

SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD

IN CLUBS OF FIVE, 10 WEEKS,
10 CENTS EACH, TO NEW NAMES.

A JOURNAL OF THE

COMING CIVILIZATION

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SEE THE FOURTH PAGE

WE ARE ENTITLED TO REPRESENTATION

By Victor L. Berger.

THE United States of America is the most lawyer-ridden and judge-plagued country in the world.

Our country more than any other is governed by the courts. In our country the courts are a part of the law-giving machinery—which they are nowhere else in the world.

In this country they uphold or hold-up the acts of congress and the state legislatures at their pleasure.

In this country alone the judges may "construct" a law to mean the very opposite of what it was intended to mean. Here alone have the judges a right to decide whether a law is "constitutional" or not.

The phrase "government by injunction" is only understood in America. It only became possible here.

Speak of the despotism of the Czar of Russia or the Sultan of Morocco—either kind is no worse than that of a police magistrate in any of our large cities.

However, these conditions are "legal," and we must reckon with them.

Before all things, we must take into consideration the fact that a man elected or appointed to a judicial position does not thereby become a different person from what he was.

Corporation-lawyer Brown without doubt will become corporation-judge Brown. He cannot rid himself of his likes or dislikes overnight. He still remains the result of his bringing up and of his environment.

And especially if on top of it all—business men and corporations have contributed money to his campaign.

Nor is this all. Says one of the candidates for election of county judge this spring in his advertisements frankly:

"The man who is elected judge of the Milwaukee county court next month will have upon his shoulders the conservation of something like fifty millions of dollars worth of property."

"Just think of it! Do you realize what this means?" Echo: "What it means?" It means that this candidate wants to represent dollars and not men.

But the best judge is only human. And most of them cannot lay claim to the predicate "good judge."

Even the decisions of the supreme courts of the states and the nation in cases between business men or between corporations are hardly ever unanimous.

And that is natural enough—because there are two sides to every question.

And this is particularly so in lawsuits affecting labor. In such cases there are often even more than two sides which ought to be taken into consideration.

It is therefore of vital importance to the working class to have the workingman's side of the question also represented on the bench.

Furthermore, it is also a fact that the decisions of the courts are influenced in a political way. Political influences have played a great part with the decision of the U. S. Supreme Court since the day of the great John Marshall, the father of judge rule in America.

It is hardly necessary to point to the Dred Scott decision or to the election decision between Hayes and Tilden to show that even the supreme court of the United States was ruled absolutely by politics and by the law of economic determinism.

Long before Dooley coined the phrase that "the constitution may not always follow the flag, but the decisions of the United States supreme court always follow the election returns"—it had become a fact.

And this is even more strikingly true in the case of the state courts where the judges are elected by the people.

Thus far the corporations, the railroad companies, bankers, lawyers and business men have always been very careful to see to it that they selected and elected the judges.

The people simply have to ratify the choice of these gentlemen at the ballot box.

And these gentlemen are particularly careful to spread the gospel

The Standard Oil dividends for the last six months were twenty-five millions of the people's dollars—quite a rake-off for men who do not have to toil for a living. Will the people miss the money? Bless you, no—the people voted last November to have the plucking game go on!

The burning of the Milwaukee ice house last Sunday brings visions of what the Ice trust will do to us again next summer. The people have to pay all losses, in the last analysis.

As the English flunky said to his master: "Yes, sir, please kick me again, sir. Right here, sir. Thank you, sir!"

The people are so used to getting the worst of it that they almost take it as a matter of course.

The great Jefferson was a failure! Did he not confess that after serving the country for the best years of his life he retired "with the consolation of having added nothing to my private fortune, during my public service, and of retiring with hands as clean as they are empty!" Think of a member of congress or a president now-a-days

of the fable of the non-partisan judge, which means a judge absolutely ruled by the interests of their class. And in order to keep peace in the capitalist family they are always willing to divide the spoils of judicial office evenly between the Republicans and Democrats.

However, this is about as far as the non-partisanship goes.

The moment the working class expresses any wish or desire to nominate and support a judge or judicial candidate who would consider questions also from the point of view of the working class—there is at once an out-cry against such a *sinful and dangerous undertaking*.

Republicans and Democrats at once drop their differences and cry out in unison that the bench—which had hitherto been divided about evenly between Republicans and Democrats—must be "kept out of politics" or this republic would go to pieces.

As if the courts had ever been out of politics. As if it would be possible to keep them out of politics in a republic which in Latin is "res publica"—the rule of the people.

As a matter of fact, the working class has so far taken very little interest—and that is very deplorable—in judicial elections.

Now we do not want to say that any judge in Milwaukee is particularly *partial*. And we surely do not want to insinuate anything of the kind against the honorable man who is a candidate for re-election.

But the fact is that the circuit judges like other judges have the power of declaring laws unconstitutional—especially laws which were passed by the legislature to protect the workingmen, their wives and children.

The fact is also that the county judge has considerable power over the orphans and dependent children.

And we believe that just from a non-partisan standpoint the "laboring class" is entitled to representation on the bench. There is no "non-partisanship" about it when all judges are taken from the other class.

We believe, furthermore, that it is of as much importance to have laws construed by the right kind of judges as it is to have laws made by the right kind of legislators.

And therefore we advise all honest and progressive men that it is their duty to vote for John C. Kleist for Circuit judge and Adolph Huebschmann for County judge.

The People Awakening.
The rapid growth of the Socialist movement in Germany has astonished many people who do not understand the tremendous vitality of Socialism. The latest report of the Berlin section of the party show that where the Socialists had only 8,000 votes in that city in 1883, they are now polling 100,000 votes in the third class of voters alone, as against a bare 22,000 for all the other parties. The 35 Socialists in the Berlin city council virtually control that body but their power is greatly restricted by national and state laws.

The Tories of England thought to stem the rising tide of Socialism in that tight little isle by dragging into the light all those old, musty chestnuts about the Socialist being in favor of immorality, etc. But now what have those pesky Socialists done and went and done but print columns on columns of quotations from the writings of leading Tory writers, showing some shockingly loose capitalistic views of the marriage relation—and the Tories have dropped the subject like a hot coal—and the Socialist tide keeps on rising! This ought to be a warning to the Tories in this country—

the shining lights in capitalist political and commercial circles, from men like the late Marshall Field, who secretly maintained four different private harems in New York city, to the Republican and Democratic law-makers who have for years turned the city of Washington into a seething brothel!

Success Magazine has this to say of the decision of Judge Wright: "If Justice Wright's opinion is found to be justified by the law, it is high time that such an absurd, autocratic and un-American law should be stricken from the statutes. We predict that if Gompers and his associates ever go to jail, any political party which adequately represents a protest against this proceeding will be triumphant in 1912."

The only way the decision can be "found to be justified in the law" is through the interpretation put upon the law by the aristocratic and class-serving supreme court. It is probably not the law that needs changing so much as the supreme court—changed in personnel and limited in power, especially the latter!

The Curse of Classes.

The history of all hitherto existing society is the history of class struggles.

Freedman and slave, patrician and plebeian, lord and serf, guild-master and journeyman—in a word oppressor and oppressed—stood in constant opposition to one another and carried on an uninterrupted—now hidden, now open—fight that each time ended either in revolutionary reconstruction of society at large or in the common ruin of the contending classes.

In the earlier epochs of history we find almost everywhere a complicated arrangement of society into various orders, a manifold gradation of social rank. In ancient Rome we have patricians, knights, plebeians, slaves; in the middle ages feudal lords, vassals, guildmasters, journeymen, apprentices, serfs; in almost all of these, again, subordinate gradations.

The modern bourgeois society that has sprouted from the ruins of feudal society has not done away with class antagonisms. It has but established new classes, new conditions of oppression, new forms of struggle in place of the old ones.—Dr. Karl Marx.

Professor Charles Bushnell of Washington, D. C., in a recent lecture said: "IN THE PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES OF EUROPE THE SOCIALISTS HAVE NOW SET THE MAIN ISSUE FOR EVERY POLITICAL PARTY, AND IT APPEARS TO BE ONLY A QUESTION OF TIME, AND NOT A VERY DISTANT TIME, WHEN THEY WILL DO SO IN AMERICA."

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BRIEF COMMENT ON PASSING EVENTS.

By Frederic Heath.

No wonder the people are blind. Plutocracy has been stealing them blind these many years.

Is that vast steel trust cut in wages, affecting some 240,000 of our fellow citizens all over the country, a harbinger of the good times a-coming?

"No government can continue good save under the control of the people," said Jefferson. Evidently he would not be much impressed with the fad of government by commissions.

It comes almost as a surprise to learn that this continent has its own Russia—the despotic government of Mexico. It is often easier to see great wrongs clearly when they are at a distance.

It seems that Speaker Cannon is being fondly referred to by his corporation friends and the privilege press as the man "who is stemming the rising tide of Socialism in this country." Evidently the tide has no knowledge of it.

If you do not want to please the corporations and public service monopolies, vote the Social-Democratic ticket.

This is no idle observation. YOU KNOW IT IS THE BED-ROCK TRUTH!

Injustice and injunction are the two i's that the working class gets

A WORD TO THE MILWAUKEE VOTERS.

If Emil Seidel, the Social-Democratic candidate for alderman-at-large, were on the Republican or Democratic ticket, for whom would you vote, Mr. Democrat or Mr. Republican?

As an honest man, you would have to vote for Seidel as the most capable of the candidates proposed.

Man for man, compare the candidates! Suppose they are all "good citizens" and "honest." Is not Seidel absolutely superior to both Bechtner and Meisenheimer? To let alone Schneider, who belongs to the very questionable Dave Rose clique.

The reason for Emil Seidel's superiority is this: Besides being a good citizen and honest, he also has a good knowledge of economic and civic affairs in theory and practice. And in addition to all this he possesses the social conscience and stands on the Social-Democratic platform.

Now, Mr. Voter, can you in all fairness turn down an honest and capable man like Emil Seidel, simply because he is a Social-Democrat and has a social conscience?

If Emil Seidel were on the Republican or Democratic ticket, you Republicans and Democrats would be proud to vote for him.

We do not believe in voting for men simply because they are honest.

Honesty is the first and least requirement of a Social-Democrat. A Social-Democrat must be much more than simply honest before he is selected as a candidate for office.

We ask you to vote for our candidates because they are men and women of principle, of knowledge, and because they are willing to make a fight for the interests of all the people.

And now vote for Emil Seidel as alderman-at-large.

SOCIAL-DEMOCRACY IN MILWAUKEE TO HAVE A GRAND HOME OF ITS OWN!

THE Social-Democratic movement and the Labor Unions of Milwaukee and Wisconsin never stand still.

They keep on growing. They are bound to forge ahead. Nothing can keep them down. And so the next big thing to be undertaken is the providing of a modern up-to-date building to house the HERALD's rapidly expanding publishing and printing departments, the *Vorwaerts* and *Wahrheit*, and to afford offices for regular renting, small halls and committee rooms for the state and county departments of the Social-Democratic party and the labor unions of Milwaukee. It is already the talk of the city.

NOT A NEW MOVE.

The first step in this direction was taken two years ago at a special meeting of the Milwaukee Social-Democratic Publishing company by the adoption of a resolution instructing its board of directors to proceed with the project as soon as possible.

The same meeting also authorized and approved of an issue of bonds for the HERALD so as to help provide for its ever increasing need of new capital to swing its growing volume of business. These bonds were disposed of last December. Steps were then immediately taken to carry out the provisions of the resolution.

A LARGE UNDERTAKING.

The first thing done was the drawing up of a plan providing for the raising of the funds necessary to finance the proposition. It was by far the largest thing ever undertaken, and the plans had to be very carefully prepared. We did not dare to "fall down" on the project. We must "make good" always. After due deliberation and adoption by the board of directors, the plans were submitted to the recent annual meeting of the publishing company, where they were unanimously approved.

SITE HUNTING.

Then began several months of effort in scouring the entire central downtown business district of Milwaukee for a suitable location at a reasonable price. Many sites were carefully and thoroughly inspected and considered. Finally the lot at the northeast corner of Sixth and Chestnut streets was determined upon. It is splendidly located, only a few steps north of our present home, and is fifty by one hundred and fifty feet in dimensions. Two street car lines pass it—one on Chestnut street and another, the Milwaukee-Northern city and interurban line on Sixth street. It is only a few blocks from Milwaukee's street car center and within two blocks of the proposed Metropolitan Civic Center. Altogether it is one of the most valuable

sites in the city and increasing in value every day. The price paid was \$12,500.

A MODERN BUILDING.

A three-story, modern concrete building, with high basement, will be erected just as soon as the site is paid for. To raise the funds necessary to pay for the lot, the People's Realty company, with a capital stock of \$15,000, will be organized at once. Shares will be \$25.00 each and non-assessable. Provisions have been made, so that upon notice that fifty per cent of stock has been subscribed for, shares can be paid for in quarterly installments of twenty-five per cent each. This will enable persons subscribing for stock to pay for it at the rate of \$6.25 for every three months, for each share subscribed. Provision is also made that upon payment in full of stock subscriptions, four per cent interest will be paid while the building is being erected, or until December 1910. The interest will be paid July 1, 1910 and January 1, 1911. So you need not wait until the building is up before you commence to realize. Interest starts immediately. The Herald Publishing company will guarantee this.

