

SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD

IN CLUBS OF FIVE, 10 WEEKS, 10 CENTS EACH, TO NEW NAMES.

A JOURNAL OF THE COMING CIVILIZATION

FOR SUBSCRIPTION PRICE SEE THE FOURTH PAGE

SOME EDITORIAL COMMENT

By Frederic Heath.

An Independent Labor party has been formed in the province of Ontario, Canada.

Several clergymen in New York City have organized a Minister's Socialist Conference.

In Chicago last week a firm advertised in the newspapers for one machinist.

The national convention of Socialists will be called to order in Brand's Hall, Chicago, May 10.

According to Representative Blair of Canada, the building of a railroad in the Dominion has already cost one life a mile.

As human life under the present system is cheaper than safety precautions in such work, no one need be surprised at Mr. Blair's contention.

The trade unions of the province of Alberta, Canada, not long ago formed a straight-out Socialist party.

Collier's some time ago provided for a prize of \$1,000 to be awarded to the author of the best story published in their columns during the year.

The term "class consciousness," coined by the early Socialists of Germany, and since used throughout the Social-Democratic international movement.

A Trenton, N. J. Socialist sends us a newspaper clipping, headed "Why Socialists Celebrate May-Day," written by John Spargo.

One of the saddest tragedies of life under the capitalist system concerns the women. To no small extent the milkmaid in the song spoke for her sex when she said "my face is my fortune."

While the Liberals and Conservatives flew at each other's throats for the husks they let the Socialists slip away with the kernel—namely, seats in Parliament.

Overworked, nerve-racked, run-down with unrelenting drudgery, broken in spirit, fatigued woman-kind is indeed capitalism's saddest tragedy.

necessary in order to combat Socialism." When Lord Roseberry, the Liberal, Lord Balfour, Conservative, and Joseph Chamberlain, Radical—all ex-ministers—unite in trying to beat back the rising tide of Socialism the outlook for a working class triumph in Great Britain is surely very bright says the Cleveland Citizen.

The story in the capitalistic papers that the Western Federation of Miners had turned Haywood down because he was talking Socialism is the prize joke of the season.

More state tyranny! More trenching on the preserves of "private initiative" and private money making!

The church does not want thinkers," is the declaration of the Rev. Robert Hamilton Cotton, an Episcopal clergyman of St. Paul, who has just had trouble with his church.

There are Socialists and Socialists, and the differences among them are often amusing. Mr. John Graham Brooks, in the current Chautauquan, tells an amusing story of two of them who are just now prominent by reason of their recently published books.

The above from a bulletin of new books by the Macmillan Co., reminds us of an achievement of Jack London's that was daring and yet full of result. Some years ago he spoke before the students of a California university.

Some idea of the kind of special privilege work that the new council will frame up was shown by the passage of a special privilege ordinance for a store front extension granted to the notorious John McCoy.

Do you know why Germany has 3,250,000 Social-Democratic voters? Because the German Social-Democratic journals have 1,049,707 subscribers. That is the ammunition which keeps up the Socialist struggle.

overdriven, ill-kept grocer's horse moves on day by day toward the boneyard, while the carefully groomed, properly exercised carriage horse challenges our admiration by his glossy hide and proud, lusty, mettlesome bearing.

Jane Addams has called housework a "belated industry." Invention has saved very few of the housewife's steps. Under the Socialist impulse it would do many things in that direction.

The railroad in the last of these great speculative years that we have had, have put up the stock so that it was easy to raise money on stocks and bonds; but up to 1885, ninety-five per cent of all steam railroads and all street railroads and all industrial corporations of this country never put in one dollar on their stock, except a little organization expenses that were required for a few shares of stock in the beginning.

"Up to 1878 there was not a dollar paid in on Milwaukee, North Western, Omaha or any of these railroads.

"Ninety-five per cent of them haven't had anything. Not only that, in the reorganization that took place from 1900 to 1907, they assessed these stocks and gave bonds."

"Mr. Ryan," said one of the grand jurors, "we understand then that the roads only cost about five per cent of the capital issue? They were built with bonds?"

"Built with bonds," said Mr. Ryan. "The Union Pacific railroad is built with bonds and got a land grant worth \$250,000,000."

"And Atchison the same?" asked another grand juror.

"Atchison the same."

AND RYAN OUGHT TO KNOW!

The New Milwaukee Socialist Officials Start In.

Milwaukee: The newly organized city council held its first meeting Monday afternoon.

The Social-Democrats got about what was expected in the committees. Their assignments were as follows:

- Finance, Arnold. Judiciary, Grass. Water Works, Ries. Police, Weiley. Fire Department, no appointment. Sewerage, Strehlow. Health, Rummel. Street Lights, Melms. Railroads, Koch. Bridges and Viaducts, no appointment. Harbor, Hassman. Public Buildings and Grounds, Arnold. Taxes, Hassman. Licenses, Rummel. Printing, Weiley. Plats, Koch. Rules, Strehlow. Legislation, Melms. Engrossed Ordinances, Grass. Streets and Alleys, Ries.

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THE REASON WHY IN GERMANY

Do you know why Germany has 3,250,000 Social-Democratic voters? Because the German Social-Democratic journals have 1,049,707 subscribers.

What is the moral of these two facts? Do we in America want to build up such a Socialist movement as has blessed Germany—a movement which even under the capitalist system and the stern rule of Emperor Bill has forced the ruling classes to adopt measures which have immensely improved the conditions of the German working-men?

This is the choice that we have to make. It is no small task to enlighten the people. But we must do it. Let us do it right here in Wisconsin through the Wisconsin Literature fund.

Wisconsin Literature Fund. Previously reported \$156.62

To the State Executive Board Social-Democratic Party of Wisconsin: Please place the enclosed sum (\$.....) to the credit of the Wisconsin Literature Fund, and oblige

RYAN SAYS IT'S NINETY-FIVE PER CENT WATER!

NEW YORK, April 24.—Ninety-five per cent of the stock of all the railroads in this country never cost a dollar.

It is pure water, said Thomas F. Ryan, before the grand jury investigating the affairs of the Metropolitan Street Railway.

Ryan's remark was made after Mr. Jerome had read to the grand jury the statement prepared by the witness, which Ryan gave out for publication Monday evening.

Ryan had figured out that the \$52,000,000 of Metropolitan stock represented cash payments of 83 1/2 per cent of its par value. As Mr. Jerome read this statement Ryan interrupted, saying:

"Gentlemen, that is the answer to the statement that has been made for the last five years that Metropolitan stock is all water."

"The railroads in the last of these great speculative years that we have had, have put up the stock so that it was easy to raise money on stocks and bonds; but up to 1885, ninety-five per cent of all steam railroads and all street railroads and all industrial corporations of this country never put in one dollar on their stock, except a little organization expenses that were required for a few shares of stock in the beginning."

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Schlitz Park for the City.

By Ald. Koch:

WHEREAS, It is generally understood that the Schlitz Brewing Company is desirous of disposing of the tract of land known as Schlitz Park, situated in the Tenth ward,

WHEREAS, The portion of the city immediately surrounding said park is fast becoming one of the localities where there is a congested population, and

WHEREAS, The need of the city is now toward inside breathing spots rather than large parks, the city already being well provided with the latter, therefore be it

RESOLVED, That the Common Council of the city of Milwaukee hereby instruct the park board to ascertain from the Schlitz Brewing company the lowest price at which it is willing to sell said park to the city, and to report same as early as possible to this council.

Street Railway Service.

By Ald. Hassman:

WHEREAS, There was introduced in the Common Council of Milwaukee on November 26, 1906, a certain resolution requesting the Milwaukee Electric Railway and Light company to run its so-called North Avenue and State Street lines to North Avenue and Western Avenue

RESOLVED, That the chief of the fire department is hereby instructed to re-arrange the service of the department accordingly.

concentration is the spirit of the age. In capital it has produced the trust; in labor the federation. Corporations have learned the foolishness of competition, and labor has learned the strength of Union. It is now time these two were evolved into a new system where equal justice is distributed to all people.

"A class grievance left too long without a remedy," says Roosevelt's message, "breeds 'class consciousness.'"

Yet the thing Roosevelt groans over must be all informed and humane men be regarded as wholesome and potential of great good to the progress of democracy and freedom.

To be conscious of the class antagonisms in our modern society, for the vast majority of the people (the workers) to know that they are p... of an exploited class and that that explains the miseries they have submitted to in confusion and ignorance, means the strengthening of the struggle against the exploitation of man by man, and the hastening of the final abolition of classes and the coming of the social condition generally indicated by the phrase: The brotherhood of man.

Not only the bloated fortunes that Roosevelt has railed about have been bailed upon the depleting of the substance of the people, but the very existence of a capitalist class and a working class or proletariat, comes from the capitalistic exploitation of labor, which Social-Democracy takes up the lance against.

This cannot be righted until "the mob," is made over into "the democracy," through opening its eyes to its mutual or class interests.

Progress has always come through discontent, but it must be discontent that is correctly informed.

And Mr. Roosevelt himself says "A class grievance left too long without a remedy, breeds 'class consciousness.'" Then he himself goes on and enumerates a list of grievances of the working class.

THE CLASS CONSCIOUS T. R.

By Victor L. Berger.

LAST Monday President Roosevelt again sent a message to Congress. It was a declaration of the president that his announced policies as to anti-injunction and the amendment of the anti-trust law, must be enacted into federal statutes.

But there are a few "gems" in this message that interest us particularly. For instance, the president says: "Every far-sighted patriot should protest first of all against the growth in this country of that evil thing which is called 'class consciousness.'"

The trouble with President Theodore Roosevelt is that while he is constantly talking and writing against class consciousness, he is one of the most class conscious men in the country—only he is so by instinct.

Theodore Roosevelt represents a class which is very sore, and has good reasons to be sore. He represents a class which is on the decline and gradually going out of existence. He represents the middle class—although he is a scion of the upper and still wealthy strata of that class.

However, the middle class in a bad way. It is assailed and ground to pieces on one hand by the trusts and capital on a large scale—and on the other hand by organized labor. To this of late we shall have to add the organized farmers.

Mr. Roosevelt, with all his education and his literary proclivities does not seem to have had the time to study any political economy. From his messages and speeches it seems that he has not even taken the trouble to read any of the larger text-books that are in use in our universities.

But some Socialist magazines and papers must have been sent to him of late. There he has caught the phrase "class consciousness." This apparently has scared our friend Teddy badly. Therefore he says in his message "every far-sighted patriot should protest first of all against the growth in this country of the evil called 'class consciousness.'" But he adds, "A class grievance left too long without remedy breeds class consciousness."

Now the greatest grievance that has been left without remedy for a long time in this democratic commonwealth, is the very existence of these classes.

We cannot even preserve our political democracy for any length of time without having an industrial democracy.

Mr. Roosevelt being somewhat of an historian, ought to know what happened to all democracies—from Athens and Rome down to the Italian city republics of the middle ages—because there the men who owned the wealth invariably also owned the political power.

Mr. Roosevelt seems to have an inkling of that. And therefore he says "The powers and scope of the interstate commerce commission and of any similar body such as the bureau of corporations, should be greatly enlarged so as to meet the requirements of the present day."

"The nation alone can act with effectiveness and wisdom; it should have control both of the business and of the agent, for any attempt to separate this control must result in grotesque absurdity." He says the individual state cannot do it.

However, all this means interference with the legitimate rights of property, as they have existed for the last ten thousand years. It means that capitalists and corporations are not to be permitted to do with their "rightful" and "legitimate" property as they please.

It means the abolition of private ownership to no small degree.

Of course I do not say that Roosevelt's remedy is going to help much. Roosevelt's regulation will fail to regulate.

The capitalists and corporations will keep on doing as much damage to the people in general as the property rights still left to them will permit.

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The capitalists and corporations will keep on doing as much damage to the people in general as the property rights still left to them will permit.

The capitalists and corporations will simply have an additional motive to corrupt elections, to get favorable commissions and commissioners appointed, or to buy up the commissioners that are appointed.

So the president's remedy will not help, because it is a half-hearted measure—because it is neither fish nor flesh—because it will simply aggravate the trustocrats and not satisfy the people. But it will tend to accomplish another great thing:

It will greatly aid the class consciousness of both the capitalist and the working people. And since the producers have the great majority in this country it is easy to predict the outcome.

Or to quote an expression of Theodore Roosevelt in this last message: "In a democracy like ours it is idle to expect permanently to thwart the determination of a great body of our citizens."

Victor L. Berger

\$166.37

THE REASON for SOCIALISM

By H. ESELL.

"Always be ready to give an answer to any one who asks your reason for the hope that you cherish." —Epistle of Peter.

Waste by Litigation.

As another illustration of the waste of the uselessly employed, I refer the reader to the great and increasing volume of litigation in our country.

There are in the United States today over 115,000 lawyers. It is estimated that this is ten times the number that would be required in the Cooperative Commonwealth.

The annual cost of maintaining the bar and the bench in the United States is over \$200,000,000, nine-tenths of which is absolutely wasted.

The prosecution of corporations and trusts for the violation of laws, taking of rebates, etc., costs millions. And all this litigation is for the purpose of forcing one class of parasites to give up some of their ill-gotten gains to other classes equally useless, namely the lawyers, and the politicians.

A few years ago everybody was congratulating themselves that at last we had solved the railroad question. Every state was to have one or more railroad commissioners who were to protect the people.

The same may be said of the inspectors. There is today quite a body of them. Every business and trade must be inspected.

As another illustration of the waste of labor by the uselessly employed, take the insurance business of our country—life, fire and other.

I want to forestall objection and adverse criticism on what I shall say on this point by admitting that in many instances insurance has been a great blessing; that it is another example of what can be done, and how effectively we can help each other by collective effort.

Waste by Present Insurance Methods.

his infidelity to his wife leaves her one hundred fifty thousand dollars in life insurance. Upon this sum she and many other idle and useless parasites will feed, but the working class must never forget that in reality it is their blood and toil upon whom they feed.

