

THE HAVERHILL SOCIAL DEMOCRAT

No. 26. Vol. 1.

Haverhill, Mass., March 31, 1900.

Price 2 Cents

Special Announcement.

OUR FRUIT DEPARTMENT TONIGHT AND THE COMING WEEK WILL BE WORTH YOUR WHILE TO INSPECT. AS WE ARE MAKING A SPECIAL FEATURE OF IT. THIS WEEK WE RECEIVED A LARGE SHIPMENT OF BANANAS, WHICH WILL BE SOLD BELOW THE LEVEL.

Sweet California naval oranges, 25c a dozen.
California washed figs, 15c—two pounds for 25c.
Persian dates, 10c—four pounds for 25c.
English walnuts, 15c—two pounds for 25c. Shellbacks, 5c a quart.
Mixed nuts, 15c—two pounds for 25c.
Butter crackers, 5c pound.
Fancy crackers is another hobby of ours, and we invite comparison with our prices.
Ginger snaps, 7c pound—four pounds for 25c.
Animal crackers, 10c per pound.
Soda crackers, 9c pound—three pounds for 25c.
Oyster crackers, 7c pound—four pounds for 25c.
Milk biscuits, 9c pound—three pounds for 25c.
Butter crackers, 5c pound.
Common crackers, one grade and that the best, 5c pound.
We are now in the "pink" of condition, and every day is our busy day.

The New York Grocery & Bakery

39-41 Merrimack St.

GEO. FERGUSON & CO.,

206 Merrimack St.

New Department Store

Teas, Coffees, Crockery,

China and Kitchen

FURNISHINGS.

Come and join us in our profit sharing methods. We are the largest distributors of TEAS and COFFEES in this section and give a rebate check with every pound sold.

A GOOD MIXED TEA 25c
A FINE BLACK, JAPAN or OOLONG 25c
A FINE RIO AND JAVA COFFEE 25c
A FINE BLEND OF MOCHA AND JAVA 25c
A FINE BLEND OF PADANG AND JAVA 25c

Give us one trial order and you will always be a customer.

Geo. Ferguson.

John P. O'Brien.



Something New

In the way of SPRING CLOTHING is arriving every day. Our line is more varied and extensive than ever before. We took advantage of the market just previous to the rise in prices and are therefore able to serve you at lower prices than many of our competitors. We are showing a magnificent line of Worsted Fabrics at \$11.75 per suit.

They are the 216 quality—vests either double or single breast. Elegantly tailored in every detail and worthy of your consideration. Verify our statement on an examination. You won't regret it.

The Hatter of Haverhill
WARREN EMERSON,
CORNER FLEET ST. - HAVERHILL.

Rising Sun Flour

BEST IN THE MARKET

J. O. Ellison & Co.

THE OUTLOOK FOR SOCIALISM

FIRST GREAT NATIONAL CAMPAIGN OF AMERICAN SOCIALISM.

EUGENE V. DEBS MUST POLL A MILLION VOTES

Never before in the history of this country was the outlook for socialism so bright as it is today. Never before was it possible for American socialists to face the future with such enthusiasm, with such eager anticipation, with such promise of near success, as during the week in which these lines are penned. The nomination of Eugene V. Debs for president marks an epoch in the history of the socialist movement of the world. Before the year is out the American working class, side by side with the proletariat of Europe, will strike a mighty blow against the fortress of capitalism.

Signs multiply to show that the old order is breaking up. Socialism is gaining ground all along the line, and during the past few months has elected its first candidates in Winnipeg, in London, Ont., in Pennsylvania, in Massachusetts. On the floor of congress recently Mr. Ridgely declared his belief in the fundamental principles of socialism. Eugene V. Brewster, the leading Bryan politician in Brooklyn, has deserted the Chicago platform for socialism. Even such a shoddy paper as the New York Journal has again and again declared to its hundreds of thousands of readers that socialism is the coming power and that socialism will surely triumph.

These occurrences are not merely chance events. They are signs of the times, of the greatest importance and significance. They are the harbingers of the impending doom of the capitalist system. They will continue to happen, until the socialist army is millions strong.

To the eyes of the socialist, the field of American politics is truly a fascinating study. During the next few years we shall see a total change of parties and issues, we shall see a re-alignment along entirely new lines. We shall see the democratic party wane in influence and gradually break to pieces. We shall see the living part of all the great reform movements, the living part of both populist and prohibition parties, forced into the socialist camp by the logic of events. We shall see, probably, for a time, an immensely strong republican party, carrying all before it. Gradually, however, as the class lines are drawn tighter and tighter year by year, we shall see the arena prepared for the final great contest between the working class and the capitalist class, between socialism and plutocracy, between good and evil. There can be only one termination to that conflict—the triumph of socialism, the inauguration of the co-operative commonwealth.

So much for the future. It is our privilege today to be the pioneers in this world-conquering movement. It is our privilege to fight for socialism at a time when its advocates are reviled and vilified; and to know the joy of fighting against great odds. This very year there is work for every member of the socialist army. There are public meetings to be held and there is literature to be spread in every town and hamlet of America. Our goal must be nothing less than a million votes for Debs and Harriman. Men talk about "throwing away" their votes if they are cast for socialism. They entirely forget that a column of independent voters, who cannot be coaxed or bought over, will be one of the greatest influences in American life. They do not seem to realize that a million straight votes for socialism will strike terror to the heart of every plutocrat in America.

On, then, to our political campaign! Let us make America ring from shore to shore with the battle cries of socialism. The long night of capitalism is passing. The golden dawn is coming! LEONARD D. ABBOTT.
New York, March 25, 1900.

Press despatches report that Gabriel D'Annunzio, the socialist and poet, sometimes called the "Zola of Italy," and who was elected a deputy about a year ago, has left the moderates and joined the ranks of the socialists. "During the most heated part of the debate at the last sitting of the chamber he left his seat and stood near the socialist, watching the struggle in an attitude of reflection. At the close of the sitting he attended a gathering of the socialist group where he was received with cheers. 'I congratulate you,' he said, 'upon the fervor and tenacity with which you defend an idea. During today's spectacle I saw on the one hand many dead and on the other a handful of living, eloquent men. An intellectual man I proceed toward life.'"

The general election in Belgium has been set for May 27. The systematic campaign of the socialists is being watched by the capitalist politicians with considerable apprehension.

CUTTERS WIN.

STRIKE AT THAYER & MAGUIRE'S SETTLED SATISFACTORILY.

The strike of cutters employed at Thayer & Maguire's factory was brought to an end last Saturday, the price list offered by the men being accepted for one year. This means a victory for the men the strike being against a reduction in wages, through a change from weekly wages to the piece system.

Agent Donovan, for the shoe workers, negotiated the settlement, having held a conference with the firm on Saturday morning. Seventy-eight men were involved and if a settlement had not been reached, all the workers in the factory would have been called on to give assistance.

The new list, which was posted Saturday and which went into effect immediately, gives the employes an average increase of 25 per cent over their former wages. It is the first cutters' price list which has been posted in this city for several years.

The list posted is as follows: Outside cutters, \$15 per week; cloth lining cutters, \$15 a week; vesting cutters, \$12.50 per week; trimming cutters, \$12 per week; scroll cutters, \$12.50 per week; minimum wages of employes working around the cutting room, \$8 per week.

Under the new list the union is allowed to have a shop committee.

WILLIAM DEAN HOWELLS AS A SOCIALIST LECTURER.

It is generally known that W. D. Howells, the leading American novelist, is a socialist, and in personal conversation he cheerfully confesses guilty to this charge. He says that he learned his socialism from Leo Tolstoy and William Morris. In his book, "A Traveller from Altruria," he preaches communism here and simple, and in all essentials Mr. Howells' Utopia is identical with that of a revolutionist such as Morris or Kropotkin.

