

The Socialists want wealth used as capital through wage-labor to be publicly owned, and wealth not used as capital to be privately owned--that is, owned by the workers who have produced it by their labor.

Milwaukee, Wis., U. S. A., April 16, 1904.

Purposely Published for Propaganda.

# SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD

A JOURNAL OF THE COMING CIVILIZATION

SIXTH YEAR.  
NUMBER 51.

Whole Number.  
298

TEN WEEKS, TEN CENTS.  
NO PAPER SENT ON CREDIT.

ONE YEAR, 50 CENTS.  
IN CLUBS OF THREE, FOR \$1.25.

## FTER THE BIG BATTLE.

A REVIEW OF THE ELECTION BY VICTOR L. BERGER.

THE BATTLE IS OVER. The result is: The Social-Democrats have won, although they did not elect their city ticket, because Socialism undoubtedly made progress; but the city of Milwaukee has lost, because David S. Rose and his gang were re-elected.

Milwaukee Social-Democrats have fought the hardest battle ever fought by Socialists in America. We had against us the united forces of graft, reaction and ignorance. David S. Rose, the man who was re-elected for the fourth time, is one of the sleekest politicians in the country. He is not only regarded as the champion of the town element—the gamblers, and the denizens of the red light district—but also of the grafters and contractors who do business with him, regardless of party.

These elements alone and unaided certainly could not control a city like Milwaukee. But besides these, David S. Rose had the support of a so-called "respectable element" of wealthy men in our city who want privileges and concessions—men who bribe city officials and want men to be elected to office whom they can bribe and control. While all these business men claim to be honest, they prefer graft officials to rule our city. Their support, usually secret, but very efficient, goes to David S. Rose and his friends.

Yet all of these forces could not have elected David S. Rose in the hundred grand jury indictments hanging over the heads of the city; had he not the support of a power that is looming up in our city as one of the greatest political factors this country has ever known—the Catholic Church. Archbishop Sebastian Messmer repeatedly exhorted the Catholics of this city to vote the Social-Democratic ticket or to belong to our party. He quoted Pope Leo XIII. as an authority against Socialism. The Catholic clergy, especially the German and Polish clergy, and the German and Polish Catholic papers, took the fight against Socialism and the Social-Democratic party, with a vengeance never known before. The Catholic clergy arranged meetings and rallies to attack our theories and to malign our champions. The clergy claimed we want to destroy the home and the family, and that we mean to deliver lectures. The Sunday before election sermons were preached against us in all German and Polish churches, the Polish priests going so far as to invite Mr. Rose to their parishes and arrange meetings for him on that Sunday in their school halls, about one hour before the election, so that Rose could go from parish to parish and deliver harangues against the Socialists, and make votes for the grafters' main ticket.

Mr. Rose himself, shrewd politician as he is, was not slow to make use of all these advantages. He changed his tactics entirely. While in former elections he used to go around to the factories to make speeches, he did very little of it this year and he knew very well why! He gave up the workingmen's vote entirely—outside of that part of it which is controlled by the priests—and appealed to the "business men." After a short fight against the Republican candidate, Guy D. Goff, he declared that the fight was not between Goff and himself, and that he would at once resign in favor of Mr. Goff, the Republican candidate, if the division of the capitalistic vote would mean the election of Victor L. Berger. He declared that the victory of Victor L. Berger would be a calamity to the "business interests" of the city of Milwaukee. He said that Victor L. Berger was an anarchist and did not "believe in the divinity of God." That while Berger was "perhaps" an honest man, "he had never made any money in his business" (as an editor and agitator) and "therefore was not qualified to be mayor of a city like Milwaukee." That while Victor L. Berger personally was honest and educated, the "crowd surrounding him was vicious" and "could not be trusted to spend \$4,000,000 of taxes a year." That a Social-Democratic victory would mean a "fearful raise of taxation" which would close the factories and bring down the value of real estate. And finally that the victory of Berger and the Social-Democratic party would result in no capitalists investing their money in Milwaukee. About two days before the election thousands of circulars were sent around to the business men of the city, big and small, telling them that a vote for Goff, the Republican candidate, meant a vote for Victor Berger, because Goff had no show, and that the election of Victor Berger would mean the ruin of the city.

On the other hand, the Social-Democrats and Victor L. Berger constantly stated that they did not want any other votes but such as were at least in sympathy with the final aims of Socialism. Furthermore that while they did not claim that an isolated victory in a city like Milwaukee would bring Socialism, still they would make all the preparatory steps for municipal Socialism which the laws would permit. That the victory of Victor L. Berger would mean a class rule by the proletarian class—the reign of class-conscious Socialists, trades union men and other proletarian Socialists in Milwaukee. That before all things it would mean the most thorough shake-up and clean-out any city in America had ever seen, and that the grafters and contractors and bribe-givers of both parties would be brought to justice if such a thing was possible.

So David Rose won out. We have fought a clean campaign, and considering all the odds against us, we have fought a successful campaign. The total vote of the Socialists was over 18,000. It is conceded by all sides that of the 18,000 cast for the Socialist Labor party, at least 3,000 were meant for the S. L. P. had only 211 votes two years ago, made no campaign and did not even make nominations in a single ward—and that these votes were cast for the S. L. P. by new voters not familiar with the voting machine, which was used for the first time, and owing to the similarity of names. If we had received these votes, it would have given us eight more aldermen and five more supervisors. But even not receiving these votes, we received over 15,000 straight votes, we elected four aldermen, four supervisors and two justices of the peace, and we were considered a serious probability and a factor for the good for the first time in any large city of America.

We made another step forward. The straight Social-Democratic vote in Milwaukee since 1898 is as follows:  
1898 the Social-Democrats polled 2,430 straight votes.  
1900 city election the straight vote was 2,585.  
1900 state election our straight vote was 4,667.  
1902 city election our straight vote was 8,453.  
1902 state election our straight vote was 10,466.  
1904 city election the Social-Democratic straight vote was 15,041.

We never deviated from our principles one iota to gain votes, and we are satisfied. Let the good work go on. Let the Milwaukee comrades keep up their courage. Continue the agitation, especially the propaganda. The chances are that we shall not only hold our present vote next fall, but continue to grow as we have grown heretofore. Experience and results have shown that our Milwaukee method of patient and noiseless work of slow and continuous growth, is the only way to success. Milwaukee has become the banner city of Socialism in the United States. The Socialists of the United States may feel assured that the Social-Democratic party of Milwaukee will do its duty in the future as it has done in the past. And to go back to the issues of the municipal election in Milwaukee, one thing is certain and beyond any doubt, that the Social-Democratic party is the only safe and absolutely sure antidote against graft and public life. Even the business men and the non-Socialists in other cities elsewhere will have to turn to us, to the class-conscious Socialists, to the men with the new conscience, to the men "who have no money" for an honest and a thorough clean-up in the municipal halls.

Victor L. Berger.

## THE SPIRIT OF JESUS PROFANED!

A BISHOP Wants Socialists Who Preach Humanity and Social Justice PUT TO DEATH!

Rt. Rev. N. C. Matz, bishop of Colorado, preached the Easter sermon at Logan Avenue chapel yesterday. He took occasion to again denounce Socialistic doctrine, this time going to even greater lengths in his discussion of the subject than he has ever done before. In the course of his sermon he said as follows:

In the name of society, in the name of progress, we must hurl an anathema against any system (call it Socialism, collectivism, communism or by whatever name you please) which threatens to impair or remove the eternal foundations of charity, justice and authority whereon society rests. We hurl an eternal anathema against the nefarious agents who are propagating such systems by their speeches, their literature, their associations, disseminating their anti-social and subversive doctrines, deceiving their unsuspecting victims into a social vortex by their delusive hopes of wealth and happiness. We denounce them as fiends of humanity whom society, for its own salvation, should condemn to the dungeon or the GALLOWS. We call upon all friends of humanity to rally around the standard of charity, justice and authority, society's only safe foundations, and there defend humanity, if needs be, with the last drop of their blood.—Denver-Republican.

WHAT IS THERE BACK OF THIS FIENDISH HATRED OF SOCIALISM BY CERTAIN CLERICALS?

The gambling profession, legal gamblers and illegal, would shut up shop if it had to take even chances with its victims and stake its money on the mere turn of a card, the honest throw of a die or the natural developments of the market. The New York Herald stock review charges that there was an artificial complexion to the stock market last week and that the market was held up to a higher than normal level in order to attract the public. In other words, the market was held up when it would otherwise have naturally declined. Says the Herald:

The persistent upholding of one leader after another in the speculative ring, the holding of the market strong in the face of an adverse development, is for the purpose of forcing conviction, if possible, upon those who doubt and hesitate, that the present is the accepted time to buy. It is a play upon public credulity, and an appeal to stupidity, rather than arguments based on intrinsic worth, by which the manipulative part hopes for success.

So you see there isn't a fillop of difference between the faro and roulette gambler and the harpies of the stock market. Both are deliberately setting snares for their victims—both are playing with stacked cards and loaded dice. Both are sending young clerks to suicide graves, it may also be observed.

For clerical Parry-technics, Bishop Matz carries off the palm. We were expecting that some cleric would come to capitalism's rescue in that Colorado affair.

"If a man like Elias Howe invents a sewing machine, which is of incalculable benefit to society, why should he be robbed of the real net value of his invention," cries out an anti-Socialist sheet in Haverhill, Mass. Well, nobody wants to rob him of the real net value of his invention to himself. But why should he hold up the people for the value that society gives to his invention?

Socialism means light. Capitalism means darkness. Socialism means hope and the return of the joy that should be in every breast. Capitalism means hopelessness and worse tomorrow than today. "Cheer up," says the funny man on the street, "The worst is yet to come!" And his joke has the point, that all jokes require, that there is more truth than poetry in it!

One John T. Kelly of Milwaukee, after being nicely vanquished at a public discussion where he retailed the sore-headed lies of the immoral Massachusetts pair, Goldstein and Martha Moore Avery, took a safer way of helping on the campaign against the Socialists in Milwaukee and began to shoot from ambush by causing newspaper letters to be published that he was too cowardly to sign with his own name. This is the man who declined to debate the subject of Socialism and the home with a representative of our party.

Never mind if you think you are smart enough to get along under the present conditions—your children after you will also have to fight the battle of life and the conditions then will be very much worse. Already one per cent of the people of this country own over half of the wealth, and you certainly realize that the wealth is getting into fewer hands every day—now where will your children come in! And if one per cent of the people have over half of the wealth today, it means that 99 per cent of the people all together don't own even half of the wealth, consequently most of them are failures under the present system. No society can continue under such a state of things, and if you do not do your share to help us educate the people as to the economic way out of our bad system, you will be as much to blame as anyone else if this country goes down to chaos and barbarism through a bloody revolution. Only education in Socialism can save this country from taking the wrong direction when the people get so exasperated that they can no longer put up with the robbing capital system. How about you, now? Where do you want to stand on this great question? Where is it your duty to stand!

### DEFINITIONS OF SOCIALISM.

The collective ownership of the means of production and distribution. A theory of society that advocates a more precise, orderly and harmonious arrangement of the social relations of mankind than that which has hitherto prevailed. (Webster's Dictionary.)

A science of reconstructing society on an entirely new basis, by substituting the principle of association for that of competition in every branch of human industry. (Worcester's Dictionary.)

A theory that aims to secure the reconstruction of society, increase of wealth, and a more equal distribution of the products of labor and capital (as distinguished from property), and the public collective management of all industries. Its motto is: "Everyone according to his deeds." (Standard Dictionary.)

Berlin, March 19. "The court at Dresden has before it a very difficult task, as it must decide who is the father of the son of the recently divorced princess of Schoenberg-Waldenberg. The old prince refuses to believe that the child is the legal heir to the diminutive principality and the princess refuses to make any statement. It was first said that the boy is the son of the princess and her coachman, but it is now thought that the father is a high army officer."

We clip the above from a newspaper. It is only one of the many evidences of the moral looseness of the "higher" circles in Europe and America, and represents a condition of things that will almost wholly disappear when Socialism has changed society so that people will not marry for position, but for actual love, and where the security of the private home will be safe from the influences that now disrupt it. Under Socialism every young man will be able to marry and maintain a home without bankrupting himself. This will mean earlier marriages. Women will not have to drudge their beauty and natural freshness and health away, and as a result of all these things the capitalistic institution of prostitution will fade out of existence. No defender of the capitalist system can offer a real solution for the social evil, because his advocacy of the capitalist system shuts him out from going to the first causes that result in the system of prostitution. And, by the way, there will also be an end to the other classes of prostitutes—the editorial prostitute, for instance, the man who writes things he knows are not so, because if he does not his capitalistic masters will turn him adrift and secure some other poor wretch who will.

### PRELIMINARY NOTICE!

All readers, friends, sympathizers and socialists in Wisconsin will please take notice that the big picnic of Wisconsin Social Democrats will be held at Schlitz Park, Sunday July 17th 1904. You are requested to bear in mind in making your appointments, arrangements for vacations, picnics, sociables and other engagements. This notice is also given this early to avoid Branches and Unions from arranging for occasions which might conflict with the big Picnic.

If the Catholic church has made a failure in its fight on Socialism in Germany, where there is more or less ignorance among the peasant class to play upon, how can it hope for success in this country where everybody is a newspaper reader and where the people intermingle industrially and get to doing their own thinking!

The slaughter of human beings in war and industry is part of the penalty the people of earth have to pay because they consent to live under a wrong social system.

With the cost of living increased over 40 per cent, it is pretty slim comfort for the capitalist dailies to assure the people that wages are 15 per cent higher than they used to be!

Socialism is an international movement. The good of one is the good of all regardless of geographical lines. It is the only party that stands for the brotherhood of man.

Bishop Matz can make impassioned speeches in favor of charity all he likes, but he will not be able to upset the fact that charity depraves both the giver and the receiver and that the people are now too enlightened to prefer charity to justice. Let us arrange society on such a basis that there will be no poor in need of relief and no necessity for paternalistic charity-dispensing for the sake of making religious capital out of it.

A Russian war ship went to the bottom of the Yellow Sea the other day because its builders tried to make so much out of their contract that they used poor material and only used half the proper quantity of rivets and bolts in fastening on the armor-plates. But business is business—the main thing is to "make do mon," no matter if wholesale death results to many of the common trash as a consequence.

The French government has through its parliament voted \$40,000 to permit the French trade unions to participate in the St. Louis exposition. Over in jaded, rule-of-the-people America. We are effete Europe they can do such things, but not in star-spangled, too much in the grip of the capitalist class to dare to recognize the organized workers as human beings having a stake in the progress of the world. And, besides, Parry and Bishop Matz would be shocked!

We have been reading some of the addresses delivered at Washington against the anti-injunction and eight hour labor bills, and have been struck with this one illuminating fact: That without exception the lawyers who made the fervent pleas for capitalist domination could be hired, if labor had the price, to make just as fervid pleas on the other side! In Milwaukee, for instance, Charles Pfister's attorney, the brother of U. S. Senator Quarles, who has lately been telling the smock respectable class what he would do if he were a wage earner, would sing a different song entirely if his retainers came from the working class instead of from the fleecing class.

