UNITE

ISSUED BY THE COMMUNIST PARTY (Majority Group)

THE INTERESTS OF THE WORKERS

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1931.

WORKERS OF ALL

COUNTRIES

VOL. II, No. 10.

PRICE 5 CENTS

Informal Discussions Of India Congress Heads **Point to Compromise**

ALLAHABAD, India. - Informal conversations are now proceeding here among the leaders of the All India Congress on the attitude towards the Round Table Conference Plan and on the question of continuing the civil disobedience campaign until final decision is reached. A formal meeting of the Congress leaders will take place very soon at which provisional conclusions will be reached and then there will be a weck's adjournment. No official announcement of intentions will be made until the return of Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru and other delegates to the Round Table Conference, who are to consult with Gandhi.

So far as can be gathered, the Congress leaders hold that the offer made in Prime Minister Ramsay MacDon-ald's statement cannot be adopted as it stands, but they may decided to call off the civil disobedience movement while the negotiations are proceed-

The rumor seems to be that the members of the All India National Congress working committee are "virtually opposed" to the Round Table

JONDON .- The Round Table Con-(Continued on Page 2)

VET PAYMENTS

Declares Immediate Grant to Ex-Servicemen Would Be Capital Levy

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28. — The most horrible consequences to the country's financial structure are foretold by Secretary of Treasury Mellon as the certain result of floating a \$3,400,000,000 bond issue to pay off immediately the adjusted service certificates held by World War veterans, which ordinarily will be due in fourteen years. The predictions Mr. Mellon made in testimony before the Senate Finance Committee.

The real reason for Secretary Melion's opposition to the proposal is that in effect it would amount to "a capital levy on the holders of all United States Government securities," that is

GANDHI SHAKY ON New Subs Up 110% in Jan.!

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER DEFENDING

But WEEKLY AGE Still in Danger! Save It!

EPP: PP > 1 144418 8 9 9 9 8 8 1 144

Rush the funds to insure the

paper-the untiring, fearless cham-

Some Questions

the N.T.W.I.U. Changes

Its Strike Demands

In the Daily Worker of February 2, 1931 there is a report of the recent session of the National Executive Board of the Needle Trades Work-

ers Industrial Union which met to

1. When the strike demands were

weck" demands, while certainly de-

sirable and necessary, could not serve

as realistic demands in the present situation and for the present strike.

For this they were denounced by the

Communist Party press and the union

leaders as "right wingers", "agents of Schlesinger", "strike-breakers" and

2. When the same comrades of the

strike were just gestures, they were abused and attacked in the most in-

pion of your class.

Subscriptions for the REVOLU- a year's subscription. He will ap-TIONARY AGE are coming in bet- preciate it. So will we. ter than ever. Old subscribers are renewing their subs and more workers are becoming new subscribers.

In December there was an 80% increase in our subscriptions over the average for the preceding ten months. This was not an accidental increase. We are more than keep. The General Executive of ing our pace. In January the number of new subscribers and renewals increased 110% over December.

The REVOLUTIONARY AGE welcomes this fine response to our appeal. We value above all this plendid demonstration of working class loyalty. But we must impress consider the coming dressmakers upon all readers that this is a very strike. The Daily Worker reports good begining, IT'S ONLY A BE-GINNING. We have only started. "proposes the modification of the demands to a program of immediate warmed up yet." class loyalty. But we must impress GINNING. We have only started mands to a program of immediate partial improvement in the working conditions which can and must be won in the coming strike." Chief among these modifications is the scrapping of the "week-work" and against suspension.

"Thour day, 5-day week" demands and their replacement by the demand

When we started our Weekly the and their replacement by the demand to enforce the 40-hour, 5-day week, the right to establish prices thru the of weeks. Already the sacrifices of the workers have given our supportcrs a horse laugh on these pessimists.

The REVOLUTIONARY AGE is

THE REVOLU getting better and stronger with Here we will merely note the followevery issue. Features, new readers, ing: new friends, new workingclass bases of support!

But we need now-and this means right now—much more money, many more donations, and very many more subscriptions. Our job is a big one. Our funds are low.

We appeal to you workers to come across. Do your bit and more than your bit. We are up against it. Our fight is your fight. Our job is your job. Our interests are your inter-

Give today. Give right way, Make your donation right now. If you are unemployed, borrow from some decent manner. worker who has a job. If you are not a subscriber, become one at once. a levy on the bankers to pay the ex-lf you are, treat your shopmate to servicemen.

MOONEY BRANDS

Declares Sabotage of Labor Leaders Has Kept Him In Prison

REVOLUTIONARY AGE-your RELIES ON WORKERS

Tom Mooney, has after fifteen years of silence, at last opened fire on the reactionary and corrupt labor burocrats as partly responsible for his being framed-up and kept in jail for

Mooney presents his case in a 41 page pamphlet in which he makes a merciless exposure of how particular-ly the officialdom of the California American Federation of Lahor has

"The rank and file of the trade unions have always believed in my innocence. But their desire and wishes have been subverted and sabotaged by the labor leaders.
The "leaders" of the A. F. of L.
have always told the politicians in public office to ignore any protest coming from the unions in my be-

Mooney branded the Executive Council of the A. F. of L. as the graveyard of the organization and de-nounced the 1927 Los Angeles Convention for refusing to demand his pardon. Thruout his powerful ap-

TAMPA, Fla,-Taking advantage of the universal unemployment and the lack of organization among the tobacco workoriginally proposed by the union lead-ership, Comrade Zimmerman and thru a 10% wage cut, thereby further other comrades of the Needle Trades lowering the miserable wages in the in-Unity League pointed out that the "week-work" and "7-hour day, 5-day
The Tampa workers are up in arms

The Tampa workers are up in arms and are organizing for a struggle for a

the National Executive Board comes out with a declaration changing the strike demands to what the Needle Trades Unity League had proposed and giving the excuse of "inadequate

Needle Trades Unity League point preparations".

ed out that the "preparations" for the Are these received Are these responsible union leaders? Are these responsible working class leaders? The workers should know what such methods bring to 3. Now, on the eve of the strike, their organizations!

Bankers Urge National Drive on Wages

Traylor, Head of First National Bank of Chicago, Calls for All-Around Wage-Cutting; "London Times" Proclaims "Necessity" of Lower Wages; Capitalist Press Hails Proposals

BILL GREEN FOR WAGE-CUTS; WORKERS MUST UNITE AGAINST BOSSES

The "grand offensive" against Plan and therefore fearing Soviet the gauntlet to American labor in his the wages and standards of the work-competition, proclaimed the urgent address before the Salesmanship Club Melvin A. Traylor, president of the First National Bank of Chicago, one of the country's higgest banking bor with ruthless thoroness and rehouses, has just come out with a duce their standard of living. . . " the workers. Mooney says in part:

"The rank and file of the trade

"The rank and file of the trade and file o

cither rising or falling markets." The Chicago financial magnate said: "Business cannot prosper if costs clim-

This is one of the boldest demands for wage-slashing yet made in the present nation-wide campaign for lower wages. Mr. Traylor speaks frankly for his class, the class living on profits and dividends.

While concentrating his main fire on the present already very low wages of the workers, Mr. Traylor also went out of his way to lay down the law to the government officials that not a cent must be spent out of government funds for unemployment relief.

The Salesmanship Club thunderously greeted Mr. Traylor's plea against an "arbitrarily fixed wage in dol-lars and cents". This theory of Traylor is the same as the wage theory of William Green, President of the A. F. of L. Mr. Green says that the workers' wages must depend on their efficiency and the resulting profits for the bosses. Mr. Traylor agrees with Mr. Green and simply proceeds from the same premise to demand that wages should come down lower than ever because dividends are not so certain these days and may be lowered by the economic crisis. Everyone knows that wages have always gone down faster than prices. But Mr. Traylor demands that wage scales should go down still faster.

The entire capitalist press has featured Mr. Traylor's wage-cutting appeal. Nearly every influential boss paper has frankly hailed it as "the way out of the present crisis."

Philip snowdin SAYS THE UNITED STATES has a larger STOCK OF GOLD THAN THE COMBINED AMOUNTS HELD BY FRANCE UNITED KINGDOM GERMANY

Germany at the Crossroads

LABOR GOVERNMENT WINS ON UNION FASCISM on the RAMPAGE BILL; BUDGET NEXT TEST

Trades Disputes Bill Goes to Committee Where It Will Be Killed; Was Mere Gesture to Unions

THE WORLD IN 1931

JAY LOVESTONE

New Workers School SUNDAY NIGHTS at 8 P. M.

Feb. 8-Europe in 1931 Hunger and War Feb. 15 .- Germany at the Cross Roads

Fascism on the Rampage Feb. 22-Great Britain in the World Crisis

An Empire in its Death Throes March 1 .- Towards Communist Reconstruction

The International Opposition Conference

REGISTER TODAY! A series of four lectures 63 MADISON AVE. cor. 27 St. Fee for the Course \$1.00 Single Lecture 35 cents

LONDON.—After three days of bitter debate, the British Labor government succeeded on January 28, in passing its trades disputes bill on the passing its trades disputes bill on the laboratory of the passing its trades disputes bill on the laboratory of the passing its trades disputes bill on the laboratory of the labo second reading in the House of Com-mons by a majority of 27. The vote caucus to abstain from voting. as 277 to 250.

Every Conservative present voted its motion to send the bill to commit-

tee by a majority of 67.

The victory of the Labor govern ment in the trade disputes bill, on which almost certain defeat was expected, was greeted with great jubilation by the Laborites in the House

who burst out into triumphant song. The next hurdle of the British La-bor government will be the budget question. The Chancellor of the Exchequer will present the budget in April. Until then the life of the Labor government is pretty well as-

Premier MacDonald was forced to introduce the trade disputes bill by the pressure of the trade unions. It will be remembered that after the General Strike and the miners strike: of 1926 the Tory government passed a Trades Disputes Act practically hamstringing the labor unions. Now after almost two years of its existence the Labor government mustered up enough energy to introduce a bill to repeal the vicious Tory act. But the bill introduced by MacDonald was so compromising that it was not very different after all from the Tory proposal. Nevertheless, the Conservatives solidly opposed the Labor bill and the Liberal caucus decided to abstain.