Recently in Boston Mr. Howells spoke to the Twentieth Century club on "Liberty and Equality." In part he said: "I do not believe that true liberty exists anywhere in the world today. It will only exist with absolutely equal conditions and with the absence of any and all man-made distinctions between men. The man who is in danger of want is not a free man, and the country which does not guard him against the danger or does not insure him the means of livelihood, is not a free country, though it may be the freest of the free countries."

"We must not imagine our state perfect so long as there is one oppressed man in us as yet. Children do not recognize social or class distinctions until they begin to imitate grown people."

"Humanity is always seeking equality. Social equality is an instinct implanted in us from birth. Children do not recognize social or class distinctions until they begin to imitate grown people."

"The ideal of good society is equality. You can have no pleasure in the man you look upon as a snob or a booby. Good society does its best to ignore inequality."

"As long as we have inequality we will have injustice and shame. Must we have inequality then, always? I do not think so."

"We say we must change human nature if we want human brotherhood. We really mean that we must change human conditions, and that is quite possible."

FLOCKING TO SOCIALISM.

The most glowing reports are coming in from all sides relative to the views of the working masses regarding the action of the socialist labor party and the social democratic party in deciding to amalgamate their forces. These reports bring back recollections of '92, when the middle-class populist movement sprang into prominence, and if a national convention were held by the amalgamated parties on the fourth of July would be greater than the famous Omaha convention. Independent newspapers are already wheeling into line, former prominent reformers and trade unionists and sympathizers are taking up the cause, the meetings of Debs and other speakers are attended by thousands of willing workers, and socialist literature is eagerly sought by voters. It is going to be a busy year. It will be the Fremont campaign, and in many respects the Lincoln campaign, of the new emancipation.

Rumors have it that revolution is spreading among the middle-of-the-road populists, and that not a few of the clean, conscientious leaders who were always socialists at heart, favor endorsing the Rochester-Indianapolis ticket at Cincinnati. At last socialism has thrown off its incubus, and is now in a position to move forward, as it does in other countries. It is no longer regarded by capitalistic servants and trade union wreckers. The new movement must of necessity "row, and to grow it will gain the support of the voters who were or are in the republican, democratic, populist and other parties, who were honestly striving to better their conditions, but who have become thoroughly aroused at the tremendous and growing power of capital, due to centralization and the introduction of machinery, and who are seeking about for a solution of the problem. The new socialist movement stands upon the bed rock of the class interests of the workers, and most emphatically there will be no fusion!—Cleveland Citizen.

The Workers' Call of Chicago, learns that Kaiser Wilhelm, of Germany has asked for an increase of wages, but the social democrats have vigorously opposed him in this matter. In consequence of this a rumor has been started that the Kaiser will resort to a strike to enforce his demands, and is probably untrue. The Call thinks it is far more likely that if Wilhelm becomes too pressing a lockout may be declared against him, as there are many who hold that his labor is a superfluity which society can well dispense with.

CITY HALL

IS REFUSED

TO SOCIAL DEMOCRATS FOR FAIR WEEK—A POOR EXCUSE.

One thing can be safely asserted in connection with the government of the city of Haverhill: Whatever else the coalition members may disagree upon, they are anti-social democrats first, last and all the time.

Another proof of this was given last Tuesday evening at the meeting of the common council, when Councilman Bellefeuille introduced an order granting the use of the city hall for seven nights to the women's social democratic club for the sum of \$100 for the purpose of holding a fair. The order was not passed, no definite reason being given, although those who voted against it sought to convey the impression that it was because the price offered was too low.

This was the most important matter that came before the council meeting and apart from the amusement afforded by the strenuous efforts on the part of President Watson to preside over the meeting intelligently, little else of moment occurred.

Councilman Hillsgrove was not present, being absent through illness.

Among other matters that came up was a report from the street watering committee, recommending the passage of an order fixing the pay for teams at \$4 per day. Councilman Murphy amended that the rate be fixed at 60 cents an hour. The order as amended was passed.

The introduction of the order by Councilman Bellefeuille granting the use of the city hall to the women's social democratic club from April 26 to May 7, Sunday excepted, for a fair, seemed to startle some of the coalition members. Enquiring looks were thrown around, apparently as to what should be done with the order.

Councilman Irving seconded the motion that the order be passed.

Councilman Chase said he had just been informed by the city messenger that the ordinary price of the hall was \$40 a night.

Councilman Bellefeuille said he understood the hall had been let to a poultry show for \$50 for a week.

Councilman Bradley said that he would favor the order but that it established a precedent, and therefore he was opposed to it.

Councilman Bellefeuille said if they wanted the city to have \$100 for letting the hall, all right, and if not, why the hall could stand empty. The hall was not being used anyway.

Councilman Burnham said he understood it cost \$15 a night to light the hall and for other expenses.

Councilman Bellefeuille answered that it cost the city no more to be used than if it was standing idle. The city paid \$1500 a year by contract for lighting, whether the hall was used or not.

Councilman Murphy asked why not let the order go to the public property committee.

President Watson concurred in this. Councilman Bellefeuille said to refer the order to the public property committee would mean a delay of two weeks as the next meeting of the council would not be held until then.

The club wanted to know if they could have the hall, to permit their going ahead with arrangements. The best thing to do was to pass the order or kill it.

The motion being put the order was defeated by a vote of 7 to 5, Councilmen Irving, Murphy, Carigg, Bellefeuille and Sheldon voting for it.

It will be seen from this that no good reason was given why the club should not be given the hall for \$100. The hall is not being used and the city would practically be in that amount by the transaction. Perhaps it was concern for City Messenger Connors, who seemed much perturbed by the introduction of the order, and who supplied information to the objectors as to the cost, etc., that the order was not passed. It may be that City Messenger Connors was afraid he would have to do some work fair week.

The city hall being owned by the people collectively, it would appear reasonable to let the hall to any portion of the people who offered a fair price for the privilege. The coalition members would rather reduce the wages of the street laborers "for economy's sake" rather than imbure the city treasury by accepting money from the social democrats for a fair. The excuse of the price being too low was the only one lying around handy at the time. All that was needed was an excuse, so long as the order should not be passed, and the excuse was found.

But the fair will be held, and it will be a success at that.

In the parliamentary district of Pietrasanta, Italy, Signor Bataochi has been elected to the national legislature. Bataochi is a socialist and has been in prison twenty years for political reasons. His case will come up in Parliament.

CONFERENCE ON UNITY.

COMMITTEES FROM TWO PARTIES

MEET AND ARRANGE DETAILS.

The committees appointed by the socialist labor party and social democratic party to arrange details for a union of the two organizations met at the Labor Lyceum, 64 E. 4th street, New York city, on Sunday last, March 26, at 9 a. m. The members of the committee present were: Social democratic party: Frederick Heath, Margaret Halle, John C. Chase, James F. Carey, Seymour Stedman, J. P. Lonergan, William Butcher and G. A. Hoeha. Socialist labor party: Victor L. Berger, another member of the committee, did not appear during the sessions. Socialist labor party: Job Harriman, J. Mahlon Barnes, M. Hilgutt, Frank Selverman, C. Fenner, G. B. Benham, N. I. Stone, Max E. Hayes and C. W. White.

The committee remained in session until Wednesday evening, the following questions being submitted to a referendum vote of each party. The membership will be given a choice between the names "Social democratic party" or "United Socialist party," the latter being suggested by the committee of the socialist labor party.

A provisional national committee will be located at Springfield, Mass., composed of four members from Massachusetts, four from New York and two members from Connecticut, and this committee will serve until February 15, 1900. The permanent national council, to be composed of two delegates from each state, will elect an executive committee of nine from the membership of the united party.

The platform adopted consists of the preamble of the socialist labor party and the working programme or immediate demands of the social democratic party. The constitution and form of organization will be a combination of that of each party, as adopted in the representative conventions. The candidates will be Debs and Harriman.

A full report of the proceedings of the conference will probably be published in the next issue of this paper.

AN ANTI TRUST DECISION.