This country has had three great occasions! First there was the fight for independence from Great Britain. Then there was the fight to free from slavery a large number of human beings whose skins were black. Now there is the fight to free the larger part of the entire population from a worse form of slavery under which the more industrious people are the more powerful their masters become. Don't sigh because you were not alive when the country achieved its independence, or when it put down negro slavery—you are alive today and there is a bigger call for true patriotism than ever. Get on the right side of the fight and do your share to liberate the race from its galling bondage!

Now a South American republic charges that the Asphalt trust of this country stirred up a revolution in the republic to further its business ends. As a result of the uprising many soldiers' lives went out miserably and horribly. Capitalism stops at no crime. There's nothing in its code of "morals" to restrain it.

The trouble with many people is that they cannot get in the habit of looking facts straight in the face. How many people ever ask themselves the question: Why are the workers poor and the non-workers rich? Yet it is a very vital fact in our present society and concerns every one of us—in fact even the rich are forced to live in an unsafe society because of it.

Of what use is the Golden Rule, when the economic conditions are such that no man dares practice it in his business relations with his human brothers? Change the system!

## AS TO GOLDEN RULE MAYORS.

A TIMELY ANALYSIS BY EUGENE V. DEBS.

MAYOR Jones of Toledo, the prophet of the golden rule, denies the class struggle and proclaims himself "for all the people." He is for the exploiting capitalist as well as the exploited wage-worker. Naturally he could not be against the one or the other and still be "for all the people." He declares his opposition to the wage system, but just how he can be against the system and for the class who uphold and get rich out of it and will fight for it to the last ditch, he has not yet explained.

Perhaps Mayor Jones expects the capitalists themselves to abolish the wage system and go to work for a living. As well expect spring pullets to pick themselves of their last pin feather and walk into the kitchen and ask to be fricaseed.

From a man who in the present struggle is "for all the people," that is to say, for both sides, for master as well as slave, the following excerpts certainly sound strangely and require a little explanation:

"The struggle for more wages will ever continue while the wage system lasts, until by an awakened social instinct and a more enlightened conception of our relation to each other we shall come to see that we are really brothers and must learn to live brotherly."

"Workmen must not only make common cause with the workmen of their craft, but with every craft under the shining sun. They must learn not only to make common cause with the workmen of their nationality and their color, but with all colors."

"The capitalist will not hesitate to take his money bags and go to the Orient if he can make more money out of a Chinaman there than out of a white man here."

"It is the capitalistic spirit—the spirit that would separate man from man and brother from brother—which must be overcome, and to this end let labor make its contribution and to the development of the idea of unity, of equality, liberty and fraternity, if we hope to see the American ideal wrought out and democratic American conditions prevail, where every man can stand as an equal and a brother."

The question is, what is Mayor Jones doing to abolish the wage system? At the last election he supported the Democratic party, that is pledged in every fibre of its corrupt being to perpetuate wage slavery.

Mayor Jones keeps telling us that he is a man without a party; that he has no use for a party; and yet when the campaign is on and election day rolls around and he has a chance to vote for the abolition of wage slavery, we find him regularly in the field, whooping it up for a party which this partyless patriot knows will defend the wage system, with its robbery of the working class, while there is a breath in its moribund body.

It may be pertinent to ask Mayor Jones what "struggle" he has reference to? And if he is on both sides of it? Or if it has but one side?

If he is on the side of the working class, and a bona fide opponent of the wage system, then he is against the capitalist class; and if against the capitalist class he is not for all the people, unless in his golden rule encyclopaedia he finds that capitalists are in the mineral instead of the animal kingdom. However that may be, just at present the capitalists are the people by a good working majority, and if Mayor Jones is for them in the "struggle" he admits is going to abolish the wage system, he is not a Socialist, nor is he for the working class, nor is he opposed to wage slavery.

Mayor Jones makes out a tough case against the capitalist in the paragraph quoted above. All wage slaves are alike to him. The Chinaman is as good as the American sovereign (?). Simply a question of price with the capitalist, and yet Mayor Jones is for him for he is "for all the people."

Since Mayor Jones is for the capitalist and the capitalist is for the wage system—in fact is its incarnation and will perish with it—it follows that he is also for wage slavery, his disavowal to the contrary notwithstanding.

Mayor Jones, in the name of the working class, defends their exploiters; in the name of economic freedom votes for wage slavery; in the name of a "free untrammelled soul," a "man without a party," he is cheek by jowl with a gang of machine politicians and supports the decrepit and corrupt Democratic party.

According to Mayor Jones, it is the "capitalistic spirit" that is doing all the mischief. But how are we to extract the "capitalistic spirit" from the capitalist?

And if we could extract the "spirit," the capitalist would be dead. We Socialists perfectly understand the "capitalistic spirit," but we are not wasting any time on the "spirit."

The only way to destroy the "capitalistic spirit," the breath of capitalism, is to destroy capitalism. And this means fight.

I feel a special interest in Mayor Jones because it was a speech of mine, delivered in Toledo in 1895, which started the Mayor off, as he afterwards admitted to me, on his career of agitation. I would like to see him take his stand where all doubt as to his allegiance to the working class would be removed. His present attitude is not only hazy, equivocal and uncertain, but since he trains with and supports a capitalist party, he must be set down as the friend of the capitalist class and the enemy of the working class.

Personally, I have a kindly feeling towards Mr. Jones. Not only this, but I have such a friendly interest in him that I would like to see him make the record he has the brain and heart to make in the great struggle for emancipation from the cruelty and crime, the slavery and horror of capitalist despotism.

He is dallying on a foundation of shifting sand, and he will have to get on the rock or be swallowed up in oblivion.

Eugene V. Debs

## A BIG FIGHT AHEAD IN WISCONSIN.

As our readers know, Wisconsin has been picked out by the National Republican committee for its next battle with the growing power of Socialism. Their first battle, under direction of Mark Hanna, was in Massachusetts, where they succeeded in making certain combinations by which the working class was deprived of a part of their representation in the state legislature, although at the same time the Socialist vote increased at various local points. Then attention was directed toward Wisconsin, and we expect the full force of the storm to break upon us by the opening of the national campaign, which will be quite soon. The success achieved by our party in the recent Milwaukee election gives warrant that the conflict will be a battle royal. The Republican committee voted to use \$50,000 in the fight on Socialism. We can fight them with less money than that! We started to raise \$500 for the Wisconsin campaign, some time before the Milwaukee election, but while many responded, it is true, there were many more who, for some reason, held back. Now Socialists have the reputation of succeeding when they undertake a thing, and we want the comrades generally to know that that Wisconsin fund is still in existence and that the Milwaukee campaign shows what kind of a fight we will put up with the generous money helps sent in by our comrades. The fund is to be expended in sending the paper for ten weeks to various persons throughout Wisconsin, who are known to be inclined our way, and who will thus be induced to also vote our ticket. It is the preliminary work that counts. To those contributing a dollar or over we will send a copy of Collins' "The Truth about Socialism," which retails for 25 cents. Over 1,200 people are already receiving the paper by reason of the fund, and that is a small number compared to what we have planned to do. Keep the oar a-rolling, comrades. Send in your mite!

Wisconsin Fund.

Previously reported	\$131.35	Lee Garcelon	25
		N. L. F.	10
		H. E. Westby	25
Unknown	1.00	H. E. Anderson	15
F. E. Morse	10	J. B. Palmer	75
J. T. Gabriel	10	H. P. Marvin	13
S. L. Leary	10		
No name	2.00	Total	\$136.30

Remember, when they began to talk of freeing the black slaves there were many to say it could not be done. Past ideas always make faces at new and up-to-date ideas, but the old ideas have to go, just the same. Additional editorials on last page.



SOCIALISM MADE PLAIN. WHY THE FEW ARE RICH AND THE MANY POOR. By Allan L. Benson.

NOTE: Although these articles are copyrighted, Mr. Benson wishes us to state that Socialist papers are not thereby estopped from reprinting selections from them. — Editor Herald.

(COPYRIGHTED.) (Continued from last week.)

And then the owners of the thousand factories start out to make production as expensive as possible by employing "drummers" to go out on the road and try to get trade from each other. "Business," in the modern acceptance of the word, has come to mean little more than a scramble for what the other fellow has got. And while the fact that most of us are here and alive, even though poor, is proof that human beings CAN exist under such a wasteful system, the proof is just as abundant that it is a disastrous system even for the small capitalists who compose the greater part of the capitalist class, while it is a life sentence of hard work and a bare living for the great working class that constitutes practically the whole population.

So that is why a capitalist who pays a laborer in wages only a fifth of the value of the laborer's product, does not become richer to the extent of the value of the other four-fifths. Much of it is wasted in the competitive struggle for profits. And if you think this competitive struggle isn't fierce—that most of the capitalists themselves are not "sweating blood" most of the time—please remember that most men who go into "business" fail sooner or later. The pace is too swift for them and they have to go down. Most men, who go into business never accumulate enough so they feel able to retire until they die. But Bradstreet's is authority for the statement that 60 per cent of those who begin business at 21 fail before they are 65. It is commonly reported that the percentage of failures is even as high as 95, but the estimate of Bradstreet's, which is probably conservative, shows that the capitalist system is terribly disastrous for most of the capitalists, as well as merciless in its robbery of those who produce the world's wealth.

Is there no escape from such conditions? Must the world plod on forever under a system of industry that is constantly increasing the percentage of toilers who cannot afford to own even the roofs over their heads while it as constantly increases the already colossal wealth of a few who do not toil?

Well, there is a division of opinions on these questions. Intelligent members of the capitalist class, like President Jordan, of Stanford University, realize even if they do not always admit it as publicly as he did, that "the poor will become poorer in the twentieth century." Such men contend there is no escape from what they consider the "inevitable destiny of most of humanity, not only to be poor, but to become poorer." And this attitude of hopelessness is assumed, either with or without intent, by all who vote the capitalist tickets of Democracy or Republicanism, which, formulated and controlled by capitalism, seek to perpetuate the very conditions that capitalism has brought about.

Then, there are some—AND A RAPIDLY GROWING NUMBER THROUGHOUT THE WORLD—who believe there IS a means of escape. They are the Socialists. They have a plan. They believe industrial liberty and economic justice can be found where they were lost—at the ballot box. They believe that unjust laws constitute the root of all the wrongs from which those who labor suffer. And they deny that in this world-wide struggle between the wealth-makers and the wealth-takers, that JUSTICE for the first class can be attained by voting either of the tickets that capitalists form and vote for the express purpose of perpetuating INJUSTICE. They seek to show the men who produce the wealth that there is and can be no real community of interests between capitalists and laborers, since the chief aim of capitalists is to get the most labor for the least money, and the chief aim of laborers is to get the most money for the least labor. And since the struggle for wealth is between the GREAT class that makes it and the SMALL class that seeks to TAKE it WITHOUT making it, and the small

class is able to wrong the great class only because of the existence of unjust laws. Socialists urge the wealth-makers to STAND TOGETHER AS A CLASS and recover their rights from the ballot box in which they lost them. They have a clear-cut program which they are eager to defend on the grounds of justice, reasonableness and practicability. Nor are they dismayed because their program is scoffed at and derided by the rich class, that under its operation would be compelled to go to work or starve.

SOCIALISM, THE INEVITABLE REMEDY, DEFINED.

As a cure for the economic and industrial wrongs of capitalism, Socialists advocate what their philosophy teaches them to believe is both a logical and an inevitable remedy. Yet it is not, strictly speaking, the remedy OF Socialists, in the sense that it was formulated, or created, by any man or men who belong, or who ever belonged to the Socialist party. If the remedy of Socialism were a MAN-made affair there would exist a very great possibility that it would fail when put to the test. But Socialism is something vastly greater than the creation of any human intellect. It is a remedy provided by the operation of natural laws for a diseased social state. That it IS a natural remedy is proved by the fact that the only way to cure any ailment—whether it be an ailment of the physical body or an ailment of the social body—IS TO REMOVE THE CAUSE. THE CAUSE of any ailment is lack of harmony with natural laws, since the natural condition of anything is health.

If physical man be threatened with tuberculosis of the lungs, his physician, if he be learned and intelligent, will tell him that the cause of the condition of which his disease is the EFFECT is lack of wholesome air in the proper quantities, as he will also advise him that the imperative first step toward removing the disease—EFFECT—is to remove the CAUSE.

In like manner, Socialists contend that the wrongs that have grown out of the private ownership of the machinery of production cannot be cured except by removing the CAUSE that produced the EFFECT which we know as wrongs—by enabling the working class which produces all wealth to gain access to the tools which its necessities compel it to use at SOME price, without agreeing to give the owner of the tools any part of labor's product as the price of their use. Could any remedy be MORE reasonable? IS any other remedy SO logical?

And yet the mere fact that Socialists advocate this remedy is no more reason for saying that it is THEIR remedy, in the sense that any Socialist or Socialists CREATED it, than it would be to say that the first physician who saw the absolute necessity of prescribing fresh air in abundant quantities to remove the CAUSE that produces the consumptive EFFECT, in any way CREATED the fresh-air cure for tuberculosis. The Power that created the universe created the first air cure for tuberculosis when it was decreed that all living things on this earth shall have a certain amount of fresh air or become diseased and die. And the physician who prescribes plenty of fresh air for consumptives, instead of CREATING a remedy, or utilizing a remedy that any other human being has created, merely recognizes the utter futility of trying to remove an EFFECT known as disease without removing its CAUSE; without, in other words, causing the patient to place himself in harmony with natural laws.

Socialists contend—and they are eager to defend their philosophy on the grounds of reasonableness—that the only way to remove the effect known as the robbery of labor of the greater part of what it produces is to abolish the private ownership of the machinery with which men must work; because it is the private ownership of such things that has CAUSED the little capitalist class that owns the tools but does not use them to obtain most of the wealth produced by the great working class that uses the tools but does not own them.

If the Socialist contention be admitted that the Socialistic state is an EFFECT that is being produced by the existing capitalistic state which is its CAUSE, it must also be admitted that the Socialist remedy, which seeks to remove the EFFECT

known as unjust poverty by removing the CAUSE known as the private ownership of the tools of production and distribution, is logical.

But, as was said at the beginning of this chapter, the Socialists contend that their remedy is not only logical, but that it is INEVITABLE—that the Socialist state is as sure to come as the sun is sure to rise every morning. Now let us see what reason, if any, there is for believing that this contention about the inevitability of Socialism is based on truth. And for this reason, we need not go farther than the natural laws which decree that every cause shall produce its effect and that the constant tendency of every living thing is toward health. That we have here CAPITALISM,—a powerful cause that must inevitably produce an effect, be it what it may—is a fact that is made only too plain by its multitude of attendant wrongs. That capitalism is also a diseased social condition, tending as it does toward the blighting and dwarfing of humanity, is proved by the fact already stated that the NATURAL condition of anything is health.

More than that, all of nature's processes are toward restoring health when it has once been lost as the result of failure to live in harmony with natural laws. The late Col. Ingersoll, when asked how he could have improved upon the work of the Infinite if he had made the world, gave expression to a popular delusion when he said that he "would have made health, instead of disease, catching."