Victory of the MacDonald government on this bill is only a sham victory. For now that the bill goes into committee it will most certainly be killed. As Sir John Simon remarked: "Instead of being humanely slaught-ered on the floor of the House it will now be killed by a thousand cuts in

by Jay Lovestone

ESS work, less bread, lower wages, no rights! This L is the fate decreed for the German toiling masses by the master class of the Reich thru the "Hunger Regime", the Bruening government. This is what "Deutschland Ueber Alles" means today. How long will the German workers stand it? What will they do next? That's what's worrying the governments of England, France and the United States. In 1924 the Dawes Plan "saved" Germany from proletarian revolution. In 1929 the Young Plan was put over to "help" Germany once more. It is this very sort of help that is driving Germany deeper into the throes of hunger and anguish. How symptomatic and symbolic of the hopeless contradictions of capitalism! If only the world bourgeoisic would be sure that Fascism would come out of this miserable mess, then they wouldn't worry. Indeed, many would celebrate. But the logic of class war, is not determined by hopes or prayerseven of the mightiest moneyed overlords. The German proletariat has yet to be reckoned with.

A BLACK WINTER AHEAD

A dreary winter is in store for the workers. More than four millions are today jobless and hungry. There is no sign of a let-up as the cold become more bitter. Soon many workers will be laid off in the building trades. Spring holds no hope. By then, the battalions of the disemployed working masses may mount to five millions. Actually from thirteen to fifteen million human beings will be buried still deeper in poverty, suffering, hunger, and misery. And the agricultural crisis has in store for the great mass of the German peasantry, a humper crop of anxiety and destitu-

Inch by inch, step by step, the German ruling class has been driving back the German workers. Wage cut piles upon wage cut. The tax burden become evermore crushing. The political and social rights of the workers are being taken from them. The hard-won gains won thru years of costly struggle are being wiped away. The notorious "Notverordnung" legislation of December first was the milestone along the path of reckless trampling on all rights and interests of the workers. In the eight weeks from December first to February first six million workers (inclusive

of government employees) have had their wages cut from six to eight percent. Among the millions of workers whose wages have been cut to the marrow are 500,000 coal miners, 800,000 metal workers, 450,000 textile workers, 300,000 carpenters and woodworkers, and 300,000 railway workers. The latter's wages were cut 16 percent.

But the Bruening government is not an ordinary capitalist coalition government. It is a prelude to Fascism. It is energetically and systematically preparing the ground for full open Fascist control of the government apparatus. This purpose is the underlying, driving force of all its political and economic policies at home and abroad. That's why the full force of the government was brought down on the workers to defeat the Berlin metal trades strike, to crush the miners in the Ruhr and to play the Fascist game at every turn.

Of course, the treachery of the Social-democrats is the cornerstone of this successful attack against the toiling masses. The adventurist, ultra-left and splitting policies of the new line of the Communist Party only fertilize the soil for the Fascist victory, tomorrow. Split and split again were the red threads of the official Communist strategy in the Berlin metal trades and in the Ruhr mine strikes. Thus, in the Ruhr, as a result of this policy, no less than 3,000 of the best and most devoted Communist and militant fighters have been blacklisted in the pits, taken out of the miners' union, and paralyzed as effective leaders in the ranks.

The it is ridiculous to say, as the Communist Party officialdom says, that the German proletariat is already on the offensive, yet the workers are today ready to fight. This was clear in the splendid strike response of the 130,000 Berlin metal workers, more than half of whom were unorganized. But they lacked effective revolutionary leadership. This the Communist Party cannot supply today because of its false tactics. Such necessary leadership the Communist Party (Opposition) cannot yet adequately provide today because of its relative numerical weakness.

FASCISM DRIVES ON

Here lies the source of the staggering Fascist suc-(Continued on Page 4)

HOOVER BANS AID TO STARVING

Upon His Order Red Cross Refuses Money; House Kills Senate Bill

rily! On January 29, the House Appropriations Committee rejected by a propriations Committee rejected by a vote of 18 to 11 the Senate Amendment to the interior supply bill ap-propriating \$25,000,000 to the Red Cross for drought and unemployment relief. This action of the House committee comes as a result of a direct rder from the Administration which still has some control in the House alho it has lost its grip on the Sen-

President Hoover's bitter opposition to any form of government relicf for the famine-stricken farmers in the drought area and for the hungry and shelterless unemployed at a time when scores of millions of dollars are returned to the hig trusts in tax refunds, is the outsanding feature of his administration. Of course Hoover's factional opponents in the Republican party as well as the Democratic party leaders have seized upon the situation and assumed the pose of fehampions of the poor" and have voted a mere \$25,000,000 to be given to the Red Cross.

This action on the part of the Senate majority infuriated Pres. Hoover and thru pressure upon the Red Cross of which he is nominal president, he got it to refuse to accept any gov-crnment money! The Red Cross, which "supports" the starving far-mers at the rate of ten cents a day, has the shamelessness to announce that it will refuse to accept govern-ment money, just because Hoover available 20,000,000 bushels of wheat ment money, just because Hoover thinks it is "unscientific" and "un-American" to give public relief. The "American method", according to Hoover, is for the workers and the formers to relie workers and the formers are the formers are the formers and the formers are the formers are the formers and the formers are the formers and the formers are the formers and the formers are the formers are the formers are the formers and the formers are the farmers to rely upon private charity!

the Administration's move by passing an amendment to the Army bill offered by Senator Capper authorizing on starving.

BOSS TERROR IN

Machado Sets Up New Anti-Labor Body

HAVANA, Cuba.—The dictatorship of President Machado, supported by the armed forces of Wall Street, has started an extermination campaign against the militant labor WASHINGTON.—The dirty game of playing politics with the miscry of the drought-stricken farmers and starving unemployed is going on merity! On January 29, the House Apvond measure. Five more newspapers have been suppressed within the last two weeks of January.

RED CROSS "AID" TO THE FARMERS 10c A DAY; HAY FOR JOBLESS

Three and a third cents a meal is what the average destitute drought sufferer is living on, if he eats three times a day. It is five cents if he eats twice, ten cents if he eats once. The Red Cross gives each family \$2 a week, plus 50 cents for each child up to a maximum of \$4.50 a week.

There are five persons in the average family being fed, relief workers That is 50 cents a day, or ten cents

for each member. In the larger families, some running as high as fifteen, they get less than that.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.-A diet of affalfa, clover and beet tops, rich in vitamins, was suggested for the unemployed today by Professor B. V. McCallum, food expert of the Johns Hopkins University.

Now of course, the House will de-The Senate immediately answered feat this move also.

Owners Get Profits And Workers Get Death

LINTON, Indiana, Jan. 28.—Thirty coal miners were killed when 600 pounds of black powder exploded in the various groups of the big political the Little Betty mine, near Linton, late today.

This was the second major mine accident in Sullivan County in recent This drive wouldn't have been so bad years. On Feb. 20, 1925, the City if it was made by voluntary dona-Mine in Sullivan was wrecked by an explosion similar to today's blast; fifty-one miners were killed, only one man being brought out alive.

The Little Betty Mine is considered one of the most profitable in the State, that is, it brings in the most profits to the mine owners. But for the workers it brings mutilation and death. And yet we hear that the capitalists are entitled to their profits because—they take the risks.

GANDHI SHAKY ON INDIA FREEDOM

(Continued from Page 1) ference Plan seems to have obtained the substantial support of both the Liberal and Conservative parties. Stanley Baldwin, the leader of the Tories, specifically pledged that if returned to power his new government would carry thru the Round Table proposals. Even Sir John Sinnon, the most anti-Labor of the Liberals, the head of the former Simon commission, announced his general agreement with the Constitutional Plan.

It was on this India issue that a sensational split took place in the leading forces of the Conservative party. Winston Churchill, who came out in a sharp attack upon the Round Table Conference as "undermining the British Empire", has now announced his resignation from the Conservative "shadow cabinet" (the leading caucus committee). Stanley Baldwin has accepted the resignation.

As the situation develops it becomes clearer than ever that all forces of British imperialism are united in which it finds itself today. On the other hand, the native Indian bourgeoisie (whose political representative Gandhi is), is inevitably tending in the direction of breaking from the national revolutionary movement and making a compromise with the British. The two main forces that keep them from taking this step immediately are: the inability of British imperialism, because of its hard-pressed world position, to make adequate economic concessions to the Indian bourgeoisie, and secondly, the tremendous revolutionary upsurge of the popular masses which threatens to isolate the bourgeois leaders if they make the break with the nationalist

Valuable Advice

"As a relief to cattle choked with apples, etc: It is recommended to draw out the tongue and put a smal quantity of gun powder down the Farmer's and Mechanic's Al-

LABOR AGE

The Voice of Progressive Labor Points to the Next Steps in the

> American Radical Labor · Struggle

25c a copy \$2.50 a year 104 - 5th Ave., New York City

30 MINERS DEAD | The Charity Racket in Pittston | SOCIALIST NAMED | Revive Spirit of Old Local 43! | The Committee

A Letter from John Fornier, Miner

Pittston, Pa., Jan. 26, 1931.

At the beginning of this year, under the name of Community Chest, powers of this city went around begging in support of the drive for this town to reach the quota assigned. This drive wouldn't have been so bad the company? tions from those people who are in condition to give out of the surplus of their necessities. But when we look over and see how the poor miners were forced to contribute, I must say: It was a legalized hold-up under the name of Community Chest! Somebody may ask: Why? Here

is my answer. Everyone in this dis-trict knows that the miners are work-ing only part of the time, not quite half time and are receiving about \$30 or \$40 each pay (that is, every two weeks.—Editor). Some, if not the majority, do not receive that much Well, what happened? The bosses of the Pittston Coal Company went to their miners and said: We are here to demand a day's pay for the Com-munity Chest: Some miners give without a single word but the great part did not like to give so much money (a full shift) for this pur-pose. Why? Some miners had not worked for months and their own families were in bad need and starv-ing. They knew that the money would not go to poor unfortunates but would be used for other purposes and would probably be used to pay company gunmen. Others realized this too: If I bers present. give a full shift why should not the On Sunday, give a full shift why should not the on Sunday, January 18, Comrade company give out of what it is steal-lifshitz spoke at Branch 118 (Philaing from me?

So when they were put up by the bosses to subscribe they asked if they must give and the bosses answered: No. But you need not come back here to work any more than! What does this mean? That under the law of this great commonwealth the boss-es can hold up their workers any time they feel like it—and this in the democratic state of Pennsylvania.

In the other collieries the report is identical, and especially in No. 6, where there are the worst conditions. This mine was closed down for a few months and in all this month i upon the substance of the Round worked about 10 days at the rate of Table Plan as the way of leading India out of the revolutionary situation in which it finds itself today. On ly no more than \$80. Now how can the miners family live on such an in-

* DEBATE *

What is the Solution of the Negro Question? GARVEYISM

M G M U D G A' L Editor-Negro World COMMUNISM

EDWARD WELSH Revolutionary Age

SUN, FEB. 15 - 4 P.M.

at Howland Studio 1660 FULTON ST. — BROOKLYN

Prof. Chas. C. Seifert, Chairman Auspices Frederick Douglass Interracial Forum

Admission-25¢

CORRECT CLOTHES

Clothing Company, Inc.