After several years of liquidation the Standard Oil Co's case in Texas has resulted in an unfavorable decision for the trust at the hands of the United States Supreme Court. The decision will be hailed as a victory by the adulated trust-smashers. But the dispatches say that "the court did not enter upon a general discussion of trusts," contenting itself with a review of the Texas law. At this rate it will take nearly two hundred years before the Standard can be driven from the country—that is, provided all the states copy the Texas law, which is an open question. Long before that time the socialists will have gained power and transferred the control of the Standard from the Rockefeller to the collectivity, the people. The socialists will democratize the machine known as the government, and with that power in their hands they will democratize the machinery of production, and that includes trusts. Socialists are not anarchistic disrupters; they are constructors. If you are ready for socialism, say so on election day and get your friends to do likewise. Let's count noses!—Cleveland Citizen.

Don't Say

I wish I had looked at Rowe & Emerson's immense stock of

Spring Clothing

before purchasing, but be one of the many that are looking and buying their spring outfits here.

Just For An Opener

We will speak of our \$2.00 and \$3.00 line of SPRING COATS.

They Are Leaders Among Leaders

When comparing price with quality. They are the exact counterpart of our highest garments in regard to general cut and style; cut with collars that do fit well around the neck, good square effect on shoulders, a full noble hanging coat in back, with or without velvet collars—perfect in every detail.

Don't forget the number with which looking for a smooth one in this line.

Rowe & Emerson

66 MERRIMACK STREET,

TELEPHONE 426-2.

The Haverhill Social Democrat

Published every Saturday by the Social Democratic Publishing Association of Massachusetts

25 WASHINGTON STREET, Haverhill, Mass.

Subscription rates: One year, \$1.00; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

Editor: William Manly. Published at the post office at Haverhill, Mass., as second class matter, November 4, 1900.

HAVERHILL, MARCH 21, 1900.

A blue pencil mark across this notice signifies that your subscription expires with this issue.

A DEMOCRATIC "FRIEND OF LABOR."

Mayor Leonard of Lawrence tried for years to reach the position he occupies, and one of the principal reasons he succeeded was because he was known as a "friend of labor" and to be particularly friendly to the trades unions.

But now, ye Gods! what is this we hear from the mill city? The Journeymen Tailors' union of Lawrence last week presented an agreement to the merchant tailors of the city providing for an advance of ten per cent. in wages.

"One of the firms affected by the strike is the concern run by Mayor Leonard. His journeymen tailors endeavored to effect a settlement without a strike this morning, but after a committee had waited upon him, and failed to secure recognition for their organization, the strike was ordered."

"The men are indignant at the refusal of Mayor Leonard to recognize their organization. They claim he was willing to do so when he was a candidate for political office, and their determination to bring the matter before the Central labor union is expressed by the members of the committee who waited upon him."

There is little need to add further to this old, old story. Mayor Leonard is a business man, a member of the middle class democratic party. His interests, instincts, ambitions are those which dominate and animate his class.

We repeat: The interests of the capitalist classes, large or small, are not identical with the interests of the working class.

VOTE THEM DOWN!

As pointed out in an article from the People, is another column, the investigation of the Idaho outrages is deteriorating into a mud slinging match between republicans and democrats.

Meanwhile the social democratic party is making headway in Lawrence and the working class can vote for one of their own class at the next election.

This Idaho affair is the blackest, most sordid page in the history of the United States. Nothing to surpass it can be found in the annals of Russian tyranny or despotic oppression.

could furnish, the miners of Idaho have been truly martyrs to their class. In the record of industrial outbreaks in America workers have been shot to death instantly or imprisoned temporarily to advance the interests of the class in control, but this is the first instance of their being slowly tortured, mutilated, starved and herded in a bull pen for months with an impunity and brutality absolutely without parallel.

Remember the Bull Pen!

WHERE'S THE DIFFERENCE?

The Lowell News replying to our note last week, says that "ordinary" democratic mayors are not built upon the same plan that Mayor Hart is and that "your class interests" are absurd.

So? Well, what about Mayor Leonard of Lawrence, much praised and eulogized as a modern business man friendly to labor and quite an ordinary democrat, who now, after election, disdains to recognize the tailors' union? Where is the difference between Leonard and Hart? Leonard was elected by the laboring men of Lawrence, yet in his inaugural address advocated that the labor and material of the city be bought from the lowest bidder.

ORIGINALITY.

The Hon. Eugene V. Brewster, one of the Chicago platform democrats of Brooklyn, has written a letter in which he transfers himself from the ranks of Bryanism to the party of which the Hon. Eugene V. Debs is the shining light.

The Hon. Eugene V. Brewster, one of the Chicago platform democrats of Brooklyn, has written a letter in which he transfers himself from the ranks of Bryanism to the party of which the Hon. Eugene V. Debs is the shining light.

The truism that "great minds run in the same channels" would seem to find confirmation here were it not that this item probably emanated from the one bureau in Washington, D. C., where capitalistic slush is compounded for dissemination wholesale through the capitalist country press to the people.

But what a calamity 'twould be if some editors were forced to write their own articles and express opinions of their own!

CONGRESSMAN MOODY.

Congressman Moody made his expected speech on the postal service last week. The occasion was the discussion upon the Loud bill which seeks, presumably, to restrict certain matter from going through the mail as second class matter.

The reason presented for the passage of the Loud bill was principally that a large number of free papers manufactured for advertising purposes are admitted to the mails at second class rates.

This Idaho affair is the blackest, most sordid page in the history of the United States. Nothing to surpass it can be found in the annals of Russian tyranny or despotic oppression.

of the world. The agreement secured by Secretary Hay is a compact between the rulers of Great Britain, France, Germany, Russia, Italy and Japan not to interfere with each other in the profitable task of securing Chinese labor.

The hypocrite and the bully have shaken hands and the fight is off, whereat there is much disappointment among the onlookers and the lawyer participants.

Thousands are said to be perishing of starvation in India, yet here in this land of plenty, where none need starve will be found many who grumble at their lot.

Where none need starve, but do starve, nevertheless. What smug self-sufficiency does not this paragraph display! The mill workers who draw their five and six dollars a week should not grumble at their lot, neither should the shoe workers who are now leaving the factories to wander around the streets until the fall comes and the season opens again.

There is a well grounded opinion becoming prevalent among those acquainted with the ways of the coalition members of the city government that the division among them relative to the street laborers' wages is only assumed for the purpose of deceiving the citizens.

The report printed in the Gazette that Alderman Scates wanted the committee on licenses to recommend the granting of petitions for boxing matches and athletic exhibitions in the city was not entirely correct.

Japan is progressing. A cotton yarn trust has been organized there to control the industry. 200 manufacturers participating. The object is to minimize the expenses and to meet the growing competition of United States trusts.

The "open door" in China means nothing more or less than unmitigated exploitation of China by the capitalists

of the world. The agreement secured by Secretary Hay is a compact between the rulers of Great Britain, France, Germany, Russia, Italy and Japan not to interfere with each other in the profitable task of securing Chinese labor.

Mayor Chase quickly brought the trustees of the city hospital to time by threatening to have an injunction served upon them if they did not take steps to prevent the water of Lake Kenosha from being polluted.

An Illinois editor is going to turn over his paper for one day to the printer's devil to have it conducted as Satan would. It is doubtful if the experiment would be an improvement on the method now in vogue of conducting newspapers, but there's nothing like trying.

Dr. Capen of Tufts college says he believes that "divine Providence was in the movement" of the United States to acquire the Philippines.

Work upon the new Rapid Transit tunnel in New York begun last Monday. The papers report that a horde of laborers were on hand "clamoring for jobs" which they didn't get.

The report that Gen. Otis is becoming unbalanced in the place where a man's brains are usually located is tough on those patriots who have been defending him.

Alderman Roche as a friend of the street laborers reminds us that one Mark Hanna of Ohio also poses as a friend of the workers.

General Wheeler says "the back of the rebellion in the Philippines is broken. The great trouble stems to be in keeping it broke."

