

Daily Worker

PEOPLES CHAMPION OF LIBERTY, PROGRESS, PEACE AND PROSPERITY

MAKE IT GROW!

Received yesterday in the \$100,000 drive - - - - \$ 2,287.89 Total to date - - - - - \$70,853.90

WEATHER: much colder. Eastern N and colder.

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NAZI AND ITALIAN WARSHIPS SHELL ROAD AS SPAIN FORTIFIES NEW LINE AT MALAGA

Robinson Hints Compromise on Court Proposal

Forecasts Congress Will Enact Judiciary Reform, But with 'Modifications'—Reactionaries in State Legislatures Oppose Bigger Bench

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—While special privilege rushed to bulwark the Supreme Court, through action in State Legislatures today, Senate Majority Leader Robinson gave the first hint of compromise on President Roosevelt's plan to increase the size of the court.

Robinson forecast that Congress would enact the judiciary reform program but admitted that "modifications" probably would be made.

This statement was accompanied by a suggestion that the retirement age for Supreme Court Justices be set at 75 instead of 70. This would reduce the number of appointments the President could make to three instead of six, as of the present date. But two more justices will reach 75 within a few weeks.

Landon enters lists At the same time, it became known that former Gov. Alfred M. Landon would again enter the lists on the side of reaction, with an attack on Roosevelt's plan before the National Republican Club in New York Friday night.

Meanwhile, as the Colorado House endorsed the court proposal, Republicans and conservative Democrats joined hands in several other state legislatures to rally support against the plan.

At Hartford, Conn., after more than an hour of debate, the House voted 158 to 90 to urge Connecticut's Congressional Representatives to oppose the measure. Four Democrats voted with the Republican minority.

IN MAINE, which cast its vote for Landon on Nov. 3, the Senate passed a memorial to Congress attacking Roosevelt's plan as a "covert attack" upon the federal constitution.

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Victory Ends Sit-in Strike At Hospital

The sit-down strike of 96 maintenance workers in the Israel Zion Hospital, 48-10 Tenth Ave., Brooklyn, ended at 8 o'clock last night, with the board of directors of the hospital agreeing to give all maintenance workers \$15 a month for board and to meet with the elected committee of the workers at any time. The hospital also gave definite assurance that no striker would be discharged.

The signal victory of the workers was gained after a 36-hour sitdown strike. The routine of the hospital was not affected, as strikers made provisions for food and service for the patients.

SUPERINTENDENT GIVES IN Two conferences held earlier in the day broke down as Boris Fingerhood, hospital superintendent, refused to agree to the strikers' demands. The strike seemed destined to continue when Fingerhood again called the workers to the meeting and accepted the final compromise offer.

A serious shortage of laundry for the patients was prevented early in the morning when Fred Gardner, president of Hospital Employees Union, Local 171, and Morris Berlin, vice-president, authorized the strikers in the hospital laundry to give out laundry for the operating room, delivery room and nursery. Food continued to be delivered to patients and the emergency elevator was in operation.

NURSES AID STRIKERS The 250 nurses and 32 doctors, forced to eat out when the strikers shut down the kitchen for the hospital employes, cooperated with the strikers by bringing in food, cigarettes and newspapers.

The strike resulted from the eviction of the maintenance workers from hospital dormitories following a fire on Jan. 17. One nurse was killed in the fire.

Kids Picket in Support of Dads' Strike



Lending 100 per cent support to their striking dads at Flint, Mich., this group of youngsters staged a sympathy demonstration in front of the General Motors building, Detroit, where the offices of the corporation are located.

Only Union Qualified To Bargain with G M, Says Lewis in Detroit

DETROIT, Mich., Feb. 9.—Injunctions and vigilantes apparently remained General Motors only policies for settling the auto strike its statement today after five days of negotiations with the United Automobile Workers indicated.

The corporation did not back down from its original position that it would grant recognition to any organization, including company unions and such outfits as the strikebreaking Flint Alliance. Wide newspaper publicity for a poll to determine extent of representation was also revealed to have been engineered by General Motors. The plan for it was incorporated as a proposal in the corporation's statement.

Through John L. Lewis the U. A. W. declared that it had reduced its demand for recognition as the exclusive bargaining agency in the 20 plants closed by the strike. All other points were agreed to be negotiated after all plants have resumed operation and all workers returned to their jobs without discrimination.

The statement of the corporation, prepared as its representatives entered yesterday's conference, was obviously intended to be a parting shot in an immediate break-off of negotiations. Instead a call from President Roosevelt has influenced the conference to continue. Governor Murphy announced that it

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LIFT UNION OUT IN BRONX

Sixty-five Bronx apartment house buildings were affected by strikes yesterday, first blow against open shop buildings started by the Building Service Employees Union, Local 32-B. Union officials estimated that the drive to organize all non-union buildings and to end violations of union contracts would take two months.

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PINKERTON IN TOLEDO SPIED ON M'GRADY

Spy Tells LaFollette Probers He Trained U. S. Official

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—Assistant Secretary of Labor Edward McGrady was shadowed by a Pinkerton detective during the Chevrolet strike at Toledo, it was revealed today before the LaFollette Civil Liberties Committee.

William H. Martin, former Pinkerton operative, made the astounding revelation. Martin's admission came after Robert Pinkerton, head of the notorious strikebreaking agency, testified that his organization's espionage work for the General Motors Corporation had ended only nine days ago.

Pinkerton emphasized that the agency was not doing any work for General Motors now but said it had been employed until Jan. 31.

Sen. Elbert D. Thomas, D. Utah, immediately ordered Pinkerton to produce evidence showing why the relationship was discontinued, who ordered it, and any other matter

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Government Holds Italy, Germany Responsible in The Capture of Malaga

WITH YOUR HELP SPAIN WILL WIN AN EDITORIAL

Their appetites for more blood and territory whetted by the capture of Malaga, Hitler and Mussolini's hordes are now seriously threatening the Valencia highway from Madrid.

Nazi warships, Italian bombers, and German and Italian troops are the shock forces of General Franco in the war against Spanish democracy.

The fascist dictators stop at nothing to gain their murderous objective.

The heroic people of Spain are holding out against the greatest odds.

Again and again the Spanish people have proved under even more perilous conditions that they can hold the fascist hordes back.

"No Pasaran!" is the fighting cry of the defenders of Spanish liberty. They shall not pass!

Supported by the masses of people everywhere, the Spanish people will win despite all.

But help must be given unstintingly.

The answer to the latest crimes of fascist intervention cannot be given by the Spanish people alone. It must come from all who hold liberty dear or wish to preserve the peace of the world.

Every anti-fascist, every friend of democracy must join to the

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Madrid Defense Junta Greets U. S. Medical Unit

Group Begins to Work, Calls for More Surgeons and Nurses—Cites Children's Plight and Splendid Morale of People

MADRID, Feb. 9.—At the close of its first tour of front line stations about Madrid, the first American Surgical Unit today reported that the "morale of the soldiers and the populace is wonderful."

The unit, which left New York Feb. 16, to the nationwide acclaim of the American friends of democracy, has not only begun to function but is already planning greater aid to Spain.

The group was received with great enthusiasm by the people and in the presence of the Defense Junta, Generals Miaja, Moreno, Panjuel and Ortega, the Americans pledged fullest aid to the heroic Spanish people.

Dr. Edward Barsky, chief surgeon and head of the medical unit announced the following cable at a

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Frankfort Airport to Be Europe's Largest

FRANKFORT, Feb. 9 (UP).—Authorities said today that they planned greatly to increase the airport here, making it the largest in Europe, and to build a new Zeppelin hangar.

Area of the airport will be enlarged from 660 to 1100 acres. The airport will receive government aid in return for a promise by the Zeppelin company that all ships will be started and landed here, save in emergencies when other fields may be used.

20 Jewish Students Hurt

WILNO, Poland, Feb. 9.—Twenty Jewish students were injured today in a new outbreak of anti-Semitic rioting at the University of Wilno.

Outrageous Policy of Non-Intervention Is Condemned HOLD ROAD

Fascists Fail to Pierce Lines in 3 Attacks Near Madrid

BULLETIN

VALENCIA, Wednesday, Feb. 10 (UP).—Spanish Loyalists defied a fascist troop train carrying 1,000 German soldiers and sent it crashing into a ravine near El Higuero, in Cordoba province, it was reported early today.

A railway porter, who escaped from Cordoba to the Loyalist headquarters at Andujar, said Loyalist bands were wrecking railroad lines throughout the southern fascist territory.

A trainload of war materials was destroyed on the Huelva railway line, he said, adding that a fascist General Gonzalo Queipo de Llano ordered execution of several railway employes suspected of the sabotage.

VALENCIA, Spain, Feb. 9 (UP).—Italian and German warships maintained a barrage on the main road from Malaga to Torro to curb the Loyalist line of retreat during the storming of the city, a high Loyalist authority charged today.

The same source said the Loyalists are now busy fortifying a new line which they are confident can be held without great difficulty. It was stated that eight German soldiers were captured by the Loyalists on the Malaga front, wearing modern bullet-proof breast plates.

A reliable Loyalist source said only two merchant vessels and two gunboats fell into the hands of the Fascists in the capture of Malaga.

INTERVENTION DENOUNCED Loyalist leaders denounced the German and Italian governments today as responsible for the fall of Malaga.

What was termed "an outrageous policy of non-intervention pursued by democratic and pseudo-democratic countries" also came in for bitter criticism.

The view of every responsible Government official and political leader who expressed himself was that the Loyalist forces at the Malaga front would have been sufficient to repel any fascist attack from the sea, land or air but for overwhelming foreign aid.

Officials generally charged that it was the most concrete proof since the inception of the civil war that Germany and Italy not only do not intend to withdraw their support of the Spanish Fascists but will try to accomplish their objectives regardless of the diplomatic measures by the democratic powers.

Fears for the safety of Loyalists

(Continued on Page 4)

Green Defense Seeks To Beat Electric Chair

QUEENS COUNTY COURT HOUSE, Feb. 9.—Richard J. Barry, one of a battery of three court-appointed attorneys for Major Green, Negro porter accused of the murder of Mrs. Mary Harriet Case, surprised a packed courtroom today by challenging the constitutionality of fingerprint evidence introduced against his client.

This followed a sensational declaration by Barry in which he stated that Green struck and killed Mrs. Case in her apartment on Jan. 11. Defense counsel made clear they would contend for a second degree murder verdict in an effort to defeat the electric chair.

"SOMETHING HAPPENED" "A certain something happened" in the kitchen of the Case apartment, Barry declared in his opening remarks, which, "due to the mental condition of the defendant," caused the defendant to strike Mrs. Case.

He vigorously denied, however, that Green committed a first degree murder, which the State charges.

James J. Conroy, first assistant Queens County District Attorney, in a brief opening address to the jury, said that the State would prove "beyond all possibility of doubt" that the defendant had committed a first degree murder.

One after another 11 witnesses for the prosecution took the stand and recited volumes of testimony, upon

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\$100,000 Drive for Daily, Sunday Worker Extended to March 2--\$30,000 Still Needed

STATEMENT OF THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE, COMMUNIST PARTY, U.S.A.

Less than three days remain until Feb. 12, the deadline set for the conclusion of the financial drive of our newspapers, the Daily and Sunday Worker.

Every Party member and sympathizer can understand the concern which all of us must feel for the success of this drive. The Daily and Sunday Worker have colossal demands upon them in the days immediately ahead. They are called upon to play an increasingly important part in the great struggles of the workers, in our own country and throughout the world.

More and more have our papers deserved the title which is theirs as "People's Champions of Liberty, Progress, Peace and Prosperity." They bring each day to the American people the voice of the Communist Party and of the progressive movements in the United States. That voice cannot be hushed or reduced to a whisper in the challenging time that lies before us.

Up to this date, \$70,853.89 has been raised for the work of our papers. This is a tribute to the work of our Communist Party members, our Party districts and our host of sympathizers and supporters.

It is still almost \$30,000 short of what the Daily and Sunday Worker need—and need sorely—to perform the task that is now placed at their doors.

It is absolutely essential that the full amount set as our goal—\$100,000—be realized if our papers are to carry on as they should. We recognize that there have been many factors—the many demands upon the Party membership and supporters for support to strikes, the gallant battle for democracy in Spain and the like—which have militated against the successful conclusion of the campaign by the time set.

We appreciate that the loyalty to our newspapers which the Party members and sympathizers feel will cause them to join with us in the determination to complete the full amount necessary for those papers' successful functioning.

The Central Committee, therefore, has decided to extend the financial campaign until March 2.

With this additional time, we should be well able to complete this undertaking. We call upon all the Party Districts, the Party members and all enemies of fascism and war to throw themselves into this campaign with unstinted effort during these additional several weeks.

Some of the Districts and Sections of the Party have been slow heretofore in responding to this drive. We urge them to act speedily, in order to put themselves on a par with the leaders in the drive. They can bring

home to themselves, out of their own experience, the value which the Daily and Sunday Worker can be, if given the opportunity to carry forward their work with full energy and resources.

Some of the Districts have been slow because the campaign came so closely on the heels of their fine work in the election campaign. We also appreciate that they have been deeply engaged in the work of support to the cause of the Spanish people, to the striking seamen and to the heroic strikers of the General Motors Corporation.

In these efforts of theirs, their strongest help has been the Daily and Sunday Worker; in leading the battle, in helping raise funds for these causes, in guiding the workers' struggles. That has put additional burdens upon our papers, already burdened as they were with heavy financial obligations.

We are satisfied that there will be a splendid response, out of the loyalty of our Party members and sympathizers, to this call for a successful completion of the drive. Let us all, with speedy activity, send the \$100,000 drive for the Daily and Sunday Worker over the top by the date now set—March 2!

CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY, U. S. A.

William Z. Foster, Chairman, Earl Browder, General Secretary.

COLUMN LEFT!

What's It All About? By Harrison George

NOW, boys and girls, let us get an understanding of just what's what.

Are there, today, any capitalists in the Soviet Union? No, there are no capitalists there.

Are there, today, any landlords in the Soviet Union? No, there are no landlords there.

Are there, today, any big bankers, like Morgan or Mellon, robbing the people of the Soviet Union with interest? No, there are no private bankers at all in the Soviet Union.

So, now, boys and girls, let us get this very clear: Profit, rent and interest are abolished in the Soviet Union.

There is SOCIALISM in the Soviet Union. Who first got the idea of building socialism in one country?

Vladimir Ilyich Lenin. Even before the revolution, Lenin wrote (His Works, Vol. XVIII: "Uneven economic and political development is an absolute law of capitalism. Hence, the victory of socialism is possible first in a few or even in one single country.")

After the revolution, even in the darkest days of the N.E.P. (New Economic Policy) retreat, Lenin again insisted: "No matter how many difficulties it confronts us with, we shall, all of us together—not tomorrow but within a few years—perform this task at all costs, so that out of N.E.P. Russia will come socialist Russia."

Now, who was opposed to this idea? Trotsky. Before the revolution Trotsky wrote in his pamphlet "Our Revolution": "Without direct state support from the European proletariat, the working class of Russia cannot maintain itself in power and transform its temporary rule into a durable socialist dictatorship."

Again, after the revolution, in 1924, Trotsky wrote: "It would be hopeless, in the light of the experience of history and in the light of theoretical considerations, to think, for example, that a revolutionary Russia could hold its own in the face of conservative Europe," and again in 1924, Trotsky wrote: "The construction of socialist economy in Russia will become possible only after the victory of the proletariat in the most important countries of Europe."

Trotsky opposed both the First and the second Five Year Plans which were under the leadership of Stalin, the workers of the Soviet Union established socialism in one country, the advance post and fortress of world revolution. By persisting in opposing socialism, Trotsky ends up in the camp of fascism.

To "defend" Trotsky is to oppose socialism. More, it is to link oneself with the Trotskyist advance guard of fascism, who—within the Soviet Union—are already killing socialist workers where the Reichswehr and Storm Troops cannot penetrate.

To "defend" Trotsky is to attack! To approve taking away the socialist factories of the Ukraine and giving them to the Allgemeine Deutsches Electricische Gesellschaft. To "defend" Trotsky is to approve seizing the vast socialist industry of the Siberian Soviets in the Amur region, and making them a Christmas present to the Mitsubishi Company of Japan.

In all the world there is but ONE socialist country—the Soviet Union. Let us defend THAT, and laugh at those who cry out: "You are defending Stalinism!" Stalinism means socialism, therefore we are certainly Stalinists. Trotskyism means capitalism, so we're against Trotskyism. We refuse to be sidetracked by anyone from the aim—socialism!

We demand that words mean something. We demand that one who pretends to fight for socialism, actually fight for socialism, and not fight against it! And, just for a reminder that every revolution has its Trotskyes, let us quote what Karl Marx wrote about the Paris Commune of 1871:

"In every revolution there intrude, at the side of its true agents, men of a different stamp, some of them survivors of and devotees to past revolutions, without insight into the present movement, but preserving popular influence by their known honesty and courage, or by the sheer force of tradition; others mere bravi, who by dint of repeating year after year the same set of stereotyped declamations against the Government of the day, have sneaked into the reputation of revolutionists of the first water."

4,000 Colombia Chauffeurs Strike Against Uniforms

BOGOTA, Colombia, Feb. 9 (UP).—Armed police patrolled Bogota streets today and automobile traffic was paralyzed as a result of a strike of 4,000 chauffeurs in the capital and nearby towns in protest against a mayoralty order compelling them to wear uniforms.

Chiang Sees Surgeon

SHANGHAI, Feb. 9 (UP).—Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek arrived by airplane today to consult a bone specialist and obtain a spinal "race" to prevent strain on injuries suffered while he was a captive at Sian-fu, in Shensi province.