SOCOLOFF & FLAMM For Men and Young Men

101-103 Stanton St., cor. Ludlow St. New York City.

SUNDAY AFTERNOON, MARCH 1, 2 P. M. SHARP L-A-B-O-R T-E-M-P-L-E

243 East 84 Street, New York City Auspices: Communist Party (Majority Group), New York

ADMISSION - 25 CENTS

The Man with the Portfolio

WHO? — WHAT? — WHEN? — WHERE? IT'S A STARTLING NEW SOVIET PLAY

AT THE

Jewish Art Theatre Second Avenue and Second Street

Wednesday Evening, Mar. 11, 1931 For the benefit of the Revolutionary Age and the Arbeiterkampf

Tickets from: Benefit Committee, care of Revolutionary Age 63 Madison Avenue, New York City

come, especially after months without

a single cent? And yet they force money for the Community Chest. With all this, we read in the Pitts ton Gazette that the grand total for the Community Chest in this town is

The grand total is made up as follows: 17,355 subscribers—\$142,770.-86. The average "contribution" (forced contribution—or else job is (torced contribution—or ease job is lost) for employees of the Pittston Company: Butler—\$7.14; No. 14—\$6.15; Ewen—\$7.00 No. 6—\$6.47; Old Forge—\$7.43; No. 9—\$6.58. What a hold-up!

LIPSHITZ SPEAKS AT W.C. GROUPS

Calls for Organization of Broad Left Wing

of the Progressive Members of the W. C." There were about sixty mem-

delphia) of the W. C. on the topic "The Present Situation in the Fra-ternal Organizations." Over forty

W.C. on the main issues affecting the labor movement and on the traditional issue within the W.C. for representation of all tendencies in the various

TEN, I.L.G.W.U.

those workers active in the needle

It happened at a membership meeting of our Local No. 10 I.L.G.W.U.

on January 26 at Arlington Hail, 12

The discussion on the floor was centered around the constitutional amendment of having all bills of ex-

amendment of having all bills of expense in the office of the local brought

before the membership at large for

From the discussion on the floor by

two active members of the local and the Manager Perlmutter and his new

ally Reichal, I could understand that

while the constitution committee dis-

cussed this amendment, they were with the opinion that all bills, no mat-

ter how small or big, should be ap-

if the administration was, naturally,

A compromise decision was reached

in the committee to have all bills ap-

the administration was dissatisfied

and they prepared their usual forces

for the last membership meeting as in the good old days of 1925-26, to

double-cross the constitution commit-

tee and wanted the membership to

reject the committee's proposals and

that no bills should need the approval

This open double-crossing brought

forth the greatest resentment and

protest from practically all cutters

(not including Reichal and the "col-

lege"). Such an uproar and commo-tion I have not seen in Local 10 for

the last five year. Not even one cut

ter spoke for the administration. Oh,

yes! Reichal spoke for the adminis-tration and what did he say? The

tration and what did he say? The substance of his talk was that: "We

must have trust in our officers; we voted for them, we elected them, they

are our leaders in whom we must have our greatest confidence."

While Raichel was speaking every sincere worker could feel how the de-

generate Reichael is sinking deep,

deep into the gutter, so deep that even Perlmutter will not be able to take

not participate. The chairman then

ruled that all those who abstained

order to have a two-third vote nec-

essary for the approval of any state-

ment to the Constitution.

of the membership.

him out of there.

even with this compromise decision

that no bills should be brought to

the membership for approval,

Street and St. Marks Place.

AS G.O.P. HEAD Wis. Governor Appoints

Socialist As Spokesman In State Senate

MILWAUKEE, Wisc.—State Sena-tor Thomas M. Duncan, Milwaukee Socialist leader, close colaborator of the late Victor L. Berger, has been named by the governor, Philip F. La-Follette, as chairman of the powerful joint finance committee. This in effeet makes Senator Duncan the gov-ernor's spokesman in the State Sen-

oly Republican. The appointment of a Socialist to the position of administration spokesman has caused quite a ripple. J. H. Carroll, a Republican per week and a \$1.00 hour for piece workers. 2. Equal division of work.

editor of the Arbeiterkampf and member of the National Council of the Communist Party (Majority Group), spoke at Branch 637 (New York) of the Workmen's Circle on the question "What Should Be The Attitude of the Propagation Market of the Propagation Market of the Propagation Market of the Propagation of the Socialist Party in this direction is a party movement", or, even worse, inpublican party.

MIAMI, Fla .-- Efforts to reach an agreement on jurisdictional questions arising from the proposed affiliation of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen and the American Federation of members were present.

At both of the meeting Lifshitz of all organizations affected in February or March, William Green, president of the A. F. of L., announced

Latin American investors hereafter committees.

At both meetings lively discussions took place. Both branches contributed to the Arbeiterkumpf.

Latin American investors nereatter will have to receive reports similar our union in the last year or so, very little now remains of old Local to those given to purchasers of electric fans. "guaranteed: so many wiped off the map. What are the convergence of the new leadership of our union in the last year or so, very little now remains of old Local tric fans. "guaranteed: so many wiped off the map. What are the convergence of the new leadership of our union in the last year or so, very little now remains of old Local tric fans. "guaranteed: so many wiped off the map. What are the convergence of the new leadership of our union in the last year or so, very little now remains of old Local tric fans. "guaranteed: so many wiped off the map. What are the convergence of the new leadership of our union in the last year or so, very little now remains of old Local tric fans. "guaranteed: so many wiped off the map. What are the convergence of the new leadership of our union in the last year or so, very little now remains of old Local tric fans. "guaranteed: so many wiped off the map. What are the convergence of the new leadership of our union in the last year or so, very little now remains of old Local tric fans. "guaranteed: so many wiped off the map."

Letters from Workers

AND IRON POLICE

the call. They are still so naive as

to believe that a wealthy parasite,

will be sympathetic towards them. Gov. Pinchot has the reputation of

being friendly to the miners. During

the campaign everything good was promised, the good old game of bluff

and hally-hoo. Now the new gover-nor issued an edict to the Coal and

Iron Cossacks of Pennsylvania, who

are famous for their brutal attacks

"Well, we certainly put it over this time." But the joker peeps out of the

deck. The governor says: "Instead of the Coal and Iron Police we will

substitute a force of Cossacks who

not the Coul and Iron barons as form-

to the intelligence of the miners. Min-

ers! Wake up! Don't delude your-

selves! No member of the capitalist

class ever gave you anything. Even

the miserable wages you carn, are being taken from you. The latest stunt of the higher-ups is called the

Community Chest, and they do not

ask the miners' to donate a few dol-

lars but demand their whole days

wage or the alternative of getting fired from work. This is a case of

"Only the poor, help the poor (rich) with a vengence." The main object of the Community Chest etc., are the upkeep of the "Y.M.C.A." and other

institutions which help to poison the brains of the youth. Before a poor person gets a loaf of hard bread or

some cast off rags, he has to be third-

degreed by every so called charity worker who collects fat wages from

RACE PREJUDICES

It is absolutely essential for every-

against it is really also an attack

on the white workers and that a fight

I want to tell you an incident that

happened in my shop to show you

— A MINER'S WIFE

WORKERS MUST HAVE NO dollars in wages.

New York City.

the Community Chest.

more progressive

proved by the membership, and only on the miners, terminating their accertain allowances be made for ortivities June 1931. The miners are ganizational activities. The opinion overjoyed. They pat one another:

proved by the membership with the will be controlled by the State, and

exception of bills payable for "Or- not the Coal and Iron barons as form-ganization Work." But it seems that erly." That is adding insult to injury

It was expected that when the vote was taken, Reichal was appointed a teller and he "counted" 107 votes for the committee, and 111 for the admarks the form the committee, and 121 for the admarks the form the fo

ministration. About 90 cutters did the Negro workers are discriminated

were added to the majority vote in against race discrimination is really order to have a two-third vote nec- a part of the class struggle.

In conclusion I wish to say that how deep are race prejudices even while personally I don't think much among workers. One day, sitting of the question proper, because even if the committee's proposals were to

ables, under the present administra- fell on the floor and none of us want-

PINCHOT AND THE COAL ments I could not convince her and al-

"Pinchot for Governor". Even the groes" and many more stupid argument pages miners answered ments. The argument lasted the rest

of the day.

organizations.

Pittston, Pa.

by Helen Taublieb

The trimmers in the millinery trade ditions of the trimmers today? have enjoyed union conditions for In the past, we succeeded in organizing these young workers into a pow-

Millinery Workers International.

Our main activities consisted in Governor LaFollette is a Republican and was elected on a Republican ticket. The State Senate and the state administration of Wisconsin is there are in educating the workers for the

raised a protest that a Republican be substituted for the Socialist. But old Republican stalwarts joined the "progressives" in giving Governor LaFollette what he wanted.

The appointment of a Socialist as spokesman for a Republican governor points to the degeneration of the Socialist Party under the leadership and policies of the old Victor Berger and socialist and the should the you do not like it, you can go"? Our answer must be: No! We know how to fight, we want to have our hard-won conditions again! We must get together, regardless of where we belong, whether in local 24 or in the N.T.V.I.U. and demand a stop to these disruptive policies, and get down to work! We ReNCE DELEGATION has reduced the grants who have become practically eating a continuous as tolhows: College for 30 cents an hour, and he should tell you do not like it, you can go"? Our answer must be: No! We know how to fight, we want to have our hard-won conditions again! We must get together, regardless of where we belong, whether in local 24 or in the N.T.V.I.U. and demand a stop to these disruptive policies, and get down to work! cational club and its activities con-

party movement", or, even worse, in-to "progressive" opposition in the Re-the hands of the workers against the bosses and also against Zaritsky's class-collaboration policies, he tried to break up our local in the name of fake "amalgamation." His main argument was that it was not a union, but "you have turned the union into a workers' school," which is just what the reactionary leadership is afraid of, an educated working class.

Thru Zaritsky's assault on our local, thru our own mistakes (in not following a meeting of the executive putting up sufficient resistance council. Zaritsky), and then tru the sectarian policies of the new leadership of

so some other workers that they were

wrong. In their arguments they told

It is quite clear why the bosses

should want to discriminate between

black and white workers but why should the workers do so? Don't they

The way to enlighten such elements

and change their wrong views is by giving lectures and by education. This should be a part of the educa-

tional work of al workers clubs and

A COOK IN A CLUB FOR

MILLIONAIRES

I was working for the last six years as

cold-ment cook at the Recess Club, 60

On Dec. 30, I was late about 15 min-

utes. The chef whose name is William

Droze, laid me off for that day and then

To be fired from a club five days af-

ter Christmas means that one loses his

Christmas bonus which is a big item in

the wages of the employees of all clubs

The chef tried hard to make me lose my Christmas bonus but after many calls

and visits to the club I succeeded to get \$35. Other years I used to get \$85. That means I lost \$50 for being late

Let my experience be a lesson to every

cook, waiter and all hotel workers in par

are afraid to pay one dollar per month

in union dues but we pay \$50 for being late 15 minutes and we lose hundreds of

The only answer to chefs like William Droze and all bosses and their spice

is a strong Hotel Workers Union.

ticular what kind of protection we get

on our job without organization.

and which all wait impatiently to get.

