

EIGHTH YEAR. NO. 8.

TEN WEEKS, TEN CENTS. ONE YEAR FOR FIFTY CENTS.

IF NOT PAID IN ADVANCE, THE LOCAL YEARLY RATE IS 75 CTS.

WHOLE NUMBER 360

SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD

A JOURNAL OF THE COMING CIVILIZATION

Purposely Published for Propaganda.

Milwaukee, Wis., U. S. A., June 24, 1905.

Notes on Current Matters.

In Milwaukee some sentimental and hysterical women, male and female, are weeping great tears because the dog catchers at the pound shoot the unclaimed curs instead of chloroforming them.

brightest boys are greatly handicapped in their school work by reason of insufficient nourishment.

In Cleveland it is claimed 1,000 out of 60,000 go to school breakfastless.

In Philadelphia out of 4,589 children examined 181 were without breakfasts, 129 presented anaemic conditions (the beginning of what the poor call the pale sickness) and only 1,775 were found to have had complete breakfasts.

In Boston, according to Mrs. Evans of the Salvation Army, "there are thousands who go to school every morning breakfastless, cold and insufficiently clad."

In New York City the state department of charities found 439 out of 10,707 who were without breakfasts, and 998 who were bloodless or anaemic. Only 1,855 started the day with sufficient nourishment.

The superintendent of the Presbyterian hospital in New York says: "Of the 1,359 cases of consumption visited by our district nurses we are convinced that one third are suffering from insufficient and improper food." And so on.

But what's the odds? The dogs will continue to get the sympathy and the children of the workers must take their chances for the system that produces their miseries cannot be touched, being sacred.

This is the season for leaving the hot cities and seeking recreation and new life at the various Summer resorts, at the seaside, near some mountain lake, at Waukesha, and so on.

In a recent magazine article it is shown that the children of the poor, who are able to escape the child-catcher of the factories and child-slavery pens, go to school many of them half fed.

In Chicago out of 5,150 school children examined, 129 had had no breakfasts, 284 had had a complete and satisfying breakfast, while the balance, 4,744, were underfed.

In Buffalo 350 out of 7,500 children examined were found to have come to school breakfastless. One principal said: "Many of our

power of government themselves. Fourth, that the A. F. of L. stands for trades autonomy, whilst the A. L. U. claims that we must have instead a close federation of all the workers in each industry.

"You seem to get your ideas on the Socialist question from the venomous utterances of Samuel Gompers, who painfully realizes that as soon as the Socialist sentiment gets a little stronger in the ranks of the A. F. of L., he will be out of his present position."

Study this question yourself, Brother, and you will find that Socialism is the grandest science ever worked out in the brain of man, a sure plan to not only abolish wage slavery, but to make this world a paradise. Read good books and papers on Socialism, there are plenty of them.

"There is room in this country for only one national federation of trades unions, and every union should be connected with that one. The A. F. of L. already fills the field. More than one national body will cause not only confusion, but very serious injury to the entire trades union movement, and this is what the employers like to see."

The men of the A. L. U., especially the western miners, are as courageous a lot of fighters as ever waged war on capitalistic oppression, but they are at present on the wrong track.

The Socialists lost the city election at Anaconda, Montana, and Mayor Frinke, who even his enemies conceded had given the city a good administration, is retired to private life. All this does not mean that the Socialists in Anaconda have gone back on their principles, not at all. It simply means that the Amalgamated Copper company, that owns the town and the work of the residents, simply blacklisted enough of its workmen known to be Socialists to drive them out of town in search of employment and thus reduced the Socialist majority. The city is now back in the grip of the capitalist politicians, which in the case of Anaconda simply means the grip of the Amalgamated company.

The marching of the unemployed continues in London, a ceaseless, shuffling, hunger-agonized procession of humanity in misery because of an insane social system. The Socialists are working valiantly in behalf of their luckless brothers and the possessing class is now taking its prosperity with some grains of apprehension.

After the swag of modern industrial brigandage is stripped from labor in the form of surplus value and profits, it forms a jackpot which the capitalists gamble and claw at each other's throats for. After these scrimmages it is generally found that some of those who scrambled have been defeated and precipitated into the lower classes, while the Vanderbilts, the Rockefellers and the Carnegies have scooped in the spoil.

We would call especial attention to the letter of Comrade John Doerfler, Sr., printed elsewhere. When comrades enjoying the reputation of a Dr. Ingermann, for instance, do not hesitate to misinform the membership of the party as to tactics abroad, it is time that the truth should be known. But then, head hunts are better carried on by means of spreading false information.

While the capitalists who merely get "wages of superintendence" are reveling in the delights of nature at the many swell resorts throughout the country, their industrious "partners," the wage workers, are toiling inside dingy factories with only an occasional glimpse of the glory of the sunlight through grimy window panes.

The Social-Democratic party, not only of the State of Wisconsin, but of the whole United States, is grateful to the comrades of Milwaukee, who last fall elected four Socialist assemblymen and one senator. These men came here fresh from the factory, workshop and store, direct from the ranks of the workers.

Some of our readers have been doing excellent work by passing subscription blanks among the workers in the shops and factories. This is an ideal plan, as it gives those who cannot afford to make large donations an opportunity to contribute according to their means, and if all would do this, the necessary amount would soon be raised.

The impression has gained ground among some of our readers that the \$1,000 per annum which we estimate can be saved from the operation of our own plant will be sufficient to pay off the installments on the plant and the deficits at the same time.

In order that there may be no further misunderstanding, we will state that the total cost of the plant will be \$6,500. Of this amount \$2,300 in cash must be raised before the plant can be installed.

We are becoming more thoroughly convinced every day that a crying need in Milwaukee is a Social-Democratic daily paper, and the installation of a plant of our own will be one long stride toward this much-desired and necessary end.

Now, comrades and friends, let us stand shoulder to shoulder in the world's greatest and final battle for the emancipation of the human race from the blighting curse of capitalism.

PRINTING PLANT FUND. Previously acknowledged \$446.18. Jno. Witt 50. Ferdinand Tschurwald 25. Val Tschury 50. Anton Wernitzing 25. Jno. Wieslakers 25. Max Thokan 25. W. A. R. 50. Paul Keller 25. E. W. 5.00. M. Spellan 25. Adolf Mahke 1.00.

Under Socialism the yachts, the European travel and the automobile rides will go to the workers. As for the shirkers, there will probably be Lazy Asylums!

Comrade Victor L. Berger is still confined to his bed, suffering a relapse. Hence his usual contribution to the Herald will be missed again this week.

The despatches tell us that the pope has condemned Socialism. That's nothing. The Catholic Church condemned the invention of printing once on a time, and yet today the number of Catholics employed in the printing trade throughout the world are as numerous as the sands of the sea.

In Milwaukee the priests—some of them—not only fight Socialism publicly and through the confessional, but of late it has become manifest that they have secret agents at work in the unions, and the unions will suffer sooner or later if this is kept up.

A Catholic girl going away from home in a Western city was presented by her priest with a copy of the smutty attack on Socialism written by one David Goldstein of Boston. The girl was not frightened by the book, but she is reported to have joined the party.

THE WISCONSIN SOCIALIST LEGISLATORS' GOOD WORK

Madison, Wis., June 19.—One of the longest sessions that has ever been held by a legislature of Wisconsin has at last come to a close. It was a notable session, because of many things. It was the first legislature that ever contained true representatives of the working class.

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Gems from Debs' Speeches.

"Socialism stands for a new social order, based on collective ownership of property that is used for production for all the people, in other words, of property on which the welfare of the whole people depends. The workingmen should not be exploited for the benefit of an individual or a corporation; he should own the tool which at present he only operates to produce wealth for others.

"The workingman ought not to blame the capitalist for this condition. The workingman can change it if he will. The workingmen have just begun to think, they will soon begin to act; not violently, I hope, but peacefully, by the exercise of the ballot, that sovereign remedy for a people's wrongs.

"The competitive system ought to be abolished, not only in the interest of the working class, but in the interest of all humanity. The system affects the employer as well as the employee. Emerson well said that the master could rise no higher than the other end of his slave's chain.

"The workingman and the capitalist are the only two classes today, and the workingman is beginning to think there is no hope for him under the present system. He is dependent for work upon the capitalist; therefore, he works by permission, and as his existence depends upon his work, he is living by permission of

Get rich quick! You cannot do it by honest industry. You can only do it by getting wealth away from others direct or after it has been produced and put in circulation. The country is full of men inspired by the capitalist system to commit almost any crime in order to escape from the necessity of toiling and living the mean lives that toilers live.

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the capitalist and all this is due to the workingman's own ignorance. He builds palaces, and he lives in a cabin; he builds palace cars and automobiles, and he walks; he makes silks and satins and his wife wears muslin or linsey-woolsey; now, if he has the intelligence and the skill to make all these things, why should he not have the use of them? But as long as you follow the advice of the capitalist politician, given to you in abundance at election time, you will stay where you are."

"I hope to do my part to hasten the day when war shall curse the earth no longer; when men shall not exploit their weaker fellowmen; when men shall work, not to enrich a few, but to satisfy their own wants; when the soul shall no longer be a slave to the stomach; when each man shall have the right to work and earn his sustenance."

"These changes are coming whether you want them to come or not. You cannot prevent them, no one can prevent them, because they are part of the industrial revolution that has been going on for centuries. They may be delayed but not prevented. The workers are getting together. The strike is the last resort to enforce a right, and every strike lost is a victory, because every loss means more Socialists. Every capitalist crushed out by the competitive system means more recruits to the ranks of Socialism. Centralization, crushing of labor, mean an increase in the ranks of those wedded to the principal of collective ownership."

"Our aim is to transfer the great wealth producing agencies to the hands of the collective people. We are not anarchistic, but the contrary. Anarchy is the negation of government. Socialism is the perpetuation of government. Socialism is the belief in the welfare of all in common."

"The reformers" all over the country, as is their wont, are now exalting Mayor Weaver of Philadelphia as a new Moses to lead civic life out of the morass of capitalistic official rottenness. It makes no difference to them that Weaver is a good specimen of the tribe known as capitalist political self-seekers. His recent exploit in saving Philadelphia from a big confidence game in connection with its gas works makes him a good figure to conjure with before the befuddled masses. The real fact is that Weaver was a grafter while grafting was popular and that, adventurer that he was, he went back on his pals when public opinion was sufficiently roused to make that course bear good personal political fruit.