Hear Bates and Minor at Mecca Temple Tonight

JAPAN'S WAR MINISTER QUILTS CABINET POST

General Sugiyama, 'Big Army' Proponent, Succeeds Him

TOKIO, Feb. 9 (UP).—Gen. Kotaro Nakamura, Minister of War, resigned today because of ill health. He is in a hospital with typhoid fever.

Gen. Nakamura served in the cabinet only one week, having gone into office Feb. 2 with Premier General Senjuro Hayashi.

Lieut. General Gen Sugiyama was appointed to succeed him. Sugiyama, Inspector General of military education, was the original choice for the post but declined to accept.

"BIG ARMY" MAN General Sugiyama is considered one of the most vigorous "big army" militarists in Japan. He was one of the three top generals who blocked the attempts of the somewhat more liberal Kazushige Ugaki to form a cabinet when the constitutional crisis developed a few weeks ago.

While Sugiyama steps into the office of Minister of War, General Count Juichi Terauchi, who was Minister of War in the Koki Hirota cabinet overthrown by a parliamentary revolt against Hirota's fascist plans, will take Sugiyama's place as Inspector General of Military Education.

The net result is to draw the present Senjuro Hayashi cabinet still more firmly under Army domination, and to give the cabinet a still more reactionary flavor.

U. S. January Munitions Exports \$3,276,007

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9 (FP).—The Netherlands and the Netherlands Indies were the two largest purchasers of munitions from the United States in the month of January, 1937, a State Department report shows. The Netherlands purchased \$1,058,356 worth of goods while the Netherlands Indies spent \$550,723. Foreign importers bought a total of \$3,276,007 worth of munitions.

Le Bourget Airfield Is Highly Improved

PARIS, Feb. 9.—The new air station at Le Bourget is now nearly re-equipped for convenience of long distance, especially trans-Atlantic flights. The brook Moree which used to bother fliers has been forced underground, and a concrete runway 2,000 yards long has been built. The terminal facilities, hotels and restaurants have been greatly extended.

American Workers Express Themselves Vigorously Against the Trotskyites in the following typical letters to the editor of the Daily Worker.

Many of them cite special cases that came under their observation, of Trotskyite disruption or attempted disruption in workers' organizations here. The Trotsky program, these workers say, consists in disrupting the working class by splitting it, wherever possible. The Moscow trial showed why—to aid the fascists.

PRaises STACIEL APPEAL

Editor, Daily Worker: I sure enjoyed reading Jack Stachel's appeal and also Earl Browder's articles on Trotskyism. They sure are masterpieces.

I had several occasions experiencing the rotten work of these Trotsky disrupters. Last year a Candy Manufacturing Co. was on strike here as they had rotten unbearable conditions. The strike was led by the Confectionary Union, composed largely of young workers. The Trotskyites were on the job to sabotage the strike.

I know of a group of the Y.C.L.'ers who were on the job helping the organizers of the union. Those Young Communist League members not only did splendid work—but they only did they help the strikers morally, but also financially, with food, clothing, and money, and also by distributing leaflets for solidarity.

The Trotskyites showed their hand of disruption here. Not only did they not lift a hand to help feed the workers but they would sit around and make fun of the Y.C.L. or Communist Party at eating time. They would be the first to come to the table to eat and would continuously make disruptive remarks which is nothing new to them. They would slander the Communists, saying to the strikers that this is what the Communists brought you to eat, stale bread, buns that can't even be eaten. But yet the Trotskyites did not go out and solicit any food or anything else.

This summer we had a Hunger March at Springfield. I also happened to be there with the marchers. The Trotskyites had four of their people there. One of these was a young girl. The way it looked to me was that she was being misled by those Trotskyites. They went even further here. They put out a leaflet accusing Stalin of not having the proper leadership and that the Revolutionary Workers

Dubliners Cheer Wildly as Priests Defend Spanish People Against Fascists

Irishmen Hear Basque Cleric Expose Franco Shooting of Priests

DUBLIN, Feb. 9.—A wildly-enthusiastic audience in the Gaiety Theatre here, one of the largest in Ireland, wildly cheered two priests—one Basque, the other Irish—as they made vigorous speeches in defense of the Spanish Government's struggle against the Fascist rebellion.

After referring to the intensely religious tradition of the Basques, the Rev. Father Ramon Laborda, a Basque, said: "When I read recently that the Catholics of Ireland were offering men and women to Fascist Franco—the personification of the most brutal imperialism—I exclaimed indignantly: 'It is impossible! Ireland would not do that unless she has been miserably deceived.'"

Referring to the attitude of many people towards General Franco, that he was the "defender of Christianity," Father Laborda said that already 13 Basque priests had been put to death by General Franco's forces. The war, he stressed, was not religious, nor were the elections before it concerned with religion. The Left wing had beaten the Right with votes, and now the Right was trying to beat them with guns.

SHOT PRIESTS, WORKERS

What did the Fascist leaders care about the Catholic religion, he asked. What did Lerroux, Melariquades, Alvarez and Cambo care about a religion they did not profess? He compared their treatment of the Basque priests with a "new eruption of the hordes of Attila."

Without availing themselves of the law courts, generally without even asking a question, they shot priests and workmen in the darkness of the night, to the accompanying cries of "Long live Christ the King!" and "Long live Catholic Spain!" That was the religion in the name of which they talked in their broadcasts and newspapers.

In no sense was it a religious war, added Father Laborda. Neither was it a war for civilization. In the Basque country, at least, it was frankly and undisguisedly an imperialist war—anti-autonomist and anti-Basque. Because they were General Franco's political opponents, thousands of peaceful and innocent and defenseless citizens had been dragged from their homes and shot, after they had been beaten and their bones disjointed, as in the case of Senor Oriarte, Attorney of Vittoria.

Episcopalians Proud of Church Stand in Defense of Spain

ORATORY OF ST. MARY AND ST. MICHAEL 40 QUINCY STREET CAMBRIDGE, MASSACHUSETTS

January 25th, 1937.

The Editor of the Daily Worker, New York City.

Dear Sir: In a dispatch from Dublin published in today's (Jan. 25) Daily Worker, reference is made to a letter concerning the Spanish situation from Professor Enrique Moreno of Oxford. It is stated that this letter, which denounced Franco, was refused publication by "Church papers."

It will interest you to know that an excellent letter from Professor Moreno in which Franco is condemned as an instigator of sedition, appears in the January 8th number of the English CHURCH TIMES. This widely read and influential paper is the organ of the High Church or Catholic part of the Church of England. From the first it has taken every opportunity in its editorials to show sympathy for the Madrid government and to denounce the rebels. This is a fact of which many Episcopalians in this country are very proud indeed.

Very truly yours, (signed) F. Hastings Smyth (The Reverend) F. Hastings Smyth.

Father O'Flanagan Tells of Fascist Nests in Spain's Churches

declared themselves incompatible with the Popular Front, but still more so with the Basques. As to the statement that the present Government in Spain is Communist, Father Laborda said that of the 475 deputies that compose the Spanish Parliament only 15 seats are held by Communists. "I will explain, but by no means justify, the burning of churches after the elections," he went on. "Before the elections came on, many of the churches and services were used by the Fascist priests as an opportunity for political meetings." He declared Franco was a "blood-thirsty militarist."

FATHER O'FLANAGAN SPEAKS

Father Michael O'Flanagan, the famous Irish Republican priest, said it was not difficult for Irish anti-imperialists to understand how the Spanish hierarchy were mixed up in a Fascist coup. For 100 years the Catholic Church in Ireland had also been in somebody's pocket. What would Irish Catholics think if they saw, as the Spanish people had seen, their churches turned into Fascist meeting places, many of their clergy supporting Fascism, and then finally machine gun nests placed in churches and cathedrals to mow down innocent people?

Irish Catholics would also strongly object to such a situation. It was better to say these things now in Ireland than to allow the same situation as in Spain to develop. In a speech full of irony, Father O'Flanagan riddled the pro-Fascist press in Ireland which is portraying Franco as another St. Michael the Archangel.

GOVERNMENT NOT COMMUNIST

In the regions of the Basque country at present dominated by Fascists the native language is forbidden. There are heavy penalties for talking it, and even the Basque salutation of "Agur" has been prohibited. Basque music and dancing also has been suppressed. Poets, writers, orators and musicians had all been persecuted, many of them shot, and others of them imprisoned and exiled. Those who started the war had

lylts in Harlem and on Fascism, Trotskyism, and the liberation of the Negro people.

Amter to Bare Trotsky Plot Against Negroes

A. W. Berry, Harlem C. P. Organizer, to Speak With Him at Mass Meeting Tonight in P.S. 139

—Carl Reeve Speaks Feb. 17 in Phila.

(Daily Worker Harlem Bureau)

A Trotskyist plot to unite the Negro and Latin American peoples to aid the fascist forces in their struggle against world peace, against the Soviet Union and the democratic countries will be exposed tonight at a mass meeting in Harlem. Israel Amter, state organizer of the Communist Party and member of its Central Committee, and A. W. Berry, upper Harlem Section Organizer and also a member of the Central Committee, will be the main speakers at the meeting at P. S. 139, 140th Street between Lenox and Seventh Avenues at 8 p. m. Amter, known for his militant

fight for Negro rights and unemployment relief, will deal in detail with the disruptive activities of the American Trotskyites in the labor movement. Berry, prominent for his activities in the National Negro Congress, will discuss the activities of the Trotsky-

Trotskyist Trials Spur C. P. Navy Yard Recruiting

Revelations at the Trotskyist trial in Moscow resulted in five new Communists in the Navy Yard in Brooklyn, it was announced yesterday by the Kings County Committee of the Party, in a letter as follows:

The Navy Yard Units of the Communist Party and Young Communist League heartily endorse the decisions of the Supreme Court of the Soviet Union regarding the 17 Trotskyist traitors.

Following a thorough discussion of the trial and Trotskyism, we believe that these murderous saboteurs constitute a menace to the Soviet Union and to the International working class, which must immediately be wiped out.

On the basis of the correct line and leadership of Comrade Stalin and the Communist International, we have recruited five new members, basic workers, since this trial has begun.

revealed to the American people as the Benedict Arnold of 1937. He has shown his hand to the people and no doubt aspires to be the General Franco of America when the time comes. His inconsistency has become notorious, as shown when he denounces the Spanish government as a Communist government, then immediately supports Trotsky in accusing the U. S. S. R. Hearst portrays himself as a patriotic American citizen. How far does true patriotism extend? By being treacherous to the American people? Hearst condemns himself to all people who think! Aaron Burr and Arnold and Hearst would make great pals!

AT THE GARDEN

New York, N. Y. Editor, Daily Worker: Of all the monstrosities I have seen in my 43 years of hunger, was the Trotskyist that affronted me in the lobby of Madison Square Garden Friday, 5th.

Silbering, up to me he attempted to gas me with a "Leon Trotsky speaks" leaflet. What distracted me from knocking his mistake off was another disturbance close by. I actually blinked my eyes—shocked to realize that an image of man could still be in doubt as to the

DISRUPTER AT LEAGUE

New York, N. Y. Editor, Daily Worker: Last Saturday, Jan. 30, I attended a city-wide conference of the American League Against War and Fascism at the New School for Social Research—as an elected delegate of the Fordham Branch of the A. W. F.

Over 250 progressive, liberal and labor organizations were represented by delegates and observers there. This fact is of special significance considering the actions of several persons who were present. In the

Chang's Troops Withdrawn from Sian-fu Sections

PEKING, China, Feb. 9.—Troops of several generals associated with Marshal Chang Hsueh-ling withdrew from Sian-fu, capital of Shensi province to new territory allotted them under the agreement by which the "Young Marshal" released Chiang Kai-shek recently after having captured him in Sian-fu.

The Nanking government troops have occupied Sian-fu, it was reported here.

This is thought to remove danger of their war, which every dark and reactionary force in Nanking, inspired by Japanese government intrigue, was trying to provoke. There have been repeated inspired provocation stories from Nanking and Shanghai of fighting in Shensi province and of breach of the agreement by Chang's generals.

Reeve to Speak in Phila. On Trotskyist Menace

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Chang's Troops Withdrawn from Sian-fu Sections

PEKING, China, Feb. 9.—Troops of several generals associated with Marshal Chang Hsueh-ling withdrew from Sian-fu, capital of Shensi province to new territory allotted them under the agreement by which the "Young Marshal" released Chiang Kai-shek recently after having captured him in Sian-fu.

The Nanking government troops have occupied Sian-fu, it was reported here.

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Minor Condemns Trotskyists in Spain

Communist Leader Who Saw Battlefields of Fight Against Franco's Fascists to Discuss Treachery of P.O.U.M.—To Speak Tonight at Mecca Temple

Robert Minor, when interviewed today, expressed no surprise at the action of the People's Front Government against the Trotskyist traitors in Spain. "That is the only way to treat traitors the world over. I shall use a good part of the time of my speech at Mecca Temple tonight explaining the extent of the treachery of the P.O.U.M.—who represent fascism in the rear as Hitler's and Mussolini's troops do at the front."

VOROSHILOV VISITS STALIN MOTOR PLANT

MOSCOW, Feb. 9.—At a time when the Nazi press is spreading wild yarns about the arrest or removal of People's Commissar of Defense Kliment Voroshilov, he went today with People's Commissar of Heavy Industry Grigori Orjonikidze on a visit to the Stalin Auto Works here.

The two People's Commissars spent over two hours talking with the workers and engineers and being shown around the plant. They were particularly interested in the building and equipment of a new addition to the plant, for the mass production of a new model comfortable motor car to be called "SIS."

Orjonikidze and Voroshilov informed themselves about all stages of the manufacture of parts, but also enquired into the wages and social and cultural facilities of the workers. They investigated the progress of construction of the factory's new electrical power station, and made a number of suggestions for improvements.

Anna Louise Strong To Speak in Toledo

TOLEDO, Ohio, Feb. 9.—Dr. Anna Louise Strong, one of America's most famous women writers and speakers, will speak before the Progressive Open Forum of Toledo, Ohio, Saturday evening, Feb. 13, at 8:30 o'clock, in the auditorium of Robinson Junior High School, 1007 Grand Ave. off Monroe and Lawrence. Her subject will be: "Is A New World War Inevitable?"

Flood Again Threatens Area Near London

LONDON, Feb. 9 (UP).—Floods again threatened the Thames Valley today as the river, swollen with recent rains, became nearly a mile wide in the Eton area.

At Windsor Castle, sandbags were erected. A two-inch rain has fallen in the Thames Basin in the last seven days, an amount normal for the whole month of February.

Eleven counties were damaged by highwater and seriously threatened with more severe floods. They are: Kent, Essex, Middlesex, Surrey, Warwickshire, Bedfordshire, Berkshire, Buckinghamshire, Wiltshire, Gloucestershire and Somerset.

FLOOD IN FRANCE

LILLE, France, Feb. 9 (UP).—Serious floods, resulting from four days of incessant rain, inundated northern France and Flanders today, threatening to halt the metallurgical and weaving industries. The river Lys overflowed its banks at Armentieres, stopping work in many factories. The industrial center of Hazebrouck, near the Belgian frontier, is likewise badly hit, with water reaching the houses in part of the town.

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Labor Movement Won in Maritime Victory, Says Harry Bridges

Youth Pilgrimage Transportation Solved

City Council of American Youth Congress Urges All Delegates to Register for Bus and Train Rides to Capital by Noon Monday, February 15

Transportation will be no problem for the thousands of young men and women who will pour in from all parts of the nation to participate in the Pilgrimage to Washington on February 19-21 in response to the call of the American Youth Congress. Youth from the West Coast will make the trek to the nation's capital in a caravan of covered wagons and trucks while others will make the trip to press for passage of the American Youth Act via hitchhiking, "hopping the freights" and the old model "T."

In New York City, the City Council of the Congress has made arrangements with bus companies and railroad lines to provide for low-cost transportation which will ensure the widest participation of religious, trade unions and student groups.

The cost of the round-trip to Washington by bus is \$5 per delegate, payable in advance at the City office, 55 W. 42nd Street, Room 753. For parties of 25 or more who wish to make the trip by train, the round-trip charge is \$6.85 per person. Reservations must also be made in advance at the Youth Congress office.

The New York contingent will leave in two groups on Thursday evening, Feb. 18 and Friday, Feb. 19. The City Council urged all delegates to leave on Thursday night if possible. Buses will return on Sunday for those who wish to be in the city on Monday and also on the following day, Washington's birthday.

All reservations for seats must be in the American Youth Congress office by noon on Monday, Feb. 15, and a minimum deposit of \$1 on each ticket must be placed with each reservation. Groups or individuals making reservations for the trip are responsible for the cost of the number of seats reserved unless cancellations are received by noon Monday, Feb. 15. No cancellations will be accepted after this date.

In Washington, arrangements for food and housing are as yet incomplete although a limited number of free housing placements can be made for unemployed. Plans are under way to obtain a Washington restaurant for the exclusive use by the Pilgrimage participants.

According to a report by the national office of the Congress, young farmers from Indiana will bring their own food and "plenty for some who are not so fortunate as we." The entire cost of the weekend, including transportation by bus, housing and food is set at a minimum of \$8 and an average of \$10.

Calif. Unions in Drive

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 9 (UNS).—Mass production workers are signing up by hundreds in a unionizing drive being carried on here simultaneously in steel, aircraft, automobile, rubber and similar plants.

CLASSIFIED

FOR SALE
COMPULLED to sell: piano, radio (D.C.), good condition, etc., 206 E. 40th St., Apt. 8.

MEETING ROOMS FOR RENT
MEETING ROOMS and offices, desirable location, accessible to all subways. Reasonable. 227 West 14th St. WALKINS 9-3359.

ROOMS FOR RENT
VILLAGE 78 Jane St. Large furnished. Also small. Fireplace heat.

14TH, 216 E. (3rd floor). Suitable 1, 2. Separate entrance. All week.