Broadway, a millionaire's club.

he (ired me altogether.

lifteen minutes.

=R. W. a Young Worker.

New York, Jan. 21, 1931.

some time thru the activities of the left-wing leadership. The trade is composed mostly of American girls. again under the most horrible condiof the chairlady to settle the prices erful local of two or three thou-sand workers, which was the largest local in the Cloth, Hat, Cap and whatsoever. Why? Because there is no fighting voice in the right wing union today, where most organized trimmers find themselves. The workers are divided, the organizations are split up, and only a few hundred of labor they have accomplished the remain in the N.T.W.I.U. and the following: bulk of the workers are unorganized altogether.

> workers! We demand the organizaranks we will win! We know so from

JAIL FOR SELLING **LABOR PAPER**

Two Workers Get 6 Months For Selling "Daily Worker" In New York Subway

NEW YORK.—For selling the Daily Worker, the official organ of the Communist Party of the USA, two workers, Clarence Turner and Lorenzo Stokes, have been sentenced to six months in jail!

Magistrate Burke, who passed the sentence, declared that "he believed the defendants were actuated not by a desire to earn money but to agitate their views"-and since he does not agree with their views, hence the heavy sentences.

WHAT HAPPENED IN LOCAL be accepted, it could not protect the is any work or if there isn't), a group finances of the local from undesired of us were eating figs. Some of them The sentencing of these two workers is not a mere incident of the brutality of capitalist law. It is a part children. As a remedy for child labor it TEN, I.L.G.W.U.

ables, under the present administration. Nevertheless, this meeting convinced me that there is a great distance the principles which the policies and the principles which the Revolutionary Age stands for 1 think that what I am going to write about will be of great interest to about will be of great interest to all readers and sympathizers of your group, and of particular interest to those workers active in the needle to seem administration. Nevertheless, this meeting contains their hands.

The sentencing of these two workers is not a mere incident of the brutality of capitalist law. It is a part that after work no one can recognize if we are white or black or any other color! On the following day I heard a worker tell how she had picked up the duty figs and had given them all and given the mails and with the recent banning of five labor papers from the mails and with the group, and of particular interest to those workers active in the needle ed to show the worker how wrong

LONGSHORE STRIKE IN HAITI

me not to class them with Negrocs and that "dirt does not harm the Ne-CAPE HAITIAN, Haiti,-Since the longshoremen's strike here for an Althing (the Icelandic parliament) how nereases in wages rioting is quite common. An American marine was well beaten up by strikers and their sympathizers because he fired seversee that it helps the bosses divide the forces of the workers?

The many sees that it helps the bosses divide the picket duty.

ced the steamship companies to agree, after a conference with the Minister of Interior to increase the wages of he strikers to 50c an hour.

RUBIN BRAININ

in Boro Park HOW THE JEWS LIVE IN SOVIET RUSSIA" at Crystal Palace Friday Eve., Feb. 6, 1931, WILL SPEAK ON

4214 14th Ave, cor 42nd St. Brooklyn, N. Y. 8 P. M. Sharp Auspices Boro Park Workers

Youth Club

ARAKEL'S ARMENIAN RESTAURANT

MEET YOUR FRIENDS AT

116 Lexington Ave. - New York Phone: Bogardus 8498 Our specialty Shish Kebab and Artichoke

on Committees

SOLVING THE UNEMPLOYMENT PROBLEM — ENGINEERING THE GOVERNMENT — ASK FOR BREAD AND GET A COMMISSION — WHY THE PRESIDENT DOESN'T COM-The trimmers are left at the mercy of the bosses and we are working again under the most horrible conditions, all hours of the day. Instead of the chairlady to sattle the mises

(By Our Washington Correspondent)

During the two years that Herbert Clark Hoover has been president of the United States he has appointed twentysix commissions. During their two years

THE EMERGENCY UNEMPLOY-MENT COMMISSION has so far succeeded in providing employment enough Workers of Local 43! Must we for its own members, its director, Colonel be satisfied with conditions that prevail now and bow to the bosses again found conclusions as follows: "Concerning unemployment, the principal thing

demand a stop to these disruptive policies, and get down to work! We RENCE DELEGATION has reduced the need one union of all the millinery navy by a billion and a quarter for new

tion of the unorganized! Trimmers:
Back to the traditions of old Local
Back to the traditions of old Local
Back to the traditions of old Local
BNFORCEMENT COMMISSION, poda and unite our ranks! With united pularly known as the Wicked Sham Commission, has discovered in eighteen months of investigation that it will be dry on the first Tuesday in November

1932—If it isn't raining.

THE INTEROCEANIC CANAL COMMISSION has been flattening out Nicaragua so that it will be easier to build a canal there..., if Sandino will let them.
THE BATTLE OF MONONGAHE-

LA COMMISSION has not yet found out where Monongahela is.

THE FEDERAL POWER COMMIS-SION, with Power Trust agent George Otis Smith as its head, has gotten ap-pointed and now refuses to be disappoint-ed by the Senate. THE VETERANS ORGANIZATION

COMMITTEE found that the veterans budget will total over three billions. This paralyzed them as they cannot think of any figure greater than thirty a month. THE ADVISORY SHIPPING COM-MISSION, E. M. Hurley chairman, reports that ships will not take advice outside the twelve-mile limit.

THE FEDERAL TARIFF COMMIS-SION has gathered a mint of informa-tion from Mrs. Grundy. THE WHITE HOUSE CONFE-

RENCE ON CHILD HEALTH AND recommends that every child should have

wealthy grandparents.

THE RESEARCH COMMISSION ON SOCIAL TRENDS, Wesley C. Mitchell chairman, has decided that Mrs. Gann, sister of Vice-President Curtis, is to stand in front of all those who are behind her on the line which shakes the President's pump handle on New Years Day. THE COMMISSION TO STUDY

CONDITIONS IN HAITI says that all the Marines left in Haiti is conditions.
THE 100th ANNIVERSARY OF THE ALTHING COMMISSION sent Senator Norbeck to Iceland to tell the a Congress should be run. In the opinion of Norbeck the Althing Commission is the only one that did anything.

One commission took 75,000 words to tell us what they didn't find out. If Congress asks the Commissions about their findings, most of them have been gone so long that Congress will be lucky to find the Commissions. Congress is considering the proposal to appoint a whole new set of committees to investigate the commissions. It is obvious that Congress and the president are now on the right track to solve the unemployment problem. Pretty soon we'll all be working on commissions. Such ate the wondrous fruits of putting an engineer in the White House!

Your correspondent after many difficulties succeeded in getting the original of one of the committee reports exclusively for the AGE. Here it is:

THE WICKED SHAM REPORT We, the Wicked Sham Commis-

sion, hereby present a unanimous report. We are 7 members of which 11 are dissenting. By a vote of 6 to 6 it was decided that all decisions were unanimous. We consider that the 18th amendment is a big success but ain't working so well. The dry law is all wet. The drought made the rural districts so dry that it drove the farmers to drink, Old Lady Justice has gotten so cock-eyed drunk recently in New York that the bandage came off her left eye and she's winking outrageously at some high-priced magistrates. Our report may seem a little dry when you read it but when we wrote it we were drinking to 1932. Our members are drier than a dry martini. Our report speaks for itself. No one else can speak for it. Respectfully submitted,

The Wicked Sham Commission

-ETTORE MELLO

5 EAST 14th STREET

DANCE

SATURDAY NIGHT FEBRUARY 7th 1931

Admission 35c — Jazz King (all colored band)

Amalgamated Radio Service Stations

NEW YORK, N. Y.

Phone: Algonquin 4-1634

DANCE

with us on

NEW WORKERS SCHOOL

63 Madison Ave., Cor 27 Street

Some Basic Questions Answered

by Ben Gitlow

(Concluded from last issue) WHITHER NORMAN THOMAS

Question No. 2: "Why do you say that Norman Thomas is the extreme right wing! Just because he is a bourgeois but so was Marx and Lenin." Norman Thomas is the extreme

right wing in the S. P. not because he is a bourgeois but because he represents in the Socialist Party the sharpest break with everything a So cialist Party is supposed to stand for Norman Thomas advocates the liquidation of the Socialist Party into a petty-bourgeois liberal third party. He retains his membership in the Dewey organization (as the League for Independent Political Action). Norman Thomas is for general appeal to the "people", for abandoning the class struggle appeal to the working class. Norman Thomas is for relegating the fight for Socialism to the background favor of petty bourgeois reforms and campaigns for "clean" capitalist government. Norman Thomas is for American capitalist democracy as against working class rule. Norman homas believes in the possibility of the present imperialist U. S. government being an agency for peace. Norman Thomas is for the imperialist

World Court and League of Nations.
If space permitted I could quote
Norman Thomas himself to bear out each and every one of the above contentions. On the controversy in the S. P. Norman Thomas prefers to remain silent, except on one minor point so that he can continue his flirtation with the leftward movement. On the question of special trade union or-ganizers as advocated by the "Militants", he is quick to assure the right wing burocrats of the S. P. that he accepts their trade union position. Norman Thomas represents in the S P. ideologically those petty bourgeois left liberals who, with the watering down of the Socialist program, find an opportunity for their political philosophy and activity within the Socialist Party because it is impossi-ble for them to find expression within the two-party system of American capitalism. However, the first sunching of a petty bourgeois liberal third party will find Norman Thomas advocating the liquidation of the S. P. Failing in that he and his followers will align themselves with a liberal third party of capitalism. That is why we maintain Norman Thomas is the extreme right wing in the S. P.

LOGIC OF THE STRUGGLE

Question No. 4: You say that the "logical" road for us is to go to Communism. But how can you expect us to go in that way as the Daily Worker oills us fakers and worse things (see some articles by H. Ganes.) And if we go to the Communist Party won't we be thrown out again the next day because we don't agree with Stalin about something or other? Don't you think that this road is something of a blind alloy?