As a matter of fact, that is exactly what nature has done, as any physician will tell you. Disease is an attempt on the part of nature to relieve the body of certain elements that endanger its life, and as such is an attempted return toward health. That man has introduced into his body these dangerous elements, and may even die as the result of them if nature be unsuccessful in throwing them off by the purifying process known as DISEASE, is no fault of nature. But nature always makes the attempt to restore health through the eliminating process of disease, and those who go out of the world in physical suffering, instead of sleeping into eternity as the centenarians do, do so because they have violated laws whose penalty is death. And let it be understood that no man ever died of any disease. All men not centenarians die as the result of the CAUSES which brought disease into being as an attempted cure. The man whose heart stops because he has puffed it with tobacco is killed with tobacco and not by "heart disease."

And that is why Socialists say that the Socialist state is inevitable—because the pilaging, murderous capitalist system affords unmistakable proof of the existence of a diseased social body and disease is always the sign that nature is trying to restore health by compelling obedience to natural laws. We can hinder, if we will, the operation of this natural law that makes Socialism inevitable, just as we can hinder the operation of the natural law that every human being shall so live that he will be in a state of bodily health or die before the time to which his inherent vital forces should have carried him. But society cannot without literally dying—actually ceasing to exist—steadfastly, persistently and continuously, violate this natural law that decrees that the Socialist state shall be the EFFECT of the existing capitalistic state which is its CAUSE, without suffering untold agonies and actually meeting the same premature death that comes to the human being who suffers and eventually dies before his time as the result of his neglect or refusal to live in harmony with the laws of physical health.

The constant tendency of capitalism is to place the ownership of the wealth of the world in a smaller and smaller number of hands, with increasing poverty for the many. And while the development of the virgin resources of our marvelous country has thus far enabled the producing class of the United States to live with less distress than is endured by the producing classes of other nations whose natural resources are nearly exhausted, it is inevitable that there must be poverty that will not only be appalling, but infinitely more murderous if capitalism shall endure in this nation even for another century. For the

United States would have a population of half a billion before the struggle for existence under capitalism would become so fierce that human beings would no longer consent to increase the population by having more than two children in each family. And with half a billion persons in this country striving for the means with which to sustain life, and the wealth of the nation concentrating into a fewer and fewer number of hands, it would not be difficult to forecast the time, under capitalism, carried to its logical conclusion, when the masses would actually starve to death because a few had appropriated all the means with which life might be sustained.

But history teaches that however much society may suffer as the result of maintaining inharmonious relations with natural laws, that it always learns from its suffering and stops short of annihilation by adjusting itself to the laws of the Infinite. And that is why Socialists say that Socialism is inevitable—because they know that the sorrows inflicted by capitalism are teaching the lesson that our economic and industrial affairs are being conducted on principles that are in violation of natural laws and that society's only hope of continued existence lies in OBEDIENCE to those laws.

The time has now come to define Socialism—to tell what it means and what it stands for. All that has been written in this chapter up to this point has been written for much the same purpose that a lawyer precedes the presentation of a case to a jury by making an opening statement in which he outlines his case, tells what he expects to prove and gives his reasons for believing that justice demands that the verdict shall be in favor of his client. The reader who has closely followed the reasoning up to this point, ought, therefore, to be able not only to comprehend the philosophy of Socialism once it is stated, but to sympathize with its purposes and realize both its desirability and its inevitability.

BRIEFLY STATED, SOCIALISM STANDS FOR THE TRANSFORMATION OF PRIVATE, COMPETING CAPITAL INTO PUBLIC CO-OPERATIVE CAPITAL.

Don't make the mistake now at the beginning of assuming that Socialism stands for the abolition of all private property, for it stands for nothing of the kind. All wealth that is used to acquire more wealth for the possessor would be permitted under Socialism to remain in the private ownership of individuals, since it is only CAPITAL,—that is, wealth used to acquire MORE wealth,—that Socialists would transfer from private to public ownership. It is communism and not Socialism that stands for the public ownership of wealth. And this distinction must be kept in mind by anyone who would understand Socialism. The very heart of Socialism is that each individual should be permitted to acquire all the wealth he produces. And it is because the members of the producing class are not permitted, under capitalism, to acquire but a fraction of the wealth they produce that Socialists protest against existing conditions.

Very well. It is the public ownership of capital then that the Socialists desire, and, as we have shown, capital is that part of wealth which is used to produce MORE wealth. What part of capital, then, IS used to produce more wealth?

Beginning at the bottom, wealth invested in land is capital, since it is wealth used to produce more wealth. Socialism therefore demands that the ownership of all lands shall be vested in the people as a whole—that no individual shall claim exclusive ownership of any part of the earth, as it would also guarantee to each individual the right to use as much land as he might need without paying anybody anything for the privilege. Socialists argue that since access to the land is just as necessary to human life as the use of the air or the water which the Creator alone brought into existence, that it is just as wrong to demand a price for the use of land as it would be to demand a price for the privilege of breathing or of drinking from a mountain stream.

The next great example of wealth that becomes capital by being used to produce more wealth is the machinery of production, the ownership of which Socialism would also vest in all the people through their government. But "machinery of production" is an expression that needs to be explained. Briefly, it means not only the machinery used in the great manufacturing establishments, but it means the railroads, the steamships, the stores and every other factor that is involved in the performance of completing production by placing manufactured products in the hands of the consumers.

So much for the purposes of Socialism—and the public ownership of capital is all there is to Socialism. Remember that. The man who tells you that Socialism means either more or less than the conversion of private, competing capital into public, co-operative capital, is either ignorant or untruthful. That is the beginning and the end of the Socialist program as far as fundamentals are concerned.

Next come the reasons that are advanced in support of the contention that it is both necessary and desirable to convert private, competing capital into public, co-operative capital. Let us take up the land question first.

Socialists contend that every human being has a natural right to free access to enough land to enable him to obtain the means with which to sustain life by applying his labor to the land. They contend that this natural right cannot be enjoyed as long as the law supports the claim of any individual to a vast ownership of land and thus enables him to dispose of it or to appropriate a part of the product of the labor applied to it as the price of its use. No human being is born into the world with wealth of his own creation; few human beings are born into the world even with wealth that others have created; yet all human beings, immediately after their birth and until they die, have "access to the land"—to use a term of political economy—or die.

Private ownership of land has denied the greater part of humanity this natural right to apply its labor to the soil and produce the wealth necessary to sustain life without paying anybody for the privilege of doing so. That is why most of the American people own neither land nor their homes, notwithstanding the fact that there is more than enough land in the country for all who are here to use it. There is plenty of land NOT USED, but none that is not CLAIMED by someone. And this condition must not only continue, but it must grow worse so long as the law shall defend the claim of private ownership of land. And contending, as the Socialists do, that the private ownership of an element that is as essential to life as water or air is in violation of man's natural rights, they also affirm that the injustices produced by the private ownership of land can be eradicated only by removing the cause and restoring the land to its original place as the common heritage of all people of all times. Yet this does not mean that every human being would be denied the right to live un molested, so long as he might please, in the spot that he had chosen for his home. In fact, it means exactly the opposite. Socialism would guarantee this right, as a future chapter will show.

Now on what ground do Socialists base their contention that the ownership of the machinery of production should be vested in the people through their government? On the ground that it is unnatural and inhuman that a small class of men should control the means by which a large class must obtain a living or starve. Man's wants have so increased with civilization that he cannot supply them without machinery. The machine has become as necessary to labor in the making of a living as the hand that guides it. The man who cannot get the opportunity to put his hand to some sort of a machine, producing wealth, AND Socialists therefore say that so far as economic living is concerned, it is just as wrong to permit the capitalist class to control the tools with which the producing class must labor or starve, as it would be to give the capitalist class control of the very flesh and blood arms that use the tools.

What would we think of Nature if she had made man without making arms to feed them? What would we think of Nature, if having made arms to feed stomachs, she had made it impossible for the stomachs to use the arms without the permission of someone else to use the very flesh and blood arms that the stomachs had stored up in the arms? That monstrosity whose arms would not respond to its stomach's demand for food—a monstrosity whose brain would not heed its stomach's cry, yet could not give a direct order to its mouth!

(CONTINUED NEXT WEEK)

NOW READY! NOW READY! NOW READY! WHAT MUST WE DO TO BE SAVED? A new propaganda booklet, designed to interest non-socialists and prepare the way for a study of Socialism. BY VICTOR L. BERGER. THIS OFFICE.—Per copy 2 cts. Per hundred 50 cts. Per thousand \$4.50.—THIS OFFICE.

PAUL F. MUELLER, Pres. R. RAASCH, Sec. BERN. McKANN, Treas.

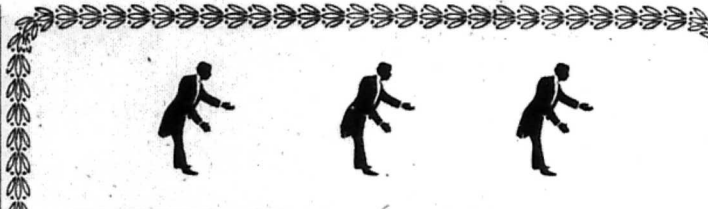
CREAM CITY FUEL CO., WOOD, COAL, SLABS & EDGINGS. Office and Yard: 31st and Brown Sts. MILWAUKEE, WIS. KINDLING WOOD at \$2.00 per Load.

When purchasing cigars see that this label is on the box.

Union-made Cigars. It is a guarantee that the cigars are not made by the trust.

Demand this Label on all Packages of Beer, Ale or Porter. NATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERS AND DISTILLERS OF THE UNITED STATES.

United Hatters of North America. This is the Union Label of the United Hatters of North America.



What We Social-Democrats Are After.

(Adopted by the Socialist Party in National Convention at Indianapolis, Ind., July 31, 1901.)

The Socialist party, in national convention assembled, reaffirms its adherence to the principles of International Socialism, and declares its aim to be the organization of the working class, and those in sympathy with it, into a political party, with the object of conquering the powers of government and using them for the purpose of transforming the present system of private ownership of the means of production and distribution into collective ownership by the entire people.

Formerly the tools of production were simple and owned by the individual worker. Today the machine, which is but an improved and more developed tool of production, is owned by the capitalists and not by the workers. This ownership enables the capitalists to control the product and keep the workers dependent upon them.

Private ownership of the means of production and distribution is responsible for the ever-increasing uncertainty of livelihood and the poverty and misery of the working class, and it divides society into two hostile classes—the capitalists and wage-workers. The once powerful middle class is rapidly disappearing in the mill of competition. The struggle is now between the capitalist class and the working class. The possession of the means of livelihood gives to the capitalists the control of the government, the press, the pulpit and the schools, and enables them to reduce the workingmen to a state of intellectual, physical and social inferiority, political subservience and virtual slavery.

The economic interests of the capitalist class dominate our entire social system; the lives of the working class are recklessly sacrificed for profit, wars are fomented between nations, indiscriminate slaughter is encouraged and the destruction of whole races is sanctioned in order that the capitalists may extend their commercial dominion abroad and enhance their supremacy at home.

But the same economic causes which developed capitalism are leading to Socialism, which will abolish both the capitalist class and the class of wage-workers. And the active force in bringing about this new and higher order of society is the working class. All other classes, despite their apparent or actual conflicts, are alike interested in the upholding of the system of private ownership of the instruments of wealth production. The Democratic, Republican, the bourgeois public ownership parties, and all other parties which do not stand for the complete overthrow of the capitalist system of production, are alike political representatives of the capitalist class.

The workers can most effectively act as a class in their struggle against the collective powers of capitalism by constituting themselves into a political party, distinct from and opposed to all parties formed by the propertied classes. While we declare that the development of economic conditions tends to the overthrow of the capitalist system, we recognize that the time and manner of the transition to Socialism also depends upon the stage of development reached by the proletariat. We, therefore, consider it of the utmost importance for the Socialist party to support all active efforts of the working class to better its condition and to elect Socialists to political offices, in order to facilitate the attainment of this end.

- As such means we advocate: 1. The collective ownership of all means of transportation and communication and all other public utilities as well as of all industries controlled by monopolies, trusts and combines. No part of the revenue of such industries to be applied to the reduction of taxes on property of the capitalist class, but to be applied wholly to the increase of wages and shortening of the hours of labor of the employees, to the improvement of the service and diminishing the rates to the consumers. 2. The progressive reduction of the hours of labor and the increase of wages in order to decrease the share of the capitalist and increase the share of the worker in the product of labor. 3. State or national insurance of working people in case of accidents, lack of employment, sickness and want in old age; the funds for this purpose to be furnished by the government and to be administered under the control of the working class. 4. The inauguration of a system of public industries, public credit to be used for that purpose in order that the workers be secured the full product of their labor. 5. The education of all children up to the age of 18 years, and state and municipal aid for books, clothing and food. 6. Equal civil and political rights for men and women. 7. The initiative and referendum, proportional representation and the right of recall of representatives by their constituents.

But in advocating these measures as steps in the overthrow of capitalism and the establishment of the co-operative commonwealth, we warn the working class against the so-called public ownership movements as an attempt of the capitalist class to secure governmental control of public utilities for the purpose of obtaining greater control in the exploitation of other industries and to avert the amelioration of the conditions of the working class.

It's Always pure. Illustration of a woman's face and a glass.

Please Take Notice. The office of the Social-Democratic Herald will be open hereafter Sunday mornings from 9 to 12 o'clock noon. : : :

LABRIOLA'S ESSAYS on the Materialistic Conception of History. The greatest socialist book that has appeared since Marx's Capital.

RUSKIN College. Literary Department of Washburn University, Chicago, Ind.

JACOB HUNGER, PRINTER, 302 Chestnut St., cor 6th. Milwaukee, Wis.

SHUR-ON. IF THINE EYES. Offend thee, do not pluck them out and cast them from thee, but call at.....

Julius Lando's Optical Institute, 419 East Water Street and get fitted to a pair of his celebrated glasses. ARTIFICIAL EYES inserted without pain.

DRINK Schlitz. The Beer that Made Milwaukee Famous. The main difference between good beer and bad beer is in the after-effect.



...ION; PEACEFUL OR OTHERWISE.

A LONDON FABIAN SOCIALIST TAKES TOO MANY THINGS FOR GRANTED.

Minneapolis, Minn., March 26.—The Social Democratic Herald: I send you a copy of a letter from one of the leading Fabian Socialists, Mr. Millin, a London Journalist. It will be of general interest to you as showing the opinion of a London thinker. The letter is an acknowledgement of my article published by Chas. H. ...

Mr. Mellin's letter is also valuable as placing William Morris in the light of a revolutionist. Henry B. Fay, M. D. 32 Barrington Road, London, S. W., Jan. 31, '04.

Your pamphlet "The Capitalists' Union or Labor Unions" states a serious case very forcibly. But over that side of the water you seem to have got a whole generation ahead of us in the advance towards a Socialistic order of society. In this old country it is certainly startling to hear that you advanced men are contemplating revolution—I presume you mean revolution by physical force. The fact is, I suppose, your protectionist system has developed your capitalism with great rapidity and you are experiencing some of the worst effects of it. I remember William Morris telling me a few years ago that he rather expected there would have to be an upset such as you say you are prepared for, before things were finally settled.

