

SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD

IN CLUBS OF FIVE, 10 WEEKS, 10 CENTS EACH, TO NEW NAMES.

A JOURNAL OF THE COMING CIVILIZATION

FOR SUBSCRIPTION PRICE SEE THE FOURTH PAGE

Is Wisconsin in the Lead?

By Victor L. Berger.

CAPITALISM also has a "movement." And it is not a movement of ice, nor a movement of stock. It is the movement of the Halfbreeds.

Of course it is not a fast movement. So many Halfbreeds are crooked that the movement necessarily limps somewhat. Besides, they have a heavy load to carry since they loaded up with the Stalwarts. But among the blind the one-eyed man is king—and among capitalist reformers our Halfbreeds claim for Wisconsin the leadership "in the movement for reform legislation."

And I would not discourage them—not for a farm!

It is odd that Wisconsin, which is industrially developed only in its eastern and southern portions, and otherwise is still an agricultural and in some parts even a lumbering state, should take the leadership in any reform movement. Such a movement usually is the outcome of highly developed industrial conditions. And we did not have even a People's party worth mentioning in this state when Populism was rampant in the west. Odd indeed.

But, of course, we have something infinitely better in Wisconsin. We have a party which is continually keeping the other parties moving. We have a party which, by its very existence, by its intense agitation, by the millions of pieces of literature distributed year after year, has awakened the public conscience in Wisconsin. We have a party which has compelled the two capitalist parties to put planks into their platforms and take up issues of which they would not have dreamed ten or twelve years ago. In short, we have the Social-Democratic party.

It is the Social-Democratic party which, by the very success it has achieved in Milwaukee and in the industrial centers of the state, has made La Follette and La Follettism possible. La Follette did not want to steal our thunder, as some people seem to believe. He was simply caught in the current of public opinion and swam with it. And he only went as far as he thought it was safe to go and still remain with the big crowd.

The motive power, the mental dynamics, which moved the great mass—was, and still is, and always will be, in Wisconsin as in other regions, the Socialist agitation.

In our state it is represented by the Social-Democratic party.

Governor Davidson, although he was nominated by an alliance between some Halfbreeds and the capitalist corporations, could not very well afford to go back on the La Follette organization, or what they now call the "Wisconsin movement," imitating a proletarian political term. So Governor Davidson issued a rather progressive document in the form of a governor's message, if we compare it with similar communications in other states.

We will only mention some of the most important recommendations and opinions in his message, which fills fourteen columns of small print.

The governor recommends first a constitutional amendment providing for an income tax.

A resolution looking to such an amendment was adopted by the legislature in 1905, and will require the approval of this legislature before being submitted to the people at the next general election.

Only a few years ago the Republican press denounced an income tax as Socialistic and anarchistic and as calculated to discourage thrift. Now a Republican governor says: "Such a tax is unsurpassed as a leveller of the public burden. It most nearly satisfies, with proper enforcement, the conception of an ideal tax. The income tax should aim to reach such property as otherwise escapes, and to compel contributions to the public fund from those who are best able to pay them."

The governor further recommends that the state railway commission's powers be extended to give it jurisdiction over all transportation companies, regardless of the location of lines with respect to municipal limits, or the character of their service.

Under the construction by the attorney general and the commission, the law at present confers jurisdiction to regulate any street railway company whose lines pass beyond the limits of the city in which it operates. The governor wants this right of the commission extended. He thinks that the cities, with their uncertain power and frequently changing administrations, are not in a condition to undertake the control of public corporations, and he concludes that this regulation should be performed by the state.

The trouble in this case is that, to a certain extent, the farmers would keep on regulating city affairs, of which they know little or nothing. Furthermore, this "government by commission" is undemocratic and may result in the appointment of commissioners favorable to the railroads and street car companies, or in the bribery of such commissioners. Yet even a powerful commission means a step forward. It limits private ownership and establishes, de facto and de jure, the ultimate ownership by the collectivity.

Of a somewhat more radical turn is the following recommendation of the governor. He desires legislation enabling cities and villages to establish public utilities, or to acquire such under the power of eminent domain, and to pay for the same out of the proceeds of the certificates of indebtedness, which may be made a lien on the property so acquired.

The governor recognizes that there is a growing sentiment in favor of municipal ownership, and encouragement should be extended in this direction. In the purchase of such utility by the municipality, it should not be required to pay an exorbitant sum for the franchise. And in order to aid municipalities contemplating the purchase of public utilities, he also recommends the enactment of a law declaring that all franchises heretofore granted to any individual, partnership or corporation, to engage in a public service business in any city in this state, shall terminate on January 1, 1920, unless they shall sooner expire by their own terms. He also recommends that no franchise of such a nature hereafter granted shall be for a longer term than twenty years.

This is undoubtedly the most radical part of the message. Virtually, it is not much, because the date set is far distant. In the year of our lord 1920 we shall have a good many more things than the termination of all public service franchises. But the special stress laid upon the power of "eminent public domain" is a great deal, if we consider that it comes from a Republican governor who received his nomination by an open alliance with the Stalwart wing (the corporation wing) of the Republican party.

That most of these recommendations will be embodied in laws, I have little doubt. Whether these laws will be so framed as to benefit the people, I very much doubt. Too many Stalwart lawyers will have their fingers in the pie. They now also clamor for "regulation of public service corporations and insurance companies," only they want "reasonable bills" introduced. The people will have to elect five times as many Social Democrats as we now have, if they expect the capitalist parties to do something worth while.

Of the other minor recommendations of the governor, I will simply mention the following:

That the issue of stock be subject to control of the commission.

That the commission be empowered to determine the value of the railway properties of the state.

That additional legislation be enacted to protect public rights in water ways.

That the state, if recomposed by the federal government, relinquish its claim on certain lands, the amount so received to be used exclusively for forest reserves.

I mention these because they have a "collective tinge" at the bottom, or limit private property rights.

Governor Davidson gives more space to the labor question than any of his predecessors, even La Follette not excepted. But the result is meager indeed. Probably the only tangible and positive recom-

Wage slavery is not enough to appease capitalist greed. To it must be added actual white chattel slavery, by means of the various state vagrancy laws—passed by capitalist party law-makers at the behest of capitalist party bosses, who are supported by capitalist interests. The Times-Union of Jacksonville, Fla., recently told of three men who had reached Pensacola. "With big welts and bruises all over their arms and bodies, and with their clothing torn by the fierce attack of bloodhounds, which had trailed and caught them." They had afterward escaped from the camp of the Jackson Lumber company of Lockhart, Ala. One of the men, Harry Lyman, said to a reporter: "We were given forty lashes each and taken back. The bloodhounds would have torn me to pieces, but I saved myself by a hard fight. Our second attempt to escape was more successful, and we came to Pensacola to report the matter."

The Socialist mayor of Manitowoc, who has a pet project up his sleeve to get municipal electric light for his city on such a basis that the city can afford to give every citizen free light up to a certain quantity, is now entering on the active part of the fight, and the townspeople are all stirred up over the prospect of a lively and successful brush in the courts. He is taking the people into the fight in a democratic way and a People's Legal Aid fund is being canvassed for to employ an assistant attorney to help carry on the fight to replace the private water works by a publicly owned one. As soon as the city gets its own water works the

mention is his demand for a co-employee law—to permit railway employes to recover damages for injuries, if their negligence was less than that of the railroad or that of a contributing employe. A jury to decide all cases of contributory negligence.

Why the governor does not extend this recommendation to all workmen (factories and mines included) is hard to explain from a moral standpoint. But from a political standpoint it will be readily understood. The Halfbreeds are essentially an employers' organization. It is the party of the middle class employer, who hates the trust and the railroad corporations, but wants no labor legislation that might interfere with his profits.

So the main feature of the governor's message is to be found not so much in his positive recommendations, as in the general tendency of the whole document—the disregard of "vested rights," the violation of the "sacredness of private property," so long as such property be "corporation property."

The Social-Democrats will take care of the rest.

Of course, to us all of this is very amusing. The Halfbreed is really such "an amusing" little animal. We like to see him play reformer. But he ought to play as if he meant it. He ought to prove his reform ardor by the acceptance of the Social-Democratic bills which will be introduced at this session of the legislature, some sixty odd in number.

Besides our usual bills for compulsory workmen's insurance, for a public legal department for the poor who have not the means with which to procure legal counsel, and a large number of bills for the protection of labor in the workshops and mines, we will also embody in legislative propositions a good many demands for sanitary protection of the population and particularly of the working class. And we will also propose legislation for the establishment of farming schools and model farms in every county of the state, for the protection of the head waters of our rivers, and for social and cultural improvement in various ways.

If the Halfbreed reformers will stand for these bills, then we will admit that they have lost their fear of "Socialism and paternalism," as their organs and spokesmen now claim—even though, of course, they will not be Social-Democrats.

But I shall not go amiss when I say that the Halfbreeds in most instances are willing to "soak it" to the public service corporations and the railroads, and possibly to the insurance companies. Yet, the Halfbreed ardor cools immediately whenever the interests of the proletariat and of the working class proper are to be considered—especially when these interests are to be taken care of without any regard for the profits and the fleecings of the middle class and of the exploiter who is not as yet a millionaire. Our gentlemen reformers do not seem to understand that to the poor underdog it is very much the same whether he is bitten up by a few "big bugs" or by a lot of little fleas.

We want a "tabula rasa"—a clean table. That is the true test for a true social reformer, my friends.

Guggenheim's Wealth.

One of the friendly descriptions of Simon Guggenheim, who is slated for Republican senator from Colorado—a description that we find in the Denver correspondence of the Cincinnati Enquirer—praises him for having "got his wealth from Nature's storehouse." That would be praise indeed, if it were true. But the fact seems to be, not that Mr. Guggenheim got his wealth from Nature's storehouse, but that he got the storehouse. With that "cinch" upon their industry the miners gave him the wealth.—The Public.

system will be made use of to establish an electric light service. The city of Manitowoc is now bristling with boxes for the contributions and handbills are being placed all over urging the citizens to recognize their own fight and give it the necessary support. "Who Owns Manitowoc?" says the handbill, in good, big black type.

In answer to a correspondent: The Theo. Noel company's Vitae Ore is among the alleged nostrums which are being exposed as fakes by such publications as Collier's, the Physical Culture Magazine, and others. The company claims to have found, we believe, a mineral deposit somewhere out West which is practically a mineral water concentrated into ore, with miraculous curative powers. We are aware that certain Socialist papers allow such advertising to enter their columns. As to Dr. Shoop, the Citizens' Alliance busybody of Racine, Wis., Collier's has this reference to his medicines: "Three 'cancer

mentations, a dangerous 'heart cure,' a charlatan eye doctor, Piso's Consumption Cure, Dr. Shoop's Rheumatism Cure, and Liquezone make up a pretty fair 'Frauds' Gallery' for the delectation of the Christian Century's readers." These medical specifics and medical nostrums in general have had a clear field for years, but are now being looked at critically, and large numbers of them that have been "household remedies" for years are being shown up as the worst kind of fakes. We have gathered together a number of the articles on the subject appearing in reputable publications and shall shortly publish a series of articles bringing out the facts set forth by them, in order that the good such exposures have been doing may have a still wider circulation.

The capitalist era is an era of "conventional lies." Moses Harman, a venerable fighter for changes in the reproductive relations of men and women, whereby "the right of the child to be well born" may be safeguarded, has just been released from a year's incarceration at hard labor in a government prison, for the crime of printing an unglorified discussion of the sex question in a little paper he prints and which circulates wholly among people mature enough to regard such discussion as scientific and no more immoral than the discussion of sturpiculture with which every farmer's journal teems. At the same time no men were more secure from the law than the proprietors of the Chicago department stores, whose treatment of their female employes drives numbers of them to semi-prostitution as a means of securing enough additional money to live decently. Harman drove no one to obscenity and went to prison, the department store men are speeding womankind on to lives of immorality and there is no prison sentence for them, for they are on the right side of the capitalist system and its conventional sham and hypocritical morality.

The HERALD had a call the past week from Comrade Chas. Crane of Salt Lake City. He was formerly known as the sheep king of Utah, having at one time ranches located all over the state. At present he has large mining interests. While now a hard worker for Social-Democracy, he was formerly so much of a Republican that he was at one time slated for governor, and would have undoubtedly gone to the United States senate had he been able to remain satisfied with the capitalist philosophy of his party. Naturally, from all this, he has a wide acquaintance among men of affairs, and we were much interested in his reports of conversations had privately with leading judges and lawyers of the West in regard to the Moyer-Haywood case. He says they say in private that it is the most flagrant perversion of justice, the most dangerous attack on the liberty of the American citizen that has occurred in many years, and all look on it as a conspiracy of the heavy moneyed interests to crush the spirit of trade unionism. Capitalism will indeed invite the whirlwind if it follows out its all-too-evident desire to rush the leaders of Western unionism to the gallows. A thing so awful cannot but react powerfully sooner or later.

On page four will be found the first news from the Wisconsin Legislature, which began its session the past week, and the part the Social-Democratic legislators are taking in its deliberations. They start out with some remarkably good committee appointments.

Victor L. Berger

A Surprisingly Large Socialist Vote in Toronto!

The Socialists polled a big vote in Toronto at the election just held, and the old party papers are still trying to explain it. Their explanations are not so very comforting after all when it is considered that people would not desert their old party tickets unless the Socialist ticket looked less terrible to them than it formerly did. A big increase in our vote, where the party propaganda has been carried on on common sense lines instead of with studied freakishness, usually starts by such half-hearted gains, and it depends on the party whether it retains the confidence of these accessions to its voting strength.