The latest statistics on life and fire insurance show that in one year the life companies collected in premiums \$540,705,170 and paid in death benefits \$207,318,127, leaving a profit to the companies of \$443,387,043; the fire companies collected in premiums \$238,087,473, and paid in losses \$112,642,821, leaving them a profit of \$125,444,652.

(Continued on page 3.)

PERSONAL HYGIENE AND SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

By Dr. H. L. Nahin.

Editor's Note—Owing to the pressure on our columns during the recent Milwaukee campaign, it was found impossible to run the first installments consecutively.

tain degree, social hygiene can be favored by a thorough knowledge and observation of personal hygiene by the individuals composing it.

Water—To sustain the complicated machinery of the individual he must consume daily a sufficient amount of water.

1. In the food we take there are a number of organic and inorganic substances which cannot be dissolved without a sufficient amount of water.

2. The lungs are unable to perform their proper function of eliminating the poisonous gases.

3. The function of the digestive system is impaired. The individual becomes constipated, in consequence of which all those impurities from the body by the alimentary canal, are arrested there, and are producing deadly poisons, or as it is technically called, auto-intoxication.

4. Lack of water blocks up the human sewage system. The lumen of the tubules and canals of the kidneys and urinary tract become filled with various poisonous acids and salts, and produce many and various diseases, such as Bright's disease, rheumatism, gout, etc.

5: The muscular and nervous system becomes weak, hence the body becomes physically ill and mentally enfeebled.

It will thus be seen the importance of water upon the human system. It is therefore essential to drink between ten and twelve glasses of water daily.

That personal hygiene is largely a social question is undeniably true. The individual is always subjected to social customs and habits; conditioned by the needs and desires of the people; helpless to resist the greed of unscrupulous owners of tenement houses; subservient to soulless corporations and owners of railroads, mines, shops and factories.

On the other hand there are a number of hygienic rules and measures which the individual is fully capable to observe without social assistance. For instance personal cleanliness, proper preparation of food, regularity in taking meals, exercise, and rest, the observance of sanitary principles during sickness, etc., are matters of individual concern.

Restoration to a sound and healthy condition is the result of my method of treating this common and when neglected, dangerous disease. My treatment, or the cure that invariably follows it, surprises and astonishes the patient and his friends. If you cannot call, write me about it.

ORGANIZED LABOR, AND "IMPARTIAL" JUDGES

TRANSPARENT "FRAME-UP" IN IDAHO COURT!

Is Orchard the Murderer to be Officially Saved from Death in Order to Commit Other Murders by Perjury on the Witness Stand at the Behest of the Mine Owners?

By Ben Hanford.

HERE are beautiful and lovable, but child-like spirits in the labor movement who, with admirable courage, but almost inconceivable folly, suffer the belief that William D. Haywood and George A. Pettibone had fair trials before a stern but impartial and disinterested judge.

Orchard, having been convicted of murder in the first degree on his plea of guilty thereto, Idaho's statutes require that he be sentenced to death, which Judge Wood did.

One was that Orchard should not be executed by the state of Idaho because his testimony might be wanted in the courts of Colorado.

A further reason given by the Hon. Judge Wood why the Hon. Harry Orchard should not pay the statute penalty for the honorable murders to which the right honorable gentleman, the prisoner at the bar had made most honorable confession, was that his testimony before the juries which tried Haywood and Pettibone was true.

In a state whose every official was an economic and political enemy, the prosecution, having indicted and charged him with the most infamous crimes, was unable to find enough evidence on which to call Charles H. Moyer to trial.

Neither jury was fair. Neither was disinterested. On each jury were men who declared they were prejudiced against the defendant.

And an unfair and prejudiced jury did not find Pettibone guilty. Nor did either of those juries fail to agree upon a verdict.

Twelve men on Haywood's jury declared him "Not Guilty." Twelve men on Pettibone's jury declared him "Not Guilty."

Now comes Judge Wood, who presided at the trial of each of these men. Judge Wood, who heard the jury in each of these cases declare the defendant "Not Guilty"; that same Mr. Wood who as judge is supposed to be impartial and disinterested—that Hon. Judge Wood, asking mercy for the self-confessed murderer of nearly a score of men, declares to the world that Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone are guilty of all the crimes Orchard charged against them.

The juries that tried Haywood and Pettibone did not require the prosecution to prove their guilt. They were tried by prejudiced juries—juries that required them to prove their innocence.

Mindless of the evidence, regardless of the verdicts, reckless of his judicial position, Hon. Judge Wood, pleading in behalf of Hon. Harry Orchard, declares that Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone, who have been acquitted, are guilty of a long procession of foul and deadly crimes.

Oh, learned judge! Oh, impartial judge! Oh, upright judge! Roosevelt, chief executive of the nation, practically pronounced these men guilty before trial!

McDonald and Gooding, the chief magistrates of two states and eight out of nine justices of the Supreme Court of the United

States, declared that stealing men and taking them from the state of their residence without an opportunity to appeal to the courts was legal and due process of law.

Workingmen of America, what think you of the courts of your masters? What of your chance of justice when you find yourself involved in them?

When a master charged a slave with an offense, the slave had already been found guilty because his master was his judge.

As to the saving of the Hon. Harry Orchard from the gallows, no Socialist will complain. We do not believe in capital punishment, and the life even of an Orchard is sacred.

Workingmen of America, you have to destroy capitalism or capitalism will destroy you.

The New Economy.

Socialism is that contemplated system of industrial society which proposes the abolition of private property in the great material instruments of production and the substitution thereof of collective property and advocates the collective management of production, together with the distribution of social income by society and private property in the larger proportion of this social income.

Professor Ely.

Socialism is a conscious endeavor to substitute organized co-operation for existence in place of the present anarchical competition for existence. It is an attempt to lay the foundation of a real science of sociology which shall enable mankind by thoroughly understanding their past and present to comprehend and thus within limits to control the movement and development of their own society in the near future.

Schlitz The Beverage of Health. Pure beer—Schlitz beer—is the best drink in the world for you. The malt is a food; the hops a tonic. The alcohol—only 3% per cent—is an aid to digestion; a health stimulant.

THE AIMS OF SOCIALISM are set forth in the story entitled HENRY ASHTON BY R. A. DAQUE. In this most delightful romance the program of Socialism is made attractive and explained in language readily understood by the average reader.

ASK FOR EDDELWEISS. SCHOENHOFEN BRAEU SELECT. Schoenhofen Brewing Co. TRY OUR TONIC "EDELWEISS-MALTINE" 448 Barclay Street, Cor. Scott TELEPHONE SOUTH 104

When Ordering Clothing Demand This Label. CUSTOM TAILORS. UNION LABEL. Right Conditions—Free, Satisfactory Shops.

SHOES BEARING THIS STAMP are made by Union Labor and Fair Employers agreeing to arbitrate all differences. Believers in Industrial Peace and Fair Treatment of Labor should ask their shoe dealers for Shoes bearing this Stamp.

WHEN PURCHASING CIGARS SEE THAT THIS LABEL IS ON THE BOX

Union-made Cigars. IT IS A GUARANTEE THAT THE CIGARS ARE NOT MADE BY THE TRUST! Demand This Label On All Packages of Beer, Ale or Porter.

SUFFERERS. From VARIOUS ailments Restoration to a sound and healthy condition is the result of my method of treating this common and when neglected, dangerous disease.

Socialist Vote of the World. 1867 30,000 1877 494,000 1887 931,000 1897 2,585,000 1907 4,515,000 1917 6,285,000 1927 over 7,000,000

Constructive Socialism (BY H. L. NAHIN, M. D.) The author says: "To intelligently understand the subject we must have a clear conception of the principles of Socialism. These are definite and concise. In principle we stand apart from all of the old political parties and are holding in common with any of the other parties."

Social-Democratic Publishing Company. 342-344 SIXTH STREET, MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN. Large Stock of Literature.

GET WISE ON The Constructive Program of Socialism. It has put four hundred Socialists into the national congresses of Europe and over fifty in city councils and the state legislature of Wisconsin alone. This pamphlet tells you just how to do it. The only thing of its kind.

LABOR UNIONS AND POLITICAL PARTIES. "The trade union is that organization of labor which fights for the improvement of the workingman's condition on the field of the present order of government and society... but must carry on workingmen's politics—class struggle politics." —Extract from the book.

TRIED TO SHUT OUT THE COMMON CLASSES

AS SMITH'S "SPIRIT OF AMERICAN GOVERNMENT" SHOWS.

Even Now There Is Very Little Democracy in the Way the Capitalist Paries Choose Their Candidates. The Machine is for the Interests, Not for the Common Critics Who Do the Voting.

The political party is a voluntary association which seeks to enlist a majority of voters under its banner and thereby gain control of the government.

Party government in this sense is the outcome of the efforts of the masses to establish their complete and untrammelled control of the state.

The framers of our Constitution, as shown in previous chapters, took the English government for their model and sought to establish the supremacy of the well-to-do classes. Like the English Conservatives of that time, they deplored the existence of political parties, and consequently made no provision for them in the system which they established.

"Among the numerous advantages promised by a well-constructed union," wrote Madison in defense of the Constitution, "none deserve to be more accurately developed than its tendency to break and control the violence of faction."

"By a faction I understand a number of citizens, whether amounting to a majority or minority of the whole, who are united and actuated by some common impulse of passion, or of interest, adverse to the rights of other citizens, or to the permanent and aggregate interests of the community."

But the most common and durable source of factions has been the various and unequal distribution of property. Those who hold and those who are without property have ever formed distinct interests in society.

Socialism and Trade Unionism

The Two Wings of the Working Class Army

By WINFIELD S. GAYLORD—Just published. One copy, with quantity prices, mailed FREE if you mention the Herald.

Charles W. Kerr & Company

308 East Kinzie Street CHICAGO

ors, and those who are debtors, fall under like discrimination. A landed interest, a manufacturing interest, a mercantile interest, a moneyed interest, with many lesser interests, grow up of necessity in civilized nations, and divide them into different classes actuated by different sentiments and views.

That the ignorance, selfishness and incapacity of the people are the real source of the evils mentioned is diligently inculcated by all those who wish to discredit the theory of popular government. No one knows better than the machine politician and his allies in the great corporate industries of the country how little control the people generally do or can exercise over old parties under our present political arrangements. To disclose this fact to the people generally, however, might arouse a popular movement of such magnitude as to sweep away the constitutional checks which are the source of their power. But as this is the very thing which they wish to prevent, the undercurrent character of the Constitution must be taken for granted; for by so doing the people are made to assume the entire responsibility for the evils which result from the practical operation of the system.

And since the alleged democratic character of our political arrangements is, it is maintained, the real source of the evils complained of, the only effective remedy would be the restriction of the power of the people.

To ensure successful minority rule that "minority must control those agencies to which the people in all free countries are accustomed to look for an authoritative expression of the public will. The party machine can not serve the purpose of those interests which give it financial support and at the same time allow the people to nominate its candidates and formulate its political creed. Nevertheless, the semblance of popular control must be preserved. The outward appearance of the party organization, the external forms which catch the popular eye, must not reveal too clearly the secret methods and cunningly devised arrangements by which an effective control is maintained over the nomination of candidates and the framing of party platforms.

The test of fitness for office is not fidelity to the rank and file of the people who vote the party ticket, but subservience to those interests which dominate the party machine. The choice of candidates is largely made in the secret councils of the ruling majority and the party conventions under color of making a

popular choice of candidacy merely ratify the minority choice already made. Popular elections under such a system do not necessarily mean that the people have any real power of selecting public officials. They merely have the privilege of voting for one or the other of two lists of candidates, neither of which may be in any true sense representative of the people or their interests.

The high regard in which the popular government was held by the masses did not permit any open and avowed attempt to discredit it. The democracy of the people, however, was a matter of faith rather than knowledge, a mere belief in the right of the masses to rule rather than an intelligent appreciation of the political agencies and constitutional forms through which the ends of popular government were to be attained. Unless this is borne in mind, it is impossible to understand how the Constitution, which was regarded at first with distrust, soon came to be revered by the people generally as the very embodiment of democratic doctrines.

In order to bring about this change in the attitude of the people, the Constitution was represented by those who sought to advance it in popular esteem as the embodiment of those principles of popular government to which the Declaration of Independence gave expression. The diligence with which this view of the Constitution was inculcated by those who were in a position to aid in molding public opinion soon secured for it universal acceptance. Even the political parties which professed to stand for majority rule, and which should therefore have sought to enlighten the people, have not only not exposed but actually aided in perpetuating this delusion.

The Democratic party in its platform of 1860 expressed its disapproval of the Income Tax decision of the United States Supreme Court and in both 1866 and 1900 condemned "government by injunction." With these exceptions neither party has ever expressed its disapproval of any exercise of authority by the federal judiciary.

Neither of the great parties has ever taken a stand in favor of an income tax, government ownership of the railroads or the telegraph, or, if we except the declaration in favor of direct election of United States senators in the Democratic platforms of 1900 and 1904, advocated any important change in our system of government.

(Continued from page 2.)

their toil and deprivation, furnish the means for their still further exploitation and robbery, and for maintaining a constantly increasing body of parasites.

The only ray of hope is that all this is waste, it is opposed to the law of economy, and must sooner or later break down with a crash. If when that time comes, the working class has learned enough to step into the breach, organize the insurance business under the Co-operative Commonwealth, subject to the will of all the people, and operated for their mutual protection and benefit all will be well.

Then will be eliminated that vast body of solicitors who waste so much energy trying to sell insurance in order to get money to buy a living, although producing nothing; but by their efforts, with lying and deception thrown in, maintain a body of parasites above them who feed upon their exertions. How much better it will be when the whole crowd is compelled to produce at first hand. There will then be such an abundance, that the needy can be taken care of without a burden on any one.