I was myself then, and I am still, inclined to hope that nothing of the kind may be necessary. I have far greater faith in the peaceful promulgation of right principles than in any reliance on brute force in any shape or form. We are all of us at times apt to grow impatient of the slowness of our progress and inclined to seek short cuts. No doubt a short cut may lead to the goal. There are events in history which appear to prove this; but for every such event there may, I believe, be found ten which have led astray and proved a real hindrance to progress. The fact is that until there is a certain public enlightenment—a certain preponderance of intelligent public opinion in favor of general public cooperation—any physical force upheaval would be pretty certain to do more harm than good; and when there is that general enlightenment, physical force would be needless.

The most ominous fact in your striking pamphlet is that trade unions are in your country increasing in number and in poverty, while capitalist unions are increasing in wealth and declining in numbers. I cannot refuse to see that the two movements inevitably lead to revolution—unless the great American nation can in time be aroused to a recognition of this drift of things and will by foresight and wisdom bring about changes that may otherwise come through a period of turbulence and disaster. G. F. Millin.

Notice to Camden, N. J., readers. L. Juster, 17 Hudson st., Camden, N. J., is authorized to take subscriptions for this paper.

PROPAGANDA AMONG WOMEN.

One phase of Socialist propaganda has been neglected, and that is a house-to-house canvass among families of workmen. It needs a woman to interest women in Socialism. Some such method as the following would result in the arousing of a community interest in Socialism. A woman worker goes to the house of a proletariat, rings and is admitted. The guest says to the hostess: "Do not let me interrupt you in your work, but go right on with your sewing and we can chat." Show her what Socialism would do for her boys and girls, and the aged father or mother, as well as the husband.

The wife of the average artisan is not interested in the welfare of the proletariat, but she is very much alive to the interests of those who are near and dear to her. She would naturally inquire how all this could be brought about. Call her attention to the self-evident proposition that labor creates all wealth and, ethically, labor should have that which it produces. Also that the thing created by labor in the hands of the capitalist becomes his oppressor. Allude briefly to the tremendous waste of capitalism in distribution and show how the consumer has to pay for this. Explain how by diverting the enormous streams of wealth exploited from the workers back to its source and the saving of wasteful methods of distribution how each family would be benefited. Impress her with the thought that each one should do what they could to spread the light.

A short experience would suggest other ideas that could be profitably used. After arousing an interest in Socialism, the person will then be willing to read a book on Socialism or perhaps subscribe for a paper. "Merrie England" would be a good book to leave. It was by a similar means that our German comrades aroused such an interest among the families of the proletariat in this the greatest of educational and humanitarian movements that the world has ever seen. A wife or daughter of a comrade can be found in every city, town or neighborhood, who has enough knowledge of Socialism to undertake this work. A few hours each day would develop confidence and bring in better results. J. H. Swertfeger. Washington, D. C., Feb. 26, 1904.

Have you read the Communist Manifesto? Don't all speak at once. We have it in cloth at fifty cents, and in paper at ten cents. The Herald is a clean paper that no one need be ashamed to hand to friend or stranger. Spread the light of Socialism. To keep it concealed is a crime.

Knowing Heads on Young Shoulders!

OMAHA SOCIALIST CHILDREN MAKE A NATIONAL REPUTATION.

The Children's Socialist Club of Omaha has achieved a national reputation. It happened this way. The Woman's Socialist Union gave a children's entertainment about three months ago at state headquarters, Sunday night, March 27, at a large hall in the center of the business district, to a large and enthusiastic audience. From the first to last, the entire program was a revelation. It is impossible to give anything like a satisfactory report of this entertainment; but the one incident that has given the children a national reputation speaks volumes for the manner in which these children have been taught the truths of Socialism. The following item is from the Chicago Tribune of March 29, including the headline:

CHILDREN INSULT ROOSEVELT. Young Socialists of Omaha Object to President's Picture and Tear It Down from Wall. Omaha, March 28. (Special.)—President Roosevelt's picture was torn from the wall of a room in which the Children's Club of the Woman's Socialist Union of Omaha was meeting. A girl of ten first spied the portrait. "There is the man who wouldn't receive Mother Jones and the children from Philadelphia," she cried, and the room was immediately in an uproar. "Take it down," the youngsters shouted. "We do not want that bad man here."

Eventually a picture of Mother Jones, who led the delegation of striking children to Oyster Bay last summer, was hung in stead, and the program proceeded. The children are being instructed in principles of Socialist economy by the Woman's union. Every word but the last sentence in that dispatch is an exaggeration.

The last sentence is absolutely correct. The women are teaching the children the principles of Socialist economy, and no child who has learned anything of the emancipating mission of the Socialist party would want the picture of Roosevelt to occupy the place of honor at an entertainment given by children of the working class. Every child in the Children's club of the Woman's Socialist Union of Omaha had been taught, and was able to explain, that it requires human labor power to produce wealth, and that Roosevelt upholds the present capitalist system whereby his class—the capitalist class—lives by exploiting the working class. The children had been sufficiently instructed in the principles of Socialism to know, when Roosevelt refused to see Mother Jones and the delegation of striking child slaves from the capitalist textile mills of Philadelphia, that he was flinging an insult into the face of every child worker in America, that he was saying to the working class in actions too plain to be misunderstood: "I can't do anything for you."

The children did object to Roosevelt's portrait and they were delighted when Mother Jones' well known picture was hung in its place, which was done long before the program had begun. There was no uproar, but when the incident was related to the audience there was the sound of a spontaneous clapping of little delegate hands that fell like music on the ears of every man and woman in the room. It was an inspiring moment. To realize that those little children had already learned the difference between the two classes, the exploiting class represented by the picture of Roosevelt, and the working or producing class represented by the picture of white-haired Mother Jones, was a pleasure too deep for words. The audience joined the children in long continued applause, which, because given by Socialists, the capitalist press called an "uproar."

Much good and solid work has been done for the Socialist party in Omaha during the last year. A great deal of that work has been done by the women. The Woman's Socialist Union has planted the seed of sound Socialist economy in the minds of the children that will greatly add to the strength of the Socialist movement in the years that are yet to be. The children's minds are not filled with a lot of sentimental gush. They are taught actual facts in wealth production, and in their recent entertainment they kept the audience in a constant state of enjoyment from the first song, through symposiums, recitations, dialogues, and beautiful dance by two sweet little girls, made up like "Topsy" and on to the last song and chorus, "Peggy Brady," which was rendered by the entire club. W. E. Clark.

of the Town of Greenfield, to an English branch in the Second ward of Milwaukee, and to a Bohemian branch in the Tenth ward of Milwaukee. Conrad Pergler has done a good work among the Bohemians here and in Racine, and we hope that he will return ere long to continue his labors. Carl D. Thompson writes: "We had splendid meetings at Ashland. The second night we took a larger hall and packed it to the next night, there was a fearful blizzard, and yet the audience did not decrease to amount to anything. The papers took considerable notice of my lectures. We secured twenty names to the application for charter, among them several longshoremen.—At Superior we had longshoremen meetings. The hall was literally packed the first night—some 300. Sunday afternoon we had a large hall and one of the most responsive and inspiring audiences I have spoken to this winter. An amusing thing happened here. The Republican paper recently published an editorial on the dangerous growth of Socialism as shown by the vote in Milwaukee. Some of the remarks stirred the comrades and they sent the editor a rather fierce challenge to meet in a debate. The writer of the article turned out to be a cousin of mine and an old friend of the family. He didn't show up to debate, but attended both my lectures, and opened his columns to me for a discussion of Socialism without let or hindrance. Moreover the teacher of economics in the state normal school, after hearing my lecture, invited me to address his class in Political Economy. Before speaking I asked them to write me a definition of Socialism. Upon looking them over, I was surprised to note that there was not one derogatory or denigrating word in any one of these definitions. Now is that encouraging? Verily the light creeps up on the learned."

IDAHO—National Organizer Wilkins writes as follows regarding his work in the Coeur d'Alene district: "The atmosphere of the Coeur d'Alene mining camps is very oppressive to a free man. And mark you, the great mass of workers there are men of American birth and ancestry. It must have taken a most effort on the part of the mining companies to get together so choice a lot of slaves. The spotter and spy abound on political affairs for fear their working mate is a company sucker. There, too, we find the so-called "Industrial Union," composed of men and masters—the latter dictating the policy thereof. My experience in those mining camps is the most disagreeable in the year.

that I have been in the field. But one thing is certain, if I have ever lacked anything in plain speaking before, I made it up in the Coeur d'Alene. The slavishness of those miners makes them contemptible."

Milwaukee Campaign Fund. G. S. ... 1.75 Edw. A. Kiekhauer ... 2.00 Frank Molitor ... 1.00 Mrs. K. L. Johnson, Chicago, Ill. ... 2.00 N. B. F. ... 1.50 Adolph Hubschmann ... 1.00 Frank Kneil ... 1.00 Adolph Koenig ... 1.05 A. W. H. ... 3.00 Edw. Straebel ... 2.00 Melvin Blodgett ... 1.85 L. Pittelson ... 1.00 Glass Globe, Buech ... 2.00 E. H. Thomas ... 10.00 E. S. Socialist ... 1.50 Wm. Melchiorre ... 1.50 F. J. Weber ... 1.00 H. Holzer ... 5.00 Th. Knutson ... 1.00 T. F. Ramsthal ... .50 Chas. Speckean ... .25 John Merget ... 1.00 W. V. Kuchynski ... 1.00 West Side Turn Hall Collection ... 117.06 Freie Gemeinde Hall Collection ... 31.85 F. Meier ... 1.25 Henry Skode ... 1.25 Chas. Kasdorf ... 1.00 A. Otten ... .30 John W. Herrmann ... 1.00 Adam Hillz ... 5.00 Fr. Kukla ... .50 Springfield, Mass., Local ... 3.00 H. D. Husmann ... .25 H. Hoppe ... 1.25 Richard Nordwig ... 2.00 John Kiefer ... .50 H. Jurgens ... 1.00 Anton Drolschagen ... .50 C. S. ... 3.75 Emil Weigelt ... 1.00 Geo. Morris ... 1.00 Herman Seer ... 2.00 Fred. Brockhausen ... 2.00 W. Korack ... 1.00 W. G. P. ... .50 Al. J. P. ... 2.00 Unknown ... 1.00 B. S. ... 2.00 E. S. ... 3.00 F. Emmrich ... .25 Adolph Lange ... 1.00 F. F. Sr. ... 1.00 R. Mueh ... .50 John Miller ... 2.25 Linda Hall ... 10.07 Paul Schummell ... 1.00 F. C. Stillmacher ... 1.00 Vorwaerts Hall ... 19.98 Chas. Rascke ... .25 W. P. C. ... 1.00 Chas. Balzer ... 1.00 E. G. ... 1.50 Caspar Haeh ... 1.50 E. G. ... 5.00 Eudek ... 2.10 Robert Grese ... 1.00 Herm. ter Jung ... .50 Chas. Prinz ... 1.00 S. S. Maenncheror Auron ... 5.00 William Miller ... .50 W. Doboczewsky ... .25 Fr. Vi-brach ... 3.40 W. Danz ... 1.50 E. Fiedler ... 2.20 Oscar Grundu ... .40 August Wendt ... 1.00 Ed. Neumann ... .25 G. D. ... .50 V. R. ... 2.00 A. Mittelstadt ... .25 Freie Gemeinde Hall collection ... 51.11 A. H. ... 1.50 Christ Boebert ... 1.50 Total ... \$1,183.12

Gleanings from Busy Socialistic Fields!

NOTE: In some states the organization is known as the Socialist Party, in others as the Social Democratic Party. Where the term "local" is used it does not refer to trade union locals, but to the local body.

NOTES FROM YANKEE LAND. The Ohio state convention will be held at Columbus, May 29. Two more aldermen were elected by the Socialists at Boone, Ia. It is reported that another Socialist alderman has been elected at Butte, Montana. The national organizing fund at the national headquarters has reached \$3,167.96. Comrade John Kerrigan has been reelected national committeeman for Texas. An excellent selection. A vicious and dishonest attack on Socialism was made last week at St. Louis by the Rev. Father Boorman, a Jesuit. The circular of the coming meeting of the International congress at Amsterdam, postponed from last year, is out. German Organizer Saltiel organized a strong German branch at Indianapolis. He also organized a branch at Hamilton, O. At Livingston, Mont., the Socialists polled 101 votes to the Democrats 171 and the Republicans 159. Comrade James Graham writes us that this is a substantial gain for our party. One of the brightest of our new exchanges is the Crisis of Salt Lake City, which is nicely printed and well edited. The paper is in charge of Comrades Joseph Gilbert as editor, and Kate S. Hillard as associate. Comrade Debs writes that the election news in the Terre Haute dailies gave the result in Milwaukee without so much as a mere reference to the Social-Democratic vote. Still suppressing! The debate between Comrade Sol. Fieldman and Lawyer Daniel Davenport, capitalist lobbyist, on the subject of labor legislation, and held at Bridgeport, Conn., is said to have been a signal victory for Fieldman. Davenport dealt mostly in fiction. New York comrades will celebrate May Day this year. The great objection to May Day as an international festival is that at that time of the year the weather is not settled or pleasant in many parts of the country. A Father Kress, before the Catholic Missionary Conference at Washington last week, attacked Socialism and quoted Mark Hanna as saying that sooner or later the capitalists would have to look to the Catholic church for protection from the class conscious working people. Minneapolis papers announce that the S. L. P. at that city, once a flourishing body, has given up the ghost and closed its hall. It lost caste by the party attitude toward trade unions and latterly about all the life it possessed was the result of the activity of a musician named Edwards, who used its hall to give semi-weekly dances. Last Sunday the remnants of the party held a business meeting, at which Edwards was charged with using the party for personal ends and after a stormy time it was decided to close up shop entirely.