Did Lawyer Dill "earn" the \$1,000,000 he received as fees in the Carnegie-Frick lawsuit? And if he didn't, who did?

McKinley can feel assured of re-nomination. The Haverhill Gazette favors Clear Reed for president.

The social democrats will be heard on the new city charter question when the time comes.

THE VOICE OF TOIL.

I hear men saying, Leave hope and praying. All days shall be as all have been. Today and tomorrow bring forth fear and sorrow.

When earth was younger 'mid toil and hunger. In hope we strove, and our hands were strong. Then great men led us, with words they fed us, And bade us right the earthly wrong.

Go read in story their deeds and glory. Their names amidst the nameless dead. Turn then from lying to us slow-dying. In that good world to which they led.

Where fast and faster our iron master, The thing we made, forever drives. Bids us grind treasure and fashion pleasure. For other hopes and other lives.

Where home is a hovel and dull we grovel. Forgetting that the world is fair. Where no babe we cherish, lest its very soul perish. We our mirth is crime, our love a snare.

Who now shall lead us, what god shall heed us. As we lie in the hell our hands have won? For we are no rulers but fools and benighted. The great are fallen, the wise men gone.

I hear men saying, leave tears and praying. The sharp knife heedeth not the sheep. Are we not stronger than the rich and the wronger. When day breaks over dreams and sleep?

Come, shoulder to shoulder ere earth grows older! Help us in naught but thee and me; Hope is before us, the long years that bore us. Bore leaders more than we may be.

Let dead hearts tarry and trade and merrily. And trembling nurse their dreams of mirth. While we the living our lives are giving. To bring the bright new world to birth.

Come, shoulder to shoulder ere earth grows older! The Cause spreads over land and sea; Now the world shaketh and fear awaketh. And joy at last for thee and me.

BOOMING THE MONARCHY.

Evidently the children of darkness are wiser in their generation than the children of light. There is no doubt that the supporters of royalty and of class domination played an astute game in parading the queen, through the streets of London, while imperialism are rampant. There is nothing like making hay while the sun shines, and the sun is shining on both sides of the hedge for all that is degrading, regressive and reactionary just now, and the plundering classes and their allies know how necessary and useful to them is the applause of the mob; they know, too, its fickleness. Therefore they take advantage if its present paroxysm of rage to put out the figure-head of the rule of their class.

It is rather pitiful that an old lady of nearly ninety, whose chief fault is her inability to fulfill the duties of her post, "bonnet" for the vile crew who now mismanage the affairs of this unfortunate country in their own interest. All the more reason, however, for social democrats to proclaim more firmly than ever their antagonism to monarchy and all other forms of hereditary authority.—London Justice.

Spring Top Coats CUT BOX REGULAR OR RAGLAN—\$5.00 to \$15.00. New Styles, Colors and Weaves of Fabrics. Spring Suits All New Style Cuts and Colors, Weaves, etc. Elegant goods at Popular Prices. James A. Keefe's White Front.

LESLIE'S Easter Opening Will take place WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, April 4th and 5th, and every reader of this ad. is cordially invited to visit our store and examine our fine stock of EASTER HATS AND BONNETS 300 Trimmed Hats on exhibition in the finest millinery department in the city. LESLIE'S DRY GOODS STORE 28 and 32 Merrimack St.

BUTLER'S SHOE STORE 7 Wash. Square SPOT CASH BUYERS AND SPOT CASH SELLERS OF UP-TO-DATE FOOTWEAR. WE ARE PREPARED TO OFFER TO THE PUBLIC SHOES THAT WILL FIT THE FEET OF THE BABE IN THE CRADLE AND ALL AGES OF MANKIND, REGARDLESS OF CREED OR NATIONALITY.

Haverhill's Only Wholesale Dealers Direct Buyers from the Vineyards and Distillers. MEDICINAL MALT EXTRACTS. DUBLIN STOUT PORTER, per case, 24 bottles \$1.25 INDIA PALE ALE, per case \$1.25 FRESHLY BOTTLED LAGER, per case \$1.00 BOCK BEER, the greatest of all Spring Medicines \$1.25 LAGERS, Rochester and Pilsner \$1.25

NOTICE. We will give with every yearly subscription to the HAVERHILL SOCIAL DEMOCRAT a Group Picture of the first Socialists elected to office in the United States. To The HAVERHILL SOCIAL DEMOCRAT, 25 Washington St., Haverhill, Mass., U. S. A. Please forward the Haverhill Social Democrat for months, for which find enclosed the sum of \$..... RATES: For U. S. and Canada: 1 year, \$1.00; 6 months, 50 cents; 3 months, 25 cents. Sample Copies Free. Foreign Countries, 1 Year, \$2.00.

DEBS AND HARRIMAN.

OPINIONS OF THE SOCIALISTS AND LABOR PRESS ON THE UNITED SOCIALIST TICKET.

The ticket nominated cannot fail to meet the enthusiastic support of the class conscious workmen throughout the country.

In the nomination of Eugene V. Debs for president, a man is offered to the working class to vote for who is a great representative of their cause.

It may be that the workers will not support these men in force to elect. This will be to wage slavery what the campaign of 1856 was to chattel slavery.

The nomination of Debs and Harriman at Indianapolis marks the beginning of a new epoch in the socialist movement in America.

The nomination of Debs and Harriman at Indianapolis marks the beginning of a new epoch in the socialist movement in America.

A second Abraham Lincoln is wanted - let the people scrutinize closely the present nominee of united labor.

The socialist and labor organizations of New York city will celebrate International Labor day by a gigantic demonstration on May 1st.

Leonard D. Abbott addressed the Social Reform club of New York city on "Socialism in Massachusetts" last Tuesday evening.

THE WEARING OF THE GREEN. The much-belauded concession to Her Majesty's Irish soldiers of the privilege of wearing the shamrock on St. Patrick's day is all of a piece with the rest of the trick to gain additional popularity for the monarchy and its parasites.

FANCY HOSE

Our assortment of Spring Hosiery is larger than shown at any previous season, and we think you'll agree with us that the variety is complete.

STRIPES and SOLID COLORS are the Correct Thing - 25c, 50c and 75c.

LESS EXPENSIVE ONES - 15c, 2 pair for 25c, In Plain Blacks and Browns

John P. CARTER Hatter and Furnisher, 19 Washington Square

able within your grasp before the shades of eventide envelope your domain on the next presidential election day.

Just think of the privilege of walking into your polling booth and registering your mark opposite the names of Eugene V. Debs for president of the nation and Job Harriman for vice president.

The union of the S. D. P. and S. L. P. will give a still greater impetus to the movement, and it is safe to say that the beginning of the end of the capitalist system has been reached.

The union of forces is an assured accomplishment. Debs and Harriman make an ideal ticket and insure a surprise for the two old parties.

The ticket nominated is an ideal one. We have proved to the world that we can unite, must unite and will unite our forces to fight a common foe.

With the agitators.

WHAT THEY ARE DOING FOR THE CAUSE OF SOCIALISM

Social democrats of Missouri are hustling. An excellent circular has been issued by the central committee of St. Louis to the socialists of the state and another has been circulated among the trades unions.

The social democrats of Milwaukee are putting up an energetic campaign for the election on April 5. The trades unions and working men generally are showing themselves so much more favorable than formerly to socialists.

Social democrats of Louisville, Ky., are holding meetings regularly, evidenced by joint debates with old partyites. Daily papers give interesting reports.

Tennessee is being shaken up by the gang of veterans at Nashville. Active correspondence is going on and many branches are in sight.

New branches of the social democratic party were organized at Davis, Calif.; Pavia, Ill.; Chicago, Ill.; Dubuque, Iowa; Ardmore, I. T.; Bellevue, Ky.; Whitman, Mass.; Eppom, Mo.; Williamsport, Pa.; Beaumont, Texas; Equality, Wash.; Geneva, Wash.; Lynden, Wash.; Milwaukee, Wis. Fifteen in all. Growing? You bet!