Then will be saved the immense cost of taking care of the business written, of the waste in constructing needless buildings, and equipping unnecessary offices.

The figures I have quoted from reliable statistics show that insurance under capitalism is a scheme to aid your relatives a very little after death, while its main purpose is to make millionaires and other useless parasites while you live. Under Socialism this evil would be avoided. Then insurance would become mutual in the true sense of the word. It would be reduced to a simple pledge of brotherhood to sustain and care for each other when disabled in the line of duty, or for those who are dependent upon us if we are taken off while they are dependent.

This must be clear to any one who will take the time to study into it. Today, as said before, every insurance policy that is paid must be made good by labor. It is inequality in ability to buy insurance, and the fact that the great majority can not buy any, that makes any policy worth its face. For example, if every person, or every head of a family, was equally able to buy insurance, every such person, and every head of a family would be equally obligated to make good in case of loss, and under Socialism, because all would be able to buy it all would find it to their interest to do so, if offered for sale, because otherwise they would be carrying those who do, and voluntarily refusing its benefits themselves, simply because the necessities of life produced by their labor will be guaranteed the unfortunate, the needy, the dependent. Insurance becomes mutual.

The Insurance Question Illustrated.

A case in point, and one that should make the whole matter clear, is found in the fact that certain musicians are said to insure their fingers or their voices for immense sums. This insurance does not prevent injury or loss. The plan creates the insurance parasites, and furnishes money upon which the musician lives in case of the loss of his faculty. But who produces the living which the money buys? There is only one class who does this—the workers—and for them it would certainly be less expense to provide this for the disabled musician than to provide it for both him and the insurance parasites in addition.

So, I repeat, with the profit idea eliminated, insurance as understood today will cease, but society will mutually protect itself on a larger, grander, and nobler scale than ever before. The plan will be expressed in terms of the Golden Rule rather than in terms of the rule of gold; it will be expressed in the philosophy of the Sermon on the Mount; it will be practiced upon the principle of Socialism—"Each for all, and all for each."

How Useful Labor Divides Up.

But there are those who are ready to ask: Does not the billion spent in advertising, the millions wasted in litigation and otherwise, furnish employment to labor? Yes, to the army of the uselessly employed. They receive a salary or wages for their services, but produce nothing. Neither their money, nor their employer's money produces anything. Only useful labor produces the things upon which we live, and the things we need for our culture, comfort, and pleasure, and whenever such a state of wastefulness exists that the real producers must divide up with the millions of unemployed and uselessly employed, it should not require much brain power to understand why the mass of the people are getting such a small proportion of the good things of life. They are dividing up with too many others who are producing nothing, but they have been deceived all these years because they have been receiving some money for what they parted with. They have not yet learned that money, as used today, is nothing but a bait to catch labor, and until they see the sharp, cruel hook under the bait they will continue to be caught, and they will continue to divide up until their ignorance is turned into knowledge. Then they shall know the truth, and the truth shall make them free.

Are Our Asylums Infernos!

BY A WISCONSIN EX-ATTENDANT.

To the Editor: I venture to write you on this matter because of an article I saw in your fearless paper some weeks ago, with reference to a certain Brown family, where by due process of law, a wife was committed to the insane asylum, the children sent to a dependent home, at which one of them died of scarlet fever, and then the law allowed the bereaved family to come together at home again. And you rightly pointed out the misery and grief that had resulted from this "official benevolence."

I was pleased to read your article, pleased to know that there is at least one real newspaper that dares to question the fee system in cases of personal liberty of citizens. And I am encouraged to think that your paper, if it knew the facts, indisputable and provable facts, regarding the neglect and inhuman treatment of most of the so-called insane patients, who are so unfortunate as to be committed to some of our Wisconsin insane hospitals—would come to the defense of this larger body of victims, also.

In this connection the word hospitals is a wrong one, as they are more prisons than hospitals. Cooped up in sunless, dark, foul-smelling alcoves, without proper exercise, in fact none at all, they are treated worse by the irresponsible, lazy cigarette fiends who are often employed as attendants, than can possibly be imagined.

The State to Blame.

The state of Wisconsin bids for these degenerate attendants by offering a salary that will attract only a class that no farmer would employ on his farm to care for his cattle, and who would be arrested on short order for cruelty to animals if they abused the farmer's hogs as they do these helpless, unfortunate patients in the asylums. The fact is, the worst criminals, murderers, horse thieves, embezzlers and bank wreckers are given more care as to sanitary and hygienic conditions and exercise than are those respected and unfortunate citizens of our state whom we are trying to cure! Many of them are of a grade of mentality far above that of the so-called attendants, who are being waited upon by the patients instead, of the reverse.

Now, Mr. Editor, I conclude there is one paper in our state that is not owned body and soul, by the pow-

(Continued from page 2.)

ers that be. That is not so tied to the political teat of a state printing job or the desire to get a pull at it that it will not dare to criticize the shameful conditions of the asylums as run by the administration and the party in control. It is a shame of Wisconsin that such institutions as our charitable institutions should be dealt out to pay political debts, given to people who are not fit or worthy, simply because they have the pull required, and our infirm citizens have to suffer in consequence of it.

Civil service, if carried out to the letter, would be one of the best safeguards to the state. But as it is, it is a farce and an acknowledged bluff, with no power to stand for anything it professes, except its worthlessness (as I can show by letters personally admitting the same). Now, as to the cruel and inhuman treatment of patients at the Mendota asylum, I know from my experience as attendant in different wards that an excusable, horrible state of affairs exists. The condition of the Illinois institutions, under their mode of conducting them, is no worse, if as bad, as our own, under our state board of control. This is easily demonstrated by the conditions at Mendota.

I have had occasion in my work for the past few years to visit the state and county asylums, as well as other public institutions, in a number of states, west, east and south. I have talked with patients and ex-patients, with attendants and ex-attendants. I have noticed for myself the various conditions. Some years ago I read a booklet, edited by an ex-patient, a Wisconsin lady who was sent to the asylum by some of these alleged fee-chasing doctors, and not given a chance to protect herself or secure a jury trial. After some years she did secure such a trial, and was discharged as sane by the jury. Even then these self-styled alienists sought to convince people that she was not sane. But her daily life for the past several years only gives out one more proof of the ridiculousness of the claims to infallibility and humanity put forth by these big alienists.

For what do we see in every case where the sanity of some person is in question, but that these alienists, so-called specialists, give opinions against each other, (for big pay). What a farce. I read the booklet of this expatient I have spoken of, and everybody should read it. It is entitled "Wisconsin's Shame." I read her terrible charges of abuse by attendants at Mendota, and I decided to prove to my own satisfaction as to whether such things were possible, in this day and age, in the state of Wisconsin. I could not believe that humans could be so inhuman to their fellow creatures.

I passed the civil service examination, secured a position as an attendant, and I am now prepared to prove, by dates and other particulars, that the conditions there are worse than her book described. For she saw it only from the standpoint of a patient, while I saw it generally and on the inside in all its developments and horrors. And if ever a book was given a proper title, it is this one, written by the Wisconsin ex-patient. So I am prepared to furnish you material and the facts, and provable facts. There are other facts as bad as those that I can prove, but I will pass them by.

The people who have friends in these institutions, supposing they are properly and tenderly cared for, ought to know these facts. The tax payers of this state who are paying for the care of these more sick than insane people, ought to know how their intentions go amiss, frustrated because they give the care of our insane into the hands of political plum-distributors.

AN EX-ATTENDANT.

Wisconsin.

If you are looking for printing of the better sort—the kind that attracts attention and brings business, you will ask us to give you figures. We strive to please. The Co-operative Printery, 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee.

THE BONDS ARE READY FOR DELIVERY PURCHASE SOME AT ONCE

The annual report of the Milwaukee Social-Democratic Publishing Co. for the year ending Dec. 31, 1907, has just been mailed.

Like all previous reports, it marks still further progress. It shows the largest regular receipts in the history of our institution.

During the year a cylinder press, power paper cutter and much other equipment has been installed. This makes the inventory the largest on record. The assets are also the biggest.

Much of the time and energy in 1907 was spent in disposing of our bonds, and in installing new equipment. The bonds are not all sold yet, and so we still pay six and seven per cent on some notes, which ought to be retired at once.

Several of them are due in the very near future and must be paid. Therefore, if you have been reckoning on some of these bonds kindly purchase them now. Then you will enable us to take care of this indebtedness.

Owing to the fact that \$4,725 of bonds remain unsold, little can be done toward acting on the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted at the special meeting of stockholders held April 4, 1907:

WHEREAS, The time is fast approaching—indeed, some argue it is here now—when the Social-Democratic party of Milwaukee and Wisconsin, if it desires to achieve greater results and make further progress, must be represented by an English daily newspaper, and

WHEREAS, The Milwaukee Social-Democratic Publishing Company, by reason of its now publishing a weekly newspaper, and by reason of its possession of considerable equipment which could be used for a daily newspaper, and which is owned and controlled by the Social-Democratic party and individual Socialists, is best qualified for publishing such a daily newspaper; and

WHEREAS, Even if the Social-Democratic Herald continues to be issued weekly, its growth and the enlargement of its job department alone may make it imperative to engage larger quarters even before the present lease expires; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, That we the stockholders of the Milwaukee Social-Democratic Publishing Company, at a special meeting, held April 4, 1907, hereby authorize, direct and empower the board of directors of the Milwaukee Social-Democratic Publishing Company to enter into a contract whereby the Milwaukee Social-Democratic Publishing Company shall secure, in consideration of a long term lease for suitable quarters at a reasonable rental, and the payment of legitimate expenses of the promotion of a realty stock company, the privilege of sharing equally with the stockholders of the said proposed realty stock company in all profits after six per cent has been paid annually on the stock of the said proposed realty company.

Just as quick as the opportunity presents itself, Social-Democrats, union men, the Social-Democratic party and the Unions will be asked to provide the movement with a suitable home.

Until such time, however, as the entire issue of \$12,000 of bonds is sold and paid for, little can be accomplishing toward securing this object.

Yet this is the next big thing we are bound to tackle. Our plant is constantly growing. The party is bound to use more and more office room. Even with the increase in floor space of last June, there is now none to spare. And, sooner or later, we shall be obliged to issue a daily newspaper. With such conditions, the quicker we get into a building especially planned for our use, and sufficiently large to enable us to expand, the better for the movement.

The bonds are now ready for delivery. Then why not take one or more of the remaining bonds at once? What are you going to do in this triumphant march of progress? Are you going to lag behind, or are you going to get in the front ranks? Fill in the attached subscription blank and return right away, before it escapes your mind.

MILWAUKEE SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC PUBLISHING CO., H. W. Bistorius, Bus. Mgr.

SUBSCRIPTION FOR BONDS.

I, the undersigned, hereby subscribe and agree to pay for \$50.00 (or \$25.00) bonds of the Milwaukee Social-Democratic Publishing Company, issued by said company to the Citizens Trust Company of Milwaukee, Wis., as trustee.

Said bonds are secured by a first mortgage on the goods, property and chattels of said company, more particularly described in the mortgage executed June 1, 1907, and filed June 29, 1907.

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County..... State.....

Endorsements of R. A. Dague's Pamphlet, "What Is Socialism? What Is Capitalism?"

Hon. D. W. Higbee, attorney-at-law, Creston, Iowa, writes: "I am not a Socialist, but I think your pamphlet, 'What Is Socialism? What Is Capitalism?' is probably as strong a statement of Socialist doctrines as can be made."

Rev. Edward J. Ward, of the board of education of Rochester, N. Y., writes: "Your pamphlet 'What Is Socialism? What Is Capitalism?' is just what we need. Please send me \$2 worth of them."

The Seattle Tribune says: "This is a most useful pamphlet, which will thoroughly dissipate misconceptions that Socialism is an irrelevant movement."

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SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC PUBLISHING COMPANY, 344 Sixth St., MILWAUKEE

Social-Democratic Herald PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY BY THE MILWAUKEE SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC PUBLISHING COMPANY 344 Sixth Street Milwaukee, Wis.

FOR OUR NEW READERS: THIS COUNTRY is made up principally of working people, both industrial and agricultural, but it is ruled by the capitalist class, which is numerically a very small fraction of the population.

Program of International Social-Democracy: 1. Collective ownership of all industries in the hands of trusts and combines, and of all public utilities. 2. The democratic management of such collective industries and utilities.

Recent Herald callers: Irwin C. Zitt, Bellevue, Ky.; W. Scott, Newport, Ky.; David J. Sopos, Madison, Wis.; Guy E. Miller, Montrose, Colo.

The election returns from the country, while they show Socialist gains, also continue to show a failure on the part of organized Socialists in many places, to measure up to their marvelous opportunities.

And they will not get the confidence of such people until they drop a lot of their phrase-mongering and sectarian dogmatism and get down to constructive principles and constructive work.

The Evening Call will be the title of the new New York Socialist daily. It was intended to start with the first of May, but notice has been given that some preliminaries have yet to be arranged and that there may be a delay of a week or so.

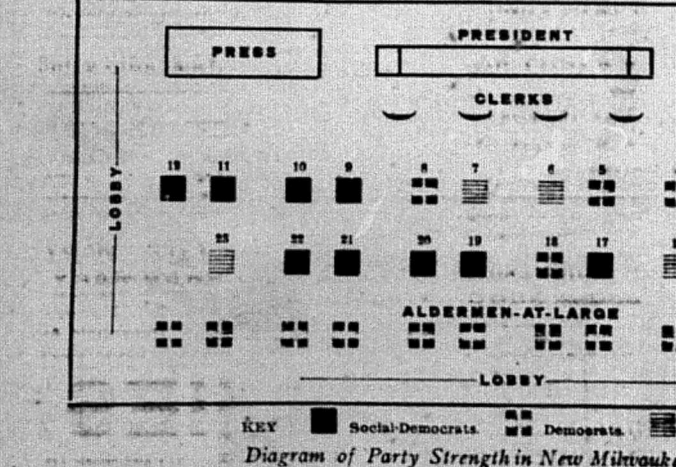


Diagram of Party Strength in New Milwaukee Council. An error crept into the above diagram of the new Milwaukee city council as run in the national edition last week, hence it is republished in corrected form. Ed. HERALD.