17TH, 301 E. Light, airy room, facing Stuyvesant Park.

23RD, 358 W. Office, studio, kitchenette, 18x27. Reasonable. Hollins.

136TH, 538 W. (Apt. 31). Large, small, suitable 1, 2. Kitchen privileges.

FURNISHED ROOMS WANTED
FURNISHED ROOM in East Tenements for young man. Ehrlich, 67 W. 26th St.

TONIGHT... The Famous Eye-Witnesses Report on SPAIN IN DEFENSE OF FREEDOM

RALPH BATES
Recently arrived from active service in Spain

ANNA LOUISE STRONG
Interviewed leaders and fighters in front lines

ROBERT MINOR
W. correspondent will expose the role of the Trotskyists in Spain

MALCOLM COWLEY
Chairman

"Espana en Flamas" and "No Pasaran" stirring songs composed in honor of the heroic people's militia, will be presented in this country for the first time by Ernesto Gonzales and his seventeen-piece Spanish Band and Choral Group.

Wednesday FEB. 10th MECCA AUDITORIUM
8:30 P. M. 153 West 53th Street
Joint auspices:
The New Masses and The American Society for Technical Aid to Spanish Democracy
TICKETS: 25c, 50c, \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00. New Masses (orders by phone filed, California 5-3076), 31 East 27th St., American Society for Technical Aid to Spanish Democracy (orders by phone filed, Lexington 2-3039), 31 East 27th St., and Mecca Auditorium Box Office.

The Seamen Show How To Help Build the 'Daily'

By ROY HUDSON
Remember the strike front that stretched from Portland, Maine, to Seattle, Washington, with tens of thousands of marine workers, in dozens of ports, all fighting shoulder to shoulder for a common cause?

In such a strike the job of keeping the strikers informed of developments in the various ports, of exposing all the schemes of the ship-owners and labor fakery to smash the strike, of popularizing the decisions on policy made by the strike leadership, of rallying the trade union movement and progressives for support of the struggle — is a tremendous job.

Solving this problem is decisive in maintaining the unity of the workers, and in determining the outcome of the struggle. This problem can be solved only with the help of the "press"—a certain kind of press, a daily newspaper, a working class paper.

The Daily Worker on a national scale, together with the Western

Worker on the Pacific Coast, during the course of the strike showed they are becoming papers capable of doing this job.

With all due modesty (and making allowances for the fact that the papers are not perfect, because even the staffs of the paper sometimes underestimate the importance of the papers) both the Daily Worker and Western Worker can feel proud of the role they played in helping bring about the victories of the Western, Eastern and Gulf maritime workers.

The extent to which these two papers were read daily by thousands of strikers in all the ports shows that large sections of the marine workers appreciate the role of these papers. Finally, the Daily Worker played a small role in helping recruit the hundreds of marine workers who came into the Party during the 100-day strike.

No one, in view of these facts, can fail to see the importance of the "Daily"—but its real importance can only be appreciated when we

stop to consider that it is one of our chief weapons in uniting the struggle of all the workers and poor people into a struggle against reaction and towards socialism!

The Daily Worker supports the struggles of all the workers—and relies upon the support of the American people to make it possible to continue this fight. It is time that some real support be shown to the "Daily." In the drive for \$100,000 to keep our fighting paper going we should give the same support to the "Daily" that it gives to every struggle.

This is a job for every one—not only Party members, who should do far more than they have, but also for every active trade unionist, for all progressives. As for the marine workers—well, the decisions made at the end of the strike by the Communist Seamen's Units in New York and Baltimore pledging to tax themselves \$2 as soon as they got back on the job, could well be made by fractions and units in every port!

Steel Union Chalks Up Victories Against Trust

Signs Agreement in Cleveland for Raises, Recognition and Overtime—Exposes Company Union —SWOC Man Elected in New Castle

CHICAGO, Feb. 9.—While the United States Steel Co. made new efforts to give its company union system an air of respectability, the Steel Workers Organizing Committee continued its successful battle to replace the employee representation plan with a bona fide union of the steel workers.

At Cleveland the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin company boycotted the hearings. Ferro Enamel Co. providing for wage raises ranging between 15 per cent and 18 per cent. In addition the agreement, which was signed by B. J. Danich, Cleveland director of the S.W.O.C., provides for full and complete recognition of the Amalgamated and time and a half pay for overtime work.

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At Gary, Carnegie-Illinois is making desperate attempts to give the company union a new dress that will appeal to the National Labor Relations Board.

That the steel workers of Gary are putting their confidence in the S.W.O.C. became evident when more than 1,500 packed Maramar Hall to hear Van Bittner, regional director of the steel campaign.

Mere formation of a union at the Desco steel plant in Sydney, Nova Scotia, succeeded in bringing about a 7 1/2 per cent wage increase, organizers of the S.W.O.C. reported.

Meanwhile in Chicago the S.W.O.C. was driving another nail into the coffin of the Carnegie-Illinois Steel Corporation's company union. Testifying before representatives of the department of Labor, George Patterson of the South Works plant and Michael Ostroski of Gary read into the record the story of their dismissals last September. The men, both employee representatives, were fired after they had traveled to Pittsburgh to place demands before President Benjamin Fairless.

The company has taken the position that their activities as representatives had nothing to do with the case, but Patterson and Ostroski appealed to Secretary of Labor Frances Perkins, named in the employe representation plan as

Pre-Convention Discussion The Great Maritime Strike—Lessons for Y.C.L.

By E. DENICH

Before dealing with the work of the Young Communist League in the maritime strike and the experiences derived, a few words must be said about the youth in the strike.

A few thousands young seamen, from the ages of 19 to 25 were involved in the strike. Their work and devotion to the strike was remarkable. Here were young men many on strike for the first time, with hardly any understanding of unionism or the labor movement going down the line with the older workers. The work of the young seamen on the picket lines, finance committee, and the general activity of the strike proved conclusively that they understood the need for progressive unionism and struggle.

When the strike began we had approximately seven seamen in the Young Communist League in New York. We met and discussed how we were to function. The following conclusions were arrived at: first, that we were not in there to give the line to the strike committee, that was the job of the Party, but that we were to help carry through the decisions of the Party among the youth, by utilizing special methods of work which would quickly bring us in contact with the youth; secondly, that the function of our branch would be based on the needs of the strike and the specific desires and ambitions of the young seamen combined with the general program of the Y.C.L.

WORK OF BRANCH
Now about the Y.C.L. Branch as such. It is safe to say that for the first time the Y.C.L. on the waterfront was part of the general strike movement and taking an active part in it. The result was that we immediately attracted many seamen to our meetings. An important thing to mention is that many of the older seamen were attracted to our meetings and many of them insisted on joining the Y.C.L. Why were we able to interest a number of seamen in our meetings? This was so because they saw that not only were the individuals of the Y.C.L. active in the strike but that the Y.C.L. as an organization was part of the strike and that they could come to it and learn from it on how to work in the strike and make it more effective.

SOCIAL WORK
How did our plan work out and what methods of activity did we apply in carrying through the plan? First, in regards to the direct assistance in the strike. Twenty-five thousand leaflets were given out to the youth ashore calling for support of the strike. Discussions were arranged in mass organizations through the initiative of the Y.C.L. at which young seamen spoke on the strike and relief collected for it. A Y.C.L. night brigade was organized and coffee was distributed to the pickets on the night watches. Socials, and theatre parties were frequently arranged for the young seamen. The most successful affair the Y.C.L. arranged was the one on Christmas Day. The Y.C.L. did not attack this holiday, but on the contrary, sensing the Christmas

West Coast Maritime Chiefs Parley Cites Unity as Key To Strike Success



Shown above at a recent conference on the West Coast are, left to right: E. A. Burke of the Marine Cooks and Stewards' Union, and Harry Bridges, president of the Maritime Federation of the Pacific.

What the Strikers Won in the West Coast Walkout

	EMPLOYERS OFFER SEPT. 30	UNIONS' BASIC DEMANDS	WHAT UNION WON
General	Arbitration.	Direct negotiations.	Agreements by direct negotiations.
I. L. A.	8-hour day, Employer-controlled hiring.	6-hour day, Union hiring hall.	6-hour day, Union hiring hall. (Preference of employment).
Sailors Union	Optional Overtime, Employer-controlled hiring. Basic wage: \$62.50.	Cash overtime pay. Union hiring hall. Basic rate: \$90.	Cash overtime pay. Union hiring hall. \$10 increase.
Marine Firemen	Optional overtime, Employer-controlled hiring. Basic wage: \$62.50.	Cash overtime pay. Union hiring hall. Basic rate \$90.	Cash overtime pay. Union hiring hall. \$10 increase.
Cooks & Stewards	Unlimited hours, Optional overtime, Employer-controlled hiring.	8-hour day, Cash overtime pay, Union hiring hall.	8 hrs. on freighters 9 hrs. on passenger. Cash overtime pay. Union hiring hall.
Radio Operators	Employer-controlled hiring. Previous wage scale.	Preference of Employment. Wage increase.	Preference of employment. Wage increase.
Marine Engineers	Employer-controlled hiring. Previous wage scale.	Preference of employment. Wage increase.	Recognition of union. Selection of men from union hall. \$25 wage increase.
Masters, Mates and Pilots	Employer-controlled hiring. Non-union Masters. Previous wage scale.	Preference of employment. Wage increase.	Union recognition. Selection of men from union hall. Wage increase.

In Memoriam

KORITZ, MANVA. We deeply mourn the loss of Comrade Manva Koritz. We hope that Comrade Koritz of Local 60 find solace by continuing his good work in the Revolutionary Movement.

UNIT 6-B, SECTION 2.

ZIEBEL, SAM. We mourn the death of Comrade Sam Ziebel. Members come to the funeral today, 11 A.M. at Workers Center, 59 E. 13th St.

UPPER BROWN SECTION PROG. WOMEN'S COUNCIL.

You'll Have to Wait Another Year If You Miss This One!

The Red Cabaret
Featuring the "CONVULSIONAIRES" & CARLISLE CRYSTAL PALACE ORCHESTRA
SATURDAY EVE., FEB. 13th
DUNBAR PALACE—2038 7th Av.
(Near 130th St.) ADM. 6c
Come and meet your friends from Corona and Sunnyside, L. I.

Scottsboro Herndon Ball
FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 12th
(Lincoln's Birthday)
SAVOY Ballroom, 140 St. & Lenox Av.
Tickets 35c. HURRY! GET THEM!
Room 83 - 156 Fifth Avenue
Auspices: National Committee for the Defense of Political Prisoners

69th MASQUERADE & CIVIC BALL
HAMILTON LODGE NO. 710
Grand United Order of Odd Fellows
St. Nicholas Palace
68th STREET and COLUMBUS AVENUE
Friday Night, Feb. 26
Music by ORLANDO ROBERSON with his own BAND and ENTERTAINMENT
\$200 Cash Prizes will be given away to the persons wearing the most artistic and original costumes
GENERAL ADMISSION \$1.10 (including tax)
Boxes on Sale at 224 West 127th Street - - - Phone: MOument 2-7400
DETROIT, MICH.

The biggest affair of the Year...
Michigan's 3 Day Labor Bazaar
Friday, Saturday, Sunday
February 12, 13th, 14th
Finnish Hall, 5969 14th St.

Dozens of entertainment features every evening! Dancing floor shows, booths, language choruses, New Dance Group, Contemporary Theatre, Detroit Symphony String Quartet, Giant Bingo Game and many other features!

SPECIAL! Sunday will be TRADE UNION DAY, especially arranged for Auto Workers of Detroit. The Contemporary Theatre will present "Party Hacks", the stirring labor drama about militia in a general strike.

ADMISSION: One Evening 15c All Three Nights 35c

Section Organizers of New York State deeply mourn the loss of their fellow Section Organizer
Comrade SAM ZIEBEL

Green Calls Hearing On I.S.U. Elections

A.F.L. Executive Council to Decide Whether or Not New Ballot Will Be Held—Rank and File Members Have Thrown Discredited Officials Out

Hearings by the executive council of the American Federation of Labor to decide whether or not to call new elections of officers in the International Seamen's Union will start in Washington tomorrow, according to a telegram received here from William Green, A. F. of L. president.

The telegram, sent to Hyman N. Glickstein, attorney for the Eastern and Gulf Sailors' Association, reads: "Have arranged for hearings and investigation in the International Seamen's Union Thursday morning at 10 o'clock."

The message was in answer to the wire sent by Glickstein when press reports indicated that the hearings had opened Monday, while the new officers, elected during the strike, had not been informed.

Although the rank and file members have already thrown out the strikebreaking officials, and legally elected new officers in the three Eastern branches of the I. S. U., two of these unions have agreed to the hearings, the Eastern and Gulf and the Marine Cooks and Stewards.

HEARING IN A. F. L. BUILDING
The hearings were proposed a few weeks ago by Green, while the National Labor Relations Board was taking up charges of the striking seamen against their ousted officials.

The third union, the Marine Firemen, Oilers and Watertenders, charge that no new election is necessary for that branch, since two court decisions have upheld the election of the new, progressive officers.

The hearings will take place at the American Federation of Labor Building in Washington. Those who will testify include the three attorneys for the three branches involved, Glickstein, S. M. Blinken and William L. Standard and Jack Lawrence, former secretary of the Joint Marine Strike Council; Murray Stein, Charles De Gress and Robert Desmond, trustees of the Eastern and Gulf Sailors' Association; G. Lyons, trustee of the Marine Cooks' and Stewards' Union, and Jerome King of the Marine Firemen, Oilers and Watertenders.

65 BUILDINGS IN BRONX HIT BY SERVICE STRIKE

union demands are met. Forty-one building owners met with the union officials yesterday, and union officials expressed satisfaction with the preliminary negotiations.

The strike, supposed to have started in downtown Manhattan and Brooklyn, was suddenly switched to the Bronx, after James J. Bambrick, union president, reported need for greater groundwork before tackling those areas.

The Realty Advisory Board, which played a leading role in attempting to break the general strike of building service workers last Spring, again jumped into the battle yesterday, with an attack on the union campaign.

TISHMAN HERDS SCABS
Bambrick, replying to charges made by William D. Rawlins, secretary of the Realty Board, the violence had occurred at 108 W. 39th St., a building owned by the Tishman Realty Co., accused the Realty Board of inspiring the violence. Most of the 16 Tishman-owned buildings are on strike.

"There has been no violence in any building except those under Tishman management. The Tishman Realty Company is being advised by the Realty Advisory Board. The only buildings which employ strikebreakers and scabs are those being advised by the Realty Board," Bambrick said.

"Violence is possible only in buildings where scabs are present. The responsibility for violence rests solely with the Realty Advisory Board."

Charges of scab-herding by the Tishman Co. on the eleventh floor of their building at 136 East 57th St., were verified. Bambrick sent protests to the Veteran Policemen's Association and the Washington Detective Agency for supplying strikebreakers to the company.

Oakland Strike Strong
OAKLAND, Feb. 9.—Twenty-four hundred workers are still on strike in the Chevrolet Plant here, despite the fact that the picket line has been smashed by police.

Popeye, Mickey Wait 320 Workers Striking

IRVINGTON, N. J., Feb. 9.—Largest manufacturers of "Mickey Mouse" and "Popeye the Sailor," the Lionel Cord Manufacturing Co. has been hit by a strike. The walkout of the 320 out of 400 workers, which has tied up the production in the plant began Monday.

The strike started after the management turned down demands made by a committee of workers.

A committee from the Essex Central Trades and Labor Council is cooperating with the strikers. The committee consists of John Wendel and Steve Rubicz of the International Association of Machinists, Harry Wendrich of the Printing Pressmen's Union, State Assemblyman Leo Carlin of the Teamsters

NAZI, ITALIAN SHIPS SHELL MALAGA ROAD

(Continued from Page 1)

remaining in Malaga were expressed today on the streets, in hotels and Government offices. News was anxiously awaited by persons with friends or relatives there.

The Ministry of the Interior received word from the Governor of Badajoz that two women, who had escaped from Azuaga, reported that 1,000 workers, including about 100 women, had been shot there by rebels. About 300 women, it was alleged, had their heads shaved and were compelled to drink large doses of camphor oil.

Defense Line Bolstered South of Madrid

MADRID, Feb. 9 (UP).—The confluence of the Manzanares and Jarama Rivers, 30 miles southeast of Madrid, was turned into a strong defense line today as the hands of soldiers fortified their banks.

Guarding against a possible thrust from the southeast, soldiers worked on day and night shifts to construct an impenetrable stronghold. The rivers form a natural barrier to attacks on the main Madrid highway to the East Coast. Both are higher than usual due to flood waters. The main lines of defense are being created along the banks toward the Fascists, with secondary positions fortified on the opposite banks.

A strong Fascist attack against the position Monday from La Maranosa, in the direction of Valdecañas and the Valencia highway, was repulsed by heavy artillery fire and heavy rain which prevented the effective operation of motorized equipment.

FOE NO NEARER ROAD

Despite this attack and two attacks Sunday by Moorish cavalry and tanks, the enemy troops were no nearer the Valencia high road than they were after the first big push in that direction Saturday.

As the sector southeast of Madrid became increasingly important in the city's defense, in view of developments elsewhere in southeastern Spain and the stalemate on the city's northwest front, the Fascists found their lines south of Villaverde, just south of Madrid, materially damaged by attacking Loyalist machine gunners and hand bombers.

Both sides were apparently awaiting the arrival of reinforcements before renewing activities but the hasty preparations of the Government forces hinted at an important engagement there in the near future.

Madrid military circles said that the insurgent attacks in the south area were carried out with the support of a large number of Germans.

Foe Fires on Tankers In Barcelona Harbor

BARCELONA, Feb. 9 (UP).—The commissariat of public order announced tonight that a Fascist warship had fired 12 shots at the tankers, Zorroza and Companon, in Barcelona harbor. The shells missed their objectives but damaged the harbor's breakwater.

