

ELEVENTH YEAR No. 51

SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD

WHOLE NO. 559

IN CLUBS OF FIVE, 10 WEEKS, 10 CENTS EACH, TO NEW NAMES.

A JOURNAL OF THE COMING CIVILIZATION

FOR SUBSCRIPTION PRICE SEE THE FOURTH PAGE

ABOUT THE GOOD OLD PARTIES AND THE BAD SOCIAL-DEMOCRATS

By Victor L. Berger.

At the senatorial inquiry in Madison sensations came thick and fast. Of course, no one doubted beforehand that Uncle Ike Stephenson simply bought his seat, and that he spent money recklessly.

And we will not speak about Uncle Ike in particular. We want to note though that some of our reformers or ex-reformers perjured themselves in trying to hide the graft or protect a grafter.

Chief Game Warden Stone furthermore testified that these deputies in turn magnanimously raised the sum of \$1,200, which he presented to Governor James Davidson of Wisconsin.

Stone swore that when he gave Governor Davidson the first installment of \$500, all in cash, he told the governor: "Ask me no questions and I'll tell you no lies."

And he stated under oath that Gov. Davidson asked him no questions—not a single one—neither at that time, nor when he gave him the other installments.

However, after this occurrence was brought out before the investigation committee, our governor explained to the press in an incoherent manner that he did not know where the money came from, and that the money was in the bank, and that he was willing to return it—now after a year's time.

Whether he put the money into the bank the day after the story came out—the governor did not say.

And if Wisconsin were not rotten to the core, this admission ought to be enough to impeach Davidson and to send him back to his general store in Soldier's Grove, to spend the rest of his life mixing plaster of paris with sugar, and selling shoddy cotton goods as "all wool and a yard wide" to his farmer friends.

Incidentally it was also stated at this investigation that while the arch-reformer, Robert M. LaFollette, was governor he did not, of course, make the game wardens whack up their graft with him.

But this investigation also brought out another phase of political life in Wisconsin, which ought to be of the greatest interest to the voter.

Peter J. Koehler, until recently chairman of the Republican county committee of Milwaukee, was campaign manager of millionaire S. A. Cook—who also had senatorial aspirations, but was drowned out by the rushing stream of Uncle Ike's gold.

When he got as far as the Seventeenth ward he declared, "that has gotten to be a bad ward." He was asked, why a bad ward? "Oh," answered he, "as we would politically say, she is all shot to pieces." (The Social-Democrats have carried it.)

Then he was asked, "What do you think of the Eighteenth ward?" "Well," he said, "three precincts are all right. That is Tracy's ward. They don't give back any change there. But in the Twenty-second and Twenty-first wards you can't do anything at all. They are Social-Democratic strongholds, with the exception of two precincts in the Twenty-first, where there is a Polish element. And the Twenty-second is lost. That is also a Social-Democratic ward."

He was asked, "Do you mean lost, when you can't control it by money?" "Well, you see, we can't do anything. They are Social-Democrats up there. There is no use wasting any time on them at all, either with money, argument or anything else. They may take a drink with you, but you will get no votes."

A member of the committee asked: "Will they take your money?" "I don't know," he answered. "There is no use offering anybody any money up there, even to work. We have a few workers, simply to keep up an appearance. We don't expect results, and don't get them. In the Twenty-third ward there are two precincts, the first two, which can be gotten."

"But how about the Twenty-second ward?" he was asked again. "That is bad. That is Social-Democratic."

"So you call a ward that cannot be handled with money a bad ward?" Is that the idea?" said a country member with assumed innocence.

"From the standpoint of the campaign manager, yes. I am giving facts now, not theories."

"I want to understand this," said another member of the investigation committee. "You have given about 55 or 60 precincts of Milwaukee, which, in your judgment, can be controlled largely by the money that is spent in the ward?"

"Yes, sir," answered P. J. Koehler, frankly. "If you got an imaginary candidate and gave him a name and ran him for office and got his name on the ticket, by spending a lot of money, could you carry these precincts with that imaginary candidate?"

When you kick at bad laws and sneer at the reliability of the lawmakers, Mr. Old Party Man, cannot you remember that every such law has been made by a combination of Republican and Democratic lawmakers!

Georgia has at last abolished the convict lease system that has so long put a blot on the state's name and upon the humanity of the people of the state. This will stop the beginnings of a good many private fortunes. Too bad!

In Mexico there are 168 out of the 365 days of the year that are church holidays. Just wait till capitalism gets into closer relations with the church, and see what it will do to these holidays! They are a shameful and expensive waste of labor power from the capitalist standpoint.

Dr. Wiley will discover that there is such a thing as capitalism.

Mr. Koehler also said that he knew of two men, strong Cook men, who were bought also by the Stephenson management. They are Albert Klumb and E. L. Cleary, and they received \$450 between them. Koehler paid a man named Leo Kelpinski \$100 to be used in Mr. Cook's campaign, and later, when the expenses were investigated, he found that Kelpinski was also on Stephenson's list for \$55.

"Where did the Stephenson vote in Milwaukee come from?" he was asked. "Principally from the aristocratic districts. He and Mr. Cook pulled from the same territory. Mr. McGovern pulled from the middle classes."

Mr. Koehler received \$400 for his own services for two months. "Did any Democratic candidate ever approach you with a proposition to work among the Democrats for Mr. Cook, the Republican candidate?" asked Assemblyman Hambrecht.

"Yes," answered Mr. Koehler, "Benjamin Steinel, Democratic candidate for the assembly, offered his services and offered to arrange a meeting with Mayor Rose and the president of the Rose Marching club, for a minimum consideration of \$300. I told him there was 'nothing doing.'"

"Were there many Democratic votes cast in the Republican primaries?" "All of the candidates got some."

The capitalist papers of Milwaukee printed all this—but they made no commentary. And it would be a pity to spoil by too much commentary this testimony of the former county chairman of the Republican party of Milwaukee county—and who, by the way, shows by this testimony that he is not the worst of our adversaries. He is at least candid.

As to this testimonial of character given to the Social-Democrats of Milwaukee—I will only say that, of course, from the point of view of bourgeois honesty, we should have some reason to be proud. It was brought out under oath. It comes from an opponent, and from a campaign manager in a large city of the greatest capitalist party in the country. It was given before a committee which investigated the campaign methods of all parties.

But, nevertheless, I will only say: We will not boast about this. Honesty is the first and least requirement of a Social-Democrat.

Before we let a man join our party at all, we must be convinced that he is honest. We must be reasonably sure that the applicant has acquired the social conscience. That he feels he is spoiling the chance of his own family whenever he helps to spoil the chances of the collectivity. That he feels, if he sold himself in any way, he would also sell his wife, his children and his class.

For the making of a good Social-Democrat we require a good many things besides honesty, or even aggressive honesty. We want every Social-Democrat to become a student—to study and understand economic conditions. We want every Social-Democrat also to become a soldier for the emancipation of the proletariat, and to fight every day of his life for the improvement of the condition of the common people.

However, I am glad to have the word of a Republican campaign manager that the Social-Democratic precincts "are bad," because there is no use "spending" in them any kind of his argument—money, whisky, beer or cigars.

And I am absolutely certain that Mr. David S. Rose will agree with him as to the "badness" of the average Social-Democrat.

and that it owns the government before he gets through. The receptions of his efforts to protect the people against commercial food poisoning has not been very reassuring, and if the food poisoners do not dangle his scalp from their belt it will be truly surprising.

If Wiley goes, the people of the United States will be dolts and ingrates indeed if they do not set up a howl that will make even Taft's blubber creep.

Will capitalism deport Emma Goldman? Well let us wait and see before we jump at conclusions! The fact is that Emma is one of the most serviceable little ladies that capitalism has at hand, and it needs her in its business. Every time capitalism's interests require an anarchist scare harmless Emma is trotted out and given enough added advertising to keep her on her agitating tours for months to come. I guess Emma will stay in this country a while longer.

Later the HERALD was moved to Milwaukee from Chicago, and it became necessary to make room for the editor. At about the same time the movement in Wisconsin, outside of Milwaukee, began to grow, and Comrade Thomas became state secretary. Space had to be provided for the editor and state secretary. So Comrade Berger, though the *Forwards*, which he owned at that time, was a heavy drag already, good-heartedly and without any charge, made room in that small and overcrowded old office.

After a while an advertising solicitor was added to the "force" (2) of the HERALD. Then came a state organizer. This crowded the space still more. It was impossible to get in any more desks. There was only one thing to do. That was to use the desks in company. Comrade W. R. Gaylord was the state organizer then. So when Miss Thomas was not using the desk, Comrade Gaylord took a chance at it. And vice versa. But it often happened that both wanted to use the desk at the same time. Well, then—there was a discussion, and one or the other stood around or sat around until the desk was vacated. It was the same thing with Comrade Berger and the advertising man. They, too, had one desk in common.

A three-story, modern concrete building, with high basement, will be erected just as soon as the site is paid for. To raise the funds necessary to pay for the lot, the People's Realty Company, with a capital stock of \$15,000, will be organized at once. Shares are \$25.00 each and non-assessable. They can be paid for in cash or in quarterly installments of twenty-five per cent each, thus enabling you to subscribe stock and pay for it at the rate of \$6.25 for every three months for each share subscribed. Upon payment in full of stock subscriptions, four per cent interest will be paid while the building is being erected, or until December, 1909.

The Rev. Father Daly preaches on divorce, the affinity cult (an entirely capitalistic pastime, by the way), Socialism and other things, in Milwaukee, Easter Sunday.

To our mind it would look better if the church of which the reverend gentleman is a member would first put its own house in order. There are countries, for instance, where his church controls the lives of the people completely, and yet where a full sixty per cent of the people are born out of wedlock.

And on the subject of divorce, his church, according to its own premises, is wrong. It holds that people should marry for love, yet would deny them the right to separate when hate has taken the place of love in cases where they have been misnamed. Such an attitude is highly immoral.

IS A STORY OF STEADY GROWTH

When one comes to think about it, it is only a few short years ago when we were located on State street, between Sixth and Seventh streets. Well do we recall how small and dingy it was, and now, when Comrade Berger and our present bookkeeper, Comrade Baier, had to do outside work at the same time, the office was locked up. That was all that could be done, as there was no one else to keep the office open. And so poor and so small was the movement then that at times when it was particularly hard to meet expenses, coal had to be bought by the bushel!

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sent by an English daily newspaper; and "WHEREAS, The Milwaukee Social-Democratic Publishing Company, by reason of its now publishing a weekly Social-Democratic newspaper, and by reason of its possession of considerable equipment which could be used for a daily newspaper, and which is owned and controlled by the Social-Democratic party and individual Socialists, is best qualified for publishing such a daily newspaper; and

"WHEREAS, Even if the SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD continues to be issued weekly only, its growth and the enlargement of its Job Department may make it imperative to engage larger quarters even before the present lease expires; therefore, be it

"RESOLVED, That we, the stockholders of the Milwaukee Social-Democratic Publishing Company, at a special meeting, held April 4, 1907, hereby authorize, direct and empower the board of directors of the Milwaukee Social-Democratic Publishing Company, to enter into a contract, whereby the Milwaukee Social-Democratic Publishing Company shall secure, in consideration of a long-term lease for suitable quarters at a reasonable rental, and the payment of legitimate expenses of the promotion of a realty company, the privilege of sharing equally with the stockholders of the said proposed realty stock company in all profits after six percent dividends have been paid annually on the stock of the said proposed realty company."

This meeting also authorized the issuance of bonds to provide the HERALD with capital for its growing business. These were all sold a few months ago. Then the work of securing a home began in earnest. The lot at the northeast corner of Sixth and Chestnut streets was purchased. It is splendidly located, only a few steps north of our present home, and is fifty by one hundred and fifty feet in dimensions. Two street cars pass it— one on Chestnut street, and another, the Milwaukee-Northern city and interurban line, on Sixth street. It is only a few blocks from Milwaukee's street car center, and within two blocks of the proposed Metropolitan Civic Center. Altogether it is one of the most valuable sites in the city, and increasing in value every day. The price paid was \$12,500.