Milwaukee Institute A MODERN Fully Equipped Institution FOR THE Successful Treatment of Acute and Chronic Disease OF BOTH SEXES. TERMS VERY MODERATE.

(Continued from page 4.)

enue, thereby giving the citizens of that northwest district a car service which they are justly entitled to and for which they have been clamoring in the past, and.

WHEREAS, The committee on railroads to whom this resolution was referred, acted favorably on the same and recommended its passage, and.

WHEREAS, Said resolution was duly passed by the Common Council of Milwaukee, February 4, 1907, and.

WHEREAS, The Milwaukee Electric Railway and Light company did not see fit to comply with such resolution and therefore it became necessary to introduce another resolution asking that the City Attorney be directed to forthwith proceed to institute mandamus proceedings against the said Milwaukee Electric Railway and Light Company to run its so-called State Street and North Avenue cars to Western Avenue and North Avenue, as requested in the resolution adopted by the Common Council under date of February 4, 1907, and.

WHEREAS, Such resolution was introduced on March 2, 1908 and adopted under suspension of the rules, and.

WHEREAS, The City Attorney of Milwaukee has up to this time not seen fit to comply with said resolution, passed March 2, 1908, and.

WHEREAS, Section three of an ordinance authorizing the Milwaukee Electric Railway and Light Company to construct, maintain and operate street railways in the city of Milwaukee, passed in 1900, provides the following: All rights reserved or secured to said city by and under all ordinances now in force or the laws of Wisconsin relating to regulating the speed and headway of cars, the time that cars shall be operated each day, laying the tracks, stringing of wires, and the use and operation of all cars and tracks and everything connected with the exercise of the rights hereby or hereunto granted to said railway company and its predecessors, are hereby reserved to said city, the same as though this ordinance had not been passed and the same shall extend and apply to all franchises hereby granted except as hereunder otherwise expressly provided, and.

RESOLVED, That the City Attorney is hereby directed to report to this Common Council within 30 days, his reason or reasons why he does not comply with said resolution passed March 2, 1908.

By Ald. Strehlow: WHEREAS, The people of the Twentieth ward, by reason of the large extent of territory embraced in it, are badly served by the street car lines as they at present exist; large districts in the ward being at great distances from such service so necessary to modern city life, therefore.

from the east terminus of the Center street tracks at Center and Eighth, east on Center to Humboldt avenue, and north on Humboldt avenue to Locust street, thence east on Locust and across Folsom place bridge, and thence north to Lake Park over Folsom place—the proposed line of part of Center, and Humboldt avenue to take the place of the right of way already owned by the said company on Locust west of Humboldt, and objected to because of the narrowness of Locust street.

The County Board, organized last Tuesday, the Social-Democratic members of the new board comprise Frank Bonness of the Ninth district, George Mensing of the Tenth, James Sheehan of the Eleventh, George Moerschel of the Twelfth, Arthur Urbank of the Fifteenth, and Charles E. Jeske of the Sixteenth. The new county board consists of six Social-Democrats, six Democrats and four Republicans. The Republicans went into a deal with their political half-brothers, the Democrats, in order to elect the chairman and vice-chairman—a Republican, Frederick Fischer, getting the first and a Democrat, Fischer, getting the second. The committees announced by the new chairman are as follows:

Treasury and Taxes, Fisher, Bell and McCarthy; Public Buildings and Grounds, Saxon, Woehner and Jansen; Laws, Legislation and Rules, McCarthy, Mensing and Fisher; Contracts and Bonds, Moerschel, Oleniczak and Waligorski; Institutions for the County Poor and Inmate, Waligorski, Rock and Sheehan; House of Correction, Woehner, Saxon and Oleniczak; Sheriff's and Coroner's Accounts, Oleniczak, McCarthy and Rock; Justices and Constables' Accounts, Mensing, Moerschel and Bonness; Register of Deeds, County Clerk and County Surveyor, Jansen, Jeske and Saxon; Courts, Sheehan, Bonness and Jeske; Penal and Charitable Institutions, Jeske, Sheehan and Bell; Printing and Stationery, Rock, Jansen and Waligorski; Highways, Bridges and Railroads, Bell, Fisher and McCarthy; Plats and Burial of Deceased Former Union Soldiers, Sailors or Marines, Bonness, Urbank and Moerschel; County Superintendent of Schools, Accounts, Urbank, Mensing and Woehner.

A strange thing about the committee assignments is that the Social-Democrats were left off of some entirely, while others were made up entirely of Social-Democrats.

PRINCIPLES OF SOCIAL-DEMOCRACY.

The Principles of International Collectivism as set forth in the National Platform, adopted at Chicago, May 8, 1904.

We, the Socialist party, in convention assembled, make our appeal to the American people as the defender and preserver of the idea of liberty and self-government in which the nation was born; as the only political movement standing for the program and principles by which the liberty of the individual may become a fact; as the only political organization that is democratic, and that has for its purpose the democratization of the whole society.

To this idea of liberty the Republican and Democratic parties are alike false. They alike struggle for power to maintain and preserve the existing system which can be preserved only by the complete overthrow of such liberties as we already have, and by the still further enslavement and degradation of labor.

Our American institutions came into the world in the name of freedom. They have been seized upon by the capitalist class as the means of rooting out the idea of freedom from among the people. Our state and national legislatures have become the mere agents of great propertied interests. These interests control the appointments and decisions of the judges and our courts. They have come into what is practically a private ownership of all the functions and forces of government. They are using these to betray and conquer foreign and weaker people in order to establish new markets for the surplus goods which the people make, but are too poor to buy. They are gradually so invading and restricting the right of suffrage as to take away the right of the worker to a vote or voice in public affairs. By enacting new and misinterpreting old laws, they are preparing to attack the liberty of the individual even to speak or think for himself or for the common good.

By controlling all the sources of social revenue, the possessing class is able to silence what might be the voice of protest against the passing of liberty and the coming of tyranny. It completely controls the university, the public school, the pulpit and the press, the arts and literatures. By making these economically dependent upon itself, it has brought all the forms of public teaching into servile submission to its own interests.

As an American Social-Democratic party, we pledge our fidelity to the principles of the International Social-Democracy as embodied in the united thought and action of the Social-Democrats of all nations. In the industrial development already accomplished, the interests of the world workers are separated by no national boundaries. The condition of the most exploited and oppressed workers in the most remote places of the earth inevitably tends to drag down all the workers of the world to the same level. The tendency of the competitive wage system is to make labor's lowest condition the measure or rule of its universal condition. Industry and finance are no longer national, but international, both in organization and results. The chief significance of national boundaries and of the so-called patriotism which the ruling class of each nation is seeking to revive, is the power which these give to capitalists to keep the workers of the world from uniting, and to throw them against each other in the struggle of contending capitalists for the control of the world's unemployed markets of the world, or the remaining sources of profit.

The Social-Democratic movement, therefore, is a world movement. It knows of no conflicts of interest between the workers of one nation and the workers of another. It stands for the freedom of the workers of all nations; and, in so standing, it makes for the full freedom of all humanity.

The Social-Democratic movement owes its birth and growth to that economic development of world-process which is rapidly separating a working producing class from a possessing or capitalist class, a class that produces nothing possesses labor's fruits, and the opportunities and enjoyment these fruits afford, while the class that does the world's real work has increasing economic uncertainty, and physical and intellectual misery, as its portion.

The fact that the classes have not yet become fully conscious of this distinction from each other, the fact that the lines of division and interest may not yet be clearly drawn, does not change the fact of the class conflict.

This class struggle is due to the private ownership of the means of production, or the tool of production. Wherever and whenever man owned his own land and tools, and by them produced only the things which he used, economic independence was possible. But production, or the making of goods, has long since ceased to be individual. The laborer scores or even thousands, enter into almost every article produced. Production is now social or collective. Practically everything is made or done by many men—sometimes separated by seas and continents—working together for the same end. But this cooperation in production is not for the direct use of the things made by the workers who make them, but for the profit of the owners of the tools and means of production; and to this is due the present division of society into two distinct classes; and from it has sprung all the miseries, inharmonies and contradictions of our civilization.

Between these two classes there can be no possible compromise or understanding, any more than there can be peace in the midst of war, or light in the midst of darkness. A society based upon this class division carries in itself the seeds of its own destruction. Such a society is founded on fundamental injustice. There can be no possible basis for social peace, for individual freedom, for mental harmony, except in the conscious and complete triumph of the working class as the only class that has the right or power to be.

The Social-Democratic program is not a theory imposed upon society for its acceptance or rejection. It is but the interpretation of what is, sooner or later, inevitable. Capitalism is already struggling to its destruction. It is no longer competent to organize or administer the work of the world, or to preserve itself. The captives of industry are appalled at their own inability to control or direct the rapidly socializing forces of industry. The so-called trust is but a sign and form of this developing socialization of the world's work. The universal increase of the uncertainty of employment, the universal capitalist determination to break down the unity of labor in the trades unions, the widespread apprehensions of impending change, reveal that the constitutions of capitalist society are passing under the power of inhering forces that will soon destroy them.

Into the midst of this strain and crises of civilization, the Social-Democratic movement comes as the only saving or conservative force. If the world is to be saved from chaos, from universal disorder and misery, it must be by the union of the workers of all nations in the Social-Democratic movement. The Social-Democratic party comes with the only proposition or program for intelligently and deliberately organizing the nation for the common good of all its citizens. It is the first time that the mind of man has ever been directed toward the conscious organization of society.

Social-Democracy means that all those things upon which the people in common depend shall be by the people in common be owned and administered. It means that the tools of employment shall belong to their creators and users; that all production shall be for the direct use of the producers; that the making of goods for profit shall come to an end; that we shall all be workers together, and that opportunities shall be open and equal to all men.

To that end that the workers may seize every possible advantage that may strengthen them to gain complete control of the powers of government and thereby the sooner establish the cooperative commonwealth, the Social-Democratic party pledges itself to watch and work in both the economic and political struggle for each successive immediate interest of the working class, for shortened days of labor and increases of wages; for the insurance of the workers against accidents, sickness and lack of employment; for pensions for aged and exhausted workers; for the public ownership of the means of transportation, communication and exchange; for the graduated taxation of income, inheritance, and of franchise and land values, the proceeds to be applied to the public employment and bettering the conditions of the workers, children and their freedom from the workshop; for the equal suffrage of men and women; for the prevention of the use of the military against strikes; for the free administration of justice; for

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TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION. National Edition, 4 pages—One year, 50 cents; six months, 25 cents. Wisconsin Edition (including Milwaukee) 8 pages—One year, \$1.00; six months, 50 cents.

popular government, including initiative, referendum, proportional representation, and the recall of officers by their constituents; and for every gain or advantage for the workers that may be wrested from the capitalist system, and that may relieve the suffering and strengthen the hands of labor. We lay upon every man elected to any executive or legislative office the first duty of striving to procure whatever is for the workers' most immediate interest, and for whatever will lessen the economic and political powers of the capitalist and increase the like powers of the workers.

The Cleanest Beer! Pabst Blue Ribbon Beer is cleanest because it is not fermented in open vats, but in special Pabst hermetically sealed tanks into which no air except pure, filtered air ever enters.

Globe Hotel Wisconsin and Cass Sts.—Milwaukee One block from North Wisconsin depot. Entirely renovated—All modern conveniences—Reasonable rates. No bar day and up.

The Social-Democratic Herald FREDERIC HEATH, Editor We take pleasure in announcing the eleventh volume of the SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD. The HERALD has already challenged the attention of the capitalist papers of the country, and it has the respect of all Socialists who believe in a non-jingoish movement and a press built up by clean methods.

ANNOUNCEMENT EXTRAORDINARY! Arrangements have just been made by which the SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD will print from week to week during the coming year short stories and articles from a group of the finest magazine writers in America today.

Some Special Features of the New Volume "Deadly Capitalism in the Cuban War" will be the title of several articles by Henry A. Lewis of the Polish Socialist paper, Daicunick Lidu. "Socialism and Hygiene." Under this head Dr. H. L. Nahin will contribute a series of helpful papers on the subject of bodily health for workers.

Federated Trades Council of Milwaukee

HEADQUARTERS—310 STATE STREET
TELEPHONE—GRAND 1742
Meets Every First and Third Wednesday (8 P. M.) at
Freie Gemeinde Hall, Fourth St., Bet. Cedar and State

OFFICERS:
Corresponding Secretary—JOHN REICHERT, 318 State St.
Recording Secretary—FREDERIC HEATH, 34 Sixth St.
Treasurer—HENRY HOPPE, 209 Chambers St.

L. T. U. PROGRESS.
The following table speaks volumes
in the development of the L. T. U.:

Increase in the seven years
of President Lynch's in-
cumbency13,000
In 1869, according to the records
it will be observed, the mem-
bership of the typographical union was
7,503; in 1879 it was 5,968.

Mineral Waters
Soda Water
Weiss Beer
Special Attention Given to Picnic
and Society Orders

UNION HAT CO.
THE BEST
\$2 Two and Three
Dollar Hats \$3
All Union Made
224 GRAND AVE.

Huobschen's
Studio
Pictures Enlarged and Frames
Made to Order

R. J. SCHOTT
1210 WALNUT ST.
Fashionable Tailor

REINHARD
To SEE WELL
CONSULT
ARTIFICIAL EYES
206 GRAND AVE.

GLASSES
C.W. NEBEL
317 W. WALNUT ST.