A BUSINESS AFFAIR.

Here, then, is an opportunity, seldom, if ever, presented to Socialists, to perform their duty and at the same time not only not lose anything in doing so, but

stand a good chance to realize something besides. It presents a chance to invest in down-town centrally located Milwaukee real estate, which is bound to appreciate in value as the city grows.

Money put into this enterprise is absolutely as safe as anything under the capitalist system ever can be. It is positively much safer than any savings bank. Besides, you will realize four per cent on your money at once, and undoubtedly six per cent when the building is finished, while the best that savings banks pay is only 2 1/4 to 3 per cent.

NO SACRIFICE ASKED.

Therefore, no trouble is expected in raising the amount necessary for the purchase price of the lot. Let us hear from you immediately if you want to invest. Although the lot was purchased only a week ago, already over six thousand dollars have been subscribed for. It's the best offer ever made to Socialists. So if you want to come in and share in a good thing, it will be necessary to speak quickly.

With the purchase price of the lot thus provided for, the money for the building may be raised by an issue of bonds, or an increase, later on, in the capital stock of the People's Realty company, or by borrowing the amount necessary on a mortgage to be paid annually in installments.

PROMOTION PLANS.

As soon as possible a permanent promotion committee to boost the project will be provided for in the following manner: Three delegates selected by the county central committee, S.-D. P.; two for the Wisconsin State Executive board, S.-D. P.; three representing the HERALD; two representing the *Vorwaerts*; and five from the Milwaukee Federated Trades Council, representing the labor unions of Milwaukee. This will make a committee of fifteen members. Each of the above bodies will be asked to select representatives in the very near future—in fact at their next meeting, if the call can be gotten out by that time. Pending that time the HERALD's board of directors will have charge.

This is about as far as plans have materialized at present. Our readers will be kept fully informed from week to week. In the meantime send in your subscription for stock at once. Don't delay; you will be sorry if you do. Fill out the blanks provided elsewhere at once.

NOT TO INTERFERE.

Yet, strong and attractive as the inducement to purchase stock may be, the project is being promoted at this time, only on condition that it will positively

not interfere with the present campaign, or with the plans to wipe out the party's big local campaign debt.

We ask all Social-Democrats to perform their duty, and while the new home offers splendid chance to perform that duty, the duty to help out on the local party debt and the spring campaign is none the less important. It must not be forgotten or neglected.

Therefore any and all our readers and friends who feel they want to do something, but cannot afford to invest in the People's Realty company, can and should push the campaign and help reduce the campaign debt. In fact, only such funds are sought for the Realty company which would not under circumstances be used for contributions to the campaign fund. One is an investment, the other a donation for principle. Even though you do take stock, that does not absolve you from your duty to finance the party. So if you can't purchase stock, the very least you should do is to send your mite to the campaign deficit fund.

Do one or the other at once. Better still, help on both. Don't neglect one for the other. Let us hear from you! Send your campaign donations to A. J. Welch, and your stock subscription to H. W. Bistorius; blank for each purpose being appended herewith.

Cash Payment Plan—Stock Subscription—People's Realty Company—Capital Stock \$15,000. 600 Unassessable Shares at \$25 each.

To H. W. Bistorius, Secretary-Treasurer, Promotion Committee, 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

I, the undersigned, hereby subscribe for the number of unassessable shares, of the par value of \$25.00 each, of the capital stock of the proposed "People's Realty Company," of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, set opposite my signature, and I agree to pay to H. W. Bistorius, Secretary-Treasurer, Promotion Committee, for each share so subscribed the sum of twenty-five dollars in cash, payment to be made upon receipt of notification that fifty per cent of the total stock is subscribed for. The subscriber is to receive four (4) per cent interest per year from date of payment in full of this subscription to and including December 31, 1910, and payable July 1, 1911, and January 1, 1911.

No. of Shares..... Subscriber.....
Amount..... Address.....

To A. J. Welch, Secretary Milwaukee County Campaign Committee, 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

Find enclosed \$..... which please apply to Spring Campaign Fund, it being understood that the balance of said fund, if any, after all expenses of the campaign have been paid, is to be applied to the fall campaign deficit.

Name.....
Address.....

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JOE FORAKER AND THE MORAL UPLIFT

NONE SO BLIND AS THOSE WHO WILL NOT SEE.

Refuses to See Hand of People in His Retirement From American House of Lords.

By Horace B. Walsley.
[Written for the HERALD.]

EX-SENATOR JOE FORAKER of Ohio, taking his enforced farewell of politics, addressed the state senate of that commonwealth as follows (Evening News, March 14, 1909):

"I am out of politics, that is, I shall not enter politics again of my own motion. I have no political ambition." [Recollect, he was pushed out for being on the Standard Oil pay-roll.]

The senator then reviewed his career in the senate, and said:

"I do not believe that there has been a great moral uplift in the country, nor do I believe that things are as bad as some people would have the country believe."

Of course, Foraker's opinion as to the badness of things, in reality, has no value, because it would be like taking the opinion of a blind man upon a question of color. The blind man has no color-sense, and men like Foraker have, politically, no moral sense.

But upon the question of the "great moral uplift," it would seem that even Foraker would be able to see this. He and Spooner and Platt have been pushed out of the senate. What did all that, if not something in the nature of a great moral uplift?

Somehow or another, the money power that put these men there and kept them there so long, has at last found itself unable any longer to keep them there. There is only one explanation. Something akin to a great moral uplift must really have been at work, else these valiant mercenaries would still be fighting the people in the forefront of the system's battle line—the senate of the United States.

A FREE PRESS ENDANGERED.

LaFollette's Magazine: The so-called Panama libel cases are worthy of more attention than the press of the nation has given them. As news they have had great prominence. As matters of high political and institutional import they have been slighted.

Joseph Pulitzer is editor of a New York Newspaper which printed statements as to the manner in

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ASK FOR IT—IT COSTS NOTHING EXTRA

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WHEN PURCHASING CIGARS SEE THAT THIS LABEL IS ON THE BOX

Union-made Cigars.

It is a guarantee that the cigars are not made by the trust

Demand This Label On All Packages of Beer, Ale or Porter

DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE

—no matter what its name—unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this UNION STAMP.

All shoes without the UNION STAMP are always non-union. Do not accept any excuse for absence of Union Stamp.

BOOT AND SHOE WORKERS' UNION

JOHN F. TORIN, President
CHARLES J. BAINE, Secretary-Treasurer
246 Summer Street, BOSTON, MASS.

Named Shoes Are Frequently Made in Non-Union Factories

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which the French rights in the Panama Canal were acquired by the United States. Delavan Smith is editor of a newspaper at Indianapolis, which copied the statements. It is charged that the publications were criminal libels on ex-President Roosevelt, his brother-in-law, Douglas Robinson, Charles P. Taft, brother of President Taft, J. Pierpont Morgan, and William Nelson Cromwell, all of whom live in New York, except Mr. Taft, who resides in Cincinnati.

Mr. Roosevelt made the cases his own, and pushed the prosecution with all the success which might be expected by the prosecuting witness who as chief magistrate had the appointment of federal judges, and was the superior in office of the prosecuting attorneys.

Pulitzer and Smith were indicted for criminal libel, a felony. Extrajudicial papers will be taken out, and the accused taken to Washington for trial, unless some way is found to set aside the process.

The courts decided in the Gompers case that the delivery of a paper by mail is a violation of an injunction granted after it was put in the post-office, because the mails are the agents of the publisher. The defendant in a libel case may well tremble at their frown. Just what may be the character of the local libel laws, or the attitude of the federal courts in the other territories of the United States, New Mexico, Arizona, Alaska, Hawaii, and the rest, is a matter of speculation; but it may become of vital importance to every publisher if the Pulitzer and Smith cases are decided in favor of the government. For if an editor in Indiana or New York may be taken a prisoner to Washington for trial because his paper was sold or delivered there containing what the president or a Wall street operator, or a Panama Canal salesman or anyone else, may have made a federal grand jury accept as evidence of criminal libel under the glamor of the presidential office or Wall street influence, or even under the spell of an indignant witness's apparent sense of wrong, then the publisher of any paper anywhere can be in like manner carried a prisoner to any territory of the United States to fight for his liberty in a strange jurisdiction, and far from witnesses, friends, local counsel, and all that safeguards a defendant in an ordinary criminal trial. The idea is intolerable.

THESE BE EVIL TIMES.

Half of the people toil incessantly and live in hovels so that the others may live in idleness in palaces, and an end must come to this sooner or later.

"If all the lies told in the business world of Chicago during the last six days were to be written down it would keep a staff of stenographers busy all their lives. Competition will have no place in the kingdom of heaven; co-operation will take its place."

"I hunted and hunted, and there were no issues in either the Republican or Democratic parties. Wall

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street can create a panic whenever it likes. Even with Mr. Taft elected the poor workingman will get nothing; a few people will get more poodle dogs and some more mansions. And, dear me, how nice those fellows are before election. They know everybody and greet everybody and after election they pass you by. It is mighty hard to be a member of the kingdom of God and a member of the Republican or Democratic parties at the same time. The kingdom of heaven will never come so long as there is one man without food, clothing or shelter.

"If the kingdom of God should come the courts of Chicago would get an awful licking. Receiverships are for the most part nothing but gigantic steals. Receivers do nothing and take everything. That system ought to be completely changed. The American judges are so far from the standard of the English judges that the distance is too great to be measured. The courts are rich men's institutions and the poor man has no earthly show."—Wilbur Glenn Voliva.

CULTURE AND DEMOCRACY.

Democratic culture requires from every person his work for the benefit of every other person; it requires that every person should receive his just share of the results of his labor, and it requires a fair division, so that all people shall have leisure in which to devote themselves to culture. Democratic culture involves almost as logically the eight-hour day as it does the ability to recognize a famous painting. It is conceivable that a man can have true culture and yet not be able to read and write, and it is also conceivable, and generally true, that a man may read and write, but not be cultured in a true, democratic sense.—Chas. Zueblin.

AN ORIGINAL POSTER.

By Emanuel Julius.

WHILE in a small New York town some months past, the writer had the pleasure of coming across a poster that, leaving purely local matters out, was worded something like the following:

Will do his level best.
Will talk to the man nearest the door.
Will take aim.
Will make no apologies.
Will avoid preliminaries.
Will keep close to his subject.
Will not recite much poetry.
Will shoot no blank cartridges.
Will be tremendously in earnest.
Will stop when he gets through.
Will speak as the workers' ambassador.

Will steer clear of rhetorical frills.
Will use illustrations that illustrate.
Will reach the core of his theme at one bound.
Will not wait for the big gong to ring him down.
Will not try to be funny, but may be funny without trying.
Will say things he will be glad to recall at the judgment throne.
Will remember that lungs are a very poor substitute for brains.
Will allow Plato and Socrates and the other old fellows to rest.
Will illuminate and enforce the greatest twentieth century theme so that the multitudes will understand.
Will send his great audience away with quick beating hearts and a great resolution to do better in the interest of themselves, their class—and the whole of humanity.

LAW?

Emanuel Julius.

When a man an empty stomach hath,
He doth not heed the judge's wrath,
And all the morals that we dread
He lets fall for a loaf of bread.

Five Moral Laws.

1. Learn to do right and help others to do right.
2. Doing that which harms ourselves or others is wrong.
3. Search out the causes of good and evil, for wisdom to choose the beneficial.
4. Wrong choices are follies, greed, vices and crimes; these bring disease, worry, ugliness, injustice, enemies, wars, poverty and other miseries.
5. Right choices are virtues; they bring self-control, peace, health, long and useful life, wisdom, friends, justice, industry, prosperity and happiness.—Ex.

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Are the Poor Blessed?

George Bernard Shaw, English Socialist and Playwright, Says Not.

To teach children that it is sinful to desire money, is to strain towards the extreme possible limit of impudence in lying, and corruption in hypocrisy. The universal regard for money is the one hopeful fact in our civilization, the one sound spot in our social conscience. Money is the most important thing in the world. It represents health, strength, honor, generosity and beauty as conspicuously and undeniably as the want of it represents illness, weakness, disgrace, meanness and ugliness. Not the least of its virtues is that it destroys base people as certainly as it fortifies and dignifies noble people. It is only when it is cheapened to worthlessness for some, and made impossibly dear to others, that it becomes a curse. In short, it is a curse only in such foolish social conditions that life itself is a curse.

For the two things are inseparable: Money is the counter that enables life to be distributed socially; it is life as truly as sovereigns and bank notes are money. The first duty of every citizen is to insist on having money on reasonable terms; and this demand is not complied with by giving four men three shillings each for ten or twelve hours' drudgery and one man a thousand pounds for nothing. The crying need of the nation is not for better morals, cheaper bread, temperance, liberty, culture, redemption of fallen sisters and erring brothers, nor the grace, love and fellowship of the Trinity, but simply for enough money. And the evil to be attacked is not sin, suffering, greed, priestcraft, kingcraft, demagoguery, monopoly, ignorance, drink, war, pestilence, nor any other of the scapegoats which reformers sacrifice, but simply poverty.