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1910. The interest will be paid July 1, 1910 and January 1, 1911. So you need not wait until the building is up before you commence to realize. Interest starts immediately, as soon as the stock is paid for. The Herald Publishing Company will guarantee the payment of interest. After January 1, 1911, the stockholders in the People's Realty Company, like in all corporations, will receive profits in the form of dividends.

Since our last issue, the Realty Company has been hard at work. Out of 600 shares they have now 313 shares of stock subscribed towards payment of the lot, and about 68 shares spoken for besides. Now, if we can get over \$9,500.00 taken in one month, since the purchase of the lot, it certainly looks as if the full amount of the cost of the site would soon be forthcoming. Verily, in the last month the comrades have been getting busy.

A FINE LOCATION. Certainly it is an A number one lot. The location could not be better for our purposes. With business moving northward and westward, as it naturally will when the Civic Center takes up all the space proposed for it, our new home will be in the heart of things. It will be an ideal place for labor union offices. It is intended to give up the entire second floor for these offices. The third floor will contain the big assembly hall and perhaps one smaller hall. The ground floor will be occupied with the business and editorial offices of the HERALD and Forwards, the offices of the party, and the composing room and bindery. A high basement will insure light, pleasant and wholesome press and stereotyping rooms. A barber shop will also probably find room in the basement.

Building will begin just as soon as the lot is paid for. To hurry this up, a promotion committee is being appointed to push the sale of stock. C. B. Whitman, Wm. Coleman and J. M. Bandtel have been elected by the county central committee. S. D. P. Wm. Schwab, M. H. Staier and R. J. E. Skinkle have been chosen as delegates for the Federated Trades council; Emil Seidel and E. T. Melms from the Wisconsin State Executive Board, S. D. P.; Wm. Griebling from the Building Trades council, and E. E. Neumann from the Label section. The Brewery Workmen, the Allied Printing Trades council, the Metal Trades section, the HERALD and the Forwards have not yet chosen representatives. As soon as they do, the Promotion committee will be organized.

A SAFE INVESTMENT. It should be remembered that this is a first-class opportunity to make a safe investment, and at the same time get returns on the principal invested. Thus you will have a safe and profitable place for your savings, and at the same time help to establish a permanent headquarters for the papers, the labor unions and the party. This is something that you can keep for your old age.

We are not asking you for donations. If you have any money to give outright, by all means donate it to the campaign deficit fund. Our deficit ought to be wiped out immediately so that we can go into next year's campaign without debt and with a good organization. You can't have a working organization without funds. Clear off the deficit at once and let us have a start for 1909.

So please keep these two funds separate. Your savings for investment ought to go into the Realty Company to building the People's Home and at the same time lay up something for your own rainy days. Your gifts to the good of the movement should go to the campaign deficit fund where they are badly needed. Send your campaign donations to A. J. Welch, county organizer, and your subscriptions of stock to H. W. Bistorius. You will find the proper blanks below. Sign them and send them in.

Cash Payment Plan—Stock Subscription—People's Realty Company—Capital Stock \$15,000. 600 Unassessable Shares at \$25 each. To H. W. Bistorius, Secretary-Treasurer, Promotion Committee, 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee, Wis. I, the undersigned, hereby subscribe for the number of unassessable shares, of the par value of \$25.00 each, of the capital stock of the proposed "People's Realty Company," of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, set opposite my signature, for which find enclosed..... The subscriber is to receive four (4) per cent interest per year from date of payment in full of this subscription to and including December 31, 1910, and payable July 1, 1910, and January 1, 1911. No. of Shares..... Subscriber..... Amount..... Address.....

1909. To A. J. Welch, Secretary Milwaukee County Campaign Committee, 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee, Wis. Find enclosed \$..... which please apply to Spring Campaign Fund, it being understood that the balance of said fund, if any, after all expenses of the campaign have been paid, is to be applied to the fall campaign deficit. Name..... Address.....

Time Payment Plan—Stock Subscription—People's Realty Company—Capital Stock \$15,000. 600 Unassessable Shares at \$25 each. To H. W. Bistorius, Secretary-Treasurer, Promotion Committee, 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee, Wis. I, the undersigned, hereby subscribe for the number of unassessable shares, of the par value of \$25.00 each, of the capital stock of the proposed "People's Realty Company," of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, set opposite my signature, and I agree to pay to H. W. Bistorius, Secretary-Treasurer, Promotion Committee, for each share so subscribed the sum of twenty-five dollars in four installments of twenty-five per cent each, due and payable on the first day of each quarter. Enclosed herewith find..... for the first installment. I agree to pay the balance every three months thereafter as above enumerated. The subscriber is to receive four (4) per cent interest per year from date of payment in full of this subscription to and including December 31, 1910, and payable July 1, 1910, and January 1, 1911. No. of Shares..... Subscriber..... Amount..... Address.....



# SENATOR GAYLORD'S SPEECH ON COUNTY OPTION

### Full Stenographic Report of the Argument Delivered in the Wisconsin Legislature, Wednesday, March 31, 1909. Where Labor Stands at Present on the Liquor Question.

Mr. President, it does, indeed, take some courage and backbone to assume the position as a representative of men who do the work and as the representative of the Social-Democratic party. I assume it gladly this morning. That is to say that I am in opposition to both sides of the argument so far presented, and this might cause one to feel weak in the knees. I do not mind quoting Lincoln, and I might also quote a sentence from his lips, and say how many a time it has strengthened me when under conditions even less favorable than these. I have tried to speak for the men who work for a living. "Let us have faith that right makes might," not dividends; not dollars; not stocks or bonds; not capital invested; but right. That is what I am standing for today. And it is doubtless, to some who know my history, a little peculiar at first that I should stand here and oppose the county option bill, Mr. President.

All my life I have been a teetotaler, and I have no more use for liquor than I ever had. I have a record as the secretary of the Anti-Saloon league in Elgin, Ill., and I learned some things while conducting that fight. That was the beginning of the education which brought me to the place where I row am, for I found out what the force was which had to be met.

#### THE PARTY ATTITUDE.

I don't represent the breweries or the saloons, and I think that they agree with me on that. There are about 2,800 saloonkeepers in Milwaukee, and I don't think there are two dozen of them who vote the Social-Democratic ticket. We take all classes of men into our party, bankers and stevedores, clergymen and clerks. There are brewery workmen and members of churches. There are only two classes for whom we appoint a special committee to investigate them when they apply for membership. They are the lawyers and the saloonkeepers.

I am informed, Mr. President, that the fate of the Republican party is again at stake. Well, gentlemen, if this is to be the case, I can give you a good piece of advice. Kill this bill in the senate, for the assembly members don't want to vote on it. Of course, there may be some reason why it was introduced in the senate instead of in the assembly. There may possibly be some question. The reason why it was not introduced in both houses may be interesting.

For a Nobler Manhood, a More Beautiful Womanhood and a Happier Childhood

## The Allied Label

ALSO PRINTING TRADES UNION LABELS MILWAUKEE, WIS.

on printed matter is a guarantee that the work was done under fair conditions—printing minus the label falls in its purpose when placed in the hands of knowing workmen.

ALL THE BEST PRINTERS USE IT

ASK FOR IT—IT COSTS NOTHING EXTRA

"By Their Deeds We Know Our Friends"

### WHEN PURCHASING CIGARS SEE THAT THIS LABEL IS ON THE BOX

Union-made Cigars.

This Certificate: The Cigars contained in this box have been made by the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, an organization devoted to the welfare of the cigar maker and the consumer of cigars. The Cigars in this box were made in accordance with the highest standards of quality and purity.

F. W. Bellows, President

### IT IS A GUARANTEE THAT THE CIGARS ARE NOT MADE BY THE TRUST

Demand This Label On All Packages of Beer, Ale or Porter

OF AMERICA

### Named Shoes Are Frequently Made in Non-Union Factories

## DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE

no matter what its name—unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this UNION STAMP.

All shoes without the UNION STAMP are always non-union. Do not accept any excuse for absence of Union Stamp.

### BOOT AND SHOE WORKERS' UNION

JOHN P. TOBIN, President  
CHARLES L. BAINE, Secretary-Treasurer

I do not care to take time in discussing that question. It might seem like imputing motives, and I don't want to do that.

I have received several telegrams advising against this bill. I suppose they will keep on coming, and I want to say to the men who sent these telegrams, that they will cut absolutely no figure with me, and will have absolutely no weight with me nor the people who sent me in here. My mind was made up before any telegram came to me, and I will tell you on what basis. I wish to read from the platform of the Social-Democratic party one plank:

#### THE PARTY PLANK.

Seventeenth: We hold that intemperance in the use of liquor is the result of the present enervating economic conditions. With the growth of a people strong in physique, intellect, and popular morals, intemperance will gradually disappear and temperate habits in all things prevail. We condemn the attempts at summary laws as inimical to the cause of economic and personal liberty. Until a more harmonious economic order has been established, the attempts of all well-meaning people to introduce temperate habits will prove only an evasion of the real issue.

That is the only plank that is in any political platform on this question, and the brewers like it just as little as the politicians.

Mr. President, there has been introduced, and is now in the hands of the committee on state affairs, a resolution on this question introduced by this party—by myself. At the risk of being somewhat tedious, I am going to read this. I know you like all documents introduced by the Social-Democratic party. It reads:

WHEREAS, The liquor traffic constitutes a social and economic problem that requires the most careful attention on the part of all who are interested in the common welfare, and especially on the part of those who are attempting to legislate with reference to the matter; and

WHEREAS, Practically every measure so far advanced upon the subject has entirely overlooked the tremendous effect of economic conditions upon the working class, the poor wages, the long hours, the unsanitary and physically depressing conditions in the places of employment, the cheap adulterated food, and, above all, the housing of the working class in unhealthy, cheerless, comfortless hovels; and

WHEREAS, These conditions, taken together, constitute, according to all scientific students of the subject, the most constant and powerful influence in creating and extending the evils of intemperance; and

WHEREAS, It has been proven that these conditions have been bettered by the increase in wages, shortening of hours, and improvement of conditions of labor, intemperance, and the evil of the saloon have been lessened in that proportion; and

WHEREAS, Under the present economic conditions it is admitted and emphasized by every scientific and legislative investigation made, that the saloon serves a very important and vital social function in our present society, especially in the cities, by offering to the working

### ALWAYS DEMAND Union Labeled Bread

### When Ordering Clothing Demand This Label

### When Ordering Clothing Demand This Label

Right Conditions—Free, Sanitary Shops

### Named Shoes Are Frequently Made in Non-Union Factories

## DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE

no matter what its name—unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this UNION STAMP.

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class a center of sociality, of warmth and cheer, of music and games, where they may read the papers and join in discussions, where they may even secure free food and some of the conveniences denied them in their homes, all at a price within reach; and

WHEREAS, This social function constitutes an absolute necessity and a positive right of the common people, which can not and ought not to be destroyed until either the municipality or the state shall find some way of separating this function from the private control of the saloon and establishing other centers of social life and amusement for the people that shall be in every way equal to, and, if possible, superior in value and attractiveness; and

WHEREAS, It is conceded that the adulteration of liquors and the sale of the strongly alcoholic drinks constitutes the most serious evil of the liquor traffic; and

WHEREAS, Several methods of dealing with the liquor traffic are being urged in different directions, all of which fail in one or another respect to go to the root of the matter: For example, the public ownership and control of the wholesale and manufacturing part of the business by the government in Switzerland fails to properly regulate the retailing of liquor, thus leaving the evil effects of private management at that point; or, again, the state dispensary system in South Carolina, which is urged by some, provided that the three hundred and eighty-four officials of the system in that state should all be appointed, thus creating a most dangerous political machine in connection with one of the most dangerous monopolies; or, again, the Gotenberg system of Norway and Sweden proposed by the assembly of the retailers or distributing business of the saloon by private companies, which in itself is objectionable, and besides, leaves the wholesale and manufacturing part of the business in the hands of a great monopoly whose evil influence is constantly operating against the good purposes of the system; therefore, be it

RESOLVED by the senate, the assembly concurring, that a special committee, consisting of two senators appointed by the president of the senate, and three assemblymen appointed by the speaker of the house, shall be selected for the purpose of investigating all the different forms of public ownership, control and regulation now in use in any part of the world and report to the next legislature some method of public ownership and regulation that will be best adapted to the social conditions and needs of the people of our state.