Organized Labor

RESOLUTIONS ON TRADE UNIONS
Passed by last National Socialist
Convention.
The trade and labor union move-
ment is a natural result of the capi-
talist system of production and it
is necessary to resist the encroach-
ments of capitalism. It is a weapon
to protect the class interests of la-
bor under the capitalistic system.

NOTICE
Farmer's Equity mass meeting at
Town Hall, Grandville, Sunday, May
10. Speakers, Frank J. Weber, F.
E. Neumann, Milwaukee.

The Great Theodore.
Roosevelt delivered a sermon a
few days ago, before a body of wo-
men called "The National Mothers'
Congress." He spoke in substance
as follows: "I receive visits from
many leagues here in the White
House; many good men and wo-
men who are endeavoring to do all
in their power to improve the so-
cial conditions; but there are none
of those that I receive with more
pleasure than the 'National
Mothers.' This is the only congrega-
tion that I place even higher than
the veterans from the civil war,
because, after all, the mother, and
the mother alone, is a better citizen
than the soldier who fights for his
country. Nothing in this world that
is worth possessing, is obtained without work. And nothing affords such an ample reward
as that which devolves on the moth-
er at the expense of her abnegation,
her long and patient struggle in
raising her children in the proper
way. If the common woman is not
a good mother; if she does not give
birth to a sufficient number of chil-
dren, so the race can increase and
not decrease; if she does not raise
her offspring so they may become
healthy, both physically and men-
tally—if the average woman fails
to do all this, then no genius, how-
ever gorgeous he may be, no mat-
erial welfare, no scientific tri-
umph, can save the race "from ruin
and death."

Neither political nor other differ-
ences of opinion justify the division
of the forces of labor in the in-
dustrial movement. The interests
of the working class make it imper-
ative that the labor organizations
equip their members for the great
work of the abolition of wage
slavery by educating them in So-
cialist principles.

Union Barber Shops
UP TO DATE.
The following is a list of Union
Barber Shops.—See that your shop is
on the list; or look up another.

West Side.
Austermann, A., 559 3rd st. c. Walnut.
Bartlein, Henry, 48th and State.
Beisner, J. C., 672 7th st.
Benz, George, 1175 11th st.
Betzhold Chas., 488 11th st.
Breitwisch, F. C., 1107 21st St.
Bretzmann, Ben., 2421 Walnut.
Brunzel, J., 724 Third St.
Dietmann, Albert, 11th and Chestnut.
Dickstein, J. S., 48 11th st.
Ebert, J., 2322 Clybourn st.
Engel, Max, 1920 Cherry st.
Fabry, J., 73 13th st.
Felsecker, J. P., 1422 Walnut st.
Franz, Chas., 328 Chestnut.
Frey, Adam, 1330 Cherry.
Hammer, E. C., 141 North av.
Hanschke, Albert, 2452 North av.
Hayden, J., 279 27th st.
Hilse, Chas., 503 Chestnut st.
Holzapfel, G., 401 3rd st.
Holschauer, Peter, 1011 Winnepago.
Ho-schauer, L. A. Union Depot Barber
Shop.
Huber, Hans, 470 11th st.
Jansen, Otto, 470 Chestnut St.
Kammiller, A. G., 273 4th St.
Kastner, Louis, 2627 Walnut.
Kaufmann, Adam, 609 Chestnut
Klingler, D., 1920 Chambers St.
Lange & Wells, 28 13th st.
Mantz, H. C., 483 Lloyd st.
O'Haire, Geo., 7, 501 12th St.
Petri, Richard, 2711 Sycamore st.
Polaski, J., 024 35th st.
Pruessing, G., 345 Third st.
Reipke, Val., 1531 Cherry st.
Rietz, A. E., 1320 State.
Rudel, W., Fortieth and Grand Av.
Schirer, Herman, 1203 Chestnut.
Schmidt, John, 1308 Cherry.
Schmiedel, E., 1755 Walnut.
Schoenecker, F. C., 1215 Vliet.
Sery, J., 2816 Clybourn st.
Sprink, J., 1441 Fond du Lac av.
Urusu, G., 607 Grand Av.
Urban, George, 2906 Lisbon av.
Wellhausen, J. C., 443 3rd st.
Wengatz, R. T., 1510 North av.
Weisbrodt, Frank, 2131 State st.
Wingatz, R., 1510 North Av.
Wittberg, F., 4545 Grand av.
Wolf, W., 707 7th St.
Zeidler, M. W., 89 16th st.

East Side.
Borghoe, A., 637 1/2 E. Water st.
Curtis, R. A., 205 Wisconsin st.
Grosche, F., 573 East Water st.
Heilmann, Chas. P., 86 Masor

WISCONSIN STATE FEDERATION OF LABOR OFFICIAL DEPARTMENT

UNFAIR, WAS IT?
The United States Supreme Court has con-
strued the Sherman Anti-Trust Law as includ-
ing LABOR UNIONS. Complying with the
terms of the decision, the "Unfair List" here
before appearing here has been removed.
IT'S UP TO YOU!
WAGE ERODES
Wake Up!
Join the union of your
craft and the party of
your class: always
demand the UNION
LABEL and SHOP-
CARD, and cast your
BALLOTS for emu-
cipation from wage
slavery.

GENERAL OFFICERS
FRANK J. WEBER, General Organizer,
318 State St., Milwaukee, Wis.
FRED K. BROCKHAUSEN, Sec'y-Treas.,
553 Orchard St., Milwaukee, Wis.
EXECUTIVE BOARD
J. J. HANDLEY, 806 National Ave., Mil-
waukee, Wis.
JAMES SHEEHAN, 548 Fifth Ave., Mil-
waukee, Wis.
WM. KAUFMAN, 30 N. W. Main St., Ken-
osha, Wis.
WM. ALBRECHT, 235 W. Dayton St.
Madison, Wis.
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The Mueller Fuel and Supply Co.
COAL
COKE and WOOD
BUILDING SUPPLIES
ALL ORDERS DELIVERED BY UNION TEAMSTERS

ALWAYS DEMAND
Union Labeled Bread
LIST OF UNION BAKERS
Bergler, H., 3001 Wright St.
Eich, John, 30th and Vliet Sts.
Endish, Joseph, 12th and Sherman Sts.
Ertle, G., 514 14th St.
Feyh, Wm., 2603 Lisbon Ave.
Fleischer, Alvin, 922 5th St.
Goller, George, 2725 North Av.
Graeven, Louis, 367 National Ave.
Grattenthaler, George, 463 12th St.
Hach, Caspar, 927 Kinickinnick Ave.
Hackbart, O. E., 372 Lincoln Ave.
Henninger, Robt., 692 25th St.
Herschkwitz, Louis, 451 1/2 Sixth St.
Hertzberg, Ed., 2812 Lisbon Ave.
Hunger, J. Mrs., 558 Greenfield Ave.
Holl, Albert, 607 State St.
Kauter, David, 700 Forest Home Av.
Kunz, George, 672 Third St.
Lemberger, Jos., 680 79th St.
Lindner, Emil, 2102 Cherry St.
Luenburg, Wm., 685 Pearl St.
Maurer, Lor., 486 Maple St.
Mews, Chas., 1630 Galena St.
Oswald, William, 1201 Chestnut St.
Ott, Martin, 1207 Cherry St.
Wm. Radtke, 1124 Lincoln Ave.
Scheidecker, Louis, 506 6th Ave.
Scheidecker, Ernst, 1429 9th St.
Schink, Fred, 291 Lake St.
Schlathian, Karl, 1161 Sixth St.
Sichling, Fred, 241 4th St.
Skerbek, Aug., West Alifia.
Tretting, Ernest, 1402 Wright St.
Weingart, Fred, 1140 11th St.
Weiser, Julius, 617 3d St.
Wendler, Aug., 698 Mitchell St.
Wilde, A., 776 15th St.
Baumgartner, Adolph., Hartford, Wis.

DR. T. F. MATHEWS
DENTIST
(formerly with Dr. W. C. Young)
IS NOW LOCATED IN THE
Merrill Building, 211 Grand Avenue
AND IMPROVED SOLUTIONS
YOUR PATRONAGE.
HOURS—9 A.M. to 5 P.M. Tuesdays,
Thursdays and Saturdays until 8 P.M.
Sundays, 10 to 12. TELEPHONE BRAD 2286

A MARKER
GREEN BAY AVE
MENS
FINISHING
FOR YOUR GLASSES, GO TO
DR. S. R. ROSENBERG
EXPERT OPTICIAN
ROOM 217, REIK BLK., 302 GROVE ST.
FRED W. BRETSCH
UPHOLSTERER
AND CARPET LAYER
198 LEE STREET—Corner Wall
Telephone Connection Milwaukee, Wis.

Ferdinand Wolter
UNDERTAKER
Office and Residence, 1093 WALTON STREET
Telephone North 1912
Theo. Biedermann
PHARMACIST
124 BURLINGHAME STREET 124
MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN

FRED W. WEDIG
FUNERAL
DIRECTOR
MILWAUKEE
1013 Third St.
NONE BUT
UNION DRIVERS
EMPLOYED
539 Market St.
PHONE Main 2728
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT
Carriages Are All New and
Repaired in Cold Weather.

SAM R. MILLER'S
LIVERY
FINE-CLASS CARRIAGES
FOR FUNERALS.... \$3
CARRIAGES FOR
WEDDINGS \$3
Strictly HONEST PRICES
NONE BUT GOOD AND
RELIABLE WORK
WATCH REPAIRING
THEO. SCHELLE, 316 West Water St.
MILWAUKEE

Wm Gerhard 907 THIRD STREET

L. Sachs

ADVERTISE SMALL WHY

SHOES UNION MADE E. SAUDER

JOHN LUELL

HERMAN BUECH

Anton Weiss PHARMACY

MIES UNION TAILOR

Doctor B.P. CHURCHILL

H. F. STEINERT DRUGGIST

R. Jeske & Bro. The Tinners

EVERT VOTH UNDERTAKER

E. BACHMANN

WHEN YOU NEED TOOLS OF ANY KIND SEE OUR COMPLETE LINE OF DIAMOND-EDGE TOOLS

GUARANTEED AS LONG AS THE TRADE-MARK IS VISIBLE

ALWAYS ASK US A FAIR TRIAL

TOOLS FOR
Molders
Machinists
Carpenters
AND
Masons

GAS RANGES FROM \$15.00 UPWARD

CONNECTION FREE

PHONE GRAND 236

KOWALSKY-EHLERT HARDWARE CO.
605-607 GRAND AVENUE

Milwaukee County Notes.
Edmund T. Melms, Organizer.

The Italian branches which have recently been organized in the Third and Seventeenth wards respectively, have arranged for a large open-air meeting next Sunday afternoon, May 3, at the corner of Milwaukee and Detroit streets, and they expressly urge all the comrades and sympathizers of the English speaking ward branches to attend and make this first meeting a grand success. We were unable to secure a hall in the Third ward, due to the fact that there are no halls in that vicinity, therefore, it has become absolutely necessary to have this meeting in the open air. Amongst some of the men who are going to address the audience will be Diadora De Bella, in Italian, and Comrades Louis Arnold and Thomas Feeley, who will speak in English. Remember the date and the place, May 3, Milwaukee and Detroit streets.

The South Side-Young People's Social-Democratic club has arranged for a grand basket picnic to be held on Sunday, June 7, at Frank Heim's grove, corner Thirtieth and Lincoln avenue.

The Eighth ward branch hereby want to beg leave to announce that their picnic will take place at Heim's grove, Sunday, Aug. 2.

Report of Concert Held by the United Socialist Singing Societies, Armory Hall, April 12:

RECEIPTS.

Bar No. 1 \$143.60
Bar No. 2 28.75
Ticket office 28.45

\$200.80

EXPENDITURES.

Hall rent \$45.00
Bartenders 12.00

AUCTION?

NO! NO! It's merely a fresh notion of the "ad" printer, who wants to tell you that he has his clothes built in a tailor shop where he is sure he takes no chance of getting a good thing at its real worth—where all prices are plainly marked—where union membership of high-class makes every garment a triumph

WALTER P. STROESSER
Reliable Tailor 316 State Street

THE TAX ASSESSOR

will not increase your assessment if you wear good GOOD SHOES. Good shoes are not a luxury—they're a necessity to every man, woman and child in the world. We make it our business to supply good FOOTWEAR to the people of this city.

THE AMERICAN SHOE STORE
575-877 MITCHELL STREET

Shoes and Oxfords

THE NEWEST STYLES BLACKS AND TANS

George A. Schick
CORNER OF GRAND AV. AND 3d ST.

Music

John Graf, soft drinks	71.00
Beer	5.15
Suppers	22.75
Towels	2.75
Glasses	1.84
Gas, carbonated	1.00
Matches	1.00
Costumes, wigs, etc	1.70
Printing	9.75
Liquors	9.95
Cigars to Buche	4.50
Cigars to Bestian	12.72
Adv. in German paper	2.00

Total expenditures \$203.41
Receipts \$200.80

Deficit \$2.61

Tickets paid by Branches.

Sixth Ward Branch	\$ 1.50
Nineteenth Ward	2.50
Sixteenth Ward	1.50
Twentieth Ward	2.50
Third Ward	2.50
East Side Women's	2.00
West Side Women's	1.00
Town of Milwaukee	1.00

Total \$12.50
Deficit \$2.61

Branch Meetings.