Socialists of Kansas City are hustling to poll a huge vote at the forthcoming municipal election. They have up a strong ticket on a good platform.

Leonard D. Abbott addressed the Social Reform club of New York city on "Socialism in Massachusetts" last Tuesday evening.

THE WEARING OF THE GREEN. The much-belauded concession to Her Majesty's Irish soldiers of the privilege of wearing the shamrock on St. Patrick's day is all of a piece with the rest of the trick to gain additional popularity for the monarchy and its parasites.

FANCY HOSE

Our assortment of Spring Hosiery is larger than shown at any previous season, and we think you'll agree with us that the variety is complete.

STRIPES and SOLID COLORS are the Correct Thing - 25c, 50c and 75c.

LESS EXPENSIVE ONES - 15c, 2 pair for 25c, In Plain Blacks and Browns

John P. CARTER Hatter and Furnisher, 19 Washington Square

DISCONTENT

A NECESSITY TO DEVELOPMENT - ITS INFLUENCE UPON MODERN SOCIETY.

For a long time a loud outcry has always been made against those who have "fomented sedition and bred discontent."

Not long ago a man put a work on socialism into the hands of a friend. A few weeks later the two met.

"Have you read the book?" inquired the first.

"Yes, it is very good."

"What do you think of it?"

"I agree with it in principle, but I don't believe such books ought to be published."

"That is rather curious, might I have the reason why?"

"Certainly this book, you see, shows us how bad conditions are."

"Quite correct."

"But you know as well as I do that it is impossible to alter those conditions in a day perhaps not in several generations."

"That is quite possible."

"Well, then, what is the use of placing such literature into the hands of the oppressed, making them more hopeless and discontented than they are?"

This opinion is held by many good, earnest people who would be glad to do anything in their power to ward off the heart of the social evil.

It is the constant desire, which men have always had for something better, something higher, which has caused humanity to advance from barbarism to civilization.

Let our good friends the plutocrats continue to be discontented; let them strive for more millions; let them economize, regularize and organize until the entire industrial and commercial activity of the nation is turned into one great smooth running machine.

Had men always been contented, we should still be roving through the peat bogs, clad in skins, eating roots and sleeping in caves.

Having seen in a general way that discontent is a necessity of development, let us see in what way it influences modern society.

From a practical point of view, the case is still clearer.

A conscientious examination of modern society reveals to all that centralization is the demand and the spirit of the times.

From a practical point of view, the case is still clearer.

There is a limit to everything, even to the perfection of an artistic effort, and as nothing can be absolutely perfect, the attempts to reach the highest limit are so much appreciated by the public as though the high mark had been reached.

There is a limit to everything, even to the perfection of an artistic effort, and as nothing can be absolutely perfect, the attempts to reach the highest limit are so much appreciated by the public as though the high mark had been reached.

There is a limit to everything, even to the perfection of an artistic effort, and as nothing can be absolutely perfect, the attempts to reach the highest limit are so much appreciated by the public as though the high mark had been reached.

There is a limit to everything, even to the perfection of an artistic effort, and as nothing can be absolutely perfect, the attempts to reach the highest limit are so much appreciated by the public as though the high mark had been reached.

There is a limit to everything, even to the perfection of an artistic effort, and as nothing can be absolutely perfect, the attempts to reach the highest limit are so much appreciated by the public as though the high mark had been reached.

There is a limit to everything, even to the perfection of an artistic effort, and as nothing can be absolutely perfect, the attempts to reach the highest limit are so much appreciated by the public as though the high mark had been reached.

There is a limit to everything, even to the perfection of an artistic effort, and as nothing can be absolutely perfect, the attempts to reach the highest limit are so much appreciated by the public as though the high mark had been reached.

There is a limit to everything, even to the perfection of an artistic effort, and as nothing can be absolutely perfect, the attempts to reach the highest limit are so much appreciated by the public as though the high mark had been reached.

BOOK LEAVES

THE LABOUR ANNUAL. The Reformers' Year Book for 1900. Edited and published by Joseph Edwards, Wallasey, Cheshire, England.

The social reforms of England occupy perhaps even a more varied field than their American brethren, but each of these and their work, from the Social Democratic Federation to the Garden City association, a due amount of space is allotted in this compact little book.

The American reader, however, will turn first to the pages which describe the American movement. This part is compiled by Leonard D. Abbott and gives a short clear history of socialism in America during the year 1899, in the two socialist parties, the campaign of Mayor Jones, the Buffalo conference, and the various communist colonies.

The representatives of these movements follow with brief accounts of the particular line of action in which they have labored.

James F. Carey gives a few telling lines on his year's work as a legislator, and Mayor John D. Aiken contributes a page full of information in regard to his year as a socialist mayor.

The secretary of the Buffalo conference relates its history, and adds a portion of the address presented by it on Militarism and Plutocracy.

Dr. Little Roy Kaitble tells what has been done in the line of municipal socialism in America, and points out that the results in this line are quite meagre compared with those in Great Britain.

Everyone interested in socialism and the labor movement should possess a copy. Price, Cloth, 60 cents; paper, 35 cents. Send orders to Leonard D. Abbott, 238 W. 71st street, New York City.

THE BULL PEN INVESTIGATION.

The congressional investigation of the Wardner Bull Pen deteriorating into a snide and sneering match between Democrats and Republicans.

There was not a word of democratic protest or remonstrance when Stuenenberg, the democratic governor of Idaho, in the interest of the capitalists called upon republican William McKinley, the capitalist in Washington, to use the United States forces to outrage and coerce the miners in the Coeur d'Alenes.

The voters must be blinded as to the real issue. So it is that in their partiality to escape political condemnation, representatives of both old parties acknowledge their collective crime but each points to the other and says "He did more of it than I did, so please condemn him and let me go."

Representative March (republican) says there were three democrats to every republican connected with the acknowledged illegal suspension of the habeas corpus, the misuse of military power and all the outrages perpetrated in Idaho.

The democrats reply by pointing to William McKinley, commander-in-chief of the army and navy, without whose direct orders none of the outrages could have been committed.

Take your choice, workmen. You are all outraged and angry and ready by democrats as by republicans, one or both of them will plunder, rob and kill you whenever the opportunity for profit making presents itself.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. There is a limit to everything, even to the perfection of an artistic effort, and as nothing can be absolutely perfect, the attempts to reach the highest limit are so much appreciated by the public as though the high mark had been reached.

There is a limit to everything, even to the perfection of an artistic effort, and as nothing can be absolutely perfect, the attempts to reach the highest limit are so much appreciated by the public as though the high mark had been reached.

There is a limit to everything, even to the perfection of an artistic effort, and as nothing can be absolutely perfect, the attempts to reach the highest limit are so much appreciated by the public as though the high mark had been reached.

There is a limit to everything, even to the perfection of an artistic effort, and as nothing can be absolutely perfect, the attempts to reach the highest limit are so much appreciated by the public as though the high mark had been reached.

There is a limit to everything, even to the perfection of an artistic effort, and as nothing can be absolutely perfect, the attempts to reach the highest limit are so much appreciated by the public as though the high mark had been reached.

There is a limit to everything, even to the perfection of an artistic effort, and as nothing can be absolutely perfect, the attempts to reach the highest limit are so much appreciated by the public as though the high mark had been reached.

There is a limit to everything, even to the perfection of an artistic effort, and as nothing can be absolutely perfect, the attempts to reach the highest limit are so much appreciated by the public as though the high mark had been reached.

There is a limit to everything, even to the perfection of an artistic effort, and as nothing can be absolutely perfect, the attempts to reach the highest limit are so much appreciated by the public as though the high mark had been reached.

There is a limit to everything, even to the perfection of an artistic effort, and as nothing can be absolutely perfect, the attempts to reach the highest limit are so much appreciated by the public as though the high mark had been reached.

There is a limit to everything, even to the perfection of an artistic effort, and as nothing can be absolutely perfect, the attempts to reach the highest limit are so much appreciated by the public as though the high mark had been reached.