#### BOOKS ON THE SALOON.

Now, I hold in my hand a little book. It is nothing but a bibliography; that is to say, a list of books on this subject. Here I find on page 20:

The Saloon.  
By Mr. Raymond Calkins: Saloon as a social center. The chapter reveals the firm hold that the saloon has upon the people socially.  
John Koren: Social aspects of the saloon in great cities. Economic aspects of the liquor problem. Social problem of the saloon in New York, Chicago, Boston, San Francisco, Pittsburg.

Felix Adler: Shows that there is a demand for a social center, and that the saloon is the poor man's club.  
G. T. McNeill: Why workmen drink. Holds that he drinks because the saloon has become a real democratic social settlement.  
R. L. Melenly: Articles dealing with the saloon in general as a refuge for workmen and floating population; the fraternal organizations connected with the saloon, such as trades unions, amusement enterprises, lodging houses, and lunch counters.

#### POVERTY THE CAUSE.

#### "SUBSTITUTE FOR THE SALOON,"

and here you find in their list Ballington B. 9th, Noel Baxton, M. R. Cranston, Joseph Johnson, R. E. MacNaughton, Edith Sellers, A. L. Sweetser, W. H. Tolman. There is a whole list on that subject, Mr. President. Of all the literature that there is on this subject, I want to ask how many of the men here read it, who talk on this subject?

Now, I have taken up this matter, and I know from personal knowledge the history of this agitation. I am not unmindful of the great moral issue presented in this measure. I have presented that many times myself, but gentlemen of the senate, is the question of morals here brought in particularly? The argument was not presented very well if it is. I can do better myself, with all due consideration to the senator. No, it is brought in in the guise of an economic problem, a problem in economics and taxation. The county now is not to be made the unit for the regulation of a moral evil. This is not a county problem in morals. No. Previous legislatures have tried the same thing with reference to the township, the state or district, and they have succeeded in establishing it legally in places as a state problem. But now it is introduced as an economic and taxation problem.

They say that the workmen drink too much, and that poverty, misery, crime, disease and all these things come from drink. I used to think so myself before I began to look up the facts. I hold in my hand a little abstract from the 18th annual report of the Commissioner of Labor, published in 1902. On pages 204 and 205 you will find figures similar to these:

|  |       |
|--|-------|
| Causes of idleness.  | 6.45  |
| Percent of heads of families idle from each specified cause. |       |
| 1. Accident  | 1.56  |
| 2. Bad weather   | 2.25  |
| 3. Drunkenness   | 2.25  |
| 4. Establishment closed                                      | 4.27  |
| 5. Lack of material  | 1.72  |
| 6. No work wanted  | 2.25  |
| 7. Old age   | 0.88  |
| 8. Slack work  | 13.05 |
| 9. Strike  | 4.07  |

10. Vacation..... 6.45  
11. Sickness..... 22.54  
12. Unable to get work..... 33.29  
Add together these: "Establishment closed," "No work wanted," "Slack Work," and "Unable to get work," and it makes 50.86 per cent of idleness which depend entirely upon the economic conditions growing out of the present industrial system. The argument that drink causes poverty won't go anywhere. I got through with that some years ago.

#### WHAT BREWERY WORKERS SAY.

I hold in my hand a little document issued by the United Brewery Workers of America. "You represent the brewery workmen," someone will say. I represent the workmen wherever I find them. But I want to say a few words about the brewery workers. Those are the men who a number of years ago were exploited by the brewery boss to the limit. They were kept in hovels and worked sixteen hours a day, given free beer, kept sober day and night, and paid the least wages possible. These men have organized. Some of them a little more intelligent than the rest began to organize. Of course the brewery bosses did not like that, and they don't like it now. But they succeeded in organizing step by step. They have fought their way up until today the brewery workers of the United States are known as one of the best organized, most intelligent and most efficient group of workmen in this country. What have they done? Shortened the time to eight hours a day, increased their wages until they are early well paid compared with other occupations, and they have brought free beer to a minimum allowance. Their next move will be to say to the brewery boss, "Keep your beer; we don't want free beer." That is the history of it. These are the men who have been brought up in brewery vats, you might say, and these men, if they had been left to the temperance teachers and prohibitionists to benefit them, would today be just where they were when they began. This is a very significant lesson in the methods by which the workmen will be brought to a different level of life and moral habits. Only by their own determined efforts, by organization

#### TRADE'S EFFECT ON EDUCATION

Prof. Richard T. Carlton of Albion college, in the April number of the new Socialist periodical, the *Progressive Journal of Education* (Chicago), has an article on "The Influence of Trade on Education," which will be of interest to all Socialists and trade unionists. Prof. Carlton begins by asserting that "Education has ever furnished the training demanded by the dominant classes in the community," and goes on to say that four standards are now struggling for supremacy in the American schools, as follows:

1. The "practical," comprising the demand of big business interests for industrial training.
2. The "cultural," which is the old, out-grown classical form of education.
3. The "psychological" demand, urged by scientific students of child life and calling for a well rounded development of the child.
4. The "social" standard, based on the demand for racial efficiency and for a broad understanding of society.

After fully explaining these four standards of educational demand, Prof. Carlton says:

"The United States stands today at the parting of the educational ways. Is education to be primarily for the purpose of training workers or young men and young women? Is education to be commercialized? Will the demands of 'big business' or the demands for good citizenship and racial efficiency dominate? This is the problem which confronts our educational workers at the present time. Fundamentally it is a problem of educational ideal, and values, or, in other words, a problem of class versus mass interest, or of occupational versus social welfare.

"Our school system from kindergarten to graduate school is in a process of rapid modification in regard to educational ideals, aims and methods. Which of these two strong forces—business or social interests—is to become predominant? Are our schools to become cheap and efficient instruments for training youth for commercial and industrial jobs; or will they be studios for the training of efficient workers AND intelligent citizens? Is the school to be a mere trade school; or is it to be an engine for improving human beings, for developing men and women who will be more than mere cogs in our great industrial mechanism?"

"The struggle which is now going on for the control of the American educational system is a very significant one. If education becomes a factory industry; if economy system and the needs of industry become the leading educational ideals, then will the school system lose its value as a democratizing element in our civilization? If, on the other hand, the school develops into a studio, citizenship and

based upon their own interests, from motives which have to do with their families and with themselves, on this basis, and on this basis alone, will the level of the working class be raised. It has nothing to gain from other sources. The economic interests, the business interests, the capitalists, the dividend drawers, and the coupon clippers, these care not what becomes of the brewery workers. They care very little. But these brewery workmen are intelligent, and are solving their own problem.

#### BISHOP POTIER QUOTED.

I wish I might have enough copies of this clipping to distribute one to each member present and have you read it. They say:

Let us quote here what Bishop Henry C. Potter so truly says in his little volume "The Drink Problem." The bishop says:

"We progress steadily and splendidly in the fertility of our inventions; but as the cleverness and adroitness of machinery rises, the demands upon the cleverness and adroitness of the workman diminish. And yet they cannot diminish without leaving his task more circumscribed, more mechanical, and more monotonous. Do we know how mechanical and monotonous, at last, it may become, and do we know what a mechanical monotony at length takes out of a man? For, until we do, we are in no position to judge our brother, who, at the end of his day's task, turns to stimulants or narcotics which to us may be abhorrent. His home and yours have not ever compared them? His leisure and yours; his environment and yours; his food and the conditions of its preparation; his recreations, companionships—in one word, his resources and yours—do you know, not how like, but how utterly unlike they are? And yet, when you talk of this brother man, you are surprised, it may be, to find in him tastes and sympathies, and aspirations not unlike your own. What chance have they, and what warrant have you and I for criticism, behind which has been no single effort to better the habits which they assail, or the conditions out of which those habits have sprung? . . . If I am sent here of God; for nothing else, I am sent here to tell you that, and to entreat you to discern that most of our methods for dealing with the drink-evil in our day and generation are tainted with falsehood, dishonored by essential untruth, and that what is edited by widespread and consistent failure."

What a ring of truth and truth there is in these words of the bishop, compared with the wild, exaggerated and untrue statements of the prohibitionists.

We do, of course, not deny that there is drunkenness and that drunk-

ness is an evil. But we do deny that there is as much drunkenness in the world as the prohibitionists want to make us believe, and we do deny that it is the most fruitful source of crime, pauperism and insanity. The worst criminals are the defrauders, the embezzlers, the thieves, the counterfeiters, the forgers, the robbers, the burglars, the gamblers, etc. They all need clear heads, and they all need strong nerves. No drunken man has ever stolen a whole railroad, or held up a single train; no drunken man has ever ruined hundreds of competitors in business, or robbed a fellow by cheating at cards.

While organized workmen know well enough how to protect themselves, yet we venture to say that among the large mass of unorganized laborers there is nine times as much drunkenness caused by poverty, misery and despair, as pauperism is caused by drink. The wild exaggerations of the temperance zealots are an insult to workmen, and the unorganized workmen are, after all, our brethren, whom we should protect from insult as much as ourselves.

Physiology and medical science have long ago recognized the fact that insanity is far often the cause than the effect of drunkenness, and that inebriety is most generally the effect of a predisposition caused by some physical defect.

The reasonings of the temperance people are remarkably superficial, and their statements generally untrue. They seem to be totally ignorant of the social and economic causes that lead to crime and poverty, and sometimes also to excessive drinking, now are, willingly or unwillingly, perfectly blind as to any other causes of evil in the world than drink. But we workmen know better and have a better knowledge of social conditions, their causes and their effects, than they.

As a class, the workmen, especially the organized workmen, are as sober and as able to control their own habits as any other class of people; we need no more the protection of the law from the results of our conduct than any other class of people, and we protest against the insult constantly heaped upon the working people, as being those who need the protection of the law from the results of their own conduct.

As citizens of this republic we protest against legislation based upon a doctrine which permits the interference of government in matters of purely individual concern. It is destructive of personal and civil liberty. After sixty years' experience with prohibitive legislation it is well known that it is useless. It not only

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# Social-Democratic Herald

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY BY THE  
MILWAUKEE SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC PUBLISHING COMPANY  
244 Sixth Street Milwaukee, Wis.

Original Paper of the Federal Trades Council of Milwaukee  
and of the Wisconsin State Federation of Labor. The Herald is Not Responsible  
for Opinions of its Contributors.

Entered at the Milwaukee Postoffice as Second-Class Matter, August 26, 1901.  
FREDERIC HEATH, Editor VICTOR L. BERGER, Associate

In a recent by-election in Milwaukee, in which the Social-Democrats elected the alderman-at-large and two members of the school board, two special campaign bulletins were issued, in size the same as a four-page number of the HERALD. If comrades in any other city would like copies in order to get a pattern for election work in their own locality, they can secure a copy of each of the two issues, by sending stamp to this office. The campaign sheets were used for the house to house distribution all over the city, are in English and German, and bear the heading, "Straight Talk to Straight Folks—Nos. 1 and 2."