The greatest of evils and the worst of crimes is poverty, and our first duty—a duty to which every other consideration should be sacrificed—is to be poor. "Poor, but honest," "the respectable poor," and such phrases are as intolerable and as immoral as "drunken, but amiable," "fraudulent, but a good after-dinner speaker," "splendidly criminal," or the like. Security, the chief pretense of civilization, cannot exist where the worst of dangers, the danger of poverty, hangs over everyone's head, and where the alleged protection of our persons from violence is only an accidental result of the existence of a police force whose real business is to force the poor man to see his children starve whilst idle people overfed pet dogs with the money that might feed and clothe them.

But the thoughtless wickedness of society is bad. It is illogical, for the state cannot teach that it is wrong to kill as long as it itself sets the example of killing.

Second, the penitentiary system should be abandoned. There should be institutions for the clearly criminal insane, and separate institutions for the other classes, men and women. These should be in the country, and the aim of the work should be to help the inmates back to a normal state of mind—to help them get their moral bearings. The officials should be of the highest character.

Third, judges should have the power to suspend sentence in the case of first offenders, and there should also be the indeterminate sentence and the parole system.

Fourth, contract labor in the penitentiaries should be stopped, absolutely.

Fifth, corporal punishment should be abolished. No man is good enough to beat another man because of that other man's sins.

Sixth, the persons in control should be sufficiently enlightened to study, as far as possible, each separate case; to find out and create relationships which would be mutually beneficial.

And finally, every state should make a study of those forms of crime which are the result of economic conditions.

These suggestions, of course, are of mere palliatives. The real problem is this: How shall the state provide an equal opportunity for all its men, women and children?

—Brand Whitlock.

Crimes and Our Criminals.

There is no subject of which men are so ignorant as that of crime and criminals, and none of which they are so cocksure.

The Criminal laws of today are essentially what they were a century ago. Criminals are dealt with according to a theory 6,000 years old. Progress has been made in civil law, medicine, surgery and science, but the criminal code has stood still.

Yet, to anyone acquainted even in a superficial way with criminal statistics, it must be clear that our system has done no good, and that after these thousands of years crime goes on, and that not only are those who commit crime themselves not reformed, but others are not deterred.

The reason is not far to seek. All we have done is to draw a moral deadline which we call the law, and to pretend that all who stay on one side of that law are good and that all who step over it are bad; that it is the duty of the good to punish the bad, and that to punish them it is necessary to hurt them, not only for their own benefit, but for the behoof of other good, who, by overstepping the line, may become bad.

It is this feeling that balks every effort at change or progress.

But inasmuch as grapes are not to be gathered from thorn trees, nor figs from thistles, society will some day learn that hatred cannot cure hatred.

We must come to say, "We cannot endure your behavior, and while we do not wish to hurt you or to harm you, we shall see to it that you are not allowed to mingle with society; until you can act as other people do, and we shall do what we can to help you to act as other people do."

The chief difficulty has been that the law has dealt with men as though they were all normal. It has dealt with so-called criminals as if they were just like everybody else. It has failed to take into account the vast and mysterious physical and psychological differences that exist among men.

It seems to me the first thing is to abandon the delusion that a state can improve the morals of its people or protect itself by following the ignorant course that all concede to be a failure. It should abandon hatred for reason.

I would suggest, therefore—First, the abolition of capital punishment. It does not deter from crime. Its influence on so-

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Ho, Titan of Democracy, arise!
With fire of justice flashing from your eyes,
God's even justice age-long in eclipse,
Yet oft hath touched with fire the lyric lips.

Full long the world has waited for the hour
When you should stand upon the labor tower,
And with the labor trumpet's awful sound,
Fling your challenge the wide earth around—
Defiance in the face of tyrants hurl,
The Flag of Freedom to the heavens unfurl,
With call to labor's legions in all lands,
To execute the Leader's high commands.

Titan, arise! and rend the tyrants' chain!
Strike down the breed that plots and thieves for gain;
That robs the toiler of his hard-earned bread;
[For "by his alms their hungry mouths are fed."] That coins its cankerous gold from childhood's blood,
And robs the cradle of its infant bud;
Cheats, motherhood, and steals the mother's blush,
And sends on home a tragic ghostly hush.

Pale with terror the infernal powers
That keep watch upon the central towers,
Lest happily your august star arise—
A sign, a portent that oppression dies!
Storm the iron kingdoms with their brazen kings,
Until they mingle with the dust of things;
Call down the Jovian lightnings from the sky,
Until in ashes Mammon's temples lie!

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WHITE SLAVERY IS WORSE THAN BLACK

ITS PITFALLS ARE AT EVERY TURN.

Some Actual Cases and Tragedies That Lead the Way.

[The following extract is taken from an article on White Slavery, by Harry A. Parkins, Asst. United States district attorney at Chicago, in the Woman's World, of Chicago, for March. Mr. Parkins has been engaged in the government's efforts to reduce the fearful volume of the unspeakable traffic and what he writes is worthy of consideration.—H.]

In my desk, at this moment, is a letter from which the following is taken:

"There are in that house, No. —, two girls by the names of Annie and Edith. One has been there for two years and is not allowed to go out of the house, . . . is not even allowed to write to her people, and whose mail is opened and read before she is allowed to look at it. The other girl has been there seven months and never been out of the house."

The letter was written by one who knew the facts in the case.

A very few days ago, this case was, in an official way, brought to my attention: A little German girl in Buffalo married a man who deserted her about the time her child was born. Her baby is now about eight or nine months old. Almost immediately after her husband ran away she formed the acquaintance of an engaging young man who claimed to take a deep interest in her welfare, and in that of a certain girl friend of hers. He persuaded them both that if they would accompany him to Chicago he would immediately place them in employment which would be far more profitable than anything they could obtain in Buffalo. Supposing that the work awaiting her was entirely legitimate and respectable, the little mother took her baby and, in company with the young man and with her friend, came to Chicago. The next task of this human fiend was to persuade this "child widow" that it would be necessary for her to place her baby temporarily in a foundlings' home, in order that it might not interfere with her employment. This accomplished, he took the two young women at once to a notorious house and sold them into white slavery. Thenceforth this

fellow has lived in luxury upon the shameful earnings of these two victims. The young mother has attempted by every means imaginable to escape from his clutches and at last has implored him into a promise to release his hold upon her on the payment of \$300. She is still "working out" the price of her release. It is scarcely too much to say that she looks twice her age.

One other example from the current history of the White Slave trade as it is pursued today. Only a few nights since a physician was calling professionally at one of the houses of Chicago's "red light" district. Two men and a young woman entered the door just before him and took seats at a table. A glance at her fresh and innocent face was enough to convince him that she was out of her element and probably unaware of the character of her surroundings. Stepping abruptly to the table, the physician looked the young woman straight in the eye and asked:

"Madam, do you know that this is a house of prostitution?"

"No," was the trembling answer. "Are you a woman of the street?" he persisted.

She flushed indignantly, but finally replied:

"No—I am a respectable woman, and I supposed I was being taken to a ladies' cafe."

Her companions bolted for the door and made their escape. The physician then called a policeman, who escorted the young woman to her home and found her statements to be true—that she was a respectable girl and had believed her "friends" to be taking her to a respectable restaurant.

Tragedies of this kind are happening every day and all over this country. It is time for the decent people of the United States to wake up, realize what is going on in the underworld and to take strong measures to protect their daughters and their neighbors' daughters from the hands of the most despicable and inhuman of all criminals, the White Slave traders.

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"In a multitude of schools the drinking glasses have been found to have large numbers of dangerous germs. An outbreak of diphtheria among twenty-four persons in Rochester, N. Y., came from one drinking cup. Nasty towels, dirty books and germ-laden dust are just as dangerous. Penholders, rulers, and pencils, which children put in their mouths, may be just as dangerous. And the danger is found as great in many of our best schools as in others.—Ex.

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Roosevelt's Exposure of Class Justice!

Theodore Roosevelt has written for the *Outlook* an account of his experience with the courts at the time he was in the New York legislature, which is a complete substantiation of our claim that the courts represent not the people, but the upper class. The labor unions had been demanding legislation to stop the manufacture of cigars in tenement houses, and the assembly appointed Roosevelt on a committee to look into the conditions. The committee was not expected to recommend any change in the law, and Mr. Roosevelt says his conviction is that he was put on "because, on account of my education and social surroundings, it was supposed that I would naturally take this view," and he adds:

Had "Class Feeling."

"When in Harvard I had studied what were then considered the orthodox political economists; and after leaving college the older men whom I met were for the most part lawyers or business men of wealth who quite sincerely took the ordinary wealthy business man's view of labor matters. Moreover, in the legislature, most of the men who professed a loud and ardent interest in the welfare of the laboring man were exceedingly unattractive persons, who, to put it mildly, did not impress one as being either sincere or honest. Many of the labor bills which were introduced were foolish, and were urged in a transparently demagogic spirit, and the labor leaders who came to Albany to argue for them eyed me with a suspicion which I cordially reciprocated."

"My college training had biased me against all governmental schemes for the betterment of the social and industrial conditions of laborers, or for the control of corporations. The education which I afterwards received in these matters, and which completely changed my views, was gained partly from books, but more from actual experience in governmental work, and from a constantly widening and more intimate knowledge of the real life of different bodies of our people."

His Eyes Were Opened.

But the investigation opened Mr. Roosevelt's eyes. He saw that the law must be changed and the appeal of the unions granted. The bill was badly drawn, for the unions could not employ the best legal talent. But it passed, and Grover Cleveland, then governor, was prevailed on by Mr. Roosevelt to sign it. The article continues:

"The employers and tenement house owners immediately contested the constitutionality of the act, and

after the usual long delays the highest state court finally pronounced the measure invalid. The cigarmakers were poor, and the great majority of them were ignorant foreigners. They had no money and no special influence even in the world of labor. They could not employ counsel either to draw their bill well in the first place, or to present their case to the best advantage when it was before the courts. The great mass of respectable, well-to-do people were nervously sensitive to attacks on what they considered the rights of property, and regarded as an infringement on these rights any effort to correct the abuses of property."

Judges Naturally Prejudiced.

"The judges, as was quite natural, shared the feelings of the classes from which they were drawn, and with which they associated. The decision went against the dwellers in the tenement houses. Anything like an effective reformation of tenement house conditions was thereby deferred for fifteen or twenty years, and during that time men, women and children were guaranteed the 'liberty' to fester in sordid misery."

Criticizes the Judges.

"Freedom of contract should be permitted only so far as is compatible with the best interests of the community, and when vested rights become entrenched wrongs, they should be overturned. I do not for one moment believe that the mass of our judges are actuated by any but worthy motives. Nevertheless, I do believe that they often signally fail to protect the laboring man and the laboring man's widow and children in their JUST RIGHTS, and that heartbreaking and pitiful injustice too often results therefrom; and this primarily because our judges lack EITHER THE OPPORTUNITY OR THE POWER THOROUGHLY TO UNDERSTAND THE WORKINGMAN'S AND WORKING WOMAN'S POSITION AND VITAL NEEDS."

So-called "Justice"

"The judges invoked a technical construction of the constitution in order to declare invalid a law deliberately enacted by the legislative body; a law which I firmly believe it was entirely in the province of the legislature to pass. Every consideration of public morals and public weal demanded that it should be declared valid. At the present day few courts in any state of the Union would make such a decision as was then made; yet the judges making it were learned in the law, and according to their own lights were upright and honorable men."

direct interest in abolishing the capitalist system. But in abolishing the present system, the workingmen will free not only their own class, but also all other classes of modern society. The small farmer, who is today exploited by large capital more indirectly but not less effectively than is the wage laborer; the small manufacturer and trader, who is engaged in a desperate and losing struggle for economic independence in the face of the all-conquering power of concentrated capital; and even the capitalist himself, who is the slave of his wealth rather than its master. The struggle of the working class against the capitalist class, while it is a class struggle, is thus at the same time a struggle for the abolition of all classes and class privileges.

Must Conquer the Political Power.

The private ownership of the land and means of production used for exploitation, is the rock upon which class rule is built; political government is its indispensable instrument. The wage-workers cannot be freed from exploitation without conquering the political power and substituting collective and democratic administration for private ownership of the land and the means of production used for exploitation.

The basis for such transformation is rapidly developing within the very bosom of present capitalist society. The factory system, with its immense machinery and minute division of labor, is rapidly destroying all vestiges of individual production in manufacture. Modern production is already very largely a collective and social process, while the great trusts and monopolies which have sprung up in recent years have had the effect of organizing the work and management of some of our main industries on a national scale, and lifting them for national use and operation.

An End to Class Rule.

In the struggle for freedom the interests of the workers of all nations are identical. The struggle is not only national, but international. It embraces the world and will be carried to ultimate victory by the united workers of the world.