Later a submarine appeared off Barcelona but was chased away by Loyalist planes.

DEFENSE JUNTA WELCOMES U. S. MEDICAL UNIT

(Continued from Page 1)

press conference today. It was sent to the organization which sent the unit across—the Medical Bureau of the Friends of Spanish Democracy, 20 Vesey St., New York. The cable:

"Head Nurse Freddie Martin and Interpreter Mildred Rackley and myself have been touring front line stations and can report wonderful morale of the soldiers and the population which is supporting them marvelously. We have the complete cooperation of the Defense Junta.

We cannot stress too much the extreme urgency for more help; send head chest, abdominal, orthopedic surgeons and nurses. Will cable later how many first aid stations are established. Madrid can use children's specialists and nurses. Must have personnel now."

Trench warfare about Madrid has resulted in a vast number of head wounds. Another important problem is general immunization: the army, as well as the civilian population, is badly in need of antitetanus, anti-typhoid, and other vaccines to combat epidemics, it was announced at the press conference.

The plight of children in Madrid is particularly stressed. Generally undernourished, they fall easy prey to contagious diseases. In addition, the bombardment of the city has filled the hospitals to overflowing with wounded children.

The plans urged by the First Medical Unit include: a further unit of at least nine doctors, 15 nurses, one laboratory technician and drivers trained in first aid.

They plan to set up first aid stations in every Madrid district.

Child Labor Hearing Postponed One Week

ALBANY, Feb. 9 (UP).—Chairman Harry Reoux, of the Assembly Judiciary Committee, announced today that a public hearing on ratification of the federal Child Labor Amendment had been postponed from Feb. 16 to Feb. 22.

WITH YOUR HELP SPAIN WILL WIN

—AN EDITORIAL—
(Continued from Page 1)

help of embattled Spain. "No Pasaran!" must become the fighting slogan of all who wish to see Spanish fascism defeated.

Technical help, money, food, clothing, medical supplies must be rushed to Spain NOW!

We must throw our forces into the defense of democratic Spain. Let there be no delay, for minutes count now, as new hordes of fascist troops ferry from Italy and are shipped under the protection of Nazi war vessels to Cadiz, Seville and now Malaga.

Money to help send technicians, mechanics and other skilled workers to Spain, should be sent immediately to the American Committee for Technical Aid to Spain, 245 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

Food, clothing, medical supplies and money to buy such material should be rushed to the North American Committee for the Defense of Spanish Democracy, 385 Fourth Avenue, New York City.

With your help the heroic Spanish people will drive back the latest desperate thrusts of the murderous fascist gangs.

Help the Spanish people defeat Franco, and his war-inciting backers, Hitler and Mussolini!

Keep Hitler's and Mussolini's hands off Spain! All aid to the Spanish people giving their lives to defend Spanish democracy and world peace!

Only Union Qualified To Bargain with G.M., Says Lewis in Detroit

(Continued from Page 1)

would resume again at 8:30 tonight, with the same representatives participating.

Though hopes for an early agreement appeared slim, Governor Murphy said the parties were "closer together than at any time since the conference opened last Wednesday."

The air is thick with rumors of a new basis being sought for the conference. There was, however, nothing to indicate that the corporation was willing to move to a settlement.

LEWIS STATEMENT

"Our position is substantially the same as it was in his first public statement since negotiations began," these plants are shut down and operations are suspended throughout General Motors. General Motors and the Governor in these negotiations are recognizing the United Automobile Workers as the bargaining agency to start this industry going again.

"We are the only agency in this conference. There is none other qualified to negotiate. No other organization is on strike. If we are the bargaining agency to start these plants in operation we must be the bargaining agency after an agreement is reached. That is very simple, very concise and perfectly understandable."

Concerning G. M.'s offer for a ballot he said, "We are not willing to have the vote because we have no guarantee from General Motors that it would be a fair election." He also pointed out that according to the corporation's statement the vote is only to determine the extent of representation but, even though the union should pile up a large majority the corporation contends it would nevertheless grant recognition to minority organizations.

CHRYSLER RAISES

Meanwhile, the Chrysler Corporation said the handwriting on the wall and today announced an average 10 per cent wage increase that will boost its payroll approximately \$14,000,000 yearly, it was announced by K. T. Keller, president. How the wage boost will be distributed among the 59,000 employes in the Detroit area was not made known.

The increase came less than two weeks after a membership meeting of the powerful Dodge local of the UAW voted to ask for a 75-cent minimum for men. The meeting followed plant elections for Works Council representatives in which the union won almost 90 per cent of the places in all seven Chrysler plants. The Dodge and Chrysler plants are almost completely organized. Plymouth and De Soto workers are rapidly coming into the UAW.

CITY MANAGER CURBED

Strong public opposition to the vigilante army that was set up in Flint came to a climax last night in the removal of City Manager John Barringer and in the sidetracking of Chief of Police James Willis for their swearing the so-called "citizens police" and arming 1,000 of them. This action came after a stormy meeting of Flint's commissioners by a vote of five to two. While formally the manager was only deprived of his command of the police and other departments he said he was going on a "long vacation" which was understood to mean resignation. He and Willis

were the most vicious strikebreaking leaders in the city.

The city commissioners adopted a resolution handing over command of police and giving emergency power to Mayor Harold Bradshaw who until now has been merely a figurehead in the government. He is an employe in the Buick Sales Division of General Motors. Mayor Bradshaw said he would call out the armed vigilantes only if "it was necessary" and the future policy "was not yet determined."

PINKERTON IN TOLEDO SPIED ON M'GRADY

(Continued from Page 1)

Describing his efforts to shadow McGrady, Martin told the committee that his efforts "weren't very successful."

"The first time he attempted to shadow McGrady, he said, 'I could not get a cab, and I got hell for that.'"

Next day he said, he occupied the room next to McGrady's in the Secor Hotel in an effort to hear what went on but "I could not hear anything even though I put my ear right next to the wall." Senator Thomas asked Martin how many Pinkerton officers were in Toledo at the time.

"Oh, there must have been 40 or 50," Martin replied.

Records offered in evidence previously showed that the corporation paid the Pinkerton agency \$167,000 for its services in 1935. G.M.C. officials have been summoned before the committee for questioning on charges by unionists that detectives were employed to coerce potential union members and to spy on their activities.

WOULD TRAIL MURPHY

Martin testified that he was acting under instructions of R. L. Burnside, assistant superintendent of the Detroit Pinkerton office.

HALL CLOSED TO C. P. RALLY IN JERSEY CITY

Contract Suddenly Cancelled Through Police Intimidation

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Feb. 9.—Police intimidation of local hall owners today forced the postponement of the first scheduled open Communist Party meeting here since Mayor Frank Hague was inaugurated.

The rally planned after Vice-Chancellor James P. Fielder granted a restraining order against police interference to the Communist Party was called off when the management of Valhalla Hall, 205 Palisade Ave., cancelled the contract for the meeting on Saturday.

Hudson County Communist Party members last night decided to institute a \$500 damage suit for breach of contract against the hall owners.

The hall was hired and a deposit made for the meeting a few weeks ago. After the hall owner informed police that he had hired the hall for the C.P. meeting, the contract was suddenly voided. All other local halls have been refused to the Party.

Local Party members are pushing their efforts to find a hall in Hudson County that will rent the headquarters for a meeting despite the police terror.

TEACHER PAY RESTORATION IS PASSED

Both Albany Houses Unanimous—Food Bill Introduced

ALBANY, Feb. 9.—After a brief debate marked by partisan endorsement of New York mayoralty candidates, the Assembly today passed and sent to Gov. Lehman for his signature the Feld Bill requiring restoration of salary cuts to New York school teachers by July 1.

The Assembly passed the measure less than 30 minutes after the Senate gave its approval. Both houses acted unanimously on the measure.

Two other bills were adopted clearing the way for restoration of salary cuts for other city employes.

The partisan sharpshooting came after Assemblyman Abbot Low Moffat, Manhattan Republican, praised Mayor Fiorello H. LaGuardia for his management of New York City's financial affairs and compared it unfavorably with Democratic stewardship of State finances.

Democratic minority leader Irwin Steingut, Brooklyn, retorted by praising the administration of New York City Comptroller Frank J. Taylor, awarding him credit for salary restorations. Taylor is a Brooklyn Democrat and is being boomed for the Mayoralty contest.

ALBANY, Feb. 9 (UP).—A bill designed to strengthen administration of the State Pure Food and Drug Act by creating a Consumer's Bureau in the Department of Health was introduced today in the Legislature.

In joint statement, the bill's sponsors, Senator Joseph Esquivel, Queens Democrat, and Assemblyman Ira Holley, New York Democrat, explained the measure would consolidate control and regulation of foods and drugs, cosmetics and health devices under a single head.

"It furnished the impetus to the consumer and consumer organizations to be vigilant in their own defense by encouraging them to reveal information as to these harmful commodities," the statement said.

Nash Sit-Downers Oust 'Inspectors' As Company Stools

DETROIT, Feb. 9 (UP).—Sitdown strikers, who have held the Plymouth Road Plant of Nash-Kelvinator Co. since last Tuesday, welded the closed doors of the Administration Building today after a night in which 35 insurance inspectors were evicted forcibly.

Extra pickets were thrown about the plant after the doors had been sealed shut.

William Cooper, strike committee chairman, said the "inspectors" had been admitted at the management's request. Later, he said, they were suspected of being special company guards and were thrown out by the strikers.

The strike was called by the Mechanics Educational Society of America, demanding higher wages and improved working conditions.

Manchurians Rise Against Tokio Officials In Sungari Region

HSINKING, Feb. 9.—A new revolt, one of many since the Japanese occupation of Manchuria, has broken out in the Sungari River region, Domei (official Japanese) News Agency reported today.

The agency followed its usual practice and classified as "bandits" a body of armed men who attacked the city of Yunguan last night and carried off as prisoners about 60 people, including a number of Japanese officials.

Green Defense Seeks To Beat Electric Chair

Strives for Second Degree Verdict—Challenges Constitutionality of Fingerprint Evidence—Bares Police Brutality

(Continued from Page 1)

which the State is attempting to build a first degree verdict. The defense fired away at the witnesses in furious cross examination, attempting to tear to shreds the circumstantial evidence presented by the prosecution.

The highlight of the afternoon session was a Defense Attorney Charles Pope Caldwell's one hour and a half cross examination of Detective James Sullivan, the first officer called to the Jackson Heights Case apartment after the murder was committed.

Caldwell quizzed Sullivan in an attempt to ascertain if third degree tactics were used against the defendant following his arrest. He tried to question the detective on what he did with Green before he was booked for the crime. But Assistant District Attorney J. Irwin Shapiro objected and Judge Charles S. Colden sustained the prosecution.

"Were there any Negro officers on the case?" Caldwell asked. Immediately Shapiro was on his feet.

"You are trying to bring the race issue into this case," he objected. The judge sustained the objection and no further questions on this point were permitted.

Sullivan admitted that he took a shirt away from Green following his arrest. Another officer took the shoes away from the defendant. The shirt, which Frank W. Case, husband of the deceased, testified was his, was introduced as evidence.

WATSON CASE IS ARGUED IN HIGH COURT

Associated Press Admits Firing Him as Guild Asked Negotiations

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—Behind a smokescreen of "freedom of the press," the Associated Press admitted today in the Supreme Court that it fired Morris Watson simultaneously with the American Newspaper Guild's request for collective bargaining.

Liberty Leaguer John W. Davis let the cat out of the bag as he opened argument in the first of a series of five test cases involving constitutionality of the Wagner Labor Relations Act. He assailed the measure on behalf of his client, the Associated Press, which discharged Watson because of his activity in the Guild.

The principle of collective bargaining, as embodied in the Wagner Act and the Railway Labor Act, was argued.

Charles Wyzanski Jr., special assistant to Attorney General Homer S. Cummings, defended the Wagner Act. Solicitor General Stanley Reed spoke for the Railway Labor Act, similar to the Wagner Act, but restricted to railroads. Backing up Reed's defense was argument by Frank L. Muholland, union counsel. Test of the Railway Act was brought by the Virginian Railway Company's appeal.

In the Watson case, the Associated Press is appealing from a decision of the National Labor Relations Board, which ordered Watson reinstated with back pay. Watson was dismissed on Oct. 18, 1935, on the grounds of "inefficiency," although his work, according to testimony at the Board hearings, remained up to standard.

The American Newspaper Guild contended that he was dismissed because of his union activity.

Davis said that the A. P. did not transport news in interstate commerce. The service only "sifts and formulates" the news, he argued.

ERNST DEFENDS GUILD
The press association contended that the Labor Act was unconstitutional as applied to it, claiming violation of the first, fifth and tenth amendments of the constitution.

Davis centered his argument on the following point: "This case does not turn in any sense on the merits or demerits of collective bargaining. What is involved is the power of the federal government to make collective bargaining compulsory in all industry. We challenge that power."

Morris Ernst, attorney for the American Newspaper Guild, asked the court for 20 minutes' time in the case. Chief Justice Hughes refused, saying the court could not extend time allowed, but that he might obtain part of the Government's time. Reed declined, on the ground that many labor organizations sought to enter the argument and he could not discriminate in favor of one.

RAIL CASE ARGUED
Wyzanski answered Davis's argument that the act would implant compulsory closed shop with the statement:

"It just says that no federal statute shall curtail the right of employes to have a closed shop."

In arguing the Railway Labor Act case, Reed said:

"We need sanctions to bring employes and employe around to both. To compel them to take steps to this end certainly is no worse than bringing them together."

Among the spectators were Heywood Brown, national president of the Guild; Senator Robert Wagner, author of the act, and Frank B. Noyes, president of the Associated Press.

25,000 Italian Soldiers Go to Spain This Month, Fascist General Says

(Special to the Daily Worker)

MILAN (via Zurich), Feb. 9.—Speaking to the Fascist officers here on Jan. 20, Gen. Russo, Chief of Staff of the Fascist militia, declared that the Italian and German governments are resolute in their determination to assure the victory of Gen. Francisco Franco in Spain at any cost in men or materials, it has just been learned here.

Russo reported that 40,000 Reichswehr soldiers are already in Spain, and that during February a new contingent of 25,000 Italian soldiers would be sent to Spain to bolster Franco's forces.

The Chief of Staff called upon the Fascist officers to redouble their work in getting volunteers for the Spanish Fascist forces.

China Modifies Death Edict for Drug Users

SHANGHAI, Wednesday, Feb. 10 (UP).—Drug addicts who surrender themselves or whose relatives report them to authorities will escape the death penalty, the National Opium Suppression Association announced today.

New Political Winds Sweep Pennsylvania Company Towns

Soviets Hail Negro Singer



Paul Robeson, great Negro singer, who has made his home in the Soviet Union, is shown above at a concert before an audience of people in the U.S.S.R.

"The equality of the right of citizens of the U.S.S.R., irrespective of their nationality or race, is all fields of economic, state, cultural, social and political life, is an irrevocable law," Robeson recently wrote.

Labor's Non-Partisan League Drafts Legislative Program

Eight Labor Measures Are Presented to All State Branches

Complete drafts of eight proposed bills affecting labor and labor organization have been sent to all state chairmen of Labor's Non-Partisan League with the recommendation that they be made a part of the legislative program of every state branch of the League, Major George L. Berry, president of the League announced yesterday.

EIGHT BILLS LISTED

The legislation submitted for state action follows the following:

- (1) State labor relations act

similar to the Wagner National Labor Relations Act.

(2) State anti-injunction act similar to the federal Norris-LaGuardia Act, prohibiting the use of injunctions in labor disputes.

(3) Anti-eviction act, prohibiting evictions of employees engaged in labor disputes.

(4) Civil liberties act prohibiting local ordinances which prevent meetings, assemblies, parades, or distribution of literature, etc.

(5) Deputy sheriff act, limiting the number of deputy sheriffs and requiring that their compensation be from public funds.

(6) Licensing of detectives act, requiring all persons who act as private police, private guards, or private detectives to be licensed, and prohibiting issuance of licenses to former strikebreakers.

(7) Collective bargaining for Governmental contracts, requiring all persons entering into contracts with the state to agree to collective bargaining.

National Body to Back State Action for Legislation

(8) Regulating payment of wages act, requiring employers to pay wages at least twice a month, and other regulations assuring payment of wages.

"We feel that legislation characterized by all eight of these bills is long overdue in many states," Major Berry emphasized, "and we intend to back up our state chairmen with the full resources of the League."

The procedure of the Pennsylvania branch of Labor's Non-Partisan League in obtaining enactment of this legislation was cited to all state chairmen by Major Berry as an example of possible action in other states. The Pennsylvania Federation of Labor together with the state branch of the League called a state-wide conference to obtain members' approval of the proposed labor program.

LABOR LEAGUE IN N. J. ADOPTS CONSTITUTION

Convention Forms Permanent Political Organization

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 9.—Formal adoption and ratification of a written constitution and by-laws by Labor's Non-Partisan League of New Jersey was announced this week by Major George L. Berry, national president of the League. The New Jersey affiliate is the first State League unit to report the adoption of its own constitution by convention action.

Plans for an aggressive organization campaign in the State were signaled by the unit's employment of two full-time workers, a secretary and stenographer, who will devote their entire time to handling League business and correspondence under the direction of the State officers.

Dedicated in its preamble to the creation by labor of a political instrumentally independent of any political party and to "bringing about a more equitable distribution of the wealth of the nation; to elect to office those who are sincerely pledged to return government to the service of the people; and to secure such social changes and controls as may become necessary" the constitution sets up the New Jersey branch as a permanent political organization in that State.