### CALL A TOWN MEETING.

Town meeting called by Socialists of Somerville, Mass., to urge action in behalf of the unemployed. To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen, Greeting: WHEREAS, On account of the present financial, commercial and industrial depression, and the resulting hard times, great numbers of men and women everywhere are, through no fault of their own, lacking employment, and are suffering the various hardships incident to such unemployment; and

WHEREAS, In our own city of Somerville, we have a considerable number of such unemployed people, who are not only suffering in their own persons, but are also entailing misery upon helpless dependents, and are still furthermore a potential menace to the health and the laws of this community; and

WHEREAS, Said welfare, both for the individual and for the community, includes suitable and gainful occupation of every person desiring such occupation; and

RESOLVED, That the Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Somerville be instructed to consider at once the ways and means for the employment of all unemployed persons resident in the city of Somerville; and be it furthermore

RESOLVED, That we, the citizens and registered voters of the city of Somerville, in town meeting assembled, hereby demand municipal employment on public works or in other suitable manner, at the prevailing trade-union scale of wages, for said unemployed persons.

### To Brew the Best Beer

the brewer must first have, make or buy perfect Malt, for malt is the soul of the beer. Four-day malt cannot make perfect beer such as

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because four-day malt is a forced and unnatural process and beer made from four-day malt lacks the nutritious food elements which distinguish Pabst Beer. Pabst exclusive eight-day malt, the choicest hops, pure water and a process spotlessly clean are the secret of the rich food value and the fine mellow flavor of Pabst Blue Ribbon Beer.



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### ELECTION NEWS

**BRAINARD, MINN., ELECTS SOCIALIST MAYOR.**  
On April 6 the city of Brainerd, Minn., held the first city election in compliance with a new city charter adopted at the general election last fall. The hardest fight ever waged in the history of the city was waged by the combined forces of the Republicans and Democrats on the one hand and the Socialists on the other hand. The Socialists elected A. Ousdahl mayor by a vote of 773 to 686 for D. M. Clark, independent candidate for mayor.

**SEIDEL LED BY NEARLY A THOUSAND VOTES.**  
The canvassing board completed its work counting the ballots in Milwaukee last Friday afternoon. The official figures are: For alderman-at-large: Emil Seidel, S-D, 8,556; J. M. Schneider, Dem., 7,574; Adam Meisenheimer, Rep., 6,540; Paul Beutner, Ind. Rep., 1,076.

**AT OTHER POINTS.**  
The Socialists of St. Louis polled about 6 per cent of the total vote in the municipal election, an increase of about 700 over the presidential election. Speakers who desire to engage

there is to the discussion, and this ends it. A comrade at Chippewa Falls—where, as in Milwaukee, the city is fifteen years behind the times in this regard—told me recently that he had large children in the public schools there, not yet in the high school. He worked at common labor, making \$1.25 a day on the average. The purchase of the books for these children took ONE MONTH of his labor each year.

**ELKTON, MARYLAND.**  
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different kinds of occupations and methods of labor. This is a fundamental thing in the organization of society, let that be remembered. The methods of labor have to do with the habits of the people. The housing is different. Do you get that? The food supply is different; the recreations are different. Go through the country and then go through the city. It is a different kind of life from the one to the other, and yet you propose to have the county vote to regulate all of that with respect to a thing that is intimately bound up with the labor life, the living life, the housing life, as I have already shown. You propose to settle that by yes or no. It looks simple, but it is not as simple as it looks.

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Charles Matthews, the actor, tells us that he once heard a pothouse Ruskin (as Matthews puts it) holding forth to a mate over their beer as follows: "Comrade, I ain't argyng with you at all—I'm just a showing of you."

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# BUILDERS' COLUMN

By TEDDY  
What's wrong when you notice a call for more subscriptions in this column week after week? Do you know what that means? If you do not, you should; and so as you will, I am going to tell you. It means that you workers must put more ginger into your system, more persistency, more push and pluck.

It means that just as many of your friends that you let slip by, without meaning them subscribe to the HERALD, will be just so many more years before you will see the bloom of Socialism in our big cities. It means that it's about time there was something doing in regard to getting subscribers to the HERALD.

Are you going to let it slip by unnoticed, or will you put your foot on solid matter and brace back with the rest of the "ever ready." Do justice to yourself and get right after the ones who should know all about Socialism and who will gladly thank you later on when they begin to see the light.

Our Pacific coast comrade, J. C. Wesley, is at the head of the brigade for a bundle order, so far as this week is concerned. His order for one hundred and twenty-five copies per week for an indefinite term is surely a winner. We need just such as he to break the tidal wave.

The HERALD sub card workers are beginning to come out stronger now. Make use of your cards, comrades, the same as the following have done this week, and don't let the cards lie useless in the table or desk drawer, or wear off the print by keeping them in your pocket too long. Send them in. This week's card workers: Axxom of Oregon, Beum of Ohio, Blake of Texas, Ehl of Pennsylvania, Floaten of Colorado, Hastings of Wyoming, Kolachny of Oklahoma, Lammpan of North Dakota, Nevins of California, Obenchein of Texas, Reese of Alabama and Thompson of Michigan.

That's him. He is the cause of it all. Comrade Patterson of Illinois. Nevertheless, he knows when, where and how to pick up the subs for the HERALD. He struck out eight heavy hitters the past week.

You must fight the capitalist class and lick them. These words must have been on both the lips and heart of Comrade Acker of Michigan, for he sailed right in without any signal whatsoever and knocked down five and then sent them in to the HERALD office with the words: "Trying to get something started here." We know from former acquaintance with Comrade Acker, while a resident of Milwaukee, that he is made up of just that sort of stuff that will start something.

"Renew my bundle of twenty-five HERALDS a week for one year."

IT IS THE VERY MARROW OF CHRIST'S GOSPEL. It is Christianity applied.

This morning I stand here, Mr. President, to tell you that the most intelligent, best informed working classes are opposed to this measure. The best results of modern investigation have shown that it is not practical, and if you want to quote Abraham Lincoln, I challenge you, I challenge you, and all who quote him, come stand by this banner of my party, "Let us have faith that right makes might." All those other private means—whether they own and control the means of making beer or the means of making bread—are going to fail, Mr. President. And all haphazard, ill-considered, poorly planned, well-meaning attempts to regulate the habit of the workmen, whether philanthropy or charity, will fail because the only thing that is practical in God's universe is the thing that is right. (Great applause.)

**CONGRATULATE MILWAUKEE.**  
Dear Comrades: My heart was rejoicing when I read the result of the election just held in your city in the Chicago Daily Socialist, and my enthusiasm knew no bounds. Good for you, boys! I shouted, show these plutes that it is time for them to make room for Socialism, and that

they can no longer impress the voters with their "dividing-up, home-breaking, religion-destroying, free-loving, always-has-been-and-always-will-be-that-way" arguments. Yours for the cause, Charleroi, Penn. H. Lessing.

Lancaster, Pa., April 9, 1909.—Local Lancaster, Pa., rejoices in your victory and joyfully congratulates you on carrying the city. Comrade Kahn lectured here tonight. M. S. Cooper, H. Heiland, J. Blattel, committee.

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Federated Trades Council of Milwaukee HEADQUARTERS—318 STATE ST. TELEPHONE—GRAND 1742

THE UNION LABEL continues to stand for 'A Nobler Manhood, a More Beautiful Womanhood and a Happier Childhood.' 'The courts have not yet taken from us the right to employ this means to the end—labor's freedom. While we may, let us USE ITS POWER'

Union Barber Shops Always see that this card is displayed in the shop before you get a shave or haircut.

Al. F. Baganz HOT AND COLD BATHS SHAVING PARLOR

FRED. GROSE FINE LINE OF UNION CIGARS

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UNION MADE Gerhard Suspenders

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OLIPHANT & YOUNG PATENTS

J. W. NIEMANN FUNERAL DIRECTOR

FRANK KORSCH Saloon and Meeting Hall

F. TEWS OYSTERS, CRABS, FISH

WIS. STATE FEDERATION OF LABOR Milwaukee, Wis., April 9, 1909.

The question of financial contributions in the legal defense of Gompers, Mitchell and Morrison was referred to the next convention.

Trade Union Directory In the following list name and number of the union is given first, date and place of meeting follows.

MINERAL WATERS Soda Water Weiss Beer

Huebschen's Studio High-Art Photography

CUCUMBER REAMURES HAPPED Hands and Face

WASHDAY BLUE MONDAY IS IN USE

UNION HAT CO. THE BEST \$2 Two and Three Dollar Hats \$3

JUST TRY A PAIR OF PINSEL'S SHOES

Gaspar Hach BAKER AND CONFECTIONER

JAC. BAER CARPENTER

WATCH REPAIRING THEO. SCHELLE

The second national peace congress will convene in Chicago, May 3 to 5, 1909. Upon request from its secretary to send five representatives the secretary was authorized to arrange for a representative at the proper time.

The secretary was instructed to prepare and send out the call for the seventeenth annual convention, to be held in Eau Claire, July 21, 1909.

To commemorate the death of one of the most active and progressive union men of Milwaukee the following resolution of condolence was adopted:

WHEREAS, In the course of events, our honored and esteemed comrade, Charles Dippel, has been removed from our midst; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, That, in recognition and appreciation of his valued services to the cause of labor, we extend to his bereaved family our heartfelt sympathy in this, their sad bereavement.

RESOLVED FURTHER, That a copy of these resolutions be spread on the minutes, and also a copy sent to the members of the family of our deceased comrade.

Resolved, That, in recognition and appreciation of his valued services to the cause of labor, we extend to his bereaved family our heartfelt sympathy in this, their sad bereavement.

Bro. Chas. Dippel was a member of the Cigar Makers' Union No. 25 of Milwaukee. He was an active union man and Socialist from his early youth, and all through his life. He died at the age of sixty years, at his residence, 515 North avenue, April 8, 1909.

Trade Union Directory In the following list name and number of the union is given first, date and place of meeting follows.

FEDERATED TRADES COUNCIL OF MILWAUKEE and vicinity, 1st and 2d Wednesdays, Freie Gemeinde hall, 960 4th st., John Reichert, 318 State st.

UNION HAT CO. THE BEST \$2 Two and Three Dollar Hats \$3

WATCH REPAIRING THEO. SCHELLE STRICTLY HONEST PRICES FOR GOOD AND RELIABLE WORK ONLY

Organized Labor Capitalists: "Workers demand their rights. On account I'm get an injurion."

A CHANGE OF POLICY. A year ago it was sneeringly declared when the Socialist revolution was defeated that the United Mine Workers would never be committed to such folly.

The leading union is now committed to Socialist principles and this means a change of front of the American Federation of Labor of which the United Mine Workers is one of the dominating bodies.

The action of the United Mine Workers is extremely significant and marks an epoch in the Socialist movement in the United States. The capitalist press recognizes its import and gravely comments on its possibilities.

Comrades, do your shopping at the places of our advertisers, and let them know why you buy there.

PLAUM CLOTHING CO. We Carry a Large Line of Union-Made Clothing

TRY THEM BUTTER BROS. Exclusive Gents' Furnishers

Dr. J. BIEBESHEIMER DENTIST

Socialist Literature for Sale "Wolfe Jacob", "Kene Beer", etc.

FOR A PAIR OF Good Shoes ALWAYS GO TO John Peter

SCHLEIGER-SCHULZ CO. Hatters and Men's Furnishers

GOETHEL & RODEN Tin, Zinc, Galvanized Iron and Copper Work

AL. and 4th Saturdays, 309 Chestnut st. Wis. Electrician, 218 State st.

BREAD MAKERS, No. 56 (U. S. A. U. of A.) 1st and 2d Thursdays, 203 Grand ave. No. 4.

IRON MOLDBERS, No. 121 (I. M. U. of N. A.) 1st and 2d Thursdays, 311 Walnut st.

W. M. WIGDER, Optometrist and Optician 185 Twelfth St.

LIFE and FIRE INSURANCE places a mantle of protection around the home.