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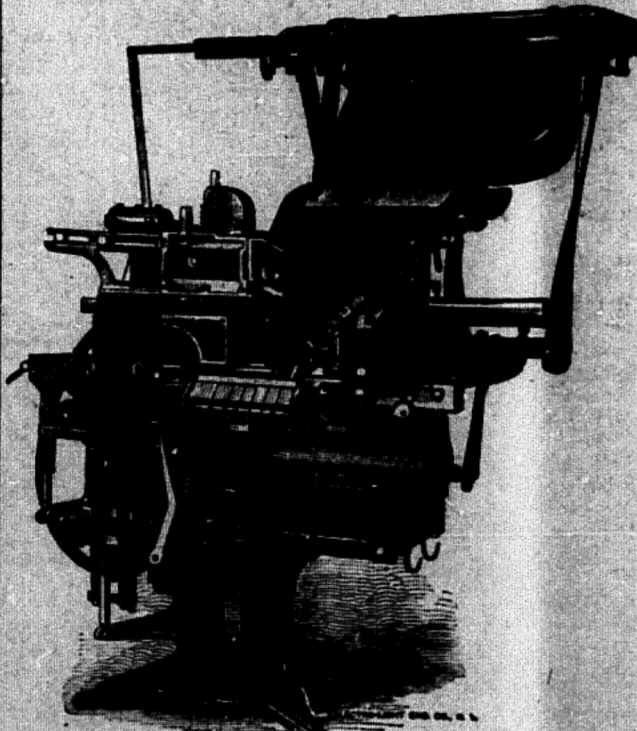


Illustration of a printing press or industrial machinery.

Table listing names and amounts for the Printing Plant Fund. Includes names like Karl Karch, Herman Staps, 2nd Ward Branch, Fred Hassner, J. M. A. Spence, G. N. Visalia, Cal., Gust. Bestian, J. C. Kramer, E. L., J. B., A. S., and amounts ranging from 1.00 to 15.00.

Some Letters to an American Farmer.

II. WHAT CAPITALISM IS DOING FOR THE FARMER-CLASS BY MEANS OF THE COMBINES. SOCIALISM THE ONLY ESCAPE FOR THE TILLERS OF THE SOIL.

By CLAYTON J. LAMB, of Dryden, Michigan.

DEAR BROTHER JO.—It is true, as you say, that many Socialists are inclined to be intolerant. Usually these have rather recently become Socialists and have not yet gotten over the belief that farmers being small capitalists and hence a part of the bourgeois class, are not qualified to enter the straight and narrow gates of the Socialist party. It is true, too, that in some states, as in Nebraska, attempts have been made to exclude the gentle agriculturist from the sacred precincts, the holy of holies, where only wage-workers, the pure proletarian stuff, are fit to gather in council. These Socialists are really like most farmers in that they fail to see why and wherein the material interests of wage-workers and farmers are identical. Which is exactly what I am trying to show you.

In my last letter I showed that a \$10,000 farmer could credit only \$400 of his income to capital, and that he was a capitalist only to that extent. The rest of the farmer's income is due to his labor and to what he can "make" off the labor of his hired men or men. His income then comes from three sources:

1. Interest, or what is the same thing—Rent of land.
2. The wages of his own labor.
3. The profit derived from hired men's labor.

The first item we have considered. On the average his capital pays him about 4 per cent per annum. On the third item, profit from hired labor, his income is really quite insignificant, since the trusts and combinations of all kinds see to it that Mr. Farmer is kept in the "position in which it has pleased God to place him," which is not much if any above that of the average wage-worker. As between the average Michigan farmer and the wage-worker it is generally conceded that the latter is the more leisurely gentleman of the two. What the farmer "makes" off his hired man he must and does hand over to those upon whom he almost helplessly depends for a market for his products, and for the goods he must buy. The market is the farmer's master and he is a small exploiter of labor, only for the benefit of organized capital.

This leaves only the second item of the farmer's income to be considered—his income from his labor, which is his wages.

Now, Jo, if I can demonstrate that the scientific, comprehensive organization of industry in the exclusive interest of the working class, as Socialism proposes, will afford you, with your \$100,000 Nebraska farm, and all farmers in less fortunate circumstances, a greater net in-

come and more of the necessities, comforts and luxuries of life than you now enjoy, with less of the strain and depreciation than the average well-to-do farmer now endures; and that such organization of industry is not only possible but inevitable, then certainly you should be, and as a sensible business man, will be, a Socialist.

First, let us see what is the economic status of the farmer. On one side he sees organized capital, the trusts and a thousand business men's combinations. On the other side he sees organized Labor steadily extending and strengthening, till even his own hired men, way out in the country, have their understandings as to what the wages shall be, and who, like the capitalists, do not hesitate to "charge all the traffic will bear." Between these two organized and organizing forces stands the farmer, himself unorganized. In these circumstances something is going to happen to the man who stands alone—and something continually does happen.

We all see these combinations going on all around us, none so blind as not to see. But why is it so? What makes them organize? Socialists know why, because they have studied the causes and effects. Socialists see why THESE ORGANIZATIONS MUST BE, why they cannot be prevented, why and wherein they are the effects of a cause, what that cause is. They see that there is such a thing as social growth and they call that growth by a name—Social Evolution. They see the cause of this growth and they give that a name also—Economic Determinism. These are scientific terms. Some men get scared at them like a horse gets scared at an automobile.

Machinery compels these organizations. We cannot use machinery without organization. We want to produce all we can with as little labor as possible. Hence we invent, build and use machines. But the use of these machines forces us to work together, sort of half-socializes us, if you please. Men associate in order to compel machinery to do their work. One man can make a flail—it takes a million to make a modern threshing outfit. One man can use a flail, but it takes a dozen to use the threshing outfit. The threshing machine throws these men into new relations with each other. Its building compels business organization. Self-defense compels labor organization. So machinery has revolutionized the mode of production and compelled the organization of Labor and of Capital.

If we plant corn under proper conditions, the corn will grow—it cannot help growing. No more can men help growing, no more can social growth be prevented. Machinery demands that men organize and they must obey that command or be snuffed out of existence.

The farmer is quite unorganized. He is a sort of an economic survival and has not yet found his place in the new social order which is brought about by the use of machinery. He sees organization all around him and cannot quite understand what it all means. He has a vague idea that the proper thing for him to do would be to get into an organization like the others. He joins the Grange, or a Farmers' Club, and there he considers questions grave and gay. He discusses the merits of long wool sheep, good roads, equal taxation, farm vs. city life, short horn cattle, and primary elections. He puts in time trying to dodge the binding time trust, and he is squirming under the exactions of the stock yards, bee, oil, sugar, wire, milling, and a thousand other organizations which he more or less clearly sees "getting in their work on him." And he is looking for a way out of the woods. He is seeking his place in the new social order. But some way he cannot find it. His grange don't seem to fill the bill and his sudden shoot into populism seems to have "pettered out." What is the matter with the farmer?

This letter is long enough. In my next I will try to answer that last question. We are repainting our house and have been doing business with the White Lead Trust, the Linseed Oil Trust, the Turpentine Trust, the Tin Can Trust, the Brush Trust, the Painting Union, and I do not know how many others. They fixed the prices.

Your brother,
Dryden, Mich. C. J. LAMB.

The Belated Controversy on Tactics.

An Old Social-Democrat Talks.

To the Herald: The letter by Comrade H. C. Scholz in the last number of this paper has, I hope, been appreciated by all our readers and comrades. I take the liberty of adding a few remarks.

We can understand that ignorance of conditions makes people presumptuous, especially people who, over night, have grown into party bosses, but it is doubly impudent in those who know better, but are conscious of "their position," to pose as heresy judges. There is especially a national committee from Ohio who never gets tired of carrying wood to the stake to burn the leaders of the movement in Milwaukee. It would be much more to the purpose, however, to use the wood at home in order to produce a little more warmth for Socialism in their own state. For as the movement now stands in Ohio, in city and state, it will take at least 25 years before they will elect even a constable. So there is no real party to speak of in that state.

As to material for candidates the gentlemen there really need not worry. For most of these states, represented by quarrel-makers, what the New York Staatszeitung said some time ago, is still true: "The Socialists need not worry much about the selection of candidates. The city directory is sufficient for the purpose."

Well, gentlemen, in Milwaukee the thing is different. Here we select and vote, in order to elect. But, in order to do this, one has to have fitting material, which, however, cannot be manufactured artificially. If you had shown any good will at all, these conditions would have been taken into consideration.

But we have been compared to other countries, especially Germany, and a certain New York doctor, a Russian, by the way, has even declared: Such things didn't happen in Germany at all, the comrades there not being allowed to vote except when they had a ticket in the field.

There was an election in Mannheim, in the year 1880 or thereabouts, when the Social-Democrats did not come to the Stichwahl. The local committee, including the beaten candidate Dreesbach, gave out the word to "abstain from voting." Old Liebknecht, however (he certainly knew a thing or two about politics and party management), recommended the comrades in Mannheim, on account of the condition of things, to support the People's party, declaring that it is better un-

der some circumstances to prefer a smaller evil to a larger one.

And the candidate of the People's party, recommended by Liebknecht, was elected.

When at a convention held somewhat later, the question of abstaining from voting, as far as our party is not involved, was under discussion, Auer (the present secretary of the German Social-Democracy) said plainly: "Comrades, this commanding and forbidding is out of date. We cannot forbid an intelligent comrade to vote. The most we can accomplish by such things is to become famous among blockheads."

Since that time they have gone much further in Germany, without the German Social-Democrats growing hysterical over it.

Let us sum up, then, the howl against Victor Berger. With some it is ignorance of Socialist tactics; with others personal hatred or offended pride; and with the rest mere envy of Berger and the Milwaukee movement.

The movement in Milwaukee and Wisconsin arose OUT OF ITSELF, without Eastern sponsorship. If we had put up our own official candidates in the judicial election and the result had been poor, because, as we know from experience, the participation of the voters in off-year judicial elections, even not excepting the Socialists, is weak, we would bet two against one, that most of the heresy judges would have said all possible and impossible things against us Milwaukeeans and Victor Berger especially. That we know! And it would have been still worse if in spite of the campaign debts which were still left, we had carried on an aggressive campaign with our own candidates (and unfitted candidates don't become fit just because they are put up by Socialists) and had gained a victory. Then we would be in a mess indeed. But what is all that to the impossible comrades near or far!

In conclusion I would ask of all German-American Socialists in Wisconsin, who have stood here beside the cradle of the party, also in future NOT TO GROW WEARY. For the larger the movement, the greater the responsibility.

John Doerfler Sr.
Milwaukee.

Comrade John Conway of New York, a Socialist of practically thirty years, has written Comrade Carl Dietz, secretary of the county central committee of Milwaukee, in relation to the protest passed by that body and printed in the New York Worker, as follows: "Your letter in re Berger of May 31, in this week's

Worker is a peach! It hits the nail squarely on the head. I think Berger has been treated shamefully and that a great big apology should be coming from somebody. I fear DeLeonism still slumbers in some directions, and the deadly reptile should be exterminated."

WISCONSIN LEGISLATORS' GOOD WORK (CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.)

Night after night I have been with them, and instead of talking of fishing, sporting affairs and the like, I have heard them talk by the hour of the interpretation of some law, or upon some scheme by means of which they hoped to get a Socialist bill reported favorably by the committee which had it in charge. They have worked hard. They have done their tasks well, and their constituents upon their return to Milwaukee should greet them with a "Well done, thou good and faithful servant."