An unexpectedly large vote was polled at the Toronto election on the 1st for the Socialist candidate for mayor. Mayor Coatsworth was re-elected by 13,698, but the Socialist candidate, Mr. Lindala, came next with 8,285. The surprise at this may be inferred from the following from the Toronto Globe of the 2nd:

"That an unknown Socialist tailor of foreign birth should poll over eight thousand votes for the mayoralty of Toronto against a barrister

of irreproachable personal character, who at one time represented his native city in parliament, and last year defeated Mr. F. S. Spence for the mayoralty, proves how utterly repugnant to the citizens has been the jellyfish administration of the past year."

This unexpected vote for the Socialist candidate is reported to have resulted not from a sudden growth of Socialist sentiment, but in response to a feeling which was expressed as follows in the Toronto Tribune of the 29th:

"The mayoralty is a foregone conclusion. Mr. Coatsworth is sure to be elected, therefore we might as well have a little fun at his expense. Wouldn't it be a good idea for readers of the Tribune each to pick out and vote for one of the other candidates? It would be good practice in independent voting, and help to get labor men out of the habit of following submissively in the tracks of the two old party organizations. If the vote for the other candidates was at all substantial it would be a useful hint to some people."

It is to be said, however, that the

candidate who came out third in the race had less than 2,000, or about one-quarter of the vote for the Socialist.

The Buffalo Herald has the following:

At the mayoralty election held at Toronto, Canada, on Jan. 1, 1907, Lindala (So.)... 8,285 Noble (Lib)... 1,309

The vote is a great surprise to the Socialists, although there always was a strong Socialist movement there. A Toronto paper, which is not friendly to Socialism, attributes the large Socialist vote to the fact that the Socialist's opponent was a Conservative, and many Liberals voted for the Socialist candidate. Whatever the cause might have been, the fact remains that Socialism will in the future be a factor in the politics of Toronto.

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Some Editorial Comment.

A capitalist out of work is a tourist. A workingman out of work is a vagabond.

Labor may well quote the fable to the Standard Oil officials, anent the Moyer-Haywood case: "Though this be play to you, 'tis death to us."

The new governor of Colorado will "serve God" on Sunday and capitalistic rapacity, Standard Oilism, etc., on week days. A case of six to one!

Perhaps the reason Dan Keefe did not attend Mrs. Palmer's pink tea for labor leaders and bleeders was that he hated to spit tobacco juice on her Persian rugs.

In the recent South Australian elections the members elected to the assembly stood as follows: Labor, 19; in last assembly, 9. Tory, 13; in last assembly, 18. Liberals, 10; last assembly, 15.

When Bishop McFaul stooped to charge the Socialists of New Jersey with wanting to pull down the home, they responded courteously that it was the hovels they wanted to pull down so that homes might take their place.

There is no satiety for the profit-greed that is the cornerstone of the capitalist era. From normal wage slavery it goes the further step to child labor, which is also practically free labor, and to the other form of free labor, peonage. Like fire it must be constantly watched, lest it devour us literally.

That's a funny fellow who tries by all the arts of trade to get people to spend their money freely and then holds that the poor are poor because they buy things they might do without by rigorous self-denial! The philosophy of such a man is but one of the innumerable contradictions of the capital era.

The oppressive capitalist laws under which the people groan were passed by men of the capitalist parties put in office largely by the misguided votes of the working class. Have such misrepresentatives of the people any sense into power with the consent of YOUR ballot, dear reader? Honest, now!

Concentration does not pause an instant. Economic forces will not let it stop. At St. Louis, the formation of a mighty bakery monopoly is well under way. Not less than eight or nine of the largest bakery firms in said city—the plants of which number among the largest in the country—are to be consolidated under one management.

Capitalism will yet solve the unemployed problem in its own way. It has already made a start in the South, where men without work are seized upon, called vagrants and their liberty declared forfeit to the state, and then farmed out to capitalists to get free labor out of them at the point of the revolver and under the crack of the lash. Did you ever vote for capitalism?

The Chicago Socialists are campaigning on the trail of Mayor Dunne in his campaign to enforce the Sunday closing law against the poor man's beer saloon; by legally demanding that the same sort of campaign be made against the saloons for the rich, the Palmer House, Union League Club, Chicago Club and the like, where stuff much more exhilarating than beer is dispensed every day in the week. What's sauce for the goose ought to be sauce for the gander!

The London Clarion, Robert Blatchford's paper, has just concluded a poll of its readers as to their view of the greatest benefactor of Britain. Darwin got the highest vote, then came Caxton, Cromwell, Shakespeare, Robert Owen and Dickens, and considerably down from the top were the names of Spencer and Ruskin. Among the one-voters were Guy Fawkes and "The Judge Who Gave the Taff Vale Decision!" Like most such contests the result is interesting, at the least.

Here's a gruesome joke which appears in the satirical national society paper, Life: "The new stock of The Factory Children Corporation Company, just listed on the Exchange, started off with a rush. Extra dividends are already being declared, and with the abundant material on hand and the great generosity of the government in permitting it to be used, it is thought that several melons will be cut shortly." It's to the point, and yet child slavery is a thing so monstrous that it seems shocking to make it the subject of a joke.

The fact that the holiday business of the stores is said to have been unusually good this year, despite the known rise in the cost of most of the necessities of life, simply indicates that the standard

of living is constantly rising. It is rising in spite of the increasing difficulty on the part of the people to make their incomes cover their expenses. A rise in the standard of living is a sign of progress and enlightenment. And in connection with the existing situation it is also a sign that there will, of necessity, be increasing revolt on the part of the people against the wage exploitations of capitalism in the future.

Talk of your sham morality! Here is the story of the Archduke Leopold of Austria, who fell in love with a pretty Bavarian cashier in a restaurant, a daughter of a government official, not a fitful love, but one so enduring that several years were consumed by the efforts of those at court to try to break him of his "folly" and save him from throwing his royal person away on a mere common girl. And society was aroused all this time—for fear that he would betray the girl and then cast her off? Not at all—for fear he would marry her! And marry her he did, and royalty, with the sanction of laws made by the government and not objected to by the church, stripped him of his royal perquisites and his royal name for doing it. It is a funny "morality" the world is working under!

The death of Ernest Howard Crosby removes from the councils of men a towering fighter in the battle for democracy. It has always seemed strange that he halted at the single tax theory of social amelioration (this was due to his worship of Tolstoy, probably) and did not get down to the fundamental cause of the modern uncivilization, the capitalist wage system and the exploitation of labor growing out of it, instead of demanding the socialization first of the thing least ready for socialization—the land. Yet his fight was better than no fight at all, and he undoubtedly led many men into radical thought that would have otherwise remained non-combatants. He was fifty years of age, and if the human race were as healthy as the wild animals, might have been spared for many more years of human usefulness.

Edward Grieg, the great tone master of Norway, composer of the popular, yet classical, Peer Gynt Suite, was recently visited by an American, and in the course of the conversation paid a feeling tribute to the music of Edward McDowell, America's greatest composer, saying that the American people had not yet reached the point where they could properly appreciate McDowell's gift to them and to the world. The time will come when Yankeeedom will plume itself with the name of McDowell. And yet few Americans, today, have ever given him a thought, or are familiar with his music. And McDowell himself is in failing mind and health and almost a charge upon charity. Think of it—this man whose unusual genius has enriched mankind is himself, true to a law of capitalism, going down to a pauper's grave, whilst rascals with the genius only to plunder mankind are all about us living regal lives and buying graven immortality for their usurping names on library, or university, or towering monument. The only genius that pays today is the capitalistic genius for grab and gamble. We have no reason to feel proud of the situation.

Down in Mexico there has just been a tragic ending to a big strike involving nearly seven thousand men. The strike resulted in rioting. They took the secretary and vice-president of the union and five other leaders in the organization prisoners, quelled the strike and then, as the factory whistles were blowing, and the men were going in to work, marched the prisoners to a space in front of the factory. Then the members of the working class comprising the military squad in charge of the prisoners stepped back the desired number of paces and shot them down in cold blood. The throngs of dazed workmen who unwillingly witnessed the horrible sight waited for a moment until the smoke cleared away and then entered the mill. They had been given a lesson in class mastery as a warning to them not to revolt again for better conditions. Workmen should know their place! Otherwise they run the risk of being murdered. This horrible affair in Mexico shows what capitalism will do where it has the power and is not opposed sharply by a humane and awakened public sentiment. The same murderous methods would be used in this country if the masters dared (Colorado bull pens and Idaho "justice" indicate this), and the soldiers here, we are afraid, would commit the same murder on command, just as readily as in the republic to the south of us!

To What Is Economic and Political Development Tending?

By PAUL KÄMPFMEYER.—Translated by E. H. THOMAS. The State Under the Influence of the Growing Proletarian Power. If one correctly considers the authoritative features of different systems of government, one immediately understands that the proletariat cannot remain indifferent to the question of government.

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labor of Hercules. It has carried on a bitter fight against the monopolistic spirit of the great gas and water companies, and has continually opened new fields of activity to self-government. It has spread light among the masses by the founding of schools, libraries and museums. It has been an efficient protector and promoter of the aims of the trades unions by paying trades union wages to its employees.

TENETS OF SOCIAL-DEMOCRACY

The interests of the world workers are separated by no national boundaries. The condition of the most exploited and oppressed workers, in the most remote places of the earth, inevitably tends to drag down all the workers of the world to the same level. The tendency of the competitive wage system is to make labor's lowest condition the measure or rule of its universal condition.

By controlling all the sources of social revenue, the possessing class is able to silence what might be the voice of protest against the passing of liberty and the coming of tyranny. It completely controls the university, and public school, the pulpit and the press, the arts and literatures. By making these economically dependent upon itself, it has brought all the forms of public teaching into servile submission to its own interests.

Capitalism is the enemy and destroyer of essential private property. Its development is through the legalized confiscation of all that the labor of the working class produces above its subsistence wage. The private ownership of the means of employment grounds society in an economic slavery which renders intellectual and political tyranny inevitable.

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them, but for the profit of the owners of the tools and means of production; and to this is due the present division of society into two distinct classes; and from it has sprung all the miseries, inharmonies and contradictions of our civilization.

IV.

The Social-Democratic program is not a theory imposed upon society for its acceptance or rejection. It is but the interpretation of what is, sooner or later, inevitable. Capitalism is already struggling to its destruction. It is no longer competent to organize or administer the work of the world or even to preserve itself.

Into the midst of this strain and crises of civilization, the Social-Democratic movement comes as the only saving or conservative force. If the world is to be saved from chaos, from universal disorder and misery, it must be by the union of the workers of all nations in the Social-Democratic movement.

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A New White Chattel Slavery in the South!

We take the following from an article in the *Mine Workers Journal*, John Mitchell's paper:

Miami, Fla.—Infamous as are the conditions that exist in the camp of the Florida East Coast Extension Railway Company, where I am now confined, they are as nothing compared with some of the lumber and turpentine camps elsewhere in this state. And Florida is not the only Southern state where these industrial hell-holes flourish; they exist in Alabama, Georgia, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas, North and South Carolina and Arkansas. It is, of course, in the isolated districts where the most outrageous conditions obtain.

This morning, through a ruse, I managed to snatch a few scraps of conversation with a young white fellow who is working in this Florida camp. We were assigned to toil at the same task side by side, and, by assuming the cast of countenance characteristic of the laborers here, and redoubling our exertions as we talked, we succeeded in exchanging our thoughts between clenched teeth. In all, we conversed, perhaps, as much as an hour without the boss getting wise.

He told me that he formerly lived in the North, but had been South eight months, two of which were spent in the employ of the Florida East Coast Extension Railway Company. He said that when he left Chicago he was promised remunerative work at the Jackson lumber camp at Lockhart, Ala., but that when he arrived there he was disarmed, placed in the custody of a negro boss and made to work eighteen hours a day. Upon rebelling at the end of the second day, he was seized and beaten within an inch of his life.

A Fellow-Sufferer's Story.
"I stood the treatment five days," exclaimed my companion, softly, as he cast a furtive glance at the burly black who stood guard over us not fifty feet away, "when I resolved to escape. That Saturday night I made the attempt. I arose shortly after midnight and sneaked out of camp on all fours. Not knowing where I was, I, as I thought, kept straight ahead. I wanted to put as much distance as possible between myself and that terrible camp before morning. Instead of leaving the place, however, I merely circled around, and, when the sun rose, I was less than half a

mile away. Bloodhounds were put on my trail as soon as I was missed, and in a little while I heard them yelping in pursuit. Had I not defended myself with a club, I would have been torn in pieces by the beasts. After I was led back to camp I was stripped to the waist, strapped to a tree and given forty lashes with a wagon trace.

"Two months I spent in that horrible hole, before an opportunity to escape came. It was the custom to haul supplies for the camp in great boxes, loaded on wagons, and these boxes were the same ones used to hold the supplies after they were brought to camp. One evening the boxes were placed on a wagon and covered with tarpaulin preparatory to a start early in the morning. That night I climbed into the largest box, pulled the cover over and awaited developments. Finally, after my patience was well nigh exhausted, horses were attached to the wagon, and we moved out of camp. Had they lifted that tarpaulin and discovered me crouching in the box, all hell would have been paid. I waited until town limits had been entered before jumping from my hiding place, and, by rare good fortune, I made my 'getaway' unperceived by the driver.