VICTOR L. BERGER Telephone Grand 2394

Keep the Wheel Turn in' COAL COKE=WOOD and let the Social-Democratic Party benefit by getting the profit thereon.

WISCONSIN STATE FEDERATION OF LABOR OFFICIAL DEPARTMENT UNFAIR—WAS IT?

TEETH EXTRACTED ABSOLUTELY WITHOUT PAIN OR DANGER

Borchardt Bros. TAILORS

LOUIS A. MANZ Watches Clocks and Jewelry

JOHN LUELL MANUFACTURER OF FINE CIGARS

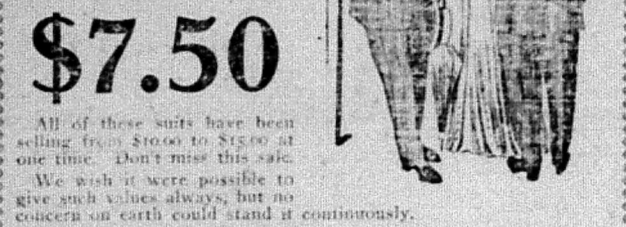
ADOLPH HEUMANN Sample Room and Bottle House

A. W. HAAS Fresh and Salt Meats 211 ROWELL AVENUE 211



# Great Suit Sale

Right in the midst of the suit season we'll give you a suit benefit. We have on hand a lot of Men's and Young Men's Suits, odds and ends, that we want to clean up. In order to move them quickly, we have arranged to put these suits on sale MONDAY AND TUESDAY ONLY, April 19th and 20th, at



## \$7.50

All of these suits have been selling from \$10.00 to \$15.00 at one time. Don't miss this sale. We wish it were possible to give such values always, but no concern on earth could stand it continuously.

## REINECK BROS.

"The Good Clothes Store."  
717-719 TWELFTH STREET—Cor. Lloyd

## Shoe News

We call your attention to the fact that buying footwear is one of the most vital questions that come to your consideration. Whereas at the present time prices are high for all necessities of life, it requires careful consideration to meet both ends, and meet them right. What you want in shoes is: First of all a good fit; next you want a shoe of good material, put together by honest labor; last, but not least of all, you want all these qualities at a price that is right for you. We have made this shoe business a study for years, and understand the "secret of successful business rests with the knowledge thereof." We feel that we can save you money, all we ask—a thorough trial of the merits of our goods.

## GLEUE BROS. 715 TWELFTH ST.

## Wisconsin State Organization Department

CARL D. THOMPSON, 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee, Wis., state organizer; to whom news and other matters for this department should be sent.

**GRAND RAPIDS:** Comrade Otto writes: "Well, Comrade Mills has been here, and is gone again, but he left his mark. We had done everything that we could do to advertise the lecture, and had sold about 225 advance tickets at 25 cents. Our expenses were in the neighborhood of \$55.00. The weather was abominable and it was a surprise to me that anyone turned out, but in spite of the wind and rain we sold twenty tickets at the door, and had an audience of about 225 people. To say that the lecture was appreciated would be putting it too mildly. The lecture was intensely interesting from start to finish. Questions were asked and answered to the satisfaction of all, and at the finish orders were taken for twenty-three copies of Mr. Mills' book 'The Struggle for Existence.' That means that there is going to be some reading in Grand Rapids in the near future and we know what that means. Taken all in all, we think that Mr. Mills' visit to Grand Rapids will have excellent results, and when you make up another tour for him in the state you may count on Grand Rapids for one of the dates. Today on the streets everybody is telling what a splendid lecture it was, and everybody agrees that his argument was good. At nine this morning we were at the high school, where he gave a talk to the students and teachers, and from there we went to the Wood County Normal Training School, on the invitation of Prof. Jackson, where he gave a good talk, which was very much appreciated by the embryo teachers. The wife of one of our prominent Republicans told Mrs. Otto that the lecture was the best she had ever heard and trusted she would soon have the pleasure of hearing him again. Please remember to put us down for a return date in case that you have him in Wisconsin again.

## TRY THE HERALD CLASSIFIED "ADS"

**WANTED**  
WANTED—You to drink our Soda and other Carbonated Waters. "Ice" Brand very popular. Manufactured by J. E. BEITER, 190 Jackson St., Phone connection.  
WANTED—To do advertising for societies, merchants, etc. Low prices, quick service. MAIL ADDRESSING CO., 244 Sixth St., Milwaukee.  
WANTED—Orders for imitation Bicentennial letters; cannot be told from the original. COOPERATIVE PRINTING, 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee.  
WANTED—Orders for "Socialism Made Plain," fourth edition, this office.  
FARMERS and mechanics to write at once for our catalog of best and cheapest tool grades, fully guaranteed. MILWAUKEE GRINDING CO., 244 Sixth St., Milwaukee.  
**BOOK SALE**  
RELIEF FUND, \$5 in a book, with the Union Label, suitable for unions, branches, etc. 13c each, or two for 25c. SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC PUB. CO., 244 Sixth St., Milwaukee.  
**WARRANTS ON THE TREASURER**—For the use of Social-Democratic Branch—100 warrants in a book for 25c. SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC PUBLISHING CO., 244 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

## STATE OF WISCONSIN, MILWAUKEE COUNTY, County Court—In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Wilhelm Stegk, Deceased.  
Letters testamentary on the estate of Wilhelm Stegk, late of the city of Milwaukee, in said county of Milwaukee, deceased, having been duly granted to Ernst Carl Stegk, Deceased.  
It is ordered that the time from the date hereof until including the first Tuesday of October, A. D. 1920, be and the same is hereby fixed as the time within which all creditors of the said Wilhelm Stegk, deceased, shall present their claims for examination and allowance.  
It is further ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against the said Wilhelm Stegk, deceased, be examined and adjusted before this court, at its courtroom in the city of Milwaukee, in said county, at the regular term thereof appointed to be held on the first Tuesday of November, 1920, and all creditors are hereby notified thereof.  
It is further ordered that notice of the time and place at which said claims and demands will be examined and adjusted as aforesaid, and of the time above limited for said creditors to present their claims and demands, be given by publishing a copy of this order and notice, for four consecutive weeks, once in each week, in the Social-Democratic Herald, a newspaper published in the county of Milwaukee, the first publication to be within fifteen days from the date hereof.  
Dated this 15th day of April, 1920.  
By the Court: JOHN C. KAPPE, County Judge.  
Richard Kasper, Attorney for Estate.

## The White Is King of Sewing Machines

The White Sewing Machine Company's thirty-eight years of experience along the one line—making machines for family sewing—has enabled them to produce a machine that will please and satisfy you in every way, or full details

### E. H. HEISMANN

449 National Avenue  
PHONE SOUTH 4024

# Killed by Republicans and Democrats

## A Tariff that Would Really Protect Labor Slaughtered in the Senate Last Week.

Substitute Amendment No. 1-S to M. C. No. 1-S.  
By this, its memorial to the congress of the United States, the legislature of the state of Wisconsin, respectfully submits the following statements:

Indirect taxation, such as the tariff on importations, has ever been a favorite method of laying the burden of government upon that class of the people which is least able to bear it, and this has been practiced in the past in this as in other governments.  
In the United States, as in other nations, the tariff on importations has been advocated and defended as a means of protecting the interests of the working class, while as a matter of fact the tariff imposed has often been a larger factor in the price to the consumer than the amount paid to labor in this country for the protection of the goods thus claimed to have been protected.

The concentration of wealth in the hands of a class which tends constantly to decrease in proportion to the population, ought to lead in this country, as in others, to the imposition of a uniform and adequate federal tax on incomes and inheritance, which would to some extent affect the diffusion of wealth through the channels of government and at the same time lay the

burden of taxation where it is most easily borne, as well as upon those who manifestly are profiting most by the institutions of the national life.

The most vital part of the life of any nation is the life of its working people, and the protection of the interests of this part of the population is the imperative duty of the government.

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED, by the senate, the assembly concurring, that the congress of the United States is hereby requested to go forward with the consideration and adoption of plans for the systematic and equal taxation of incomes and inheritances;

RESOLVED, That the congress of the United States, in its enactment of a tariff law, is requested to provide that on all imported articles protected by a tariff, there shall also be imposed an internal revenue tax, which latter tax shall be subject to removal by executive order from the goods of any domestic manufacturer of the same, who shall show that the wages and conditions of labor employed in said manufacture are fair and advantageous to labor.

RESOLVED, That the governor be and he is hereby requested to transmit a copy of this memorial to the president of the senate and to the speaker of the house of representatives at Washington, and to each of the senators and representatives in congress from the state of Wisconsin.

## DATES FOR NATIONAL ORGANIZERS

John W. Brown.—April 18, Caribou, Me.; 19, 20, Ft. Fairfield; 21, 22, Mars Hill; 23, 24, Houlton.

Harold W. Houston.—April 18 to 24, West Virginia.  
A. Littman (Jewish).—April 18, Paterson, N. J.; 19, 20, Elizabeth; 21, 22, W. Hoboken; 23, 24, Washington, D. C.

Lenz Morrow Lewis.—April 18, Kindred, N. D.; 19, 20, Rutland; 21, 22, LaMoore; 23, 24, Ellendale.

Mila T. Maynard.—April 18 to 24, Utah.  
James Oneal.—April 18, Nettleton, Ark.; 19, Wynne; 20, Pine Bluff; 21, Little Rock; 22, Malvern; 23, Texarkana; April 24, Texas.

Clyde J. Wright.—April 18, New Helena, Nebr.; 19, Sargent; 20, 21, Comstock; 22, Loup City; 23, Boelus; 24, Columbus.

Dan A. White.—April 18, Atlantic City, N. J.; 19, Vineland; 20, Millville; 21, Bridgeton; 22, Glassboro; 23, Julietstown; 24, open.

J. Mahlon Barnes, Nat. Sec.  
180 Washington St., Chicago.

## Milwaukee County Organization Department

Address all communications to A. J. WELCH, county organizer, 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee.

According to the financial report of the receipts and expenses for the spring campaign, which was submitted to the county central committee Monday night, we have passed through the campaign without materially increasing the deficit. We should now begin to clear the decks for action for the next spring campaign. Every possible effort should be made to wipe out this deficit and provide funds for the coming spring campaign so that we can get through the campaign with at least a largely decreased deficit. We have done big things before, and we can do them again, if we will only take off our coats, roll up our sleeves and put our shoulders to the wheel.

The West Side Young People's Socialist League held a very interesting meeting Friday night of last week. An impromptu debate on Woman Suffrage was held with Miss Beyer for the affirmative and Miss Berner for the negative. Both sides were well taken and well applauded. Fifteen minutes at every

meeting is devoted to parliamentary practice. Six members were taken in and the prospects for more new members is very good. The enthusiasm for Socialism in the Young People's League is indeed very encouraging, and the young people are going to show the branches what they can accomplish. It is a league of education and recreation. The next meeting will be held Friday evening, at Kasten's hall, Nineteenth and Vliet streets. A good program has been prepared and we cordially invite all young people on the north and west sides to attend.

Now is a good time to go after new members, while people are interested in the result of the election and enthusiastic over the Socialist success. Sympathizers known to members may be approached personally with good success. There are times, however, when branch members know of individuals who they do not care to approach personally regarding joining the party. In these cases a good plan is to send the name and address of the sympathizers to the county organizer and ask him to see the party or have some influential member see him. In this way the organization work may be greatly improved. This plan has been tested with relation to the Young People's organizations and has proven quite successful. Let us apply the same methods to the party branches and watch results.

Democratic candidates for mayor, justice of the peace and police justice received 166 votes.  
MONTFORT: Comrade Crook writes: "Seeing things are going Social-Democratic all over the state, I guess it would be in order to report the result of our election to you. We voted out license by a vote of 41 to 01, which is pretty good proof that we are not a bunch of drunken boozers, as so many think the Socials are. It was a non-partisan election, but we elected Comrade A. R. Manley president of the village board and county supervisor. Also elected Comrade M. E. Carrington assessor and Comrade Dodge lost out for clerk by one vote. We do not look for any radical change in the ownership of our public utilities. We own our water supply and lighting facilities, and everybody walks, so those who are on to the fact that they are wage slaves think they own our transit facilities."  
E. H. Thomas, State Sec.