There is a limit to everything, even to the perfection of an artistic effort, and as nothing can be absolutely perfect, the attempts to reach the highest limit are so much appreciated by the public as though the high mark had been reached.

There is a limit to everything, even to the perfection of an artistic effort, and as nothing can be absolutely perfect, the attempts to reach the highest limit are so much appreciated by the public as though the high mark had been reached.

There is a limit to everything, even to the perfection of an artistic effort, and as nothing can be absolutely perfect, the attempts to reach the highest limit are so much appreciated by the public as though the high mark had been reached.

There is a limit to everything, even to the perfection of an artistic effort, and as nothing can be absolutely perfect, the attempts to reach the highest limit are so much appreciated by the public as though the high mark had been reached.

There is a limit to everything, even to the perfection of an artistic effort, and as nothing can be absolutely perfect, the attempts to reach the highest limit are so much appreciated by the public as though the high mark had been reached.

HEADQUARTERS FOR REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE.

A brick cottage near the shoe district for \$1200.

Cottage for \$1000.

Cottage and 1 3/4 acres of land \$1500.

Cottage, stable and one acre of land \$1900.

Cottage and stable up Main st. \$1500.

We have a few good lots for \$10.00 each-\$1.00 down.

Several good tenements to let for \$3.00 a month up.

FIRE INSURANCE is a necessity. Be sure and secure a policy at once with

FRANK N. RAND 163 Merrimack St. Haverhill.



SPRINGTIME PLEASURES. For health and enjoyment are sure to be sought on a good bicycle, and there is none that can beat a 1900 FOWLER wheel.

For health and enjoyment are sure to be sought on a good bicycle, and there is none that can beat a 1900 FOWLER wheel.

For health and enjoyment are sure to be sought on a good bicycle, and there is none that can beat a 1900 FOWLER wheel.

For health and enjoyment are sure to be sought on a good bicycle, and there is none that can beat a 1900 FOWLER wheel.

For health and enjoyment are sure to be sought on a good bicycle, and there is none that can beat a 1900 FOWLER wheel.

For health and enjoyment are sure to be sought on a good bicycle, and there is none that can beat a 1900 FOWLER wheel.

For health and enjoyment are sure to be sought on a good bicycle, and there is none that can beat a 1900 FOWLER wheel.

For health and enjoyment are sure to be sought on a good bicycle, and there is none that can beat a 1900 FOWLER wheel.

For health and enjoyment are sure to be sought on a good bicycle, and there is none that can beat a 1900 FOWLER wheel.

For health and enjoyment are sure to be sought on a good bicycle, and there is none that can beat a 1900 FOWLER wheel.

For health and enjoyment are sure to be sought on a good bicycle, and there is none that can beat a 1900 FOWLER wheel.

For health and enjoyment are sure to be sought on a good bicycle, and there is none that can beat a 1900 FOWLER wheel.

For health and enjoyment are sure to be sought on a good bicycle, and there is none that can beat a 1900 FOWLER wheel.

For health and enjoyment are sure to be sought on a good bicycle, and there is none that can beat a 1900 FOWLER wheel.

For health and enjoyment are sure to be sought on a good bicycle, and there is none that can beat a 1900 FOWLER wheel.

For health and enjoyment are sure to be sought on a good bicycle, and there is none that can beat a 1900 FOWLER wheel.

For health and enjoyment are sure to be sought on a good bicycle, and there is none that can beat a 1900 FOWLER wheel.

For health and enjoyment are sure to be sought on a good bicycle, and there is none that can beat a 1900 FOWLER wheel.

For health and enjoyment are sure to be sought on a good bicycle, and there is none that can beat a 1900 FOWLER wheel.

LIST OF ADVERTISERS IN THE HAVERHILL SOCIAL DEMOCRAT.

YOU ARE REQUESTED TO PATRONIZE THEM.

CLOTHIERS. Warren Emerson, corner Merrimack and Fleet Sts.

THE KEMPTON CO., 63 Merrimack St.

JAMES A. KEENE'S UNION LABEL, 61 Merrimack St.

HOWE & EMERSON, 61 Merrimack St.

THREE TAYLORS, Merrimack St.

SHOES AND RUBBERS. J. J. Brauer, 13 Essex St.

JOHN T. HILL, near Emerson's, 46 Merrimack St.

BUTLER'S SHOE STORE, 7 Washington St.

GENTS' FURNISHING. John F. Carter, 19 Washington St.

COAL AND WOOD. The People's, rear of Postoffice.

WINE DEALERS. R. A. Spaulding, 25-26 Fleet St.

FRANK P. KELT, 179 Merrimack St.

THOS. H. McDONALD, 128-4 Washington St.

GROCERIES. New York Store, 24-26 Merrimack St.

D. D. BAILEY & SON, No. 1 Water St.

RESTAURANT. The Cham Hotel, 4 Loomis St.

PHYSICIAN. Dr. Adams, Academy of Music Bldg.

REAL ESTATE. Frank W. Rand, 163 Merrimack St.

HAIR DRESSER. R. Richards, 25 Winter St.

TURNER & McAREE, 25 Washington St.

LAUNDRY. Ward's Star, 23 Wingate St.

DYEING AND CLEANING HOUSE. Seal Bros., 128-178 Merrimack St.

THEATRE. Academy of Music, Merrimack St.

DRY GOODS. Leslie's, 25-23 Merrimack St.

RUBBER GOODS. Laverhill Rubber Co., 25 Washington St.

BATH CABINETS. T. P. Mitchell, No. 20 Washington St.

MOORE ADVERTISEMENTS WANTED.

NOTICE TO READERS. The Haverhill Social Democrat can be purchased from the following news dealers in the Massachusetts cities and towns named:

ROSTON. Joseph Greenwood, 7 Lowell street. Sibby's newsstand, 62 Washington street.

ACRESBURY. J. F. Johnson, Main street. E. Hale Plummer, Market street.

NEWBURYPORT. Mrs. Fowle, State street.

MERRIMACK. Oliver Jordan.

NEW YORK CITY. Melach & Marcus, 426 Grand street. Tebbel News Depot, 65 Livingston St.

THE SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC HERALD.

NATIONAL ORGAN OF THE SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY OF AMERICA.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION: ONE YEAR, 25 CENTS; SIX MONTHS, 15 CENTS; FOREIGN SUBSCRIPTION, \$1.00.

Address: THEODORE DEBS, 125 Washington Street, Chicago, Ill.

AN ADVERTISEMENT IN THE HAVERHILL SOCIAL DEMOCRAT

IS A

PAYING INVESTMENT.

OUR ADVERTISERS CAN BEAR TESTIMONY

TO THE TRUTH OF THIS STATEMENT.

TURNER and McAREE'S FIRST-CLASS Hair Dressers, 25 WASHINGTON STREET. Frank Chase, Assistant.

UNION DIRECTORY. Meetings of Local Trades unions are held at 25 Washington St. Wash- ington St. and Shoe Workers' Union No. 1, Monday and Shoe Workers' Union No. 2, Tuesday and Shoe Workers' Union No. 3, Wednesday. Central Labor Union, every other Monday evening. Typographical Union, First Monday in each month. Iron Makers' Union, every other Tuesday evening. Barber's Union, every other Monday evening. Eastern Union, every Friday night. Tailors' Union, every Monday night, 25 Washington street. Horse Shoers' Union, every other Wednesday evening. Central Labor Union, every other Sunday. Carpenters' Union, every Tuesday evening.

UNION MATTERS. General Organizer Al Neale of Boston is planning for the organization of retail clerks in this city. He will be assisted by Agent Donovan of the shoe council.

Matters are quiet in union circles this week. Agent Donovan is preparing price lists for introduction in several factories at an early date.

S. D. P. ITEMS. The regular meeting of the Haverhill branch, S. D. P., was well attended Wednesday evening. Mayor Chase reported the actions of the conference on unity. Several matters of importance were acted upon.