Tenth ward meets Monday, May 4, at Spangenberg hall, corner Twelfth and North avenue.
Fifteenth ward branch meets Tuesday, May 5, at 1601 Vliet street.
Town of Wauwatosa branch No. 1, meets Tuesday, May 5, at Ranz residence, Forty-eighth and State streets.
Fifth ward branch meets Thursday, May 7, at 382 Washington street.
Ninth ward branch meets Thursday, May 7, at 469 Eleventh street.
Town of Greenfield branch meets Thursday, May 7, at H. Stark's hall, 1116 Lapham street.
The consolidated Third, Fourth and Seventh ward branches meet Friday, May 8, at 334 Sixth street.
Eighth ward branch meets Friday, May 8, at S. S. Turner hall, National avenue between Second and Third streets.
Eleventh ward branch meets Friday, May 8, at Sialoff hall, corner Mitchell and Muskego avenue.
Thirteenth ward branch meets Friday, May 8, at Schmidt's hall, corner Third and Wright streets.
Fourteenth ward branch meets Friday, May 8, at Waldoch's hall, 777 Seventh avenue.
Eighteenth ward branch meets Friday, May 8, at 490 Cramer street, corner Greenwich street.
Twentieth ward branch meets Friday, May 8, at Harrmann's hall, corner Teutonia avenue and Clarke street.
Twenty-third ward branch meets Friday, May 8, at Zimmermann's hall, corner Fifteenth and Greenfield avenue.

Carnival Ticket Receipts.

Previously reported	\$1,348.45
Herman Wilke	1.50
Fred Tesch	1.50
E. Schultz	1.00
A. Steinbach	.50
A. Boehm	1.00
John Miller	1.50
G. Behrmann	.50

\$1,355.95

Picnic Ticket Receipts.

Previously reported	\$1,014.60
Robert Seidel	1.00
Ernst Schultz	.10

\$1,015.70

KLEIST, BENDER & LEFEBVRE, LAWYERS

have removed their offices from Wells Building to a large, new suite of offices, No. 608-609 Casswell Block, on Grand avenue, where they will be pleased to meet their clients and friends.

NOTICE.

The Christian Socialist Fellowship will hold its next monthly meeting at the Jefferson studio or Ethical hall, 558 Jefferson street, Sunday, May 3, at 3 o'clock. A cordial invitation extended to all, especially church members. Address by Carl D. Thompson.

"I like the HERALD. It is splendid. It has the right kind of Socialist food in it to build up good Socialist character. It directs one's mind straight to the point of every vital question and the current events of everyday life and deals with them in a logical, practical manner. It stimulates one's interest in the importance of the Socialist principles in their practical application."—I. R. Lough, Farmersville, Texas.

State Organizer's Department
Address, Carl D. Thompson, 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee.

WHITEWATER—List. Organizer Jacobs called at Whitewater this week and comrades have revived their work for the organization. Six comrades signed up as members-at-large and will push the work. Comrade Weaver has been doing splendid and successful work with his stereopticon lectures in Walworth and the adjoining counties. He has already given seven lectures on the "Struggle Between Capital and Labor" in the school houses in the different parts of the county. At one meeting five farmers declared to him that they were Socialists.

Comrade Weaver intends to run in the month of October next, probably the rest of next winter with his stereopticon, lecturing in the country districts along these lines.

WATERTOWN—Comrade Jacobs is to speak for the local on May 20. A good meeting is expected.

TWO RIVERS—At the last meeting of the local, Comrade Sandburg was present and turned in twelve applications for membership. Comrade Sandburg is building up the organization "man by man." He sold a copy of the "Constructive Program of Socialism" to the Catholic priest, Father Geisels, and to the editor of the Republican paper, Nash. These are regarded as our heavyweight opponents in Two Rivers. This is good work. Many a man who was an opponent of Socialism was converted by reading some Socialist literature with the view of demolishing it.

MADISON—District Organizer Jacobs held a very fine and successful street meeting near the court

DEFINITIONS OF SOCIALISM.

A theory that aims to secure the reconstruction of society, increase of wealth, and a more equal distribution of the products of labor and capital (as distinguished from property), and the public collective management of all industries. Its motto is: "Everyone according to his needs." (Standard Dictionary)

A science of reconstructing society on an entirely new basis, by substituting the principle of association for that of competition in every branch of human industry. (Worshiper's Dictionary)

THE SECOND SOCIALIST POSTER IS NOW READY.

It is the same size as Poster No. 1, 10x20 inches, and GIVES THE VALUE OF PRODUCTION IN THE UNITED STATES ACCORDING TO THE U. S. CENSUS, AND SHOWS WHAT THE SHARE OF THE WORKERS IS IN THEIR PRODUCT. These figures are absolutely reliable, being prepared by a former statistician employed in the census bureau.

EVERY COMRADE should have a copy of SOCIALIST POSTER No. 2 folded in his pocket, ready for use in making a convert or confounding an opponent. He should, moreover, keep on hand a small supply of copies in order to promptly meet the demands of inquirers.

EVERY SOCIALIST ORGANIZATION should have it framed (or pasted on wood or card board), for display on the walls of its meeting rooms or at its open air meetings.

PRICE, POSTPAID:

Single copies	Five cents
Five copies	Twenty-five cents
Twenty-five copies	One dollar
One hundred copies	Three dollars

For Sale at the Office of the Social-Democratic Herald.

Address all orders to the Social-Democratic Herald, 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

Poster No. 1, shows the comparative strength in Numbers and in wealth of three great classes in this country into which capitalism has divided the people. Other posters to follow. Prices the same in all cases.

The Vanguard MAGAZINE

Best Socialist Monthly!

Do you want to know the latest thought on Socialism? Do you want to know what the Socialist world is saying and doing?

Send 50 cents to 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee, Wis., and get The Vanguard for one whole year.

We Slam Capitalism

house in Madison last Saturday night.

OSHKOSH—Comrade Sandburg is canvassing "man to man" in the business district with the "Constructive Program of Socialism." He calls on the professional men, school teachers, ministers, etc. and sells them a pamphlet if possible. He says: "I have more audacity on this pamphlet proposition than anything else I have ever tackled."

Comrade Gauthier writes us that he has been compelled to give up the plan for working as district organizer. So locals that have received letters relative to him, will please take notice.

BROWN—Locals desiring the services of the Rev. Harvey Dee Brown for lectures in June, must apply as soon as possible to the State Organizer.

WARRENS—Two members of the new local recently organized in the town of Scott, are now talking of organizing a local at Warren. These two members live in the latter place and probably arrangements will be made to have the first speaker that goes through Monroe County, stop also at Warren. These comrades have taken up the work for the party splendidly and there will be something doing.

VALLEY JUNCTION—Comrade Gray, the secretary of the new local here, writes enthusiastically about the work in their section. They are making arrangements to have Comrade Brown when he comes through and are circulating literature. Comrade Gray says that he has sent in, in the last two weeks over forty subscribers to an outside paper that does not represent the Wisconsin party name.

A WARNING.

Many of the newspapers of the state are publishing the stereotyped plate matter that is being sent out by the paid attorneys of the municipal monopolies on public ownership. These articles are written against municipal ownership. They purport to be reports from different cities where municipal ownership has been a "dismal and horrible failure."

Many, if not all of these reports are either misrepresentations of ABSOLUTE LIES. In case any of the comrades get into a controversy over these alleged reports, write to the headquarters, and we will try to supply you with the facts.

In some cases these "awful failures" of municipal ownership are reported from towns that never had any municipal plant at all.

We are watching these fellows and will nail their lies as fast as they come out, and as fast as we have time to look that way. So, comrades, be on your guard against these misrepresentations.

LET ME HAVE YOUR NEXT ORDER FOR WOOD AND COAL

By giving me your order for fuel you not only get good coal and good weight, delivered by union teamsters, at the prevailing price—not a cent more—but you will also help, without extra cost to you, the Social-Democratic press and party, who, in turn, are surely working for your best interest.

The Mueller Fuel and Supply Co., which furnishes the fuel, absolutely guarantees full weight and the best of quality. "Anything which is not right will be made right in their motto. So, no matter where you have been getting fuel, send us your next order.

All orders will be delivered by union teamsters. Certainly, as this is the only way that union men can employ union men to make deliveries of this kind that we know of, every union man will naturally act true to the pledge he has taken, and place his orders here. Every union man ought to see that this is announced frequently at the meetings of his local.

Send your orders by postal, or call at the office, 344 Sixth street. The office is open Sunday mornings from 9 o'clock to noon. Or, if you wish, telephone your order. Our number is Grand 2394.

GET A CONVERT.

"With a suddenness that must be startling to those who note only the surface of events, Socialism has become a factor in our moral, political and industrial life. The Socialist vote for President last fall attracted a good deal of attention—more, perhaps, than in itself it deserved—but it was in no way a measure of the importance of the Socialist movement. And year by year, as science compels consolidation and co-operation on a scale impossible in the past, the collectivist proposals formulated by Karl Marx, out of the theorizing of the great French economists of the eighteenth century, are bound to receive more and more attention.

"Whatever one believes about it he must inform himself. For, while Mark Hanna's prediction that Socialism would be the storm center of the next great political battle in this country seemed exaggerated when he made it a few years ago, his far-sightedness is already vindicated. To fight for Socialism you must understand it; to fight against Socialism you must understand it."

The above appeared in the Saturday Evening Post more than a year ago. When even such capitalistic sheets

YOU WILL APPRECIATE A GAS RANGE

during the hot Summer days. We have them in great variety and numerous styles, and at prices that are right—

\$14.00 to \$28.00

—Connections Free.

Also Oil and Gasoline Stoves of various makes.

FRED J. BENNING

Hardware, Stoves, Tinware, Oils and Paints—Guttering and Fur-nace Work—Sash, Doors, Mouldings, Etc.

701 MUSKEGO AVE.—Near Mitchell St.

admit so much, it ought not to be hard for you to make the most prejudiced person realize the importance of our movement, and the necessity of understanding it.

Once you get a person to acknowledge the importance of the Socialist movement it is comparatively easy to persuade your prospect to get further posted on the subject of Socialism. Show that a thorough knowledge of Socialism can only be gotten from its friends, not its enemies. After you are through reading your Herald, hand your copy to your prospect. Repeat this for a month or two. By that time it will be easy to land him as a subscriber.

Here then is one way of securing new subscribers. It's a way by which everyone of our present readers can secure others. Why not try it? Just go to it. Keep at it. Don't give up. Never get discouraged. Be like a postage stamp—stick.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, MILWAUKEE County, County Court, In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Carl Wiechmann, Deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of Carl Wiechmann, late of the city of Milwaukee, in said county, Wisconsin, deceased, having been duly granted to Richard Elmer by this court.

It is ordered that the time from the date hereof until including the first Tuesday of November, A.D. 1908, be and the same is hereby fixed as the time within which all creditors of the said Carl Wiechmann, deceased, shall present their claims for examination and allowance.

It is further ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against the said Carl Wiechmann, deceased, be examined and adjusted before the time above limited for creditors to present their claims and demands, be given by publishing a copy of this order and notice in the Social-Democratic Herald, a newspaper published in said county, Milwaukee, the first publication to be within fifteen days from the date hereof.

It is further ordered that notice of the time and place at which said claims and demands will be examined and adjusted as aforesaid, and of the time above limited for creditors to present their claims and demands, be given by publishing a copy of this order and notice in the Social-Democratic Herald, a newspaper published in the county of Milwaukee, the first publication to be within fifteen days from the date hereof.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, MILWAUKEE County, County Court, In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Wolfgang Laumer, Deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of Wolfgang Laumer, late of the city of Milwaukee, in said county, Wisconsin, deceased, having been duly granted to Richard Elmer by this court.

It is ordered that the time from the date hereof until including the first Tuesday of November, A.D. 1908, be and the same is hereby fixed as the time within which all creditors of the said Wolfgang Laumer, deceased, shall present their claims for examination and allowance.

It is further ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against the said Wolfgang Laumer, deceased, be examined and adjusted before the time above limited for creditors to present their claims and demands, be given by publishing a copy of this order and notice in the Social-Democratic Herald, a newspaper published in said county, Milwaukee, the first publication to be within fifteen days from the date hereof.

It is further ordered that notice of the time and place at which said claims and demands will be examined and adjusted as aforesaid, and of the time above limited for creditors to present their claims and demands, be given by publishing a copy of this order and notice in the Social-Democratic Herald, a newspaper published in the county of Milwaukee, the first publication to be within fifteen days from the date hereof.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, MILWAUKEE County, County Court, In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Edward Wegmann, Deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of Edward Wegmann, late of the city of Milwaukee, in said county of Milwaukee, deceased, having been duly granted to Anna Wegmann by this court.

It is ordered that the time from the date hereof until including the first Tuesday of November, A.D. 1908, be and the same is hereby fixed as the time within which all creditors of the said Edward Wegmann, deceased, shall present their claims for examination and allowance.

It is further ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against the said Edward Wegmann, deceased, be examined and adjusted before the time above limited for creditors to present their claims and demands, be given by publishing a copy of this order and notice in the Social-Democratic Herald, a newspaper published in said county, Milwaukee, the first publication to be within fifteen days from the date hereof.

Classified Advertising

WANTED

WANTED—To do addressing for societies, merchants, etc. Low prices, quick service. RAPID ADDRESSING CO., 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee.

WANTED—Orders for imitation typewritten letters cannot be told from the original. COMPELLETYPE-PRINTING, 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

WANTED—Orders for "Socialism Made Plain," fourth edition now ready. This office.

BRANCHES: We can now furnish you with 100 Orders on Treasurer, bound, with stub, only 5c. The Co-operative Printer, 344 Sixth St.

WANTED—MUSICIANS and other societies to purchase their Sixt and Schatzkopf Score Cards, bearing the union label, from us. Fifteen cents per score. THE CO-OPERATIVE PRINTER, 344 Sixth Street.

FOR SALE

RECEIPT BOOKS, 20 in a book, with the union label, suitable for unions, branches, etc., 15c each, or two for 25c. SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC PUBLISHING CO., 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

WARRANTS ON THE TERRITORY—For the sale of Social-Democratic Branches, 100 warrants in a book for 25c. SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC PUBLISHING CO., 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

EXPERT CHIROPRIST

CORN'S and Ingrown toe nails cured. H. SCHUBERT, 114 North Ave. near DuSable.

HATS CLEANED AND REMODELED

LADIES' AND GENTS' HATS CLEANED and refitted. Wiesner, Hat Wks., 100 1/2 St.