**Wisconsin State Executive Board.**  
The state executive board met April 11 with Comrades Rummel, Gaylord, Heath and Seidel present, and Comrades Berger, Thompson and Melms absent. A charter was granted to the Lettish branch of Lincoln county, and a charter as a Young People's Auxiliary was granted to the West Side Young People's Socialist League of Milwaukee. Comrades Melms and Seidel were chosen delegates to the People's Realty Company.  
E. H. Thomas, State Sec.

**State Campaign Fund.**  
Joseph Orth ..... \$ 50  
C. Shoffer ..... 10  
I. Rociborski ..... 10  
T. W. Nohling ..... 1.00  
Chas. Hertlein ..... 10  
Paul Egi ..... 25  
Michael Yabs ..... 75  
Ed. Rice ..... 25  
Rodolph Henschel ..... 25  
Rodolph J. Dotter ..... 1.50  
M. Blodden ..... 1.00  
E. Zietler ..... 1.50  
Jos. Paul ..... 75  
Aug. Schreiber ..... 50  
Herman Byner ..... 50  
Rose Porter ..... 15

**DOCK INSPECTOR**  
WARD SUPERINTENDENT  
ENGINEER Steam ROAD ROLLER

Office of the Board of City Service Commissioners, City Hall, April 11, 1920.  
Competitive examinations for the positions of Dock Inspector, Ward Superintendent for all wards, excepting the Twelfth, and for Engineer of steam road rollers, will be held at the above office on Thursday, April 22, 1920, at 9 o'clock a.m.  
General requirements for the three positions:  
Age 21 years or more; United States citizenship; residence in the city of Milwaukee for the last three years next preceding the date of application.  
Special requirements for Dock Inspector: Knowledge to be able to judge timber and pile driving and mooring; if repairing docks.  
Special requirements for Ward Superintendent: Applicants must have resided in the respective ward at least six months immediately preceding the date of application; they should be well acquainted with the public work of their ward; be able to assess and correctly describe property; have training and experience in all kinds of street and ward work; executive ability to take charge of a force of men; and possess good health and habits.  
Special requirements for Engineer of Steam Road Roller: Applicants must be practical mechanics and steam engineers.  
Applications in writing, for these positions to be presented personally, up to and including Monday, April 11, 1920, on the proper blank forms to be obtained at the above office.  
F. H. Thomas, State Sec.

**MAGAZINES**  
We carry a full line of all the late Periodicals. Leave your order and we will supply you each month.

**Wenzel & Mueller Drug Co**  
Howell Avenue and Clarence Street  
Total this week ..... \$ 8.95  
Previously reported ..... 367.31  
Total ..... \$376.26

## Sometimes It Pays to Investigate

Every statement we ever made regarding the good qualities of our Teas and Coffees we are able to prove and back up with the goods. It will save you to get started with us. We are still selling:  
A good Santos Coffee ..... 15c lb.  
First Peaberry Coffee ..... 50c  
An extra special Blend Coffee at ..... 19c lb.  
Of course we offer the better grades, but it is our aim to prove that it is not necessary to pay over 20c a pound to get good coffee.  
We also quote the best grades of Japan, Oolong, Gooling, Young Hyson, English Breakfast, Oolong and the best Pined Japan Teas, for ..... 50c  
Cheaper grades, per pound, upward from ..... 20c

## THE BIG GROCERY PRITZLAFF & WINK 582-584 MITCHELL ST.

## We Fit Your Feet

When we say this we say much—we say everything. If we do the work carefully, skillfully, correctly and artistically, you are ready to pay a fair profit for it—are you not? We are in business for a profit—a reasonable profit. If you believe in paying for what you get, we can serve you well on footwear.

**THE AMERICAN SHOE STORE**  
LOUIS RIPPLE  
575-577 MITCHELL ST.

## SAM R. MILLER'S LIVERY

Our Carriage Line is All New Heated in Cold Weather  
**\$3.00**  
NONE BUT UNION DRIVERS ARE EMPLOYED  
Best Carriages for Funerals or Weddings

**Amusements.**  
Tuesday afternoon, April 20, at 2:30 p.m.—Cinca party by the South Side Women's Club, at Korsch's hall, 653 Greenfield ave.  
Saturday evening, May 1—Coming Nation club dance, South Side Kindergarten hall.  
Sunday afternoon, May 2—Branch 22, schafkopf tournament at Wedelin's hall, 2712 North ave.  
Saturday evening, May 8—May hall under the auspices of the Fifteenth Ward branch, at Gerhardt's hall, Twenty-seventh and Vliet streets.  
Saturday evening, May 15—May hall by the West Side Young People's Social-Democratic League at Jefferson Studios, 558 Jefferson street, one block north of the court house.  
Saturday evening, May 22—May hall under the auspices of Branch 11, at L. Meier's hall, corner of Muskego avenue and Mitchell street.  
Sunday afternoon and evening, July 11—Annual picnic of the Eleventh Ward branch, at Hauerwars' park, corner of Eighth and Manitoba avenues.

**Branch Meetings Next Week.**  
Slovak Workmen's Educational Club, 344 Sixth Street.  
Finnish Branch, 382 Washington St.  
MONDAY  
Tenth Ward Branch, Spangenberg's hall, corner Twelfth street and North Twelfth street.  
TUESDAY  
South Side Women's Branch, Korsch's hall, 653 Greenfield avenue.  
WEDNESDAY  
Town of Lake Branch, No. 2, Oklahoma and Chicago avenues.  
First Ward Branch, 842 Arlington Place.  
THURSDAY  
East Side Women's Club, Heilhecker's hall, 327 Sherman street.  
Seventeenth Ward Branch, Odd Fellows' hall, corner Potter and Kinnickinnic avenues.  
Fourteenth Ward Branch, 792 Forest Home avenue.  
Twelfth Ward Branch, Hoff's hall, 661 Kinnickinnic avenue.  
FRIDAY  
West Side Young People's Socialist League, Kasten's hall, Nineteenth and Vliet streets.  
Twenty-third Ward Branch, Zimmerman's hall, corner 15th and Greenfield avenues.  
Twentieth Ward Branch, Harrmann's hall, corner Teutonia avenue and W. Washington street.  
Thirteenth Ward Branch, Schmidt's hall, corner Third and Wright sts.  
Sixth Ward Branch, George Heilhecker's, 504 Fourth street.  
Consolidated, Third, Fourth and Seventh, 344 Sixth street.  
SATURDAY  
South Side Polish Section, Pawlowski's hall, Second avenue and Mitchell street.

**1920 Carnival Ticket Proceeds.**  
Previously reported ..... \$1,084.55  
John Johanson ..... 1.00  
Fred Brockhausen ..... 1.00  
Aug. Strehlow ..... 1.50  
Fred Wendland ..... 1.50  
J. S. ..... 50  
Math. Hodek ..... 1.00  
Nic. Frey ..... 1.50  
And. Zinkel ..... 1.50  
Wm. Fitch ..... 50  
John Zintarski ..... 1.50  
\$1,066.05

**IN JUSTICE COURT—Milwaukee County.**  
Before C. P. Dietz, Esq., Justice of the Peace, State of Wisconsin, Milwaukee County—vs. T. J. Sackert, Plaintiff, vs. John Grogan, Defendant.  
Whereas John Grogan, doing business under the style of Post Express Company, has made and filed in said court an affidavit in pursuance of Section 3, Chapter 30, Laws of 1913 of the State of Wisconsin, showing to said court that said John Grogan has in his possession, as aforesaid, at No. 825 Teutonia avenue, in the city of Milwaukee, Milwaukee county, state of Wisconsin, one lot of household goods and one set of tools, the property of T. J. Sackert, received May 6, 1920, on which there is due for storage the sum of \$10.00 and that said T. J. Sackert has not claimed since said personal property was received by said John Grogan; that said T. J. Sackert has not claimed the same, and that there is due the said John Grogan as storage charges on said personal property the amount above set forth; and when as, by an order of said court, dated March 9, 1920, I have been ordered to sell said personal property at public auction first giving sixty days notice of the time and place of sale to the consignee, T. J. Sackert, and to the custodian, John Grogan, doing business under the style of Post Express Company, such notice to be in writing and to be served personally or by mail; and if the residence of any such party is unknown and cannot with reasonable diligence be ascertained, given proper affidavit of such fact, notice shall therefore be published in a newspaper published in the city of Milwaukee, Milwaukee county, state of Wisconsin, I will sell at public auction the said personal property.  
Dated at Milwaukee, Wisconsin, this 8th day of March, 1920.  
HERMAN KANTZ, Plaintiff's Attorney.  
Consistent in and for Milwaukee County, Wis.

**CIRCUIT COURT—MILWAUKEE COUNTY.**  
Richard Eisner, Plaintiff, vs. Gustave Wasker, Theresa Wasker, His Wife, V. Schoenecker Book and Shoe Company, a Corporation, as Trustee; L. H. Herwood and V. Schoenecker Book and Shoe Company, a Corporation, Defendants.  
The State of Wisconsin to the Said Defendants, and each of Them:  
You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid; and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, of which a copy is herewith served upon you.  
WIDULE & MENNING, Plaintiff's Attorneys.  
P. O. Address—Room 506, 711 Third St., Milwaukee, Milwaukee Co., Wis.

**CIRCUIT COURT—MILWAUKEE COUNTY.**  
Mary E. Yeniale, Plaintiff, vs. John Yeniale, Defendant.  
The State of Wisconsin to the said Defendant: You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid; and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, of which a copy is herewith served upon you.  
ADOLPH HUEBSCHMANN, Plaintiff's Attorney.  
P. O. address, 46 Sentinel Bldg., Milwaukee, Milwaukee Co., Wis.

The original summons and complaint in the above entitled action are on file in the office of the clerk of the circuit court of Milwaukee county, Wisconsin.  
ADOLPH HUEBSCHMANN, Plaintiff's Attorney.

**GOING TO BUILD?**  
Use the Mandi Dry Wall System—Triple Air Space and Triple Insulation.  
Morgan Concrete Block Co. 328-310  
Brady Street

**Comrades, I Make Fluff Rugs**  
out of old Intrain and rags—carpets—also Colonial and Rag Rugs. If you have any of this kind of work to do give me a trial and I will please you.  
E. J. BUTIGOFFER, Rug Mfr.  
Near Brady Street, 842 Arlington Place

**The Mueller Fuel and Supply Co.**  
TRY A LOAD OF OUR  
**MAPLE**  
Flooring Clippings  
**AT \$4.00**  
The Lead is Equal in Burn to 150 TONS OF COAL.  
DELIVERED BY UNION TEAMSTERS

**TOOLS**  
FOR CARPENTERS AND ALL MECHANICS  
PAINTS, Oils, Glass, BRUSHES  
Washing Machines Guns, Ammunition  
**LOUIS WEISS**  
General Hardware 1117 VLIET ST. Phone GRAY 813

**SAM R. MILLER'S LIVERY**  
539 Market St.  
Our Carriage Line is All New Heated in Cold Weather  
**\$3.00**  
NONE BUT UNION DRIVERS ARE EMPLOYED  
Best Carriages for Funerals or Weddings



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SATURDAY  
South Side Polish Section, Pawlowski's hall, Second avenue and Mitchell street.