NAT'L HEADQUARTERS. — Of the seven passenger associations controlling the passenger traffic on the leading railroads of the country, the following five have granted a rate for one and one-third fare from points in their territory on the certificate plan, providing ticket going to Chicago costs more than 75 cents: Central Passenger Association. Western Passenger Association. Southwestern Excursion Bureau. Trunk Line Association. Southern Passenger Association. Persons wishing to secure the benefit of this rate must have the ticket agent give them a delegate's certificate, which, signed by the National Secretary and a representative of the passenger associations at the convention on Tuesday, May 3rd, 1904, will secure a return ticket at one-third fare, providing there are one hundred or more present at the convention holding proper delegates' certificates from ticket agents at starting points in territory of above named associations. The representative of passenger associations will collect twenty-five cents for each certificate signed. Wives of delegates or alternates, as well as others coming to the convention should get delegates' certificates from ticket agent at points where ticket to Chicago is purchased—a certificate for each ticket. All small stations do not have delegates' certificates; when this is the case buy ticket to nearest point where you can get a rate for one and one-third fare. If agent cannot sell ticket thereon to Chicago, then advise nearest point to get through ticket taking delegates' certificates from each. Consult your ticket agents in advance. They can tell you if you are in the territory of either of the above named passenger associations. Tickets purchased more than three days previous to opening day of convention, May 1st, will not be honored for return or otherwise. Certificates for purchase of return tickets at one-third fare must be presented, and tickets used within three days after adjournment of convention. Return trip must be made over same route as coming. Tickets cannot be sold or transferred; to do so would cause loss of deposit made by National organization. The Trans. Continental Passenger Association, controlling the Pacific Coast state say: "Delegates may avail themselves of the regular nine months' rate which is in effect daily from Pacific Coast points to Chicago, and which approximates two cents per mile in each direction, or about one fare and one-third for the round trip." These tickets are on sale at all principal points. Agents at small stations can advise nearest point to obtain such ticket. Write in advance to Comrade Jas. S. Smith, 181 Washington st., Chicago, Ill., and advise him at what time you will reach the city, giving day, railroad and train. Display your button. William Mailly, Nat. Secy.

ACROSS THE HERRING POND. The executive council of the English Social-Democratic Federation is being held this week at Burnley, England. It is charged that Millerand, in the French chamber of deputies, has gone completely over to the bourgeoisie. Jaures, the other day, made a speech against him. The Social-Democrats at Chemnitz, Germany, have purchased the Coliseum, a well known place of amusement, to use as a people's home. The annual congress of the Saxon Social-Democrats was held there on Easter. Comrade Wener has been again elected mayor of Aue-by-Durlach, in Baden, by the Socialists. The first time the government refused to ratify the election. It will now be interesting to see what tack the government takes. The Socialists and trade unionists in Berlin, Germany, have come to an agreement by which certain days are reserved for political meetings and certain days for trade meetings. It is expected that this will prevent any possibility of clashing and that it will be mutually acceptable. The British Social-Democratic Federation made big gains in the recent guardian elections. Their successes and increases were in Fulham, Poplar, St. Luke's, Croydon, Lynn, St. Sepulchre's, Kingsthorpe, and Norwich. The Independent Labour Party (Socialist) gained in St. Thomas's, and there were Socialist gains in Castle Ward and West-coates Ward. J. B. Askew, in London Justice, says: "Nothing is more absurd than the tendency to make a bogey out of the Jesuits. In fact, it stands on a par with the cry against the Jews and against the Freemasons. The Jesuits acquired their power from the fact that they recognized the necessity of adapting the Catholic church to the requirements of capitalism, and in doing so they have conquered the Catholic church, which is today practically identical with Jesuitism. Moreover, Jesuitism today owes whatever influence it still has to the ability with which it understands how to serve the interests of capitalism. Thus the cry against the Jesuits is simply a 'red herring' to distract our attention from the real enemy—capitalism."

At the Chicago Convention. The Woman's National Socialist Union will hold a convention in Chicago on the morning and afternoon of April 29th and 30th, with an evening meeting on the 80th. The day meetings will be informal, with discussions as to the policy of separate organizations for women, and why it is not advisable for the Union to affiliate with the political organization, or become political instead of remaining educational. The evening meeting will be devoted to three addresses on the industrial condition of women and children. These meetings will be open to the public. Gentlemen are invited, and Socialist women, whether they belong to the association or not, are earnestly requested to attend. Convention will be held in People's Institute, cor. Van Buren st. and Hoyne ave. The above dates are chosen so that the meetings will not conflict with those of the regular convention. Josephine Conger, Cor. Secy. Girard, Kas.

The Herald, the Comrade, a fine picture and a book, all for \$1.25, worth \$2.00. The Herald ten weeks, ten cents.

WISCONSIN.—Plymouth Social-Democrats increased their vote 35 per cent, although they failed to carry the ward which last year elected a Social-Democratic alderman, since the Republicans and Democrats worked together in this ward this spring. Kenosha gave 256 votes for the Social-Democratic candidate for mayor. The vote in Green Bay for the candidates of our party was as follows: For mayor, John G. Jackson, 156. For clerk, Chas. J. Loignon, 153. For treasurer, Fred J. Scheff, 224. Janesville polled 129 straight Social-Democratic votes. According to the returns, Superior gave 127 Social-Democratic votes. Superior comrades think that the official count will give them a larger figure. Charters have been granted to a Bohemian branch in Racine, to the 8th ward of Sheboygan, to the 1st precinct of the Town of Lake, to the 1st precinct

HERE YOU HAVE IT!

Here is a positive eye-opener—just the thing you have been looking for, to get at the every-day citizen who wants to read about Socialism in every-day language. You must not miss this chance.

Confessions of Capitalism,

BY ALLAN L. BENSON. Mr. Benson teaches Socialism by letting the Capitalists talk. He uses their own figures to indict their system—figures they cannot dispute. Absolutely the best pamphlet for propaganda ever published in this country. It will make thousands of converts.

To Socialist Locals Everywhere!

If you really want to deserve the name of Socialist Local or Branch, order "CONFESSIONS OF CAPITALISM," by Allan L. Benson, in large quantities. Distribute them all over your territory. It will make Socialists; it will make party members; it will increase your vote; it will make readers of Socialist papers and other literature as no other book has ever done. The book should be in the hands of everybody in the United States. Socialists everywhere should carry sufficient copies in their pockets and at each opportunity clinch their arguments with one of these books. Get your organization to order a lot.

Single copies, 5c; Thirty, \$1.00; One hundred, \$2.75; Five hundred, \$12.50; One thousand, \$18.00.

Social-Democratic Herald,

344 SIXTH STREET, MILWAUKEE, WIS.

SPRING SUITS & TOP COATS

FOR MEN AND YOUNG MEN are ready and we are showing the MOST COMPLETE AND BEST LINE that has been produced.

Also Shirts, Hats, Etc., All Bearing the Union Label.

WE MARK EVERY ARTICLE IN OUR STORE AT THE VERY LOWEST CASH PRICE.

COME IN AND BE CONVINCED.

NECK BROS.,

717-719 12th Street, Corner Lloyd.

THE OLIVER. The Standard visible writer, writes in sight. Simplest, strongest, best. Displacing old style Machines everywhere. Ask for illustrated catalogue free. High Grade Desks, Office Furniture, Filing Systems, Sectional Book-Cases, Duplicating Machines, Office and Typewriter Supplies, Etc. WILLIAM C. KRUEL, 434-436 Broadway, MILWAUKEE, WIS.

Books on International Socialism.

Table listing various books on international socialism with authors and prices. Includes titles like 'A Study in Government', 'The Student's Marx', 'The Religion of Socialism', 'The Last Days of the Russian Co-operative Association', etc.

Social-Democratic Herald, 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee, Wis.



# Social-Democratic Herald

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY BY THE  
**Milwaukee Social-Democratic Publishing Co.**  
 Board of Directors—E. H. Thomas, Pres.; Victor L. Berger, Vice-Pres.; Edmund T. Melms, Secretary-Treasurer; Emil Seidel, John Doerfler, Sr., C. P. Dietz, A. J. Welch, Fred. Brockhausen, Sr., Wm. Arnold.  
 FREDERIC HEATH, Editor.  
 Official Paper of the Federated Trades Council of Milwaukee and of the Wisconsin State Federation of Labor.  
 Entered at Milwaukee Post-office as Second-class Matter, Aug. 20, 1901.

## SHAKING DOWN THE PLUMS FOR CAPITALISM.



**American Wealth King.**—"There! It's just my luck. Just as I have gotten those boys up the tree into the habit of fighting each other instead of eating the plums themselves, along comes that bad boy, Socialism, to disturb the peace - if he ever gets into that tree there'll be no more prosperity - for such as me!"

## Some Comments on the Milwaukee Election.

Newark, N. J., April 8.—Our congratulations. Your success comes from hard work, intelligently conducted. It will put new life into our work everywhere for the coming fight.  
 G. H. Strobel.

Detroit, Mich., April 11.—I am very glad to note the healthy growth of Socialist sentiment in Milwaukee indicated by the election returns. While I would have been glad if Berger had been elected, of course, I cannot avoid the conclusion that it was fortunate for Socialism that he was not. For this reason: To have elected him would have necessitated an increase of over 100 per cent in the Socialist vote in two years. So great a gain would have been likely to mean that many voted the Socialist Democratic ticket who were not Socialists. Such votes don't stick. Then comes the slump, and the statement is at once heralded abroad that "Socialism is diminishing." The Battle Creek Socialists have had just such an experience as that. I am glad to note in the Herald that you have elected several officers. Congratulations to Milwaukee and to you!  
 A. L. Benson.

Odon, Ind., April 11.—Hurrah, Hurrah for Milwaukee. Berger would be all right for president.  
 Z. M. Gartun.

Chicago, April 10.—Dear Comrades: I know of nothing that would give me more pleasure just now than to be in Milwaukee when the nine enter the council chamber and take their seats—the first set of men that ever had a good title to be there. The result of the election is a splendid answer to our opponents, especially those of the Parry-Messmer type. Please accept my sincere congratulations and best wishes for your success as representatives of the workers in a "den of thieves."  
 A. S. Edwards.

Cincinnati, April 9.—I look forward to grand work by the elected comrades. Their names are a guarantee that the Social-Democracy is represented as it ought to be. Let them move. They belong together.  
 Robert Saltiel.

Terre Haute, Ind., April 11.—My congratulations to you and your comrades upon your election. Sorry only that Berger will not preside over your deliberations. But this will come next time and in the interim you will be getting things ready for his official reception. From now on municipal corruption is dead in Milwaukee. Such a Socialist minority as you have will be fatal to graftocracy. The Socialist nose will be as keen for the scent of boodle in Milwaukee as the blooded hound is for the fox. You have a great opportunity and fortunately you are well enough trained and backed to take full advantage of it. With you, there will be no repetition of Sheboygan. You and your comrades, supported by a thoroughly socialistic Socialist movement will make good every step of the way and insure the triumphant election of the whole ticket in the next campaign.  
 The Milwaukee comrades conducted a campaign that will serve as a model, a guide and an inspiration for the whole country. Your municipal organization was as fine a piece of mechanism as I have ever seen.  
 With all good wishes for the hastening of all anticipated victories, I remain,  
 Your loving comrade  
 Eugene V. Debs.

Up in the Sugar Bush. Kewaukum, Wis., April 9.—Fellow Comrades: News has finally reached us up here in the woods that the Social-Democracy of Milwaukee is now a factor in municipal politics.  
 The plutocratic dailies have sent word along the line that there are now three parties in city and state.  
 About a year ago the Oshkosh Times commanded me to go "back to the woods." I have been there part of the time, but since the signal success of the comrades on Tuesday last in which our party polled over 1/4 of the city vote, I feel like coming out and crowing. It is true that the city ticket was not elected; but when the result of the election shows a gain of more than 10,000 votes in two years, it ought to be apparent to the Democratic and Republican politicians that the people are beginning to realize that with the awakening of a class consciousness, the days of the grafters are nearly over. With the plutocratic capitalist party managers and politicians, public office is for private gain, i. e. for self. The motive of a Democratic office seeker is selfish; the same is true of the Republican office holder. It is for self, for the revenue, the spoils. The party interests are the only ones besides the self interests. The people, the whole people, are not at all considered. "To the victor belongs the spoils" was the dictum of John Marcy and both of the old parties have openly and without a blush avowed this policy from the covention platform, the stump, and through its organs.  
 With nine such able comrades in the new common council and four on the county board, there will be more than passing interest to the people outside of Milwaukee city and county, who have long waited and watched for the advent of a government for the people, of the people, and by the people.  
 W. H. Ferber.

Superior (Wis.) Telegram: When the Socialist party can poll within 2,000 votes of as many as the Republican ticket receives in Milwaukee, it is time for people to stop and think. The Socialist, like the poor, we have always with us. Cranks and fanatics are to be expected here and there, but this will not explain the rapid increase in the Socialist vote during the last few years. For this there is but one explanation and that is the number of people dissatisfied, seriously dissatisfied with existing industrial conditions, is rapidly increasing.  
 Reedsburg, Wis., Times, Rep.: Rose is regarded as the champion of the wide-open element and, undoubtedly, does pander to it. But that element, alone and unaided, could not control a city like Milwaukee. One naturally believes that the business element—the men of substantial business interests—control the city or, at least, could control it in the interests of wise and economical government if they worked together to that end. They can. The government of Milwaukee, or any city, county or state is what the business element makes it. It is not made by the irresponsible and lawless class in the community. The latter is merely used by what people call the "respectable element" and in turn are given certain privileges. The grand jury developments in Milwaukee show who mould the city government. The business men—the contractors, the men who want privileges and concessions—mould the city government. They bribe city officials and they want men elected to office whom they can buy and control. They,

## What International Socialism Demands:

1. Collective ownership of public utilities and all industries in the hands of Trusts and Combinations.
  2. Democratic management of such collective industry.
  3. Reduction of the hours of labor and progressively increased remuneration.
  4. State and National Insurance for the workers and honorable rest for old age.
  5. The inauguration of public industries to safeguard the workers against lack of employment.
  6. Education of ALL children up to the age of 18 years. No child labor.
  7. Equal political and civil rights for men and women.
- If you believe in the above vote with the Social-Democrats.

## THE DANGERS OF PUBLIC SERVICE.

We Americans prate about the duties of citizenship; but, after all, how about it! One of the implied duties of citizenship is to serve the people in a public capacity when called upon to do so by their ballots. If that is a duty of citizenship, then anything that interferes with or obstructs the exercise of that duty is subversive of good citizenship and of our American institutions, which contemplate a government of the people by the people.

In Milwaukee last week the wage-working class, which, while in the vast majority, had never before had a class representative in the city government, elected nine men to the city council and four others to the county board. In doing this they exercised tardily a constitutional right, as did the thirteen elected men when they qualified for their new public duties. But the embarrassments under which the men did qualify should interest all honest citizens, for they show that society does not safeguard its elected representatives after they have consented to exercise that duty of citizenship.

No sooner were the men elected than they found themselves, most of them (as they had expected), discharged by their employers.

Although skilled craftsmen, they could not hold office and work at their trades, too. Thus another class penalty is visited upon them, only one of the many social punishments that fall upon the working class. The only alternative would be to make a job of politics, although the pay they will draw as councilmen amounts to only a few hundred dollars a year, which is certainly not enough to live on. At the same time the world wonders why men make a business out of politics and that politics is corrupt.

The working class constitutes the great bulk of the population. In this country the majority is supposed to rule. But the moment the working class makes an approach to such a thing, capitalism shuts off its bread and butter.

And so some of our elected men in Milwaukee must give up skilled work and seek for some unskilled employment so as to have the necessary time left to devote to their public duties. In serving society they are at the same time society's victims!

Failing thus in discouraging them altogether, it is only to be expected that capitalism will begin its usual work of seeking to render this hostile force innocuous, by corrupting it.