"But, speedily I found that I had only left the frying pan to land in the fire. I was a stranger in that

town, and the city marshal soon discovered me and I was arrested for vagrancy and put to work in the city chain gang. Thirty days I sweated over the rock pile. When I was finally given my liberty I was told to 'hike' and that in short order, I did not stand on ceremony, but departed as fast as my legs would permit. When I reached the next town I found the constable awaiting my arrival. Without a word of explanation, I was arrested, jailed and let out by contract to a cotton farmer, who owned a huge plantation, and who worked hundreds of white and black slaves. Here I picked cotton, under the eye of a boss armed to the teeth, for six weeks before I escaped. I journeyed south—the only way left open—for several months, submitting to arrest, the chain gang, and enforced and unpaid slavery until I was at last contracted by one city government to work for the Florida East Coast Extension Railway Company. I was brought here, and here I am."

Later in the day the young man raised his shirt and revealed some of the marks of Southern slavery. Great welts covered his back, interspersed with villainous looking blue and yellow marks, showing where he had been beaten with leather tugs and black-snake whips. His shoulder blades were cut and

bruised frightfully, and in two places were running sores, produced through jabs made with a rusty canthook. We grew quite familiar in the course of our conversation, and it is needless to say that we mutually resolved to break away from this camp and return North at the first opportunity. From him and others with whom I have talked since my arrival here, I have learned why the men are forced to slave under such intolerable conditions, and why it is that escape is almost impossible.

The bosses are paid very little more than the men they rule, they fare nearly as hard, and to a cultivated person, their lives are not worth the living, but this they do not mind. The satisfaction of ordering a Northerner to his task, and the privilege of beating him with a club now and then, constitute full and adequate recompense. And, as a "nigger" is a more respectable person, in the sight of a Southerner, than a "Yankee," they do not object when negroes, too, are armed by the corporations and transformed into bosses. In fact, when it becomes necessary to administer a formal whipping to some rebellious "Yankee," the job is generally handed over to a couple of lusty blacks.

In the next place the laws are stricter in the South than they are in the North. The vagrancy laws are especially severe. Any person out of employment south of the Potomac river is arrested at once and farmed out to the rice and cotton planters for months at a time. Sometimes some of these unfortunate white work people are kept in

slavery on isolated plantations for years before they can manage to escape. Should they complain to the authorities they are re-arrested and sent back to the place from whence they escaped. Besides the plantation bosses, every small property owner is given a deputyship by the sheriff of the county, and authorized to seize and hold any person, white or black, who is out of work and is unable to give an account of himself. It is almost impossible for a penniless man to journey through the Southern states, east of the Mississippi river, without being detained and made to toil, either on a plantation, or in some lumber camp. The people of the South have lived there all their lives, and strange faces are quickly detected. Should a Northern white slave escape from camp, it is a hazardous undertaking to get out of the country. Every plantation boss and civil officer for miles around is immediately notified of the escape, bloodhounds are put on the trail and the alarm is sounded everywhere, and should the poor devil succeed in slipping through unapprehended he is particularly fortunate. Hundreds never escape, but are shot dead and left in the woods for the buzzards to pick.

But, I am going to get out and away from this camp soon if it is at all possible. I have seen enough to convince me of the fact of white slavery in the South. I have experienced several kicks of it, besides one good mauling, and I have had all I want of it in mine. If I thought I had to endure this hell six months I would either go mad or resort to assassination.

similar to that of convict is \$1.31 1/2. The average daily wages of outside female laborers performing such work is 82 1/2 c.

One of the largest shoe manufacturers in the United States says that if there were enough convicts to make them, all shoes would be prison-made because of the cheaper cost of convict labor.

Physical Disqualifications.
The report of Dr. Abeken, passed assistant surgeon, U. S. N., of the naval recruiting station in the federal building, for the last quarter of 1906, shows that he examined 249 applicants, of whom 128 were accepted, 23 of them being re-enlistments. Physical disqualifications compelled the rejection of the balance, 8 of whom were found to be color blind. The same as in the European countries where the great mass of the working peo-

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SOCIALISM AND WHAT IT SEEKS TO ACCOMPLISH
By Wilhelm Liebknecht. This pamphlet from one of the mouthpieces of German Social-Democracy will clear up many misapprehensions. Paper, 10 cts.

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Socialistic Miscellany.

The Western Man.
Give me the wilds where the heart of a man
Is as bare as a babe just born.
Give me the place when man meets man
Where sham and pretence are scorned!

Give me for lover, the man of the hills
Who protects womankind from a brute
Give me this man for I know him
To be
A seeker for Justice and Truth.
You may have Fair Broadway
With the "dude" and the "jay"
Their pockets have seldom a dime.
But the man of the hills
Without polish or frills
Wins out in that race every time.

To a member of the Western Federation of Miners, who was dumped out on the cactus these lines are dedicated.

Agnes Thecla Fair.
South Seattle, Wash.

Progress and Production.
The progress of machinery in production is best illustrated by the following facts: In 1830 one weaver ran twenty-five spindles and in 1890 he ran sixty-five. When an English silk throwster was told that in American mills the speed of machinery has been increased 5,000 to 7,500 revolutions per minute, he said: "If our machinery were made to go so fast all our girls would run away." Today there are mills in this country running at the rate of 15,000 revolutions a minute. In Germany a blacksmith makes thirty beam hangers a day, while in America a machine makes 700 a day. In Adam Smith's day one pinmaker made 4,800 pins a day; today one pinmaker makes 1,500,

1,000 pins a day. The cost of printing cotton in England is a half a cent a yard, and only one-twentieth of a cent here. The Massachusetts factory worker gets 27 per cent of what he produces, while the unorganized South Carolina worker only gets 10 per cent; but the Massachusetts man produces in a year \$715 more than the other for his employer. The above figures show us that all progress in industry consists only in profit for the capitalists, and that increase of wages is not a direct improvement in the present condition of the working class. Only a decrease in the working hours can be considered a true betterment in the living of the producers of wealth. But we must not forget that only through the social ownership of all machinery and instruments of production by the working class will progress in all branches of organized society be a blessing for the producers as well as for all humanity.—*Emanicipation.*

Another \$\$\$\$ Senator!

Most of the capitalist organs of Colorado declare that Simon Guggenheim will be elected United States Senator from that state to succeed Patterson. Guggenheim is head of the smelters' trust, and one of the Standard Oil system's most powerful agents in the West. He is an inveterate foe of organized labor, and probably more than any other man is responsible for the merciless war that has been waged upon the miners during the past half dozen years, and which struggle has spread into other trades and caused a great deal of bitterness. Guggenheim is a multi-millionaire, and, as the people of Colorado seem to have placed themselves upon the auction block, he is taking his choice of what he wants, industrial and political. It's tough!—*E.R.*

Darwinism and Socialism.

Of all controversial methods the best is to steal your opponents' thunder. It adds the keenest zest to the conflict, and it is an art in which Socialists shine. The opponent who enters into the polemical fray with a scientific authority and a superior smile discovers to his astonishment that he has furnished the Socialist with a deadly battery of facts with which the Socialist simply sweeps the field.

"Economic science is against you," says one opponent with the air of a professor of theology referring to the Bible; whereupon the Socialist turns to the Economists, and discovers tumbledrills full of ammunition.

"Darwinism is opposed to Socialism"—so asserts Ernst Haeckel; but in "Darwinism and Socialism"—one of the Independent Labour party's newly-published pamphlets—Mr. Laurence Small, B.Sc., gives a demonstration of their error, and shows, with admirable lucidity, that Darwinism, rightly understood, is solid ground for the Collectivist, and that the logical outcome of

STRIFE


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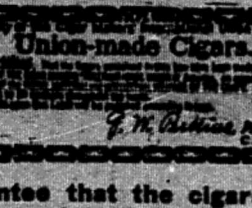
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SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD
344 SIXTH STREET MILWAUKEE

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ple become more and more physically disqualified for military service. The result of capitalist exploitations! Capitalism produces nations of cripples!—St. Louis Labor.

Municipal Ownership "Failures."

Newspaper readers must have noticed the accumulation recently of reports of "municipal ownership failures" in different parts of the country. Most of this information comes from a press bureau in New York which is organized for the express purpose of "working" the reading public in the interest and under the pay of financiers whose profits depend upon private ownership of public utilities.—*Ex.*

Peonage in the South.

In connection with the railway firemen's strike in the south, Vice Grand Master Shea, of the brotherhood, placed before Commissioner of Labor Neill charges of peonage against the Southern Pacific, which company, Mr. Shea says, compelled negroes to serve as firemen against their will. There seems to be ample proof to establish the claim and a good opportunity will be afforded Commissioner O'Neill to show that he is, indeed, a commissioner of labor.—*Ex.*

The ancient Spartans, in their better days, had an institution of banishment for any individual who had become dangerous to the liberties of the commonwealth. It was, perhaps, a harsh institution, yet history records the sad fact that it was applied too seldom, rather than too often.—*Ex.*

From Our Book Table.

THE POSITIVE OUTCOME OF PHILOSOPHY. By Joseph Dietzgen, translated by Ernest Untermann. International Library of Social Science, Vol. 9. Chicago: Charles H. Kerr & Company. Cloth, 444 pages, \$1.00.

Joseph Dietzgen, 1828-1888, was a co-worker with Marx and Engels in laying the foundations of International Socialism, and his works have long been recognized by European Socialists as constituting an important part of their philosophical system. The present volume, now first put within the reach of American readers, contains Dietzgen's three most important writings, "The Nature of Human Brain Work," "Letters on Logic," and

A NEW SWEDISH PAPER.

The Comrades are requested to assist in boosting Sweden's Socialists, recently launched at Rockford, Ill., and which is the only Swedish paper representing the Socialist Party. Address: A. A. Patterson, Box 2082, Rockford, Ill.

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SCIENCE AND THE WORKING-MAN, By Ferdinand Lassalle.
This is an address made in court in which Lassalle rebuked those who charged him with stirring up class hatred. It is of more than mere historical interest. Cloth, 84 pages, 25 cts.
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ANOTHER STRIKE IN COLORADO!

National Executive Committeeman Floaten Writes of an Unique Revolt. The most unique labor strike in the history of strikes is on in Colorado, and I am fortunate enough to be in the center of it, where the worst agitators are.

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FOR OUR NEW READERS:

THIS COUNTRY is largely made up of working people, both industrial and agricultural, but it is ruled by the capitalist class, which is numerically a very small fraction of the population.



(Special Correspondence.) Madison, Wis.—Four hold-over members of the state legislature, and two new members, elected by the Social-Democratic party of

The Wisconsin Socialist Law Makers and Officials.

- IN STATE LEGISLATURE: J. Rummel, Senator. Wm. J. Alldridge, Edmund J. Berner, Fredk. Brockhausen, Sr., Carl D. Thompson, Frank J. Weber, Assemblymen.

Makers' Union, and Comrade Fred Brockhausen, secretary-treasurer of the Wisconsin State Federation of Labor, entered upon their second term of office in the assembly.

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No sooner had Isador Straus gotten warm in his seat in Roosevelt's cabinet, as commissioner of commerce and labor, than he rendered one of the most infamous and capitalistic decisions that has been handed down by the reigning plutocracy for years—the decision that the alien contract labor law does not prevent state governments from sending agents abroad and bringing human work machines over to this country under contract or promise of employment.

Some idea of what fell uses this new decision will be put may be had from the article published elsewhere in regard to the peonage system in certain Southern states.

It is not hard to see that these corporations, masked under official state organization, will at once flood Europe with their agents in search of cheap labor. The late decision will bring about a slaving trade that will only be less embarrassing than black slavery later on in that imported white slaves will not produce a color question or one of real or fancied injurious miscegenation.

A Washington dispatch in the New York World recently stated that "Fresh allegations of the existence of slavery in southern Florida, below Tampa, have been made to the department of justice, and it is alleged that hundreds of men in the state, both whites and negroes, are held in virtual slavery."

The following appears in the current issue of the Appeal: "The Appeal is pleased to note that the SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD of Milwaukee has at last opened its columns to a defense of the Federation officials."

Wisconsin, arrived last Monday in Madison. They will fight the battle for the working class for Socialism, and for a higher and better civilization from the floor of the state legislature, and in the committee rooms here.

Comrade Jacob Rummel enters upon his second term as state senator. Comrade Wm. Alldridge of the Milwaukee Machinists' Union, Comrade Ed. Berner of the Cigar

In looking over the library our comrades have been astonished and delighted to find that upon nearly every subject involved in the constructive program of the Socialists abundance of information has been collected and classified in this library.

For example, on the subjects of Contributory Negligence, Eight-hour Day, Wages, Child Labor, Recovery of Damages, safeguards and sanitary measures and almost every other phase of labor legislation, there is exhaustive information.

GLEANINGS FROM BUSY FIELDS.

IN YANKEE LAND The National office is preparing a poster on the Moyer-Haywood-Pettibone outrage.

in a large measure, the success of Tyomies is due to his untiring energy and ability.

Comrades Geo. H. Goebel, Walter Thomas Mills and Herman F. Titus opened the campaign of 1907 with a rousing meeting in Seattle, Wash., on New Year's day.