Robert W. Rosenberg

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LADIES' AND MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS

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ABSOLUTELY WITHOUT PAIN OR DANGER

NEW TEETH—best and most adapted in the world—\$8.00 UP

Guaranteed to Fit or Money Refunded.

Standard Crowns and \$5.00 UP

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FINE FILLS—A LEADING SPECIALTY

We guarantee complete satisfaction. No pain, no trouble, no expense. The honest, intelligent advice free.

DR. YOUNG 416-18 Germania Bldg. Milwaukee, Wis.

Hours—8:30 to 6: Sunday, 9 to 12. Phone Grand 5430.

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Men's and Young Men's Fine Clothes

Our showing for Spring and Summer excels anything heretofore offered by this store.

Unusually bright and absolutely perfect in fit.

We want to show you through.

We will not urge you to buy—we leave it to you.

We are the exclusive sellers in this city of



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ADLER'S Collegian CLOTHES

There is nothing better. Let us show you. Better, look today.

PLAUM CLOTHING COMP'Y
491-493 Eleventh Ave.

Southern Wisconsin District Notes.

W. A. Jacobs, Organizer.

Last week proved to be valuable from our standpoint, as we had the pleasure of visiting several localities where the outlook is very encouraging.

At Whitewater we found a number of comrades who were formerly members of the local which disbanded on account of death and removal of members to other parts and the loss of meeting place for the remaining few. We found a number of these old members working in the same old way, regardless of the lack of organization. Each of them was anxious to be a part of the organized movement, and they gladly gave me their applications for membership-at-large. Six names were secured in this way, and more are yet to come. As soon as enough members are secured to make permanency seem sure the matter of a local organization will be considered. Under present conditions they feel that the situation demands more than the minimum allowed for a charter, if the organization is to be maintained and all expenses of a local body met.

Comrade Weaver, who has been delivering lectures to the farmers in the vicinity of Whitewater, says that the country people hear him gladly and many of them are coming out squarely for Socialism. He also says that they can be secured as members-at-large. If this proves true, and we believe it will, a county ticket is assured in Walworth County.

At Madison we held a good open-air meeting last Saturday evening, much to the satisfaction of the local comrades. On account of the rain in the afternoon, it was thought that there would be no meeting in

the evening, but to our surprise the clouds vanished and the sky became clear. Though the air was chilly and some of the audience were seen to be shivering, we had several hundred listeners. The next afternoon (Sunday) we attended the regular meeting of the local and spoke to its members. One thing which forcibly struck us was the fact that at roll call all members in the city were present. Other locals, please take notice. We believe that Madison is now in line for real, live Socialist work, and shall with much interest watch the movement grow there.

A temporary organization has been started in the Eighth Ward, Racine, and will doubtless be perfected, or, rather, made permanent, at the next meeting. So we each week find something doing to give capitalism something to think about and worry over.

It is our intention to make short trips through the district each week and encourage and increase the membership, as a preparation for that larger work which must be done later in the season.

Next Saturday, if the weather permits, we will hold a street corner meeting in Janesville and try to reorganize the comrades in that place. We expect to visit Beloit, Brodhead and Albany before returning to Racine. We hope the comrades in these places will take notice and be prepared to help us along with the work in their localities. The thing which we wish to consider, in addition to organization and agitation, is the matter of making arrangements for a county ticket to be nominated at an early date. This work must not be neglected and should have our immediate attention.

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during house-cleaning time YOU WILL FIND in a store filled up with a most carefully selected stock of these particular goods—at

LOWEST PRICES

ever offered. Plain prices, marks on every article, and satisfaction with every purchase. Come and convince yourselves before spending your money elsewhere. It will pay you to call on



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Careful Attention Given to All Repair Work in Our Line and Estimates Cheerfully Furnished.

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The HERALD, ten weeks, ten cents, to new subscribers.

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HAS REMOVED HIS OFFICES TO
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Flour, Feed, Sharings, Fresh Seeds, Etc.
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WIDE AWAKE BRANCHES
Will Make Their Meetings Interesting and the Meeting Place Attractive

In order to do this, it will be well to train your members along these lines. Fit each and every one to take up his share of work. To aid in your noble work, we offer a pamphlet—**"Making the Local Draw"** by a veteran Socialist organizer.

Price—100 copies, 5c; 50 copies, 20c; 100 copies, 35c; 1,000 copies, \$2.00.

Milwaukee Social-Democratic Pub. Co.
344 Sixth St., Milwaukee, Wis.

"OUR" SCHOOL BOARD.

"Uncle Joe" Cannon could get some splendid "spotters" by attending a few sessions of the Milwaukee school board.

The rule of the Milwaukee school board which requires teachers to go on their knees before the \$6,000 superintendent in order to learn whether their work is "satisfactory" or "unsatisfactory" should be abolished. The teachers have a right to know how they are rated without being obliged to go on record as being "cranks." This is not the only rule of the board that should be abolished. But so long as the majority of the board is composed of representatives of the tax-dodging interests, just so long the teachers will receive the kind of treatment they are getting.

It is reported on good authority that the Language books recommended by Supt. Peare were discarded by the Oshkosh school board a year ago. They are at least twenty years behind the times, it is claimed. And for this brand of "wisdom" we are paying \$6,000 a year!

Form of Will.

I do hereby give, devise, and bequeath to "The Milwaukee Social-Democratic Publishing Company," incorporated, the sum of (or, if other property, describe the property.)

I rejoice at every effort working-men make to organize. I hail the labor movement. It is my only hope for democracy. Organize and stand together. Let the nation hear a united demand from laboring voice.—Wendell Phillips.

Unless we are much mistaken there is a fellow living almost next door to you that is wondering why you, a Socialist, do not put some of your literature in his way. Eh, how about it?

AT THE THEATERS.

DAVIDSON

The regeneration and reformation of a girl thief will hold the attention of the Davidson clientele next week when the incomparable Sherman Brown Stock Company will be seen in "Leah Kleschna." The play was originally produced by Mrs. Fiske and the famous Manhattan Company at the old Manhattan Theatre in New York.



Theodore Roberts.

It was the talk of New York for months.

Mary Hall will play Leah, where she will have opportunity for full display of her emotional abilities and Theodore Roberts should give a vivid characterization of the father, Kleschna. Edward Mackay will play Paul Sylvaime, originally played by John Mason.

BIJOU

Perhaps there has never been a more lavish and adequate production of "Uncle Tom's Cabin" than that which Mr. Stetson will offer amusement lovers tomorrow and all week at the Bijou. The scenes are large enough to fill the most spacious stage. Those representing the Ohio River in winter, the rocky pass in which George Harris protects his family, the St. Clair plantation, the levee at New Orleans, the cotton fields in full bloom and the "Celestial City" are all the most notable efforts, each

slave to a remarkable degree. Matinees will be given on Wednesday and Saturday.

"The Candy Kid," the real show, and absolutely the newest style in theatricals, is a Kilroy-Britton production. A melodrama with special music and special ensemble numbers. It comes to the Bijou for one week starting with the usual matinee on Sunday, May 10.

PABST.

If there ever was doubt in the minds of the play-goers of the English Stock Company presenting "The Tree of Knowledge" at the Pabst Theatre, that has vanished completely. The organization scored a decided hit in its opening bill and fine audiences applauded the great society play all week.

Miss Janet Beecher, Miss Helen Strickland and Robert Conness, favorites in last season's ensemble, have been welcomed back. Miss Christine Norman, Miss Mary Hungerford, George Le Guere, Jack Standing, Edward Ellis, new members, have scored decisively. "The Tree of Knowledge" is a great play presented by



Robert Conness, Pabst English Stock Co.

great players. There will be a matinee on Saturday. The final performance of this play will be Sunday night.

The second week's bill is "Catherine," Henri Lavedan's great comedy, in which Annie Russell had such success. The stock premiere will be given Monday night. Miss Beecher will have the title role. The usual popular matinees: Thursday and Saturday. "The Princess and the Butterfly," Arthur Wing Pinero's charming society comedy, will follow.

EMPIRE THEATER.

The Empire theater, Mitchell street, will present Madame Gertrude, featured as the world's greatest actress, in connection with the usual vaudeville numbers this and next week. There are two shows daily at the Empire, at 7:45 and 9:15 p. m.

STAR THEATER

Millie DeLeon, the original "Girl in Blue," who is declared to be the greatest eccentric dancer in the world, will be the big feature with the High Jinks company at the New Star next week, starting with the Sunday matinee. Miss DeLeon is remarkably beautiful and is said to be the most perfectly formed dancer on the stage. She has been creating a sensation in Chicago and other cities. The High Jinks company has been strengthened since last season. All of the principals can sing and there is much catchy music in the course

Uncle Tom and Eva.

picture being the reality as closely as that which paint and canvas will permit, and the stage perspective is so deep that the effect is exceptionally pleasing. The company is worthy of its environment. Frank Lee, the eminent minstrel star, offers an excellent study of "Uncle Tom," preserving the atmosphere and accent of the old

paper a denial and is wondering who started such a story.

Gardener and Chairman

Office of the Board of City Service Commissioners, City Hall, May 2, 1908.

Competitive examinations for the positions of Gardener and Chairman will be held at the above office on Thursday, May 14, 1908, at 10 o'clock a. m.

Requirements for the position of Gardener: Age, 21 years or more; United States citizenship; residence in the city of Milwaukee for the last three years next preceding the date of application; common school education, and experience in tending plants grown in the city parks and their greenhouses; good health, habits and recommendations.

Requirements for the position of Chairman: Age, 25 years or more; residence in the city of Milwaukee for three years next preceding the date of application; knowledge of the elements of geometry and mensuration; good education, recommendations, character, health and habits.

Applications written for both positions to be presented personally up to and including May 11, 1908, on the proper blanks to be obtained at this office.

WM. W. MCINTYRE, Pres.
FRED A. LANDRICK,
LEWIS B. BARRY,
FRANK A. KREHLL,
JOHN J. VLAOH, Secretary.

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we carry a big assortment of BASEBALL GOODS, FISHING TACKLE, etc.

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Dealers in Stoves, Tools and Builders' Hardware, Paints, Oils and Glass

957 HOWELL AVENUE—NEAR LINCOLN

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BY J. ULRICH

This is the latest publication on Economics and Government. In a clear and logical style, the essentials of these sciences have been outlined and their correlation shown by the author, all being brought within the comprehension of the masses. Every person has, and should feel, a vital interest in these topics, inasmuch as the future commonwealth must rest on the shoulders of the great masses. Voters of America, prepare yourselves for the task which lies before you. DEMOCRATIC FOUNDATIONS will enable you to reach a full understanding of Economics and Government.

PRICE 10c AT THIS OFFICE

SAY!

INCENTIVE UNDER CAPITALISM
BY A BUSINESS MAN SOCIALIST

NOW IS THE TIME—NOW, during these hard and pressing times—to make appeal to your friends, and the voters in general, and to show them that the incentive capitalism places before them is a base one. It only teaches one to get something for nothing, at the expense of another—simply a desire to "get there."

INCENTIVE UNDER CAPITALISM is a pamphlet showing, in a clear and practical way, what a farcical thing it is to speak of "pure incentive" under capitalism. It will enable you to present these facts to others with telling effect, and thus it will not only be instructive to you but will place you in a position to enlighten others who are still in the dark. The people are open to conviction, desirous of going at the facts if presented in a proper way. Let them have the truth! You cannot afford to be without this little booklet.

Price Only 5c—25 for 50

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By ROBERT MUNTZ

An aid to Socialist workers, this book has no equal. It is believed that never to cover with such gathered art and hand by the author, vividly setting forth the conditions of the poor in our great industrial centers.

Paper, 10 cts. 25 cents.

THE SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD
344 1/2 2nd St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Have You Put In Your Guess?

We are giving away an elegant \$25.00 Columbia Graphophone Outfit FREE. Each purchaser of a package of

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per package is entitled to a guess on how many dots in a circle hanging in our window. The nearest correct guesser wins the Graphophone Outfit. Put in your guess early.

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SEND ME YOUR ORDER FOR **Coal Wood Coke**

and let the Social-Democratic Party benefit by getting the profit made on it. . . . "Every little bit added to what we've got makes just a little bit more."

H. W. BISTORIUS 342-4
TELEPHONE GRAND 2224
616 N. 1ST STREET

Town Topics by the Town Crier.

We wonder if the grammar that Supt. Pearse recommended was the one he studied when a boy!

The mayor has directed curious attention to the chief of police's forthcoming list of saloons against which nothing objectionable can be

charged. The list will be due in July. Heretofore, Janssen has included in his "good" list every foul bed-house and seduction joint in the city, and even "reform" councils have had enough "good" aldermen had enough to support him in it. What will he do this next time? Will Henderer's Hell-hole suddenly strike him as bad, in spite of the alleged Pfister pull? Will the monstrous den of infamy, the Lewis European hotel, suddenly appear in its true colors to him? And all the others, also? Wait and see.

The street railway, having expressed its opinion of the charter convention, through the mouth of Rose, we need not be surprised to see what we will see on the part of some of the delegates to that convention.

It is certainly a coincidence that the courthouse should get about to the end of its ability to serve the needs of the county business at about the time that the plan of municipality beautifying the city had become an established passion in the breasts of the people. There are many uses that the old court house can be put to, and certainly Milwaukee county is now populous enough to warrant the erection of a building adequate to the needs. The idea of locating the new building on the west side in connection with the general parking plan now being evolved, is admirable. Let the good work go on.

J. P. Carney, "Slippery Joe," as he is called, who was elected one of the queer bunch of aldermen-at-large, has already exposed himself as a street railway alderman! So soon!

The Socialists not having been given as good committee assignments as the Republicans, much will doubtless now be said about "the two old parties."—Free Press.