MEMBERSHIP OPEN TO ALL

The constitution provides that membership in the New Jersey League is open to any individual or labor union willing to subscribe to its principles and political program. Dues for affiliated unions are 25 cents per member for the first 450 members and ten cents for each additional member above 450; dues for individual membership are 50 cents a year.

Paralleling adoption of the Constitution by the New Jersey convention, eight resolutions setting forth the aims and legislative program of the unit were formally approved. Among them were resolutions endorsing the following:

CONVENTION RESOLUTIONS

The Wagner-Ellenbogen Housing Bill; amendments to broaden the scope and increase the benefits of the Social Security Act; enactment of a Fair Trade Practices Bill with adequate provision for minimum wages, maximum hours and collective bargaining; the Black-Cornery 30-hour week bill; Ellenbogen Textile Control bill; Guffey Coal Control bill; O'Mahoney Industrial Licensing bill; amendment to the Walsh-Healy Government Contracts Act to cover all government purchases; strengthening of anti-strikebreaking bill to prevent strikebreakers from crossing State lines for any purpose; increased appropriation and continuance of LaFollette Civil Liberties Committee; anti-lynching legislation; repeal of the Blanton "red-riding" from the District of Columbia, known as the "gag-law."

Resolutions pledging the league to work for certain State legislation were likewise adopted.

Immediate Legislation Action by Labor Urged

Legislative Program of Gov. Earle Shows the Pressure of Labor Demands—Immediate Action of Progressive Forces Needed

By Adam Lapin (Daily Worker Pittsburgh Bureau)

New political winds are blowing over the great industrial state of Pennsylvania, once the undisputed stronghold of the coal and steel barons who reigned supreme in their company towns as well as in the state capital at Harrisburg. The growth of a progressive and powerful trade union movement is having profound reverberations in the political councils of the state.

The United Mine Workers, the strongest union in the state, is not only at the height of its influence, but is showing increased interest in progressive politics in line with the nation-wide tendencies of the C.I.O.

It is significant that the virile labor movement in the state is largely lined up with the C.I.O. This holds for craft unions as well as for the newer industrial unions.

Of course this strength of labor was reflected in the November elections. It was reflected in an overwhelming vote for President Roosevelt and Governor Earle. It was reflected in the action of thousands of workers in company towns who defied their Liberty League employers to vote for Roosevelt.

LABOR INFLUENCE GROWS

The influence of labor in state politics did not disappear after November 3. It has since been felt in numerous progressive measures that have been introduced into the state legislature. Above all, this influence was felt in Governor Earle's message to the legislature several weeks ago.

Despite a number of serious omissions, Governor Earle's message on the whole indicated his awareness of the mandate the people had given him on Nov. 3. He seemed to understand that there exists in the state a labor movement strong enough to insist that he carry out this mandate.

It should, however, be plainly understood that Governor Earle's legislative program does not fully express the desires and needs of the people. For this reason it does not have the unqualified support of the Communist Party.

In a recent statement the Party pointed out that the message yields to reaction in some respects.

Most important in this connection is its underestimation of the gravity of the relief problem. "The emergency phase of relief has passed," Governor Earle declared.

But, according to the State Emergency Relief Board, the relief rolls increased by 40,000 last month. It is in these circumstances that Governor Earle has acceded to the wishes of the bankers and has proposed a relief appropriation cut of \$32,000,000.

EARLE'S PROGRAM ANALYZED

In calling for slum clearance he does not say when, or how, or through what agency. He steps out against the feudal domination of the company towns by the coal and steel magnates, but he says nothing about the private arsenals which they hold in reserve for future industrial battles.

His message contains no word on the special discriminations and economic hardships suffered by the Negro people and on the aggravated problems of the youth of Pennsylvania.

These are serious shortcomings. But they cannot obscure the positive features of Governor Earle's legislative proposals.

He definitely placed himself on record as favoring legislation to guarantee the following:

The right of collective bargaining. A minimum wage law. Abolition of privately paid deputy sheriffs and private police. Outlawing of sweat shops. Ending the feudalistic control of company towns. The repeal of all ordinances or state laws violating civil liberties.

Anti-injunction laws.

Abolition of child labor. The omissions should be taken care of. Amendments should be proposed. Organized labor should act to fill out and improve Governor Earle's program.

However, the most important problem facing the people is something else. As put in the Communist Party statement, it is this: "How far will the Governor and the Democratic majorities in the legislature fight for the program outlined in the Governor's message?"

The problem that faces the Communist Party, the progressive movement and the trade unions grows out of the strong position of these forces in the state and of the generally progressive set-up that prevails.

MAKE GOOD THE PROMISES

The problem is not primarily that of drafting legislation. It is not primarily that of finding out what the people want and putting their desires into the form of bills. The people have already spoken. And Governor Earle's program in a measure indicates some of their pressing needs.

The problem is that of getting Governor Earle and his Democratic majority in both houses of the legislature to make good their promises. The problem is that of organizing the trade unions and the progressives throughout the state to act on behalf of the program for which they voted on Nov. 3, and to which the Governor has repeatedly promised his adherence.

YOUNG NEGRO TO FACE COURT IN FRAMEUP

Workers Called to Fill Courtroom Tomorrow At Thomas Trial

(Daily Worker Harlem Bureau)

Reginald B. Thomas, young Negro worker active in the struggle for Negro rights in Harlem, will stand trial tomorrow morning at 10 A.M. in Felony Court at Franklin and Center Sts. on a framed-up charge of "felonious assault."

Thomas was arrested July 21, accused of stabbing an officer on the night of July 12, on Lenox Ave. between 126th and 127th Sts., when fighting broke out in front of an Italian restaurant. Agitation carried on for weeks by a group of nationalists had ended in the demonstration, which was broken up by police.

Just returned to the city from a week's stay in Mohegan Colony, N. Y., Thomas watched the fighting that night with a group of friends across the street. The following week he was arrested after addressing an outdoor meeting sponsored by the International Labor Defense.

Workers are urged to fill the courtroom to prevent any frame-up of this militant worker.

Planters Save Mules--- Turn 'Croppers Back Into Flooded Areas

Edmondson and Louise, Ark., Refugees Declare Plantation Owners Stopped Trucks of Fleeing 'Croppers—Forced Them Back at Gun Point

By Aaron Levstein (Federated Press)

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Feb. 9 (FP).—A hasty automobile trip into eastern Arkansas, cut short by the increasing lapping of flood waters over the highways, showed the picture of a people in exodus, carrying with them the most miserable household goods that human beings ever tried to salvage out of disaster.

The poorest of America's population, the sharecroppers of Arkansas, are desperately trying to rescue their broken-down sticks of furniture from the ravages of the flood. And in some cases, they charge, the planters are blocking their efforts.

Refugees from Edmondson and Louise, bound for Memphis with none of their humble belongings, told this correspondent that planters, after sending their mules to high ground, were stopping trucks hired by sharecroppers. They said that the drivers were being turned back at the point of a gun and threatened with death if they attempted to take the belongings of tenants.

"WON'T LET FOLKS OUT" Shod in waist-high rubber boots, a Negro refugee from Edmondson described the efforts of croppers to escape the menace of rising waters in the bayous fed by the St. Francis River.

"The planters have sent out all the mules already," he said, "but they won't let the folks out. A truck that came for us from Memphis was stopped by the Boss Man with a shotgun, and he told the driver to get the planters want their mules out of the way because they can bring them back, but they're afraid if we get away we won't go back."

A number of refugees from Edmondson and Louise who succeeded in making their way to Memphis told similar stories of how they were compelled to leave their property behind. Members of the Southern Tenant Farmers Union complained that while planters are helping some people to flee, they refuse to give aid to union members, saying: "Let the union move you."

The inundated section of Arkansas through which we passed is one of the strongest areas in which the S.T.F.U. is organized, being inhabited by some 15,000 members. Throughout the section, stretching on both sides of Highway 70, the wretched shacks, whose gaping holes have been open to the winds all winter, are now filling with water.

MANY DESTITUTE

Here and there, cabins are isolated as the cotton fields lie submerged under accumulations of surface waters or backwaters of the St. Francis that have flowed miles out of their banks. At one point, a farmer's wagon, freighted only with a load of hay was being dragged along an unseen pathway by two mules, their bellies fretting at contact with the icy water. A cow hitched to the rear balked in its course.

All along the route, men and women were preparing for evacuation.

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Steel Union In Portsmouth Fought Flood

First 25 in Line to Aid Refugees Were A.A. Members

PORTSMOUTH, Ohio, Feb. 9 (UNS).—Steel unionists employed by the Wheeling Steel Company played a foremost part in flood relief work during the recent disaster here.

Of the first 25 men to take their posts in emergency duty, all were members of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers.

Paul Fuller, sub-regional director of the Steel Workers Organizing Committee, and the officers of five union lodges all did yeoman service. The union has an agreement with Wheeling Steel for the 5,500 men in the union.

Over Top by Saturday Is Slogan in New Haven

Pledges to Have Whole Daily Worker Fund Quota in Before Concert at Which Hathaway Is to Be the Guest Speaker

The entire Connecticut District is on its toes to wind up its activities in the \$100,000 Daily and Sunday Worker drive in a burst of speedy action and go over the top by the time Clarence Hathaway, editor of the Daily Worker, is the guest speaker at a big concert next Saturday evening in New Haven.

The affair will be held at Hajaz Grotto, Columbus and Howard Aves., with such prominent artists as Mordecai Bauman, baritone, Max Gorman, violinist, and Irwin Freundlich, pianist, participating.

The confidence District 15 of the Communist Party shows of finishing up the drive with a bang is based on the enthusiasm of the entire Party membership. This is revealed, for instance, by the Stamford section, which has already raised \$100 over its \$350 quota and

pledges to announce collections of at least \$50 more at Saturday night's affair, at which a roll call will be held of delegates from units and mass organizations to enable them to report completion of their quotas on that night.

Individual Party members also have made a fine record in the drive. Nick Stamatakis, in Springfield, Mass., has already sold 14 batches of tickets, realizing a total of \$70, the highest for any individual in the District. He is still going strong, and promises to make the total \$80 before the end of this week. In Hartford, Conn., two members are engaged in a race to see who can sell the most tickets by Saturday, each having already sold ten batches.

Sam Epstein, Daily Worker District agent, has called a meeting for Friday night at the district offices, 32 Center St., New Haven, Room 222, at 8 p. m., for friends of the Labor Press who are willing to volunteer their help for committee and arrangement work in connection with the Saturday night affair.

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(SECTION OF COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL)

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WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1937

It Is the Supreme Court That Is the Dictator

• Talk of curbing the usurped power of the autocratic United States Supreme Court seems to give all reactionaries a mental myopia. Myopia is distortion of the vision. The Tories can't see things straight historically because they fear that they may be made to pay for some progressive social legislation.

The suspiciously concerted cry of those who oppose the mild reforms proposed by Roosevelt to limit the powers of the Nine Kings of the Supreme Court, is that the President is trying to become a dictator.

That is the gist of Senator Hiram Johnson's attack just as it is of the resolution proposed by Bishop Ernest M. Stires of the Long Island Diocese of the Protestant Episcopal Church and members of the standing committee of this wealthy parish, and of the entire reactionary press.

Do not these gentlemen see that what is proposed is, ever so slightly, to take away the dictatorial power of the U. S. Supreme Court, which has robbed the people of their constitutional right to passing social legislation, and has strengthened the plutocratic power of the big trusts?

Of course they see it, and that is why they put up the smokescreen of a dictatorship peril. They prefer Nine Dictators rather than the increased power of Congress, elected by the people, to pass legislation without the former corporation lawyers, in the main, dictating to the people what is constitutional and what is not.

The constitution never gave these uncrowned Judicial Monarchs the right to pass on or veto legislation on the ground of "unconstitutionality." This is a power they usurped in the interest of the wealthy exploiters and against the democratic rights of the people.

It is ironical, isn't it, when William Randolph Hearst and his ilk, who are the agents of the Nazi and Italian Fascist dictators, speak of curbing the power of the U. S. Supreme Court as "destroying democracy"? Since when does democracy mean that the vote of five of the nine Judicial Despots shall prevail against the will of 120,000,000 people?

In the last election 17,500,000 people voted against autocracy—including the despotism of the Supreme Court.

Any measure which serves to curb the usurped authority of the U. S. Supreme Court and gives the people and Congress the right to say what they shall legislate in the pursuit of the people's happiness is a blow against dictatorship and in the interest of democracy.

Deep Concern Over Auto Workers' 'Bondage'

• Baron Munschausen, that notorious liar, has a worthy rival at last in the General Motors Corporation.

On Monday the chief representative of the Morgan-duPont overlords in the auto negotiations bounced out of that conference, to declare publicly that the corporation can not recognize the United Automobile Workers as sole bargaining agency for the workers. And why?

Because "the company cannot subscribe to such coercion and agree to deliver its workers into such bondage."

There is a noble statement for you! The Morgan-duPont czars are filled with deep concern at the "bondage" of unionism for their working people!

These economic royalists, out of the hides of those workers, have piled up the greatest profits, year after year, of any industrial enterprise in the world. They have given to these workers, in return, the meager wage of less than \$1,200 per year—a wage which every man knows, including the Department of Labor, is half at least of what a living wage should be.

These royalists have done more than that. They have subjected the workers to the vicious speed-up system, which grows more in-

tense month after month. When the men show signs of asking for a better deal, they are mercilessly fired from their jobs and put on an eternal blacklist. The company has unloosed among them a horde of spies and stool pigeons, to enter their homes, interrogate their children and conduct a campaign of terror among them. When the men do strike, the corporation turns loose the gangsters of the "Flint Alliance" and the Black Legion police to assault them with guns and tear gas.

It is this autocratic, terroristic outfit which now talks feverishly of "coercion" and "bondage."

It is clear that this unscrupulous corporation has not gone into conference in any good faith; they have conferred simply as a maneuvering matter, hoping to find a way to smash the strike.

The auto strikers look to the wider labor movement to hit hard at this anti-union conspiracy. They look to the trade unions of all crafts and industries to come to their aid in this gigantic struggle. They look for support from the mass of the American people.

This is a people's fight against these economic royalists. It is indeed the democratic rights of the mass of the people which are at stake. The people as a whole can rally to the side of the auto strikers; assisting them with financial contributions, with expressions of support, with the picketing of the General Motors sales' agencies in the various communities.

Good Work, Cincinnati!

• Four workers from an area in Cincinnati severely menaced by the flood joined the Communist Party a few days ago.

They came to the Party of Lenin and Stalin as a result of certain swift and decisive work the Party accomplished in aiding the flood victims. "A Party that can act so bravely and well to help poor people in disaster is our Party," they said.

There is a fine lesson in this "small" incident. Because it is in such every-day, "small" things, that the Party, by showing itself as the most devoted defender of the toilers' interest in all things, wins the best people of the working class into its ranks. Welcome to the new Party, comrades! Congratulations for the good work of the Cincinnati comrades!

A Good Job Done—Much More to Do

• There was a new feeling of hope in many a humble American home yesterday.

The report of the LaFollette Committee on Civil Liberties to the United States Senate had brought that hope. The report deserves the applause of every liberty-loving person in the United States.

There is a promise in the committee's words and recommendations that the heavy shadow of labor espionage and hired terrorism will finally be lifted from the working people of this country.

The committee declares flatly that there is "a colossal, daily drive in every part of the country" to terrorize the workers through Big Business' use of labor spies, gunmen and strikebreakers dedicated to promoting violence and disorder.

On that point, the committee certainly speaks with authority. The investigations which it has conducted to date have shown a wide net-work of corrupt agencies, manned by the lowest scum of the underworld, receiving huge sums of money from the giant trusts and other employing interests for the purpose of hounding and blacklisting working men.

Even as the committee was submitting this report, it was brought out in further hearings that the General Motors Corporation had paid \$167,500 in one year (1935) to the Pinkerton Detective Agency alone, for this filthy "work."

The committee recommends that it continue and extend its investigations. It points out that there is much more to be uncovered in the labor spy field, and that it has still before it the investigation of vigilante groups and the Black Legion.

This recommendation deserves the complete and immediate support of all people who wish to see the maintenance of American civil liberties. The trade unions, in particular, have a deep obligation to bring pressure on their Senators and Representatives in Congress, to see that the committee's work is continued and extended.

For this purpose the committee requests the sum of \$50,000 from the Congress. That is a modest amount. The American Federation of Labor, at its Tampa convention, went on record for an appropriation of \$200,000 for the committee's further work.

Trade unions can insist that the \$200,000 sum be voted, in order that the committee may be unhampered in its investigations. Certainly, a sweeping uncovering of the entire dirty mess concocted by the giant trusts is more than overdue.

World Front

By HARRY GANNES

• Mexico's answer to Trotzky's counter-revolutionary attack on the People's Front movement everywhere has been to insure the formation of one of the most representative People's Fronts.

The significance of this development cannot be overestimated. Mexico's People's Front will be a model and an inspiration for all the Latin-American countries.

It is already officially announced that the National Revolutionary Party (P. N. R.), whose leader is President Lazaro Cardenas, will become a part of the People's Front. That will mean that the government of Mexico will be a government of the People's Front in fact and not only in general program.

The overwhelming majority of the Mexican people, through their organizations, will adhere to this People's Front. And every time Trotzky attacks the People's Front in France and Spain he will be attacking, also, the People's Front of Mexico, thus serving the interests of the Mexican Fascists, Calles, Morones and Rodriguez.

Dr. Vicente Lombardo Toledano, secretary of the Mexican Confederation of Labor (C. T. M.), has already announced that his union with more than 500,000 members will belong to the People's Front. All of the organized peasants and ejidatarios (co-operative farmers) have pledged their affiliation.

Only minor details remain to be worked out because the question of program, objectives and tactics have been generally agreed upon.