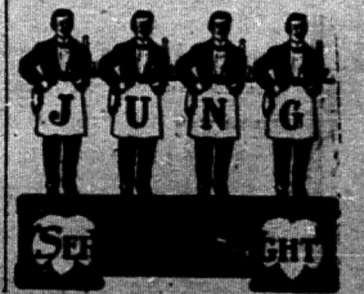
ACROSS THE POND Great joy reigns among the Swiss working men, where the Socialists, for the first time in history, succeeded in capturing the district of Zurich (city and suburbs) against the combined capitalist parties.

Word comes from Seattle that the comrades are about to start a paper to be called The Saturday Evening Tribune, with Walter Thomas Mills as editor.

As to "Daughters of War." In an interview the other day, J. G. Phelps Stokes of New York City, well-known Socialist, and a man worth millions, gave his views on Socialism as propounded in some of the leading dramatic productions of the season.

"Such plays as 'The Daughters of Men' and 'The Lion and the Mouse' have afforded suggestions that have undoubtedly led very many people to look more deeply into the problems portrayed by Charles Klein. In my judgement, there is a sufficient public interest in social problems at present to justify the presentation of far more radical plays than any of those mentioned—plays, for instance, in which the class struggle shall be plainly set forth; the struggle between those who produce wealth, and those who despoil, for selfish purposes, the ones who produce it.

A WINNER!—NOW READY! "Honest Answers to Honest Questions," by Allan L. Benson, author of "Socialism Made Plain." Single copies, 5 cts.; 25 for a dollar! This office.



The Federated Trades Council of Milwaukee

HEADQUARTERS: 318 State Street, Telephone Grand 1742.



The Regular Meetings of the Council are held on First and Third Wednesdays, at 8 O'clock, at Frele Gemeinde Hall, Fourth Street, betw. State and Cedar.

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LABEL SECTION: Meets 1st and 2nd Monday evenings at 318 State Street. H. Book, care of St. Charles Hotel, Printer Shop, Secretary; Fred Meister, Chairman. BUILDING TRADES SECTION: Meets 2nd and 4th Thursday at 318 State St. Fred'k Heise, Secretary, 22 State Street; Wm. Griebling, Chairman.

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Federated Trades Council.

Regular meeting, Jan. 16, 1907. Bro. F. E. Neumann was chosen chairman, Bro. W. S. Fisher, vice chairman.

New delegates were seated from Carpenters No. 1748, Machinists No. 301, Bakers and Confectioners No. 205, Leather Workers on Horse Goods, Iron Molders No. 446, Plumbers No. 75, Teamsters No. 790, Typographers No. 10, Sheet Metal Workers No. 24, Barbers No. 50, Carriage and Wagon Workers No. 25, Elevator Constructors No. 15, Truck Teamsters No. 749, Iron Molders No. 125, Machinists No. 301, Garment Workers No. 71, Theatrical Stage Employees No. 18, Feeders, Helpers and Job Pressmen No. 27, Coopers No. 300, Bricklayers and Masons No. 8, Machinists No. 300, Carpenters No. 1447, Machinists No. 66, Painters and Decorators No. 222.

The members of the special committee on Labor Day park being unavoidably absent, Bro. Feeley by request reported that the committee had secured an additional concession by which the council would be furnished a band of not less than sixteen pieces for the parade.

The Building Trades section reported that the grievance between the Hoisting Engineers and Building Laborers at the Independent brewery had been adjusted without calling out the men. There not being funds enough in the treasury the section had ordered the treasurer to draw on the council for \$50. The following officers were nominated: Wm. Griebling for president, Bros. Knickelbine and Coleman for vice president, F. Heise for secretary, A. Templenan for financial secretary, and H. Rumpel, H. Raasch and H. Walters for trustees. The report was approved.

The Label Section reported having seen Berg on Third street and gotten a promise that he would handle no more fake K. of L. labor goods, which he had ordered under a misapprehension. The section reported that the only union flour mill in Wisconsin was that of J. P. Donsman of Deperre, and it was the

ORGANIZED LABOR



Capitalist: "Workmen demand their rights. Outrageous! I'll get an injunction!"

sense of the section that no grocer should be placed on the Label Bulletin who did not handle union flour. It was reported as the sense of the section that sections should be represented on the executive board of the council but that the sections should not elect them. Report of section filed.

Bro. Basenberg, delegate to the A. F. of L. convention, read his report. In it he said that Pres. Gompers' address showed a noticeable lack of consideration for the condition of the workman while at work, and that on several occasions during the deliberations the officials of the Federation seemed to lose sight of the subject matter under discussion in their race to see who could abuse the Socialists the most, Pres. Gompers being no exception. Bro. Basenberg's report touched on the Berger resolutions, the case of the Brewers and the attitude of the Carpenters toward it, the appeal from the farmers' organization for co-operation, the Chinese and Japanese resolution, etc. The report was filed.

The executive board reported in favor of holding a mass meeting to protest against the Moyer-Haywood outrage and that Editor O'Neill of the Miners' Magazine of Denver be secured, if possible, to address same. Bro. Howard Tuttle was granted the floor to speak on the subject. Motion made that recommendation of executive board be concurred in and that a committee of three be appointed to carry same into effect; recommended that delegates get all possible members of their locals to attend such meeting. Motion carried. Chair appointed Bros. Handley, Sheehan and Jeske as such committee. The executive board also reported that the bond of the new treasurer had been approved, and that the treasurer's statement showed a balance on hand of \$867.58. It also reported a communication from the A. F. of L. asking council to take action on resolution No. 63 approved by the Minneapolis convention and relating to Labor measures before the second Hague conference, and board recommended that request be complied with. Also a communication from A. F. of L. asking council to issue a label bulletin. This was filed because such bulletin had already been issued. Board also recommended the passage of a resolution presented by Bro. W. S. Fisher pledging the council in favor of a law permitting the people to petition for amendments to the state constitution and permitting the people to vote on same, a copy of the resolutions to be sent to labor's representatives in the legislature.

The report of executive board was approved and recommendations concurred in. Announcement was made that the Barrister cigar is unfair and that the union at York, Pa., asks moral support so that a settlement of its strike may be secured. Secretary also read article from The Employer and Employee, a Minneapolis paper giving the history of the flour mill strike there in the Washburn-Crosby mill, and urging organized labor and its friends to avoid non-union flour. The council, on motion, hereupon resolved itself into committee of the whole to continue the consideration of the new constitution, with Bro. Emmet Healy in the chair and Bro. Heath secretary. The committee rose, reported progress and was on motion granted further time. Bro. Heath as trustee of the council's stock in Social-Democratic Publishing company asked for more explicit instructions in regard to resolutions passed at previous meeting, alleging that the only employee of the HERALD who was on the board of directors was Bro. Bistorius and that Bro. Berger was not personally on the HERALD'S payroll. He said that under the law the directors must name a treasurer from among their number and that it was a convenience as well as a saving to have the business manager serve in that capacity, as the board was therefore better informed of the current details of the business. He pointed out further that the resolutions as passed instructed him to protest against officers serving as directors as well as employees, while under the law the officers had to be chosen from among the directors. Bro. Feeley, having voted in the affirmative on the resolutions at the previous meeting, moved that that vote be reconsidered. Chair ruled the motion out of order, principally on the ground that there were not so many delegates present as at the time the resolutions were passed. This decision was appealed from by Bro. Feeley. On being put to a vote Bro. Feeley and one or

two others voted to sustain the chair and there was no vote in the negative. The chair declared the appeal lost. It appearing that the delegates had misunderstood the question, Bro. Feeley was finally permitted to make his motion again and on being overruled again appealed, his contention being that the council had a right to transact business under the proper order of business so long as it was legally in session and a quorum present. On being put to vote the appeal was sustained by a rising vote of 18 to 6. Bro. Feeley's motion to reconsider the action of the previous meeting was then put to vote and carried. Receipts for evening, \$30.70; disbursements, \$66.85. Frederic Heath, Rec. Sec'y.

General Labor Notes.

The trades unions in the Transvaal report that 20 per cent of the skilled workers there are idle.

Puddlers at Reading, Pa., 1,000 in number, have won their strike and have returned to work.

All the printing offices in Racine, Wis., have entered into five-year contracts with the local Typographical Union.

Sacramento Central Labor Union bought 150 shares in the new labor temple with its share of the Labor day receipts.

Cleveland metal polishers, chandelier makers and brass coremakers are holding meetings looking to a shorter workday.

Seventeen new local unions have been formed by the Amalgamated Sheet Metal Workers' Alliance in the last quarter.

The John Single Paper Co. of

MILWAUKEE COUNTY - COUNTY COURT, IN PROBATE.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, ss. Milwaukee County. In the Matter of the Estate of JOHANNA KOEPELKE, Deceased.

Letters of Administration on the Estate of JOHANNA KOEPELKE late of the city of Milwaukee, in said county of Milwaukee, deceased, having been duly granted to OTTO KOEPELKE by this Court:

IT IS ORDERED: That the time from the date hereof until and including the first Tuesday of August, A. D. 1907, be and the same is hereby fixed as the time within which all creditors of the said JOHANNA KOEPELKE, deceased, shall present their claims for examination and allowance.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED: That all claims and demands of all persons against the said JOHANNA KOEPELKE, deceased, be examined and adjusted before this Court, at its Court Room, in the Court House, in the city of Milwaukee, in said County, at the regular term thereof appointed to be held on the first Tuesday of November, 1907, and all creditors are hereby notified thereof.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED: That notice of the time and place at which said claims and demands will be examined and adjusted as aforesaid, and of the time above limited for said creditors to present their claims and demands, be given by publishing a copy of this order and notice, for four consecutive weeks, one in each week, in the "Social-Democratic Herald," a newspaper published in the County of Milwaukee, the first publication to be with in fifteen days from the date hereof.

Dated this 4th day of Jan., 1907. By the Court, PAUL D. CARPENTER, County Judge. RICHARD ELSNER, Attorney of Estate.

WISCONSIN STATE FEDERATION OF LABOR OFFICIAL DEPARTMENT.



EXECUTIVE BOARD: FRANK GAUTHIER, 113 Fifth Ave., E., Ashland, Wis.; DONALD LOGAN, 114 E. Main Street, Madison, Wis.; J. H. CARNEY, 740 Jefferson Street, Green Bay, Wis.; J. J. HANDLEY, 390 National Avenue, Milwaukee, Wis.; WALTER S. FISHER, 1197 5th Street, Milwaukee, Wis. GENERAL OFFICERS: FRANK J. WEBER, General Organizer, 318 State Street, Milwaukee; FRED'K BROCKHAUSEN, Secy-Treas, 453 Orchard Street, Milwaukee.

UNFAIR LIST: Light Horse Squadron Cigar Co. of Milwaukee; The Bangor Brewing Co., Bangor, Wis.; The West End Brewing Co. and Maltine Co. of West Bend, Wis.; The F. F. Adams Tobacco Co., Milwaukee; The Kohler & Sons, Sheboygan, Wis., manufacturers of bath tubs and plumber supplies; Chas. Polachek Bros. Co., 125-124 Third St., Milwaukee, Wis., manufacturers of chandeliers, gas and electrical fixtures; The Atlas Bread Co. of Milwaukee; The Oswald Jaeger Bakery, Milwaukee; Carpenter-Slates Bakery, Milwaukee; Panzer & Wigenborn, better known as the P. & W. Cigar Co. of La Crosse, Wis., manufacturers of Cigars and Tobacco; The Janesville Clothing Co.; The Hosiery & Ginning Co., manufacturers of the Radiant Home Line Socks; The Cargill Coal Co. of Green Bay; Aug. Rohm, Merchant Tailor, 361 W. Water St., Milwaukee.

Syracuse, N. Y., a Typothetae printery in contest with the union, has signed with the union. New York lithographers have added another scalp to their belt, the E. Senia Co., member of the Employers' Association, and pronounced "open shop" advocates, signing with the union. Printers are still carrying on an active fight against the Ladies' Home Journal and Saturday Evening Post, Philadelphia, and the Butterick Pub. Co., New York.

ALWAYS DEMAND Union Labeled Bread



LIST OF UNION BAKERSIES

- Berger, H. 2603 Lisbon Ave. Braun, Isidor 3311 North Ave. Deuster, Frank 2101 Lloyd St. Ebling, T. 617 Third St. Eich, John 2725 North Ave. Eisenhardt, Ad. 2126 Kilbourn Ave. Erle, G. 514 14th St. Fleischer, Alvin 922 5th St. Graeven, Louis 367 National Ave. Gruetner, Wm. 1124 Lincoln Ave. Gutzke, Wm. 1030 23rd Ave. Hach, Caspar 927 Kinnickinnic Ave. Hackbart, O. E. 372 Lincoln Ave. Herzberg, Ed. 2812 Lisbon Ave. Holl, Albert 607 State St. Kadlec, Emil 304 Reed St. Kanfer, D. 606 Forest Home Ave. Lemberger, Jos. 980 19th St. Lindner, Paul 2102 Cherry St. Lueneburg, Wm. 685 Pearl St. Mayer, Frank 528 Sherman St. Matyas, Emil 891 Holton St. Maurer, Lor. 486 Maple St. Mews, Chas. 1629 Galena St. Mueller, Hubert 672 3rd St. Oswald, William 1201 Chestnut St. Puls, John 1173 6th St. Reinhard, Chas. 916 8th St. Rittberger, Ernst 2439 Lisbon Ave. Sammer, George 622 25th St. Scheidecker, Louis 506 6th Ave. Scheidecker, Ernst 1429 9th St. Schlathen, Karl 1161 Sixth St. Siehling, Geo. 241 4th St. Singer, Fred 201 Lake St. Weis, Leo 501 Harmon St. Weingart, Fred 630 21st St. Wilde, A. 776 15th St. Wendler, Aug. 698 Mitchell St. Czesinski, Jos., 16th and Monroe Ave., South Milwaukee.