To unite the workers of the nation and their allies and sympathizers of all other classes to this end, is the mission of the Socialist movement. It does not strive to substitute working class rule for capitalist class rule, but by working class victory to free all humanity from class rule and to realize the international brotherhood of man.

Public Intelligence Corrupted.

To maintain their rule over their fellow men, the capitalists must keep in their pay all organs of the public powers, public mind and public conscience. They control the dominating parties and, through them, the elected public officials. They select our executives, bribe our legislatures and corrupt our courts of justice. They own and control the press. They sway our educational institutions. They own the nation politically and intellectually just as they own it industrially.

The struggle between wage workers and capitalists grows ever fiercer, and has become the only vital issue before the American people. The wage-working class, therefore, has the most vital and

But they were men without any sympathetic understanding or knowledge of the needs and conditions of life of the great mass of their fellow-countrymen. If those judges had understood how the other half lived, if they had possessed a working knowledge of tenement houses and factories, of tenement house dwellers and factory workers, and of the lives that were lived where the tenement house and the factory were one and the same, I am absolutely certain that they would have rendered no such decision as was rendered. They knew the life of the well-to-do, both the business life and the home life. THEY KNEW NOTHING OF THE LIVES OF THOSE WHO WERE NOT WELL-TO-DO. It was this lack of knowledge and the attendant lack of sympathetic understanding that formed the real barrier between the judges and a wise judgment.

What the Courts Need!

"My reason for relating this anecdote is because from that day to this I have felt an ever-growing conviction of the need of having on the bench men who, in addition to being learned in the law and upright, shall possess a broad understanding of, and sympathy with their countrymen as a whole, so that the questions of humanity and of social justice shall not be considered by them as wholly inferior to the defense of vested rights or the upholding of liberty of contract. A hair-splitting refinement in decisions may result in as much damage to the community as if the judge were actually corrupt."

THE REAL CULPRIT.

"Business men are coming to dominate the country. No party can win without their favor. They finance philanthropy, constitute the pillars of the church and support colleges."

"Business is allowed to drive ahead with less regard to life and limb than in other advanced countries. Annually our railroads kill in round numbers ten thousand and hurt a hundred thousand. We are assured that half of these losses are preventable. Ours is the only important country that has not accelerated the adoption of safety devices by guaranteeing to working men compensation for accidents."

"The counter forces to commercialism lie in the common sense and conscience of a non-commercial public. The movement against the sacrifice of public health, safety, or truth in the name of business is gathering headway and will ultimately prevail."—Prof. Ross, University of Wisconsin.



The Socialist Uplift.

It must be clear to all that mankind lies under the burden of a frightful wrong, that our economic system is in complete disobedience to God's will. It is the Social-Democrats who see this truth and make it clear. Instead of "rights" (which generally mean vested interests) they demand Right. It is not true that the Social-Democracy demands equal position and outward condition for all men. What it demands is the equal chance for the satisfaction of our life-needs. The current claim that we now have equality of opportunity is a lie of Mammon's fashioning to still the public conscience.

We all live today by the fresh draught of hope and joy which has blown through our stagnant civilization, stimulating us to the creation of new ideals, opening a future before us—though some traits of that future may be by some fancifully presented. If we contrast the programs of the old parties with what the Social-Democrats have set up as their aim, we shall recognize that here if anywhere truth has taken hold and that all the ridicule of enemies and all minor weaknesses of its own can not destroy a movement which deals earnestly with the ideals of humanity.

CAPITALIST "MORALS."

It is remarkable how much men have to say (in arguments) about their "moral dignity," and how little they are willing to direct their lives according to it. Our modern society, in spite of its religiosity, is honey-combed with immorality to its very core; it permits the unclean to flourish and then is indignant when one begins to doubt the validity of its morals. Everything is allowed—if it is only hidden. Deceit is the keynote of business, and it brings no disgrace so long as it keeps out of court. Our society makes a parade of morality because it has none; it grows furious over a little scandal, to hide its own great scandal. And it is this society that pretends to be shocked at the Social-Democrats' conception of law

and morality. We know the sources of this indignation, and its motives.

FOULEST SLANDER OF ALL.

But now comes the final, the clinching objection in the cry that the Social-Democrats would break up the family. The Social-Democracy has never formulated a doctrine of marriage or the family. The Social-Democrats as a matter of fact, lead lives irreproachable, according to the moral standards of our day. The principles of the party demand of each member self-conquest and self-sacrifice. The party is one of the strongest agencies for morality. And how could it be otherwise? How could a movement which has aims so lofty be other than a purifying force?—Pastor Herman Kutter, Zurich, in his book, "God and the Social-Democracy," page 108.

RUSSIAN OPPRESSIONS.

Despite the fact that an alliance exists between France and Russia, the daily papers in Paris are printing extensive accounts of the horrible tortures that are being carried on by the Russian authorities, and about which barbarities the American papers are strangely silent. Le Matin, the most conservative capitalist paper in Paris, is publishing stories of Russian atrocities in serial form. A serial dealing with Warsaw gave in detail the tortures inflicted upon three young girls who were desired as witnesses against certain men whom the police wished to arrest. A machine for pressing and twisting the fingers was brought into play in this torture. The fingers were inserted in the machine and the sensitive ends of the fingers lacerated. If this did not make the victims willing to become witnesses for the police, the torture machines were given a rotary motion and the joints of the fingers torn apart, the fingers and thumbs in some places being entirely torn from their sockets.—Cleveland Citizen.

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342-456 Sixth Street Company Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Social Democratic Herald
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY BY THE
MILWAUKEE SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC PUBLISHING COMPANY
344 Sixth Street Milwaukee, Wis.
Official Paper of the Federated Trades Council of Milwaukee and of the Wisconsin State Federation of Labor. The Herald is Not Responsible for Opinions of its Contributors.
Entered at the Milwaukee Postoffice as Second-Class Matter, August 30, 1901.
FREDERIC HEATH, Editor **VICTOR L. BERGER, Associate**

In the Wisconsin legislature we are given the "inspiring" sight of Social-Democratic legislators, elected by labor votes, having their measures for labor killed by Republican and Democratic legislators, also elected by labor votes.

Perhaps Mr. Roosevelt overlooked the following in his dip into the subject of Socialism: "No Socialist has claimed that there is anything higher than the pure monogamic marriage of man and woman, resting upon love. The differences among Socialists in regard to the binding character of the marriage tie in the absence of love, or after it has disappeared, are no greater than the differences among other men." So says Prof. Fly in his book, "Socialism and Social Reform."

PARTY NEWS.
By recent referendum, Wm. H. Burton, of Bucks, was elected a member of the national committee for Nevada.
The second elections in Italy, as was expected, resulted in still further Social-Democratic and Liberal gains, about thirty in number. The effort of the Vatican to strengthen the monarchial candidates met with signal failure.
By a recent referendum, R. A. Henning, Brainard, and Morris Kaplan, Duluth, were elected members of the national committee for Minnesota, and J. E. Nash, Minneapolis, was re-elected state secretary.

GOVERNMENT BY INTEREST.
The illuminating philosophic truth which the genius of wars gave to the world was what is known to the materialistic conception of history, sometimes termed the law of economic determinism. Briefly stated these parades convey the meaning that material interests, economic conditions, the environment determine actions and the result of actions. This historic principle is being illustrated with great force at the present time in connection at the national and state attitudes concerning Japanese immigration. Western labor knows what the competition means with oriental labor, it knows that the swarming hordes of the Chinese and Japs are looking for territory in which to spread themselves and better their condition. Unrestrained these constantly increasing masses would soon monopolize our western coast and spread to the interior, driving white labor before them through the invariable competition for a lower standard of living. The popularity of the western states is an overwhelming problem as compared to the eastern states. And these states are still so new that the working class materially influences

Student's Educational Fund.

We must prepare for the battle. Not a moment's time must be lost. Skirmishes are occurring continually. So the quicker we prepare, the better.
In this coming battle, as in all wars, the young men must be chiefly relied upon. The men who are growing up out of their "teens." They are the ones who must be educated and drilled. They are the ones to whom the gospel of Socialism must be carried.
Unless this is done, too many of them will become either Republicans or Democrats just because their daddies are. Most of them take advice from their fathers in this as in many other matters. Yet it's very foolish to "follow father's footsteps" in this line if he belongs to the old parties. Because your father voted the Republican ticket is no reason whatever why you should do likewise, is it? Or because he was a strict Democrat, it is not necessary for the young man to blindly follow. Yet unless something is done, the old custom is likely to be followed altogether too frequently. The best way to overcome this tendency is to supply the young men, and especially students in colleges and universities, with Socialist literature.
It is the duty of every thoughtful person to do his or her share in giving this literature to such students.
To enable all our readers and others to help provide this literature, we propose to create a fund called the "Students' Educational Fund," with which to send the *HERALD* to all students in universities, etc., throughout the United States.
We ask our readers, one and all, to contribute. It is a good cause, but it is impossible for the *HERALD* to stand the cost alone and single-handed. How much will you give? Send on your mite today.
If possible, we will start mailing *HERALDS* to this list May 1. This will give you a few weeks to get the fund started. Do your best, comrades, in making this fund fulfill its mission.
We must bring the rule of capitalism to an end, and the sooner the better. That's our purpose. Is it yours also? Then let us hear from you with your contribution.

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Sixty Booklets Explaining the Principles of International
Marxian Socialism.
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5. The Social Party of America, Platform, etc.
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IN THE WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE.

[Special Correspondence.]
Doubtless many a witness before the senatorial investigation committee has felt the truth of a motto which some unkind person has passed on the wall of the room where the committee holds its sessions. The motto reads: "An open confession is good for the soul, but bad for the reputation."
The impression seems to be deepening that the investigation is worth all it costs, for the sake of the thorough airing that is being given to past practices in practical politics.
But, we venture to paraphrase again the words of Gen. Winkler, uttered at the time of the Milwaukee graft indignation mass meeting some years ago: "Should the work of the committee be completed and its purpose carried out, it will not materially affect the causes of political graft in Wisconsin."
Some of the "request" bills of Senator Gaylord have been killed this week, along with quite a list of others belonging to more orthodox senators, and some "request" bills have also passed.
The principal excitement has been in the committees, with an occasional tilt on the floor of the senate to keep folks awake.
The American Society of Equity was out in force on two days, to meet the representatives of the hardware and implement men, on the establishment of the binder twine plant at the state prison. Some of the evidence presented seemed to indicate that the hand of the twine manufacturers was back of the alleged threshermen's organization which protested against the plant being established. The farmers presented a good case for their argument for the manufacture of binder twine by the state. Some of the farmers proved to be pretty good talkers, and certainly had the best of the argument when it came to representing "tax-payers."
However, none of these parties considered the real problem, which is that of furnishing an employment to the prisoners at once remunerative to them and to the state, and which shall to the smallest possible

SOCIAL-DEMOCRATS IN THE WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE.
In the Senate: Winfield R. Gaylord, Sixth Milwaukee District.
In the Assembly: Ninth Milwaukee District, Edmund J. Berner; Eleventh, Fred Brockhausen; Sixteenth, Frank J. Weber.

There has been a dearth of information until this year, as to the meaning and value of the water-powers of the state of Wisconsin. This state is one of the six great states in the matter of water-power. The total available water power is about 600,000 horse-power. Of this about 600,000 is already developed. The balance is still in the control of the state, through the law which gives the state control over the building of dams, bridges, etc., on all navigable streams.

The Water Power Graft.
As an illustration, here is one case, as presented privately by a man who claims to have local knowledge of the situation. At Davis Falls, on the Chippewa river, there is a water power which it will cost \$500,000 to develop, and which will have a 54-ft. head, or fall of water over the dam, furnishing about 36,000 horse-power.
Now, when it is understood that

FOOLISH NOTIONS AS TO SOCIALISM
BY A BUSINESS MAN - SOCIALIST.

SOCIALISM IS CONTRARY TO HUMAN NATURE.
This foolish notion is one frequently brought to the front, and always by those who are so little observant that they think human nature never changes. They are like the street evangelist who declared that human nature was the same today as it was when Adam was placed in Eden.
I will not go back to ancient times to show that the human nature of today is different from that of our forefathers, which made them cannibals, and caused them to kill and eat their prisoners of war; I will not even go back as far as the times when human nature was such that even the best society was content to live in, and seemed really to enjoy, the most uncleanly and filthy surroundings, never even cleaning up their own houses, but living in them until they became so filthy that they were compelled to move out to allow these houses "to sweeten" as they then called it.
All these differences and many hundreds of others have been pointed out again and again. I want to call attention to some differences in human nature which I have myself noticed.

