Calls Strike inces and ordered the wholesale arrests of Communists. 'Revolutionary Fight'; All trucks and auto drivers in

Suspends Civil Rights auto strike was called in protest against taxes on motor vehicles and HAVANA, Oct. 1.—Declaring the against the high price of gasoline. strike of taxicab drivers and omni- Other transportation workers are bus workers in Havana is a "revo- expected to join the strike. Seven taxicab drivers were ar-

rights in Hayana and Oriente prov- | Orders were also issued for the stration of the Grau forces.