SPENCERIAN On December 10th the Spencerian and the Gilbert colleges were consolidated, taking the name of the SPENCERIAN BUSINESS COLLEGE. Prospective students who value reliability, fair dealing, a picked corps of teachers and the backing which a state high grade school affords in securing special information, should call or write for special information. SPENCERIAN BUSINESS COLLEGE Cor. Broadway and Wisconsin St. Milwaukee R. C. Spencer, President A. L. Gilbert, Manager

GILBERT

TEETH EXTRACTED ABSOLUTELY WITHOUT PAIN OR DANGER. New Teeth, best and finest Manufactured \$3.00 Fit guaranteed or money refunded. Standard Crown and Bridge, \$5.00 Teeth. Fine Fillings a leading specialty. We guarantee complete satisfaction, give honest, intelligent advice free and receive nobody. DR. YOUNG, 414-416 Cor. Milwaukee & Grand Streets, Milwaukee. Hours - 8:30 to 9. Sundays 9 to 12. Phone 2364 GRAND. COMRADES, YOUR PATRONAGE IS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.

UNION HAT CO. BEST \$3.00 & \$2.00 Hats All Union-Made. 224 GRAND AVE.

JOE BECKER UNION-MADE SHOES 621 Third St. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

KIENTH'S PHARMACIES, 608 & 840 Mitchell St. This ad and 15c entitles you to a 25c bottle of our famous cough cure. Call it out and bring to our stores.

ALBT. ROLOFF'S Bowling Alleys Saloon and Sample Room. 635 Pearl St. Phone Connection.

Hy. F. Schmidt's Hall Saloon, Sample and Wine Room Hall for Club parties and Weddings, Entertainment, Schachspieltournaments and Meetings. Dancing every Saturday & Sunday Evenings. 21st Ave. and Rogers St., Milwaukee, Wis.

H. F. STEINERT DRUGGIST PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY FILLED 1112 Tontonia Avenue

A. W. HAAS Dealer in Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry and Game in Season. 411 HOWELL AVENUE.

GUST. SCHMIDT, Wines, Liquors & Fine Cigars Headquarters 15th Ward Branch. 1629 Villet Street, cor. 17th Street.

CARRIAGES for Weddings and Funerals \$4.00 \$4.00 Lakeside Livery G. J. BORHAM, Prop. Phone Lath of 23 Brady St.

Make Your Union's Printing Pay

part of the cost of your fight for better and more humane conditions for the working people. This can easily be accomplished if you will take the matter up with the members of your union who have charge of its printing.

We Place the Union Label

on all work that leaves this shop and put that taste and originality in the printed matter which requires time and mechanical skill. We have a well equipped printing shop, and our men are working under excellent conditions. This helps to turn out first-class work.

While the Conditions

in our shop do not permit the lowest prices, yet, when you figure that the shop is your shop, in so much as the profits are used for your benefit, it is not always the price which merits the chief consideration. Are you not willing to give us (yourself) the preference to gain something for the future?

The Profits

on all printing done in this shop are used to help spread the wage-workers' demand for economic justice, to secure laws and legislation of benefit to you, and to mold public opinion in favor of your cause.

Get an Estimate

from us on your next printing, examine some of the samples of our work, and we feel convinced that you can come to but one decision - that it pays to make your printing do double duty.

Go-Operative Printery Telephone Grand 2394 344 Sixth Street MILWAUKEE, WIS.

BOTTLED MILK A SPECIALTY THE AMERICAN DAIRY O. E. SIEGMUND, Prop. MILK AND CREAM FANCY GROCERIES Orders Promptly Delivered. Telephone Grand 909. 1523 Villet Street.

JOB PRINTING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES We do all kinds of neat and up-to-date printing, such as Catalogues, Conventions, Price Lists, Bill Heads, Programs, Wedding Invitations, Posters, Letter Heads, Business Cards, Etc. We do First Class Book-binding, Electrotyping and Stereotyping. Germania Job Department West Water and Wells Streets

WM. LORENTZ DRUGGIST NOW LOCATED AT S. W. COR. GREENFIELD AND 19th AVES.

OYSTER SEASON NOW OPEN A large assortment of choice Lake, River and Ocean Fish and Shellfish. TENTS' FISH MARKET Phone 664 11th. 579 1st Avenue.

Hard Coal at \$3.50 a ton would be a very good thing for the poor people. But can you ever expect the coal trust to sell it to you at this price? Why not do the next best thing and order fuel where the profits are used to bring about this desired result. Send your orders for wood, coal or coke to me and kill two birds with one stone. Herman Bistorious Phone Grand 2394 344 Sixth Street

What Private Ownership Did in Green Bay!

The Green Bay water works was installed by a promotion company. The franchise was granted for a long term and runs for a few years more.

The plant itself was built to sell, rather than for long time usage, as its pipes for the mains were constructed of poor material.

They are now so weak that it is not possible to turn on the full pressure, which is required for adequate fire protection, because full pressure would break the mains, and does break them whenever it is attempted.

Incidental to this there arose a great deal of graft under previous administrations. Some of the aldermen, knowing that the mains would not stand the fire pressure, would avail themselves of their rights under the law, and call for a fire test. As soon as the water

Works company heard of the demand for the test, they would send word to the aldermen to "call at their office." Other aldermen, hearing of the transaction, would naturally be indignant, and demand a fire test for themselves. Nor would they be satisfied until they received their "call to the office."

About the time the weakness of the plant began to develop, the promoting company went to some of the local capitalists and showed them by their books that there was about 25 per cent profit in the business. They said that they wanted to withdraw, as they could use their capital to better advantage in promoting other water works, and so induced the local capitalists to take a greater part of the capital stock of the company.

In due season the local capitalists began to discover the weakness of

the plant and the necessity of constant repairs, which, by this time, had got down the profits to about 12 per cent. They were then willing to "divide up" with certain widows and orphans who had received insurance money. And so prominent business men were found going about the city, offering out of the goodness of their philanthropic hearts to admit these widows and orphans into their company, since the enterprise was a local one "managed by leading gentlemen of the city," and would be "perfectly safe."

Now that the citizens of Green Bay are beginning to wake up to the situation and object to the outrageous price charged for water, the leading business men are pointing in righteous indignation to the "widows and orphans" who will be robbed of their income if the city

should install its own plant and throw the robbers off its back.

Citizens of Milwaukee will hardly believe that a residence having seven rooms, provided with one kitchen, faucet and connections for one bath tub, one water closet, and one wash basin, pays at the rate of \$17 a year for water in the city of Green Bay. We are told by one of the Milwaukee aldermen that a flat building, covering a whole block in Milwaukee, could be supplied with water for a year at a cost not to exceed \$17.

The Green Bay plant proves the "success of private ownership" of water works.

To illustrate the present weakness of the water mains—at a recent fire the stream of water could not be thrown twenty feet into the air, and this is what they pay for today, and call it "fire protection."

Social-Democratic Party News.

WISCONSIN.

It is evident that there will be plenty of excitement, at least in the cities along the lake shore, in the coming spring campaigns of 1907. It is also possible that the Social-Democrats will help furnish some of the excitement. The trip of Comrade Gaylord last week brought to light a number of interesting facts concerning the grafting methods of old party politicians and public service corporations.

STURGEON BAY city officials have been building a city hall without warrant from the people, and without any funds having been raised for that purpose. They have been taking the money from other funds, hoping to have the building completed by this spring election, when they trusted that the matter could be pushed through. But they have treated the enterprise practically as a private concern, borrowing money from the bank, of which one of the city officials is cashier, and in general have performed in a fashion that is arousing the ire of the citizens.

As a result they may be called upon to pay for their fun, and return the money which they spent to the city funds.

It is another case of "government by clique."

A FAIR DEAL

You can get a fair and square deal at Bruett's.

Our patrons know that we sell clothes of good quality and that prices are right. By giving us a fair trial YOU will also be convinced.

J. Bruett & Son

Men's and Boy's Outfitters

1725-1727-1729 Fond du Lac Ave. (Cor. 18th and Lloyd Sts.)

KONRAD & BAUMANN

Dealers in

MEN'S and LADIES' Union Stamp Shoes

3215 Lisbon Ave.

Phone West 361.

BUY YOUR UNION MADE CLOTHING AND FURNISHING GOODS AT THE AMERICAN CLOTHING CO.

Cor Third and Chestnut Streets

BEST GOODS LOWEST PRICES

SAM. R. MILLER'S LIVERY

339 MARKET STREET. Only Union Drivers Employed.

Can furnish at any time services of first-class Undertaker, Embalmer and Funeral Director—also best hearse in the United States

First-Class Carriages \$4.00 Carriages for Weddings \$4.00

TELEPHONE MAIN 5728. OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

Victor L. Berger

ARE YOUR HOUSEHOLD EFFECTS INSURED?

Four dollars for Five Hundred for three years in an ordinary home dwelling is a small charge considering the protection furnished. Can you afford to take the chances of fire when protection is so cheap? A cover card or insurance call will bring all the facts at once.

PHONE GRAND 2364.

344 SIXTH STREET MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN

MILWAUKEE.

Their watchword from now on is "organization," and they are rapidly getting new members. They will go into the spring campaign with a compact body of resolute men, who will make things a little hotter for the municipal robbers than they have ever been before.

SHEBOYGAN local had eleven new names presented for its membership list last Saturday.

It is experiences like this which will put "the smile that won't come off" on the face of the State Organizer.

The Sheboygan comrades also appointed committees on platform and nominations for the coming campaign. They are getting ready to line up again in all their old vigor, and this time they know of some mistakes that they are not going to make.

The First Congressional District plan is more hopeful than ever. A few financial details are to be arranged between Comrade Harris and the party. If these can be satisfactorily arranged, the plan will be in working order within a month, with another luster added to the Wisconsin push.

Comrade Collins of Brodhead got mad about the organizer fund, and said he would give a dollar each month. We are very much afraid that there are some others down in that neck of the woods that are preparing a similar rebellion, and matters are liable to explode any day in the shape of a subscription list on the organizer's desk.

The following dates for lectures and organization work by Comrade Gaylord are being fixed:

Montfort, Jan. 22; Lancaster and Fennimore, 23; Bloomington, 24; Bagley and Wausling, 25; Sunset club, Milwaukee, 26; Ripon, Feb. 1; Princeton, 5; Parfreville, 6; Two Rivers, 7; Manitowoc, 8; Sheboygan, 9.

Branches in Milwaukee county desiring a visit of Comrade Gaylord, take note of the following open dates: Jan. 29, 30, 31 and Feb. 2.

The coal leaflet was printed this week and the edition amounts to 100,000 in all.

That shot ought to make some holes in the coal trust before it gets through exploding.

About 50,000 of these will go out into the state, where the comrades are already preparing for the distribution.

BROADHEAD reports \$6.00 a month for three months on the organizer fund for First congressional district, and \$2.00 besides.

That's "going some," for a local so far from Racine.

From the fact that the libel suit against the Manitowoc Daily Tribune, the paper that is supporting Mayor Stolze in his efforts to get a proper fire chief for his city, does not appear on the calendar for the coming term of court, it is thought that the present chief has given up his idea of pushing the thing.

GREEN BAY furnishes one of the most interesting illustrations of private water works that is to be found in the state. It is so typical of capitalists' methods that a fuller statement of it will be printed in the HERALD.

Green Bay local has suffered the loss of a number of comrades, but others are stepping to the front, and the capitalist conditions are developing still more.

TWO RIVERS local has recently taken a new grip on the situation there, and the Social-Democratic city officials are busy studying the conditions with a view to showing up the hold local capitalists have on the people through the city government and otherwise. Two Rivers has a very successful water and light plant owned by the municipality, and the comrades will use this as a lever to gain other things of more direct benefit to the working class.

MANITOWOC has a new thrill about every other day. The shock is generally administered by some one connected more or less directly with the Social-Democratic administration.

Comrade Stolze was out of the city during the visit of Organizer Gaylord, but the local had one of the best meetings it has had for years. Six new members were added to the list, and \$10 sent to the state secretary to buy dues stamps.

The local capitalists and corporation politicians are getting desperate in their fight to rob the city in connection with the water works proposition. Their tools in the city council refused to allow money for the employment of legal aid to help the city attorney to fight the suit now being brought by the water works corporation. As a result there have been distributed throughout the city little collection boxes for the purpose of raising a Manitowoc aid fund. Inside of twenty-four hours over \$50 was reported to be in the boxes.

It is significant of the situation in Manitowoc that this money could not be raised by subscription lists. The reason for that is illustrated by the fact that Wm. Rahr, the brewery and malt house proprietor of the city, applied at one time to the city for an electric light franchise. A petition was circulated among the people against granting him this franchise, and it was signed by many workmen. He secured a copy of the petition with the signatures, framed it and hung it in his office. Now, when a workman applies for a job at Rahr's, the latter first consults this list of names, and if he finds the man's name, who is looking for a job, on this list, he not only refuses him the job, but bullies him and threatens to keep him from getting any work at all.

It is easy to understand that under such conditions the Social-Democrats of Manitowoc are getting more determined and are adding to their ranks every day.

Phone South 788 Lady Assistant

EVERT VOTH, Undertaker

Open Day and Night 428 Grove St.