I was a boy in my fifteenth year, living in a staid old village. A funeral ceremony was about to take place at the village church. Four men were bearing an old-fashioned melodeon into the church to assist in the musical part of the ceremony. One of the "pillars of the church," old Uncle John H., saw them coming. There had been much opposition to this innovation. He threw up his hands, and exclaimed, "Are they going to bring that 'imach' (image) into the church? It shall never be."
One of the sisters of the congregation ran for an ax, declaring she would hammer it into kindling wood before she would allow her Lord and Master to be dishonored in this idolatrous way. For a time it looked as if the funeral would be turned into a free-for-all fight.
Progress and common sense finally prevailed, and today musical instruments of all kinds are found in the churches, except, I believe there is one church in Baltimore city where the founder provided in his will that no instrument of music should ever be brought into it. And it is said its work is much hampered because this one man tried to prevent human nature from changing when it should have changed.

Well do I remember when the attempt was made to put the public school system upon a sure foundation in the county in which I lived. It was impractical, it was unjust to those who had no children to send, it was contrary to human nature to expect that any one would ever consent to be taxed for a thing they could not use, it would not work because some had more children than others and therefore would have the advantage over their neighbors, it was absurd and foolish, and would only cause trouble to attempt to establish anything but "pay schools" as the private schools of the time were called.
But human nature changed once more, and if you will put your finger on a man or a woman who is today opposed to the public school, I will be very much obliged to you.
My mother-in-law was telling me that after her graduation from a young ladies' finishing school, the head of the school suggested to her father that she was well fitted to accept a place as instructor in the school, and that such a place would be given her if acceptable. Her father became enraged; he never was so insulted. His daughter never should stoop to such a low position. One of the other girls in the neighborhood then took the position and this girl was ostracized for the rest of her life.
All this was before the late Civil War. My mother-in-law belonged to the slave owning aristocracy. Her people were of the first families of Virginia. Her father was rich in slaves. It was then a disgrace to do anything for yourself.
Human nature has changed since then. I met my wife the first time as a teacher at work in the school room. I taught with her in the same building for several years. Her mother thought teaching was quite the thing for her daughter and laughs heartily at the foolishness of her ancestors.

Sacred Motherhood!
In France they are pensioning mothers. In France women threatened to stop having children. France has undertaken the endowment of mothers. If you will bear us children, we will at least help support them, it says.
It is more important than the pensioning of soldiers. Soldiers take life. Mothers give it. Mothers suffer at the birth of every child as no soldier suffers on the battle field. They suffer at the death of every child a suffering inconceivable to man.
France has decided to pay, not in pretty, empty phrases, for sacred motherhood, but in that which protects the mother from the ravages of

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BUILDERS' COLUMN
By TEDDY

"MAKING GOOD."
How is this for a leader? Comrade Leutz must have opened fire with a gatling gun in Hartford. Twenty-three with one lick is certainly getting a high percentage. But that is just what he accomplished, nevertheless.
Our old friend, Comrade Asdale of Pennsylvania, wants to keep up with his regular bundle of twenty-five *HERALDS* each week. We received his renewal for that amount. Well done!
Comrade Reukauf of Ohio handed the "knock-out drops" to two new recruits in Ohio. With good luck to you for more, comrade.
"Here are a few scalps I captured, so tan them to a fine grade. The movement here is growing like wild fire." Comrade Walker of Florida had the above to say when he deliberately sailed in with seven new ones without any notification whatever.
And still the good work keeps up. Eight more received through the efforts of Comrade Bounary of Eau Claire. He hammered away until success became his answer.
Isom Springs, Okla., doesn't want to be out-done, if Comrade Reeves can help it. He put the noose over seven before they had the chance of squeezing the eagle till it screamed. One strong battery is better than two weak ones with him.
Talk about luck. I mean the little town of Luck. Also a man by the name of Jensen, who resides in that little town called Luck. He always seems to have enough luck in getting
The gradual rise of the cities of Christendom is one of the most interesting and significant things in written history. Socialists should post up on it. Send a nickel for a copy of "Socialism and the City," by Winfield R. Gaylord, this office. Twenty-five for a dollar.
There is no wealth but life.—Ruskin.
Elkton, Maryland.
For Socialist literature address: L. Jaster, P. O. B. 137, Elkton, Md.
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The Christian Socialist is unique among Socialist papers because it is both revolutionary and religious, both scientific and ethical in its appeal and makes its plea particularly strong to religious men. It has won hundreds of ministers and other religious people to Socialism. It is intensely interesting to all classes of people. Many agnostics declare it to be the best propaganda paper in the Socialist movement.
It is entirely non-sectarian and interdenominational, working among people of all creeds. There have been a number of notable special editions, among them a Presbyterian, a Baptist, a Methodist, a Protestant Episcopal, a Temperance and a Catholic Special. You need it yourself and for propaganda. It will bring you several sample copies. 50c pays for the paper a whole year. Address 5633 Drexel avenue, Chicago.

How To Tell Pure Beer
You do not need to be a chemist to know pure, clean beer. Get
Pabst Blue Ribbon
and you are sure of pure, clean, wholesome beer. It is the beer that never, throughout the long process of brewing, comes in contact with anything but pure, filtered air and perfectly sterilized pipes, tubes and sealed storage tanks. It is the richest beer in food value, and always the best to drink, perfect in age, purity and strength.

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By BEN HANFORD
Second Edition Now Ready
This book bids fair to be one of the best propaganda sellers in the Socialist movement. It is written in Hanford's well-known style, and contains many striking stories, each covering some special points in the Socialist argument. Just the thing to appeal to the workingman. Nicely gotten up, paper cover, with portrait and biographical sketch of the author. First edition exhausted first week. Price, 25c; \$1.50 a Dozen.
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SEYMOUR STEEDMAN

OF CHICAGO WILL LECTURE ON

Under the Auspices of the Eleventh Ward
Educational Society, S.-D. P.AT L. MEIER'S HALL
(Cor. Muskego Ave. and Mitchell St.)

Sunday, March 28 2:45 P.M.

Mr. Steedman, in his capacity as a lawyer, has made a careful study of the
above subject, and it will be interesting to hear him. DON'T MISS IT.
ADMISSION FREE—Everybody Welcome—Bring the Ladies
A Discussion Will Follow the LectureCrime and
CriminalsWomen of Milwaukee! Do not fail to vote at the school election
on Tuesday, April 6.Nobody is so deeply interested as you in our public schools.
Your children are there! You want them to get the best possible edu-
cation in safe and sanitary school buildings. You don't want your
little ones' lives exposed to the peril of fire through bad and out-of-
date fire escapes. You don't want your children's health endan-
gered by foul odors, damp basement rooms or cold barracks.You think nothing is too good for your child. And you are
right. The Social-Democrats think so too. They are the best friends
of the schools. That is the reason they have been fighting Mayor
Rose and the other politicians who want to cripple the public schools.
These men want to take the money from the funds for their own
grafting schemes. The Social-Democrats want to spend this money
for the benefit of your children.That is why you ought to go to the polls on April 6 and vote the
Social-Democratic ticket.It isn't very hard. You won't have to register. All you have to
do is go to the booth on election day and tell the man at the table
that you want to vote for members of the school board. He will ask
your name, where you live, if you have lived in the precinct ten days
and in the state of Wisconsin one year, if you are over 21 years of
age, and if you are a citizen of the United States.When you have answered all these questions they will let you
vote on the machine. Pull the curtain behind you, and vote for the
six Social-Democratic candidates. Better cut out this list of the can-
didates and take it with you into the booth so that you will not forget
the names. Here are the six Social-Democratic candidates:Meta Berger,
Harvey Dee Brown,
Benn P. Churchill,
Frederic Heath,
William Schwab,
Elizabeth H. Thomas.Pull down the little knob opposite each one of these names.
Then draw back the curtain till the bell rings and the trick is done.Remember that you must PULL DOWN SIX KNOBS in order
to vote for all the Social-Democratic candidates. One! Two! Three!
Four! Five! Six!Then draw back the curtain till the bell rings and the trick is done.
Not hard, is it? And no more embarrassing than going to the
grocery store, asking for a half a pound of coffee and getting it
charged.But this little act, if all the Social-Democratic women in Mil-
waukee will faithfully perform it, will mean that we shall have six
friends of the public schools on the school board, five besides the one
already on the board.Remember, that you and other workingmen's wives cannot send
your boys and girls through college. All the education they will
ever get must be had in the public schools. Then, if you are a good
mother, you will take a little trouble to have these schools kept up to
the standard. You will resist every attempt to cripple the schools for
the profit of any crooked politician.

Vote on April 6!

Wisconsin State Organization Department

CARL D. THOMPSON, 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee, Wis., state or-
ganizer; to whom news and other matters for this department should
be sent.WAUPACA: Comrade Bell writes:
"We had a very good meeting last
night, and I collected \$8 dues which
I am sending in to the state sec-
retary. I think from the way it looks at
present, we will have a good local
here in the near future. I have asked
the comrades to write or visit mem-
bers of the legislature concerning the
extradition treaty with Russia." The
local is arranging for a lecture by
Comrade Thomas.MEDFORD: Comrade Werner is
a live wire. He sends in dues for the
local, asks for more application blanks
and for a dozen "How to Conduct a
Socialist Lecture." He also sends in
a report for the first quarter.MEMBERS-AT-LARGE: Our list
of members-at-large keeps growing.
Comrade Bosma of New Holstein
sends in an application and says he
is hoping to secure a re-organization
of the local there.NEW HOLSTEIN: Comrade A.
H. is ordered that the time from the date
hereof until including the first Tuesday of
September, A.D. 1909, be the same as heretofore
for the said Sophie Heiden, deceased, shall
present their claims for examination and al-
lowance.It is further ordered that all claims and de-
mands of all persons against the said Sophie
Heiden, deceased, be examined and adjusted
before the court, at its courthouse in the
county of the said Sophie Heiden, deceased, in
said county, at the regular term thereof, to be
held on the first Tuesday of December,
1909, and all creditors are hereby notified
thereof.It is further ordered that notice of the time
and place at which said claims and demands
will be examined and adjusted, as aforesaid,
be given by publishing a copy of this order and
notice, for four consecutive weeks, once in
each week in the Social-Democratic Herald,
a newspaper published in the county of Mil-
waukee, the first publication to be within 60
days from the date hereof.

Dated this 14th day of February, 1909.

By the Court: PAUL D. CAHENER, County Judge.

Richard Fisher, Attorney for Estate.

Circuit Court—MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Richard Fisher, Plaintiff, vs. Gustave Weske,
Theresa Weske, His Wife, V. Schoenfelder
Book and Shoe Company, a Corporation, et al.
Trustee, L. H. Heywood and V. Schoenfelder,
Book and Shoe Company, a Corporation, De-
fendants.The State of Wisconsin to the Said Defen-
dants, and Each of Them:You are hereby summoned to appear within
twenty days after service of this summons, ex-
clusive of the day of service, and defend the
above entitled action in the court aforesaid,
and in case of your failure so to do, judgment
will be rendered against you according to the
demand of the complaint, of which a copy is
herewith served upon you.WIDUOL & MENING, Plaintiff's Attorneys,
P.O. Address—Room 316, 221 Third St., Mil-
waukee, Co., Wis.

Asphalt Trust vs. Schools!—Who Is Extravagant?

David Rose and certain of his henchmen have been making a
great outcry against the extravagance of the public school board of
Milwaukee.This is adding insult to injury.
Probably the most shameless extravagance in Milwaukee is that
which has been indulged in by David S. Rose and the capitalistic ad-
ministration of this city.We wonder whose extravagance it was that enabled David S.
Rose to embark in a mining enterprise in Twin Buttes. Who will tell
us who paid the bills for the recent expedition of Rose and his "fam-
ous" marching clubs to New Orleans by special train? Who will write
the history of the extravagance of the Republican and Democratic ad-
ministrations of this city, which was so unbridled that public-spirited
citizens have seriously advocated a perpetual grand jury to keep the
grafters from stealing everything in sight!The city administration wants \$200,000 more for asphalt paving
the streets this year than the city has ever appropriated for that pur-
pose before. This is the real extravagance, and who is to reap the
benefit? Is the Rose asphalt trust?Joseph Carney, a prominent spokesman for David S. Rose, ob-
jects to having baths in the public school rooms. The capitalistic po-
liticians object to cleanliness on general principles, I suppose. Is it
because they are so dirty that they are willing to let everybody else re-
main the same?Every modern city is putting baths in its school buildings. And
besides, these baths supply a public need which otherwise the city
would have to furnish outside.What is the policy of the capitalistic administration of this city?
Millions of dollars to the asphalt trust?Millions of dollars worth of franchises to all kind of public ser-
vice corporations?

Millions to all sorts of private interests.

And only pennies for the education of our youth?

And not only that, they are trying even to rob the schools of the
money that belongs to them.Everybody knows that a Social-Democratic administration will
give the city of Milwaukee a real economy.

Shall Corporation Attorneys Pick Our Judges?