The Haverhill Social Democratic Club met at 25 Washington street Tuesday evening and elected the following officers: President—John Adams. Secretary and treasurer—George A. Keene. Leader—Albert L. Gillen.

Rehearsals will be held every Tuesday evening. The band will furnish music for the fair to be given in Lafayette hall in May.

The regular meeting of the Women's Social Democratic club was held on Tuesday evening, but no business of importance was transacted.

I always feel like taking off my hat to a tramp. Suppose he should take the advice of some of his well meaning friends and work for his board, where would your wages and mine go to?—Digs Biddy.

FAIR COMMITTEES. MEET AND MAKE GOOD PROGRESS. The committees appointed for the fair to be given for the benefit of the social democratic party met on Friday evening of last week and transacted considerable business of importance in connection with the event. The following members of the committee were present: Women's Club—Mrs. Corrigan, Mrs. Sherman and Mrs. Young. S. D. P. Branch—Comrades Fraser, Young, Mally, Burdock, Langway, Woodcock, Mott and Fogarty. Jewish Branch S. D. P.—Comrade Sibatkin.

Comrade Woodcock was elected chairman of the committee, to take the place of Comrade Sibatkin resigned. The report and contest committee reported favorably on several contests and the prizes for the same and the recommendations were adopted.

It was decided that Lafayette hall could not be engaged in case the city hall could not be procured. Upon motion Comrades McCree and Donoghue were added to the committee.

The dance committee was authorized to engage a hurdy-rudy for one night during the week and the committee was also instructed to confer with the S. D. P. branch with regard to music.

After attending to further details the committee adjourned until Thursday March 29 at 8 p. m.

FITCHBURG. Dr. Howard A. Gibbs will speak in G. A. R. hall next Sunday afternoon under the auspices of the social democratic party.

Alfred Kavenagh, M. H. Gleason and J. D. Ryan have been appointed a committee by the local branch of the social democracy to consult with a committee from the local branch of the socialist labor party regarding a union of the two parties, as recommended at the conventions held in Rochester and in Indianapolis.

AMESBURY. Branch 14, social democratic party, held their regular meeting on Tuesday evening, there being a good attendance present.

Comrade Charles S. Grievess spoke on "Which is the most effective in propaganda work, speakers or literature?" and comrade Harry Wilmont lectured on "Principles and objects of socialism."

The next meeting of the branch will be held on Tuesday next, April 3, when officers for the ensuing year will be elected, and a large amount of other business will come up. Plans are already being laid for a hot fall campaign. A full attendance at the next meeting is desired.

In the town meeting the social democrats got two members of the lighting committee, and also two on the committee appointed to see what the water company's plant can be bought for. It was also demonstrated that the social democrats are a strong factor in town affairs.

MILWAUKEE SOCIAL DEMOCRAT WEEKLY. OFFICIAL ORGAN. Of the Social Democratic Party of Wisconsin.

TERMS: For One Year \$1.00. For Six Months .50. For Three Months .25. Payable in Advance.

OFFICE: 24 STATE STREET. MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.

PRES. HADLEY ON TRUSTS

SOME REMARKS THAT TEND TO SHOW HIS IGNORANCE ON A VEXED QUESTION.

To a man who knows the answer to some simple riddle, it is very amusing to see a number of people racking their brains over the solution. Socialists nowadays may have a good deal of this sort of amusement, and even a hearty laugh at times, as they watch the awkward stumbblings of learned and dignified people along the slippery paths of the great trust problem.

Take for instance the utterances of Pres. Hadley on this vexed question, which he vexes yet a little more, the like troubled waters it becomes under his explanation quite as clear as mud. As reported by the Boston Globe, Pres. Hadley began his address by stating that the relations between government and industrial enterprises have three forms:

"One, private ownership, with only such control as is given by the general laws relating to property and the judicial decisions of the courts connected with it; two, state control, that is, private ownership, coupled with special legislation intended to limit the freedom of corporate action; and three, state ownership, with the direct control by agents of the administration which such ownership generally implies."

Pres. Hadley then goes on with an attempt to prove that "whatever system is adopted, the management will be in the hands of a few," and that "these few men in whom power is centralized are likely to be in large measure, under any system. This is an error, by the way, for the facilities by which a trust might succeed in its over-reaching and out-tricking his rivals are of an entirely different order from the statements which would be required of the expert managers of the great industries under the socialistic system, in order to carry them out according to the most scientific and progressive principles. Pres. Hadley then proceeds to make this curious statement:

"Where does the essential difference between these three systems lie? Chiefly in the means by which the men who manage the property are chosen and by which they are held responsible for the performance of their duties in the public interest. Under the system of state ownership we rely on the police. Under the system of private enterprise we rely on self-interest."

According to Pres. Hadley, the essential difference between owning and not owning a thing is that in one case you have the amusement of choosing the men who manage the property and holding them responsible for the performance of their duties. It does not occur to him that ownership implies a return to the owner of some much more substantial benefits. The president of one of our greatest seats of learning apparently does not know that the stockholders of a railway, besides having a right to choose its directors, receive something which they like far better in the form of dividends. This is quite an essential difference between the people who own the railways and those who do not. Under public ownership, the dividends would go to the workers, and not to men who neither make nor run the roads they monopolize.

Pres. Hadley does admit that "the danger of uncontrolled private enterprise always operate in such a way as to make people pursue the public interest as well as their own." Well, hardly! The small boy whose bigger brother has run away with his slice of cake, finds that self-interest does not always operate in such a way as to make people pursue the interests of others as well as their own. The sentiments of the monopolists of an older growth are often in a line with the terms and emphatic utterance of the late Mr. Vanderbilt in regard to the public. It needs no college president to tell us that.

In truth, the perplexities and complexities of people who try to find some other answer for the trust problem instead of the simple solution of socialism would be laughable if they were not so painful. Even our greatest lights of learning become as confused as a fly in a cobweb when they blunder about into these entangling threads of thought. The socialist may pity, but he cannot choose but smile.

E. H. T.



MAKE A CHANGE to the STAR LAUNDRY if the quality of the work done by others is not pleasing. Our work MUST prove satisfactory. Every employee takes an interest in their duties and strives to excel. Old customers know and new customers soon learn, that nothing is slighted. Every article is carefully handled and beautifully finished.

Pinkham, Merritt & Carrig. Successors to FRANK WARD. WE ARE BETTER THAN WE SEEM.

COPIES OF THE HAVERHILL SOCIAL DEMOCRAT CAN BE SECURED EVERY SATURDAY AT THE INTERNATIONAL CAFE. MELACH AND MARCUS, PROPRIETORS, 63 GRAND STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

THE PLATFORM

The social democratic party of America declares that life, liberty and happiness depend upon equal political and economic rights.

In our economical development an industrial revolution has taken place, the individual tool of former years having become the social tool of the present. The individual tool was owned by the worker who employed himself and was master of his product. The social tool, the machine, is owned by the capitalist and the worker is dependent upon him for employment. The capitalist thus becomes the master of the worker and is able to appropriate to himself a large share of the product of his labor.

Capitalism, the private ownership of the means of production, is responsible for the insecurity of subsistence, the poverty, misery and degradation of the ever-growing majority of our people but the same economic forces which have produced and now intensify the capitalist system, will necessitate the adoption of socialism, the collective ownership of the means of production for the common good and welfare.

The present system of social production and private ownership is rapidly converting society into two antagonistic classes—the capitalist class and the propertyless class. The middle class, once the most powerful of the great nations, is disappearing in the mill of competition. The issue is now between the two classes first named. On political liberty is now of little value to the masses unless used to acquire economic liberty.

Independent political action and the trade union movement are the chief emancipating factors of the working class, the one representing political and the other its economic, and both must cooperate to abolish the capitalist system.

Therefore the social democratic party of America declares its object to be: First—The organization of the working class into a political party to conquer the political powers now controlled by capitalists.