True, the Socialist members have not succeeded in obtaining the passage of very many laws, but they have done better than this. They have broken the ice; they have paved the way for future legislators; they have laid a strong and solid foundation. Not once have they wavered in their duty to the class which they represented. Each measure was considered from the standpoint of "Will it be of some benefit to the workingman, to the proletariat?" Coming here as they did, classed as "anarchists" and fanatics, scorned by many of their fellow legislators, socially ostracized by the majority in both houses, they have pursued an independent policy which has gained them the respect of all the members of the Legislature. Upon no measure would they trade their votes, and no bill could obtain their approval unless it was favorable to the class which they represented. So plain was their attitude upon all measures, so accurately did they represent the desires of the workers of the state, that towards the end of the session legislators would come to them for advice upon various bills. It was indeed a very funny sight to see Half Breeds and Stalwarts as well as Democrats standing at the desks of the Socialist members and asking their opinion as regards the advisability of passing a certain measure. This was something that I did not expect to see when I learned that the Socialists were going to have some men in both houses, but it was something that I did see and that very often. I was even more surprised last week to have the leader of the Half Breeds upon the floor of the Assembly tell me that "There are no other legislators, in the Assembly, who have had more influence in the shaping of a measure than did the Socialist members." "Why," he said to me, "when I am in doubt as to what to do in regard to a certain measure, I always go over and ask the Socialists what they think about the matter, because nine times out of ten, you even more often than that, they are closer to the wishes of the people than any other faction here in the Assembly."

To these five legislators from Milwaukee, each of whom wore a Socialist button on the lapel of his coat during the whole session, the Socialists of Wisconsin take off their hats.

But ten of the measures which were introduced by the Socialists succeeded in passing the Legislature in some form or other. Many of these bills came back from the committee room as committee bills, and not as Socialist measures, a neat way of stealing our Socialist thunder. But the laws which did pass and which came from the Socialists were as follows:—

- 390 S. relating to election inspectors in Milwaukee.
- 445 A. prohibiting the use of wood alcohol in the painting of vats.
- 69 A. relating to the assignment of wages, requiring the consent of the wife and two uninterested witnesses.
- 547 A. making transient officers factory inspectors.
- 570 A. requiring that all accidents be reported to the State Labor Commission.
- 75 A. permitting the taking of an appeal to the Supreme Court without forcing the defendant to pay a guarantee.
- 124 A. enlarging the force of factory inspectors by the addition of four new members.
- 98 A. relating to the providing of suction fans and ventilators in rooms in which emery and buffing wheels are used.
- 308 A. relating to the inspection of scaffolding used in the construction, or painting of buildings.

Yes, the Legislature is over, and our boys have gone home. The rest of the legislators have also gone home, and with them they take a new idea of what a Socialist is. They realize that he is a hard man to fight. They realize that in the next session of the Legislature they will be there in greater numbers. They realize that from now on the struggle is to down the Socialists, and let me add that they will have a hard time doing it as long as the Socialists of Wisconsin send such men to the state capital as Rummel, Alldridge, Berner, Brockhausen, and Strehlow. All of them are good men, and the assemblymen should be returned by their constituents two years hence. Senator Rummel's term is four years, so we will see him again. Send them back, comrades of Milwaukee. We will need them here. We can make good use of them.

Ira Cross.

Good Start in Manitowoc.

Manitowoc, Wis., June 14.—To call the action of the city council Monday evening, June 13, a victory for municipal ownership would be stating it mildly. A resolution by Comrade Braxmeyer to build, own, and operate a waterworks plant and instructing the city engineer to prepare plans, specifications and an estimate of cost of a plant large enough to supply a city of 25,000 inhabitants was unanimously adopted by the council. Previous to the vote on the resolution Comrade Mayor Stolze addressed the council, pointing out the advantages of municipal ownership and calling attention to the following in particular: First, that to ignore existing privately owned plants is not an injustice to the owners of the same on the part of the people, as has been claimed, since by setting aside annually the sum of from seven to ten per cent of the original cost of their plant as a depreciation fund they collect from the people in from twelve to twenty years the original cost of their plants and still own them. Second, that under municipal ownership the benefit of future inventions and improvements in lighting etc. will accrue to the city. He pointed out, as an instance, the fact that under its contract made fifteen years ago the electric light company can, and does, still charge 75 cents per incandescent lamp whereas the present price of the same is fifteen cents or less. This item alone would save the city some \$12,000 under municipal ownership. Another matter of particular interest to Socialists is an application for franchise by an interurban railway company. A committee appointed some time ago reported and presented a draft of its proposed franchise. Comrade Burke, of that committee, refused to approve because he is opposed to granting franchises on public streets. In one section providing for the purchase of the line within the city should it at any time decide to do so, the words tracks, poles, and wires were used. The word franchise was added by the council.

Rikus.

Schlitz Park, Milwaukee, Sunday, July 16, the place and time of the big picnic. Everybody welcome.

Circulate literature; get up a meeting; organize a local; do something for Socialism.

A subscription to the Herald and Vorwaerts every now and then is good for the very best of you.



POVERTY

By ROBERT MUNTZ.
As an aid to Socialist workers, this book has no superior. It is brimful from cover to cover with facts gathered at first hand by the author, vividly setting forth the condition of the poor in our great industrial centers.
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How Our Criminal Class Is Being Manufactured!

THE SMALL SAFE BLOWER RECRUITED FROM THE RANKS OF THE UNEMPLOYED WORKERS. PUSHED INTO OUTLAWRY!

A LARGE PROPORTION of the professional regimens (modern safe-blowers) of the present time were originally mechanics of one kind or other. They were railroad men, iron workers, or followed some other trade. A strike, or labor controversy, threw them out of work for a time. Finally they decided to leave the town where they had been employed, to seek employment elsewhere. Perhaps the lack of funds forced them to steal rides on freight trains, or even to tramp about the country. In this way they were thrown into close touch with men who were already professional criminals. They became acquainted and gradually drifted into crime. Their technical skill made them desirable recruits to a criminal band, and, as a result of it, the raids of the band which they may have joined were often, perhaps, successful. Yeggmen confine themselves chiefly to the blowing up of safes, and they commonly use nitro-glycerine as an explosive. Students of criminology declare that the great recent increase in the number of safe blowing "yeggs" is largely due to the fact that the work of digging the Chicago drainage canal, and other similar engineering feats, made so many irresponsible and reckless men thoroughly familiar with and expert in the handling of dynamite, nitro-glycerine and other high explosives which are used in blasting.

Given the skilled mechanic, accustomed to working in iron and steel, the fact that he loses his position through labor troubles, and is driven to tramping his way about the country, constantly being thrown in with criminals in tramp camps and on freight trains, granted that somewhere he picks up a working knowledge of high explosives, add to this a certain native recklessness, and you have the yeggman. They rarely, if ever, operate in large cities, confining their attention to country towns and villages, which are comparatively unprotected.

And after all there could be no better proof of the success of modern detective efforts than the fact that the bold and dashing criminals of older days, who stole millions and sometimes lived in luxury on the proceeds of their crimes, have practically disappeared. In their place one finds today only the miserable yeggman, who, in the last analysis, is nothing more than a homeless tramp, a wanderer on the face of the earth, without friends whom he can trust or a spot of ground which he can call his own. If there was ever any fascination about a criminal career, if youthful imaginations were ever bewitched by tales of outlawry and golden treasure, surely there is nothing appealing in the unvarnished story of the wretched "yegg," hunted from city to city in box cars and on breakbeams, living in filthy lodging and barrel houses, risking his life on the chance of securing a few hundred dollars, and, finally, if he does not die in the electric chair, coming to a miserable and unnumbered end in the slums of some great city.—Charles Francis Bourke in *Leslie's*.

Dooley on Bankers.

"Bankin' is a strange business anyhow. I build a brick house, put iron gratings on th' window, an' ye an' Donohue fight each other to see who'll get his money first to me. I accept it very reluctantly an' as a gr-great favor to ye. Says I, 'Hinnissy an' Donohue,' says I, 'ye are ravispectable wurruikin' men an' I will keep ye'r money fr ye rather than see ye spind it in riochous livin'.' says I, 'As a gr-great favor to ye, I will take care iv these lithographs, be lendin' thim to me frind,' says I, 'If ye want th' money back ye can have it anny time between nine in th' mornin' an' three in th' afternoon except Sundays an' holidays,' says I, 'but don't both come at wast,' says I, 'or nather iv ye'll get it,' says I, 'Ye sleep better at nights because ye feel that ye'r money is, where no wan can reach it except over me dead body. If ye on'y know ye've not turned ye'r back before I've chased those hard-earned dollars off the premises.

With ye'r money I build a house an' rent it to you. I start a railroad with it an' ye wurruk on th' railroad at two dollars a day. Ye'er money makes me a prominent citizen. Th' newspapers intherview me on what chud be done, with th' toillin' masses, manin' ye an' Donohue; I construct th' foreign policy iv the government; I tell ye how ye shud vote. Ye've got to vote th' way I say or I won't give ye back ye'r money. An' all his time ye think I've that little bundle iv pitchers nestlin' in th' safe in my brick house with me settin' at th' dure with a shot-gun across me knees. But wan day ye need th' money to bury some wan an' ye hurry down to see me. 'Sorry,' says I, 'but I've just given it all to a lady who come out iv th' Chinese laundry nex' dure an' said she was an illegitimate aunt iv Jawn D. Rockefeller.' Ah' there ye ar-re."

Punishment of a Strike Breaker.

The operative millers of Goldbach, County St. Gallen, Switzerland, voted last year to inaugurate a strike, and to assure the unbroken solidarity of all they had signed a legal voucher of mutual responsibility, by which every one pledged himself not to go back to work until the strike would be declared officially. One of the contestants, by name of Gerlach, violated this mutual agreement. Preferring to be a strike breaker, he went back on his comrades and his word. Now the union of operative millers of Rohrbach, of which Gerlach was a member, brought a suit against him before the circuit court, and three weeks ago this court ruled that the defendant must pay the conventional fine of 100-frances to the union, and apart from that bear the cost of the legal procedure, amounting to 200.

Party would get the fits if ever such court decision be rendered in this kind of the free.—Bricklayers' and Masons' Journal.

Money Talks, However!

Some dissent has been expressed to the proposed selection of Leonardo da Vinci as the man in history fittest to preside in marble over a gathering place of university graduates in America. Cynics have suggested Croesus, Midas, and John D. Rockefeller as more aptly embodying American ideals, but, to speak seriously, what truth there is in such a joke grows less with every year. Mr. Lincoln Steffens gave his view of wealth in America the other day, in an imaginary soliloquy by the Lord, in which He said: "This people think too much of money. I will teach them by example. I will give one of them more money than anybody ever had, and will yet make him so unattractive that the glamour will be taken away from wealth." He did so, and was shocked to find that this man was a hero to the people. To be serious still again, the Rockefellers and their kind are less of heroes every day.—Collier's.

STUDENT'S CORNER.

* * * Correspondents are requested to write as briefly as possible, and on only one side of the paper.



Sanial's Answer to Ashplant. IV.

In economics, as in every branch of human knowledge that has reached a sufficient degree of systematic development to be termed a science, the fundamental propositions, and consequently also the abstract formulas in which they may be expressed, must of necessity be very simple. In order to facilitate the understanding of any such proposition an illustration of some sort is resorted to, this must be likewise of extreme simplicity.