The C. T. M., describing the program being discussed, says that the People's Front of Mexico "will function as a united front organization of all progressive forces and elements in the country in defense of the interests of the peasants, the working class, the lower middle class, and in general the interests of the nation as a whole against the aggressions and encroachments of foreign imperialism."

Trotzky's splitting tactics are not getting very far with the Mexican people.

The inevitable attack on President Cardenas' great land reforms has been launched by Senator David Ayala. He claims that a number of the ejidatarios (co-operative peasants) are abandoning the land they received through the agrarian land confiscation laws because there is a good deal of graft in credit organizations and in the management of the co-operatives. Though the criticism is given a "left" complexion it is really a cover for rightist attack against the whole agrarian program of Cardenas. President Cardenas' program has given more land to the Mexican peasants in the past three years than all the other Mexican presidents put together distributed in the last 20 years of the Mexican revolution.

Abuses there have been, indeed; and there are still weak points in the agrarian program, such as insufficient credit and facilities for supplying agricultural implements. Also, efforts have been made to put through an advanced type of collective and co-operative without the necessary industrial and revolutionary developments that took place in the Soviet Union which insured the success of Socialist collective farms.

However, attacks on Cardenas' general agrarian program can only serve the landlords and the foreign imperialist exploiters. Abuses can be rooted out chiefly by organizing the peasantry for political vigilance and cementing its alliance with the proletariat.

Meanwhile, the distribution of land goes on. The latest report from the Laguna cotton area, where land was taken from British and American cotton corporations, and turned over to the peasants, shows the following:

Two hundred and fifty-eight co-operative communities have been organized. Only 17 more remain to be formed. The number of peasants now tilling the land in the co-operatives totals 26,690. They own more than 1,500,000 acres devoted partly to wheat and largely to cotton. The Ejidal Bank has thus far made available to them a credit of 8,124,693 pesos.

Great progress is being made in the unification of the Anarcho-Syndicalist trade union C. N. T. and the Socialist-Communist-led U. G. T. Since the ousting of the Trotzkyist splitters from the Catalanian government, the Anarcho-Syndicalists admit an obstacle has been overcome to proletarian unity. A recent number of Solidaridad Obrera (Anarcho-Syndicalist organ) writes: "It is known that recently there was slight friction between unions belonging to the C. N. T. and others belonging to the U. G. T. Were this to increase, the result would be regrettable. And the fascists would certainly not fail to exploit it. This must not be allowed to take place. . . . Unity must be first established in Barcelona and in Catalonia; afterwards it will come in Spain, too. Every possible effort must be made to attain this goal. All trade unions, all newspapers must take an active part in this work."

QUESTIONS and ANSWERS

Question: What powers does the Constitution give the Supreme Court?

Answer: The only references to powers of the Supreme Court are in Article III of the U. S. Constitution. Section 1 of that article says:

"The judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one Supreme Court, and in such inferior courts as the Congress may from time to time ordain and establish."

Section 2 of the same article states: "The judicial power shall extend to all cases in law and equity arising under this Constitution, the laws of the United States, and treaties made, or which shall be made, under their authority; to all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls; to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction; to controversies to which the United States shall be a party; to controversies between two or more states, between a state and citizens of another state, between citizens of different states, between citizens of the same state claiming lands under grants of different states, and between a state, or the citizens thereof, and foreign states, citizens or subjects."

The next section says which of these cases come first to the Supreme Court and which shall come to it only on appeal from other, lower federal courts.

It is thus seen that the Constitution nowhere provides for the Supreme Court to have any right to declare unconstitutional a law made by the people through Congress, by declaring it unconstitutional.

Nor did the Supreme Court attempt to exercise any such right until 16 years after it was established, when Chief Justice John Marshall simply usurped the power, in an unimportant case concerning the appointment of a justice of the peace. No attention was paid to this, and the Supreme Court made no further attempt to use this illegal power of declaring laws unconstitutional, until the slave holders needed it as a weapon against the rising tide of abolition sentiment.

STOP THE ASSASSIN

by Gropper



Trotzkyism Is Enemy of the Jewish People, Says Editor of the Freiheit

By M. J. Olgin

How could the Jewish Trotzkyites conspire against a government which has given complete freedom to the Jews?

This question is repeatedly asked. The questioners, in most cases, do not doubt that the Trotzkyite criminals recently tried by the Soviet court were guilty. They only fail to understand how it was possible for JEWS to endanger the existence of their fellow Jews. Did they not know that the overthrow of the Soviet system would have been a great calamity to the Jews? Were they not aware of the fact that turning over Ukraine to Hitler would have meant untold sufferings and humiliations for about a million Jews? Did they not shrink from the very idea of creating a situation where the country would be flooded with Jewish blood? Was it not clear that the return of capitalism to Russia would have been accompanied by anti-Jewish atrocities in comparison with which even the Demkin and Petlura pogroms would have paled?

The answer to these questions is that one betraying his Socialist fatherland can also betray his people. There is no reason to think that the bonds that unite a Jewish counter-revolutionist with the Jewish people are stronger than those that unite him with the Bolshevik Party or with the system of Socialism built in the U.S.S.R. A traitor is a traitor. A man covering himself up with revolutionary phrases while planning to deliver to the enemy the Soviet government, the Bolshevik Party, and Socialism, can also deliver to the enemy the Jews. A man who, after many years of service in the Bolshevik Party, can turn against it, as was the case with Zinoviev, Kamenev and a few others, can certainly turn against the Jewish people with whom, by the way, he had very little in common even while he was active in the Revolution.

SPURNED NATIONAL MINORITIES

It is a characteristic feature of all the leading Jewish Trotzkyites that never in their history were they actually interested in the national minorities of the U.S.S.R., including the Jews. I am not speaking here about people who worked in the Jewish cultural field and turned Trotzkyite like Liberberg of Biro-Bidjan. I am speaking about Trotzkyites of national import.

Trotzky now says, to please the Jewish press, that he is sorry he never learned Yiddish. He understands, he says, that a culture has grown up in Yiddish. The fact is that he never was interested either in the Yiddish language and culture or in any of the languages and cultures of the many nationalities forming the Soviet Union. For all we know he was a Great-Russian nationalist, an assimiliator. So were the other Trotzkyite Jews. At any rate, we never heard from them any expression of interest for the national cultures of the Soviet country. It was STALIN who, together with Lenin, formulated the theory of national self-determination many

CCNY Paper Gives View on Trotzkyites

The following is an editorial from The Campus, official undergraduate newspaper of the College of the City of New York:

The intricate dream-world which Dr. Arthur Frank Payne has weaved around the recent Moscow trials is as futile as it appears to be rationalized.

Perhaps the "hidden motives" behind the confessions of Karl Radek and his sixteen cohorts makes pleasant conjecture for whiling away after-dinner hours. It is, however, of no import to serious observers of political events and their ramifications, unless its purpose is to demonstrate that the trials constitute a gigantic frame-up concocted by Stalin.

That does not appear to be Dr. Payne's purpose, nor does it appear to be possible to prove such an assertion, as Mr. Mauritz Hallgren indicates in his letter of resignation from the Committee for the Defense of Leon Trotzky, published currently in the New Masses.

The more important considerations are implied in the dispatches to the New York Times by Walter Duranty.

Mr. Duranty's reports, generally accepted as authoritative, reach one stated conclusion that is of particular significance to the student movement for peace and security against fascism. It is his affirmed view that the trial logically develops the Soviet contention that Leon Trotzky and his followers are the advance agents of fascism and stimulants to war.

Here at the College, adherents of Trotzky are negligible in numbers and distinction. Fortunately, we must say, for if there is any lesson for us to draw from the trial of Piatakov, Radek, et al., it is that the provocative and nefarious type of activity shown to be that of the Trotzkyists is not to be tolerated in the ranks of the student movement, if we are to escape the horror of concentration camps, and if our corpses are not to rot under the unhallowed poppies of some Flanders Fields.

years before 1917 and defended it against the Mensheviks and Trotzky. It was Stalin who at the April, 1917, conference of the Bolsheviks after the overthrow of Czarism, made the special report on the national question and formulated the program that was later carried into practice by the Soviets. It was Stalin and the true Bolsheviks who, after the October Revolution, worked for the development of the national minorities, and it was Stalin who advanced the slogan that the cultures of the national minorities were to be "national in

form Socialist in content." A true Bolshevik is interested not only in the proletariat but also, first, in the peasantry and in the other oppressed and exploited masses as allies of the proletariat, secondly in the oppressed nationalities, the colonial and semi-colonial peoples.

ENEMY OF JEWISH PEOPLE Which brings us to another idea that must be impressed upon the Jewish people. This is that Trotzkyism is one of the greatest enemies of the Jewish people.

Even if you do not know much about Trotzkyism, you know that the Trotzkyites strive to create trouble in the Soviet Union, to call forth social turmoil, to unseat the Soviet Government, to undermine the unity of the Bolshevik (Communist) Party. If the Trotzkyite plans were to succeed, they could succeed only through arousing and fostering forces of reaction. Who would go against the Bolshevik Party? Obviously, not the class-conscious workers. Who would go against the Soviets in the villages? Obviously, not the more advanced members of the collective farms. Trotzky has failed utterly because no sections of the population as a whole listened to his propaganda. But were he to get a hearing and to recruit some trouble-makers, it would have been from among the former kulaks, the former officers of the Czarist government and the former merchants. These elements are anti-Semitic. Their first acts would be directed against the Jews. Needless to say that a great upheaval in Russia would have been accompanied by massacres of the Jews.

It is for these reasons that the Trotzkyites must be condemned by every Jew irrespective of his political orientation. There is one country in the world where the Jews feel safe, are able to make a living and are developing their culture. Trotzky wants to upset the system in this country. Trotzky is therefore an enemy of the Jews. As such the Jews must look at him and his associates in this country.

There can be no sympathy for Trotzky. We therefore utterly disagree with the Jewish World of Cleveland which, in its issue of Feb. 1, denies to Trotzky sympathy as a Jew but extends to him its sympathy as a political refugee. The paper says: "Trotzky needs sympathy. He must have it, and Jewish sympathy is worth much. But if Trotzky finds sympathy in the Jewish world, it is only because he is persecuted and because Stalin made him a martyr. As a Jew he does not deserve sympathy on the part of the Jews."

He does not deserve sympathy as one "persecuted" either. He is not persecuted. He is an enemy who is trying to injure the Soviet system. He is one responsible for the murder of Soviet workers and the damage of Soviet industrial establishments. And he is one who is guilty of betraying the Jews. One crime is inseparable from the others. Trotzky is guilty all around—and his name must be anathema among Jews.

LETTERS FROM OUR READERS

Bank Employee Asks Question
Editor, Daily Worker:

New York, N. Y.

We bank employees may show no progressive or aggressive tendencies for fear of losing our jobs. We are discriminated against through long hours of work for small pay and no security on our jobs. We are supposed to be satisfied with an officer's handshake at holiday time instead of the meagre bonus or pay rise that we might expect; for an officer's nod in the corridor we are expected to work long hours overtime smilingly and uncomplainingly.

But we are getting sick of this hypocrisy. A friend tells me that your paper champions the rights of the workman. So are we workmen. What must we do? A BANK EMPLOYEE.

No Pasaran!
Editor, Daily Worker:

Wiley, Ga.
Enclosed find \$5 for the Spanish Loyalist fight and I promise to send them \$6 every three months to help their resolution, "no pasaran."
Kindly forward. H. V.

NEWS OF STAGE AND SCREEN

Understanding the World:

Trotskyism--from Opposition To Counter-Revolution

Workers' School Lesson Analyzes Background of Moscow Trial

By Edward Smith

Assistant Director, Workers School
The triumph of the Russian revolution in October, 1917, was hailed by the working class and the toilers of the world over as the greatest event in the history of mankind. The proletarian revolution in Russia broke the ground for socialism.

Eighteen years after the Russian revolution, speaking to the representatives of the Communist Parties gathered at the Seventh World Congress of the Communist International, D. Z. Manuilsky was able to report "a very great event... in the lives of nations—the final and irrevocable victory of socialism in the U.S.S.R. This is the second great victory of the international working class over world capitalism since the great October Socialist Revolution, and it ushers in a new era in the history of mankind."

The victory of socialism is now an accomplished and unchallenged fact. The victory of socialism is greeted not only by revolutionary workers, is acknowledged not only by liberals and progressives, but is hailed by the greatest minds of humanity.

The victory of socialism is universally recognized—except by Trotsky. He keeps on repeating—socialism is impossible, and joins forces with fascism and reaction. Descending to the lowest depths of crime and treason, he organizes, with foreign powers, plots of espionage, terrorism, assassination, and sabotage. His violent hatred of socialism transcends all bounds. The restoration of capitalism is his aim, and he plots to accomplish it by overthrowing Soviet power, and assisting enemy nations in seizing Soviet territory.

To a number of liberals, influenced by the misleading and deliberately confusing reports in the bourgeois press, all this seems incredible. How is it possible for people to sink so low—they ask. But there is nothing really so amazing about it.

This is not the first time in the history of the working class movement that treachery and betrayal has been exposed.

Is it not a fact that the Social-Revolutionists in the first months after the Russian revolution, made an attempt upon the life of Lenin, and engineered a series of counter-revolutionary plots?

Is it not true that the history of Europe might have been different were it not for the policies carried out by the leaders of the Social-Democratic Parties in the post-war period?

In more recent years, there is the case of Maria Reese, previous Communist Party agent, who abandoned the Communist Party and joined with Trotsky after the rise of Hitler to power. Then this Trotskyist broadcast-over a Nazi network, appealing for the support of Hitler during the Saar plebiscite.

In France today, one of the most vicious enemies of the Peoples Front is none other than Jacques Doriot. After his expulsion from the Communist Party of France, he has become known as one of Hitler's open agents in France, and is one of the prominent candidates for leadership of the French fascist movement.

But never before has treachery and betrayal reached such low depths of crime as in the case of the counter-revolutionary conspiracy of Trotsky and his followers as revealed by the Moscow trials.

Experience has shown that, as long as capitalism exists, it will be necessary for the working class to carry on the struggle not only against the bourgeoisie, but also to exercise the greatest vigilance against insidious enemies within the ranks of the labor movement.

The course of Trotsky and his followers was but the logical outcome and inevitable culmination of his whole career. At every decisive stage of the working class movement Trotsky was found in opposition to Lenin and the Bolshevik Party. The only difference between Trotsky and the Mensheviks was that he covered his opposition to socialism and revolution by means of high-sounding phrases.

The best known of Trotsky's theories is his theory of "permanent" revolution. In reality this has nothing in common with the proletarian revolution. It is in truth counter-revolution in disguise.

Let us compare this theory with Lenin's conception of proletarian revolution and it will become clear that Trotsky always was just as much opposed to revolution as the right wing Social Democrats.

Here is the summary of Trotsky's theory: "The founding of a stable regime of proletarian dictatorship would be conceivable throughout Europe in the form of a European Republic."

—isolated within national borders it would be doomed to failure. ("What is a Peace Program," p. 20-21, English Edition published by the "People's Institute"). . . . "Without direct political aid from the European proletariat the working class of Russia will not be able to retain its power and turn its temporary supremacy into a permanent Socialist dictatorship. We cannot doubt this for a moment." ("Our Revolution—English Edition," p. 137)—"It would be futile to expect . . . that, for instance, revolutionary Russia could hold its own in face of a conservative Eu-

TROTSKY ALLY



Heinrich Himmler, Nazi police chief, who was mentioned in the Moscow trials.

... A steady rise of socialist economy in Russia will not be possible until after the victory of the proletariat in the leading countries of Europe." (Trotsky—Collected Works—Quoted by Stalin in Leninism, Vol. I, p. 238-239.)

If you extract the gist of the idea from the superfluous verbiage it reduces itself essentially to this: "The working class of Russia will not be able to retain its power—the proletarian dictatorship would be doomed to failure—Socialist economy will not be possible."

Karl Kautsky, leader of the social democracy, was also opposed to proletarian revolution and proletarian dictatorship. But he stated his position plainly and simply: "The dictatorship of the proletariat as a means for the introduction of socialism must be rejected." (The Labour Revolution, p. 88.)

Lenin fought vigorously against every form of Menshevism and he concentrated his attacks particularly upon Trotsky's brand of counter-revolution.

Lenin showed that Trotsky's false outlook was contrary to the real course of the revolution: "Never economic political development is an indispensable law of capitalism. It follows that the victory of Socialism is, at the beginning, possible in a few capitalist countries, even in one, taken separately." (The Imperialist War—p. 272.)

From the above it is clear that Trotskyism never had anything in common with Leninism. Trotskyism was always directly opposed to Leninism and was much closer to conservative and reactionary right-wing social democracy.

After Lenin's death, Trotsky's attacks upon the Communist Party continued unabated. The further the Soviet workers advanced towards Socialism, the greater the successes of the Soviet Union, the greater the victories of the Communist Party under the leadership of Stalin, the greater the support of the entire population united around the Communist Party, the greater the love of the whole people for the guiding genius of Socialism, Stalin—the more bitter and violent became the attacks of Trotsky upon the Soviet Union, the Communist Party and Stalin.

Stalin accurately characterized the degeneration of Trotskyism: "Trotskyism is the vanguard of the counter-revolutionary bourgeoisie, which is carrying on the struggle against the Communists, against the Soviet Government, against the building of Socialism in the U.S.S.R."

"Who gave the counter-revolutionary bourgeoisie its intellectual weapon against Bolshevism, in the form of the thesis of the impossibility of building Socialism in our country, in the form of the thesis of the inevitability of the degeneration of the Bolsheviks, etc.? The weapon was given it by Trotskyism."

"Who gave the counter-revolutionary bourgeoisie an organizational weapon in the form of attempts at open attacks on the Soviet Government? It is a fact that the anti-Soviet actions of the Trotskyites raised the spirits of the bourgeoisie and led loose the work of counter-revolutionary sabotage of the bourgeois specialists."