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# Watch Lauer's Acts in This Paper

## ALDERMAN SEIDEL STEPS IN!

Milwaukee: Monday marked the entrance of another Social-Democrat into the Milwaukee board of aldermen, making ten all told. Just before the meeting opened Emil Seidel, alderman-elect, entered the chamber and took his seat modestly in the lobby among some Social-Democratic friends. He had won out in his contention that under the law his defeated opponent, Ald. Schneider, was out of office the moment the result of the election was officially announced, for the law was too plain to be gotten round. Ad. Schneider had given up the struggle and was conspicuous by his absence. There was a murmur in the galleries when the city clerk in calling the roll omitted Ald. Schneider's name, and a craning of necks to get a look at his successor. The aldermen themselves dropped all show of partisanship and seemed smiling enough over Ald. Seidel's return to the body, in which he had done such good work during his former two terms.

Back in the ante room, in charge of the city hall janitor, was a huge bundle of brilliant red roses, presented by the comrades of the West Side Women's branch, ready to go on Comrade Seidel's desk as soon as he took possession. Later on in the session, after the canvassing committee had made its report, Ald. Weiley, S.-D., moved that a recess be taken to permit the newly elected alderman to qualify and take his seat, and Ald. McKinley, R., courteously moved a committee of two to escort him to the clerk's desk; but the chair ruled that a recess was unnecessary, and Clerk Hinkel, turning the desk over to one of his assistants, went with Comrade Seidel to the office below and there administered the oath.

When the new alderman took his seat before the florally decorated desk, in the right hand side of the alderman-at-large row, at the rear of the chamber, all rules were brushed aside and there was an united burst of hand clapping.

Ald. Seidel expects to put in a busy year in his new position.

A Tame Meeting.  
The session was almost featureless for the bond fight was put over. The proposal that the council go on record in regard to the bills now before the state legislature, changing the make-up of the board of aldermen, occasioned some debate. Ald. Melms showed why he favored the abolition of the aldermen-at-large and the election of aldermen by assembly districts. He was not opposed to ward representation, he said, if it could be had on a fair basis. But partisan feeling had caused the council to refuse to rearrange the ward boundaries so as to equalize the representation, and this seemed the only way to get that equal representation and thus put all the aldermen on an equal footing. He pointed to the Fourteenth ward where 25,000 people were represented by one alderman, as a sample of the situation in all the outlying residential wards, and contrasted this with the Third ward where one alderman represented only 5,000 people, and the Seventh, where there were only 6,000, and the Fourth, where there were but 8,000. The outer wards were not getting rightful representation. On the basis of a down town ward, the Fourteenth, for instance, should have three or four aldermen he said.

"But," urged Ald. Klein, D., "the Seventh, Third and Fourth pay more taxes each than any of the other wards."

"Aldermen are elected to this council to represent people, not to represent dollars," retorted Ald. Melms.

Dollars vs. Men.  
Ald. Albert: "Dollars ought to be represented, though!"  
Tier were smiles at this, and Ald. Albert, who seemed disturbed at the idea of abolishing the aldermen-at-large, as proposed in some

where. Both of these abound in funny situations. The Trocadero Burlesquers have a cast of forty people. The large chorus is seen in numerous ensembles, introducing the latest song hits.

DAVIDSON.  
The annual testimonial to Treasurer William C. Schnell of the Davidson will be tendered to him by Manager Sherman Brown on Monday night, when John Drew opens his engagement of four performances in this city in "Jack Straw."

This comedy is said to be one of the cleverest given Mr. Drew in many seasons.

John Drew has added another to his long list of triumphs this season in "Jack Straw." He has the part of an eccentric Pomeranian prince, who is discovered first masquerading as a waiter in a swaggle, London hotel and who afterward resumes his rightful name and title to woo the pretty daughter of a snobbish father and mother. Miss Rose Coghlan, too, has an excellent part as the snobbish mother.

COLUMBIA.  
Azalea, in a new wonderful, fernical dance, heads the bill at the new Columbia theater, Eleventh and Walnut streets, next week. Besides these there are Luken, with his trick and roller skating bears, Lloyd and Allen, in song and dance, and Rome and May, black-face comedians; and Charles Machow, who completes the bill with the Columbiagraph. The new bill becomes effective Monday.

CRYSTAL.  
In the offerings on the vaudeville bill at the Crystal next week the Defmann Trio of sensational comedy acrobats will be one of the feature acts. John and Ma Burke will present a comedy sketch that is hilariously funny. Benah and Miller do a comedy singing and dancing act. George and Mae Waddell are a team of clever jugglers, who handle everything from a napkin to a dining room table. Ada James will sing "Grandma," and the Crystalgraph will have some new ones.

EMPIRE.  
Nelson Dean is the big headline act for the Empire theater on Mitchell street, opening Monday evening, in his renowned sketch and star bout. This act is known as one of the highest-priced acts now in vaudeville. In addition to this there will be five other big acts. Matinees are given at the Empire every Saturday and Sunday.

HAYDN CONCERT.  
The Milwaukee Musical Society will give a concert at the Tabor theater, Sunday, April 25, in commemoration of the hundredth anniversary of the death of Joseph Haydn. Two of Haydn's masterpieces have been selected; a symphony and an oratorio, and the board of directors point with pride to the superb ensemble that will interpret the compositions of the great master: Louise Ormsby, Glenn Hall and Frederic Martin, three of our country's foremost singers, the Thomas Orchestra and a chorus of over 200 voices that has been carefully drilled by Director Zeitz.

### Ethical Hall Lectures

By HARVEY DEE BROWN

"Jesus, the Revolutionist" 558 Jefferson-st  
Sunday, 8 P.M.

DON'T MISS IT!

### Kroeger's and the Justice for Firemen and Police.

Casper H. Kroeger has written Comrade Berger the following self-explanatory letter in reference to our comment on a letter written on the Kroeger company letter paper to legislators on the Fire and Police bill at Madison. Mr. Kroeger says:

In the issue of April 3 of your valuable organ, the SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD, there appears an article which is misleading and does gross injustice to the firm of Kroeger Bros. Co. Aware of the fact that you, knowingly, never permit the use of your columns to offensive or deceiving communications, I appeal to you to have said article corrected in your next issue.

The letter referred to in said article was a personal appeal of Mr. Herman Kroeger to the Hon. Fred Zimmerman, member of the assembly from the Eighth district, and was the only letter issued by Mr. Herman Kroeger regarding the "Kleezka" bill—no other senators or assemblymen were accosted.

The firm of Kroeger Bros. Co. was not involved in this matter—the letter simply expresses the individual view of Herman Kroeger as a citizen and taxpayer, and does not pretend to voice the sentiment of the members that form the corporation of the Kroeger Bros. Co.

In behalf of the good old Kroeger store, which always stood for the rights of the laboring element and the oppressed, I wish to thank you for a correction.

Yours truly,  
Casper H. Kroeger.  
Milwaukee, April 6.

All the Social-Democrats and friends are cordially invited to attend the first grand entertainment and ball arranged by the S. S. Turner club, at the South Side Turner hall, Sunday, April 18, 1909.

The following program will be rendered:

Overture—Selection, Mayr's orchestra; Gesangskomiker, Chas. Yobke; vocal selection, C. P. Dietz; Dutch dialect comedian, E. T. Melms; selection, Mayr's orchestra; Komischer Vortrag, Wm. Koch; duet for piano and violin, selection from Richard Wagner's "Tannhauser," Meta Trimpelman; Gilbert Trimpelman; "Stadt- und Landmadelchen, Misses Jordan and

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MILWAUKEE COUNTY, CITY OF MILWAUKEE, In Justice Court.  
You are hereby notified that a summons and return has been issued against you and your co-defendants to answer the demand of a plaintiff and Carl Spelberg, defendants, as business as partners and partners, in the sum of \$20.00.

NEW ZEALAND'S REPLY TO PESSIMISM.  
By Allan I. Benson. A study of the successes and failures of democracy in New Zealand. A story that will inspire all who read it and give them stronger convictions as to the possibilities of change in this country. Single copy, 5c; 25 copies, \$1.00; 50 copies, \$1.75; 100 copies, \$2.75.

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392 NATIONAL AVE. COR. GROVE STREET  
Open Evenings—Closed Sundays

### MACHINISTS' BALL.

Badger Lodge No. 66 of the Machinists will hold its annual ball at the West Side Turn hall, Fourth street, this Saturday evening, and a big crowd is expected. Tickets at 25 cents may be had of members, and the admission at the door will be 50 cents. The arrangements committee consists of Ed. Gunz, chairman; A. Otten, F. Dearing, Otto Grosser, and Frank Schneider.

### WHERE THE SOCIALIST FALLS DOWN!

The critics of Socialism say it is visionary and impractical. That it is destructive and has no program. That is where they are wrong. It falls down where no Socialist ever falls down if he has a copy of

## The Constructive Program of Socialism

By CARL D. THOMPSON

It shows the wonderful achievements of Socialism in Europe and America. It shows how Socialism is transforming the phase of political history. It shows what the Socialists in the state legislatures of Wisconsin and in the municipal councils of the state are actually achieving. It gives in specific detail the CONSTRUCTIVE PROGRAM of Socialism. IT IS THE BIGGEST SELLER WE HAVE EVER HAD!

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### The Socialists: Who They Are and What They Stand For

By JOHN SPARGO, Author of "The Common Sense of Socialism."  
We know of no other book in the whole literature of Socialism that will make so good a first impression on the average American reader. The style is clear and simple, the arrangement of the subject is such as to make the book easy reading, the type is unusually large, and altogether this is just the book to arrest the attention of the half-indifferent reader and interest him so that he will read books that require more study. Moreover, the Socialist who wishes to fit himself for talking, either in private or in public, will find many of the best arguments for Socialism briefly and clearly stated in this book. It has run through several editions and is still selling rapidly.

This book and many others are listed in our new Book Catalogue, which may be had free for the asking.

Social-Democratic Herald  
342-344-346 Sixth Street  
Milwaukee, Wis.

### Field Inspector (Bridge Construction)—Weighmaster—Inspector of Public Buildings

Office of the Board of City Service Commissioners—City Hall, April 27, 1909.  
Competitive examinations for the positions of Field Inspector (bridge construction), Weighmaster and Inspector of Public Buildings will be held at the above office on Friday, April 23, 1909, at 9 o'clock a.m.  
General requirements for these positions: United States citizenship; residence in the city of Milwaukee for the last three years next preceding the date of application; age 21 years or more.  
Special requirements for Field Inspector: Ability to superintend the erection of bridges and structures and knowledge of their work.  
Special requirements for Weighmaster: Good command of a proficiency in making tabular reports.  
Special requirements for Inspector of Public Buildings: Appointments must be familiar with the building laws and be competent builders and architects.  
Applications, in writing, for these positions to be presented personally, up to and including Tuesday, April 27, next, at the proper blanks to be obtained at the above office.  
FRED A. LANDECK, Pres.  
ALG. DIETRICH,  
FRANK A. ERHLE,  
WM. W. McINTYRE,  
Commissioners.  
JOHN J. VLACH, Secretary.

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### AT THE THEATERS.

BIJOU.  
Politics and love are the combination upon which Henry Irving Dodge has chosen to build his new play, "The Counsel for the Defense," in which Mr. Thomas E. Shea comes to the Bijou for one week, commencing Sunday. A peculiar plot, utterly out of the ordinary, with circumstantial evidence as

means a big rush to the box-office. The company comes to the New Star theater Sunday afternoon. Two up-to-date burlesques on the top, "The Merry Widow," will be given, together with a remarkable olio of vaudeville acts. There will be many sensational numbers in the program, and the series of living pictures, "Les Statuettes Realistiques," brought to America direct from Paris.

GAYETY.  
Beginning with matinee performance tomorrow, "The Trocadero Burlesquers," and other of the Eastern Wheel's big shows, will open a week's engagement at the gayety theater. Frank Finney, Irish comedian, is featured in the offering. The burlesques which were written and staged by Mr. Finney are entitled "Sweeney's Finish" and "The Isle of No-

the main theme, makes this piece one of our modern American masterpieces, covering, as it does, everyday occurrences in our large cities. Mr. Shea is under the direction of Messrs. Colan and Harris, who have provided him with three massive productions (the usual excellent cast supporting). "The Bells," and Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde," are also included among his offerings.