It is, however, in the light of those simple propositions, closely related and almost axiomatic in their clearness, that the most complex phenomena which the science has for its object to explain, or the most complex problems which it is expected to solve, must be considered. These characteristics of a truly scientific method are conspicuous in the theoretical part of Marx's "Capital." In the light of its fundamental propositions no difficulty would be experienced in comprehending the apparently complex and actually enormous mechanism of our American capitalism, were it not for the general insufficiency of official statistics; and in some instances their absolute unreliability, which impose upon the investigator the exercise of the utmost caution and a supplementary work of considerable magnitude in research and verification.

In the stagnation years that immediately followed the crash of 1873, when I first undertook to approximately calculate the "share of American labor in its product," I had to give up the task because the most essential part of the information required for the purpose in view was absolutely wanting. The notion then prevailed that the "share" in question was about one-half. It had originated from the fact that according to the census returns of manufacturers the total amount of wages paid was about equal to the so-called "value" (at factory prices) added by labor to the materials used. The importance of correcting an error which, for reasons easily understood, was carefully nurtured and industriously propagated by the economic and political mouthpieces of capitalism, was obvious to me. I observed—and I believe that this observation was then made for the first time—that since the people in general as consumers, did not buy at farm or factory prices, or even at wholesale rates, none of those prices could be considered as representing the actual value of commodities, and that in order to obtain a fairly approximate idea of the total value of the

product of labor, and of the share in it which the producer received, it was necessary to take a census of the operations of the distributive trade. Of course, this was never done, although the admission was made by prominent statisticians that my contention was correct, and that it was no more difficult or more "inquisitorial" to take a census of the distributive trade than of agriculture, manufactures, mining and transportations.

In recent years, however, not only has the comparative course of wholesale and retail prices been the subject of official inquiries, but the commercial press and commercial agencies have, for the special purposes of their patrons, vastly extended their field of research and information; so that in 1897, taking as a basis the data supplied by the census of 1890 concerning occupations, wages and value (so-called) of the product at the places of production, but supplementing them with the most reliable information concerning the actual value of each class of product on its last market, I was at least enabled to reach a conclusion, which, ever so startling at first sight, was sufficiently supported by well established facts, to be publicly presented as very nearly approximating the exact truth. It was found that "the share of labor was hardly one quarter of its product!"

This year, with improved data in the last census and in all the other sources of statistical information, I find:

1. That the total value of the product in 1900 was a little over twenty-one billion dollars (\$21,250,000,000) on its last market.
 2. That the total sum paid to those wage workers who contributed— as laborers, mechanics, operators, railroad and other transportation employes, clerks, salesmen, etc., etc.—in the production and distribution of the above stated value, was 3,800 millions (\$3,800,000,000).
 3. That the farmers, artisans, shopkeepers and other middle class persons who contributed their own labor to the said production and distribution, would have earned 1,200 millions (\$1,200,000,000) if paid for their labor power at a rate exceeding by 20 per cent the average wage rate in their respective employments; all their income above this sum being evidently "surplus value," or profit, which they got, not as workers, but as owners of means of production.
 4. That the total value of the labor power that produced 21 billion dollars was therefore 5 billions, and the total "surplus value," or profit, was 16 billions.
- What these figures teach we shall now see.

Lucian Sanial.

Attend the big State Picnic, Sunday, July 16, at Schlitz Park, Milwaukee.

Subscribe for The Vanguard.

GLEANINGS FROM BUSY FIELDS.

We learn with deep regret that Comrade Gertrude Breslau Hunt of Chicago will again have to undergo an operation, and that her dates in Indiana have had to be cancelled.

Los Angeles, Cal.
Comrade E. L. Orwood, 630 E. 25th street, will take subscriptions for the Social-Democratic Herald.

Notice, Philadelphia.

Everybody wishing to subscribe for the Social-Democratic Herald, drop a postal to Joe P. Nixon, 417 N. 8th st., and will receive prompt attention.

DON'T MISS THIS!

One of our principal aims is to increase our circle of readers. There are many reasons for this, chief among which is our desire to secure converts to the cause of Socialism. Every new reader we secure soon becomes an ardent worker in the struggle for the emancipation of the working class from the slavery of wage labor.

We are going to make you an offer that you can't afford to neglect.

We have on hand a limited number of cloth-bound volumes of "Socialism Made Plain," by Allan L. Benson. So long as they last we are going to give them away to each cash purchaser of five subscription cards at \$2.00.

But this is not all. We are going to give you a real surprise party. Read this offer and then act quickly, if you want to be in on the ground floor.

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ACROSS THE POND.

A women's congress recently took place in Moscow which was attended by about 500 women from all parts of Russia. A resolution was accepted which demanded equality of rights for men and women and representative government.

The Countess of Warwick has resigned her seat as poor-law guardian for Warwick on the ground that she can best serve the cause of the poor by working with those who aim to effect such changes in social conditions as will abolish poverty. She is now speaking almost daily for Socialist candidates in the various districts.

In Germany, the most significant recent event has been the sittings of the Trade Union Congress at Cologne. It was a memorable sight. The events of the last few months—the strike on the Ruhr, the attempts to restrict the suffrage at Hamburg and Lubeck, the evident reign of reaction in the Reichstag—have all had their effect on the skilled workmen of Germany. It is quite clear that the unions as unions are much nearer to the Socialist Parliamentary party than they were last year, and anyone who studies the agenda and notes how often, as the result of a motion, they instructed their committee to prepare a bill for the Reichstag, will see how surely they are being pushed on to Parliamentary action.—Labour Leader, London.

OREGON.—At the last meeting of the State Quorum, State Secretary Claude Robinson resigned and Thomas Burns, Portland City organizer, was elected to the office.

Comrade Lewis' Sunday evening lectures on Socialism and the sciences are drawing crowded houses to our hall at 309 Davis street, with big collections.

Socialist activity in Oregon is about to receive another impetus by the advent into our state of Mrs. Leez Morrow Lewis. She will lecture through the state.

Socialists are here in Portland for the Fair from all parts of the country, and report success of the movement everywhere.

Thomas Burns, State Secy.

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"SOCIALISM MADE PLAIN" makes converts to our cause right and left, for it is full of unadorned common sense and makes its points with great clearness. It has been aptly called "The Yankee Merrie England." Your library is not complete without it. It is just the book to hand a friend—and the price permits of this. Send today.

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A new series of beautifully illustrated books in dainty cloth binding, giving the latest facts of science in a style that is entertaining and easy to understand. "The Evolution of Man," by Wilhelm Boelsche, translated by Ernest Untermann, is already published, and the first thousand were sold in less than three weeks. Two more of these books are being translated and will be ready in August.

"Germs of Mind in Plants," by R. H. Francé, translated by A. M. Simons, will prove that the mind of man, so far from being unlike anything else in the universe, is the direct outgrowth of what can be seen not only in animals, but in plants also. "The End of the World," by Dr. M. Wilhelm Mayer, translated by Margaret Wagner, is a graphic account of the destructive forces which will ultimately bring an end to life in its present form on this planet. It will be followed a little later by another work by the same author entitled "The Making of the World," showing how new worlds are born to take the place of those that die.

These books sell for 50 cents each, and "The Evolution of Man" will be mailed promptly on receipt of price.

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It shows the causes of the things which are in order to show how to cause or help to cause, the things which ought to be.

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209 East Water St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Social-Democratic Herald PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY BY THE Milwaukee Social-Democratic Publishing Co. Board of Directors: E. H. Thomas, Victor L. Berger, Edmund T. Meins, Emil Seidel, Edward Ziegler, C. P. Dietz, A. J. Welch, Fred. Brockhausen, Sr., Wm. Arnold.

Official Paper of the Federated Trades Council of Milwaukee and of the Wisconsin State Federation of Labor. The Herald is not responsible for the opinions of its contributors. Entered at Milwaukee Post-office as Second-class Matter, Aug. 20, 1901.

FREDERICK HEATH, Editor. VICTOR L. BERGER, Associate.

FOR OUR NEW READERS:

THIS COUNTRY is made up of working people, both industrial and agricultural, but is ruled by the capitalist class, which is numerically small. Being in control of the government, it runs that government in the interests of its class and against the interests of the working class, which is the people. We Socialists believe that the country should be ruled by the people in the interests of the people. That is why we established a government in the first place. We want the people to own it so that the political power can be used to begin the march to the co-operative system, called Social-Democracy.

EDITORIAL ETCHINGS.

Some of the Cincinnati comrades have issued a statement on the knockout of the Trautmann following at the Ohio convention, where an attempt was made to make capital for the present attempt to split the national trade union movement.

The Social-Democratic National Platform.

We, the Socialist party, in convention assembled, make our appeal to the American people as the defenders and preservers of the idea of liberty and self-government, in which the nation was born; as the only political movement which has as its program and principles by which the liberty of the individual may become a fact; as the only political movement which has as its program and principles by which the liberty of the individual may become a fact.

Latest News from the Inquisition.

Last week we printed the shameful record of a Michigan head hunt. Now comes word of still another—and this time the head hunters appear to be hunting each other! After they started chopping off heads in

can guillotiners. Let the Maillys and the Trautmanns and the Towners feel for their heads! Out in Utah there is a national committee named Joseph Gilbert. He was one of those who voted to take Berger's head off.

Lamb (Mich).—“Even the institutions of capitalism, bad as they are, guarantee to an accused person his day in court and somewhat of an opportunity to be heard in defense. I protest that Comrade Gilbert should have ample opportunity to be heard regularly through the national office, before the vote on No. 14 is taken. You will please record me as not voting.”

Hoch (Mo).—“I vote Yes on motion 14, to place Joseph Gilbert's name on reserve list for national speakers and organizers. If Comrade Burgess's claims as to fitness or unfitness of Gilbert are correct, give the man a chance to show this to the rank and file, who will soon give their final verdict.”

Spargo (N. Y.).—“I do not think that the jumble of statements and charges contained in the pamphlet I received from Comrade Emil Herman of Washington justify the removal of Comrade Gilbert from the list of organizers. Most of the ‘charges’ are too puerile and petty for serious notice and I dare say that it would be possible for any ingenious and persevering person to compile a list of utterances in moments of excitement or anger equally serious to convict most, if not all of the members of the national committee.”

Hillquit (N. Y.).—“I am not in a position to vote on the motion. I wish, however, to state that I consider the procedure followed in this case highly improper from every point of view. Comrade Gilbert is a national committee member from the State of Utah, and has been endorsed for the office of national speaker and organizer by the Utah State Committee. Comrade Burgess, who protests against placing Gilbert on the reserve list, is likewise a national committee member from Utah. Under the circumstances it would, therefore, seem appropriate for Comrade Burgess to fight his battle first of all within his own state.... Neither Gilbert nor the state committee of Utah are asked for their version of the case, and the national committee proceeds to vote upon the naked uncorroborated assertion of the accuser. The procedure is wholly unworthy of the national committee, and sets up a dangerous precedent.”