"Who gave the counter-revolutionary bourgeoisie an organizational weapon in the form of attempts at organizing underground anti-Soviet organizations? This weapon was given to it by the Trotskyists, who founded their own anti-Bolshevik illegal group."

"Trotskyism is the vanguard of the counter-revolutionary bourgeoisie." (Leninism, Vol. II—p. 456-457.)

Completely isolated from workers, left with absolutely no mass following, Trotsky nevertheless continued his struggle against Socialism and turned to assassination and terror to attain his ends.

In spite of his hysterical denials, the program of violence and counter-revolution, exposed by the Moscow trials, was clearly formulated by Trotsky himself. In a pamphlet written in 1933, Trotsky posed the question as to how to overthrow the Soviet "Power."

"And is it possible to solve this task with peaceful methods? . . . No normal constitutional ways remain to remove the ruling clique. The bureaucracy (the Soviet Power) can be compelled to yield power into the hands of the proletarian vanguard (the Trotskyists) only by force." (The Soviet

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Trotskyism Was Always Opposed to Marxism and Leninism

Union and the Fourth International—p. 24-25.)

And if any one should have any doubt as to his meaning, Trotsky makes sure that force is printed in italic type.

Trotsky's plans also include war and plotting for the military defeat of the Soviet Union. For this he considers will create favorable circumstances for counter-revolution. In the same pamphlet he explains his course when the Soviet Union is attacked: "Even in the event of war, we will maintain a critical irreconcilability toward bureaucratic centrism (Soviet Power), (Soviet Union and the Fourth International—p. 30.)

Trotsky's counter-revolutionary plan, according to his own writings, goes the whole way right up to the point of restoring capitalism: "Retreat is, nevertheless, inevitable. It is necessary to bring it about at the earliest possible time. . . . To discontinue mass collectivization . . . to revise the question of tempo of industrialization in the light of experience . . . to abandon 'ideals' of a self-contained economy . . . to work out a new, alternative plan calculated on the widest possible inter-action with the world market." (Opposition Bulletin No. 10, April, 1930.)

Anyone who compares the above program as developed by Trotsky, with the disclosures at the trial of the 17 conspirators, can readily see that the actual plot revealed by the evidence and admissions of the accused, was nothing else but the detailed ramifications of the counter-revolutionary plan which had previously been worked out by Trotsky.

By his own statements, Trotsky stands condemned as the enemy of socialism!

By his own statements, Trotsky stands revealed as the organizer of counter-revolution, terror and assassination!

By his own statements, Trotsky stands exposed as plotting for the military defeat of the Soviet Union!

By his own statements, Trotsky stands revealed as planning the restoration of capitalism!

And the Moscow trials have proven beyond any doubt the alliance of fascism and Trotskyism. In the Nazis, Trotsky found his natural allies. Both Hitler and Trotsky are bound together by their common hatred for the Soviet Union. In his wrecking, criminal and espionage activities Trotsky has become an open agent of Hitler and Trotskyism has become the advance guard of fascism.

Is it not clear therefore why Trotskyism is the mortal enemy of the People's Front in the struggle against fascism? Is it not clear that the disrupting activities of Trotskyites wherever they make their appearance have as their aim the division and destruction of the labor movement? Is it not clear the Trotsky-Nazi war plans require for their success the defeat of the United Front movement against war in all democratic countries? Is it not clear that the underlying reason for Trotsky's attacks upon the People's Front in France and his open hostility to the Spanish government are the inevitable outcome of his alliance with Hitler?

The struggle against Trotsky and Trotskyite agents is not only the task of the Communist Party. The complete elimination and destruction of Trotskyism become the duty of every trade unionist, of every progressive man and woman as an integral part of the fight against fascism, reaction and war.

The complete defeat of Trotskyism means a victory for the forces of democracy, progress and peace.

Considering its excellent Wagnerian casts, it is little wonder that the Metropolitan Opera Company's Wagnerian repertory is so unprecedentedly successful. The large number of outstanding sopranos is phenomenal for these Metropolitan days, and the familiar Metropolitan male singers have never been in better voice.

Melchior and Rethberg, singing the principal roles in "Lohengrin," Wagner's allegory of spiritual and earthly love, is an event for any time. At last Friday's performance these singers sang their richest, and the supporting cast of lesser singers could not avoid using their every resource. Ludwig Hofman, as King Henry, was rarely better in any role, and even Julius Huehn, who sang Telramund, a role which has been identified with the best performances of great singers, exceeded one's indulgent expectations. The role of Ortrud, which was intended for a contralto, is most effectively sung by a contralto.

Sopranos frequently sing the role, and invariably they are unduly sharp and shrillish. Marjorie Lawrence, who sang erratically but impressively, was no exception. Cehanovsky was exceptionally good as the King's Herald, a role in which, strangely, Titta Ruflo made his debut.

HUDSON FOR MILLER

Gilbert Miller has chosen the Hudson Theatre as the place for the opening of "The Amazing Dr. Clitterhouse," starring Sir Cedric Hardwicke, on March 2.

Your.... Health

—By the Medical Advisory Board—

Kalak Water—A Pinch of Bicarbonate

D. S. ROCKFORD, III, writes: "I would be grateful for any information you can give me concerning Kalak Water. My wife, who is pregnant, was advised by her doctor to drink Kalak Water with her liquids, in order to remove the acid in her system."

THE AMERICAN Medical Association, although some of its policies are not advocated by the Medical Advisory Board, does do good work in a number of ways. Its Council on Pharmacy and Chemistry has saved the doctor much time and trouble and has saved the patient much money. This it has done by its examination of various medicinal products and the claims made for them. When the Council rejects a product for listing in its New and Non-Official Remedies (N.N.R.), the physician and the patient can learn much from such a rejection.

The Council has repeatedly (in 1917, 1922, 1928) refused to accept Kalak Water for admission to the N.N.R. because the claims made for it were unwarranted, because the name "Kalak" does not describe the product, and because so many salts are included which have no place in commonsense treatment. Has Kalak Water, then, any value? The only thing it contains that has real, known value is bicarbonate of soda, but, as the Council says, "a few grams (about a teaspoonful)—Editorial taken daily would have a therapeutic (treatment) effect equal to that of Kalak Water." If the patient wishes to spend several dollars for Kalak Water instead of one cent for "bicarbonate," there is only commonsense to stop him.

That some physicians prescribe Kalak Water is known. Physicians in their profession are constantly bombarded by the advertisements of drug manufacturers just as much as the patient is by ads for patent medicines. As a result, being human, some doctors fall for the ads and prescribe these products. This is another reason for the existence and good work of the Council on Pharmacy and Chemistry.

Among the journals carrying advertisements for Kalak Water is the New York Medical Week, a weekly bulletin of information sponsored by the New York County Medical Society which is sent to all members of that organization. If the New York County Medical Society were consistent in its policies, it would reject as advertising copy in its publication those products which have been refused acceptance in the N. N. R.

ALLIED THEATRE GETS KING'S "SPAIN LAUGHS"

The Allied Theatre has accepted for early production "Spain Laughs," by Joseph S. Kings. The play is based on the current Spanish Civil War.

This theatre is a repertory group who previously produced "This Earth Is Ours" (a play based on the Crempa Case). William Kozlenko authored this drama, which was accepted an extremely successful reception.

The object of the play is to present the forces and ideas at work behind the struggle on the Spanish battlefield, with particular emphasis on the Loyalist side.

The group is an organization composed of actors, directors, writers and technicians. They are interested in acquiring new talent. Casting starts immediately; evenings at 7:47 Broadway.

The Ruling Clawss

By Redfield

Considering its excellent Wagnerian casts, it is little wonder that the Metropolitan Opera Company's Wagnerian repertory is so unprecedentedly successful. The large number of outstanding sopranos is phenomenal for these Metropolitan days, and the familiar Metropolitan male singers have never been in better voice.

Melchior and Rethberg, singing the principal roles in "Lohengrin," Wagner's allegory of spiritual and earthly love, is an event for any time. At last Friday's performance these singers sang their richest, and the supporting cast of lesser singers could not avoid using their every resource. Ludwig Hofman, as King Henry, was rarely better in any role, and even Julius Huehn, who sang Telramund, a role which has been identified with the best performances of great singers, exceeded one's indulgent expectations. The role of Ortrud, which was intended for a contralto, is most effectively sung by a contralto.

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Wagner Mode Due to Singers

By Martin McCall

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In a Traitor's Cloak

Readers Urge Support Of Anti-Fascist Film

Letters Suggest Launching of Campaign in Support of "Spain In Flames," Movie of Spain's Anti-Fascist Fighters, Now at Cameo Theatre

Readers of the Daily Worker, usually prompt on sending in letters about Fascist films, have been equally prompt in taking pen in hand in behalf of the new anti-Fascist film "Spain In Flames," at the Cameo. Herewith is one of the several letters which came in with the morning mail, along with news of the latest Hollywood spring styles and how Jane Withers keeps her figure.

Our correspondent writes: "Dear Editor: "Every now and then, in the columns of the Daily Worker, a campaign is launched against pro-fascist, pro-war and anti-labor movies. Such campaigns have often resulted in effective boycott and sometimes in causing the movie magnates to alter the content of their films while in production. RED SALUTE, the United Artists' slander against militant college students, was boycotted into failure, RIFF-RAFF, the MGM anti-union film, was also frustrated.

Workers Build I.W.O. Band

Group Formed by Printer, Cabman and Musician at Hipp Saturday

By SAM ROBERTS

When the International Workers Order in New York celebrates its Seventh Anniversary at the Hippodrome Saturday, not a small part of the celebration will be for the development of working-class culture in its organization.

The I.W.O. boasts today a full size symphony orchestra of 50 players, a mandolin orchestra of over 60 players, numerous children's brass bands, dramatic groups, dance groups and choruses—a lusty, vigorous, cultural life, in which hundreds of workers and their children are taking part—in every sense of the word, mass culture.

During the day they work in shops and offices, they are printers, carpenters, tailors, furriers, dress-makers, stenographers, clerks, and cab drivers. At night they hurry from work, rush through supper to practice on fiddles, trombones and mandolins, or memorize arts in plays; or exercise in dance groups.

For instance, the symphony orchestra was founded by Abe Schuman, a printer, George Constantine a cab driver, and Irving Korenman, a musician.

With Schuman playing a violin, the cab driver a trombone and Korenman expertly holding the leader's baton, the small courageous nucleus began to gather up the worker-musicians from the workshops.

They play feelingly as only those who have lived deeply and suffered much can. Their audience understands them with an understanding born of class-kinship.

Michael Gold, the writer, heard the Orchestra in a recital last year and was greatly excited. He wrote a play trained symphony orchestra played Schubert's Unfinished Symphony and ballet music from Rubenstein. They were amateurs, but their work is serious, lovingly disciplined. . . . Negroes and women were among them, something you will never find in the professional symphonies. It was a beautiful evening, and the audience made up of the same social group as the players, was more inspiring to me than those stale deadly mobs one finds in Carnegie Hall."

The symphony orchestra directed by Korenman, who is a graduate of Petrograd University, and the Mandolin Orchestra, led by Thomas Sokoloff, will play at the I.W.O. Gala Concert Saturday.

While the concert will also have such guest artists as Thalia Sebanieva, Metropolitan Opera Company Soprano, Sergei Radamsky and the Juanita Hall Negro Choir, I am sure the greatest glow of pleasure and pride will be for the Symphony and Mandolin Orchestra, expressions of the cultural aspirations of the working people and the stimulus of the I.W.O.

Tickets for the concert are obtainable at I.W.O. branches, 80 Fifth Ave. and the box office—35 cents to \$1.65.

FLANNIGAN DOES MUSIC

When Barbara Robbins presents Dion Boucicault's "London Assurance" at the Vanderbilt Theatre, on Feb. 18th, it will have incidental music, by Phyllis Flannigan.

Spain In Flames

"Eloquent, gripping, should be seen by everyone." —HERALD TRIBUNE.
MOST VITAL DOCUMENT EVER SCREENED!
NARRATIVE SPOKEN IN ENGLISH
Cameo 42nd St. E. of Wway 2nd to 11 p.m. Wk. Days

The People's Cinema

Saratoga and Livonia Aves., Brooklyn Now Showing "BIRO-BIDJAN" (A Greater Promise) OPENING FRIDAY, FEB. 12th "GYPSIES" Weekday Matinee—15c

DE LUXE

TREMONT and BELMONT AVE. WED. & THURS., FEB. 10, 11 Matinee and Late Show "BIROBIDJAN" A Greater Promise

"CANDIDA" FOR CARNELL

Katharine Cornell plans to produce Bernard Shaw's "Candida" next month in repertory to relieve the strain of playing Maxwell Anderson's "Oparre" in "Wingless Victory" eight times a week. The two plays will alternate.

THE ETHERAL ROAD

MAX MANTLE, News "MAT. TODAY" MAX REINHARDT'S THE ETHERAL ROAD Even. 8:30, 11:10, 11:40, Sat. Mat. 2:30, 8:30, 11:30, Wed. Mat. 2:30, 8:30, 11:30, 11:40, Sun. 11:30, 11:40, 11:50, 12:00, 12:10, 12:20, 12:30, 12:40, 12:50, 1:00, 1:10, 1:20, 1:30, 1:40, 1:50, 2:00, 2:10, 2:20, 2:30, 2:40, 2:50, 3:00, 3:10, 3:20, 3:30, 3:40, 3:50, 4:00, 4:10, 4:20, 4:30, 4:40, 4:50, 5:00, 5:10, 5:20, 5:30, 5:40, 5:50, 6:00, 6:10, 6:20, 6:30, 6:40, 6:50, 7:00, 7:10, 7:20, 7:30, 7:40, 7:50, 8:00, 8:10, 8:20, 8:30, 8:40, 8:50, 9:00, 9:10, 9:20, 9:30, 9:40, 9:50, 10:00, 10:10, 10:20, 10:30, 10:40, 10:50, 11:00, 11:10, 11:20, 11:30, 11:40, 11:50, 12:00, 12:10, 12:20, 12:30, 12:40, 12:50, 1:00, 1:10, 1:20, 1:30, 1:40, 1:50, 2:00, 2:10, 2:20, 2:30, 2:40, 2:50, 3:00, 3:10, 3:20, 3:30, 3:40, 3:50, 4:00, 4:10, 4:20, 4:30, 4:40, 4:50, 5:00, 5:10, 5:20, 5:30, 5:40, 5:50, 6:00, 6:10, 6:20, 6:30, 6:40, 6:50, 7:00, 7:10, 7:20, 7:30, 7:40, 7:50, 8:00, 8:10, 8:20, 8:30, 8:40, 8:50, 9:00, 9:10, 9:20, 9:30, 9:40, 9:50, 10:00, 10:10, 10:20, 10:30, 10:40, 10:50, 11:00, 11:10, 11:20, 11:30, 11:40, 11:50, 12:00, 12:10, 12:20, 12:30, 12:40, 12:50, 1:00, 1:10, 1:20, 1:30, 1:40, 1:50, 2:00, 2:10, 2:20, 2:30, 2:40, 2:50, 3:00, 3:10, 3:20, 3:30, 3:40, 3:50, 4:00, 4:10, 4:20, 4:30, 4:40, 4:50, 5:00, 5:10, 5:20, 5:30, 5:40, 5:50, 6:00, 6:10, 6:20, 6:30, 6:40, 6:50, 7:00, 7:10, 7:20, 7:30, 7:40, 7:50, 8:00, 8:10, 8:20, 8:30, 8:40, 8:50, 9:00, 9:10, 9:20, 9:30, 9:40, 9:50, 10:00, 10:10, 10:20, 10:30, 10:40, 10:50, 11:00, 11:10, 11:20, 11:30, 11:40, 11:50, 12:00, 12:10, 12:20, 12:30, 12:40, 12:50, 1:00, 1:10, 1:20, 1:30, 1:40, 1:50, 2:00, 2:10, 2:20, 2:30, 2:40, 2:50, 3:00, 3:10, 3:20, 3:30, 3:40, 3:50, 4:00, 4:10, 4:20, 4:30, 4:40, 4:50, 5:00, 5:10, 5:20, 5:30, 5:40, 5:50, 6:00, 6:10, 6:20, 6:30, 6:40, 6:50, 7:00, 7:10, 7:20, 7:30, 7:40, 7:50, 8:00, 8:10, 8:20, 8:30, 8:40, 8:50, 9:00, 9:10, 9:20, 9:30, 9:40, 9:50, 10:00, 10:10, 10:20, 10:30, 10:40, 10:50, 11:00, 11:10, 11:20, 11:30, 11:40, 11:50, 12:00, 12:10, 12:20, 12:30, 12:40, 12:50, 1:00, 1:10, 1:20, 1:30, 1:40, 1:50, 2:00, 2:10, 2:20, 2:30, 2:40, 2:50, 3:00, 3:10, 3:20, 3:30, 3:40, 3:50, 4:00, 4:10, 4:20, 4:30, 4:40, 4:50, 5:00, 5:10, 5:20, 5:30, 5:40, 5:50, 6:00, 6:10, 6:20, 6:30, 6:40, 6:50, 7:00, 7:10, 7:20, 7:30, 7:40, 7:50, 8:00, 8:10, 8:20, 8:30, 8:40, 8:50, 9:00, 9:10, 9:20, 9:30, 9:40, 9:50, 10:00, 10:10, 10:20, 10:30, 10:40, 10:50, 11:00, 11:10, 11:20, 11:30, 11:40, 11:50, 12:00, 12:10, 12:20, 12:30, 12:40, 12:50, 1:00, 1:10, 1:20, 1:30, 1:40, 1:50, 2:00, 2:10, 2:20, 2:30, 2:40, 2:50, 3:00, 3:10, 3:20, 3:30, 3:40, 3:50, 4:00, 4:10,

CRITICISMS CUTS BOTH WAYS

By Ted Benson

SELF-CRITICISM, they say, is a wonderful thing. For many moons, now, this writer has been throwing punches at this and that and making sarcastic cracks about various sporting characters. After reading the Sunday and Daily Worker for the past three days, Old Man Benson feels that a little much-needed chastisement is due to the Daily and Sunday Worker sports staff.