Deficit Now Going Down!

The deficit is going fast. Milwaukee comrades celebrated the third week in the New Year by heaving out \$73.90 last week. They never sleep.

The state comrades cut out \$11.70 last week.

That makes the total received last week \$85.60.

How's that for high?

Milwaukee County Deficit now \$471.00 State Deficit now \$736.85

OVER \$1,300 GONE!

TOTALS						
	25c	25c				\$ 2.00
						\$ 4.00
						\$ 8.00
						\$ 16.00
						\$ 80.00
		\$25	\$25			\$200.00
	\$50	\$50	\$100	\$100		\$550.00
	\$100	\$100	\$100	\$100	\$134	\$883.00

Now \$1277.85, was \$2500.00

LIFE INSURANCE FIRE

Victor L. Berger

ARE YOUR HOUSEHOLD EFFECTS INSURED?

Four dollars for Five Hundred for three years in an ordinary home dwelling is a small charge considering the protection furnished. Can you afford to take the chances of fire when protection is so cheap? A cover card or insurance call will bring all the facts at once.

PHONE GRAND 2364.

344 SIXTH STREET MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN

MILWAUKEE.

Are you going? Where? Why? To that masquerade party arranged by the Twenty-second ward branch tonight, Saturday, Jan. 19, at Nic. Petersen's hall, 2714 North avenue. If you want a good time that's the place to go. Admission \$1.00 per couple. Lunch and refreshments free. Everybody invited.

The Jewish section of the Social-Democratic party of Milwaukee county is preparing for a large gathering tonight, Saturday, Jan. 19, at the Freie Gemeinde hall, 260 Fourth street. They have arranged for a grand concert, vaudeville and ball, and have decided to donate 25 per cent of the profits to the county campaign committee to help wipe out the deficit. Admission 25c a person. They herewith extend a cordial invitation to all.

If you are a lover of a fast game of schafskopf, we advise you to attend the grand prize schafskopf tournament arranged by the Twenty-third ward branch, Social-Democratic party, tomorrow afternoon, Sunday, Jan. 20, at Henry Schmidt's hall, corner of Twenty-first avenue and Rogers street. Admission 50c, including lunch and refreshments. Many valuable prizes have been secured for those who are able to reach high scores.

Comrade L. Zinn, one of the committee having charge of the monster mask carnival to be held under the auspices of the Twentieth ward branch, Social-Democratic party, reports that the Bahn Frei Turner hall will be filled to its fullest capacity on the evening of Saturday, Jan. 26. The hall is located on North avenue, between Eleventh and Twelfth streets. He also states that the \$100.00 which will be distributed amongst the most beautiful and comical groups and individual masks, both ladies and gents, has drawn the attention of thousands of people and therefore an enormous gathering is expected. The committee is hard at work making the necessary preparations.

The Sixth and Thirteenth warders are hustling some these days, we can assure you. They say that if you want the time of your life you should go to the Humboldt hall Saturday, Jan. 26. This is the night for which they have arranged their grand prize mask ball. Many valuable prizes have been secured of late by the comrades in that district, and everything points to a grand success. Let us all hope for the best and attend in full force.

Have you been practicing of late to take part in that grand prize schafskopf tournament arranged by the Nineteenth ward branch, at Eckelmann's hall, 3109 Lisbon avenue, Sunday, January 27? First prize: one-half ton of coal, donated by Paul Mueller Fuel company. Also many more prizes to the winners. Admission 50c, including refreshments and lunch.

The hit of the season on the south side will be the monster mask carnival arranged by the Coming Nation Club, who are all members of the Twelfth ward branch, Social-Democratic party. Usually, when these fellows say something is going to drop, you can make up your mind that drop it will. The pledge in this instance is: Resolved that we are going to drop 50 per cent of the profits realized on our mask ball into the campaign fund. When the German at the office heard about it he remarked: "Well, that listens some". At any rate, keep your eyes fixed on the date, South Side Armory hall, Saturday, Feb. 2, 1907.

Comrade A. Schroeder blew in the other day and ordered a lot of flyers, which read: "There will be a hot time in the old burg of Watwatos, Saturday evening, Jan. 19." The organizer inquired and discovered that that night was set aside by the Watwatos branch for its grand prize mask ball at Zickler's hall, corner of Forty-eighth and State streets. Tickets 25c. Everybody invited.

Tickets have been placed on sale by the Polish section for its grand entertainment and ball, which is to be held at the South Side Armory hall, Sunday evening, 7:30 P. M., Feb. 10, 1907. The Polish section has been doing splendid work of late and the Polish comrades certainly deserve the aid of our local branches. So everybody take notice and keep eyes on the date. Part of the proceeds will go to the organization fund.

If you haven't sent in that donation for the one day's wage fund, you should try and do so as soon as possible. Send all contributions to E. T. Melms, county organizer, who will acknowledge same in our official organs.

The county organizer helps in the organization work of the Fifth and Eighth wards this week.

Always attend your branch meetings and see to it that your due card is paid up to date. Furthermore, see to it that other comrades in your precinct are doing likewise. By aiding us in doing this you help the organization wonderfully.

The Fourteenth warders are planning to solicit a large number of prizes for their prize schafskopf tournament, at Henry Schmidt's hall, corner Rogers street and Twenty-first avenue, Sunday, Feb. 17, 1907. Play to commence at 3 o'clock sharp.

The Aurora Singing society came to the front this week by slapping in \$25 on the campaign fund to help wipe out the deficit. Well, I guess that will help some.

Have you paid anything in on that wage fund? If not, why not? The Socialist Maennerchor has arranged for a masquerade sociable (Masken-Kraenzchen), to be held at the Barden Maennerchor hall, Ninth and Winnebago streets, Saturday, Feb. 2, 1907. Admission 10 cents; at the doors, 25 cents. Everybody is cordially invited to attend.

A.W. STREHLOW

Plain and Decorative Painting, Paperhanging and Calcining, etc.

Graining and Hardwood Finishing, Etc., Etc.

1193 Teutonia Avenue, MILWAUKEE, WIS.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

No. 999.

BY ORDER OF WISCONSIN—SUPERIOR COURT—MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

CHRISTIAN LUDWIG KROGSTAD, Plaintiff.

vs.

ADAM KROGSTAD and PAULINE KROGSTAD, his wife, Defendants.

JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE AND SALE.

By virtue of and pursuant to a judgment of said Superior Court, in the above entitled action, which was rendered and dated December 28th, 1906, I shall expose for sale and sell at public auction, in the hall of the court house, near the south door fronting on the park, in the Seventh Ward of the City of Milwaukee, Wis., on Monday, the 18th day of February, 1907, at the hour of 9 o'clock P. M. of that day, all the following described mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to raise the amount due to the plaintiff for principal, interest and costs, together with the disbursements of sale and solicitor's fees, to-wit:

Lot numbered six (6), in block numbered three (3) in Humboldt Park, in the Twenty-first ward of the City of Milwaukee, in Milwaukee County, Wisconsin.

Dated Milwaukee, January 28th, 1907.

W. J. CARY, Sheriff for Milwaukee County, Wisconsin.

RICHARD ELNER, Plaintiff's Attorney.

MILWAUKEE COUNTY—COUNTY COURT, IN PROBATE.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, vs. M. C. A. RESTAURANT, Plaintiff.

In the Matter of the Estate of FRED HAIDLE, Deceased.

On this 2nd day of January, A. D. 1907, upon reading and filing the petition of EDWARD HAIDLE stating that FRED HAIDLE, of the County of Milwaukee, died intestate, on or about the 25th day of December, 1906, and praying that she or some other suitable person, be appointed Administrator of the estate of said deceased.

IT IS ORDERED, That said application be heard before the Court at a regular term thereof, to be held at the Court House, in the City of Milwaukee, on the 2nd Tuesday of February, A. D. 1907, at 9 o'clock A. M., or at such time thereafter as the same may be resolved on the calendar.

AND IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, That notice of said application and hearing be given by publishing a copy of this order in three consecutive weeks, once in each week, in the Social-Democratic Herald, a newspaper published in said County, prior to said hearing.

By the Court, PAUL D. GARDNER, County Judge.

RICHARD ELNER, Attorney of Record.

MILWAUKEE.

Return Minstrel Tickets

The Entertainment Committee of the Social-Democratic Party desires to close up the minstrel entertainment matter and would kindly request you to return, at once, all tickets not used and money for those used or sold. Send all tickets and money to headquarters, 344 Sixth street. If it should not be convenient for you to send in please have tickets and money ready at home when our collector calls for same and who will give receipt for all payments. By giving this matter your prompt attention you will save the collector many extra trips.

Therefore, lighten his work, and greatly oblige,

The Entertainment Committee of the Minstrel Show

The MUELLER FUEL & SUPPLY CO.

COAL COKE and WOOD Building Supplies

OFFICE AND YARDS :: 3007 BROWN ST. PHONE WEST 748

All Orders Delivered by Union Teamsters

Robert Kenngott

UP-TO-DATE UNION-MADE SHOES

761 TEUTONIA AVENUE

THE BEST LINE OF School Shoes for Boys and Girls

AT Ed. Hafemeister

1089 TEUTONIA AV.

ASK FOR

Edelweiss, Schoen Hofenbrau, Seleet or Ambrosia BEERS OF SCHOENHOFFEN BREWING CO.

Try Our Tonic "EDELWEISS-MALTINE"

448 Barclay Street, Corner Scott, PHONE SO. 104

Our New Fall and Winter Styles in Suits and Overcoats

ARE ALL READY FOR INSPECTION. They are the finest lot we ever had in our store and the prices are right; be sure and look us over before you buy elsewhere.

SCHUCK & SCHIMINSKY

1049 Teutonia Ave.

CONRAD F. DANNENFELSER

Licensed Undertaker

Cardinals and Supplies at all times

670 3rd St. Milwaukee

H. M. CASTENHOLZ

Hatter and Furnisher

Now Ready with Holiday Lines

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FINE GROCERIES

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Telephones, West 511 and West 512

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TAILORS AND FURNISHERS.

107-30 Grove St., Milwaukee

Phone 245 Blue

THE HOME TEA CO.

893 Grove St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Burely have the best TEAS and COFFEEs at the best possible prices. Also carry a full line of Groceries.

Vogentz & Ruhnke, Proprietors

SHOES UNION MADE

E. SAUDER

881 HOWELL AVE. Near Lincoln Ave.

Classified Advertising

WANTED - Full Hats, cleaners, re-blocked at reasonable prices. H. W. ASUM, 125 Fifth St.

WANTED - Orders for Socialism Made Plain, fourth edition now ready. This volume...

Our Sample Shoes

AT \$2.50 A PAIR ARE GOING FAST, WHY?

Because the purchaser of a pair realizes their value when seeing them, so will you if you take the trouble to look...

Lamers Bros. SHOES 354 GROVE ST. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

Talk Is Cheap

-but I would like to prove to you that this talk of mine about my \$25 black or blue Tailor-Made Suits is a \$30 value. Come in and be convinced.

Union Tailor Shop Walter P. Stroesser 316 State Street

We Can Sell You Rubbers

as cheap as any store in this town and as good as you could wish for. We carry only reliable brands and all latest styles to fit any shoes.

THE AMERICAN SHOE STORE LOUIS RIPPET 554 MITCHELL ST.

OTTO E. FISCHER

SUCCESSOR TO GEO. SCHLESNER HATTER AND GENTS' FURNISHER 18th AND VLIET STREETS

Doc's Place

WINES AND LIQUORS Cream City Keg and Bottle Box 261 Third St.

THEO. KOESTER, WEST SIDE BOTTLE HOUSE

Wines and Liquors at Wholesale Prices, 309 Chestnut Street, Phone Main 2296, MILWAUKEE, WIS.

Otto C. Laabs DRUGGIST

1929 Vliet St., Cor. 26.

ROBT. BUECH SALOON

666 CLINTON STREET Lunch at all hours Phone Main 2296

DR. MILTON RICE

Room 38 Mack Block Hours: 9:30 to 11:30 p. m. Specialties: Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, etc.

FRANK KORSCH HALL, SALOON and SAMPLE ROOM

SPORTING

Social-Democratic Bowling League

Table with columns: Names, Games Won, Lost, Pot. Includes Vorwaerts, Toilers, Appeals, La Salles, Jungles, Comrades.

Individual Averages

Table with columns: Names, Games, Average. Includes Shurr, Boll, C. Klein, Gemoll, Benlow, Hammond, F. Koch, Wilson, H. Roloff, Olson, Blum, Kolwitz, Fotsch, A. Roloff, L. Kagel, Pom, Mitzenheim, Poehl, Ohl, P. Krause, W. Krause, H. Koch, Perry, Panyard, O. Olson, Schmidt, O. Krause, W. Lecher, Lemke, Bartels, M. Klein, C. Kagel, Oldenberg, Ed. Lecher, Schuffenhauer, Lexow, Heumann, O. Wild, Hoffmann, Gumz.