First the head hunters were very voluble about the time-honored tactics of the Socialist movement, when trying to distort an incident in Milwaukee into a heresy, and they were so ceaseless about it that many a national committee member, afraid of what Madam Grundy

FOR OUR NEW READERS:

Under the capitalist system the vast majority of mankind must see themselves to the capitalistic owners of the means of production and distribution in order to live—and to live miserably at that. The nation owns the post office and everybody is glad that it does. It ought to own all the trusts so that all may enjoy the benefits. It ought to own all the means of production as soon as such industries have become sufficiently concentrated. To bring this about the people—the workers—must get control of the political power. The Social-Democratic party (known as the Socialist party in some states, and nationally) is organized to bring this about—this and the abolition of capitalism. It insists that the industrial class shall be the wealthy class, and the idle class the poor class—but it will, in fact, abolish the poor class altogether. The Social-Democratic movement is international, but we expect it to achieve success in the United States first, because the capitalist system, which we mean to uproot, is best developed here. To show you that your interests lie with us we print the following:

Program of International Social-Democracy:

- 1. Collective ownership of all industries in the hands of Trusts and Combes, and of all public utilities. 2. Democratic management of such collective industries and utilities. 3. Reduction of the hours of labor and progressively increased remuneration. 4. State and National Insurance for the workers and honorable rest for old age. 5. The inauguration of public industries to safeguard the workers against lack of employment. 6. Education of ALL children up to the age of 18 years. No child labor. 7. Equal political and civil rights for men and women.

would say, voted to decapitate Comrade Berger—a most disgraceful and shameful exhibition of untrustworthiness. Then when the Wisconsin comrades coolly pointed to the facts of Socialist tactics in the international movement—tactics the Wisconsin comrades themselves have no wish to lay too much stress upon, lest our half-baked comrades round the country would mistake such precedents for license to go into political deals with the enemy—then when we did this, these all-wise head hunters either tried to keep our facts from getting to the members of the party (vide Mailly's paper's refusal to print a defense which presented facts new to his dupes) or began to squirm and to explain and to bluff in most amusing style. Mailly meets the fact with a sickly attempt at argument, and Hayes (or Bandlow) in the Cleveland Citizen claims that the German comrades were justified in making deals because of “villainous gerrymandering”—just see ‘em squirm! And by the way, the latter paper refers to the Milwaukee comrades as “sissies” and charges us with garbling a quotation from London Justice in last week's issue. We did no such thing.

Comrade E. B. Ault, recently of Idaho, but now of Toledo, has been made one of the nominees for the vacancy on the national executive board, and what is worse, has accepted. Our conception of the executive board is that it should be filled with men who have been long identified with the movement and who have proved their worth for so important a trust by faithful service and good headwork for the party. Comrade Ault may be a most worthy young man, but he has scarcely reached his majority, was only recently still publishing a boy paper called the Young Socialist, and is clearly not yet qualified for such an honor or trust. The very fact that he accepts the nomination shows he has boyish views about the importance of such an office. Another comrade who has accepted is Towner of Kentucky. Of course a man who would start a referendum to dispose a comrade without opportunity of defense would feel no delicacy in being nominated for the vacancy thus created.

The National Organizers. Dates for National Organizers for the coming week are as follows: John Collins: June 25, 26, 27, Prowers County, Colo.; 28th, enroute; 29, 30, Aspen, Colo.; July 1st, Grand Junction, Colo. George H. Goebel: June 25, Nashville, Tenn.; 26, enroute; 27th, Centerville, Tenn.; 28th, enroute; 29th, Tennessee Ridge, Tenn.; 30th, July 1st, Huntington, Tenn.

John M. Work: June 25, Jacksonville, Fla.; 26th, Clinton, Ind.; 27, Indianapolis, Ind.; 28, Columbus, Ind.; 29, Kokomo, Ind.; 30th, July 1st, South Bend, Ind.

Comrade James F. Carey of Maine has been ordered to fill a series of dates in Pennsylvania beginning July 1st. The tour will be under the personal direction of State Secretary Ringler.

Get your friends to go to the big Picnic Sunday, July 16, at Schiltz Park, Milwaukee.

Herald subscriptions received at the West Side Headquarters of S. D. P., 537 8th ave., New York City.

Into the midst of this strain and crisis of civilization, the Socialist movement comes as the only organized force. If the world is to be saved from chaos, from universal disorder and misery, it must be by the united action of all nations in the Socialist movement. The Socialist party comes with the only program of program for an intelligent and deliberate organizing of the nation for the common good of all its citizens. It is the first time that the mind of man has been directed toward the conscious organization of society.

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Don't wait for a trial! Burn him at the stake! Boil him in oil! Hang him! Draw and quarter him! Cremate the remains and scatter his ashes to the four winds of heaven. The party must be purified from every trace of opportunism if we have to sacrifice every member of the National Committee. Comrade Gilbert has no kick coming. He must be a poor doctor who can't take a dose of his own medicine. Seriously, this motion represents heresy-hunting gone to seed. It is discipline reduced to an absurdity, and Gilbert has been judged unworthy to go on the reserve list! Only five voted in his favor. Holman of Minnesota, Ehn of Missouri, Rehn of Missouri, McHugh of Montana and Thompson of Wisconsin. Quite a number did not vote and among those who voted to chop off his head were White of Connecticut, Towner of Kentucky, Bandlow of Ohio, and Burgess of Washington, all head-hunters. All the national committee had for guidance in voting was a pamphlet of accusation against Gilbert sent out from Utah in opposition to the state organization which had recommended him. He had no chance of defense and was sentenced without a trial. An absurd and unjust feature of the case lay in the fact that National Committeeman Lamb of Michigan had made a motion to table the first referendum until Comrade Gilbert could be heard in his own defense, but this motion was put last in accordance with the Socialist idea of justice now ruling the national committee and it carried! Here we have the Berger case again. The following selected from the comments of the national committee will be found illuminating:

Gibbs (Mass).—The Burgess motion is a fine example of the spirit of haste and unfairness which always characterizes heresy-hunters. The fact that it is directed against one of their own number proves that “chickens will come home to roost.” It emphasizes the necessity of making some change in our method of voting which will save the committee from acting blindly, on every motion which may be sprung upon us. A few more snap judgments of this kind will make the committee a laughing stock and disgrace. I submit, that in the future every motion to postpone should either be ruled out of order and thus save the committee from useless voting or else such a motion should be allowed to take precedence over the main motion as in ordinary parliamentary procedure. For myself I prefer the latter course. We can better afford the reputation of being slow, than to rest under the suspicion of snap judgment and star-chamber proceeding. I refused to vote on the Burgess motion. I vote “Yes” on Comrade Lamb's motion. By all means let the war go merrily on. When the heresy hunters begin to hunt each other the end is near. The rest of us can sit on the fence and enjoy the fun. So Comrade Gilbert is guilty of “wavering tactics,” favors “loose organization” and is a “source of friction”? Discipline him at once! Excommunicate him with all the anathemas of the hierarchy!

Comrade Hillquit nor myself referred to Comrade Hanneman. I did not state that Comrade Hanneman believes in first hanging a man and then trying him, but I stated that the “socialistic” generals of Local N. Y. believe in so doing, as is shown by the adoption of the motion to condemn Comrade Berger before he had a trial. He states that he acted under instructions from the 6th and 10th Ass. District, when he made a motion to request the National Executive Committee to take proper steps against Comrade Berger, etc. Why then was not the motion made by another delegate from the district which is represented by six or eight comrades? It certainly made a queer impression that just Comrade Hanneman should make it.

However, we accept the apology of Comrade Hanneman. I did not claim, as Comrade Hanneman is trying to make it appear, that he

Half Hours In The Herald Sanctum.

Correspondents are urged to write as briefly as possible and on one side of the paper only.

Dear Comrade: Comrade Hanneman claims that my statement contains certain misrepresentations, which he wants to correct. Now let's analyze his corrections first. He claims that I should have used the terms comrades influenced by personalities instead of reactionist. Let me tell the comrade that a person may be influenced by personalities and be a reactionist at the same time. I did not accuse Comrade Hanneman with ever hunting for something to expel somebody from the party, but stated that Comrade Hillquit in reply to Comrade Wolf's emphatic protest from the 28th Ass. District said that certain people are always hunting for something to expel somebody from the party. Neither Comrade Hillquit nor myself referred to Comrade Hanneman. I did not state that Comrade Hanneman believes in first hanging a man and then trying him, but I stated that the “socialistic” generals of Local N. Y. believe in so doing, as is shown by the adoption of the motion to condemn Comrade Berger before he had a trial. He states that he acted under instructions from the 6th and 10th Ass. District, when he made a motion to request the National Executive Committee to take proper steps against Comrade Berger, etc. Why then was not the motion made by another delegate from the district which is represented by six or eight comrades? It certainly made a queer impression that just Comrade Hanneman should make it.

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The Federated Trades Council of Milwaukee

HEADQUARTERS: 318 STATE STREET, Telephone Main 1742.



The Regular Meetings of the Council are held first and third Wednesdays at 8 o'clock at Freie Gemeinde Hall, Fourth Street, betw. State and Cedar.

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State Organization Notes.

The following letter tells its own story: "We had two very good lectures by Comrade Thompson on the 7th and 8th inst. We have no doubt but they have been of great good to the cause, as none of us have heard any but favorable comments. We wish to thank every one who was instrumental in our making the acquaintance of Comrade Thompson. May his tribe increase. Social-Democratic Branch of Spooner." We hope that every comrade who has contributed to the Organization fund will take these thanks as personally addressed to him or her. It is these contributions which enable us to send Comrade Thompson to points which have never yet heard a Social-Democratic speaker. With more contributions, we can cover the state, and leave no town untouched. We cannot all be orators, but we can help to send the orators into new places, where branches can be organized and new members got into line.

All the Social-Democrats of Milwaukee will not be needed to receive and entertain the Chicago Socialists next Sunday. The rest, we hope, will attend the Racine annual Social-Democratic picnic at the New Union Park, north of the North Side city limits. The fare from Milwaukee and return is only 60c. The Racine picnics are always enjoyable occasions. Be sure to be present if you can.

The Ninth and Eleventh wards of Racine will hold a joint picnic at Union Park, Sunday, July 2. Milwaukee comrades are cordially invited to attend.

Miss Anna A. Maley delivered a fine lecture on Economic Determinism in Peterson's hall, June 18. On account of the rain, the audience was small, but all who were present enjoyed a fine treat. In the afternoon of the same day, Miss Maley addressed an open air meeting at the entrance to Kosciusko park on the occasion of the unveiling of the Kosciusko monument. Comrade Barkowski and the editor of the Chicago *Robotnik* also addressed the crowd in Polish.

Comrade Carl D. Thompson is now enjoying a short vacation (without pay), but will return to Wisconsin early in July. On July 14 he will speak at Cambridge, Dane Co., where no Socialist has ever spoken before. The use of the Opera House has been donated for the evening. Comrades will please remember that it is these new points which largely make up the expense of keeping an organizer in the field. The organized towns pay their entire expenses, but this we cannot expect from unorganized localities. Therefore if you want to keep on getting in new branches, subscribe to the Organization Fund.

Comrade Walter Thomas Mills will speak at Racine July 15, at the great annual monster picnic of Milwaukee on July 16, and at the picnics of the 12th ward branch and of the 5th and 8th ward branches of Milwaukee on July 23. Other points at which he will speak in Wisconsin are Fond du Lac, Green Bay, Sheboygan Falls, Marinette, Darlington, Monticello and Elkhorn. The order of these dates will be published in the next Herald.