On Sunday there appeared under a banner headline a story by Mike Kantor, who, you all know, is a crack reporter. The headline read: **LOUIS AND BRADDOCK TO SIGN**.

The story pointed out that after an interview with Joe Gould, manager of Joe Louis, there was no longer any doubt that the fight would be held in Chicago either in Soldier's Field or at Comiskey Stadium.

On Monday our cynical Joe Smith came through with a story the headline of which read: **CHI FIGHT HELD PUBLICITY STUNT**.

Joe had another idea on the subject entirely. He felt that Joe Gould's delays rested on the ground that he wouldn't let Louis fight at Comiskey Field.

Joe went so far as to call the whole fight a hoax.

Old Doc in a Fog

S MITH, the old meanie, pointed out that because Gould hadn't left for Chicago as he had promised Mike he would do on the previous day, the whole thing looked like a build-up for the resumption of the Schmeling bout.

Then on Wednesday, who should pop up but old Doc Dougherty with a story under the graphic headline: **FITE SITUATION STARTS TO SMELL**.

Doc, pointing out that the bout had taken on the odor of a Hearst (1937 name for skunk) exhibited all the clarity of a London fog at mid-night in his masterful analysis of what he so aptly termed the situation.

Lester Rodney, cloaking himself in the privileged pants of the expert, was smart enough to duck into his hole and refuse to write anything at all about the mess on the grounds that even if he were right for a change, he'd be wrong in this case.

As to Benson—yeah me, myself, I—I played safe and picked all sides of the argument.

Taking no chances, I decided that the fight will take place in Chicago and New York and possibly also in Havana. I am sure that Braddock will fight Schmeling and Louis in the same ring at the same time and the referee will kayo all three of the boys.

Our Staff Cat Says 'Meow'!

THE only ones in the office who haven't pulled any boners in discussing the fight are the staff artist, Phil, and the office cat.

The cat said she wouldn't talk and when Phil was asked what he thought about the fight, he said he was sure that Dizzy Dean would get what he wants in this year's contract.

Of course the reason for all this confusion is obvious. Pointing out that it happens in all the capitalist press at the same time and that the sporting gentry throughout the city are equally baffled, the answer lies in the characters of the men who earn their living in what is commonly called the fistic racket.

The truth is not in them. They are, generally speaking, and with a few (damn few) exceptions, as villainous a crew of racketeers as ever slit a throat or an innocent's pocket.

Their way is not the straight way of honesty. It is as devious as a pile of string dropped on the floor and as crooked as a championship wrestling bout.

Few fight managers will tell the truth if they can lie or earn money if they can chisel it.

So what's a poor but honest newspaperman to do?

WHAT'S ON

- Tonight**
- THREE Eye-Witnesses report on Spain in Defense of Freedom. Anna Louise Brown, Robert Minor, and Ralph Bates, with Malcolm Cowley as chairman, speak at Mecca Auditorium. Joint auspices of New Masses and People's Party. 8:30 P. M.
- TECHNICAL AID to Spanish Democracy. All seats reserved. Tickets on sale at all Work Bookshops.
- KNOCK FRANCO'S Block Off...** At extraordinary entertainment, game, dance for Spain. Feb. 25, 26, 27. 8:30 P. M.
- DR. B. LIBER**, prominent physician, speaks on "The Wisdom of the Body." 8:30 P. M. at the YWCA, 221 Ashland Place, Brooklyn. Ausp. Progressive Women's Council 46.
- MUSICALS**—Bach's Brandenburg Concerto; 3rd Suite in D Major; Beethoven's "Eroica" (in Y. Philharmonic); New records; best machine in town. Subs. 15c. Ausp. Downtown People's Center, 116 University Place (cor. 13th St.). 8:45 P. M.
- CONCERT**—Brilliant program in city's most beautiful studio. Beethoven, Schubert, Tchaikovsky. Subs. 10c. 11 W. 18th St. Ausp.: League of Music Lovers. 8:30 P. M.
- GREENWICH Village Br. ILD** invites you to hear David Friedman on "Labor Legislation." A.C.A. Gallery, 52 W. 8th St. 8:30 P. M. Adm. free.
- MOTHER BLOOR** speaks on "Role of Women in Society." At Lechem Anelam Hall, 789 Allerton Ave. Ausp.: Progressive Women's Council 25. Adm. 15c. 8:30 P. M.
- Tomorrow**
- DANCE and Entertainment**. Excellent time is promised to all. And you'll get one. Adm. 35c. 116 W. 21st St. 8:30 P. M.
- LINCOLN SAID**... "You can fool some of the people some of the time." No foolin'. You can't afford to miss the Inaugural Dance of the Bronx County Young Communist League. Friday, Feb. 12, at the Grand Plaza, 821 E. 160th St., west of Prospect Avenue. Subway Station. Patronia Association. Subs. 25c. 8:30 P. M. Friday, Feb. 12.
- CHIC WEBB** and his world champion fiddle band will play at the Scotsboro Herndon Defense Ball, Friday, Feb. 12. Savoy Ballroom in Harlem. Tickets: All Workers Bookshops. Ausp.: Nat'l Comm. Defense Political Party, 20 E. 12th St. Friday, Feb. 12.
- THE YEAR'S GREATEST EVENT!** Fourth Annual Dance and Entertainment tendered by the militant, Wholesale Dry Good Employees' Union, Abe Lyman, Vincent Lopez, both in person, continuing dancing, stupendous floor show. Sid Gary, galaxy of Broadway stars; Seventy-First Regiment Army Band. At 34th St. Saturday evening, Feb. 13.
- 4TH ANNUAL Entertainment and Dance** Saturday, Feb. 13, at the Grand Ballroom, 41st St. and Madison Ave. Ausp.: Pharmacist Union of Greater N. Y. Subs. \$1.00.

Turn to the....

DO YOU PATRONIZE THE MERCHANTS WHO PATRONIZE THE DAILY WORKER? MOST OF THE THINGS YOU BUY CAN BE FOUND AT THE STORES WHO ADVERTISE EVERY DAY IN THE

Shoppers Column

SPORTS DAILY WORKER SPORTS

NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1937

Ex-CCNY Aces In Lineup of Spain Game

Collegiate Stars Practically All-Time City Five

By Lester Rodney

There are lots of interesting angles in the three basketball "Games for Spain" to be played at the Hippodrome the night of February 19.

Take the main game between the all-star ex-collegians and the professionals (and how they'll try to take it!). A first casual look at the lineup of the ex-collegians gives the impression of an all-time, all-star CCNY aggregation.

CCNY, under the directing genius of Nat Holman, has ranked up near the top of the collegiate basketball heap for years. The smart, skilled and intelligent passwork and adaptability of the City teams have become legend in the sports world.

In the "Game for Spain" you'll be able to see the pick of the star players of recent CCNY teams. Lou Spindell, Pete Berenson, Moe Spahn, Moe Goldman, and Mill Trupin were all scintillating aces at the uptown school in recent years. Spindell was rated as probably the greatest college star in the country, and others were "All" material.

Also playing on this interesting outfit are George Gregory, one of Columbia's all-time greats, and little Rip Kaplinsky, who ran wild on the St. Johns of Brooklyn team for the past four years. Gregory set a precedent at the Morningside Heights institution, being the first Negro captain of a Columbia team. A truly great athlete and brilliant scholar, George was one of the most popular Columbia men of all times.

Hold-Outs Who Really Meant It

DIZZY DEAN, BASEBALL'S GREATEST RIGHANDER, HAS TAKEN BABE RUTH'S PLACE AS THE PERENNIAL LEADER OF THE HOLDOUT BRIGADE—HE WANTS \$50,000 FROM THE CARDS, OR ELSE!

EDD ROUSH, OF THE GIANTS HELD OUT FOR THE WHOLE 1930 SEASON—BUT BY 1931 HE COULDN'T EVEN MAKE GOOD IN THE MINORS.

TURKEY MIKE DONLIN, THE FIRST HOLDOUT WHO HELD—HE WOULDN'T SIGN WITH THE GIANTS IN 1911 AND WENT ON THE STAGE.

ALAN MAVER

BOOTING ACE



Joe Garcia is one of the stars of the Brooklyn Hispanos, great Spanish team that will play for Spanish Democracy in a big soccer double header at Hawthorne Field on Washington's birthday.

Fighting Champ in Action

Ambers Meets Day, K.O. King, Tonight—Pedro Montanez Bears Watching

By Joe Smith

Lou Ambers, king of all the lightweights and the fightingest of all champions, steps through the ropes again tonight at the Hippodrome for an engagement with a young man from Chicago, named Davey Day. While Lou's crown will not be on the fire tonight, this being an over the weight match, there is nevertheless considerable interest in the fracas. Young Davey has come to New York with a record that is generously studded with K.O.'s.

Now—it's an old story, any time you can produce a lad with a lethal sock, you will find the boys who put the cash on the line for the pastebards are quite ready to stand in line to get a glimpse at the better-outer. The reason for this popularity is that anything can happen in a fight as long as one of the boys has a sleep producer stored away in his glove.

FAVORED TONITE

Such is the case tonight. On form, the champ is expected to come through with colors flying. He has the experience, he is the better boxer and last but not to be overlooked he is the champ. However, a boy like Davey can never be sold short.

No matter what happens tonight, Lou's troubles won't be over by a long run. The lightweight division today is just chock full of worthy and aspiring battlers, and Lou will have to take care of them if he is to remain king. Enrico Venturi showed on Monday night that he's got plenty on the ball, the way he banged the willing Jimmy McLeod all over the ring. And he's just rarin' to go against Lou.

Of course, Enrico will first have to settle the issue with Pedro Montanez, who like Venturi is undefeated and hard on the heels of the champ. Pedro returned to New York a couple of weeks ago, and in his first start at the Star Casino

WATCH PEDRO

This Montanez, from what we were able to gather, is nobody's fool, and will knock Venturi kicking when they meet at the Garden on Feb. 26. More than that, Montanez will do the same to Ambers when and if they get together. Meanwhile Pedro will go to work again on Saturday at the Rockland Palace. Irish Al Dunbar, his opponent, is due for the works.

Billy Beauhold and Aldo Spoldi, a couple more 135-pounders who are knocking at the champ's door, will settle their difficulties next Monday at the St. Nick's.

Bombers Rise In Ohio Play

Trim Laicos, Threaten Leaders for IWO Title; Hudson Leads Scorers

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Feb. 9.—The very hectic pace the Cleveland I.W.O.'ers have been setting in the national tourney gets hotter every week.

The Broadway Bombers, safely entrenched in second place and threatening to take the lead from the Leaders, had little trouble with the lowly Laicos, winning 19-7, yesterday. Content to score enough to insure them a victory and holding the hard playing Laicos in a grip of tight defensive play, the Bombers proved that they will make court history the night they go against the league-leading Leaders.

The Bombers have never lost in play this season. The only marker in the lost column registered against them is due to their forfeit in the opening game of the season. Since then they have been burning up the league.

The Bombers play in the semifinals on the Labor Basketball Carnival for Spain to be held on March 6 at Grays Armory. The White Motors Union and the Amalgamated Clothing Workers.

Individual Scoring

Player	Team	G.	F.	Total
Hudson	Progressives	22	11	55
Skupas	Leaders	22	6	50
Reinke	Progressives	16	3	35
Halmer	B-way Bombers	5	5	35
Luzar	Metros	13	5	31

Tamulis, Heffner Sign

The Yanks added two more names to their list of signed players when Lefty Tamulis and Don Heffner, sent in their contracts yesterday. Tamulis is a southpaw who showed enough with Newark last year to warrant another fling at the big time. Don Heffner, flashy, right-handed infelder will continue to sub unless Lazzari's legs go back on him.

Champ May Starve With Heavy Crown

Braddock May Wind Up with Nothing as Gould Vacillates—Not Champ's Fault

By Mike Kantor

It will be no fault of Braddock if the fight fan in years to come remembers him as the only heavyweight champion of the world ever to starve—undefeated, unfought and unknown, while still champion.

Braddock can never be defeated unless he fights. He cannot fight unless he's matched. And it looks like he'll never be matched unless he begins to know a thing or two. Joe Gould, his pendulum-swinging manager, is doing his level best to sabotage any offer the champion can get which will reap for him a little of the money he thought would be coming his way as titleholder.

WHAT'S IT ALL ABOUT?

The latest seance that the little boss of the big champ has gone into has had even the most hardened, experienced expert holding on. Is he going to Chicago or isn't he? Does he intend to fight Louis or doesn't he? Is he trying to squelch the boycott on the Schmeling fight or is he just a poor, innocent victim of circumstances and misplaced careerism? What's it all about?

Joe Gould was emphatic Friday in this reporter. "We're going to Chicago to sign for Louis and that's that." Saturday, he hadn't gone. Sunday he still was in New York. He didn't like Comiskey Park. He wasn't sure of Soldier's Field. There was an offer from Detroit.

It seems to me that any manager offered a half a million to fight would grab it even if the match took place in the back yard of a burlesque house. What's the difference? Comiskey Park can hold 75,000. Soldier's Field more than 100,000. The \$500,000 is his wherever Braddock fights. Why the sudden quibbling and hedging? Why the hypocrisy and double-dealing? Why the run-around?

BRADDOCK GETTING GYPED

It's too bad that a nice, clean-cut, honest chap like Braddock has to play the goat. He's the unwilling football in all the free booting that's been the popular pastime of Gould, Jacobs, and the rest of the crew.

But something still can be done. It can be done only by the fans. There's such a thing as mass pressure even in boxing—smelly as the game is. If the fight public were to get together, put up a burning petition to the manager, tell him to stop stalling and putting a blot on the already spotty fight game, then maybe it would behoove Mr. Gould that he's left out the most important angle of the whole business. The fans, themselves.

Negro, White Unite for South

A game that will make basketball history and set a precedent which should be the beginning of successive games like it takes place Friday evening at the Carleton Avenue YMCA when the Phi Beta Sigma Fraternity quintet, an unbeaten Negro fraternity outfit, matches shots with the All-Stars of the International Workers Order.

The game which is being played for the benefit of the Southern Negro Youth Conference in Richmond will be outstanding in more ways than one. Aside from the high calibre of play and slick basketball that these teams will exhibit, this is the second time that one of the finest of Negro teams has consented to play a team from a worker's organization. The precedent was established in a game between the City Projects Council Five and the New York Collegiates, a Negro quintet, which took place some weeks ago.

The game will throw further light on the growing unity between Negro and white for not only will the players and spectators mingle freely among themselves during the competition, but the dancing and entertainment will be an occasion for more of the same equal display of fraternalism.

N.Y.U. '5' in Tough Battles This Week

N. Y. U. starts a hard basketball week tonight in New Brunswick against unbeaten Rutgers. If they get past the Scarlet Scourge tonight they still have to face Notre Dame on Saturday.

The Violet is prepared for trouble. Irwin Wittly, classy vet of last year who was ineligible earlier in the year, is back and don't think he won't make a difference. Irwin is a slick individual who knows his way around a court. He helps smooth the "Violets" somewhat better-kicker style of play.

The Cannonmen need something plus, especially against Notre Dame, a team that has come along after a somewhat shaky start to amaze the basketball world. The Ramblers have knocked over such teams as Northwestern, Purdue, Illinois and Syracuse (by 20 points).

If Wittly is in good physical shape and Miltly Schulman regains his great 1936 form for a nite—as he has shown signs of doing—the Violet may surprise and outtip them all from here in.

New England Calls Labor Sports Parley

FITCHBERG, Mass., Feb. 8.—Following shortly on the first labor sports conference ever held which took place in New York City on Jan. 29, New England follows suit with a labor sports conference to take place in this city on Feb. 14 at 731 Main St.

The delegates to the conference will discuss the following: drawing the constitution and by-laws; Election of officers; District Basketball Tournament; National Basketball tournament to be held in Detroit, April 3-4, 1937. All other tournaments; election of District Tournament Committee and naming of the organization.

This is the first labor sports conference ever held in New England and the immediate response from workers in every industry, union and organization insures its success.

IS TWICE ENOUGH?

John Henry Lewis, Negro light heavyweight champ, finally convinced everybody in Philadelphia that he is Al Ettore's master. That is, everybody but Spud Murphy, one of the judges. In true Philadelphia fashion he called the fight although Lewis scored AI for two nine counts and won at least ten out of fifteen rounds.

LITTLE LEFTY

SO YOU WON'T GIMME A DIME ARIECE FOR GREETINGS IN OUR FIRST ISSUE!! I TELL YOU IT'S GOING TO BE REAL HOT!

POOH POOH!

G'WAN SHOCK ME! I DARE YA!

WHOOOPS! I'M FAINTIN'!

ALRIGHT, GUYS. TAKE A LOOK AT THIS!

THANKS FOR THE MONEY, FELLERS! YOU'RE RIGHT! YOUR GREETINGS WILL CROWD OUT THE "PERSONALS" FROM THE PAPER!

Personals—What tuff guy who wears a derby is stuck on James?

Which tell hid hid played hockey from school last Mon.?

What littel feller with curly black hair would get the nait dim smoking?

WIN THOSE SEATS TO "MARCHING SONG", the new Theatre Union Show by John Howard Lawson opening Feb. 17th, or cash to out-of-towners. Simply mail in your suggestion for Lefty's paper together with your name and address to Little Lefty Contest, 50 East 13th St., N. Y. City.