We notice that Judicial Candidates Donnelly and Williams very
proudly set it forth on their window banners that they are the chosen
candidates of the Bar Association. By the way, how can these men
claim non-partisanship when they are nominated by a party—and of
all things the party of the lawyers! But this is not the question we
have set out to discuss.We notice, we say, that these two candidates for judgeships
claim that they were selected by the association of the lawyers. Now,
we say that if the people knew the actual facts, if they knew just
what was back of such nominations, these two candidates would chop
off their right hands almost before they would dare to pose openly be-
fore the people as the nominees of any such influence.For what are the facts? The Bar Association is composed of
about one thousand lawyers. And when the Bar Association recently
took a vote to pick out its judicial candidates, only about one hundred
members voted. It was this handful of men that decided the Bar As-
sociation nominations. It was this handful that picked out the two
candidates in question.And who composed this handful? Listen. The five ones were
the big law firms, the firms that represent the Street Railway com-
pany, the Gaslight company, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway,
the Chicago & Northwestern railway, the Wisconsin Telephone com-
pany, and the others!The Quarles firm, the Winkler firm, the Miller firm, the Van
Dyke firm, Cary, Upham and Black, and so on! These are principally
the ones who assume to say to the people who they shall have for
judges.So, as we say, the judgeship candidates we have named would
not dare to parade the source of their nominations if the people had a
good understanding of who the active voters in the Bar Association are
and just what interests the men taking such nominations therefore rep-
resent!Kelm responds to our circular letter
saying that in accepting our lectures
on Socialism in this community, he
would like to see a local of the party
organized.OSHKOSH: Arrangements have
been made for Comrade Mills to
speak at Oshkosh on Sunday, April
4, at 2:30 p.m. The comrades have
also arranged to have Comrade Seid-
el speak at Oshkosh in German on
Saturday, April 17.FOND DU LAC: Comrades have
secured Emil Seidel to deliver a
lecture in German for Sunday, April 18.
Comrade Mills is to speak in Fond du
Lac on Wednesday, March 31, in the
Trades and Labor hall, at 8 p.m.RACINE: Comrade Jacobs reports
that the comrades are planning for a
strong campaign during the last two
weeks before the spring election. They
hope to increase the vote considerably
this time.Comrade Jacobs has been engaged
for this period and will devote his
whole attention to the campaign there
during that period.NORTH LAKE: Comrade Chris-
tianson writes that he and another
comrade walked over to Monches to
attend Comrade Jacobs' lecture there
recently. He says that there was a
good turn-out and Comrade Jacobs
delivered a splendid speech. Ar-
rangements are being made for a
meeting at North Lake later on.FUTURE PLANS: For the next
three months plans for organization
work are as follows: We propose to
have Comrade Harvey Dee Brown go
out for the month of May. Comrade
Thomas is to make a tour in the
northern and western parts of the
state in June, and the in July we
hope to again have Comrade Jacobs
in the field. In this way we hope
to make good use of the summer months
and expect to be able to furnish speakers
and organizers wherever and
whenever they are needed.THOMPSON'S DATES: The
state organizer will speak Friday
night of this week at Racine on the
regular Socialist lecture course there.
The subject is "Poverty, the Cause
and the Cure." From there Comrade
Thompson goes directly to St. Louis
to assist in the comrades there in their
great municipal campaign there.OSCEOLA: Here is a local that
loves the state organizer's heart good.
The comrades write: "Our local will
take care of a lecture every time that
one can come this way. So when-
ever you plan a route in this section
of the state, please include Osceola in
the list. When Comrade Brown comes
we would be pleased to have him lec-
ture on Saturday night and speak in
the church office next day. Let us
have Comrade Brown, Jacobs and
others. We can use any date." Now
that is a kind of a local that we can
do business with. Owners are begin-
ning to talk the same way.RIO: Comrade Pratt writes that
he has drawn a quarter section of
land in the Rosebud, S. D., opening,
and expects to locate there this spring.
We are sorry to lose Comrade Pratt,
but rejoice in his good luck. He says:
"I hope to leave the local here in such
shape that it will continue doing good
business after I am gone."MILWAUKEE: Comrade Thomp-
son spoke in the Ethical hall last Sun-
day night, taking Comrade Brown's
place while the latter was speaking
for the local in Rockford, Ill.LUCK: Comrade Harkness, a lad
just past fourteen years of age, writes
in the state office saying that he is
reading the Socialist literature and
doing what he can as a boy to ad-
vocate Socialism. He lives ten miles
from town, but says he will try to
help what he can for the great cause.

Spring Campaign Fund.

The expenses of this campaign are
being kept down to the lowest pos-
sible notch, but unless contributions
come in more rapidly than they have
in the past week, we will have a sub-
stantial addition to the deficit. Don't
let this occur, comrades! Send in
your donations now, while the cam-
paign is on in full blast, and you will
feel in better spirits for celebrating
the victory which now seems assured.

Do it NOW!

Adolph Huebschman 50.00
W. H. Gladding 1.00
John Engler 3.50

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Adolph Huebschman 50.00
W. H. Gladding 1.00
John Engler 3.50WANTED—Socialist Bookkeeper to
audit books in spare time. Apply:
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cratic Herald.

Campaign Fund.

Geo. Knapp	\$ 15.00
H. Baumann	25
John C. Kleist	30.00
Geo. W. Rapps	25
John E. Kagi	50
Dan Schalm	25
Anton Wetzel	25
Henry Behm	25
L. F.	25
C. J. Kunz	25
L. Bueckhardt	25
Frank Strehlow	50
W. Schulz	25
Alb. W. Muehlenberg	25
M. H. Molling	25
Ed. Bernhardt	50
Frederic Heath	50
Paul Luettgen	25
Eric Kell	25
Joe Miller	25
Geo. Gretzer	25
John R. Roller	25
Adolph Seifert	25
Richard Hintz	30
Frank Kellerman	25
G. G. B.	25
F. Brockhausen	25
Paul Strehlow	25
Rich. Hintz	30
Branch 20	25.00
Branch 20 membership book	50
Town of Lake No. 1	5.33
G. Sax	35
B. W. H.	15.00
C. Beerend	50
A. Friend	1.00
M. Van Sass	1.50
Oscar Traczewitz	25
South Side Women's Branch	50
M. B.	1.00
Walter Stroesser	2.00
Jacob Eckelmann	5.00
Nic. Hansen	50
E. A. R.	25
Fred Behling	25
E. L.	25
F. B.	25
John B. Lake	50
H. E. W.	1.00
Math. Landfried	50
Branch 10	15.00
Branch 9	50
Branch 1	50
Oscar Traczewitz	2.50
Anton Huchman	1.00
Robert Bros.	1.00
John Hull	2.50
Edward Kluekow	5.00
Hans Huber	25
Wm. O. Becker	1.00
W. B. Employees	5.00
Louis Stallman	20
W. H. Gladding	25
Branch 20	42.25
Paul Mueller	25
H. P. B.	50
L. Liebmann	1.00
John Sommerfeld	1.00
Terth Ward	5.00
P. B.	25
Jewish Branch	50
W. F. D.	50
David White	50
Max Elser	50
Henry T. Schmitt	1.00
Borchert Bros.	50
Twelfth Ward Branch	4.80
J. Hassman	10.00
J. Sheehan	5.00
J. Rummel	10.00
W. Koch	5.00
J. Hassman	10.00
C. Weiley	15.00
H. Ries	10.00
J. Sheehan	5.00
G. Moerschel	5.00
H. Ries	10.00
J. Hassman	10.00
E. E. Mansfield	50
Carl Biersach	25
Goodman Bros.	2.25
R. L. Schmitt	2.50
W. A. Arnold	3.50
Frank Kellerman	25
L. Bueckhardt	25
Frederic Heath	50
Dan Schalm	50
Frederick Strehlow	50
W. Schulz	25
G. G. B.	25
F. E.	25
Adolph Seifert	25
Anton Wetzel	25
John R. Roller	25
Joe Miller	25
C. J. Kunz	25
M. H. Molling	25
Geo. W. Rapps	25
Paul Luettgen	25
A. Friend	1.00
F. Bueckhardt, Jr.	25
Wm. Grosser	1.00
Herman Miller	25
Martin Erickson	25
Max Paul	25
A. Friend	25
Branch 10	4.85
Twenty-second Ward	50
Frank Bauer	1.00
R. Reif	25
Paul Strehlow	25
Geo. Gretzer	25
John B. Lake	50
A. Friend	1.00
R. Schmidt	2.50
Louis A. Arnold	1.00
C. Beerend	50
Albert W. Muehlenberg	25
Henry Zickuhr	25
Stephen Perpih	25
Fritz Koll	25
Fred Behling	25
E. L.	25
O. B. Braun	1.00
Globe Headquarters	1.80
Dr. P. R. Churchill	1.00
F. Koll	1.00
Adolph Huebschman	50.00
W. H. Gladding	1.00
Sixteenth Ward Assessments	7.00
Ninth Ward Assessments	4.60
Eighth Ward Branch	15.00
John Engler	3.50
J. K.	2.50

1909 Carnival Ticket Receipts.

Previously reported	\$80.80
Ed. Fore	1.50
C. Kieck	1.00
Max Vogt	50
Geo. Gretzer	1.00
Gust. Strehlow	1.00
Fred Schroeder	1.00
Otto Hartwig	1.00
G. H. Gladding	1.00
Gust. Richter	1.50
Aug. Zander	50
Fred Witte	1.50
Theo. Zander	1.50
John Lustig	50
Wm. Meyer	7.50
Henry Thomas	1.00
Peter Hutt	1.00
Herman Walter	1.50
Mike Brandau	1.00
Art. Reinecke	1.50
And. Trana	1.50
Emil Seidel	1.50
H. Haehle	1.50
A. H. Kleinschmidt	1.50
Fred Kreifall	1.00
Max Gress	1.00
Ed. Wignersky	1.50
John Grass	1.00
Louis Weisinger	1.50
Peter Berns	1.00
M. Eberhardt	1.00
H. Markus	1.00
Federated Trades Council	5.75
James McNally	1.50

\$1,027.55

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cratic Herald.

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1909

Acorn Gas Ranges

Have Many More Good Features
Ready for Your Inspection
April First.

Reinhold Brothers

Lisbon Ave. and Twenty-third St.



Milwaukee County Organization Department

Address all communications to A. J. WELCH, county organizer, 344
Sixth Street, Milwaukee.One week to election day, com-
rades, and success or failure depends
largely upon how well each one of
you does his share of the work. There
is literature to be distributed, work
to be done at the booths as challeng-
ers and in handing out our lists of
candidates, seeing that every voter,
male and female, is brought to the
polls, etc. If you can possibly do so,
take a day off on election day and
help all you can, and the victory that
now looks so certain will be made all
the more decisive. Don't neglect
your duty just because you think the
enemy is sleeping; when the enemy
sleeps we should be wide awake, for
then is when we can be most certain
of success if we too do not fall vic-
tim to the sleeping habit. Let every
worker be a worker indeed, and our
victory will be a victory indeed.Don't forget that if you vote by ma-
chine, you will be obliged to vote for
every candidate separately. Pull the
Social-Democratic party knob to vote
for the candidate for alderman-at-
large; for the school board and judi-
cial candidates pull down the little
lever over each candidate's name.The subject of Comrade Harvey
Dee Brown's lecture at the Jefferson
Studios tomorrow (Sunday) evening
will be "The Reply of Labor to His-
tory." The title is a promising one,
and Comrade Brown can be relied
upon to keep the promise. Good
music will be furnished. Don't for-
get the location, 528 Jefferson street,
just one block north of the court
house.Don't forget to attend the lecture
to be given by Seymour Steedman to-
morrow (Sunday) afternoon, March
28, at 2:45 o'clock, at L. Meier's hall,
corner Muskego avenue and Mitchell
street, under the auspices of the
Eleventh Ward Educational Society.
His subject will be "Crime and Crimi-
nals." Comrade Seymour Steedman
has made a study of this subject for
some time and no doubt a treat is in
store for those who attend. Ad-
mission free. Bring the ladies. Ad-
mission free. Discussion will follow
the lecture.

Branch Meetings Next Week.

SUNDAY.

Cudahy Branch, Cudahy Athletic
Club rooms, Cudahy, Wis.Bohemian Branch, Bohemian hall,
654 Twelfth street.

WEDNESDAY.

First Ward Branch, 842 Arling-
ton Place.

THURSDAY.

S.D. Coming National Club, Okla-
homa and Chicago avenues.The Croatian Workingmen's Educa-
tional and Political Society, 164 Reed
street.Town of Greenfield Branch, H.
Stark's hall, 1116 Lapham street.Eighteenth Ward Branch, 490
Cramer street.Ninth Ward Branch, Kasten's hall,
Nineteenth and Vliet streets.Fifth Ward Branch, 382 Washing-
ton street.

FRIDAY.

Twenty-second Ward Branch, 2714
North avenue.Eight Ward Branch, S. S. Turner
hall, National avenue, betw. 2d and
3d avenues.Second Ward Branch, 344 Sixth
street.

SATURDAY.

Jewish Branch, 227 Fourth street,
Town of Milwaukee Branch, Nash
and Tentonia avenues.Town of Lake Branch, 255 High-
land Ave.

Amuse

There Is a Great Difference

to be found in the **FOOTWEAR** of the day. It shows in the material, the finish and the style. The only way you can discover the difference is through comparison. Break away from the old ruts and do a little "shopping" occasionally. You'll find it a profitable affair. It is possible that you might discover that we can show you as good a shoe at \$3.00 a pair as you've been paying \$4 for. Suppose you look into it.