The State Bureau of Information has just issued a circular with a new program for debate. We hope that all our branches will devote one evening to this program, having first carefully studied up the subject for discussion.

Comrade Thompson's tour for July is now being arranged. All who want his services during that month will please apply at once.
E. H. Thomas, State Secy.

Wonderland.

A new set of special free attractions will be offered by the management of Wonderland, commencing tomorrow afternoon in addition to the regular free offerings, such as Clauder's first regiment band, the Bump the Bumps and the scheduled displays of P. A.'s fireworks on Tuesday and Friday evenings. Wonderland ended its fourth week last night and during that time more than 200,000 people passed through the gates. Even with this large attendance the immense park has not been filled at any time, accommodations having been provided for 40,000 people. Among the attractions that have become exceedingly popular is the scenic railway, the old mill, shoot the chutes, myth city and the dancing pavilion, with a dancing surface of 50x125 feet. There is dancing every day from 2.45 to 5.30 and from 8.30 to 11.00.

The balloon man will be at the picnic, Sunday, July 16th, too, bless his dear old soul. Remember how your heart used to go pit-a-pat when you saw him coming? Loosen up a bit, and buy the boy a balloon.

17th Ward Branch.
June 25th, 17th Ward Branch picnic at Buelsbeck's Grove, foot of Howell avenue. Admission 75 cents a family, including refreshments.

If you want some remembrance of the big picnic, Sunday, July 16th, and of your friends, take 'em into the gallery and have 'em thirtyped. They'll enjoy it.

Come to Schitz Park on Sunday, July 16, and have one with me, and then I'll have one with you; then we'll call up our friends and have one all together. "Froed."

WISCONSIN STATE FEDERATION OF LABOR OFFICIAL DEPARTMENT.

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The E. F. Adams Tobacco Co., Milwaukee.
The Kohler & Sons, Sheboygan, Wis., manufacturers of bath tubs and plumbing supplies.
Chas. Polackeb Bros. Co., 182-184 3rd St., Milwaukee, Wis., manufacturers of chandeliers, gas and electrical fixtures.
The Atlas Bread Co. of Milwaukee.
The Oswald Jaeger Bakery, Milwaukee.
Pamperin & Wiggenhorn, better known as the P. & W. Clear Co. of La Crosse, Wis., manufacturers of Cigars and Tobacco.

We Need More Party Members.

It is very easy for anyone to say, "I am a Social-Democrat; I vote the ticket, and that is all I propose to do." But let us see if that is true.

You may think, my dear Comrade, that this is all that needs to be asked of you. But it is not. It takes funds to carry on our organization. No organization can be carried on successfully without funds, and as a rule, these funds must come from the class whose interests are to be served. You are not asked for funds to carry on the Democratic or the Republican organization. Why? Because they don't propose to serve your interests. They get their funds from the class whose interests they serve, and we expect to get ours from the class whose interests Socialism proposes to serve, namely the working class.

It makes no difference whether you are a worker with hand or brain; if you work with either, you belong to the working class. Now, therefore, we ask you, "How much of a Social-Democrat are you anyway?" You may think that you are as good a Social-Democrat as anyone else, but let me remind you, that unless you are a dues-paying member of the party, you are not as good for the purpose of the Socialist fight as those who are fighting in the organization ranks as dues-paying members. Don't you want to be one who is willing to go into the fray and help to bear the brunt of the battle? If so, join the party of your class. Remember, that if you are not an ORGANIZED Social-Democrat, Dave Rose won't have much trouble to disorganize you, will he? On the other hand, you are as much of a Social-Democrat outside of your party organization as some workmen today are La Follette-Republicans, Rose-Democrats, or Pfister-Stalwarts, do you catch the point?

Outside of the party you have nothing to say about the plans of the party. Therefore, we ask you, "How much of a Social-Democrat are you anyway? How much of a Social-Democrat do you want to be?" If a dead one, then remain outside of the party organization. If a live one, then get into line and join your respective ward branch or district at their next meeting.

Edmund T. Melms,
Milwaukee County Organizer.



THE DANCING PAVILION AT WONDERLAND.

ROLL IN THE SUBSCRIPTIONS.

Many of the comrades in their enthusiasm and activity for the big State Picnic and the Linotype fund seem entirely to have forgotten the work of getting new subscribers. This simply will not do. We have got to keep on building up an ever increasing circulation. There must be no faltering, no hesitation. If there is, it is apt to become serious, if not fatal.

Do not in your interest in the Linotype fund and the Big Picnic neglect, even for a moment, strenuously to strive for new readers. To encourage the comrades in this work, contests of three months each, in which the three sending in the greatest number of yearly subscriptions or their equivalent in six months or ten weeks' subscriptions are to be awarded prizes, will be inaugurated. It is planned to commence July 1st, and further announcement will be made in the Herald and Vorwaerts.

In this contest either subscription cards or blanks can be used. In the meantime permit us once more to call attention to our offer "Don't Miss It" mentioned elsewhere, giving you five books and five twelve month subscription cards—a large value for \$3.00. It's a good offer to get started on. As an inducement to begin at once, subscriptions secured from you now will count in the contest. Don't forget to push the Vorwaerts amongst Germans.

And whatever you do, don't merely read this, place it aside and forget all about it. The situation is such as to call for action—immediate action—action right away. We in the office can size up the situation better than any one else can. That is what we are here for. We are now informing you of the situation. It is part of our duty to do so. But aside from personally working just as much as all others individually do to change this condition, we are powerless in the performance of our duty to do more, unless to rouse and induce you to work harder. We have informed you and can do no more. Many of you have sent in lots of subscriptions in the past, but for some reason have slackened up. Change this—change it at once. Unless you do this is a waste of space and time. So we say, again, change the conditions—do it at once. Let the subscriptions roll in. Get busy and that right away. Then you won't give any one an opportunity of charging us with wasting space and time.

Carnival Tickets.
Previously reported \$2,280.42
Joe Perry 1.50
Jno. Schnabl25
P. Czaplowski 1.50
Hy. Fiddler75
Town of Greenfield Branch75
Wm. Lewandowski75
Fred. Schmidt75
\$2,295.17

Picnic Tickets.
Previously reported \$70.20
Ernst Schmidt 1.50
Typographical Union No. 23 7.50
V. 1.00
Herman Neelsen 1.50
Moses Hull 1.00
Alb. Buchmann 1.50
Wm. M. Graham 1.50
Fred. Koll 1.50
Fagar Makers' Union No. 25 7.50
M. Swallen50
Jno. Marquet50
E. Ulrich 1.50
R. G. Bernhard 1.50
Brewers' Union, Madison, Wis. 5.00
H. Schloerke 1.50
Christ. Seifert 1.00
Fred. Teetje 1.50
Christ. Leifeld30
\$118.90

Sunday, July 16, is the date of the big Picnic. Don't forget.

The Vanguard, an up-to-date Socialist monthly, 50 cents a year.

If you mention the fact to a merchant that you saw his ad in the Social-Democratic Herald, he will be pleased.

Start your Socialist Library with a year's subscription to The Vanguard—50 cents.

You won't need to bring your lunch along when you go to Schitz Park on Sunday, July 16. All kinds of refreshments will be served on the grounds, and at right prices. Half the enjoyment of an outing is spoiled by having to lug a basket around with you.

WAY ON TOP

THAT'S WHERE PUBLIC FAVOR HAS PLACED
WIRTHWEIN'S Ice Cream
All up-to-date dealers sell it.
Ice Cream and Cake furnished for private parties and picnics.
L. WIRTHWEIN, 1623 Walnut St.
PHONE WEST 465.

CRAB SEASON IS NOW OPEN

FRESH LAKE AND OCEAN FISH EVERY DAY BY EXPRESS
F. TEWS & SON, 373 FIRST AVE.
Phone 5484 Blue. Milwaukee, Wis.

JOB PRINTING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES

We do all kinds of neat and up-to-date printing, such as Catalogues, Commissions, Price Lists, Bill Heads, Programs, Wedding Invitations, Posters, Letter Heads, Business Cards, Etc.
We do First Class Book-binding, Electrotyping and Stereotyping.
Germania Job Department
West Water and Wells Streets

W. O. LUEBKE COAL CO.

WOOD, COAL & COKE.
Phone No. 123 657 Clinton St.

GORSUN DR. I. GREENBERG

Optical Dept.
Goodman's Dept. Store,
Grand Ave. & Fourth St., Milwaukee, Wis.

A. M. JOHNSON'S

Home Candy Kitchen.
ICE CREAM
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
421 Grove St., 259 Mitchell St.
Phone 9321 Scott. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

Safes and Vaults.

Hibbard & Richardson Co., Gen'l. Agents, Cary Safe Co., constantly carry at No. 471 Milwaukee St., this city, the largest stock of new fire and burglar-proof safes and vaults in the Northwest. Second hand safes of the different makes always on hand.

BICYCLES AND RAGTOLES

A large stock on hand. I carry the largest assortment of TIRES and SUNDRIES in Milwaukee, and sell everything at LOWEST PRICES.
JOS. SCHOSTAK, 458 Third Street, Tel. White 2025.
Open evenings until 9. Sundays till noon.

ANTON WEISS' PHARMACY

Cor. Eleventh & Greenfield Aves.
Prescriptions Carefully Filled.

A. W. HAAS,

Dealer in
Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry and Game in Season.
211 HOWELL AVENUE.

RACINE ATTENTION!

WM. PRICE,
SHOEMAKER AND....
BICYCLE REPAIRING
1112 Ninth St., RACINE, WIS.

GLOBE WINDOW CLEANING CO.

J. BOSE, Proprietor.
1326 CHERRY STREET.
Phone, Red 8342. MILWAUKEE.

Let Comrade MIES Be Your Tailor!

THE ONLY UNION TAILOR SHOP IN BAY VIEW....
784 Kinnickinnic Ave., at the Bridge, and 279 National Ave., MILWAUKEE, WIS.

HERMAN BUECH

MANUFACTURER OF
HIGH GRADE CIGARS,
Tampacoin, 19 cts., National Sport, 5 cts.
575 19th AVENUE,
MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.

BORCHARDT BROS.,

TAILORS AND FURNISHERS.
347-349 Grove St., Milwaukee,
Phone 622 Blue.

THEO. KOESTER,

WEST SIDE BOTTLE HOUSE.
Wines and Liquors at Wholesale Prices.
309 Chestnut Street,
Phone Main 2290. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

A. GOETZ,

DEALER IN
WOOD AND COAL
524 WISCONSIN STREET.
Phone Main 2538.
All Orders promptly attended to.

ASK FOR
Edeleweiss,
Schoen Hofenbrau,
Select or Ambrosia
BEERS OF SCHOENHOFEN BREWING CO.,
Try Our Tonic
"EDELWEISS-MALTING"
446 Barclay Street, Corner State
Phone No. 104.

FRANK KORSCH,

Saloon and Sample Room,
489 Eleventh Ave.
MILWAUKEE, WIS.