MEETINGS NEXT WEEK

SUNDAY, Jan. 20, 3 P. M. Finnish branch, Socialist home, 382 Washington street. MONDAY, Jan. 21, 8 P. M. Tenth ward branch, Wisconsin hall, corner Twelfth and Lee streets. TUESDAY, Jan. 22, 8 P. M. Twenty-first ward branch, Rader's hall, 1432 Green Bay avenue. WEDNESDAY, Jan. 23, 8 P. M. Nineteenth ward branch, Eckelmann's hall, 3109 Lisbon avenue. THURSDAY, Jan. 24, 8 P. M. Twelfth ward branch, Hoff's hall, 961 Kinnickinnic avenue. SEVENTEENTH ward branch, Odd Fellows' hall, corner Potter and Kinnickinnic avenues. 2:30 P. M. West Side Women's club, N. Petersen's hall, 2714 North avenue. 2:30 P. M. East Side Women's club, F. Locke's hall, 594 Fourth street. 2:30 P. M. North Side Women's club, H. Lutz's residence, 1248 Burreleigh street. FRIDAY, Jan. 25, 8 P. M. Sixth ward branch, Baugh's hall, corner Third street and North avenue. Eleventh ward branch, Bulgryn's hall, corner Orchard street and Ninth avenue. Eighteenth ward branch, 490 Cramer street. Twenty-third ward branch, Zimmermann's hall, corner Fifteenth and Greenfield avenues. 2:30 P. M. South Side Women's branch, Socialist home, 382 Washington street.

PROSPERITY

is the ruin of many a man. Tries to make his money bring him too large returns. This means risk. Great risk means a probable loss, ruin, debt, theft, and disgrace. Keep your money with us - open an account here - safe until you have enough to make a safe investment. \$1.00 starts an account which earns 3 per cent. interest. A Pocket and Home Savings Bank free to each depositor.

MERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS BANK

GRAND AVE. AND SECOND STREET Southeast Corner

Borgwardt & Niemann

Embalmers and Funeral Directors, 1601 Kinnickinnic Ave.

Dr. MAHONEY

226 Grand Ave., 2nd Floor MILWAUKEE, WIS. Consult the RELIABLE SPECIALIST

BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES - Eczema, Psoriasis, Scabies, etc. STOMACH, LIVER AND KIDNEY DISEASES - Constipation, Flatulence, etc. GOUT, GRAVEL, RHEUMATISM - Various other ailments.

Town Topics by the Town Crier.

where they occur in the fifth line of the more we read of the investigation into the Emergency hospital management, the clearer it appears that the only two things back of it are the desire of an incompetent, ignorant and dangerous interloper to protect his job, through the power of his relative, Ald. Monroe, and the overweening ambition of Health Commissioner Bading to be "it."

The following resolutions were introduced in the city council at its last regular meeting by Alderman Strehlow, Social-Democrat: WHEREAS, The city contributes a certain percentage out of money collected from licenses to the police and firemen's pension funds, thereby providing a benefit to these two departments not ex-

each said section of said chapters and inserting in lieu thereof the intended to other city departments, and WHEREAS, Members of these two departments are compelled to pay two and one half per cent of their salaries into said funds, although completely deprived of all benefits therefrom should they be unfortunate enough to lose their positions before serving the required time contemplated in the pension law, and

WHEREAS, The chiefs of the two departments have it in their power to discharge men at pleasure, a power that could be abused at will and the men have no redress under the law as it now stands, making the said pension funds more in the nature of a lottery than an actual guarantee, therefore RESOLVED, That the city attorney be, and is hereby, instructed to draft suitable bills amending chapter 165, sec. 9, and chapter 387, sec. 9, of the Laws of 1903 by striking out the words "fifteen"

AT THE THEATERS.

DAVIDSON. Charles Klein's "Daughters of Men," the play that has made such a strong impression on eastern playgoers, and which is one of a new class of plays dealing with the economic problem of the time, will open Sunday at the Davidson for four nights and a Wednesday matinee. We call our readers' attention to a consideration of the Socialistic tendencies of the play in an interview with Comrade Phelps Stokes, the New York millionaire Social-Democrat, which will be found on the fourth page of this issue. We urge our readers to see "Daughters of Men" if they possibly can. Beginning Thursday, for the balance of the week, that refined fun-maker, Francis Wilson, and a strong company will present "The Mountain Climber." Wilson is an old Milwaukee favorite.

BIJOU THEATER. "Eight Bells," coming to the Bijou tomorrow afternoon, beginning a week's engagement, has been produced for sixteen years and is as popular as ever. It was the creation of John F. Byrne, who seems to have combined in him the Irishman's love of fun with the inventive genius of a Yankee. He was the originator of the acrobatic song and dance. While filling a London engagement he saw an English pantomime production. His brothers were acrobats and he invented the plan of two of them impersonating



"Eight Bells."

a horse that drew a collapsible carriage. Next he invented his steamship, which works about on the same principle of the pantomime haunted swings that one sees at amusement parks and country fairs, and wrote a comedy that introduced these two features, adding a lot of specialties. He is now a high man but is always inventing some new trick or pantomime action, so that "Eight Bells" still ring their clippings as merrily as ever and the amusement-loving public never seems to tire of them.

STAR THEATER

The "Jolly Grass Widows Co." will be the offering at the Star theater for a week's stay, commencing Sunday. This play has been seen here several times and has always been one of the best shows on the burlesque wheel. The performance will conclude with a new and laughable burlesque entitled "Are You a Lobster? If Not, Why Not?"

CRYSTAL THEATER

At the Crystal theater, next week, Prof. Rice's dog, pony and monkey act, without a parallel, will head the bill, which also includes Sommer, Johnson & Co., in a dramatic sketch, Victor Kremer's School Boys and Girls, and other big features.

ALHAMBRA

"In New York Town," that sterling musical play that made so pronounced a hit at the Alhambra last season and won the undivided praise of the local press, returns there Sunday afternoon for a week's engagement. Charles Howard will again cavort in the leading role. The tour of the party of sightseers through New York is an



Group of Girls "In New York Town."

Cruelty of Seven Day Work.

At Plymouth church, Van Buren and Oneida streets, Sunday evening, the Rev. J. B. Davidson, of the Sunday Rest association, will speak on "The Cruelty and Danger of Seven Day Work." All are invited. On the following Sunday evening Comrade Carl D. Thompson will speak on "The Relation of Christianity to Socialism." This later engagement grew out of Comrade Thompson's appearance before the Congregational ministers' association in this city week before last, where he met with a very sympathetic reception, strong plea being made by the Rev. H. H. Jacobs, during the discussion, for co-operation with the Social-Democrats in their fight to establish a real brotherhood of man on earth. Mr. Jacobs said that the usual reply of the church to the Socialists was that Christianity would settle the great social problem. He thought it was about time it set about it, for

THE SECOND SOCIALIST POSTER IS NOW READY.

It is the same size as Poster No. 1, 10x26 inches, and GIVES THE VALUE OF PRODUCTION IN THE UNITED STATES ACCORDING TO THE U. S. CENSUS, AND SHOWS WHAT THE SHARE OF THE WORKERS IS IN THEIR PRODUCT. These figures are absolutely reliable, being prepared by a former statistician employed in the census bureau.

This is the second in a series of SOCIALIST POSTERS prepared by Lucian Sanial, with the utmost care, from the Census of 1900 and other official documents, supplemented by reports of Manufacturers, Merchants and Bankers' Associations, Chambers of Commerce, Boards of Trade, Commercial and Financial organs, and other recognized capitalistic mouthpieces.

EVERY COMRADE should have a copy of SOCIALIST POSTER No. 2 folded in his pocket, ready for use in making a convert or confounding an opponent. He should, moreover, keep on hand a small supply of copies in order to promptly meet the demands of inquirers.

EVERY SOCIALIST ORGANIZATION should have it framed (or pasted on wood or card board), for display on the walls of its meeting rooms or at its open air meetings.

PRICE, POSTPAID: Five copies Five cents Twelve copies Fifty cents Twenty-five copies One dollar One hundred copies Three dollars For Sale at the Office of the Social-Democratic Herald.

PRICE: Five Cents a Copy; special rates for quantities of not less than 25 copies. Address all orders to the Social-Democratic Herald, 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

Poster No. 1, shows the comparative strength in Numbers and in wealth of three great classes in this country into which capitalism has divided the people. Other posters to follow. Prices the same in all cases.

word "five," and to add to said chapters the following, in word of substance: "Should any member be discharged from said Police or Fire Department, then seventy-five (75) per cent of all moneys paid in to either of said funds by such discharged member shall be returned to him, said member waiving all further claim upon said fund by the acceptance thereof, and RESOLVED, That the city attorney be instructed to prepare a bill conferring upon the city the right to establish pension funds in connection with other branches of the city service at such times as it might see fit to do so.

How about that friend of yours that has a leaning towards Socialism? See that he gets in the fold before the next election. Get him to read the SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD and he won't be leaning any more. Make a fighter out of him. That's what we need. Don't keep him straddling the main question. Teach him how to answer it. Are you with us. Get busy at once. Don't stop another minute. Make a subscriber out of him even if you have to use force. He will thank you for it in the future.

interesting and entertaining foundation for the introduction of no end of original humor and episodes, and it is in this newness of purpose and divergence from the routine that "In New York Town" carries one of the strong features demanded of the popular musical play of today. The usual matinee.

The musical drama, "The Girl and the Gambler," under the direction of B. E. Forrester, will be the attraction Jan. 27 at the Bijou theater.



it had been his experience that in every attempt to get more justice for labor at Madison it had always been found that the pioneering had been done by the Socialists.

"One-Day Wage" Fund.

You can give more if you like! Previously reported \$273.00 J. C. Kramer 2.00 W. H. 2.00 Franz Butzer 2.00 W. R. Teus 2.00 C. Massen 4.00 F. Bauer 2.75 J. C. Kleist 10.00

Total \$297.75 In last week's HERALD there appeared two errors in the column of the Daily Wage Fund. C. Menzie paid \$3.40 instead of \$2.40 as reported and J. Hassmann paid \$5.00 instead of \$2.50 as reported.

State Campaign Fund.

Previously acknowledged \$205.51 L. C. Mangus 50 S. Nelson 50 E. H. Stuart 2.00 S. J. Packard 70 E. C. Koepke 1.00 Mrs. Grace Lincoln 1.00 David Grover 1.75 J. Pauser List, \$4.25 - John Gotz 25 Jos. Kelnhofer 25 Fred. Gotz 25 Jacob Kronberger 25 Geo. Hoffman 25 Jos. Ertel 25 Josef Pauser 2.00 Gust Belter 25 P. A. Worden 50

Amount this week \$11.70 Total to date \$217.21 Typographical error in footing last week showed \$221.21 net total instead of \$205.51.

Comrade C. Kleist will deliver a lecture before the Twenty-first ward branch next Tuesday evening, Jan. 22, 1907, at Rader's hall, 1432 Green Bay avenue, at 8 P. M. Informal discussion will follow. Free to comrades and friends. Everybody invited.

The South Side women's branch, S. D. P. has arranged for a cinch party, for the benefit of the Chicago Daily Socialist, at Germania hall, 867 Kinnickinnic avenue, corner South Bax street, Tuesday evening, Jan. 22, 1907.

Minstrel Show Tickets.

Previously reported \$506.70 Frank Schaus 50 C. Maasen 1.00 Geo. Moerschel 1.00 Theo. Kraschinski 1.00 J. C. Kramer 1.00 R. Hesselbein 50 Wm. Senft 50 L. H. Lemke 1.00 C. O. Hoyer 1.00 Chas. Pfeifer 1.50

\$100 in Cash GIVEN AWAY AT THE BAHN FREI TURN HALL Grand Mask BALL GIVEN BY THE 20 Ward Branch S. D. P. Saturday Evening, January 26th, 1907. ADMISSION 25c AT THE DOOR 50c

\$150 IN CASH PRIZES GRAND PRIZE MASK BALL Arranged by the Milwaukee Bierbrauer Arbeiter Unterstuetzungs Verein WEST SIDE TURN HALL SATURDAY Feb. 2, '07 TICKETS 25c A PERSON AT THE DOOR 50c

ALHAMBRA WEEK COMMENCING SUNDAY MATINEE JANUARY 20 - Other Matinees Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday - LAST SEASON'S BIG HIT IN NEW YORK TOWN With Chas. Howard and His Merry 50 Last Season's Local Press Comments SENTINEL: No more delightful entertainment can be desired than is offered in this production. FREE PRESS: One of the best popular-revue fun and music shows that have held forth at the Alhambra in many a day. Our Prices 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c and 75c

Table with names and amounts: J. Wiesher .25, Th. Hougardt 1.00, J. E. K. 1.00, E. Broddie .75, Louis Gillmann .75, A. Moorbeck 1.00, Herman Maas 1.00, Jos. Stuermer .50, Max. Ehrhardt 1.00, C. F. Dittmar 1.00, K. C. V. 1.00, G. Schmidt .50, Dr. Erler .25, Ernst Kroeger .25, W. V. Kuchouski 1.00, W. Radtke 1.00, C. Rintelmann 1.00, Christ. Bochert 1.00, Theo. Koschatsky 1.00, Emil Findeisen .50

DAVIDSON SUNDAY - FOUR NIGHTS - Popular Wed. & Sat.

Henry B. Harris Presents "The Daughters of Men" An American Play by Chas. Klein, Author of "The Lion and the Mouse" With Dorothy Donnelly and a 6th CAST PRICES - Evenings, 50c to \$1.50. Matinee, 50c to \$1.00.

THURSDAY - THREE NIGHTS - Popular Sat. Mat.

Charles Frohman Presents Francis WILSON IN "The Mountain Climber" PRICES - Evenings, 50c to \$1.00.