"S. & H." GREEN TRADING STAMPS WITH PURCHASES

THE American SHOE STORE
LOUIS RUPPE
575-577 MITCHELL ST.

You May Rest Assured

that your clothes will be the kind you want—price right—made by us on men—if ordered of

Walter P. Stroesser
Tailor 316 State Street

FREE!

As a special inducement to the coffee drinking public, we offer a handsomely engraved **WATER GLASS** with each pound of our celebrated **25c COFFEE**. Compare it with 25c or 30c coffee that you buy elsewhere and you will be a steady customer at

THE BIG GROCERY
PINTZLAFF & WINK
582-584 Mitchell Street

LEVY & KAHN ©
409-411 NATIONAL AVENUE
BETWEEN GROVE ST. & FIRST AVENUE

Spring Opening Easter Display

Fashionable Outer Wearing Apparel
and Parisian and American **Pattern Hats**

A complete demonstration of the season's prevailing styles, containing many novel ideas.

The showing will be of exceptional interest to you—your attendance is cordially invited

Opening Spring Hats
—the "Ordained-of-Fashion Creations"—show such a wealth of new ideas in shapes, in colors, in trimmings, that it seems folly to try to point out their many delightful newnesses—really the most subtle pen cannot rightly picture them—you must see them.

Most Charming Parisian Pattern Hats
Many clever adaptations from America's master designers—smart creations that originated in our own workrooms—all have conspired with Dame Fashion to make this display most interesting and imposing.

Tailored Suits, Dresses, Coats Skirts, Waists, Etc.
A brilliant gathering of widely diversified, fashionable models, in newest and rarest spring shades, fabrics and trimmings, is presented here for your inspection and approval.

The "Maximum of Style" at the "Minimum of Price"
That is the keynote to our success. In every nook and corner we demonstrate how successfully "Elegance" and "Economy" may be combined.

THE NEEDS OF THE MILWAUKEE SCHOOLS

I have traveled from ocean to ocean, and I never saw a city before with its school children housed in barracks, such as we have here in Milwaukee.

So inadequate has been the provision made for the public schools in Milwaukee under capitalistic party administrations that today there are 49 of these disgraceful barracks in the city. And even after the new Eleventh District school is finished, there will still remain THIRTY-TWO!

In their disgraceful greed for graft the old party politicians have neglected the most important and valuable institution of the city. There has not been for years sufficient school room to house the children that attend. And every year the situation grows worse.

The average rate of increase in attendance in the public schools is 800 per year. This means that one building of about ten rooms should be erected every year. This would be the normal rate of increase. But instead of providing for this, David S. Rose and the present city council even want to take away from the school board the funds which the people have voted to them.

In order to make provision for the future and natural growth in our public school system, sites for future buildings should be purchased now as a mere matter of saving money. After these sites have been built upon and the price of real estate advanced, it will cost us much more to provide them. It should be done NOW. Public economy as well as the needs of the schools demand this provision. But David S. Rose and the Rose Democracy do not propose to allow it.

Many of the schools are without adequate play grounds. The children have nowhere to go except upon the streets. Private schools are securing play grounds in some cases even in advance of the public schools.

The schools need also additional sites for play grounds. Every modern city is providing these things. Is Milwaukee to be behind?

Not if the Social-Democrats have their way. Not if Emil Seidel is elected to the city council, and not if the Social-Democratic candidates are elected to the school board.

The Social-Democrats in these offices will see that the schools are properly provided for and that they are not robbed of the funds which the people have voted to them.

Carl D. Thompson.

Confounding the Enemy!

Senator Gaylord had a good laugh on the other fellows out at Madison the other day. The Social-Democratic bill to abolish the United States senate was being flayed alive by the Stephensonites when Gaylord coolly sprung at them an editorial from the Milwaukee Free Press, and they almost gasped. Here is the text of the editorial that confounded them:

Milwaukee Free Press, June 19, 1906: There is no health in them.—Twenty-seven states will elect legislatures this year, which will choose United States senators, and of the twenty-eight senators whose terms of office will expire March 4th, the New York Press gives the opinion that but three can be endorsed unqualifiedly for what they have done in an effort to uplift the senate standard—Tillman of South Carolina, Bailey of Texas, and Nelson of Minnesota. Every other one, it says, should go.

The twenty-five who ought not to be, but who mostly will be re-elected, are: Morgan, Alabama; Berry, Arkansas; Patterson, Colorado; Allee, Delaware; Bacon, Georgia; Dubois, Idaho; Cullom, Illinois; Dolliver, Iowa; Blackburn, Kentucky; Frye, Maine; Crane, Massachusetts; Alger, Michigan; Clark, Montana; Millard, Nebraska; Burnham, New Hampshire; Dryden, New Jersey; Simmons, North Carolina; Wetmore, Rhode Island; Gamble, South Dakota; Carmack, Tennessee; Martin, Virginia; Elkins, West Virginia; Warren, Wyoming.

The seat of Burton (Kansas), resigned, has been filled by appointment, and a successor of the appointee will be chosen by the next legislature. The legislature of Oregon has already elected a senator to succeed Mitchell.

The Press condemns about the same proportion of senators whose terms of office expire later than 1907 as of those mentioned. Platt and Dewey, it says, can hang on until 1909 and 1911 if they persist; Aldrich's commission from the Standard Oil company runs nearly five years more; Spooner, repudiated by his state at the polls, "can split constitutional hairs and garble court decisions in the interests of his clients for two years more"; Foraker and Dick, although condemned at the recent election in Ohio, are protected from the immediate wrath of the people of their state; Brandegee and Bulkeley of Connecticut will continue to champion political corruption, the beef trust can still count on Beveridge; Allison, Standard Oil man, holds his seat; Lodge, "whitehouse messenger and megaphone," will continue to serve; New Jersey cannot get rid of Kean, but effective organization will enable it to expel Dryden; Delaware will probably return Allee, "and Montana may again be bought by Clark;" Elkins holds West Virginia in the hollow of his hand, and Virginia is equally submissive to Martin; if Illinois is not going backward it will elect some one more vigilant and aggressive in the public service than Cullom; Warren, "who has been grafting for friends and relatives" will be eliminated by Wyoming; Iowa doubts Dolliver's loyalty; Massachusetts should retire Crane; Alger will not be candidate in Michigan, and should not.

What a frenzy of denunciation is this. If this estimate of "the most august legislative body in the world" is correct, or if it approaches correctness, then the demand of the Socialists that the senate be wiped out of our government machinery is modest.

A SOCIALIST ACTRESS.

Herewith is given a picture of Miss Edna Porter, a member of the Faust company, that opens at the Bijou next week. Miss Porter, beautiful and accomplished, although but a year or so on the stage, is rapidly climbing the ladder, and has a brilliant future before her. Last year, when she appeared in Milwaukee, she was with the James O'Neil company. This year she not only has a more ambitious part than last year, but is understudy to Miss Morrison in the character of Marguerite. She comes from a Socialist family of New Orleans, and never fails to look up her Socialist comrades, no matter in what city she is playing.

Miss Edna Porter.



Attacked the Public Schools

Father Ertz of St. Anthony's supports the Rose-Carney-Schneider fight on the Public Schools.

Last Sunday morning at St. Anthony's church, Fourth avenue and Mitchell streets, an attack was made on the public schools from the pulpit by the Rev. Father Ertz, and at the conclusion of the service the members of the congregation were directed to the hall where petitions were in waiting and the people were asked to sign their names. The petitions were against the present public school management and the expenditure of money for the public schools. Father Ertz stood near the petitions, and many who did not sympathize with the attack on the public schools, nevertheless signed their names for fear of encountering the ill favor of the father. There are a good many Social-Democrats in the congregation, we understand, and the attack on the schools did not please them, nor did it please others who were not Socialists, but who believe in the cause of free education for all.

According to our informant, who holds a position in one of the offices in the city hall, Father Ertz began by saying that he wanted to warn his parishioners of a danger in connection with the public schools. The management, he said, was too extravagant. Then he gave illustrations of the way in which the schools were after the people's money.

"Why," he said, "There is a bill in Madison now to pension school teachers. Just think of that! Remember that you taxpayers have to pay all that. Then there is another bill for free school books. Now, we ought, as Catholics, to also get money. We ought to stand together and see that we get men to Madison who will get things for us, too.

"Our public schools are too extravagant, I say. Let me give you one little instance of how the people's money is squandered. The school board pays out \$500 a year for carfare for children to go to and from the schools. Next year, I suppose, they will provide automobiles for the children to go to school in! And then you will have to pay more money."

After inveighing against the public schools in this way at some length he told his hearers that petitions had been prepared which he charged them to all sign. The petitions were in the hall and they could sign as they went out. Or, if they could not sign at once, that they should sign after vespers. We are informed that the attack was not relished by quite a number in the congregation, and that they spoke of it after church in tones of indignant disapproval.

It should be mentioned here that the \$500 referred to by Father Ertz as being paid out to take children to school on street cars, is money humanely and wisely expended by the public school authorities for the use of blind children and those that are deaf and dumb. There are but one or two schools for this class of school children which the pupils have to reach from long distances, and in inclement weather especially, the assistance as to carfare is very necessary, and only a person with a heart of stone would begrudge its expenditure.

National Avenue LAUER'S Cor. First Avenue

Monday, March 29th
ONE DAY ONLY
ESPECIAL!

Boys' 50c Knee Pants—Monday.....	25c	Boys' \$1.00 Knee, Knickerbocker or Bloomer Pants—Monday.....	50c
Boys' 75c Knee or Knickerbocker Pants—all sizes—Monday.....	37½c	Boys' \$1.50 Bloomer Pants, all sizes—Special Monday.....	75c
Boys' 50c Caps—Monday.....	25c	Boys' 10c Cotton Hose—Monday.....	5c

OPEN EVENINGS **CLOSED SUNDAYS**

AT THE THEATERS.

DAVIDSON.
Manager Sherman T. Brown, always judicious in his choice of bookings, has secured "Ben-Hur" for three nights next week. "Ben-Hur" enjoys the distinction of being the only dramatic production on tour which can play to capacity throughout the Lenten season. From the moment when the curtain rises on the impressive tableau of the Star of Bethlehem to the great race scene, the most marvelous show holds one spell-bound. In this superb picture of Roman luxury in the most Romanized of any city in Asia Minor (Antioch) the two men who are the central figures in the story—the Prince of the Judean House of Hur and the Roman Messala—battle for life, love, honor and fortune, and Ben-Hur wins the terrific struggle, completely destroying the power and influence of his enemy. The engagement opens next Thursday evening. There will also be a special matinee on Saturday.

BIJOU.
Rosabel Morrison will appear at the Bijou tomorrow afternoon and all the week, in the remarkable production which bears her name, Morrison's "Faust," a production made famous by her father, Lewis Morrison's grand impersonation of Mephisto, and her own perfect portrayal of "Marguerite." Two comedians have been continually before the public for the past decade, the one headed by Lewis Morrison, and the other by his famous daughter, Rosabel. It is the latter production now brought up to date with a cast of players probably never excelled for all-round excellence which will be seen in this city.

MAJESTIC.
Clayton White and Marie Stuart are the headliners for the Majestic next week, presenting "Cherrie," the best one-act playlet in vaudeville. Other big features: "Phantastic Phantoms," a distinct novelty in the way of "girl acts"; Kathryn Rowe Palmer, comedienne; Mr. and Mrs. Allison; Happy Jack Gardner, black-face; the Morrow-Schellberg company in "Happy's Millions"; Mmie. Bartholdi's trained cockatoos; Lizzie Daly, dancer; and the kinodrome.

ALHAMBRA.
"The Two Orphans," the immortal drama which has held its own for more than one generation of theatergoers, will be the offering of the Van Dyke and Eaton Stock company at the Alhambra next week, starting Sunday afternoon. Several new and entertaining between-acts specialties have been provided, an dthe regular amateur contest will take place Friday evening.

GOETHEL & RODEN
Tin, Zinc, Galvanized Iron and Copper Work
JORDAN AND SPRINGFIELD
117 STANBROOK ST.
Phone Grand 1823

"The Appeal of History to Labor"
BY **HARVEY DEE BROWN**
Ethical Hall Series **Sunday, 8 P. M.**
558 JEFFERSON STREET
Good Musical Program This Invites You

CLEANING UP
a Lot of Ladies', Misses' and Children's
Patent Leather Shoes
\$1.50, \$2 and \$2.50 Values
Reduced for This Sale to
78c, 88c and 98c
Lamers Bros. SHOES
354 GROVE ST. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

Easter Cards
Now is the time to buy your **EASTER CARDS**. We have the largest and most beautiful assortment in Bay View—at prices from
1c
UPWARD
Wenzel & Mueller Drug Co
Howell Avenue and Clarence Street

Look for This On the Bottle
Phone Gr'nd 161
NUTRICIA

GO TO LUEDKE'S
and You Will Get What You Want!