Socialists believe that capitalism has its historic mission to fulfill, that of building up and concentrating industry to the point where it is ready for socialization in ownership—to the point where the capitalist himself becomes superfluous in industry and collectivism becomes possible and imperative. This development must to a great extent precede the advent of Socialism. To this development our Socialist legislators would not be hostile, their hostility would be toward the control of legislation by the capitalists for their own private interests and against the interests of the people at large. This being so, capitalism, personified in the corporations and big business interests, will try by its usual lobbying craft to break down the class loyalty and the good resolves of these men, in order to turn them from faithful representatives of the people to creatures of faithfulness and public shame. But our representatives knew pretty well what would beset their paths when they accepted the aldermanic and other nominations, and will stand the test, pass by the temptations and come out of the ordeal unscathed.

The capitalist lobbies (paid for by our "leading" citizens, do not forget) work with a cold precision and craft that those not behind the scenes little dream of. When a lot of new men enter the halls of legislation they make a particular study of their particular cases. Man by man they move the procession past them in a mental review. First what are the man's weaknesses that can be played on. Has he business entanglements or interests that can be turned to account? Has he a past that can be used to frighten him into line? Does he like drink? Has he a passion for cards? Can he be tempted by women? And so on. Woe to the man who can be stealthily approached on any of these lines!

When the infamous Milwaukee street railway franchise sell-out was engineered some four years ago, the street railway lobby was not able to secure a sufficient number of crooked aldermen to get their measure through. But it went through, just the same. Some idea of the devious ways by which the needed majority was achieved was had by an investigating committee appointed by a citizens' mass meeting to smell out graft some months ago. One of the members is authority for the statement that at the time of the street railway sell-out, the street car company were in control of four down town houses of prostitution into which certain aldermen were first lured and then induced to repeat the visit by presents of passes entitling them to patronize the places free of cost to themselves. Once caught in such a trap, a trap that would have done credit to the fertile brain of a melodramatic playwright, the company had the possibility of a domestic scandal to hold over the heads of their victims, by which their votes were thereafter controlled. This certainly beats the poker game lobbying method that has been in vogue at state legislatures these many years.

The Socialist representatives in Milwaukee will face these dangers with their eyes open, and we have no fears for the result.

We wonder if our Milwaukee readers noticed a very significant thing that happened election night. Dave Rose, ostensibly the Democratic candidate for mayor, but secretly the candidate of our crooked "leading" business men, mingled with the boys early in the evening, but as soon as he could get away from them, made straight for the Hotel Pfister. There he met his political partner, Republican Boss Pfister, and they went to one of the large rooms on the second floor to crack a few bottles of champagne and have a good laugh over the result. The laughter of those two men behind the scenes ought to have stung the ears of every workingman in the city who was so false to his own and his class interests as to have voted a capitalistic ballot. Rose, the loud-mouthed "public ownership" candidate for mayor in 1898, and who sold out the city to Pfister's street railway in 1900, in 1904 goes on a champagne spree with the biggest corruptor of legislation in Wisconsin, and figures that there are still enough stupid workmen in the city to have it make no difference with his further political fortunes!

"The feature of the local election at Milwaukee on Tuesday, which will receive notice throughout the country, is the large Socialist vote cast—about 19,000 out of a total of 60,000," says The Catholic Citizen. "Milwaukee is the first of our great cities where the Socialists have made so impressive a showing. They outnumbered the Republicans in a heretofore Republican city. The significance of this vote is largely local discontent with the old parties and the graft evil, for which Republicans and Democrats are held equally blameable. Two years hence it is not probable that the Republicans will put up a mayoral candidate in Milwaukee. Such of them as are not amalgamated by commercial interests with the personal party of the mayor-elect are apt to be absorbed by the Socialists or range themselves with a new Citizens' party."

# THE FITWELL

The title of "THE FITWELL" does not come to us by mere chance, or accident,  
**WE DESERVE IT!—Our Clothes do FIT WELL.**  
**OUR SUITS and TOP COATS** are the finest in Milwaukee at prices that cannot be duplicated..... **\$7.50 to \$18.00**  
 We have a line of **TROUSERS** from **\$1.50 to \$3.00**. The best ever shown anywhere.

All our **SUITS, TOP COATS, CRAVANETTES and TROUSERS** bear the above label.  
 We keep your clothes pressed and repaired free of charge.  
 M. B. and Red Trading Stamps with every purchase.  
**THE FITWELL, 204 West Water Street, MILWAUKEE, WIS.**

## SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD—BUSINESS DEPARTMENT

Address all communications, money orders, etc., to the  
**MILWAUKEE SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC PUBLISHING CO.**  
 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee, Wis.  
 Telephone Main 2394. H. W. BURTON, Business Manager.

**TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.**—One year, 50 cents. In clubs of three, \$1.25. Six months, 25 cents. No papers sent to any one on credit. If, without having subscribed, you receive it, then it has been subscribed for by a friend and no bill will follow. Foreign subscriptions, \$1.00.

**BUNDLE RATES.**  
 100 copies, more or less, per copy..... 50  
 200 copies or more, per 100 (delivered outside Milwaukee)..... 75  
 200 copies or more, per 100 (in Milwaukee only if called for)..... 70

**Weekly Bundles.**  
 Five copies, 3 months, to one address..... \$ 50  
 Five copies, 3 months, to one address..... 1.75  
 Five copies, one year, to one address..... 2.00  
 Ten copies, one year, to one address..... 3.00  
 Twenty-five copies, one year, to one address..... 8.00  
 Fifty copies, one year, to one address..... 15.00  
 Advertising Rates furnished on application.  
 We reserve the right to terminate any advertising contract without notice.

Receipts of Remittances for Subscriptions are acknowledged by the number on the wrapper. Separate receipts are never sent.

## AS EUGENE V. DEBS SEES IT.

Eugene V. Debs has sent Comrade Berger the following characteristic comment on the result of the election in Milwaukee:  
*Terre Haute, Ind., April 7, 1904.*  
 My Dear Berger,  
 Here's my hand and my congratulation upon your splendid fight. You've won, though the people have lost.  
 You did not get elected for the simple reason that Rose suits the people, and as long as Rose suits them they are not ready, nor are they fit for Berger.  
 You and your comrades have neither cause nor time for regrets. The next campaign is already begun.  
 Hurrah for the Social-Democrats of Milwaukee!—and for the rest, "boodle" to their heart's content.  
 You are big in defeat—you would not swap your drooping tail feathers for Rose's laurels, nor your votes for his office, nor your defeat for his victory.  
 The next time you will sweep the enemy from the field.  
 Forward march!  
 Yours always,  
 E. V. DEBS.

**Faerber's Bargain Store**  
 OPENING SALE OF MILLINERY  
 A nice line of hats and flowers at very reasonable prices. Dry Goods, Notions and Wrappers at specially low prices. We give Red and Green Trading Stamps  
 946 WINNEBAGO ST. MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN

**Strehlow & Schaap.**  
 PLAIN AND DECORATIVE PAINTING,  
 Paperhanging and Calcimining,  
 GRAINING AND HARD WOOD FINISHING.  
 1265 Hopkins Ave. or  
 2019 Walnut St., MILWAUKEE.

**Walter F. Ladwig**  
 145 Third St., Opposite Palm Garden,  
 Try Our New \$2.00 Guaranteed Razor.  
 Everyone Guaranteed.  
 We Conceive Razors and Shavers Shears. Our Goods are the Best obtainable and our Prices the Lowest. MILWAUKEE.

**New Goods**  
 Bright as Sunshine is the Stock of  
**CLOCKS JEWELRY and Silverware**  
 L. Sachs  
**THE JEWELER,**  
 418 National Ave.

**F. TRENKAMP & CO.**  
 MANUFACTURERS OF  
**Honest Soaps.**  
 No free premiums. No catch-penny schemes in order to sell our soaps. Ask for TRENKAMP'S SOAPS and you get full weight and HONEST GOODS.  
 Try Our Popular Brands  
**CLIMAX and MONITOR.**

**International Truss & Artificial Limb Co.,**  
 405 Chestnut Street, MILWAUKEE.  
**RICHARD ELSNER, LAWYER.**  
 Specialties: Probate, Corporation and Real Estate Law. All Legal Documents Drawn.  
 Consulting Lawyer as to safe Money Investments.  
 OFFICE: 140 North Avenue, MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.

**Teeth Extracted**  
 ABSOLUTELY Without Pain or Danger, 25c.  
 New Teeth, best and finest made. Guaranteed or money refunded. Standard Crowns and Bridges. Teeth. Fine Fillings a leading specialty.  
 We guarantee complete satisfaction. Give honest, intelligent advice free and receive nobody.  
**DR. YOUNG,** 412-416 Gen. Milwaukee, Wisconsin.  
 Hours—8:30 to 6; Sunday, 9 to 12. PHONE 8813 BLACK.  
 COMRADES, YOUR PATRONAGE IS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.

**OXFORDS \$1.95**  
 We have a line of Ladies Oxfords in all styles and sizes at **\$1.95** that are hard to beat; if you see them, you will want a pair.  
 GIVE US A LOOK.

**Lamers Bros. SHOES**  
 354 GROVE ST. MILWAUKEE, WIS.  
 M. B. Green and Blue Trading Stamps.

**SCHUCK & SCHIMINSKY**  
 Mens' and Boys' Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Hats & Caps.  
 1043 TEUTONIA AVENUE, NEAR CENTER STREET.  
 Our Add and Our Prices are Small, but our Stock and our Reliability is Big.

**WHEN ORDERING SUITS DEMAND THIS LABEL**  
 CUSTOM TAILORS UNION LABEL

**OUR UNION LABEL**  
 THE ONLY ONE  
 TO BE RECOGNIZED ON SHIRTS, WAISTS, COLLARS & JACKETS  
 LEARN TO ASK FOR IT and also See (that your laundryman has it)

**SEE THAT THIS LABEL IS ON ALL**  
 YOU BUY  
 Whether Smoking, Chewing NONE GENUINELY SMOKED WITHOUT IT.  
 DEMAND THIS LABEL



**United Trades Council of Milwaukee**  
 HEADQUARTERS: 318 State Street, SECOND FLOOR.  
 The Regular Meetings of the Council are held first and third Wednesdays, at 8 o'clock, at 298 Fourth Street, Second Floor.  
**OFFICERS:**  
 JOHN REICHERT, 318 State St., Cor. Secretary  
 FREDERIC HEATY, 364 Ninth St., Sec. Secretary  
 HENRY H. PETER, 2416 Chambers St., Treasurer  
 GUSTAVE ESCHER, 515 Newhall St., Treasurer  
 M. WEISENFLUCH, 417 Eleventh St., Sergeant at Arms  
 Business Agent, FRANK J. WEBER, 318 State Street.

**WOMAN'S CLUB BASKET SOCIAL.**  
 A basket social has been arranged by the Woman's Socialist club of Milwaukee, to take place at Harmonie Hall, 17th and Mineral street, April 27, 8 P. M. The ladies will bring the lunch baskets, which will be auctioned off to the men at the highest bid. The man who eats lunch with the woman who brought the basket. Admission will be free to all Socialists and friends. Entertainment will follow and the Social-Democratic Orchestra will furnish the music. The proceeds will be used for propaganda.

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**  
 No. 4037.  
 STATE OF WISCONSIN—SUPERIOR COURT—MILWAUKEE COUNTY.  
 Phillip J. Schlosser, as Executor of the Last Will and Testament of Louis Weirich, deceased, Plaintiff vs. John Thomann, Ida Thomann, his wife, John Thomann as Executor of the Last Will and Testament of Casper Thomann, deceased, Helena Thomann, widow of Fred Thomann, August Francis Thomann and Fred Thomann, both minors and children of said Fred Thomann, deceased, Walter Beckler, John Rost, her husband; Charles Beckler, as Executor of the Last Will and Testament of Rosa Beckler, nee Thomann, deceased, Walter Beckler, the minor child of said Rosa Beckler; Charles Beckler, as Executor of the Last Will and Testament of John Giebach and Edward Giebach, all being children of Theresa Giebach, a deceased daughter of said Casper Thomann, deceased, and August Johansen, Defendants.

**Judgment of Foreclosure and Sale.**  
 By virtue of and pursuant to a judgment of said Superior Court, in the above entitled action, which was entered and dated March 27th, 1904, I shall expose for sale and sell at public auction, in the hall of the court house, near the south door fronting on the park, in the Seventh Ward of the City of Milwaukee, in said County, on Monday, the 1st day of May 1904, at the hour of 2 o'clock of that day, all the following described mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to raise the amount due to the plaintiff for principal, interest and costs, together with the disbursements of sale and solicitor's fees, to-wit:

**First Ward—**  
 Schmidt ..... 74 ..... 2 ..... 4 ..... Total ..... 80  
 Schilling ..... 76 ..... 73 ..... 31 ..... 371 ..... 558  
 Becker ..... 84 ..... 266 ..... 277 ..... 371 ..... 998  
 Morgan ..... 59 ..... 223 ..... 246 ..... 297 ..... 825  
 Carey ..... 185 ..... 264 ..... 125 ..... 251 ..... 825  
 Braun ..... 227 ..... 252 ..... 118 ..... 243 ..... 840

**Second Ward—**  
 Weingart ..... 1 ..... 2 ..... 3 ..... 4 ..... 5 ..... Total ..... 15  
 Wiemer ..... 123 ..... 132 ..... 96 ..... 145 ..... 596  
 Kuschert ..... 255 ..... 220 ..... 177 ..... 188 ..... 840  
 Wittig ..... 247 ..... 224 ..... 172 ..... 172 ..... 815  
 Rheims ..... 96 ..... 173 ..... 138 ..... 165 ..... 572  
 Reukema ..... 100 ..... 167 ..... 126 ..... 183 ..... 576

**Third Ward—**  
 Wages ..... 1 ..... 2 ..... 3 ..... 4 ..... 5 ..... Total ..... 15  
 Herrberg ..... 32 ..... 26 ..... 29 ..... 48 ..... 135  
 Corcoran ..... 460 ..... 220 ..... 158 ..... 220 ..... 1058  
 Rittaler ..... 370 ..... 390 ..... 390 ..... 390 ..... 1540  
 McManus ..... 127 ..... 212 ..... 973 ..... 612 ..... 2104  
 Walsh ..... 108 ..... 161 ..... 267 ..... 536

**Fourth Ward—**  
 Lahn ..... 1 ..... 2 ..... 3 ..... 4 ..... 5 ..... Total ..... 15  
 Lambert ..... 66 ..... 98 ..... 64 ..... 56 ..... 384  
 Fitzgerald ..... 356 ..... 296 ..... 232 ..... 248 ..... 1132  
 Koerner ..... 369 ..... 294 ..... 203 ..... 226 ..... 1092  
 Adams ..... 194 ..... 230 ..... 136 ..... 208 ..... 768  
 Burke ..... 188 ..... 254 ..... 179 ..... 244 ..... 865

**Fifth Ward—**  
 Acker ..... 1 ..... 2 ..... 3 ..... 4 ..... 5 ..... Total ..... 15  
 Connelly ..... 55 ..... 124 ..... 100 ..... 131 ..... 410  
 Deuster ..... 217 ..... 252 ..... 229 ..... 261 ..... 959  
 Connelly ..... 230 ..... 255 ..... 294 ..... 253 ..... 1032  
 Christiansen ..... 42 ..... 169 ..... 62 ..... 132 ..... 405  
 Richardson ..... 32 ..... 134 ..... 66 ..... 112 ..... 344