Not the two old parties, but the two capitalistic parties. The two capitalistic parties understand each other instinctively. They are twin feathers on the same bird. At every turn they show it, whether it be in the making up of the council committees or in caucusing for the officers of the county board.

Corcoran names strong committees, says the Sentinel. Yes, strong is the word, all right. For that which is ill-smelling is usually "strong."

If the legislature should try to undo the wrong that the aldermen-at-large business was inflicted on Milwaukee, think of what an upset it would make in the council! Some of those fine committees of Corcoran's would lose the majority of their "statesmen," and some of the real talent in the council would have to be drawn upon to fill the vacancies, and even Corcoran, himself might lose his valuable place of vantage for the corporations, the presiding officer's desk. And then, think of the "loss" to the city of such specimens as Bulder, Adler, Abert, the slippery Carney and Corcoran's silent partner, Stiglauer! And what an upset it would be for the corporations and special interests!

Was it a mere oversight that there were no Social-Democrats placed on the committees on sheriff's office and house of correction of the county board? Or, was there the feeling that there were things that would look all right to old-party eyes, but not to the prying optics of the Socialists. Will Chairman Friedrich answer?

Beggs is trying to give the impression that now that the Democratic aldermen are in, the aldermen are able to get things for the people. The North Avenue line extension is unquestionably an extension

for Beggs' own benefit, and one that he has held off as long as he could without losing much money. Now that the district beyond the old terminus is built up so thickly for a great distance, he feels forced to extend his tracks or lose a large number of nickels because housewives will do their trading in the stores in the locality, rather than walk long distances to get the cars for downtown.

This is the explanation. But if the Democratic aldermen are so powerful over Beggs, let us see them force Beggs to sprinkle his tracks.

They cannot do it, for the very good reason that they belong to Beggs, not Beggs to them!

Frost has sold out to Beggs, and Beggs will have the use of the viaduct. Did anyone expect anything else? This idea that some street railway men are better than others is one of the civic superstitions. They are all ruled by the same business motives. Things are all the time rosey for Beggs in Milwaukee. Stiglauer, who got his Central Heating Co. franchise through, to Milwaukee's cost, is again in the council ready to do things on capitalistic lines, and Rose is on deck again, and so on, all along the line.

Did Ald. Bogk come to some understanding with John L. Beggs so as to be permitted on the aldermen-at-large slate of the Democrats? After exposing him as a man approaching the type of statesmen and heeler who do not "stay bought," Beggs was not likely to trust him again unless there was a pretty clear understanding. Beggs declared publicly, at the city hall some two years ago that he had upon solicitation given Bogk campaign money and that Bogk had also come to him and asked for insurance business, and yet, said Beggs, this Ald. Bogk votes against something the street railway wants! Beggs could not stand it that one of the aldermen whom he considered as belonging to him should go against him on even one measure.

The get-together of the Milwaukee Republican and Democratic county supervisors, as against the Social-Democratic members of the county board simply shows what the old parties are organized for. They exist for the protection of capitalistic interests as against the interests of the people and the carrying out of capitalistic legislation. But if a majority votes for that sort of thing then it must be taken as a sign that the majority wants that kind of thing—remembering, of course, that included in that majority is the purchased voter, the illegal voter, the dishonest voter, the misled voter and the intimidated voter.

The capitalist party administrations usually move in spasms, although ever ready to charge the Social-Democrats with being extremists. The tearing down of the street clocks was a spasm. The extreme way in which the concrete

sidewalk business was gone about was a spasm. And so on. The present spasm is in regard to the dives. The dives have been with us ever since Rose started his wide open town campaigns, but now they are being treated to a spasm of enforced virtue. A settled, consistent, wearing policy is out of the question with the capitalistic political interests. And virtue with those interests is always forced virtue, not virtue from the heart. But one wonders why in the present spasm the European bed-houses have been left out of the reckoning. These hell-holes infest almost all the down-town streets, and they do a lucrative business after dark. The crimes against womanhood committed almost nightly in them cry to the heavens. They have flourished under the protection of the administration of the police department. Will they still have that protection?

It will not do to say that the police department does not know about these pest holes. The administration knows them well. One of the worst of these and perhaps the most flourishing is located not many thousand miles from the northwest corner of Fourth and Wells streets where the Lewis "European hotel" stands. After theater couples on a Saturday night are said to often have to wait their turns in order to get bedrooms in the place, so brisk is the patronage. But many business men even go with their girl victims to the place in broad daylight, for the girls in many cases do not realize the character of the place. One such case is worth relating.

A business man, who had dazzled a female clerk and begun to show her attentions, led her to this "European hotel" one afternoon, and they sat in a rear room talking and drinking measurably harmless drinks. In course of time the girl appeared to mistrust the character of the place and the

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OUR ENTIRE \$8,000 STOCK OF

Boys' and Children's Clothing

Caps, Blouses, Knee Pants, Wash Suits, Stockings, Underwear, Etc.

We are going to discontinue selling Boys' and Children's Clothing. Therefore we place on sale our entire stock at LESS THAN COST, or about half real worth. Sizes 3 to 17 years.

There are Russian Blouses, Sailors, Two-Piece Suits, (Bloomer or Regular Pants), Three-Piece Suits, Long-Pants School Suits, Etc., etc. Black, Blue and Fancies. School Overcoats, Reefers, Top-Coats, and Children's Winter Coats. Caps, Blouses, Knee Pants, Wash Suits, Belts, Stockings, Underwear, etc.

All will be placed on sale, and sale will continue until we are entirely sold out. If you are looking for REAL, GENUINE BARGAINS you cannot afford to miss this sale.

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THIS IS A UNION STORE AND UNION CLERKS WILL WAIT UPON YOU

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SIXTH WEEK OF TRIUMPH Beginning MONDAY, MAY 4 (Mats. Wed., Sat., Sun.)

Sherman Brown Stock Company

(Leading Stock Organization of America)

Presenting the Most Unusual and Powerful Play of This Decade

LEAH KLESCHNA

(BY C. M. S. McLELLAN)

As Played With Extraordinary Success by MRS. FISKE

Evenings—10-25-35-50c
Matinees—10-25-35c

BIJOU

Beginning Sunday Matinee, 2:30
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday

STETSON'S BIG, SPECTACULAR

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN

The Birth of Them All!

40 MEN, WOMEN and CHILDREN 40
Traveling in a Special Train.
WHITE and COLORED ARTISTS

BIG STREET PARADE DAILY
BAND and ORCHESTRA

WEEK BEGINNING SUNDAY MATINEE, MAY 10
A Brand New Novelty Play

The Candy Kid

Big Scenic Musical Melodrama.

MAJESTIC THEATER

ALL-STAR VAUDEVILLE

Enhancing Monday Afternoon

ELFIE FAY

In Songs and Impersonations.

GIRARD & GARDNER
Patrol Hk. "Dooley and the Diamond"

EVA TAYLOR & COMPANY
in "WHO IS FIF?"

SMITH AND CAMPBELL
TALKING COMEDIANS.

MYATLE C. BYRNE & CO.
NOVELTY SHOOTING.

MULLEN and CORALLI
Sensy Artists in Humorous Peculiarities

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PRICES—MATINEE DAILY
Mats. 10c to 50c, Box and Loge Seats 75c
Evgs 10c to 75c, Box and Loge Seats \$1.

WE HAVE JUST WHAT YOU WANT

The clothes we sell are stylish and very attractive—in them the best skilled workmanship of these modern times.

We extend to you an invitation to call and make an inspection of our suits, as to how they are made and the materials they are made of. They are unexcelled—and our prices are satisfactory to all.

JANDT & BLUEMEL

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PABST ENGLISH Stock Co.

Three Times More (Mat. Sat.)
The Tree of Knowledge

WEEK OF MAY 4th

ANNIE RUSSELL'S
BIG COMEDY
SUCCESS

CATHERINE

A GREAT PLAY WELL WORTH WHILE

Evgs 2-15c PRICES: 50c-35c-50c-10c
MATINEE THURSDAY AND SATURDAY
No One Seated During a Performance

Week May 11—The Princess and the Butterfly

intentions of her escort, for she urged him to go. He begged her to stay a little longer. Had her firmness held out she might have escaped, but for fear of offending the man she had become attracted to she consented to take another drink. The business man stepped out into the saloon and whispered to the proprietor. The drinks came. A few sips and the girl began to grope about in a dazed way. In a moment she had practically lost consciousness. In rushed the proprietor who had been waiting just outside the door, and he and the business man grabbed the girl by head and feet and hurried her up to a bedroom above. There her ruin was accomplished.

Next day the proprietor disappeared. In came the officer on the beat with a warrant for his arrest. The officer repeated his visits with the warrant daily, and finally a week later the proprietor was on hand again. "A warrant for you," said the policeman. "You are too late!" laughed the dive keeper, pulling a paper from his pocket. "That case has been settled!"

Can such a case be settled!

It is hard to feel sympathy with Henry Smith. His exchange of bouquets with Rose during the campaign in order to get on the Rose aldermen-at-large secret slate was not a very pleasing exhibition of high ideals in politics. And now he gets his reward by bumping the bumps.

which will be distributed at the first session. However, any delegate who will need a remittance before leaving home will receive a check by return mail by stating the cost of the trip one way and giving full name and home address.

The Curse of Classes.
The history of all hitherto existing society is the history of class struggles. Freedman and slave, patrician and plebeian, lord and serf, guild-master and journeyman—in a word oppressor and oppressed—stood in constant opposition to one another and carried on an uninterrupted—now hidden, now open—fight that each time ended either in revolutionary reconstruction of society at large or in the common ruin of the contending classes.

In the earlier epochs of history we find almost everywhere a complicated arrangement of society into various orders, a manifold gradation of social rank. In ancient Rome we have patricians, knights, plebeians, slaves; in the middle ages feudal lords, vassals, guildmasters, journeymen, apprentices, serfs; in almost all of these, again, subordinate gradations.

The modern bourgeois society that has sprouted from the ruins of feudal society has not done away with class antagonisms. It has but established new classes, new conditions of oppression, new forms of struggle in place of the old ones.—Dr. Karl Marx.

NOTICE.
To State Secretaries and Delegates to the National Convention: No special rate of fare has been granted by the Associated Railroads for delegates which will apply for our convention. A rate has been decided upon for such gatherings as will have an assured attendance of one thousand or more. Under the circumstances the only chance for getting any reduction from the regular fare would be by

the delegates of several neighboring states making arrangements with a given road to travel together to the convention.

The distribution of the mileage to delegates will in general be handled as follows: The delegates, wherever possible, will pay their own fare to the convention, and by Tuesday noon, May 12, will be reimbursed by the national office for the amount advanced, upon filing a requisition upon a blank form

PRELIMINARY ANNOUNCEMENT
We wish here with to inform our readers that

PABST PARK

HAS BEEN SECURED FOR THE

BIG ANNUAL SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC STATE PICNIC

TO BE HELD ON

SUNDAY, JULY 12

(AFTERNOON AND EVENING)

Pabst Park is the most popular resort of its kind in the city, and its attractions, together with those offered by the Party, will make the picnic a most enjoyable event. Remember the date and the place. Talk picnic to your friends. Advertise the picnic wherever you go. BOOK! BOOK! BOOK! all the time and everywhere! Just get PABST PARK and SUNDAY, JULY 12, firmly fixed in your mind.

MORE ELECTION COMMENT.
The vote of the Social-Democrats in Milwaukee at the last election was a revelation to many. The party is a growing power in politics in this country, and while it may be many years before it gains control, still, it is making the old party leaders sit up and take notice, and many of its principles are being advocated by them.—Medford, (Wis.) Democrat.

The Republicans of Milwaukee are now in a worse row than ever, if such a thing is possible. Seidel, the socialist candidate for mayor, received more votes than the Republican candidate, and now the Socialists are calling each other "sweet" names, one claiming that the half-breeds were to blame and the other that the Stalwarts voted for the socialists.

CONFERENCE BOARD INT. MOLDERS' UNIONS
May's Band Music Admission 25c At the Door 50c

GRAND MAY BALL

The Second Anniversary of the Strike

For Benefit of the Striking Molders

At West Side Turner Hall

Saturday Evening, May 2

THE GROWING OF THE MAY QUEEN!

It's a merry war and we hope they will keep it up. The main thing that elected Rose was that the Democrats are united and voted for their candidate, which is the only way they can elect their man, is to pull together, and they are now finding out after a lot of disappointments.—Shawano Co. (Wis.) Advocate.

EMPIRE THEATER

MITCHELL ST., Between 6th and 7th Aves.

—PLANNING—

High-Class VAUDEVILLE

Chauncey D. Herbert

—PRESENTS—

MADAME GERTRUDE

Who is Positively Recognized as the World's Greatest Actress. She has Mystified All Milwaukee.

NOTE: We have retained Madame Gertrude for this week and next week only, under the enormous salary of \$1,000 per week. Don't fail to see her!

FIVE OTHER ALL HEADLINE ACTS

TWO SHOWS DAILY—AT 7:45 AND 9:15

Special Matinee for Ladies Saturday at 2:30 P.M. Sunday Mats. at 2:30 and 4.

PRICES, 10c and 15c

The NEW STAR

DAILY

CENSORED BURLESQUE FOR SELF-RESPECTING MOLDERS

The High Jinks Co.

and ADVANCED VAUDEVILLE

Chorus Girls' Contest Friday Night
Ladies' Souvenir Matinee Wednesday, Thursday and Friday.
AMATEUR NIGHT WEDNESDAY

GAYETY

Week Beg. Sunday Matinee, May 3

Harry Bryant's EXTRAVAGANZA CO.

Chorus Girls' Contest Every Thursday Ev'ng
AMATEURS FRIDAY EV'NG

Matinee Daily—Ladies' Mat. Thurs.

CRYSTAL

Daily at 2:30 7:45, 9:30

WEEK END MAY 1

Harry Richards & Co.

A Comedy Singing Sketch.

ADMISSION 10c Reserved Seats 20c