Some phases of this question I have already answered. The writer of the the "Militants", be expected to go to since 1927 was in the hands of the Communism if the Daily Worker Khaitas, Entykhiadi and Voreinesh calls them "fakers." Calling one a group, the group that had led in the faker does not make one a faker, . Communism is not the property of the Daily Worker, Nor does the stupidity ship formally accepted all the deci of the Daily Worker contribute to sions of the Comintern expressing the win adherents for Communism and now ultra-left course but it was obthe Communist Party. Its jesuitical vious that fundamentally they were air of being the holiest of the holy, in opposition to this course. In April of representing the only "kosher" brand of Communism in America and of considering all who do not bow in At this plenum there was a represenreverence to all its hombast and trashy empty phrase-mongering, as fakers is actually repelling many who are approaching the Communist movement. The letters of the "Militants"

But if you are travelling the road to Communism, if your convictions as Socialist leads you to the camp of Communism, then you owe it to the working class to stick by your convictions and not to ahanden them because a Communist paper (which should be intelligent and not stupid) persists in calling you names.

The question which the "Militants' as Socialists should face squarely is not what the Daily Worker says but what they themselves believe will bring about the liberation of the workers from capitalism. If the answer is Communism then it is the duty of the "Militants" to declare openly their beliefs, to champion them and to

But, says the writer of the letter, if we go to the Communist Party, the next day we will be thrown out if we don't agree with Stalin on something. don't agree with Stalin on something. Greece, published his declaration in Granted that the Stalin regime dom; the YCL paper, The Young Leninist. dist International. Written reports were inating the Communist International is responsible for a regime in the Communist Parties which does not permit expression of disagreement with its line within the organization. Granted that those who have dared to disagree with what they considered wrong policies strategy, tactics and methods have been expelled. Nevertheless, how can one take the position that this makes impossible a fight for principles. For the fight which the "Militants" are making in the Socialist Party it is not decisive whether Stalin leadership are angels or devils. It does not alter or determine the fight which the "Militants" are making for what they consider correct Socialist principles and policies. To take a position that it does, means really to go up a blind alley-hecause if the logic of the "Militants" fight, if it is a principled one, is leading them

to Communism and they come to the the tie which binds Communist Parconclusion that it is impossible for ties to an international organization hem to go to Communism because the Stalin regime is obnexious to them, of the world proletariat against world then to ahandon the course of their imperialism. The international charthen to ahandon the course of their struggle is for them to travel a road which leads them into the very positions against which they are fight-

ing today. The course of the Stalin regime should in no way change convinced revolutionary Socialists or Communists in their fundamental conceptions of the road of the working class in capitalist society and of the need of a revolutionary working class party, Communist Party.

The "Militants" have set themselves the goal of winning the Socialist Par-y for what they consider a program of revolutionary Socialism, and of converting the Socialist Party into a revolutionary Socialist Party based mon the class struggle. They cannot gnore the lessons which the revoluionary proletariat and the world Socialist movement gained from the Russian Revolution. They must therefore be prepared to follow courag-cously and determinedly the logic of he fight which they are waging.

The "Militants", I am sure, are not raive political babies who are satis-"ied with just sticking out their tonrues at Papa Hillquit and Grandma Oneal. If they are a little spanking vill put them in their proper places. lurely they must be asking themelves where they are heading to. The etters of the "Militants" indicate hey are vaguely beginning to realize that they are approaching the Communist movement. But they are in a them "fakers" and the Stalin regime wants only puppets and will not tolerate in the Communist Party fighters with convictions. This is the tragedy of the present crisis in the Communist International. The setting up of puppet leaderships is not the method of Communism. It is wrong Communist policy. Nor is the mechanical application of decisions and policies without variations and with utter disregard to the actual conditions of the various countries (which characterizes the practice of the Communist International today) Communist policy. Unless a Communist Party is rooted in the soil of the country in which it operates it cannot hope to be the leader of the revolution of the exploited and oppressed masses against its own capitalist class. This

which unites the revolutionary forces acter of the struggle against capitalism and the need for international ac-tion on the part of the exploited and the oppressed masses makes the organization of the Communist Interna-

tional imperative.

It is true the Stalin regime is expelling Communists who are insistant upon the strict adherence to the prerequisites for the building up of the Communist movement in the United These Communists want a party that is part of the American workers not built on empty phrases and bombast. They want a party rooted in the workers organizations with influence and prestige among the masses in America. They want a party that builds upon American con ditions and needs.

How can we achieve this? By giving up the idea of a revolutionary working class party, a Communist party, because the Stalin regime is today following a wrong course? I am sure this is not the way.

The most urgent need today is for a united Communist movement. Only thru such a united movement pursuing Communist policies based upor the actual objective situation in the country can the masses be mobilized for decisive revolutionary battles against capitalism. If not for the course of the Stalin regime today there would be no hestitation and doubt on the part of many "Militants" to follow the logic of their present struggle in the Socialist Party. They would be very clear in perspective They would find their way easily into the Communist movement,

The best guarantee for a united Communist movement is a large determined conscious force of Communist fighters who fight for their con-victions in spite of the great odds and tremendous difficulties which confront them.

To the "Militants" I therefore say Carry on your fight as principled fighters, regardless of where it leads you to. Hold firm to your convic-tions—then your fight will be effec-tive. Then I am sure you will find yourselves eventually in the ranks of the Communist movement fighting to gether with us for its unification and for building it up as a mighty force that will lead the workers in the United States against the citadels of owever does not imply a cutting of

Comrade Khaitas himself is

In the

THE PROGRESSIVES AND THE COMMUNISTS

An analysis of the character of the CPLA and the relations of the Communists to it.

Δ ·*· Δ THE LESSONS OF THE DRESS STRIKE PREPARATIONS

A critique of the ruinous course

NEWS OF THE INTERNATION: AL COMMUNIST STRUGGLE Important developments is

France, Switzerland and India. WHERE SHOULD THE NEGRO

TURN? A discussion of the question Should the American Negro ally himself with the white capitalists or with the white workers?

Δ * Δ WHAT NOW IN THE WORK MEN'S CIRCLE?

A review of recent developments in the Jewish fraternal organiza-

whole columns to abuse against Khaitas.

The Khaitas group is quite strong in the Party. It is particularly strong in the YCL. It has the support of the national leadership of the YCL and of the majority of the Salonika mem-The Polhuro of the CC of the Party has just issued a declaration officially ordering the liquida-tion of the CC of the Young Communist League and instructing all units and districts of the League to deal directly with it! The burocratic course of expulsion and destruction

is beginning.

The nucleus of Party members in the polical prison at Aegina has adopted a resolution condemning both the Khailas opposition and the Party leadership as "right wingers" and opportunists. The Party leadership ad recently declared that altho "all objective conditions for mass general political strikes exist, the subjective conditions are not present." This is attacked by the political prisoners at Aegina as "real opportunism."

The situation in Greece is further complicated by the existence of two separate Trotskyists groups. The older one, the Archio-Marxists, has considerable contacts with workers but its program is hopelessly sectarian. The new Trotskyist group, the Spartakist group, stands in violent opposition to the Archio-Marxists, whom it accuses of being "bitter enemies of the working class." Both swear by Trotsky. The Spartakist Trotsky) against the Archio-Marx-

Problems of the Negro Masses

Coming Issues The Negro Worker and Labor

A Review of "The Black Worker" by Spero and Harris

Columbia University Press. New York, 1930.

It would be quite impossible in a brief review of this sort to present followed by the leaders of the NTWIU in preparing for the dress strike and formulating decisions. There is enough material in dress strike and formulating defit to make many books. But the mands for it. $\Delta \quad * \quad \Delta$ $\Delta \quad * \quad \Delta$ thook. There is enough material in it to make many books. But the subject is so carefully developed and the general unity of conception so thoroly maintained that even in sections of the subject is so carefully developed and the general unity of conception so thoroly maintained that even in sections. tions that are virtually independent the general thread is not broken .

The authors begin with a brief ex amination of the Heritage of Slavery The study of the Aftermath of Slavcry serves as the transition to the real subject of the book, the Negro worker in the era of industrial capi-

The description of the changing re-lations of the Negro worker in the period of the rise of trade unionism after the Civil War is one of the best parts of the book. The main theme of this section of the work is how the heritage of slavery and the strictly ereff changes of the risthe strictly craft character of the rising trade union movement built up a formidable wall of separation between the organized American labor move-ment and the Negro, to the inestimable damage of the cause of both Nowhere have we seen such a ruth-lessly true depiction of the havocspreading effects of race prejudice ipon the minds of the American vorkers.

On the other hand, the authors pic ture in an eminently fair manner, the careful fostering of an anti-labor anti-labor activities

THE BLACK WORKER, by Sterling | (strike-breaking) among the back- | ism" (Communism) as mere abstract D. Spero and Abram L. Harris. ward Negro workers by the Negro "community leaders", the preachers the teachers, the politicians, under the false flag of "racial consciousness".

> To offset the dark picture painted in Part II (The Negro Worker and the Rise of Trade Unionism) we have (Industrial Unionism and Labor Solidarity) in which the story of the struggle of the progressive and radical unions (I.W.W., the United Mine Workers, the unions in the ncedle trades and food industry, etc.) to organize the Negro workers on the basis of the fullest equality is told with understanding and sympathy.
>
> The final section (Part V) of the

book deals with Negro Labor Since the War. It considers the rise of "economic radicalism" (i.e. Communism) among Negro intellectuals in the North: .. traces the relations between Socialism, Communism and the Ne gro; it concludes with a provoking but altogether inconclusive chapter on The Negro Community and the Labor Movement.

This Part V is unquestionably the veakest portion of the book and precisely because of the failure of the authors to understand the real bear ings of the proletarian revolutionary movement upon the Negro question and upon the relations between the Negro workers and the labor move ment in particular. Of course the book is thoroly pro-labor in spiritbut a certain clarity is lacking. The authors conceive "economic radical

now expelled or removed! etc.

The whole basis of this committee

was to unite the militant forces in

the textile industry on a correct fight-

ing program as the only force possible to carry on the struggle against the textile barons. The manifesto clearly stated: Do not be discouraged by the bar of the textile barons.

by the bad conditions within the NI

WU! After all the NTWU is not

like the A. F. of L. It is the only tex-

tile workers union with a militant history, with the possibility of carry-

ing on a fight for better conditions against the textile harons."

At the last meeting Vera Buch and I proposed the following motions:

1. That we continue our orienta

tions to put fight into the NTWU as

the sole organization possible to lead

the struggle. That we affirm our program. That we demand unity of the National Textile Workers Union

forces and reinstatement of those ex-

"2. That we advise the workers to

That we prepare the workers

join the NTWU and to fight for our

the UTW and the Associated Silk

(Continued on Page 4)

policies inside.

ing at things from the outside, mis-take the "official" brand of Communism dominating the Communist International and the American Communist Party today (and only tem-porarily!) with its ultra-left non-sense and phantastic phrases, for the Communist strategy and tactics as developed by Lenin and championed by the Communist International for many years. Naturally such an error inevitably disorientates the uninitiated observer and leads to serious confusion.

preaching of the "good times coming"

and therefore express pronounced scepticism (the not opposition) as to its future among the Negroes.