**Sixth Ward—**  
 Bechler ..... 1 ..... 2 ..... 3 ..... 4 ..... 5 ..... Total ..... 15  
 Dannefelder ..... 68 ..... 111 ..... 124 ..... 124 ..... 427  
 Smith ..... 217 ..... 247 ..... 24 ..... 184 ..... 672  
 Widule ..... 189 ..... 192 ..... 188 ..... 131 ..... 700  
 Erbach ..... 104 ..... 102 ..... 245 ..... 145 ..... 676  
 Fiebrantz ..... 164 ..... 126 ..... 212 ..... 180 ..... 582

**Seventh Ward—**  
 Morris ..... 1 ..... 2 ..... 3 ..... 4 ..... 5 ..... Total ..... 15  
 Goels ..... 57 ..... 79 ..... 40 ..... 39 ..... 215  
 Barry ..... 266 ..... 337 ..... 181 ..... 784 ..... 1468  
 McKinley ..... 187 ..... 308 ..... 278 ..... 803 ..... 1576  
 Borkheimer ..... 148 ..... 311 ..... 197 ..... 656

**Eighth Ward—**  
 Tews ..... 1 ..... 2 ..... 3 ..... 4 ..... 5 ..... Total ..... 15  
 Stieling ..... 141 ..... 121 ..... 143 ..... 219 ..... 624  
 Strauch ..... 138 ..... 122 ..... 118 ..... 174 ..... 552  
 Roetz ..... 140 ..... 291 ..... 234 ..... 253 ..... 918  
 Tabbot ..... 105 ..... 183 ..... 187 ..... 182 ..... 657

**Ninth Ward—**  
 Berner ..... 1 ..... 2 ..... 3 ..... 4 ..... 5 ..... Total ..... 15  
 Zens ..... 173 ..... 194 ..... 133 ..... 292 ..... 692  
 Liedtke ..... 173 ..... 161 ..... 153 ..... 292 ..... 779  
 Klara ..... 230 ..... 201 ..... 186 ..... 173 ..... 790  
 Klotz ..... 132 ..... 98 ..... 78 ..... 102 ..... 410  
 Maier ..... 138 ..... 121 ..... 82 ..... 107 ..... 448

**Tenth Ward—**  
 Heath ..... 1 ..... 2 ..... 3 ..... 4 ..... 5 ..... Total ..... 15  
 Welch ..... 140 ..... 145 ..... 129 ..... 150 ..... 564  
 Ornstine ..... 123 ..... 115 ..... 176 ..... 175 ..... 589  
 Jenz ..... 97 ..... 93 ..... 187 ..... 140 ..... 517

**Eleventh Ward—**  
 Melms ..... 1 ..... 2 ..... 3 ..... 4 ..... 5 ..... Total ..... 15  
 Wild ..... 188 ..... 175 ..... 294 ..... 312 ..... 1169  
 Jurgens ..... 279 ..... 180 ..... 210 ..... 190 ..... 859  
 Jesion ..... 102 ..... 97 ..... 135 ..... 184 ..... 518  
 Kroening ..... 00 ..... 00 ..... 00 ..... 89 ..... 89

**Twelfth Ward—**  
 Sheehan ..... 178 ..... 162 ..... 285 ..... 310 ..... 138 ..... 181 ..... 165 ..... 1419  
 Scygmansk ..... 279 ..... 170 ..... 234 ..... 204 ..... 292 ..... 158 ..... 123 ..... 1369  
 Glass ..... 110 ..... 126 ..... 132 ..... 173 ..... 99 ..... 63 ..... 95 ..... 798

The Milwaukee Vote (Official Count).

Ward	ALDERMEN.				SUPERVISORS.				ALDERMEN.				SUPERVISORS.														
	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4											
First Ward—	Schmidt	74	2	4	Schmidt	74	2	4	Weingart	1	2	3	4	Wiemer	123	132	96	145									
Second Ward—	Wiemer	123	132	96	145	Wiemer	123	132	96	145	Wiemer	123	132	96	145	Wiemer	123	132	96	145							
Third Ward—	Wages	1	2	3	4	5	Herrberg	32	26	29	48	135	Wiemer	123	132	96	145	Wiemer	123	132	96	145					
Fourth Ward—	Lahn	1	2	3	4	5	Lambert	66	98	64	56	384	Wiemer	123	132	96	145	Wiemer	123	132	96	145					
Fifth Ward—	Acker	1	2	3	4	5	Connelly	55	124	100	131	410	Wiemer	123	132	96	145	Wiemer	123	132	96	145					
Sixth Ward—	Bechler	1	2	3	4	5	Dannefelder	68	111	124	124	427	Wiemer	123	132	96	145	Wiemer	123	132	96	145					
Seventh Ward—	Morris	1	2	3	4	5	Goels	57	79	40	39	215	Wiemer	123	132	96	145	Wiemer	123	132	96	145					
Eighth Ward—	Tews	1	2	3	4	5	Stieling	141	121	143	219	624	Wiemer	123	132	96	145	Wiemer	123	132	96	145					
Ninth Ward—	Berner	1	2	3	4	5	Zens	173	194	133	292	692	Wiemer	123	132	96	145	Wiemer	123	132	96	145					
Tenth Ward—	Heath	1	2	3	4	5	Welch	140	145	129	150	564	Wiemer	123	132	96	145	Wiemer	123	132	96	145					
Eleventh Ward—	Melms	1	2	3	4	5	Wild	188	175	294	312	1169	Wiemer	123	132	96	145	Wiemer	123	132	96	145					
Twelfth Ward—	Sheehan	178	162	285	310	138	181	165	1419	Scygmansk	279	170	234	204	292	158	123	1369	Glass	110	126	132	173	99	63	95	798

TO CLOSE THE CAMPAIGN.

There are some things which remain to be done before this campaign can be counted altogether among the things of the past, and these must all be done very shortly, or we may lose much of the benefit of the hard fight which we have made.

1. Every candidate elected must qualify, i. e., appear either before the city or county clerk and take the oath of office, within ten days after receiving his certificate of election. If this is not done the office will be declared vacant, and the old party politicians will have the privilege and the pleasure of filling the office with one of their own kind.

2. Candidates and party committees or branches which had anything to do with the carrying on of the campaign, in the city and county, must file a sworn statement of their income and their expenses to date, together with their unpaid bills which are good for about \$175,000 more. There is due from the branches for literature for the campaign about \$60,000. The unpaid bills on April 12 are \$1,315,500, with possibly a few more smaller bills yet to come in.

3. The bills of the campaign must be paid. The total expense of the campaign was about \$2,950,000. Of this \$1,589,82 has been paid. There is about \$200,000 in hand. There are subscription lists which are good for about \$175,000 more. There is due from the branches for literature for the campaign about \$60,000. The unpaid bills on April 12 are \$1,315,500, with possibly a few more smaller bills yet to come in.

Now how is this amount to be met and paid before we get into the fall campaign? That is the problem over which some of the comrades are beginning to lose sleep. But I do not think it is necessary to do that. Here is the way it looks to the secretary of the campaign committee:

(a) If two hundred people can be found who will pay \$5.00 each this debt will be wiped out and we will be \$100,000 to the good.

(b) There must be in the neighborhood of 3,000 of the punch cards still out! If these come in with an average of 30 cts. on each, the debt will be paid. GET IN THE PUNCH CARDS.

Thus there are two methods of action, and both are hopeful. Let the comrades who can afford it pass in their \$5 bills at once.

AND LET EVERY MAN WHO HAS A PUNCH CARD PASS IT IN AT ONCE. WHETHER THERE IS A NICKEL PUNCHED ON IT OR NOT.

To facilitate this latter action, I would suggest that the secretaries in the branches do all they can to get these cards in. Make a canvass of your neighbors whom you know to be receiving the papers, and ask them for the cards. Keep a record of every card, with the name and the number of the card, so that there may be no confusion in the office records.

In the closing of the campaign, as in the battle which we are now waging victoriously, it is the little efforts of the many, every one in his place, which will bring us through with our colors flying. This debt of \$900,000 is no burden for the thousands of men who have stood together in this fight. But it must be cleared off at once, to be ready for the fall campaign. LINE UP.

W. R. Gaylord,  
 Secy. City Campaign Committee.

**WATCHES! WATCHES!**  
**OUR SPECIALTY.**  
 THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT.  
 THE FINEST QUALITY.  
 THE LOWEST PRICES.  
*August Stecher*  
 ...JEWELER...  
 Corner Third & State Streets.  
**BADGER LAUNDRY.**  
 JURSS BROS., Proprietors.  
**ALL WORK GUARANTEED.**  
 526-528 Twelfth Street,  
 Phone North 382. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

**HERM. R. MILLER**  
 FORMERLY MILLER BROS.  
**PHOTOGRAPHER**  
 359 THIRD STREET  
 COR. CHESTNUT STREET  
 PHONE BLACK 9124  
**MILWAUKEE, WIS.**

**H. P. Hansen,**  
 Dry Goods, Gents' Furnishings,  
 Shoes, Crockery, Glassware and  
 House Furnishings. ....  
 548-550 POTTER AVENUE.  
 PHONE BLACK 9245.

**AUGUST GILL,**  
 COAL, WOOD & GAS COKE  
 906 WINNEBAGO STREET,  
 MILWAUKEE, WIS.

**ADOLPH HEUMANN'S**  
 BEER HALL AND SAMPLE ROOM,  
 403 Sycamore St., Cor. Fourth.  
 Opposite Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul  
 Passenger Depot.  
 Telephone Black 9581. Milwaukee, Wis.

**JOHN LUBLL,**  
 MANUFACTURER OF  
**FINE CIGARS,**  
 536 Second Ave., Milwaukee, Wis.  
 My Brand—Sanctigo de Cuba, O. L. 10c  
 Cigar, Golden Harvest, Lone Star, No. 255  
 5c Clear.

**BORCHARDT BROS.,**  
 TAILORS AND  
 FURNISHERS..  
 347-349 Grove St., Milwaukee,  
 Phone 8495 Blue.

**I ADVERTISE SMALL WHY**  
 BECAUSE I SELL CLOTHING AND  
 GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS AT THE  
 SMALLEST PROFIT  
 CALL AND COMPARE MY PRICES  
 WITH OTHERS  
**LUDWIG BERG, 317 3/4 ST.**  
 Union Made Clothing a Specialty.

**THE KIETH DRUG CO.**  
 Deutsche Apotheke,  
 840 MITCHELL STREET,  
 MILWAUKEE, WIS.  
 Phone Blue 9211.

**LAWRENCE'S ORIGINAL**  
 3c  
**LUNCH ROOMS,**  
 OPEN ALL NIGHT.  
 Headquarters for a Good Lunch or Meal  
 at moderate prices. 3c  
**CLEANLINESS. QUICK SERVICE.**  
 J. E. CAMPBELL, Manager.  
 420 East Water Street & 183 Third Street.  
 Tel. Blue 882g. SCHLITZ BEER.

**GUSTAV FRIEDRICH,**  
 ...SALOON...  
 440 National Avenue, Milwaukee, Wis.  
 Comrades give me a call.

**THE LATEST**  
 AT C. M. HANSON,  
 New line of  
**MEN'S UNION MADE SHOES.**  
 Call and see them.  
 990 Kinnickinnic Ave., in Bank Bldg.  
 Repairing a Specialty.

**The Plum**  
**Clothing & Tailoring Co.**  
 UNION MADE  
**CLOTHING**  
 491-498 Eleventh Ave., Milwaukee.  
 GO TO  
**GEORGE RUGGABER**  
 For Reliable Union  
 Made Shoes.  
 494 12th STREET, Milwaukee.

**B. PECK & SON**  
 WHOLESALE MEAT DEALERS  
 Phone North 182 633 18th St.

**ASK FOR**  
*Edelweiss,*  
*Schoen Hofenbrau.*  
*Select or Ambrosia*  
 BEERS OF SCHOENHOFEN BREWING CO.  
 Try Our Tonic  
 "EDELWEISS-MALTINE"  
 446 Barclay Street, Corner Scott.  
 Phone So. 104.

**UNION HAT CO.**  
 \$2.00 Hats \$3.00  
 224 GRAND AVENUE.  
**FRED SIELING**  
*Grinder and Umbrella Maker.*  
 Recovering of Umbrellas a Specialty  
 703 SCOTT STREET, Near American Ave.

**FRANK KORSCH,**  
 Saloon and Sample Room,  
 687 Lapham Street, Cor. 10th Ave.  
 MILWAUKEE, WIS.

**FISH!**  
**AT TEWS' FISH MARKET**  
 379 1st Avenue, Phone 8484 Blue.  
 MILWAUKEE, WIS.

**A. W. HAAS,**  
 Dealer in  
 Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry and  
 Game in Season.  
 211 HOWELL AVENUE.

**WEISS BEER.**  
 P O R T E R  
 A L E  
 B R U W E R Y  
 Soda and Mineral Waters  
 TELEPHONE MAIN 177.

**THE HOME TEA CO.,**  
 393 Grove St., Milwaukee, Wis.  
 Surely have the best TEA and COFFEE  
 at the best possible prices.  
 Also carry a full line of Groceries.

**FRANZ MAYR'S**  
 MILITARY BAND  
 & ORCHESTRA...  
 786 Eighth Street,  
 MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.

**GUSTAV BESTIAN,**  
 MANUFACTURER OF  
**FINE CIGARS**  
 882 Seventh St.,  
 "Eldo" 10c  
 "Vida" 5c  
 MILWAUKEE, WIS

**ZAHN & STROESSER**  
 ...Tailors...  
 316 STATE STREET,  
 Four doors west of Third St.

**HERMAN BUECH**  
 MANUFACTURER OF  
**HIGH GRADE CIGARS,**  
 Temporal, 10 cents, National Sport, 5 cents,  
 575 16th AVENUE,  
 MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.

**John Leuenberger,**  
 ... DEALER IN ...  
 Reliable Boots, Shoes & Rubbers,  
 No. 25 Junco Ave., Milwaukee, Wis.  
 Store closed Sundays.  
 Make Boots and Shoes in all styles to order

No Reason Why You Can't Get The  
**UNION LABEL**  
 On All Your Made-to-order Garments.  
**MIES YOUR TAILOR**  
 at 784 Kinnickinnic Ave.  
 Will Fit You Up.  
 LOCATED AT THE BRIDGE

**JOHN MILLER,**  
 SALOON AND  
 BOARDING HOUSE,  
 782 KINNICKINNIC AVENUE.

**BRAMAN COAL CO.**  
 ...ALL KINDS OF...  
 COAL & WOOD.  
 972 KINNICKINNIC AVENUE,  
 Phone South 511.

**CHAS. S. KLOPF,**  
 Fine Wines, Liquors  
 and Cigars.  
 Cream City Beer on Tap.  
 836 KINNICKINNIC AVENUE,  
 Telephone Scott 881.