Bicycles

Bicycles, Tricycles and Sundries always on hand at lowest prices. Bicycles made to order at \$17.00 up. All repair work guaranteed.
KOEPPEL & CO.,
MACHINE and BICYCLE SHOP,
423 Chestnut St., Milwaukee.

Union Made Shoes

AT
ERNST SAUDER,
Repairing Neatly Done.
881 Howell Ave., Near Kinnickinnic Ave.
MILWAUKEE, WIS.

ADAM SIEFERT

CUSTOM TAILOR
821 TWELFTH STREET
Cleaning and Repairing. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

WHERE TO EAT.

LAWRENCE'S ORIGINAL
80
LUNCH ROOMS,
OPEN ALL NIGHT.
Headquarters for a Good Lunch or Meal at moderate prices.
CLEANLINESS. QUICK SERVICE.
J. E. CAMPBELL, Manager.
415 East Water Street & 183 Third Street.

THE AMERICAN DAIRY

O. E. SIEGMUND, Prop.
Bottled Milk and Cream a Specialty.
You Meet the Wagon Everywhere.
Free Early Deliveries Anywhere.
1523 Vliet St. PHONE WEST 503

J. LOEHNER,

West Side Architectural Iron Works
Manufacturers of all kinds of
Ornamental Iron Work
Repairs of all kinds 1528 Cherry Street, promptly attended to. Phone Brown 3345.
MILWAUKEE, WIS.

ADOLPH HEUMANN'S

BEER HALL AND SAMPLE ROOM.
409 Sycamore St., Cor. Fourth.
Opposite Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Passenger Depot.
Telephone Black 0351. Milwaukee, Wis.

OTTO C. LAABS,

Pharmacist,
1929 VLIET STREET, Corner 26th.
Telephone West 124.

KIENTH'S PHARMACIES,

608 & 840 Mitchell St.
This 'ad' and 15c entitles you to a 25c bottle of our famous cough cure. Cut it out and bring to our stores.

I ADVERTISE SMALL WHY

BECAUSE THE SMALLER THE ADVERTISING THE MORE EFFECTIVE.
LUDWIG BERG
Union Made Clothing a Specialty.

Wm Gotthard

907
THIRD STREET
HATS

ZAHN & STROESSER,

Tailors
316 STATE STREET,
Four doors west of Third St.

THE POPULAR

Geo. Schleiger,
MENS FURNISHER.
CORNER 13th & VLIET STREETS,
Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

GUST. SCHMIDT,

Wines, Liquors & Fine Cigars
Headquarters 15th Ward Branch
1629 Vliet Street, cor. 17th Street.

BRAMAN COAL CO.

ALL KINDS OF
COAL & WOOD.
972 KINNICKINNIC AVENUE.
Phone South 511.

WONDERLAND

The People's Pleasure Park

22,000 Electric Lights

29 Amusements

Free Vaudeville

DANCING DAILY 2:45 to 5:30 AND 8:30 to 11 P. M. EXCEPT SUNDAY

MUSIC BY CLAUDE'S SELETTE

BUMP THE BUMPS

Have you seen the ELECTRIC TOWER

Scenic Railway, Old Mill, Shoot the Chutes, Laughing Gallery, Miniature Lake, Myth City, Circle Swing, Miniature Railway, Crystal Maze.

Adm. 10c. Children 5c. Take any Car

Grand Reception.

TENDERED CHICAGO COMRADES.

By the County Central Committee, Social-Democratic Party,

at FREIEGEMEINDE HALL, FOURTH STREET.

SUNDAY AFTERNOON, JUNE 25th, 1905.

The Chicago comrades, 2000 strong, will be escorted with music from the Goodrich docks to the hall at 2 p. m. where refreshments and lunches will be served.

The United Socialist Singing Societies will render several selections, and music will be furnished by the Social Democratic Band. Comrades and friends are all invited.

ADMISSION FREE! ADMISSION FREE!

Waukesha Beach.

Milwaukee's Favorite Resort for Outings, Picnics, Etc.

GRAND CONCERT AND BALL GAME Sunday, June 25th.

FISHING SEASON NOW OPEN.

THEO. M. TOLL, Exc. Agent, 114 Grand Avenue, Milwaukee.

Saloon and Hotel. Fine Picnic Grounds. Phone, Blue 8226.

NATIONAL GROVE

CHAS. WAHL, Prop., 37th and National Aves., Milwaukee, Wis.

S. D. P. BRANCHES TAKE NOTICE: Have many dates open for the summer.

Blue Mound Garden

Large Park, Dance Hall and Two Bowling Alleys.

Splendid Opportunity for Picnics.

WM. ZASTROW, Blue Mound and Hawley Road, R. F. D. No. 13, WAUWATOSA, WIS.

\$1.00 TO CHICAGO. Round Trip \$1.50.

For Chicago and Racine, daily, 9 A. M., 4:30 P. M., 8 P. M.

For Milwaukee and Manitowish, daily except Monday & Saturday, 9 A. M.

For Kewaunee, Algoma and Marinette, Sunday, Thursday & Friday, 9 A. M.

For Marinette and Menominee, Sunday & Thursday, 9 A. M.

For Green Bay, Keshonka & A. M.

DOCKS: Foot of Sycamore St. Tel. Main 985

75c BARRY LINE STEAMERS

Daily for Chicago at 8 p. m. FARE, Phone Main 521

STATE OF WISCONSIN - CIRCUIT COURT FOR MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

By order of the Circuit Court of Milwaukee County of May 29, 1905.

Hugo Dumke, plaintiff, against Martha Dumke, defendant.

The State of Wisconsin to the said defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and defend the above entitled action in the Court aforesaid; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint; of which a copy is here with served upon you.

A. H. BRAUN, Plaintiff's Attorney.

P. O. Address, 649 21st Street, Milwaukee, Milwaukee County, Wis.

HY. F. SCHMIDT'S HALL

Saloon, Sample and Wine Room

Hall for Parties, Weddings, Entertainments and Meetings.

Dancing every Saturday and Sunday Evenings 21st St. and Rogers St., Milwaukee, Wis.

UNION BREAD.

Caspar Hach, Baker and Confectioner

All orders promptly attended to.

927 Nincklinc Ave., Milwaukee, Wis.

THIS IS WHERE YOU GET THE 15c MEAL IN THE CITY

Y. M. C. A. RESTAURANT

143 FOURTH STREET.

Open from 6 A. M. to 8 P. M.

FOR SALE!

Candy Store on West Side with 5 rooms, price \$225; Grocery Store on West Side with 4 rooms, price \$400; Saloon (Jung's beer), good location, price \$200.

WE BUY AND SELL any legitimate business. Call or write for our terms.

HERMAN GROVER & CO., 4 Metropolitan Block, Milwaukee, Wis. Tel. Main 3615.

GOOD ADVICE.

Purchase a House Safe of Hibbard & Richardson Co. and have your "Safety Deposit Box" at home.

Phone Main 706. 272 WEST WATER STREET.

Phone Main 706. 272 WEST WATER STREET.

Phone Main 706. 272 WEST WATER STREET.

Phone Main 706. 272 WEST WATER STREET.

Exit the Socialist Column!

WHY THE "DAILY NEWS" NO LONGER PRINTS IT.—WHO "JAY GEORGE", ALIAS, IS.

Editor of the Social-Democratic Herald: As some of your readers may have noticed that the Social-Democratic column is no longer printed in the Milwaukee Daily News, permit me to explain the circumstances which led to its disappearance. For some time past, the Social-Democratic column has been severely cut. The pith and point have been taken out of many articles, often leaving them ridiculously weak and flat. Other articles were suppressed altogether. The editor of the News objected to all discussion of politics in the Social-Democratic column, and wished it to be confined to a "discussion of the philosophy of Socialism." While Jay George in the "Other Side" abused and vilified the Social-Democratic party and its leaders, the editor of the News was unwilling that the Social-Democratic column should contain any severe criticism of the capitalist parties. Objection was also made to the fact that the editor of the Social-Democratic column "seemed to think that every subject was connected with Socialism," and denounced certain forms of medical advertising, etc. As Socialists believe that the introduction of Social-Democracy will have a bearing on all social and economic conditions, these restrictions came at last to be impossible and cut out pretty much every thing that was worth saying. The editor of the Social-Democratic column repeatedly protested against these limitations, and pointed out that the "Other Side" was not restricted in any way, shape or manner. These protests resulted in the final stopping of the column. The ex-editor of the Social-Democratic column recognizes the fact that the News is not a Socialist paper, and that the editor has a right to run it as he pleases. While the editor of the News must understand his field, it is certainly hard to expect that the Social-Democratic column shall be held to a strict account while Jay George is given an unlimited license. It is an absolute impossibility to fight with tied hands against an enemy who is allowed his choice of weapons and a perfectly free field. Milwaukee, E. H. Thomas.

In answer to many and continuous inquiries we will here give briefly something about the man, "Jay George," who was permitted to slander our party organization and its workers day after day in the News. His real name is F. G. R. Gordon and he lives in Massachusetts, and has only recently been a defendant in a libel suit brought against him by Comrade C. H. Coulter, ex-mayor of Brockton, Mass., who made certain defamatory articles over the signature of "Jay

George" a cause for seeking redress in the courts. Gordon was formerly a populist, then for a time a member of the Socialist Labor party and the Socialist party, and finally, being a grafter, drifted into the camp of Mark Hanna for the money that was to be made in writing alleged exposures of Socialist "fallacy." Being dishonest, it was an easy matter for him to juggle with figures, as readers of the News had good reason to know, and finally the manufacturers of Haverhill, Mass., set him up in business to publish an anti-Socialist paper there, but his name has now been taken down from the editorial board.

When the notorious tool of the capitalists, Father Kress, was in Milwaukee, he got certain business men (among others the Gas company) together to put up the dough to help on the clerical fight on us. Kress got Gordon in tow for the News column and it is generally understood that Gordon's pay came from this aggregation that Kress had organized.

We have referred to Gordon as dishonest. In proof of this is the fact that he tried to sell the Socialists out when he was in the party at Manchester, N. H., that he was arrested for taking money out of letters while he was a postal clerk, and that he on various occasions tried to get different people to join with him in counterfeiting schemes.

Of course, as long as the Social-Democrats in the shops and factories of Milwaukee did not resent the slanderous stuff of Gordon's that it was printing against them, the News could not be blamed. But it was only when the Socialist column in the News was placed under an intolerable and one-sided censorship, that it became necessary to protest.

All of which simply hastens the day when our party will have to cease depending on capitalist papers and have a daily paper of its own.

Milwaukee was considerably upset the past week by a most audacious coup by the county board, many of whose members are quite certain to be indicted by the grand jury that has just started in to take testimony. Seeking to take advantage of a law that grants immunity from arrest to any official crook who voluntarily testifies about cases in which he is implicated, a lawyer, alleged to be Billy Austin, prepared a resolution setting up a little court within the county board, which would go through the trick of pretending to hold an honest investigation. Several supervisors not suspecting the game back of it voted in favor of it, and it was passed. A court of three, at least one of whom (Baden) is alleged to be sure

COMRADES, ATTENTION!