The truth seems to be that the au-

Some important questions emerge

out of consideration of this book. The

thors, as bourgeois intellectuals look-

primary question, in my opinion, is the problem of the social race projudice ("white chauvinism"). The old explanation of a "natural antipathy" of races is so palpably absurd that only the Ku Kluxers (in the universities and out) and the orthodox Garveyites still cling to it. Our authors envisage the whole matter as a mere, heritage from: slave times. Unquestionably this is a serious element in the situation. Only the most vulgar pseudo-Marxist would depreciate the historical efficacy of social tradition. But it should be anparent that so vital a force as race prejudice remains until today, cannot be merely an historical there must be something in the contemporary social environment on which it feeds and out of which it gains sustenance. A Marxist analysis of the question, based upon a thorostudy of historical experience, leads to the conclusion that, under canitalism, racial subjection becomes an important point of support and auxiliary for the class domination of the bour-geoisie. Therefore racial prejudice becomes an integral part of the ruling ideology of bourgeois society which is imbibed by the dominant race (and in an inverted slave form, by the subject race) thru almost every contact in social life. This is an objective historical process, and not primarily the deliberately conceived plan of the capitalists, altho, as Spero and Harris themselves give countless examples to prove, it is an important part of the class war strategy of the bourgeoisie to consciously sow dissension in the ranks of the laboring masses. But race prejudice permeates the whole of American society precisely because it is an important element of the system of economic exploitation and social subjection which is the embodiment of the deep-

The darkest page in the history of the American organized labor move-ment is its shameful attitude of antipathy and discrimination against the black worker. And yet it is in-evitable. For American labor has, by and large, always been and still remains bourgeois-minded; this is the sign of its backwardness. And virulent race prejudice is a constituent element of the real American bourgeois outlook. Added to race prejudice, which marks the influence of the bourgeoisie upon the working class, we have what the authors of this book never tire of pointing out, the "narrow and exclusive craft structure and opportunist ~hilosophy of American trade unionism" (p.461). The Negro is almost exclusively an unskilled laborer: why should the eraft unions of skilled workers "bother" about him? The Negro is oppressed, underprivileged and unbelievably exploited: why should the opportunists who are out to maintain the modern slave system for the sake of few crumbs to some privileged strata of labor, "bother" about him?

est class interests of the bourgeoisie.

And yet the problem of breaking down the wall between the Negro worker and the organized labor movement is of vital importance not only to the former but even more to the latter-as the authors well realize What is the road leading out of the darkness? It is the road of the revolutionary class struggle, of Commun-From the analysis of causes made by the authors themselves, the integration of the Negro working masses into the trade union movement can only take place thru:

1. The dissination of the poisonous clouds of race prejudice in the minds of the white workers. This may be accomplished not only (and not mainly) by propaganda and en-lightenment but primarily in the white heat of the class struggle. The fraternization of white and colored workers in South during strikes, however hesitating, uncertain, and unstable, is a straw in the wind.

2. The organization of the unorganized workers and the substitution of industrial unionism for the outworn structure of craft unionism.

3. The dissipation of bourgeois influence upon the working class (that is: opportunism) and the replacement of the conservative pro-capitalist spirit of the A. F. of L. by a spirit of militant unionism based upon labor solidarity and the class struggle.

But are not these among the aims of the Communist movement?

This book is the best that has yet appeared on the subject. This may seem a rash statement to make considering the volume of literature on the Negro worker but I believe that

THE CRISIS IN THE GREEK PARTY

Rebellion Against the Ruinous Ultra-Left Course

The crisis in the Communist Party | phrase-mongering. of Greece, which has been developing in a painful and distorted form, has now burst out into the open and the development is taking a new turn.

The leadership of the Greek Part struggle against the liquidators as well as the Trotskyites. This leader 1930, took place a plenum of the Cenbral Committee of the C. P. of Greece tative of the ECCI who was commissioned to put thru the new course in Greece. The appropriate resolutions were "adopted" and the Khaitas group became a minority—condemned as a "right wing" bloc. The May Day actions of the C. P. of Greece were a complete debacle-the first fruits of the new course. At the same ime the Comintern and the new Greek Party leadership insisted on initiating the policy of "mass general politica strikes." The Red federation of la or (Unitary Confederation of Labor) puffered a series of losses and defeats nd became reduced to a skeleton. Khaitas immediately raised his voice against such adventurist tactics. In International strike Khaitas demanded that the cisions and policies. united front tactics with the reformist unions be established. The differ-

We do not have Khaitas' declaration available but from the polemic against him in the official Party press it appears that some of the main contentions are the following:

1. It is necessary to review and reexamine all the decisions of the III Plenum of the Communist Party of Greece (held April 1930).

The general tactical slogans of the Party and especially the slogan of "mass general political strikes" at Party wrecking ultra-left course. The the present time, must be scrapped.

3. The basic tactical line of the

Party must be steered away from ul-

tra-leftism. Otherwise ruin faces the

5. The estimation of the economic and nolitical situation as made by the III Plenum and by the ECCI repre sentative at this plenum must be reexamined. 6. The recent decisions of the Com-

He branded the new course of the Party as anarcho-syndicalist and cs-

sentially ultra-left. This declaration of the leading theoreticians of the became the occasion for an open out-burst of inner-Party struggle. The Party paper, Rizospastis, devotes Gommunist works in Greek.

TEXTILE WORKERS MUST UNITE A Statement and Answer Reinstate the workers and fighter

We publish below the statement | sent in by Comrades Weisbord and Buch to the REVOLUTIONARY Buch to the REVOLUTIONARY AGE. In the next issue we will publish the declaration of the Textile Unity Committee, explaining its policy and exposing the sectarian course of Comrade Weisbord.

In connection with Comrade Weisbord's statement we publish an ar-ticle by Comrade Eli Keller which represents the viewpoint of the Textile Unity Committee.

On Saturday January 10 the Textile Unity Committee of the National Textile Workers Union met to consider the situation in Paterson and the tasks of our committee. At this meeting those members of the committee who were also members of the Communist Party (Majority Group-Lovestone), brought forth a whole propositions calculated to group has just appealed to the Inchange entirely our original program ternational Left Opposition Buro on which the Textile Unity Committee of the NTWU had been built.

ists. The sectarian character of the Spartakist group is shown by their festo of the Textile Unity Commit-recent programmatic declaration tee of the NTWU had called on the recent programmatic declaration to fine Jextue Unity Committee of the NTWU had called on the against any sort of parliamentarian activity on the part of the Communications and the following the mass meetings which we call we slogans:

Raise the struggle against the tex tile barons!

Put Fight into the National Textile Workers Union! Save the National Textile Worwers Union from destruction!

In this very brief article we cannot go into details of the reports of the various delegates. An estimate of the problem's aced by the International Communist Opposition as well as an examination of he authook for Communist reconstruction I will attempt to give in a future article. Let it be sufficient for me to say for the present that as a result of the International Conference and its establishment of the International Communist Opposition Center the light for the reconstruction and reunification of the Communist International, which was and remains our only world party of Communism, our ONLY Communist International, will be waged more corectly, more effectively, with greater spirit, and more determina-

The international platform, or program action, finally adopted, is a powerful guide for the revolutionary workers in contradistinction to the ruinous, ultraleft hodge-podge of constant "turns" and 'twists" by the present leadership of the Executive Committee of the Communist International. The publication of a monthly political theoretical organ by our international forces, will go a long way towards strengthening our forces ideolog cally and towards breaking down the anti Leninist course of the official line. It its manifesto to the world's workers, to the members of the Comintern, to the present official leadership, the Internaional Communist Opposition conference struck a very healthy note for Communist unity, for working class unity against the reactionary capitalist offensive, against the impending imperialist world war, and for an effective and victorious defense of the Union of Socialist Soviet Repubics, the centre of inspiration and strength of the world proletarian revolution.

Practical steps to set up the necessary rganizational machinery were also taker o insure cooperation in international struggles, exchange of opinions, and in-creasing co-ordination of our efforts for Communist unity in the revolutionary

lass struggle.
All in all, the First International Conerence of the Communist Opposition is ie most effective move yet made to bring back the international Communist move ment to the Leninist line, to reunite the Communist International and to hasten 4. The real danger to the Communism to the ist movement in Greece today comes from the ultra-left "radicalism", from "left" opportunism, from "lef

The First International Conference

The First International Conference of the Communist Opposition met at a de cisive historical moment. For the world working class this moment can be characterized thru these main features: Pirst, practically the entire capitalist world is floundering in the depths of a severe economic crisis. Secondly, the war danger has reached the acutest stage since the Armistice of 1918. Thirdly, the Communist International today finds itself paralyzed insofar as international working class leadership is concerned. It is in the light of these all-important events that the first world conference of the Communist connection with the tohacco workers worked, planned, and arrived at its de-

For three days (December 15, 16, 17) ences of opinion reached such a pitch delegates representing the Communist that Khaitas demanded the right to Oppositions of Germany, France (Alpresent his views in the press to the present his views in the press to the sace-Lorraine). Sweden, United States Party membership. Of course, the Switzerland, Czecho-Slovakia, and Nor urcerats ruining the Greek Party re- way (fraternal) met in Berlin and thofused. Thereupon, Khaitas, who had roly examined the international situation the support of the Central Committee the crisis in the world Communist moveof the Young Communist League of ment and the problems and tasks of resubmitted from Austria, Finland, Italy. and Canada whence, for legal and financial reasons, delegates were prevented from coming.

> The significance of this conference annot be overestimated. It marked a decisive point of development in the struggle for the reconstruction of the Communist International. It laid the basis for effective, active cooperation of Ithe Communist forces in the various coun tries expelled for fighting against the spirit of the conference, the manner of discussion, the way in which decisions were arrived at, showed how healthy were



SOME OF THE OPPOSITION PAPERS

Some of the papers of the Communist Oppositions in Germany, Sweden France, Switzerland, Czechoslovakja, the U.S.A., etc. are shown above

not fear the heavy factional hand of the short, the atmosphere and conditions predict reconstruction into a mighty world leadership, or the forces momentarily in vailing at the conference were in forthy party of the revolutionary proletarial

Revolutionary Age

Published Weekly by the
Revolutionary Age Assn., 63 Madison Ave., New York, N. Y.

JAX LOVESTONE, Editor B. D. WOLFE, Associate Editor
WILL HERBERG, Managing Editor ALEX BAIL, Business Mgr.