Open Evenings **Closed Sundays**

\$3.50

If you want a first-rate shoe at a moderate price, buy here. Nowhere will you find more style and wear combined than here. Your money's worth every time. The newest **SPRING OXFORDS** await you here.

\$2.50 TO \$5.00

413 415 LUEDKE Na'tional Avenue

SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES

SPRING ELECTION, 1909

FOR ALDERMAN-AT-LARGE:

EMIL SEIDEL

NON-PARTISAN ELECTION

FOR MEMBERS OF SCHOOL BOARD:

Meta Berger **Frederic Heath**
Harvey D. Brown **William Schwab**
Benn P. Churchill **Elizabeth H. Thomas**

FOR JUDGE OF CIRCUIT COURT:

JOHN C. KLEIST

Social-Democratic Candidate.

FOR JUDGE OF COUNTY COURT:

ADOLPH HUEBSCHMANN

Social-Democratic Candidate.

SOME OF THE FOREMOST SOCIALIST PARTIES IN THE WORLD ARE ALMOST ENTIRELY MADE UP OF ROMAN CATHOLICS

THE public school system is one of the greatest agencies for the preservation of our republic. It is our hope that it will prove the main bulwark against the encroachments of ignorance, money and graftocracy.

However, Mr. David Rose, the present mayor of our city, bitterly hates the public schools. It is a fact worthy of attention that during the ten years of his mayoralty, not a single public school has been erected which has not been provided for by the administration of his predecessor. Only of late, since the law has been so changed that the school board has complete control over its own funds, have new school houses been built.

It is also worth mentioning that on two occasions Mayor Dave Rose has expressed his devout hope that the time would come when the public school funds will be divided between the Roman Catholic church and the people.

Now Mr. Dave Rose's predilection for the Roman Catholic clergy is purely political. It is safe to say that Mr. Rose believes in nothing except the Almighty Dollar and in the power of ignorance. His hatred for the public schools is also political. One-half of Mr. Rose's voters are illiterates.

And since every intelligent and honest voter in the city, unless he is a corporation man, is against Mr. Rose, it is natural enough for him to be in favor of illiteracy. Illiterate people can be handled easily and bought cheaply.

On the other hand, the attitude of the Roman Catholic church toward the public schools and toward any state or commonwealth which is not ruled absolutely by the church of Rome, is too well known to need any further comment.

That attitude never changes. Just now they are circulating petitions in the Roman Catholic churches of Milwaukee asking the legislature of the state of Wisconsin to reject all of the bills pending for the improvement of the public schools.

The Roman Catholic church is the only one that has gained immensely during the last ten years—mainly through immigration, of course. And it is more than a mere boast when men like Archbishop Quigley and Archbishop Ireland say: "We will have the United States in twenty years."

The people of the United States—the Protestants, the liberal Catholics, Jews, agnostics and all others who are friendly to the public schools—would better wake up before it is too late.

The Roman Catholic church has never rescinded the old declaration of Boniface VIII "that the powers of the pope are of two sorts, to wit: spiritual and temporal, and that both the spiritual and the temporal swords are in the power of the church—to be used, the one by the priest, and the other by the temporal power, but by the will and suzerainty of the priest."

Voters who know history will remember the middle ages, when such was the case. They will remember the rack, the faggots and the stake. And they will look over to Europe and see what has become of Spain, Italy, Ireland, etc., where the "church" kept the upper hand.

And it is well worth while to take note of the attitude of our daily press and of our Protestant pulpits. They all seem afraid to "give offense" to the powerful church.

Truly, the spirit of Martin Luther, John Knox and Giordano Bruno is utterly wanting in our Protestant churches of today. No wonder they are going backward.

Nevertheless, the effort of the Roman church and the Roman clergy will be in vain. Some of the foremost Social-Democratic parties of the world are made up entirely of Roman Catholics. Take, for instance, the Social-Democratic parties of France, Belgium, Italy and Austria. There are almost no others than Roman Catholics in these countries.

So we may very well appeal to the liberal Roman Catholics in America. And especially the public schools have very many friends and defenders among the liberal Roman Catholics of German, Irish and Polish descent in America.

At the same time there is now a tendency to decry what certain wealthy men call "too much education" for the common people. It is claimed that education makes the common people dissatisfied.

Eastern capitalists openly declare that they prefer the present immigration from Europe, because "these foreigners, while very ignorant, are easily satisfied."

After all, this question, like every other, has an economic basis, and can only be solved finally by the Social-Democrats. The Social-Democrats some day will make the public schools what they ought to be: The educational centers which will radiate mental perfection and bodily strength into many millions of American homes.

However, in this particular fight in Milwaukee, we are not at all bound to lead if others are willing and capable of doing so. We are willing to go hand in hand with the civic societies and all other defenders of the public schools.

But—we want results.

The Social-Democrats the world over are the warmest friends and the most fearless defenders of the public schools. The success of our cause depends upon the greatest possible education and enlightenment for the masses of the people.

The future of humanity depends upon it. Just so much as the other side is interested in keeping the masses of the people ignorant and superstitious, just so much are the Social-Democrats concerned in enlightening and educating them.

If the power of darkness should succeed in closing up the public schools or in degrading them to inefficient pauper-schools, then Social-Democracy will be impossible. But this country would soon be on a level with Mexico, Ireland, Spain, or Italy.

There would soon be absolutely no hope for any peaceful progress or for any further development of our republic.

Therefore we appeal to every intelligent citizen, every progressive working man, every father, and every mother who is concerned in the welfare of school children, to stand by us and with us in this fight.

Victor L. Berger

Barrett's

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NEW STORE

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BETWEEN 4th & 5th Streets.



Rose's Miserable Bluff Called!

The School Defense Committee Justifies its Existence by Deciding to Carry the School Bond "Question" to the Supreme Court. Black Eye for Rose-Carney-Schneider Cabal.

Last Monday Dave Rose again vetoed the school bonds. On Wednesday evening the executive of the school defense committee responded at its meeting at the Plankinton by deciding to carry the matter into the courts.

The legal committee which reported favoring action in court consisted of Glenway Maxon, H. N. Laffin, Charles L. Gose, K. K. Kennan, Harrison S. Green and Christian Doerfler. Mr. Maxon stated that the committee had found it difficult to keep the report secret until the time of the meeting. He said for himself that he believed the legislature should be asked to put in a substitute bill for the school bond bill now before it, absolutely divorcing the school fund from the city authorities.

A committee of five was appointed to engage counsel, and a committee of not less than fifteen was provided for to secure a guaranty fund of \$1,000 to prosecute the case.

TO ENGAGE COUNSEL. The legal committee reported through the chairman, Glenway Maxon, that the law requiring the issue of the full amount was in its judgment mandatory; that the veto of the mayor raises an important legal question that should be definitely settled by the courts at the earliest possible moment, and that the expense of the legal action should not exceed \$1,000.

Chairman Maxon said that although lawyers, some of them members of the committee, were ready to donate their services or enter on the case under other terms,

it was thought best not to recommend any counsel.

Chairman F. C. Moorhouse appointed the following to act with him as a committee to secure counsel and take charge of the fund when collected: H. N. Laffin, K. K. Kennan, Dr. Gilbert E. Seaman and Victor L. Berger.

Look up Aldermanic Records.

After considerable debate a motion of S. Y. Gillan was passed directing the chairman to appoint a committee to look up the records of the candidates for alderman-at-large in the county election in the matter of the school bond issue, and make the result of their investigation public. Chairman Moorhouse, Dr. G. E. Seaman, Henry C. Campbell and S. Y. Gillan were named as such committee.

The Health Department ought to get after the street railway company about the sweeping of the cars—not the employees, but the company that makes the rules the men must obey. Last week a passenger boarded a Third street car some fourteen blocks from the terminal at Twenty-second avenue. This was at 8:30 in the morning. Before reaching the terminal the conductor got out his sprinkling can and broom and began to sweep the car, raising some dust and microbes. "Can't help it," said the conductor, when a passenger expostulated with him, "I'll be fined five days' pay if an inspector gets on and reports me for not having the car swept."

Now why should a dirty car be allowed to leave the barn? It is the management of the road that is to blame.

"The Call of History to Labor." At Ethical hall, Sunday evening, Harvey Dee Brown will speak on "The Call of History to Labor," which will be followed on the following Sunday by the "Answer of Labor to History." There will be a good musical program. Pack the hall again.

Socialism is the ideal and hope of a new society founded on industrial peace and forethought, aiming at a new and higher life for men.—William Morris.

The HERALD, ten weeks, ten cents to new subscribers.

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We Are Still Building BICYCLES to order, and our 1900 models are ready for inspection—

\$16, \$19, \$22, \$30

CASH OR EASY PAYMENTS

If your bicycle needs repairs, NOW is the time to bring it in, or we will call for it. Examination, \$1.25. Lowest prices on Nickel Plating, Repairs, Tires, Coaster Brakes and Sundries. We invite you to call on us and SAVE MONEY.

Open Evenings and Sunday Morning

MILLS IN OSHKOSH.

Walter T. Mills is to speak at Armory B, on Merritt street, on Sunday afternoon, April 4, at 2:30 o'clock. Subject: "Despotism or Democracy." This will be one of the greatest speeches ever heard in Oshkosh.

Miss Elsner will furnish the music at Ethical hall, 558 Jefferson street, tomorrow (Sunday) night, when Comrade Brown will resume his series of interesting lectures. Don't fail to attend.

THE FARCE OF NON-PARTISAN JUDICIAL ELECTIONS.

To a thinking man the "non-partisan" election of judges must seem a farce. The "NON-PARTISAN" (?) aspirants for the Circuit judgeship are—

Senator Fairchild, a stalwart corporation REPUBLICAN member of the present legislature who persistently and consistently voted for Uncle Ike for senator, and whose campaign expenses are undoubtedly paid by others than himself.

Another candidate is Judge Williams, the sitting judge who was appointed by a REPUBLICAN governor, and no one ever heard of his having changed his politics.

The only candidate who is true to his colors is MR. JOHN C. KLEIST, who will not be under obligation to any railroad, street car company, or other corporation if elected.

In the fight for County judgeship the farce of running as "non-partisans" is still more pronounced. "One of the 'NON-PARTISAN' candidates is the chairman of the Democratic County Committee, a south side justice of the peace, with little or no fitness or experience for the office for which he is running, and who is using the political machinery of the ROSE CROWD to boost himself for the office."

Another is the Republican chairman from North Milwaukee, a stalwart, at present holding a government office.

Another "NON - PARTISAN" is the secretary of the REPUBLICAN County committee, with no experience or qualifications except that he considers himself somewhat of a politician.

Another is a noted wit or humorist, who says he has practiced law for thirty years. He makes his living on the lecture platform and practices law for a diversion. It is said that he has had one whole case in the Supreme court during his thirty years practice.

Now, we assert without fear of contradiction that our candidate, MR. ADOLPH HUEBSCHMANN, is best qualified for the County judgeship, and that he has had more experience in important matters than all the other candidates for this office combined!

LET ME HAVE YOUR NEXT ORDER FOR WOOD AND COAL

By giving me your order for fuel you not only get good coal and good weight, delivered by union teamsters, at the prevailing price—not a cent more—but will also help, without extra cost to you, the Social-Democratic press and party, who, in turn, are surely working for your best interest.

The Mueller Fuel and Supply Co., which furnishes the fuel, absolutely guarantees full weight and the best of quality. "Anything which is not right will be made right is their motto. So, no matter where you have been getting fuel, send us your next order.

All orders will be delivered by union teamsters. Certainly, as this is the only way that union men can employ union men to make deliveries of this kind that we know of, every union man will naturally act true to the pledge he has taken, and place his orders here! Every union man ought to see that this is announced frequently at the meetings of his local.

Send your orders by postal, or call at the office, 344 Sixth street. The office is open Sunday mornings

SECOND GRAND

Prize Schafskopf Tournament

GIVEN BY

The New Era Outing Club

AT J. ECKELMANN'S HALL

319 LISBON AVE.

Sunday Afternoon, April 4-'09

Tickets 50c, including Refreshments.

from 9 o'clock to noon. Or, if you wish, telephone your order. Our number is Grand 2304.

H. W. BISTORIUS.

Form of Will.

I do hereby give, devise, and bequeath to "The Milwaukee Social-Democratic Publishing Company," incorporated, the sum of (or, if other property, describe the property.)

The Co-operative Printery has just received a new and complete line of samples of wedding invitations, dance programs, announcements, etc. 344 Sixth Street.

You miss good ammunition if you do not carry Liebknecht's "Socialism and What it Seeks to Accomplish" round with you. This office. 10 cents a copy.

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ALL NEXT WEEK

THE VANDYKE-EATON COMPANY

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SPECIALTIES—Illustrated Songs.

AMATEUR NIGHT FRIDAY

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ALWAYS THE BEST SHOWS

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New Prices—Matinees, 10-15-25c. Evenings, 10-25-35-50c. Not Any Higher.

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Presenting the Musical Travesty

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Admission 10c Reserved Seats 20c

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