The entertainment committee having in charge the arrangements for the reception of the Chicago comrades next Sunday, June 25th, kindly requests the members of the Singing Societies and those comrades who wish to participate in the parade that the march to receive the Chicago comrades will start from the Freie Gemeinde Hall at 2 o'clock; prompt to the Goodrich docks. The comrades are urgently requested to report promptly. [Signed] The Committee.

of indictment by the grand jury, was set up and all possible haste made to get to work, when the district attorney came in with an injunction and blocked the game. Meantime "reformer" Otto Seidel, register of deeds, has resigned his office under pressure, and will tell the grand jury some things about the rottenness of the county board when he was a member of it. The district attorney says the grand jury will return 75 indictments at least. The lid is off at last, and Milwaukee will begin to get some idea of how trustworthy the capitalist party officials are.

Social-Democratic Notes.

Always remember that you are cordially invited to attend the following celebrations:

Sunday, July 2nd, 14th Ward Branch basket picnic, Heim's Grove, cor. 29th and Lincoln aves.

Sunday, July 16th, Monster Social-Democratic picnic, Schlitz Park.

Sunday, July 23rd, 12th Ward Branch basket picnic at Huelsbeck's Grove, foot of Howell ave. Comrade Walter Mills of Chicago will deliver an address at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

Fifth and 8th Ward branches basket picnic, National Grove, cor. of 39th and National aves. Walter Thomas Mills will deliver an address at 6 o'clock in the afternoon.

June 25th, 17th Ward Branch basket picnic at Huelsbeck's Grove, foot of Howell avenue. Admission 75 cents a family, including refreshments.

June 25th, 11th Ward Branch basket picnic, Dassel's Grove, six blocks west of Pilgrims' Rest Cemetery. Admission \$1.00 a family, including refreshments.

June 25th, Chicago excursion to Milwaukee. A grand reception will be given the Chicago comrades on their arrival in Milwaukee. A band will meet them at the Goodrich docks and accompany them to the Freie Gemeinde Hall, where refreshments and lunch will be served. The United Singing Societies will render several selections. All the Milwaukee comrades are cordially invited to be present. Admission free.

The Racine comrades will hold their annual picnic at the New Union Park, north of the North Side city limits, Racine, Wis., Sunday, June 25th. Milwaukee comrades are cordially invited to be present.

The Iron Molders' Union has arranged for an excursion to Racine on July 5th.

The question is sometimes asked, "Will Socialism come in our time?" Well, it will not come in our time if your time is spent in asking this question. In order to bring it about, you must get to work for Socialism, so get busy.

The county organizer paid a visit to several ward branches this week. The branches all along the line are now at work gathering funds for the Linotype Fund.

Comrade Krueger got to the front again with a \$1.55 on the shop collection fund. It is to be regretted that we have not more comrades of the Krueger type to help the good cause along.

A certain per cent of the proceeds of the 11th Ward branch picnic, Sunday, will go to the Linotype Fund.

City News Notes Man.

Alhambra Theater.
The regular season at the Alhambra theater will close Sunday night with two performances of "The Late Mr. Jones" by the Alhambra stock company. The season has been one of the longest in the history of the house, and Manager Wittig says the season just closed has been one of the most successful and most prosperous since the theater was opened. Manager Wittig's corps of assistants will take a well earned vacation, commencing tomorrow, and the theater will remain closed until the latter part of August.

WAUKESHA BEACH.
Small Excursion Steamers make the excursion trips around the lake, leaving the Waukesha Beach pier every hour for a delightful ride, seeing Pewaukee Lake with its beautiful wooded shores, summer homes and numerous places of interest.
An enjoyable trip to take.

You'll want to smoke up at the picnic, Sunday, July 16th. There'll be plenty of good cigars there.

Before you begin telling the boys what a crack shot you were in your younger days, practice up a bit at the shooting gallery. If you're a base-ball enthusiast, you'll have a chance to make good at the doll rack. If you're a knocker, take a crack at the strike and show your metal. Try your luck at the wheel of fortune and take a spin on the merry-go-round. If you're there you'll be sure to find enough amusement to keep you strenuously busy, whatever your particular hobby may be. Sunday, July 16, at Schlitz park. "inf sed.

FOURTH ANNUAL MONSTER Picnic, Concert and Ball

OF THE SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC PARTY OF WISCONSIN

The Whirlwind Orator, WALTER THOMAS MILLS, A. M., will make the principal address

\$125.00 in Prizes for Games

It would be worth your while to come clear across the continent to hear Walter Thomas Mills, the Whirlwind Orator of Chicago. Mr. Mills has a most enviable reputation as a speaker and writer who is thoroughly versed in the science of socialism.



Walter Thomas Mills.

Mr. Mills has a remarkable strong voice, which has been properly cultivated. His audience is thus enabled to hear every word, and his forceful method of delivery commands attention and arouses enthusiasm.

A more magnetic speaker than Walter Thomas Mills is, would be hard to find. As soon as he begins to speak he gains the entire sympathy of his audience, and no fault is ever found with the length of his speech.

You can't afford to miss this — Remember the place and date

SCHLITZ PARK, Milwaukee Sunday, July 16, 1905

THE GREATEST EVENT OF THE SEASON IN WISCONSIN

Reduced Rates on all Railroads

An open rate of a fare and one third for the round trip from points in Wisconsin, from which the local one-way rate to Milwaukee is \$3.00 or less; has been secured; excursion tickets to be sold on July 15th and 16, good to return, leaving Milwaukee until and including July 17th, 1905.

ADMISSION TO ALL INCLUDING BALL 15c

Branch Meetings for Next Week.

Monday Evening, June 26th.
County Central Committee meeting, Giljohann's Hall, 274 West Water st.

Tuesday Afternoon.
South Side Socialist Women's Branch, Al Jaeck's Hall, 6t h ave. near Greenfield ave.

Tuesday Evening, June 27th.
21st Ward Branch, Gaedtke's Hall, 1432 Green Bay ave.
Cudahy Branch, Berkley Farrell's residence, Cudahy.

Wednesday Evening, June 28th.
19th Ward Branch, Eckelmann's Hall, 3109 Lisbon ave.

Friday Evening, June 30th.
11th Ward Branch, Bulgrin's Hall, cor. 9th ave. and Orchard st.

Sunday, July 16, will be a day of happy remembrance for all who attend the picnic at Schlitz Park on that date, as there will be all kinds of amusements suited to all kinds of people, and there will be all kinds of people there.

FAIR SHOPS OF SHEET METAL WORKERS.

TINSHOPS.

Braun & Millen, 395 Reed st.
Bauscheck, J., 503 Twelfth st.
Bishop, J., 1329 Cherry st.
Donath, V., 329 Concordia ave.
Jeske, R. & Co., 718 Walnut st.
Kraek & Benstein, 1209 Chestnut st.
Mertz, J. & Co., 828 Winnebago st.
Salentine, Hy., 227 Reed st.
Stauber & Drasel, 1503 Fond du Lac ave.
Zumberger, Jos., 2015 Cherry st.

Following firms are engaged in the Hardware Trade also:
Lavies, P. J. & Co., 482-484 National ave.
Pritzlaff Bros., 171-173 Reed st.
Stachowiak, Chas., 949 Eighth ave.

COPPERSMITHS.

Sommers, F. X., 666 North Water st.
Weissleder, H., 816 Winnebago st.

Readers of The Herald who have tinning work to give out, should insist on union tinnera doing the work. It is a small thing to ask, but it means a good deal to the men who are trying to better their conditions.

Hundreds of visitors from all parts of Wisconsin and adjoining states will be in attendance at the picnic on Sunday, July 16, at Schlitz Park. Every preparation has been made for their reception and entertainment. Greatly reduced rates have been secured on all railroads. Comrades and friends desiring to pay a visit to our beautiful city should not miss this splendid opportunity to kill two birds with one stone.

Notice to Comrades.

We have been informed by the secretary of the Barbers' union that Mr. Fred Heider, who has conducted a union barber shop at No. 501 12th street for several years past, has voluntarily surrendered his shop card.

If you wish to get in touch with all the good things that have contributed toward making Milwaukee famous, you will make it a point to attend the Fourth Annual Monster Social-Democratic Picnic, to be held at Schlitz Park, Milwaukee, Sunday, July 16.

City Organization Fund.

E. Krueger	\$1.25
23rd Ward Branch	2.00
11th Ward Branch	2.00
Lawrence Olson	1.00
William Brenkle Cigar Co.	5.00
Total	\$11.55

If you miss the big state picnic Sunday, July 16th, we're bent telling you so much about, don't blame us if you feel sore when you read about it afterwards. Every time you meet a friend you'll feel like ducking, for fear he'll say, "I told you so." Don't be a lobster.

ALHAMBRA

LAST WEEK OF THE SEASON.

The Big Farce Comedy Success

THE LATE MR. JONES

Presented by the ALHAMBRA STOCK COMPANY

HARRY GLAZIER IN THE LEADING ROLE.

Prices — 10-15-25-35c.

The Laughing Hit of the Season

FOURTH ANNUAL BASKET PIC-NIC

ARRANGED BY THE

17th Ward Branch, Social-Democratic Party,

SUNDAY, JUNE 25th, 1905

HUELSBECK'S GROVE, End of Howell Ave., Car Line

Tickets 75c including Refreshments. Take Tippecanoe Car.

BUYING A NEW Refrigerator DEMANDS CAREFUL FORETHOUGHT

The place in which you keep your perishable food is a very important factor to good health. It is therefore necessary that you have a sanitary and cold air circulating refrigerator.

We have a most complete line of these high grade refrigerators at reasonable prices, but also a full line of

\$15 White Enameled Refrigerators, 60 lbs. ice capacity, large provision chamber, golden oak case, bronze trimmings. Special this week.....	\$12.50
\$18 large size Zinc lined Refrigerators, 100 lbs. ice capacity. Two front doors. Golden oak case. A big bargain. Special this week.....	\$15.00

"IF IT'S FROM GROSS IT'S GOOD"

Ph. Gross Hdw. Co. 126-125 Grand Ave.

THERE ARE MANY points of interest in our store.

There is much of value to you in buying here. There is evidence all about of the value of looking carefully. Look the matter over, study for yourself and remember all we offer is genuine and all the goods are really worth having. Come in and look around.

REINECK BROS. CLOTHIERS, HATTERS AND FURNISHERS.

717-719 12th Street, Corner Lloyd, Milwaukee.

You Ought To see our swell lines of tan oxfords with prices which you will think are sweller yet.

Oxford time, now—place, Luedke's—prices, just look at these for a starter:

LADIES' TAN OXFORDS \$1.50 to \$3.50

MEN'S TAN OXFORDS \$1.95 to \$5.00

OXFORDS FOR THE LITTLE FOLKS

FINE SHOES Luedke CUTS THE PRICE.

Herm R. Miller PHOTOGRAPHER

FORMERLY MILLER BROS.

359 3d St. Cor. Chestnut, MILWAUKEE, WIS.

YOU WILL FIND IT AN EASY TASK

To replenish your fishing outfit at our store. We have a large assortment of the latest fishing paraphernalia at lowest prices.

LIVE BAIT FROGS ALWAYS ON HAND.

JOHN MEUNIER GUN CO.

Phone Main 706. 272 WEST WATER STREET.