ALHAMBRA.  
"Rip Van Winkle," one of the classics of the American stage, immortalized by the genius of the great Jefferson, will be the offering of the Van Dyke Eaton stock company at the Alhambra next week, starting Sunday afternoon. This will be the first time in several years that the famous play has been presented here and the announcement has aroused much interest among theatergoers. The sisters McConnell, whose dainty specialty has proven one of the big hits of the stock season, will continue their engagement, offering an entirely new list of songs, dances and character impersonations. The record-breaking audiences continue at every performance.

MAJESTIC.  
Edna Aug, the eccentric comedienne, whose funny songs and funnier monologue have convulsed Milwaukeeans more than once, will be the headline attraction at the Majestic next week, offering an entirely new act. The second feature of the bill will be Thorne and Carleton, heralded as America's ideal talkers in their newest trifle "23 Twenty-third Street." Other attractive numbers on the bill are the Three Sisters Athletas, acrobatic specialty; Maiza, King and her dancing girls; Quinn and Mitchell, "The Lemon City Land Agent"; the Temple Quartette; Evans and Child, in "Turning the Tables"; Morans and Lyon, musical entertainers; and the Kin-dome.

NIW STAR.  
The yearly advent of Sam T. Jack's Own Company in this city

### AT THE THEATERS.

ANCIENT SOCIETY

Researches in the Lines of Human Progress Since the Dawn of Civilization. By LEWIS H. MORGAN, LL. D. 370 pages—price \$1.50, postpaid.

There had been previous studies of the law of historical materialism, but Morgan's work revolutionized this science as completely as Darwin's work revolutionized biology or Marx's "Capital" revolutionized economics. Although it is a work of wonderful scholarship, it is more than that. It is a revolutionary book, which proves that wealth and poverty are not eternally inevitable, but a passing incident in the history of the human race.

The underlying principle of this work is the law of historical materialism, familiar to all Marxian Socialists, namely, that always and everywhere the way men have supplied themselves with food and the other necessities of life has determined their way of thinking, and in addition their ideas, religion, art, science, and civilization.

Recorded in this principle, Morgan divided the various stages of human development, according to the development reached in industrial arts, language, barbarism and civilization.

The volume is divided into four parts, as follows:

Part I—Growth of Intelligence, Through Invention and Discoveries.

Part II—Growth of the Idea of Government.

Part III—Growth of the Idea of Property.

Part IV—Growth of the Idea of Family.

"Ancient Society" was published thirty years ago. A generation of scientists have fought over it and the author's position has been sustained at every crucial point. But the book has not yet been read by the class to whom it means the most, the class of those who led by their work.

The price has always been \$4 a copy, a price which few wage-laborers could afford to pay. The book, while famous among European scholars, has been unknown among American workmen.

The copyright has now expired, and we are able to place it on the market at a price within reach of the working class.

"It is a great tribute to the work of Lewis H. Morgan that for the second time within a year his 'Ancient Society' has been reprinted. The original copyright was taken out in 1877 by Holt and now, in addition to the Holt reprint, we have a satisfactory reprint by Charles H. Kerr & Co. of this city. Morgan was one of the great authorities on the American Indian, and by his study of systems of co-operation he reached in industrial arts, language, barbarism and civilization.

This book and many others are listed in our new Book Catalogue, which may be had free for the asking.

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Town Copies by the Town Crier.

In Chicago the experiment of the city printing its own school books has been found to work well, the despatches say.

Again Stephenson has neglected to file his expense account as required by law. If you are a millionaire timber pirate you need not obey the law!

The capitalist system to save its grafts for the chosen few may some day have to raise the ban on lynch law, so far as it applies to vultures who corner food supplies and bring added starvation on the people.

The Journal last Monday printed a reply from Mrs. Whitnall to several questions it asked her relative to the report that she had applied for membership in our party. Her answers made the best of reading. There was no faltering about it, and she took occasion to say that her name had been placed on certain tickets in the last campaign wholly without her consent or knowledge, she having been out of the city during the campaign.

DAVIDSON MONDAY EVENING Annual Testimonial to Tr. W. C. Schell... JOHN DREW In His Latest and Greatest Comedy Success... "Jack Straw" By Wm. Somerset Maugham...

BIJOU Beginning Sunday-Matinee... THOS. SHEA E. SHEA In the Following Repertoire: THE BELLS Sunday Mat., Friday Evening. Counsel for the Defense Sun., Tues., Thursday Evening...

Special Notice Owing to the extreme lowness of prices at which these garments are offered, it will be necessary for us to depart from our usual custom of free alterations...

trial and punishment of our boys and girls. Milwaukee parents and citizens should hang their heads in shame that such a building has to be projected!

Perhaps you failed to notice how nicely J. A. Bayliss was lauded in the papers the past week. Bayliss, who suffers from "taxpayeritis," was one of those Tories who did what they could to hurt the schools during the recent controversy...

I am sorry to note that there is a growing feeling against the voting machines. The election last week added greatly to this feeling. The kicking is not from Social-Democrats—bless you, no!

No, the kicking comes from old party people, rank and file, who see that non-partisan voting on machines cheats the voters out of the right to vote deliberately and without getting rattled, and so blame the machines.

But the machines are all right, as a general proposition. The trouble is in fake non-partisan noninches. When you have a man running on a party ticket you at least know something of his principles...

The voting machines are all right—and safer than printed ballots. But non-partisan voting on the machines, or any other way, is a fraud upon the voter and swindles him out of the right to actually express himself in his ballot.

Principal Krueger: "Many of the children would have no noon meal at all if they did not get it here. The children have shown much

oughly advertised themselves in all sorts of ways. And where money is needed by candidates, candidates are quite apt to go to the people who have money to get it—and to represent those moneyed men or interests after election!

We are glad to see that the Westminster League has voted in favor of the bill to allow firemen and policemen the right of trial before dismissal. This is the least that is due the men, considering that part of their salary is taken from them each month for the pension fund...

Of course the two chiefs have done all they possibly could to belabor the subject, and to arouse prejudices and awaken baseless fears. If they do not put forth all the objections they have trusted who will, I note that the Journal's city hall reporter brings in a story of a nameless city hall man who throws out the scare that if the men get the right of trial they will abuse it and disgust the public...

The same nameless city hall man says that five firemen have been let out of the fire department recently for drunkenness. If this is true then all we can say is that they were unfortunate enough not to be personal favorites of Clancy, else their delinquency would have been officially covered up!

And speaking of official favoritism, it was not so very long ago that Capt. Schiller, who is alleged to have loaned money to the chief, was reported by an assistant chief for offensively kicking the clothes of a fireman killed in an accident...

Clancy fired a man from the fire department not long ago because he gave some information to the district attorney. When the man was on the carpet a Clancy commissioner said to him that he did wrong to tell the district attorney anything. "You can look for something else," said Clancy.

The school principals have been interviewed on the subject of the penny lunches. Some things they say should be kept in mind. Says Principal O'Hanlon: "I have found that the children who were habitual truants before the lunches were put in are now among our most faithful pupils and they never miss a day."

Miss Wettstein: "The health of our children has been increased from ten to fifteen per cent and the attendance as much as this since we have had the lunches, as most of the absence was due to ill health."

VICTORY FOR LABOR. Madison, Wis., April 15.—The Berner Social-Democratic resolution to memorialize congress to extend the Chinese exclusion act to apply to all Asiatic and Mongolian laborers was adopted in the assembly today.

more interest in their work since we had the lunches. Principal Somers: "I should regard it as a calamity if the lunches were to be permanently discontinued."

All these testimonials set one a-thinking. It is figured that the lunches cost between 3 and 4 cents, and about 90 per cent of the children are able to pay the penny they are sold for.

PENNY LUNCHES. The discussion of the penny lunch matter is a valuable one to the community. And it is showing over again how sadly things are wrong economically in our boasted prosperity.

The feeding of the hungry school children must be taken from charity and put on a self-respecting basis for the children that are helped. And in saying this no discourtesy is intended toward the citizens who have sustained this work in past years.

In Germany aid to school children is managed splendidly. Those that pay for the lunches, the children, we mean, pay enough to make it possible to give poor children free service, but the paid for tickets look just the same as the tickets that are quietly given free, and the child that is helped does not face its mates in shame at its own poverty.

We are proud that Milwaukee has the spirit to show gratitude to Mrs. Whitnall in the matter of the penny lunches. Let that feeling keep up and support the further efforts to put the lunches on a safe basis.

A Michigan comrade writes us to learn if there is an opening for him in Milwaukee as a laundry worker. Will some comrade please inform us if there is such an opening anywhere within their knowledge?

A WARNING. Many of the newspapers of the state are publishing the stereotyped plate matter that is being sent out by the paid attorneys of the municipal monopolies on public ownership. These articles are written against municipal ownership. They purport to be reports from different cities where municipal ownership has been a "dismal and horrible failure."

Many, if not all of these reports are either misrepresentations or absolute lies. In case any of the comrades get into a controversy over these alleged reports, write to the headquarters, and we will try to supply you with the facts.

In some cases these "awful failures" of municipal ownership are reported from towns that never had any municipal plant at all.

We are watching these fellows and will nail their lies as fast as they come out, and as fast as we have time to look that way. So, comrades, be on your guard against these misrepresentations.

LAUER'S National Avenue Cor. First Avenue MONDAY, APRIL 19 EXTRA SPECIAL 50c Men's Working Shirts 25c 50c Driving Gloves 25c 5c Canvas Gloves 2 1/2c

The Brown Lectures The Ethical hall lectures, by Comrade Harvey Dee Brown are having a banner month in April. A very large audience was present last Sunday evening.

MAJESTIC THEATRE ALWAYS THE BEST SHOWS EDNA AUG THORNE & CARLETON SISTERS ATHLETAS MAIZER KING AND GIRLS

THE NEW STAR Matinee DAILY COMMENCING SUNDAY, APRIL 18 SURVIVAL OF THE FITTEST SAM T. JACK'S OWN SHOW

COLUMBIA THEATRE 11th & Walnut Sts. Big New Bill Beginning Monday AZALEA LUKEN'S BEARS ROME & MAYO BOYD & ALLEN

GAYETY Leading Burlesque Theatre TOMORROW MAT—One Week TROCADEROS WITH A METROPOLITAN CAST

EMPIRE THEATRE MITCHELL ST. Oct. 9th & 7th Ave. BIG NEW BILL NELSON DEAN & CO.

CRYSTAL DAILY at 2:30 WEEK OF APRIL 19 Ortmann Trio COMEDY ACROBATS

THE SECOND SOCIALIST POSTER IS NOW READY. It is the same size as Poster No. 1, 10x26 inches, and GIVES THE VALUE OF PRODUCTION IN THE UNITED STATES ACCORDING TO THE U. S. CENSUS, AND SHOWS WHAT THE SHARE OF THE WORKERS IS IN THEIR PRODUCT.

Social-Democratic Herald, 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee, Wis. Poster No. 1, shows the comparative strength in numbers and in wealth of three great classes in this country into which capitalism has divided the people.

LEVY & KAHN 409-411 NATIONAL AVENUE BETWEEN GROVE ST. & FIRST AVENUE \$13.50 A Clean-Up Sale of Broken Lines, Single Garments and Samples of Tailored Suits Values Up to \$20. This Week We Will Give Extra Special Values in Tailored Suits at \$13.50

ALHAMBRA ALL NEXT WEEK THE VANDYKE-EATON COMPANY Rip Van Winkle SISTERS McCONNELL ILLUSTRATED SONGS

THE JUNGLE BY UPDELL SINCLAIR The book that made the whole civilized world "sit up and take notice." It showed the people under what wretched conditions the wage earners work and how filthy meat products are put up.

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