STAR

Prices 10c, 20c, 30c, 50c Commencing Sunday Matinee Ladies Day Fri. Mat. and Night Next: NEW CENTURY GIRLS

CRYSTAL DAILY AT 2:30 7:45 and 9:30

Week of January 21st DOGS, PONIES and MONKEYS An Animal Act Without An Equal Admission 10c Reserved Seats 20c

L. ST. Comrade MIES BE YOUR TAILOR!

The only UNION TAILOR SHOP in Bay View 875 KINNICKINNIC AVE. Phone Blue 222. Near SOUTH BAY ST. Adolph Heumann 271 1/2 2d St. Phone 9833

JANUARY CLEARING SALES



Smoking Coats
Men's Finest Smoking Coats, \$6.50, \$7.50, \$8.00 and \$5.00 values, your choice Monday \$3.95

Our Great Semi-Annual Clearing Sale

BEGINS MONDAY MORNING The Greatest Sale of Good Clothing in the City. Come to This Sale.

Milwaukee has not seen its equal. Thousands of Men's and Young Men's Finest Overcoats and Suits Reduced to Half Price. Your choice of all our best and finest Suits and Overcoats Monday at only

\$7.50

YOUR UNLIMITED CHOICE OF ALL OUR MEN'S HAND-TAILORED SUITS AND OVERCOATS We have gone through our stock of finest high-grade Hirsch, Wickwire & Co. and other high-grade makers and selected all small lines and broken assortments, but mostly all size, which formerly were \$28.00, \$25.00, \$22.00 and \$20.00—about one thousand of them all tail—Suits and Overcoats, Double-Breasted Suits, Sack Suits, Frock Suits, Long Belt Overcoats, Double-Breasted Overcoats, Long Black and Gray Stratford Overcoats, Taddock Overcoats—all marked down and going for choice at

\$13.75

Men's and Young Men's Overcoats at Half

Men's all-wool black, blue and gray Overcoats, come with serge lining, cut good and long, all sizes, 3 or 4 of a kind left, about 50 in all, \$12.00, \$13.50 and \$15.00 values, going at **\$7.50**

Men's and Young Men's Suits at Half

About 200 fancy mixed Cassimere Suits in single and double breasted styles were considered great values at \$12.00, \$13.50 and \$15, reduced to only **\$7.50**

Men's and Young Men's Overcoats at Half

About 150 Men's Gray M Iton Overcoats, \$12.00, \$13.50 and \$15.00 values, good lengths and well tailored, we have them in all sizes, Monday **\$7.50**

Men's and Young Men's Fine Suits at Half

Several hundred black and blue Tibets and Serges, fancy mixed worsts, single and double breasted styles, \$12, \$13.50 and \$15 values, reduced to **\$7.50**

Men's Very Nobby Overcoats at Half

Several hundred black and gray Friezes and Meltons, also black and blue kerseys and vicunas, \$12, \$13.50 and \$15 values, Monday at **\$7.50**

Clearing Sale of Odds and Ends in Our Great Boys' Department

Odds and ends of Double Breasted Suits, 8 to 16 years, \$3.00 and \$3.50 reduced to **\$1.85**

Odds and ends of Novelty Suits, fancy cassimeres, \$2.50 and \$3.00 values, reduced to **95c**

Odds and ends of Boys' Novelty Overcoats and Reefers, \$2.50 and \$3.00 values reduced to **\$1.45**

Odds and ends of Sailor and Norfolk Suits, 3 to 9 years, \$3.00 and \$3.50 values reduced to **\$1.95**



Odds and ends of Boys' Double-Breasted Overcoats, 10 to 16 years, \$5.00, \$6.00 and \$6.50 values reduced to **\$3.95**

Boys' Long Form - fitting Fancy Overcoats, 10 to 16 years, all new and nobby patterns, \$5.00 and \$5.50 values reduced **\$3.45**

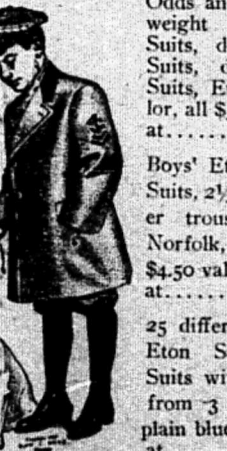
Boys' Single-Breasted Form-fitting Overcoats, grey, black and Scotch patterns, all sizes, 10 to 16 years, \$4.00, \$4.50 and \$5.00 values reduced to **\$2.95**



Odds and ends of Boys' Military Overcoats, 3 to 9 years, dark gray and black, handsomely trimmed, \$3.00 values, reduced **\$1.95**

Oxford Gray Russian Overcoats, cut long, silk embroidered emblem on sleeve, nickel buttons, velvet collar, all sizes, 3 to 8 years **\$2.45**

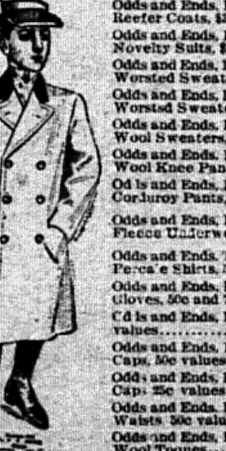
15 different styles of Little Tots' Overcoats, 2 1/2 to 10 years, this season's newest novelties, beautiful patterns, and big assortment at **\$2.95**



Odds and ends in Boys' heavy-weight pure wool Cassimere Suits, double-breasted Norfolk Suits, double-breasted Sack Suits, Eton Norfolk, Eton Sailor, all \$5 values **\$3.45**

Boys' Eton Norfolk and Sailor Suits, 2 1/2 to 8 years, with bloomer trousers, double-breasted Norfolk, all \$3.50, \$4.00 and \$4.50 values **\$2.95**

25 different styles of Norfolks, Eton Sailors, double-breasted Suits with bloomer pants, sizes from 3 to 16, all colors and plain blue **\$1.95**



Odds and Ends, Boys' Reefers Coats, \$3.00 value **95c**
Odds and Ends, Boys' Novelty Suits, \$3.50 values **95c**
Odds and Ends, Boys' Worsteds Sweaters, \$1.50 values **95c**
Odds and Ends, Boys' Worsteds Sweaters, \$1.00 values **69c**
Odds and Ends, Boys' Wool Sweaters, 70c values **35c**
Odds and Ends, Boys' Wool Knee Pants, 80c values **25c**
Odds and Ends, Boys' Corduroy Pants, 50c values **27c**
Odds and Ends, Boys' Fleece Underwear, 50c values **19c**
Odds and Ends, Boys' Fleece Shirts, 10c values **19c**
Odds and Ends, Boys' Gloves, 50c and 70c values **35c**
Odds and Ends, Boys' Gloves, 30c values **19c**
Odds and Ends, Boys' Fur-Lined Caps, 50c values **35c**
Odds and Ends, Boys' Caps, 30c values **12c**
Odds and Ends, Boys' Waists, 50c values **19c**
Odds and Ends, Boys' Wool Toggles **12c**

Clearance Sale of Men's Pants

Men's heavy Working Pants, \$1.00 values, reduced to **79c**
Men's fine Cassimere Pants, \$1.50 values, reduced to **95c**
Men's heavy Worsted Pants, \$1.75 values, reduced to **\$1.29**
Men's heavy all-wool Pants, \$2.00 values, reduced to **\$1.39**
Men's heavy Corduroy Pants, \$2.50 values, reduced to **\$1.45**
Men's fine Cassimere Pants, \$3.00 values, reduced to **\$1.95**
Men's fine Worsted Pants, \$2.50 values, reduced to **\$2.45**
Men's fine Worsted Pants, \$3.00 values, reduced to **\$2.95**
Men's fine Scotch mixture Pants, \$2.00 values, reduced to **\$2.95**
Men's fine Scotch mixture Pants, \$3.00 values, reduced to **\$3.45**
All our very finest worsted Pants, \$5.50, \$6.50 and \$7.00 values, reduced to **\$3.95**

Clearance Sale of Men's Shirts

50c Boys' fancy Bosom Pique Shirts reduced to **19c**
50c Men's fancy Pique Shirts reduced to **29c**
All our \$1.50 and \$2.00 Monarch and Wilson Bros. Shirts, some with two pair cuffs, all the newest patterns, reduced to **95c**
75c Men's fancy Negligee Shirts reduced to **39c**
\$1.00 and \$1.25 Men's fancy Monarch Shirts reduced to **69c**
\$1.00 and \$1.50 Men's fancy Wilson Bros. Shirts reduced to **85c**
10c and 75c Boys' Negligee Shirts go at **35c**

Clearance Sale of Men's Underwear

Odds and ends of Men's Cassimere Hair Unders wear, 75c values reduced to **29c**
Odds and ends of Men's Natural Gray, Fleece-line Underwear, wool, 50c values, reduced to **29c**
Odds and ends of Men's Heavy Ribbed Underwear, blue and gold, 70c values, reduced to **39c**
Odds and ends of Men's Super Merino Underwear, blue, flesh and natural gray colors, reduced to **45c**
Odds and ends of Men's All-Wool Ribbed Underwear, blue, pink and gray, \$1.00 values, reduced to **69c**
Odds and ends of Staley's All-Wool Natural Gray Knit Underwear, \$1.25 values, reduced to **85c**
Odds and ends of Men's finest Underwear, lamb's wool vienna, natural wool and ribbed, in different kinds, reduced to **95c**

Clearance Sale of Men's Hose and Gloves

Odds and ends of Men's Heavy Cotton Socks, brown mixed, 10c values, are reduced to **5c**
Odds and ends of Men's Fancy Silk-Embroidered or Plain Balbriggan Hose are now reduced to **8c**
Odds and ends of the finest imported Silk-Striped, Silk-Embroidered or Plain Socks, Balbriggan and fine cassimere, all 30c and 50c values, reduced to **18c**
All of our 60c and 75c Heavy Leather Working Gloves and Mitts go at **35c**
Odds and ends of Men's Heavy All-Wool Camels' Hair, natural gray or black, Cashmere Hose, 50c values, reduced to **12c**
All of our 15c Leather-Faced Canvas Gloves go at **8c**
All of our Heavy 10c Canvas Gloves **4c**
All of our Boys' Leather Mitts go at **16c**
All of our 60c and 75c Wool Gloves go at **35c**

Clearance Sale of Men's Fur Caps

All of our \$3.50 and \$4.00 Fur Caps reduced to **\$2.45**

CLOTHING HATS FURNISHINGS

HAHN BROS.

335-537-539, 12th St. IN THE MIDDLE OF BLOCK 369-371-373, GROVE ST.

Our Two Big Stores Are Located Middle in the Block:

Our West Side Store—on 12th St. between Walnut and Galena. Our South Side Store on Grove St. between Mineral and Walker—and are not connected with any other concern.

Studied Assault on City Ownership!

Isn't it about time Milwaukee sat up and took notice? Is it going to nod its head in slumber while the mayor and some of his incompetent official family undo the work of years and banish public ownership from the city and turn valuable privileges over to private corporation sharks to suck our veins dry? We all know under what conditions Becker got his election, yet there has been a studied effort under his guidance to give municipal ownership a black eye—which is only natural, considering that he is a darling of Prospect avenue. Does the public know what was really back of the recent attempt to investigate the books of some of the city departments? Honest investigations are all right, certainly, and things may be found that will be worth finding, but does the public realize that the attempt to investigate the books of the water works department was not on the square, but had back of it a deep scheme to discredit the city ownership of its water works? Does the average citizen know that Becker went to an anti-municipal ownership journal, *Public Service*, to get his "experts" to go over the books, and that the man secured, Sylvanus, was of a firm of young business fledglings advertising it as a specialty that they show up the "financial failures" of municipal ownership? When Milwaukee's

hospital should be closed up. That hospital is municipally owned! He is trying to help the private hospitals—and we will have a few sensational facts to relate next week about private hospitals. Milwaukee better look sharp these days! Now we are told that the mayor's talk before the master plumbers made such a hit that he was elected to honorary membership. Although this may be some more of the dizzy press agent work that emanates from the mayor's office, it hath a plausible sound, for the mayor got a lead pipe cinch on his office in the first place by bribery, and bribery is close enough to "business" to please any organization of "masters."

Mr. Phelps' "Official" Monkey Work!

The treatment of the Social Democrat, Alexander Glaeser, surveyor-elect of Milwaukee county, by County Clerk Phelps and the district attorney's office is probably unparalleled in the annals of official devilry in Milwaukee county. Glaeser presented himself with his bond on the required Monday at the county clerk's office, ready to take the oath of office. Instead of treating him as all other elected officials have been treated these many years, the county clerk sent him off on a wild chase to prove that the bond he filed was a valid one, something no other candidate was required to do. In all other cases the bonds filed by the elected officials were accepted and the oath administered, and after that the county board took up the question of the validity of the bond with the district attorney. But Glaeser was sent first to the district attorney and then to his bond company to get a certificate showing their right to operate in the state, and then when he submitted to this shady work and lost a day by it he was coolly informed that it was too late for him to take his office and that therefore it was vacant—even in this showing a shameful ignorance of the law. Were Glaeser so minded he could make Phelps sweat for his work, but Phelps is probably too ignorant of the law to know this. And now the county board has put its foot in it by illegally electing a man named Reinertsen to the position. There is a law that provides that where there were unavoidable reasons preventing an official from qualifying that he shall have further time in which to do so—but what time do county officers know of the law! Ex-State Treasurer Kempf has applied to the Madison city fathers for a saloon license. And the fathers, who are not allowed by law to grant more than eighty-eight licenses, intend to revoke one of the existing licenses so as to give Kempf what he wants.