**DR. TH. BURMEISTER,**  
 ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
 NOTARY PUBLIC.  
 409 CHESTNUT ST., MILWAUKEE, WIS.

**ARTHUR J. BRETT,**  
 UNDERTAKER,  
 281 REED STREET.

**B. STRNAD,**  
 The Lowest Price  
 DRY GOODS, GENTS' & LADIES  
 FURNISHING STORE at  
 246 KINNICKINNIC AVENUE  
 We prescribe and make  
 glasses for the sight.  
 A. REINHARD, Optician,  
 206 Grand Avenue, Milwaukee

WISCONSIN STATE FEDERATION OF LABOR DEPARTMENT.

Milwaukee, April 7, 1904.  
 12th meeting of the local quorum with Frank J. Weber and legal adviser William F. Thiel present.  
 Having previously been requested, Mr. Thiel advised the E. B. upon several subjects involving labor's interests at law.  
 The secretary was instructed to issue a circular calling attention to the declaration of principles and the constitution governing officers of the Federation.  
 The secretary was instructed to issue a circular to obtain the position of all unions of the state on the eight-hour work day.  
 Frank J. Weber was instructed to address the Carriage and Wagon Workers' Union No. 33 of Racine April 13th.  
 The Anti Garnishment Association of Oshkosh expressed a desire to meet with the E. B. The secretary was instructed to invite their representatives to meet with the E. B. April 14th.  
 Meeting adjourned subject to the call of the secretary.  
 Fred. Brockhausen, Secy.

**EXECUTIVE BOARD:**  
 CHAS. A. DOLAN, 2205 Tower Ave., Superior, Wis.  
 H. W. BISTORIUS, 516 Second Avenue, Milwaukee.  
 A. J. WELCH, 873 Seventh Street, Milwaukee.  
 P. A. PETERSON, 706 S. Fourteenth Street, Manitowoc.

**GENERAL OFFICERS:**  
 FRANK J. WEBER, General Organizer, 318 State Street, Milwaukee.  
 FRED'K. BROCKHAUSEN, Secy.-Treas., 678 Seventh Ave., Milwaukee.

**Wisconsin State Federation of Labor Unfair List.**  
 The Bangor Brewing Co., Bangor, Wis.  
 The F. F. Adams Tobacco Co., Milwaukee.  
 The West Bend Brewing and Malting Co. of West Bend, Wis.  
 The Kreiger Saddlery Co., Green Bay.  
 The Kohler & Sons, Sheboygan, Wis., manufacturers of brass tubs and plumber supplies.  
 Kunz & Blesser Brewing Co. of Manitowoc, Wis.  
 The Atlas Bread Co. of Milwaukee.  
 Pamperin & Wigners, better known as the F. & W. Cigar Co. of La Crosse, Wis., Manufacturers of Cigars and Tobacco.  
 The Black & Germer Co., Manufacturers of the Radiant Home Gas Stoves.  
 The Janesville Clothing Co.  
 Chas. Polachek Bros. Co., 122-124 3rd St., Milwaukee, Wis., Manufacturers of chandeliers, gas and electrical fixtures.  
 The Carroll Coal Co., of Green Bay.

**Barber Shops.**  
**UNION SHOP!**  
 J. K. BAUER,  
 104 Lincoln Ave.,  
 opposite South Bay St.

**J. K. BAUER,**  
 104 Lincoln Ave.,  
 opposite South Bay St.

**W. C. KAMMERER,**  
 104 Lincoln Ave.,  
 opposite South Bay St.

**W. W. PARONTO,**  
 104 Lincoln Ave.,  
 opposite South Bay St.

**W. C. KAMMERER,**  
 104 Lincoln Ave.,  
 opposite South Bay St.

**W. W. PARONTO,**  
 104 Lincoln Ave.,  
 opposite South Bay St.

**W. C. KAMMERER,**  
 104 Lincoln Ave.,  
 opposite South Bay St.

**W. W. PARONTO,**  
 104 Lincoln Ave.,  
 opposite South Bay St.

**W. C. KAMMERER,**  
 104 Lincoln Ave.,  
 opposite South Bay St.

**W. W. PARONTO,**  
 104 Lincoln Ave.,  
 opposite South Bay St.

**W. C. KAMMERER,**  
 104 Lincoln Ave.,  
 opposite South Bay St.

**W. W. PARONTO,**  
 104 Lincoln Ave.,  
 opposite South Bay St.

**W. C. KAMMERER,**  
 104 Lincoln Ave.,  
 opposite South Bay St.

**W. W. PARONTO,**  
 104 Lincoln Ave.,  
 opposite South Bay St.

**W. C. KAMMERER,**  
 104 Lincoln Ave.,  
 opposite South Bay St.

**W. W. PARONTO,**  
 10



Town Topics by the Town Crier.

There is a law on the statute books that forbids employers of labor from discriminating against men because of their political views or with trying to influence their votes in an election.

Out at West Allis, the day before election, Republican Candidate Goff was giving out some of his noon-hour guff, when a Socialist, Comrade Machek, asked him a question or two that he did not find it easy to answer.

The following is the vote by wards of the Individual Nomination col-

umn, in which the S. L. P. nominees were placed, in the city election: First ward 44, Second 154, Third 17, Fourth 61, Fifth 136, Sixth 129, Seventh 31, Eighth 95, Ninth 295, Tenth 250, Eleventh 357, Twelfth 247, Thirteenth 259, Fourteenth 173, Fifteenth 120, Sixteenth 49, Seventeenth 83, Eighteenth 72, Nineteenth 123, Twentieth 276, Twenty-first 92, Twenty-second 184, Twenty-third 119.

Comrades W. A. Arnold and Dr. W. C. Young will speak at National Hall, Grove street and National avenue, under the auspices of the Fifth and Eighth ward branches, Sunday, April 17. All invited.

Milwaukee's "humane" officer is far and beyond the kindest-hearted man who ever gave up the job of a plantation overseer for a more respectable walk in life! Last Tuesday a farmer's wife from North Milwaukee and her fourteen year old son drove into town in a forlorn farm wagon loaded with various articles and drawn by a couple of run down horses, and had gotten into the down town district when the "humane" officer spied them.

The following is the vote by wards of the Individual Nomination col-

name was ordered to mind his own business by the "humane" officer. And then the story of the affair was suppressed in the papers.

The new Janitor and Janitresses Union No. 11510 will give a lunch basket Social and Dance at Weingart's hall, 298 Fourth street, Saturday evening, April 23. The new union is doing a needed work among the workers in the big buildings and is deserving of support.

The new Socialist members of the common council will take their seats next Tuesday at 4 p. m.

THE THEATER.

ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Barney Gilmore and his Kidnapped in New York Company will be the Alhambra offering for next week, beginning tomorrow (Sunday) afternoon. The company is a big one and the play is full of incident and thrilling scenes.

STAR THEATER.

At the Star next week, Milwaukee theater goers will have the pleasure of witnessing Peter S. Clark's Royal Runaway Girls, a bang up show, with lots of ginger, music and fun.

CRYSTAL THEATER.

The Beans, European contortionists, head the bill at the Crystal Theater next week. The whirlwind dancers from Paris, the DeMuths, are also among the features.

AGITATORS

The new card game that teaches Socialism. Gives Recreation, Instruction and Amusement. The very latest and best game of cards, based on a subject of world-wide interest and importance.

Price 25 Cents a Pack. SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC HERALD, 344 6th Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

ED. E. PLUM HATTER & FURNISHER HATS - CAPS GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS. 491. Eleventh Ave. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

Consult Greenberg THE OPTICIAN 418 Chestnut St. About your Eyesight. Satisfaction Guaranteed. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

The Emerson Shoe strictly Union made Sold only at SCHICK & DUCEY GRAND AVE. AND THIRD ST. Store open Evenings.

St. Charles Hotel, CITY HALL SQUARE, MILWAUKEE. A Modern First-Class Hotel. With Rates in reach of all. Rooms 75c and up per day. Rooms and Board \$2.00 and up per day. Out of town Comrades patronage respectfully solicited.

Have you the necessary pluck to invest \$2.00 in five Herald postal cards, which will bring you back \$2.50? Will you back your Socialistic principles to this extent?

GOOD COAL Perfectly Screened. Burns to a White Ash. You get satisfactory results by trying the FETTE & MEYER COAL CO. J. H. STOUTHAMER, Pres. 35 ONEIDA STREET, MILWAUKEE, WIS.

BEN. KORNBERGER & BRO., MANUFACTURER OF Weiss Beer, Soda and Mineral Waters 578 TWENTY-THIRD STREET, Milwaukee, Wis.

Table with 5 columns: Wards, Aldermen, Supervisors, Total. Twelfth Ward: Graas 193, Buech 176, Sczymanski 144, Hayes 198, Jeske 98, Mack 96.

Table with 5 columns: Wards, Aldermen, Supervisors, Total. Thirteenth Ward: Eisner 191, Buenger 190, Schimacher 182, Schmidt 133, Jeske 134, Genz 107.

Table with 5 columns: Wards, Aldermen, Supervisors, Total. Fourteenth Ward: Olsen 112, Tafelski 116, Sikora 352, Lemanski 347, Schmidt 40, Jansz 44.

Table with 5 columns: Wards, Aldermen, Supervisors, Total. Fifteenth Ward: Fallon 165, Beck 167, Bogk 302, Engel 241, Williams 237, Stoetzer 284.

Table with 5 columns: Wards, Aldermen, Supervisors, Total. Sixteenth Ward: Underhill 1, Hubbard 46, Pringle 272, Lonstorf 204, Hayes 76.

Table with 5 columns: Wards, Aldermen, Supervisors, Total. Seventeenth Ward: Hamann 172, Hofer 173, Stollenwerk 190, Gleeson 106, Cary 228, Meredith 176.

Table with 5 columns: Wards, Aldermen, Supervisors, Total. Eighteenth Ward: Nelson 62, Playsted 71, Weiher 285, Mallory 233, Mendel 115, Clarke 81.

Table with 5 columns: Wards, Aldermen, Supervisors, Total. Nineteenth Ward: Rummel 134, Luchsinger 135, Steigerwald 258, Stiglbauer 247, Marquardt 110, Reinholdt 97.

Table with 5 columns: Wards, Aldermen, Supervisors, Total. Twentieth Ward: Seidel 282, Malewski 232, Schilling 230, Maurer 247.

Table with 5 columns: Wards, Aldermen, Supervisors, Total. Twenty-first Ward: Schranz 222, Grants 218, Roofring 96, Falsch 102, Genrich 135, Schatzbach 131.

Table with 5 columns: Wards, Aldermen, Supervisors, Total. Twenty-second Ward: Hassmann 262, Petersen 269, Carney 107, Lanstloff 160, Meyer 159.

Table with 5 columns: Wards, Aldermen, Supervisors, Total. Twenty-third Ward: Rehfeld 128, Ruhke 136, Stemper 107, Walters 230, Meisenheimer 240.

SOLVAY COKE THE NEW SMOKELESS FUEL saves a woman lots of work in lots of ways—for instance, there is not half the usual dusting, sweeping and wiping to do. It is a money saver, too. Sizes same as Anthracite. Prompt delivery.

ALHAMBRA WEEK STARTING MATINEE TO-MORROW. MR. BARNEY GILMORE The Irish Romantic Actor and Comedian as HUMOROUS "BOOLEY" in the Comedy Drama Success "KIDNAPPED IN NEW YORK"

LET US FOOT YOU UP! That's a new way of saying we want your shoe business. We think we deserve it, we think we can save you money. We know that we give the maximum of shoe value at the minimum of cost.

WASH WRINGERS. IN no other line is Gross goodness more apparent. If everybody used our wringers two-thirds of the wringer repair shops would be forced to go out of business. Prices from \$1.25 to \$10.00. "IF IT'S FROM GROSS, IT'S GOOD" Ph. Gross Hdw. Co. 126-128 Grand Ave.

YOUR SUCCESS Depends Upon Your Appearance. If so let us improve your appearance. We are confident of our ability to please you. Try our Made-to-Order Suits at \$20. ALL OUR SUITS HAVE THE TAILORS UNION LABEL. AUGUST ROHM & CO., Tailors, 284 West Water Street, Corner Cedar.

WIZARDRY THE EDISON PHONOGRAPH Is the wand which summons to instant presence the sweet and dulcet harmonies of music and song. It is a machine with a soul—free from those objectionable metallic, scratching sounds heard in the reproduction of music on all cheap and inferior machines. The Edison Gold Moulded Record will outwear a dozen imitations. Because the Edison Phonograph never gives dissatisfaction, we are able to offer it on 4 to 6 months credit to any resident of this City or State. Come and hear it before you invest a dollar in any other so-called Talking Machine. We are sole distributors for Wisconsin. Wholesale and Retail.

McGREAL BROS. 173 THIRD ST. MILWAUKEE.

JOHN SCHUETZ, The Leading Clothier and Merchant Tailor 957-959 HOWELL AVE., Cor. Kinnickinnic

STAR THEATER. Commencing To-morrow Matinee. TWO PERFORMANCES DAILY. PRICES: CLARK'S RUNAWAY GIRLS CO. 10, 20, 30c Ladies Matinee Friday Next Attr.: Rose Hill English Folly Co.

CRYSTAL THEATER. 178 Second St., Near Grand Ave. CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE. Matinee Every Day 2 to 5. Nights 8 to 11. A RESORT FOR LADIES, CHILDREN AND GENTLEMEN. MOTION PICTURES. Admission 10 cts. including Seat. SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HEADQUARTERS.

Ernst Kreiter's Concert Hall 790 THIRD STREET, Near North Avenue. Good Singers and Comedians always on hand. First Class Orchestra. Change of Program Weekly. Miller's Celebrated "Best" on Tap.

J. Bruett & Son Clothing, Furnishings, Hats, Caps, Gloves, Mittens, Underwear, Hosiery, Shirts, Neckwear, Etc. Found in Eac Avenue, Corner Eloyd and 18th Street.

WANTED! That You Help Unionism by Patronizing the First Union Bakery. ALVIN FLEISCHER, 922 FIFTH STREET, Milwaukee.

A STORE FOR MEN HIRSIG & REHM, 189 Third Street. Clothing & Gents' Furnishings Good Union-made Suits for \$10.00. See them before you buy.

LUNCH ROOM Established 1882. Formerly Tschank's Restaurant, Mrs. C. Eldredge, Prop. 180 Second St., betw. Grand Ave. & Wells.

Barretts A GOOD PLACE TO TRADE.

MILWAUKEE COKE & GAS CO. 23 UNIVERSITY BLDG. Corner Mason & Broadway. TEL. MAIN 1227. One Foot of Greenfield Ave. \$6.50 per ton, delivered, and \$5.85 carried in. \$2.90 per half-ton, delivered, and \$3.05 carried in.

CUSTOM TAILORS UNION LABEL Our stock of union-made suits and latest style, is now complete. The largest stock of union-made furnishings in the city at popular prices. NOTICE: If you want a UNION-MADE suit you can't get it unless you buy it from our tailors who union men and wear the Union Label.