Organ of the National Council of the
COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE U. S. A. (Majority Group)

BEN GITLOW, Sccretary
Subscription rates: Foreign \$3.50 a year—\$2.00 six mos.—Domestic \$2.50

a year; \$1.50 six mos.; 5 cents a copy.

Application for second class entry pending

Vol. II, No. 10

February 7, 1931

WAR-WHAT FOR? AGAINST WHOM?

A MERICA'S "greatest" newspapers are now making big features out of war memoirs. Some are boosting Pershing's war story. Others are hailing Foch's. Why this sudden putting on the market of such stale

"Not so stale" would be the only answer of the observers looking beneath the surface. This craze for "war memoirs" is only part, and not the most important part, of the war preparations now being made by the Wall Street ruling class. Popularize once more the war heroes, draw lessons from the shortcomings and failures of the military machine of the last war, more preparedness and a better military machine for the next war! That is what the "best minds", those who count in the United States, aim to achieve thru this vast militaristic publicity scheme.

No capitalist statesman or diplomat now dares deny the seriousness of the danger of a new world war. Some still pretend to hide its imminency. The best and most that Sir Eric Drummond, Secretary General of the League of Nations, could say is that "war is not imminent" and that he could not "give an absolute affirmation that war will not break out in the future". And the pillars of his peace guarantee rest on the shadows and nightmares of the League of Nations and the Kellogg Pact!

But we must take our hats off to Roger Babson, one of Wall Street's most successful and prosperous soothsayers. Mr. Babson spoke quite plainly about war the other day. Not only did he say was the world very near another war, but he emphasized that THE SOONER IT WOULD COME THE BETTER. Babson developed the idea that if war would come right away it wouldn't be so bad, but that if it is put off too long it "probably couldn't accomplish much in the interests of peace because the horrors of the World War would have been forgotten.

At last, we have it. "Let's have another LAST war and the soone we get over with it, the sooner will we have another LASTING peace." This is what the capitalists would have us believe. Surely, not having anything to remember, the capitalist class has nothing to forget of the horrors of the last imperialist war. Of course, the proletarian victory in Russia is one horror which the exploiters always associate with the last war and which they can never forget.

Where will the next war start? We know the capitalist system is swollen sick with imperialist war germs. This is the iron logic of the very mechanics of capitalist production and exchange. Which germ? on which frontier? between which capitalist powers will war break first? That cannot be told definitely at each and every moment. Particularly when there are so many sources of infection. Babson thinks Italy and France will fire the first guns. However, William Philip Simms, Scripps-Howard Foreign Editor, is far more correct when, in listing the eight leading war sources, he places the danger of the war against the Soviet Union as the first and greatest.

For us workers, for us Communists, the time is drawing rapidly nearer when our fight against imperialist war will have to assume proportions far more serious than even the most intense propaganda campaign. The great momentum with which the wage cuts are now proceeding is only un integral part of the war preparations. It's the tightening of the screws on the workers just prior to letting loose the infernal forces of capitalist

TEXTILE WORKERS MUST UNITE

(Continued from Page 3) Workers Union in Paterson."

the followers of Lovestone. They decided to scrap the old program and to adopt an entirely different one, one that stood for the liquidation of the NTWU and for a united front with the UTW and the Associated only in the NTWU for readmission, etc. Silk Workers officials, thus splitting the Textile Unity Committee of the NTWU.

We wish to declare therefore that we have nothing more to do with a ty members and are continuing the Party roomnittee with such a program as now adopted. The committee is no more a committee to put fight into and to build up the NTWU but a ment so powerful that they cannot but committee to help the A. F. of L. and the Muste fakers to sell out and to betray the workers.

— ALBERT WEISBORD

VERA BUCH

The test of a revolutionist is not in what he says but in what he does. Precisely before the coming strike in Paterson which would have given the Textile Unity Committee its first opportunity to conditions of the workers (wage cuts show what it can do to unify the workers, precisely at this time and precisely on the quection of unity, has Comrade Althe Textile Unity Committee.

OUR PAST MISTAKES

For one year the Textile Unity Committee has been in existence. In all this time there were no serious differences. But for all that we accomplished very little. Why? First of all, we orientated ourselves too exclusively upon the Na sure upon their leaderships for the unitional Textile Workers Union (the TU ty of all textile workers and their organi-UL union-Editor). The burocracy imposed upon this union by the present gle for better conditions, on the basis leadership of the Communist Party proved very efficient in destroying the union and expelling its best elements. In fact, so efficient did they prove that they practically destroyed the union entirely. The second factor was our lack of financial support and resources. The third element was our failure to broaden out. Thruout our existence hitherto we remained the same small group. All we could do was to stand by and to see the NTWU wrecked and destroyed; we were helpless in coming to the defense of the organization of which we were the founders and of the textile workers gen-

At the beginning it was certainly correct for us to concentrate out fight within the NTWU. But what has happened in the last year? Because of the course of policy of the new leadership of the most nothing. In New Bedford the N went with us to struggle. But if he re-TWU had well over 5,000 dues paying fuses, the textile workers will fight on members; now there are only 35 left! In Fall River the union had some organization; now there is none. In Paterson there were 500 dues paying members; now no more than 50. In Allentown,

I in the Anthracite, and in the South there were organizations; now there are none These motions were voted down by The union has not even one member in these textile territories! This is what has become of the National Textile Workers

> only in the NTWU for readmission, etc (as Comrade Weisbord proposes), is to light in an increasingly less important cause. The 50 members in Paterson and the 37 in New Bedford are mainly Parment so powerful that they cannot but help be convinced.

OUR PROPOSALS FOR UNITED ACTION

What were the propositions upor vhich Weisbord found it necessary to break away from the Textile Unity Com-mittee? We proposed the following: 1. That we call a mass meeting in

Paterson to take up the present bad long hours, etc.). 2. That at this meeting we also point

out the role that the leaders of the varbert Weisbord chosen to split away from lous textile unions have been playing (the class-collaboration policies of the UTW officials; the self-out agreement of the Associated last year; the phrasemongering coupled with sectarianism and expulsion on the part of the new leaders of the NTWU, etc.)

3. That we call upon the workers in all of these organization to bring presentions on the basis of a common strugof a general strike in Paterson in the next

4. That we draw in the unemployed textile workers and that special demands of the unemployed be made part of our

(ew weeks.

fighting program.

That Weisbord saw fit to break on these points shows: first, that he does not know how to apply the tactics of the united front and secondly, that he is co-

WE WILL FIGHT ON!

We, the workers of the Textile Works ers Unity Committee, who must come face to face with the bosses every day, who feel the whip of speed-up and wage cuts, who are not interested in petty polities, we want to fight! Comrade Weisbord would have been an asset if he many times before. Our Committee still stands firm on the basis of the broadest united action of all textile workers.

ELI KELLER

Fascism on the Rampage

Germany at the Crossroads

by Jay Lovestone

(Continued from Page 1)

cess in the last elections, when the "Nazi" (Fascist) vote rose from 800,000 to 61/2 million. Let no one make the mistake. It is not so much from the inflamed, disgruntled, defeated war veterans that Hitler draws his support, as from the youth of Germany.

The youth, so full of energy and so anxious about its future, is being swept into the camp of Fascism. Worse than this. Fascism is winning a foothold in the ranks of the workers. This is the lesson of the Fascist victory in the industrial centers of Thuringia and Saxony. The workers are becoming disillusioned with the Social Democracy. The Communist Party sectarian

HITLER VICTORIOUS!



Adolph Hitler, leader of the German Fascists, leaves the Court triumphant after having given testimony in the case of the two young Fascists in the Reichswehr. Note the young worker giving the Fascist salute, the priest near Hitler, the smiling bourgeois on the other side and the working girl selling papers. This is typical of the class composition of the Fascist movement.

line and leadership do not inspire them. They despair. In such a hopeless mood they either drift to the "Nazis" or are swept in by the wave of enthusiasm in which the Hitlerites have been engulfed. There have even been cases when whole official Communist Party units -and not only individual Social Democratic workershave gone over to the Fascist Party. Of course, the petty-bourgeois, nationalistic official policy of the Communist Party towards the Versailles Treaty and Young Plan have been only grist to the Fascist mill. It is such non-Communist tactics and principles, couched in left phrases, that have paved the way straight to Fascism for hundreds of thousand of workers.

German Fascism has skillfully and demagogically utilized certain workingelass shibboleths to attack and fool workers. "Bread and Freedom", "Against the Oppressors", "For the Exploited", often appear in the headlines of the Fascist press. The "Nazis" have even taken over some of our revolutionary melodies and given Fascist words to them. They are contesting all factory elections in order to win away the masses from the Social-democrats and the Communists. In the Berlin metal trades strike the "Nazis" put up their own pickets and pretended to fight against the wage

The official Communist Party and many workers in other countries have been suffering from the illusion that German Fascism is only a bubble, which will soon break, is only a shadow which would soon disappear. Thus, the Rote Fahne declared on September 16: "September 14 was the high watermark of the NASDP (Fascist) movement in Germany. After this, only decline and disappearance from the scene will fol-

How dangerously wrong this analysis was is now only too painfully clear.

Since September 15 Fascism has been growing more aggressive and stronger day by day. Not a day passes even in Berlin, where the Communist Party got the bigest vote in the last elections, that the Fascists don't make a murderous attack on Communists or Socialdemocratic workers. In every local election held since September, the Fascists have made terrific gains. Look at the very recent Bremen municipal elections swept by the Fascists. The best brains of the old military machine are directing the Fascist operations. The most virile forces of the monarchists are their guiding hands. The heavily-laden gold sacks of the biggest trust capitalists fill their war chests. Planfully and

determinedly Fascism is marching on in Germany. Let me cite but a few of the latest events which are the handwriting on the wall. The "Notverordnung" of December (the legislation for new taxes on everyday needs of the workers) was only a further step towards the Fascist abyss. The very building of the Bruening government, the "Notverordnung" of last July, the September 14 election results and putting into force the Hindenburg dictatorship provisions of Article 48all of these are only points of advance towards open Fascist rule.