Second—The abolition of wage slavery by the establishment of a national system of co-operative industry, based upon the social or common ownership of the means of production and distribution, to be administered by the society in the common interest of all its members, and the complete emancipation of the socially oppressed classes from the domination of the capitalist class and all those in sympathy with their historic mission to realize a higher civilization should severally and in connection with the social reform parties and units of the social democratic party of America.

The social democratic party will be tantamount to the abolition of all class rule. The solidarity of labor connecting work-millions of class conscious world workers throughout the civilized world will realize international socialism, the brotherhood of man.

As steps in that direction we make the following demands: First—Revision of our federal constitution, in order to remove the obstacles to complete control of government by the people irrespective of sex.

Second—The public ownership of all industries controlled by monopolies, trusts and combines.

Third—The public ownership of all railroads, telegraphs and telephones; all means of transportation, and communication; all water-works, gas and electric plants, and other public utilities.

Fourth—The public ownership of all gold, silver, copper, lead, iron, coal and other mines, and all oil and gas wells.

Fifth—The reduction in the hours of labor in proportion to the increasing facilities of production.

Sixth—The inauguration of a system of public works and improvements for the employment of the unemployed, the public credit to be utilized for that purpose.

Seventh—Useful inventions to be free, the inventor to be remunerated by the public.

Eighth—Labor legislation to be national, instead of local, and international when possible.

Ninth—National insurance of working people against accidents, lack of employment and want in old age.

Tenth—Equal civil and political rights for men and women, and the abolition of all laws discriminating against women.

Eleventh—The adoption of the initiative and referendum, proportional representation, and the right of recall of representatives by the voters.

Twelfth—Abolition of war and the introduction of international arbitration.

ATTITUDE TOWARD TRADE UNIONS

In accordance with our declaration of principles we declare that the trade union movement and independent political action are the chief emancipating factors of the wage-earning class. We recommend to the members of the social democratic party the following general rules:

First—Join the union of your respective trade.

Second—Assist in building up and strengthening the trade union movement.

Third—Support the union labels of all crafts.

Fourth—Educate your fellow-unionists on the question of socialism and the labor movement, on economic and political lines.

TAILORS STRIKE

LAWRENCE UNION FIGHTS FOR RECOGNITION.

Last Monday the journeymen tailors of the city of Lawrence ordered a strike at all shops that failed to come up to the required advance in wages demanded by the journeymen in the previous week. Six of the shops have signed the same, but two are still holding out.

The two firms are Messrs. F. W. Schaeke and James F. Leonard, mayors of Lawrence. Mr. Schaeke stated to a committee that the price list was satisfactory and they would not be the first to sign, but when the men came to have it signed the firm would not sign, but would agree to pay the bill. This was not satisfactory, so the committee could not and would not accept these conditions. The firm has been to Boston, for men, BUT THE BOSTON TAILORS DON'T GO IN ON STRIKES AT PRESENT.

These firms will not recognize organized labor and told their men that they will not take them back under any consideration. But the men are not kicking for they are well aware this firm can get but few tailors who are not members. But time will tell.

The greatest surprise of all is the refusal of Mayor Leonard who, when looking for the votes of organized labor, had claimed to have organized the granite cutters of Lawrence and still holds his withdrawal card, and he was in favor of all requests presented by organized labor. But when the tailors requested his honor to pay union wages he was a different thing. He told another merchant tailor that he would be dictated to if he would be dictated to by any labor union.

So much for the standard bearer of the Bryan democracy of Lawrence. But this strike has set union men in different crafts thinking, and according to the present outlook professional politicians will not be forgotten next fall in the city election.

Several amusing incidents occur to the pickets. One of the pickets saw a man on Essex street Tuesday morning at 7:15 o'clock whom he suspected was a tailor, and accosted him. His suspicions proved correct and he told the man there was trouble in the city. The tailor produced a card of a leading Lawrence tailor who had trouble with his help, of which he was immediately informed. The answer he made was: "The good ship's name is Murphy and it will never be disgraced." He was forthwith sent down to headquarters and afterwards to Boston. Four men up to the present were sent out of town.

The tailors are indebted to the S. D. P. for the use of their hall, 225 Essex street, where the strike headquarters is at present.

Over 500,000 children in this country between the ages of 10 and 14 are employed in factories, shops and mines. The motto of private capitalism is, "Buy in the cheapest market and sell in the dearest." Thus children, at the loss of education and physical development, are employed while their fathers tramp the streets. Socialism would stamp the men at work and put the children in school. Every man who has children needs socialism.—Eugene E. Brown.

There is no man, woman or child in the world whom Turkish and Vapor Cabinet Baths will not benefit. Seated on a chair (with the head outside) breathing pure air, one enjoys at home for 30 cents all of the cleansing, curative, invigorating and purifying effects of the famous Turkish, Hot Air and Vapor baths, perfumed or medicated if desired. Better and cheaper than any treatment at Turkish Bath Rooms, Sanitariums and Hot Springs. Truysa God send to suffering humanity.

ON INSTALLMENTS. To accommodate those unable to pay full amount at one time I have decided to sell every one an opportunity to obtain one of these most valuable and useful Cabinets. Can give references to many who know of its great and valuable merits.

These rooming out will find the Cabinet very useful as it can be used in any room.

F. P. MITCHELL, Agent. General Agent for Essex County. 25 WASHINGTON STREET, HAVERHILL, MASS.

Agents wanted anywhere in the county—either male or female. Call or Address Box 24.

Blankets and Lace Curtains Cleaned With Every Appearance of New.

BEAL BROS. Dye House and Cleansing Works Merrimack St.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE IN THE SOCIAL DEMOCRAT

BUY YOUR SPRING OVERCOAT NOW. The best time to select one is the present—when we have the greatest variety of colors and all sizes. You will be surprised to see what a nice Overcoat can be obtained here for \$4.97 and \$5. Silk-lined Overcoats, made of very fine covert cloth, only \$10 and \$12. Special Prices This Week! THE PLACE TO BUY IS OF THREE TAYLORS Clothiers of the People 75 MERRIMACK ST.

Simonds & Adams America vs. The World. IN THE MANUFACTURE OF FINE Dress Silks. America has made wonderful strides during the past quarter of a century. It's a brief period when we consider that the industry dates back among the Chinese, to 300 years B. C. No other country in their centuries of experience has equaled our own in the push and progress accorded this fine craft or art, and more and more each season do the intricacies and possibilities of American weaving border on the marvelous—beautiful does we are showing the finest specimens high art in silk making, while our prices also are truly surprising, being a fourth or a third less the prices quoted anywhere for equal quality. Our 49 cent line of JAP SILKS is worth more than that price today at wholesale. Our 75 cent TAFFETAS equal the best \$5 cent and \$1.00 grades elsewhere. Early orders and spot cash buying help to enhance the interest about Haverhill's Greatest Silk Goods Department. N. B.—NEW IDEA PATTERNS, ANY OF 'EM, 10c.

The Wise ; AND ; The Foolish. Those who are wise are quick to appreciate a good thing and are therefore taking advantage of our sale OF \$12.75. A limited number of FANCY WORSTEDS, fresh from the looms. Don't be foolish and wait too long.

THE SPOT The Kempton Co. 62 MERRIMACK ST.

J. T. HILL 45 Merrimack St Spring Shoes. For the Men, Women, and Children are coming in, looking nice, the best quality for the money which the market can offer, and made by the best manufacturers. I carry no accounts, my prices are Cash, and one price to all.

THE FRANKLIN SHOE. IF YOU WANT A GOOD SHOE For \$2.50 buy the FRANKLIN. If you want an extra good shoe buy the CROSSET at 3.50. We also have the famous M. A. Peckard's Shoes for \$2.50 and \$3.50. S. J. BRASSEUR, 13 Essex Street.

THE PEOPLES Coal Company DEALERS IN Coal and Wood. OFFICE: 254 Merrimack Street, near Post Office, and Hale Street. IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE IN THE SOCIAL DEMOCRAT