FASCISM AND WAR—AGAINST THE SOVIET

In some circles—unfortunately especially in the highest official councils of the Communist Internationalthere is the illusion that once German Fascism wins, a war between French and German imperialism will follow over the revision of the Versailles Treaty, This is a terrible and dangerous illusion. The Fascists may still use certain bombastic phrases against French imperialism. But the moment they win, that moment they will come to terms with France. The French bankers will buy them, remove them as a source of opposition, and make the Hitlerites the banner-bearers of a new unholy alliance against Bolshevism, against the Soviet Union. We must remember that in the event Fascism does win, it will not be without terrifically bitter protracted resistance from millions of class conscious workers in Germany. French money and military help will be badly needed by the Hitlerites. A deal will be made between the Hitlers and the Tardieus and Briands against the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. As evidence we need but cite the recent Hitler-Herve negotiations in which they pledged themselves to have France and Germany "save the world from Bolshev-ism". The articles of Jules Sauerwein, the noted French journalist, bearing an official mark, gave the same plan. And most important of all is the Paris report by Informatus (December 20th) to the Bergverkzeitung, highly influential organ of the Rhine Wesphalian industrialists, that the "Comite des Forges", the governing body of French heavy industry and really of France itself, is prepared to have France get together with Germany, give it credit, close a commercial agreement, and form an air-tight Franco-German military alliance.

A WORLD MENACE

For the workers of the world, the German events are of inestimable importance. A German Fascist victory means a smashing of the powerful Communist Party of Germany, the destruction of the mighty trade union movement and labor organizations, and consequently the opening of the free road thru Germany for a united imperialist onslaught against the Soviet Union. For such a "concession" French and British

BRUENING IN THE TOILS!



The film, "All Quiet on the Western Front", which Chancellor Bruening recently banned at the behest of the Fascists, turns into the Fascist snake stifling the Chancellor,

imperialism are prepared tomorrow to make any revision of the Young Plan and the Versailles Pact. For this the workers of the world would more than pay for it with their lives, with their blood, with their money-perhaps with the greatest victory they have ever won-the victorious proletarian revolution in

The whole question of the world-wide significance of the menace of German Fascism is forcefully and correctly placed by Gegen den Strom, organ of the Communist Party of German (Opposition) when it says:

"The question whether the German labor movement will be trampled by Fascism, or march on, strengthened by the flames of the revolutionary mass struggles, is of the most far-reaching international significance. A victory for Fascist reaction in Germany would be a gigantic triumph for world reaction, would be an unheard of defeat for the whole fighting world proletariat, and above all an immeasurable menace to the victorious struggle of the heroic working class of the Soviet Union. A victorious struggle of the German working class movement against Fascism would lend new momentum, new spirit and confidence, new energy, to the entire international labor movement.

The Economic Week

THE artificial "optimism" campaign is gaining momentum.

However, there are no facts to back up the rosy claims. At best there seems to be stagnation. The latest survey on business issued by the American Federation of Labor emphatically declares that "re-

show that the country is on the road to recovery". The last quarterly report of the U.S. Steel Corporation did not help the "sunshine" movement. The rise in steel continues less than seasonal. The sundry company earnings reports show a falling off of 24% for the ports from industry do not yet last quarter of 1930. This has fur- ago.

ther depressed the stock market. Bank clearings continue to fall below last year's records. Failures, while somewhat lower than in the first three weeks of the year, are still very numerous. This week shows 660 bankrupteies as against 545 the corresponding week a year



The Modern Quarterly, Vol. V No. 4, Winter 1930-31. Baltimore, Md,

Aside from the significant article by Sidney Hook, there seems to be very little of consequence accomplished in the symposium "Marxism and Social Change^h (Modern Quarterly, Vol. 5, No. 4), except the highly efficient annihilation of Max Eastman as a "theoretician" (God save the mark!). Tho this is done in a satistory manner, it is a very poor substitute f or the original job on hand. Eastman is slaughtered pleasantly by Calhoun, laboriously by Boudin, ig-norantly by Waldo Frank, and most trenchantly by Hook (altho he doesn't mention Eastman or his arguments once.) Eastman certainly remains slaughtered. If he ever raises his voice again to discuss Marxism and Leninism, it will only be to arouse aughter and derision.

So interesting (because easy) does the gentle sport of Eastman-killing prove, that the original object of the symposium seems to be forgotten altogethes as far as a good many of the contributors are concerned. Yet some important points in the examination of Marxism can be found.

Prof. John Dewey unburdens himself of some platitudes in regard to the relation between historical factors and the human will and the importance of conscious human desire and determination in effecting social change and then says in effect: "Idon't know much about Marx or Marxism, so I can't say much about it. But it seems to be an important thing anyway." This exhausts his contribution. Max Eustman's contribution is

practically a rehash in briefer form of a few of the essentials of his now famous venture of recent memory Marx and Lenin and the Science of Revolution (in a review of which, by the way, in a past issue of the Quarterly, Hook nakedly revealed East man's abysmal ignorance of Marxism). Eastman talks in the same scatter-brained fashion about "modern science" and "modern psychology" and "engineering" and the necessity for a "fundamental revision" of Marx along Lenin and Lenin along Eastman. Eastman has the colossal gall (such gall can only be bred of pure ignorance) to speak of Engels Anti-Duchring as "naive." Eastman's own ideology seems to be a vul-gar worship of the breezy "efficiency engineering" psychology of the American business man plus a smattering of the latest fads of current "scien-Engels; this the improver of Marx! out for yourself!

Louis Boudin strives to recapture the old learned and sophisticated-Marxist manner-but not quite successfully. The easy job of annihilating Eastman is done in a workmanike way, but beyond this Boudin's contribution is rather a dud. He places the problem clearly enough: the reexamination of Marxism in the light of the experiences of the Rusfessional centrists of Boudin's type are doomed.

Sidney Hook is the only one who comes to grips with his subject. He has obviously read widely and thought of Chaucer's "Canterbury Tales" for deeply. He has a keen mind and a safety trade. It is not always possible. clear style. It is not always possible to agree with him in what he says but it is always necessary to listen carefully and ponder his arguments. He never descends to platitudes and his criticism is totally free of the vulgar pettiness of the superior bourgeois and revisionist critics. True, there occasionally crops up a subtle manifestation of the detached professorial balance-sheet attitude, or the attitude of a Columbus discovering new lands (he should remember there was a Lief Ericson). But these are relatively small matters to carp at. In his contribution to this symposium series of eleven theses on the nature and significance of Marxism. It would be absurd for us to attempt to express a definite opinion as to the validity of these theses on the basis of the extremely schematic formula- Kardonick Phillips fed 3,500 men, wowill be worth waiting for.

There are two other contributors to 55 years? the symposium: one, Henri De Man, the Belgian ex-Marxist, of whom the less said the better, and S. D. Schmalhausen, the co-editor of the Quarterly. The latter describes a few remarks. He is a sort of "independent" bumptious "revolutionary" Menken. ing. ism" is of course the longest and most pretentious of the symposium. What is true in his offering is nothing new for anybody who ever learned the A.B.C. of Communism course. But it is not surprising in one who not so long ago called upon East- sing! man to become the rallying center of a revival (read: revision) of independent "Marxist" critical thought, that his article abounds in fundament errors, typical Eastman "bits". There is the same categoric separation and qualitative differentiation between Marxism and Leninism; the same insistence upon Marxism as a theory of automatic fatalism; the same interpretation of Leninism as a corrective upon Marxism in the direction of emphasis upon action and will, and finally his cart before ture of society is accomplished. This the horse anti-Marxist idea of fundamentally changing the psychology, pianism; this is the logic of antithe ideology of the masses before any basic change in the economic struc-



More Blessed To Give Than To Receive

Senator Bingham has found a good eason for the government's criminal activity in the face of mass hunger, "Isn't t better", he asks, "to follow the regular American procedure and give the people a chance to feel the joy of giving voluntarily"? We'd like to try that pro-cedure on the paying of Senatorial sal-

It Might Get Hurt

Can you picture a manufacturer puting idle machinery out in the street in hopes that the Red Cross will maintain it?

They Should Get Dinner Next '

The governors of cleven oil producing states have called an oil relief conference. There will be no dole and no bread line elief as they do not want to pauperize he poor oil man. In place of selling apples they are going to help out their present desperate dividend difficulties by the sale of banana oil,

Virtue Is Rewarded

When Rockefeller, Mellon and others contribute heavily to Republican campaign funds, they are making an investment which costs them nothing and yields a big profit. Contributions from \$7 to \$50,000 bring income tax rebates of from \$50,000 to \$5,000,000. "Cast thy bread upon the waters and it shall return to thee an hundred-fold."

Vitamins for the Jobless

The unemployed are now getting a varied diet. To the inevitable apples, are added tangerines and chocolate bars.

Simple Arithmetic

Herbert Hoover appeals for 10 mil ion dollars for the Red Cross for unemployment and farm relief. If the numbet of unemployed workers, droughtstricken farmers, and their dependents is only 20 million, that means they can receive 50¢ a piece during the coming year. Yet Hoover says the Red Cross is sufficient to take care of relief! That's what you get for putting an engineer in the White House!

Higher Mathematics

The New York judges who have recently joined the unemployed are not sel ing apples. They are living on their previous marvels of economy, thrift and abstinence. On a salary of \$5,000 Judge tifle philosophy" (indeterminism-idealism.). And this is the critic of saved \$100,000 in the bank. Figure it

Nothing to Worry About

We would like to be able to worry about the fact that the gold standard is in danger but we haven't anything to worry about.

Building Socialism in Great Britain

We can now let our readers in on a jealously guarded secret. Ramsay Mac-Donald is building socialism in Great sian revolution on the one hand and the "new captalism" (not so new today) in the U. S. on the other. But all he does is to circle around the problem like a cautious toment. He does not seem to muster up intellectual courage enough to say something positive one way or the other. But this is the impotence to which professional courtries of Boudin's type.

Buy Now!

away the time between apple sales.

Hoover, Stalin and Lovestone

It is reported by the Daily Worker hat recognition negotiations between Stain and Hoover have fallen thru because: Stalin demanded that Hoover break with Lovestone and Hoover refused. The only concession Hoover was willing to make was the barring of the Revolutionary Age from the mails. Stalin declared that such a repudiation is insufficient and only a maneuver and that Hoover is continuing his secret connections with Lovestone. Hoover was unable to reply because he is Hook lays down in dogmatic form, a now suffering a strange illness which prevents his saying anything else but "applesauce,'

Once In A Lifetime

In "celebration" of his 55th birthday tion in the article. Hook promises a men and children free at his restaurant book elaborating his viewpoint. It at 68 Delancey Street. Now what are these people supposed to do for the next 2:

Fish Committee Scores We have just received a report that

Harry Winitsky was arrested for trying to overthrow the government. He was caught leaning against the Federal Build-The Revolution Is Saved

The Freiheit Singing Society of Phila-delphia expelled Comrade Gershon for belonging to the Majority Group. We alknew the Lovestoneites couldn't

Belated Christmas Report Father got a box of ties, Sister got cologne, Kellogg got a Nobel price, Doggie got a bone.

We got wage cuts from the boss For which our boss we blessed, Jobless got some apple sauce. Wall Street got the rest!

Leninism

-J. C. W.